# **Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:NRM Burnett Mary QLD**

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Date: March 2022

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









# **Vegetation Cover Mar 2022**

### Land use and forest cover

### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments -2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

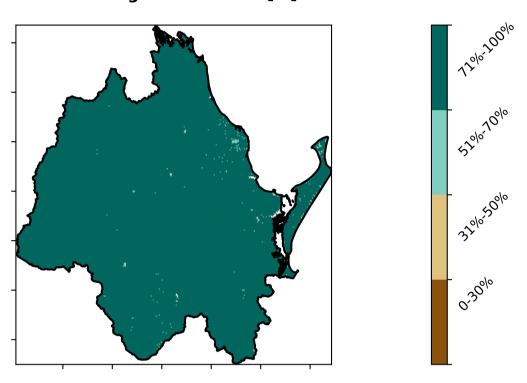
pixel. The mean is only for the

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

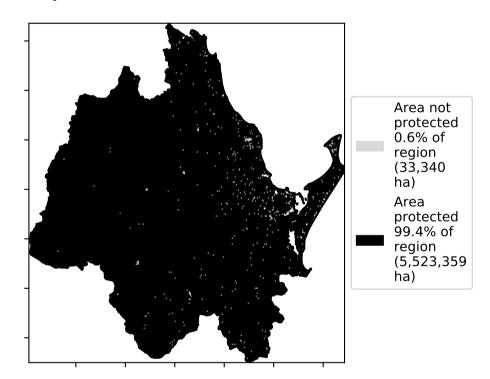
month of the map

the mean. That

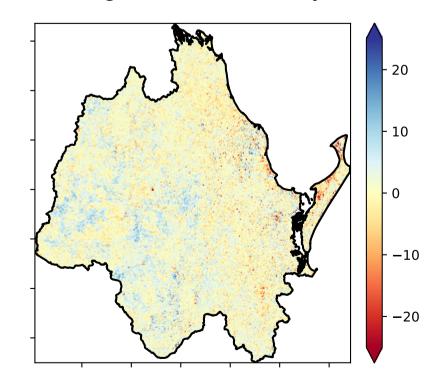




### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

