Total vegetation cover soil protection **Region:NRM Condamine QLD**

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps. Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
 - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
 - 31-50% Low cover not protected
 - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

Erosion protection

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data. Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

Acknowledgment of data:

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3











Date: September 2019



Vegetation Cover Sep 2019

Land use and forest cover

Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation 13 Other uses

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

is, red pixels

mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

are about 20%

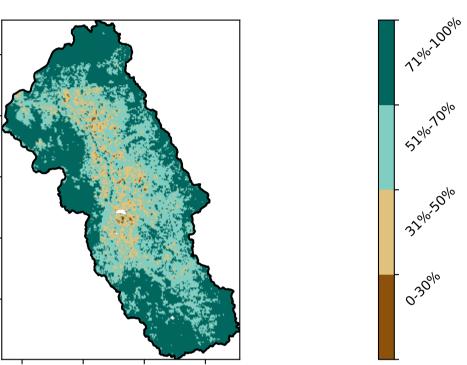
lower than the

month of the map

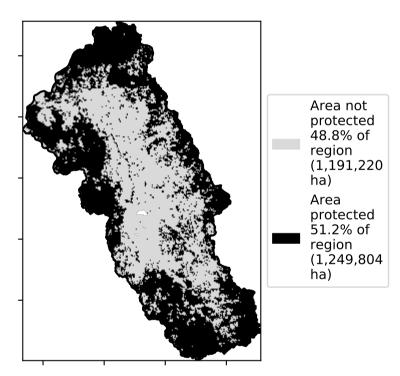
using baseline from 2001 to

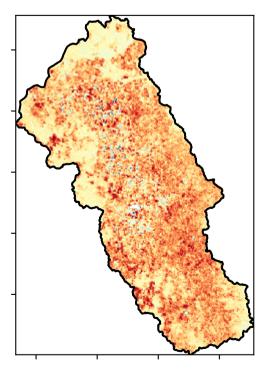
2019.

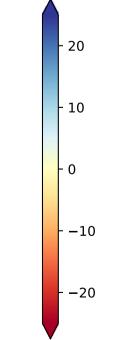
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

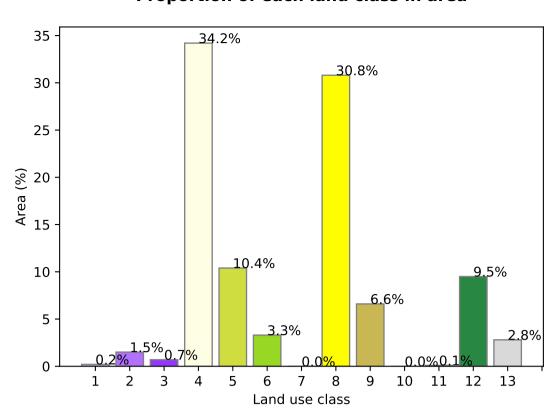




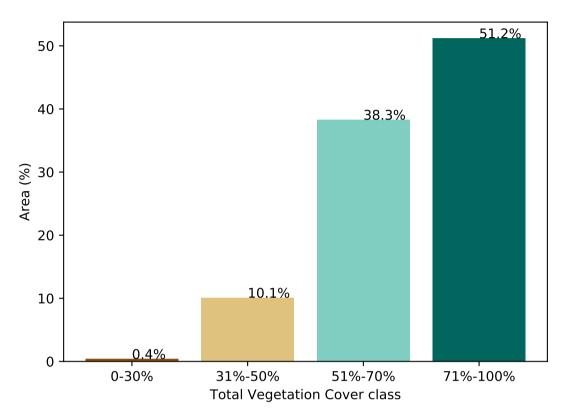


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

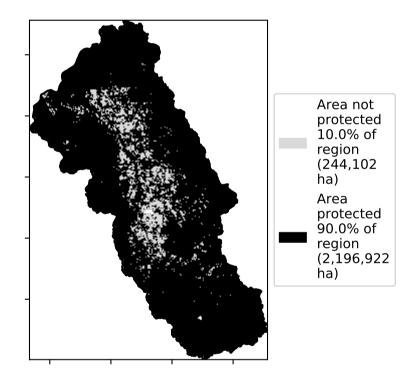
Proportion of each land class in area



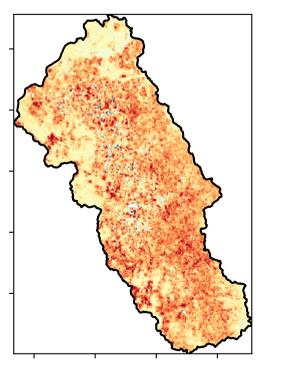
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

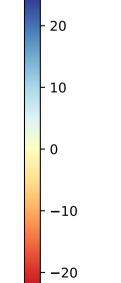


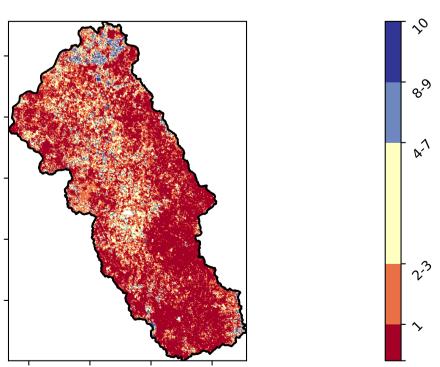
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]









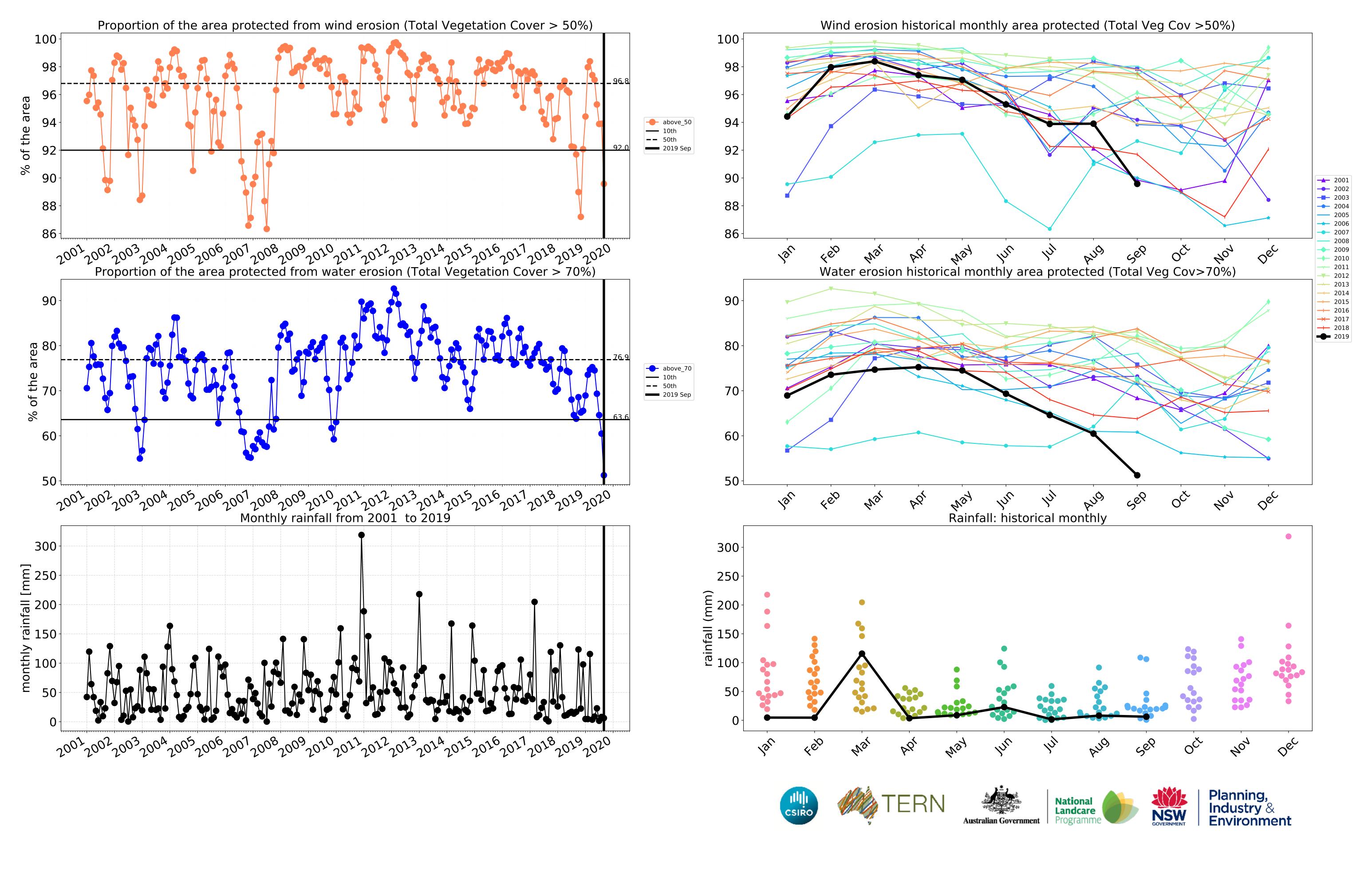












Conservation and natural environments

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

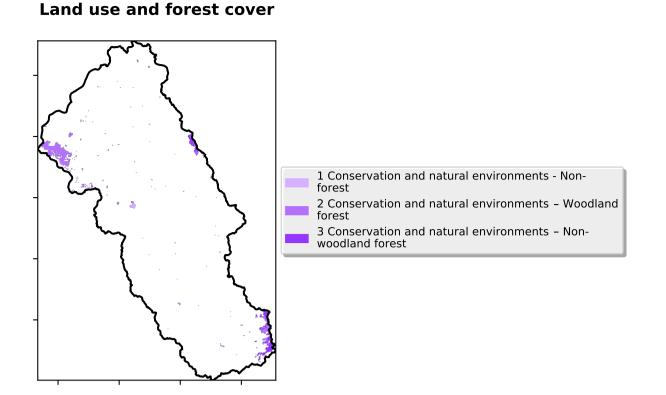
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

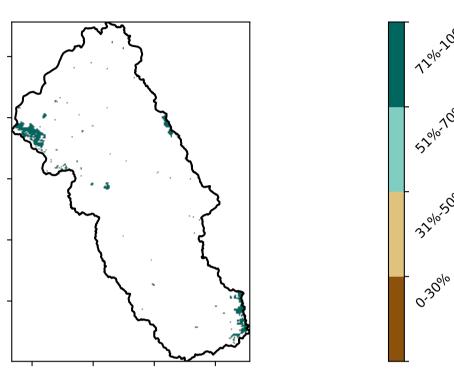
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

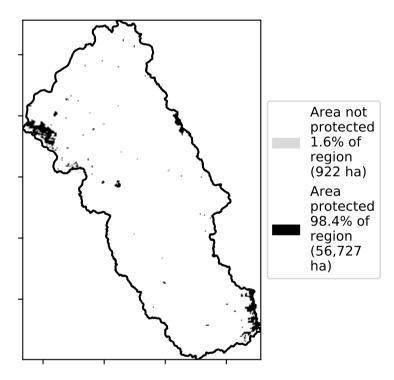
is only for the month of the map



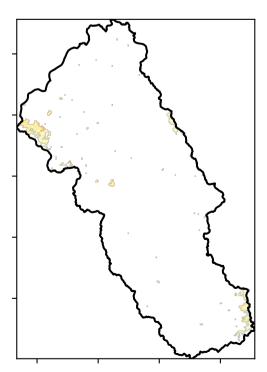
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

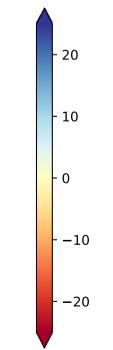


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



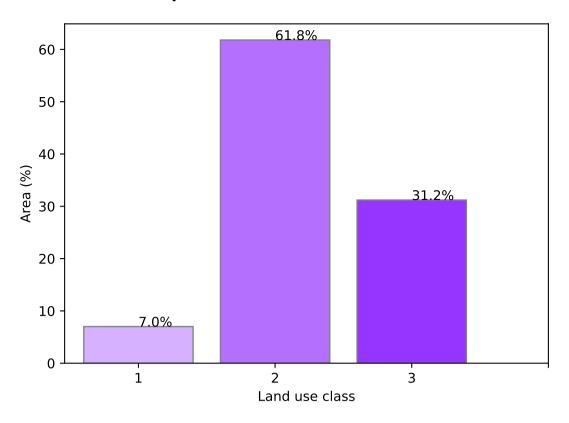
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



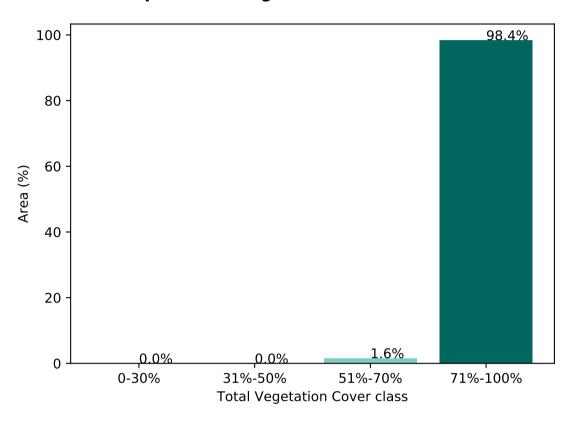


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

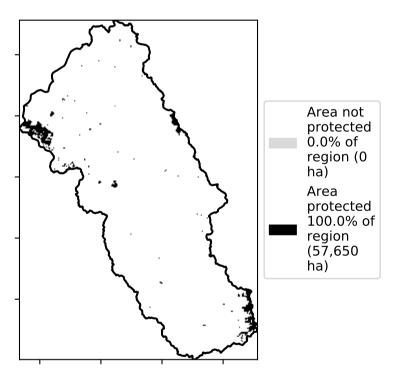
Proportion of each land class in area

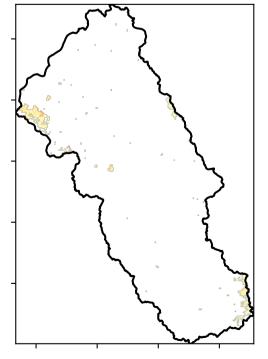


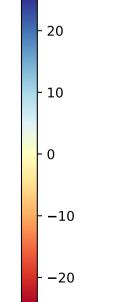
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

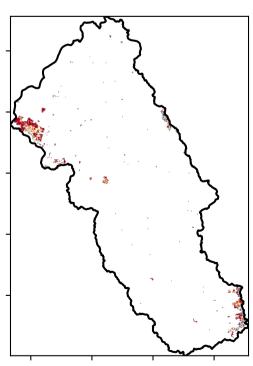


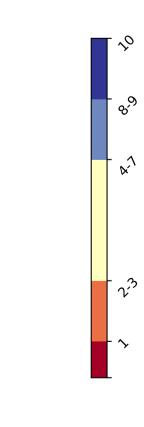
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)















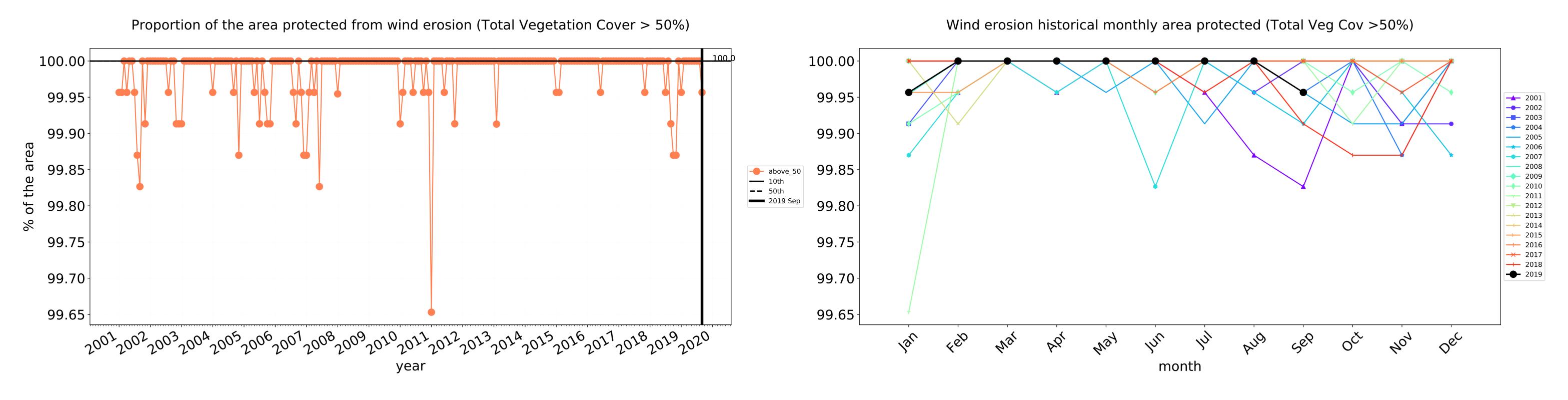


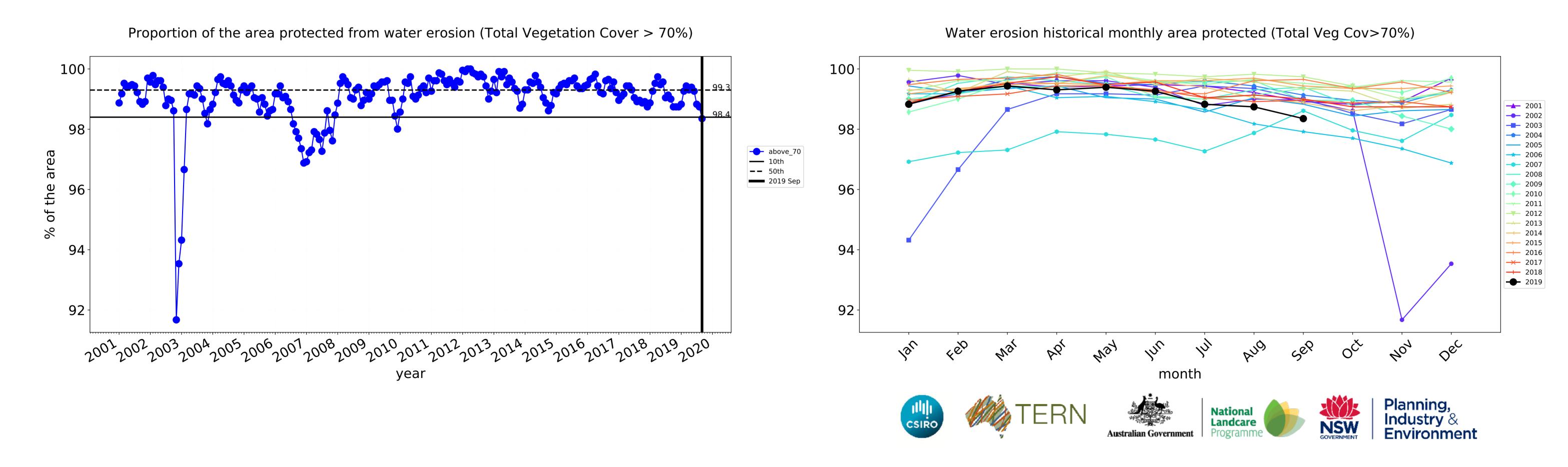






Conservation and natural environments timeseries





Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

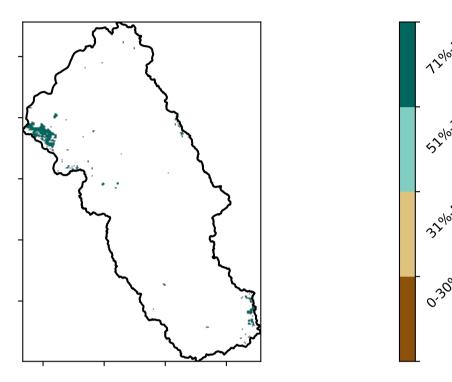
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

