# **Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:NRM Goulburn Broken VIC**

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

### **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

### **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









Date: March 2021

# **Vegetation Cover Mar 2021**

#### Land use and forest cover

#### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses

Catchment Scale

Derived from

Use of Australia

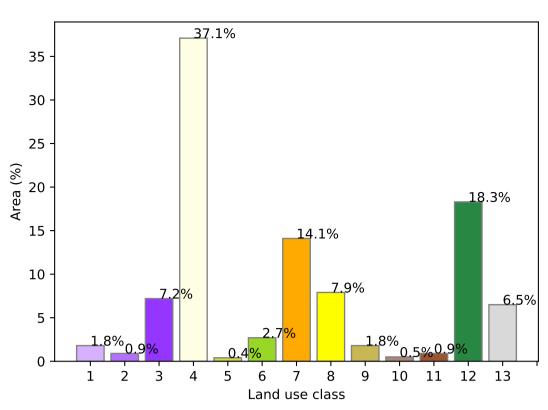
(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

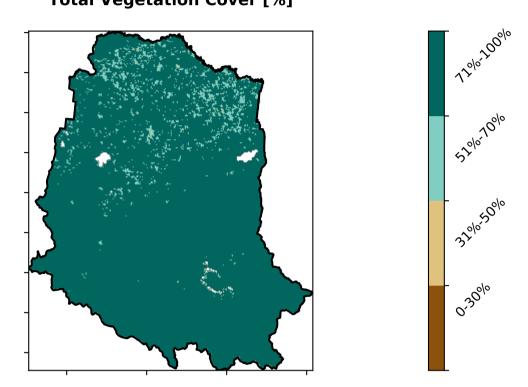
Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Catchment Scale Land

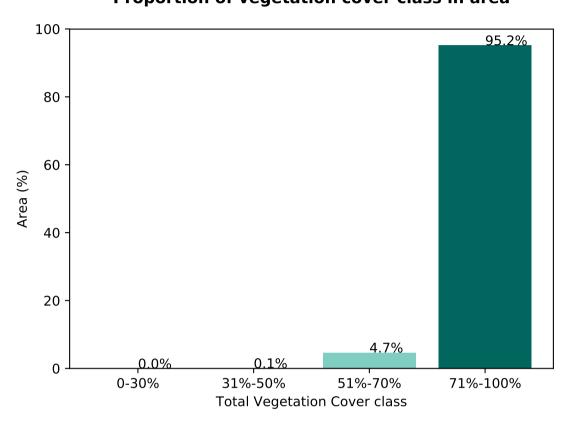
**Proportion of each land class in area** 



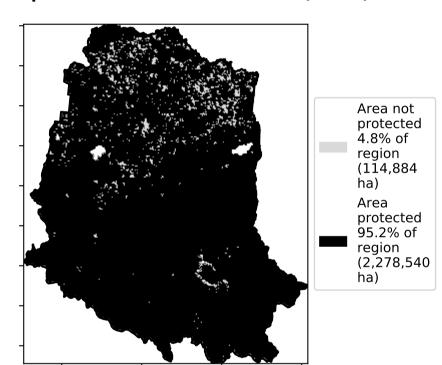
**Total Vegetation Cover [%]** 



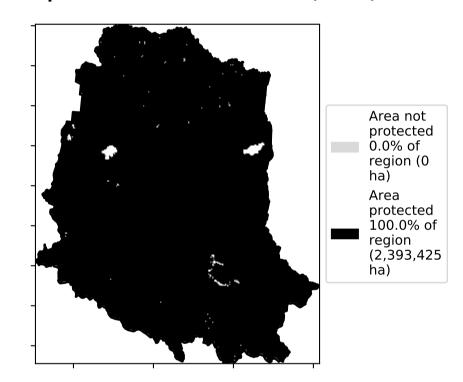
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



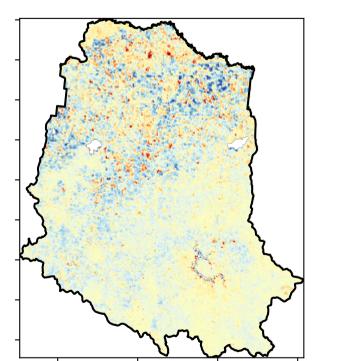
#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

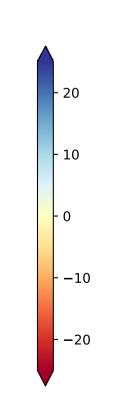


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



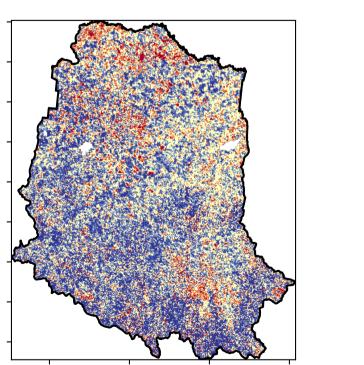
### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

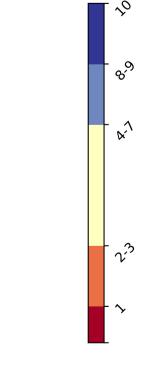




Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 





Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

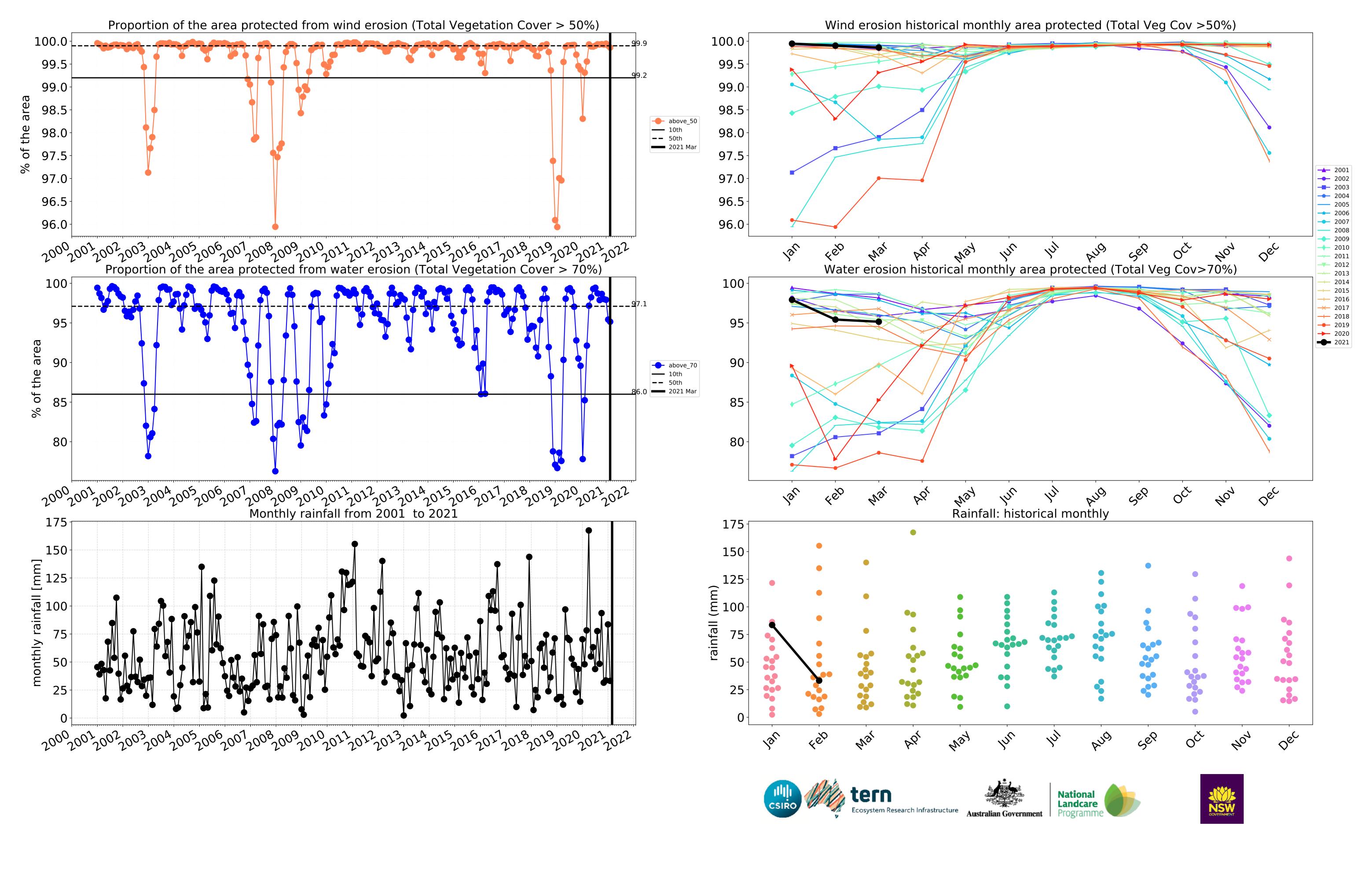
the mean. That

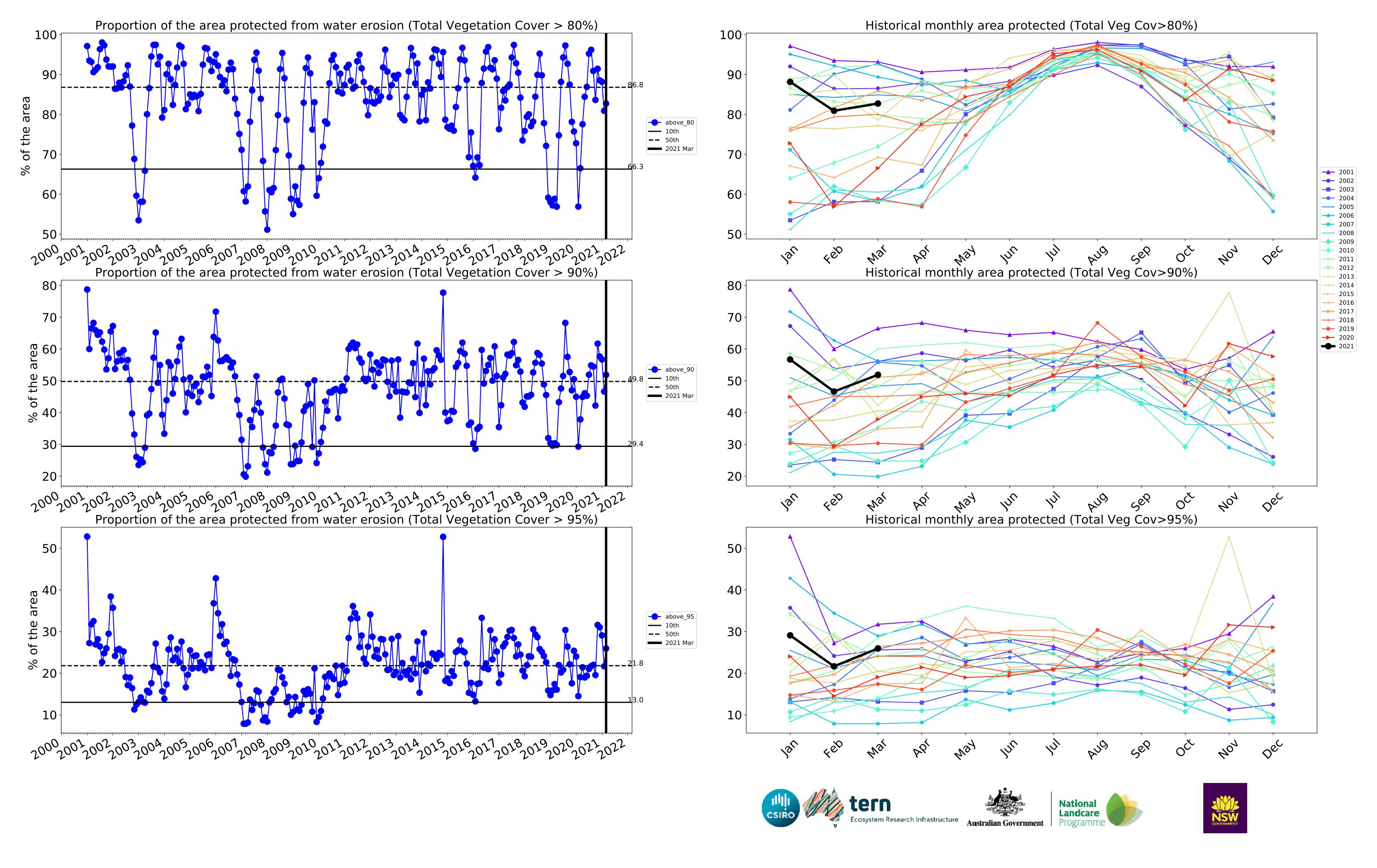












### **Conservation and natural environments**

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

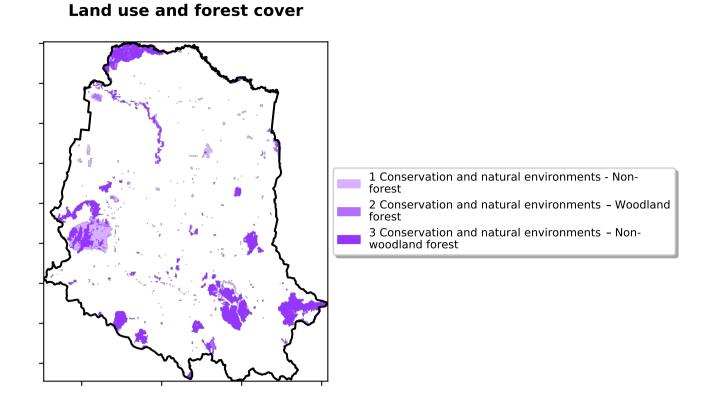
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

pixel. The mean

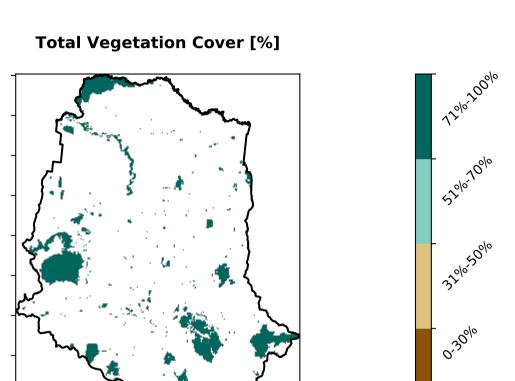
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

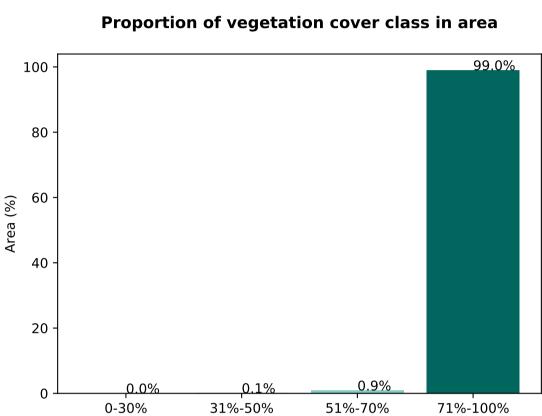
is only for the month of the map



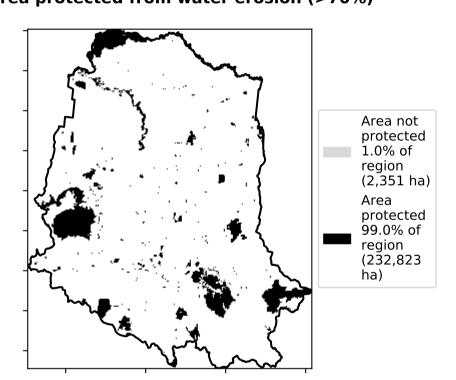
### 

Proportion of each land class in area



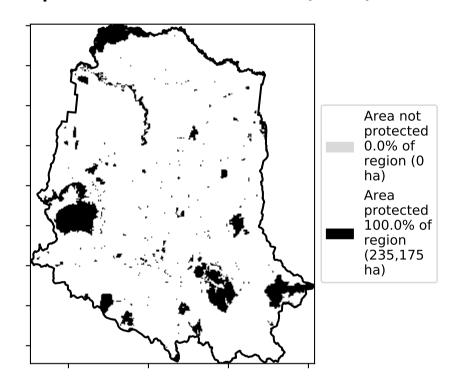




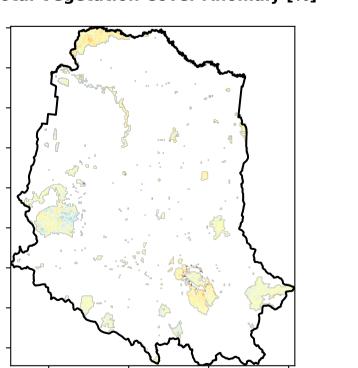


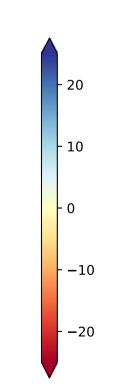
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

