# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:NRM Swan Region WA

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

**Date: May 2018** 

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

# Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data. Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3











# **Vegetation Cover May 2018**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20%

lower than the

month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

Derived from

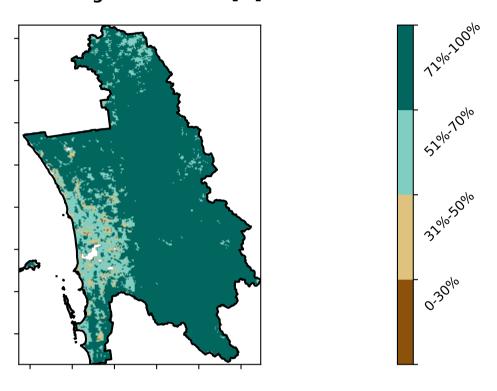
Use of Australia

Land Use and Forests

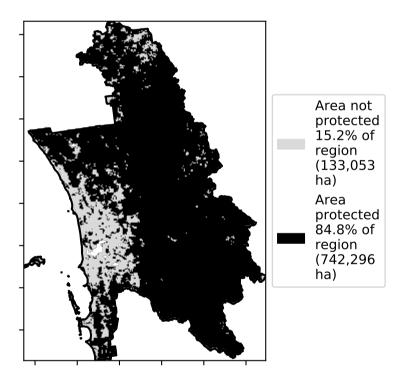
Catchment Scale Land

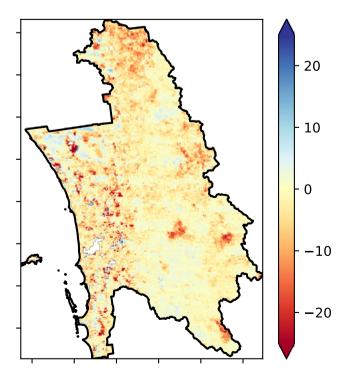
### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments -2 Conservation and natural environments -3 Conservation and natural environments -Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses

## **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



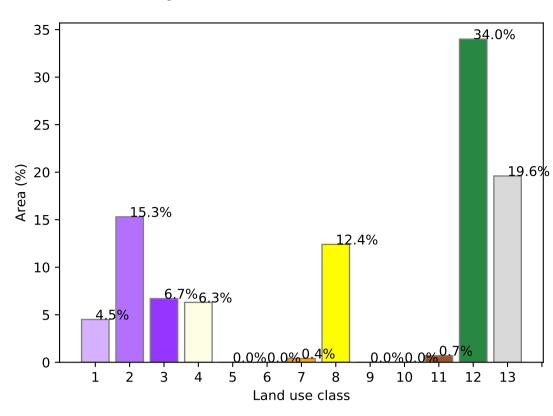
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



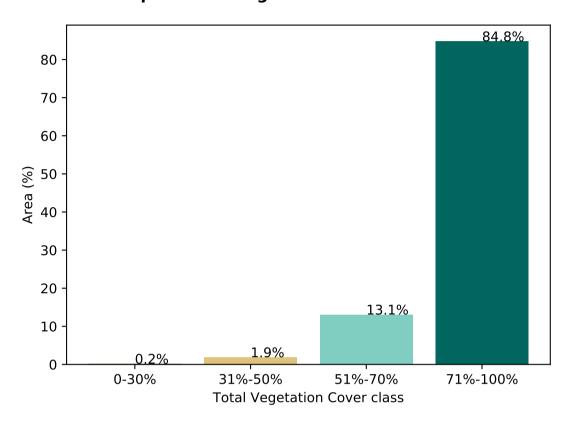


from 2001 to 2019.

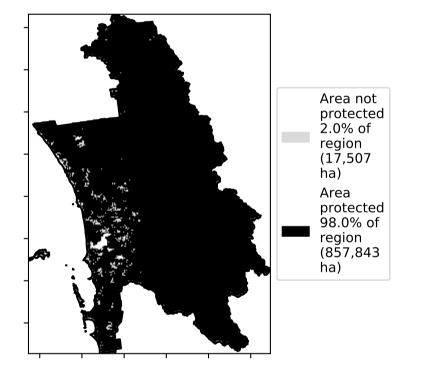
### Proportion of each land class in area



### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

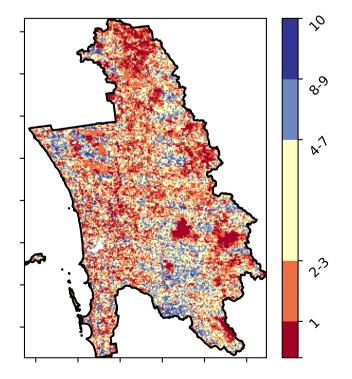


### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline





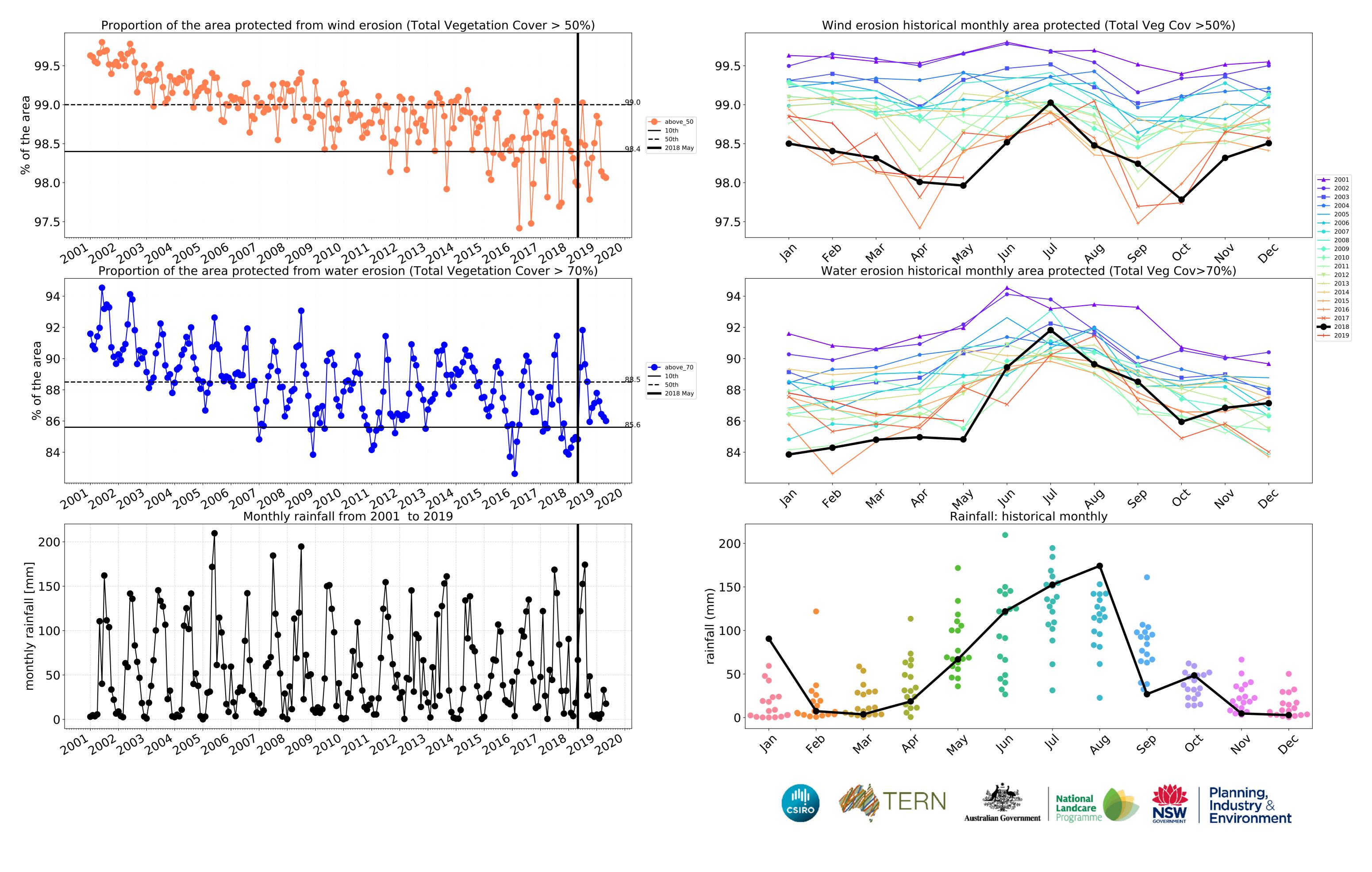


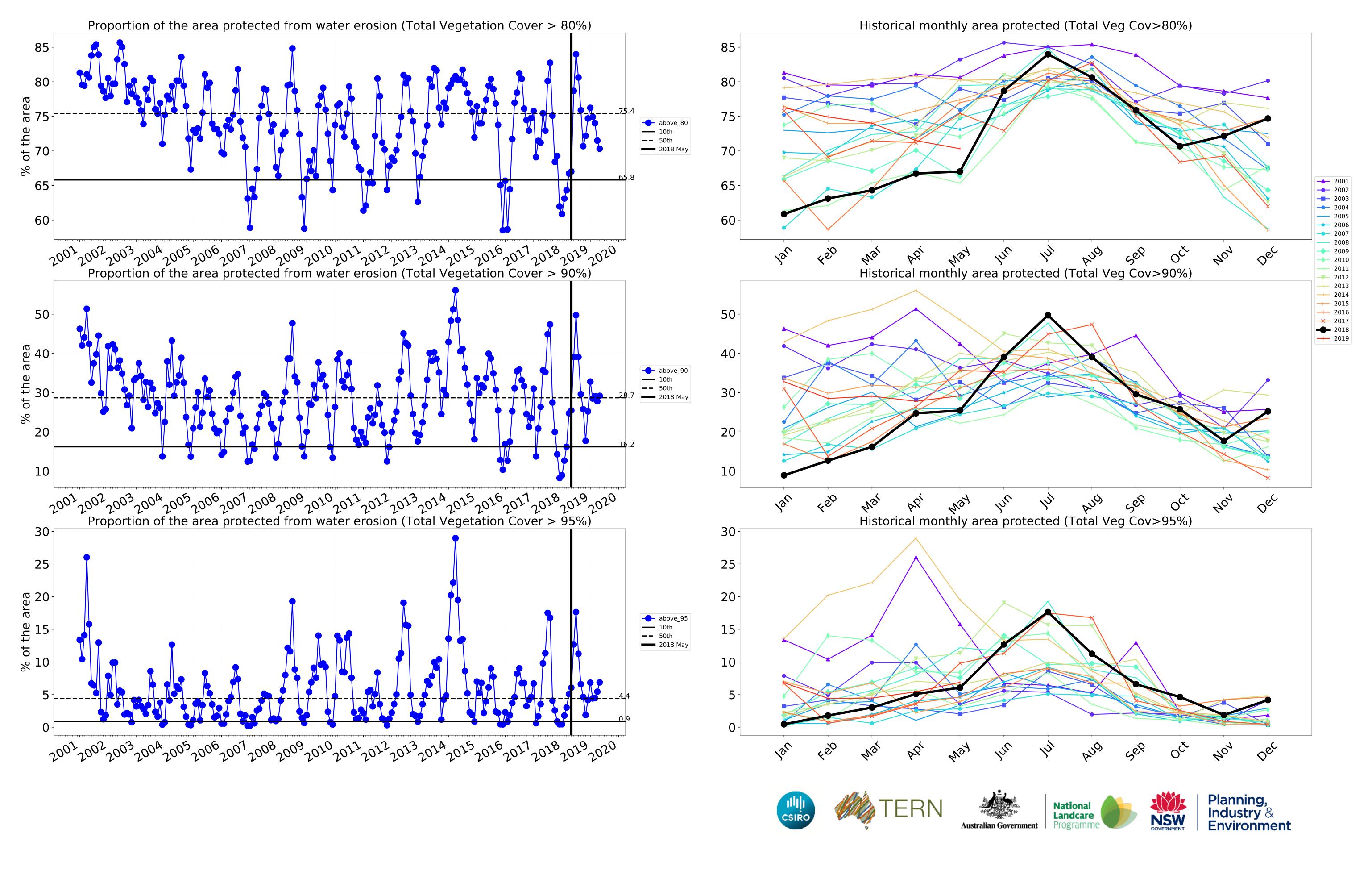












# **Conservation and natural environments**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

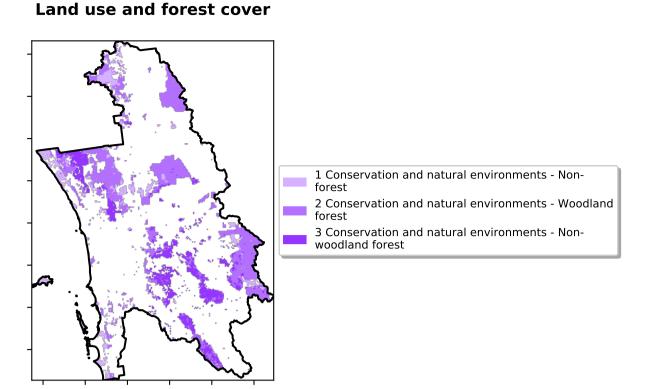
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

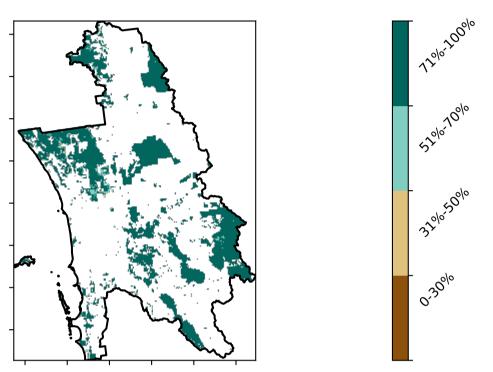
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

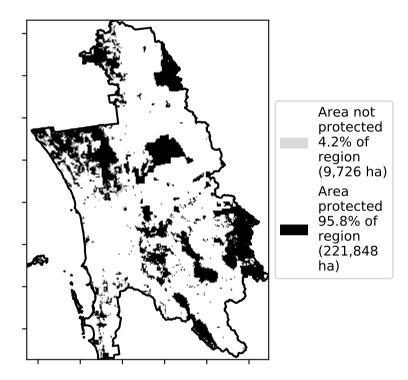
is only for the month of the map



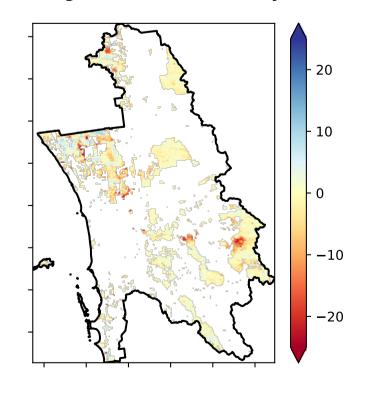
## **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

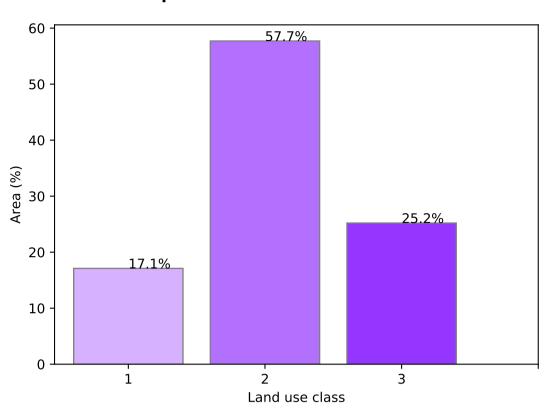


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

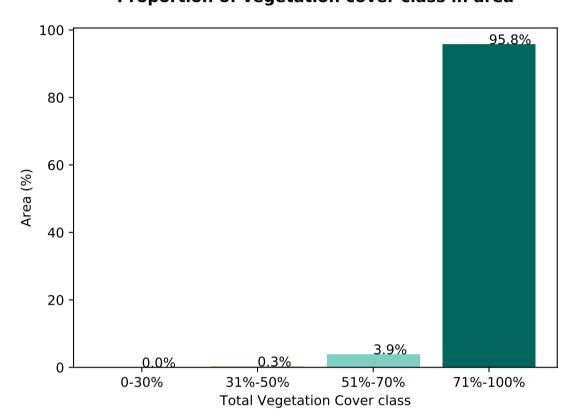


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

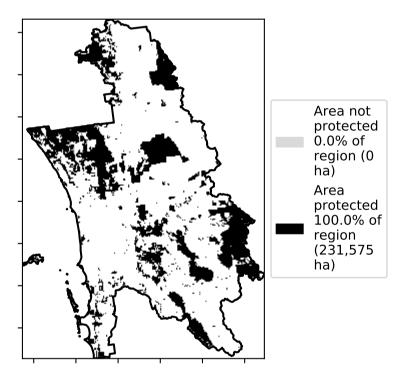
### Proportion of each land class in area



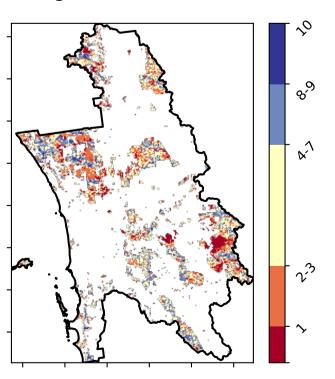
# Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# lly [%] Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]