the mean. That

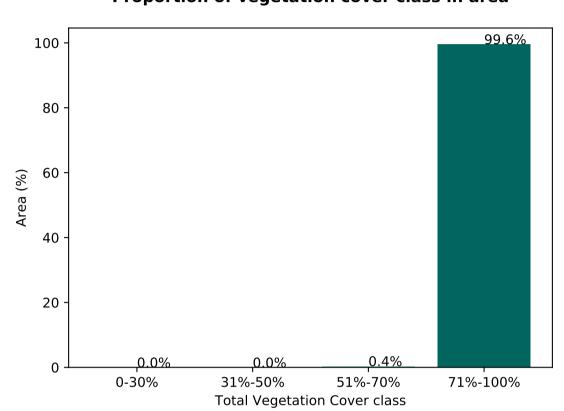
1 Conservation and natural environments – Woodland forest

Total Vegetation Cover [%]

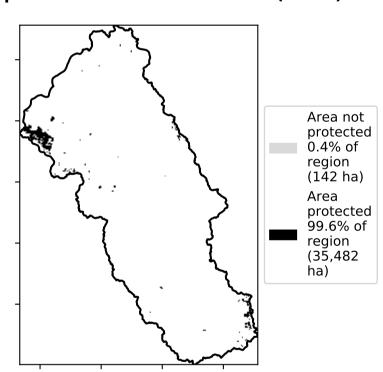
Land use and forest cover



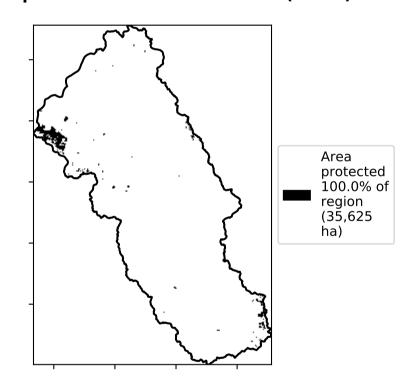
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



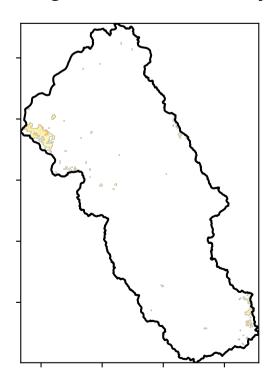
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

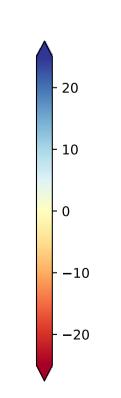


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



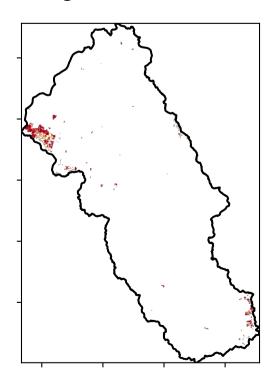
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

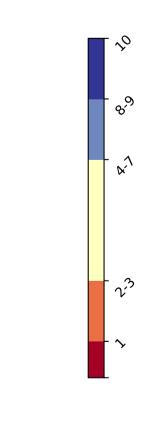




Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]







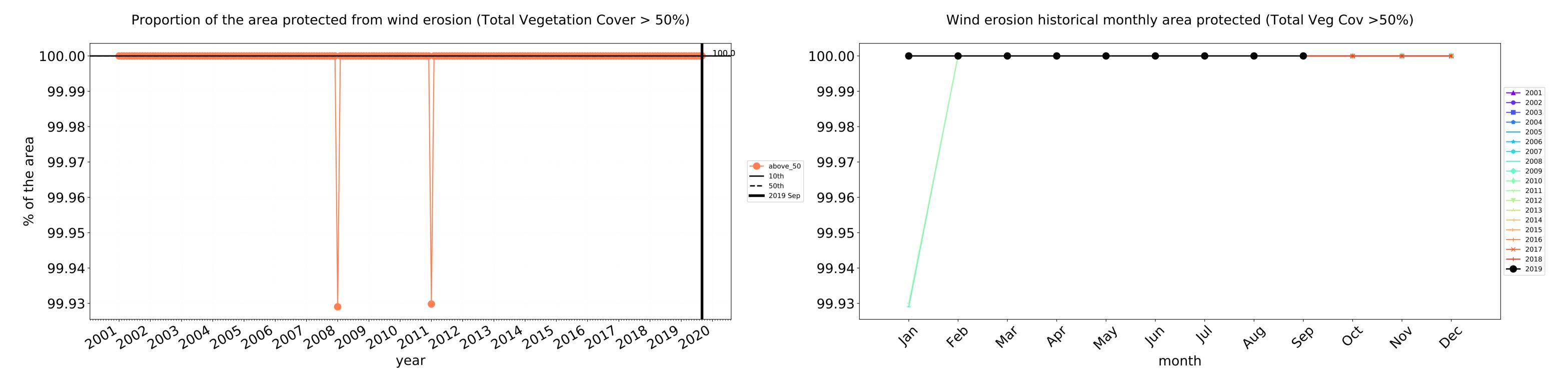


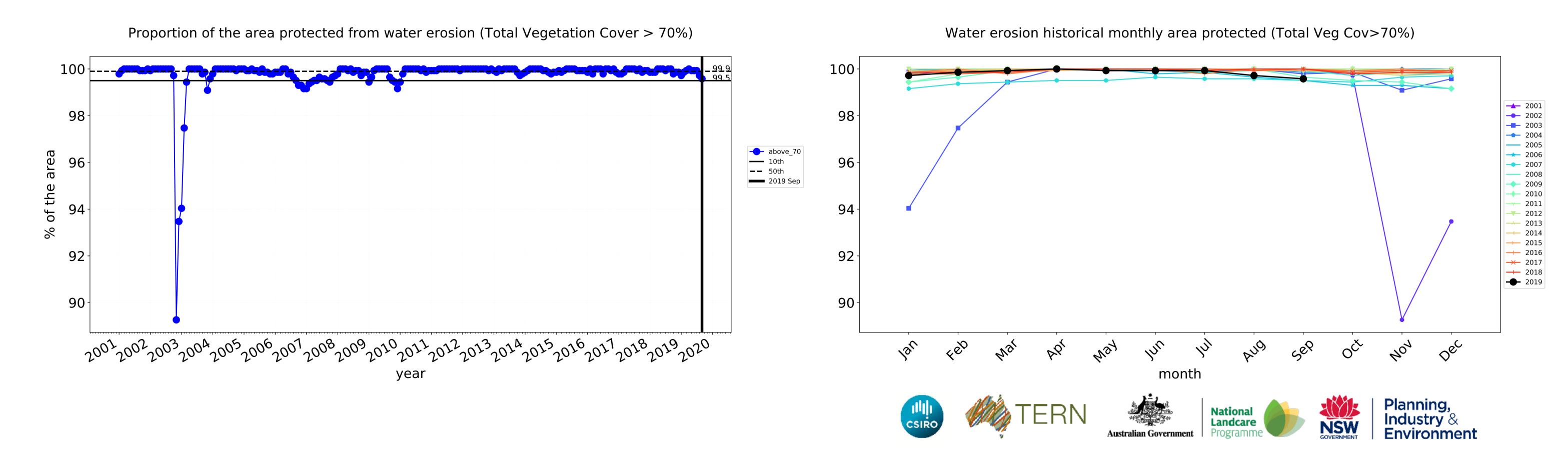












Agriculture

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

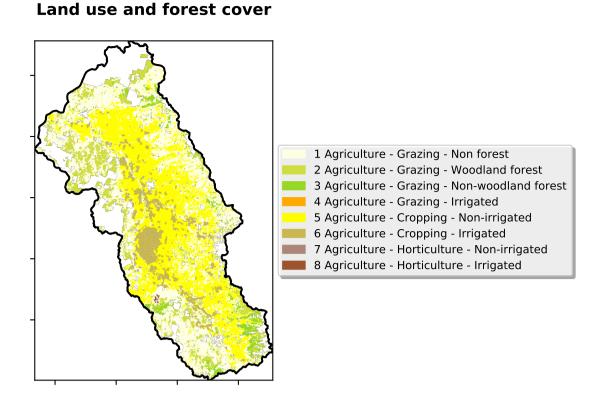
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

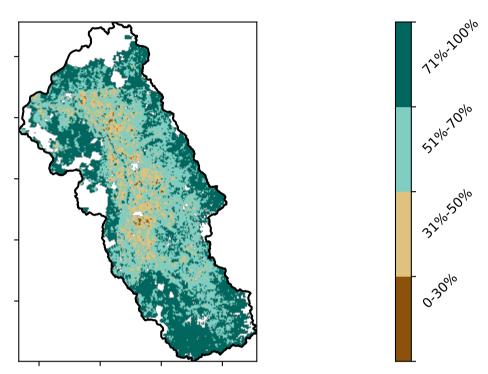
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

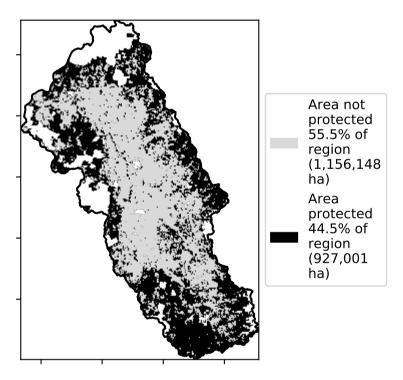
is only for the month of the map



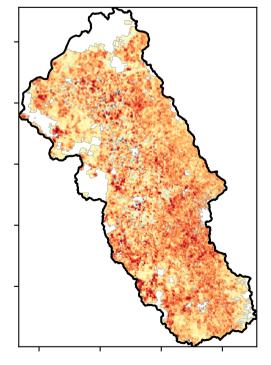
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

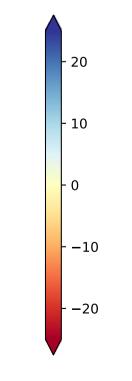


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



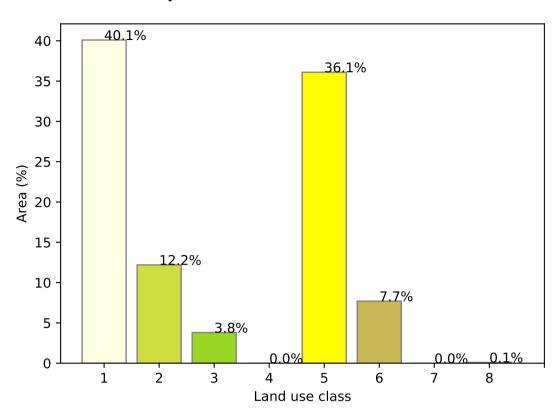
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



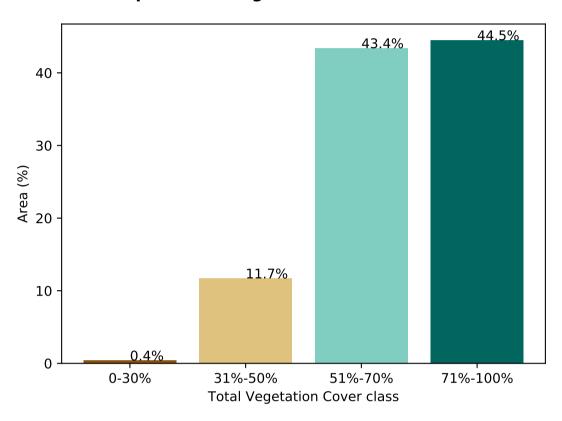


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline

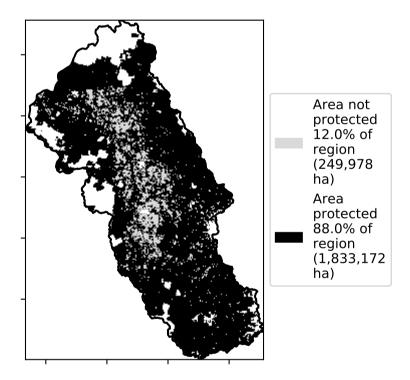
Proportion of each land class in area

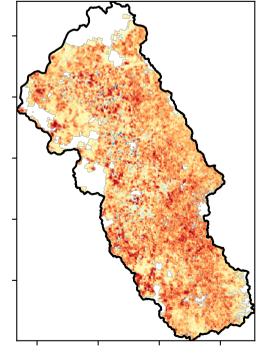


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

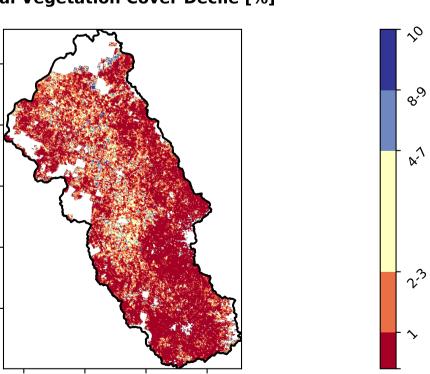


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





from 2001 to 2019.