**Total Vegetation Cover class** 

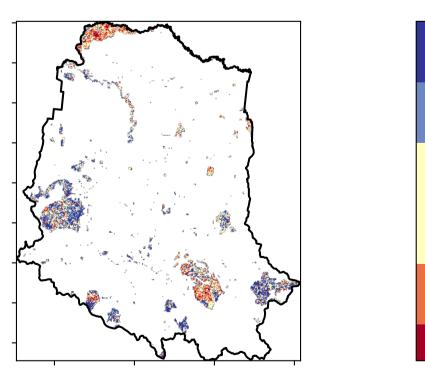


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





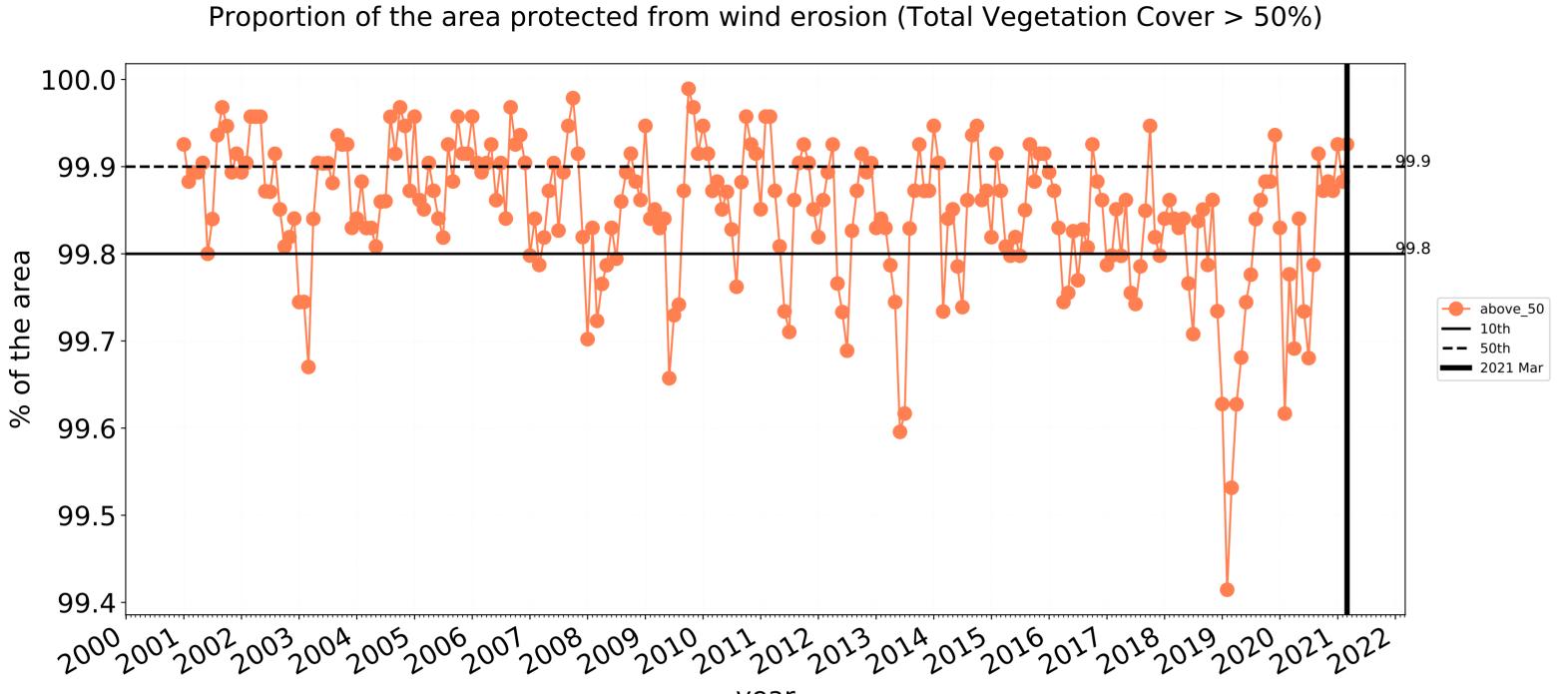


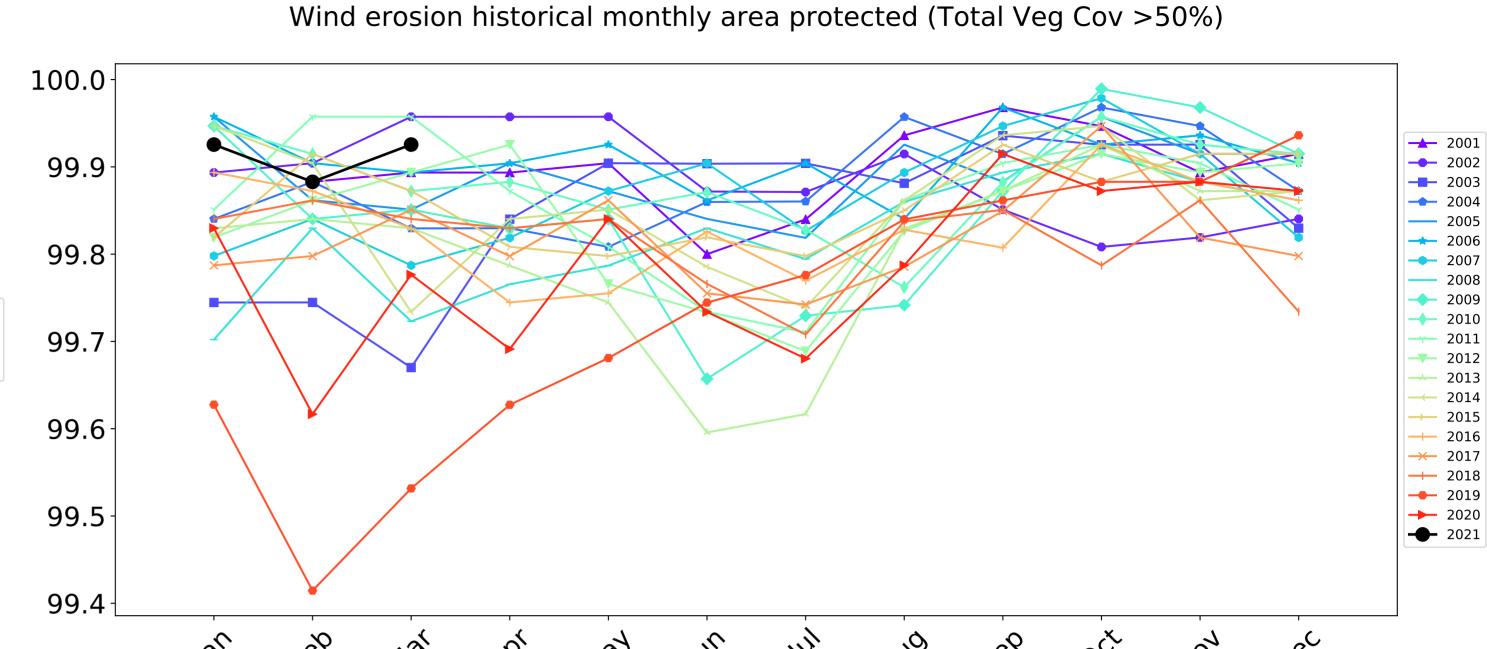




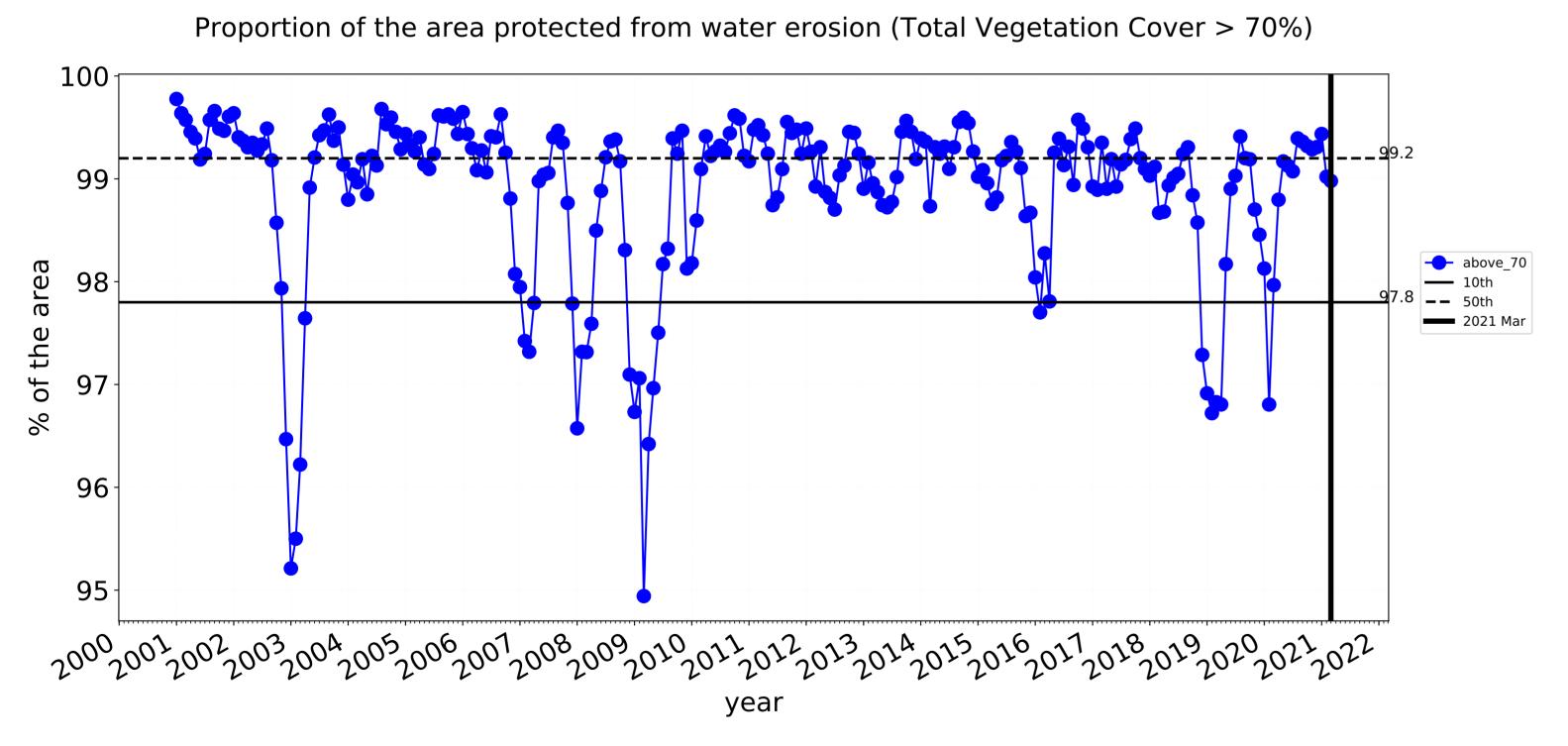


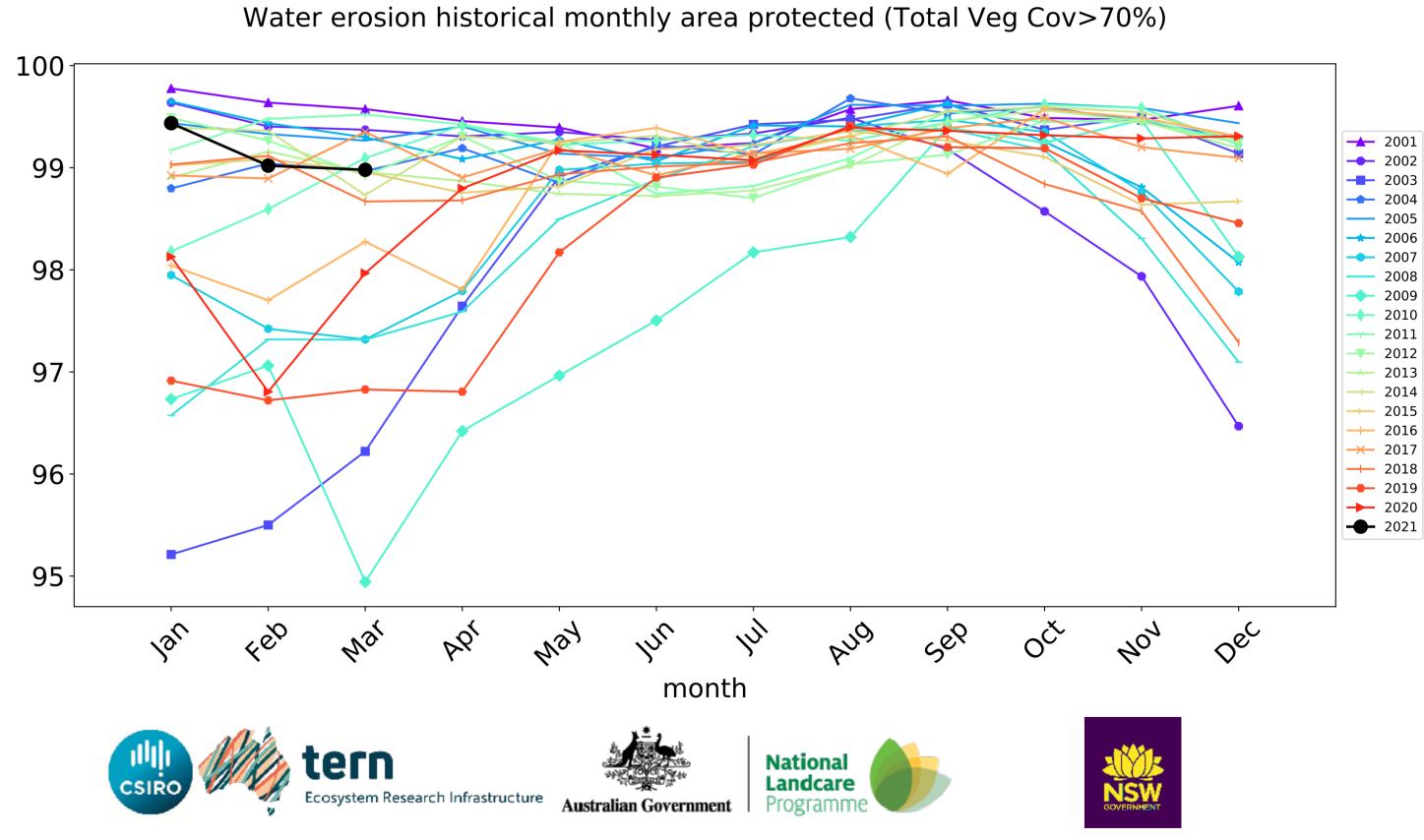
### **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

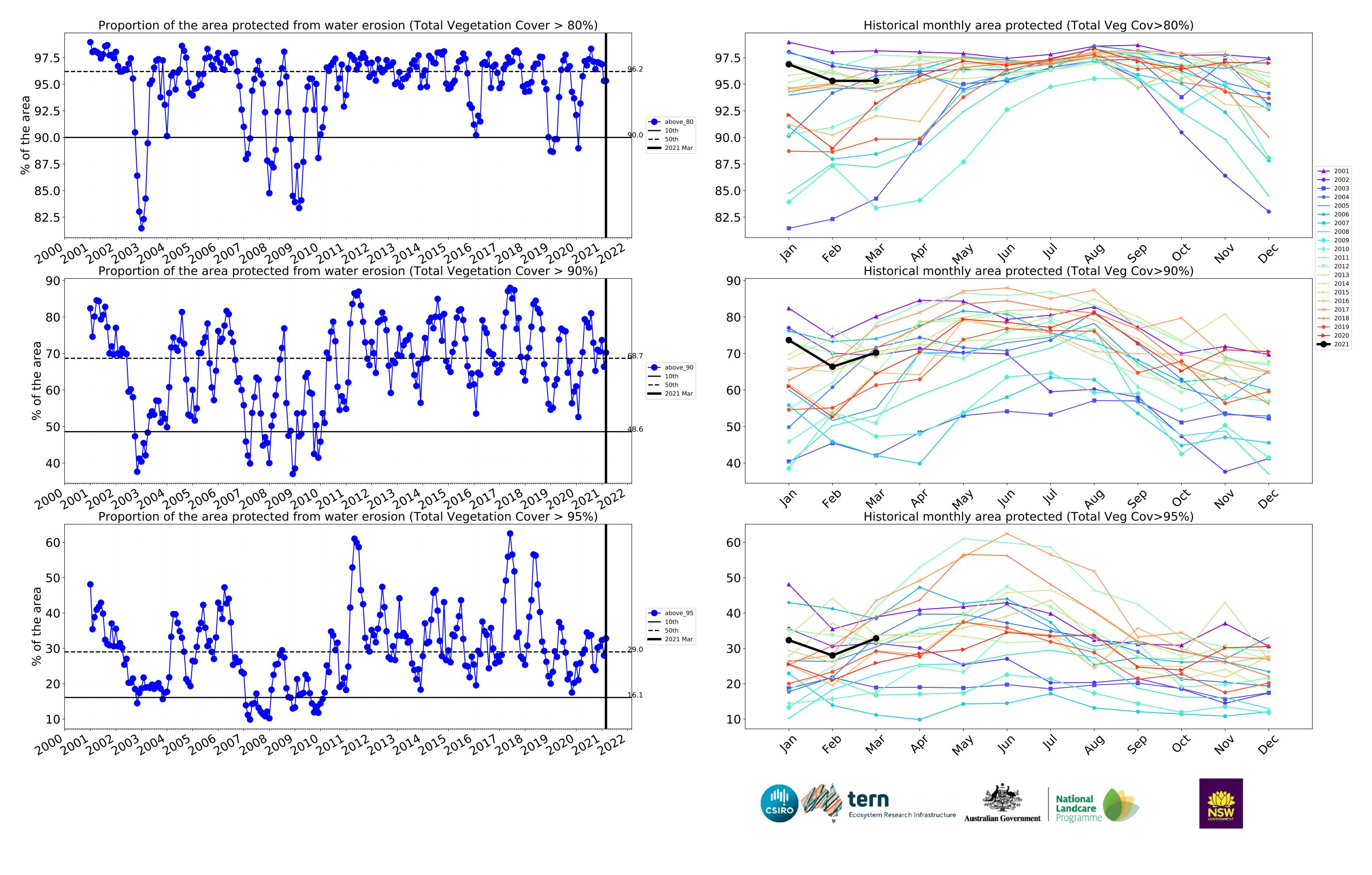




month

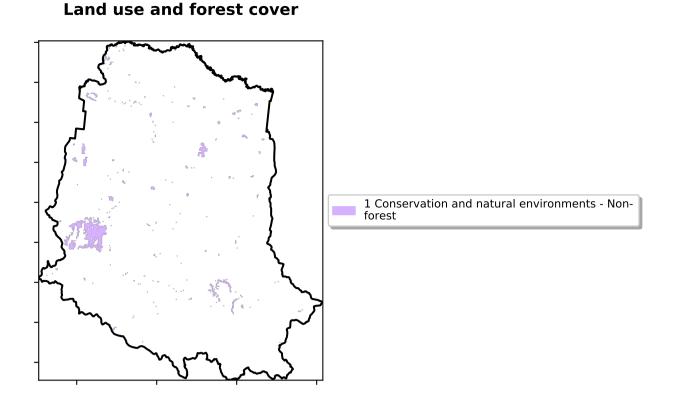




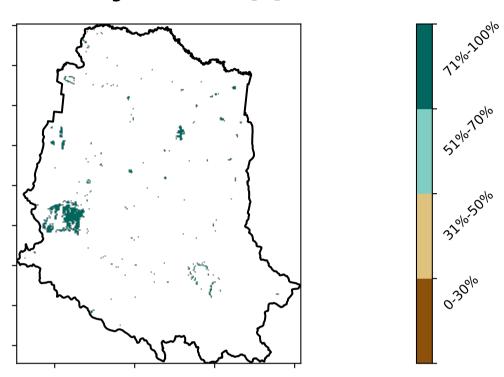


### **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

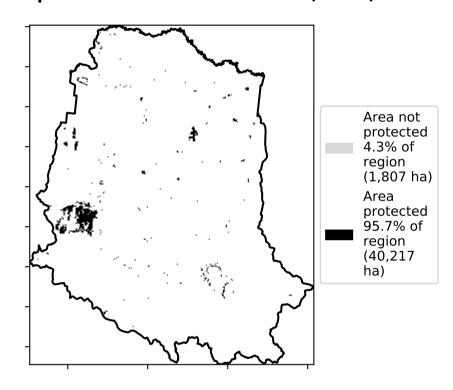
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



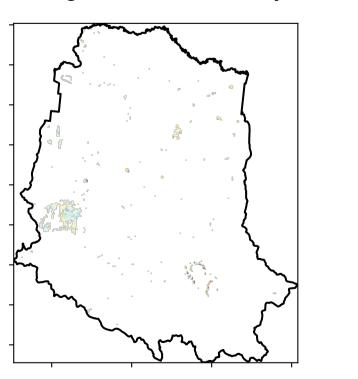
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

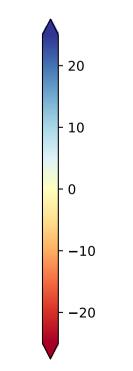


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



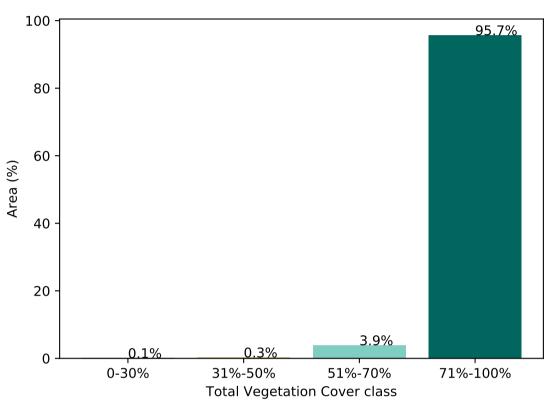
### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



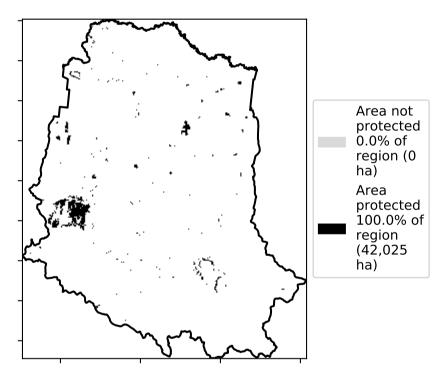


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

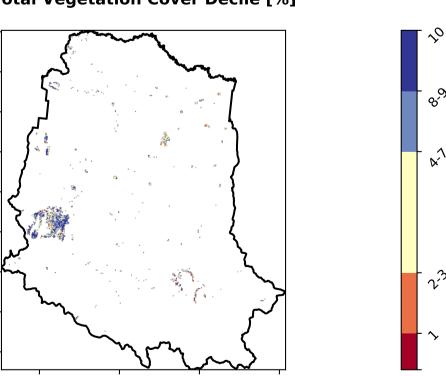
### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

