# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:NRM West Gippsland VIC

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

### **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

### **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3











**Date: November 2016** 



## **Vegetation Cover Nov 2016**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the

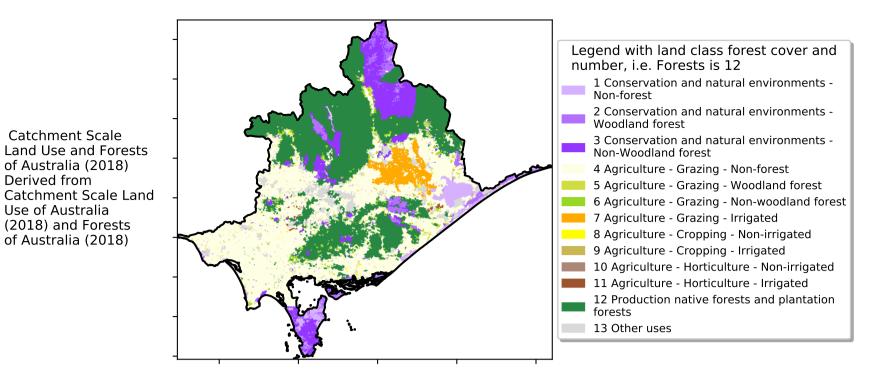
using baseline from 2001 to

2019.

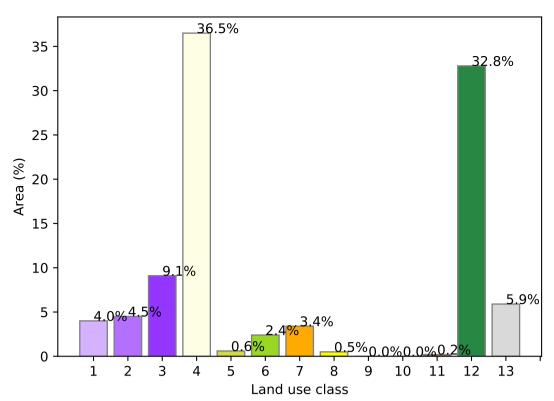
month of the map

Derived from

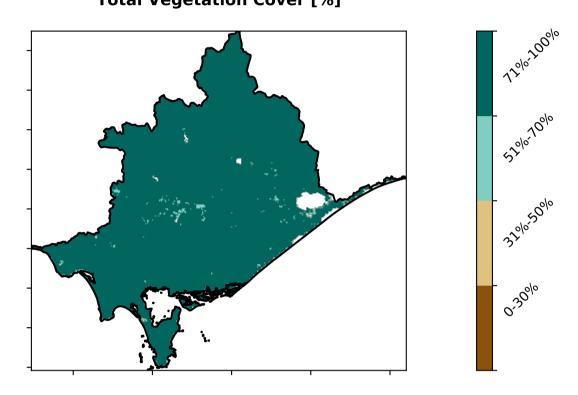
Use of Australia



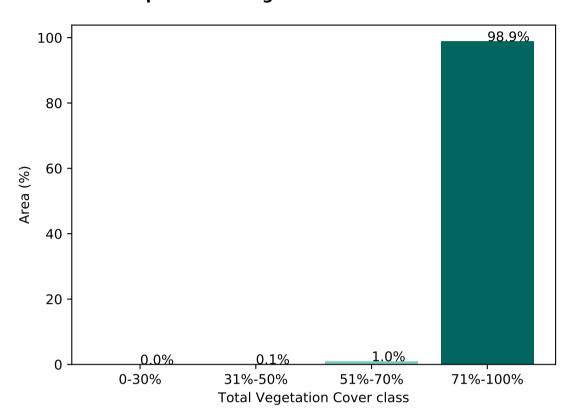
#### Proportion of each land class in area



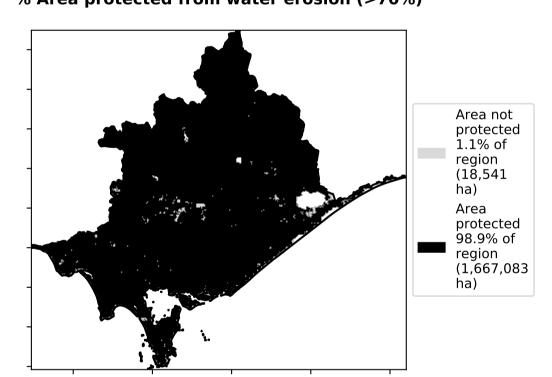
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



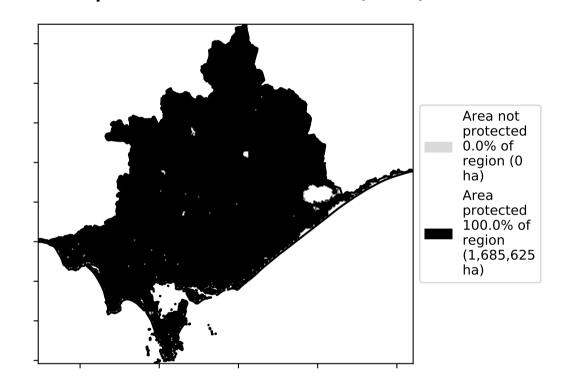
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



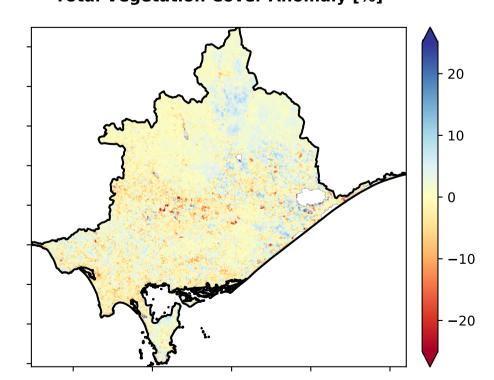
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



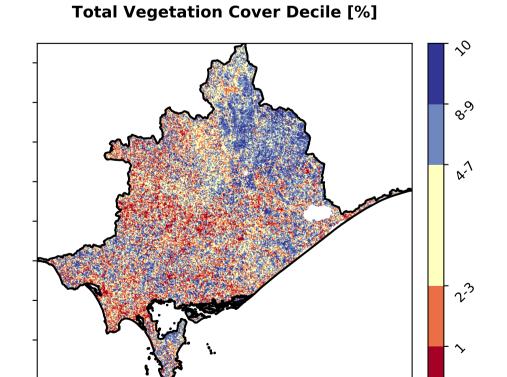
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



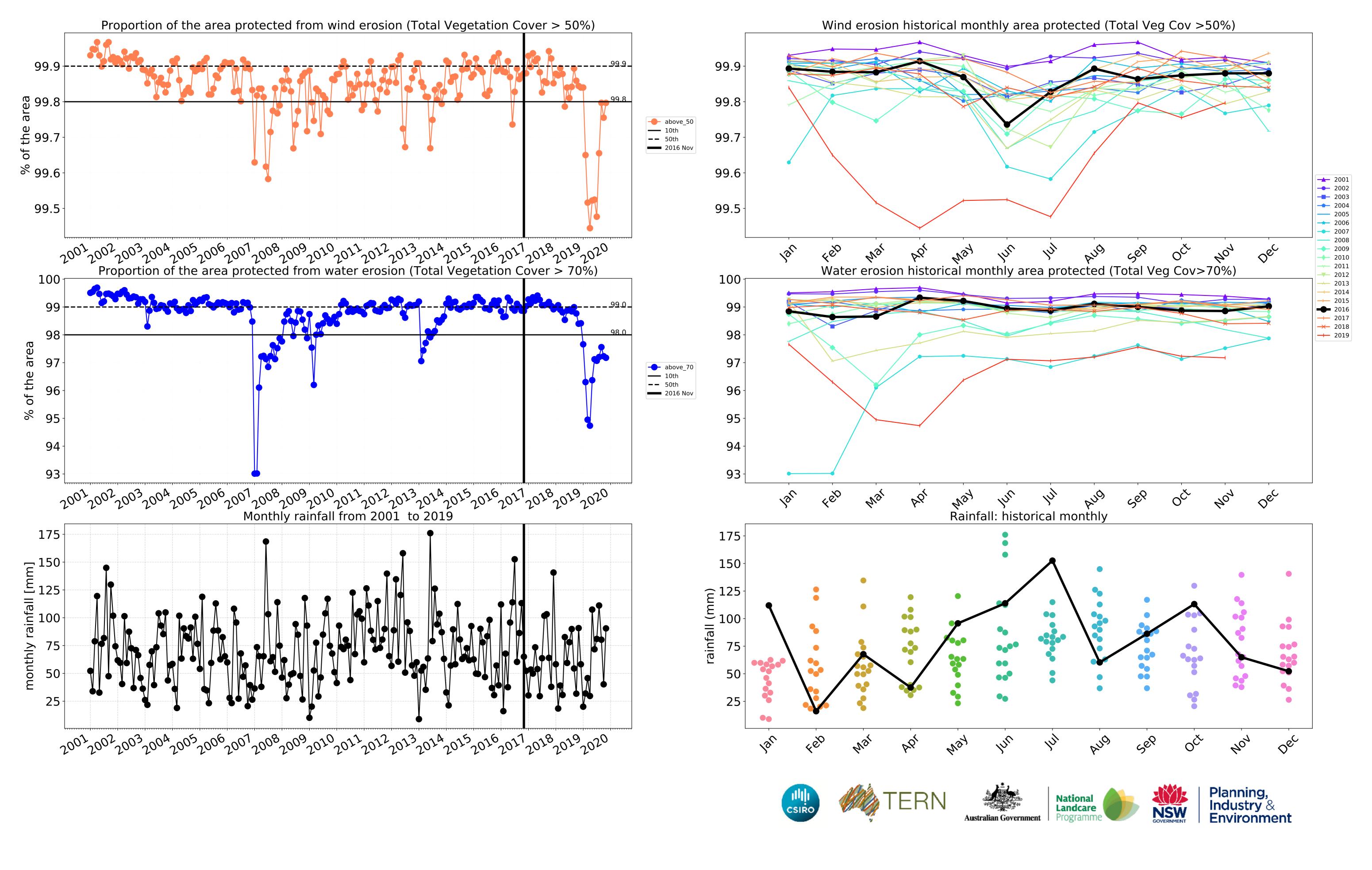


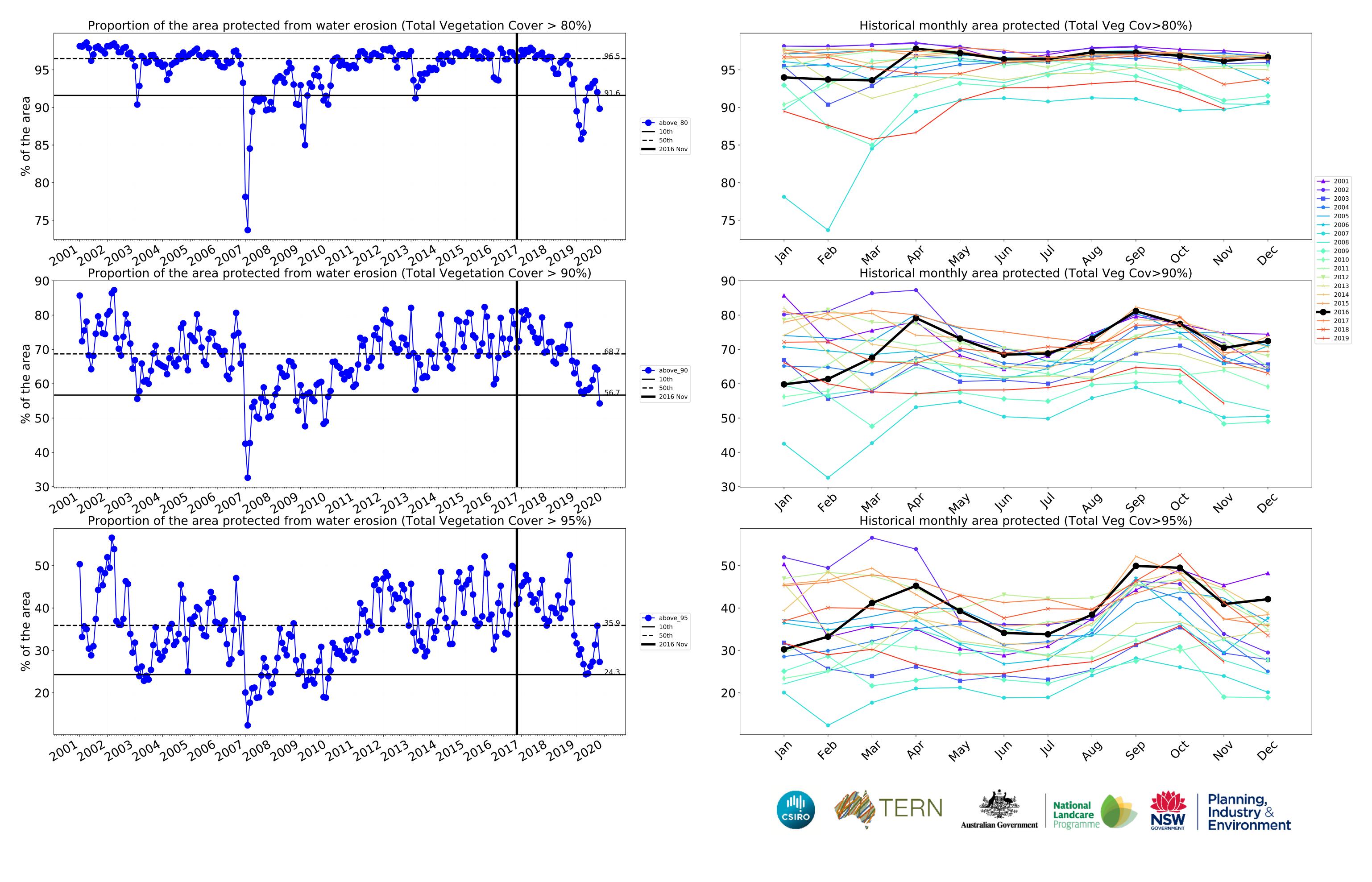








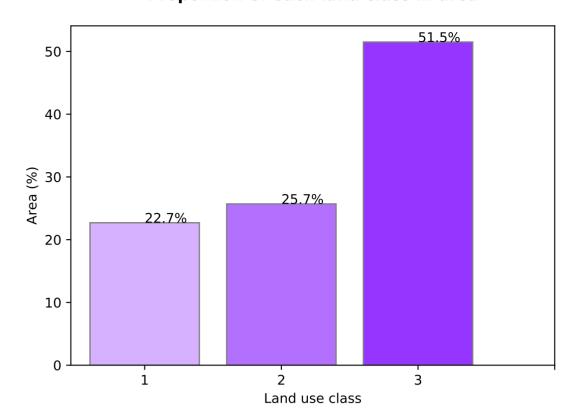




### **Conservation and natural environments**

## Catchment Scale 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland Catchment Scale Land 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest of Australia (2018)

#### Proportion of each land class in area



Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

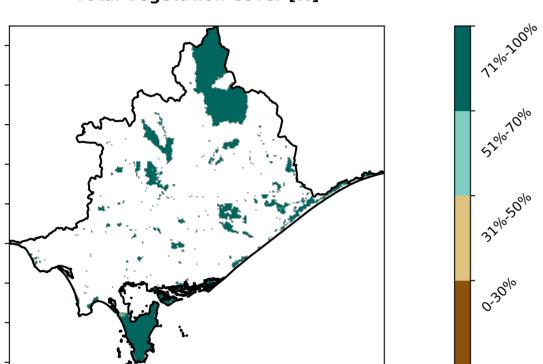
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

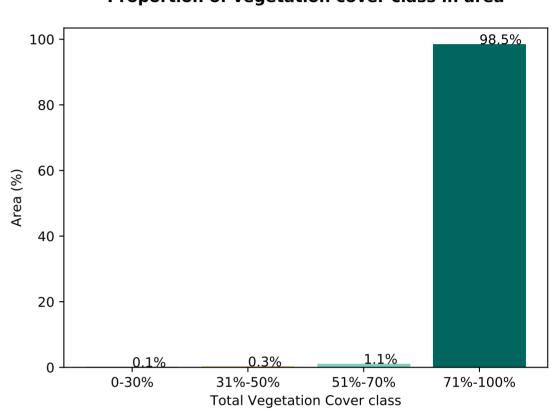
is only for the month of the map



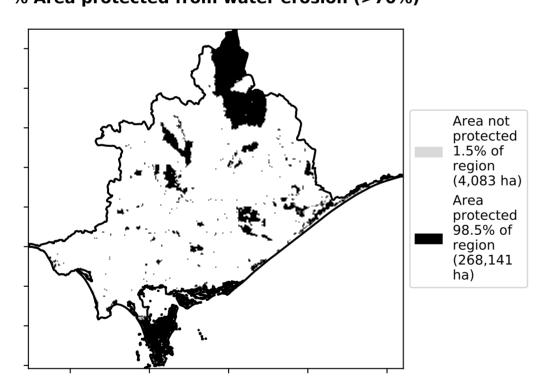
Land use and forest cover



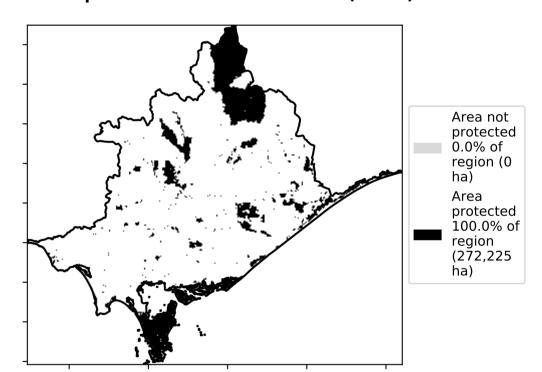
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



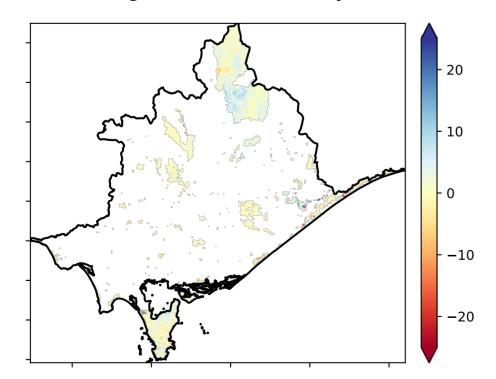
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

