# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:NRM Wimmera VIC

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Date: June 2001

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

• 71-100% High cover – protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)

- 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
- 31-50% Low cover not protected
- 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

# Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data. Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3













# **Vegetation Cover Jun 2001**

#### **Land use and forest cover**

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

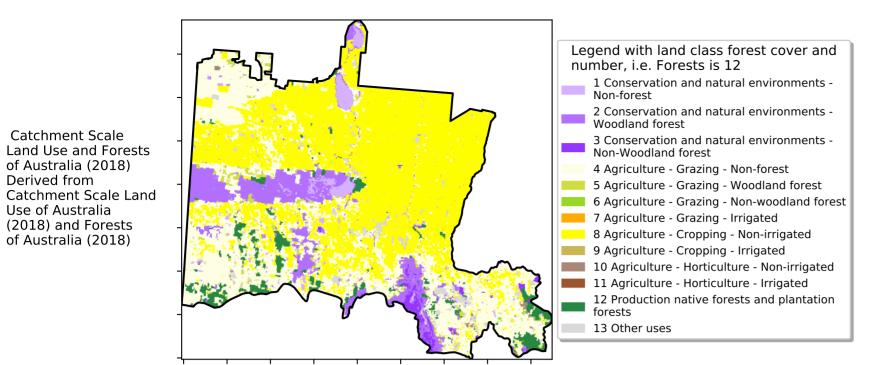
month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

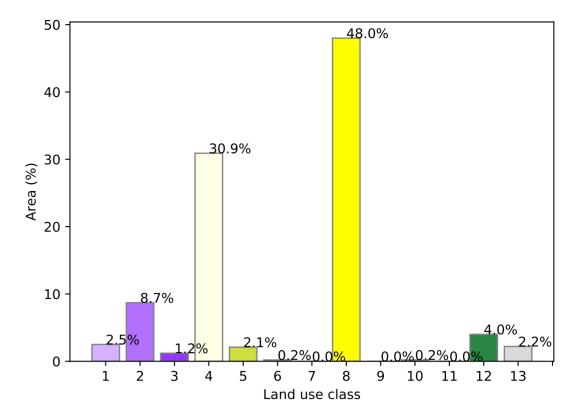
the mean. That

Derived from

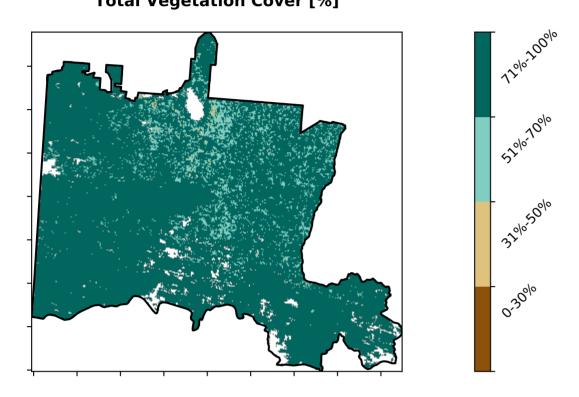
Use of Australia



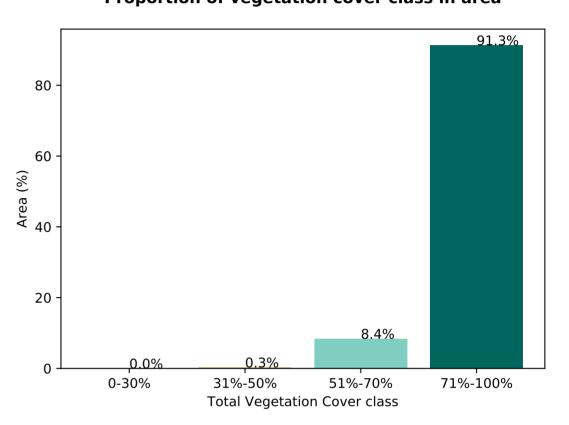
#### Proportion of each land class in area

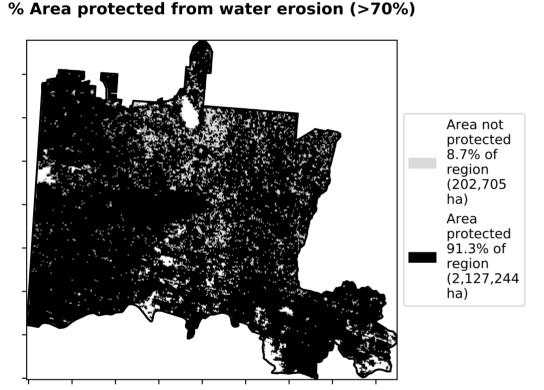


# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

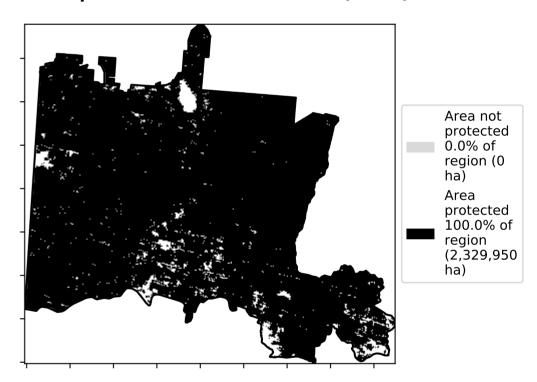


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

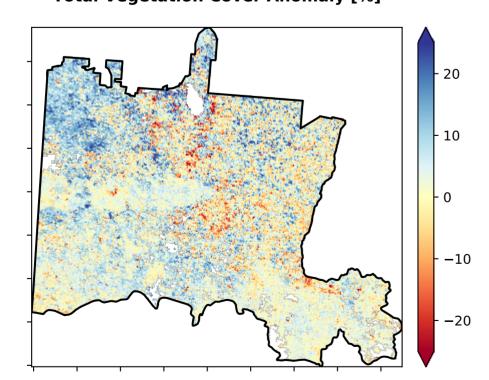




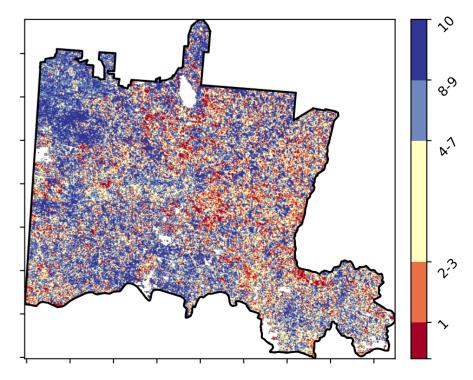
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





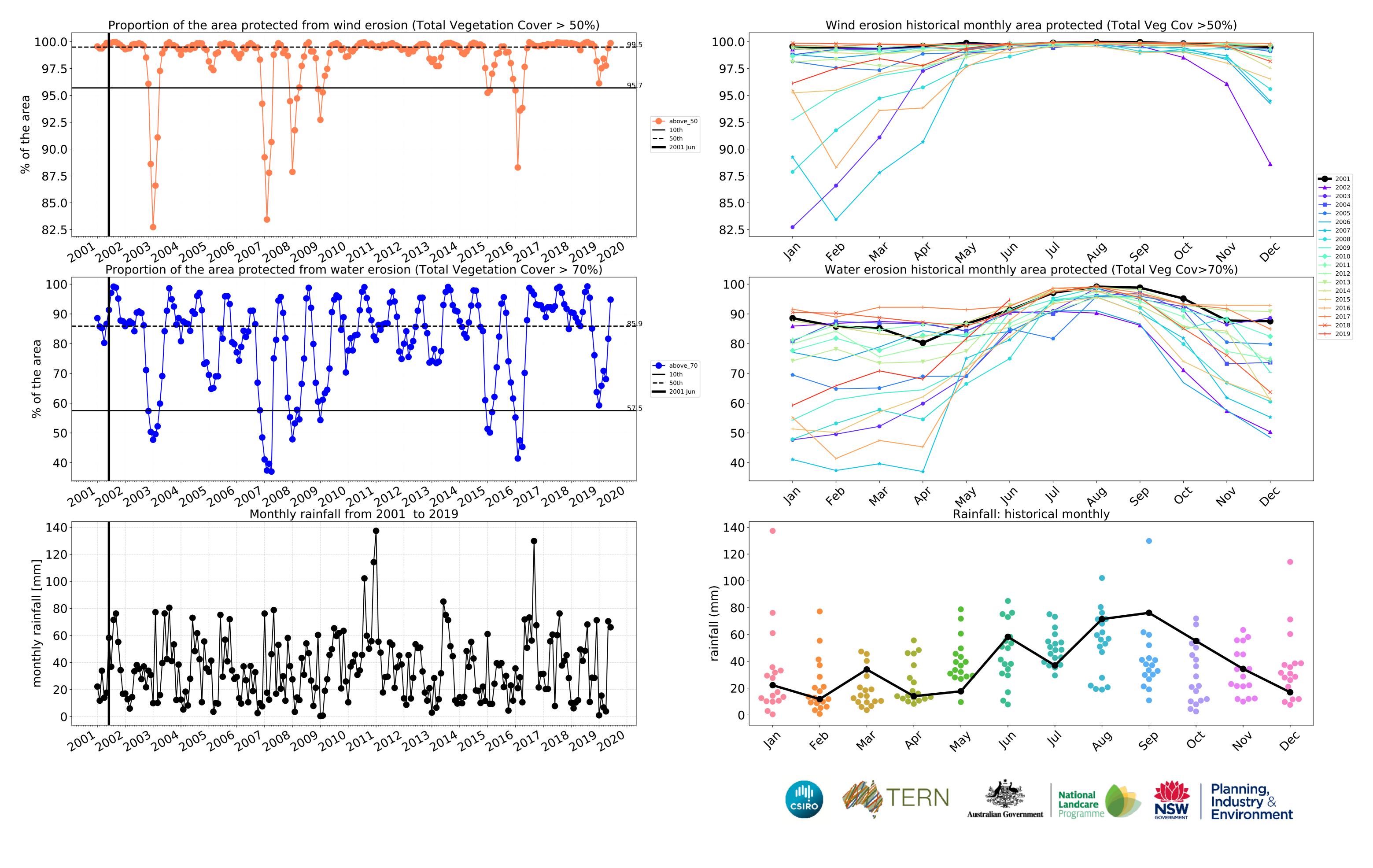












# **Conservation and natural environments**

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

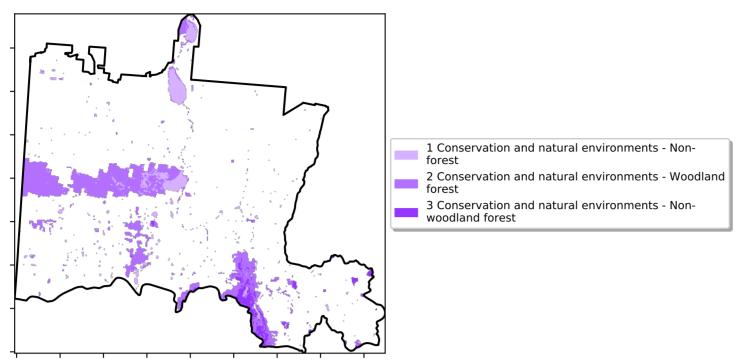
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

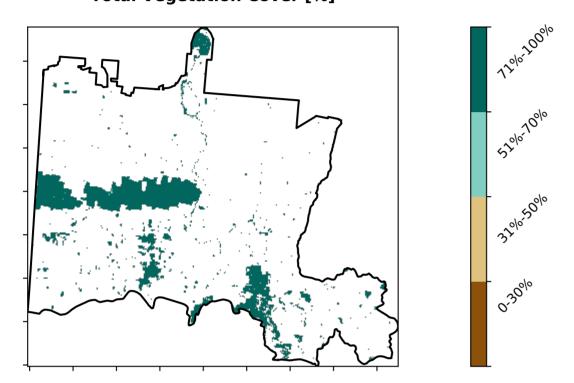


# 

Proportion of each land class in area

### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

**Land use and forest cover** 

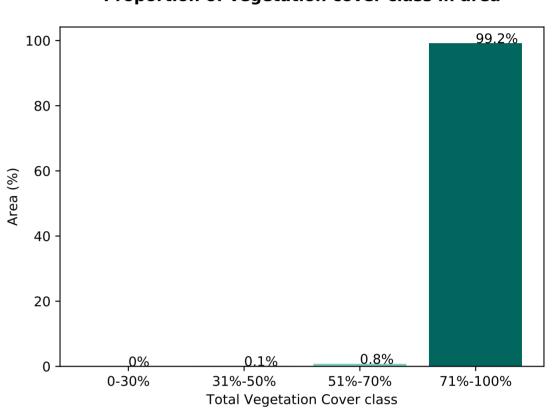


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

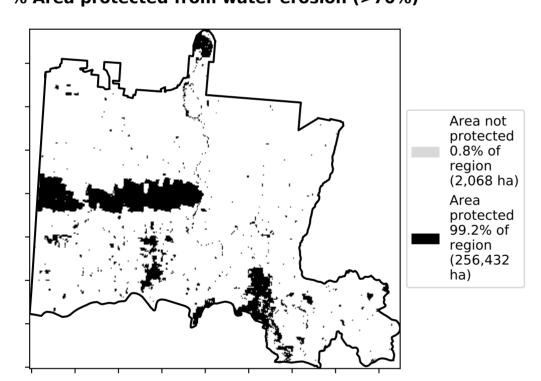
Land use class

3

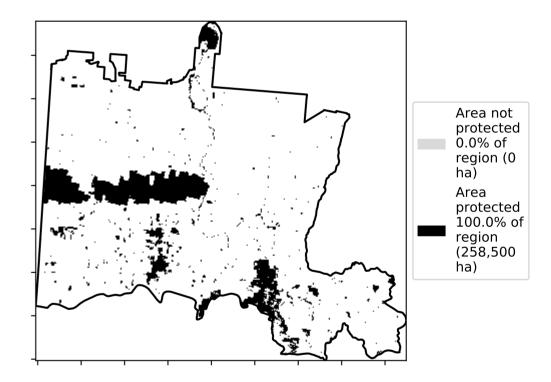
2



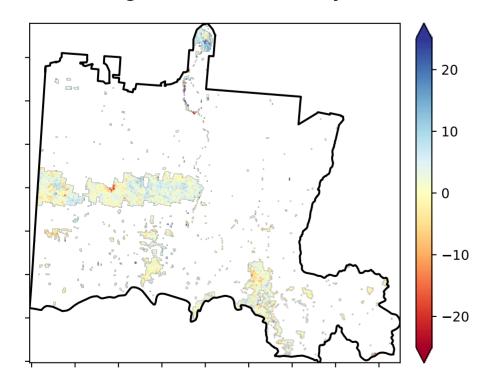
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



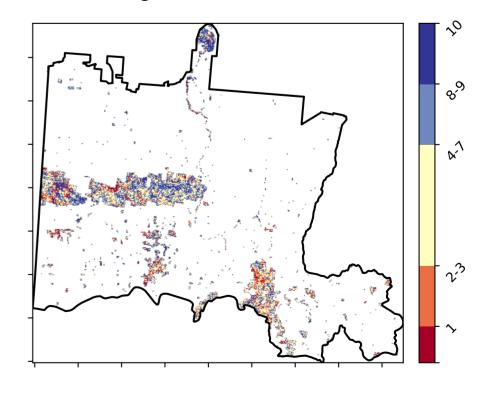
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