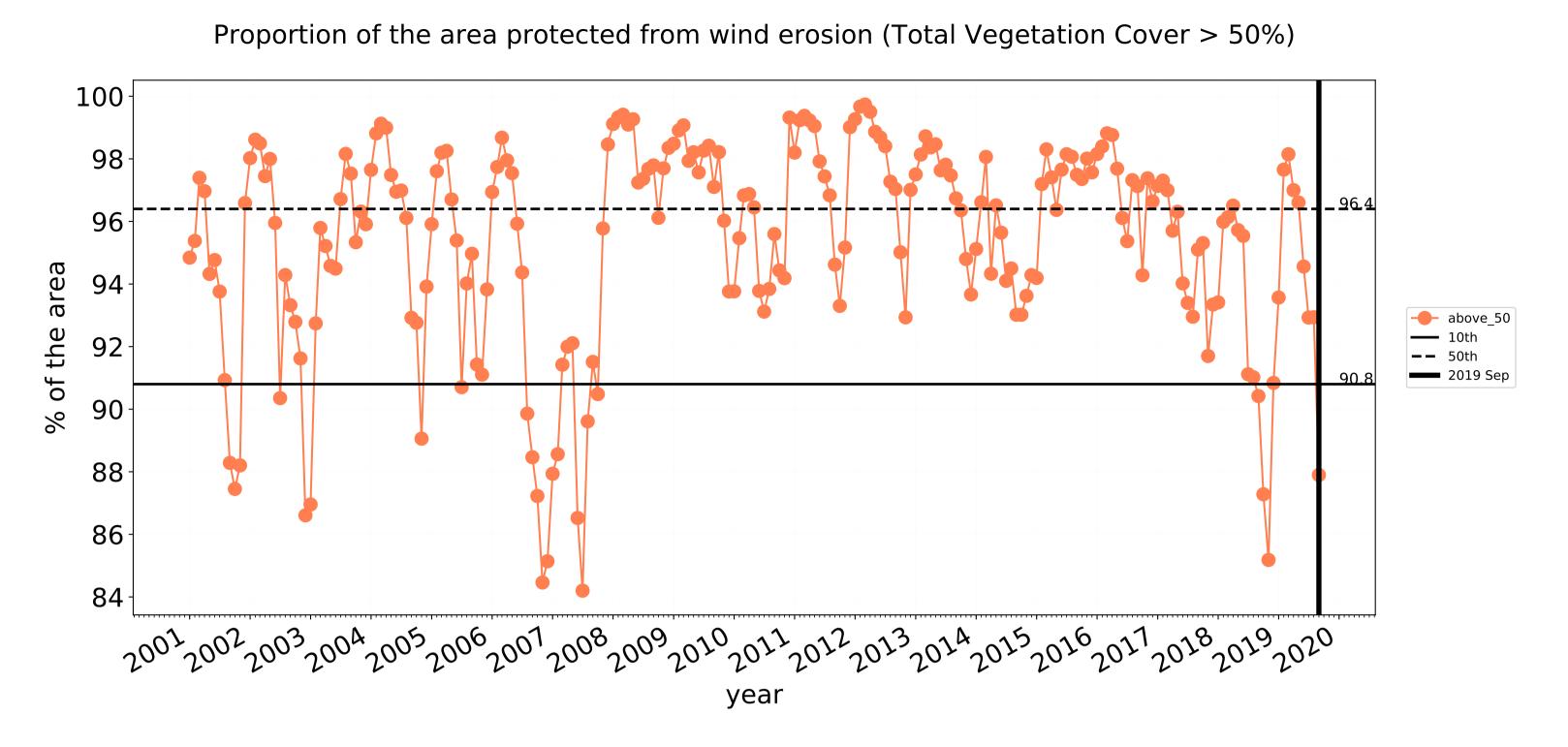


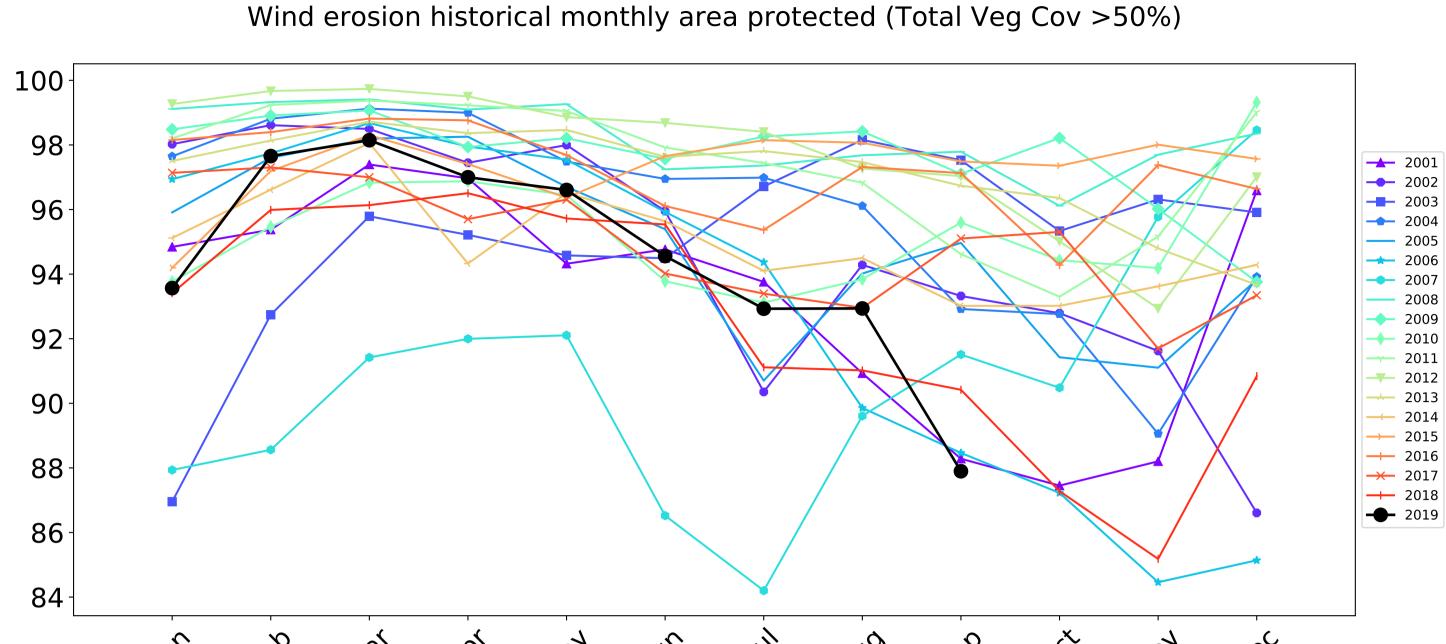




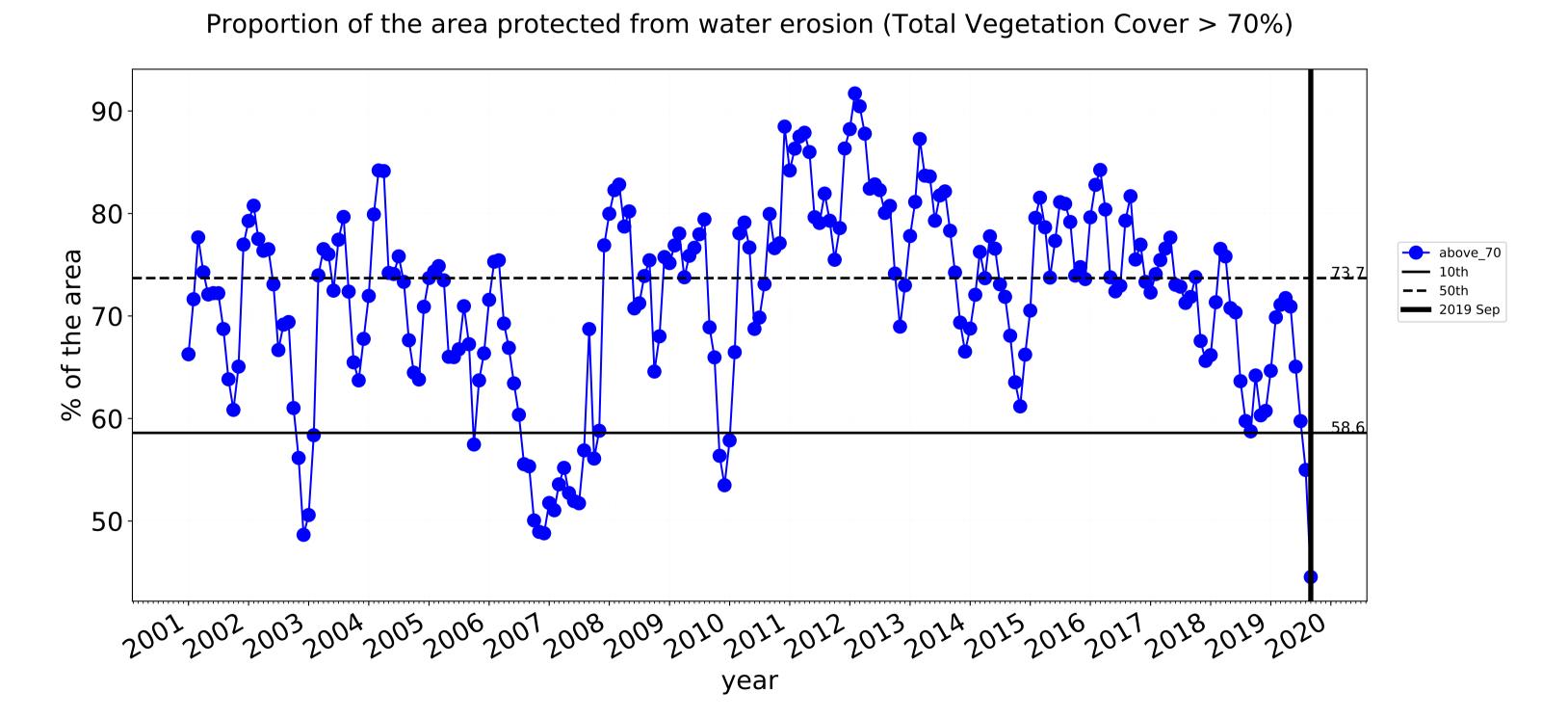


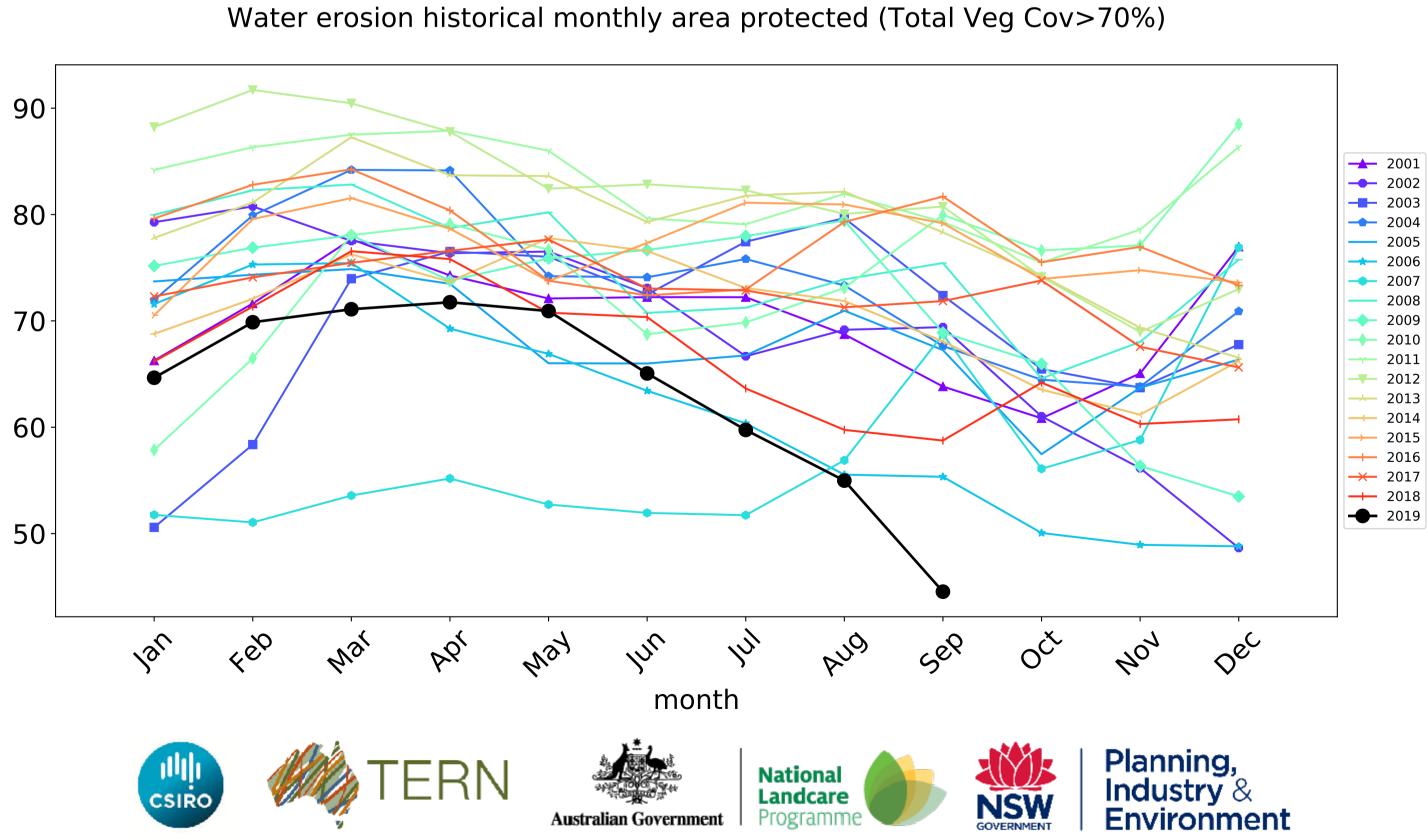
Agriculture timeseries





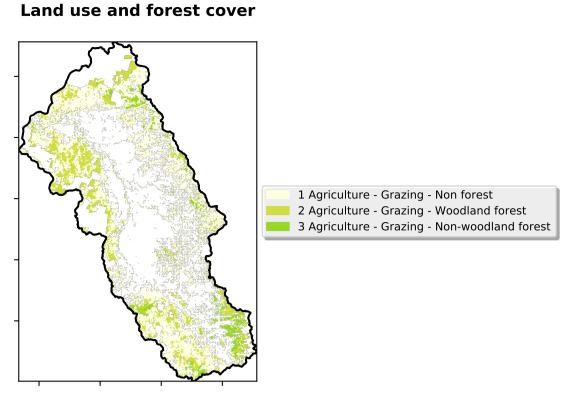
month





Grazing

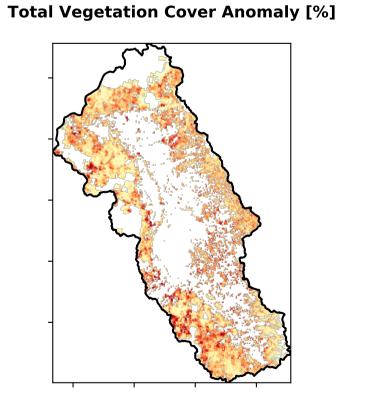
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

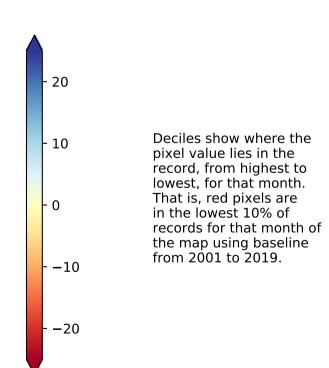


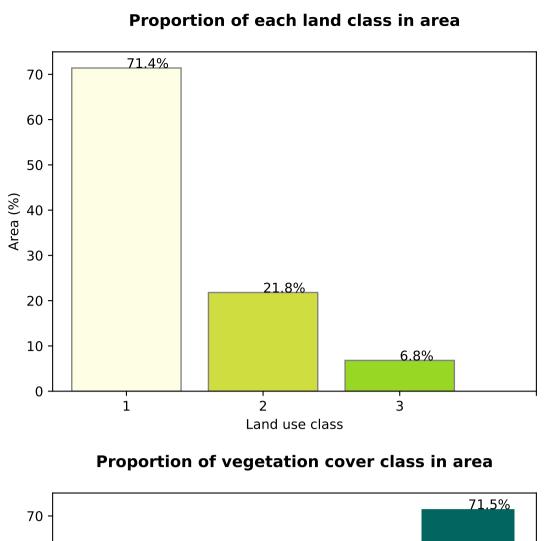
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

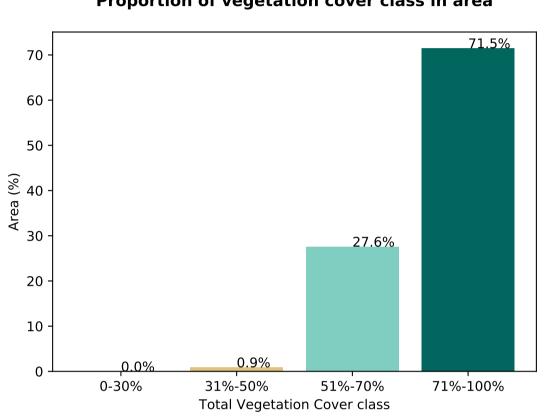
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%) Area not protected 28.5% of region (333,606 ha) Area protected 71.5% of region (836,943 ha)

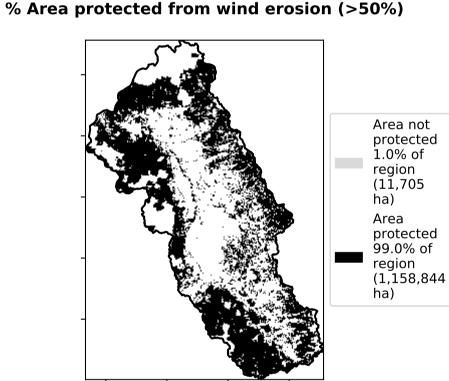
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