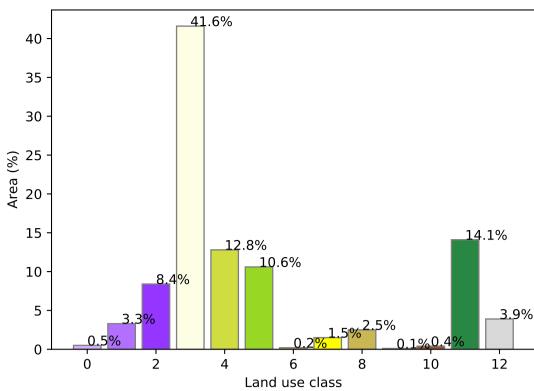


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

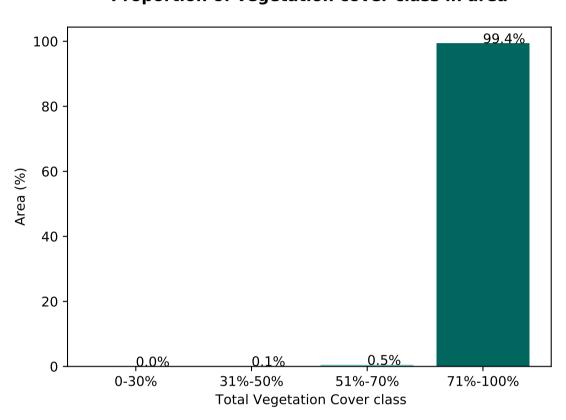


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

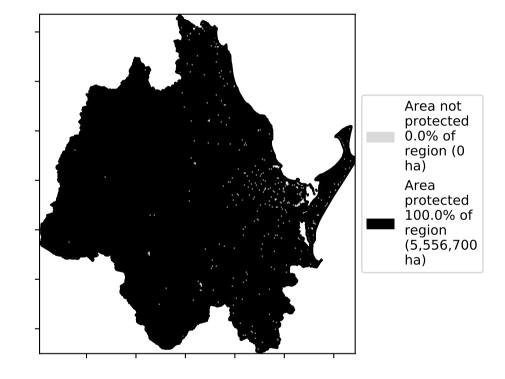
# Proportion of each land class in area

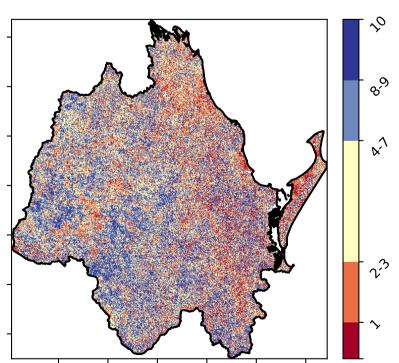


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





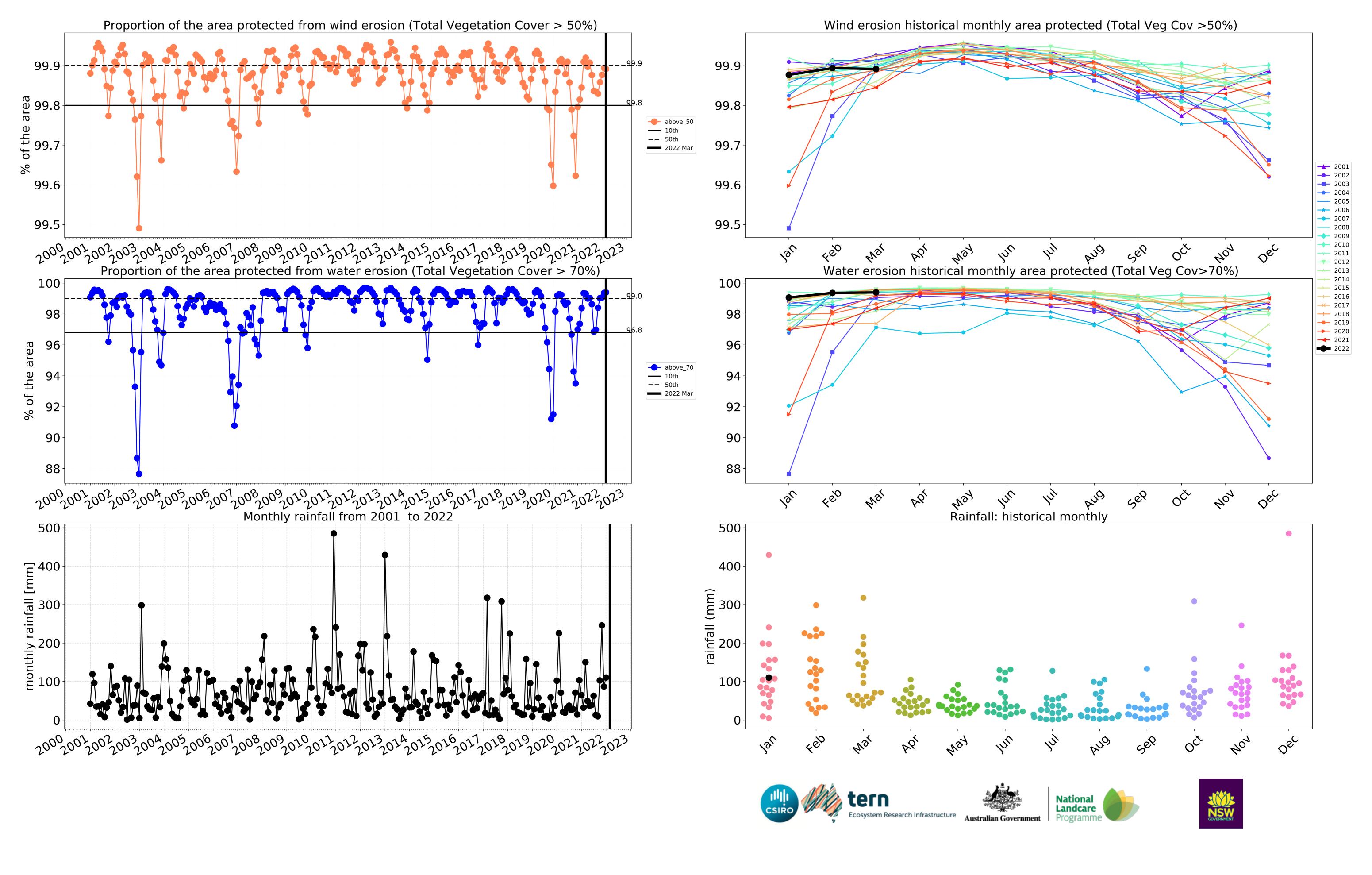


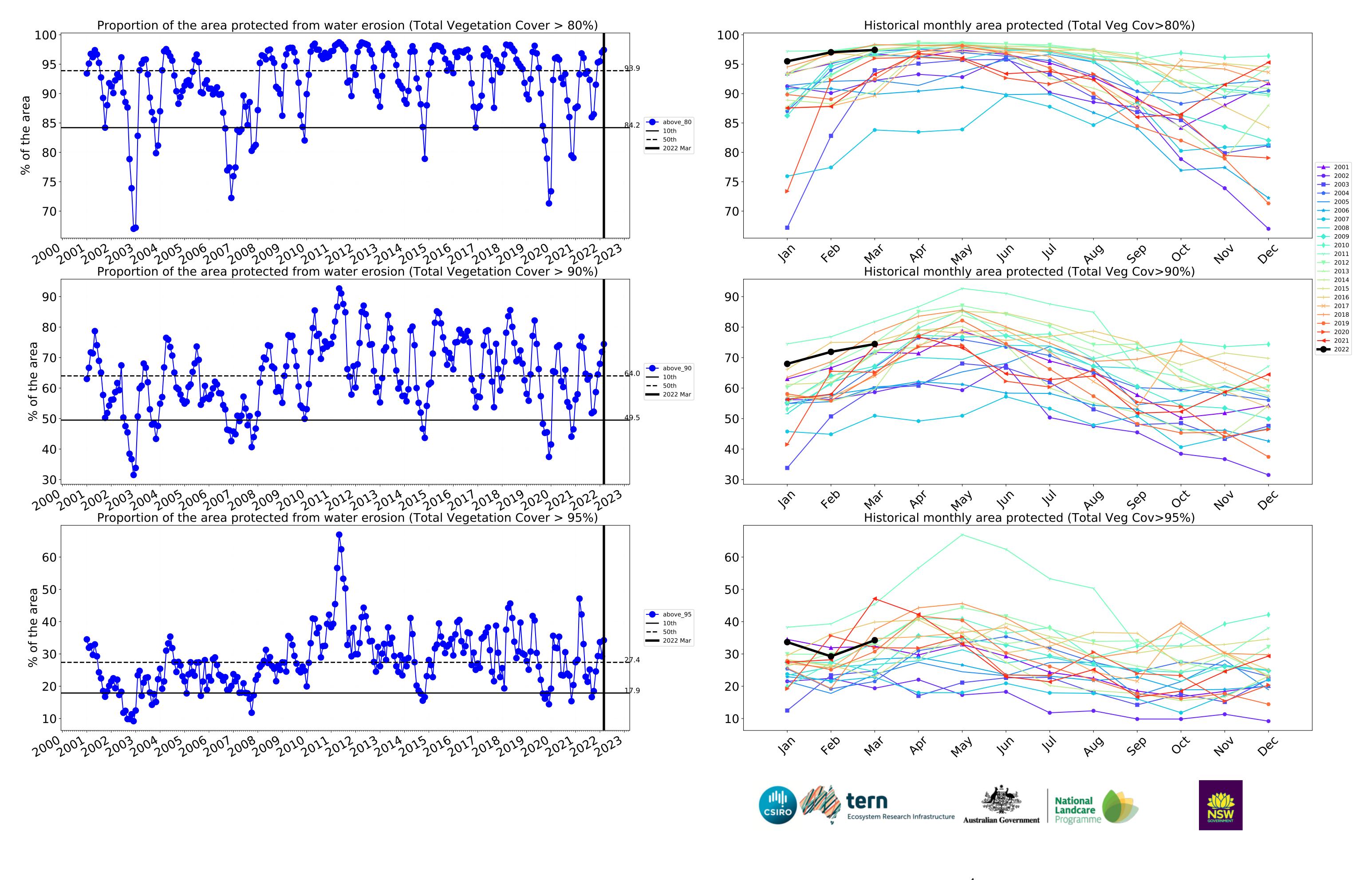












# **Conservation and natural environments**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

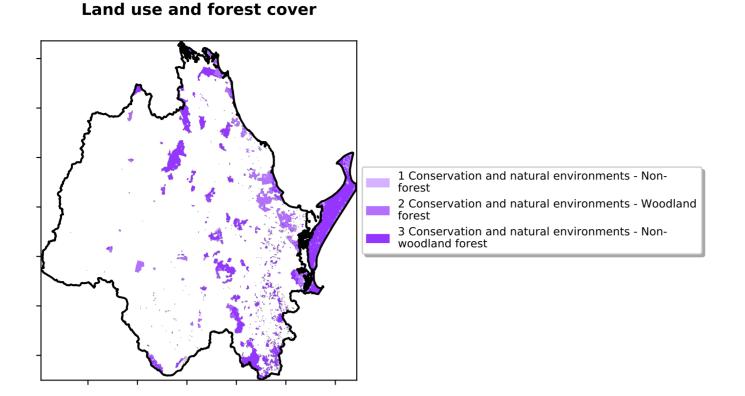
the mean. That

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