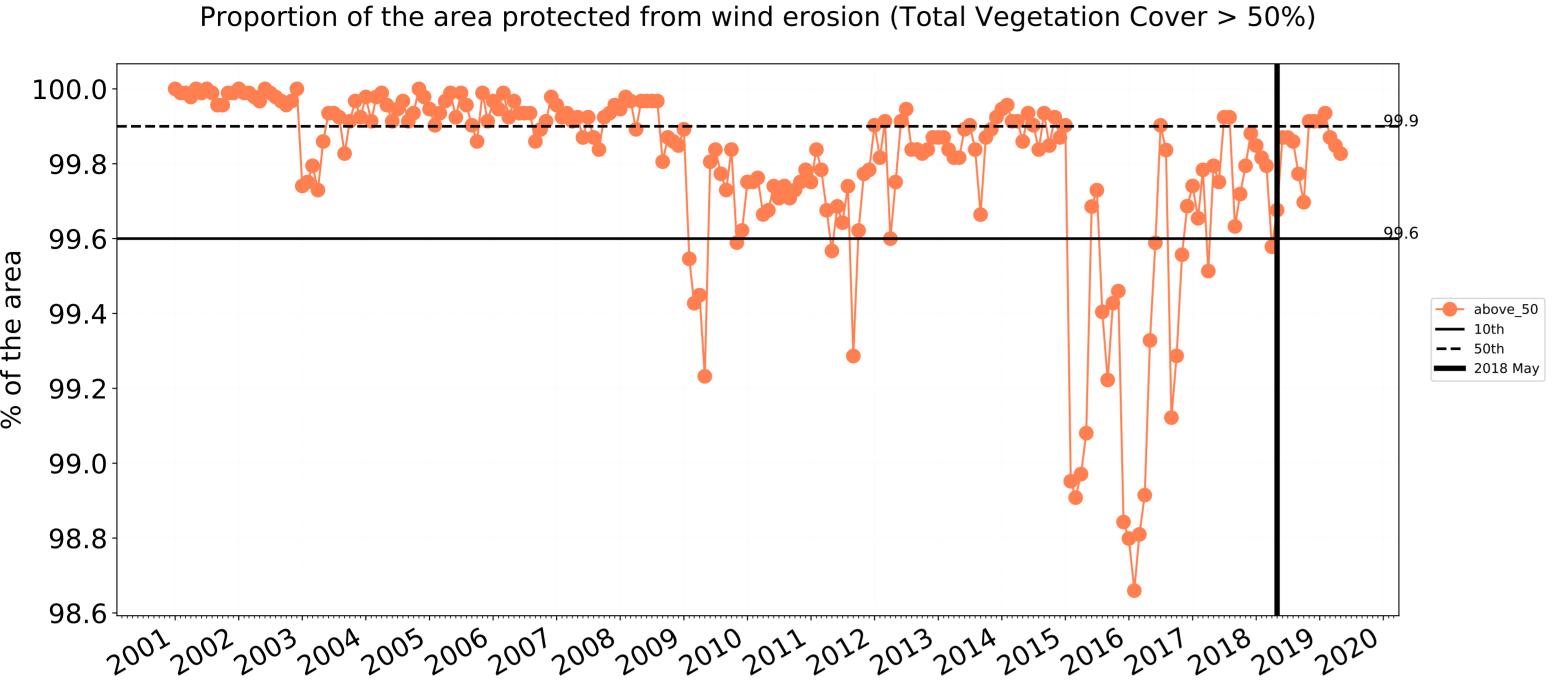


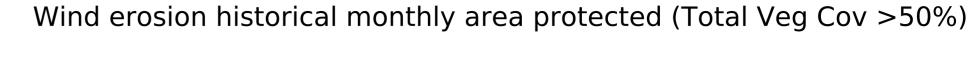


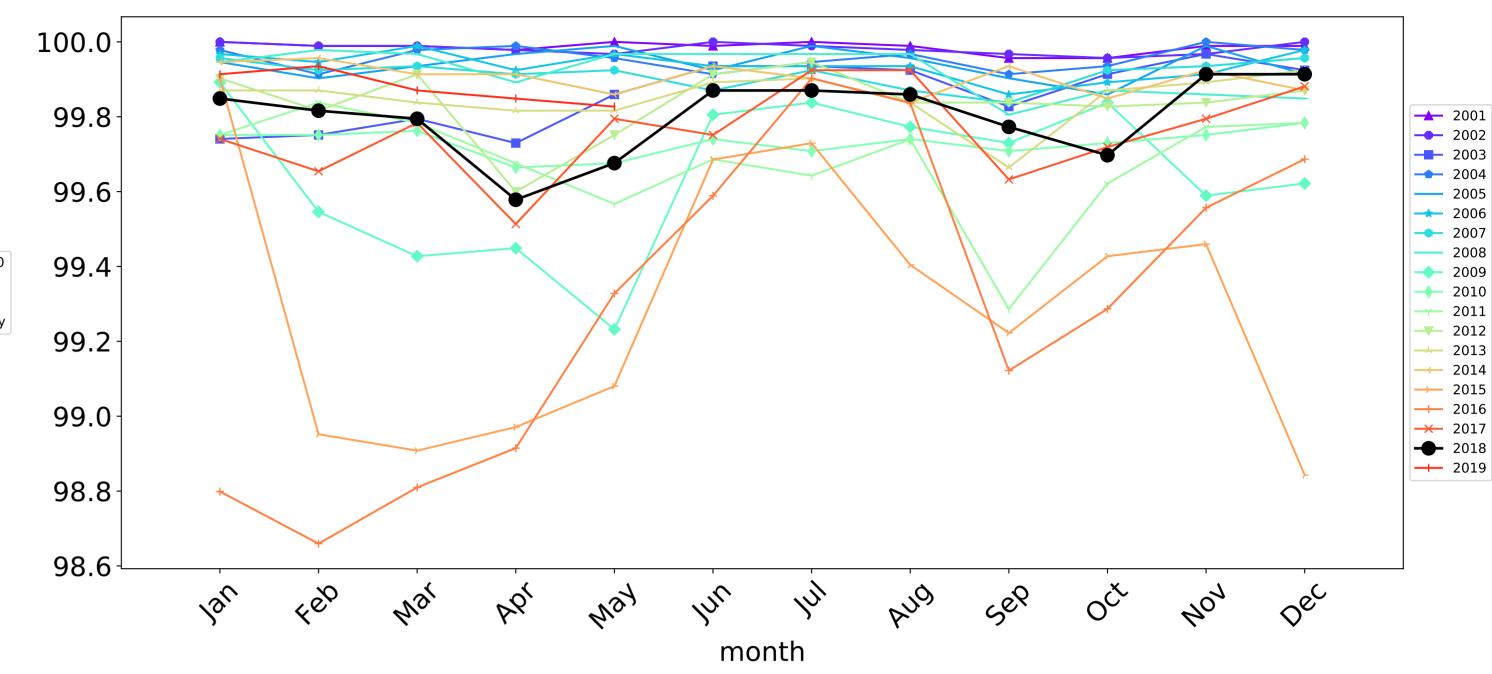


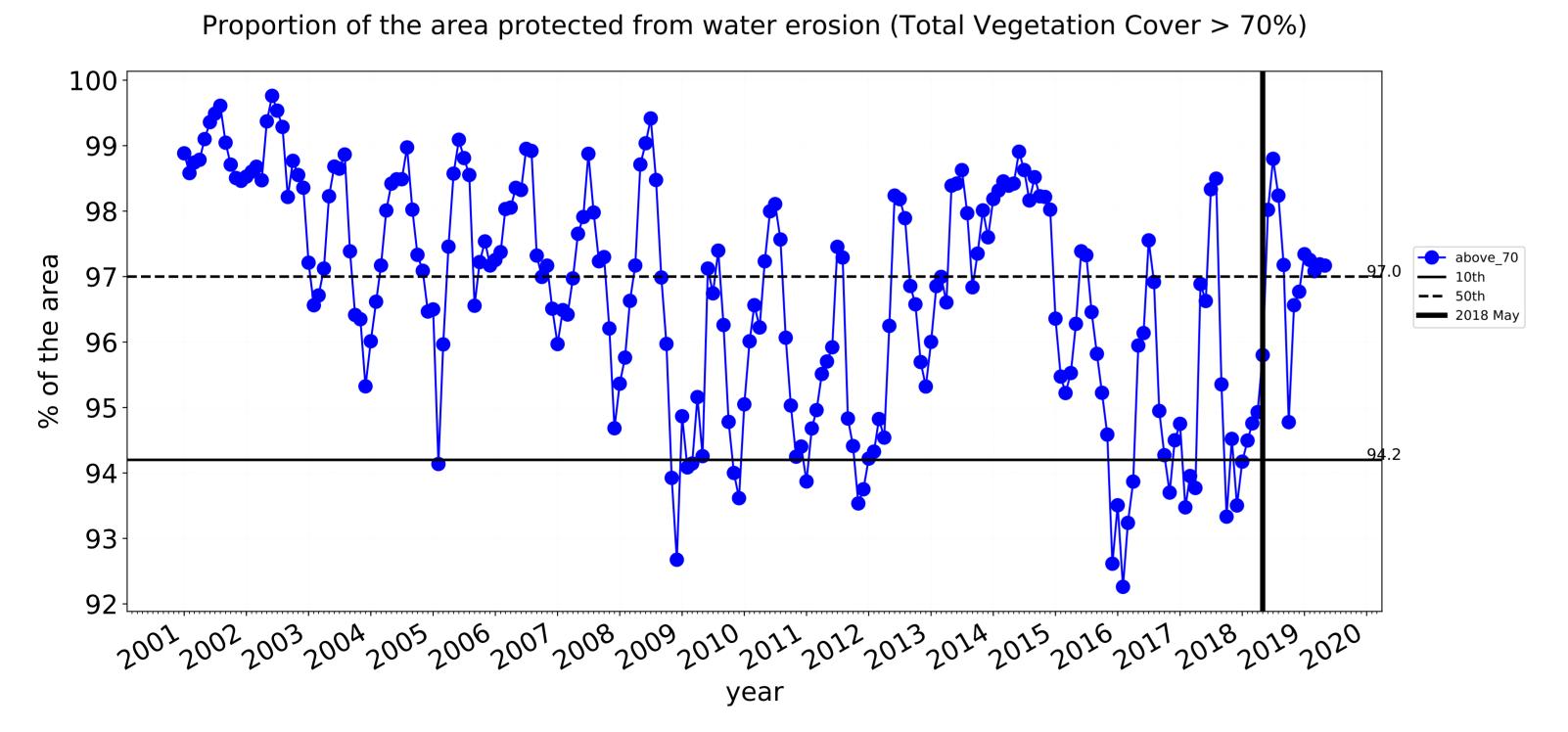


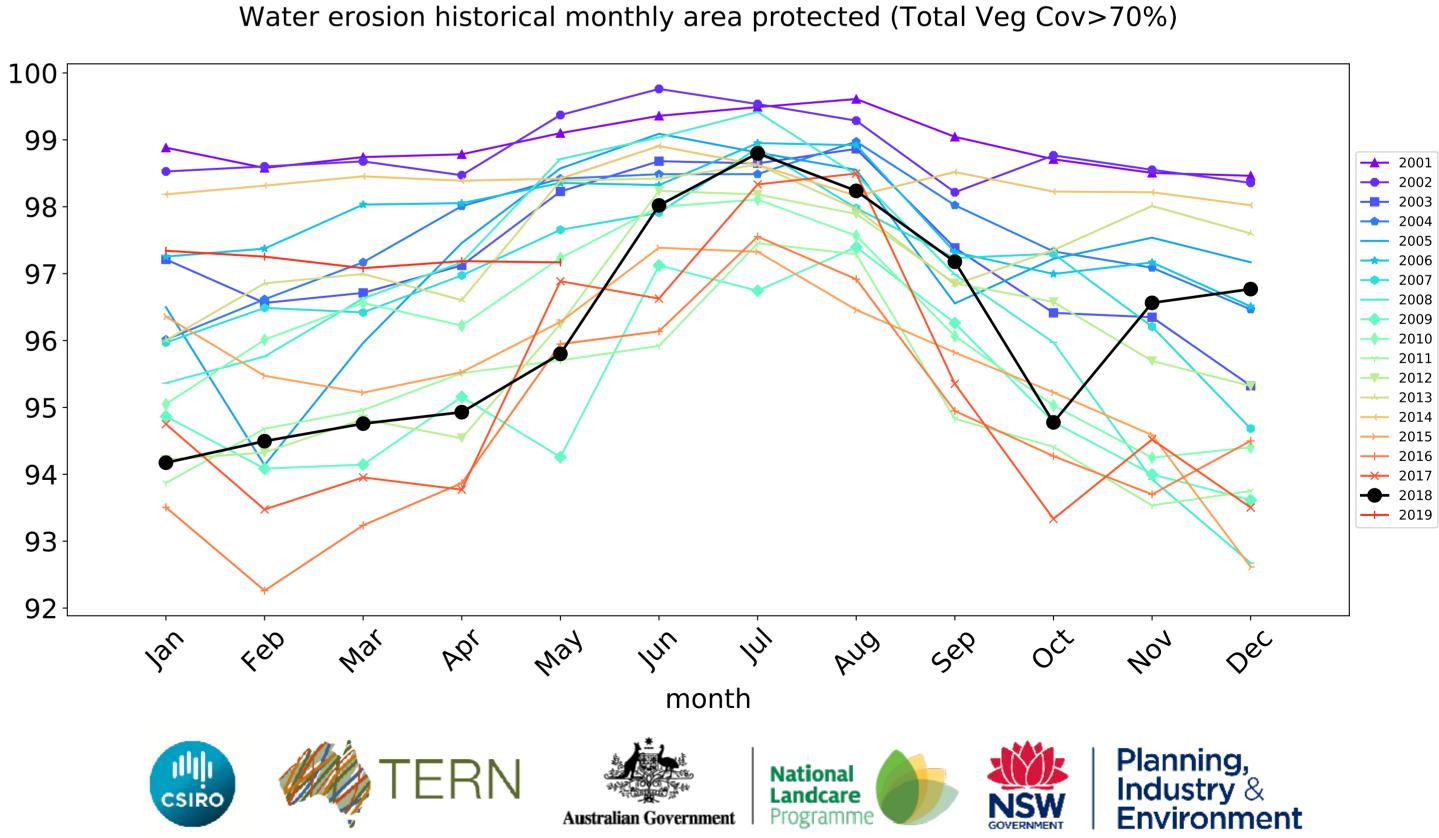
# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

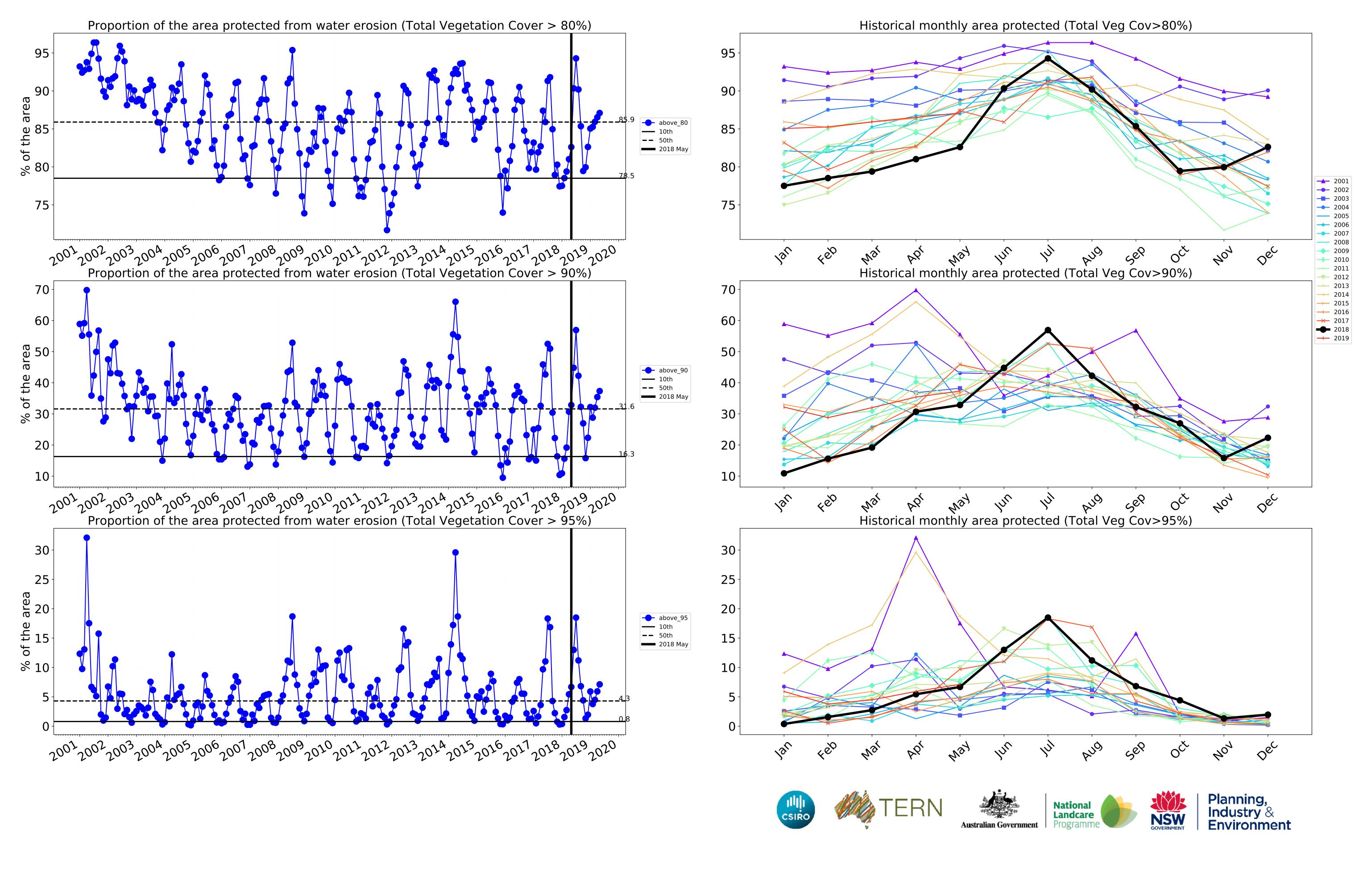












# **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

### **Land use and forest cover**

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

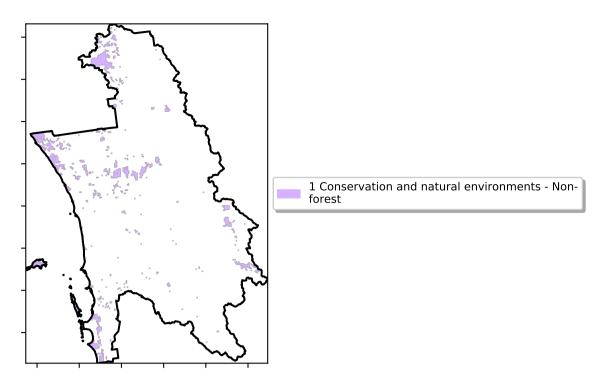
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

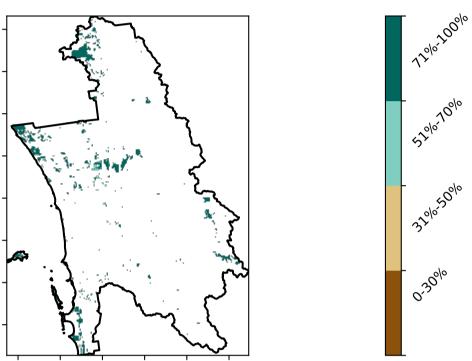
pixel. The mean

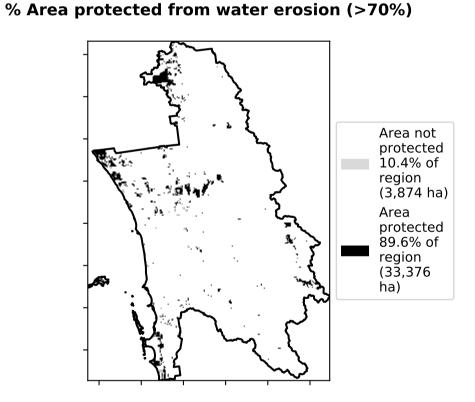
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

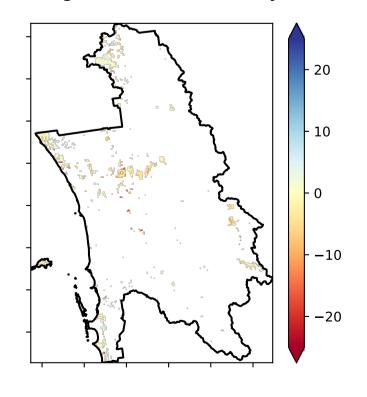


# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



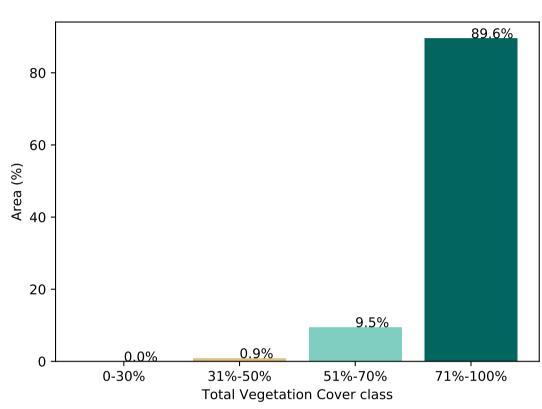


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

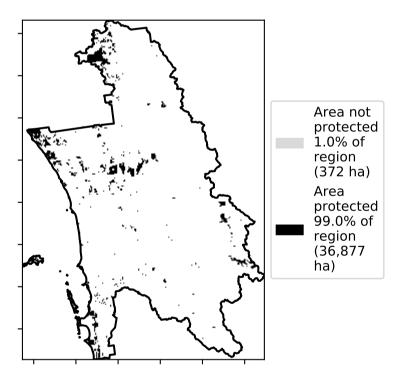


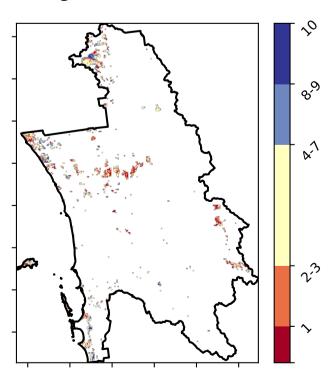
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



## % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









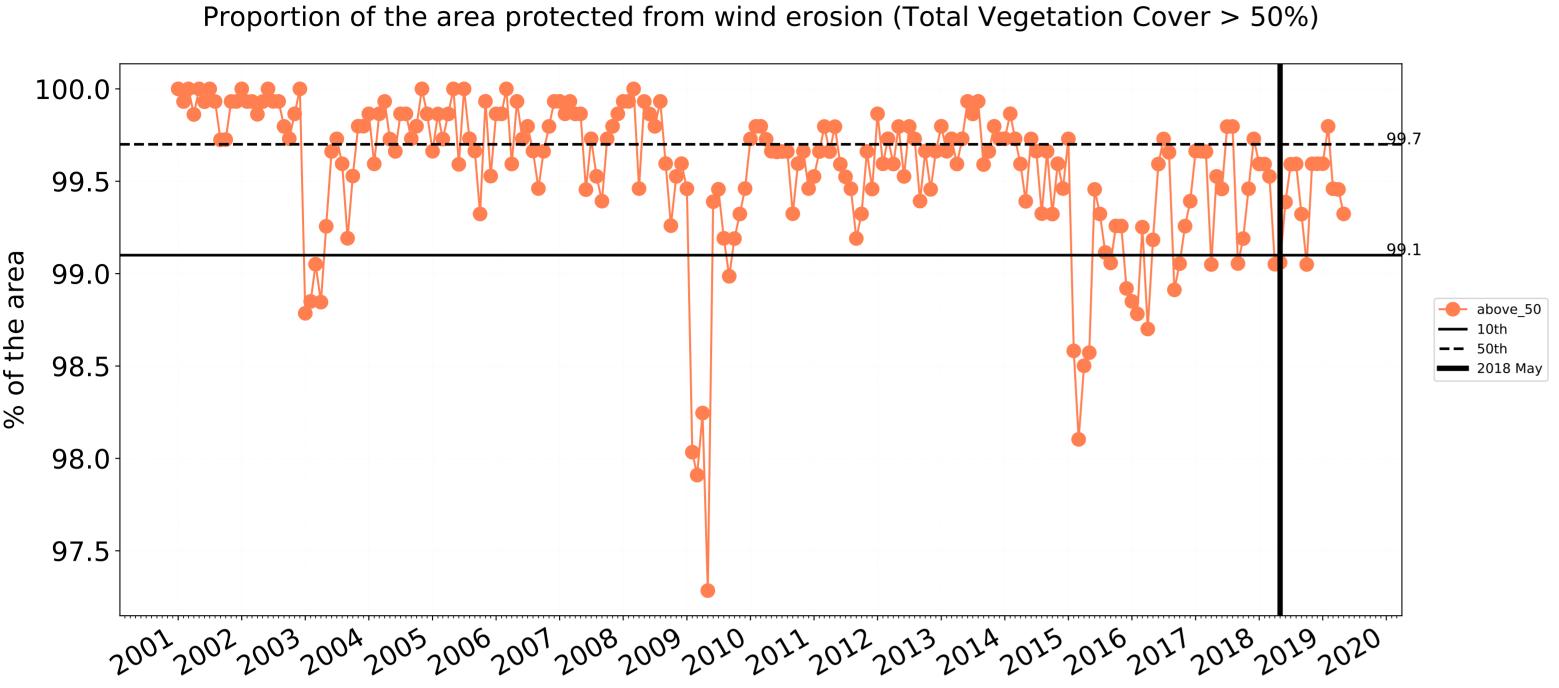


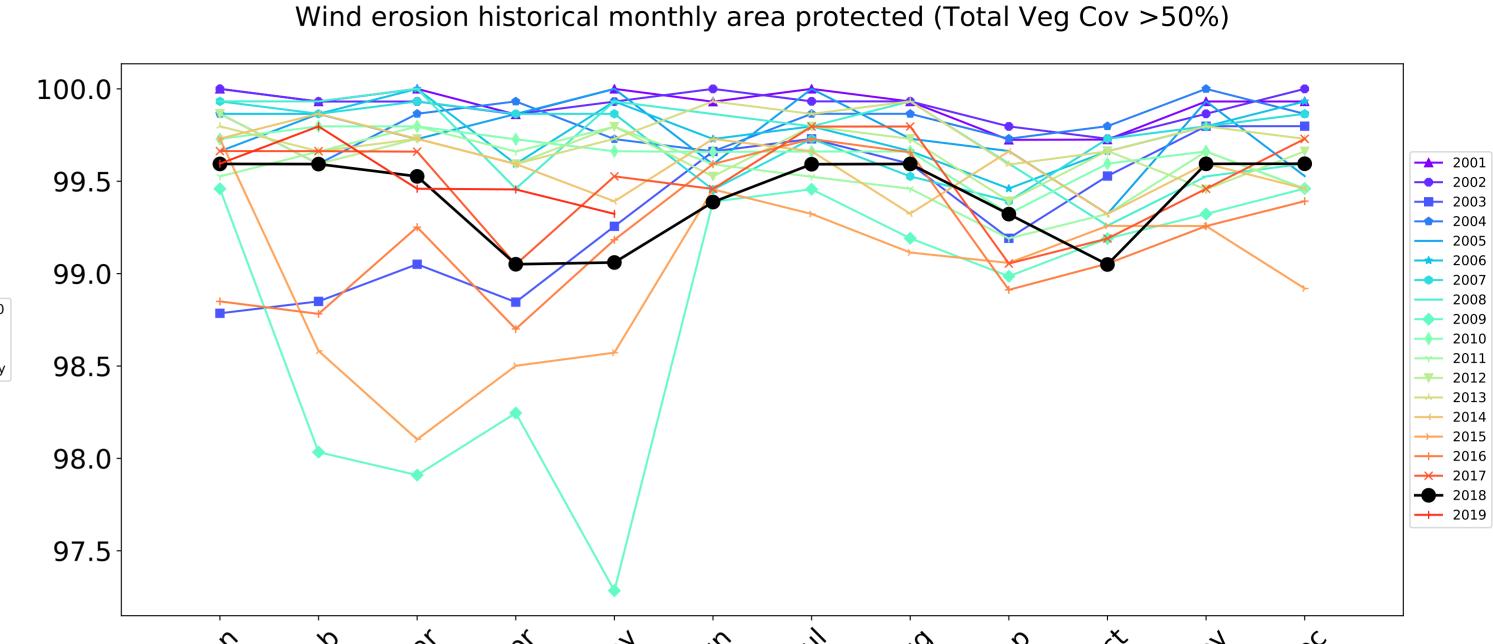




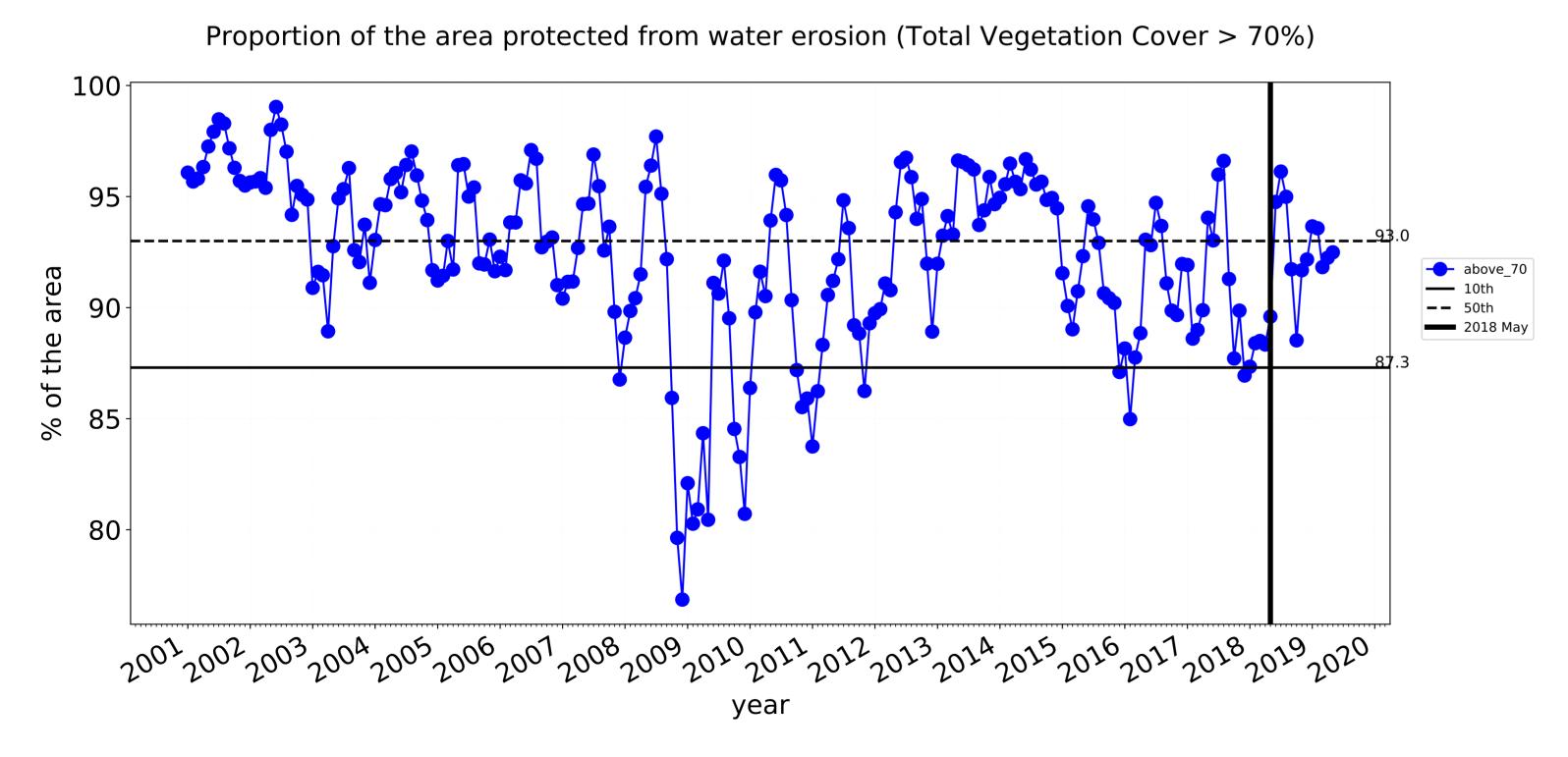


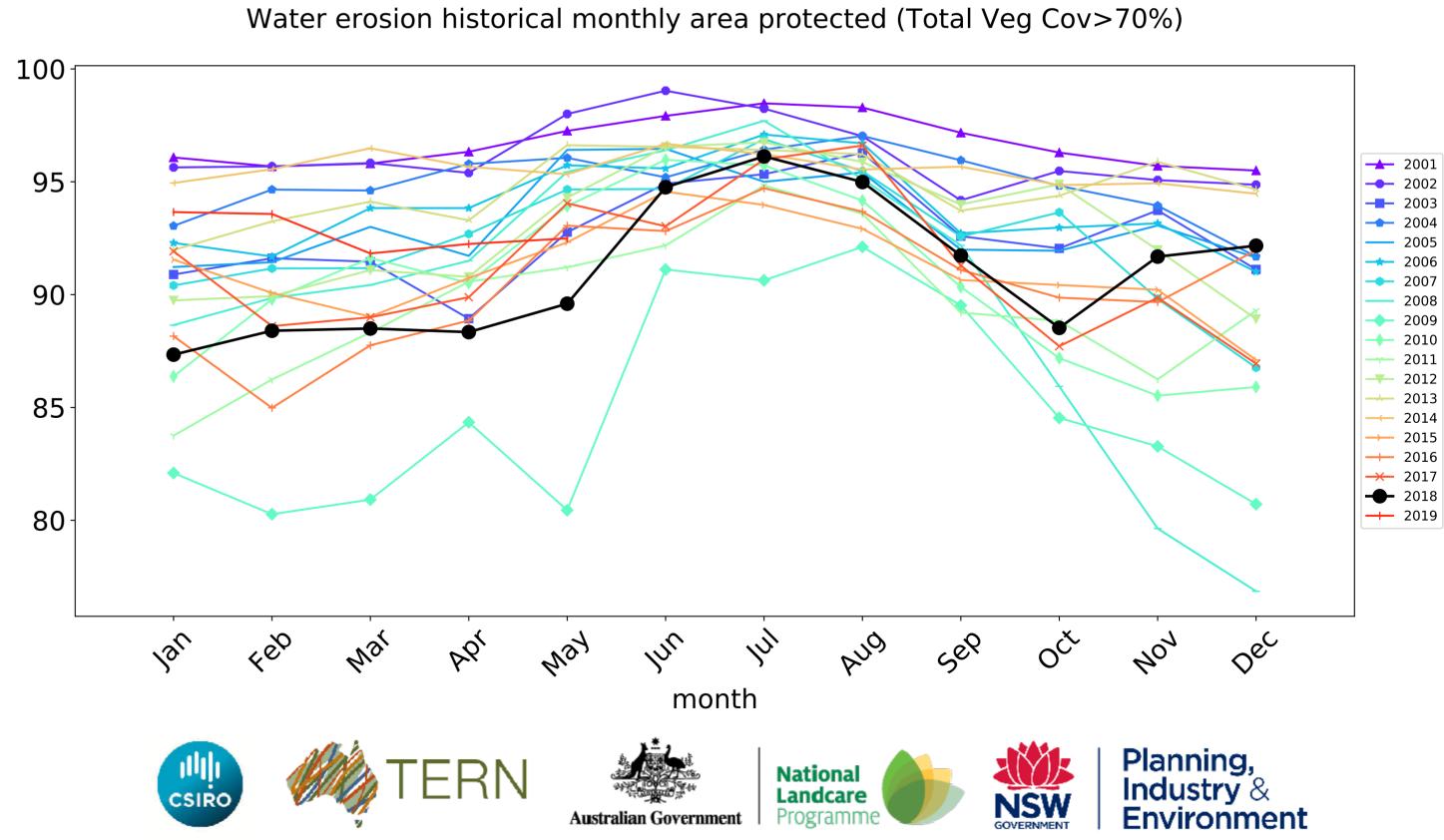
# **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**