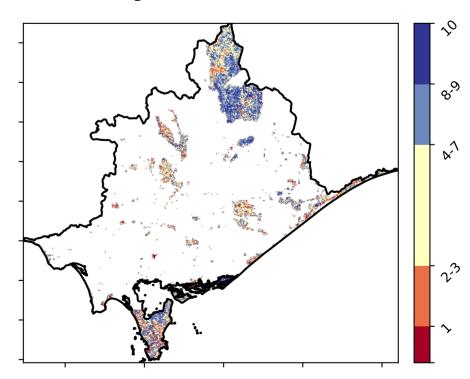


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 







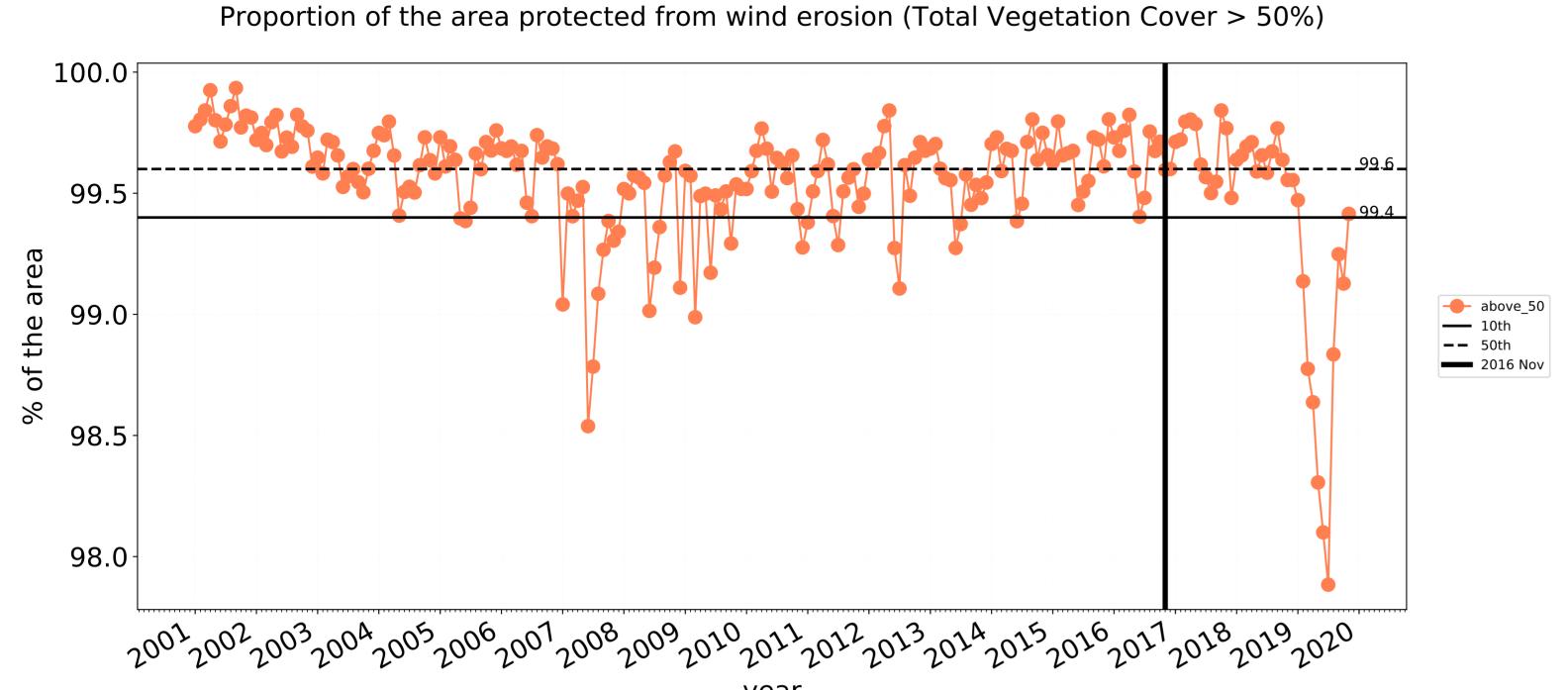


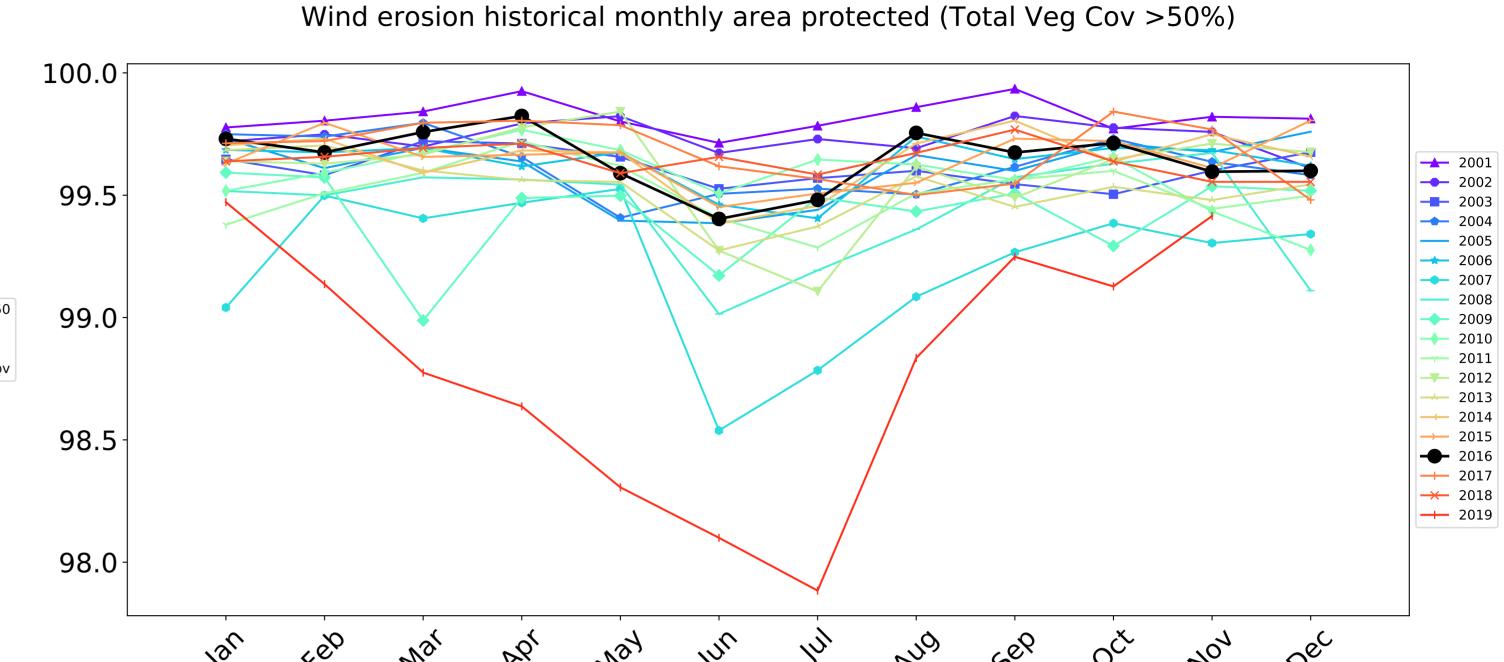




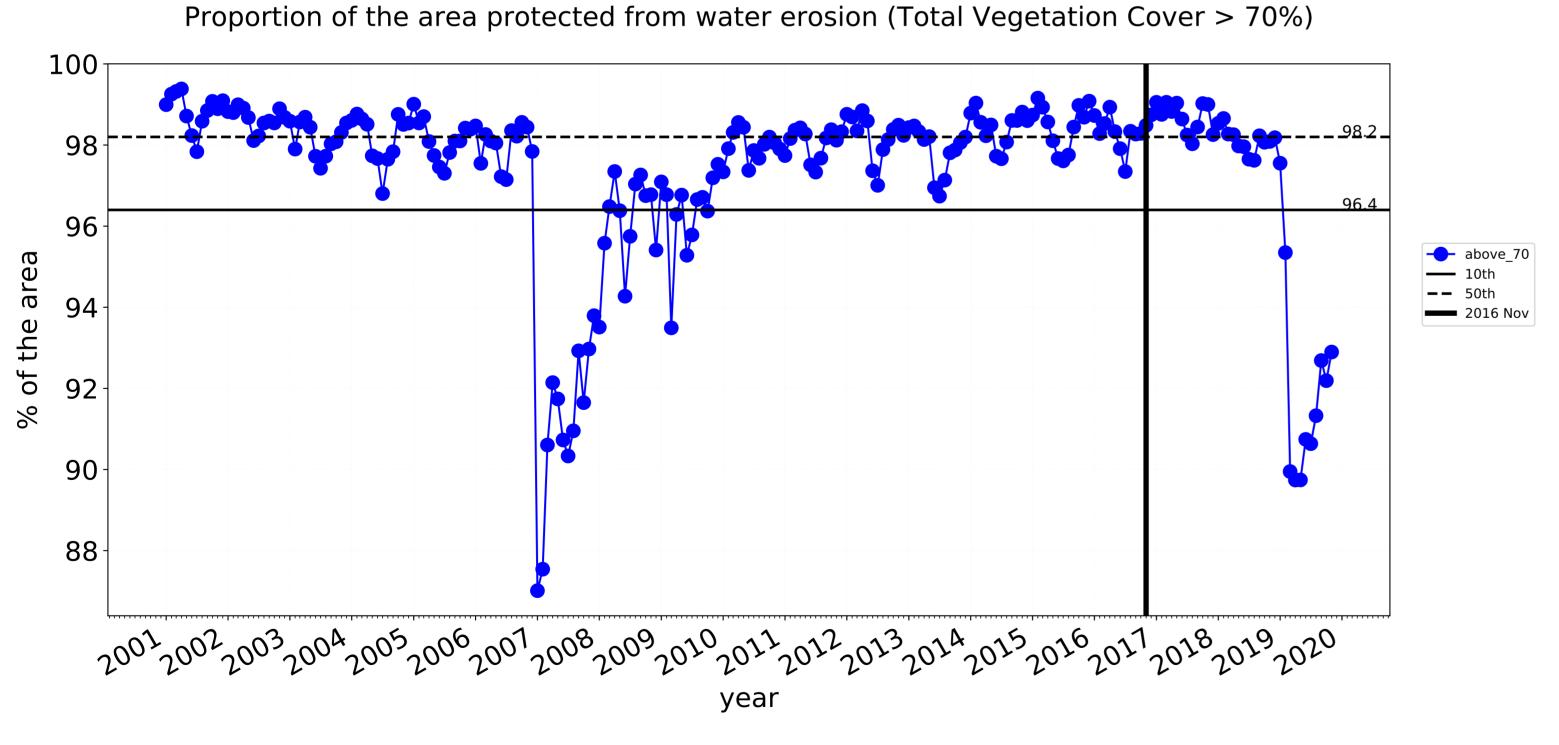


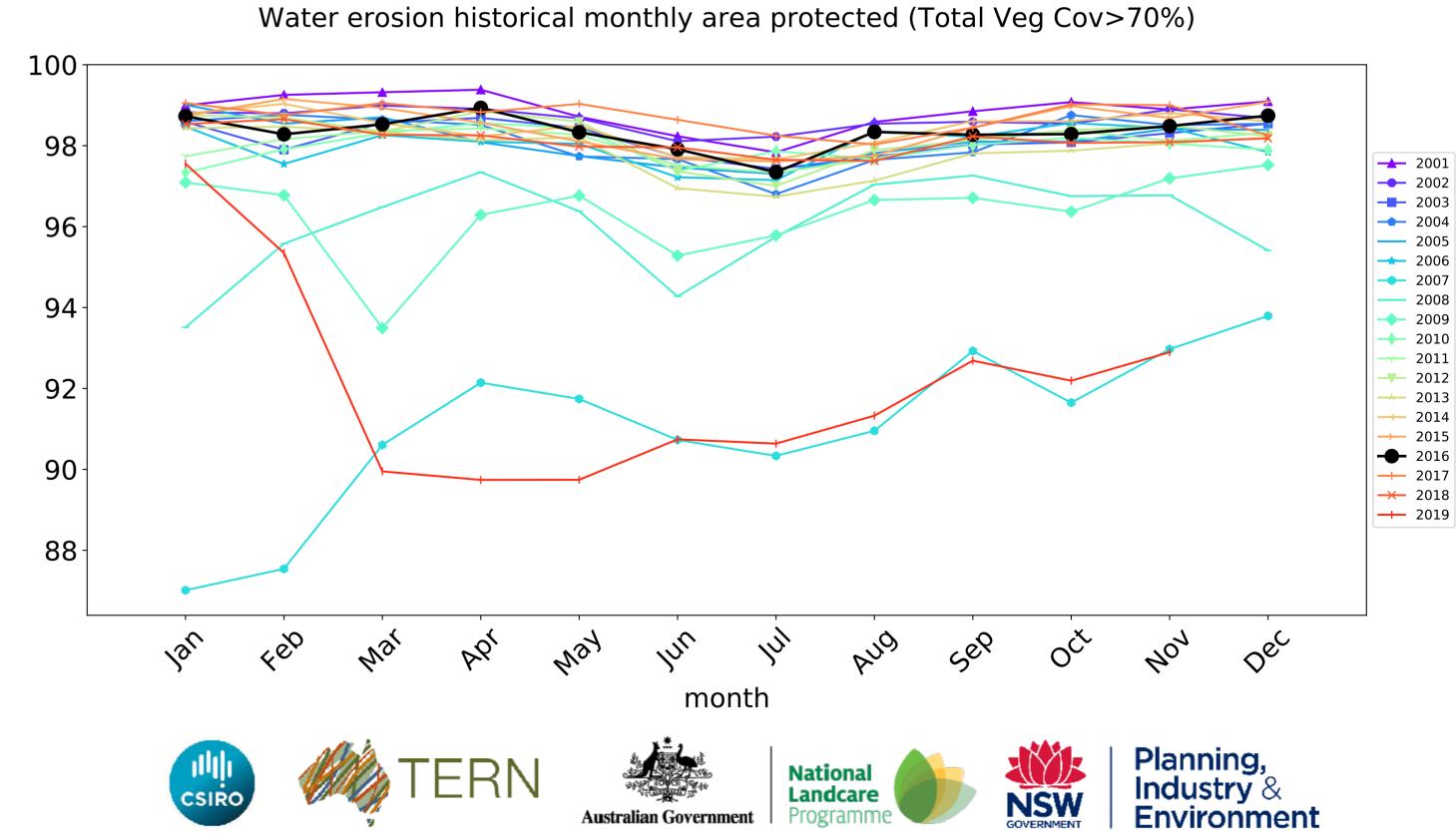
### **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

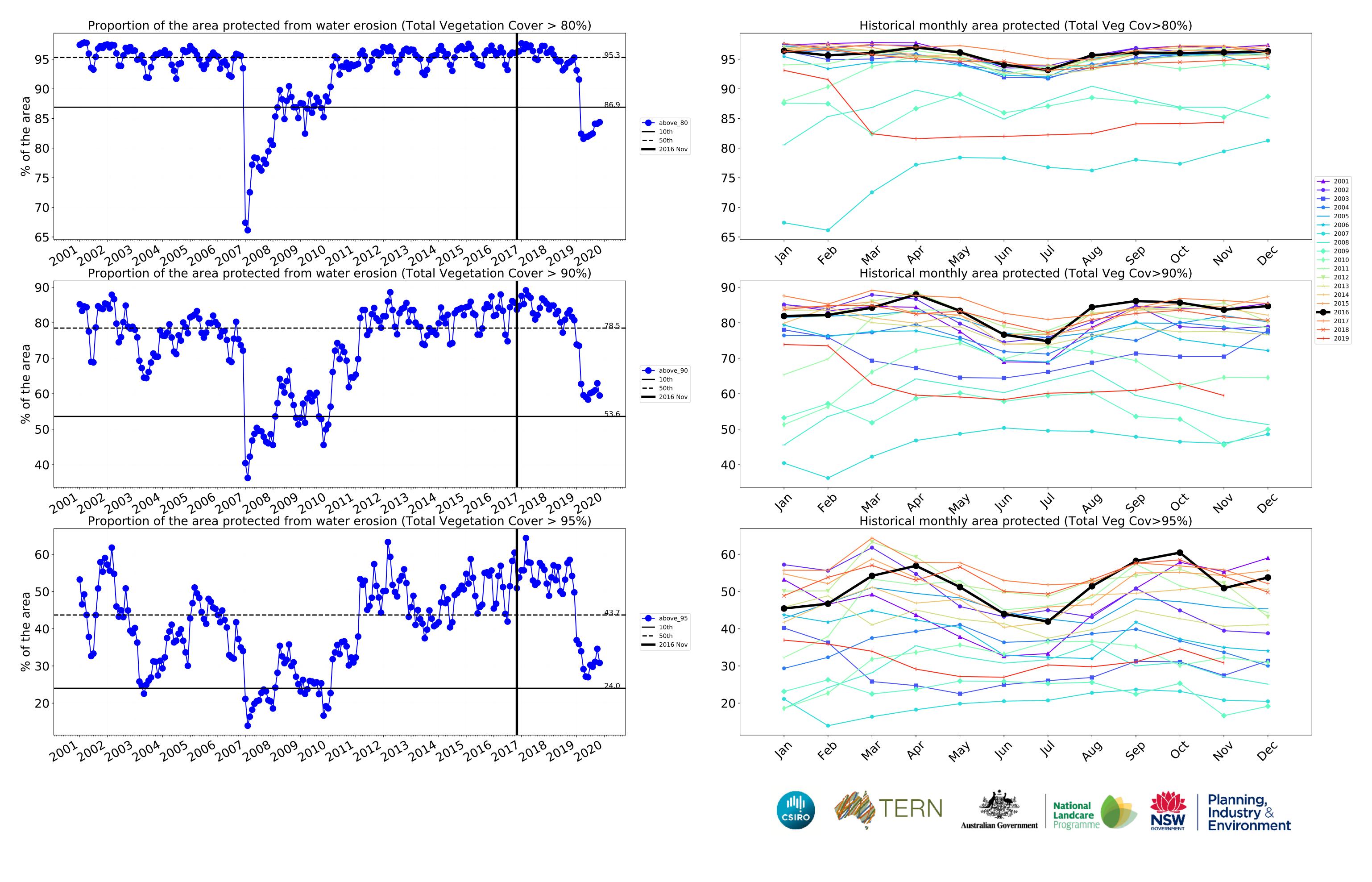




month







### **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

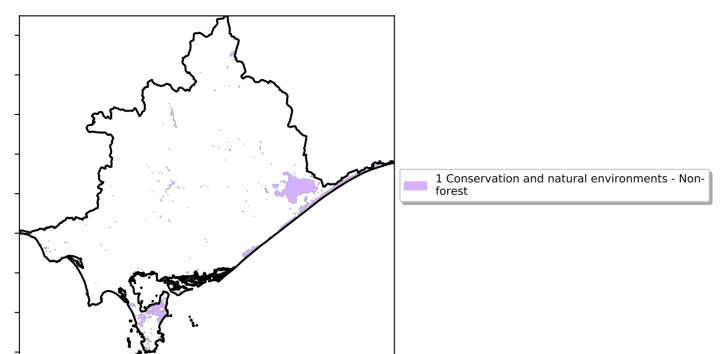
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

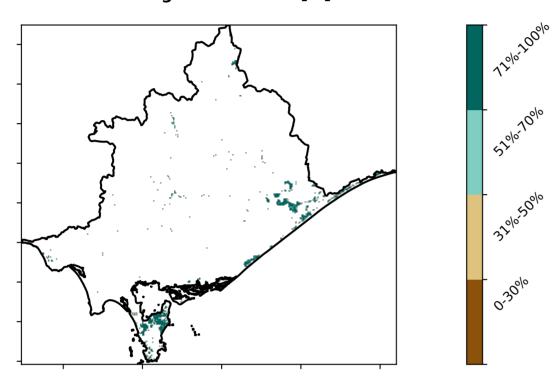
the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

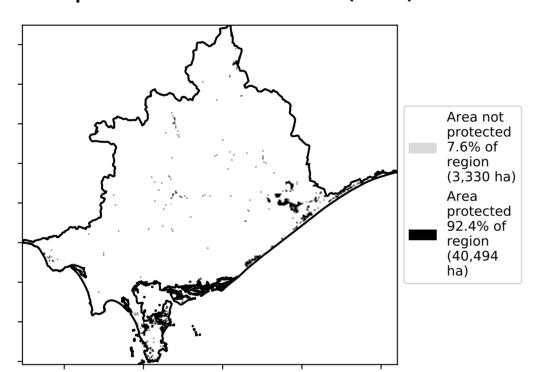
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



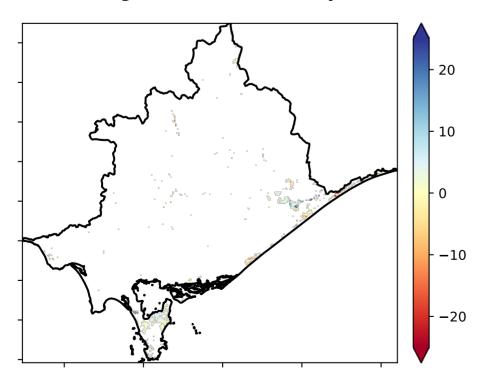
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

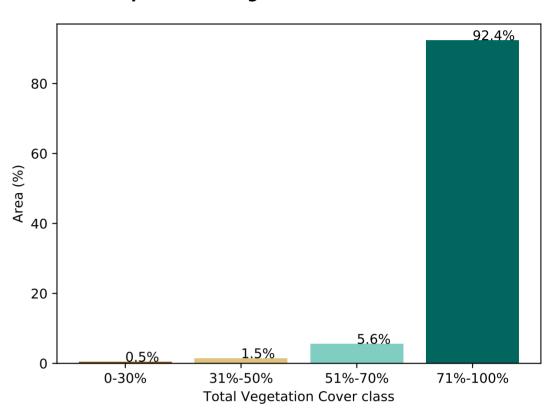


#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

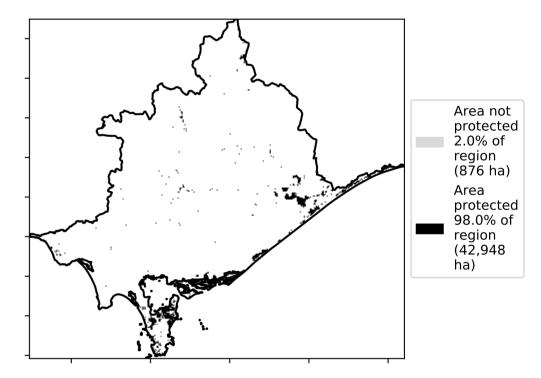


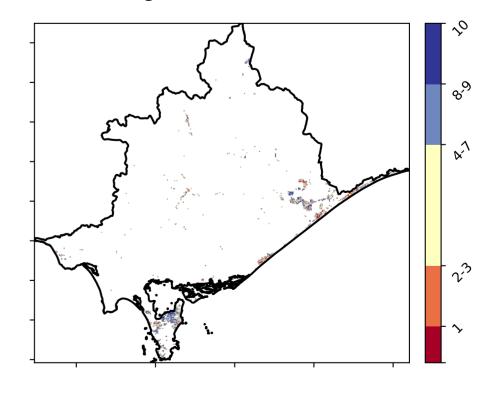
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)











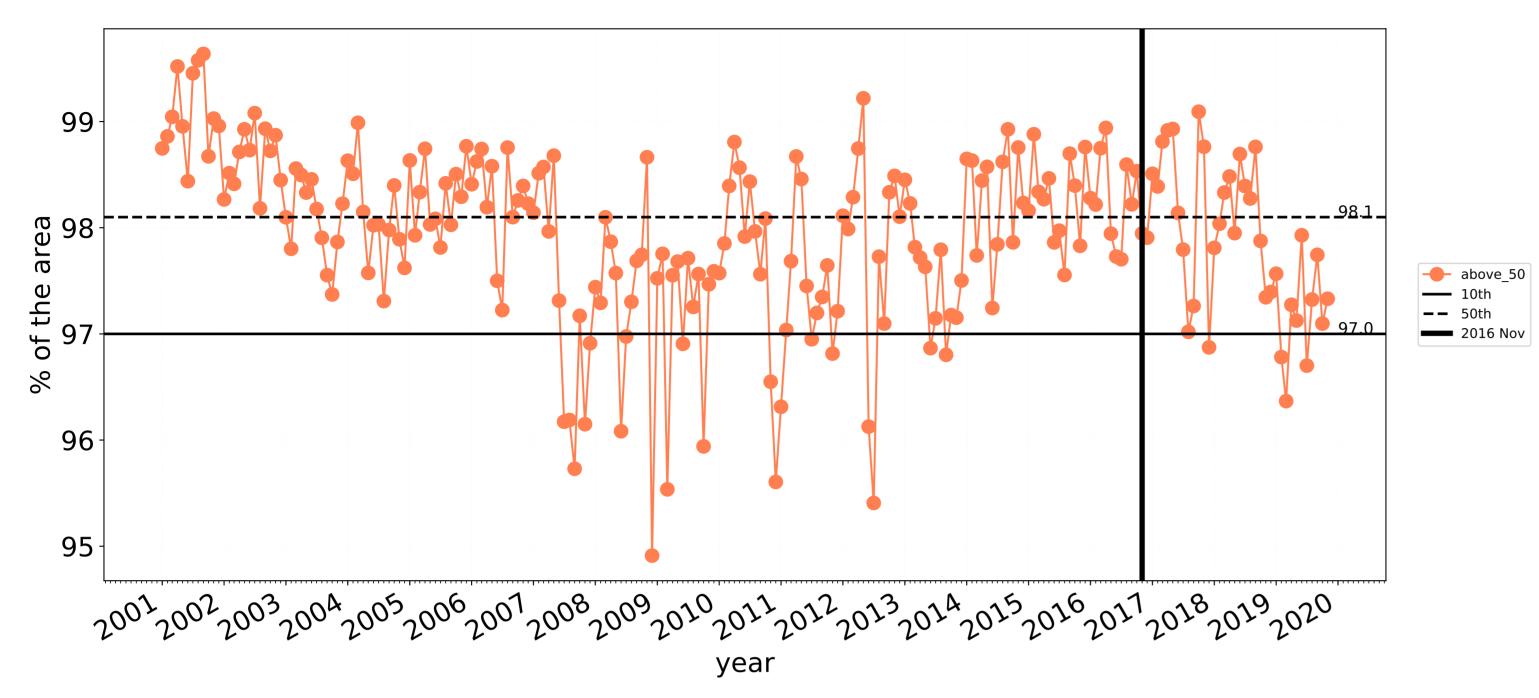




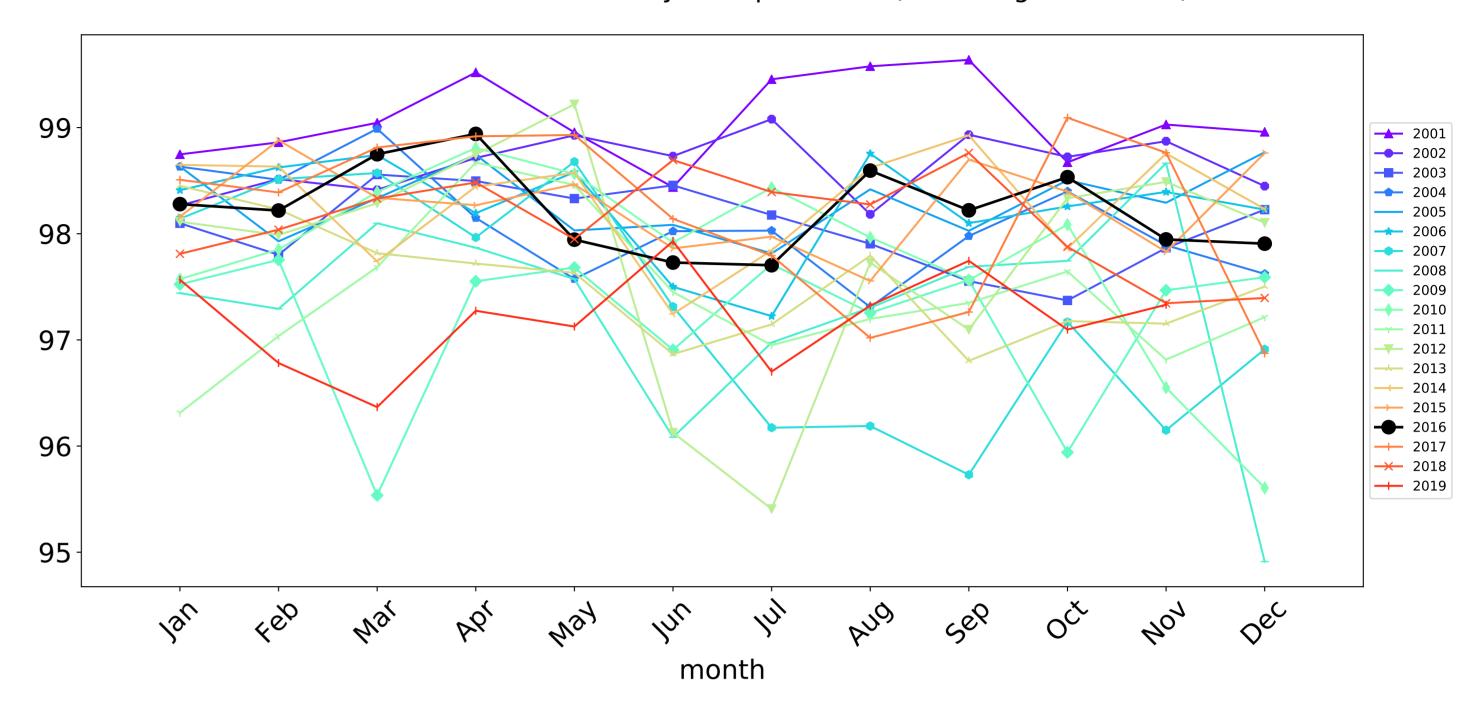


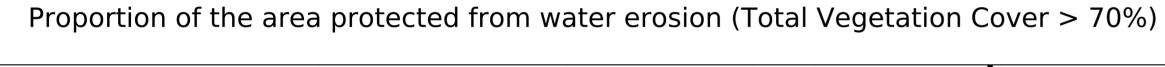
### **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**