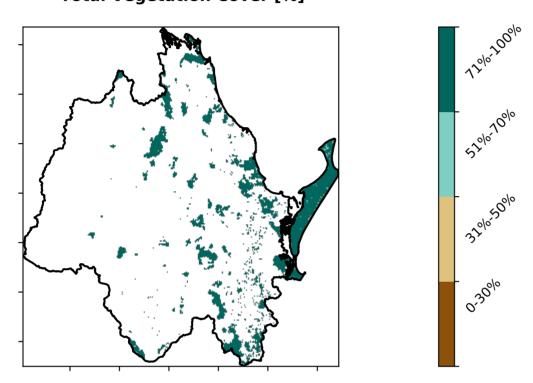
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



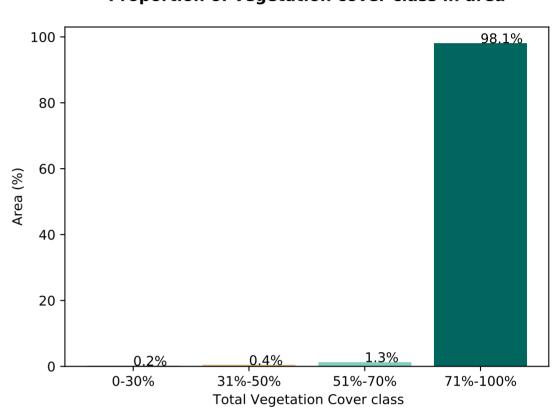
### 70 68.6% 60 50 Area (%) 00 01 27.0% 20 10 4.4% 0.0 0.5 1.5 2.0 2.5 -0.51.0 Land use class

**Proportion of each land class in area** 

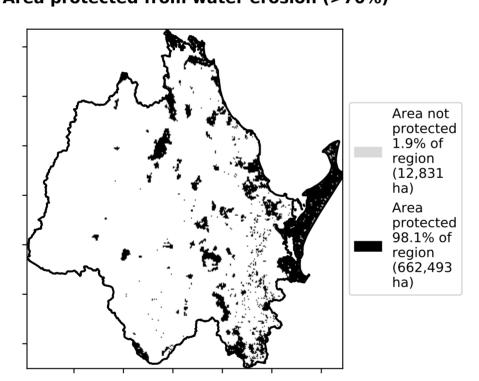
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



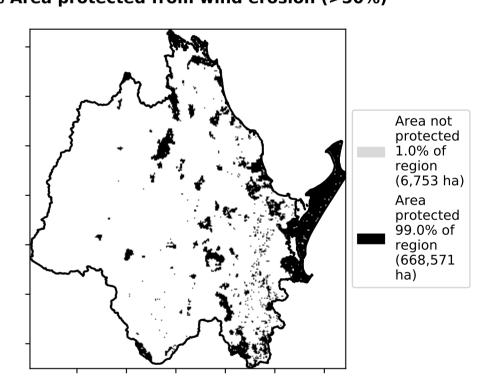
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



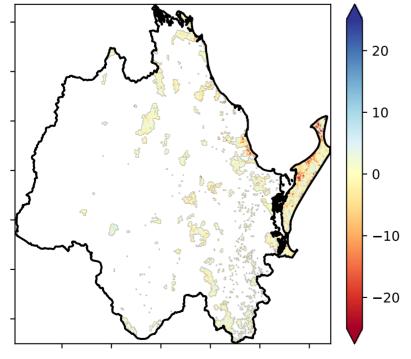
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



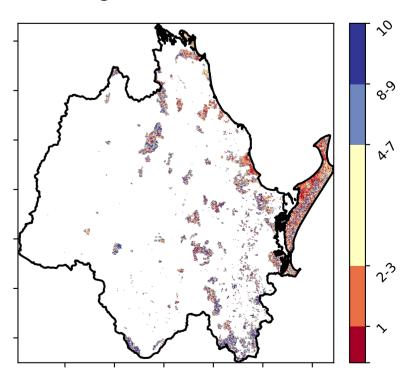
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