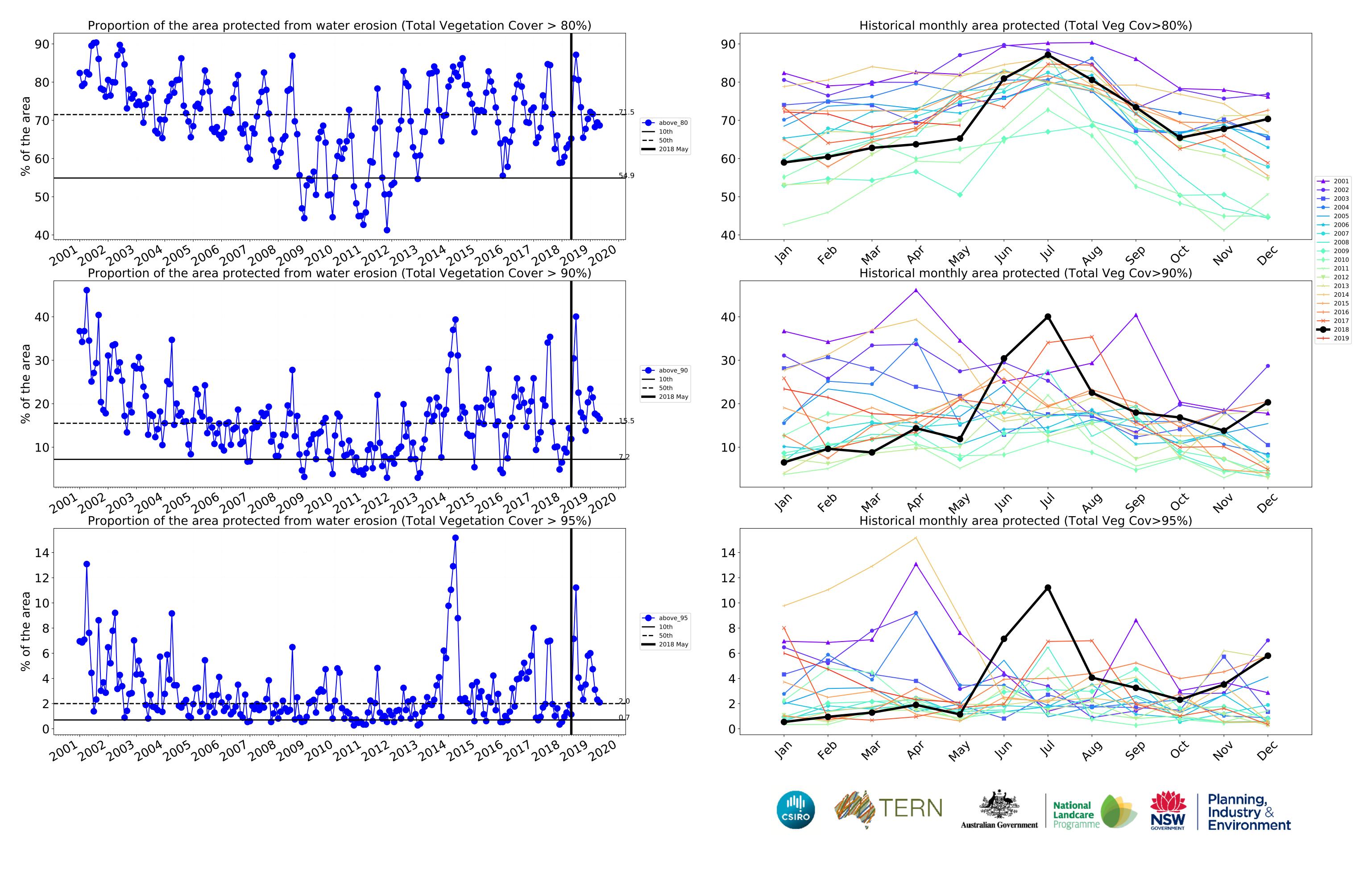




month







# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

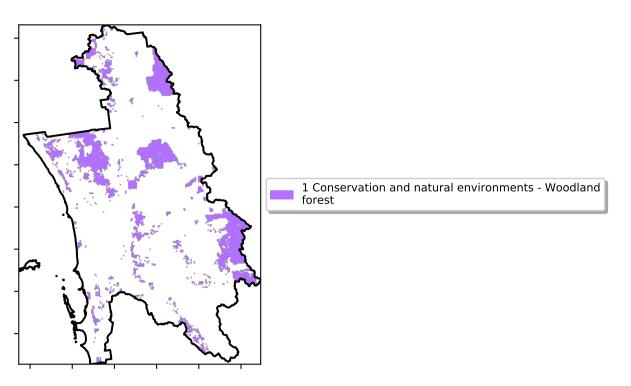
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

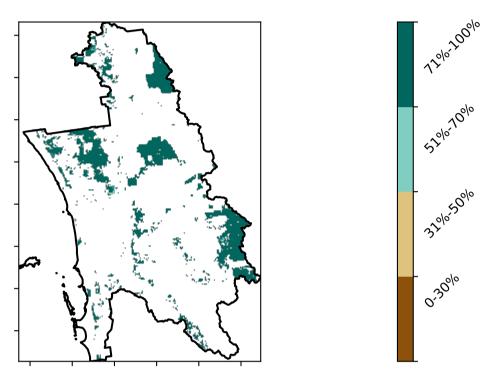
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

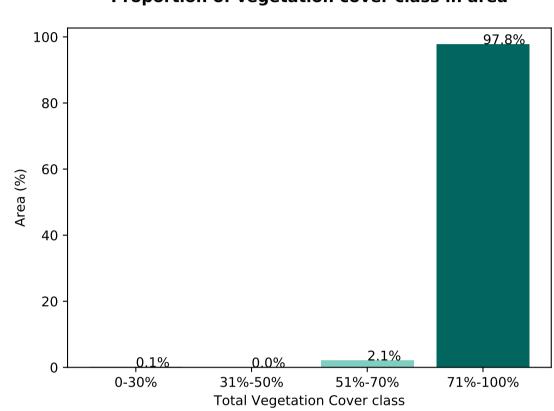
is only for the month of the map



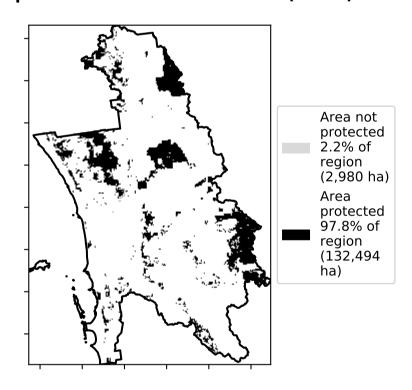
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



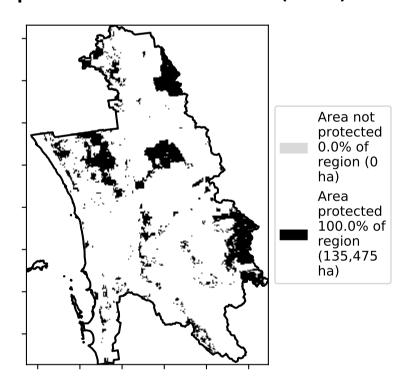
# Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



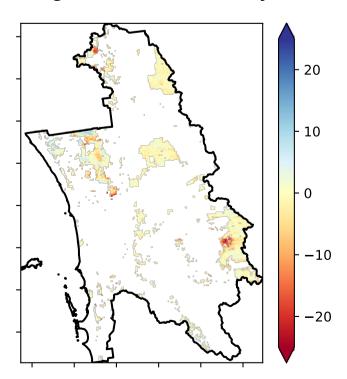
## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



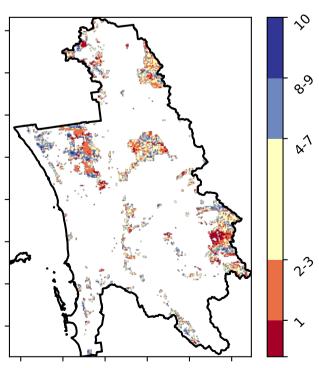
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





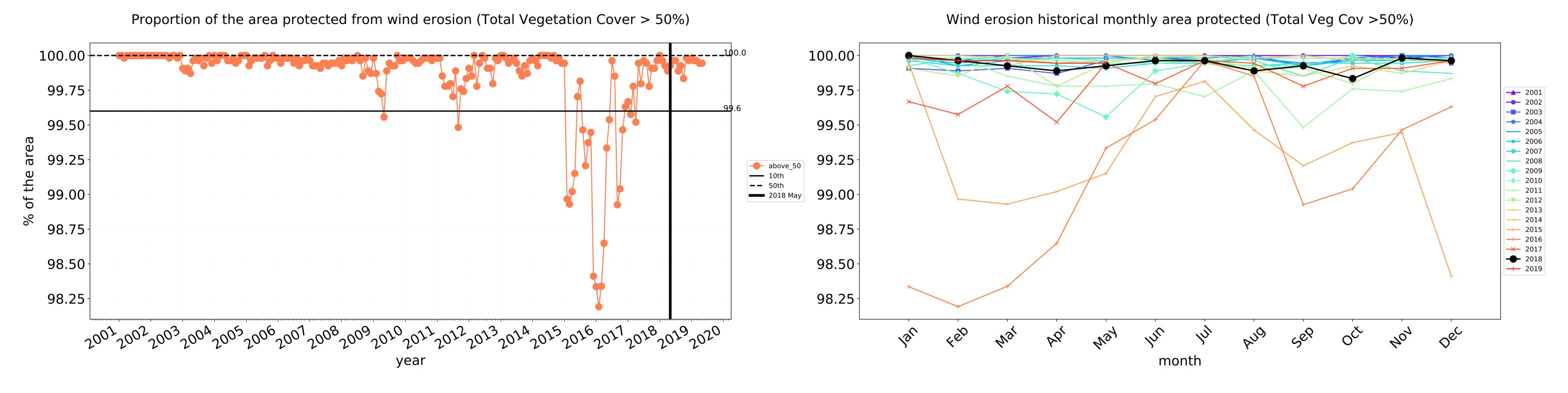


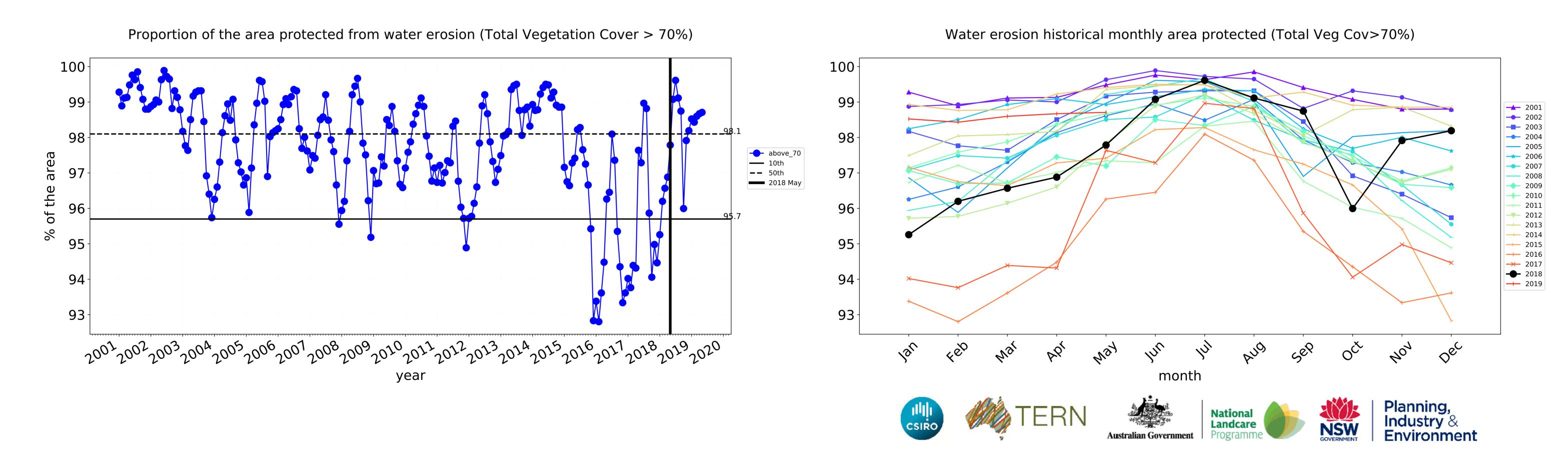


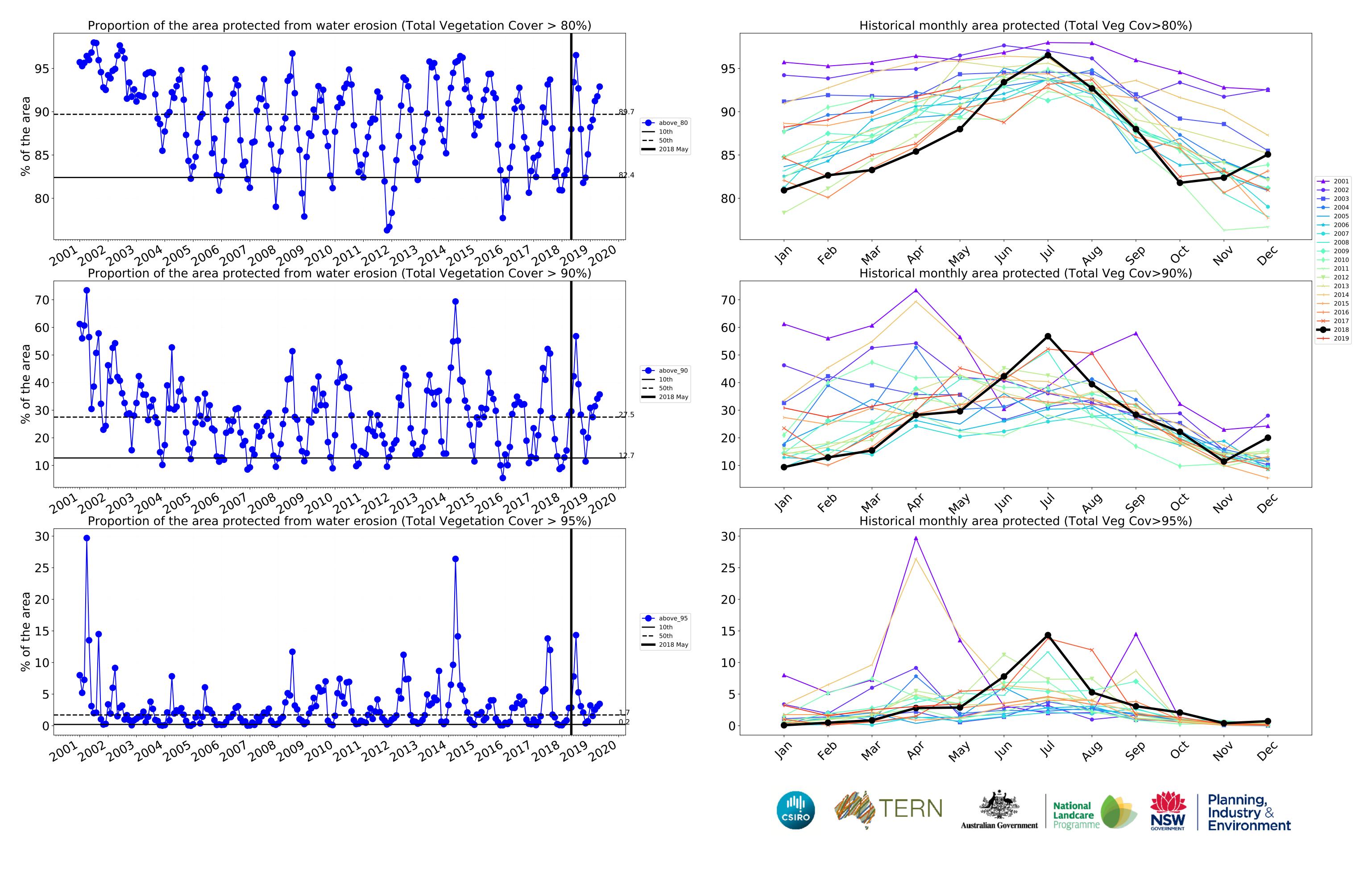












# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

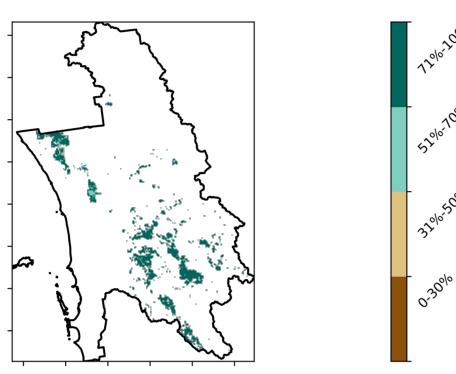
Land use and forest cover

# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from

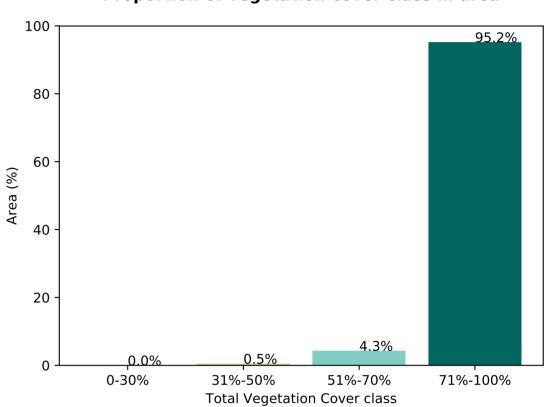
Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

# 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest

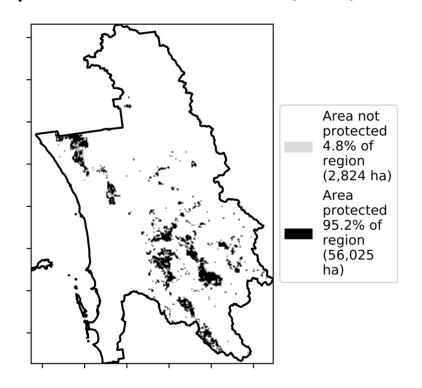
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



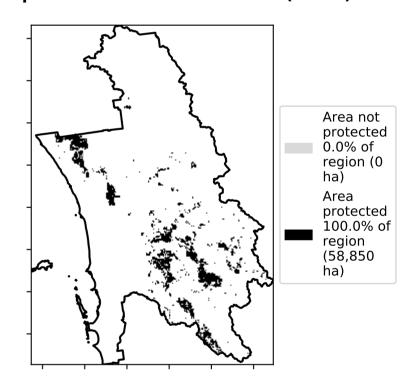
# Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



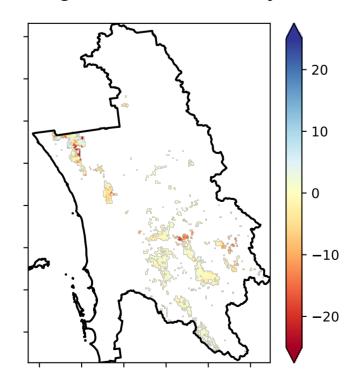
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