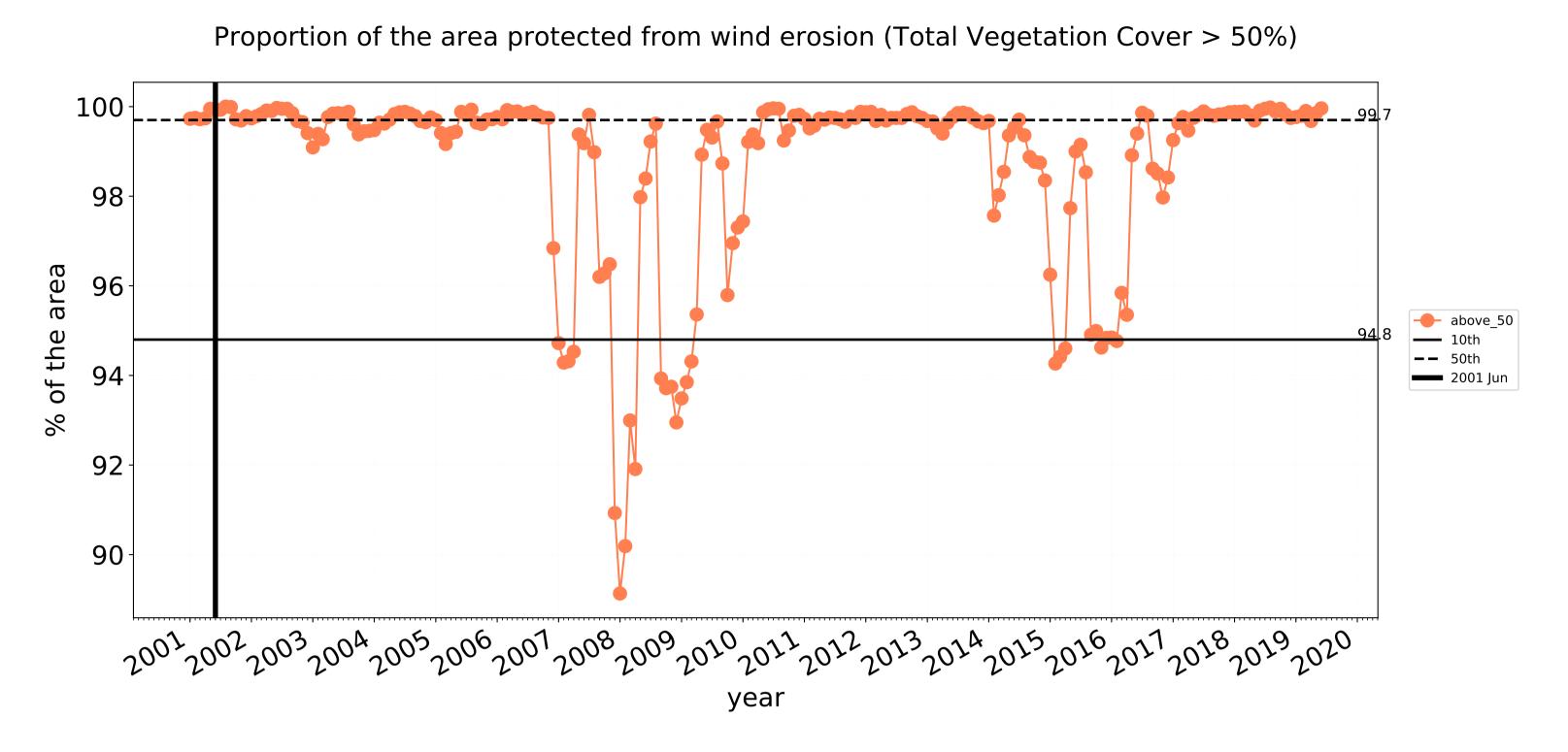


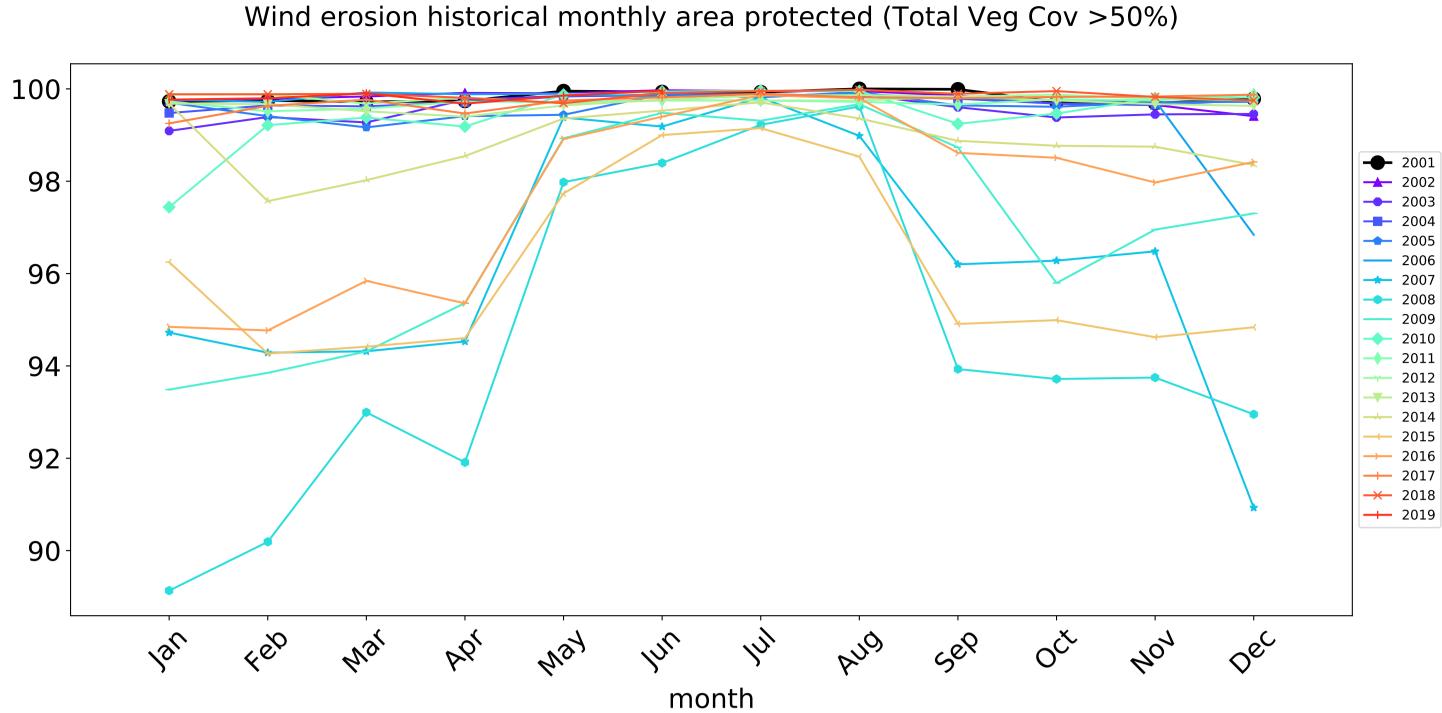


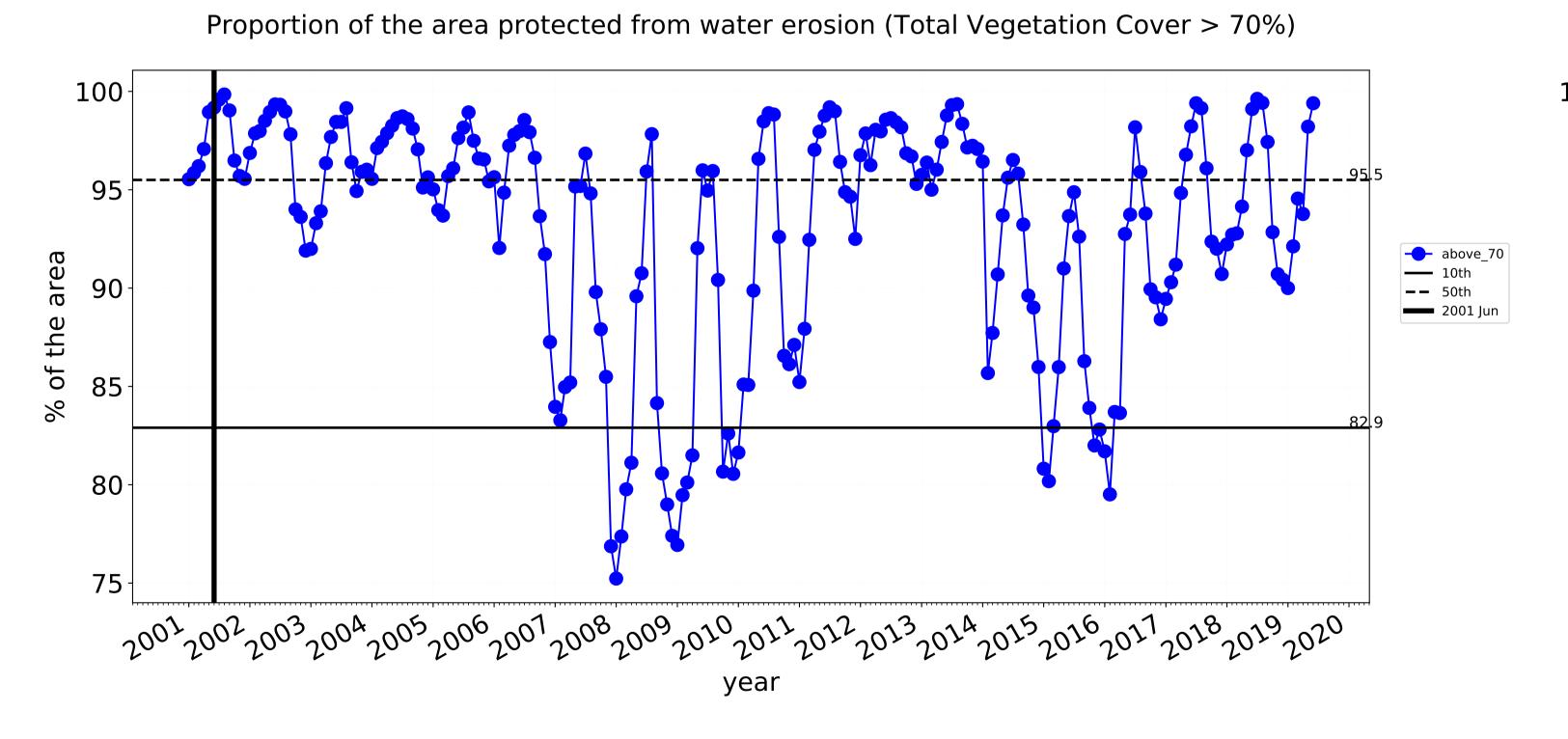


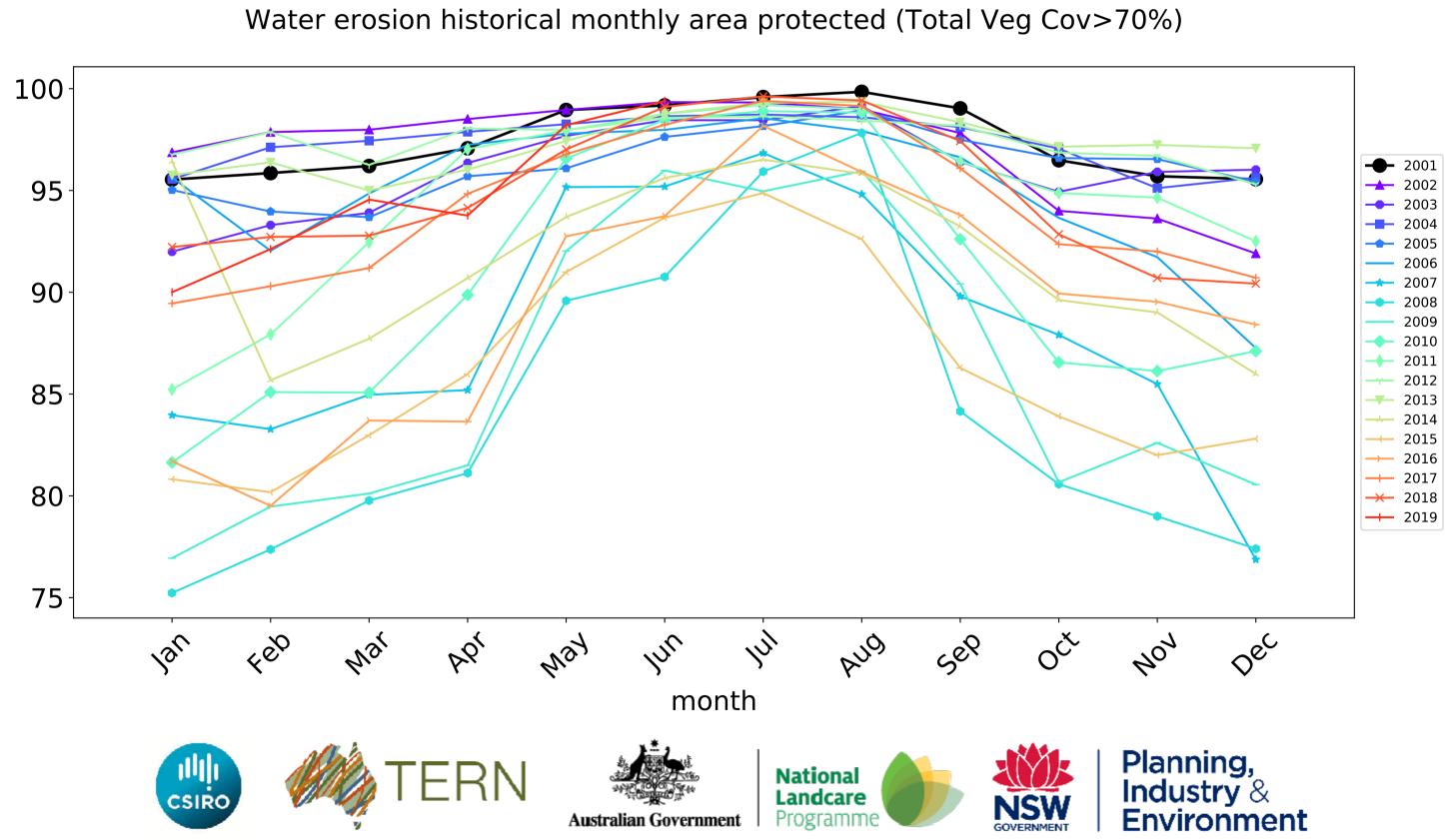


# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**









# **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

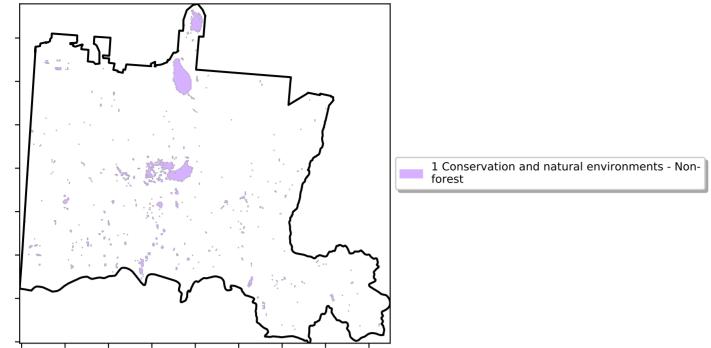
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

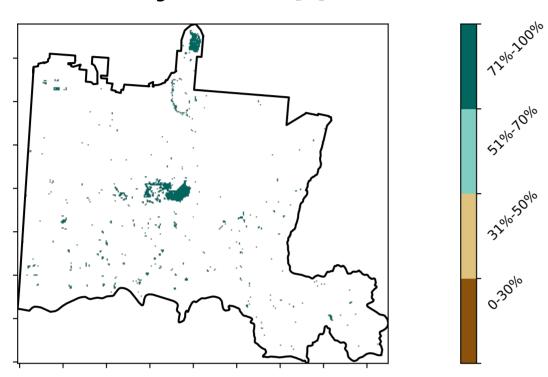
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

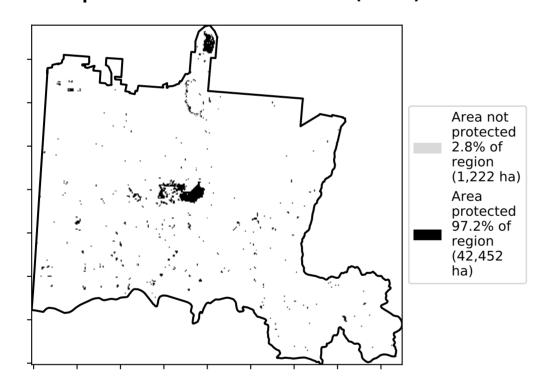
is only for the month of the map



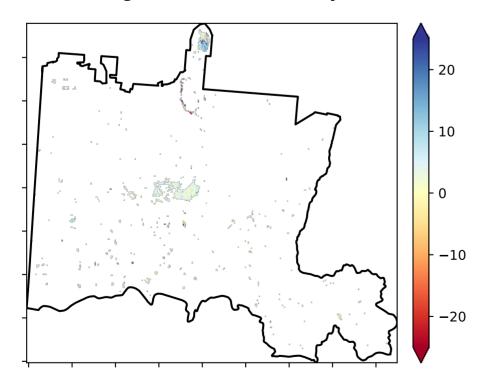
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

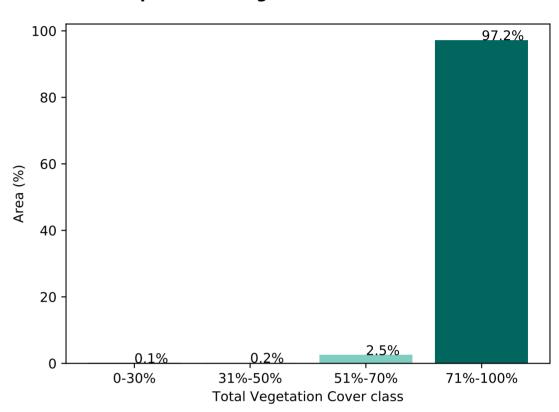


# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

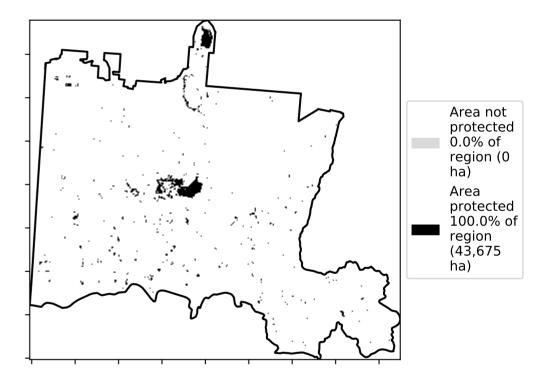


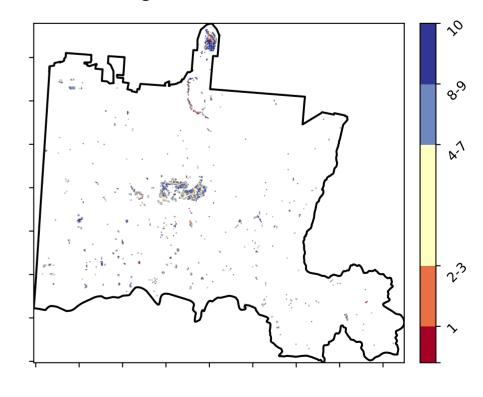
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









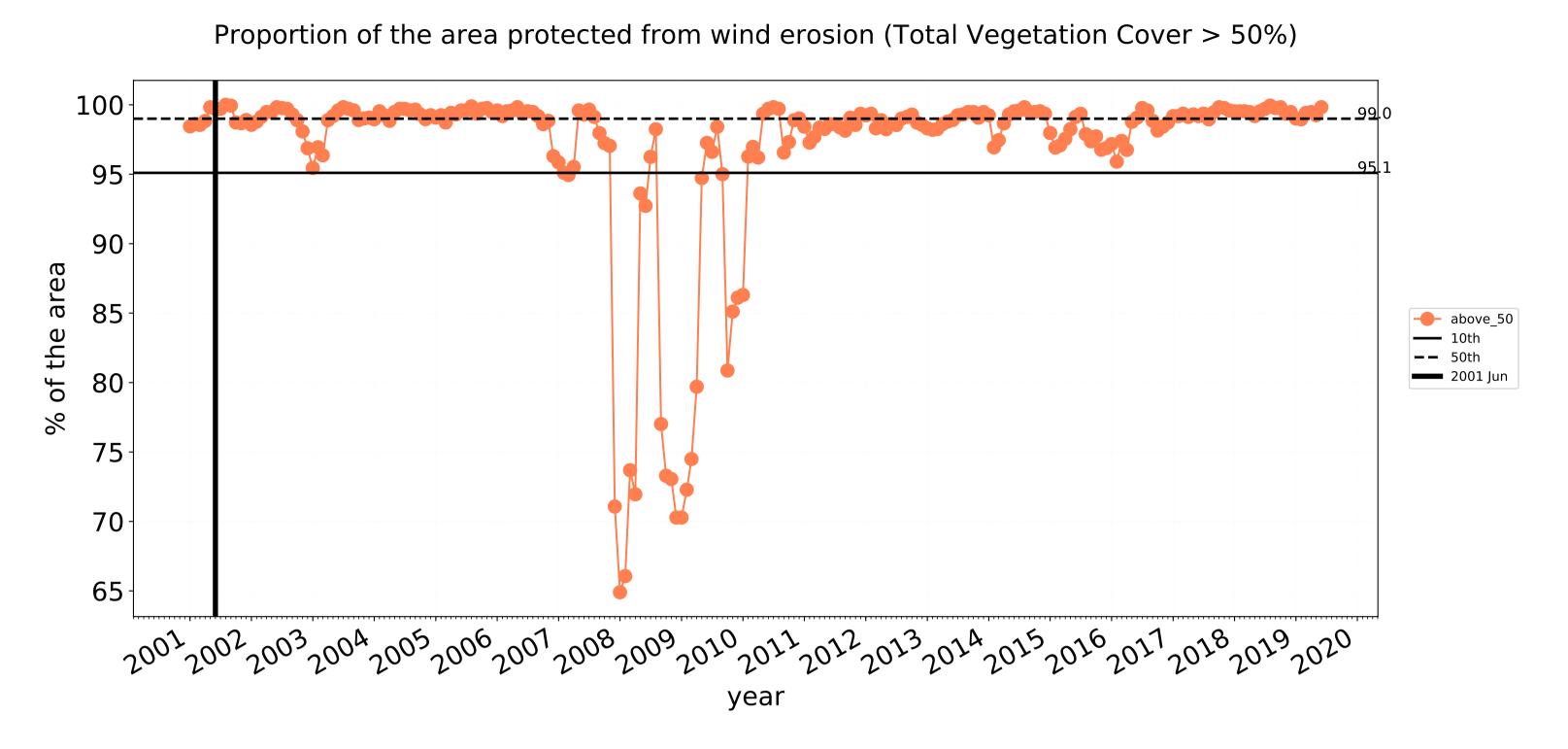


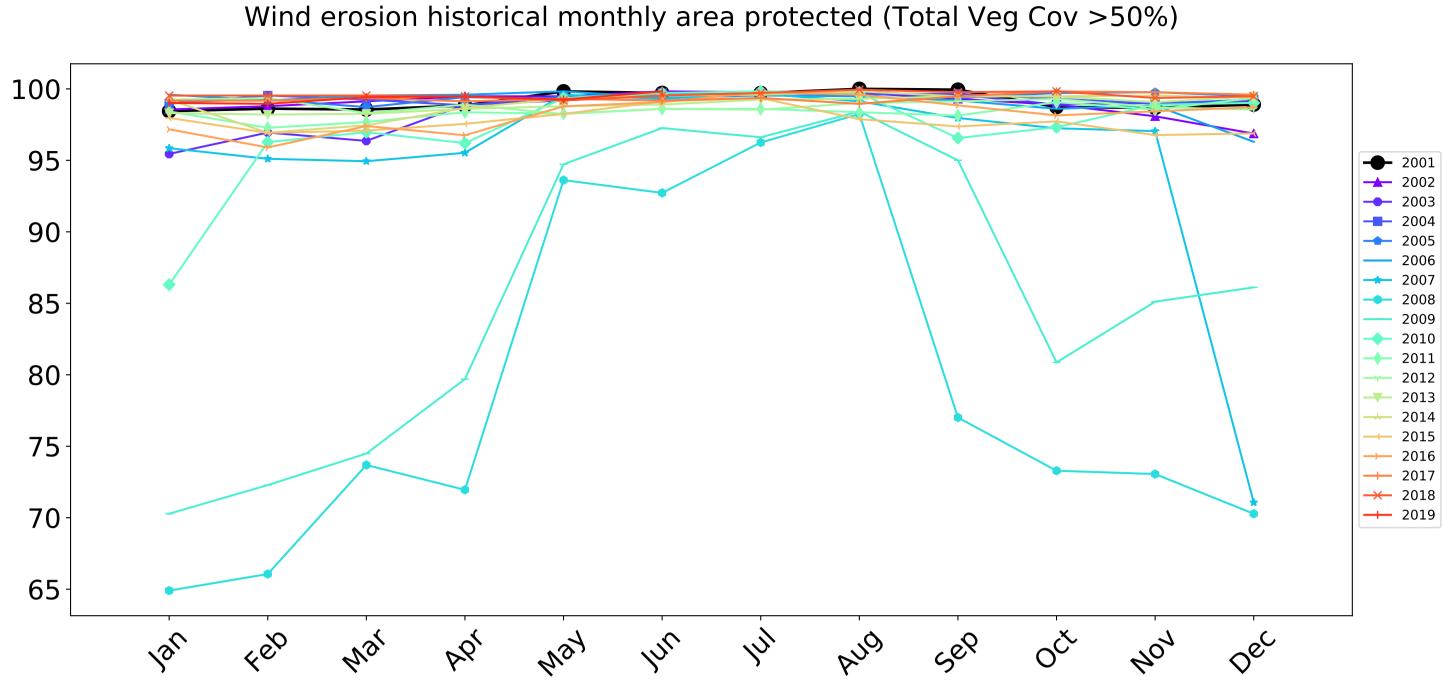




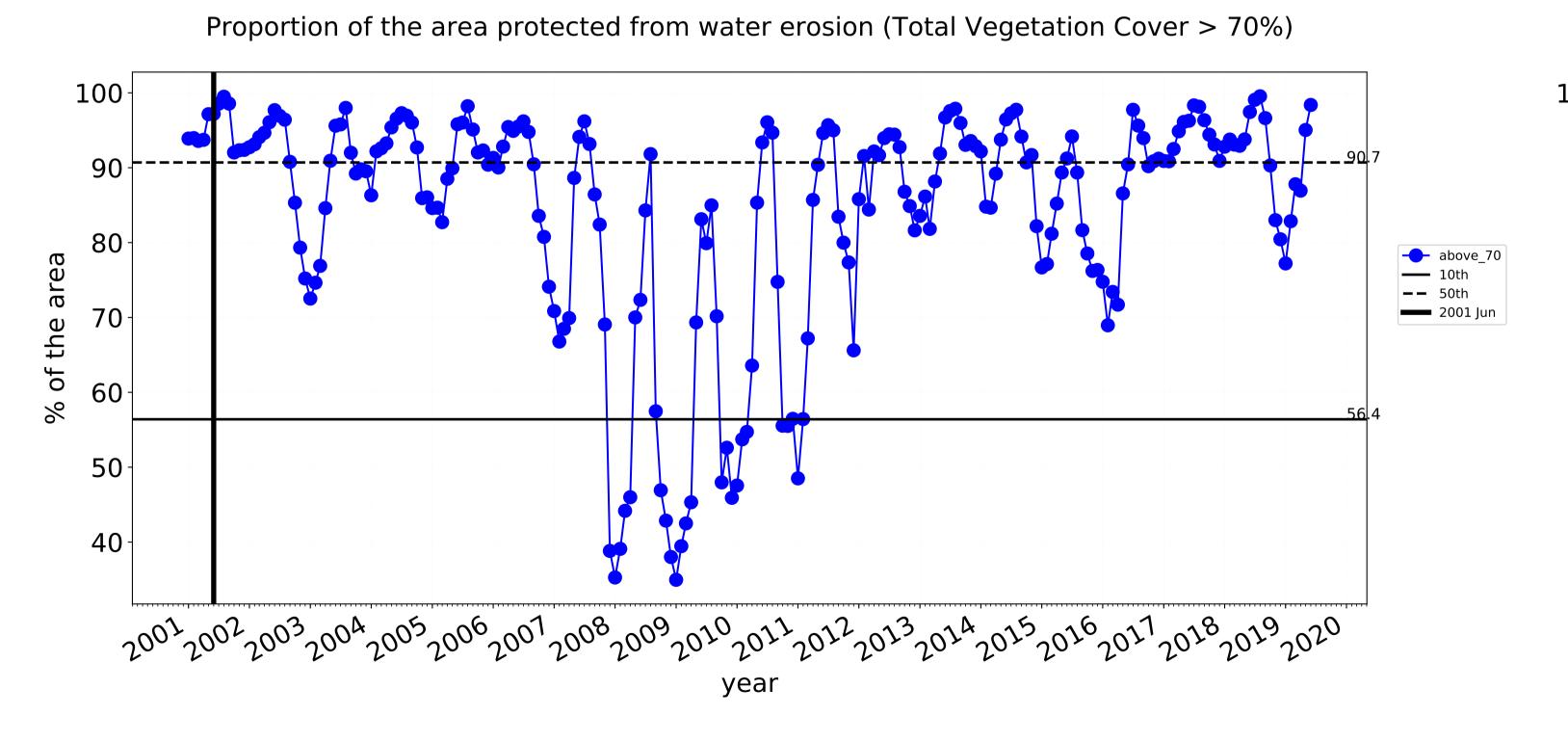


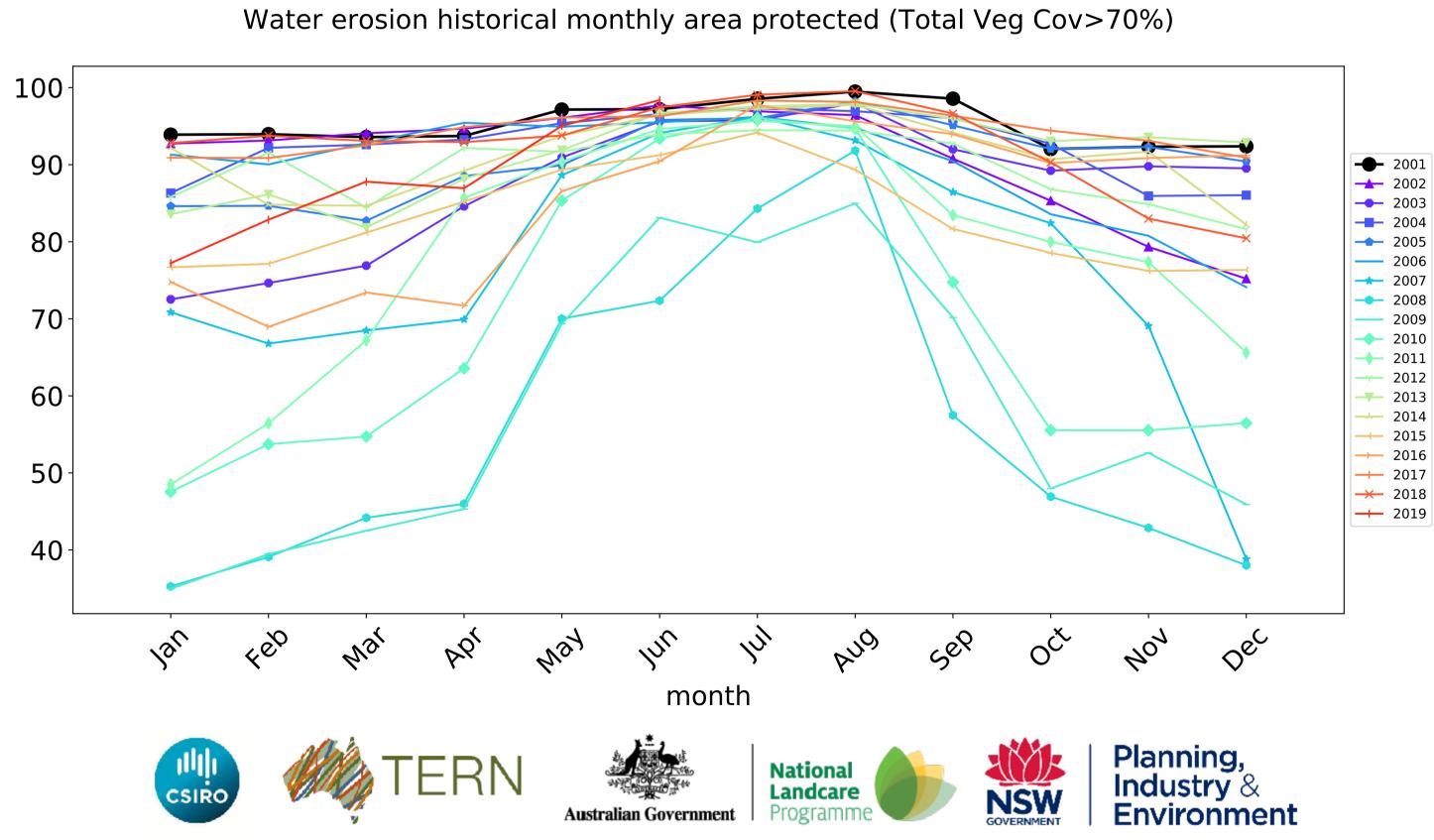
# **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**





month





# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

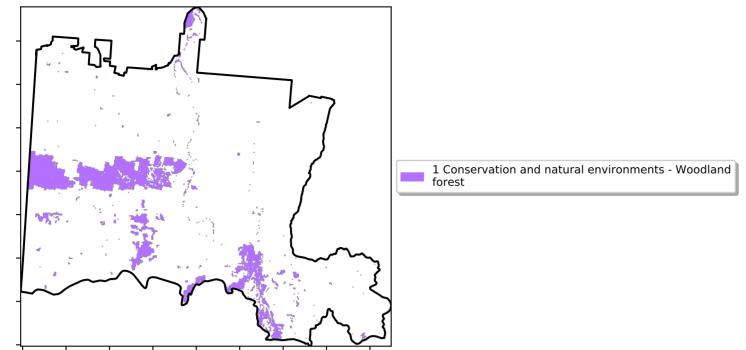
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