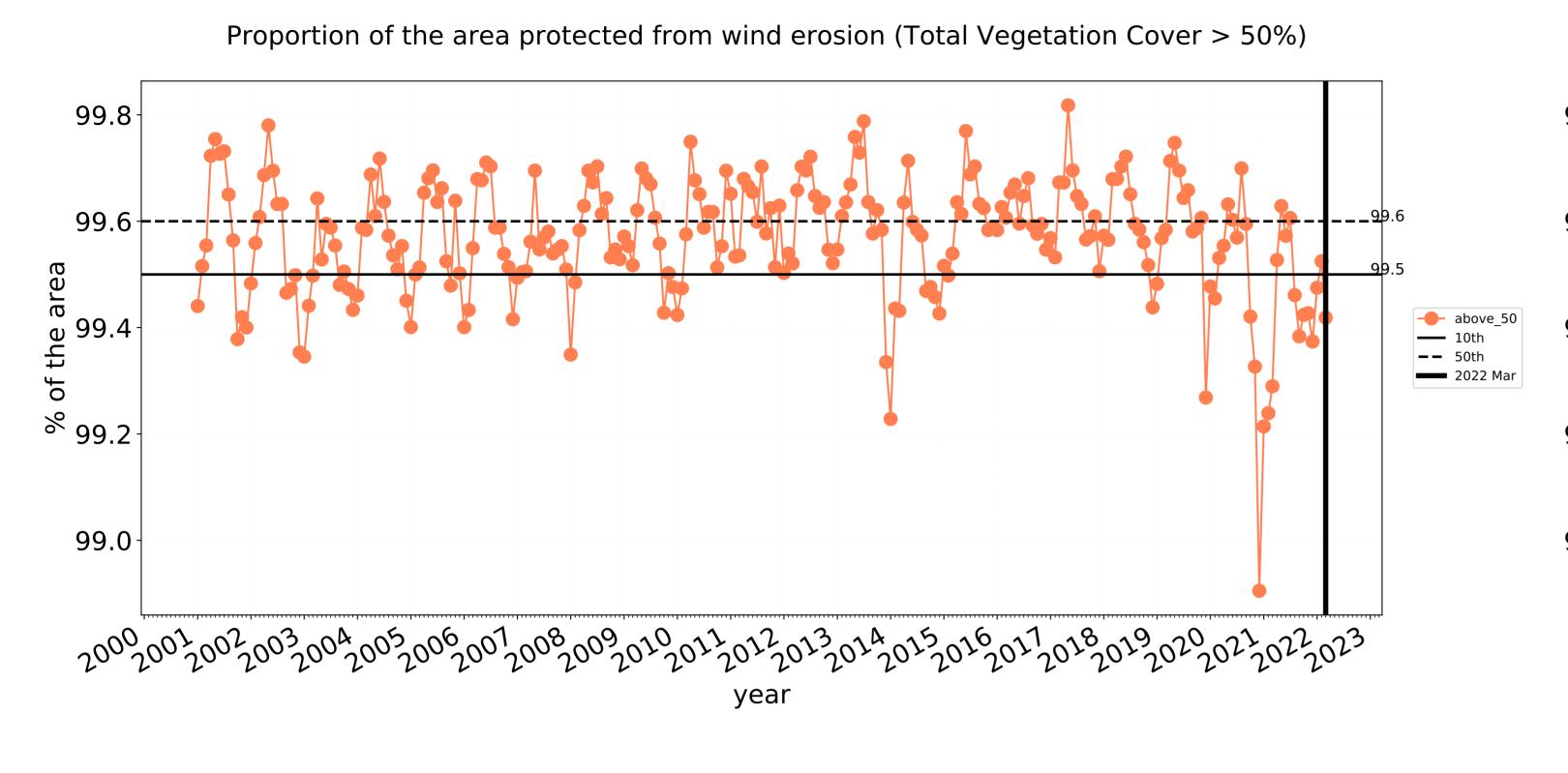


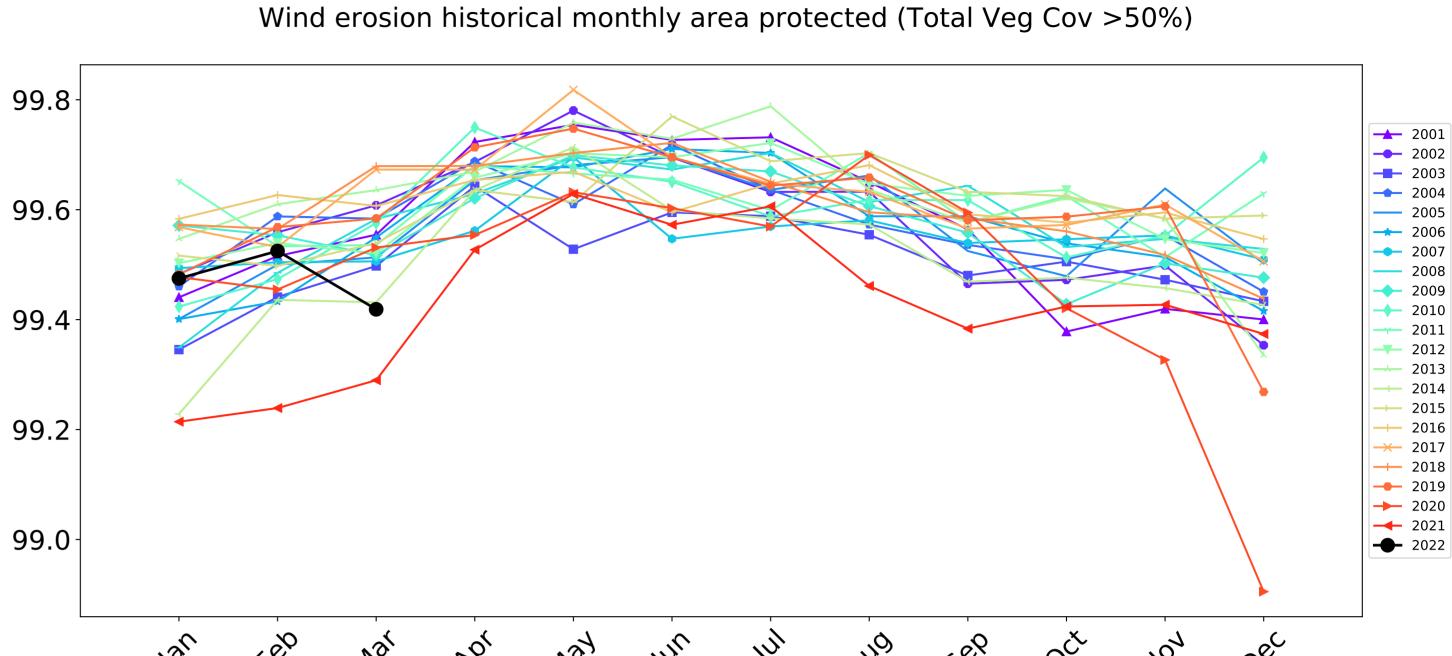




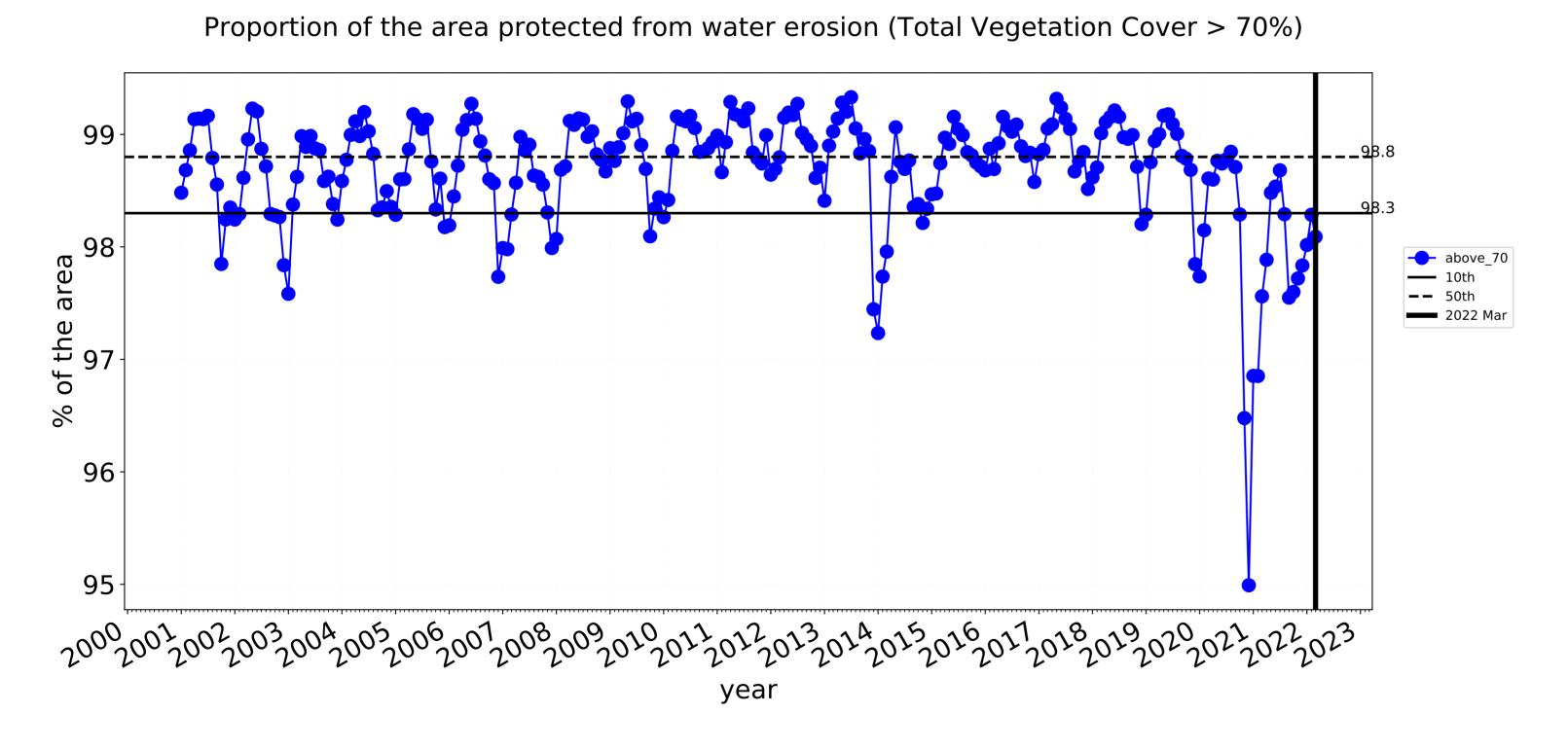