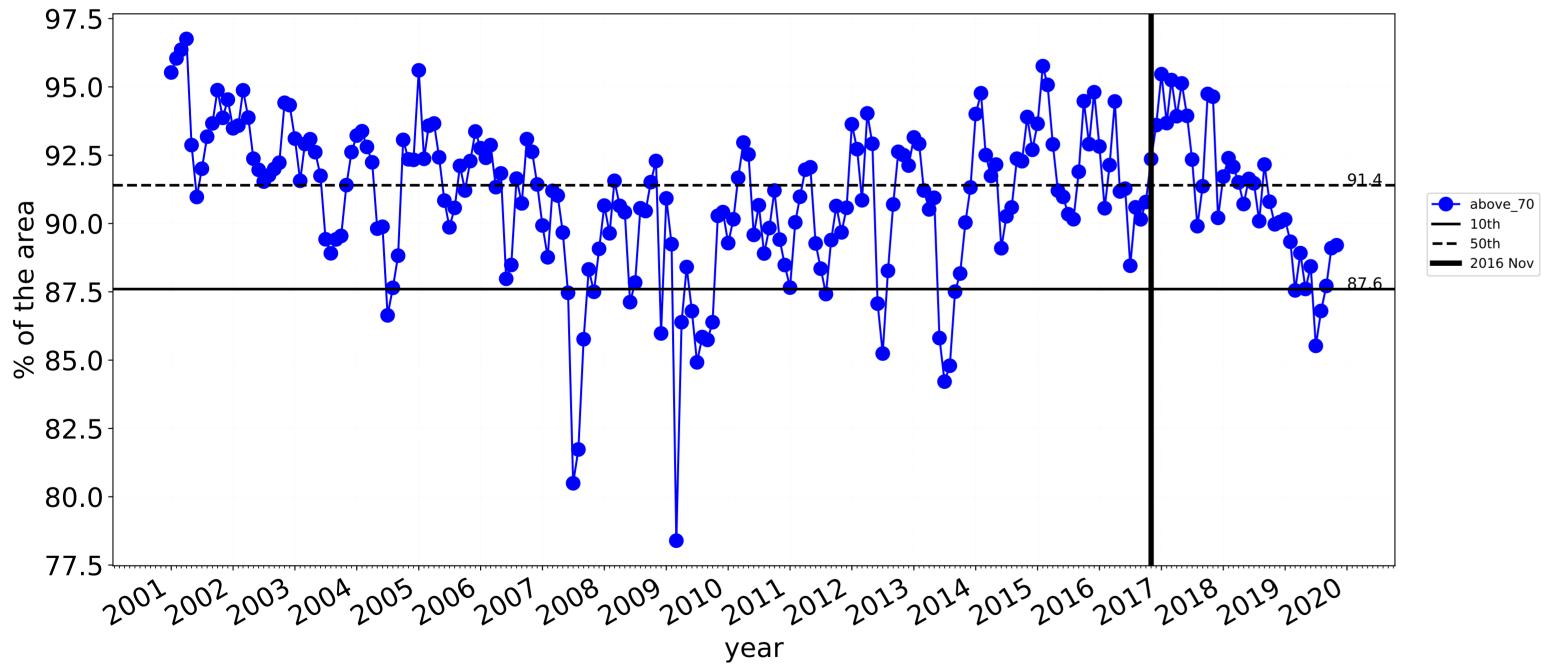




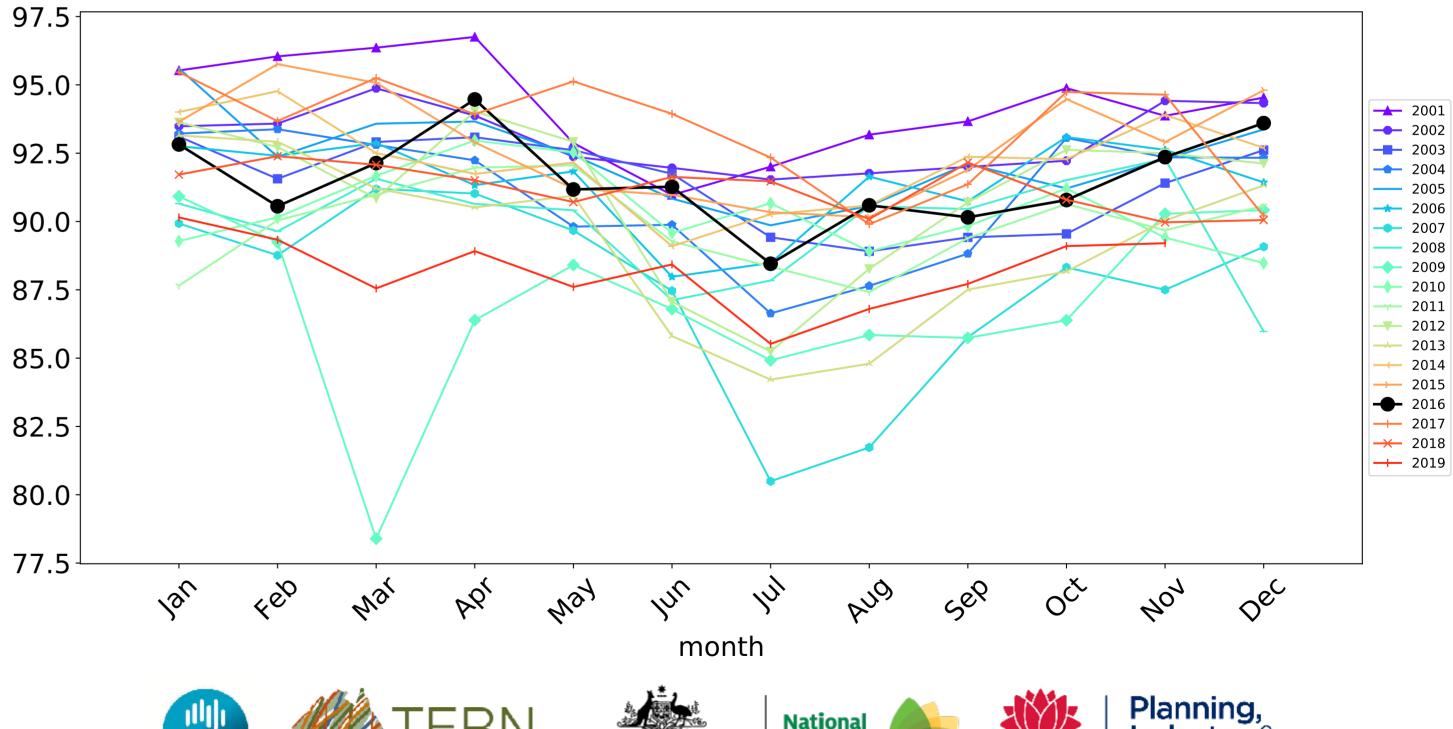
## Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







### Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)





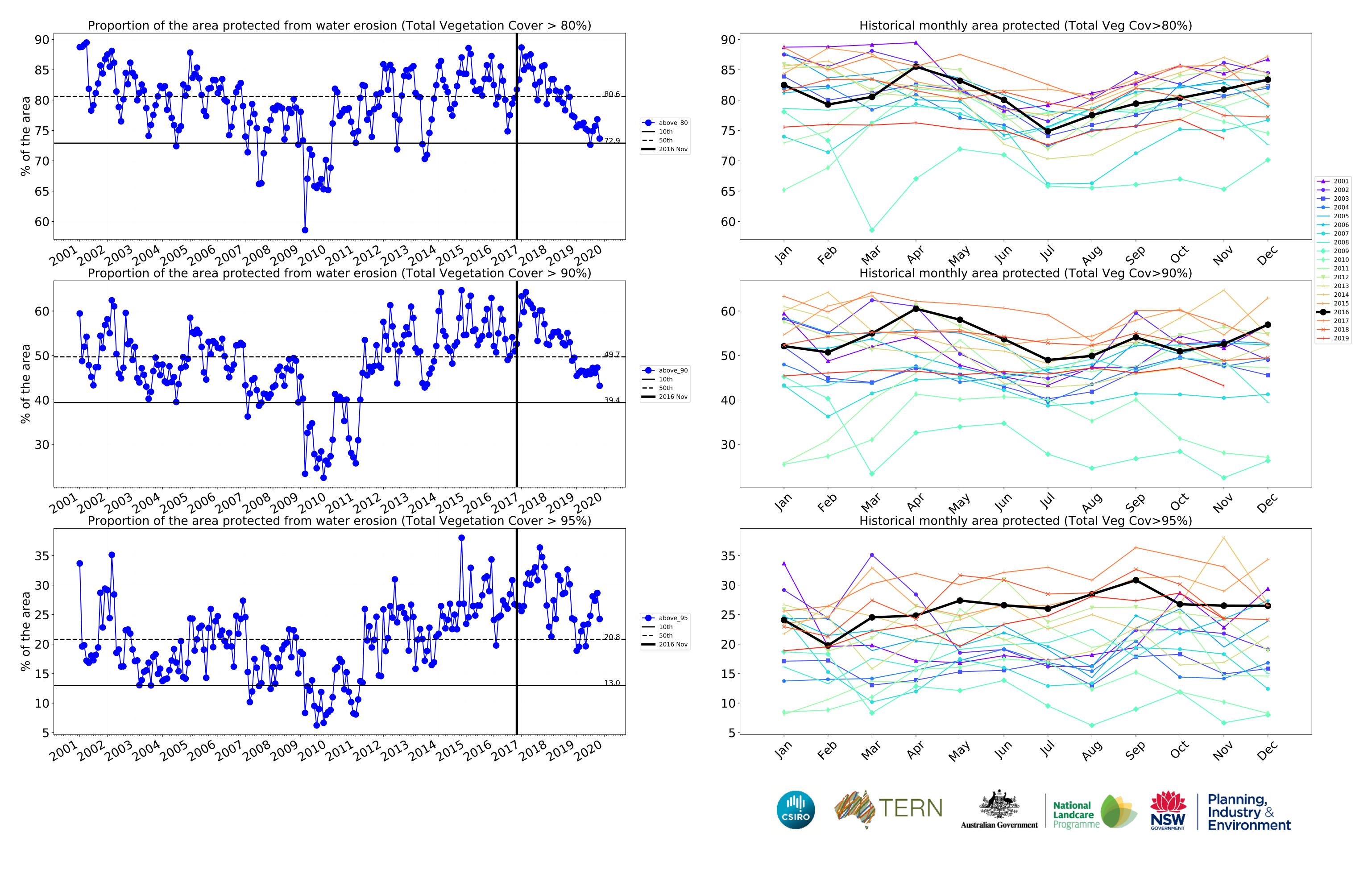












### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

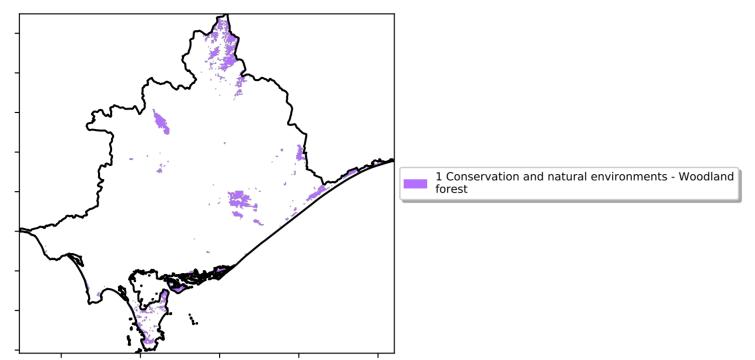
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

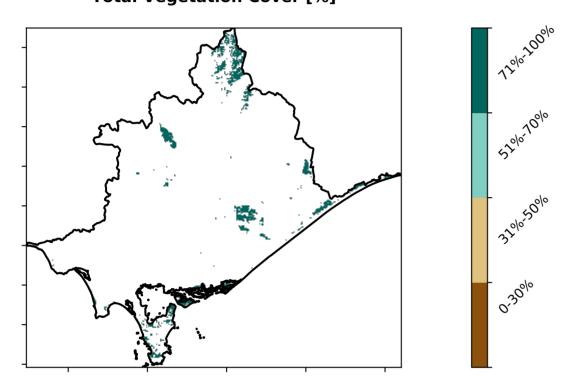
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

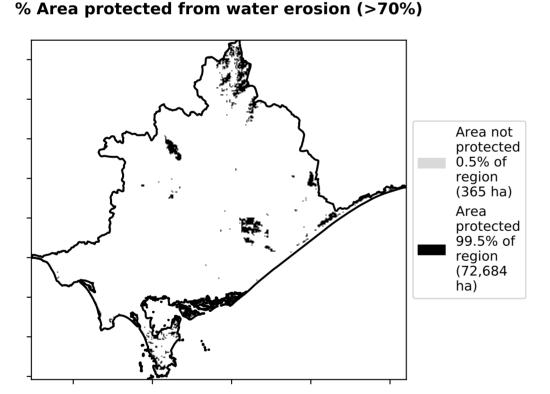
is only for the month of the map



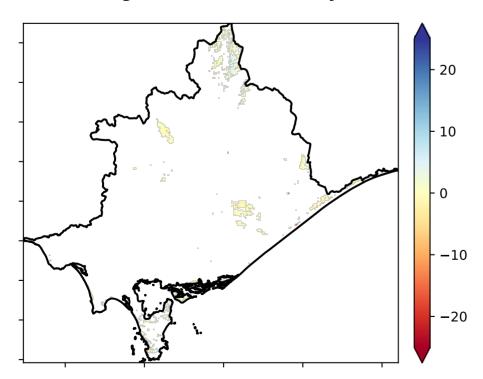
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



#### 0/ Avec much stad from water are in /2 700/)

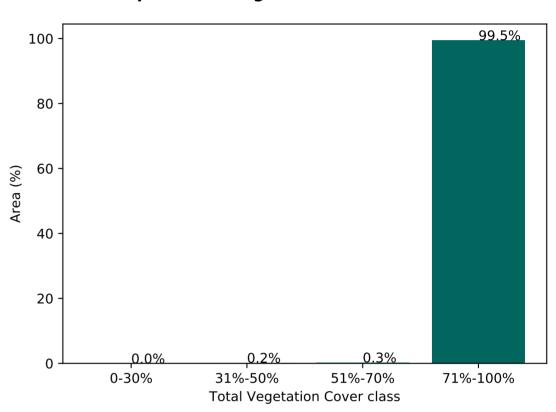


#### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

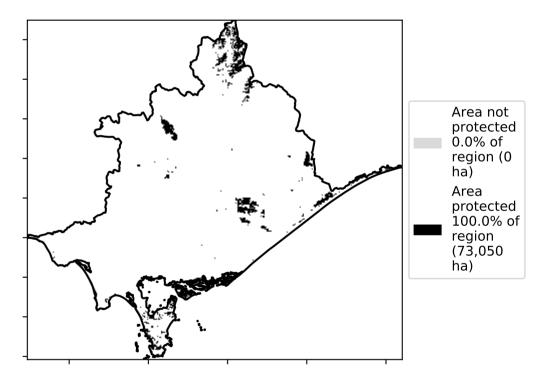


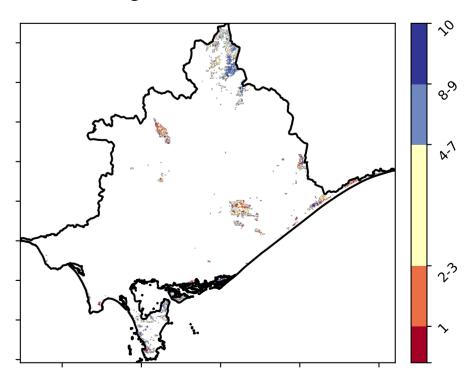
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