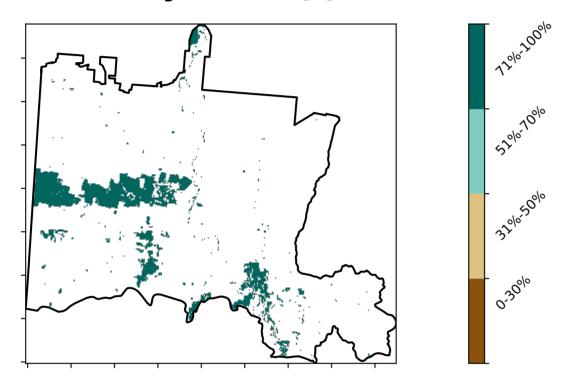
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

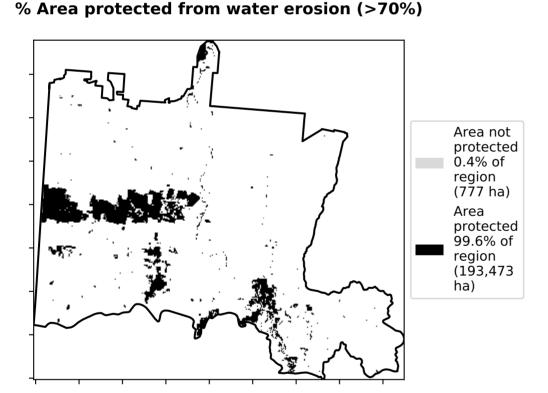
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



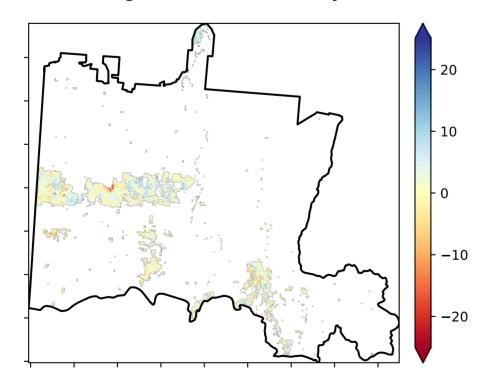
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### 0/ Aven must stad from water evenier (> 700/)

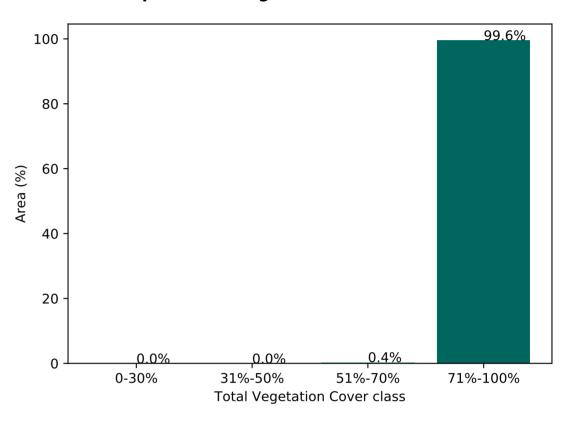


# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

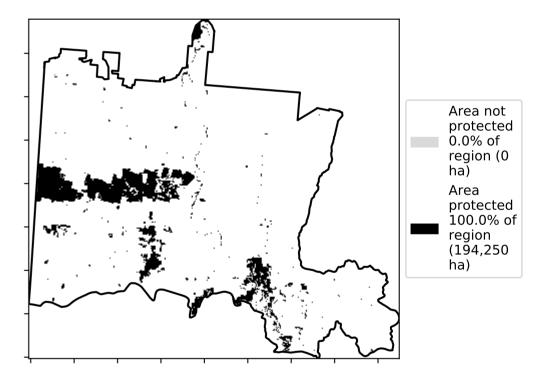


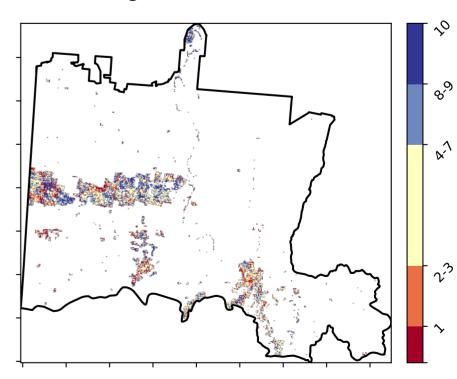
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







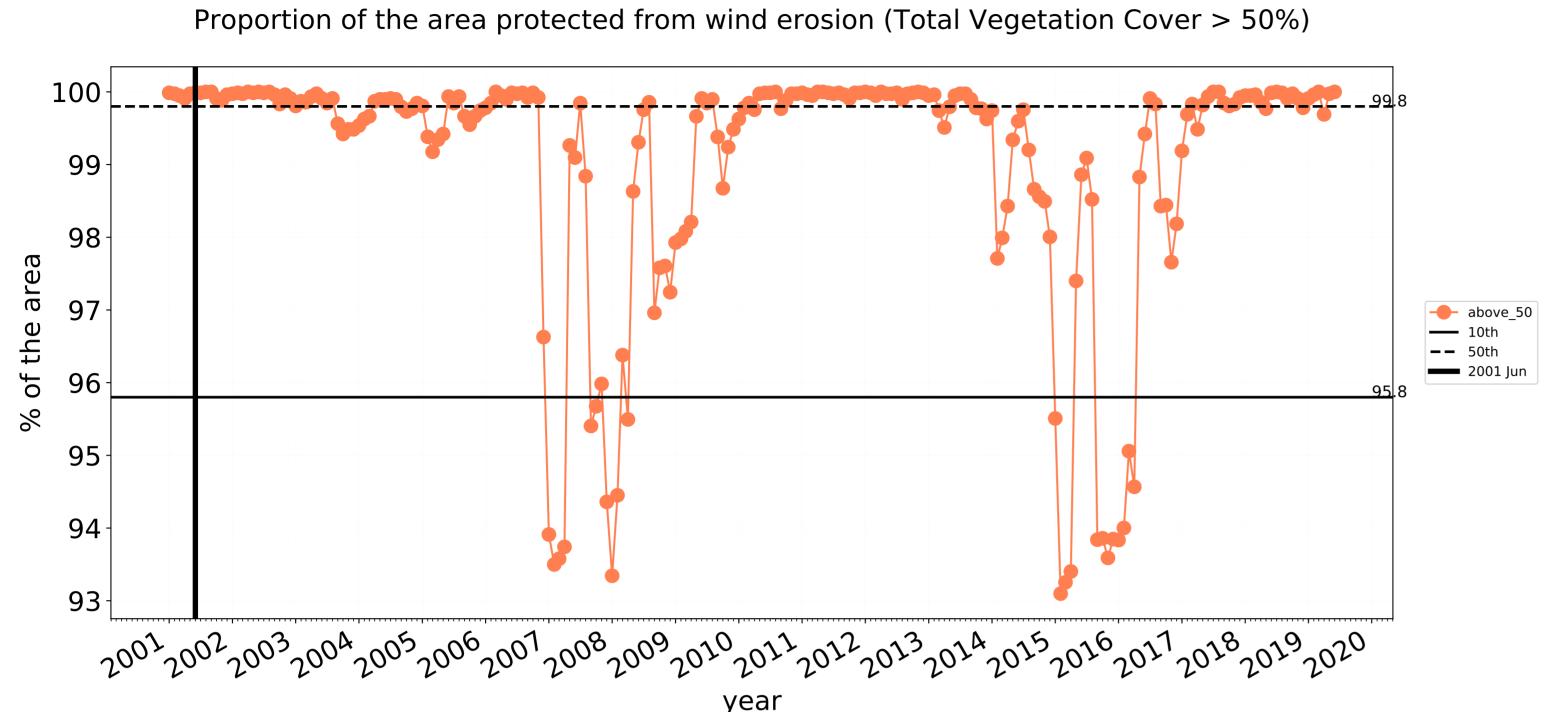


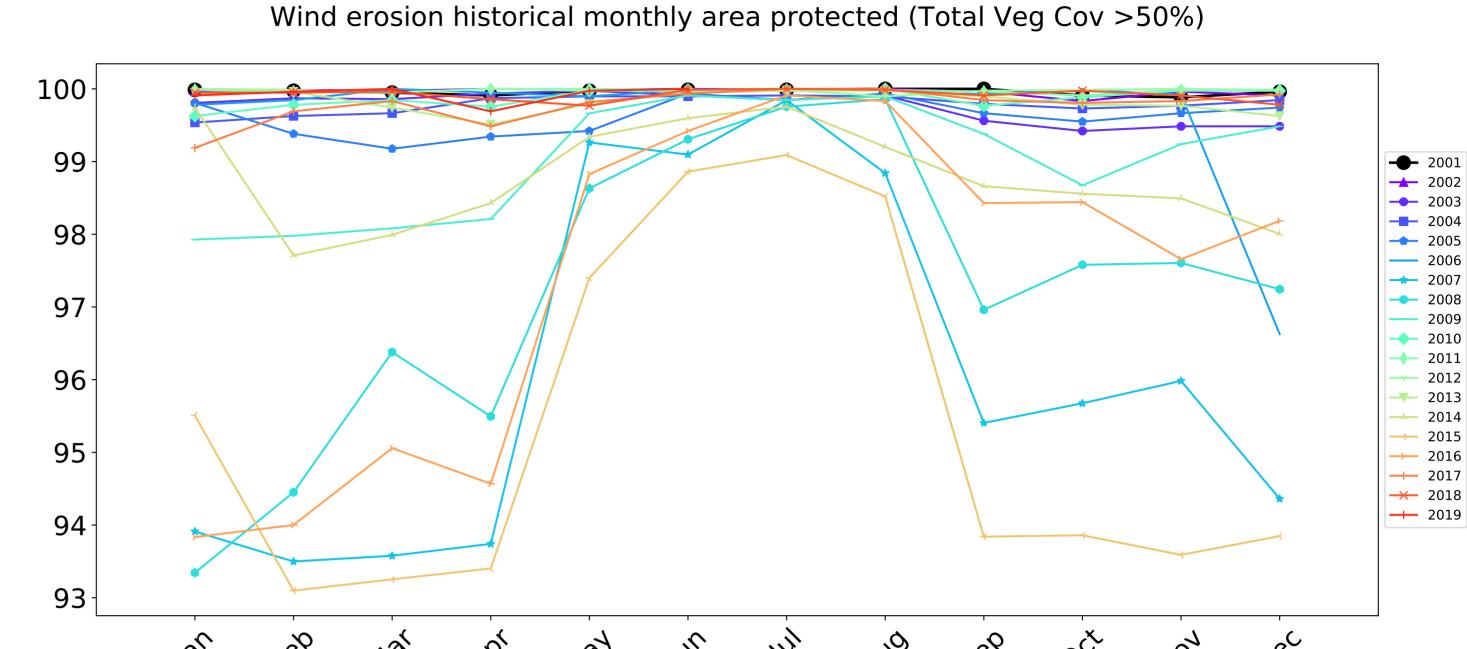






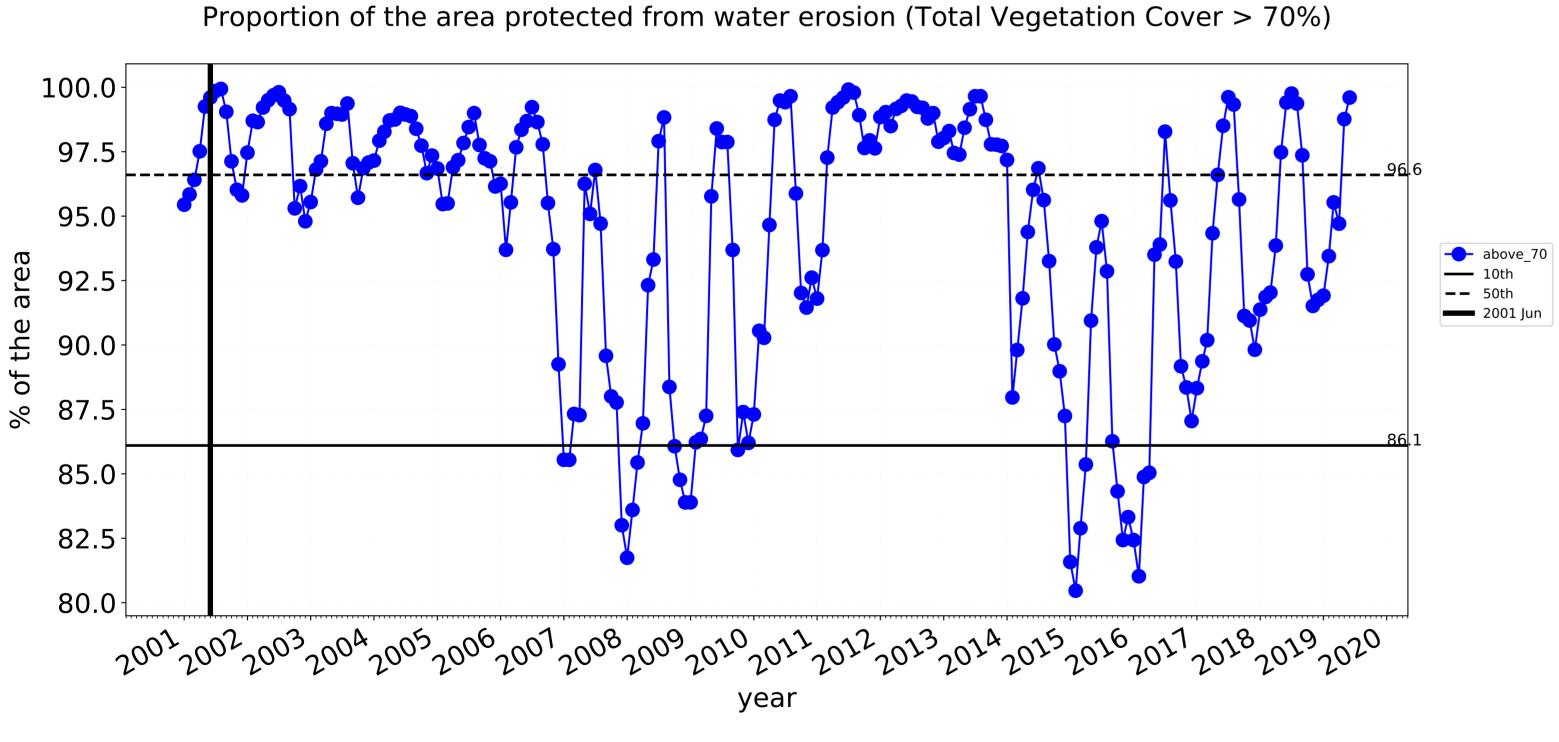


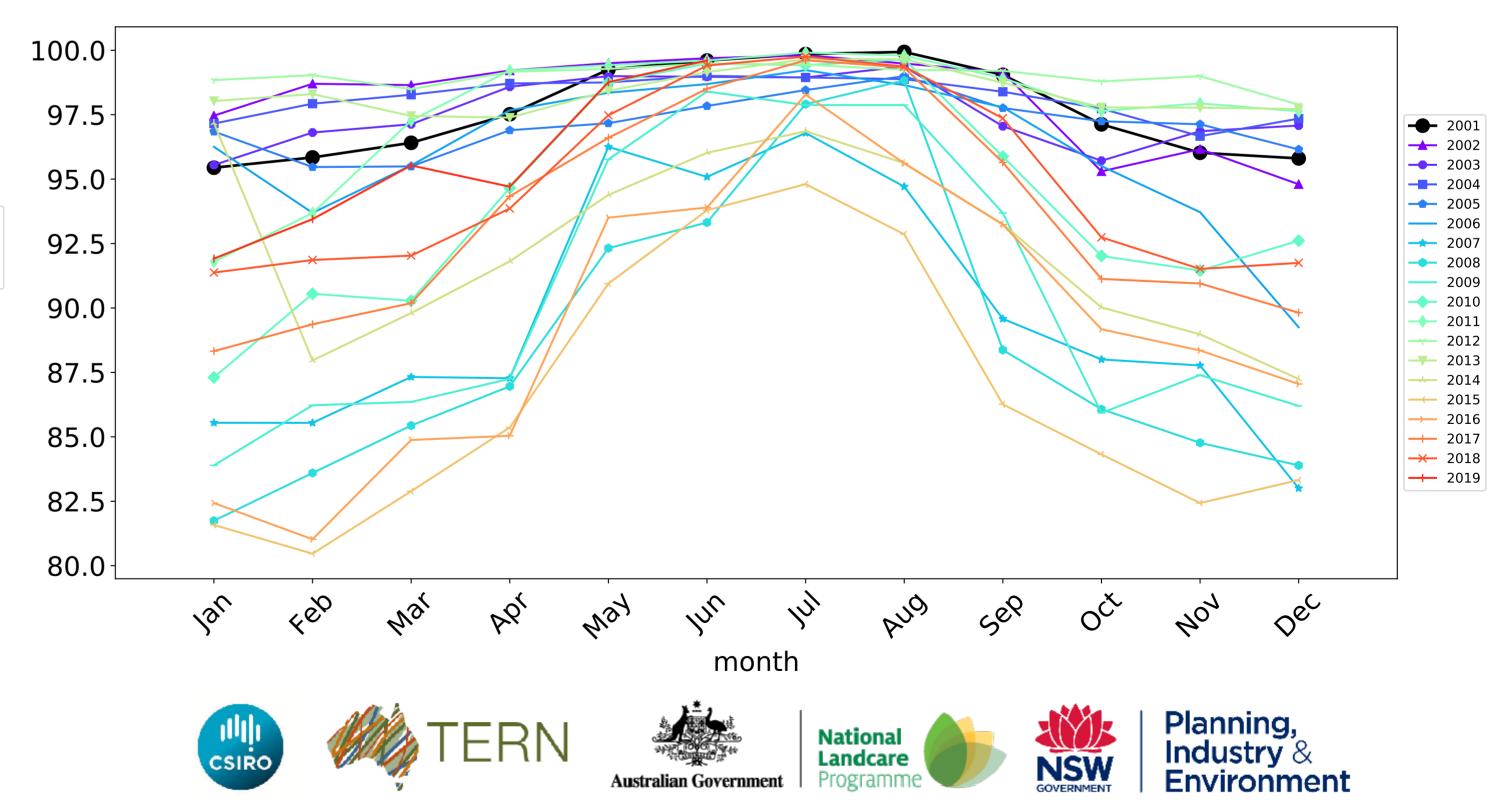




month

Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)

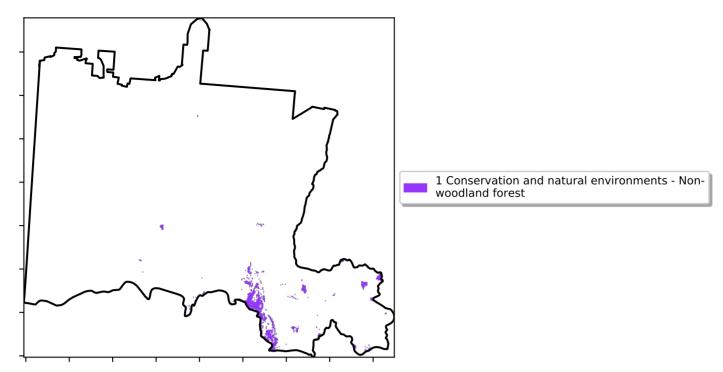




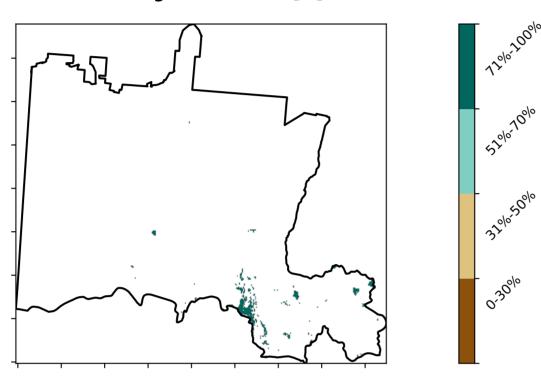
# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

#### Land use and forest cover

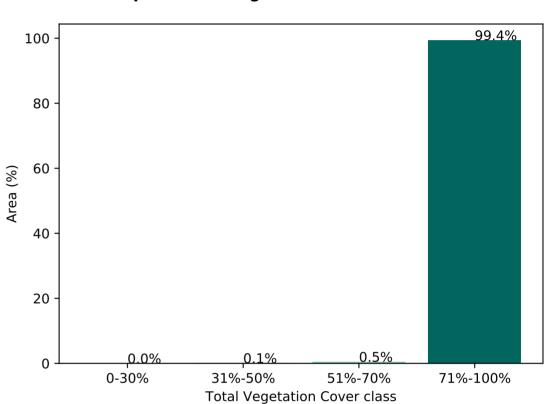
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