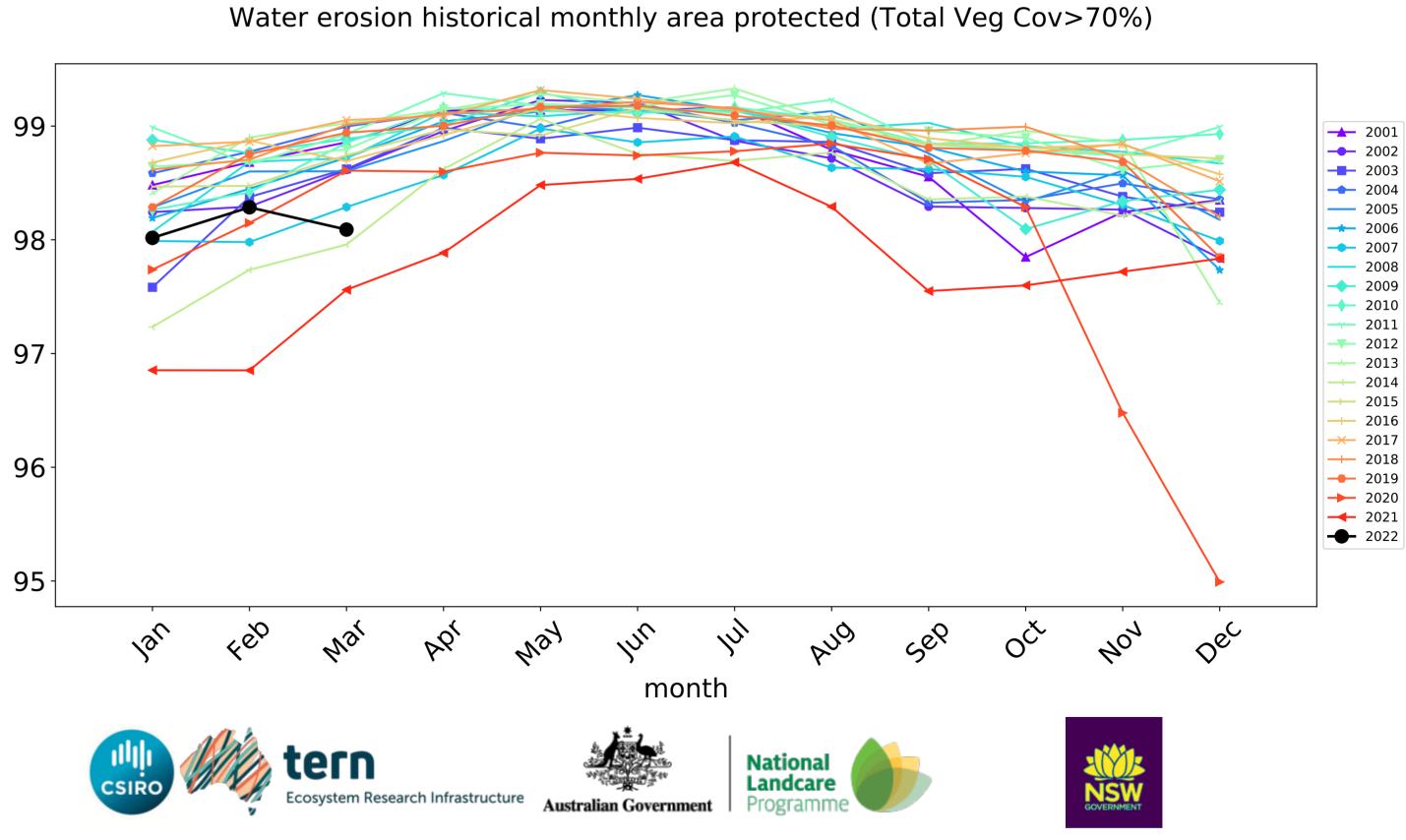
# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