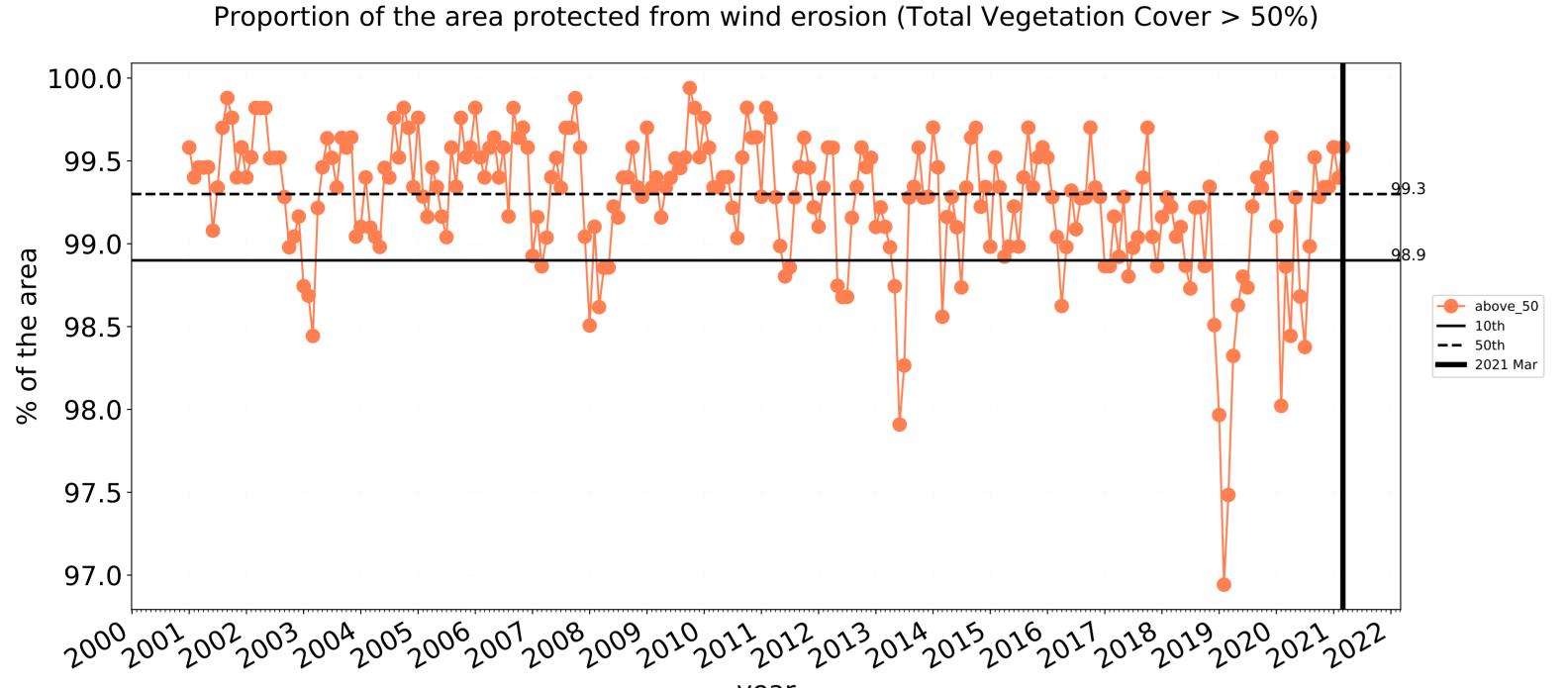




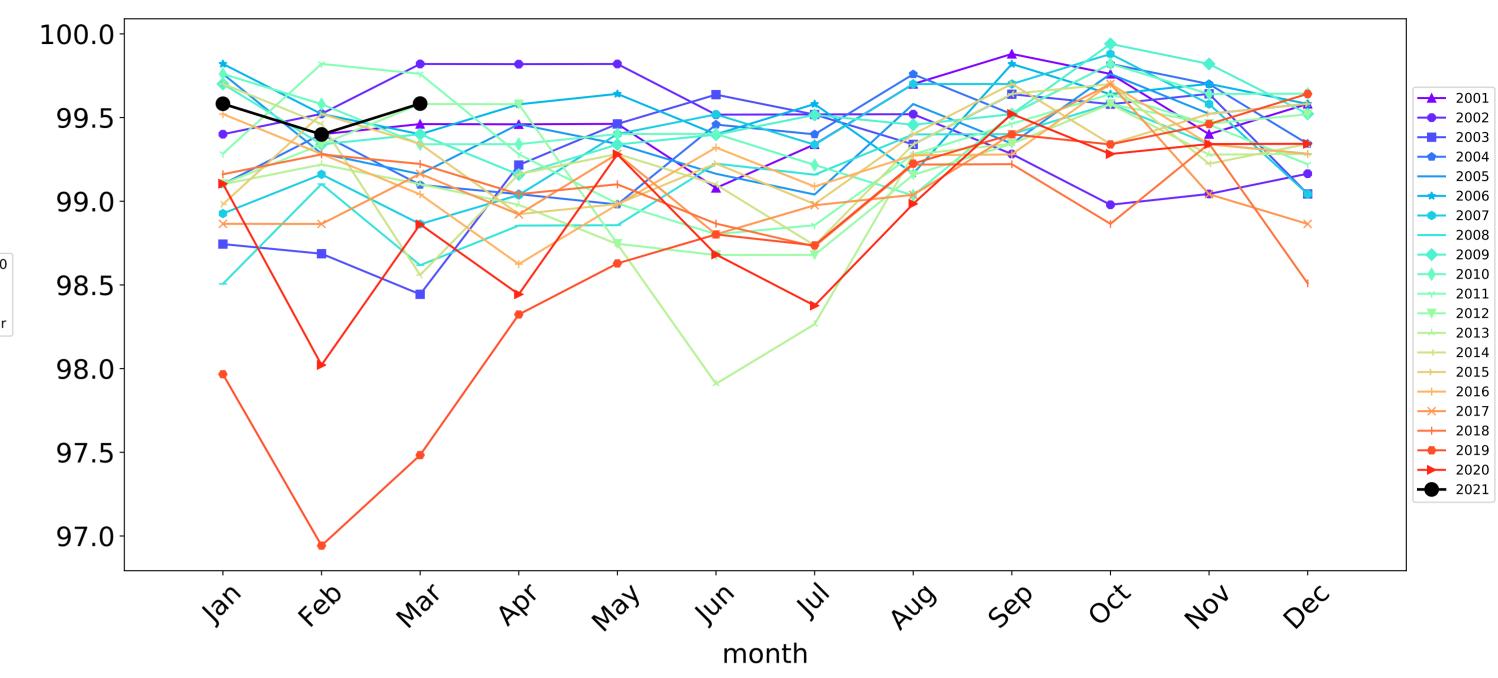


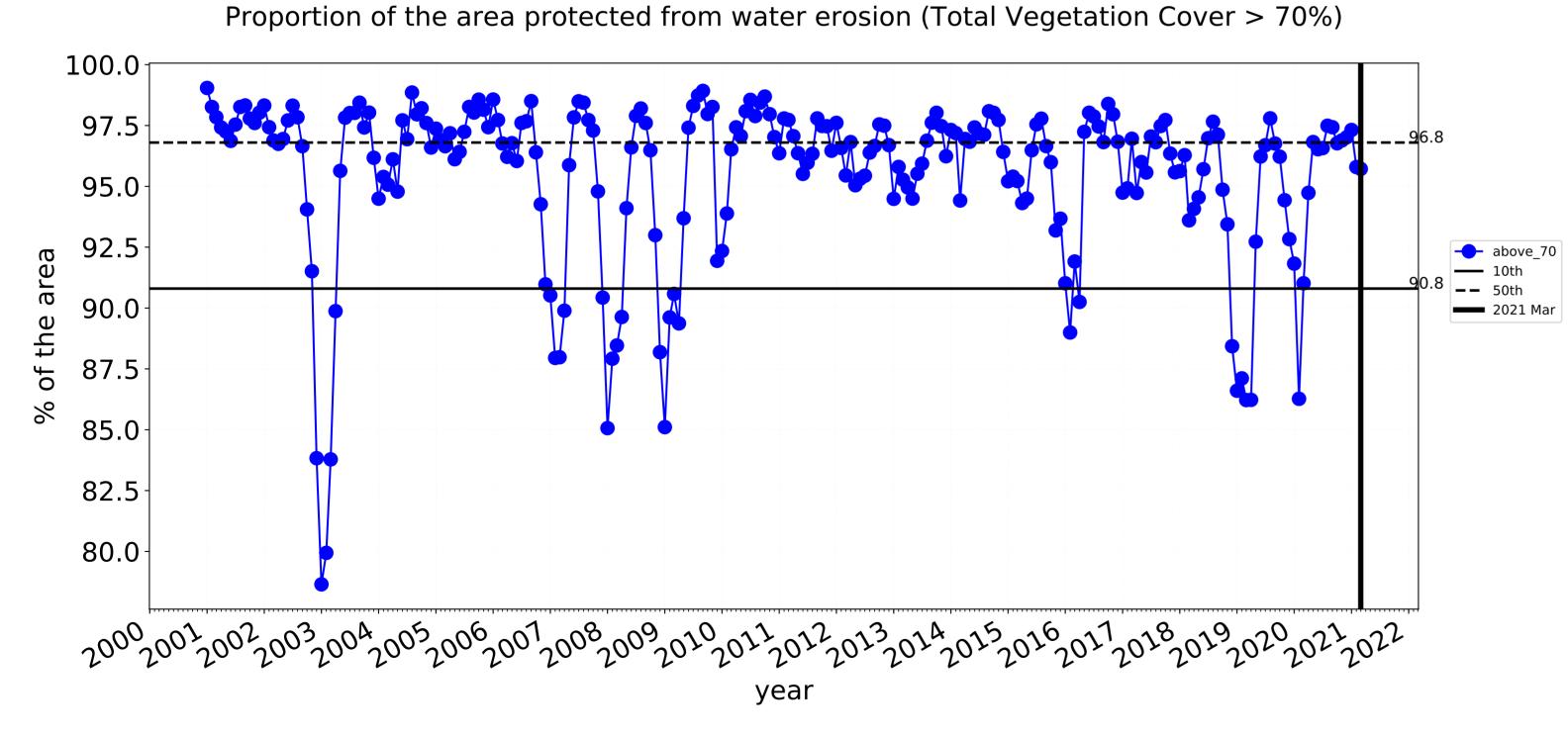


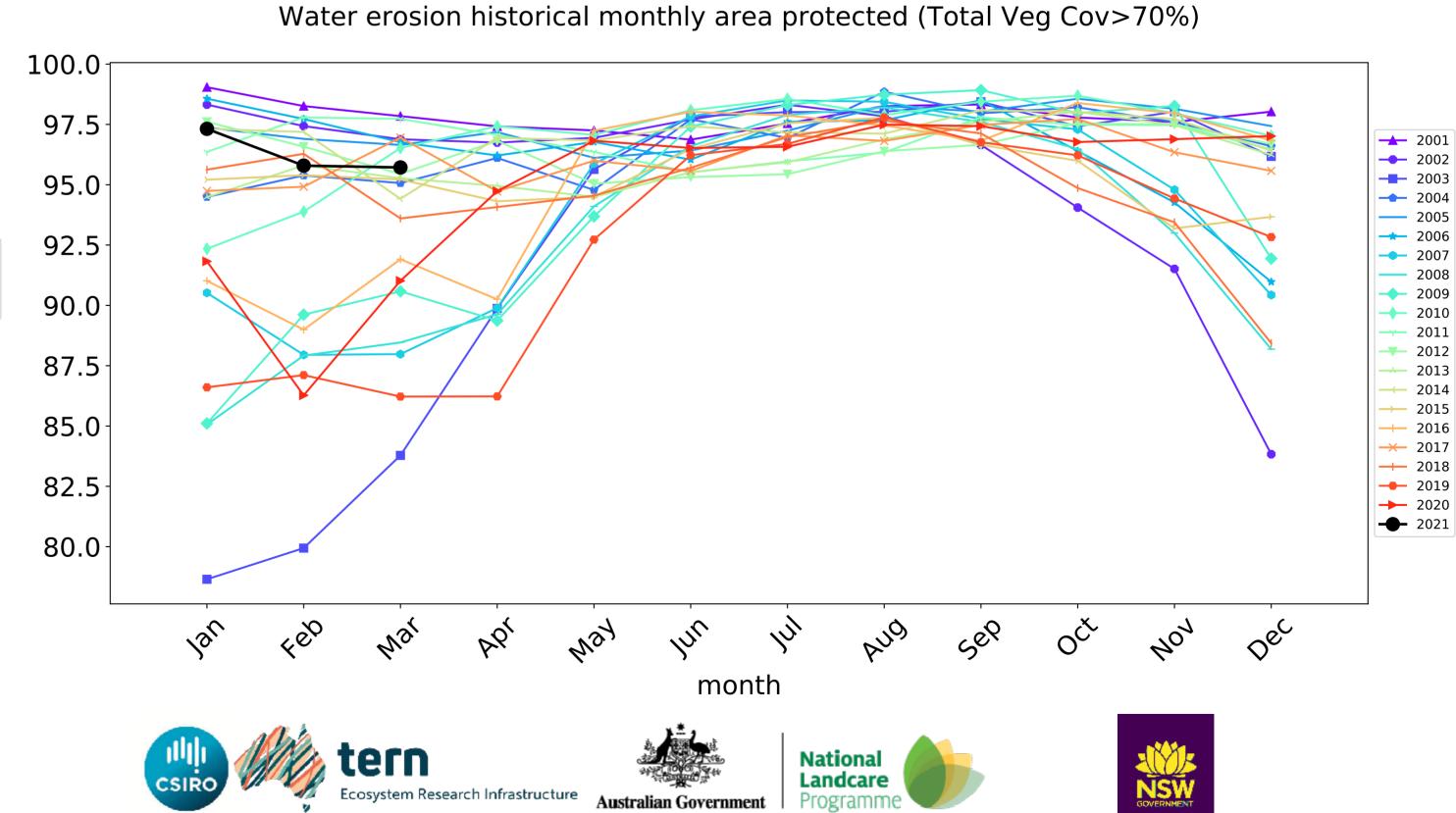
### **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**

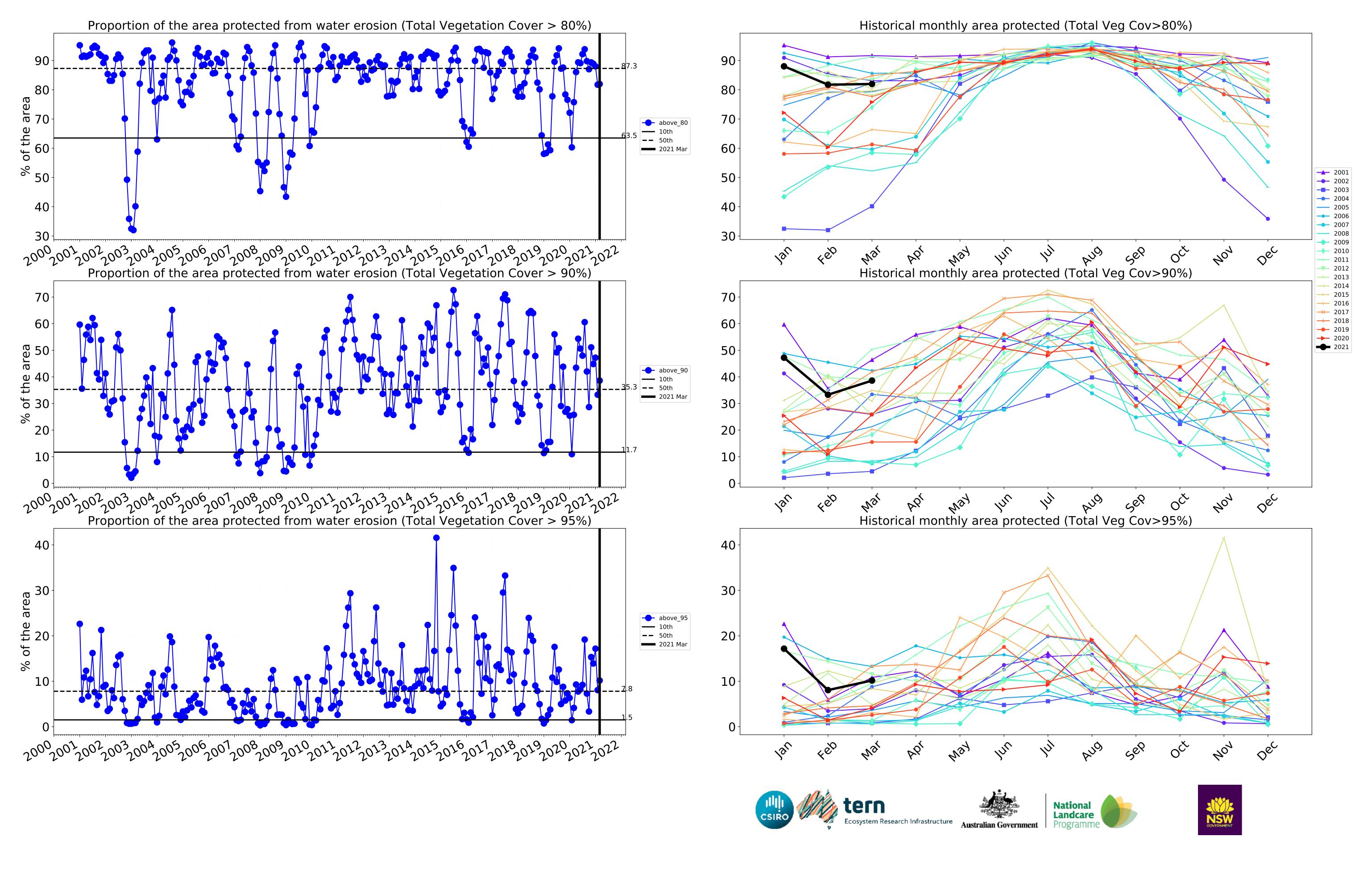












### **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

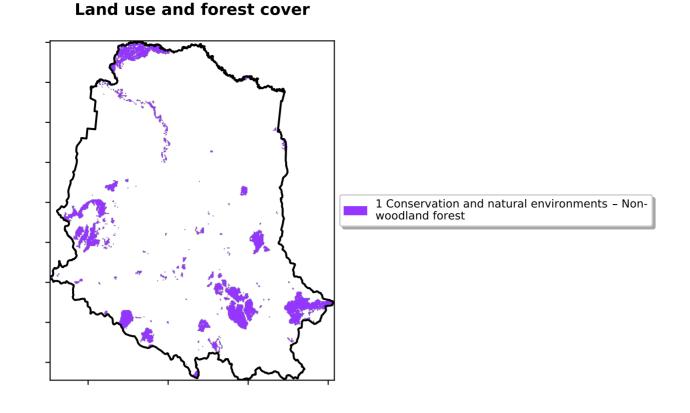
#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

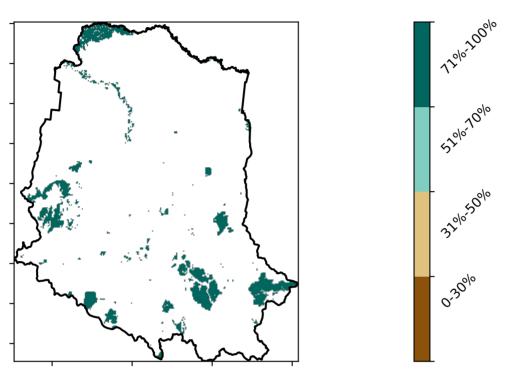
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

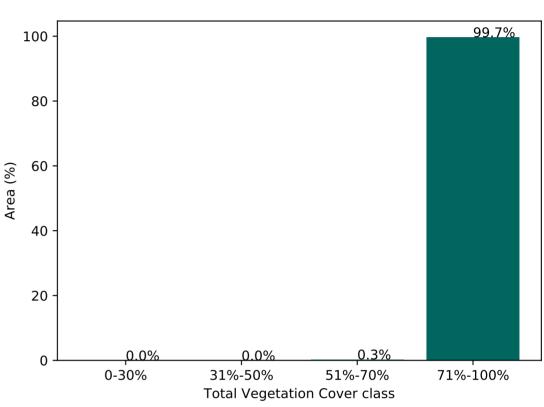
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



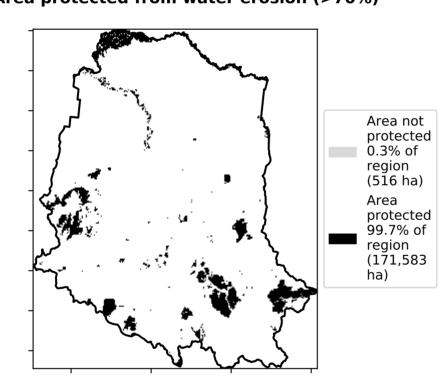
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



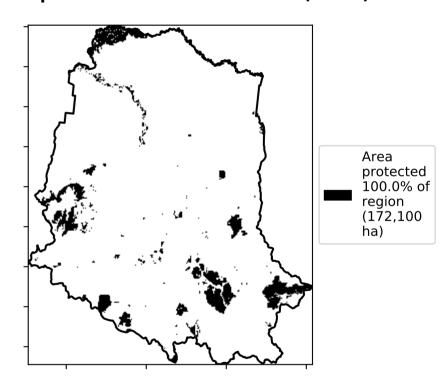
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



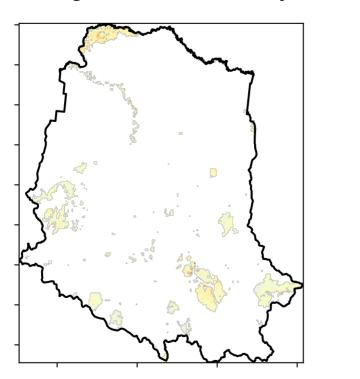
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

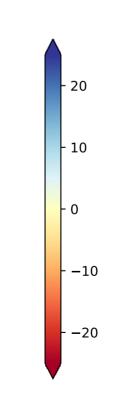


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

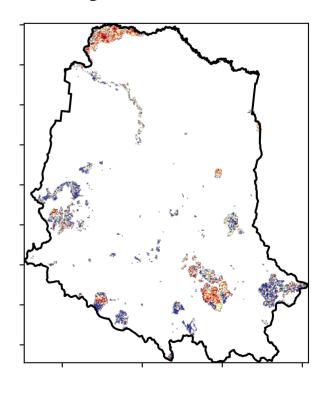


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





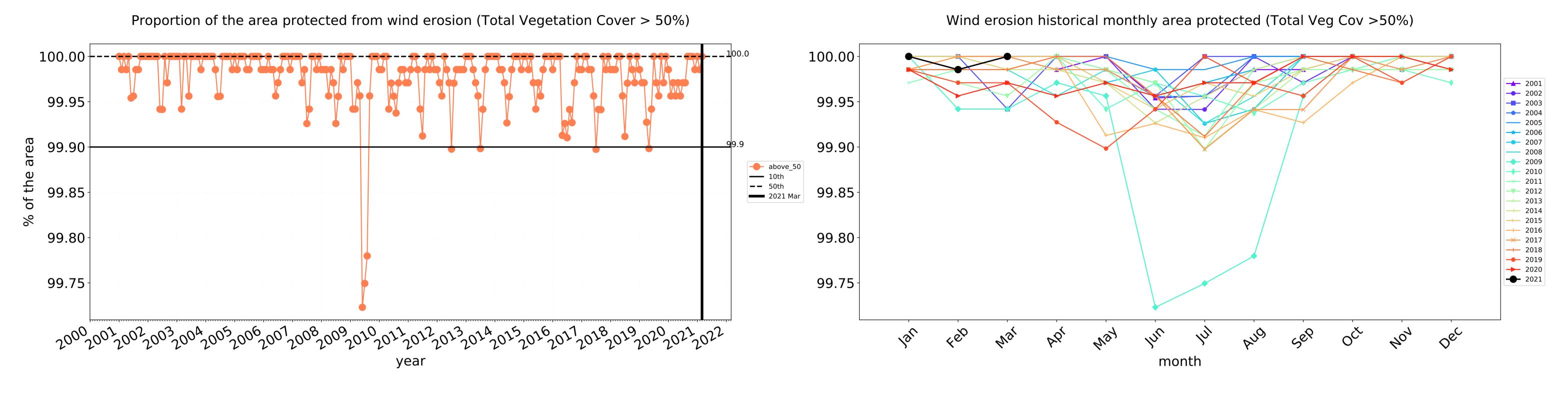


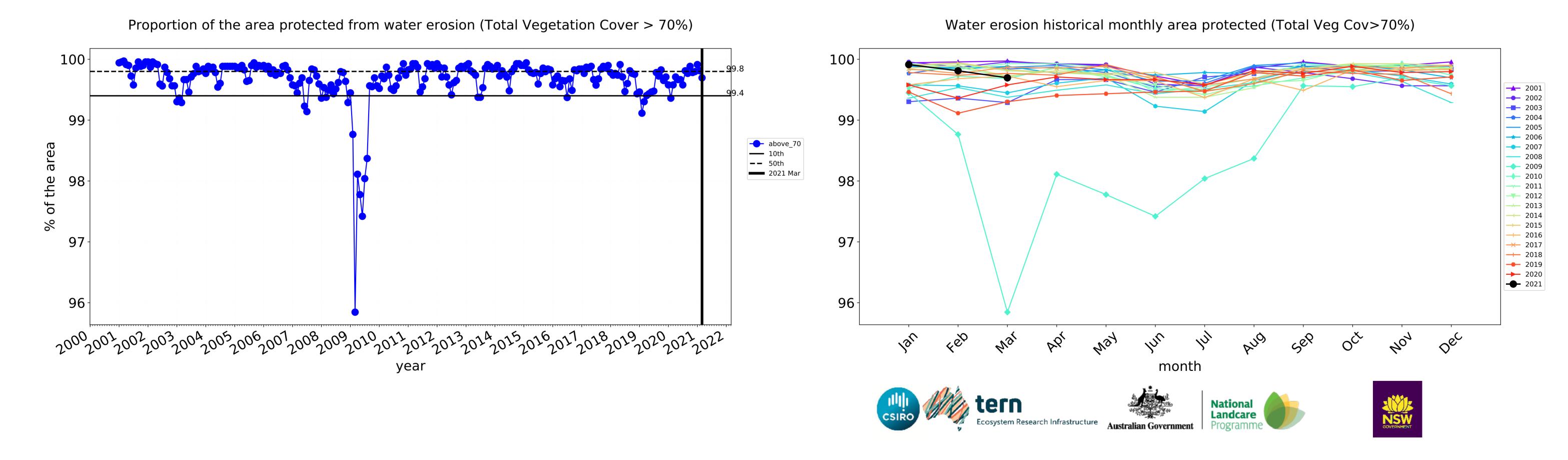


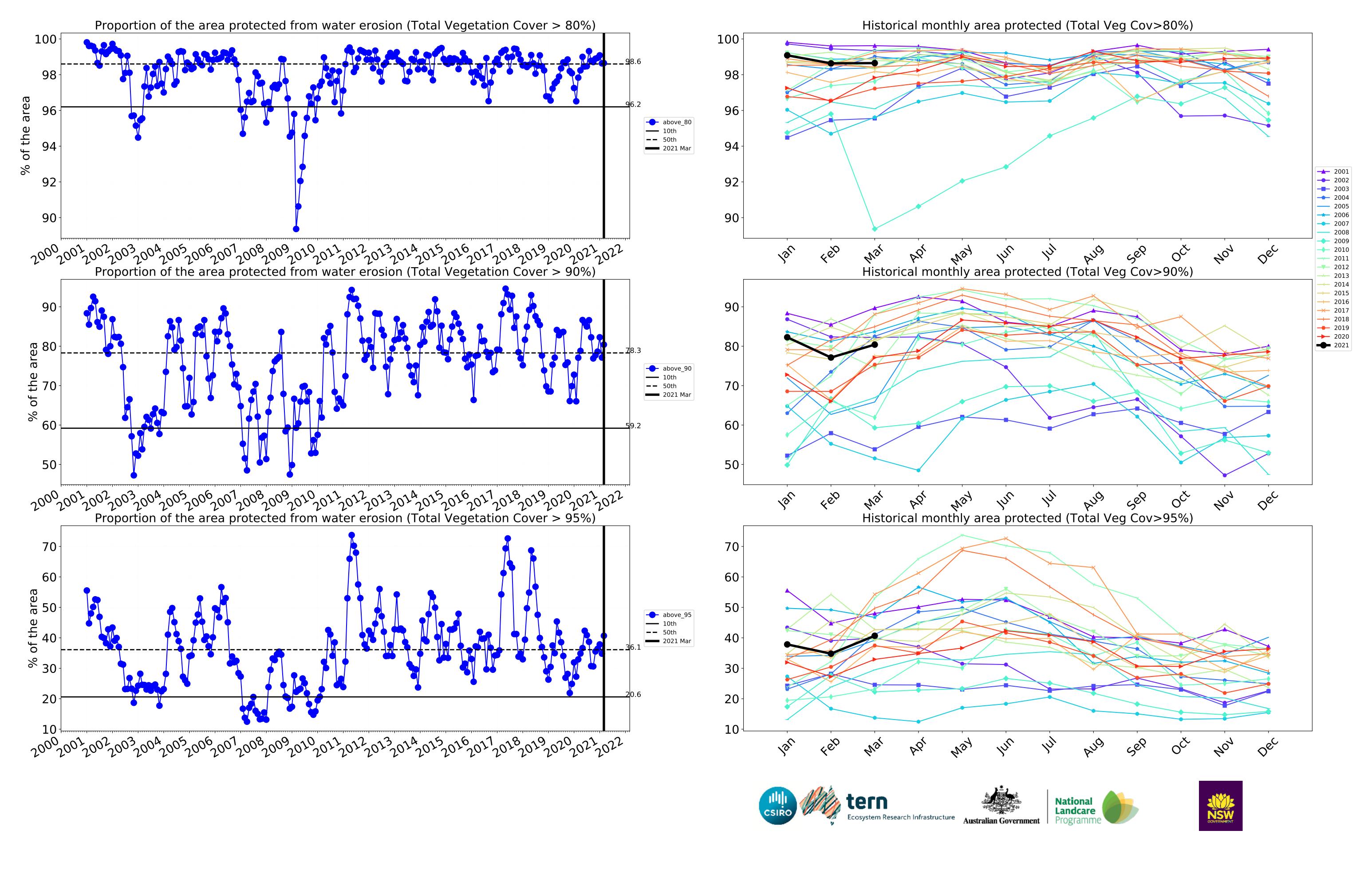












### **Agriculture**

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

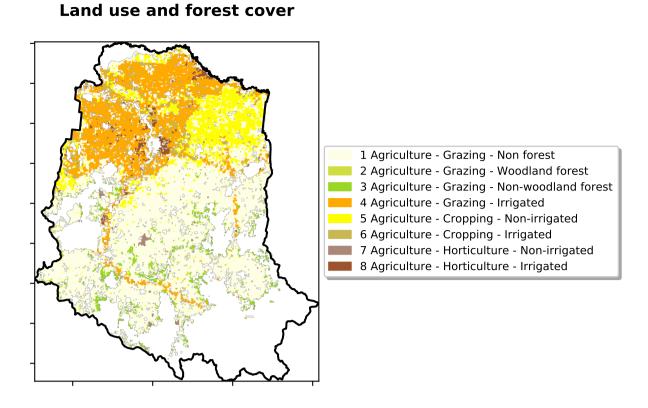
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

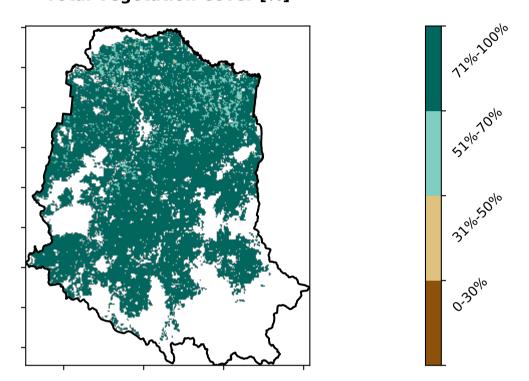
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

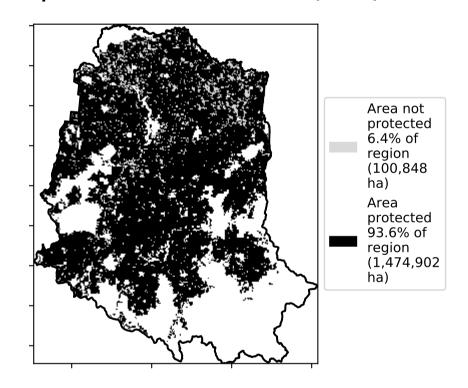
is only for the month of the map



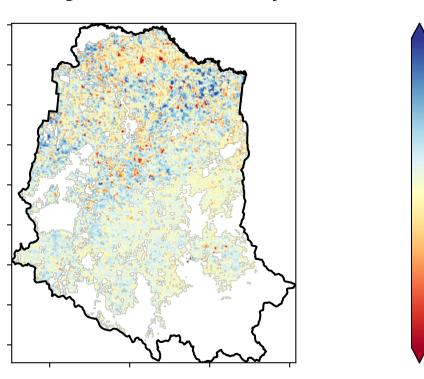
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