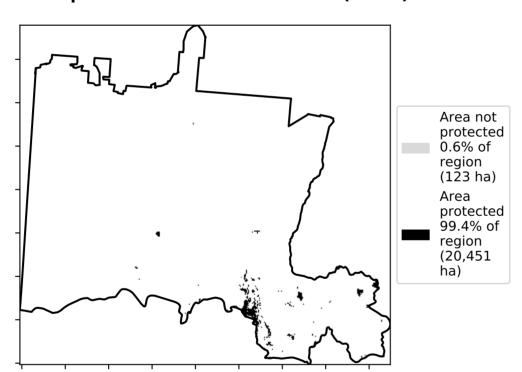
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



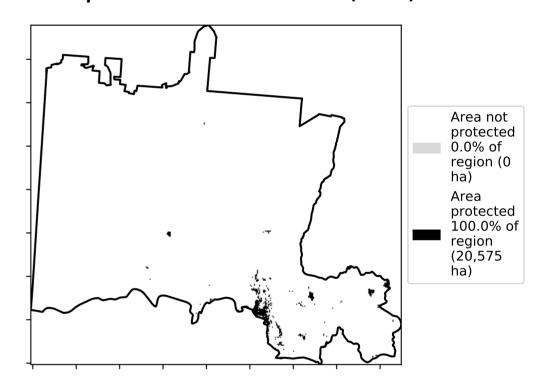
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



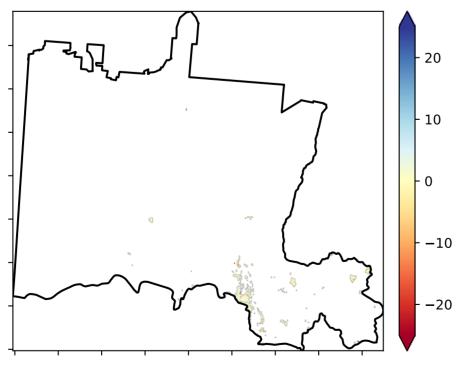
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

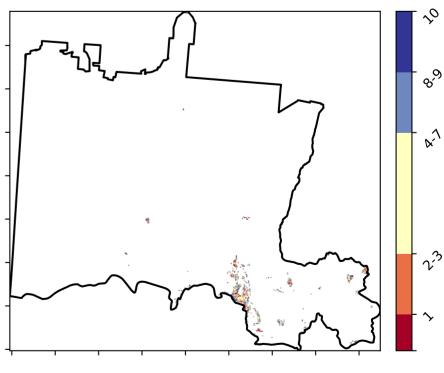


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

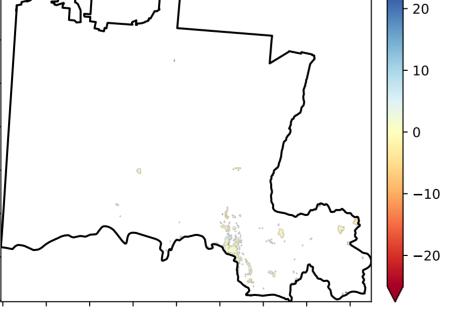


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





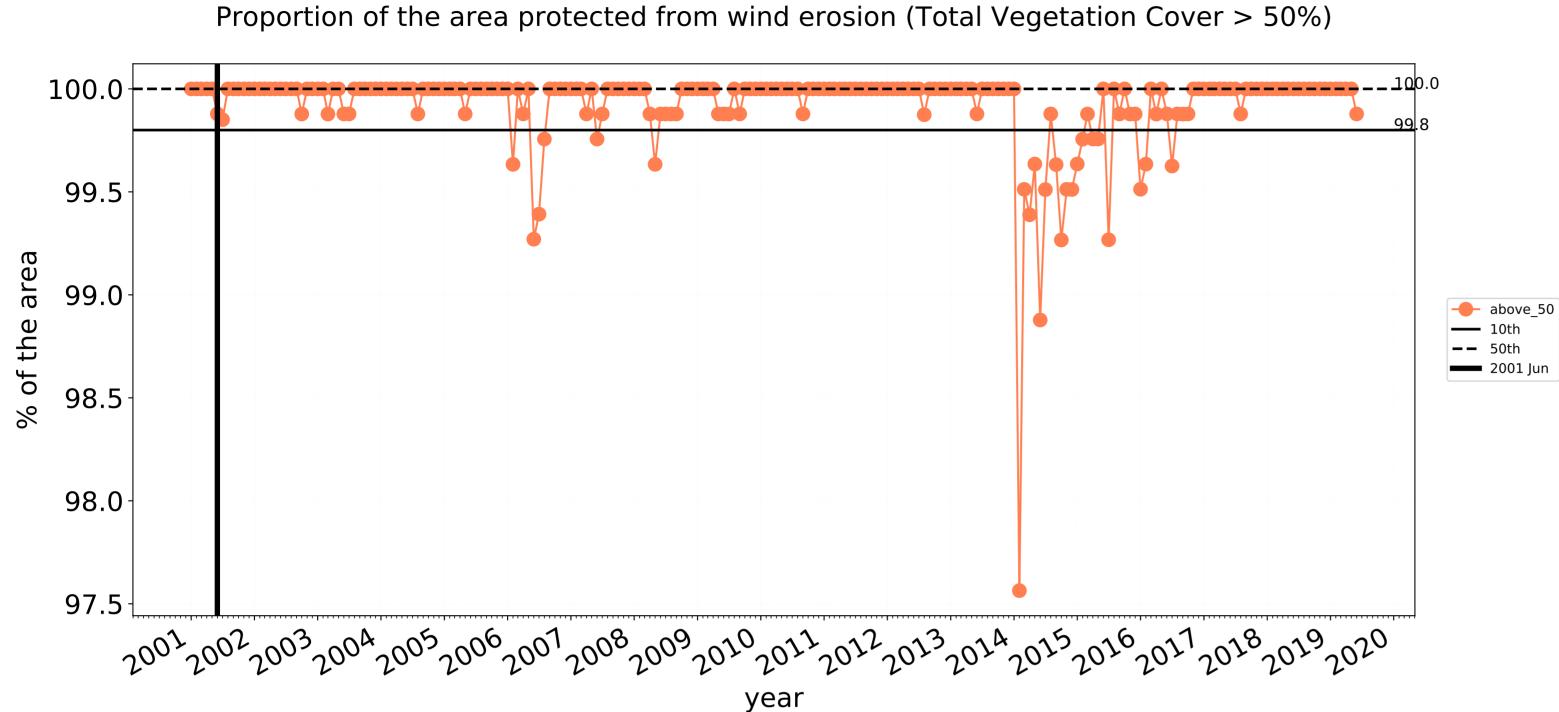


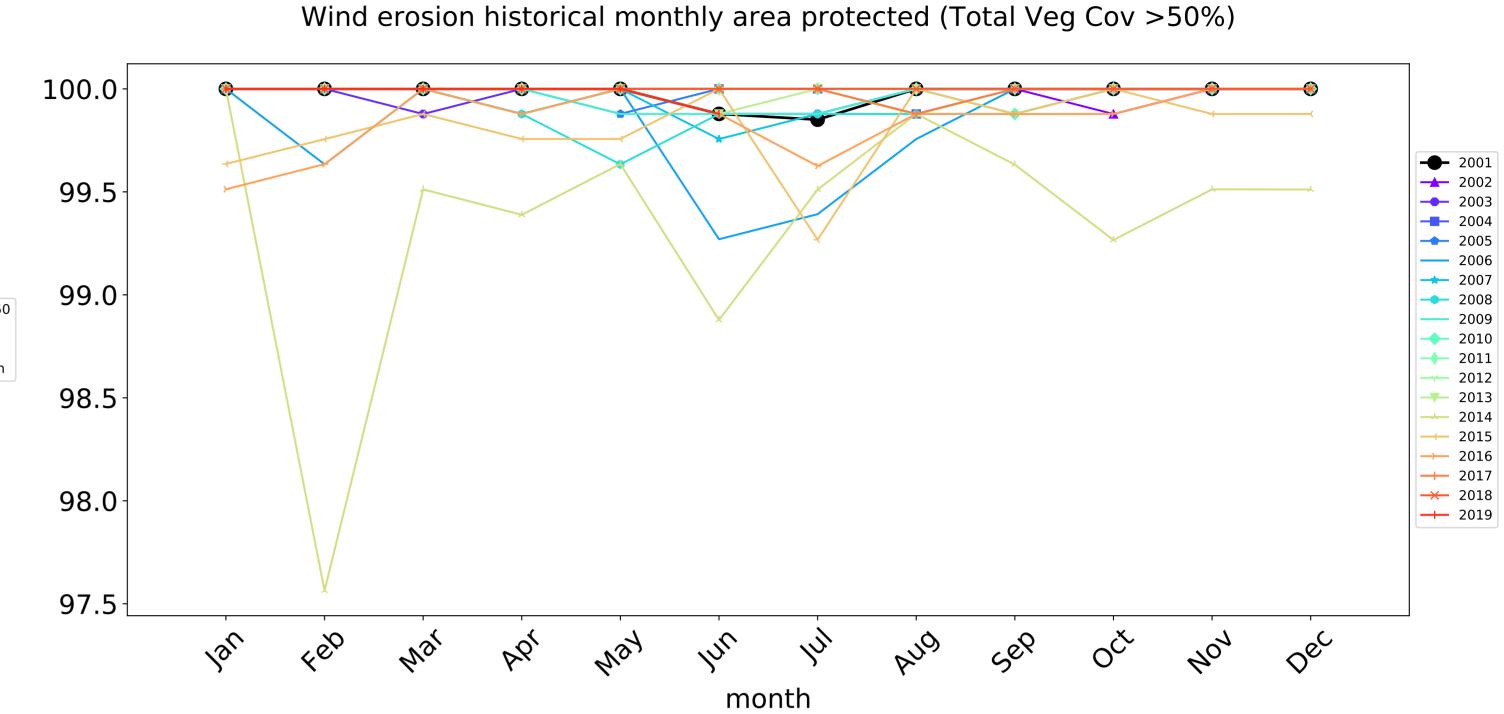


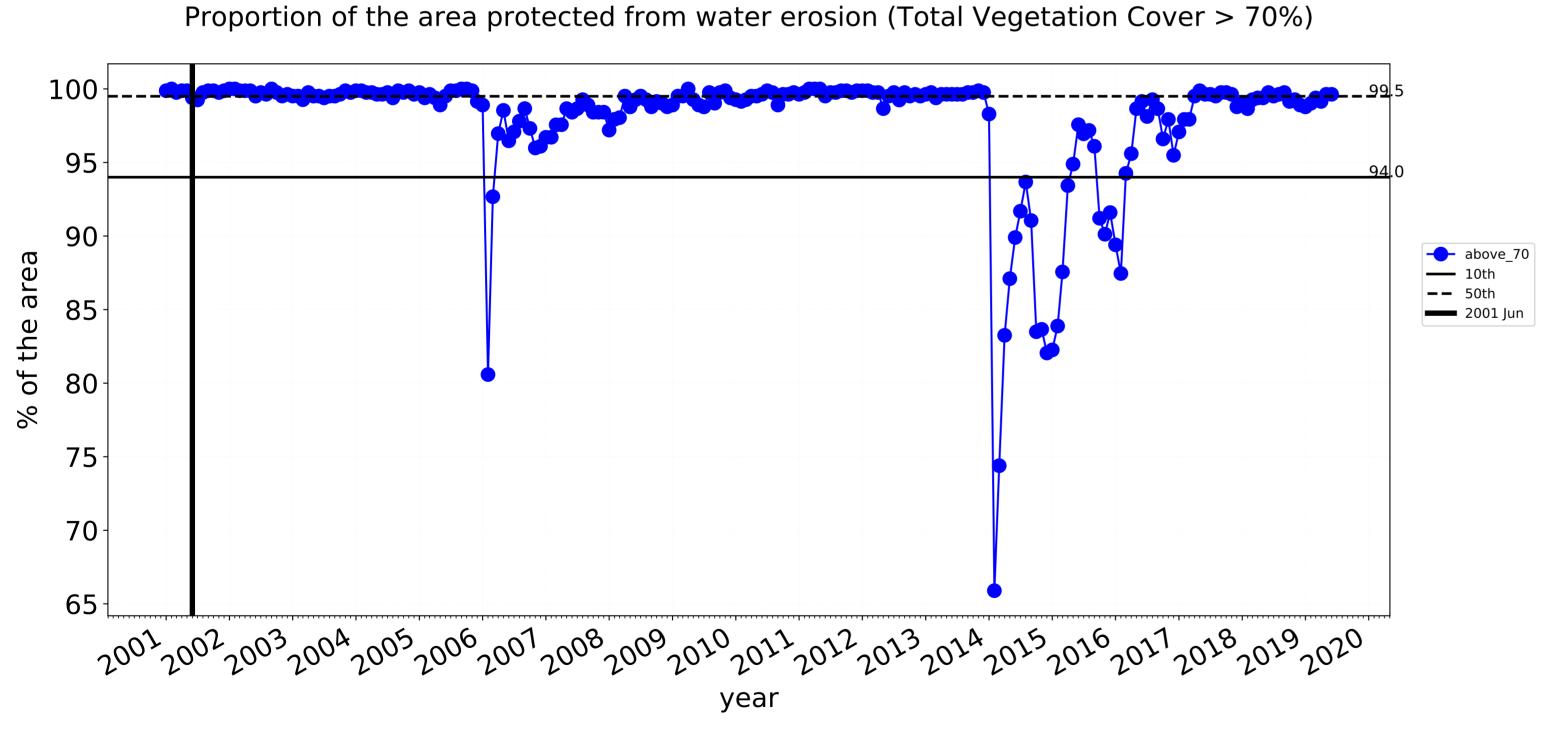


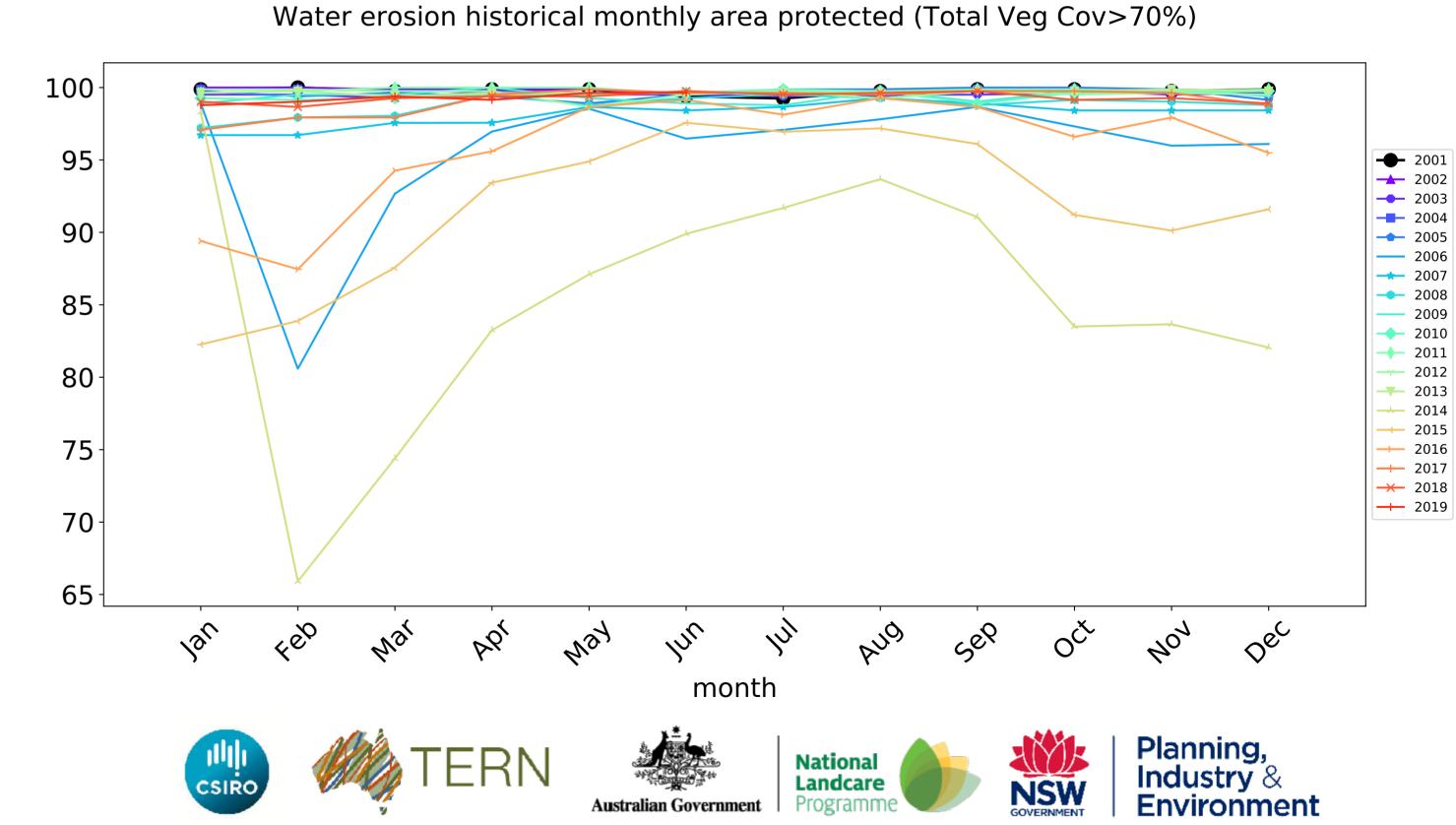












# **Agriculture**

### Land use and forest cover

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

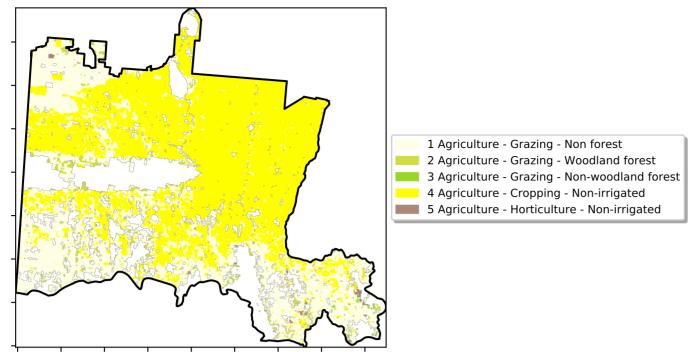
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

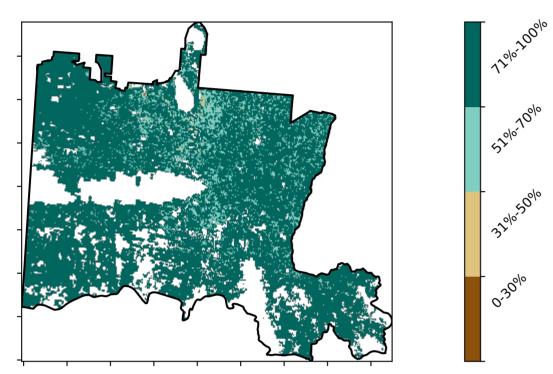
mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

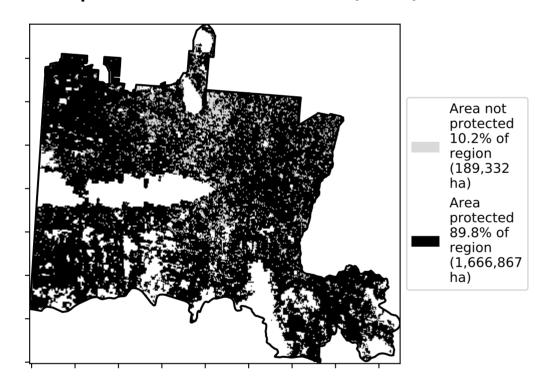
the mean. That



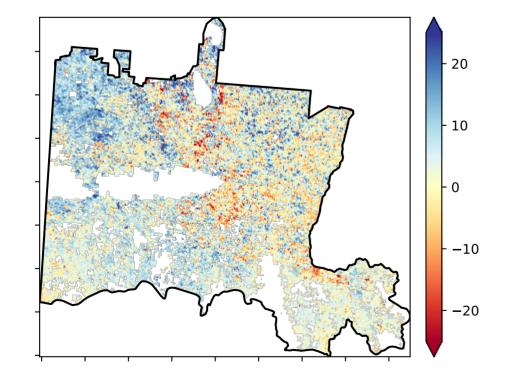
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

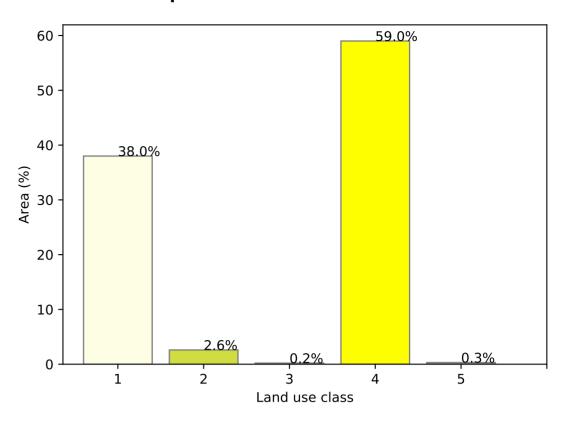


# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

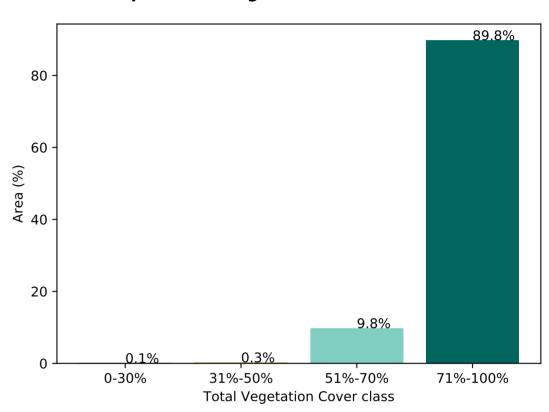


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

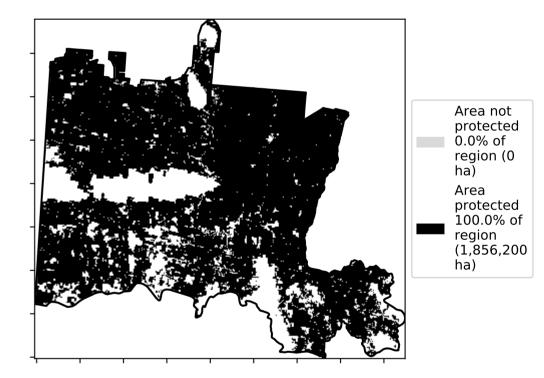
#### Proportion of each land class in area