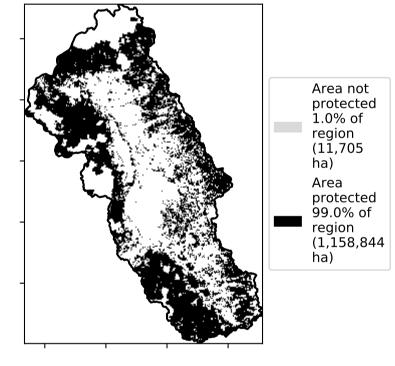


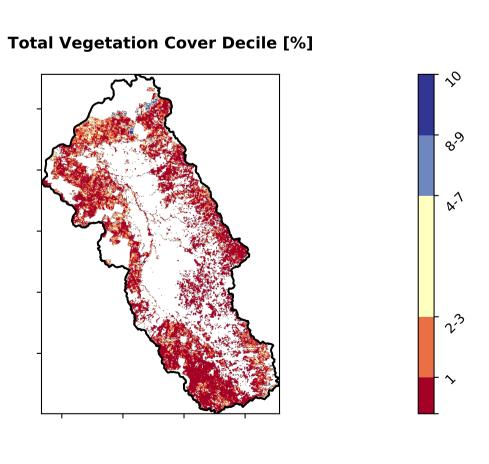
















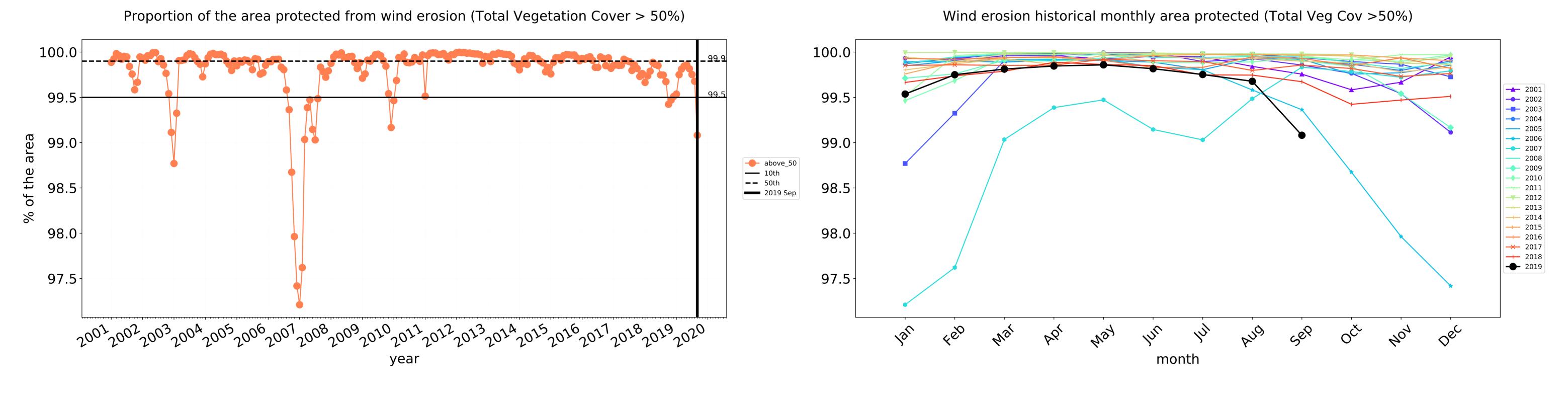


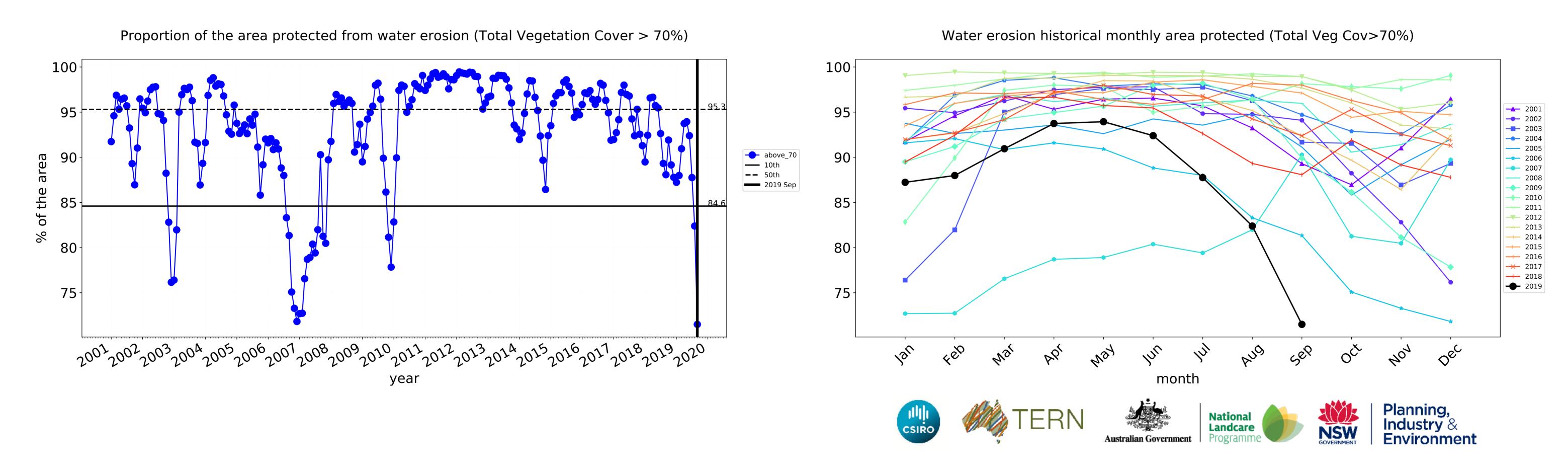






Grazing timeseries





Grazing non forest

Land use and forest cover

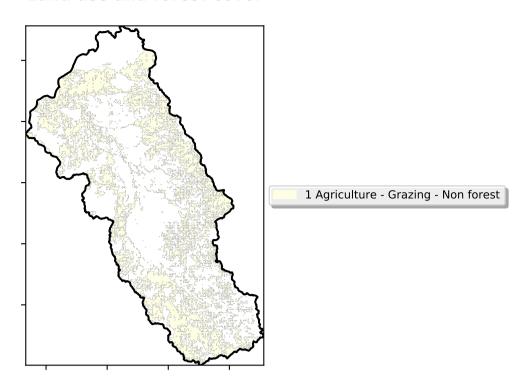
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

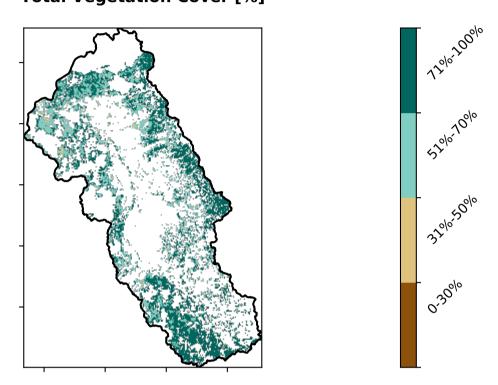
pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

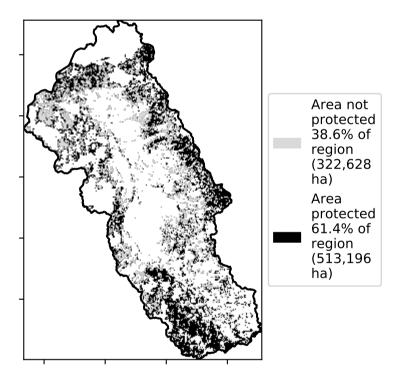
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



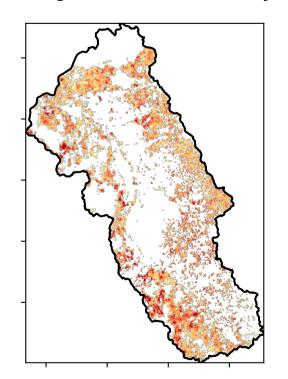
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

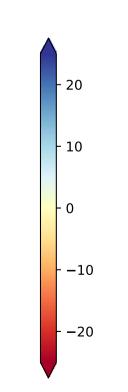


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



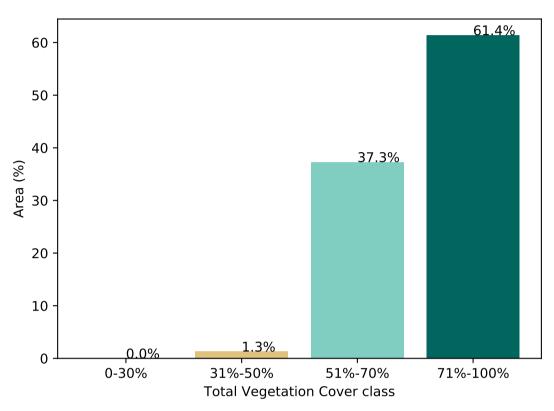
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



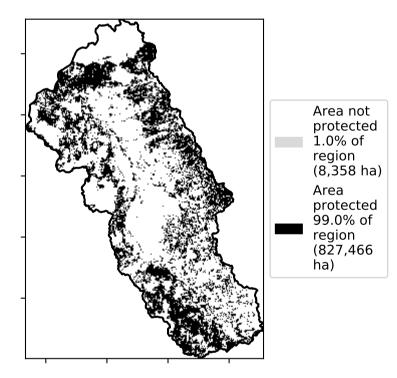


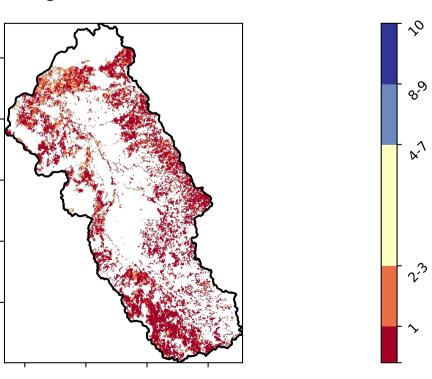
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