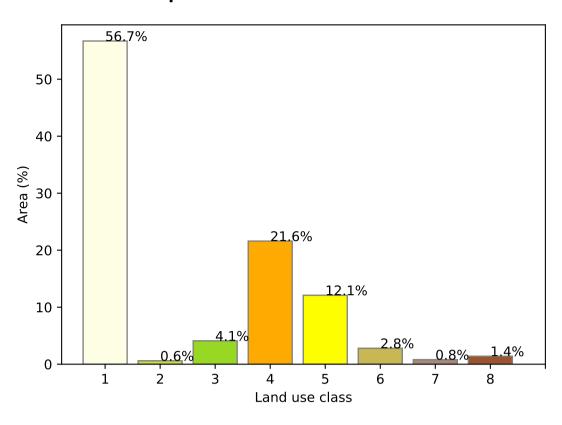
- 20

- 10

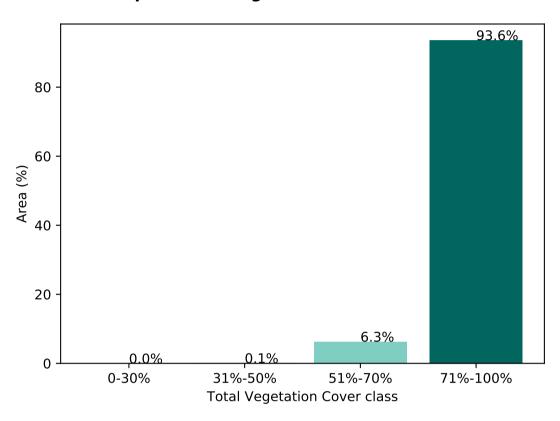
-10

**-**20

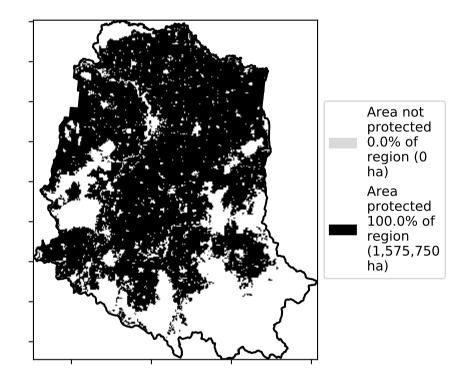
#### Proportion of each land class in area

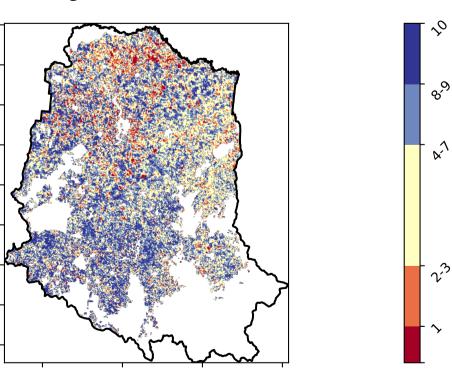


#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









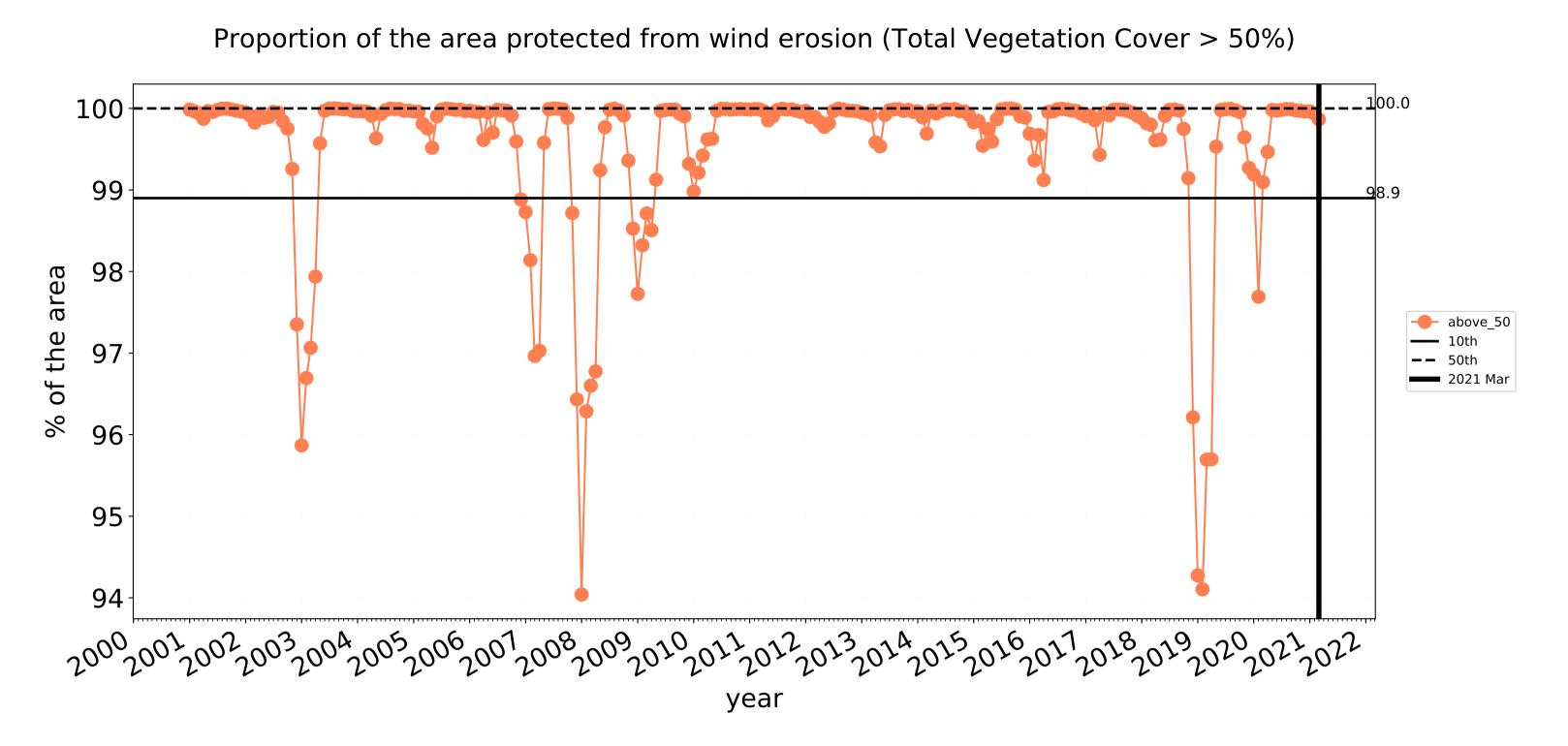


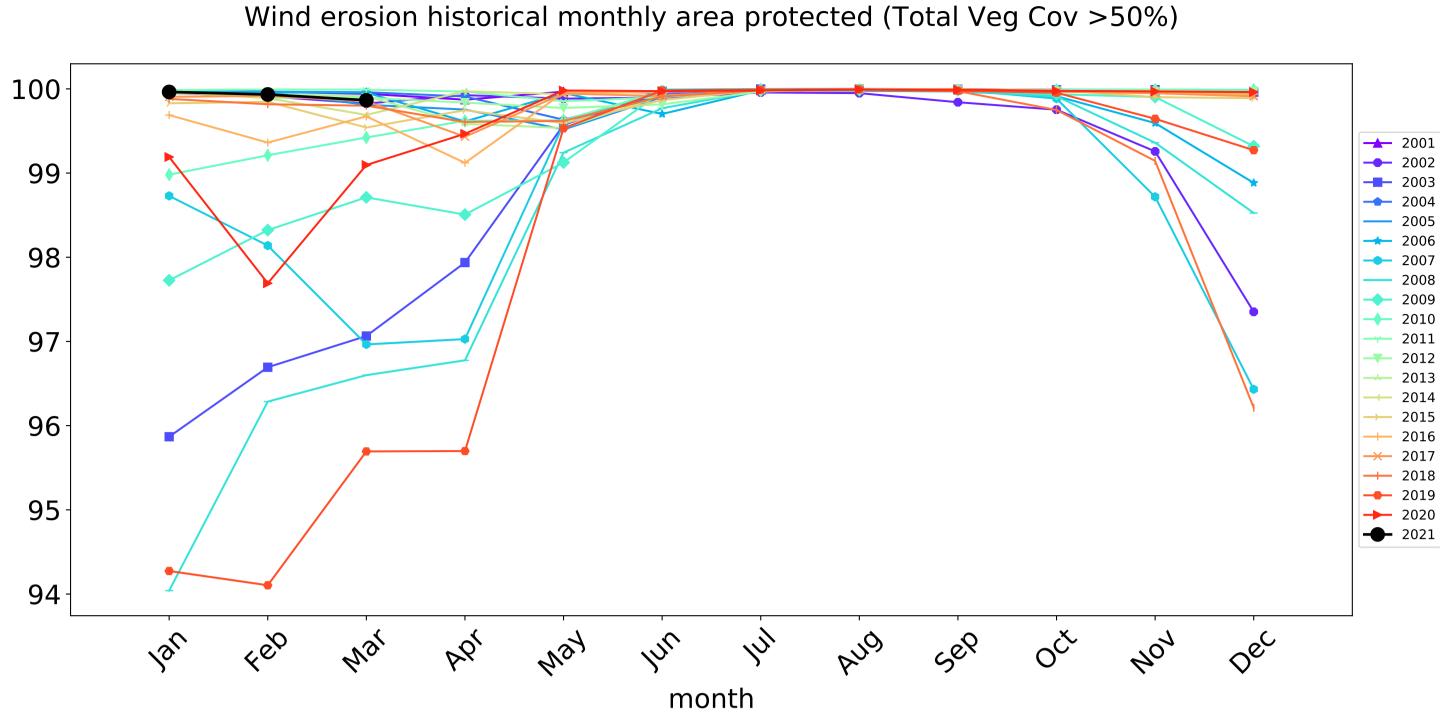


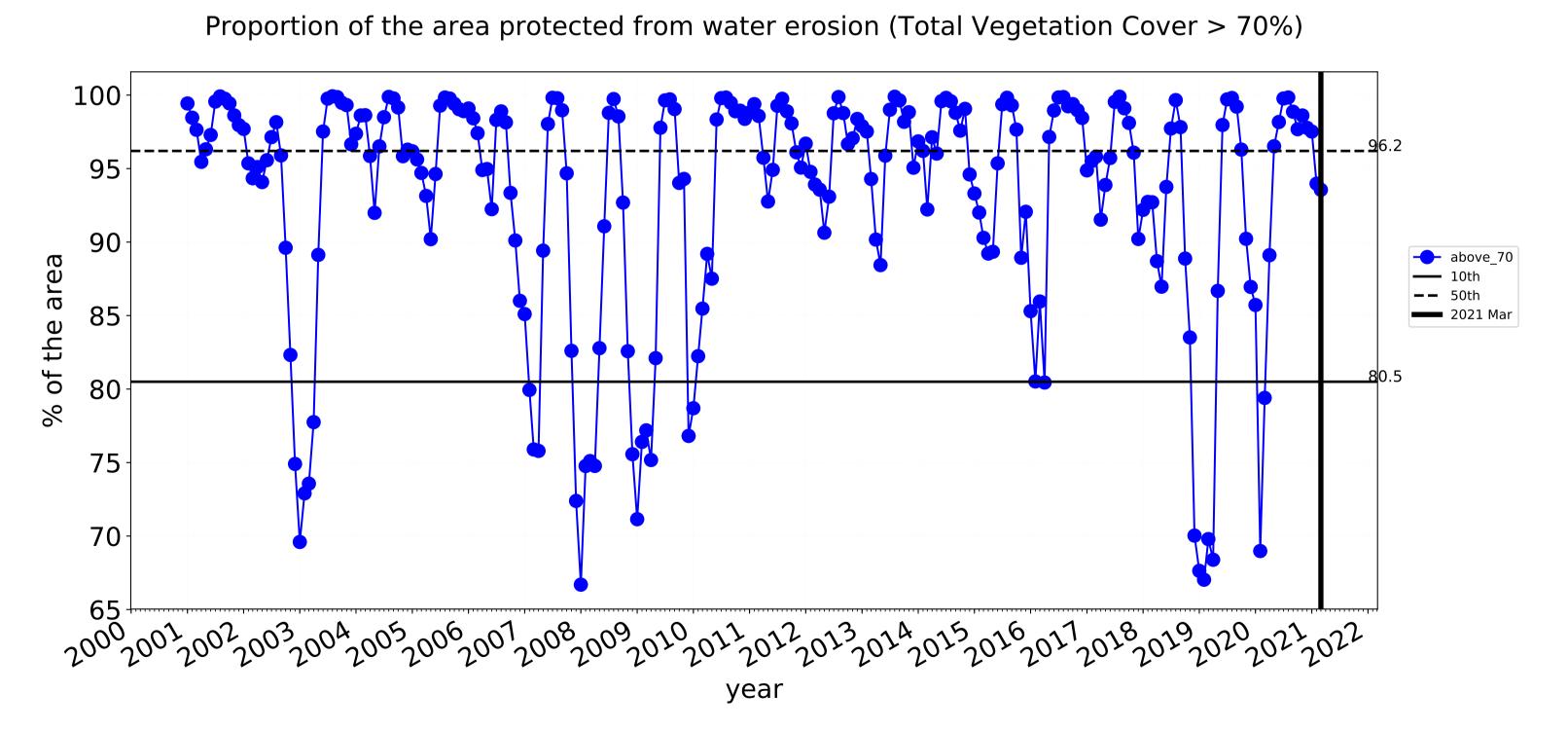


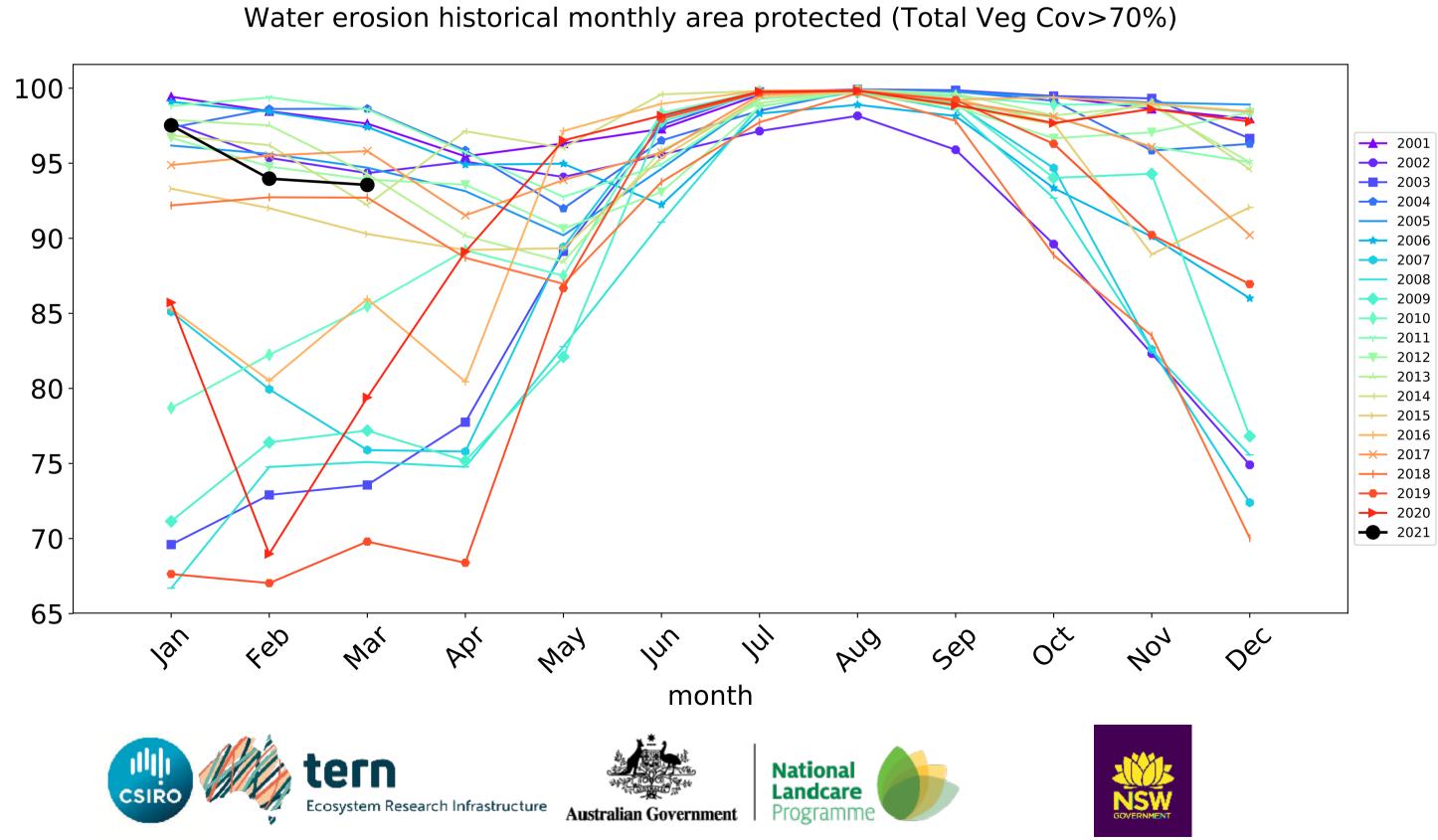


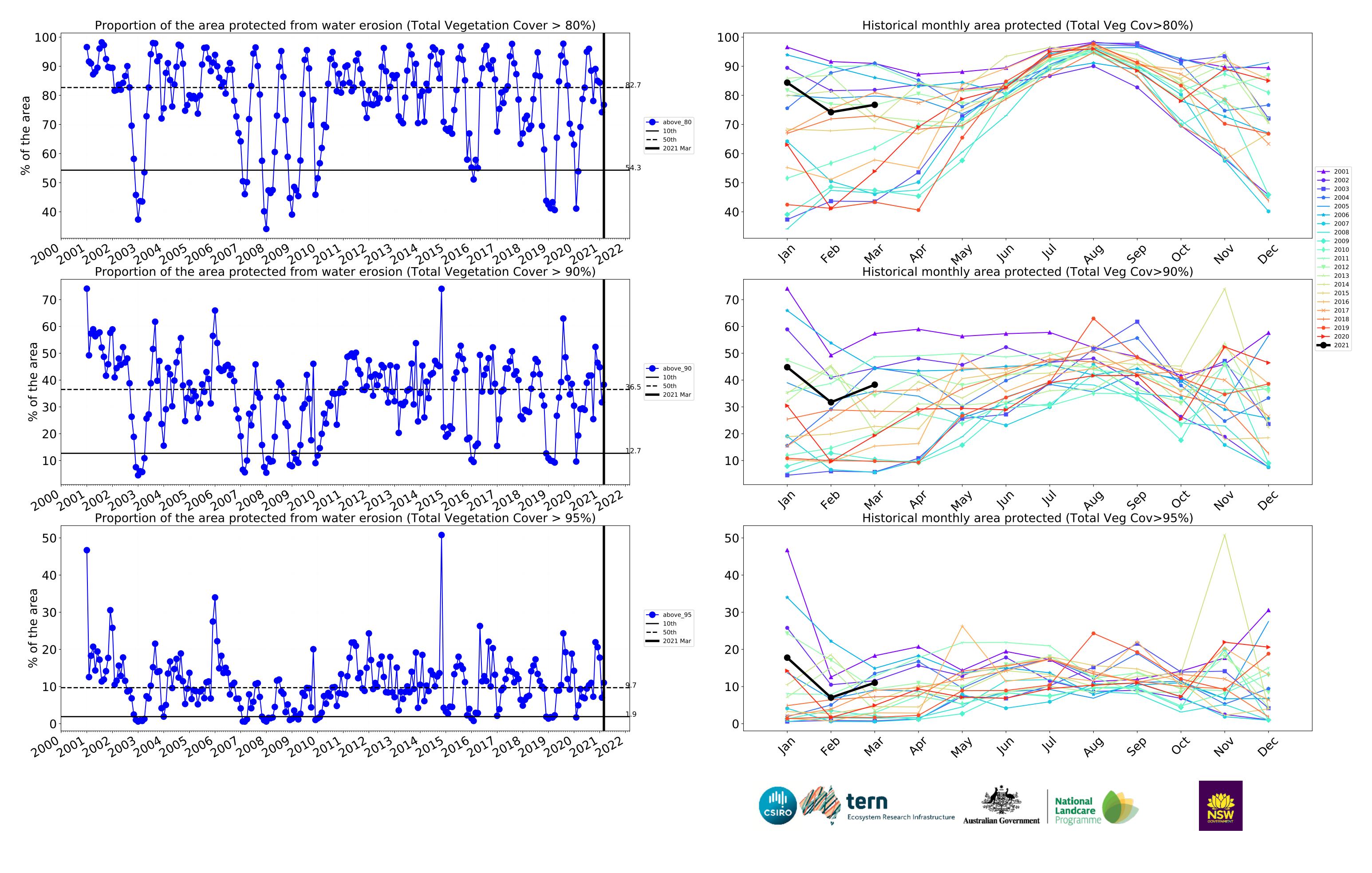
### **Agriculture timeseries**





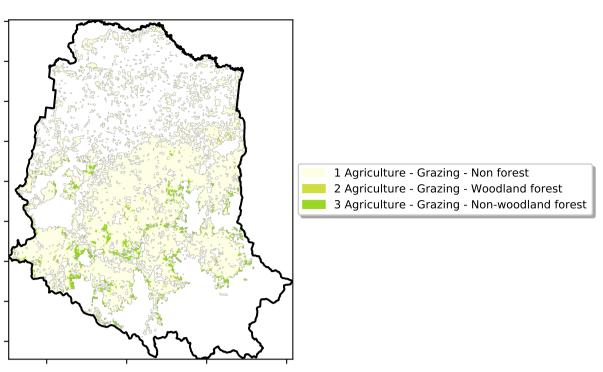


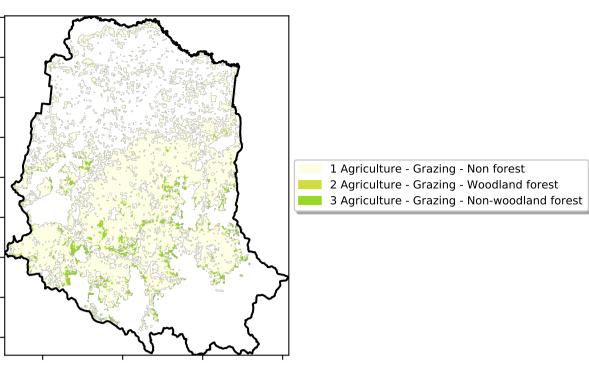




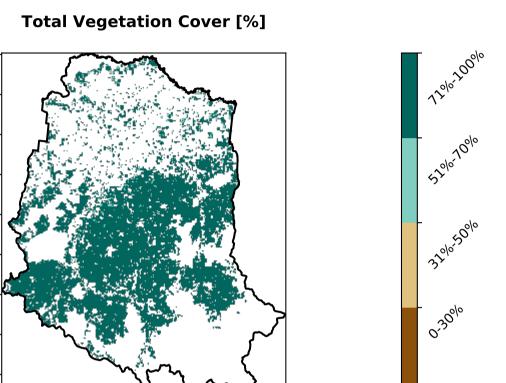
### **Grazing**

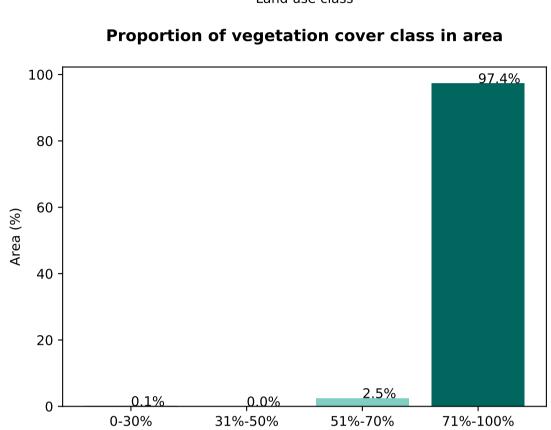
# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