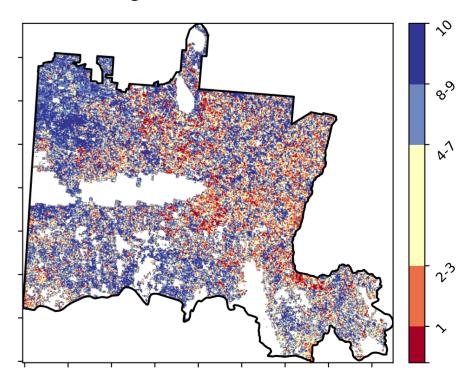


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









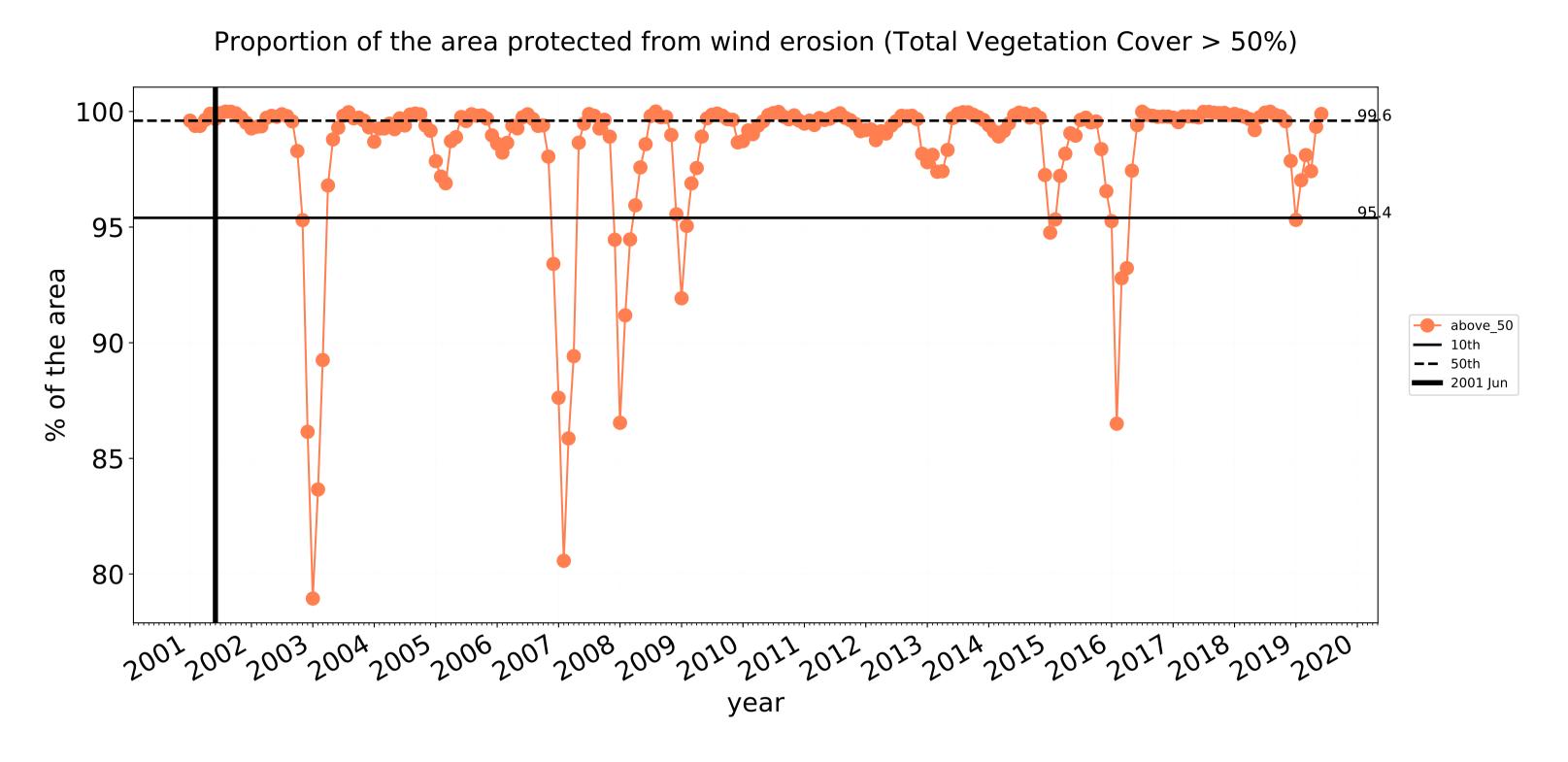


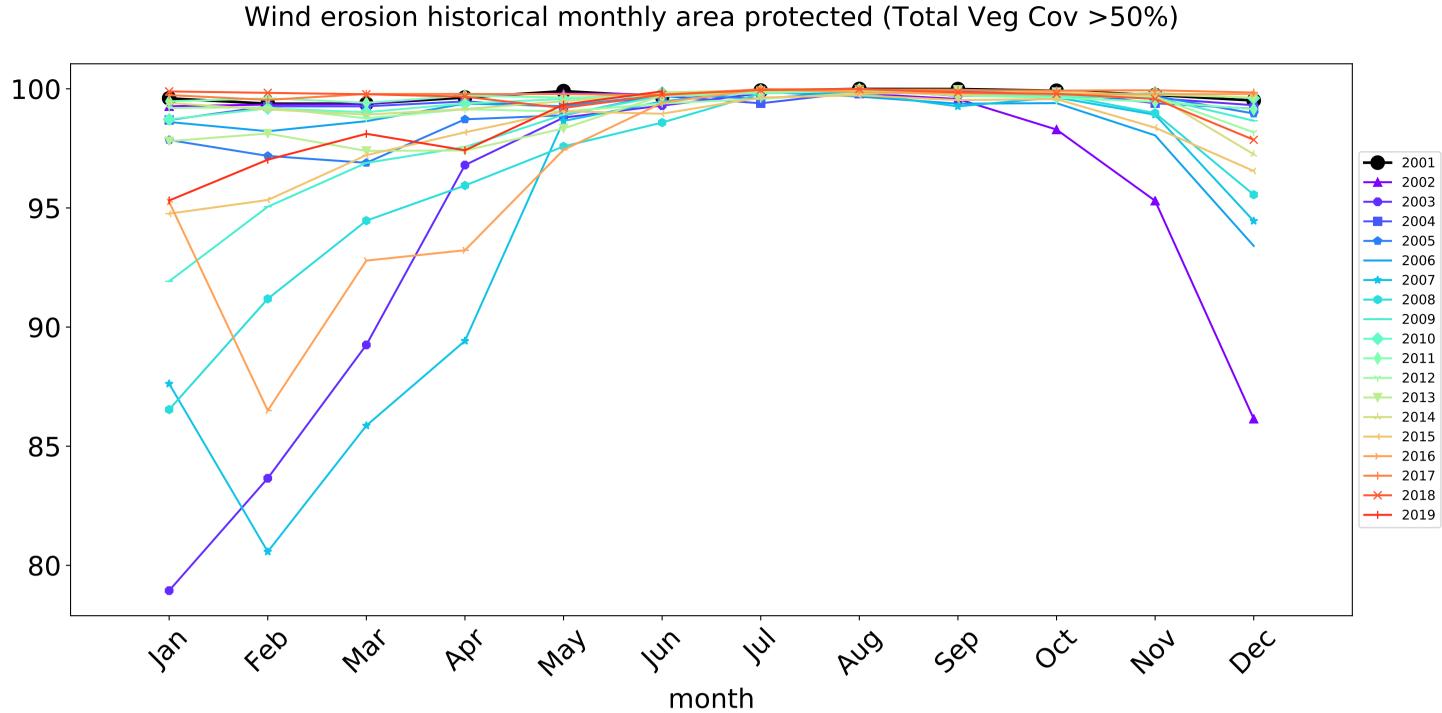


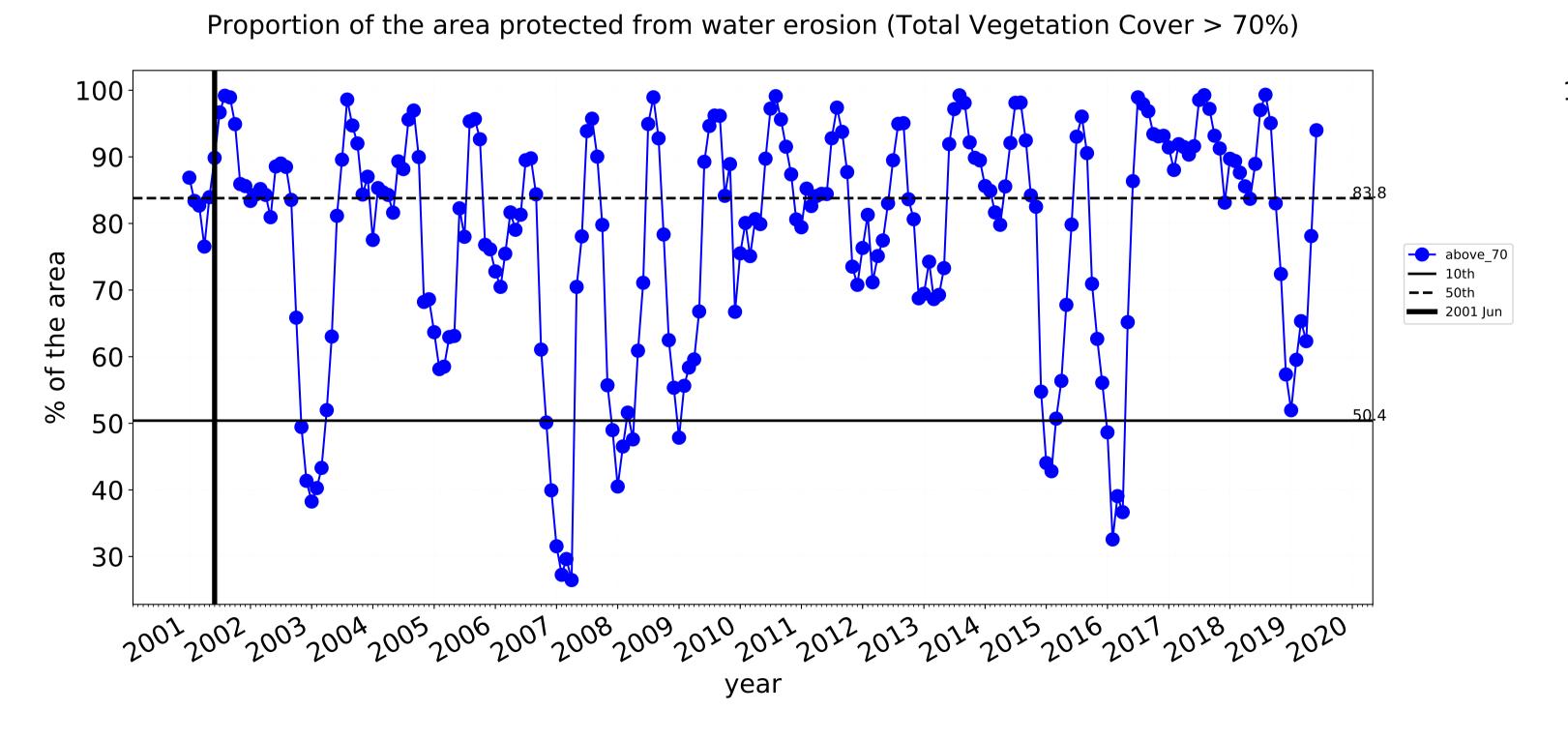


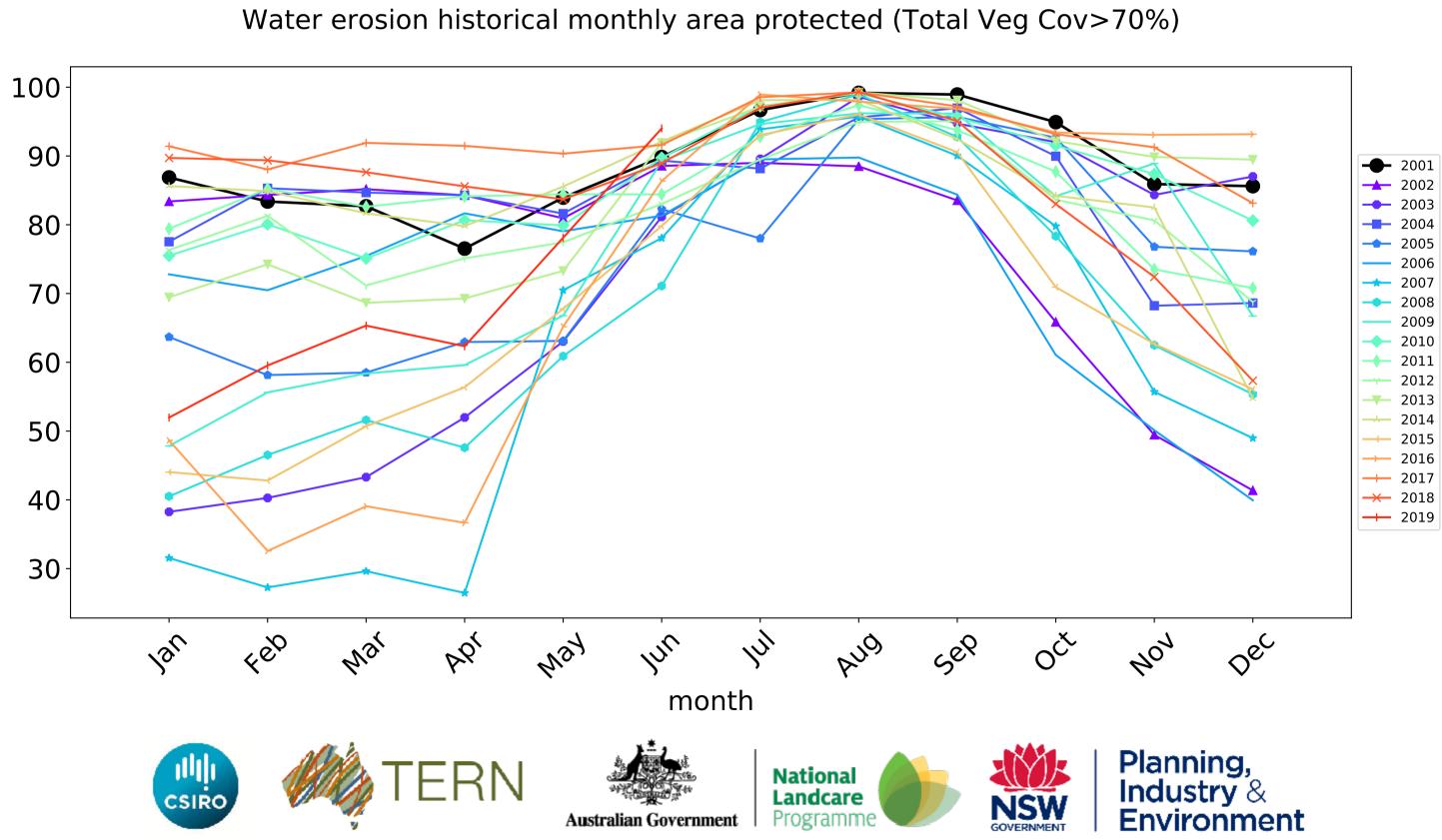


# **Agriculture timeseries**









# Grazing

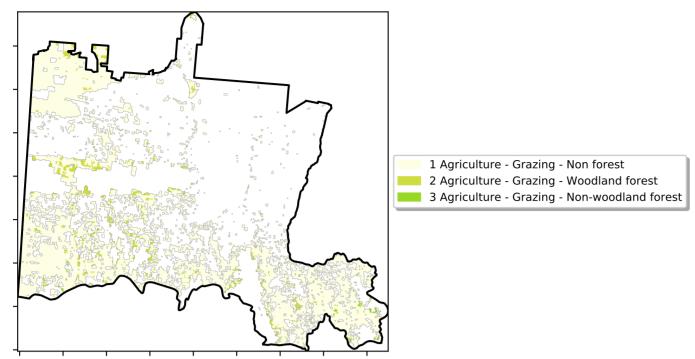
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

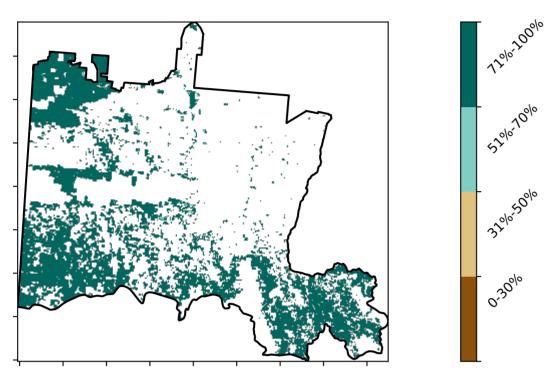
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

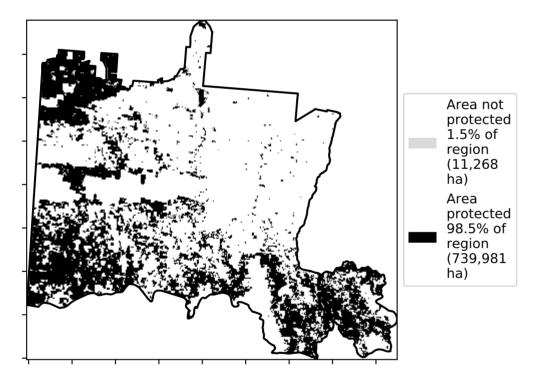


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

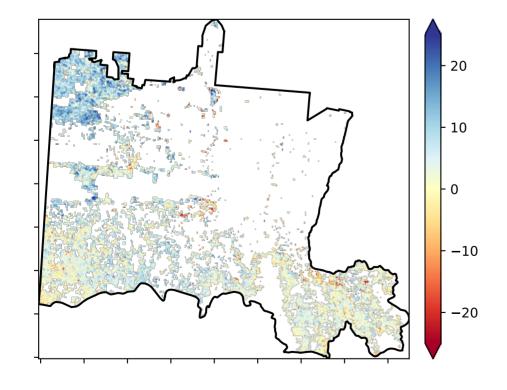
Land use and forest cover



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

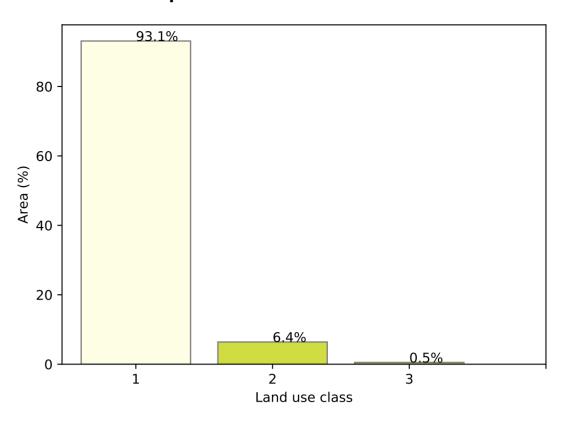


# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

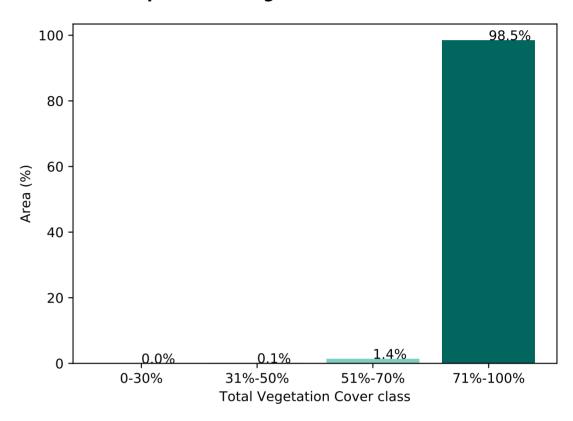


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

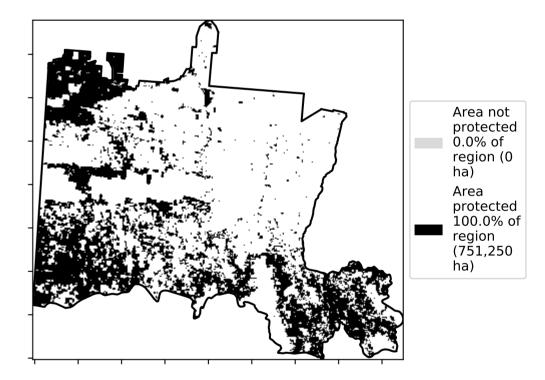
#### Proportion of each land class in area