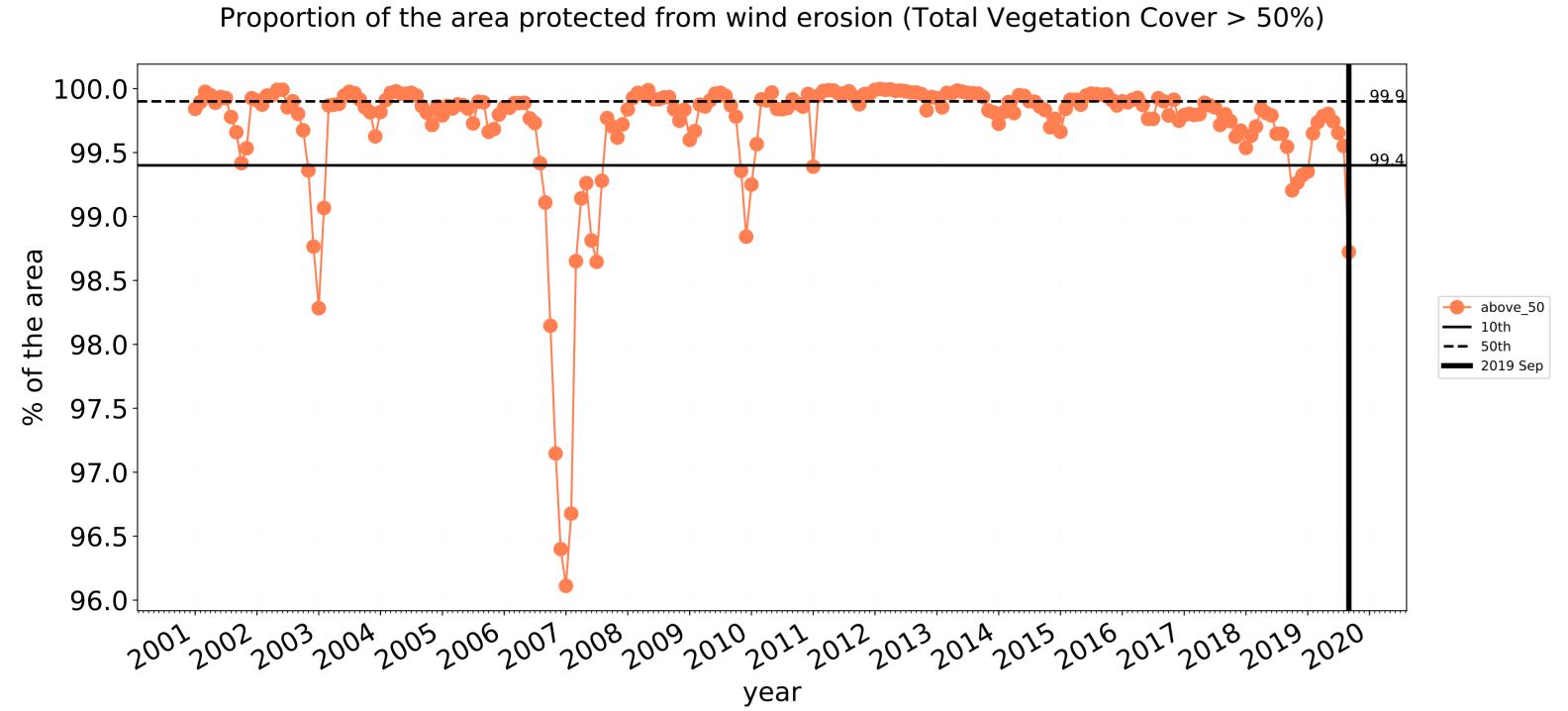


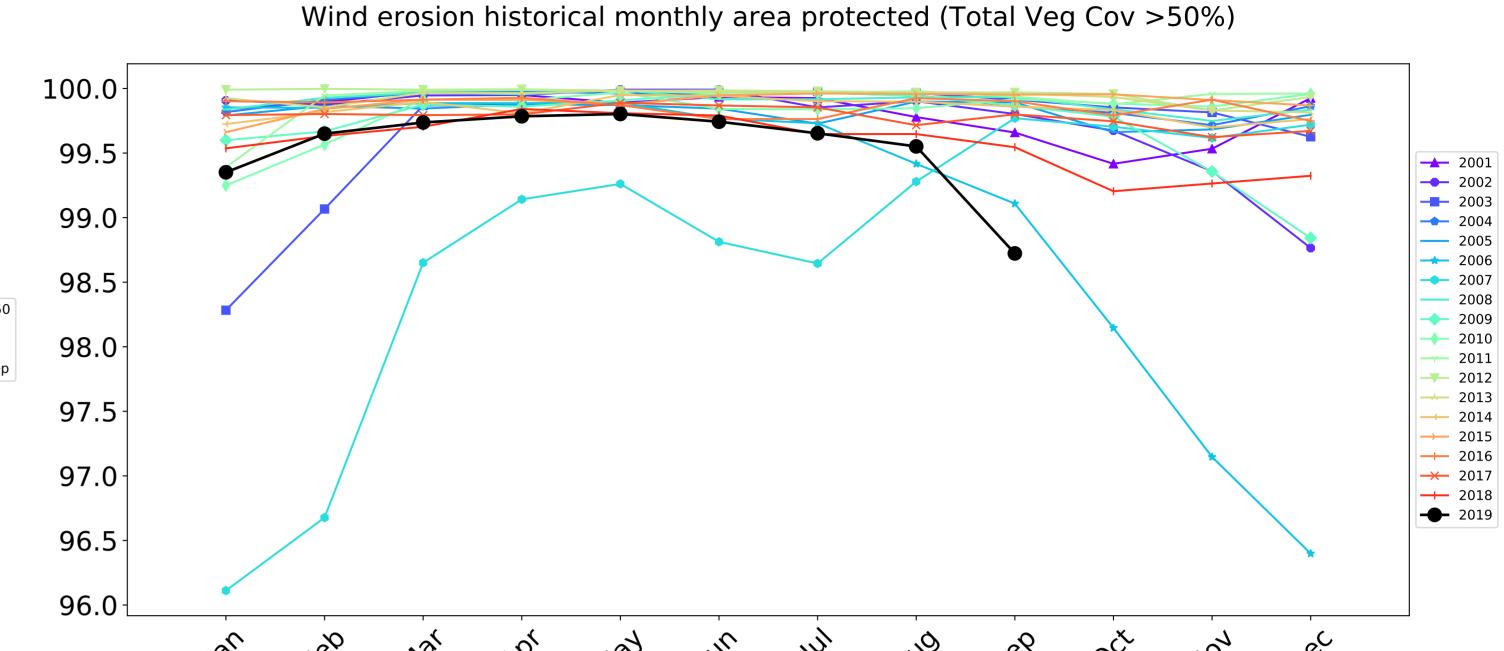




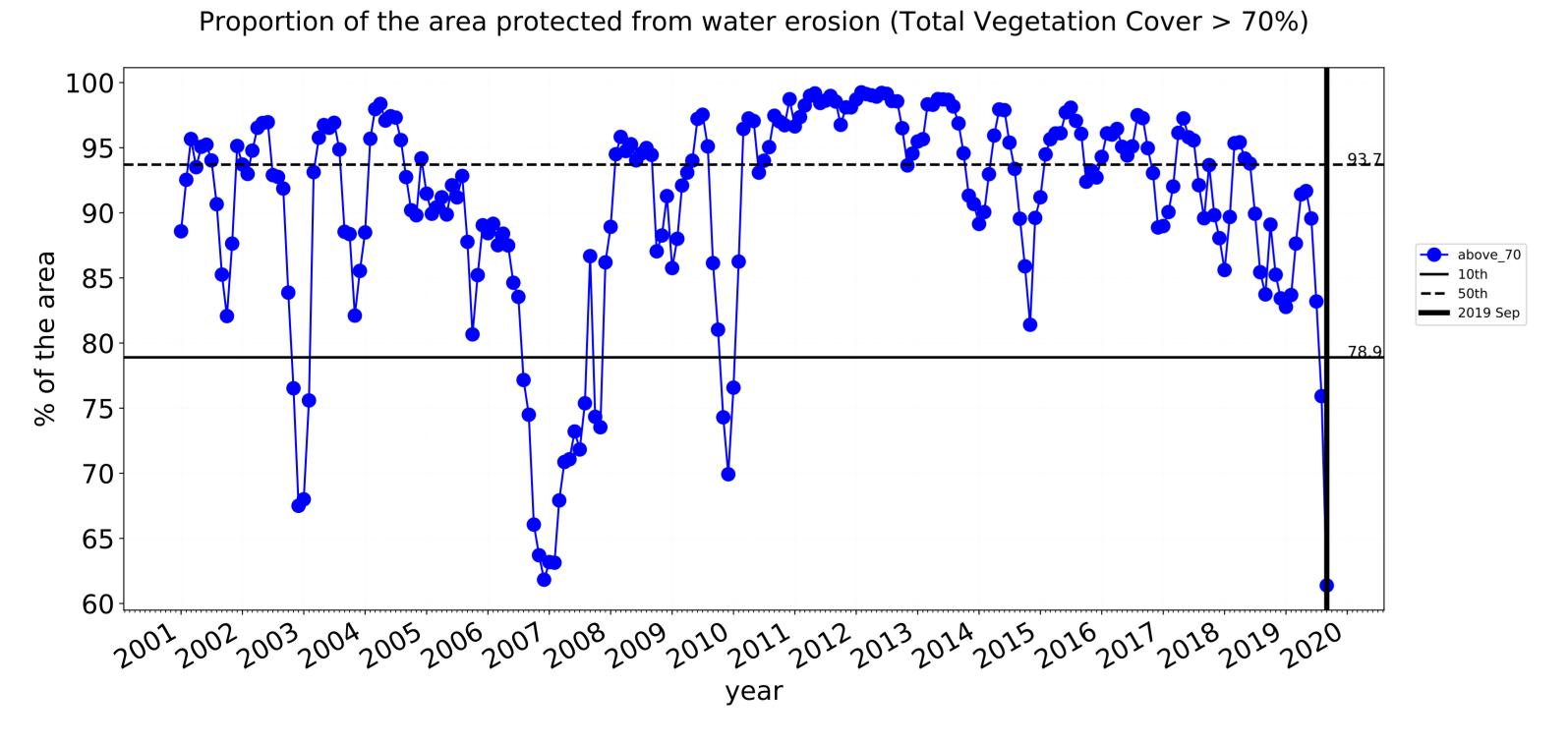


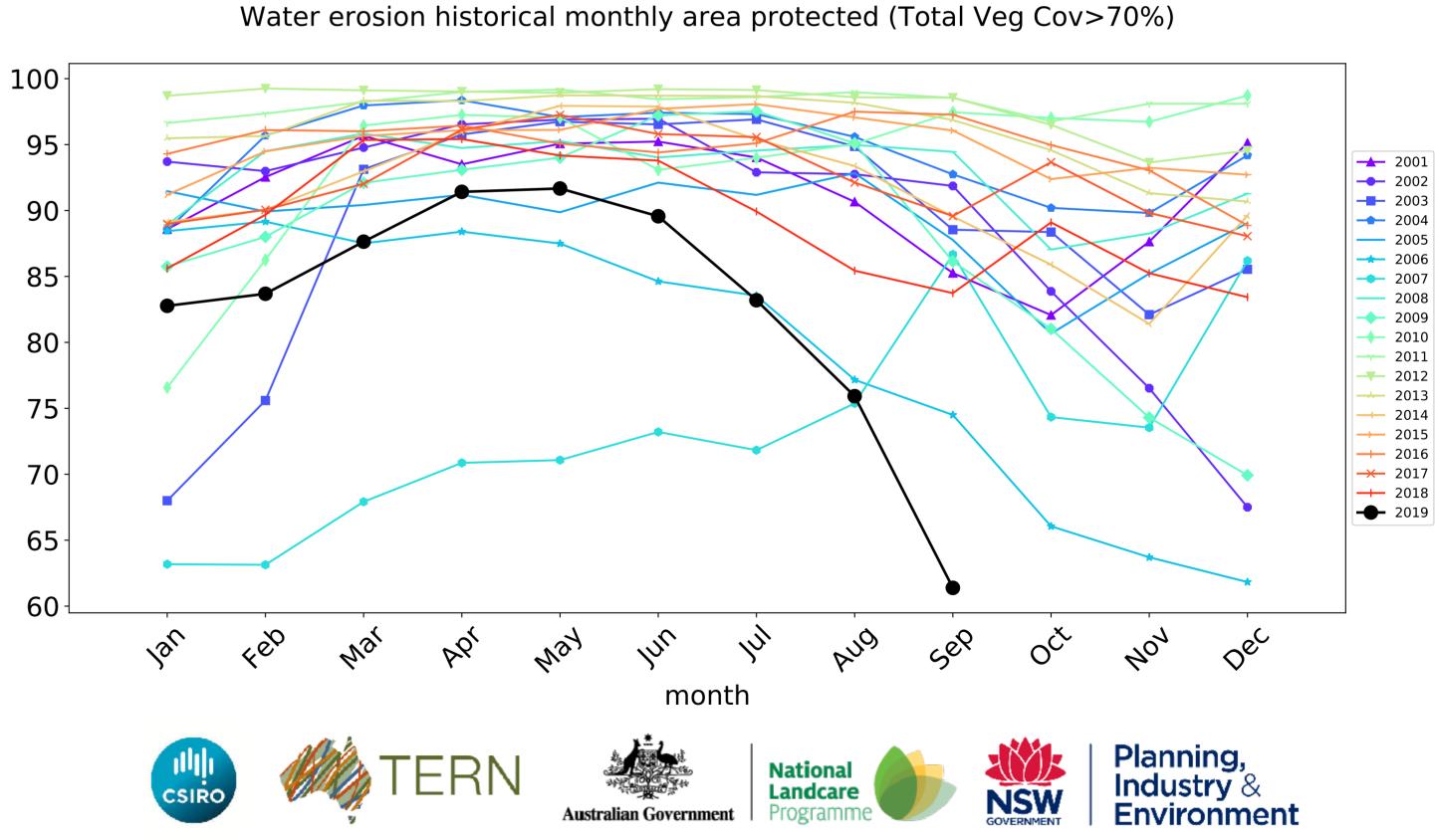
Grazing non forest timeseries





month

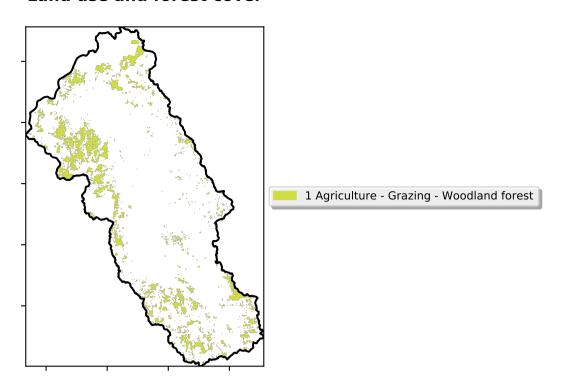




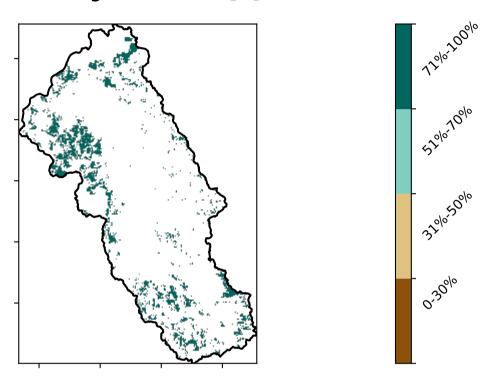
Grazing Woodland forest

Land use and forest cover

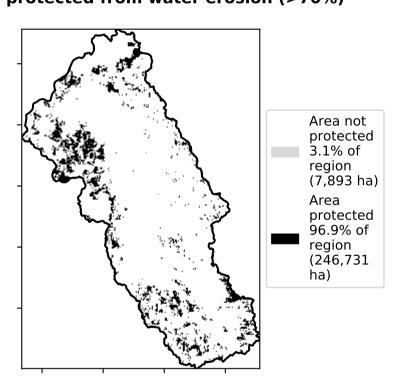
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



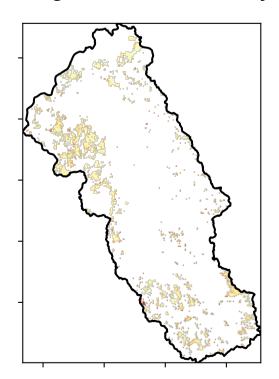
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

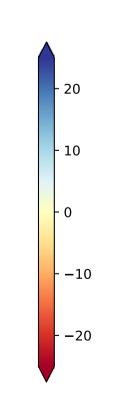


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



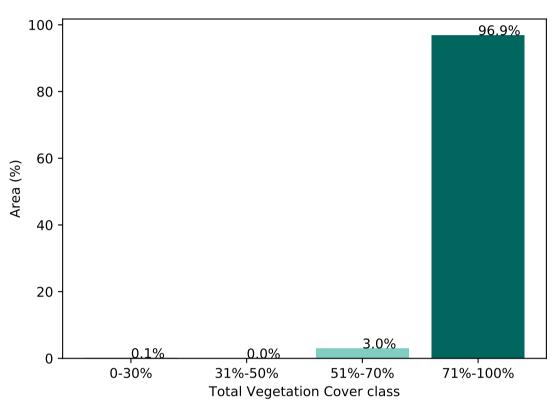
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



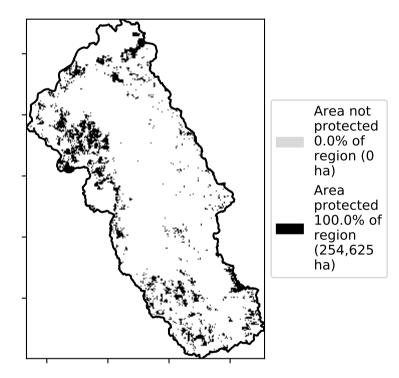


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

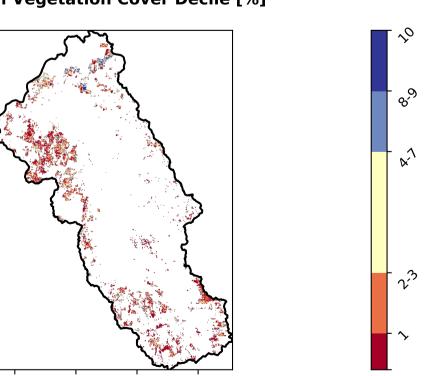
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

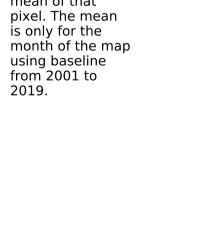


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that



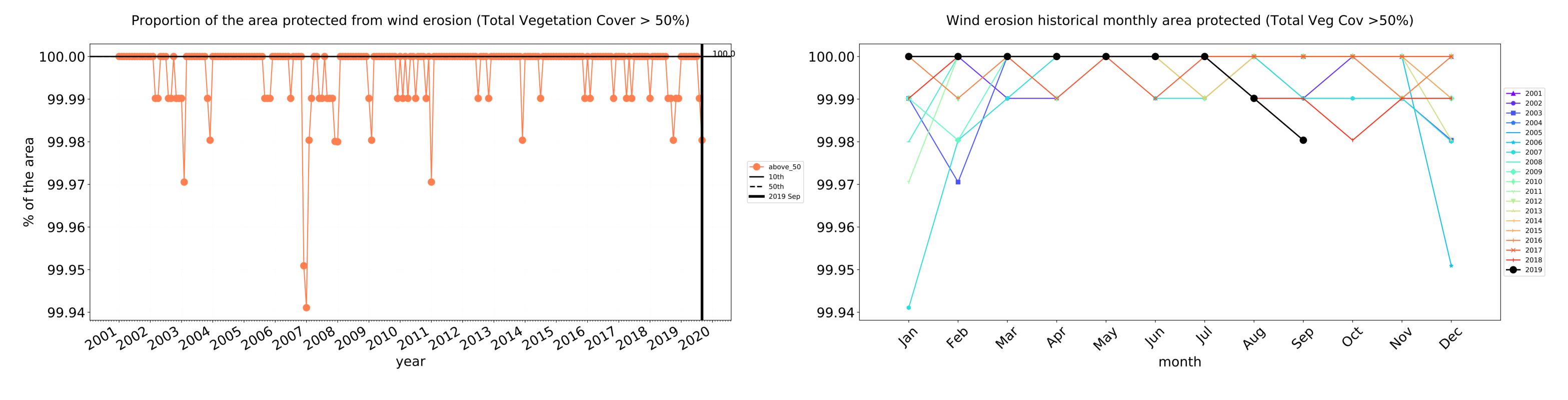


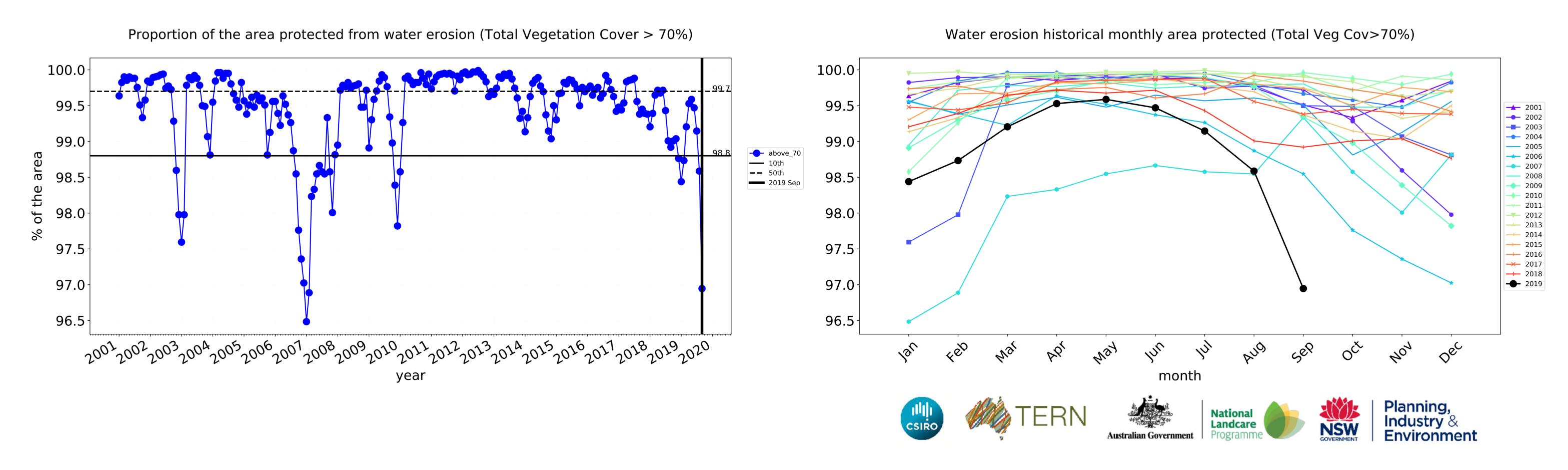






Grazing Woodland forest timeseries





Grazing - Forest (non woodland)

Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

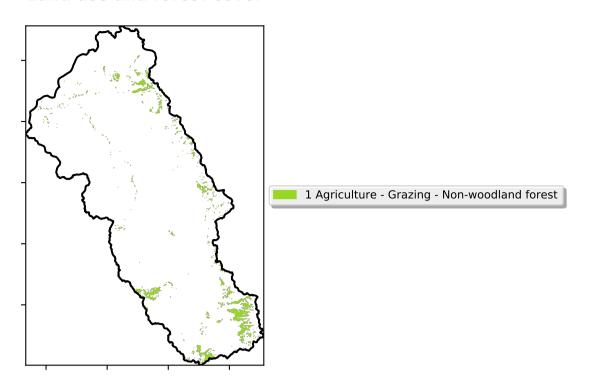
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

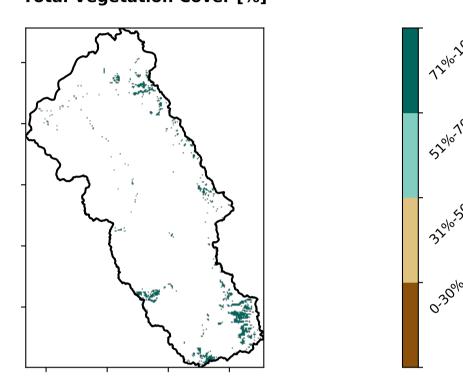
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

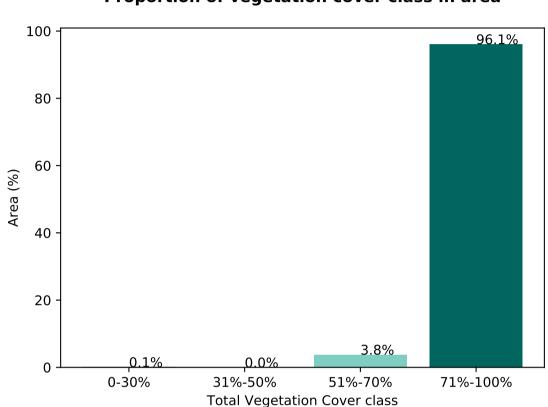
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



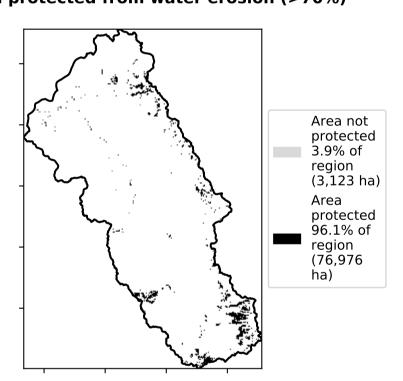
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



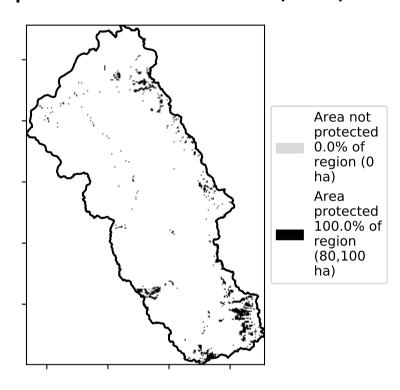
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



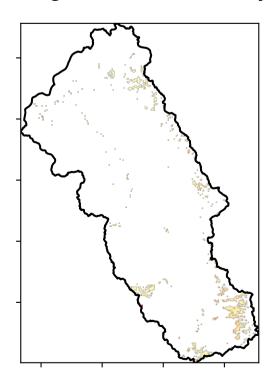
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