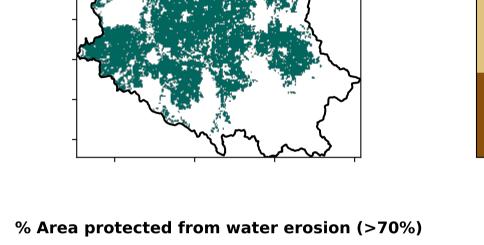


**Proportion of each land class in area** 92.3% 80 60 Area (%) 20 6.7% 2 3 Land use class



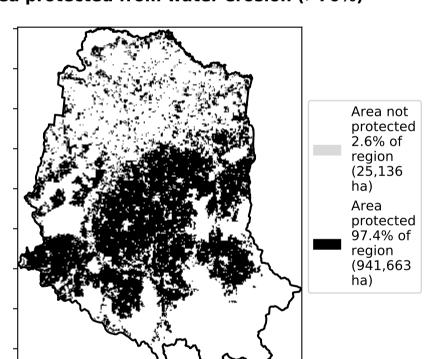


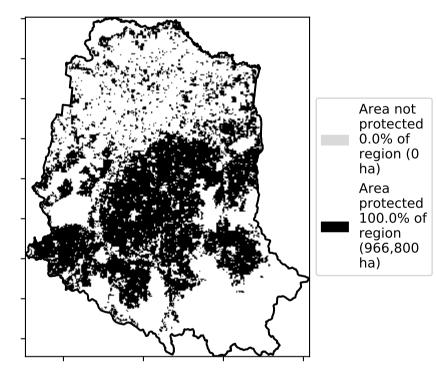
0-30%



Land use and forest cover

% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%) ha) Area





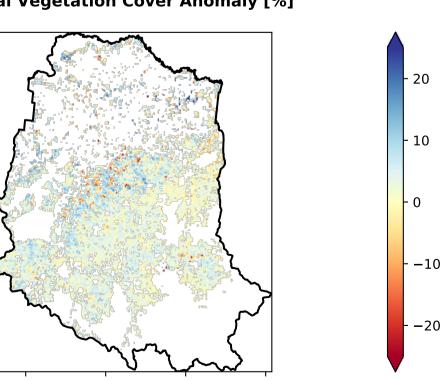
51%-70%

**Total Vegetation Cover class** 

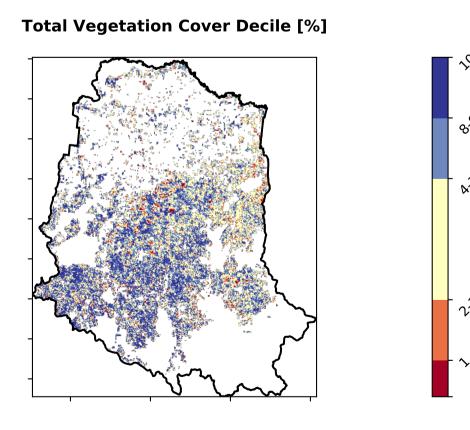
71%-100%

**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pinel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the man using baseling. the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



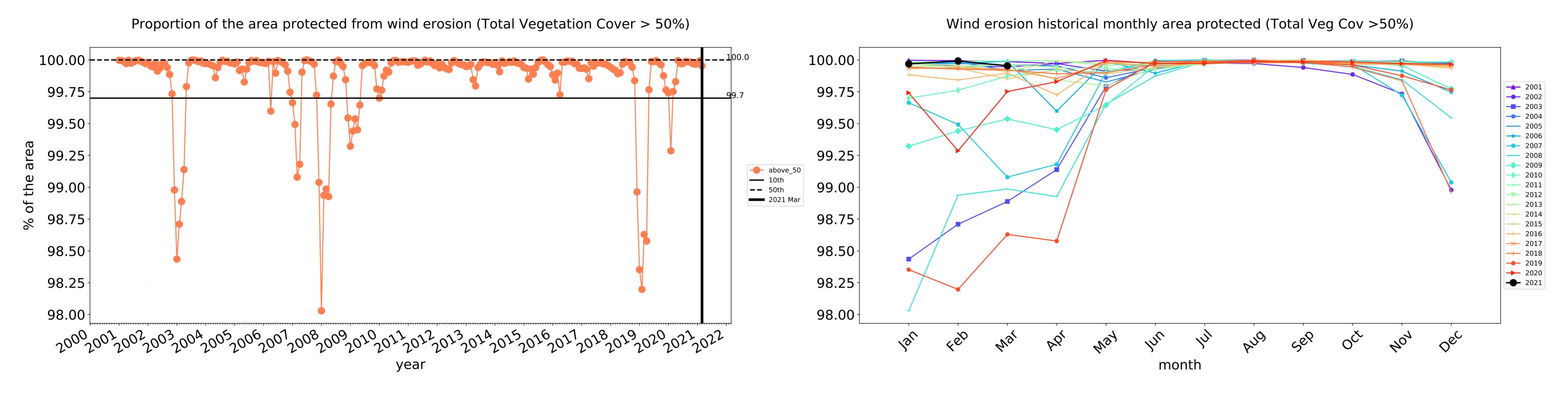


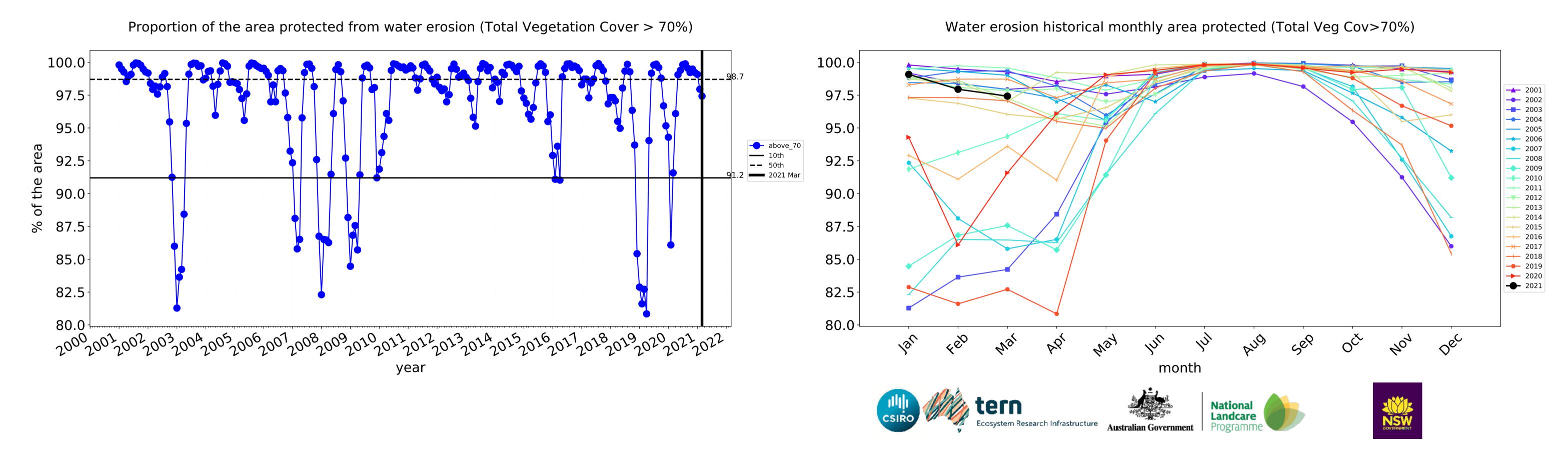


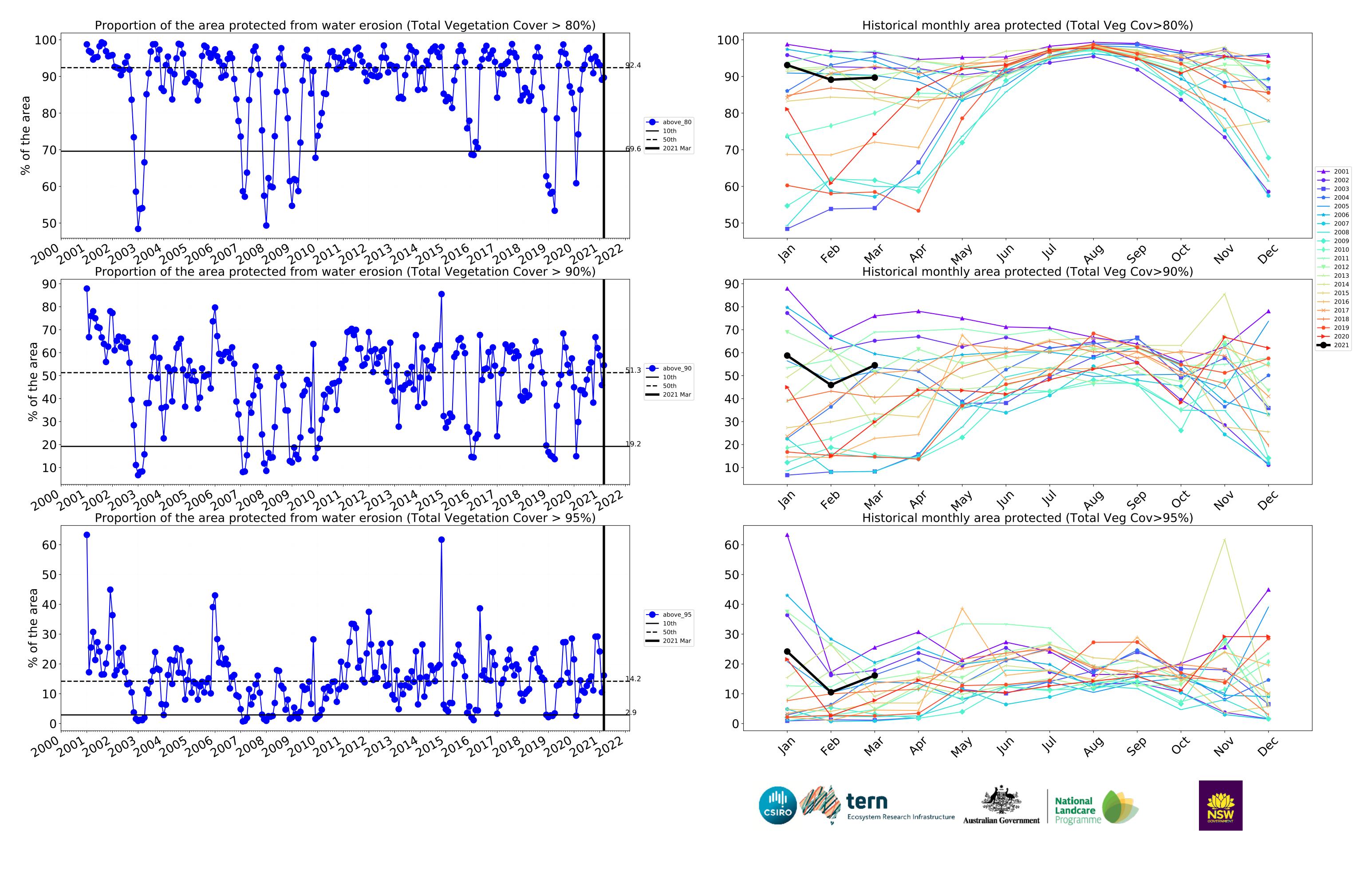




## **Grazing timeseries**







### **Grazing non forest**

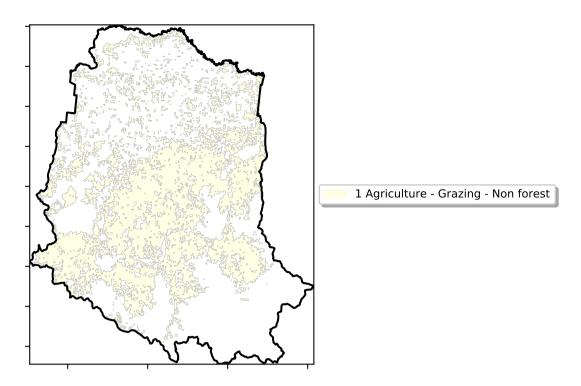
#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

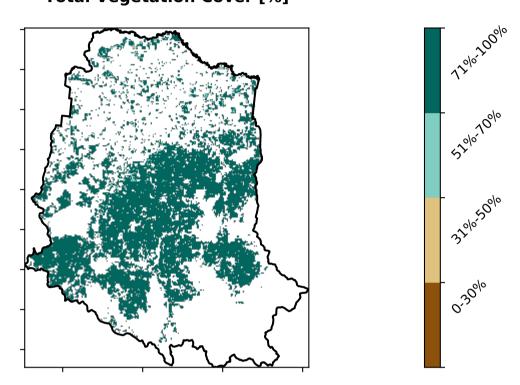
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pinel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

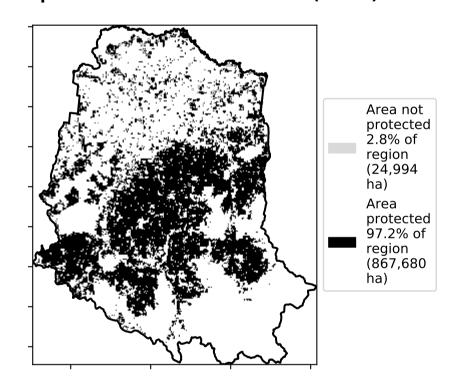
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



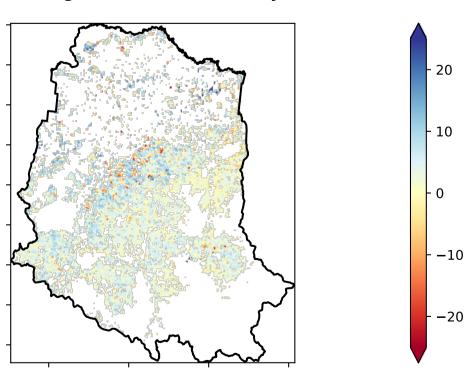
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

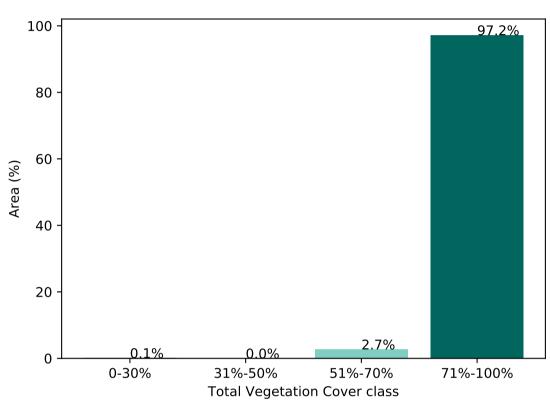


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

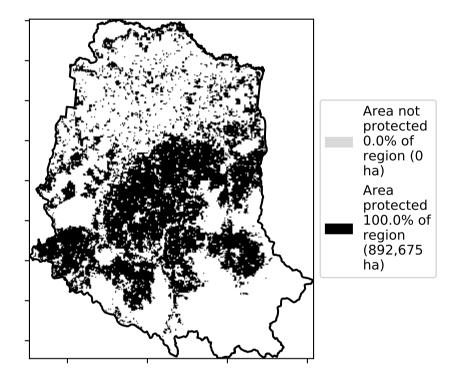


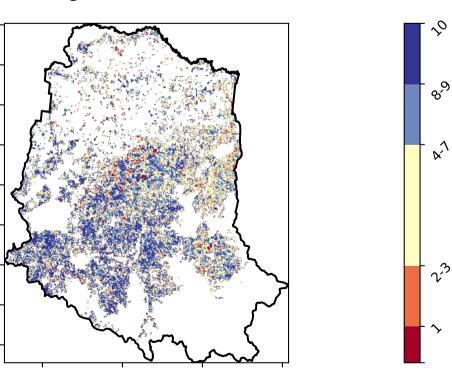
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









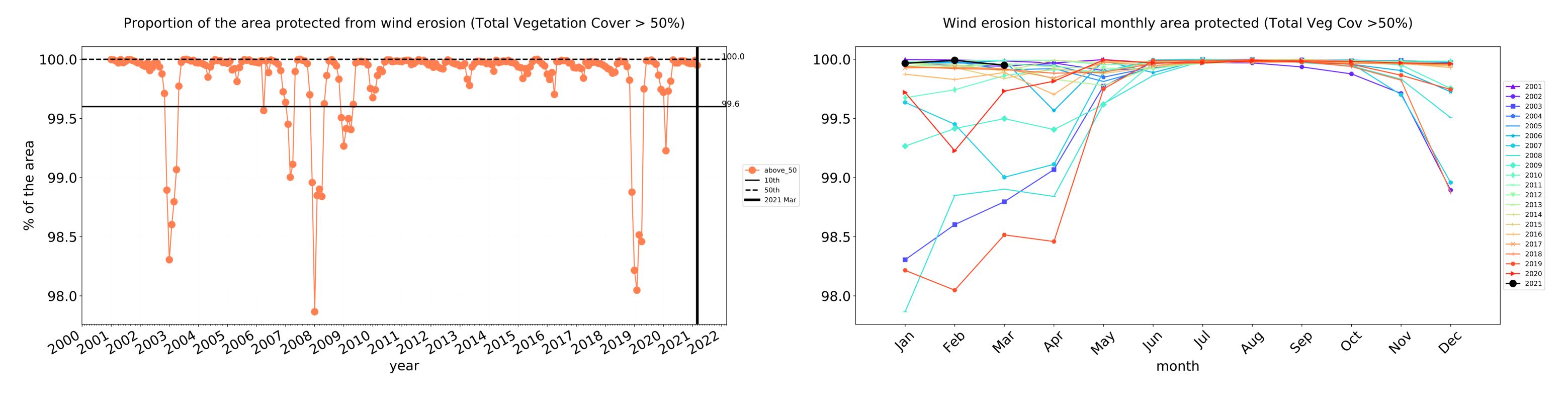


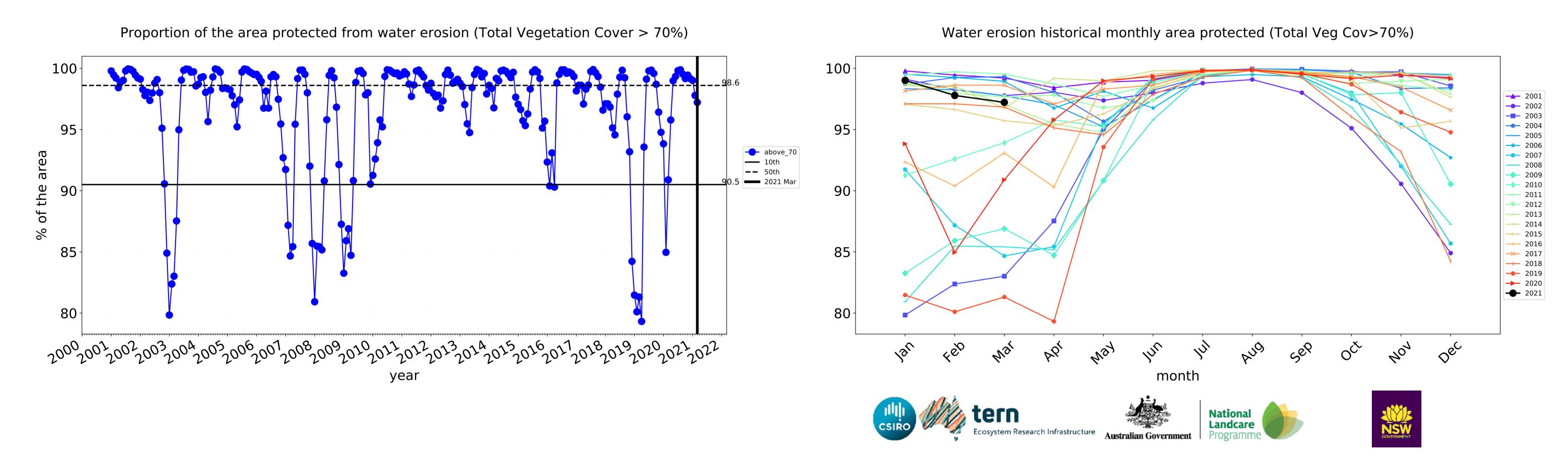


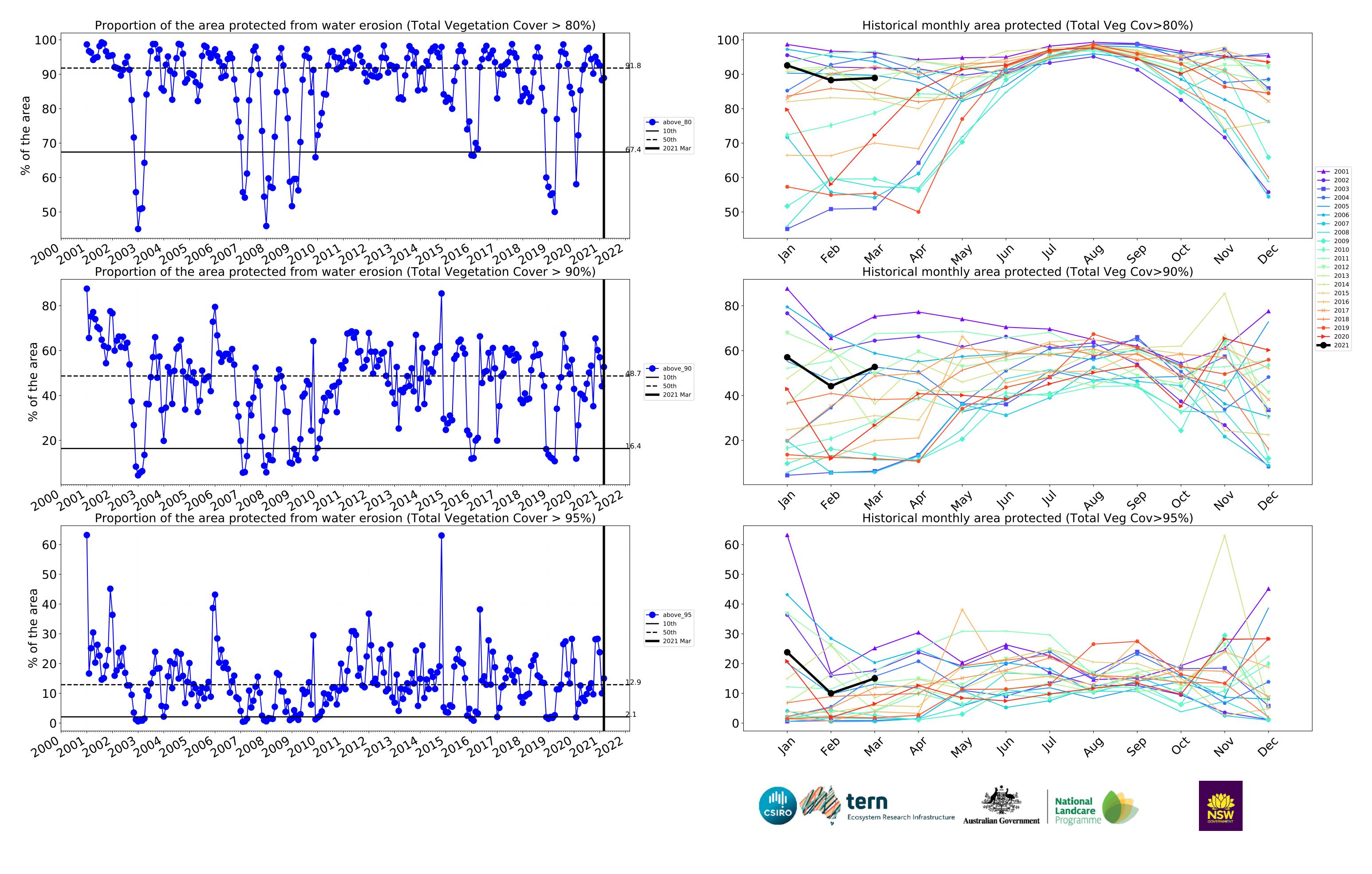




## **Grazing non forest timeseries**







### **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

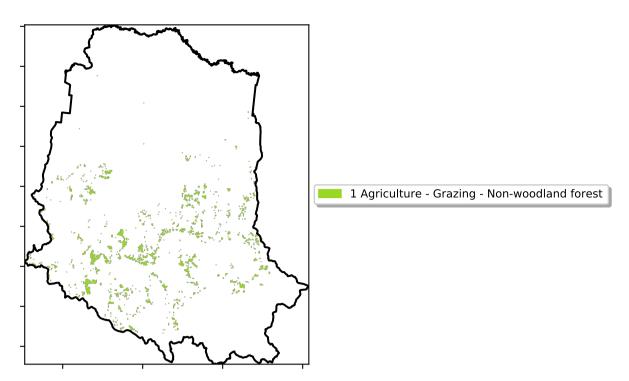
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