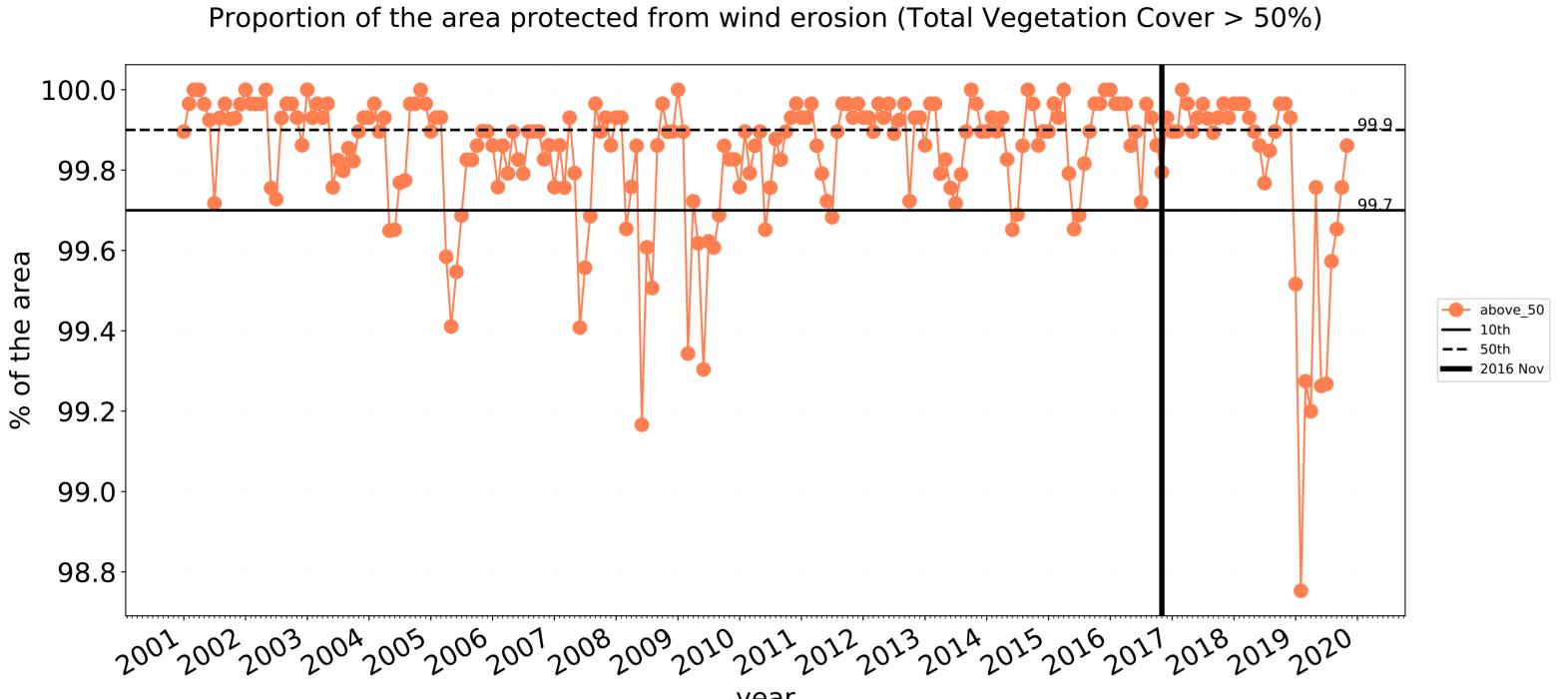


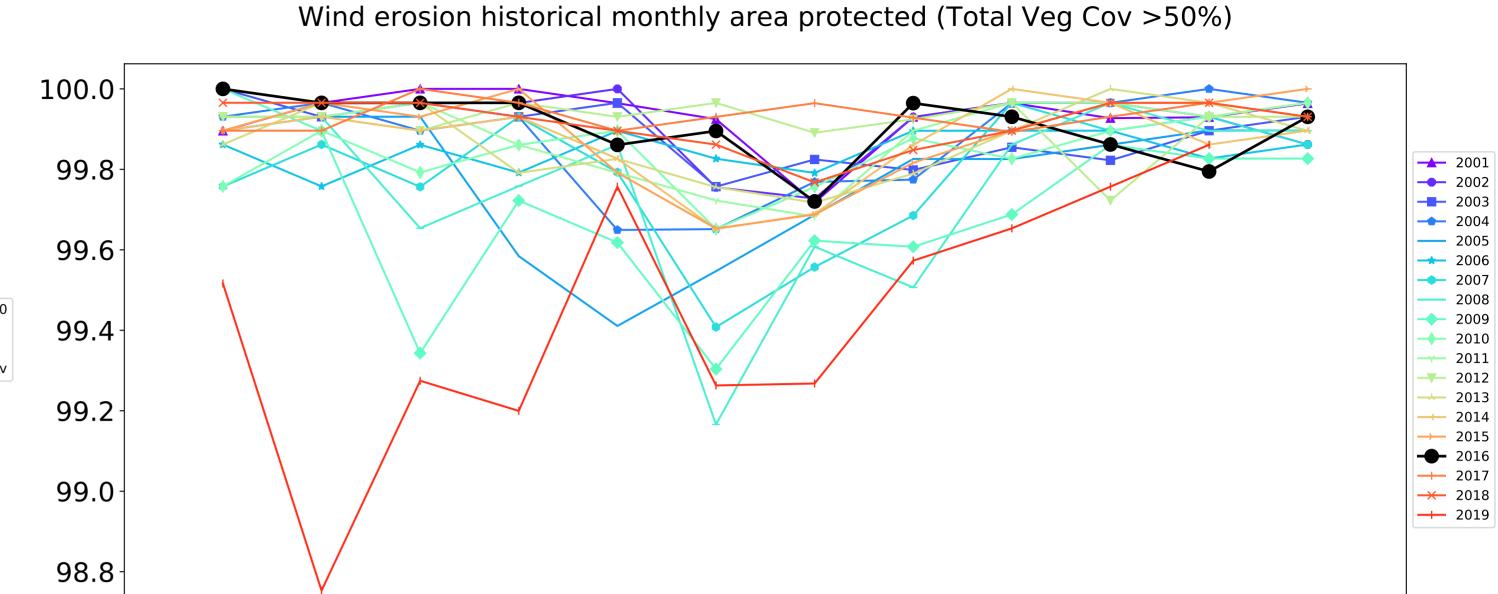




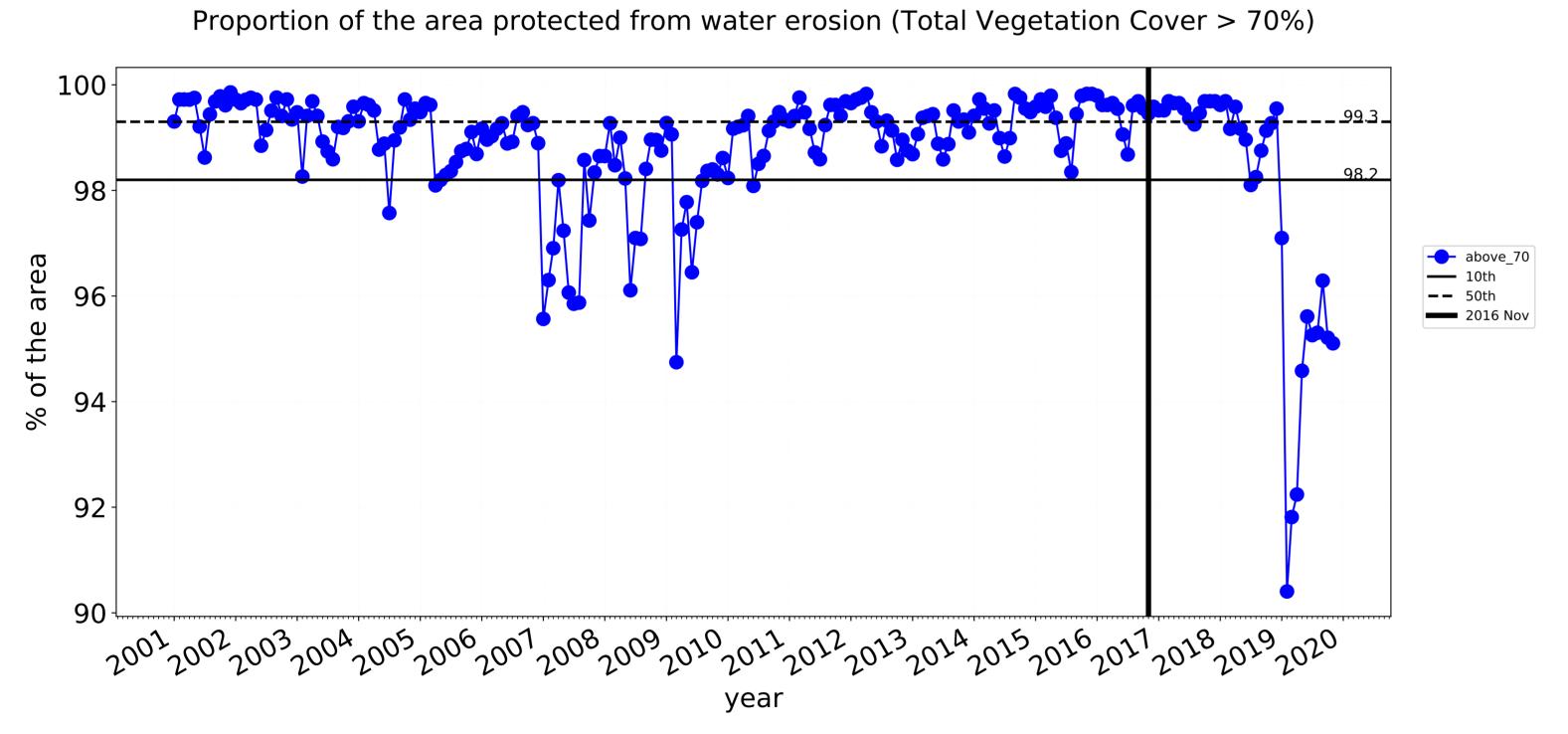


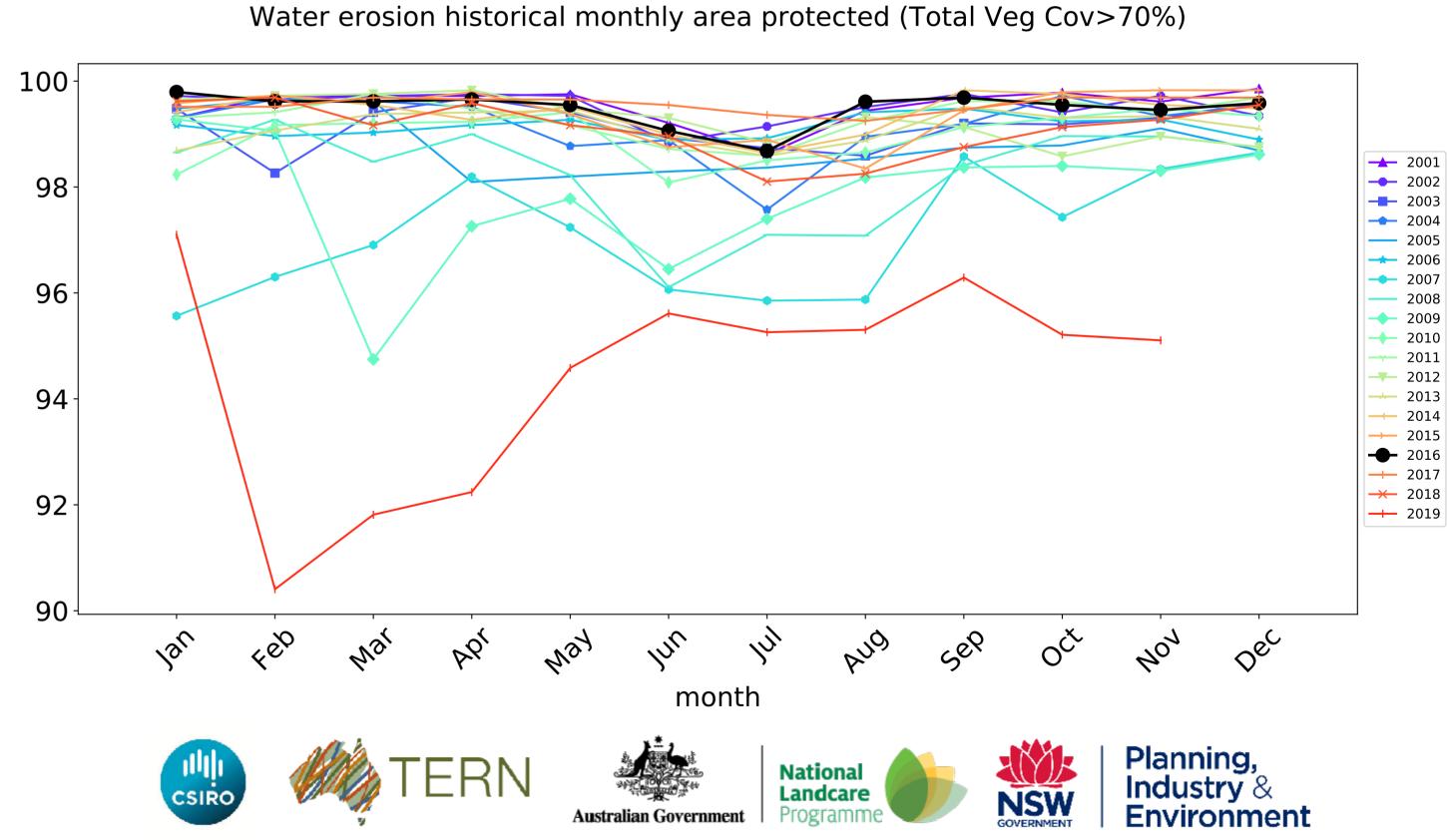


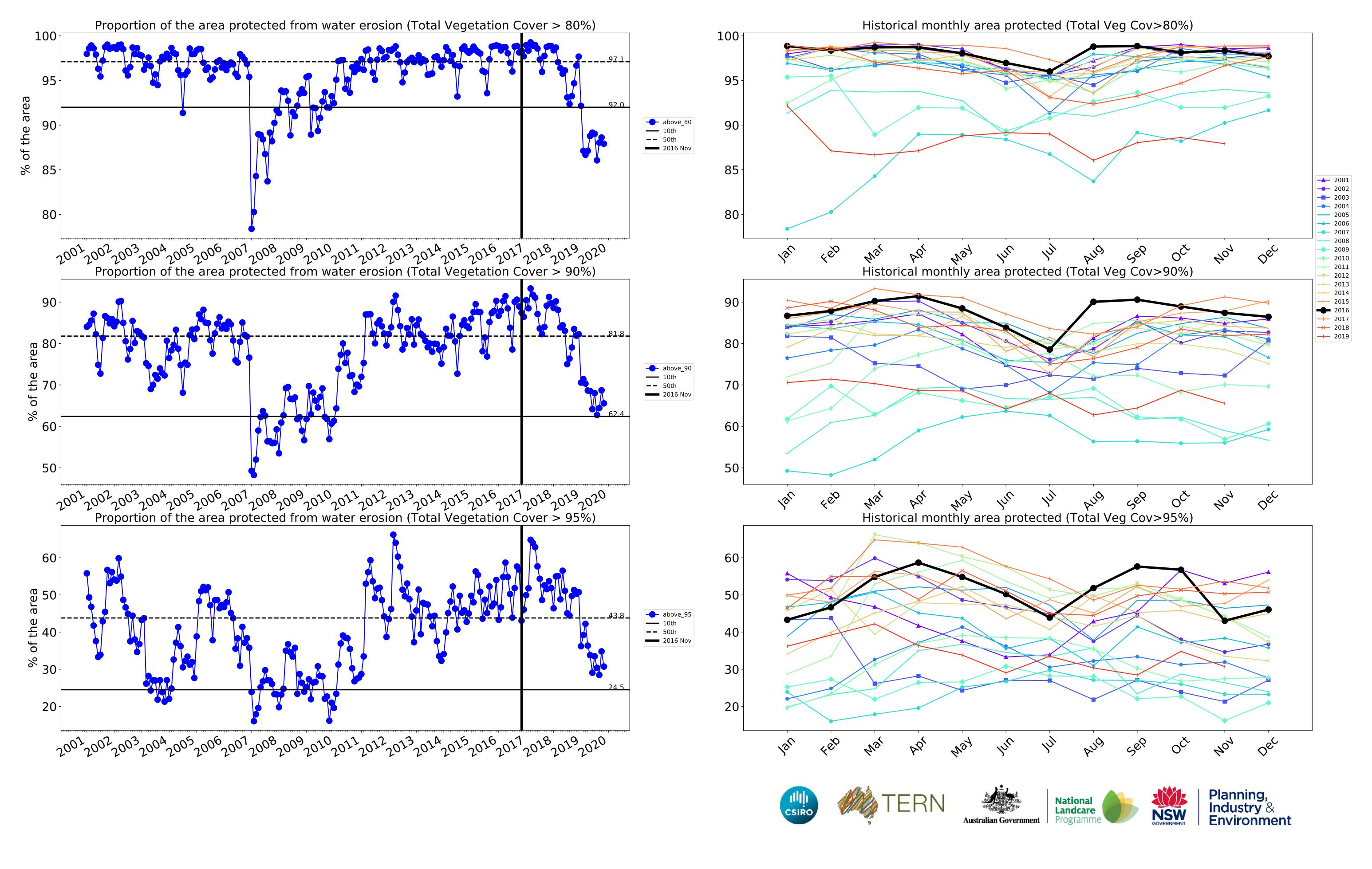




month







### **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

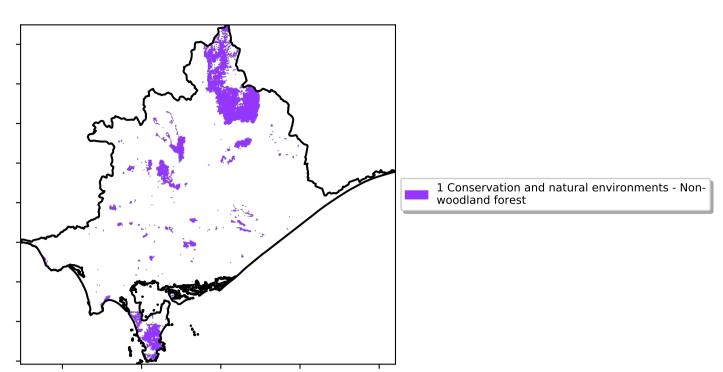
#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

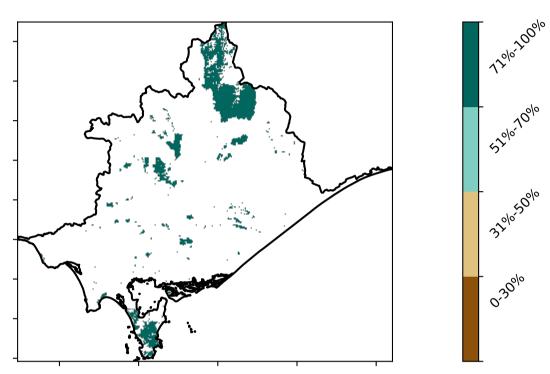
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

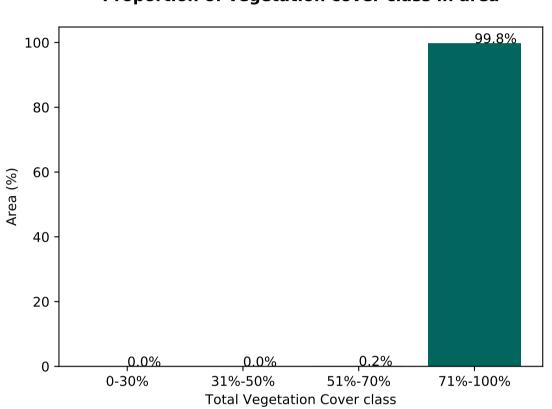
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



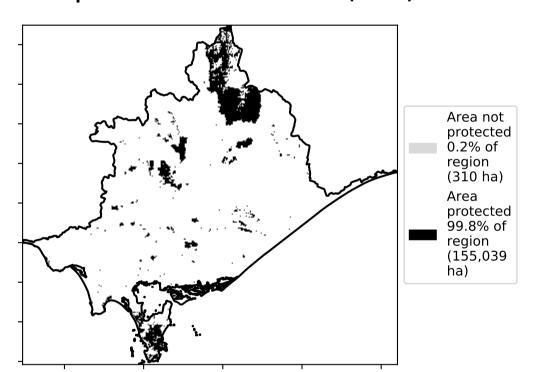
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



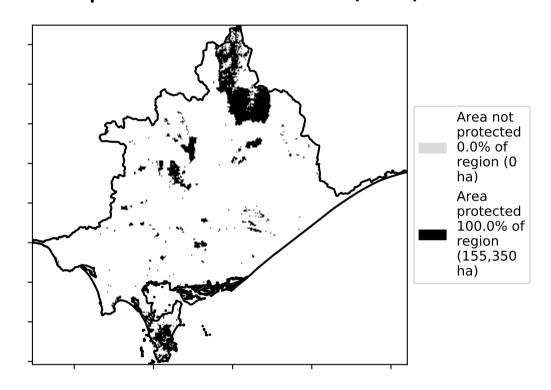
#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



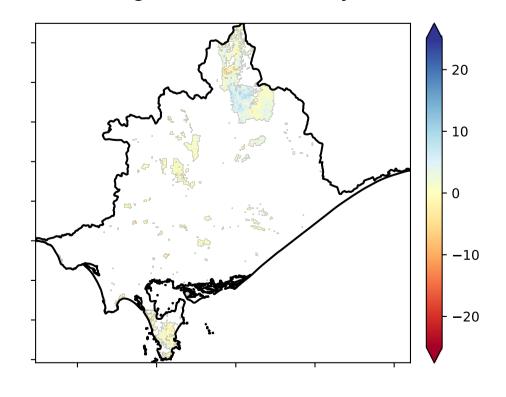
#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



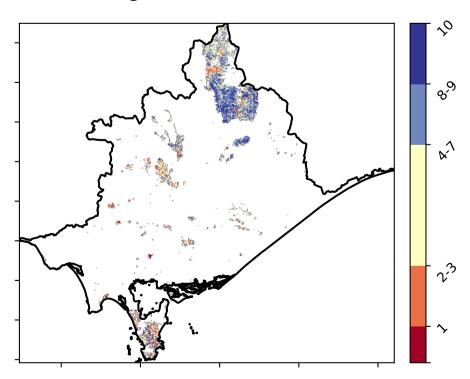
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