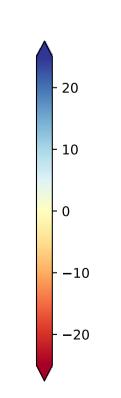


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

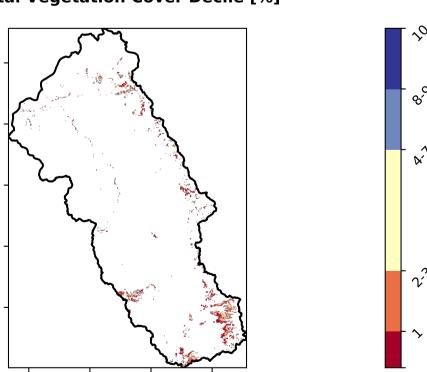


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





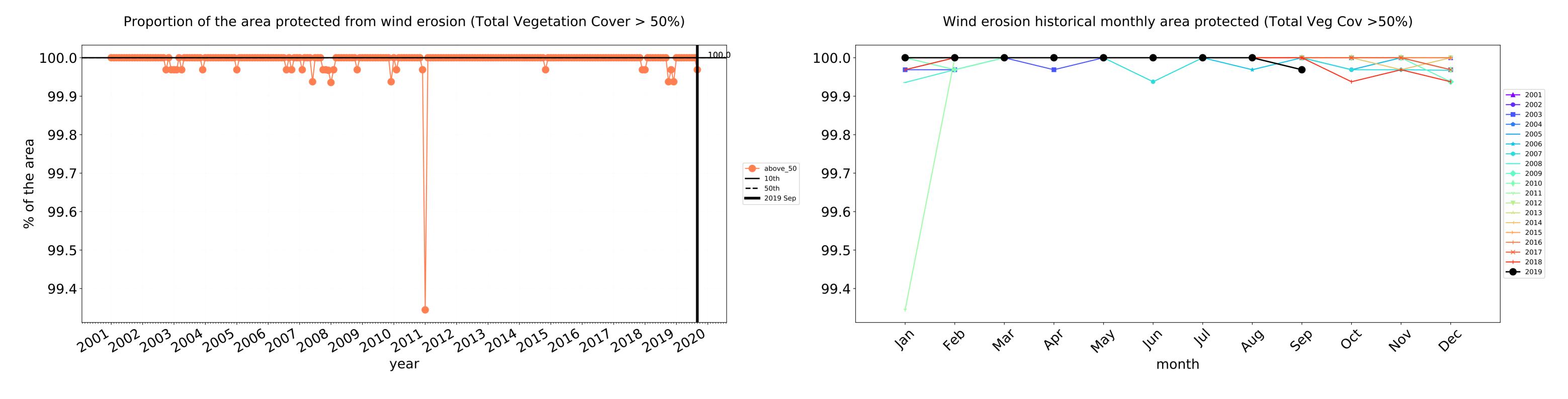


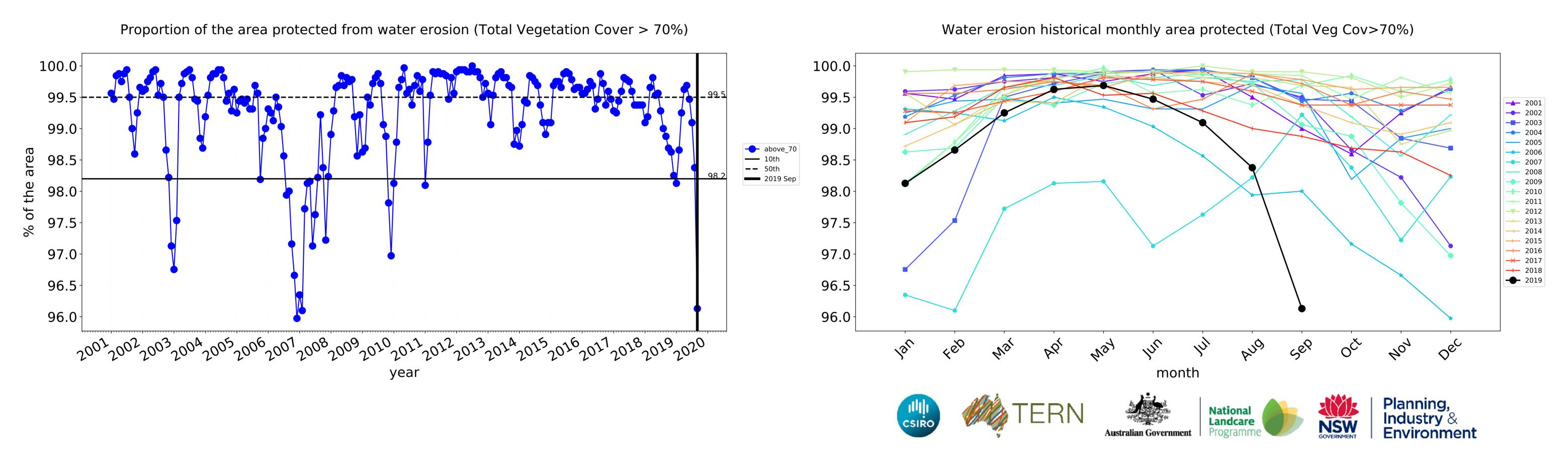












Cropping

Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

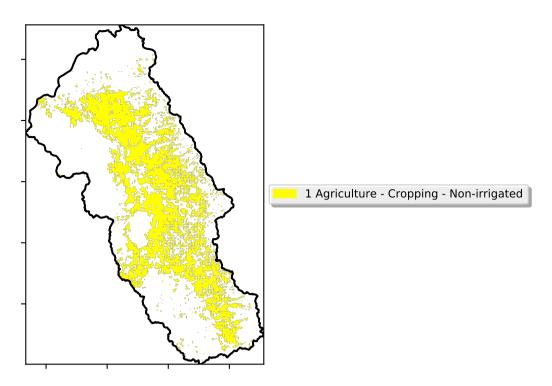
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

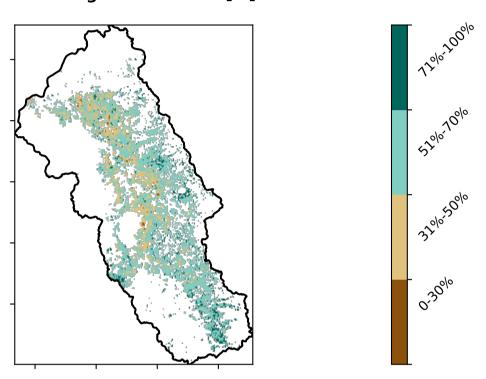
mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

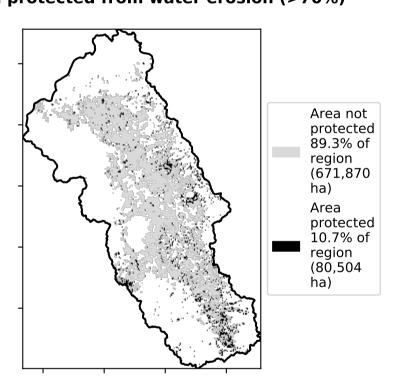
the mean. That



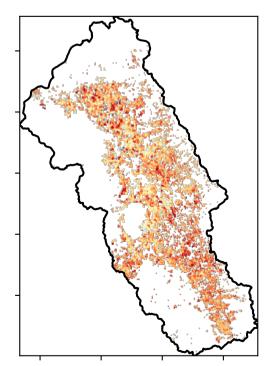
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

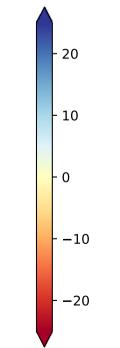


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



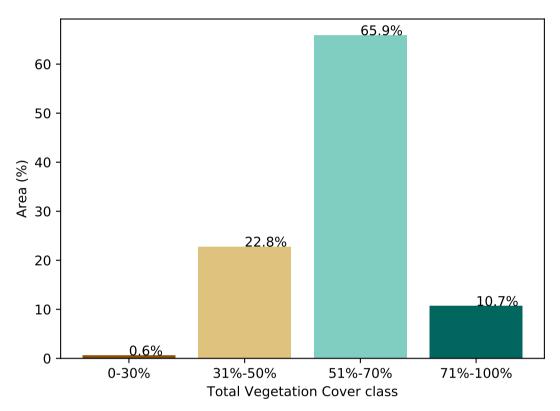
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



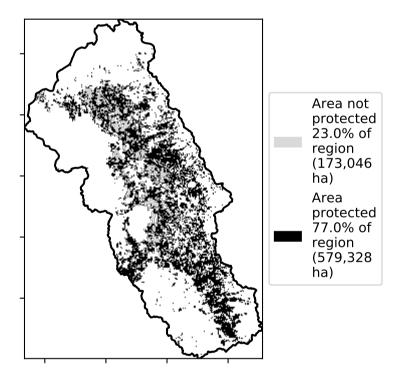


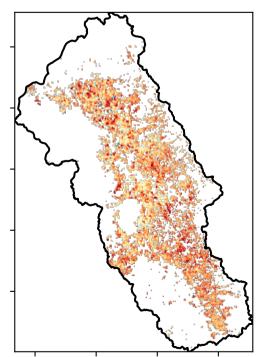
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

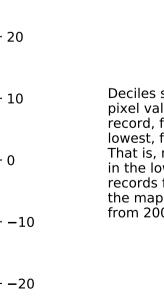
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

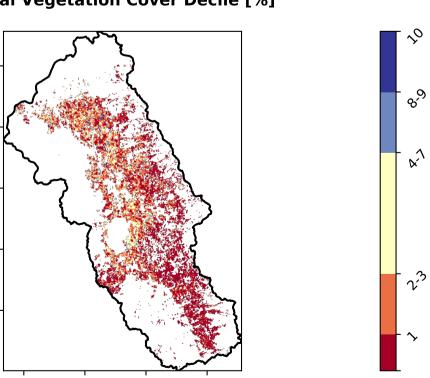


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)