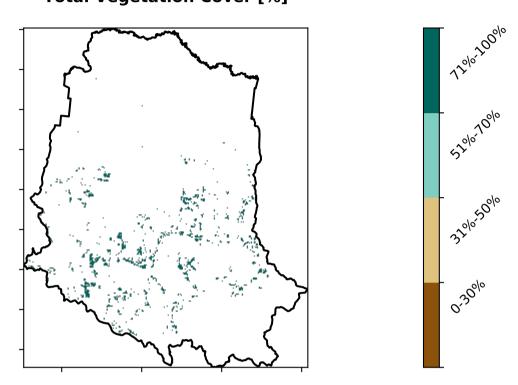
is, red pixels are about 20%

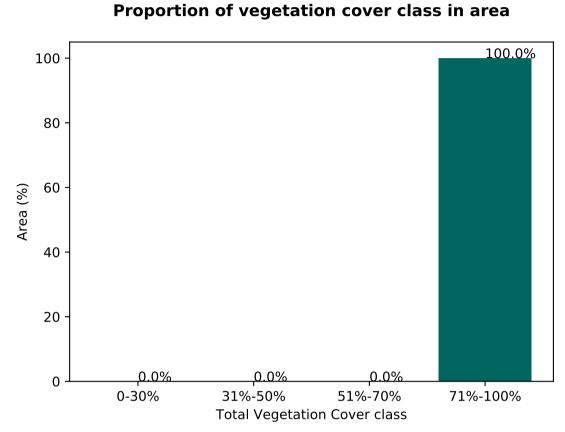
lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

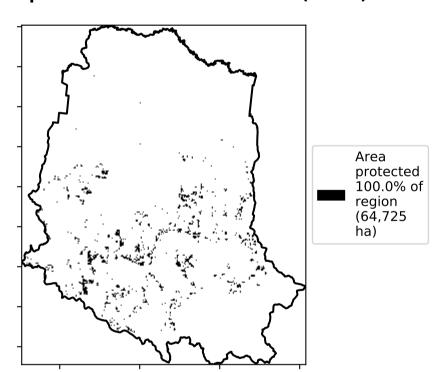


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

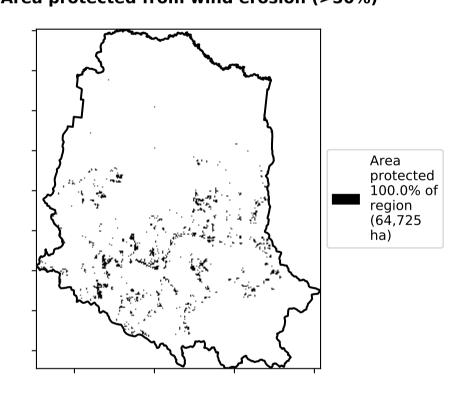




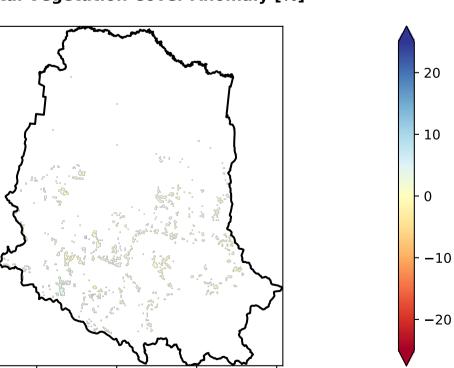
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

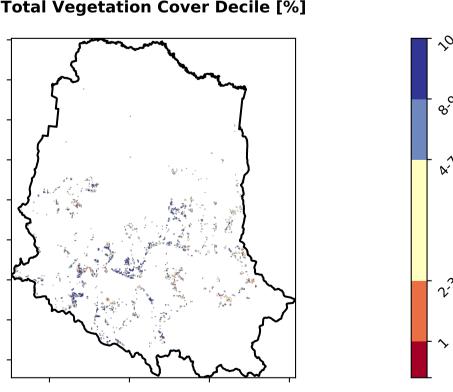


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the man using baseline. the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 



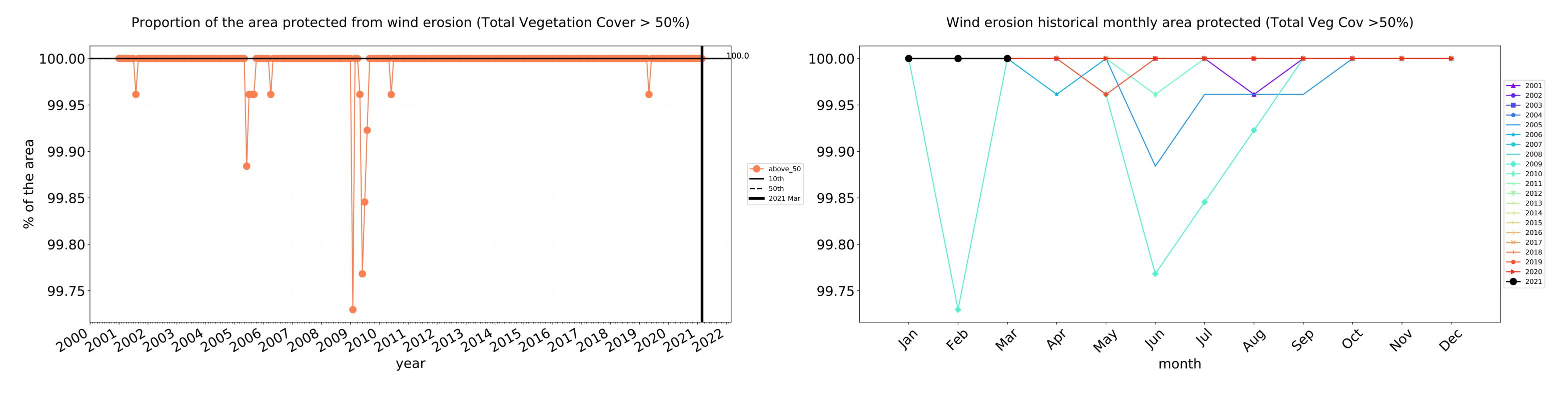


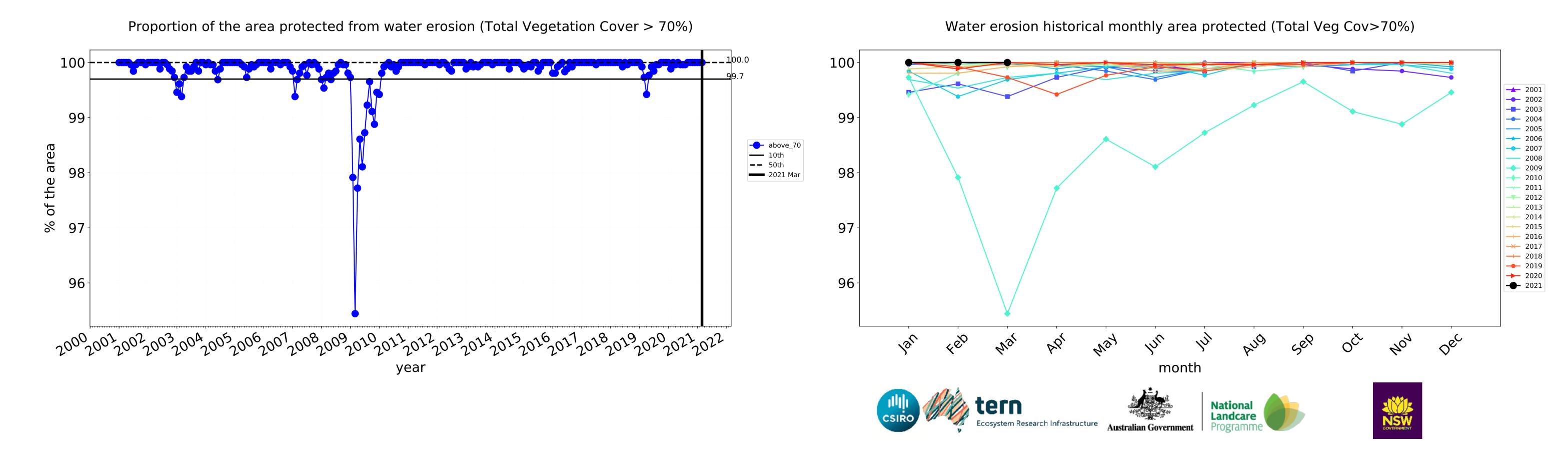


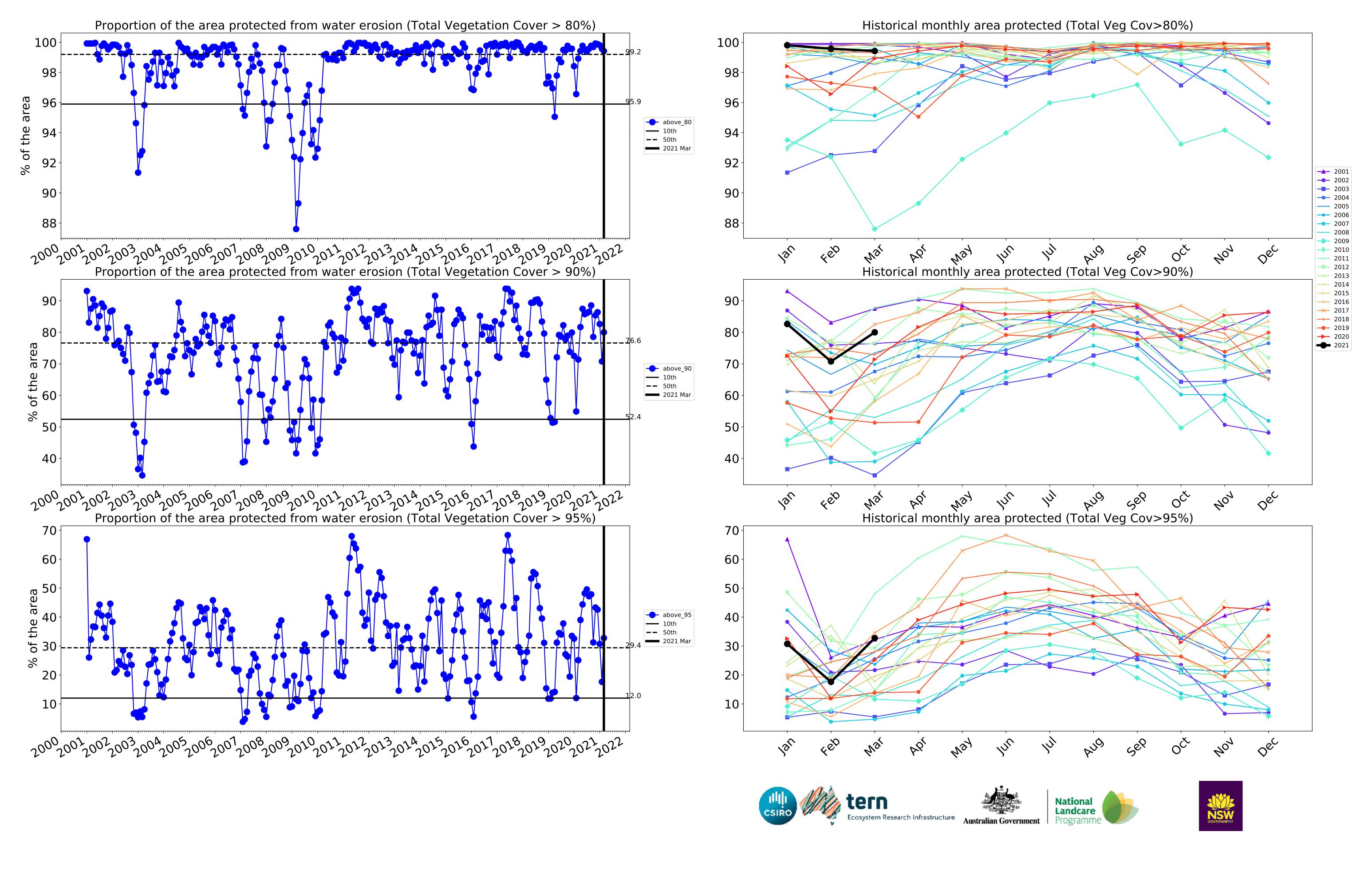












### **Cropping**

#### Land use and forest cover

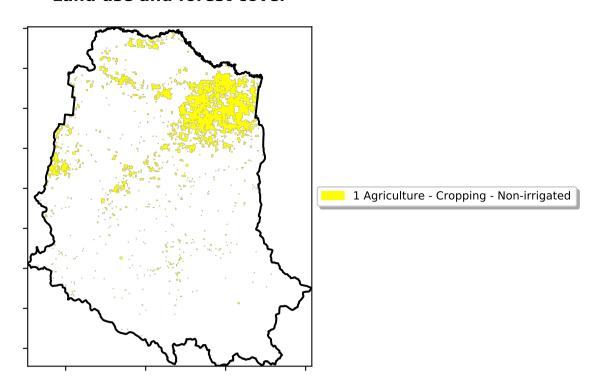
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

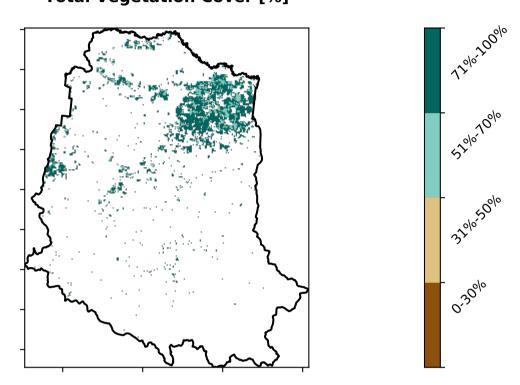
pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

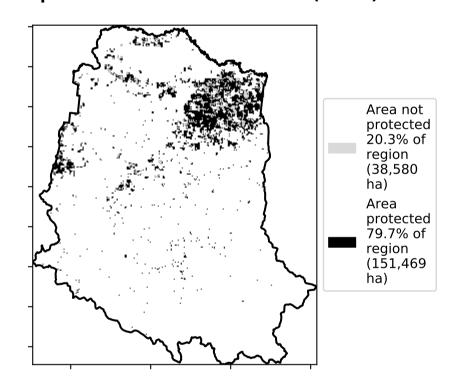
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



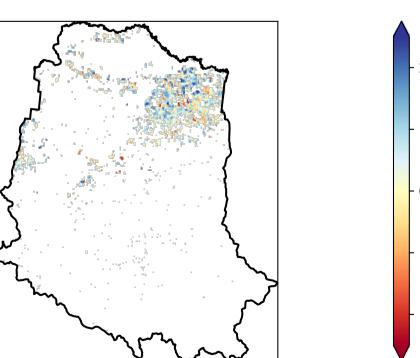
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



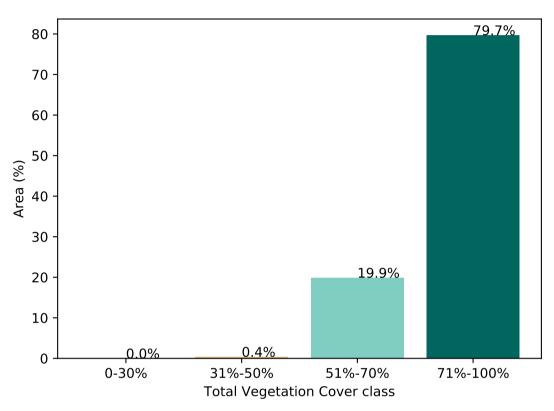
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



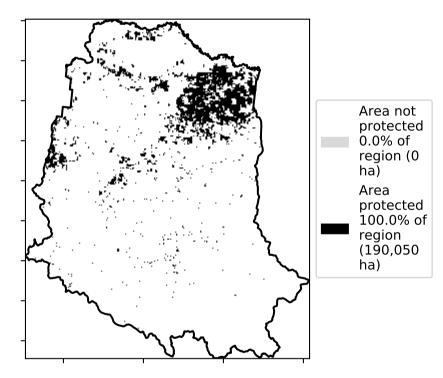
### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