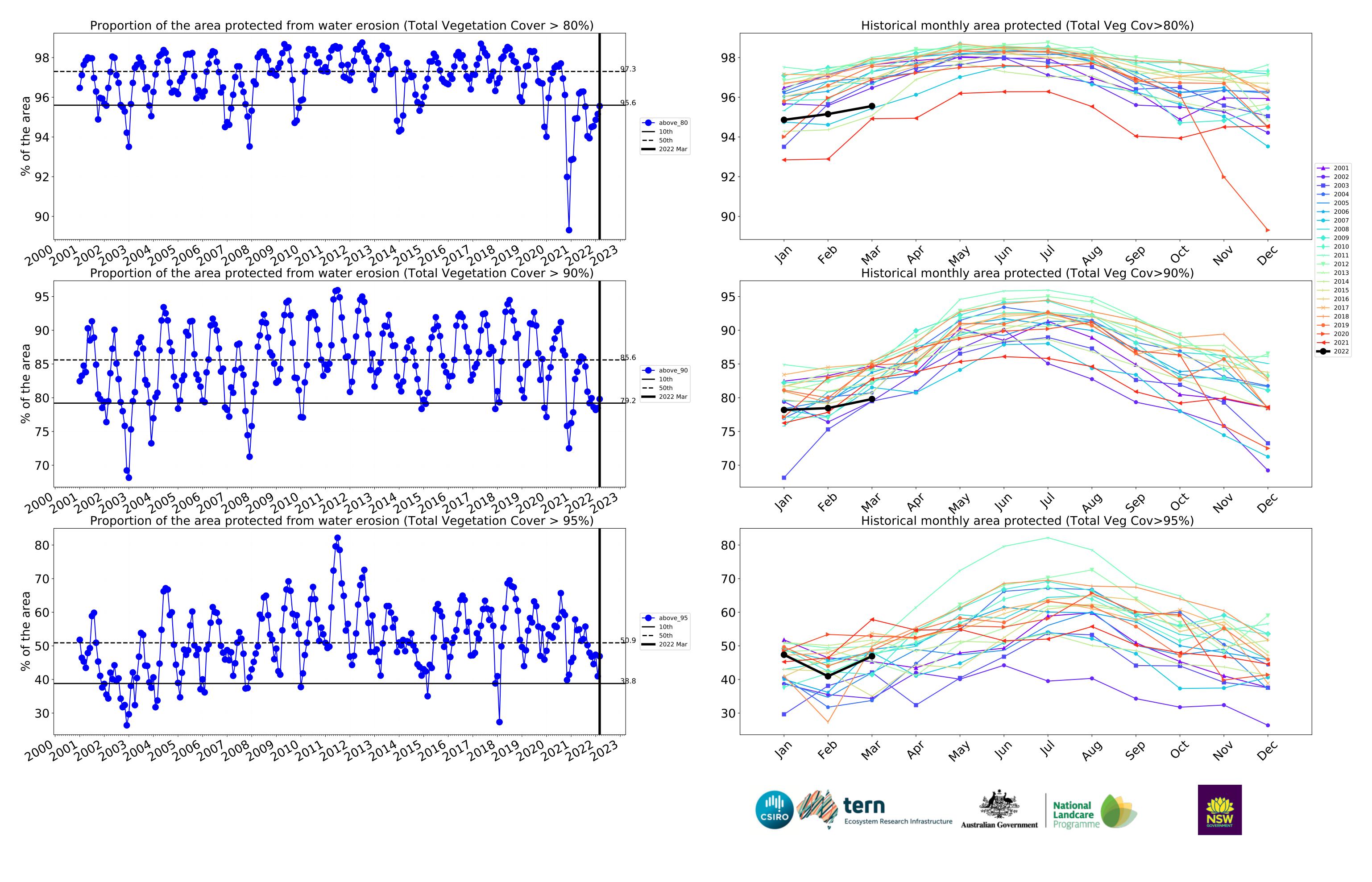




month







# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

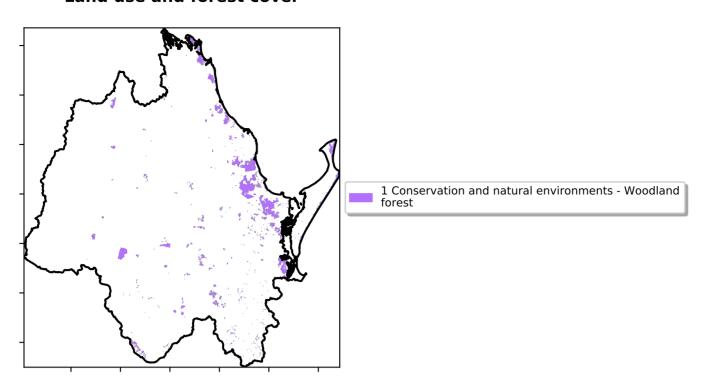
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

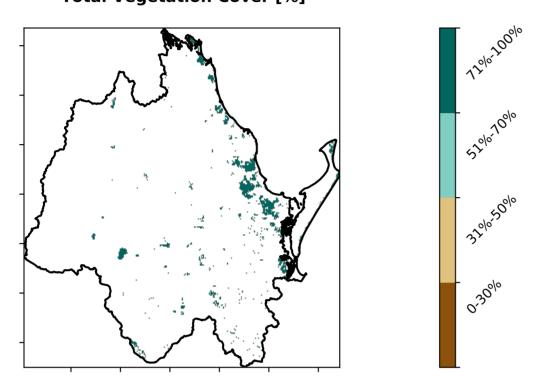
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