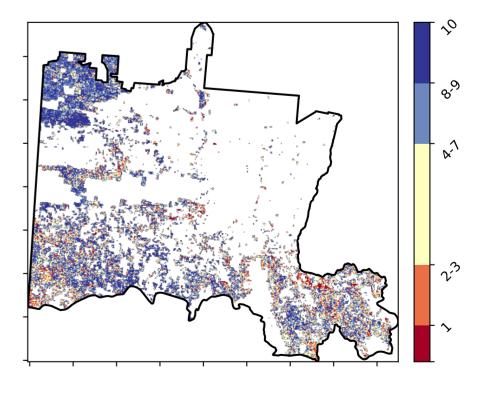


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









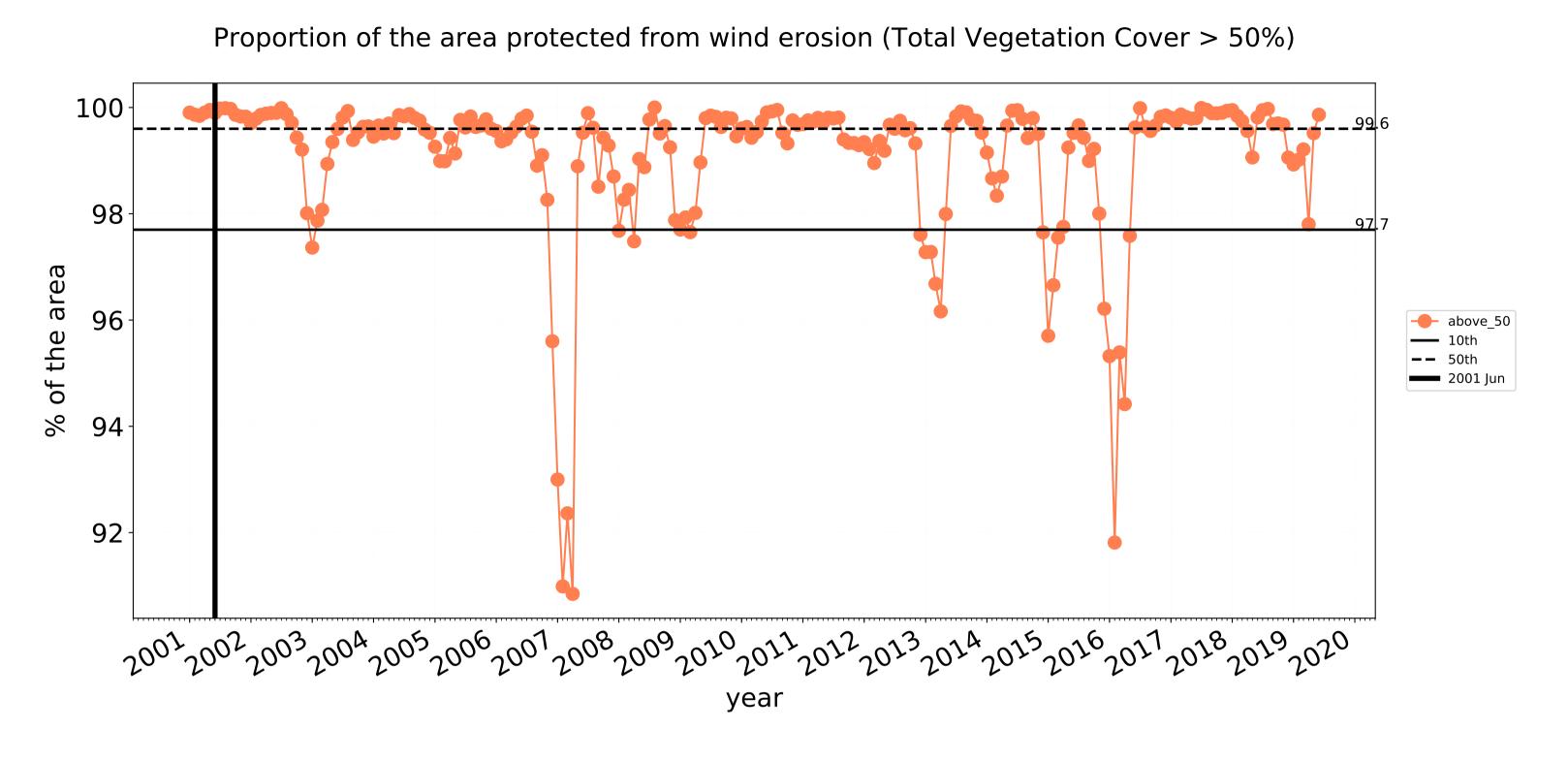


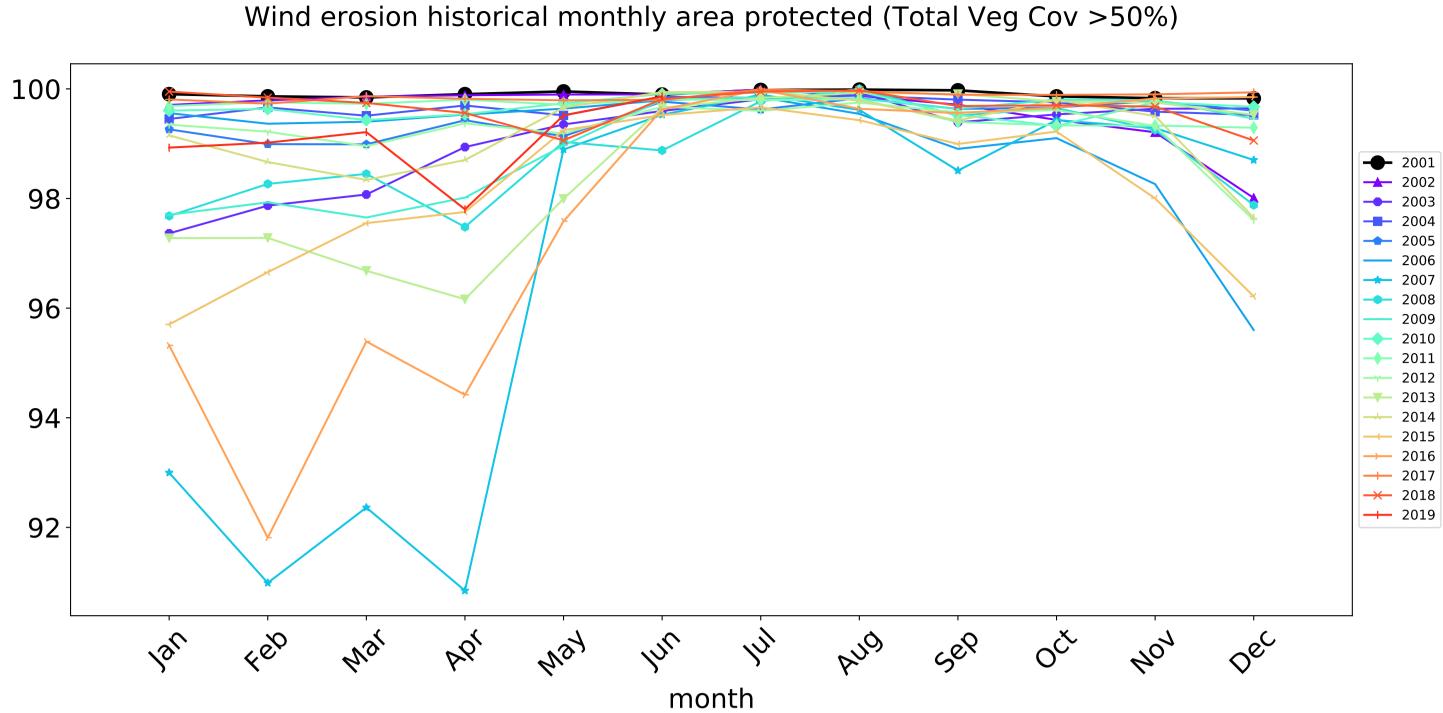


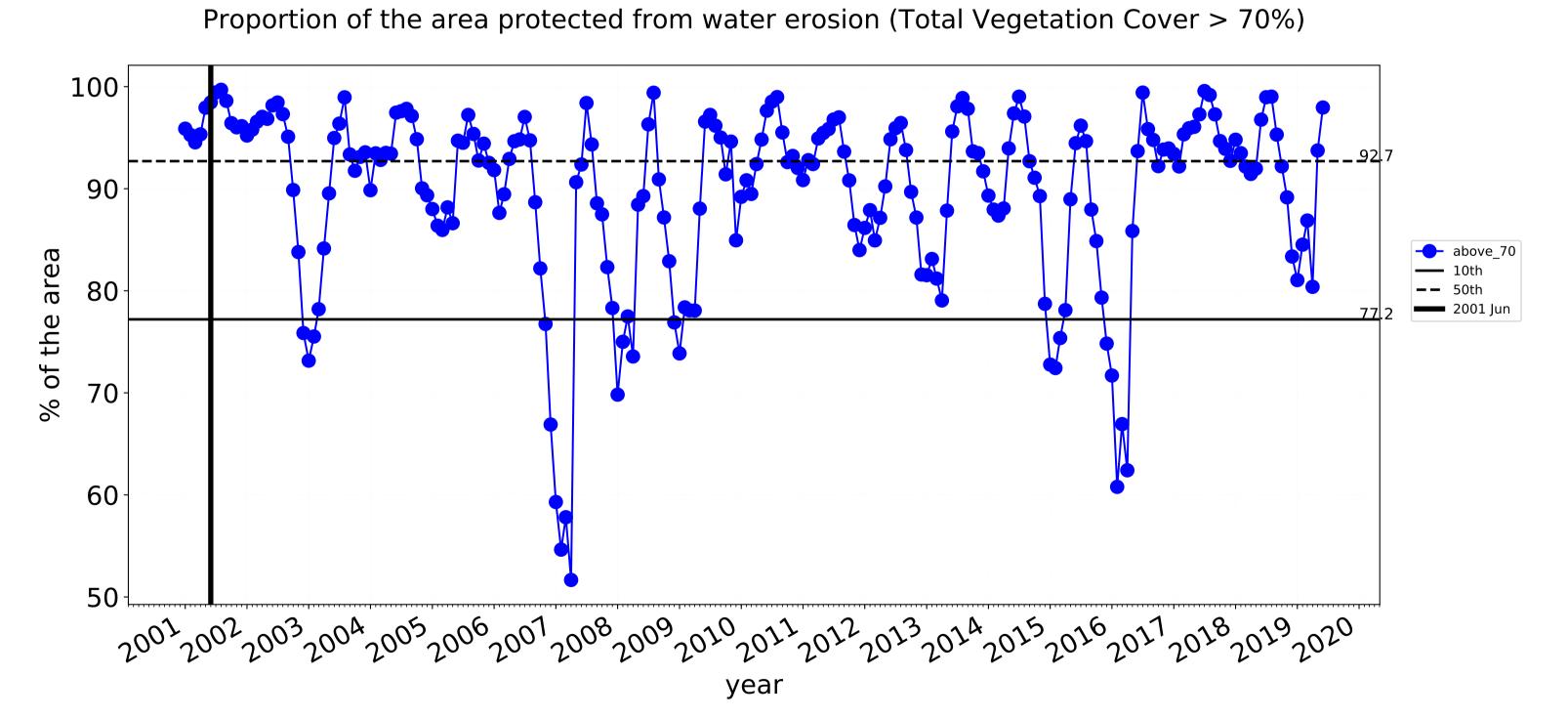


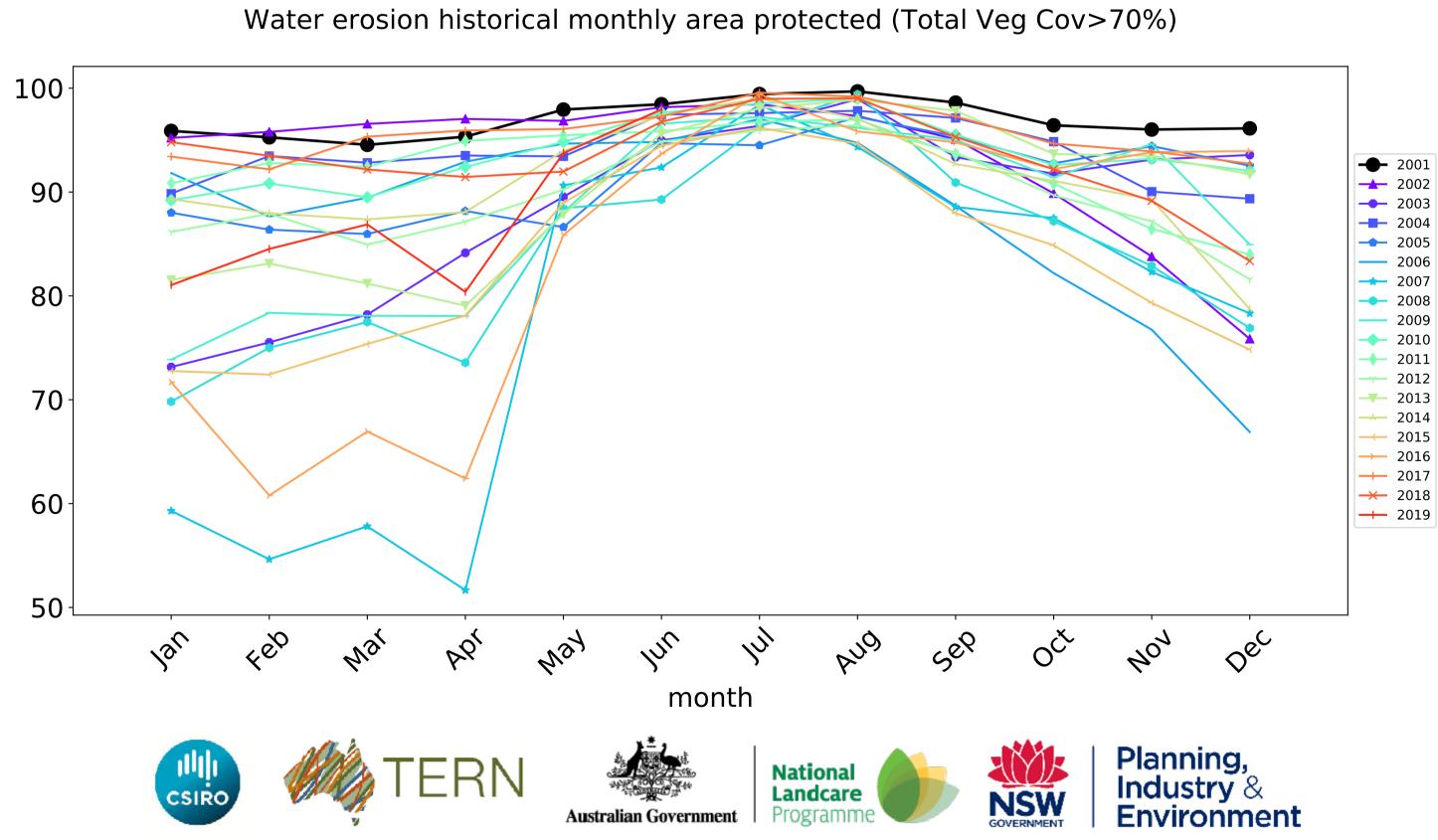


# **Grazing timeseries**









# **Grazing non forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

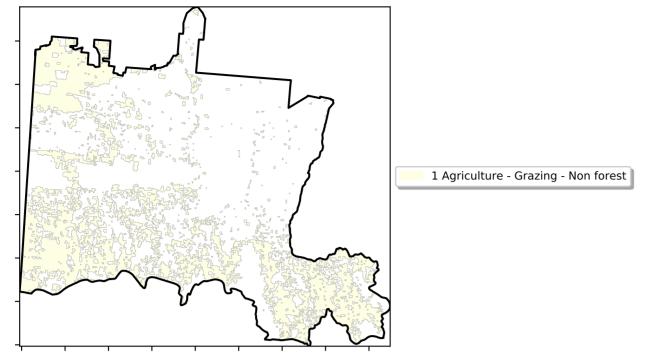
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

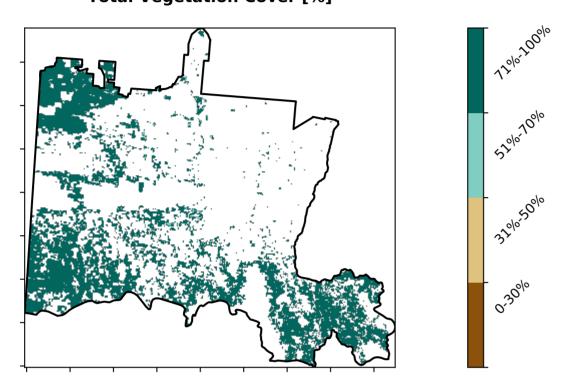
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

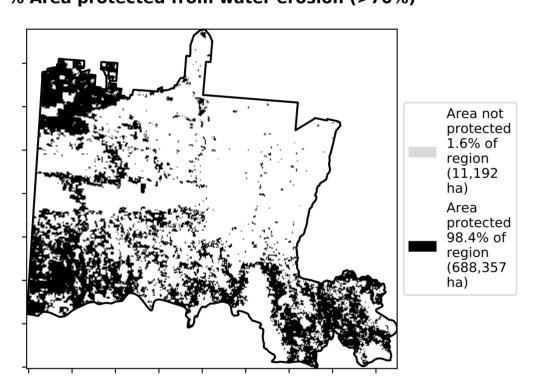
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



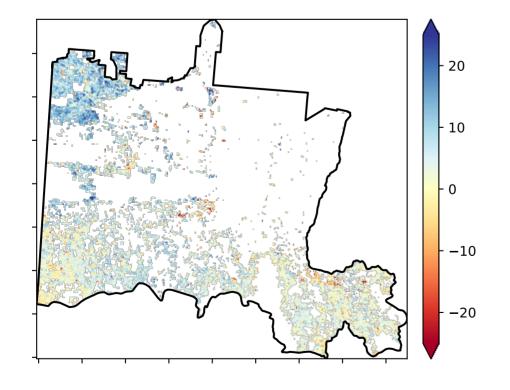
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

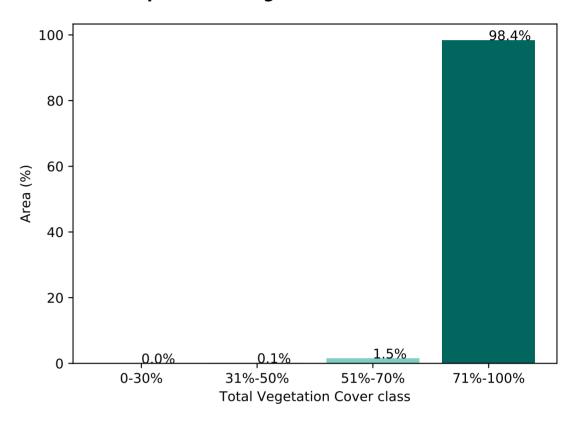


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

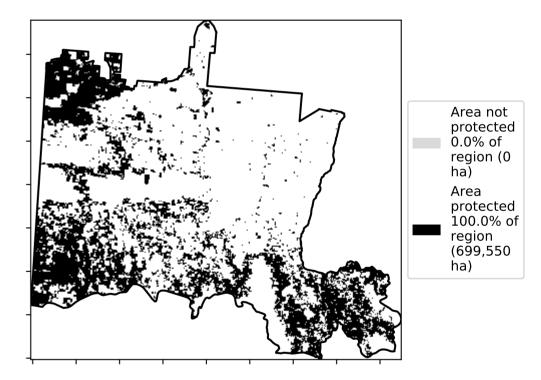


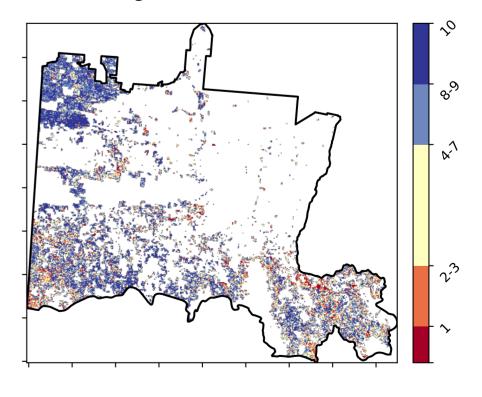
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