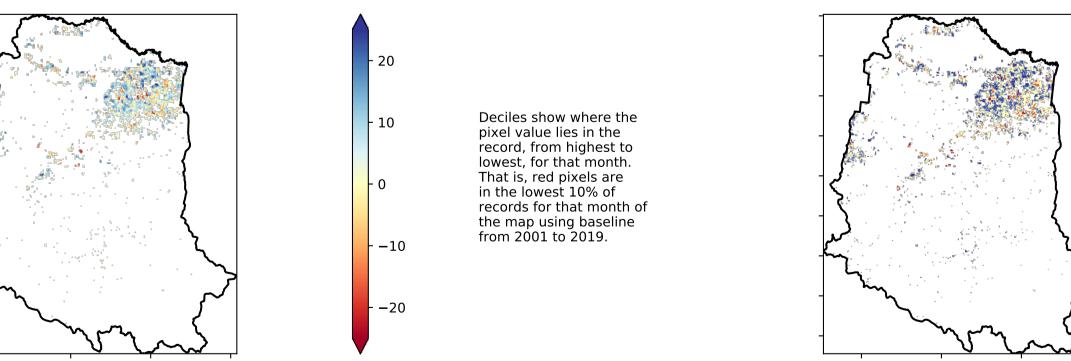


#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









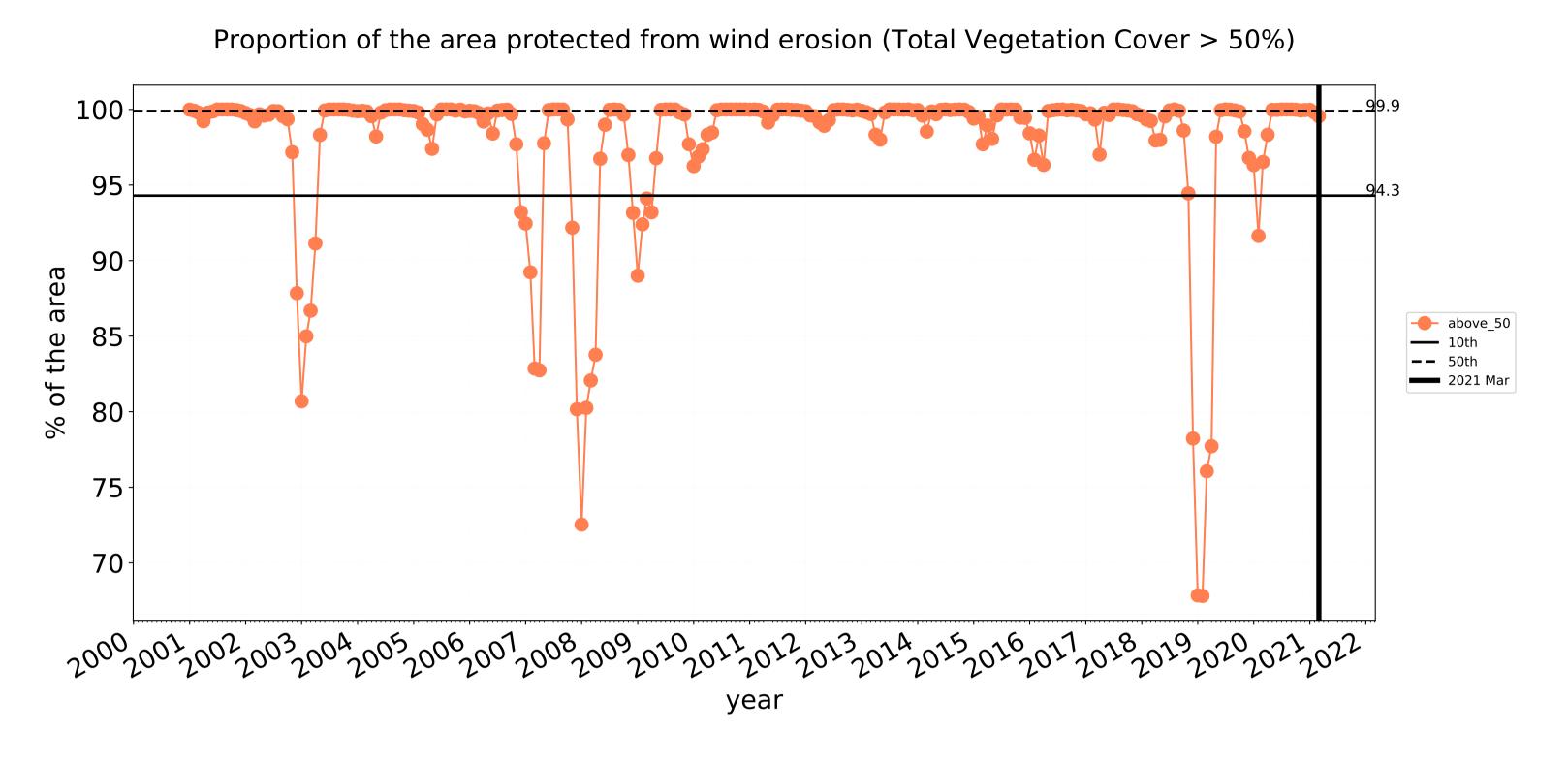


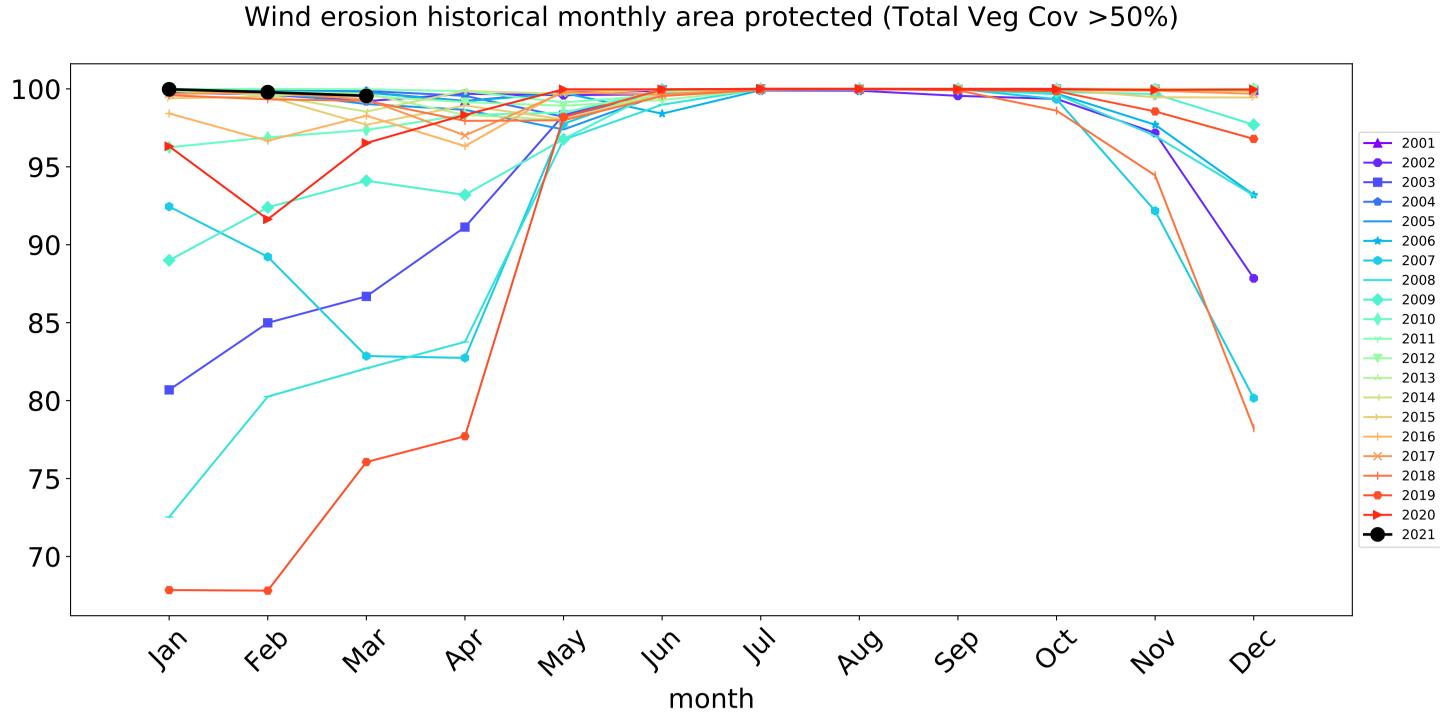


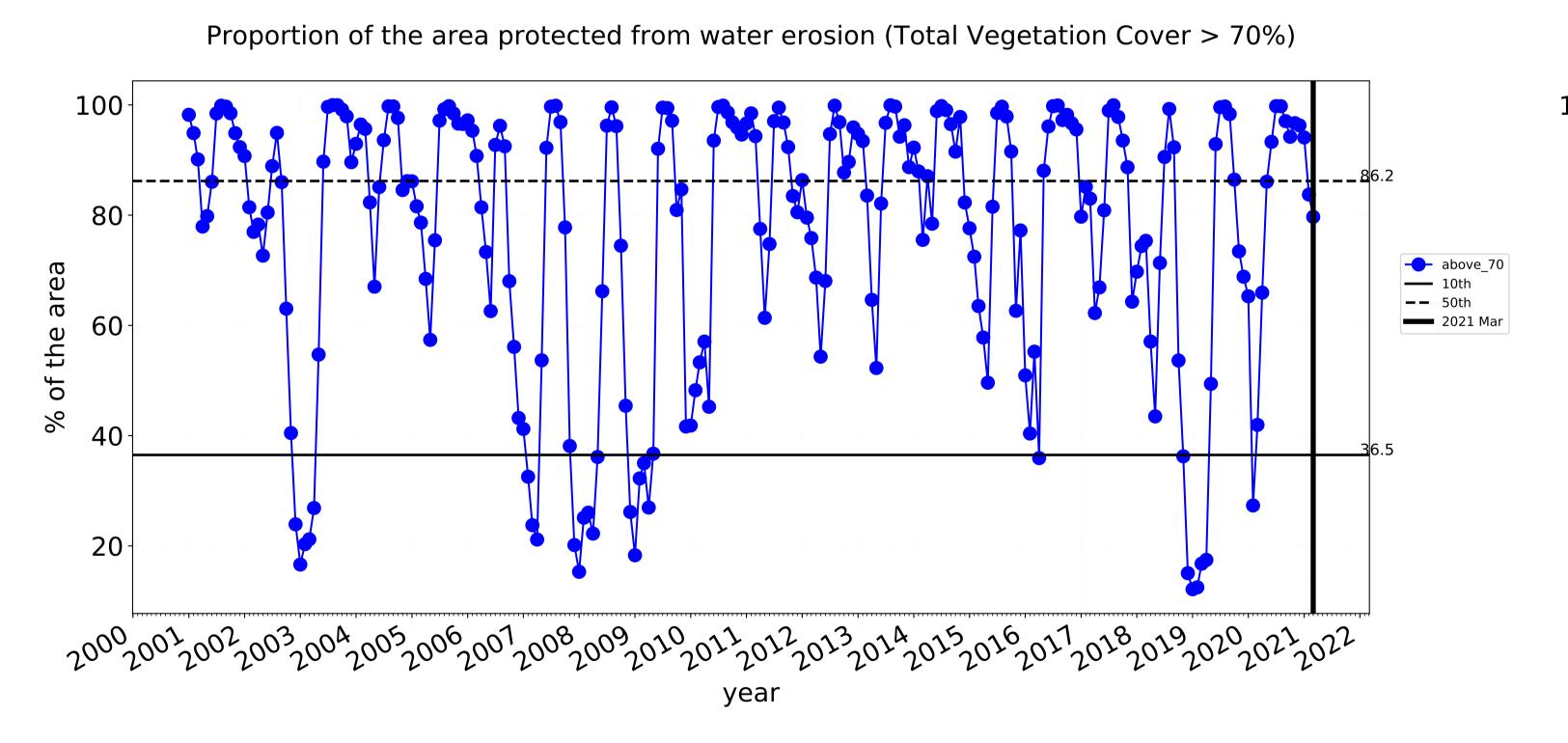


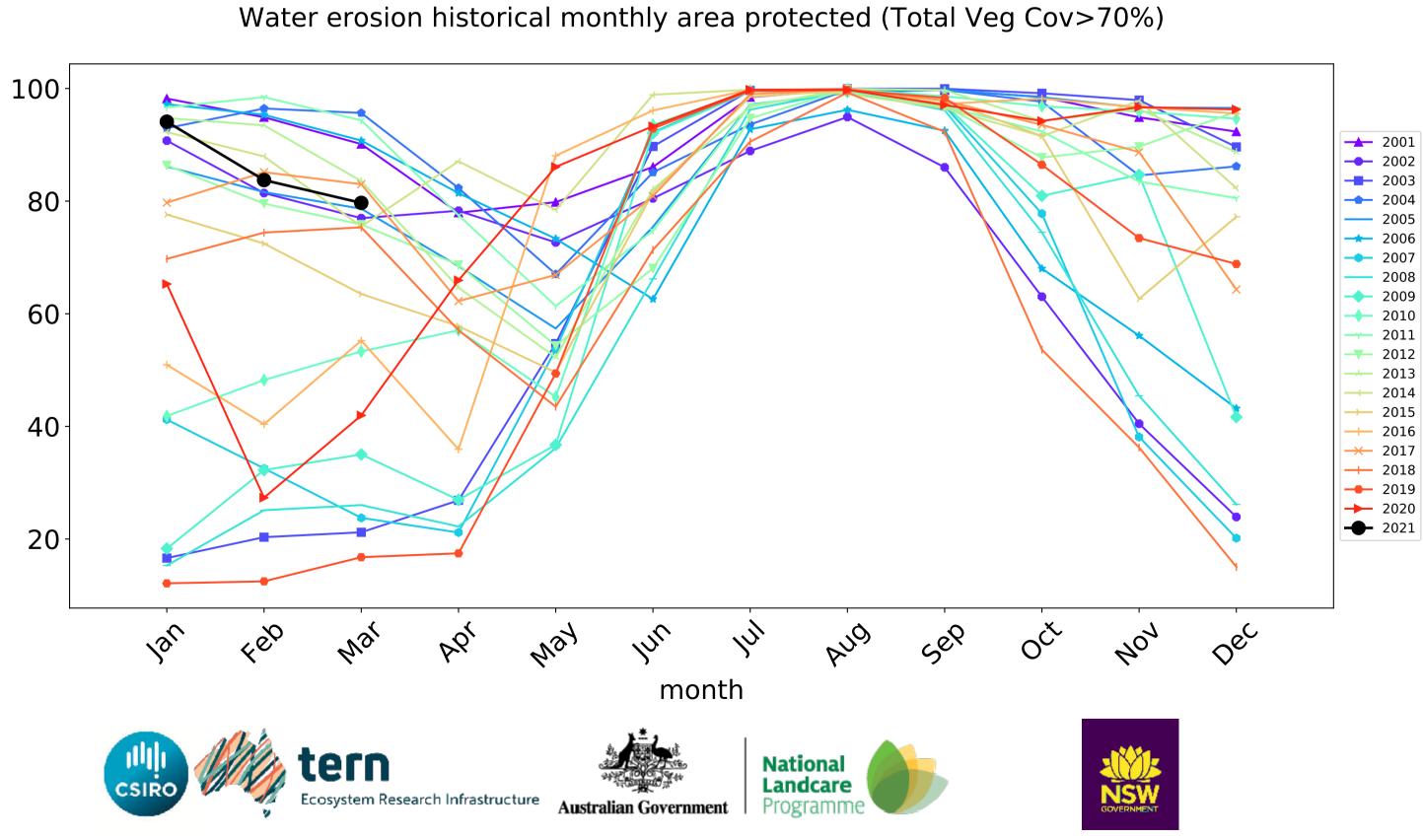


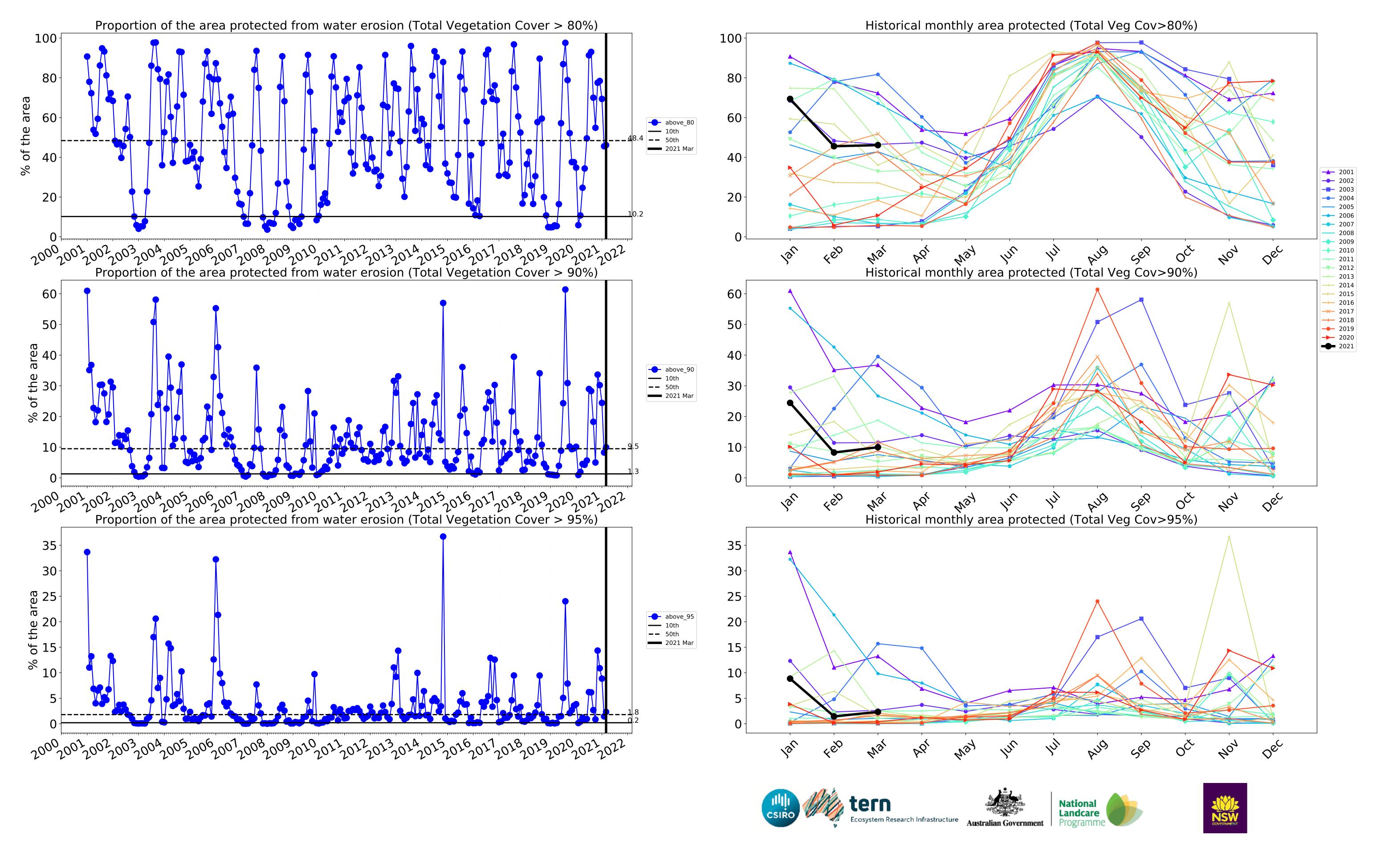
## **Cropping timeseries**











### Irrigation

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

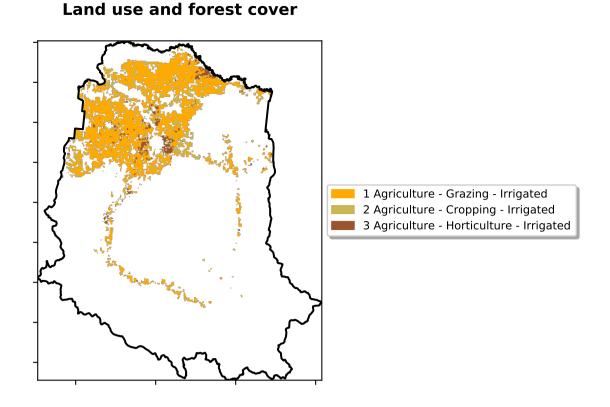
mean of that

pixel. The mean

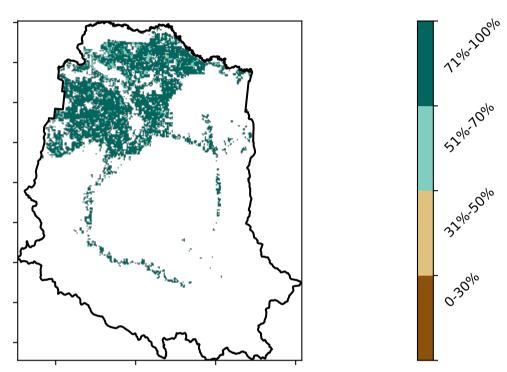
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

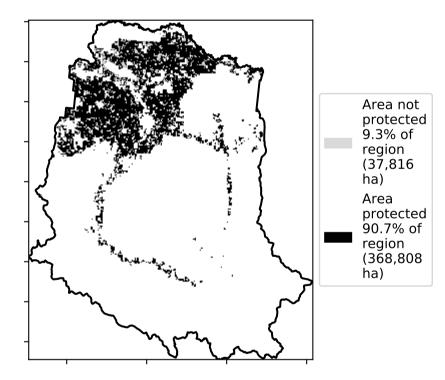
the mean. That



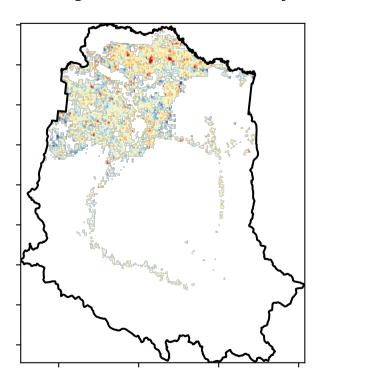
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

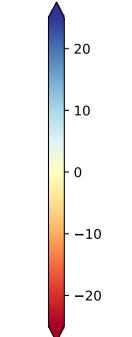


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

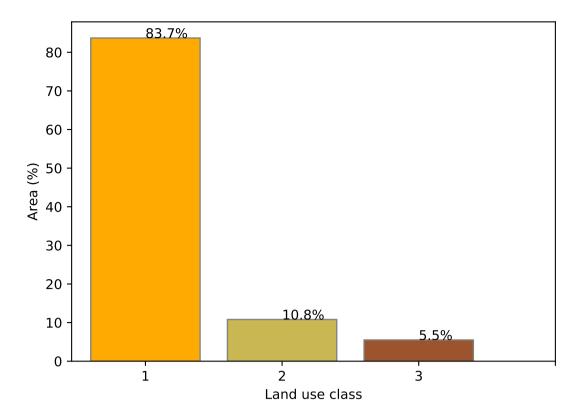




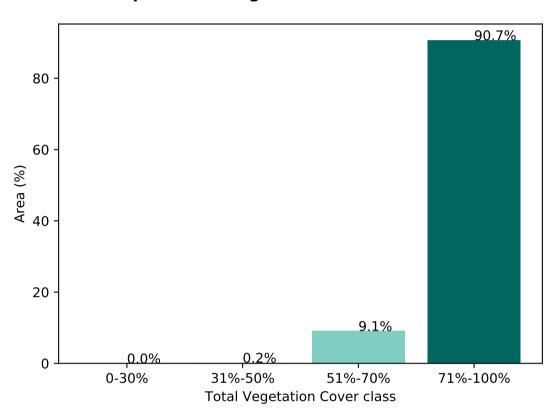
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline

from 2001 to 2019.

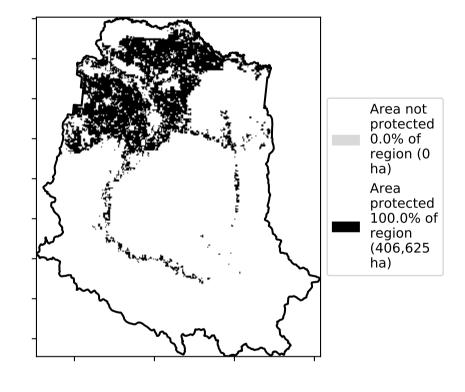
#### **Proportion of each land class in area**