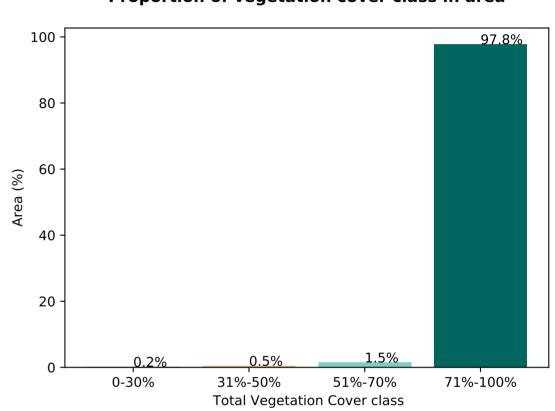
is only for the month of the map



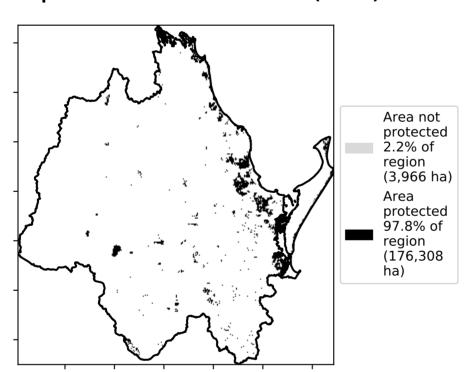
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



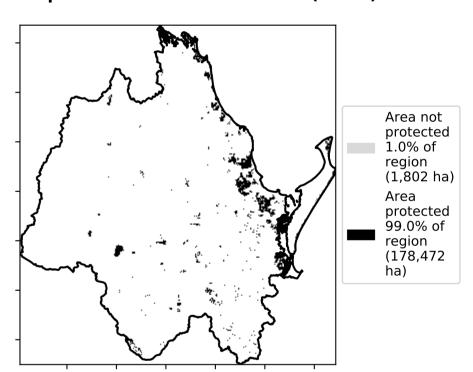
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



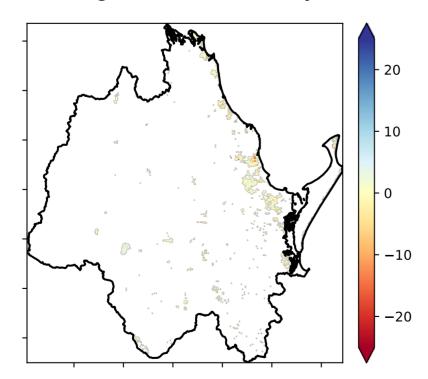
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



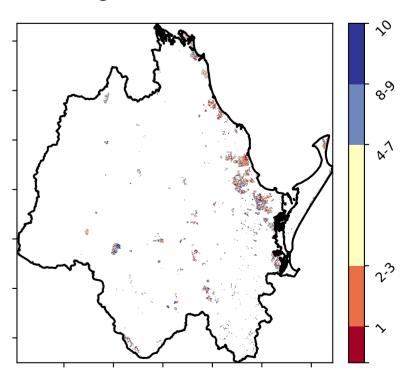
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