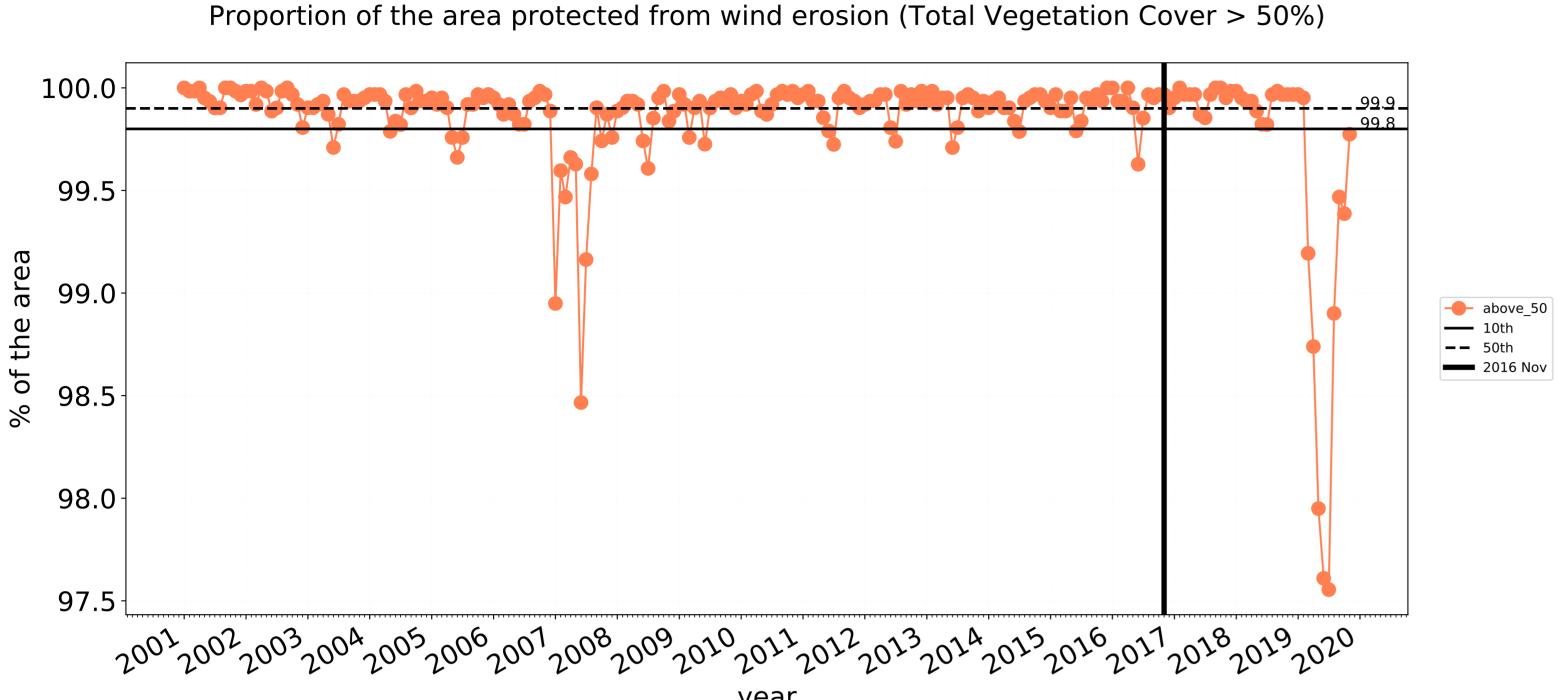


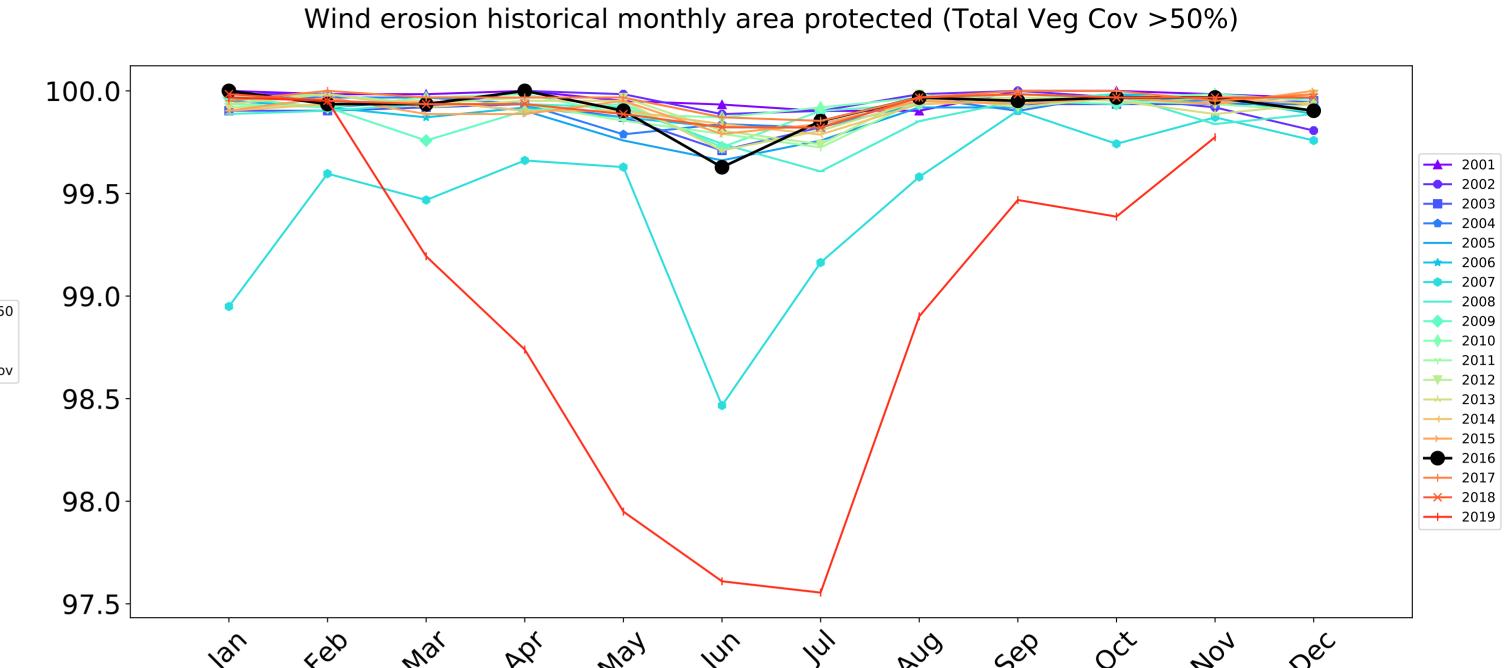




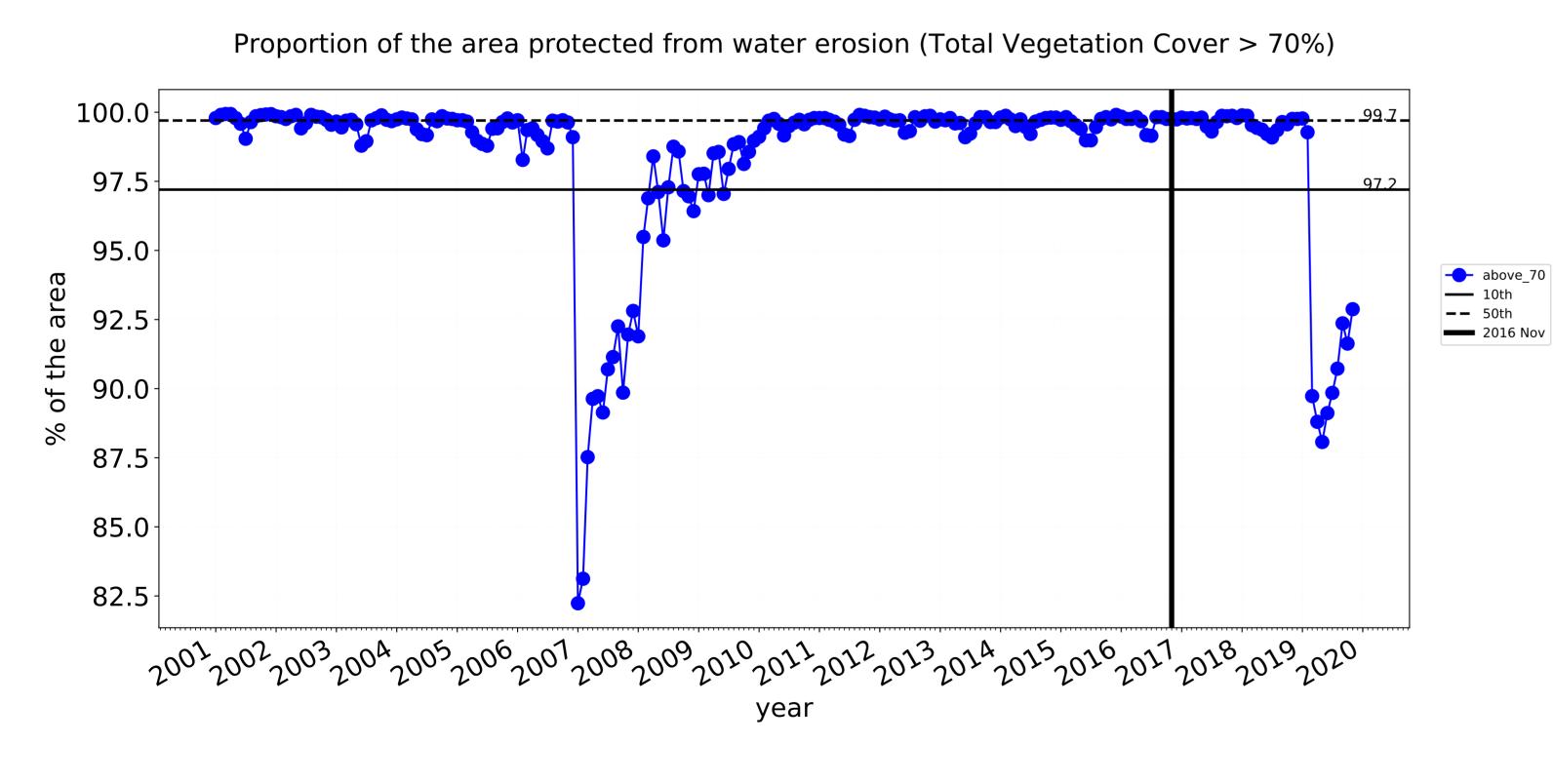


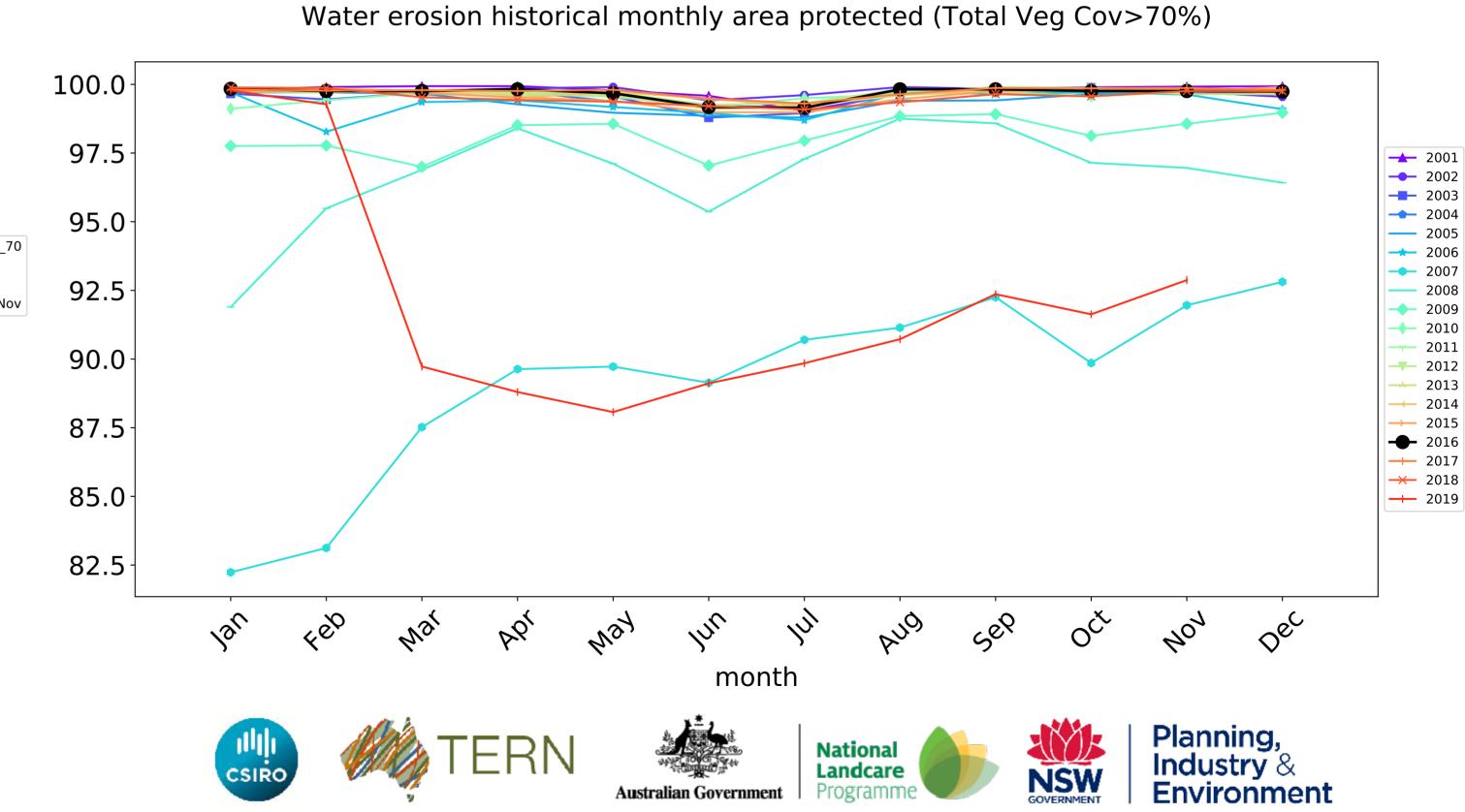


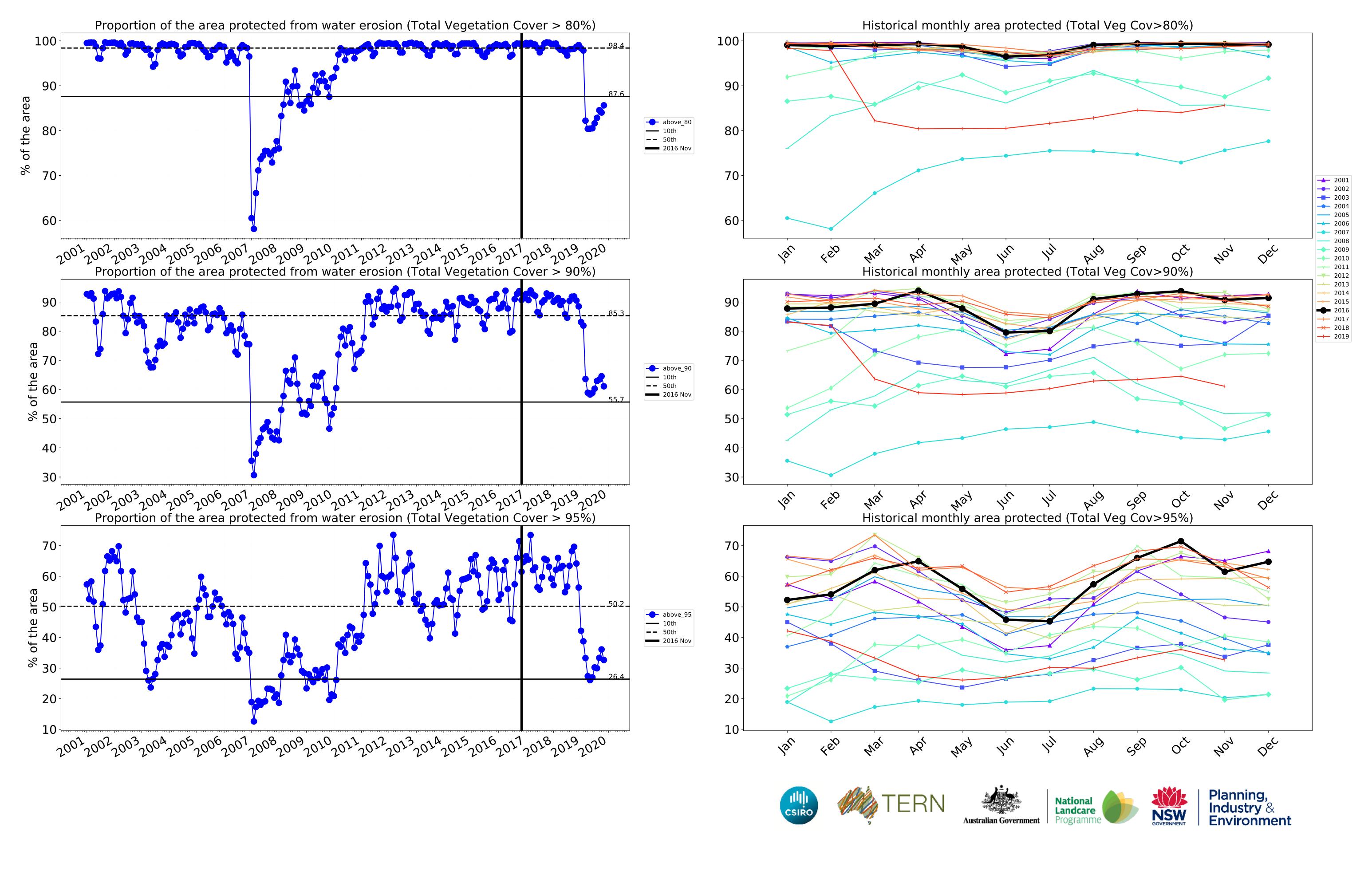




month







### **Agriculture**

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

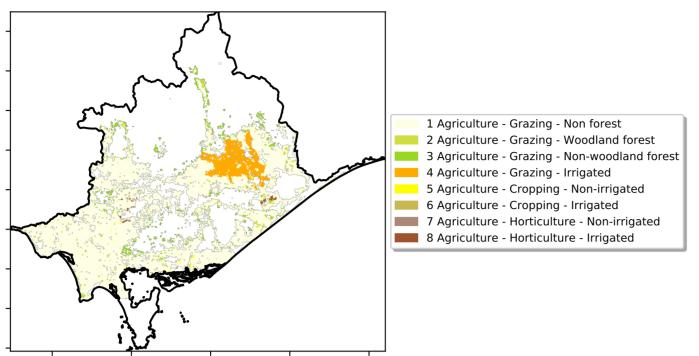
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

pixel. The mean

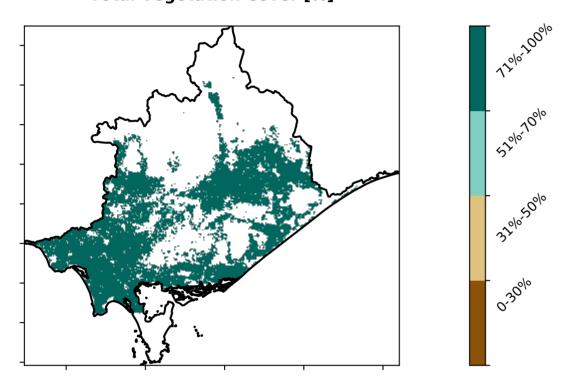
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

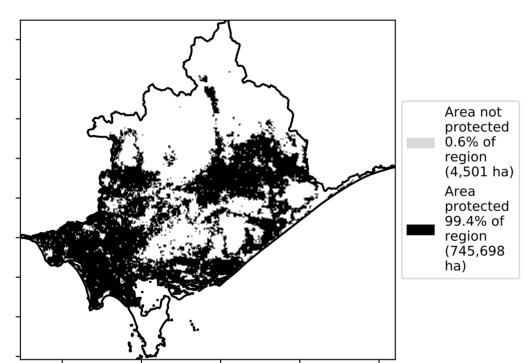


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

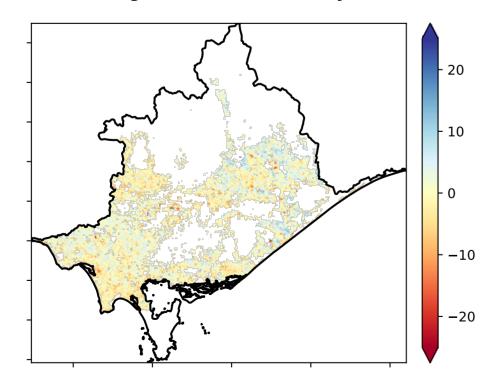
Land use and forest cover



#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

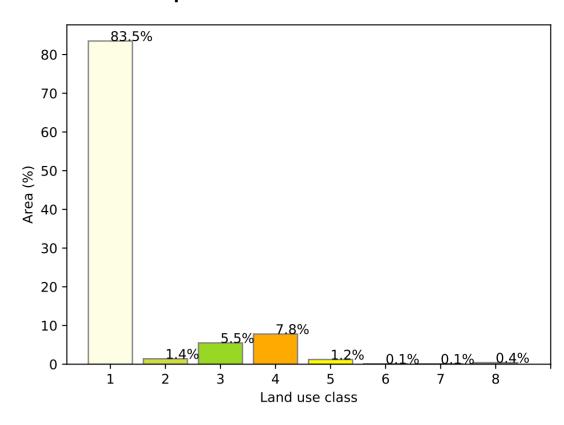


#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

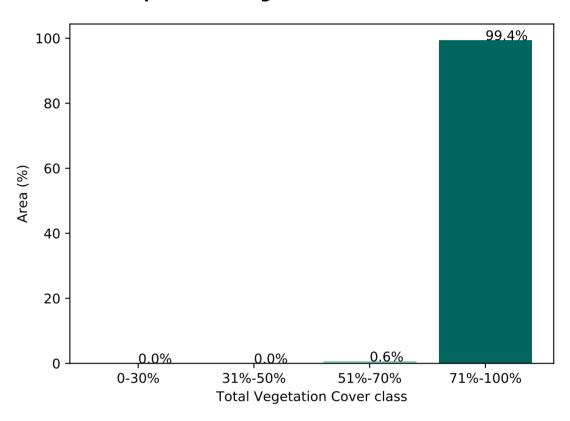


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

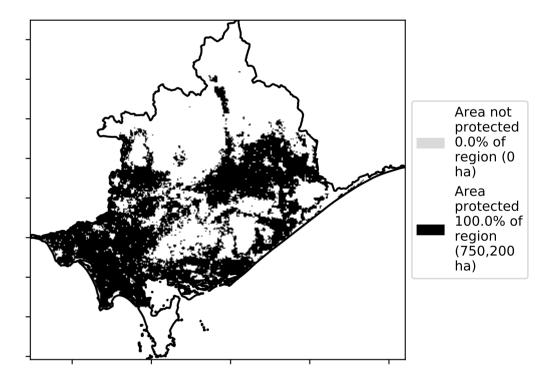
#### Proportion of each land class in area

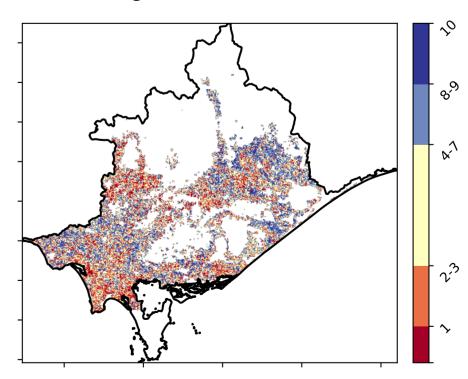


#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









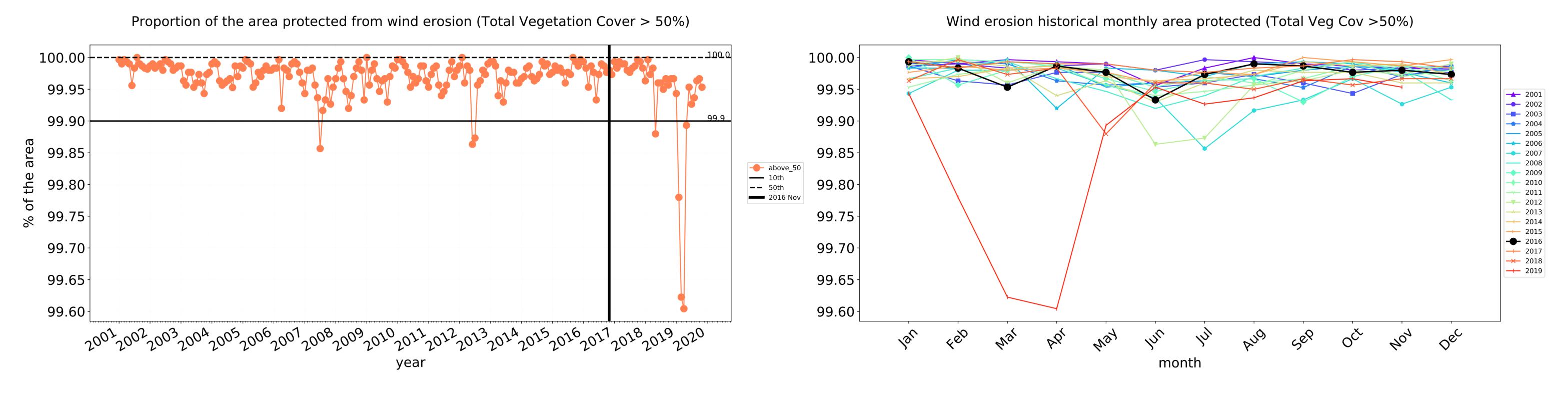


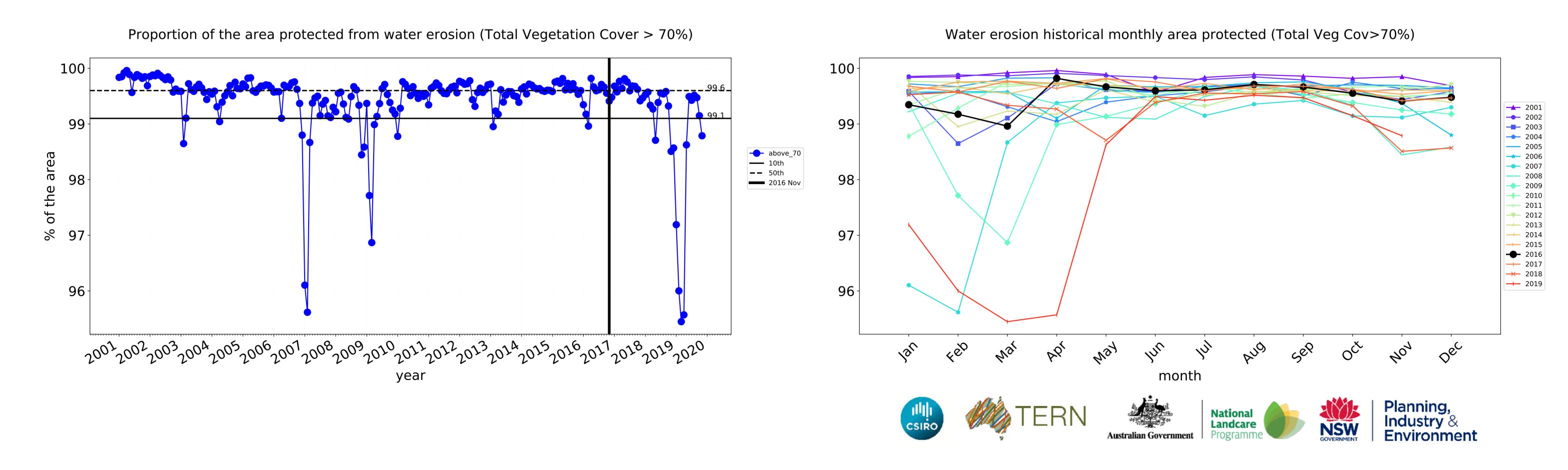


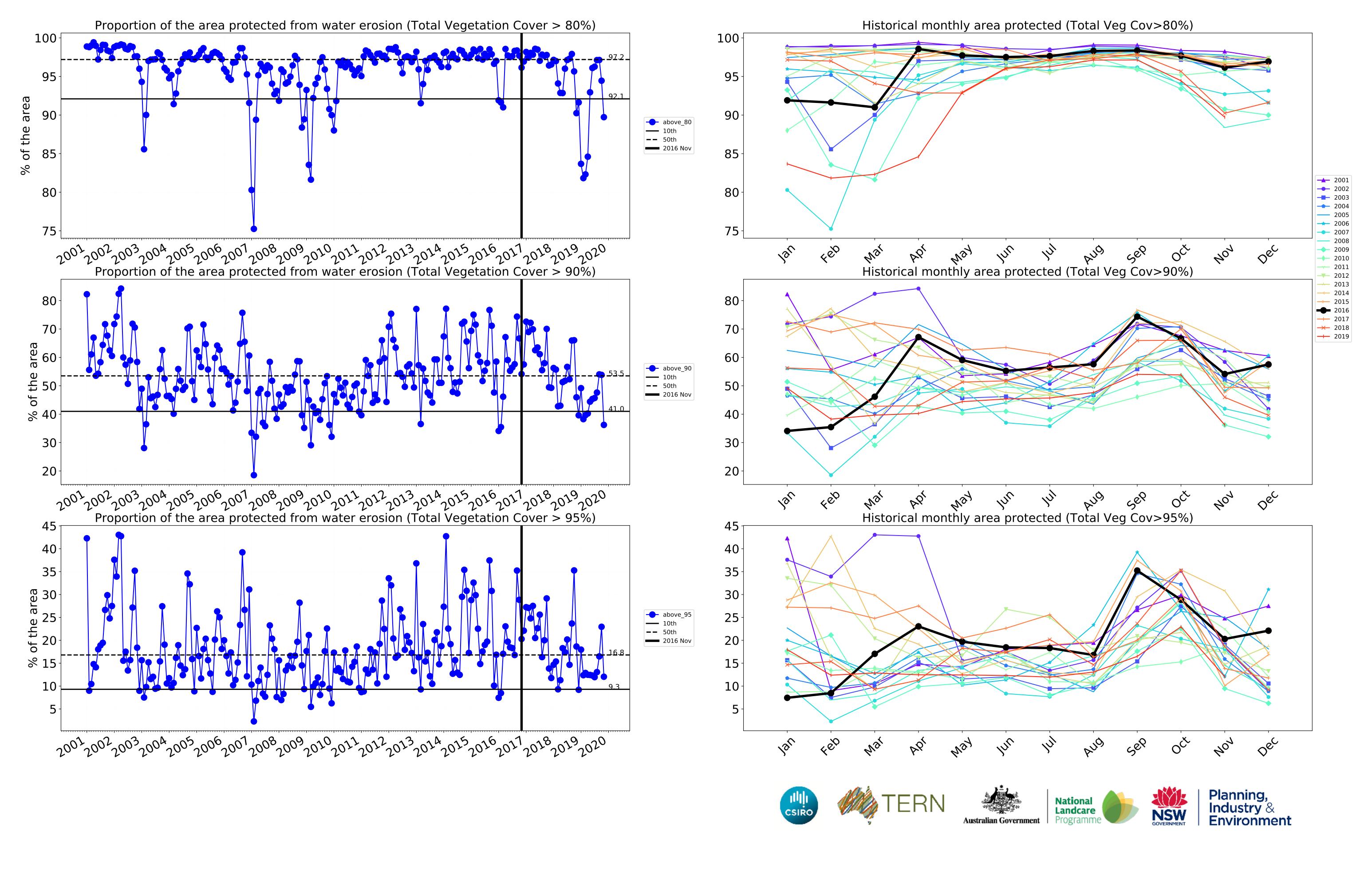




### **Agriculture timeseries**







### Grazing

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

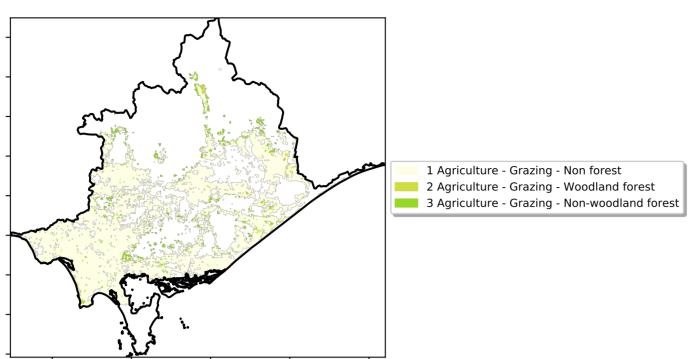
pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