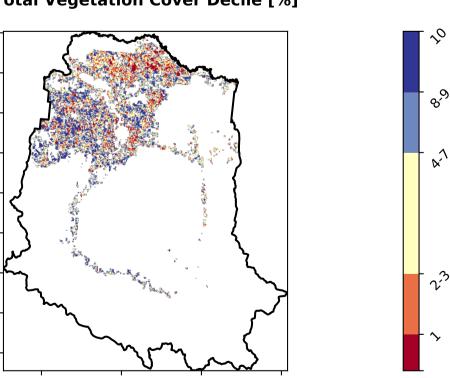


**Proportion of vegetation cover class in area** 



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







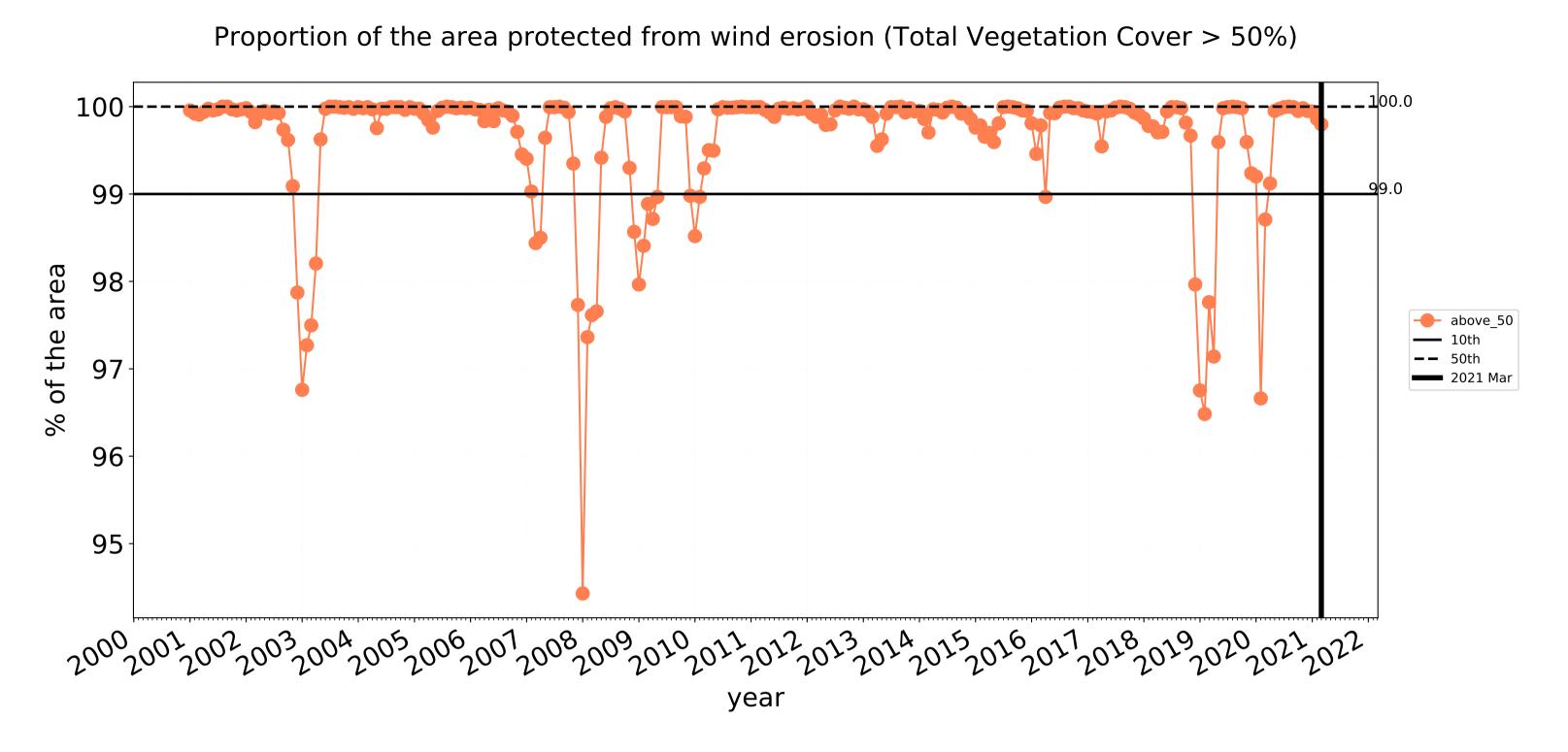


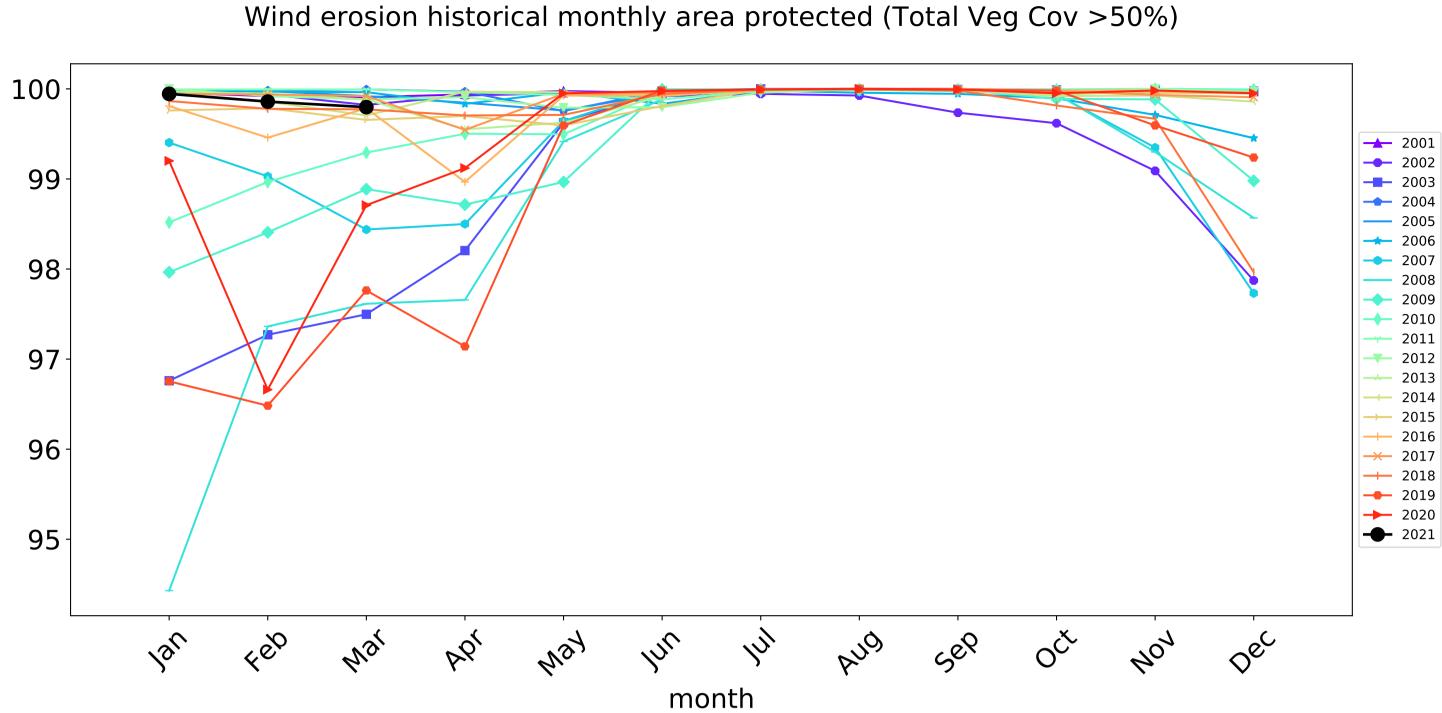


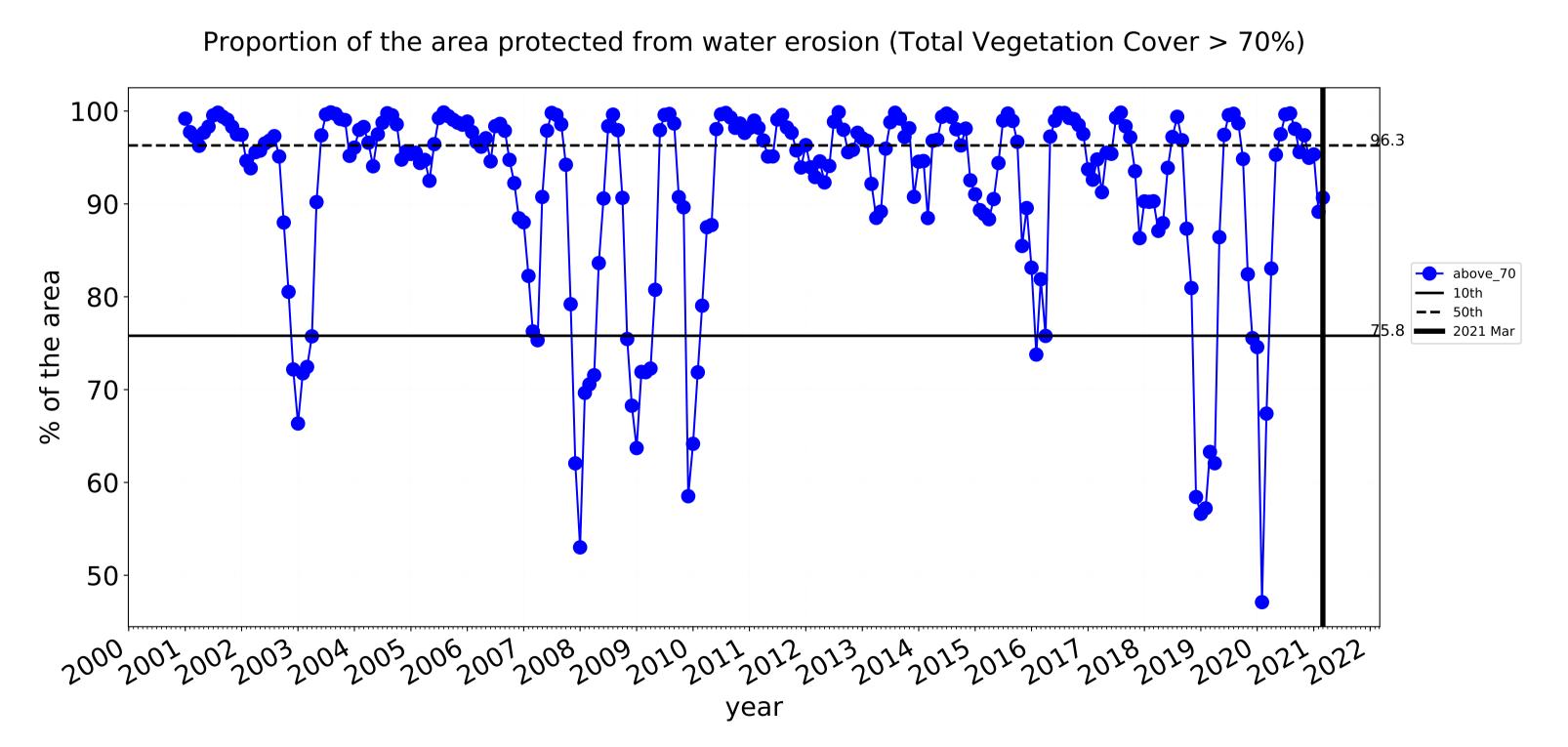


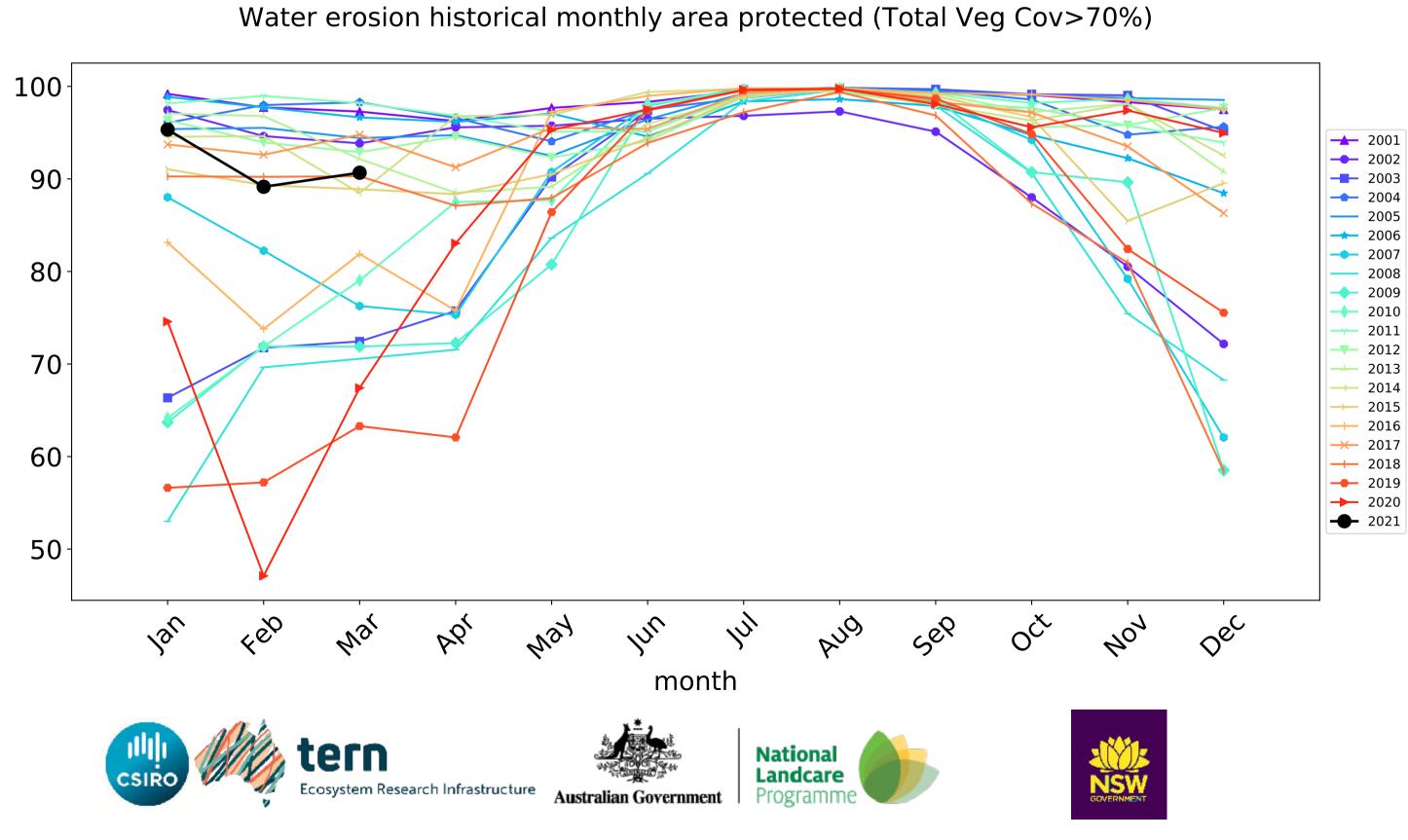


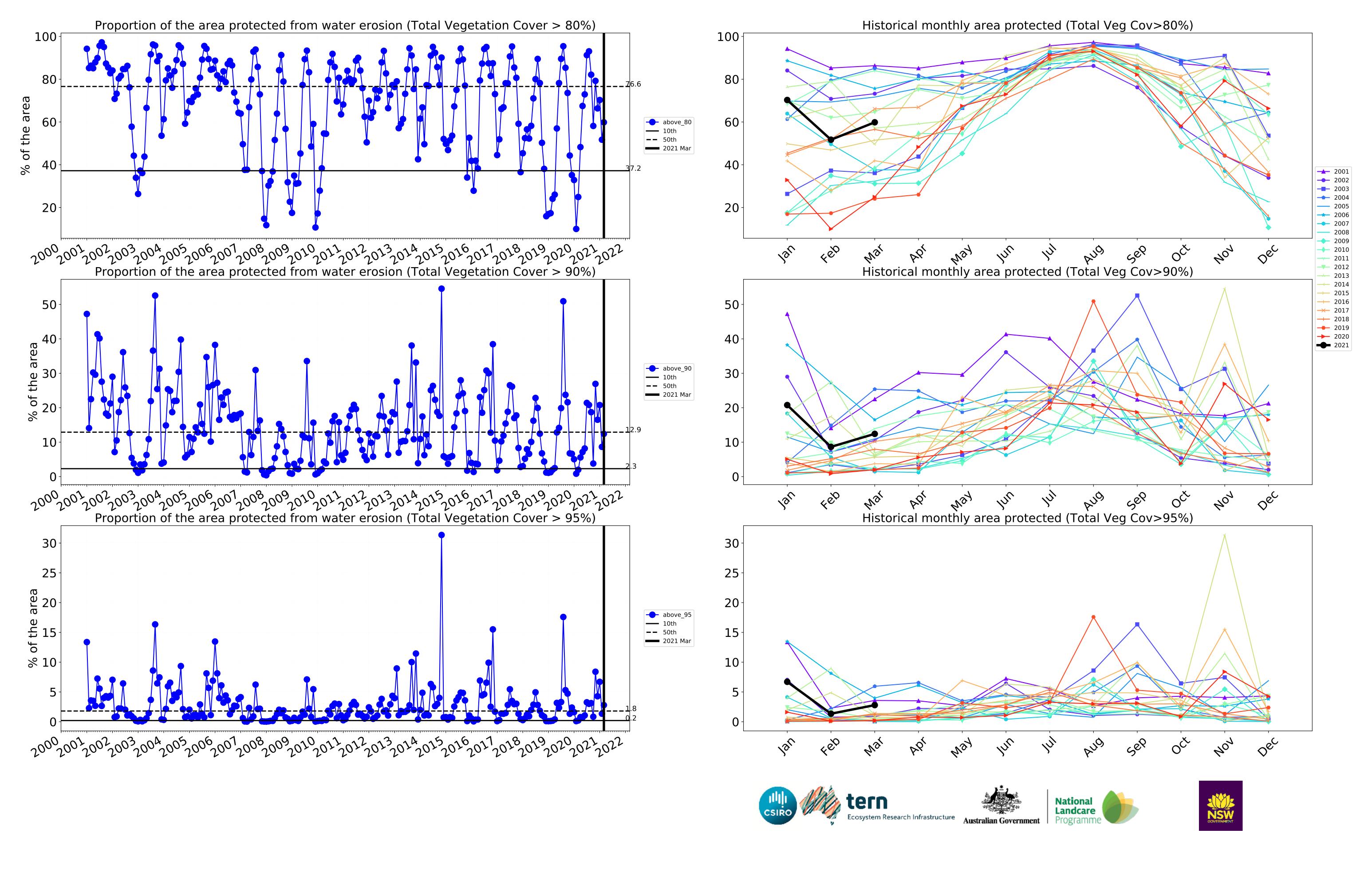












## **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

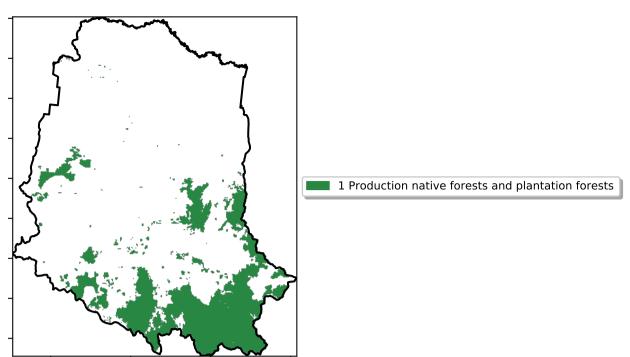
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

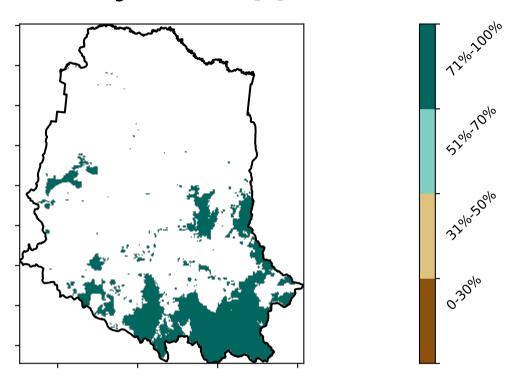
is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

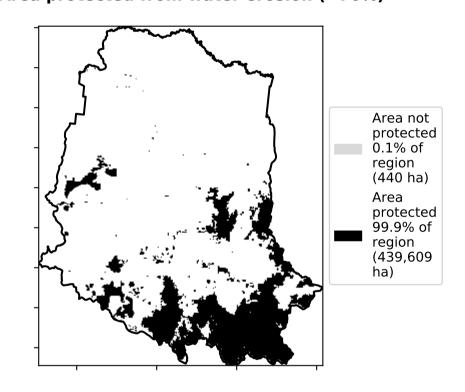
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



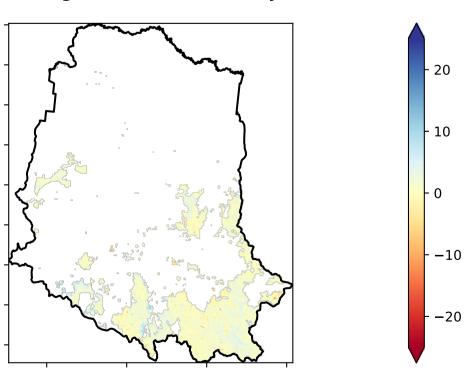
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

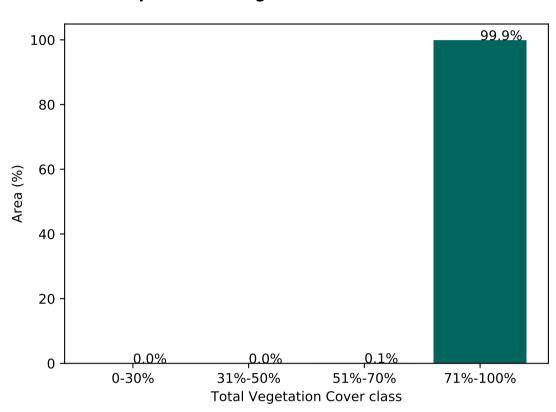


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

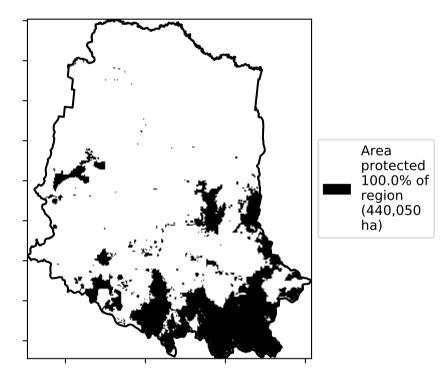


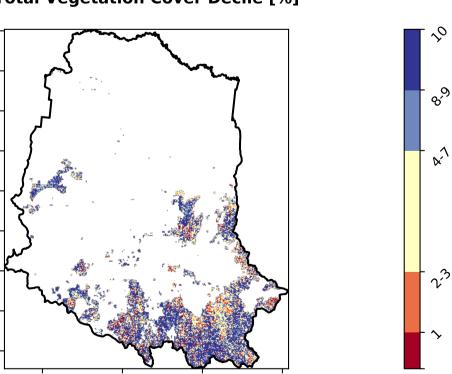
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







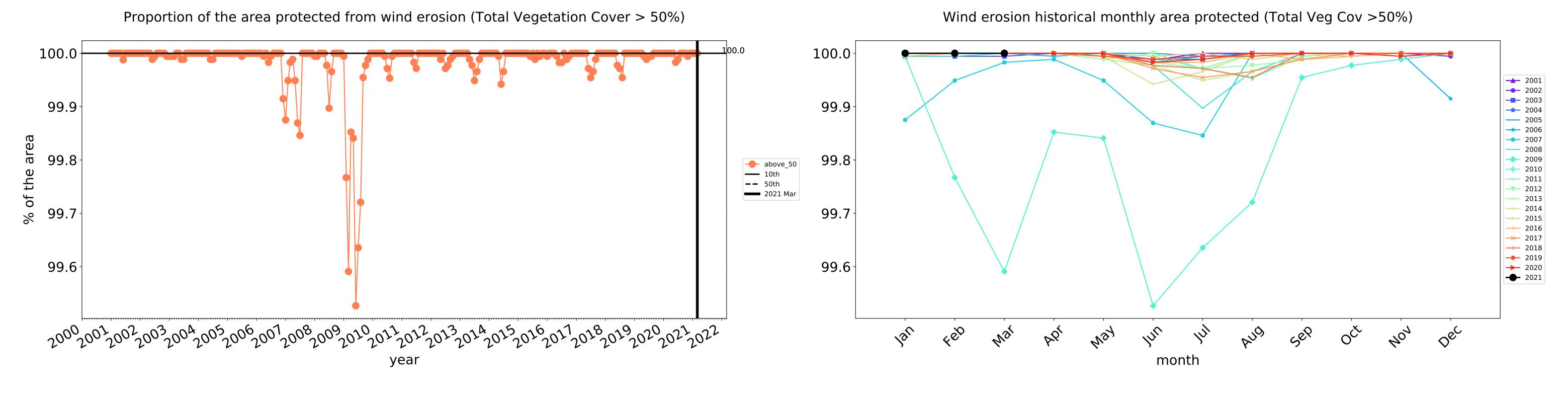


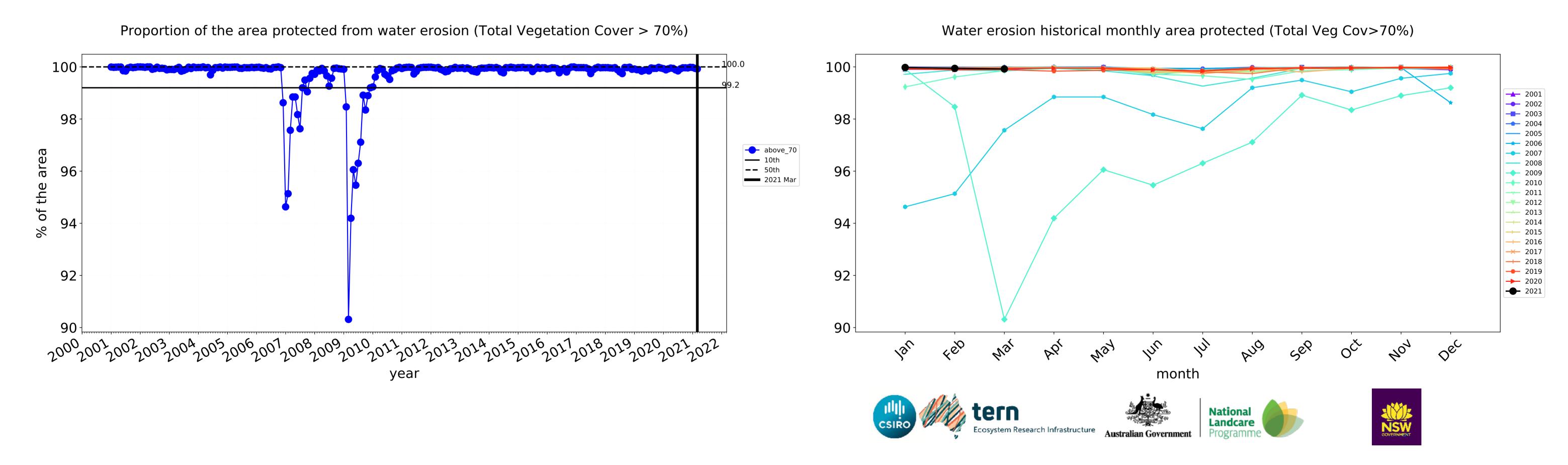


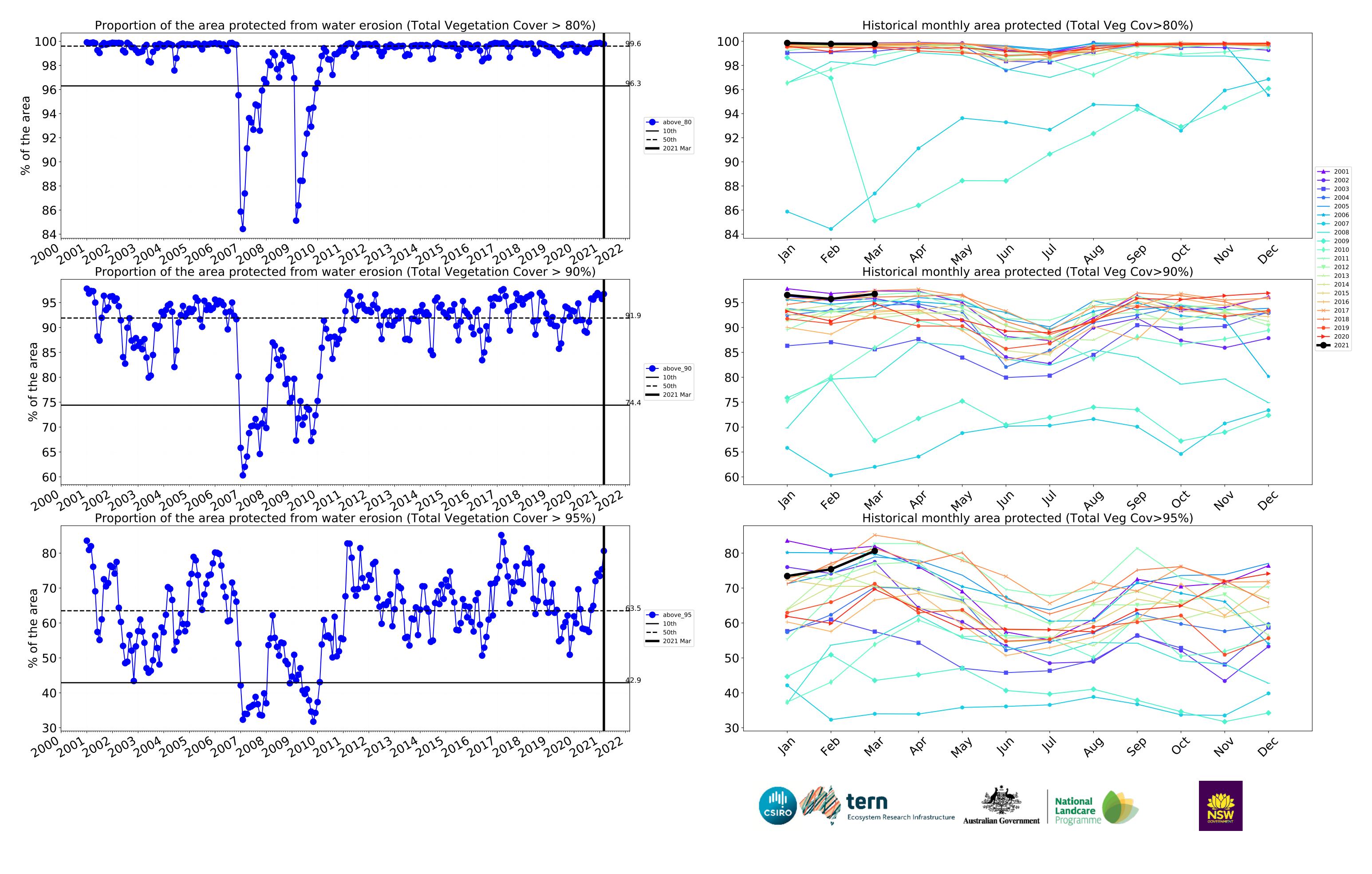




## **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# Goulburn Broken (2,393,425 ha and no data 14,038 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	2,393,425	100.0% 2,393,200	99.9% 2,390,100	95.2% 2,277,375	82.7% 1,980,050	51.9% 1,241,800	25.9% 620,775
Conservation and natural environments	235,175	100.0% 235,125	99.9% 235,000	99.0% 232,775	95.3% 224,175	70.3% 165,250	32.8% 77,200
Conservation and natural environments non forest	42,025	99.9% 41,975	99.6% 41,850	95.7% 40,225	82.0% 34,450	38.6% 16,225	10.2% 4,275
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	172,100	100.0% 172,100	100.0% 172,100	99.7% 171,575	98.6% 169,775	80.4% 138,375	40.7% 70,000
Agriculture	1,575,750	100.0% 1,575,725	99.9% 1,573,625	93.6% 1,474,225	76.8% 1,209,500	38.3% 603,325	11.0% 173,725
Grazing	966,800	100.0% 966,775	100.0% 966,350	97.4% 941,900	89.7% 867,100	54.5% 527,300	16.1% 156,125
Grazing non forest	892,675	100.0% 892,650	99.9% 892,225	97.2% 867,825	88.9% 793,800	52.7% 470,700	15.0% 134,050
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	64,725	100.0% 64,725	100.0% 64,725	100.0% 64,725	99.4% 64,350	80.0% 51,775	32.8% 21,200
Cropping	190,050	100.0% 190,050	99.6% 189,200	79.7% 151,450	46.1% 87,650	10.0% 18,975	2.3% 4,425
Irrigation	406,625	100.0% 406,625	99.8% 405,800	90.7% 368,700	59.9% 243,375	12.4% 50,475	2.8% 11,350
Production native forests and plantation forests	440,050	100.0% 440,050	100.0% 440,050	99.9% 439,700	99.8% 439,075	96.7% 425,650	80.6% 354,800