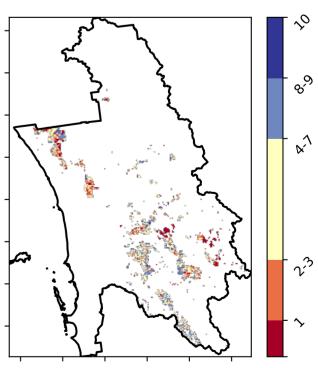


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

# **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



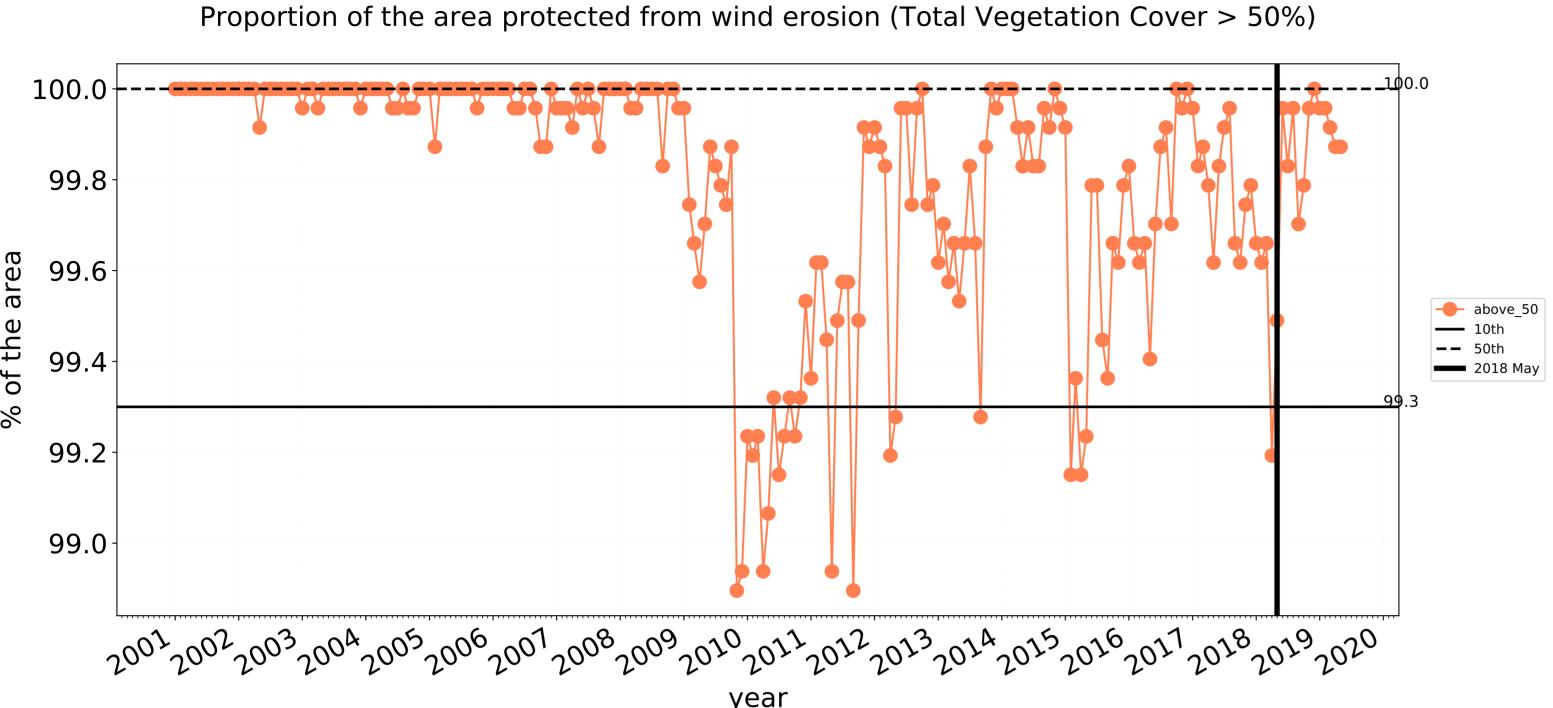


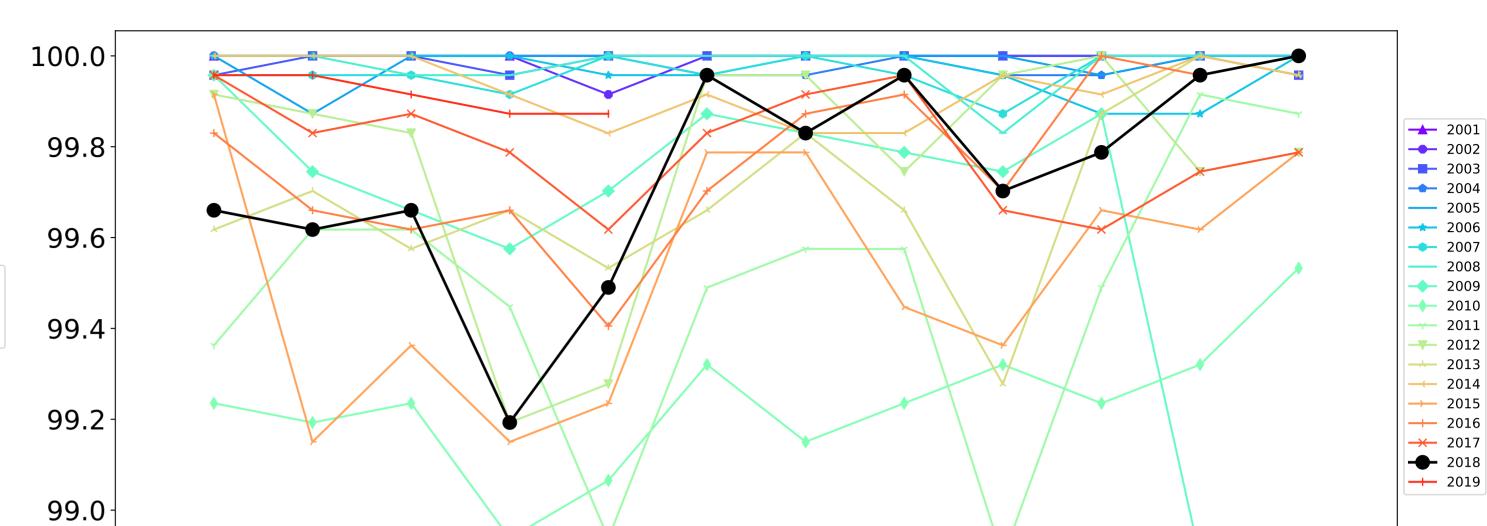






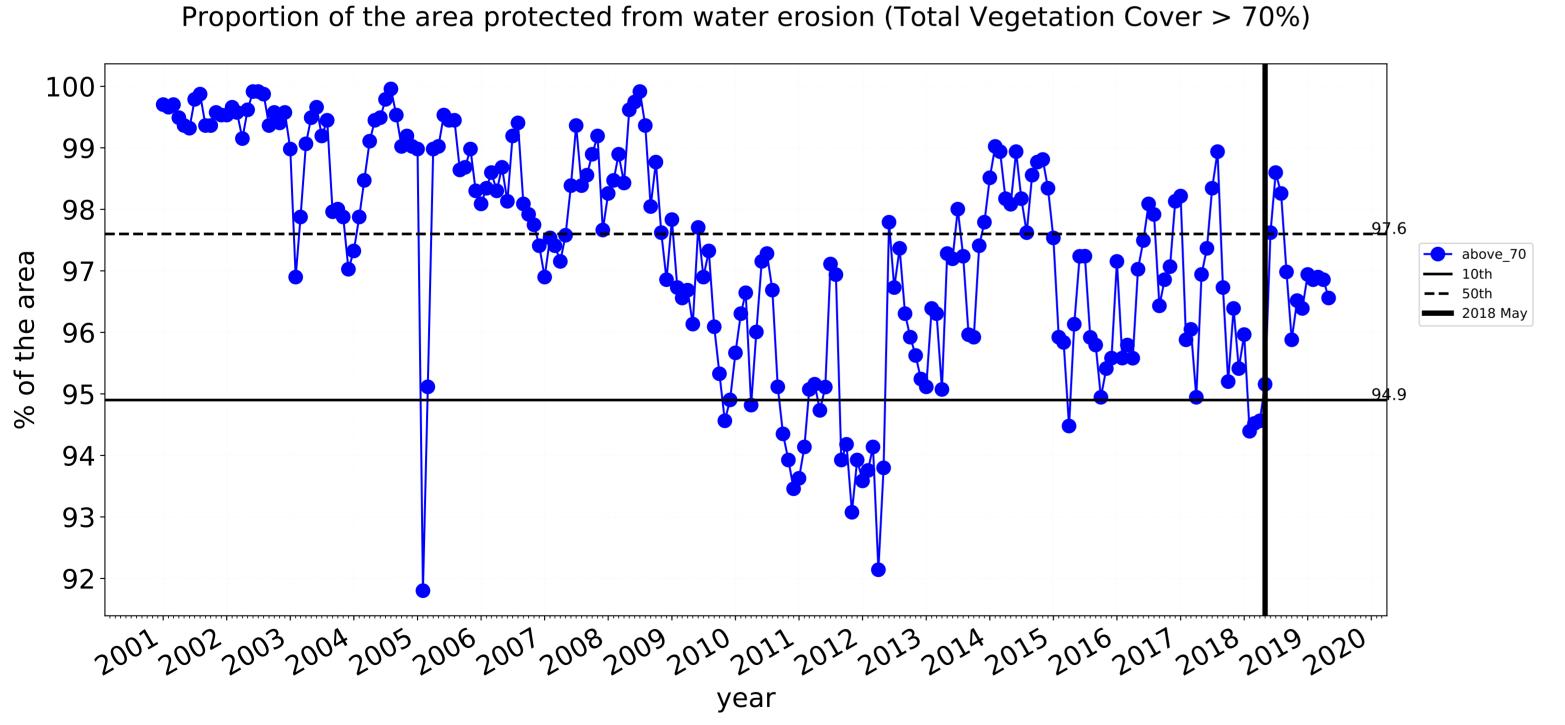


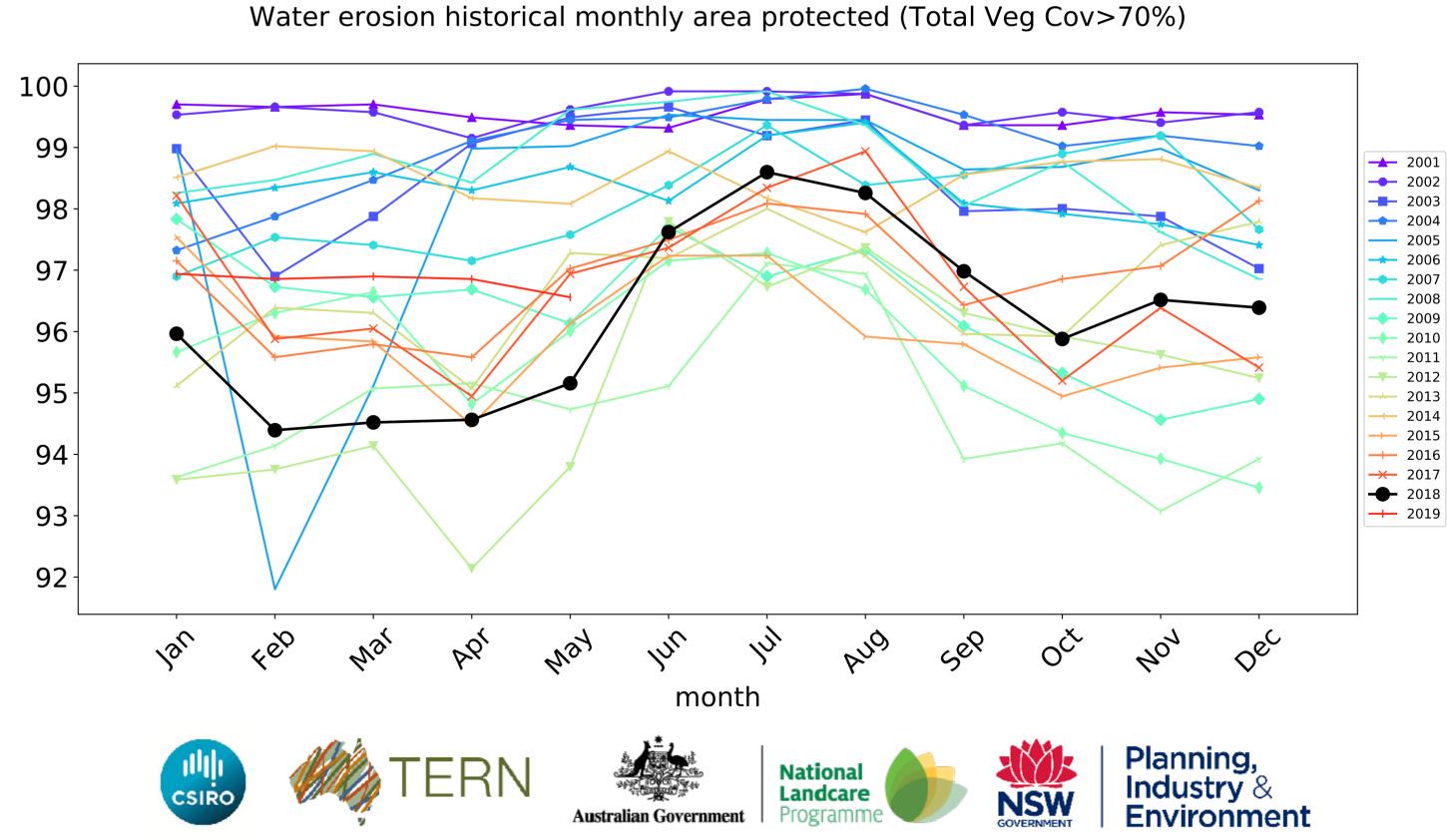


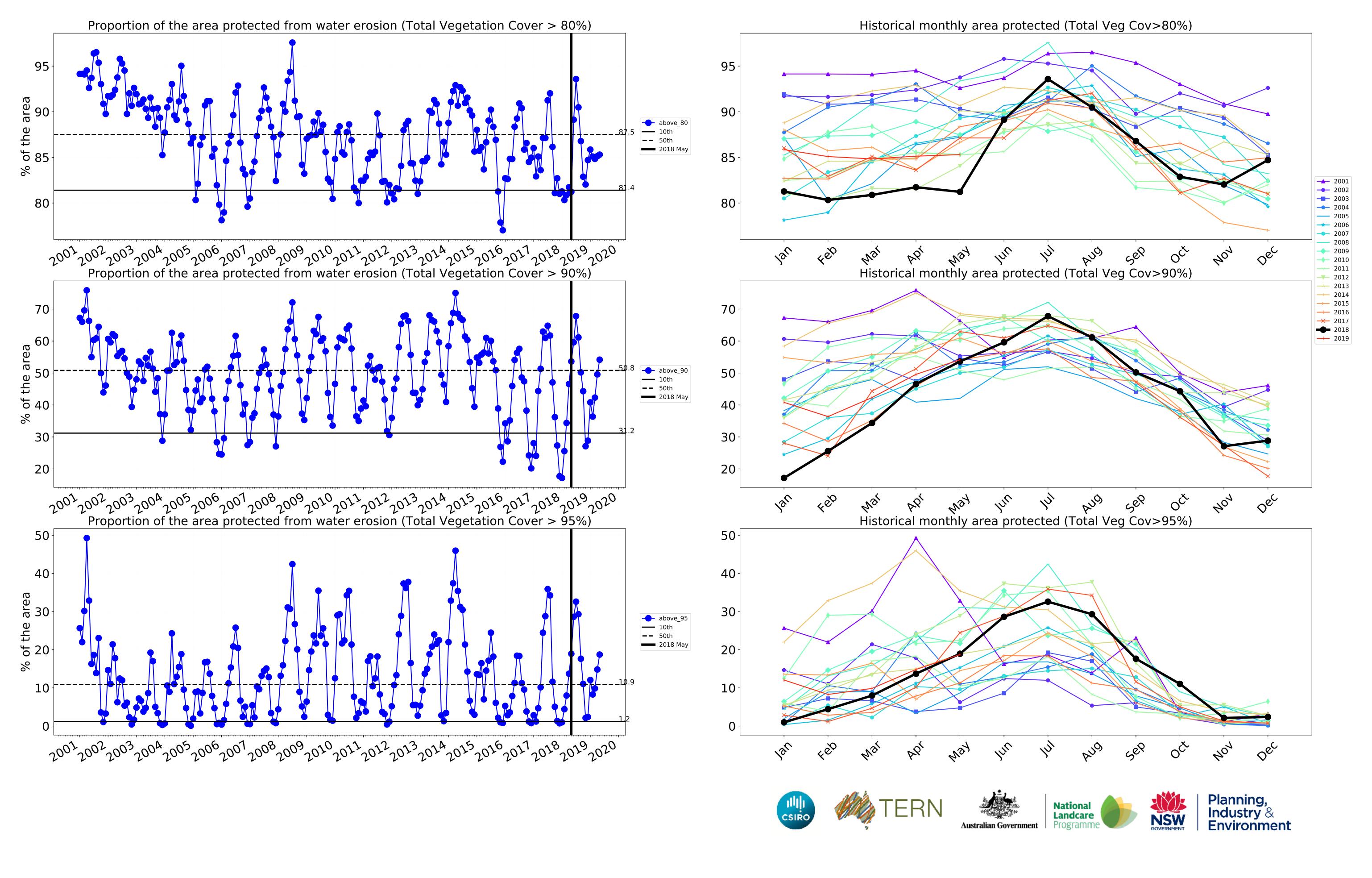


month

Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







# **Agriculture**

### Land use and forest cover

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 3 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 5 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 6 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 7 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 8 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

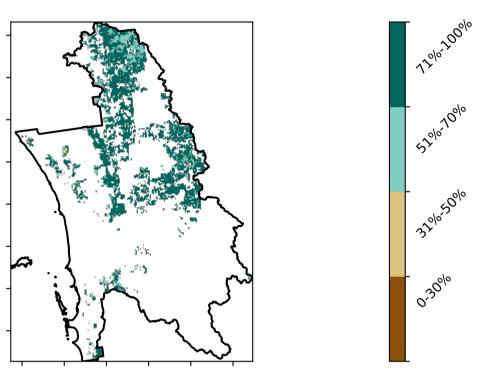
Derived from

Use of Australia

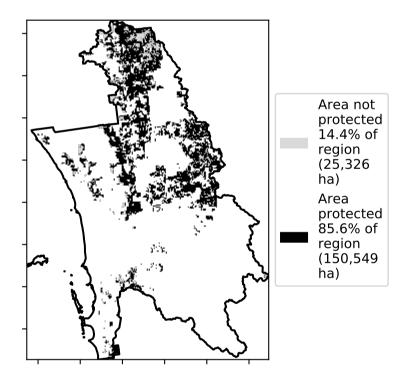
Land Use and Forests

Catchment Scale Land

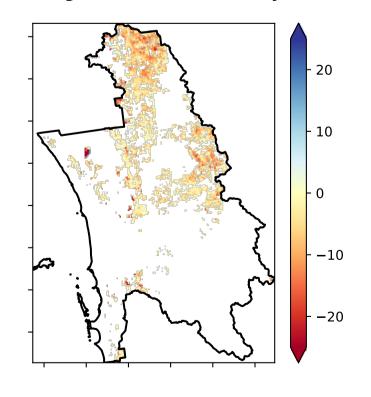
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



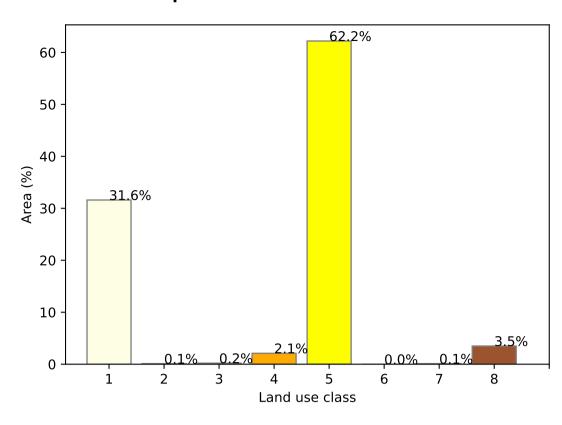
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



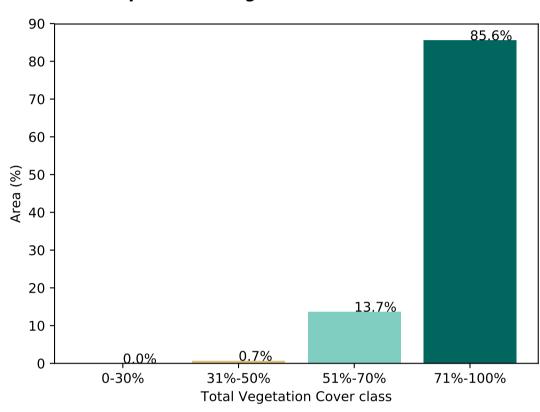
**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 



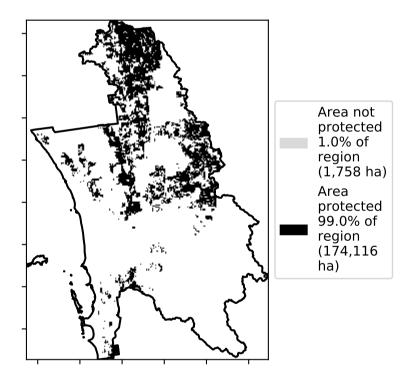
### Proportion of each land class in area



Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

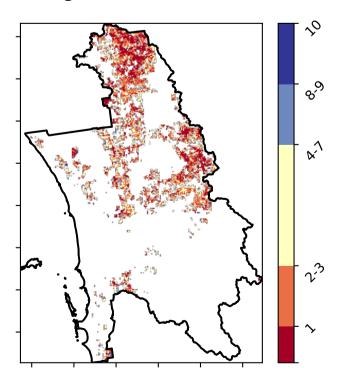


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







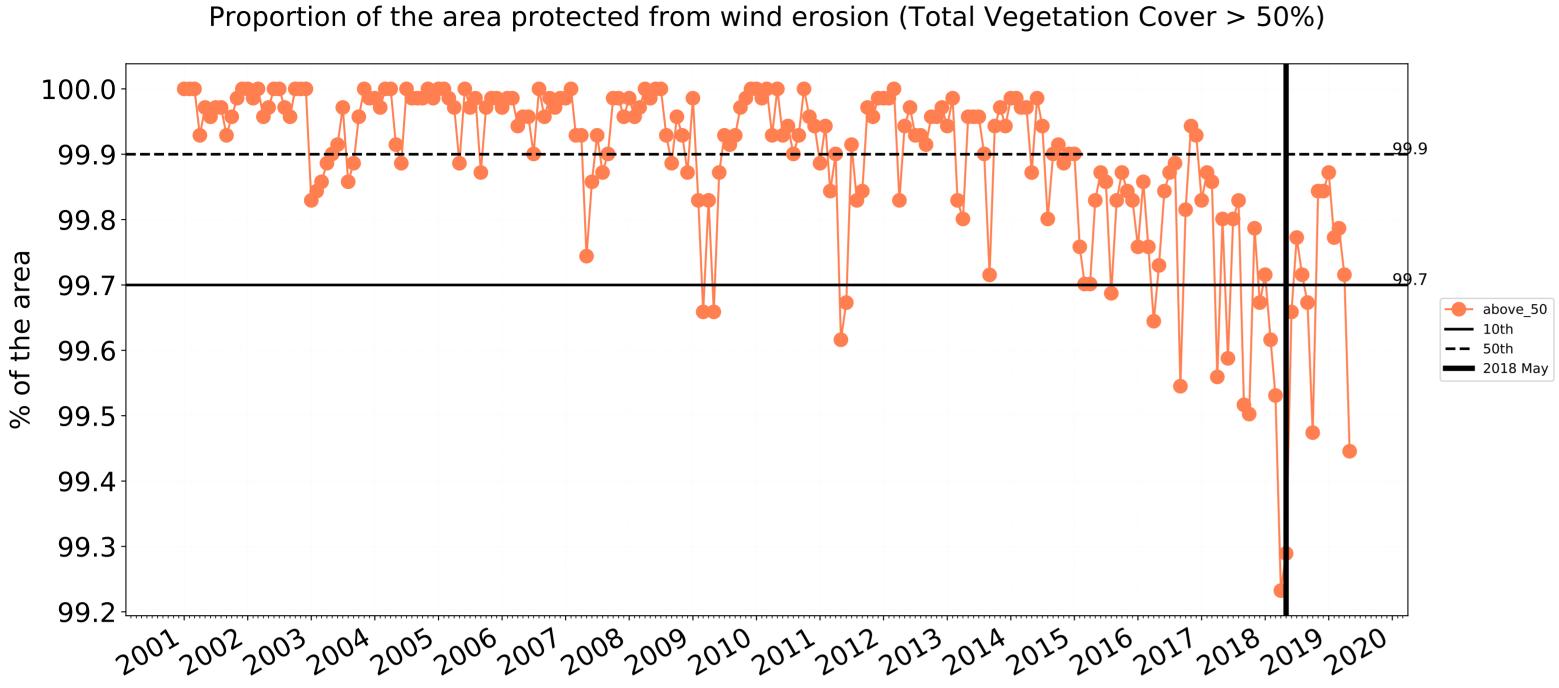




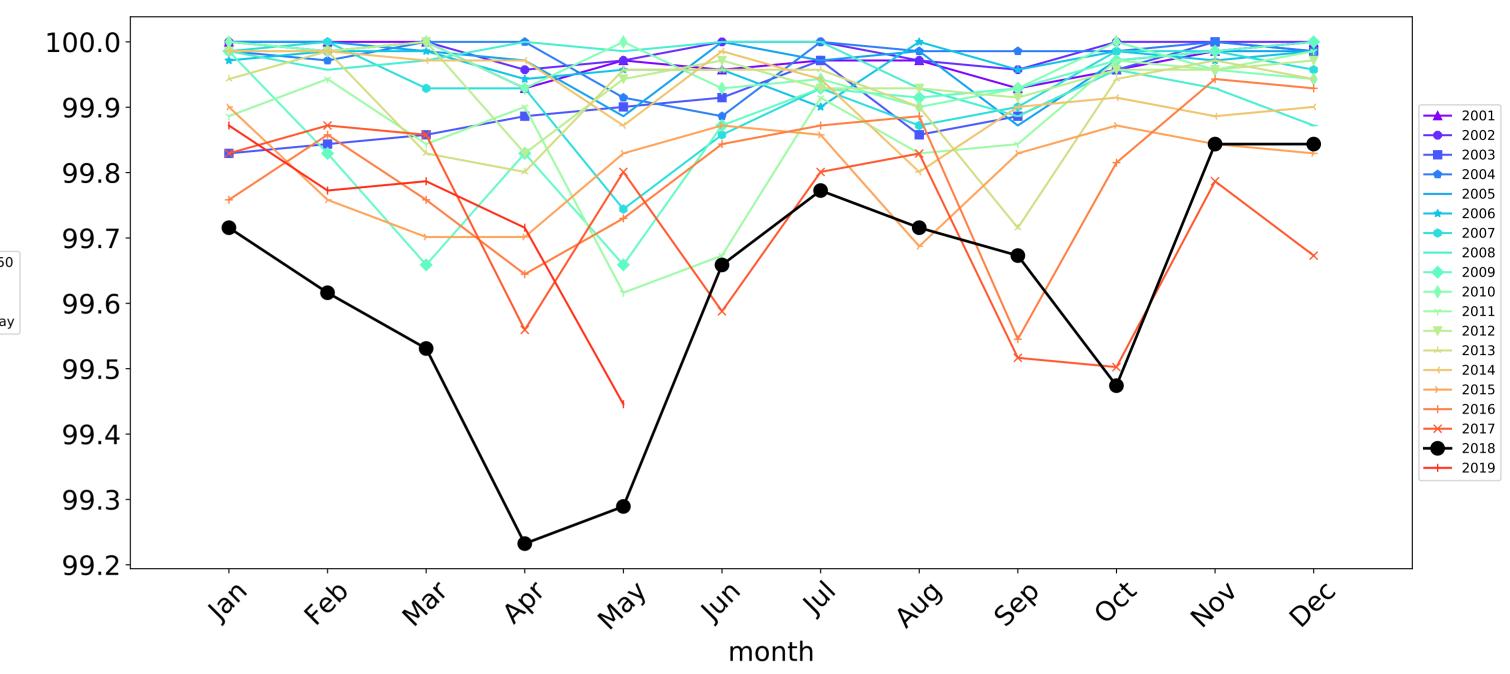


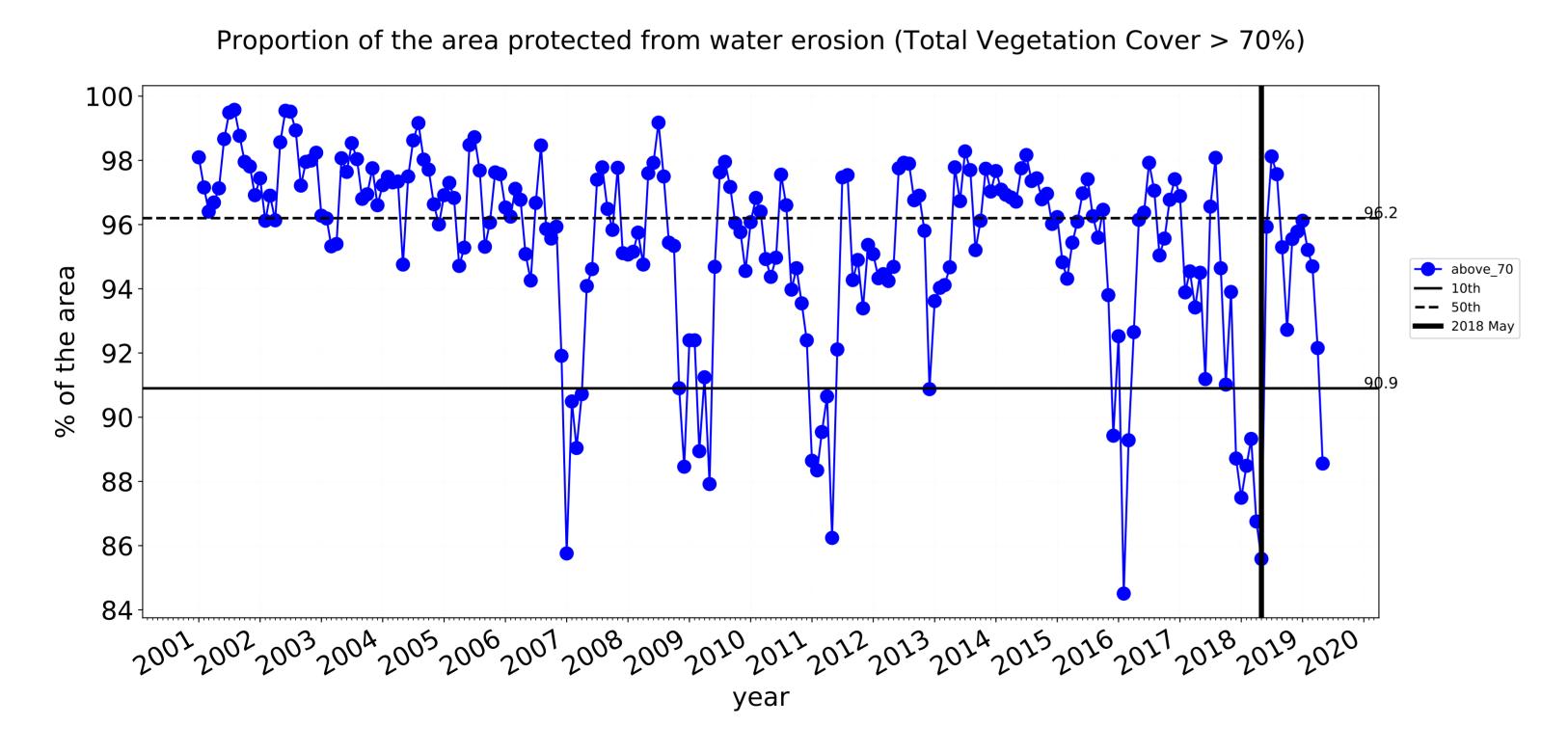


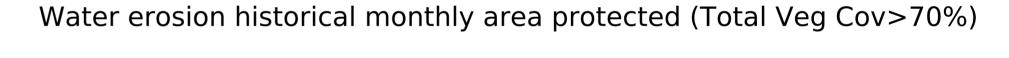
# **Agriculture timeseries**

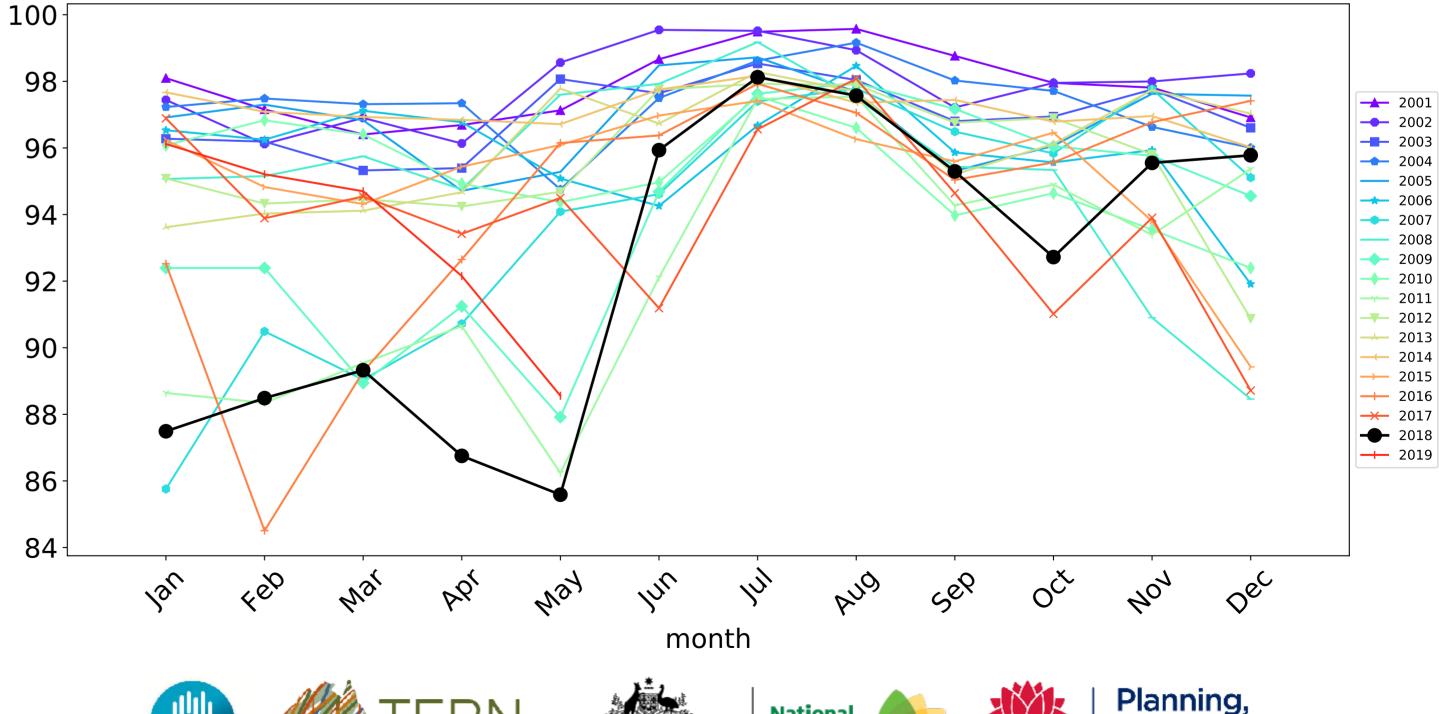


# Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







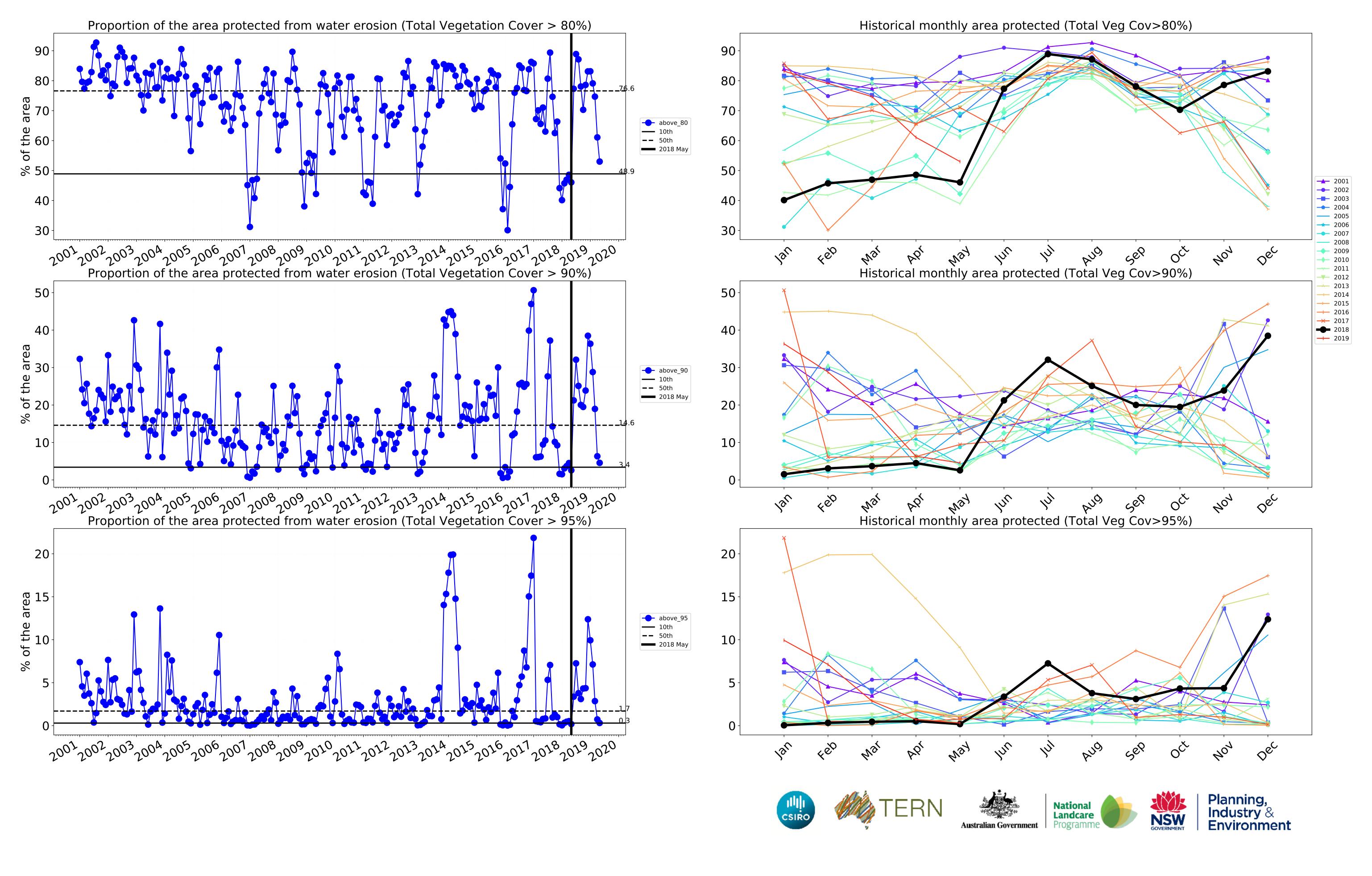












# Grazing

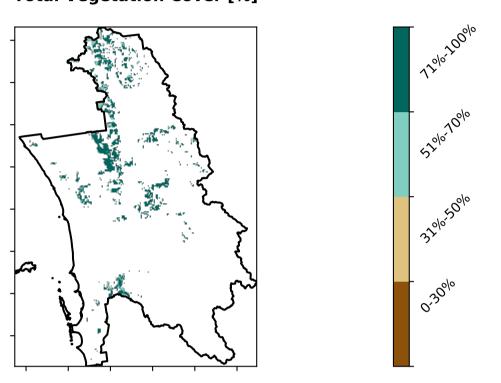
### Land use and forest cover

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 3 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest

# Proportion of each land class in area

# 100 - 99.0% 80 - 60 - 40 - 20 -

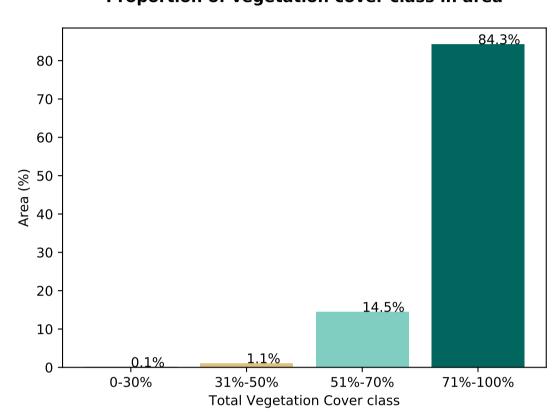
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



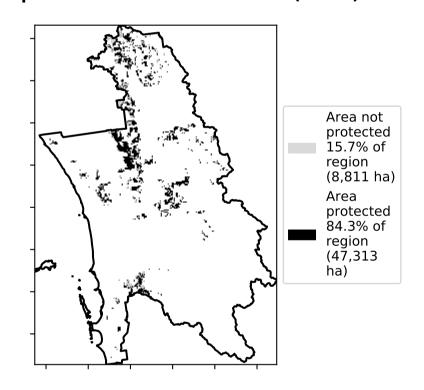
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

Land use class

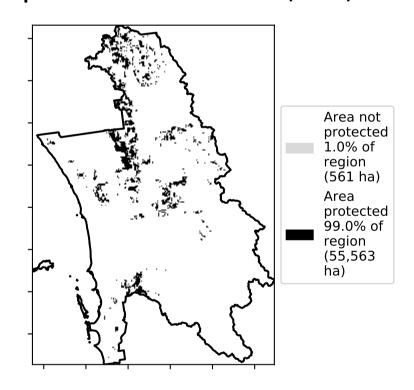
0.6% 3



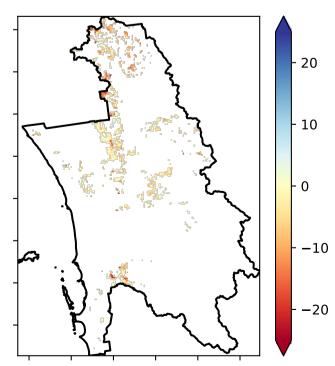
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

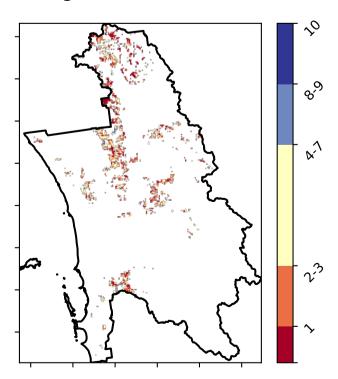


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

# Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

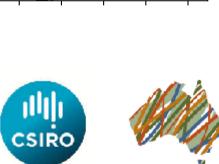
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Catchment Scale Land

Derived from

Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)