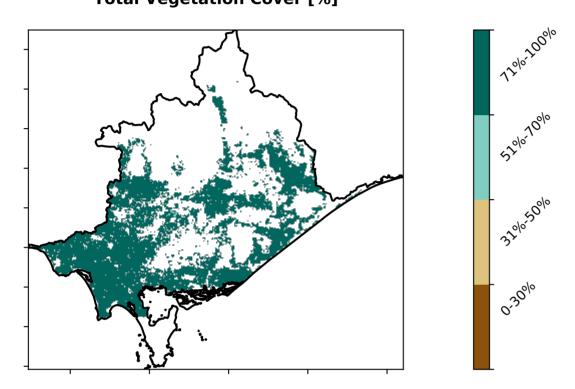
is only for the month of the map

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

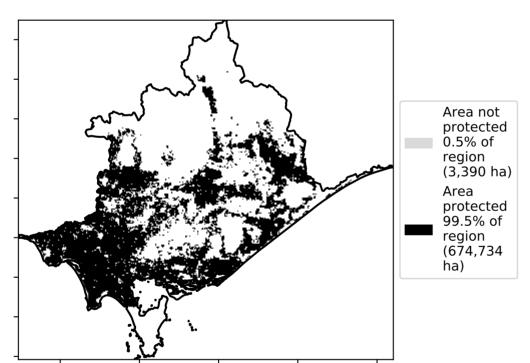


### Total Vegetation Cover [%]

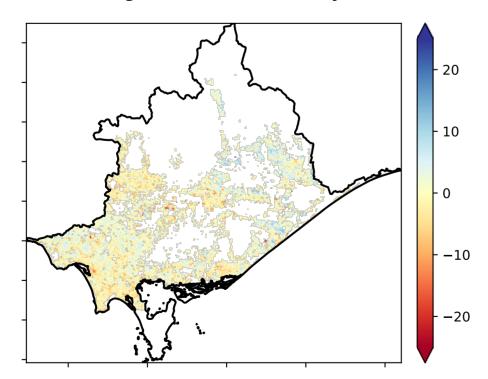
Land use and forest cover



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

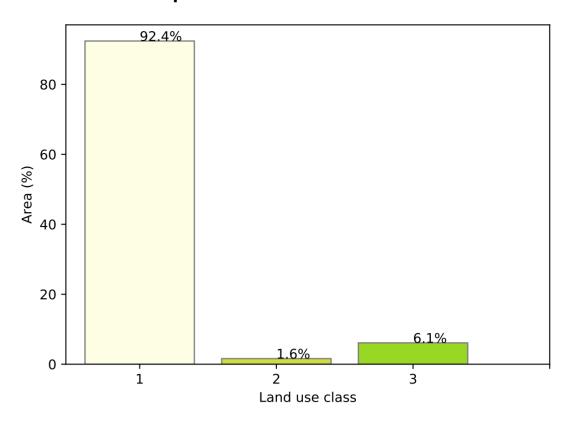


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

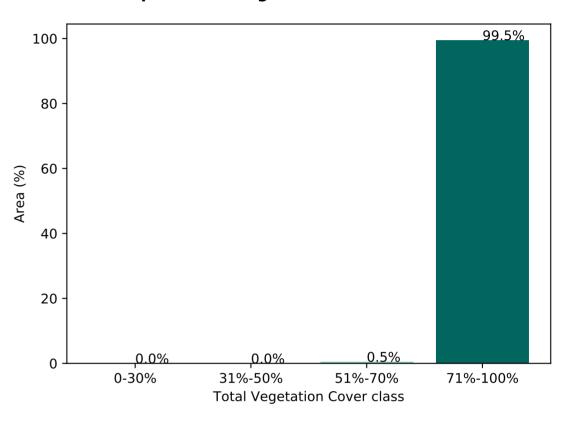


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

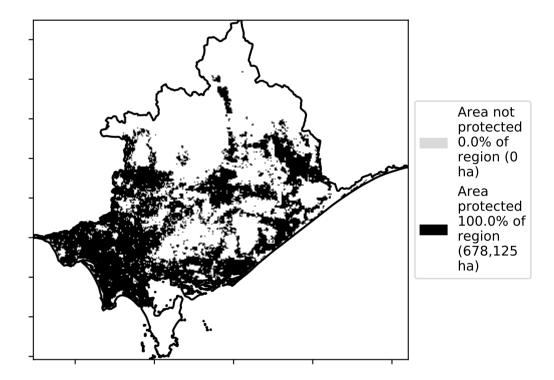
#### Proportion of each land class in area



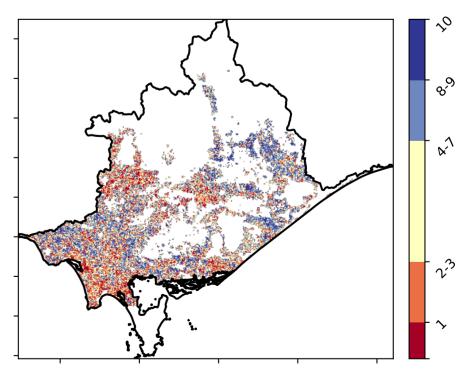
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 







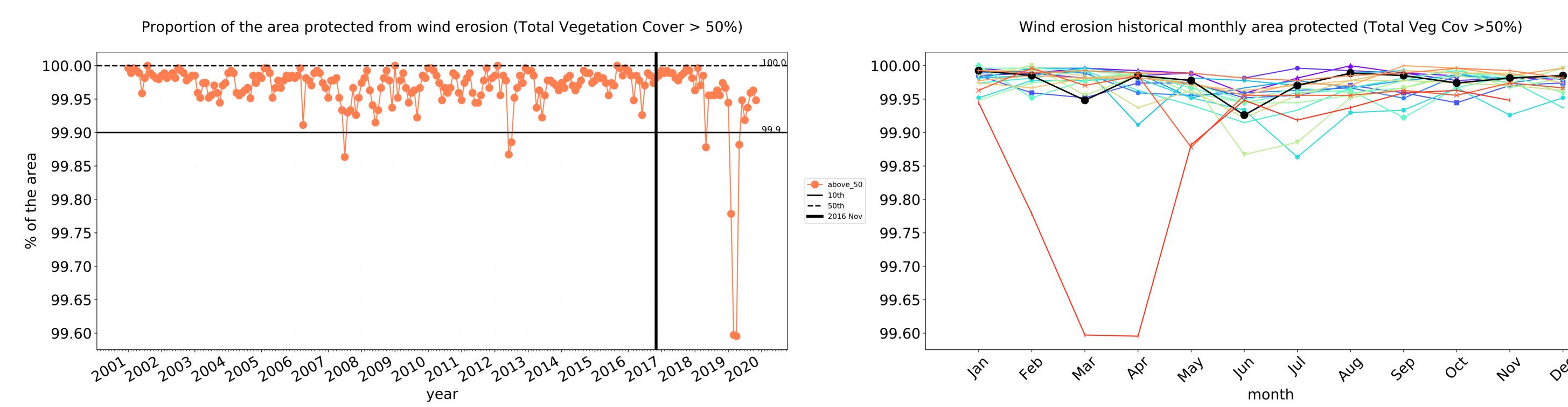


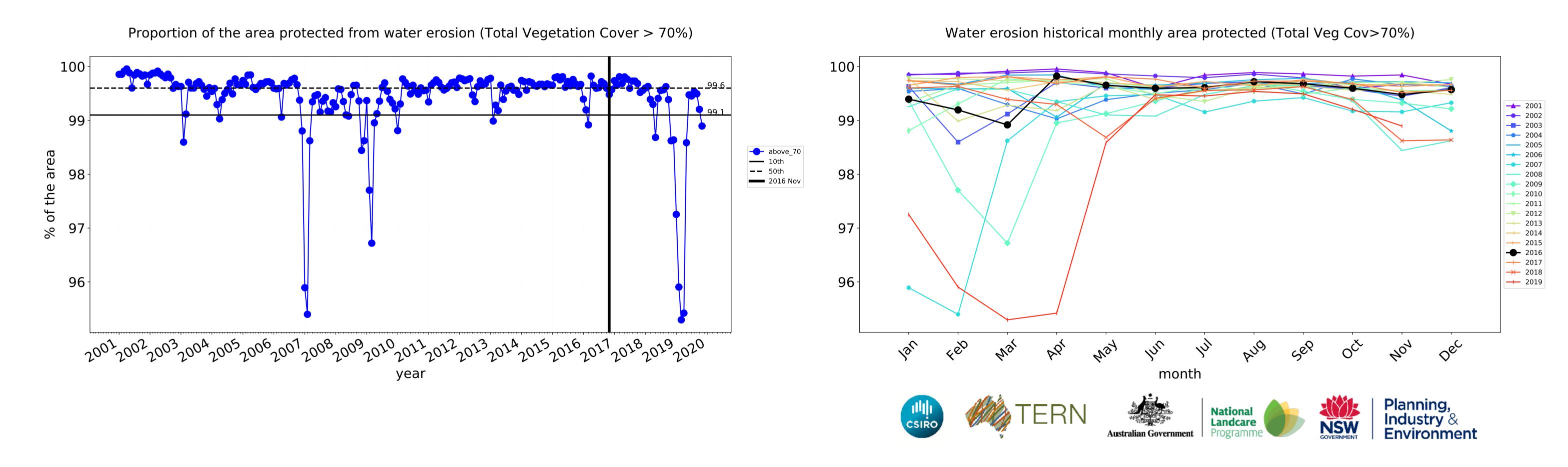






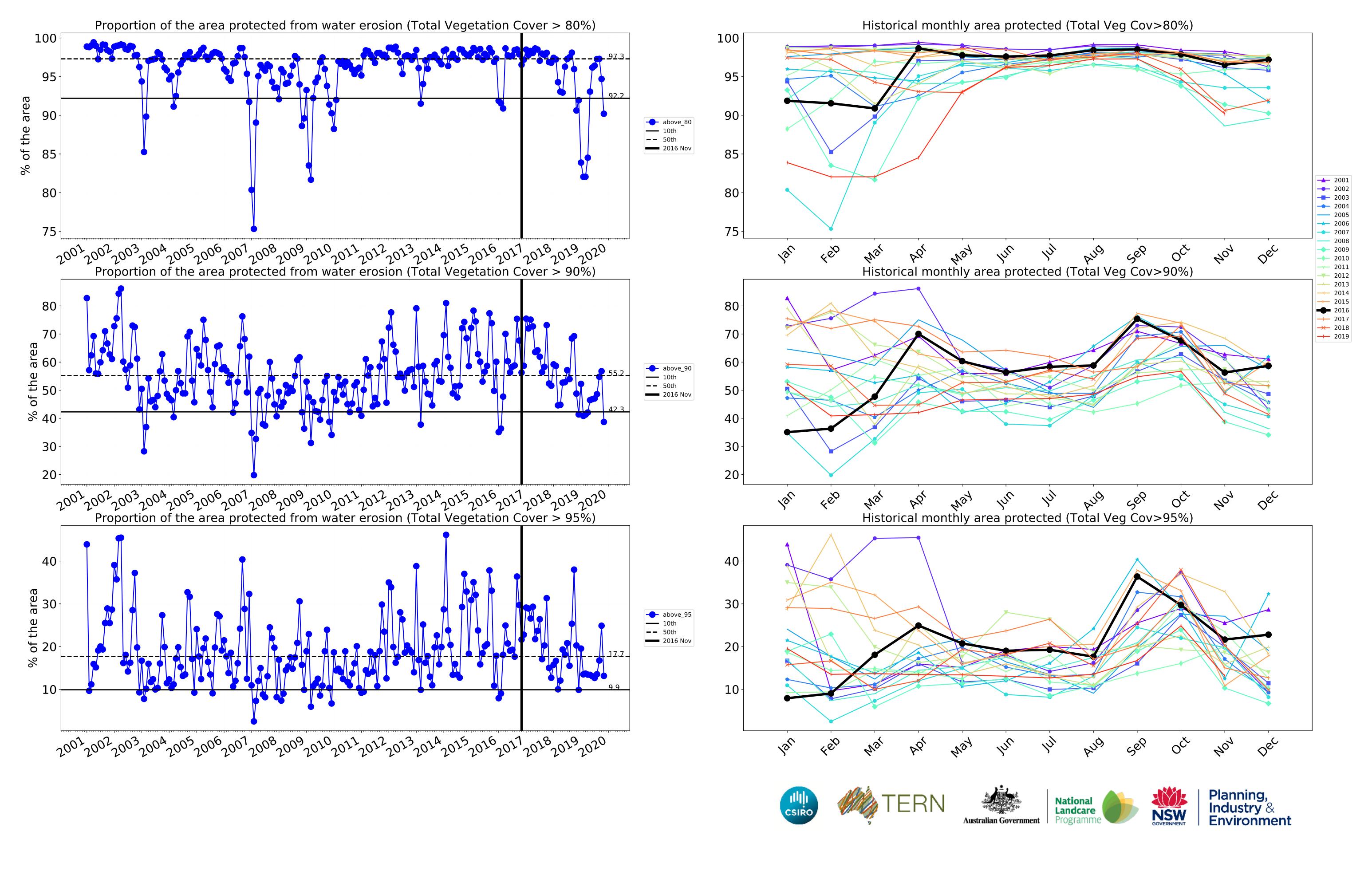
### **Grazing timeseries**





→ 2017 → 2018

**→** 2019



### **Grazing non forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

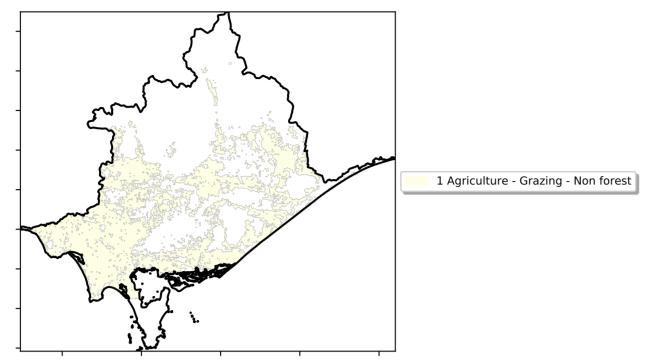
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

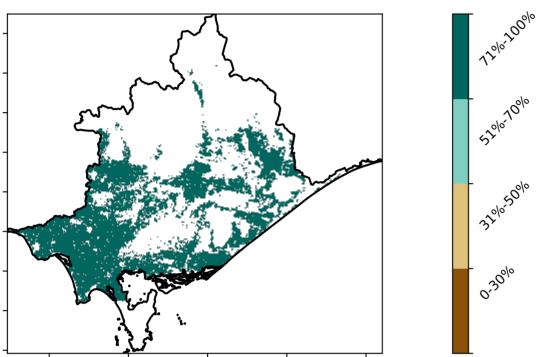
pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

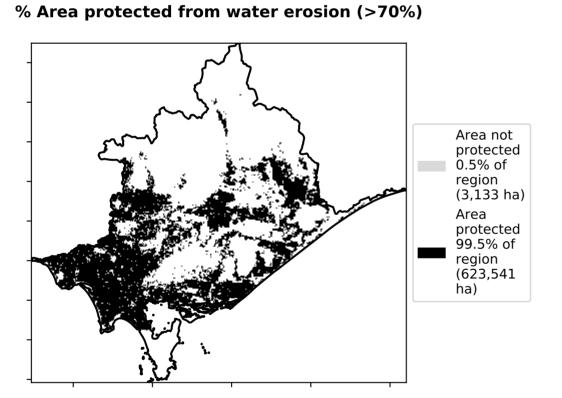
mean of that

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

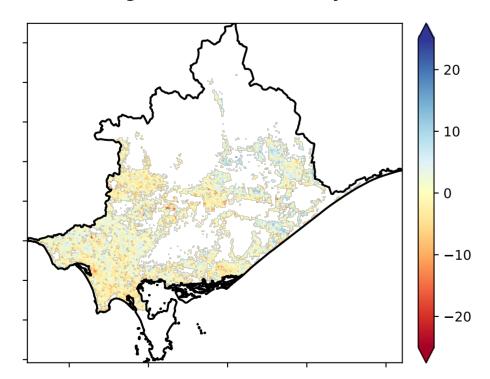


#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



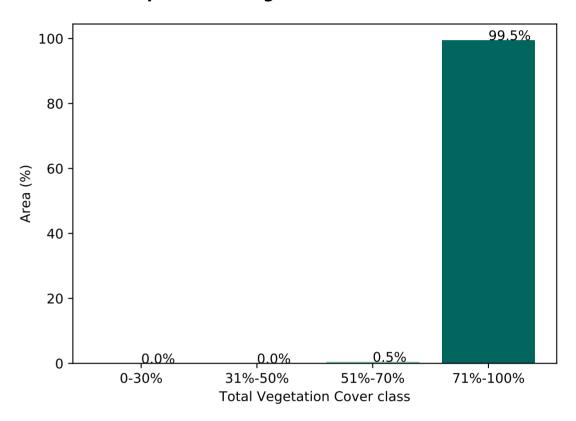


#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

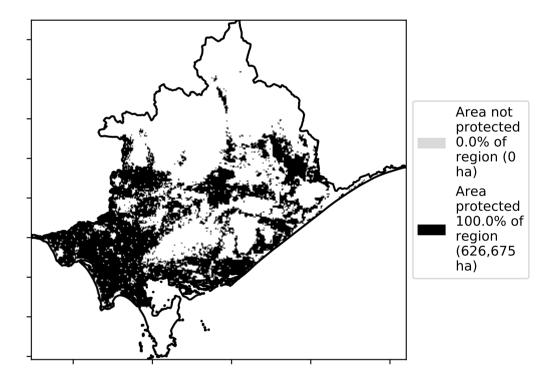


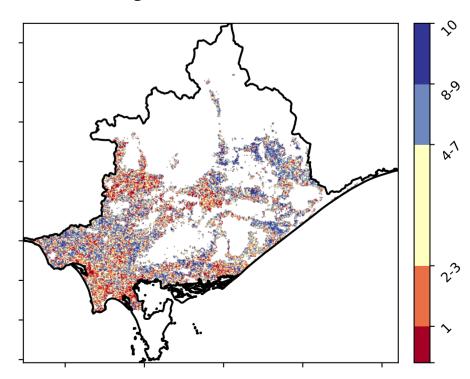
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