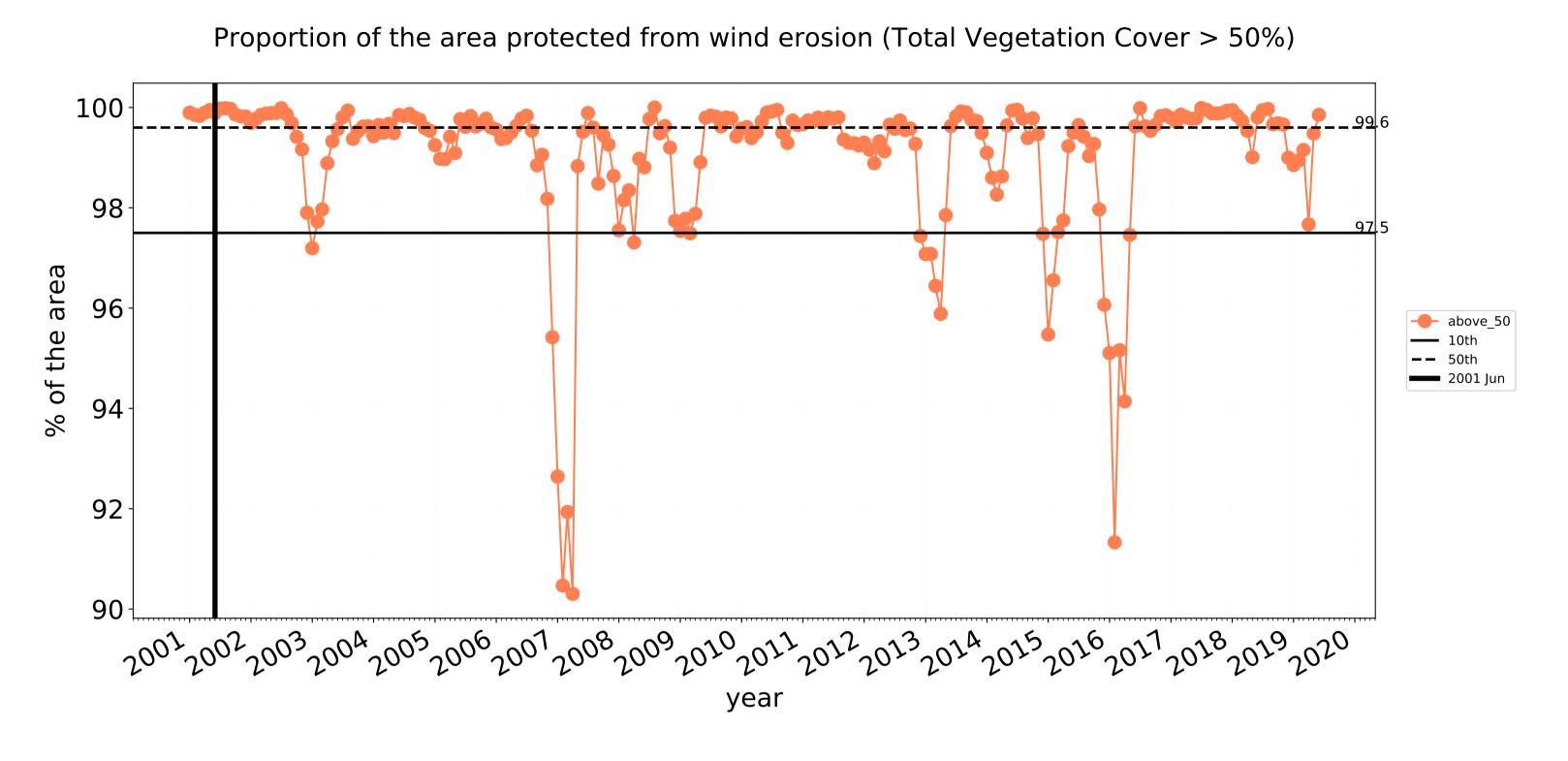


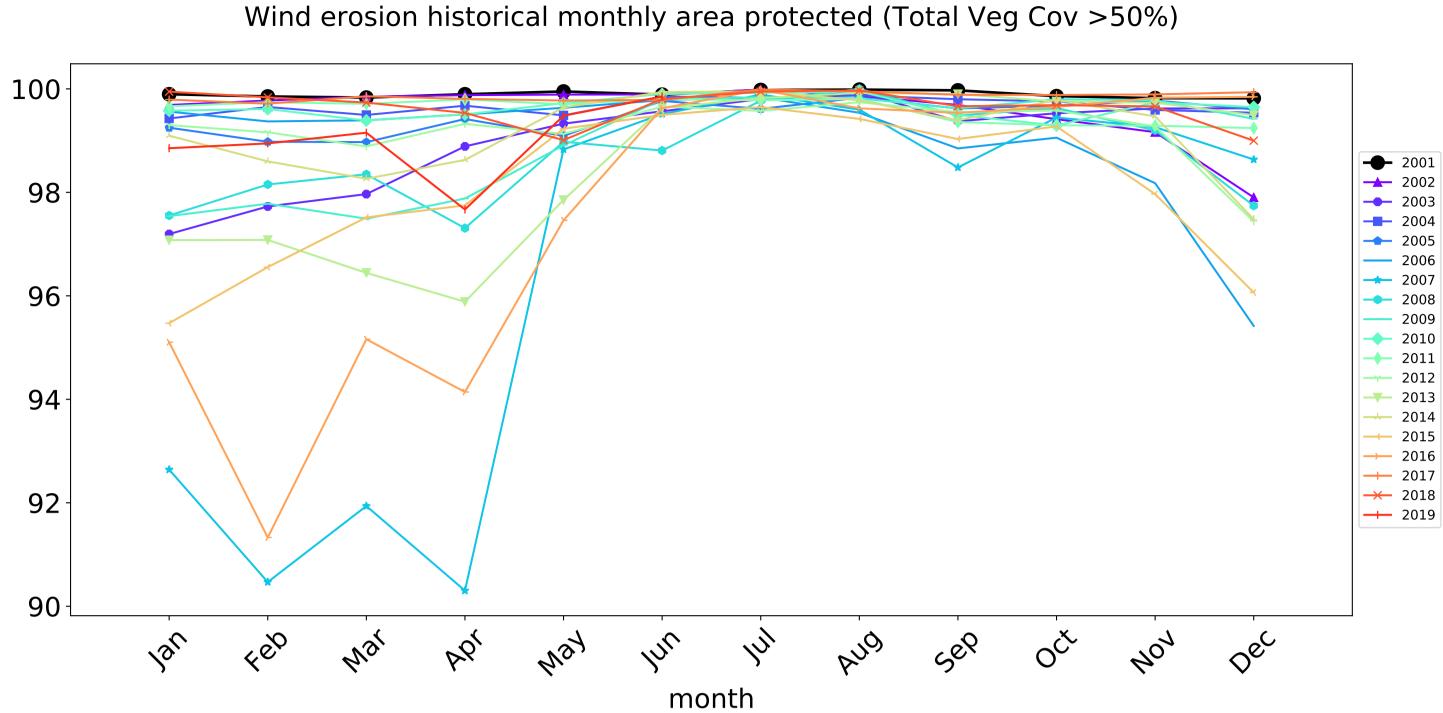


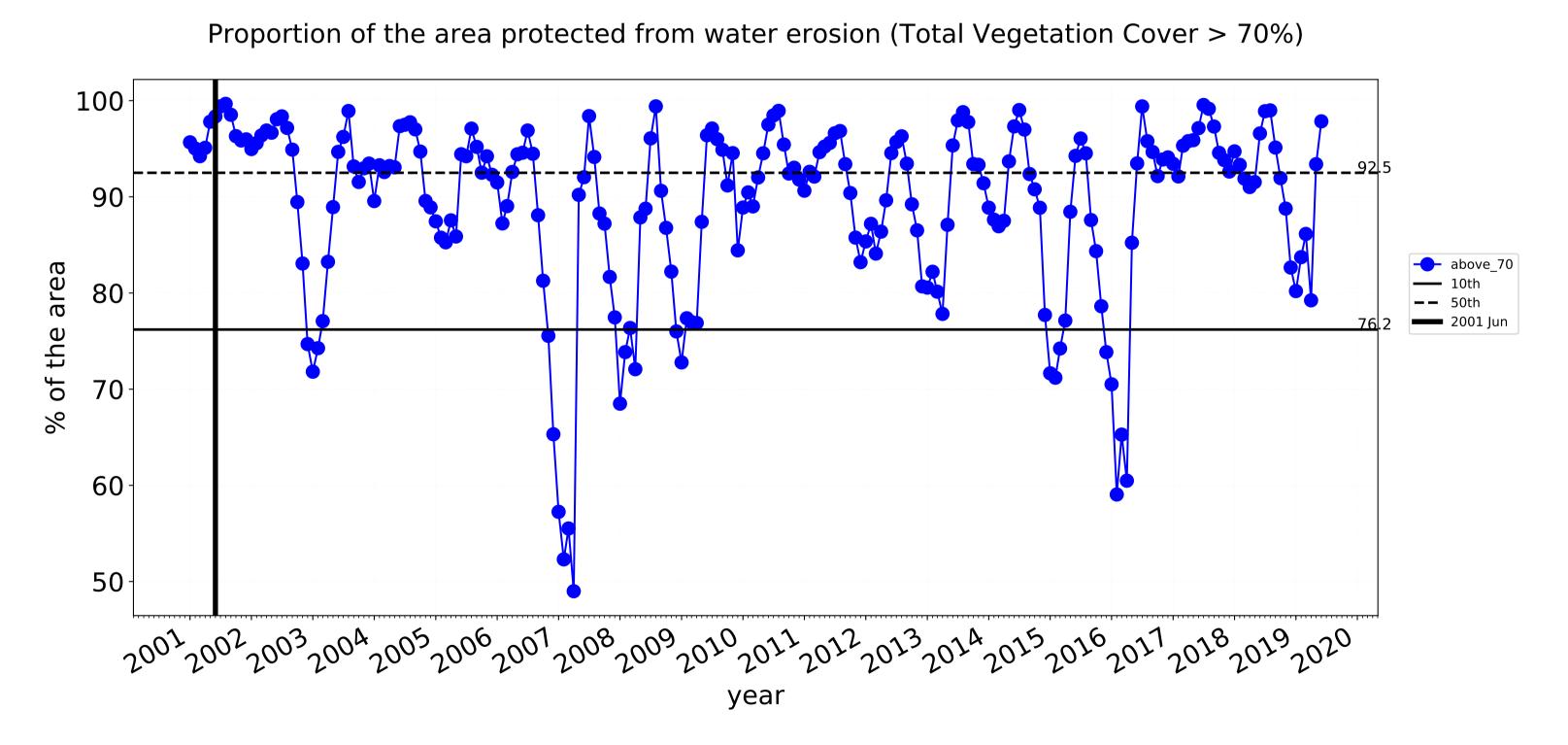


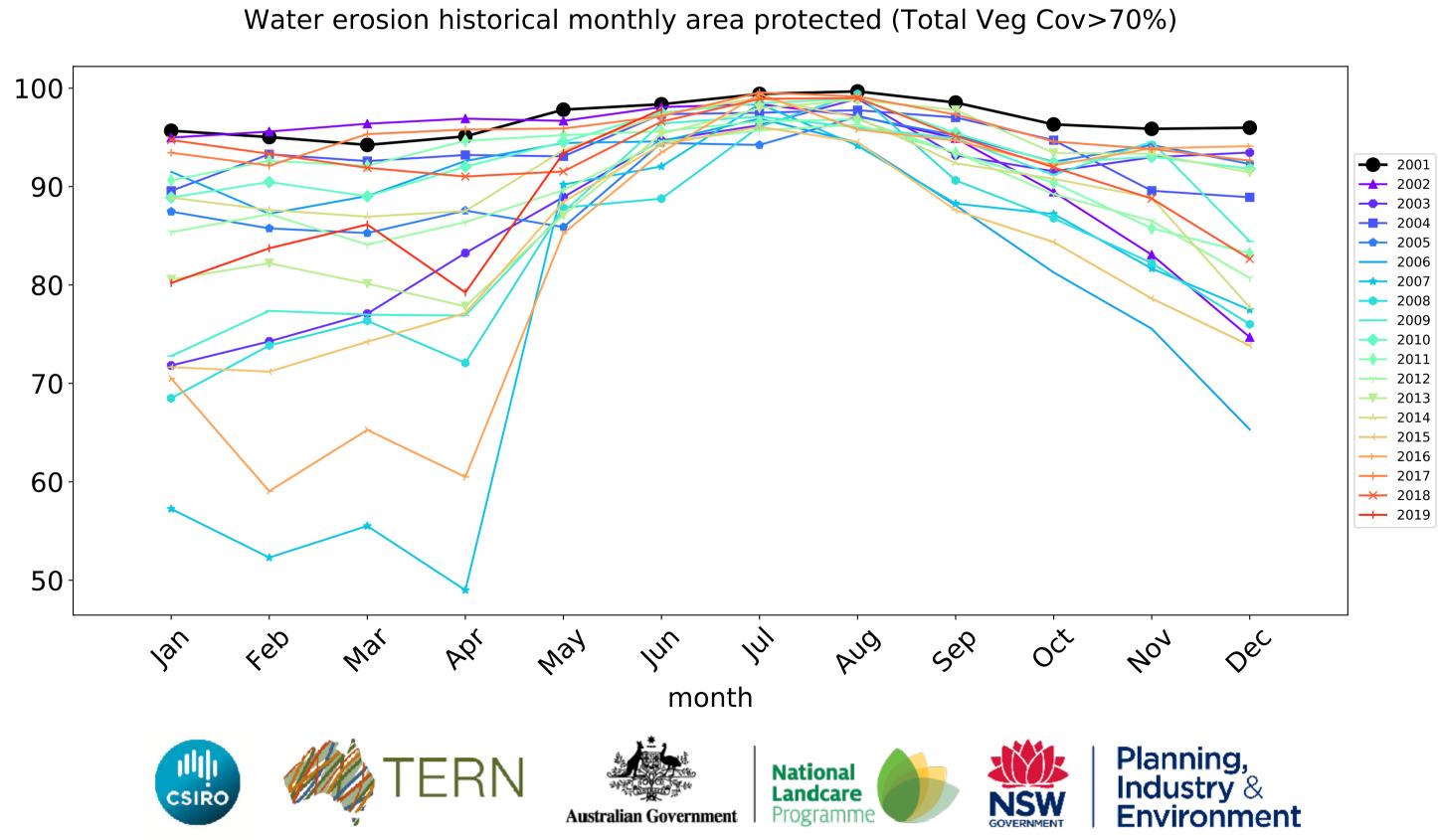


# **Grazing non forest timeseries**









# **Grazing Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

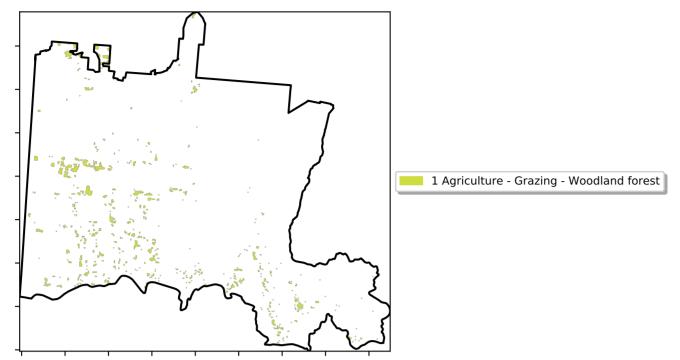
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

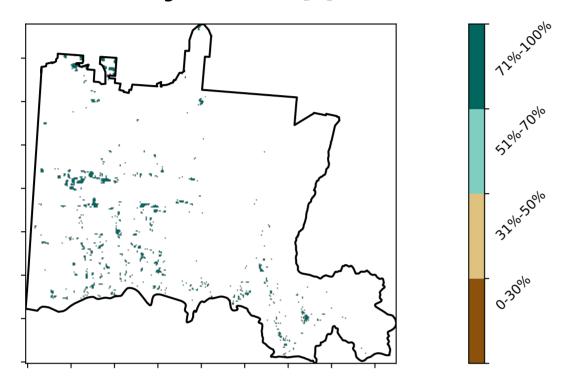
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

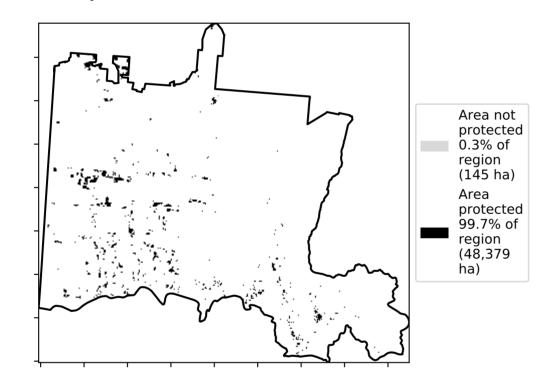
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



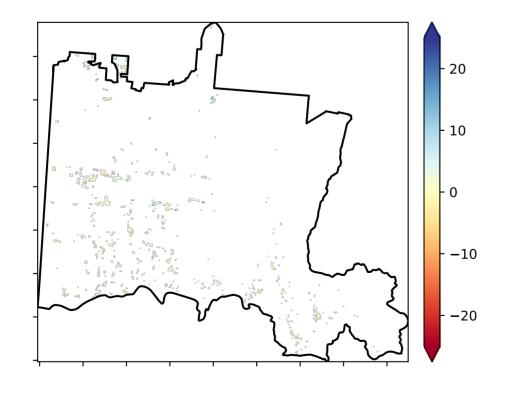
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

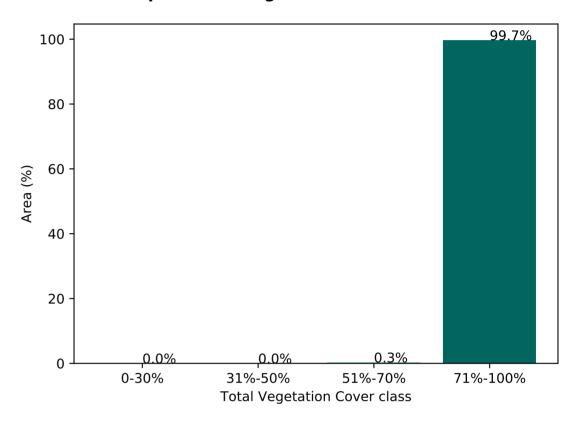


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

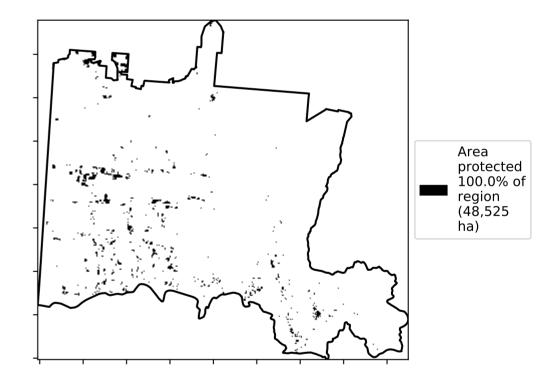


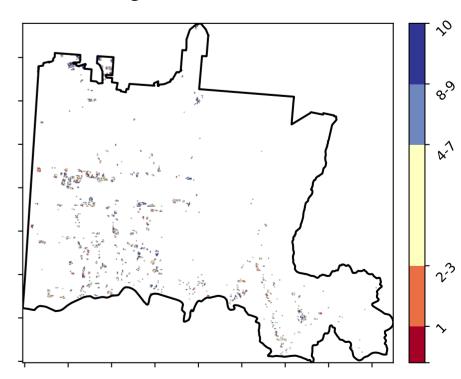
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









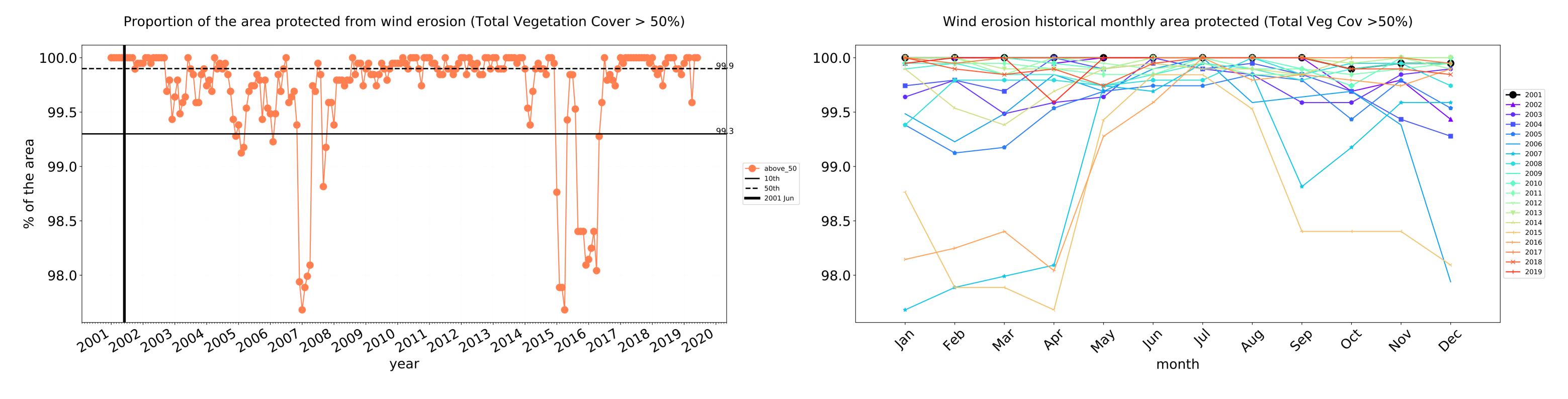


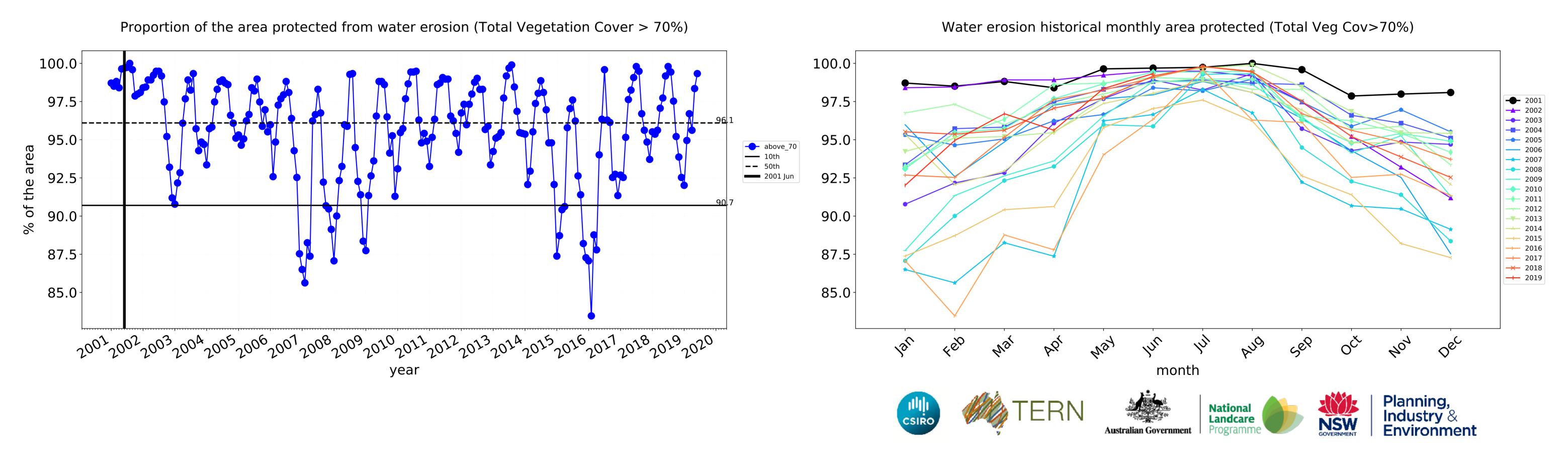






# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**





# **Cropping**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

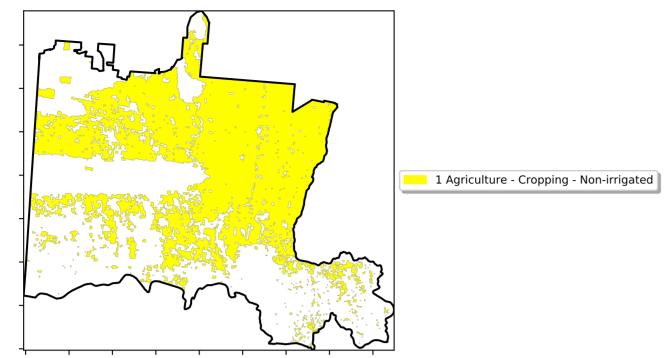
pixel is from

the mean. That

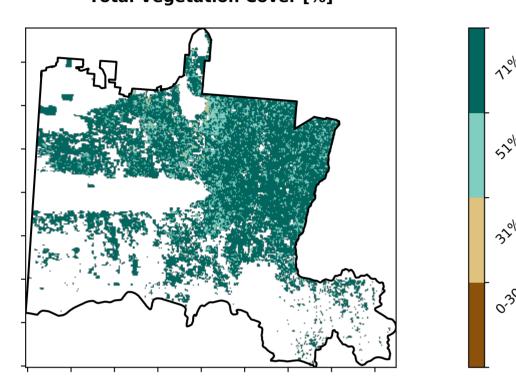
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

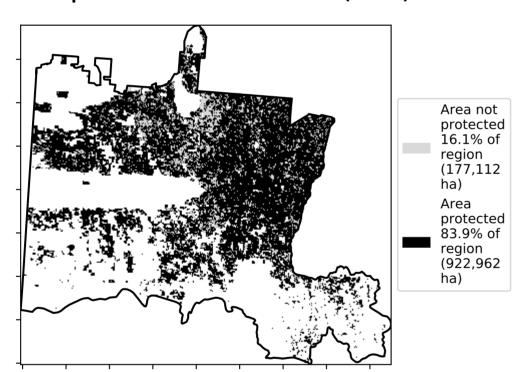
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



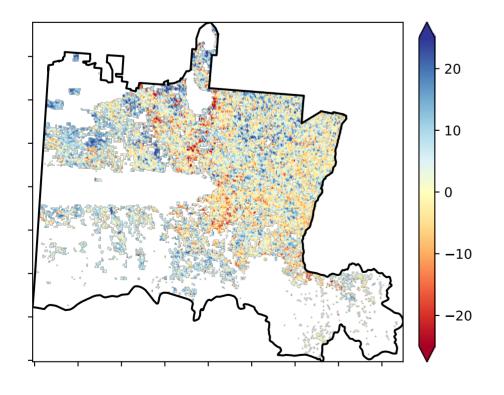
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

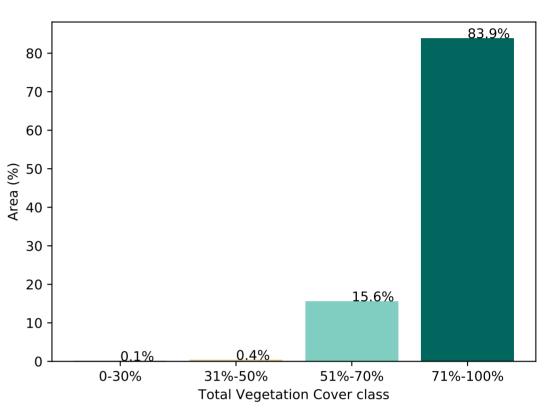


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

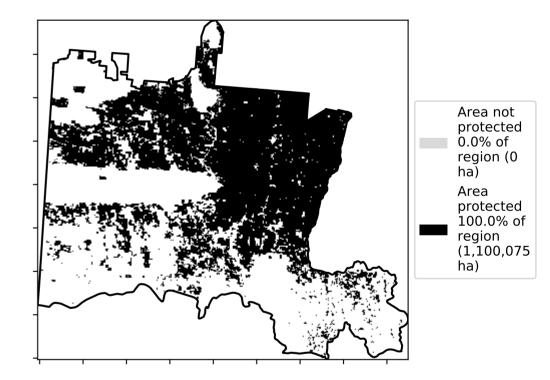


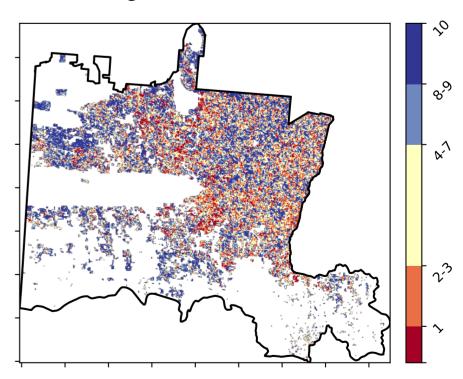
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