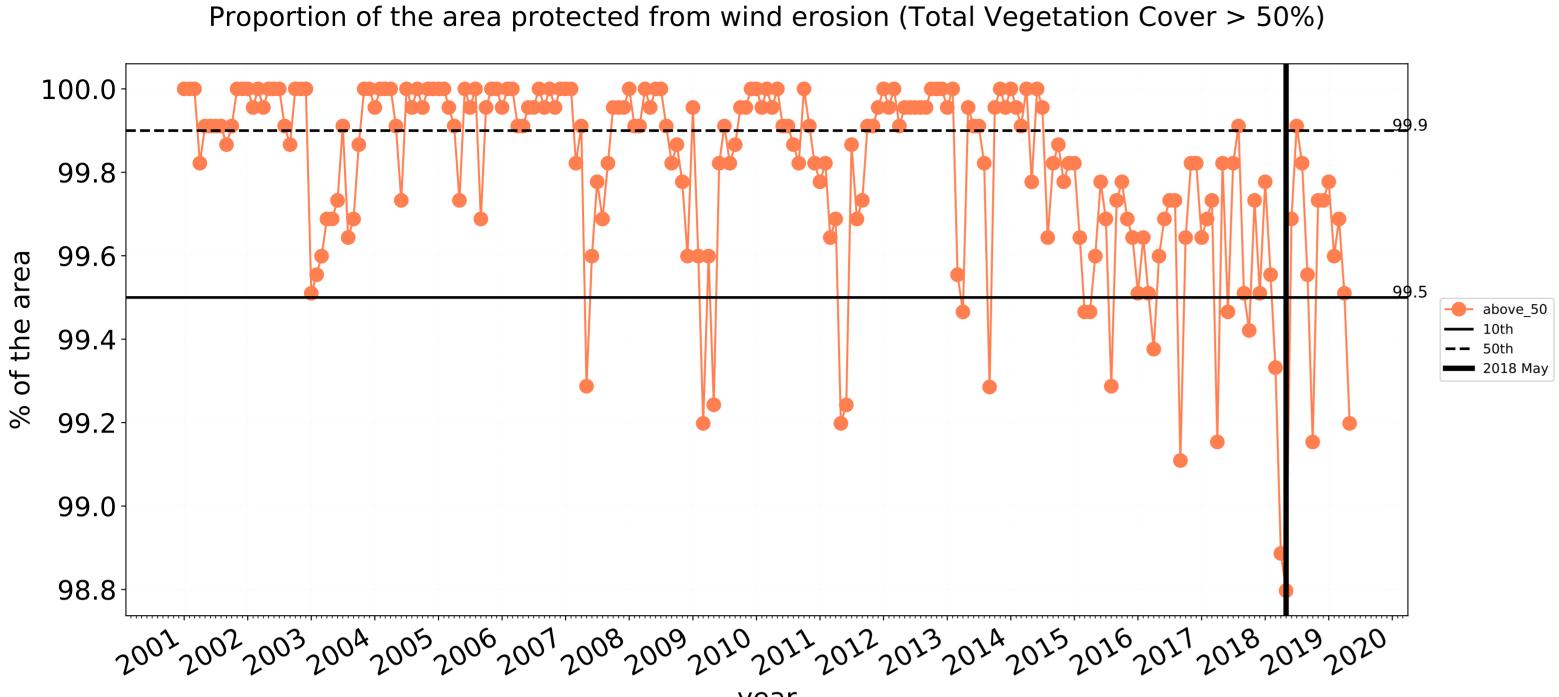


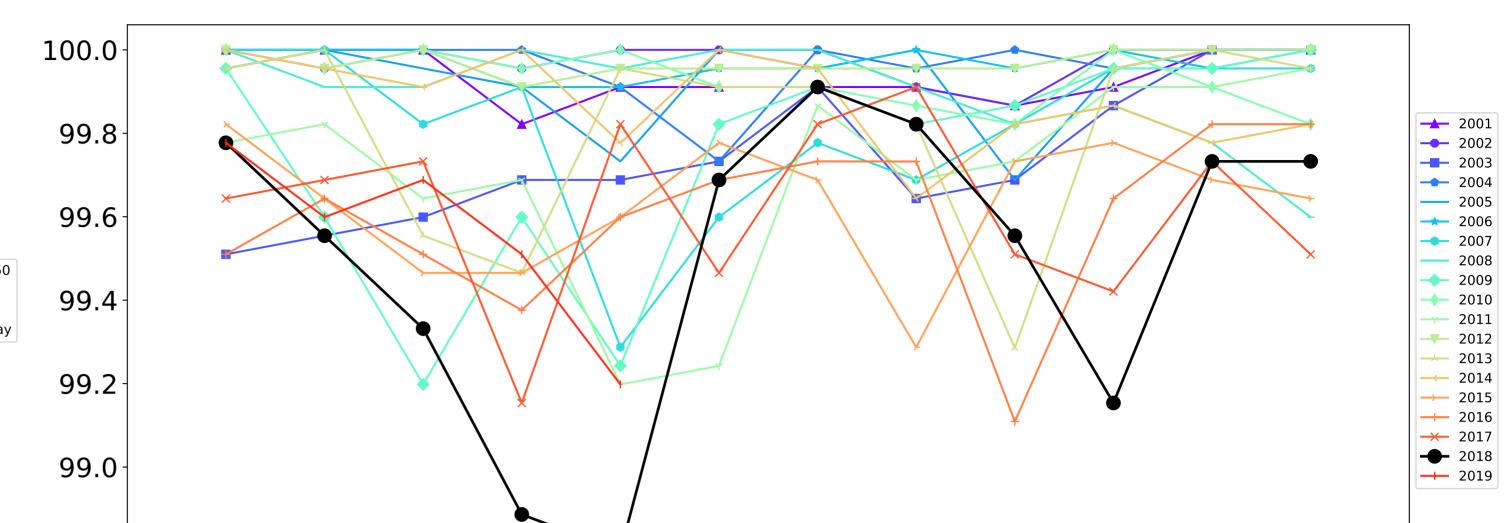




# **Grazing timeseries**

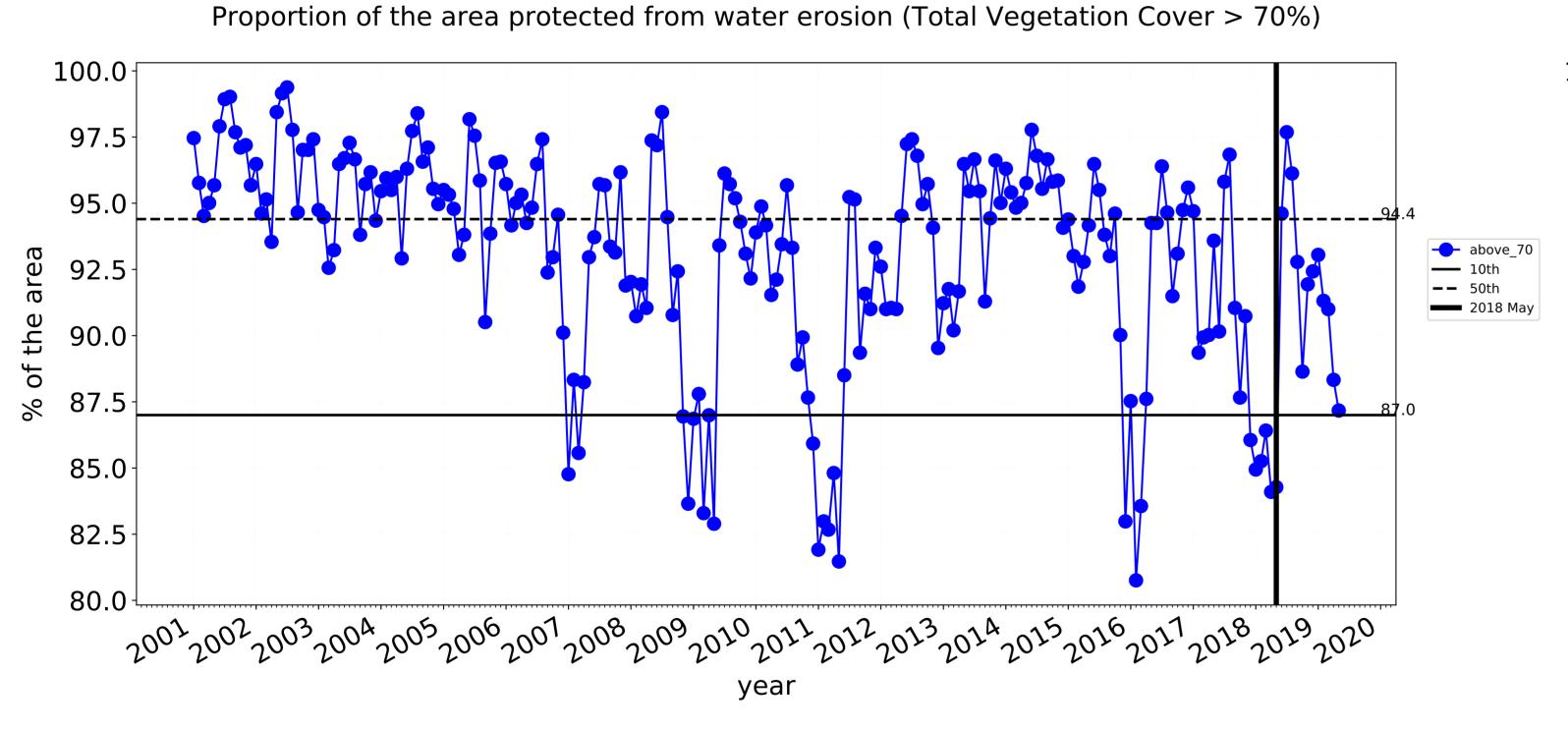
98.8

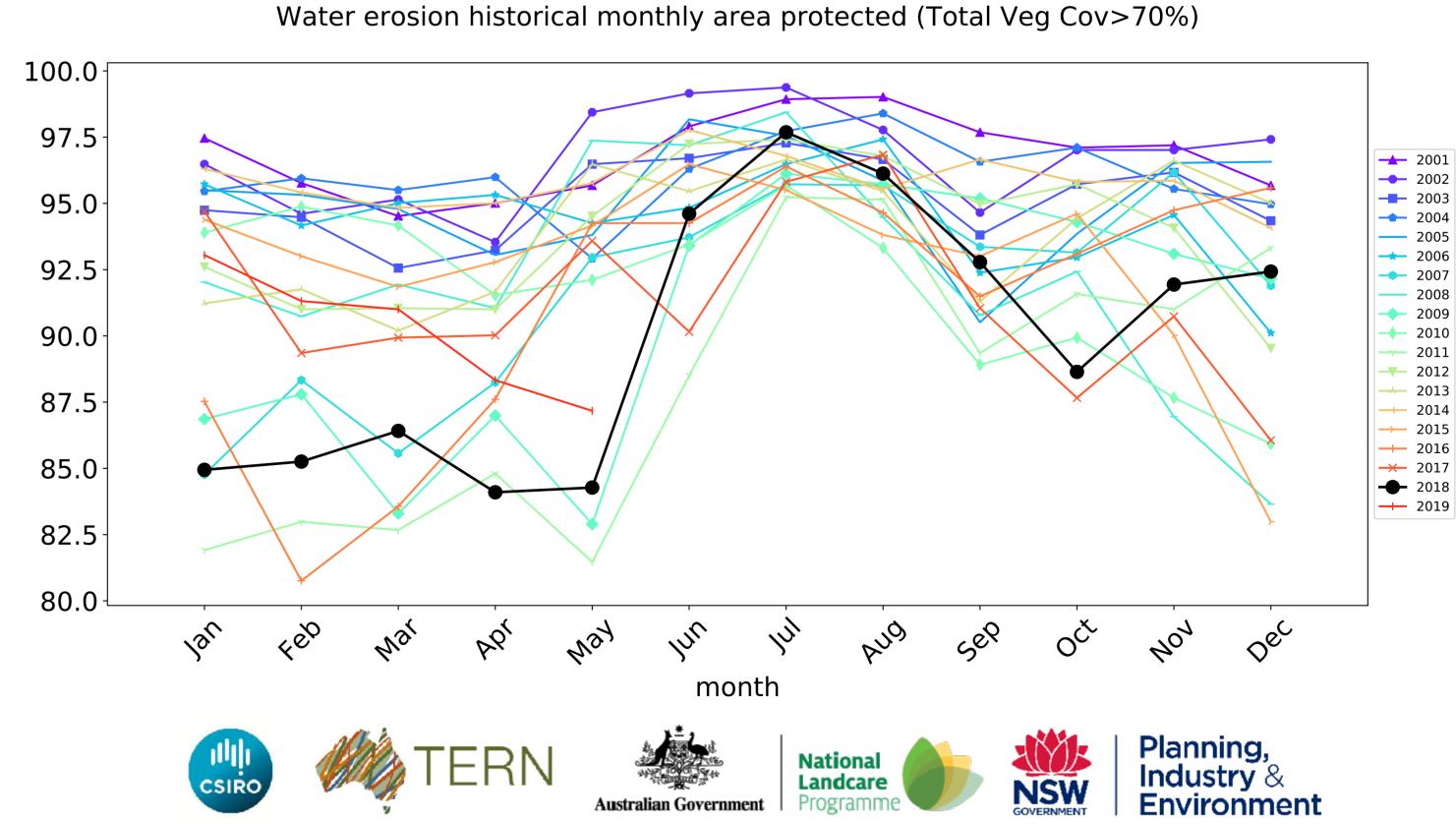


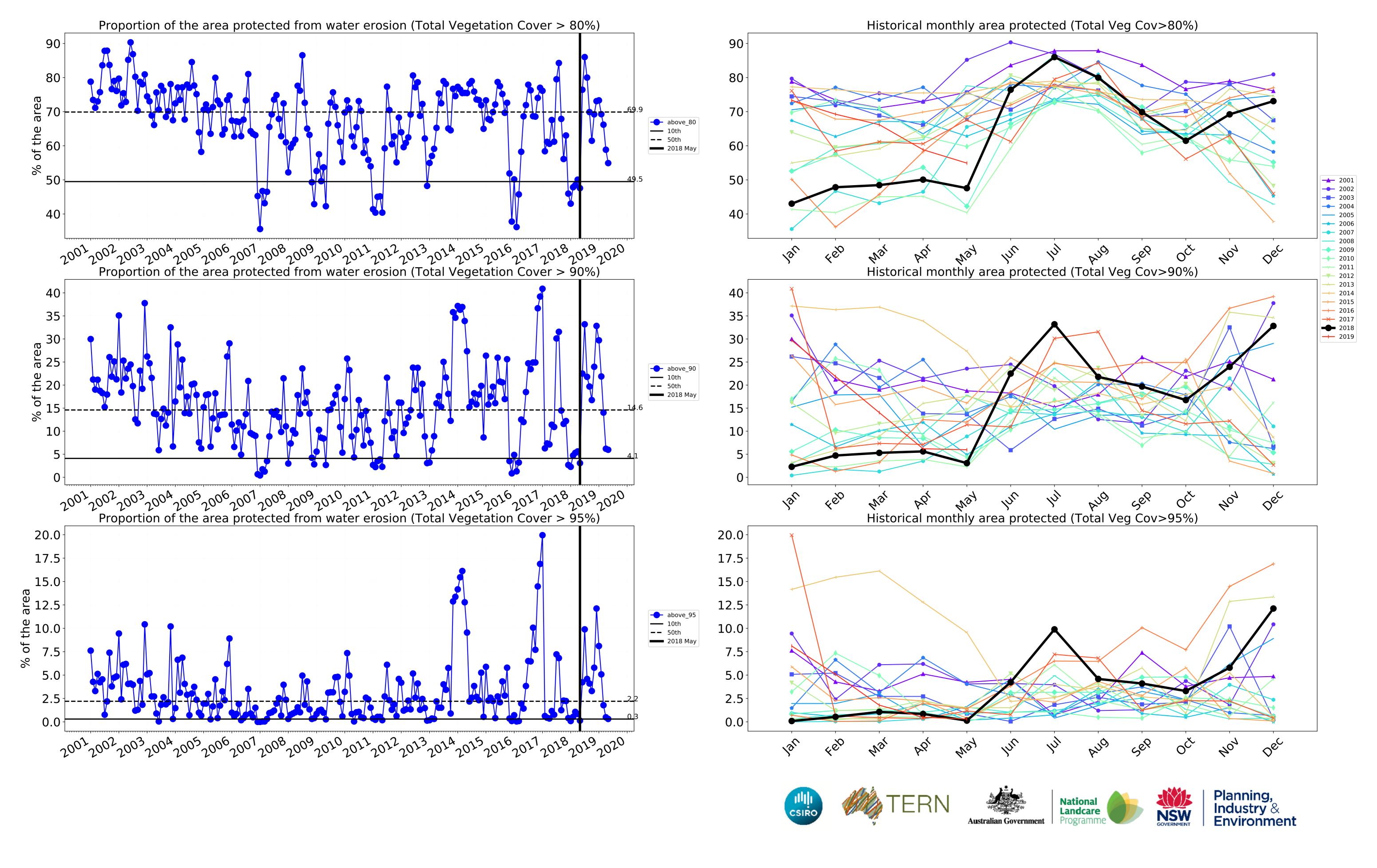


month

Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







# **Grazing non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

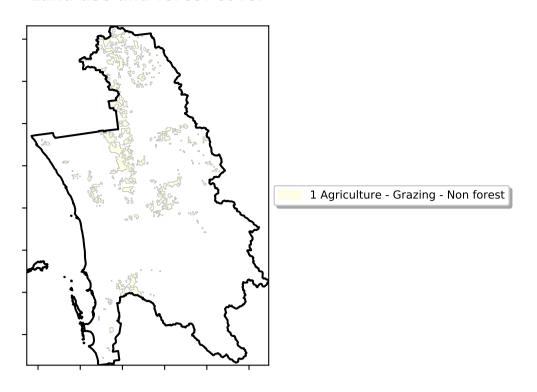
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

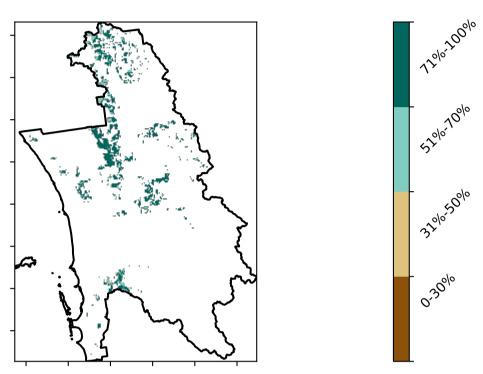
mean of that

pixel. The mean

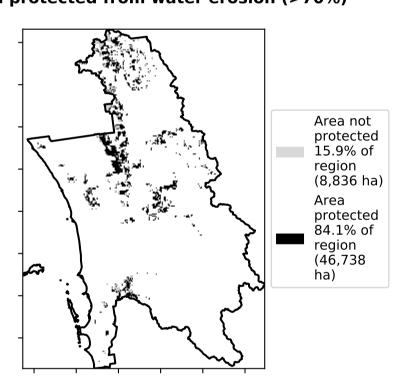
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



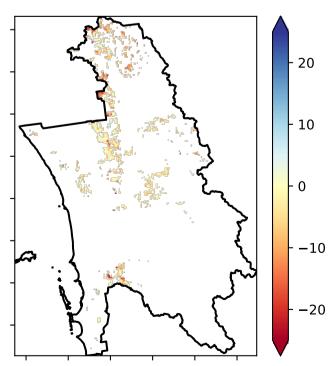
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

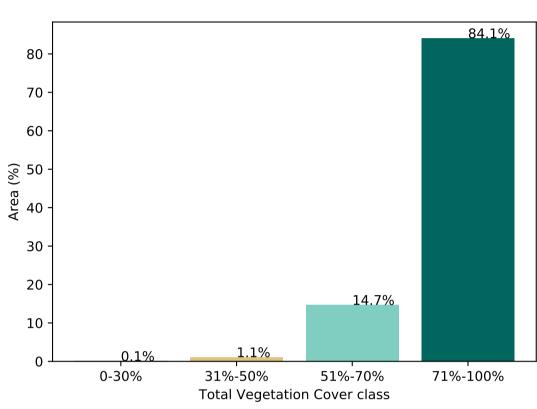


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

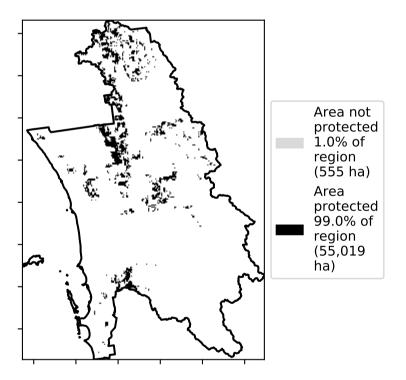


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of

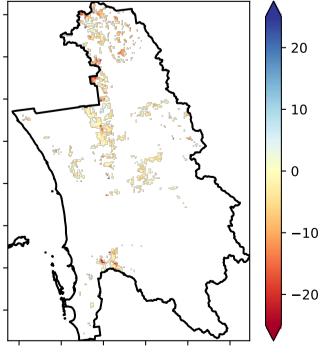
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



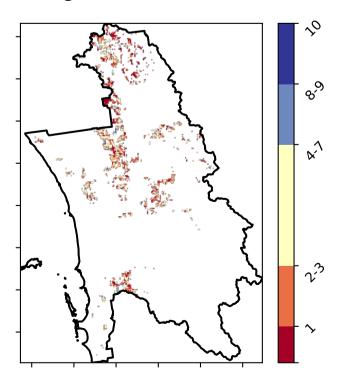
## % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.









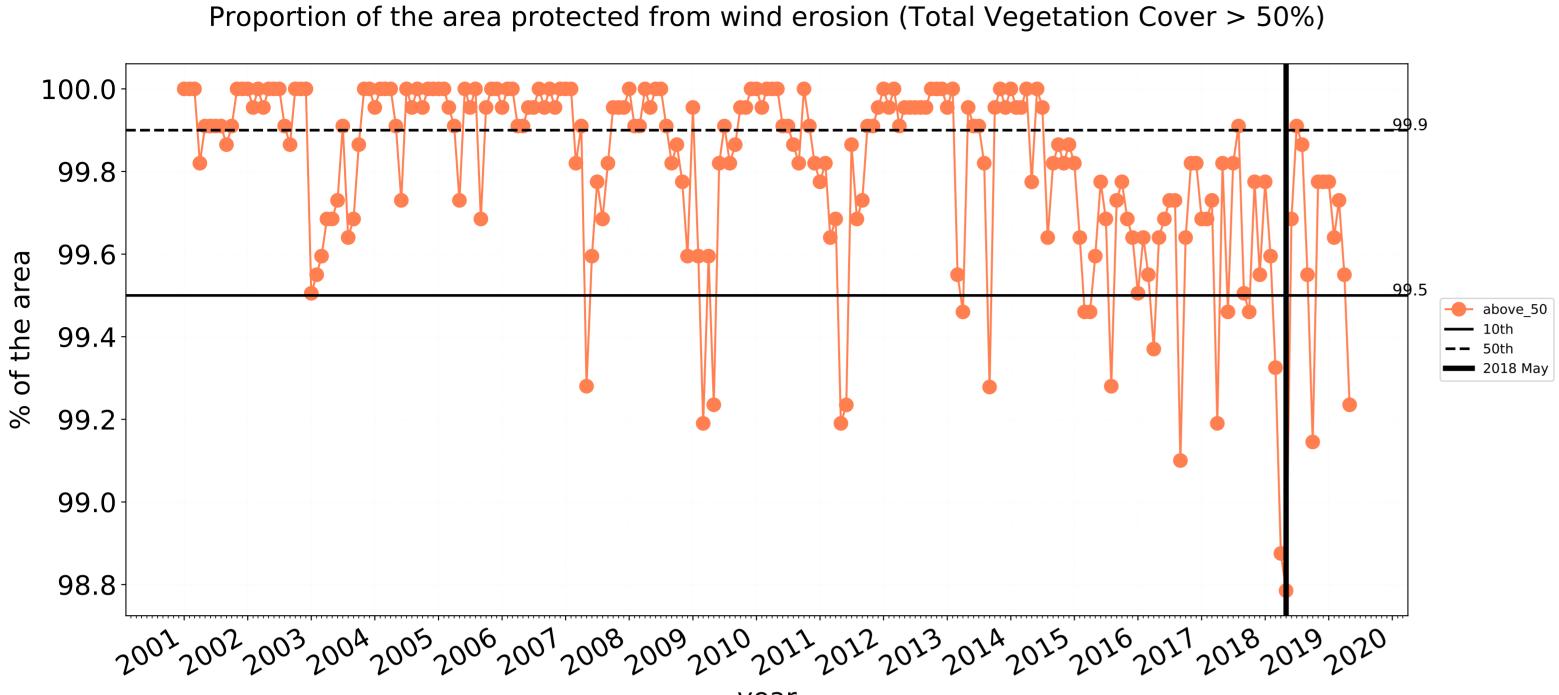


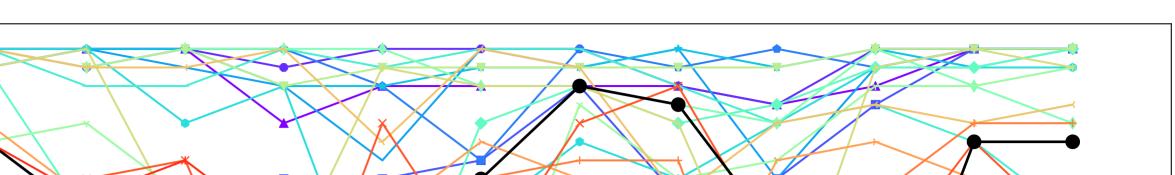




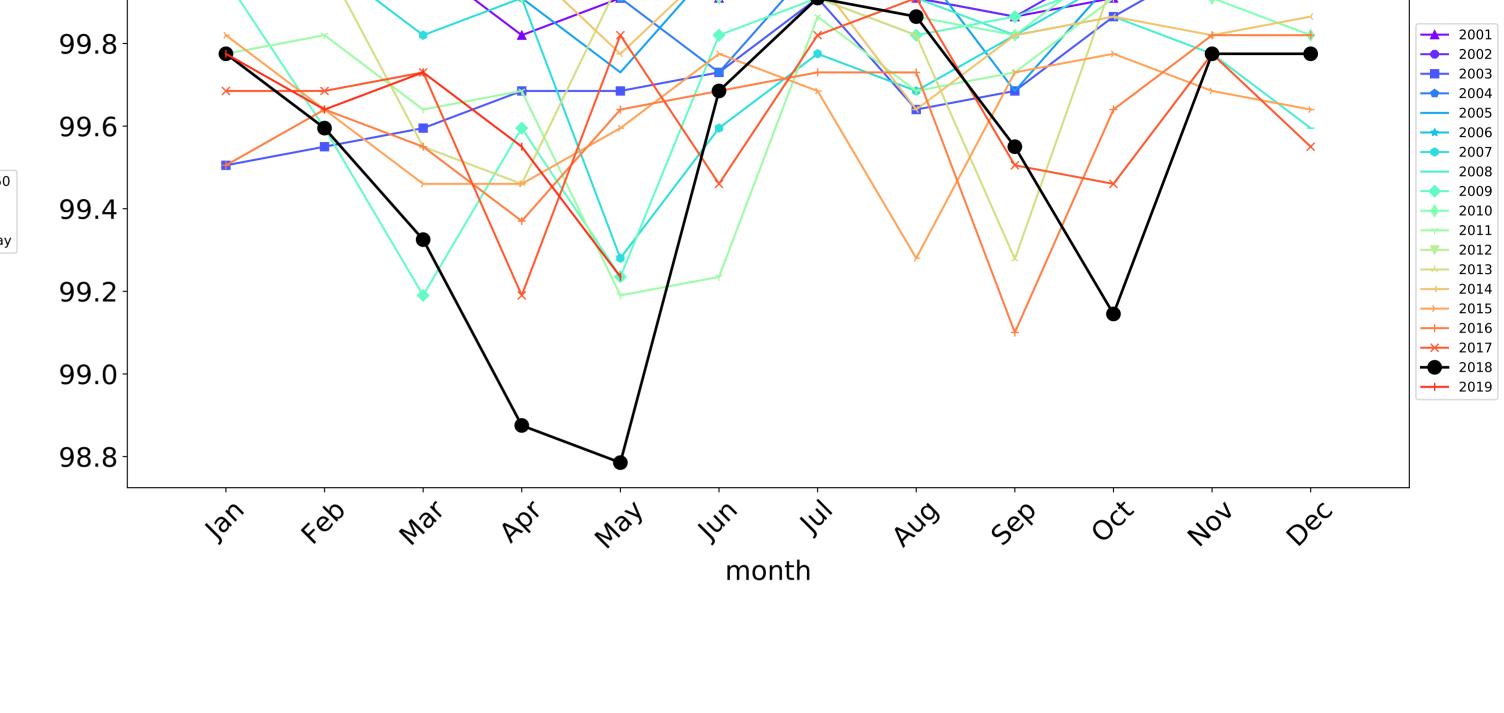
# **Grazing non forest timeseries**

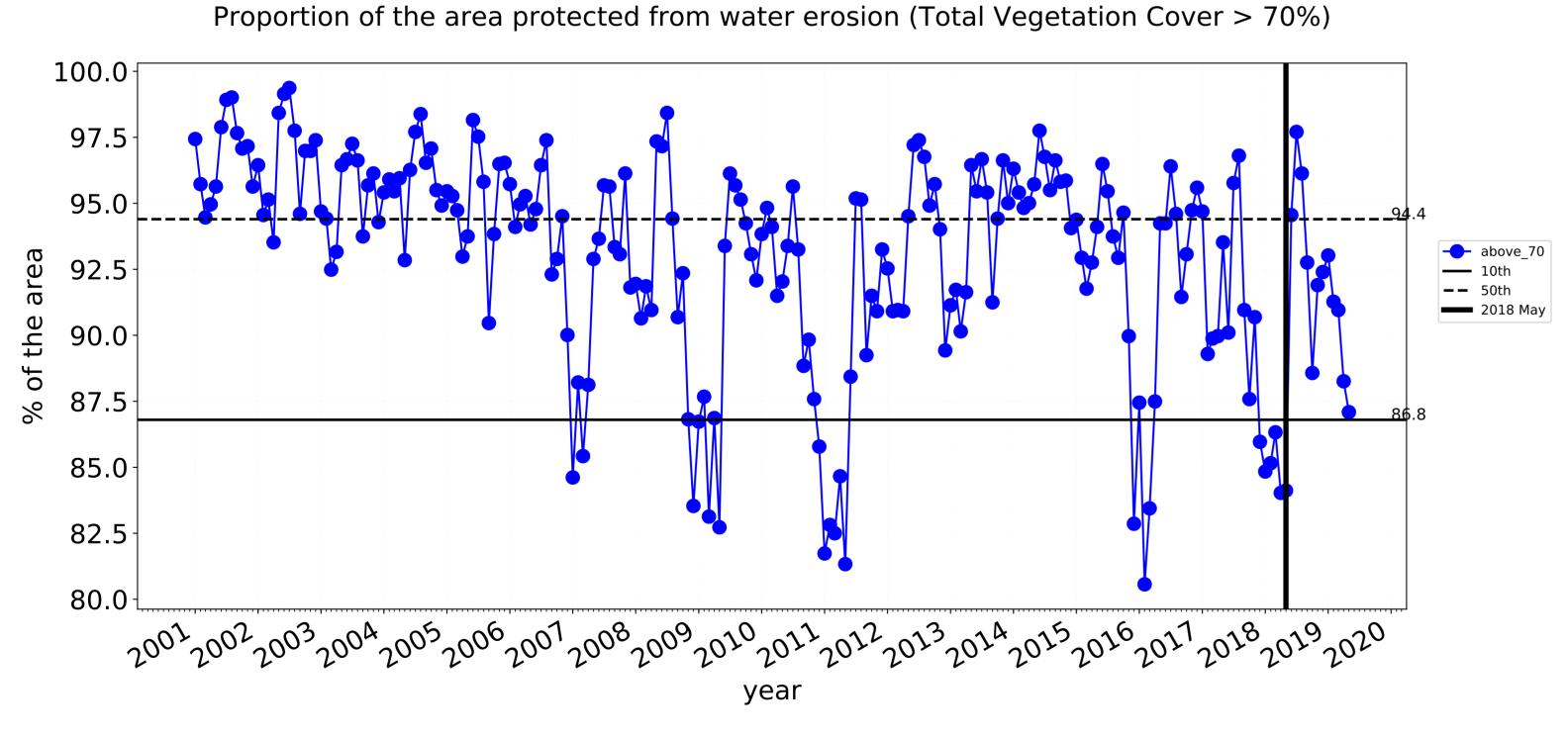
100.0

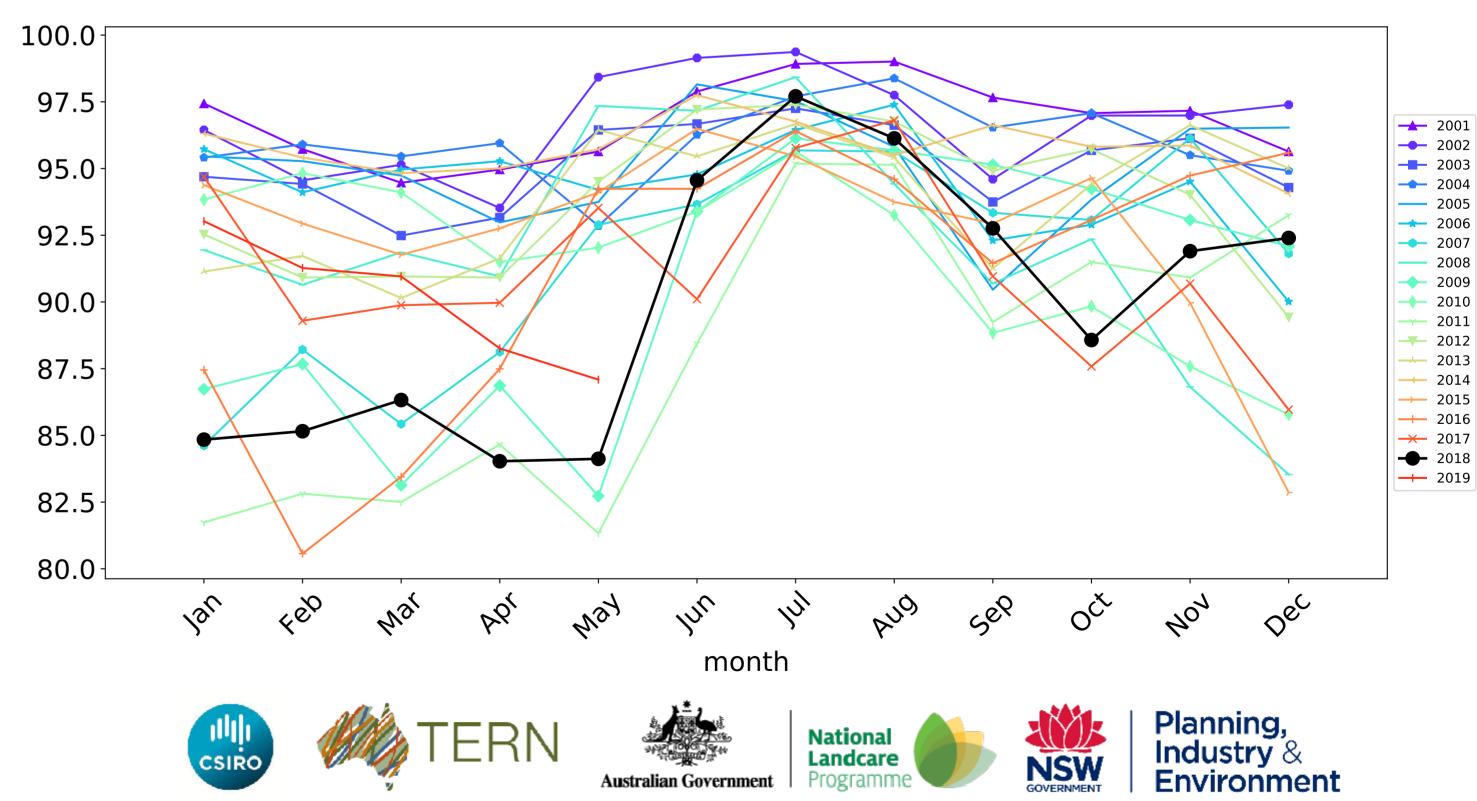




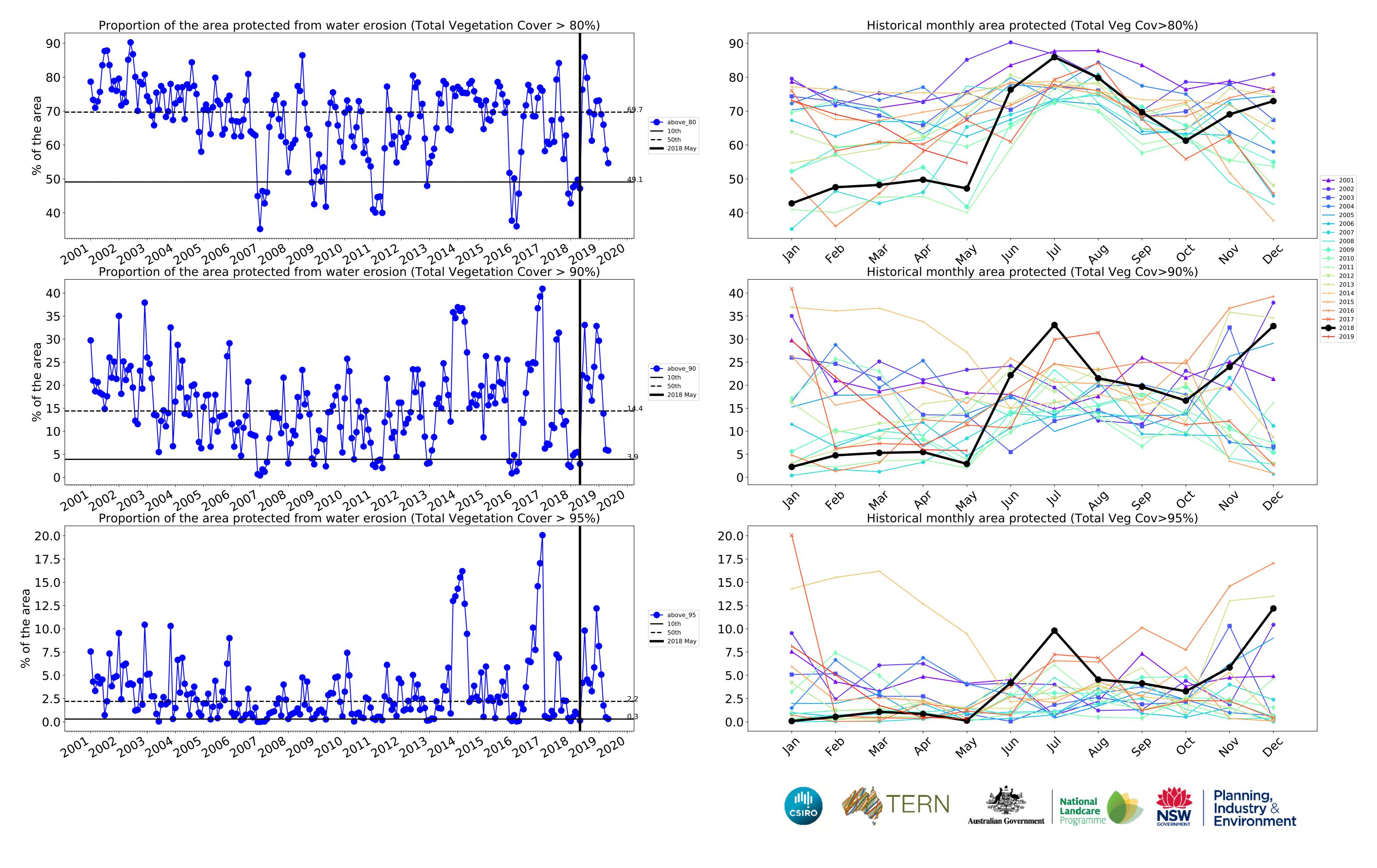
Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