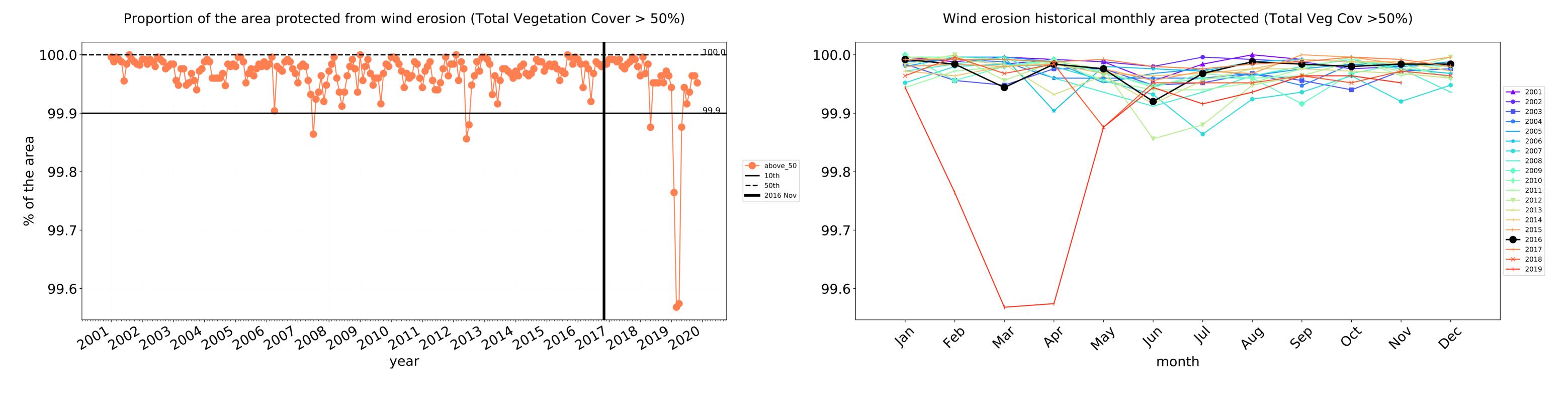


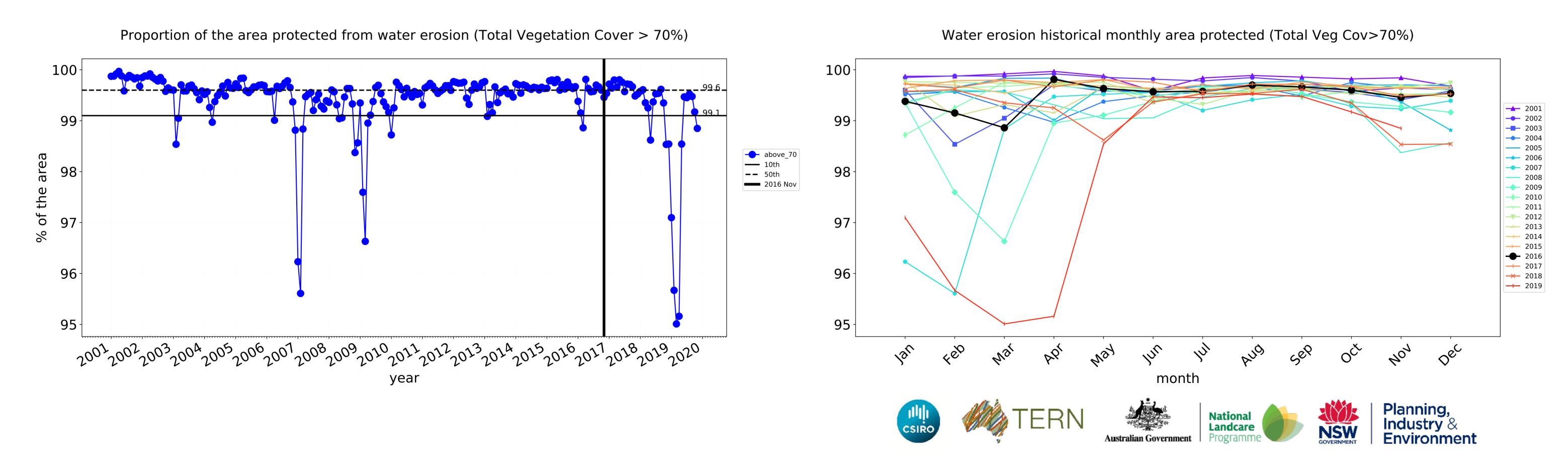


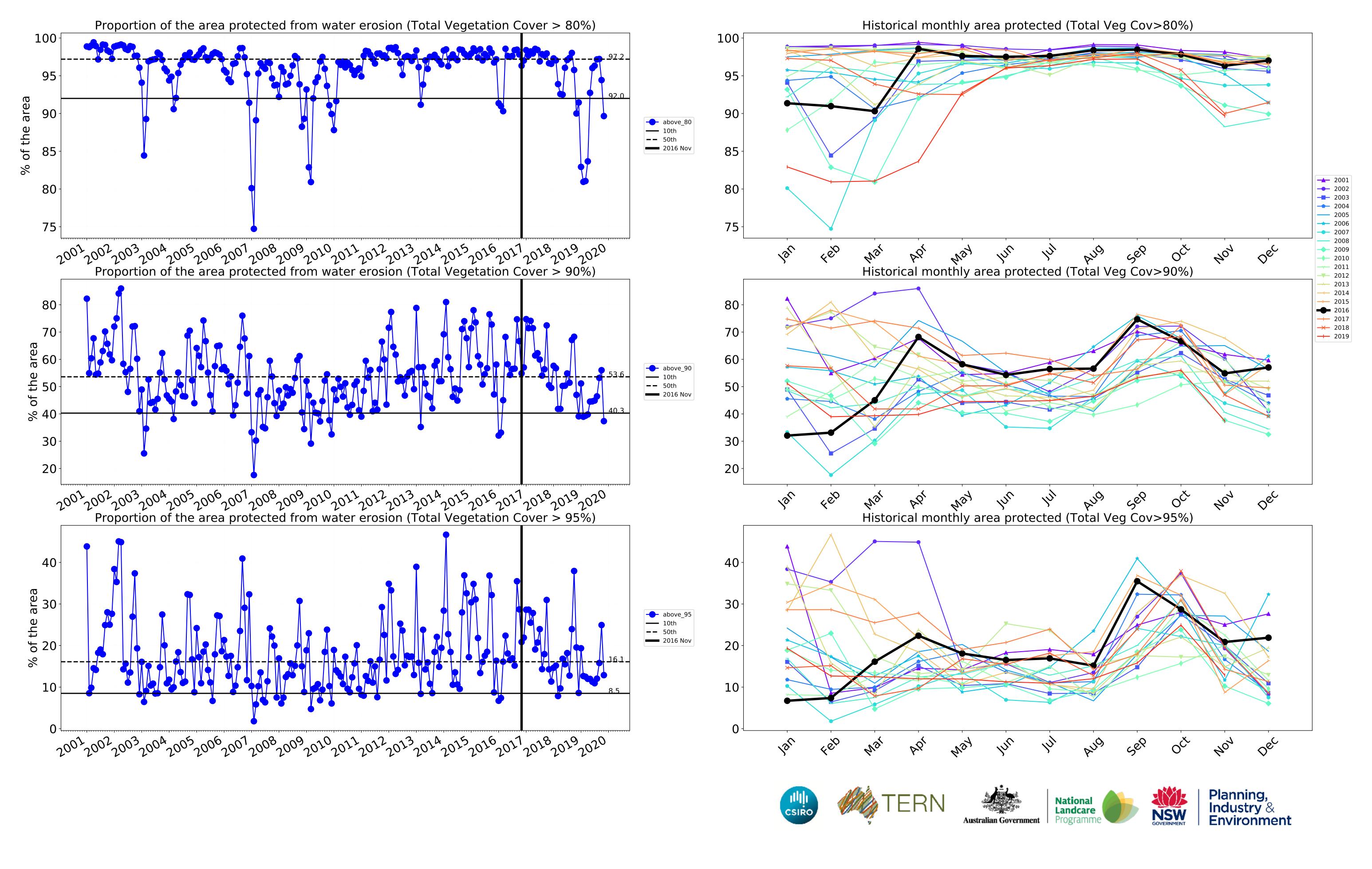




### **Grazing non forest timeseries**







### **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

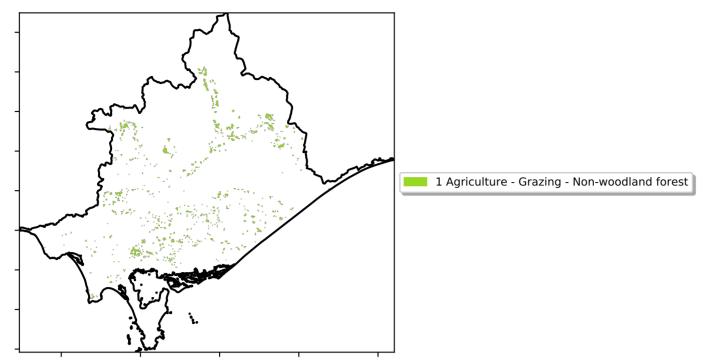
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

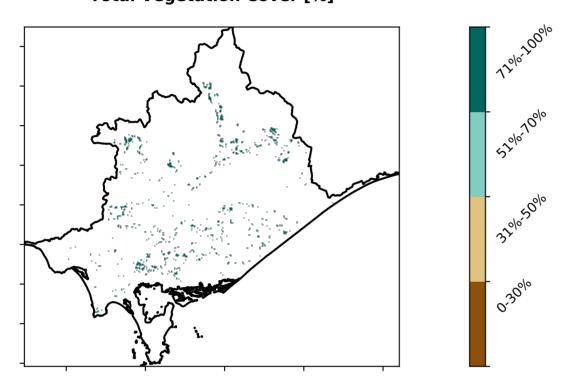
is only for the month of the map

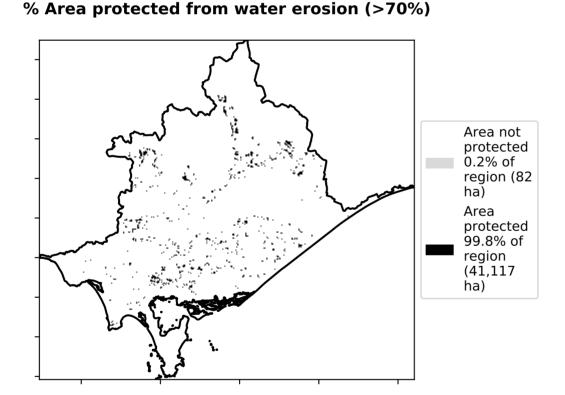
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

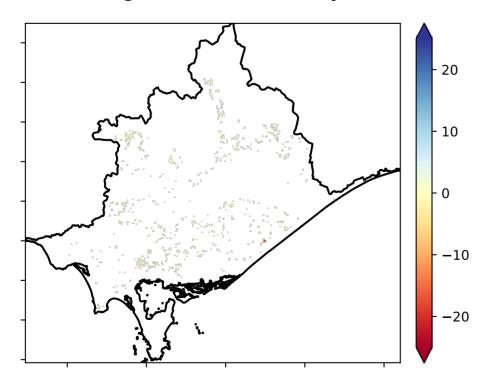


#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



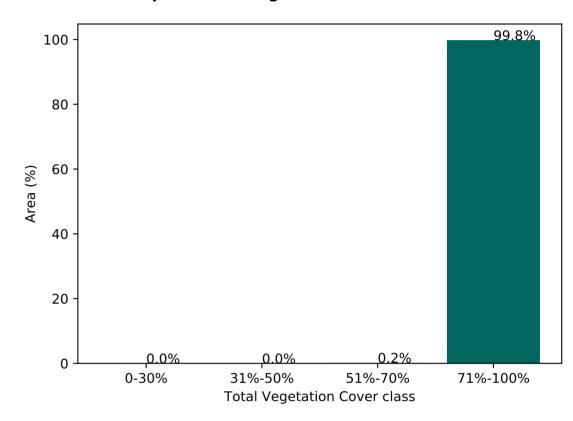


#### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

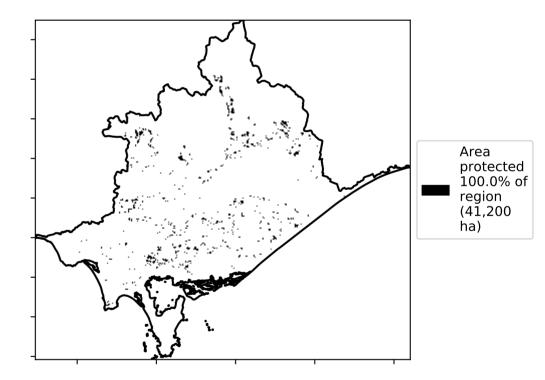


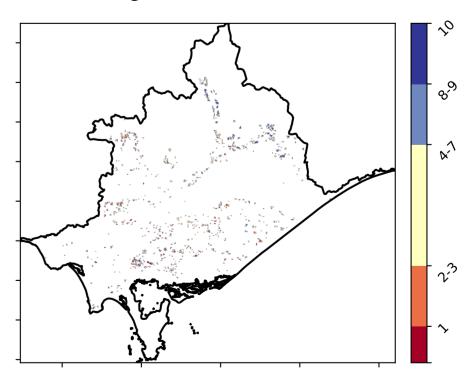
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







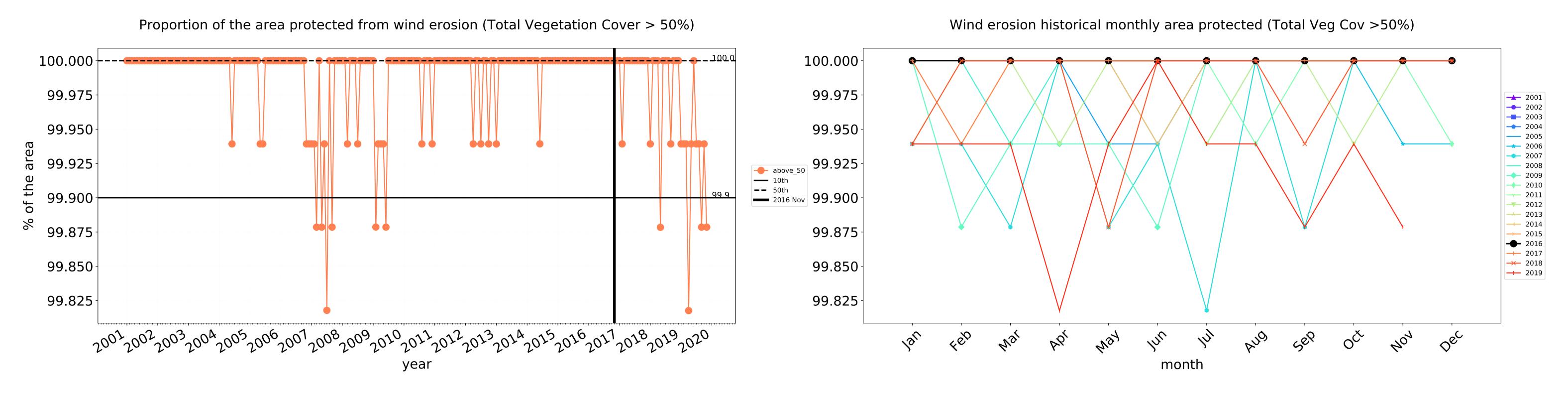


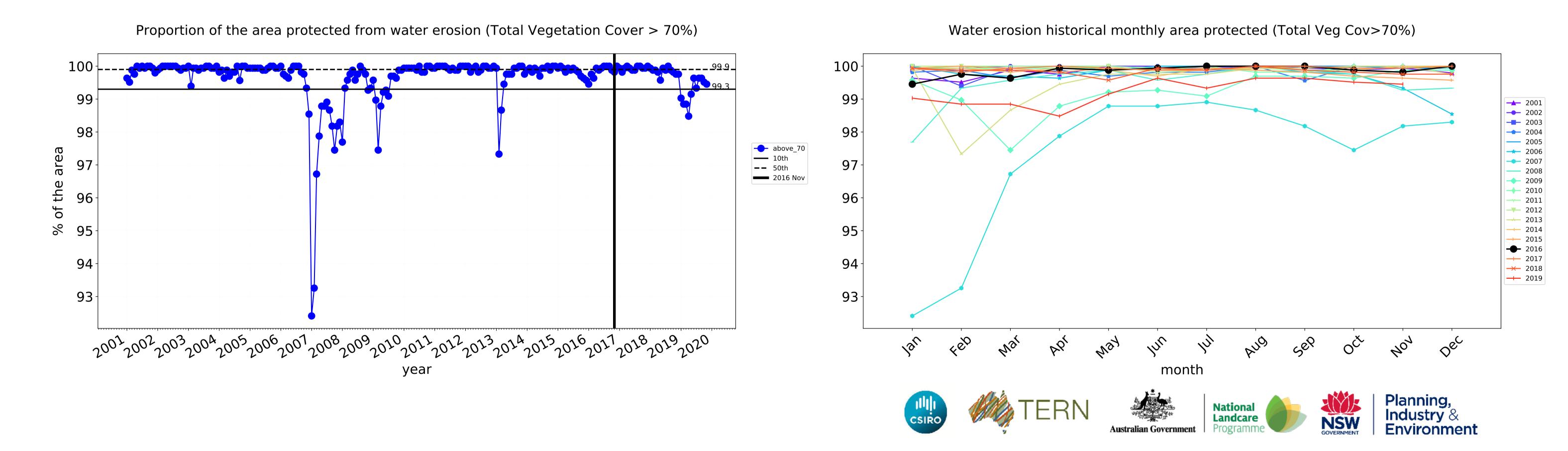


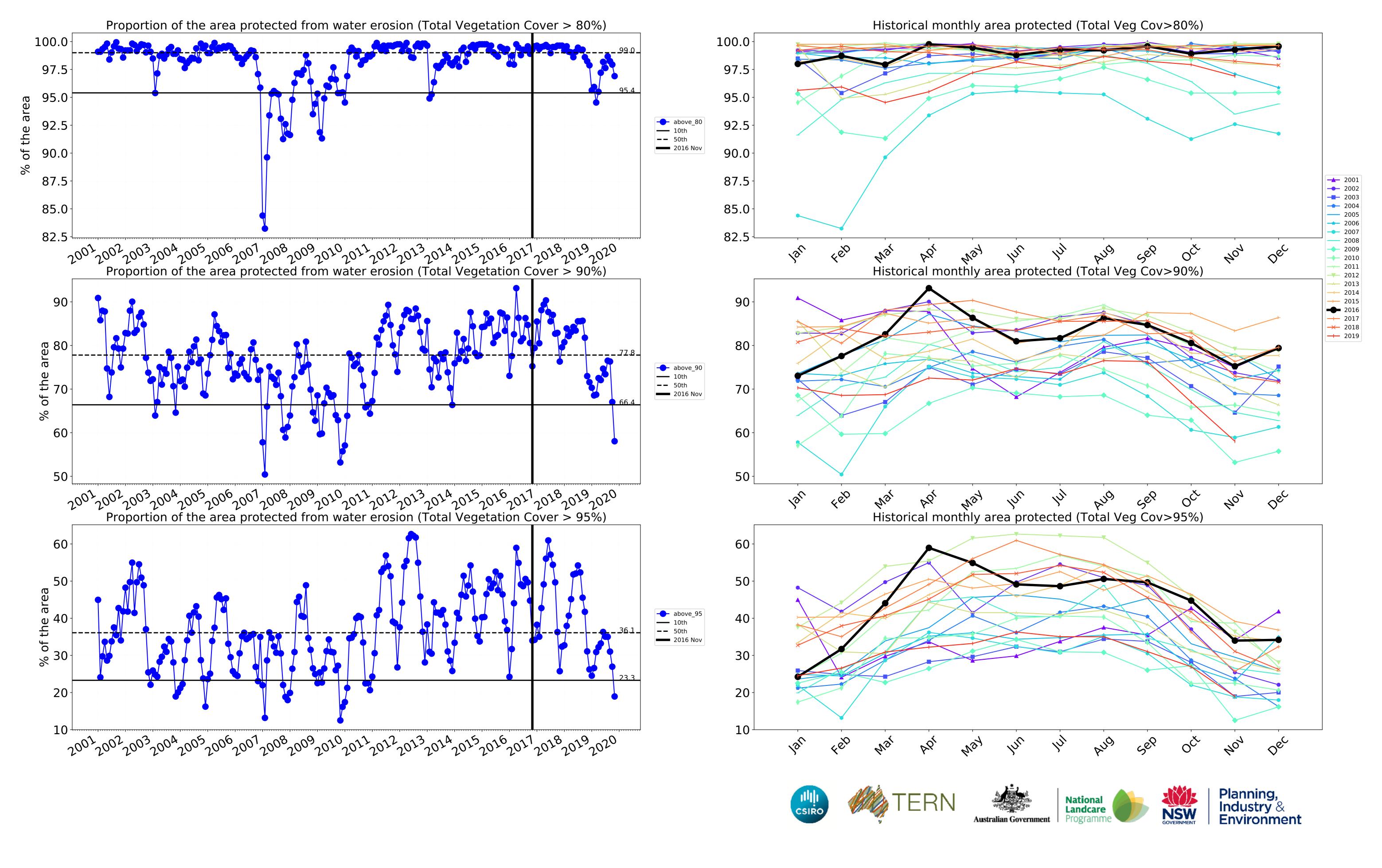












### Irrigation

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

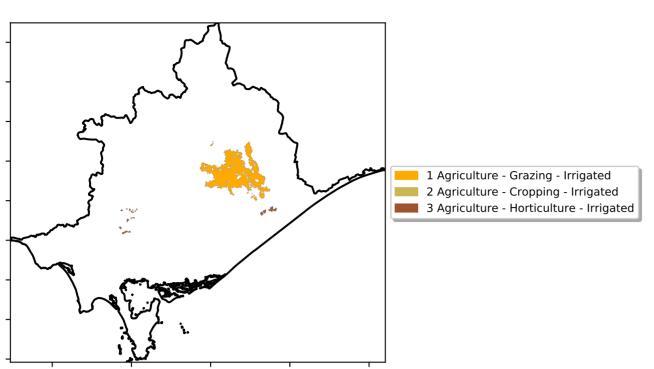
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

pixel. The mean

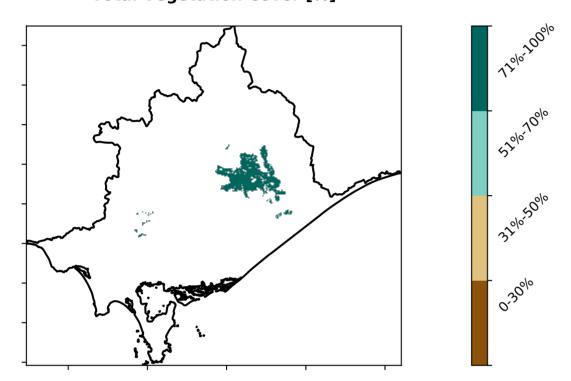
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

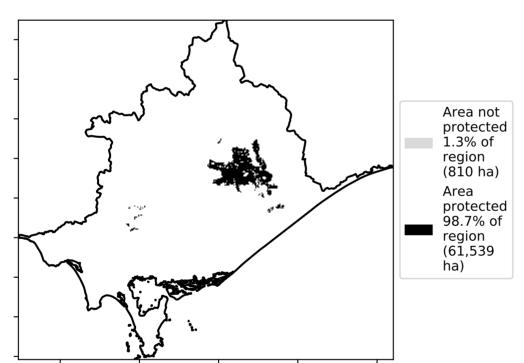


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

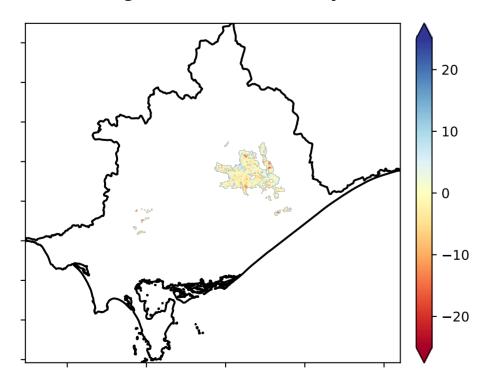
Land use and forest cover



#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

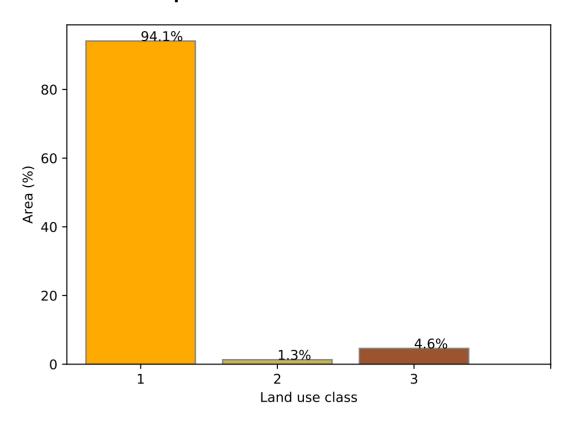


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

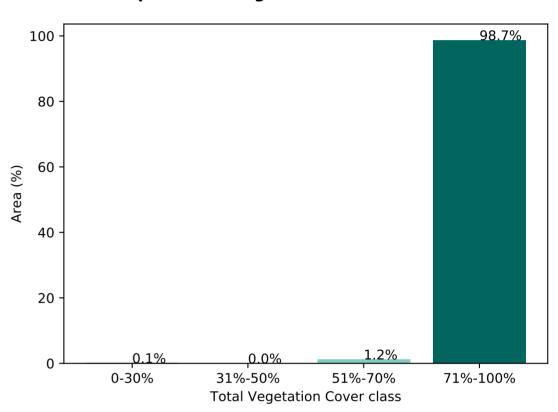


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

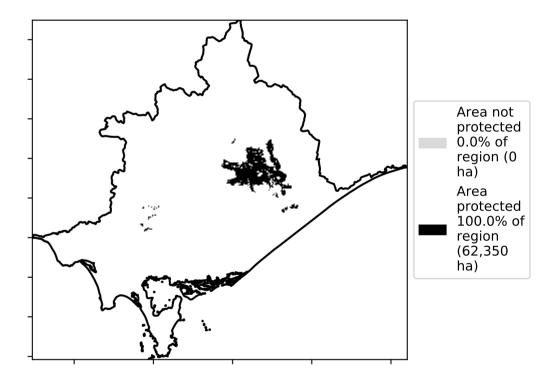
#### Proportion of each land class in area