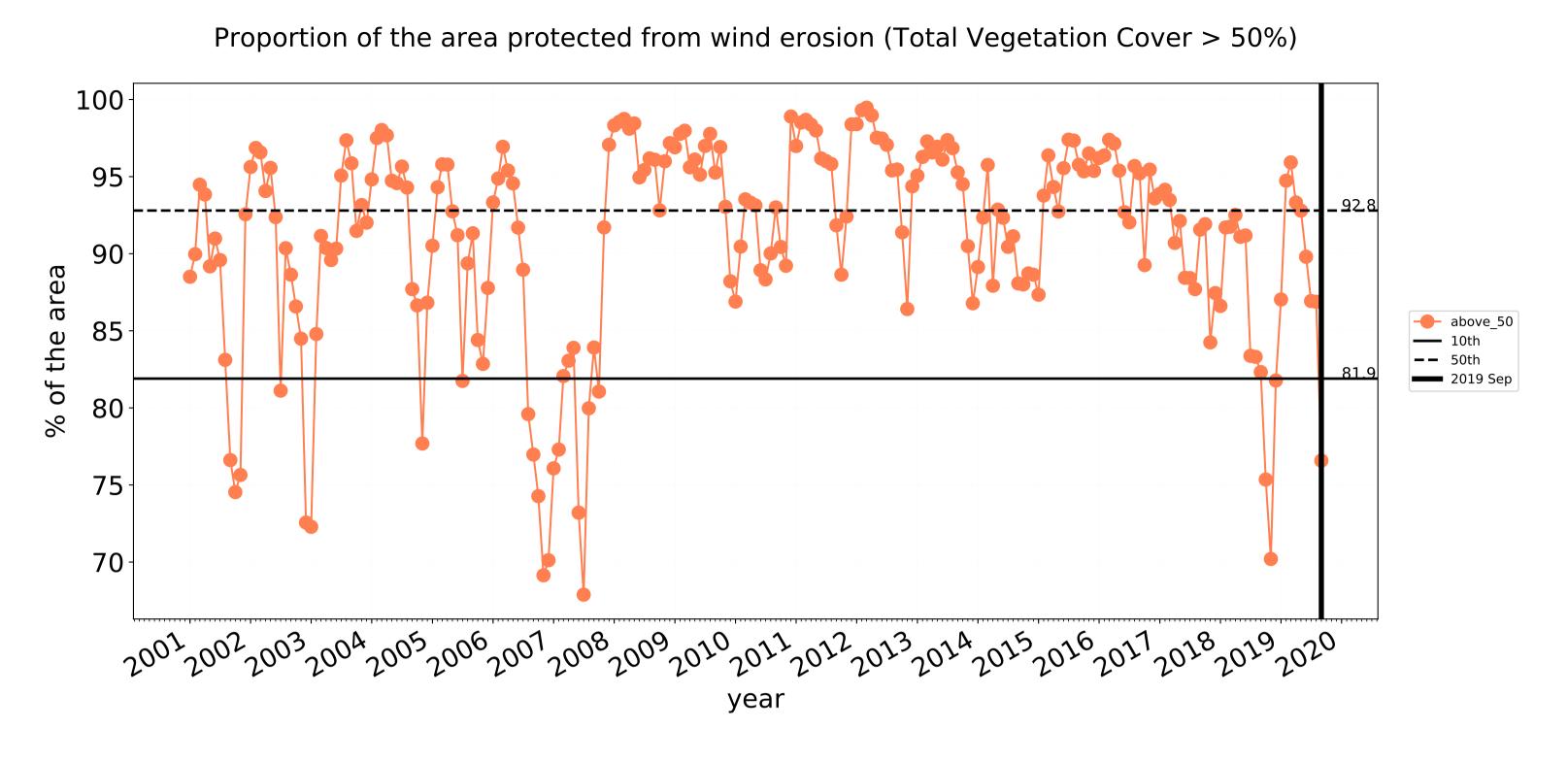


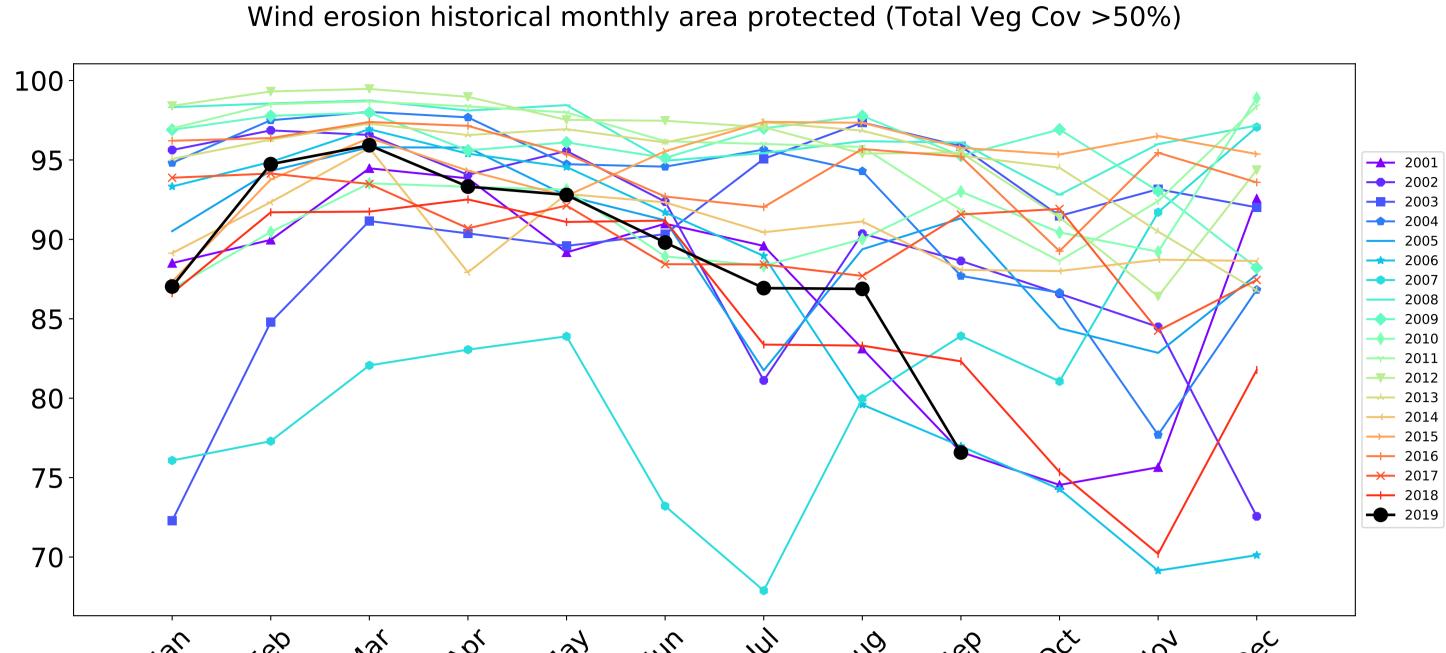




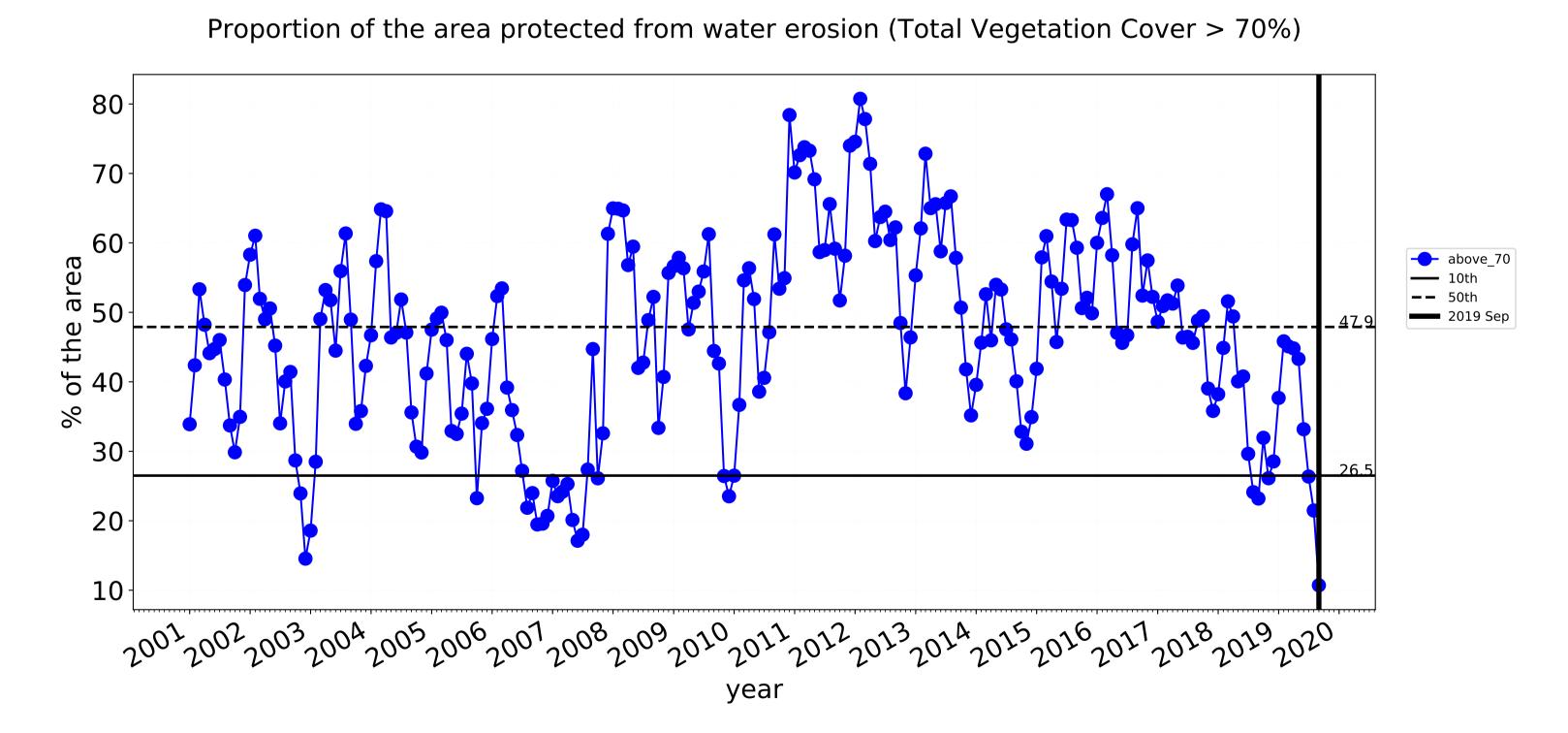


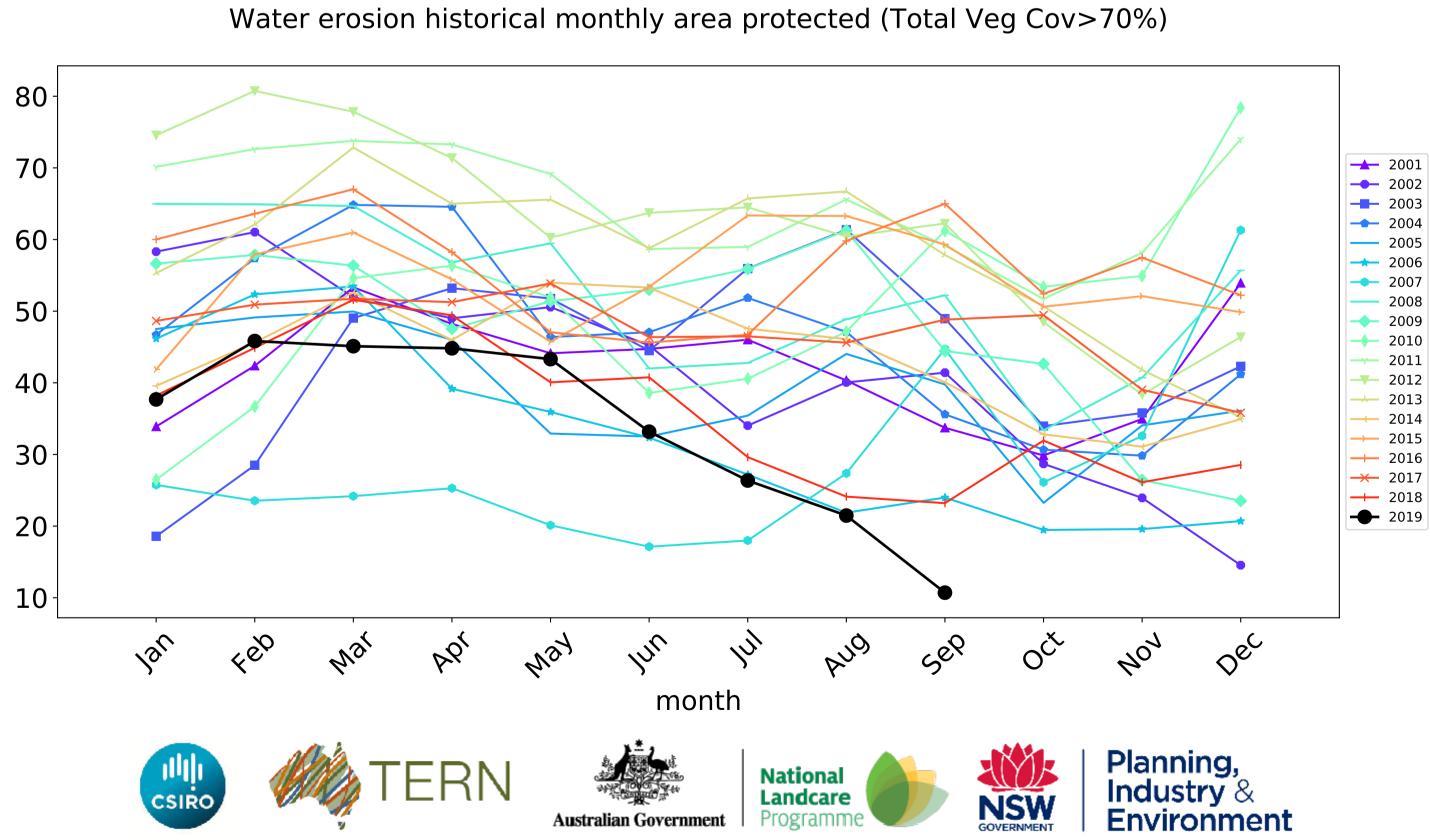
Cropping timeseries





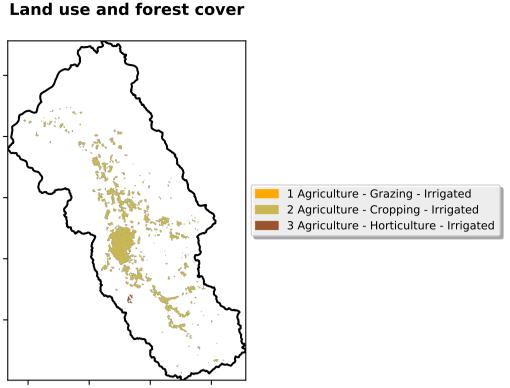
month

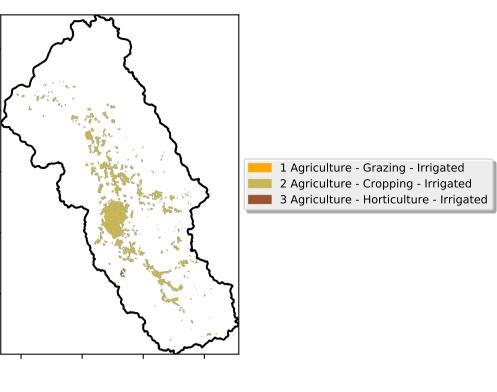


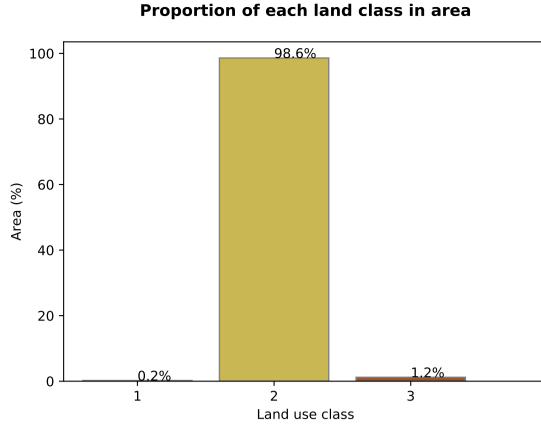


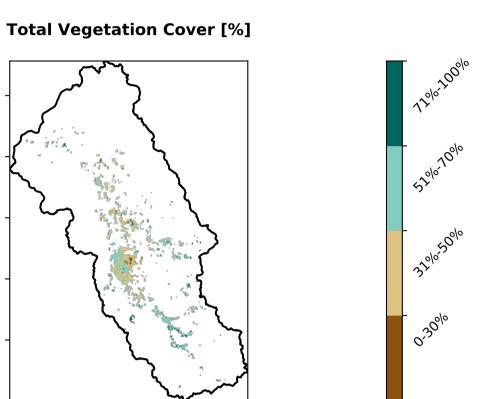
Irrigation

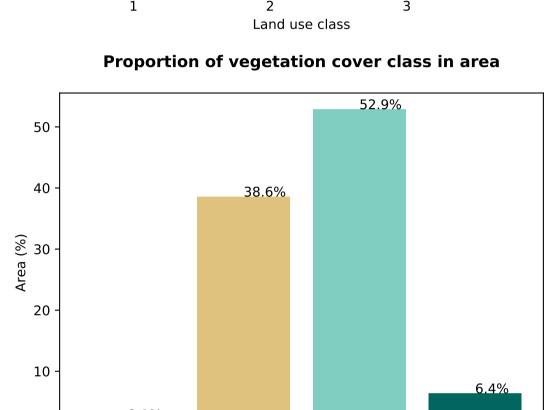
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

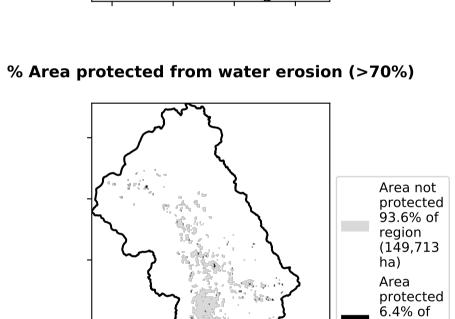










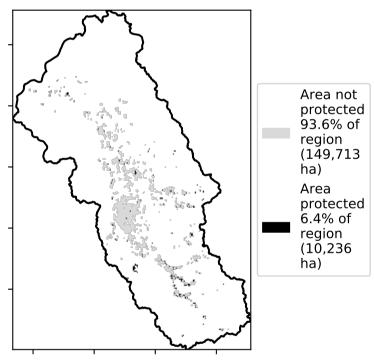


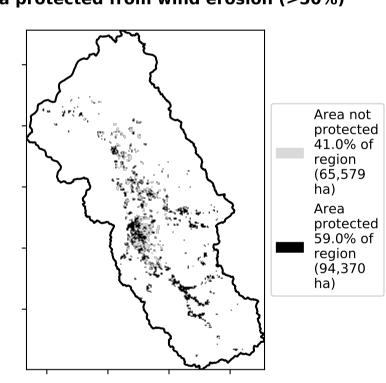
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

Total Vegetation Cover class

31%-50%

0-30%





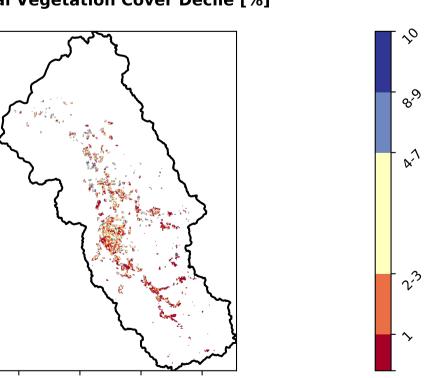
51%-70%

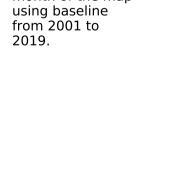
71%-100%

Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

- 20 Deciles show where the - 10 pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are 0 in the lowest 10% of records for that month of







Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

the mean. That





the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

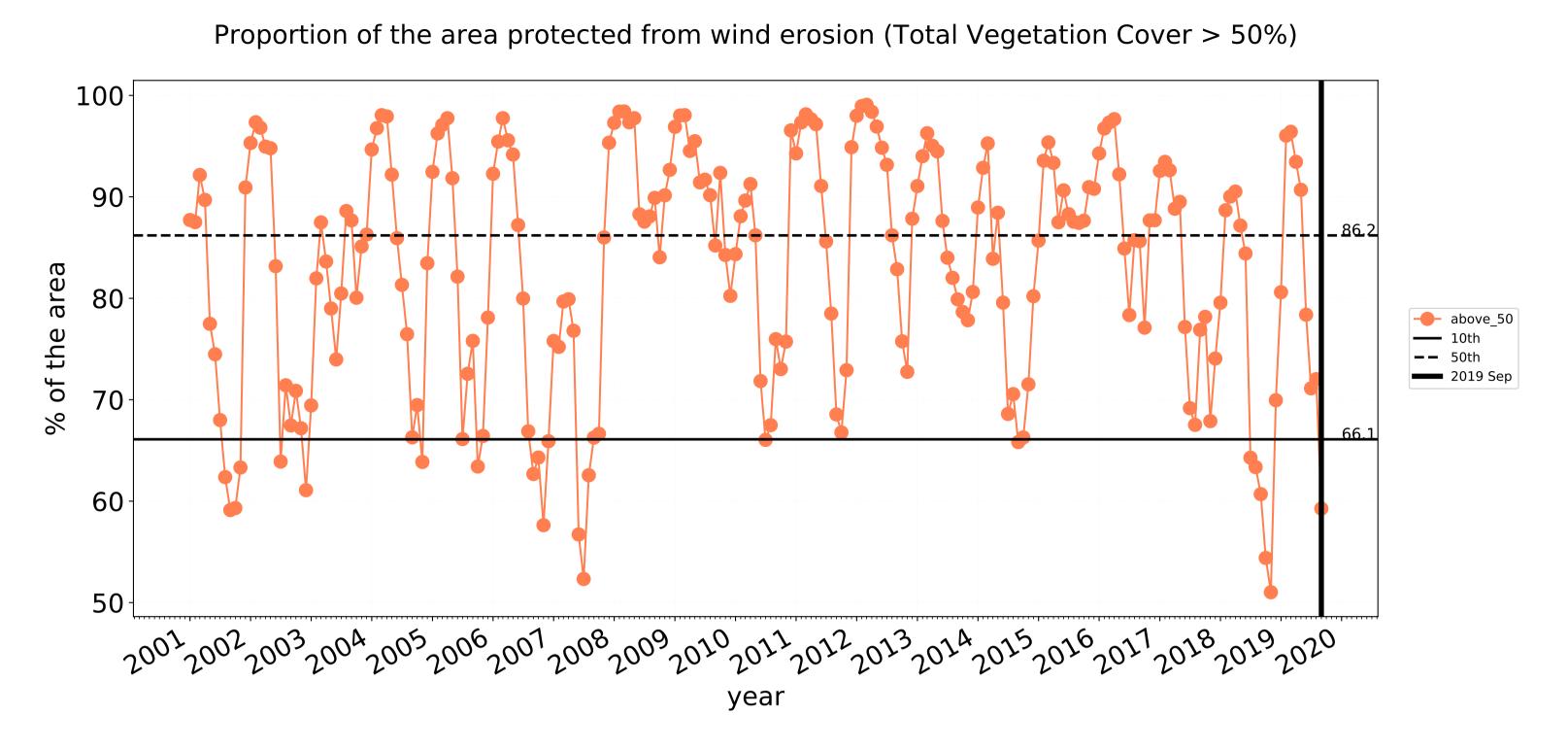


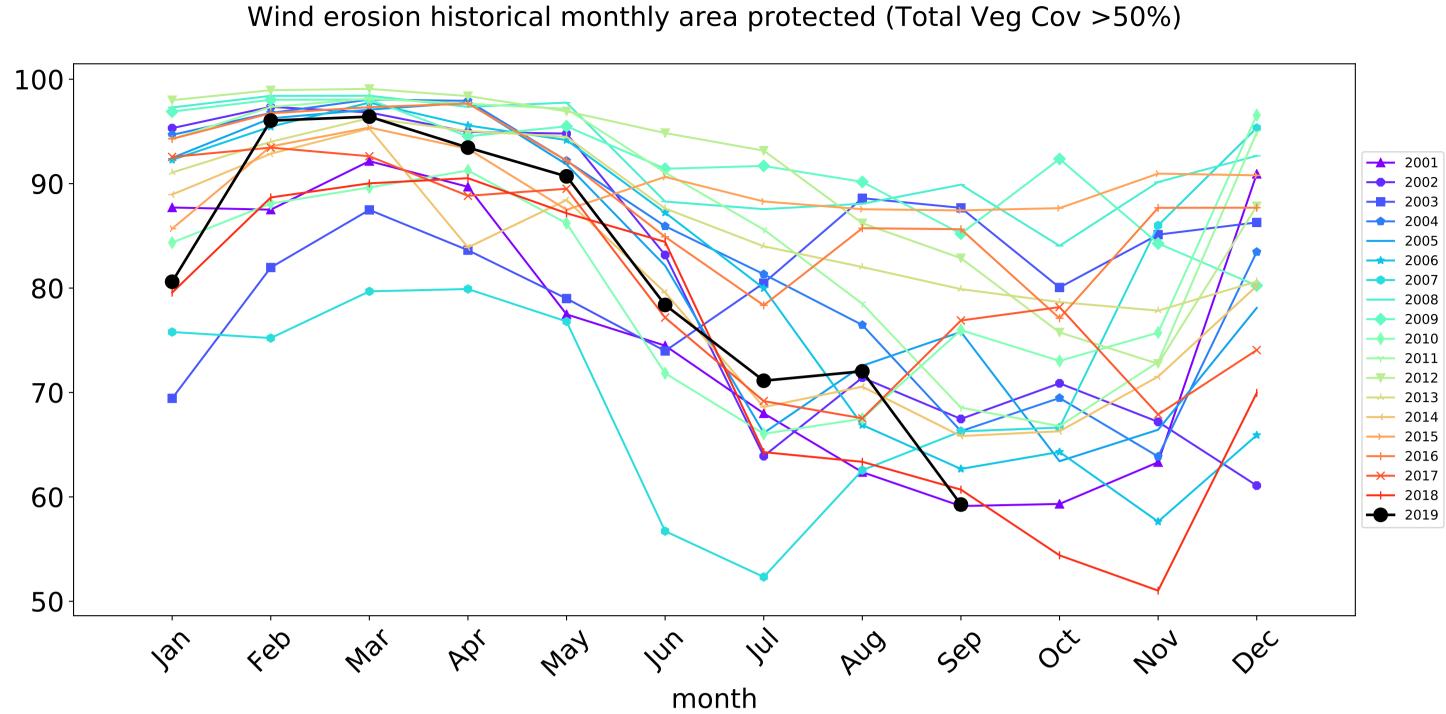


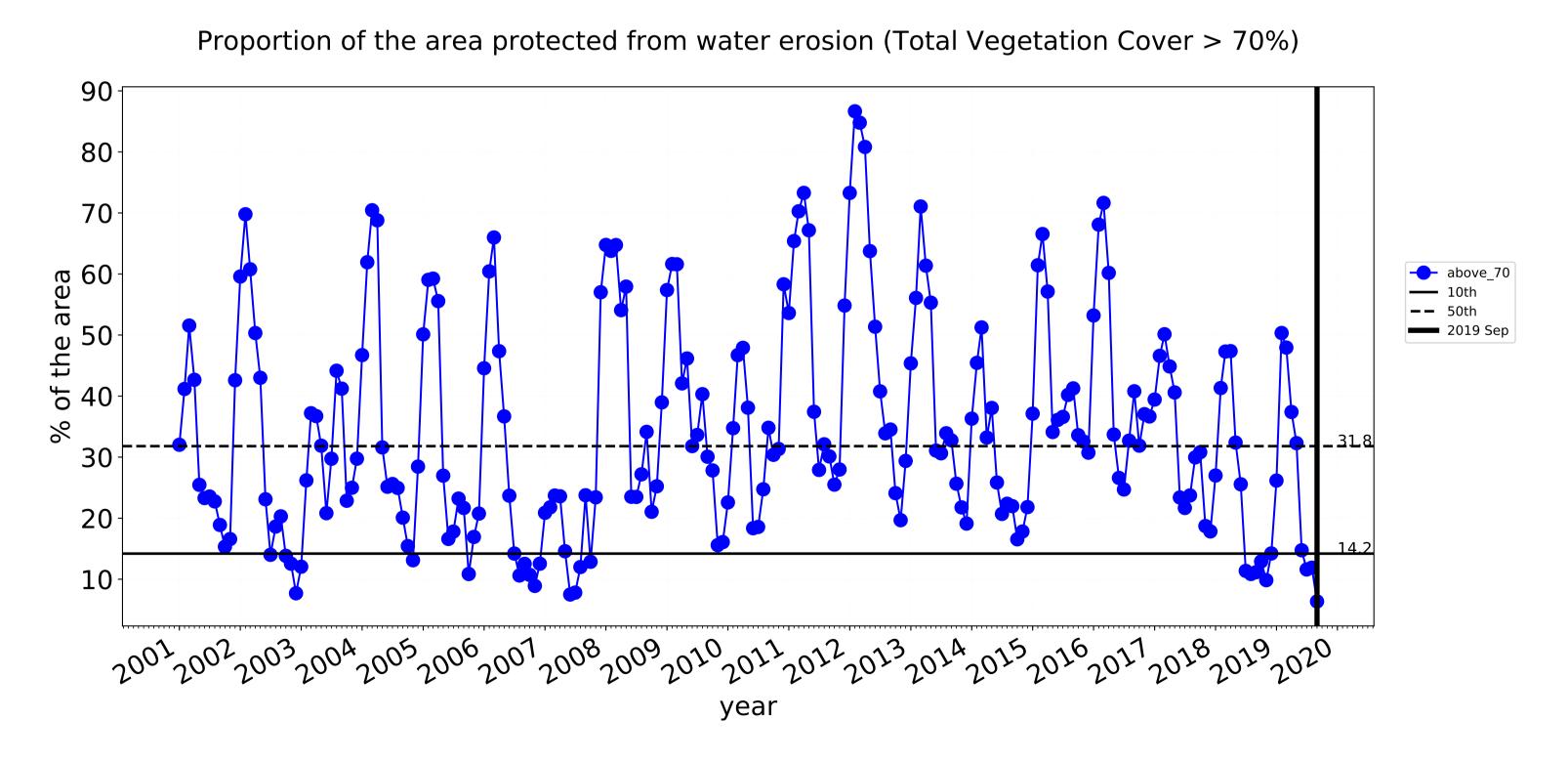


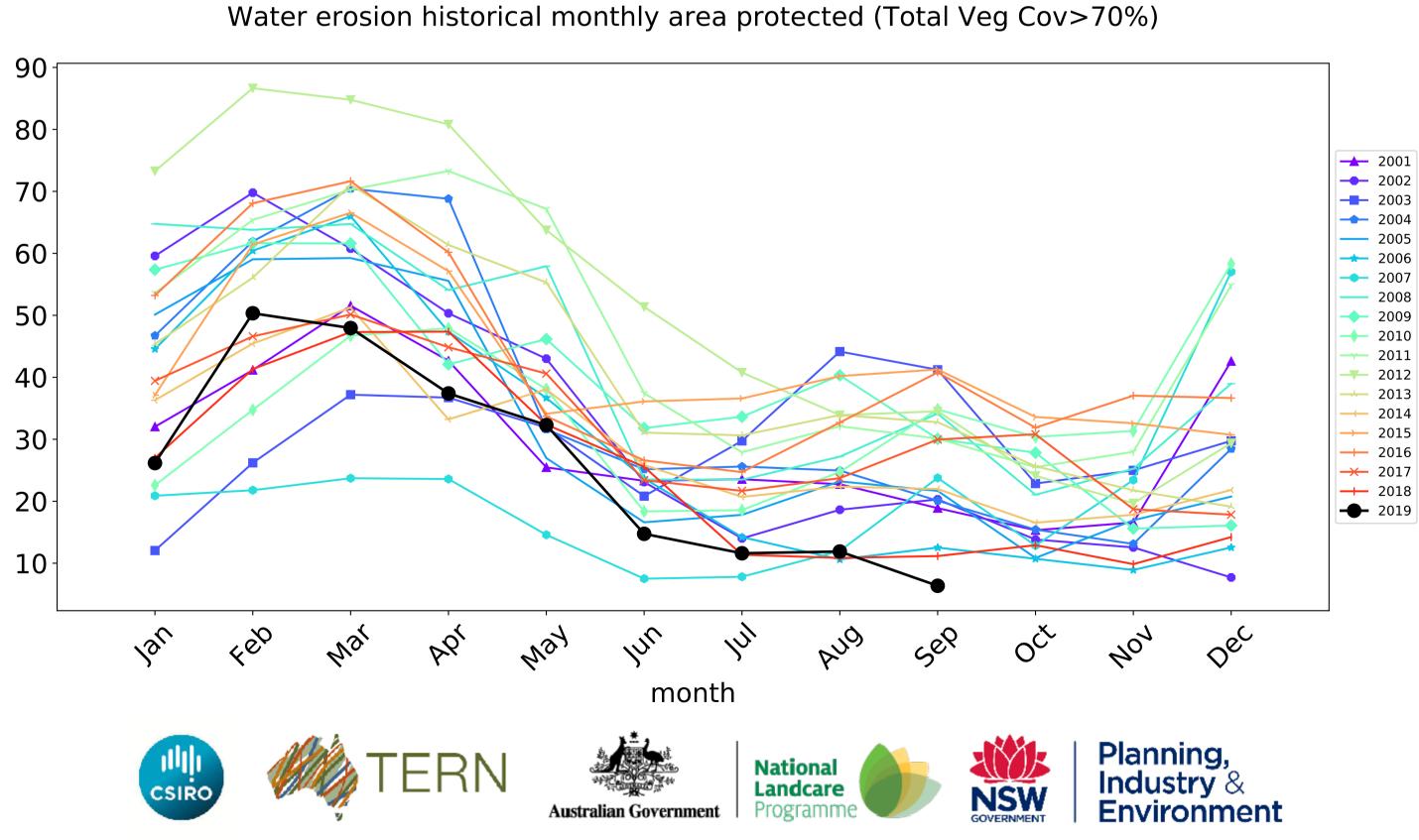
-10

-20









Production native forests and plantation forests

Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

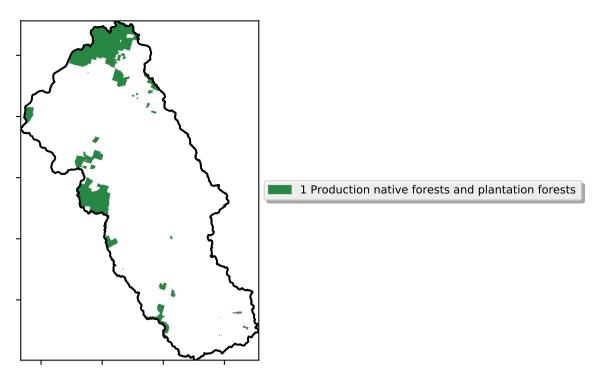
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

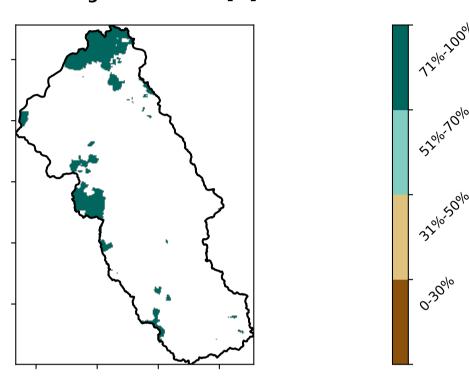
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

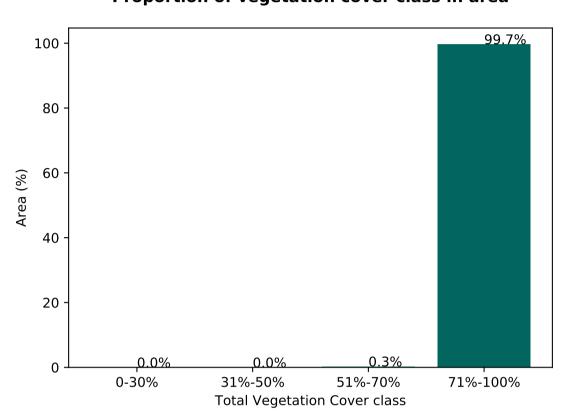
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



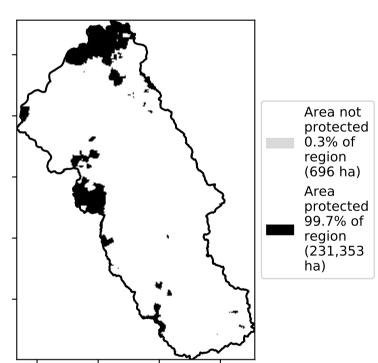
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



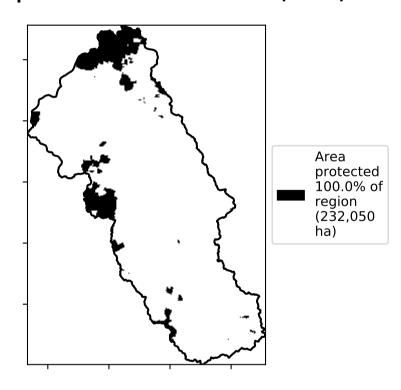
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



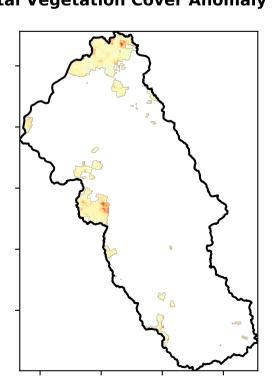
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

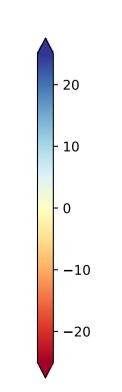


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



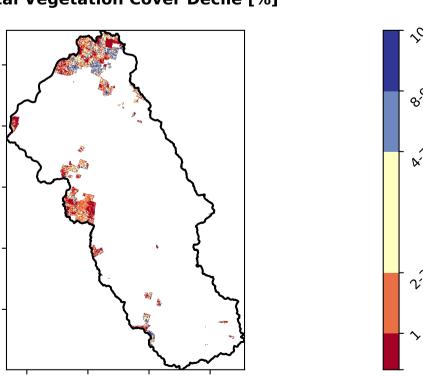
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]







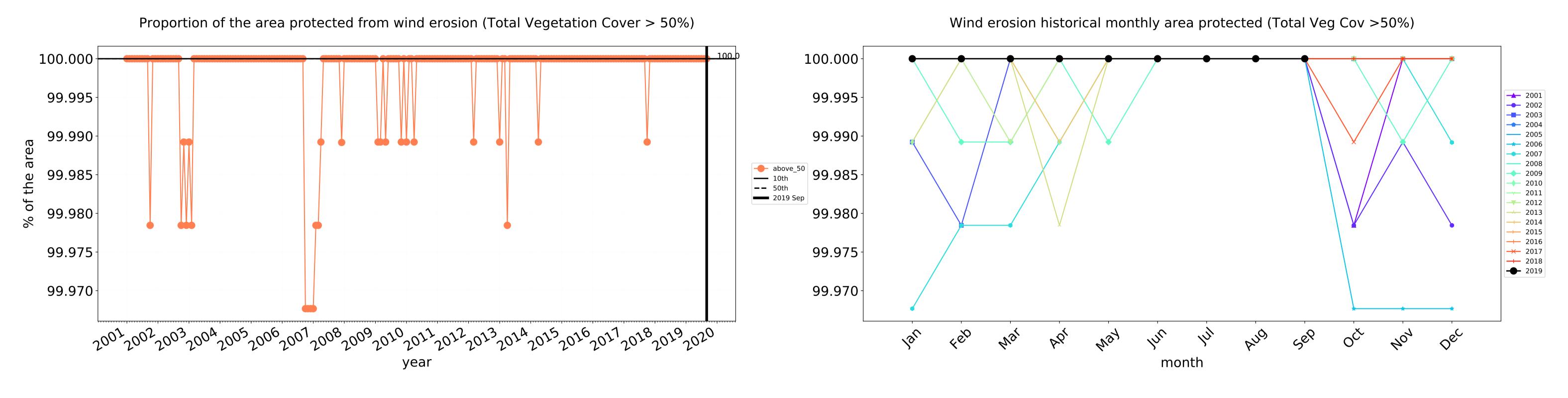


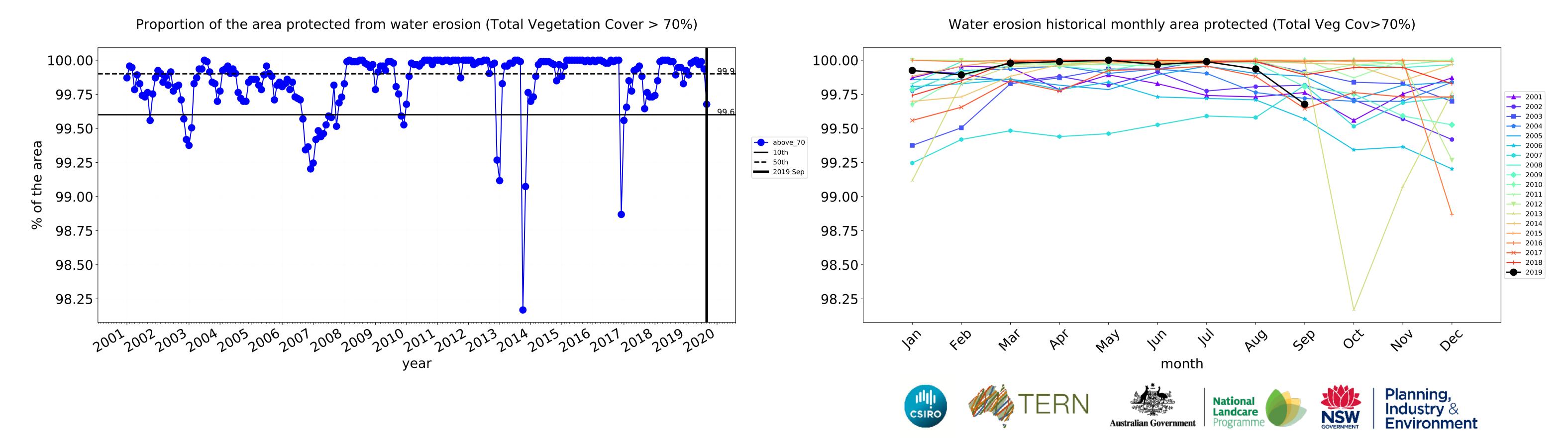






Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries





Condamine (2,441,025 ha and no data 4,587 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	2,441,025	99.7% 2,432,675	89.6% 2,186,575	51.2% 1,250,875	30.8% 750,650	10.2% 249,425	1.0% 23,225
Conservation and natural environments	57,650	100.0% 57,650	100.0% 57,625	98.4% 56,700	92.2% 53,175	47.2% 27,200	22.8% 13,125
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	35,625	100.0% 35,625	100.0% 35,625	99.6% 35,475	94.3% 33,600	30.2% 10,750	10.5% 3,725
Agriculture	2,083,150	99.6% 2,074,850	87.9% 1,831,025	44.5% 927,800	21.9% 457,125	4.7% 96,900	0.3% 7,100
Grazing	1,170,550	100.0% 1,170,500	99.1% 1,159,800	71.5% 836,925	38.2% 447,300	8.2% 96,375	0.6% 7,025
Grazing non forest	835,825	100.0% 835,775	98.7% 825,150	61.4% 513,075	20.6% 171,775	1.5% 12,225	0.2% 1,450
Grazing Woodland forest	254,625	100.0% 254,625	100.0% 254,575	96.9% 246,850	82.3% 209,575	23.1% 58,825	1.3% 3,400
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	80,100	100.0% 80,100	100.0% 80,075	96.1% 77,000	82.3% 65,950	31.6% 25,325	2.7% 2,175
Cropping	752,375	99.4% 747,500	76.6% 576,175	10.7% 80,550	1.1% 8,500	0.1% 500	0.0% 75
Irrigation	159,950	97.9% 156,575	59.3% 94,800	6.4% 10,175	0.8% 1,275	0.0% 25	0.0%
Production native forests and plantation forests	232,050	100.0% 232,050	100.0% 232,050	99.7% 231,300	96.8% 224,550	53.7% 124,575	1.3% 2,975