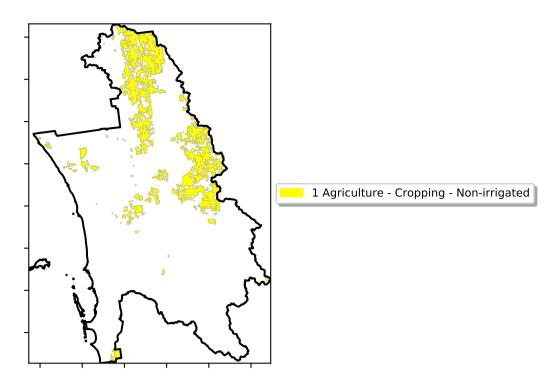
Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)



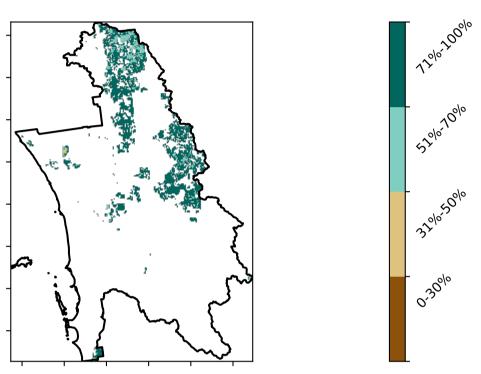
# **Cropping**

### Land use and forest cover

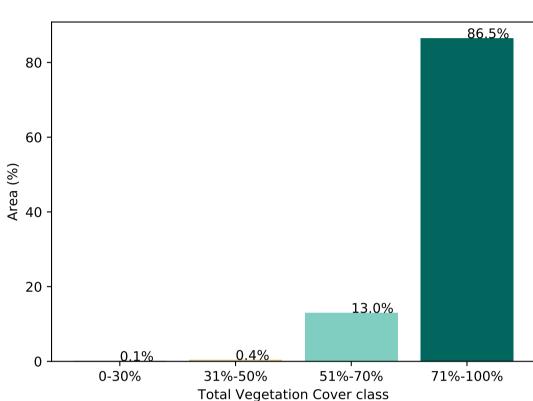
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



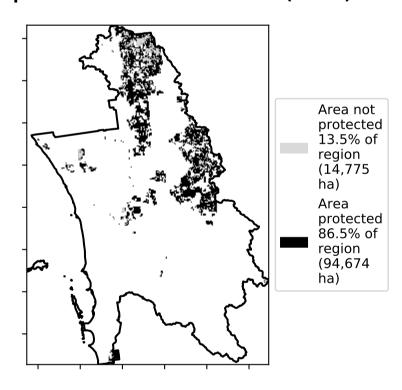
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



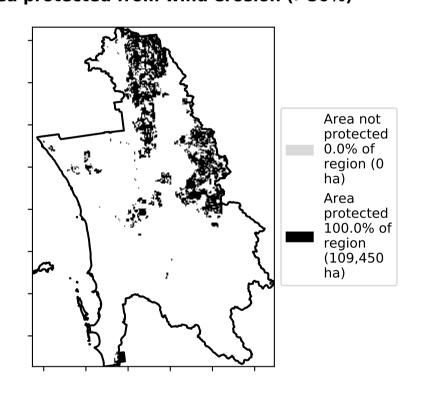
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



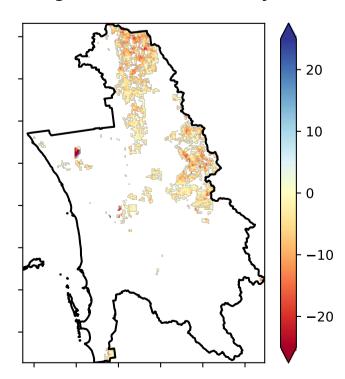
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

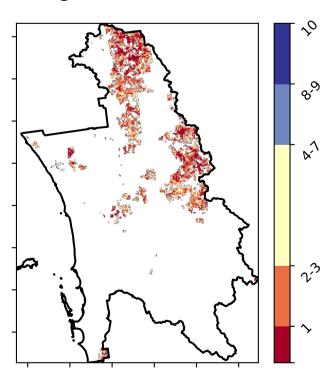


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

# Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]



is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

pixel. The mean







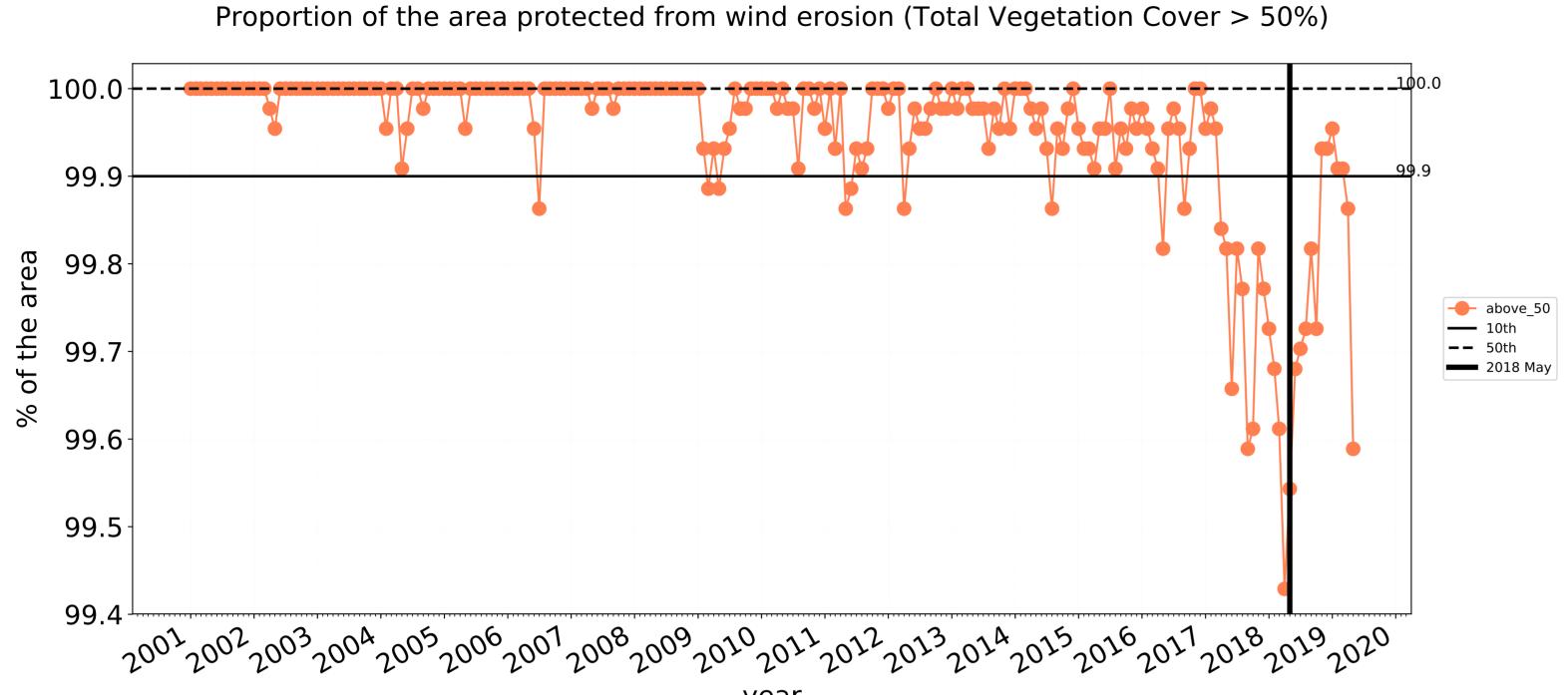


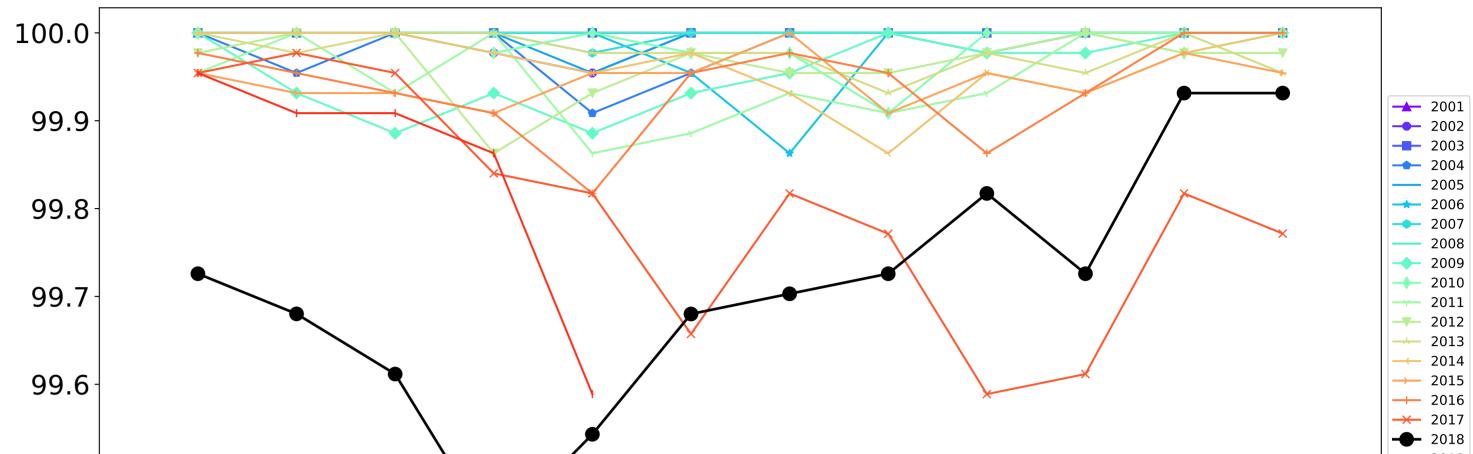


# **Cropping timeseries**

99.5

99.4

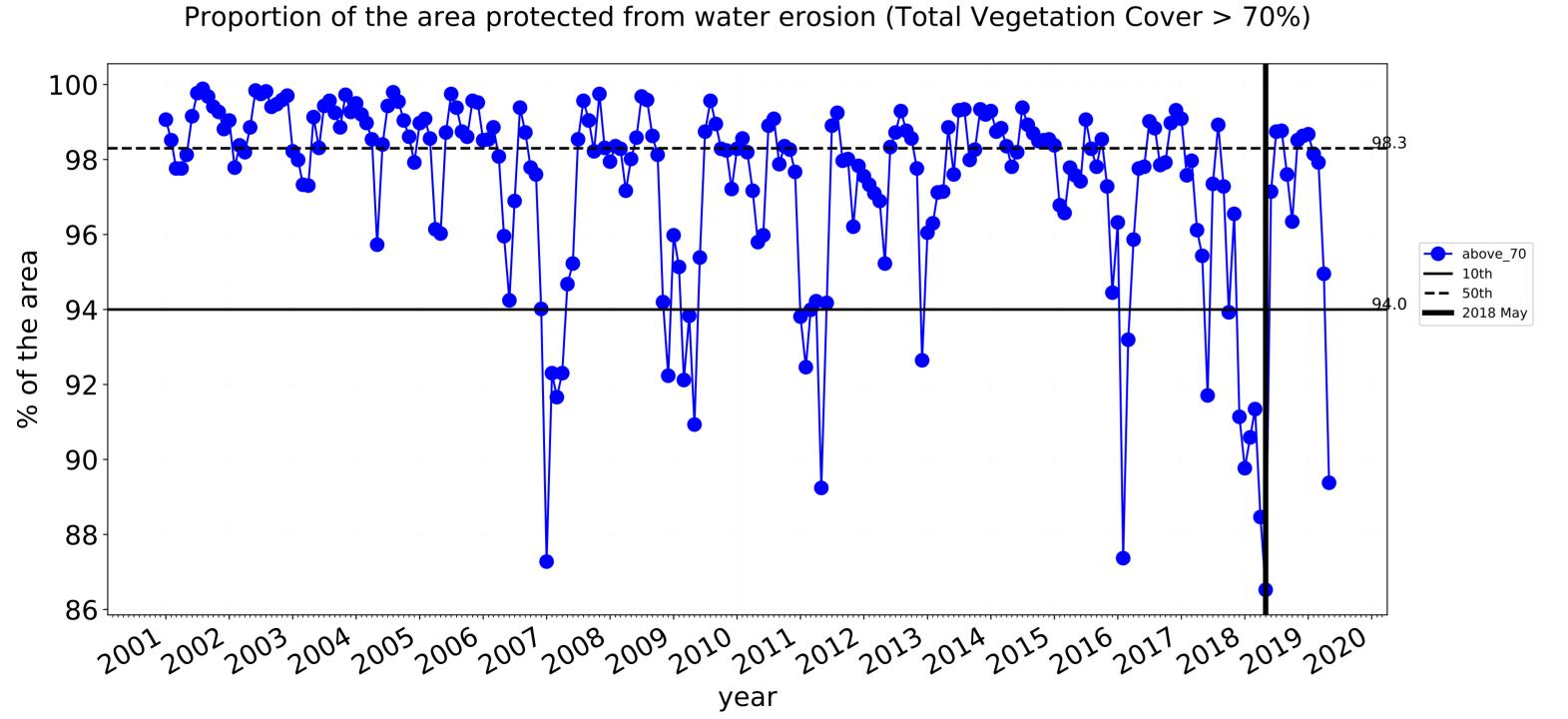


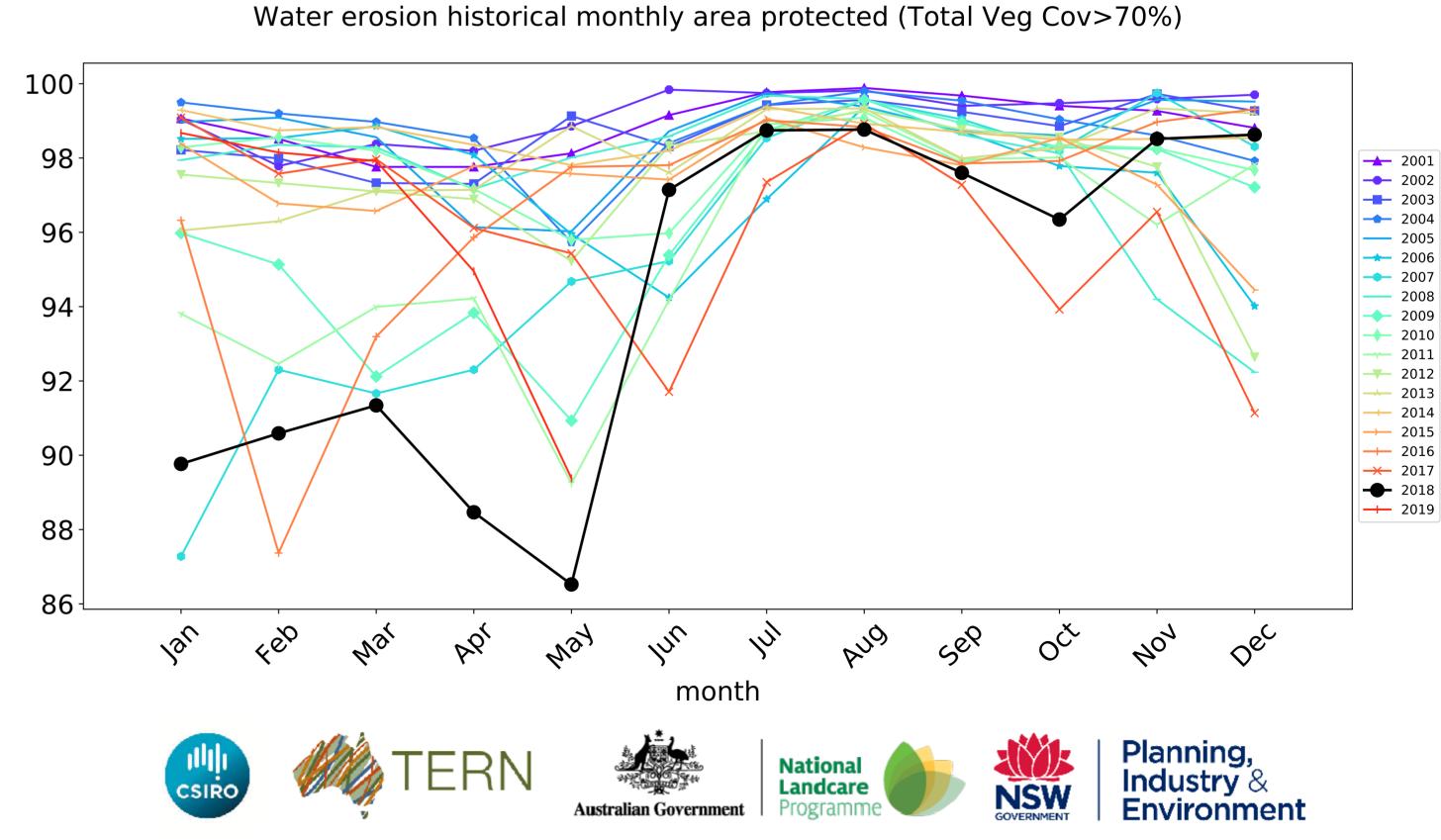


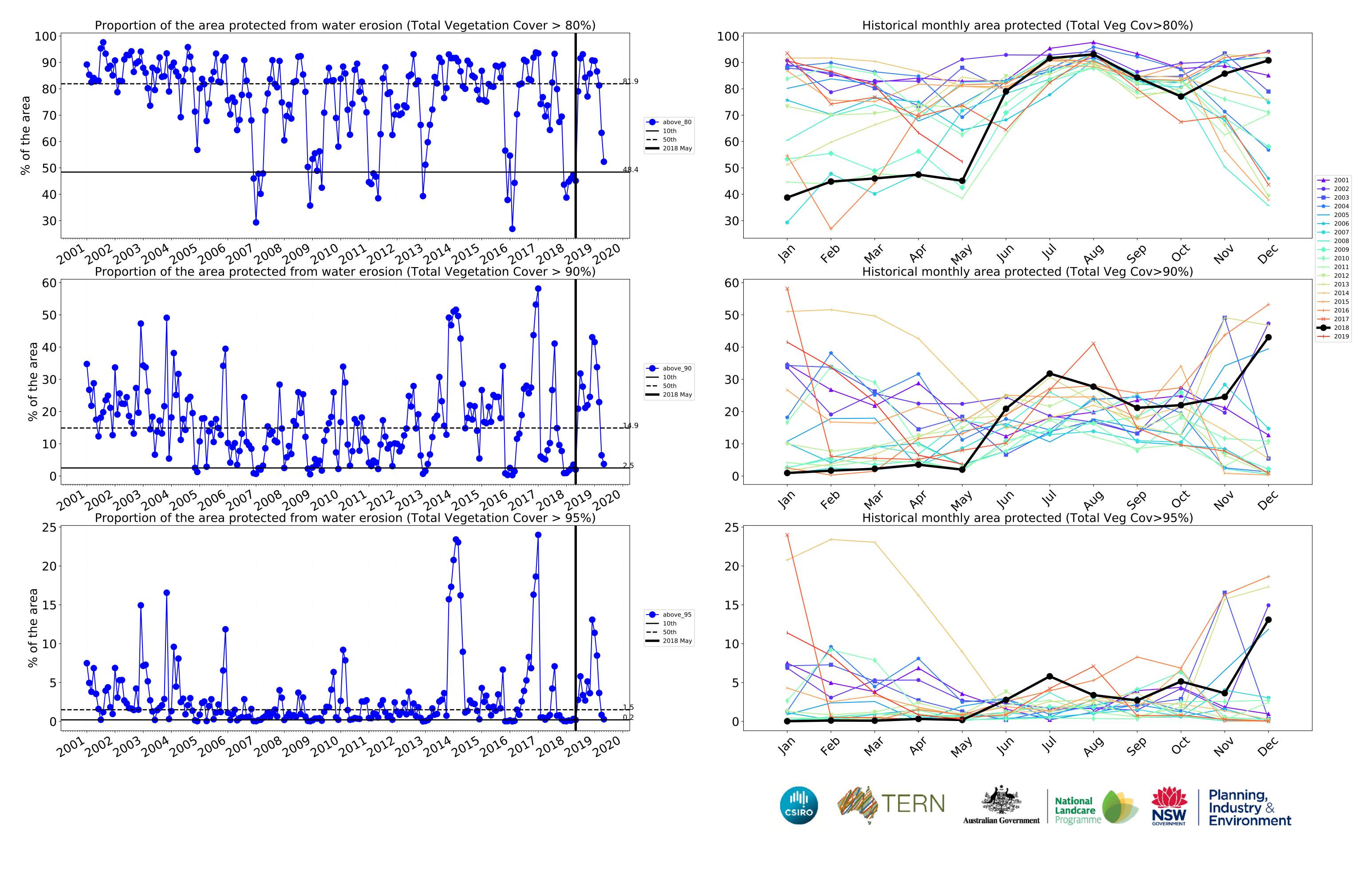
month

**→** 2019

Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







# **Irrigation**

# Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

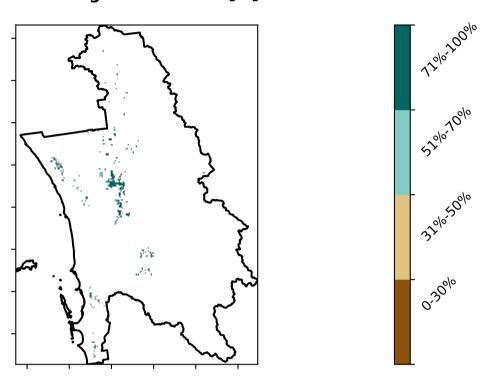
Catchment Scale Land

Derived from

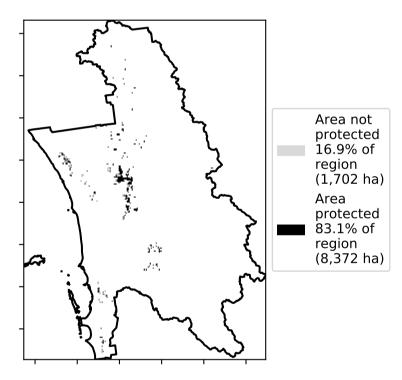
Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 2 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 3 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated