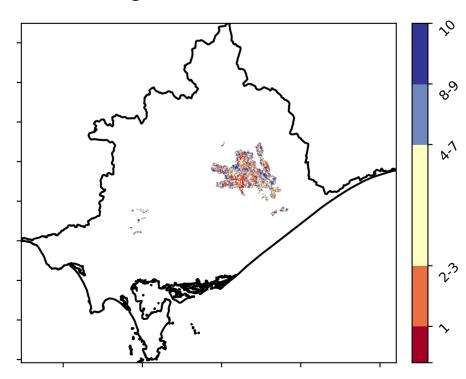
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]







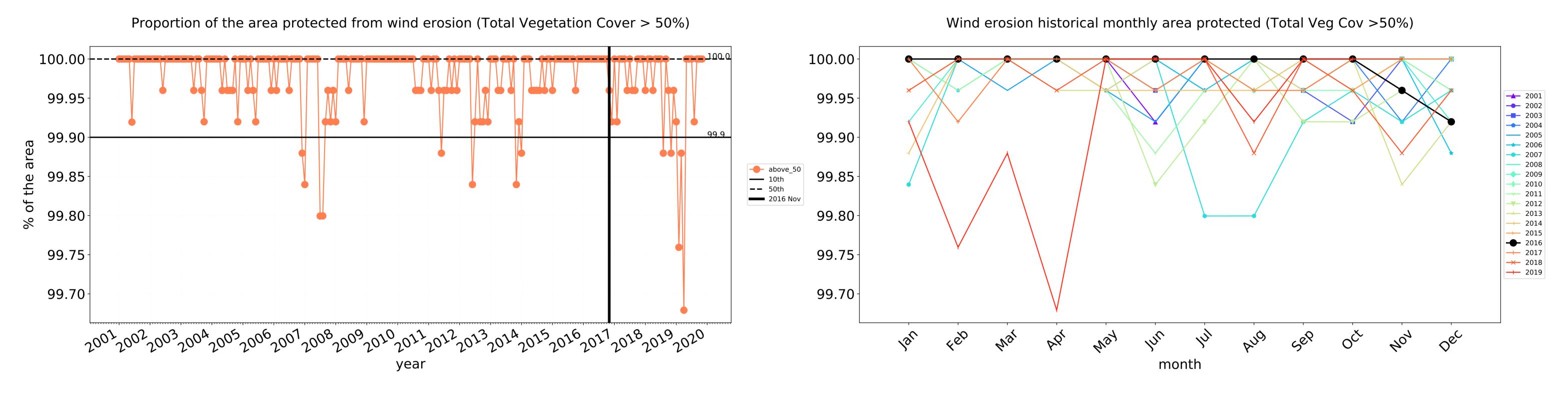


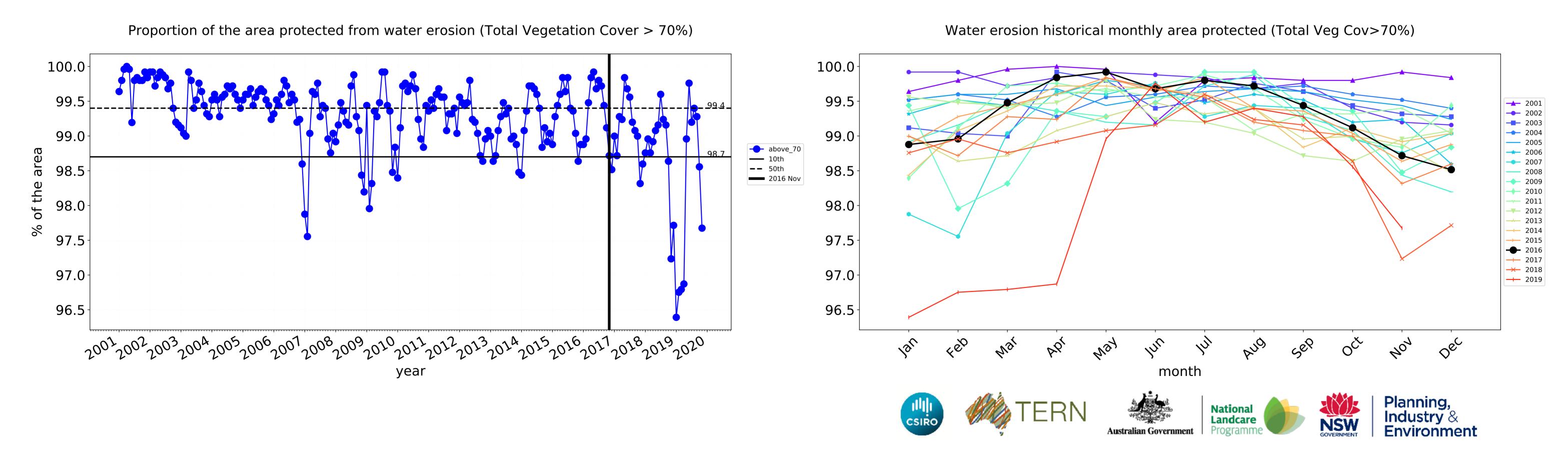


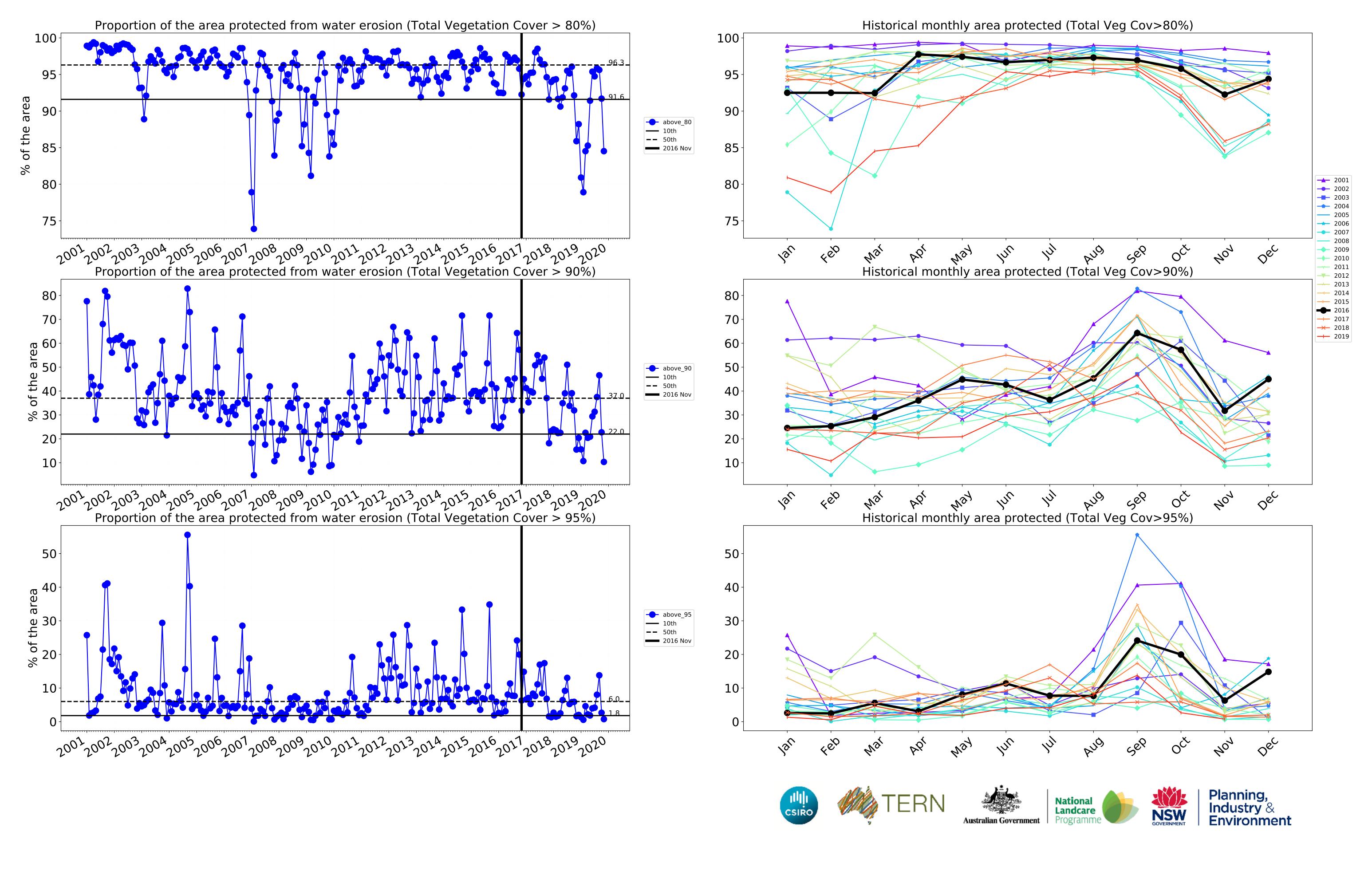




### **Irrigation timeseries**







### **Production native forests and plantation forests**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

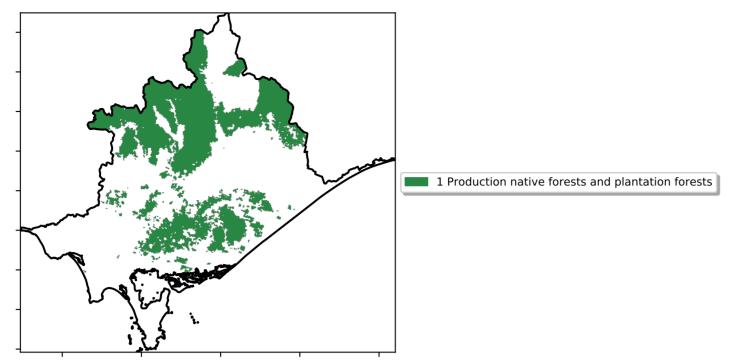
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

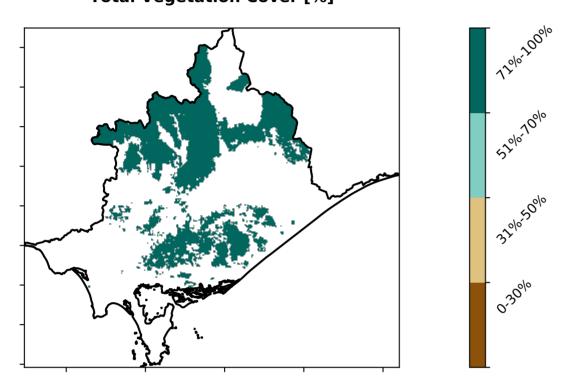
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

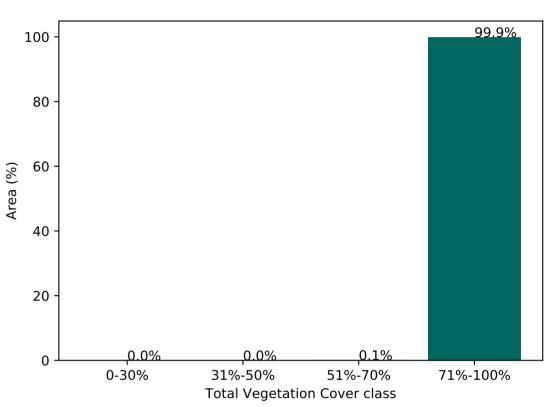
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



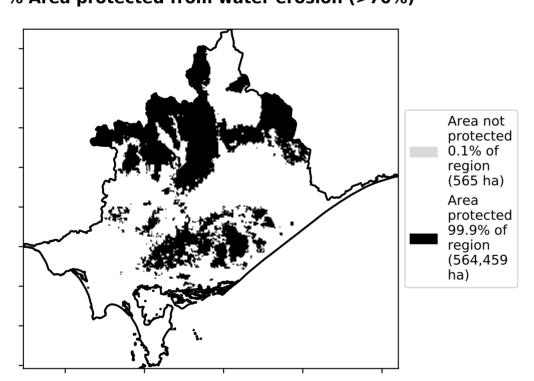
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



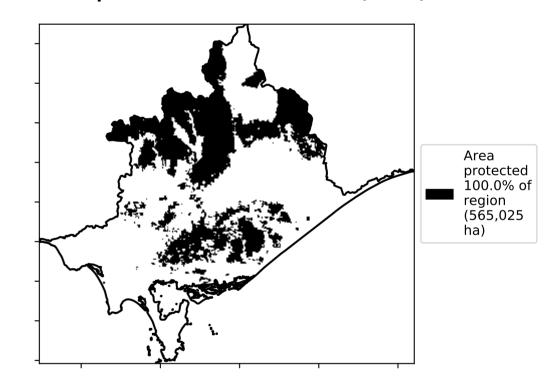
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



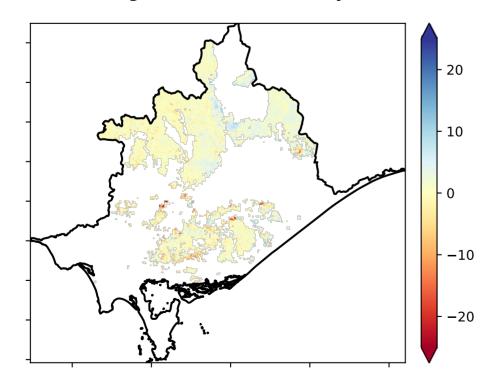
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



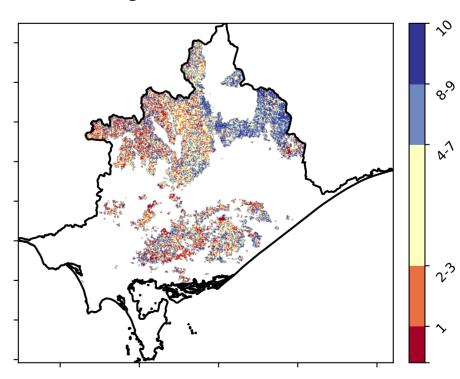
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







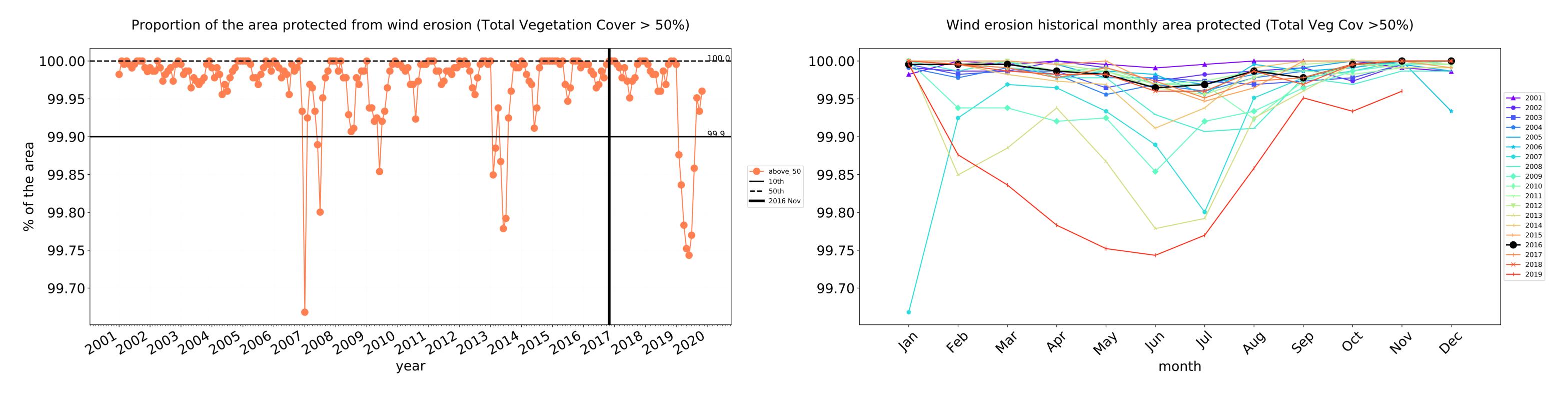


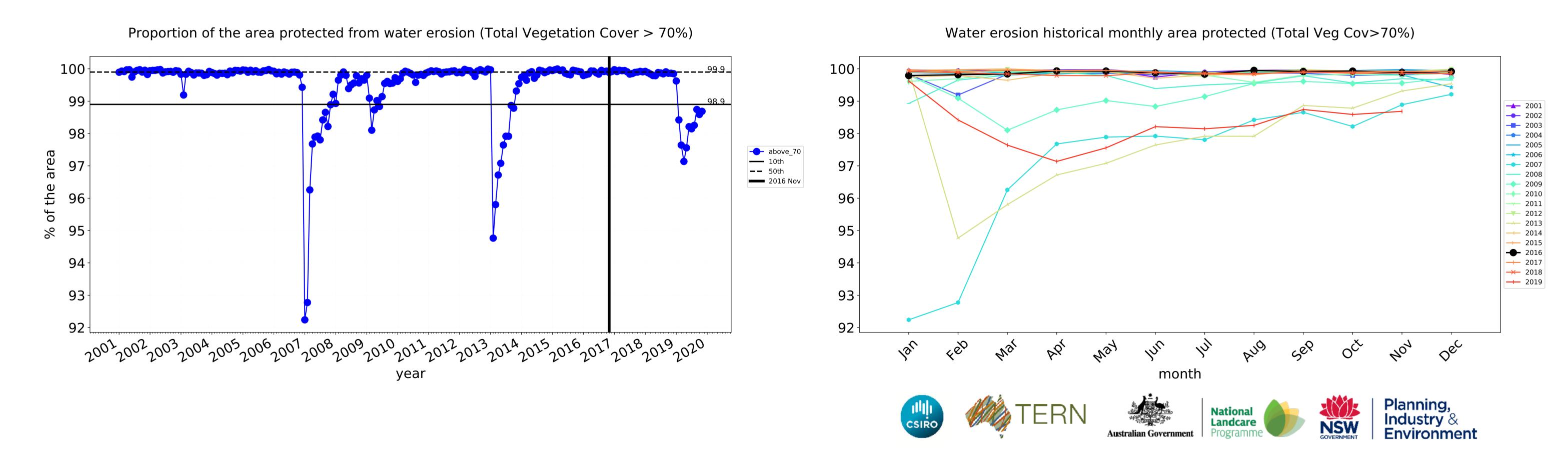


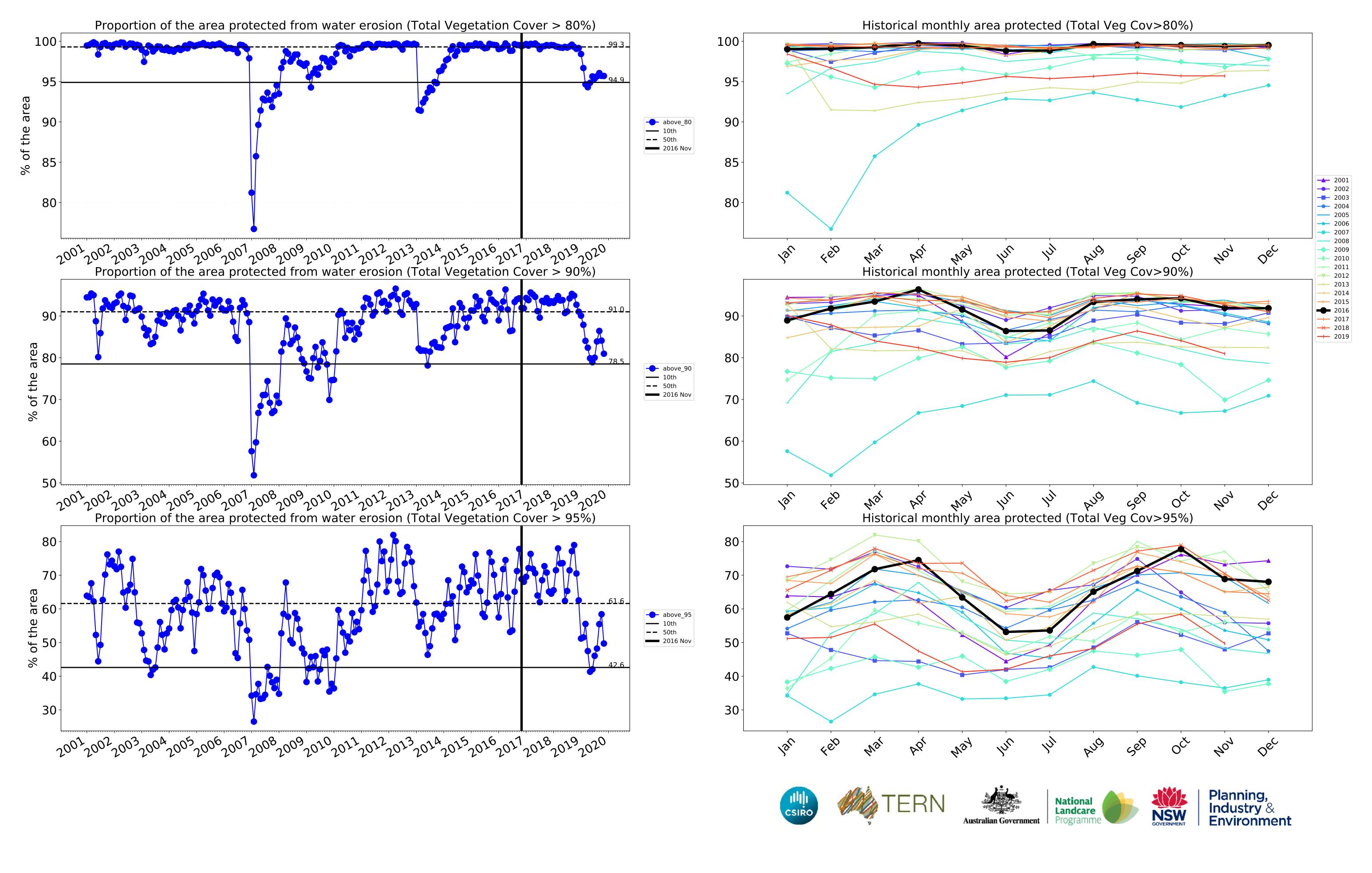




### **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# West Gippsland (1,685,625 ha and no data 40,019 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	1,685,625	100.0% 1,685,274	99.9% 1,683,598	98.9% 1,666,336	96.2% 1,621,004	70.5% 1,187,652	40.9% 689,980
Conservation and natural environments	272,225	99.9% 271,975	99.6% 271,125	98.5% 268,100	96.2% 261,750	83.7% 227,775	50.9% 138,575
Conservation and natural environments non forest	43,825	99.5% 43,600	97.9% 42,925	92.4% 40,475	81.7% 35,825	52.6% 23,050	26.5% 11,625
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	73,050	100.0% 73,025	99.8% 72,900	99.5% 72,650	98.3% 71,825	87.4% 63,850	43.1% 31,450
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	155,350	100.0% 155,350	100.0% 155,300	99.8% 154,975	99.2% 154,100	90.7% 140,875	61.5% 95,500
Agriculture	750,200	100.0% 750,175	100.0% 750,050	99.4% 745,775	96.2% 721,325	54.1% 406,225	20.3% 152,200
Grazing	678,125	100.0% 678,100	100.0% 678,000	99.5% 674,600	96.5% 654,625	56.3% 381,750	21.6% 146,700
Grazing non forest	626,675	100.0% 626,675	100.0% 626,575	99.5% 623,275	96.3% 603,675	54.9% 343,775	20.9% 130,675
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	41,200	100.0% 41,200	100.0% 41,200	99.8% 41,125	99.3% 40,900	75.2% 31,000	34.0% 14,000
Irrigation	62,350	100.0% 62,350	100.0% 62,325	98.7% 61,550	92.3% 57,525	31.8% 19,800	6.3% 3,925
Production native forests and plantation forests	565,025	100.0% 565,025	100.0% 565,025	99.9% 564,375	99.4% 561,550	92.0% 519,550	68.9% 389,050