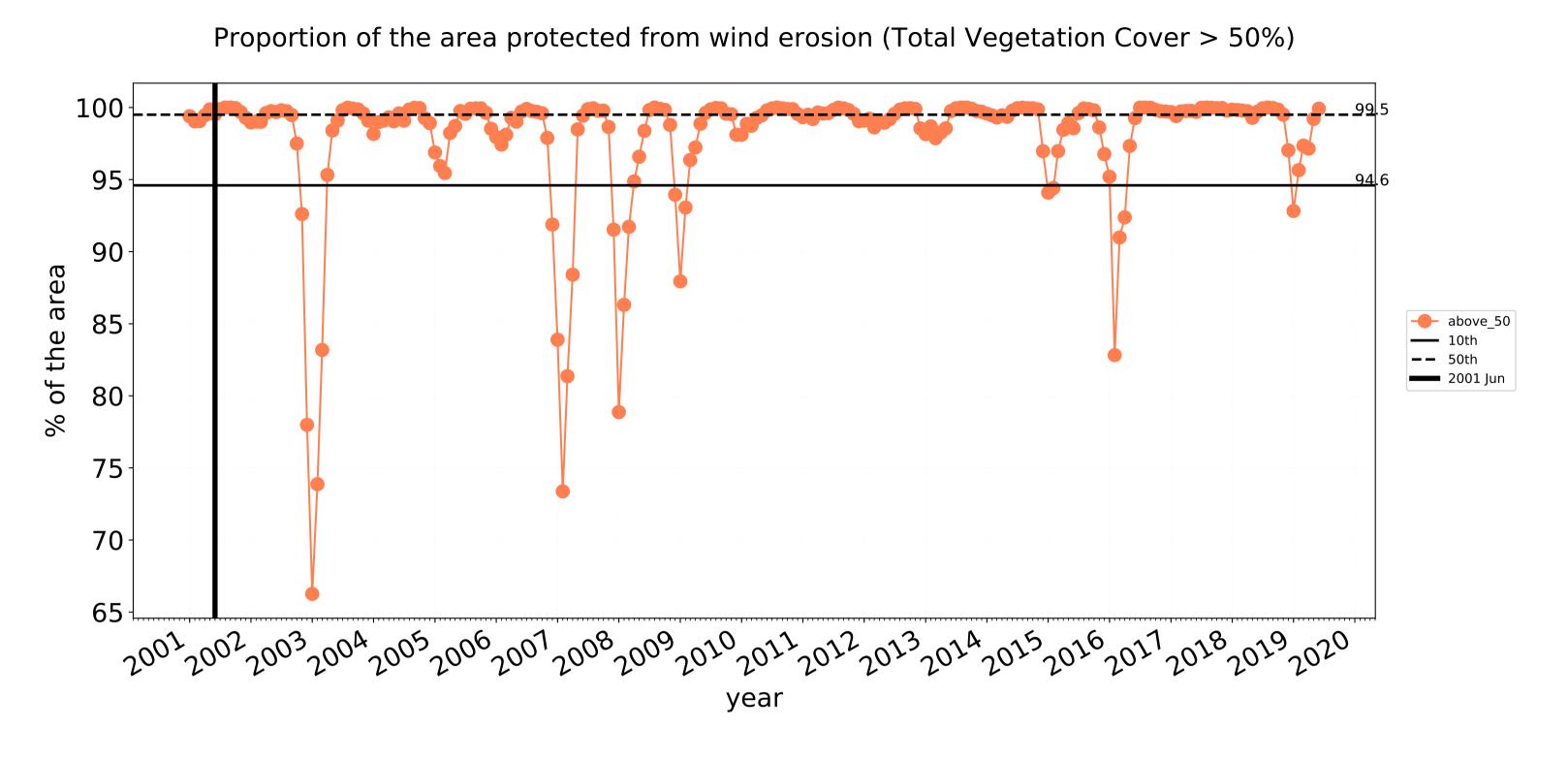


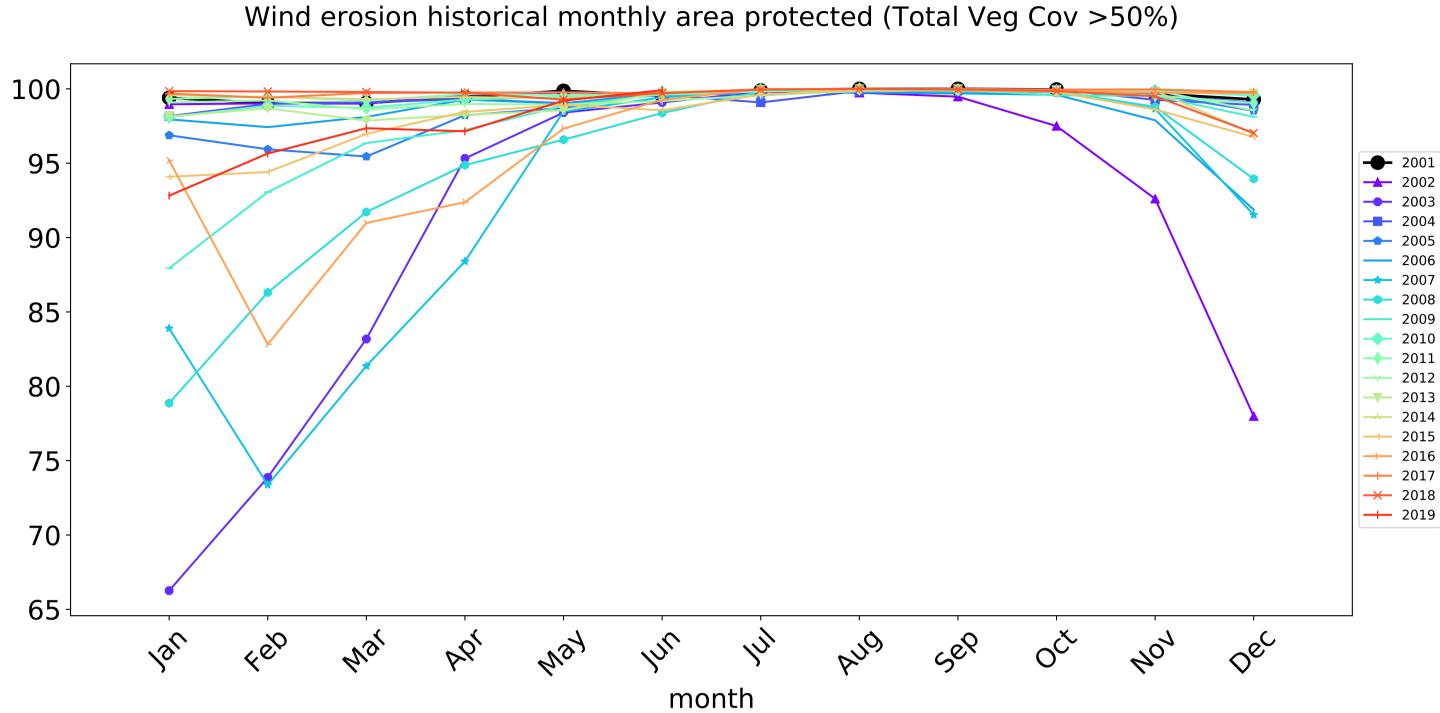


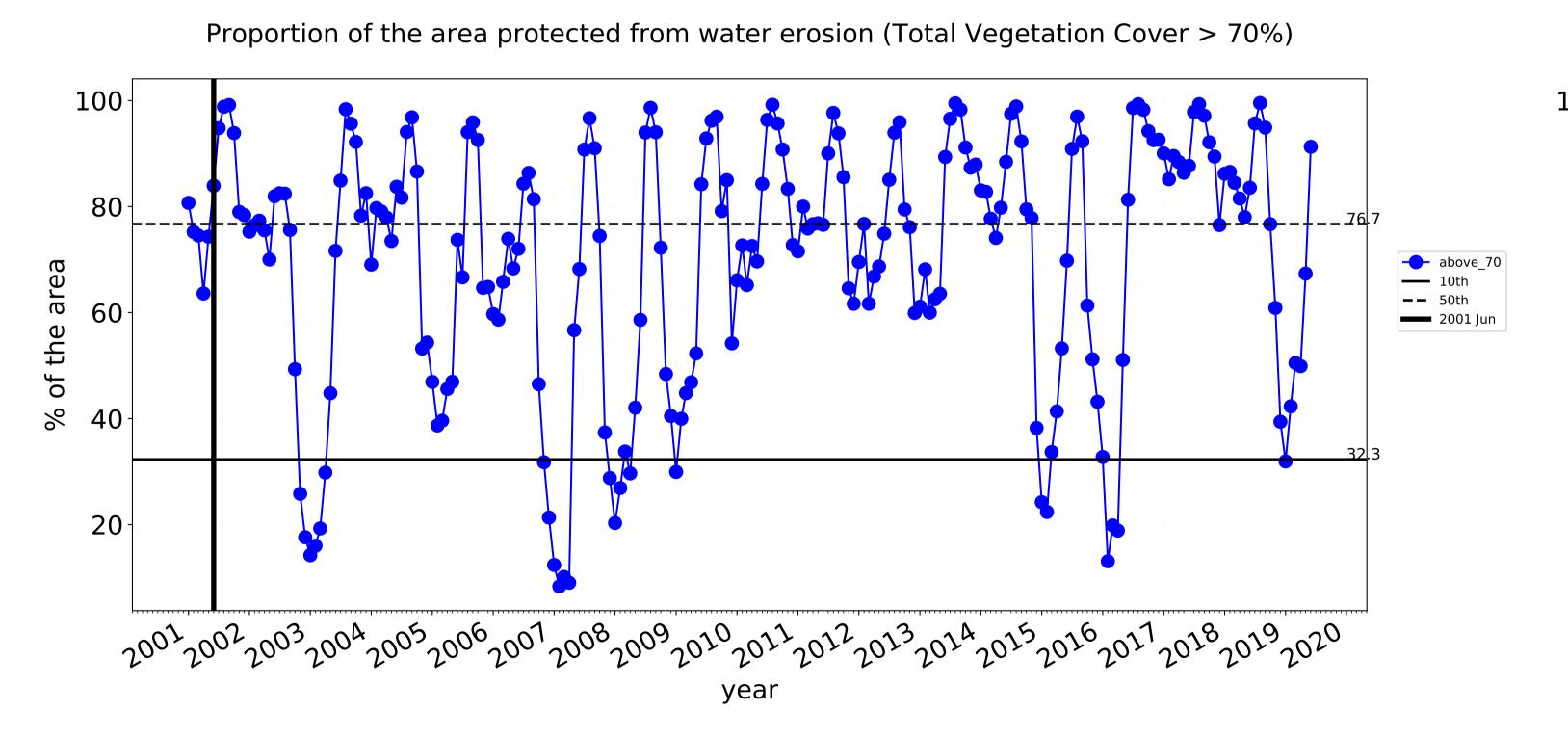


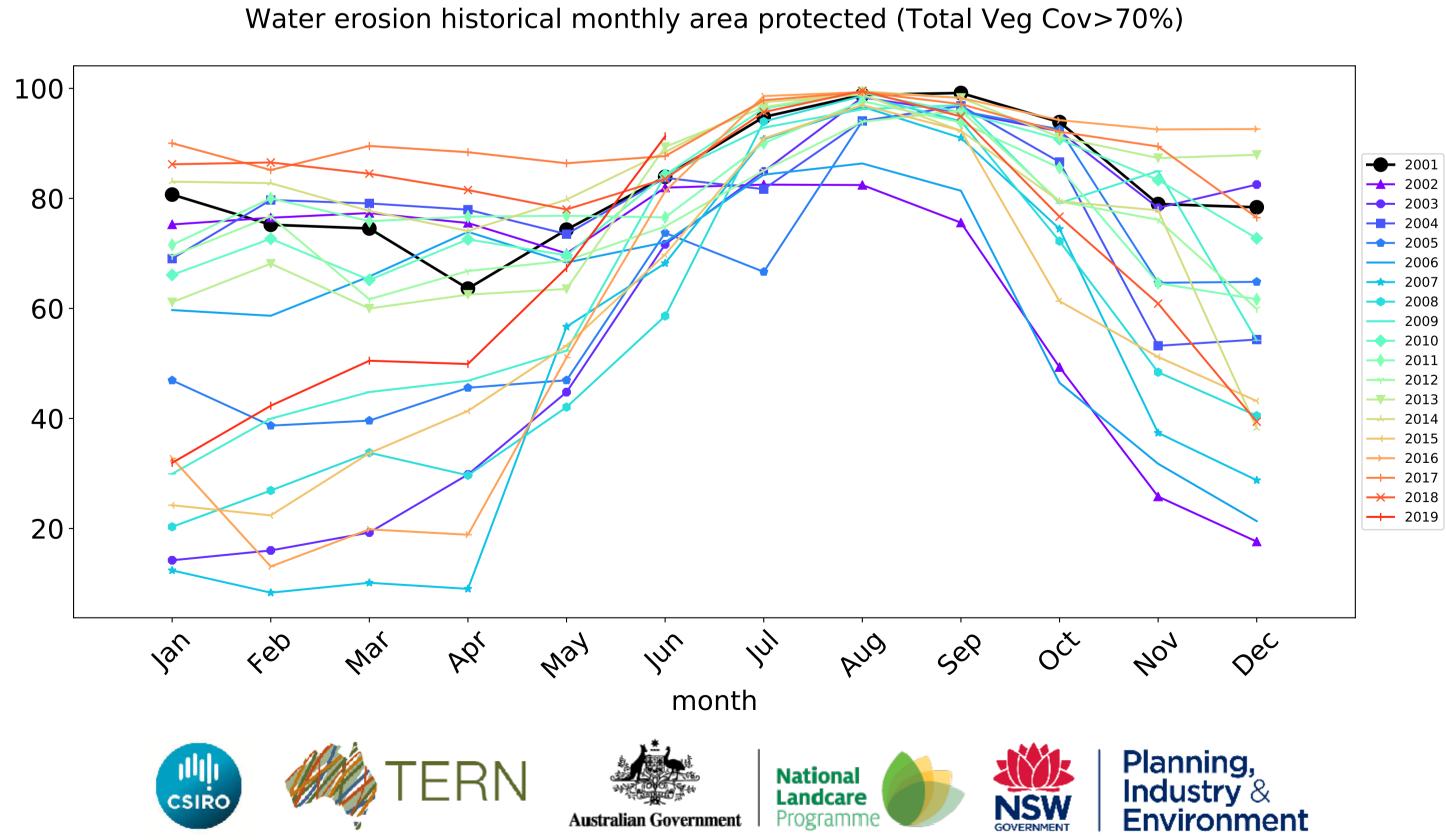


# **Cropping timeseries**









# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

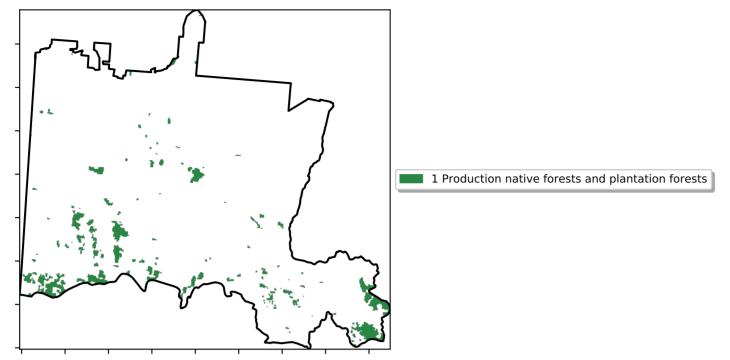
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

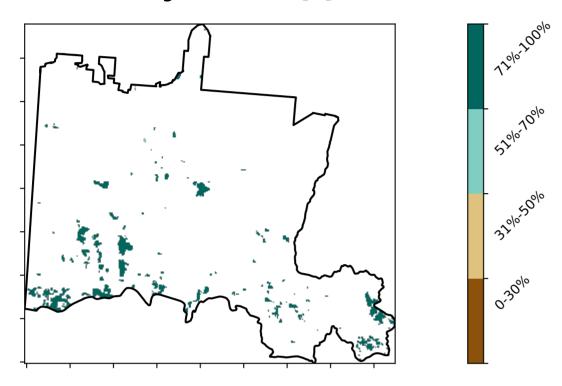
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

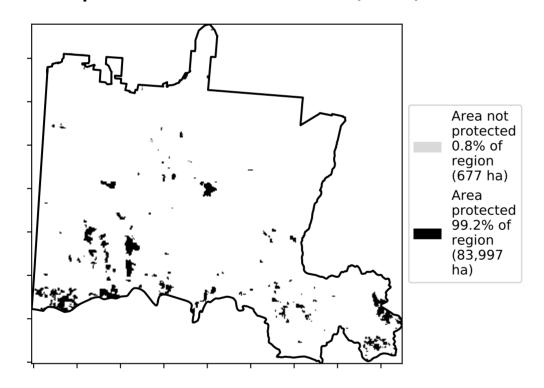
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



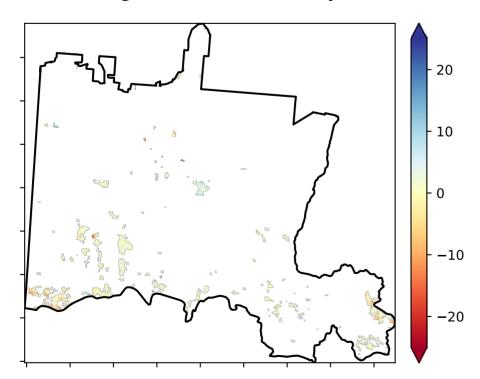
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

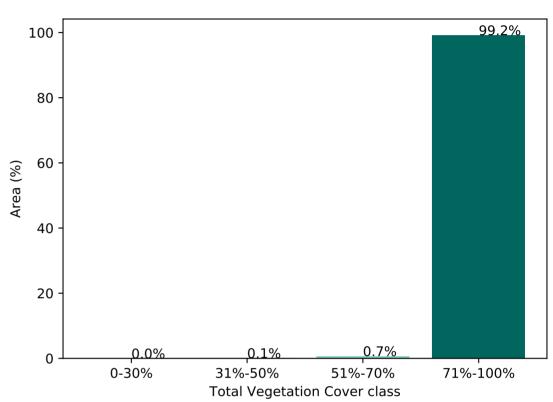


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

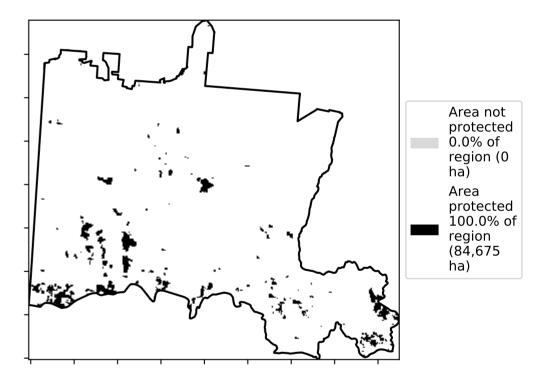


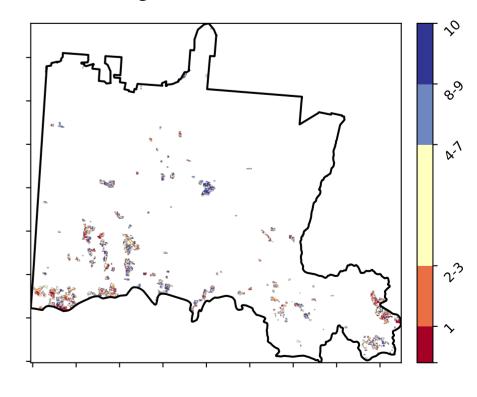
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









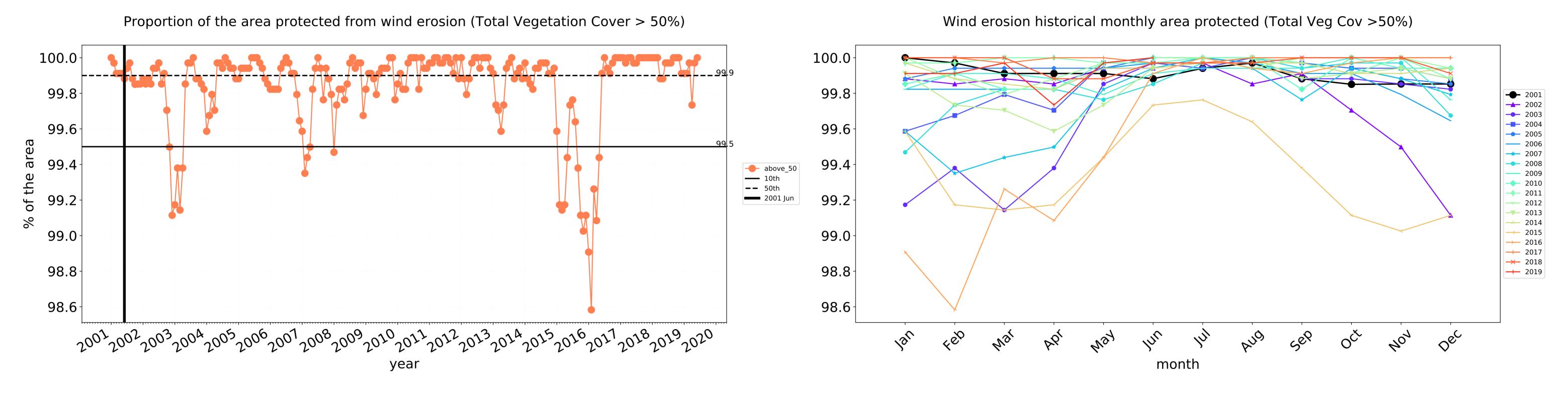


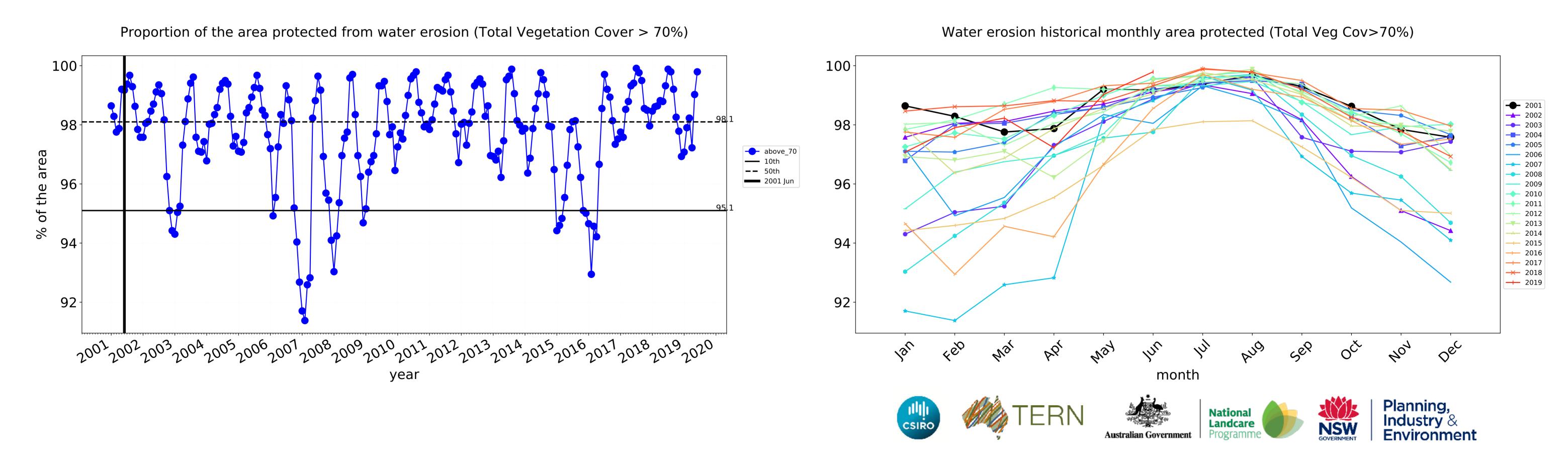






# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**





# Wimmera (2,329,950 ha and no data 15,562 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	2,329,950	100.0% 2,329,327	99.7% 2,323,157	91.3% 2,127,985	72.7% 1,693,646	42.0% 978,890	18.9% 439,602
Conservation and natural environments	258,500	100.0% 258,475	99.9% 258,325	99.2% 256,375	96.3% 248,950	52.3% 135,150	14.7% 38,125
Conservation and natural environments non forest	43,675	99.9% 43,650	99.7% 43,550	97.2% 42,450	90.5% 39,525	49.1% 21,425	18.1% 7,925
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	194,250	100.0% 194,250	100.0% 194,225	99.6% 193,475	97.5% 189,350	50.8% 98,775	12.3% 23,975
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	20,575	100.0% 20,575	99.9% 20,550	99.4% 20,450	97.6% 20,075	72.7% 14,950	30.3% 6,225
Agriculture	1,856,200	100.0% 1,855,725	99.7% 1,850,175	89.8% 1,667,725	68.2% 1,265,825	39.5% 732,750	19.4% 360,250
Grazing	751,250	100.0% 751,150	99.9% 750,475	98.5% 739,625	93.5% 702,500	66.8% 501,800	32.9% 247,500
Grazing non forest	699,550	100.0% 699,450	99.9% 698,775	98.4% 688,075	93.2% 652,300	67.1% 469,425	33.7% 235,950
Grazing Woodland forest	48,525	100.0% 48,525	100.0% 48,525	99.7% 48,375	97.1% 47,100	61.6% 29,900	21.6% 10,500
Cropping	1,100,075	100.0% 1,099,700	99.5% 1,094,825	83.9% 923,250	50.8% 558,775	20.8% 228,400	10.2% 111,825
Production native forests and plantation forests	84,675	100.0% 84,675	99.9% 84,575	99.2% 83,975	96.5% 81,725	64.7% 54,800	21.5% 18,200