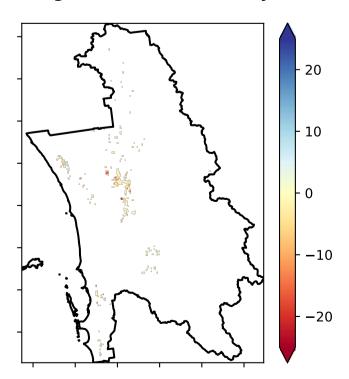
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

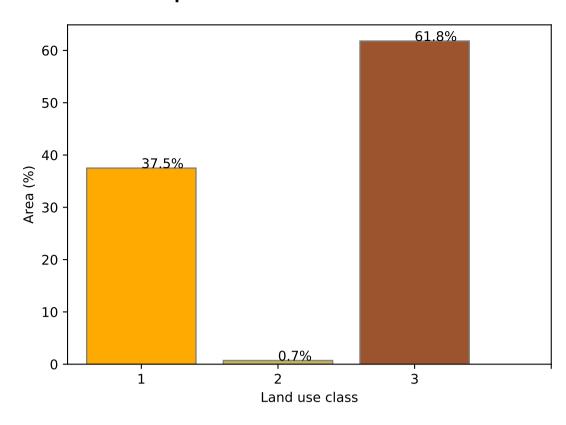


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

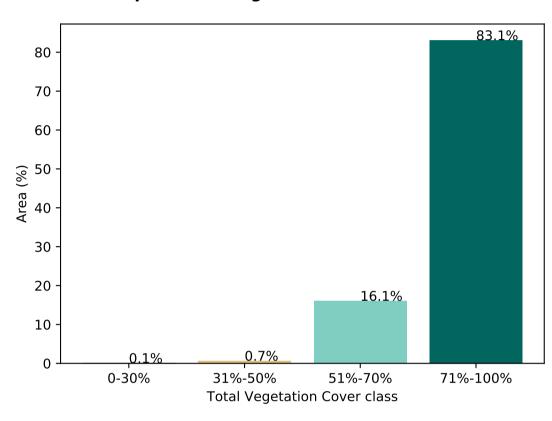


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

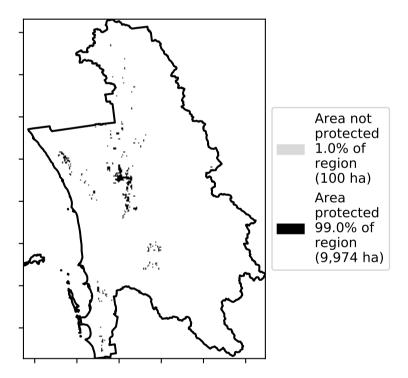
### Proportion of each land class in area

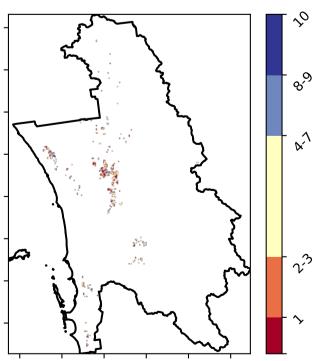


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









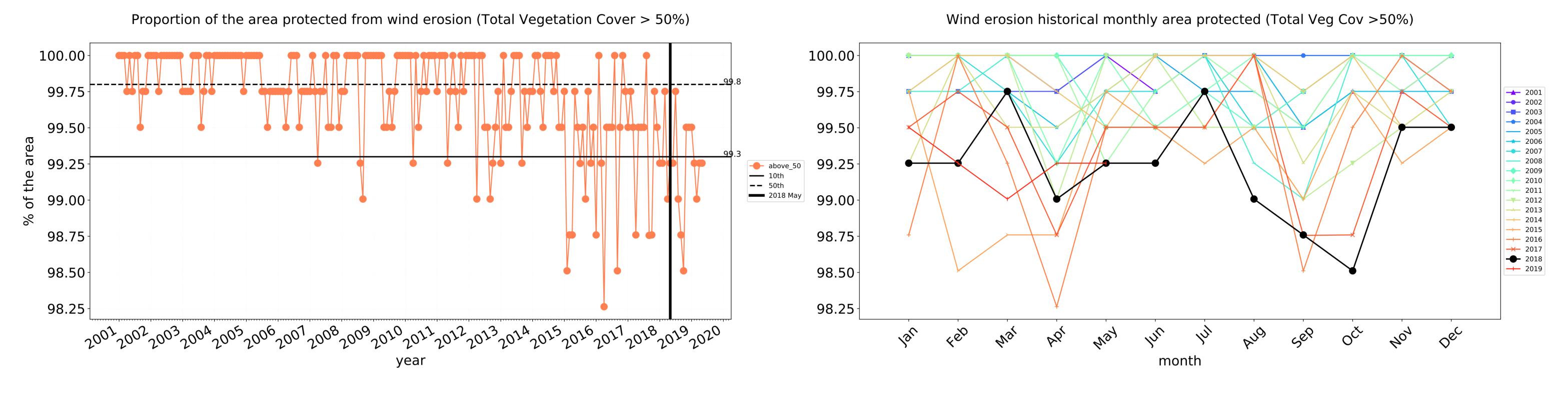


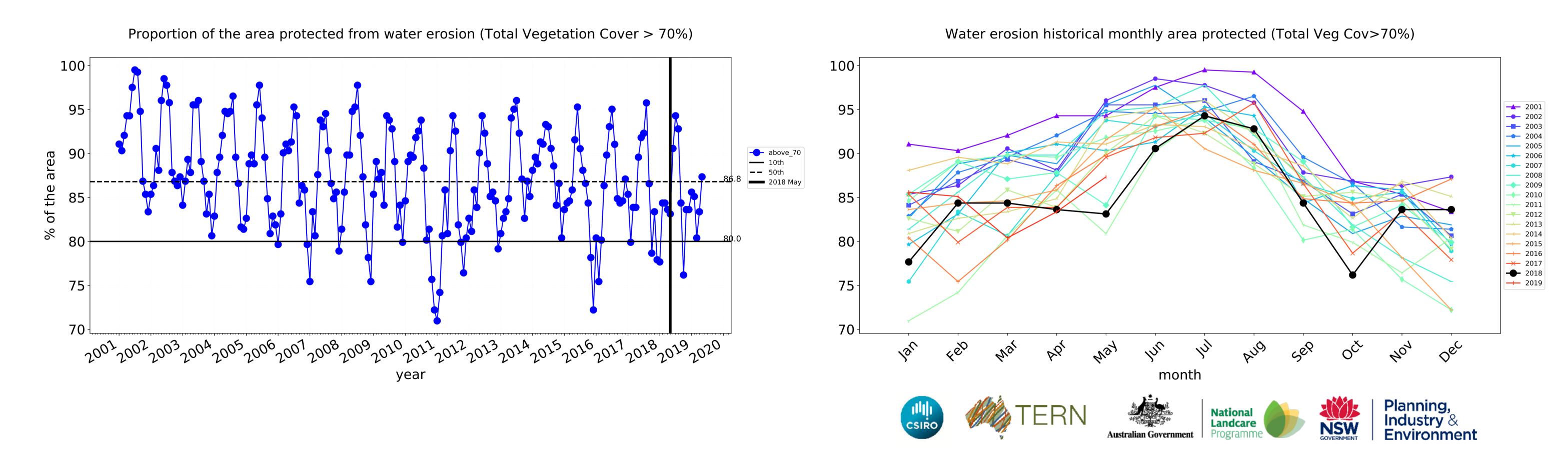


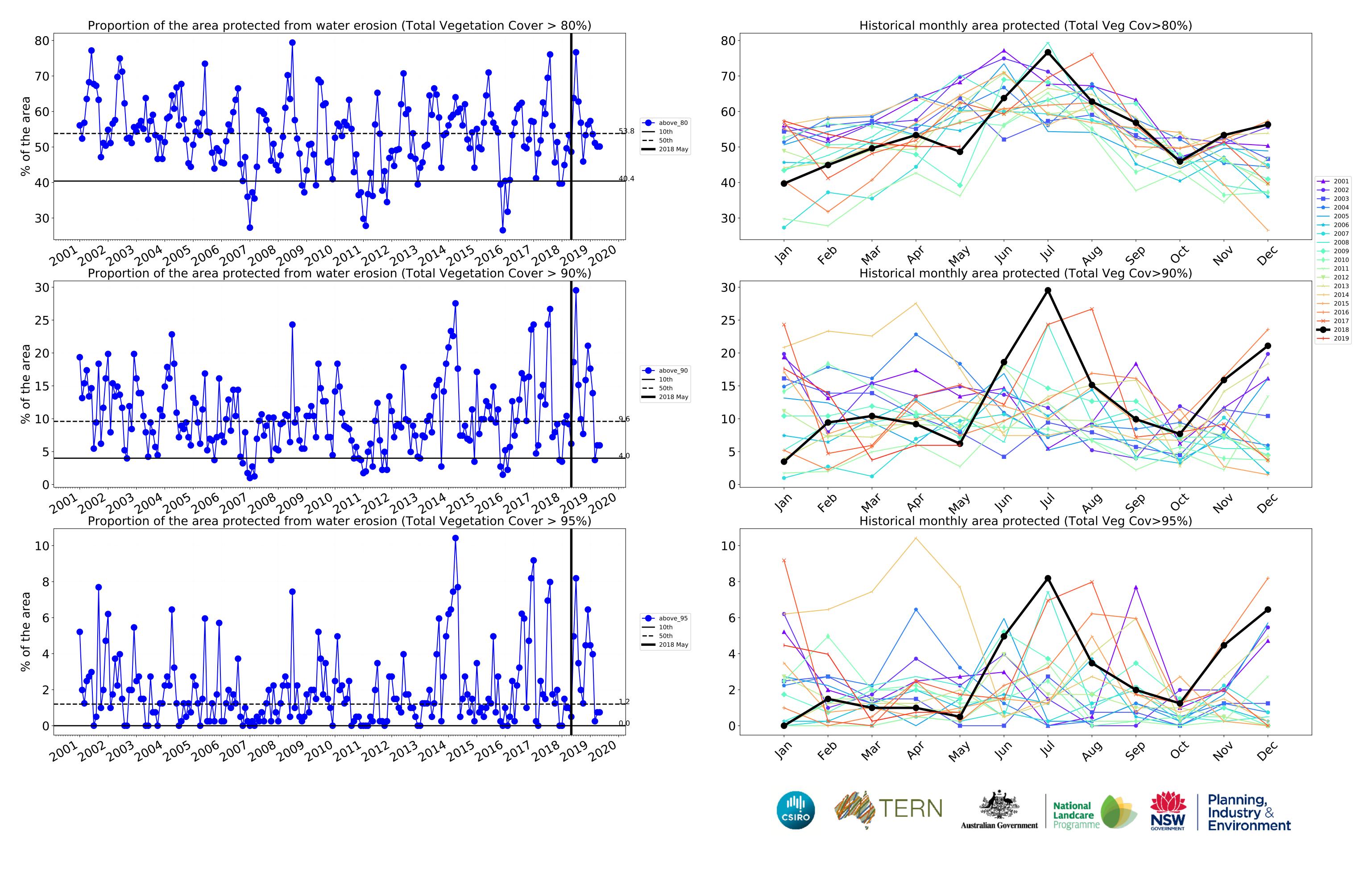




# **Irrigation timeseries**







# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

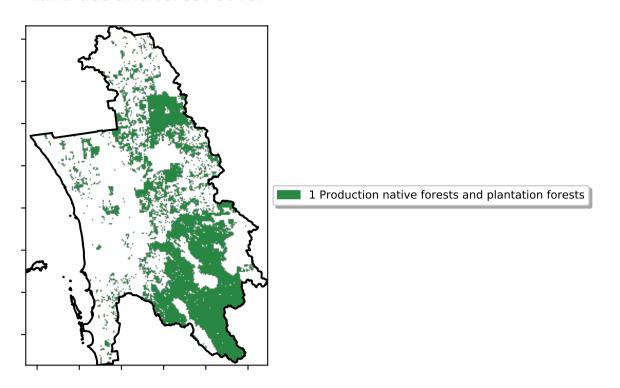
pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

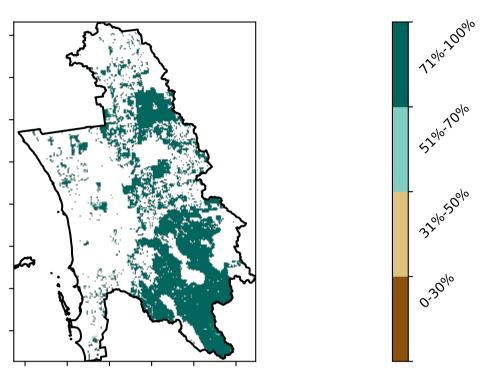
mean of that

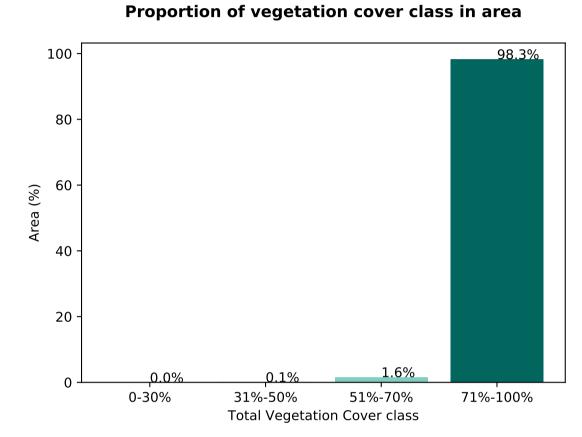
pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

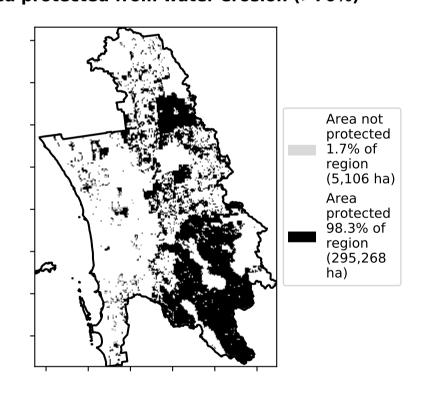


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

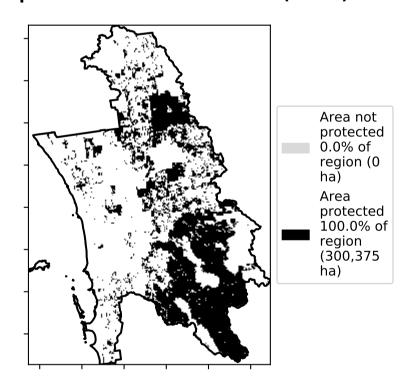




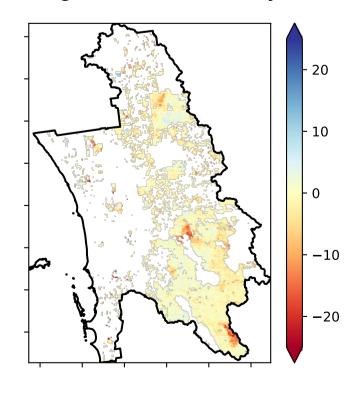
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



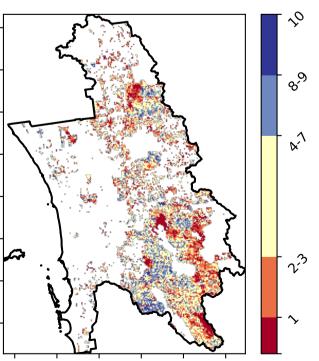
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







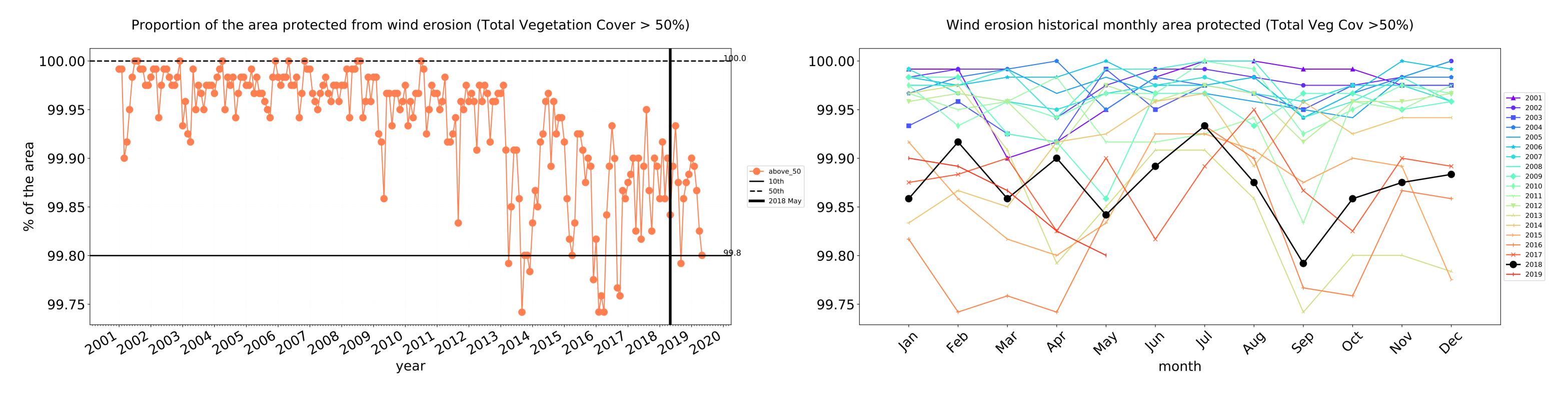


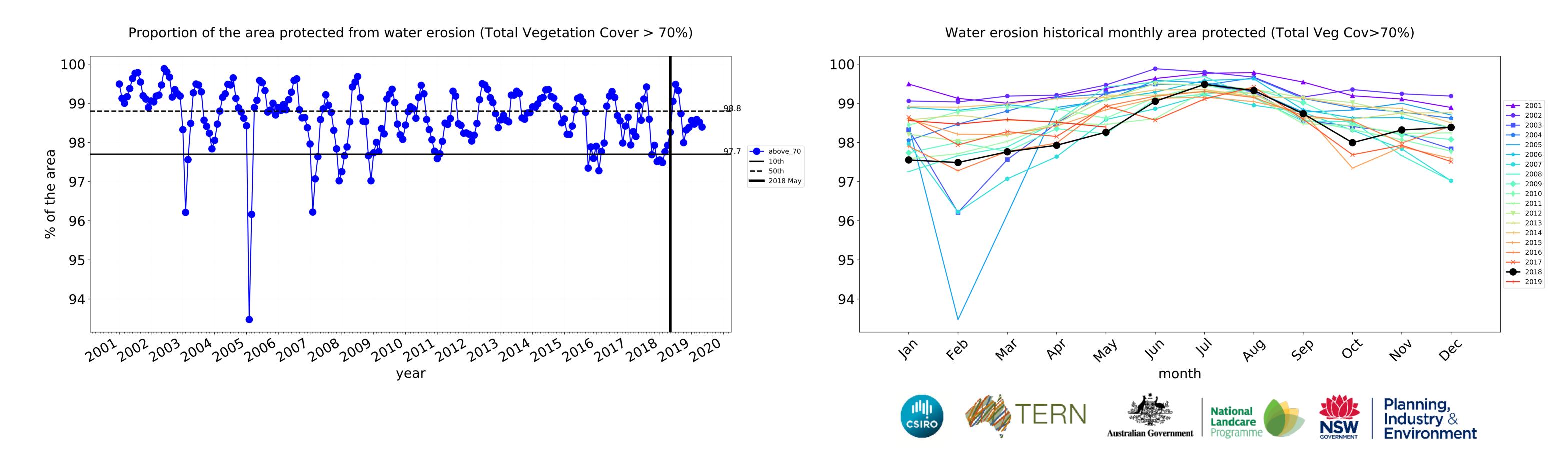


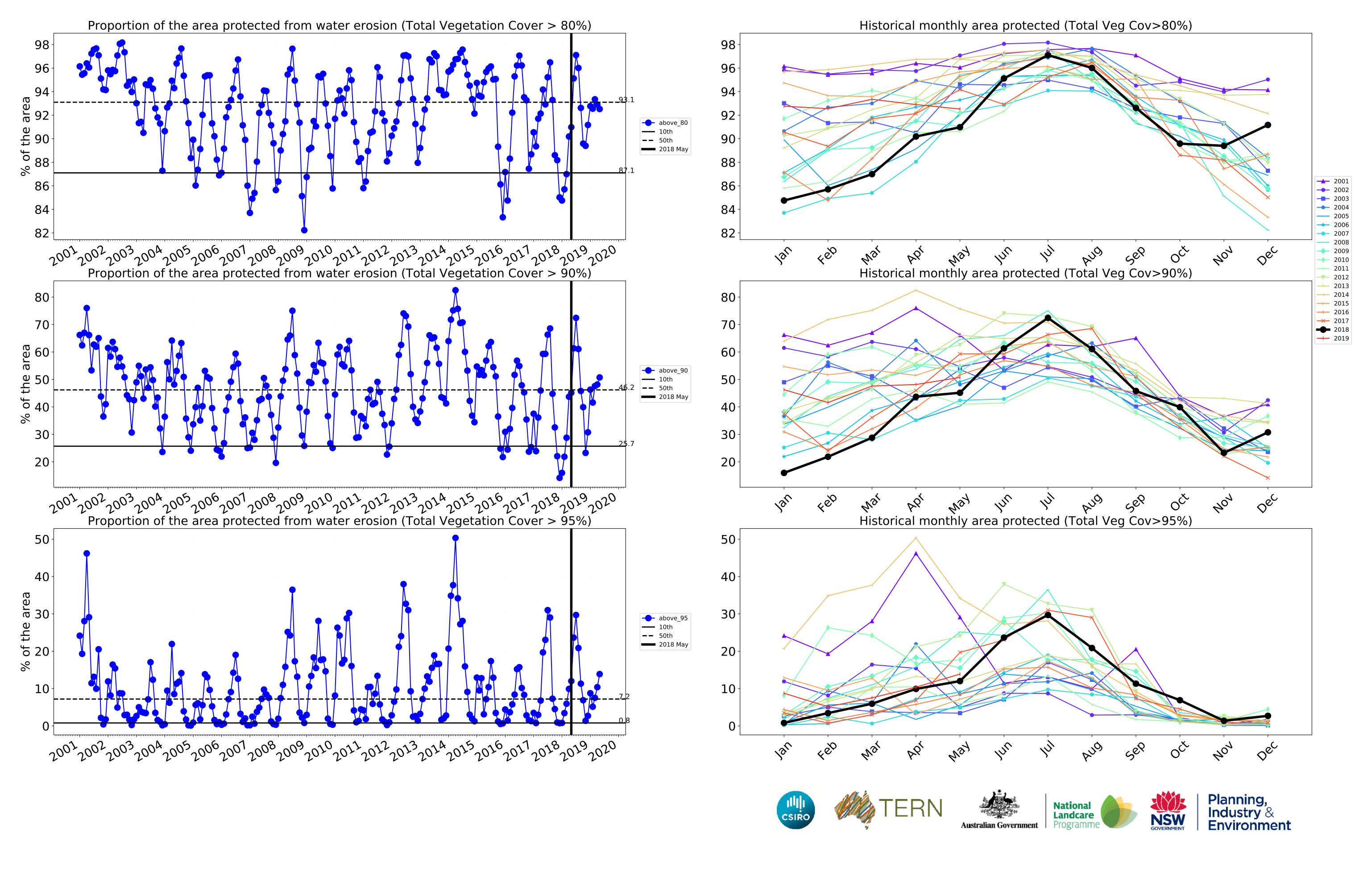




# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# Swan Region (875,350 ha and no data 8,815 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	875,350	99.8% 873,724	98.0% 857,519	84.8% 742,508	67.0% 586,709	25.5% 222,845	6.1% 53,066
Conservation and natural environments	231,575	100.0% 231,500	99.7% 230,825	95.8% 221,850	82.6% 191,300	32.9% 76,075	6.7% 15,475
Conservation and natural environments non forest	37,250	99.9% 37,225	99.1% 36,900	89.6% 33,375	65.2% 24,300	11.9% 4,425	1.1% 425
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	135,475	100.0% 135,425	99.9% 135,375	97.8% 132,475	88.0% 119,200	29.6% 40,100	2.9% 3,900
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	58,850	100.0% 58,850	99.5% 58,550	95.2% 56,000	81.2% 47,800	53.6% 31,550	18.9% 11,150
Agriculture	175,875	99.9% 175,775	99.3% 174,625	85.6% 150,525	46.1% 81,025	2.6% 4,525	0.2% 325
Grazing	56,125	99.9% 56,075	98.8% 55,450	84.3% 47,300	47.6% 26,700	3.1% 1,725	0.1% 75
Grazing non forest	55,575	99.9% 55,525	98.8% 54,900	84.1% 46,750	47.2% 26,225	2.9% 1,625	0.1% 75
Cropping	109,450	100.0% 109,400	99.5% 108,950	86.5% 94,700	45.1% 49,375	2.0% 2,175	0.2% 200
Irrigation	10,075	100.0% 10,075	99.3% 10,000	83.1% 8,375	48.6% 4,900	6.2% 625	0.5% 50
Production native forests and plantation forests	300,375	100.0% 300,325	99.8% 299,900	98.3% 295,150	91.0% 273,275	45.2% 135,650	12.0% 36,075