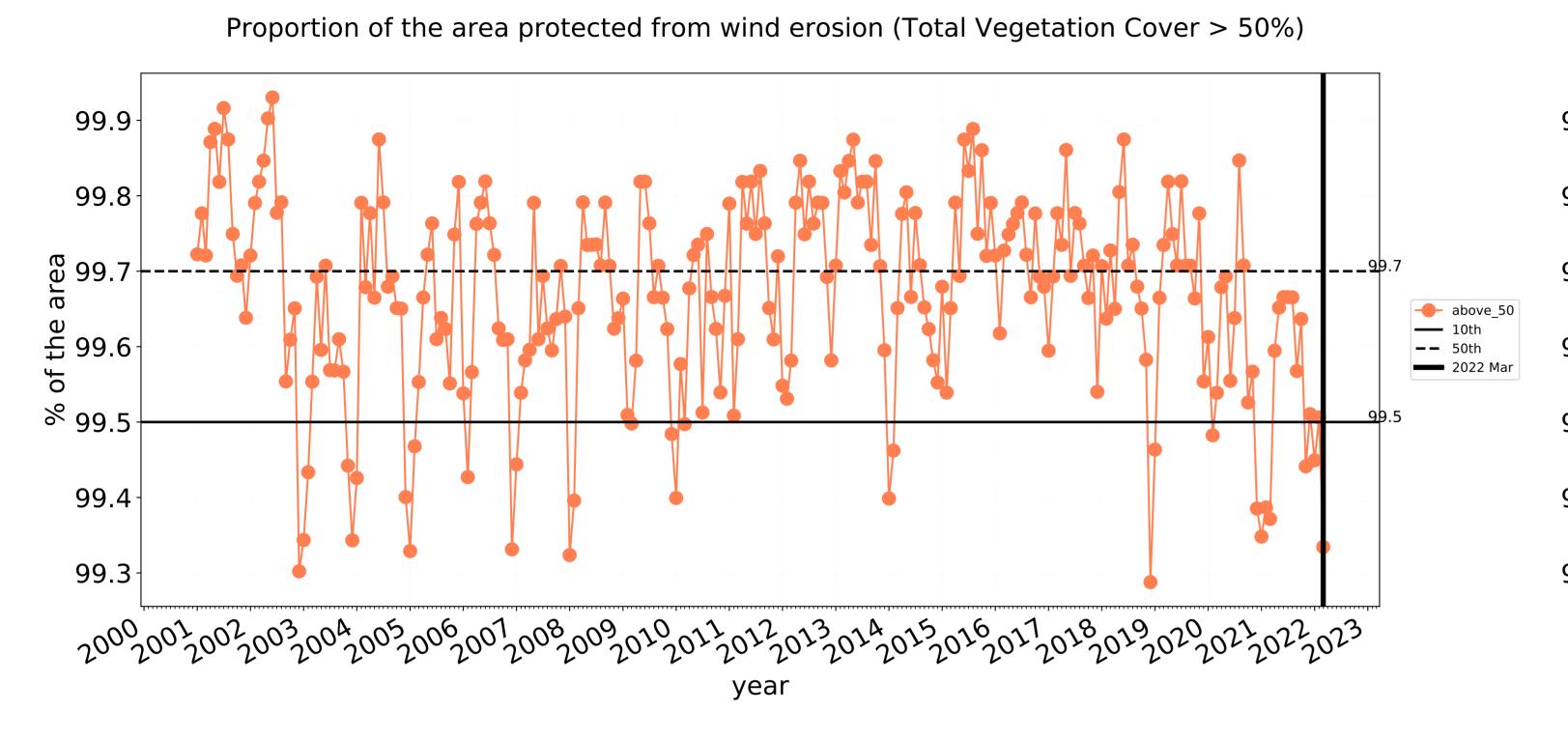


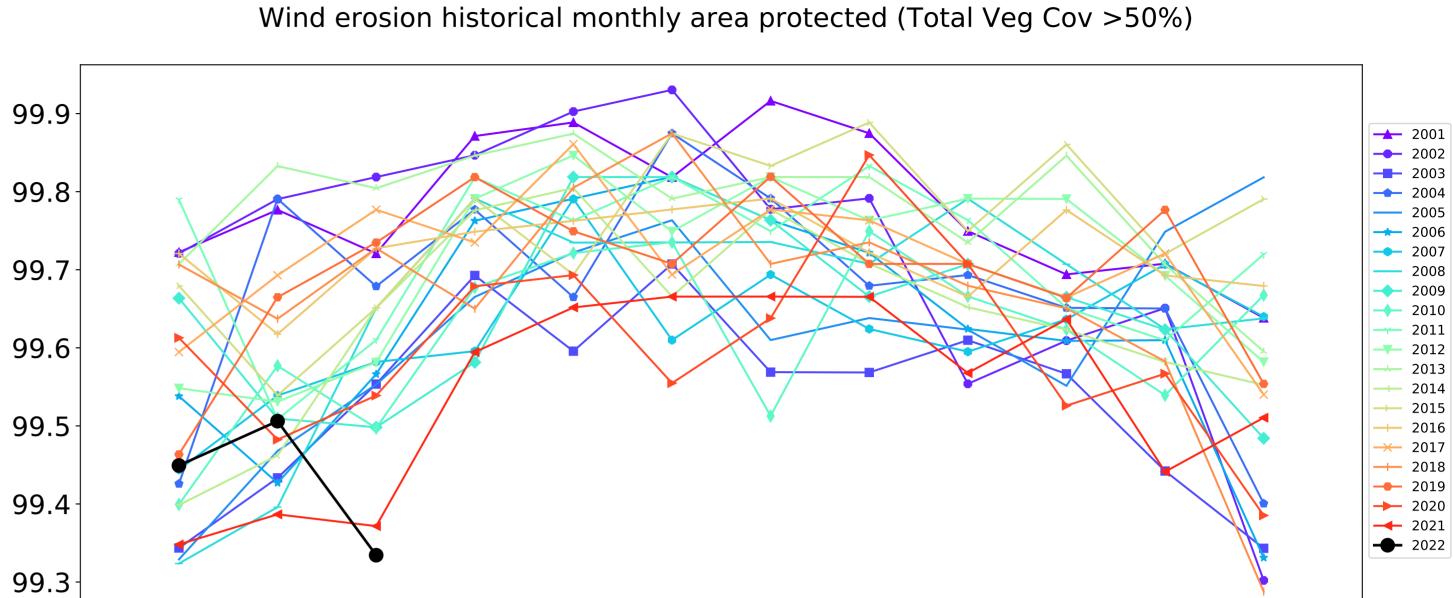




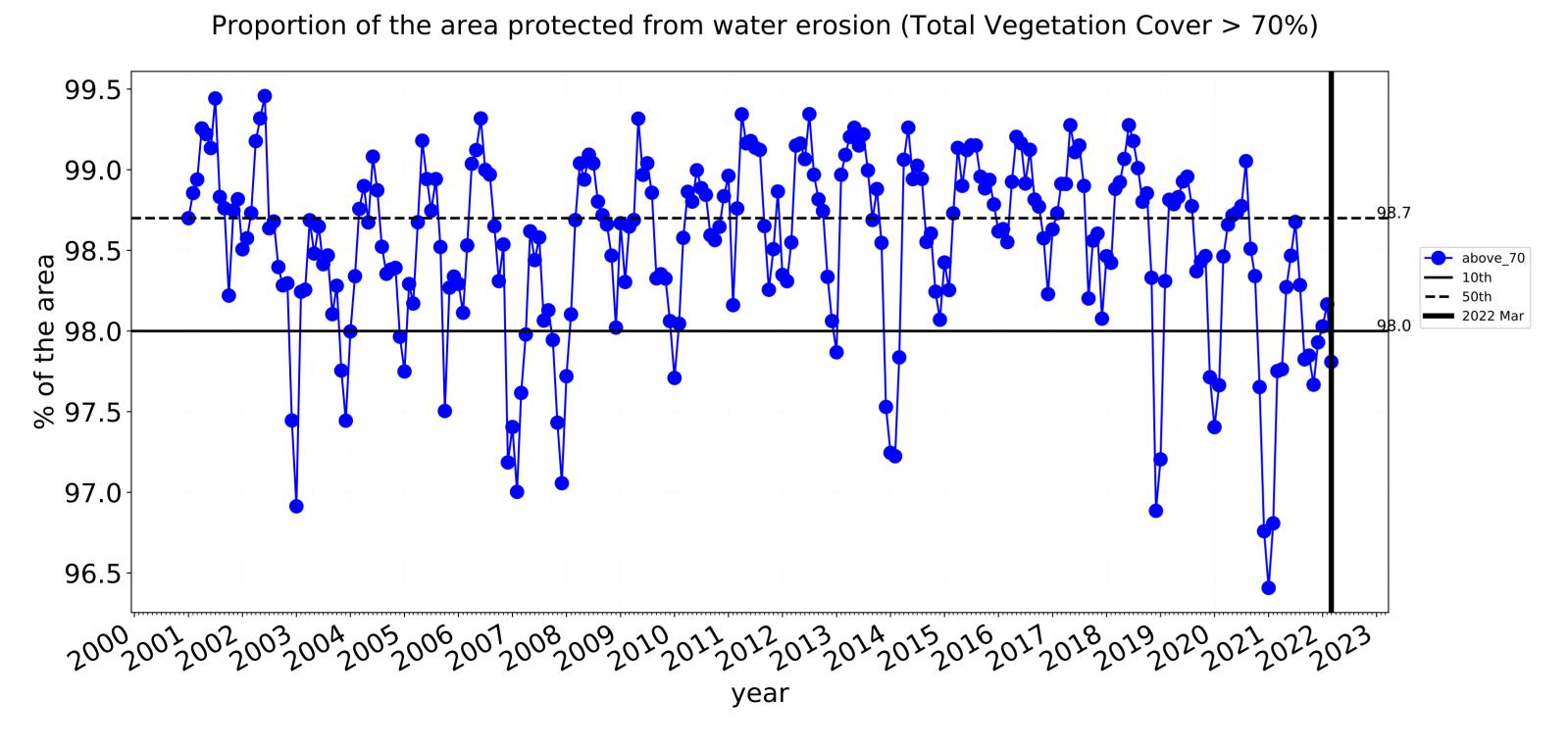


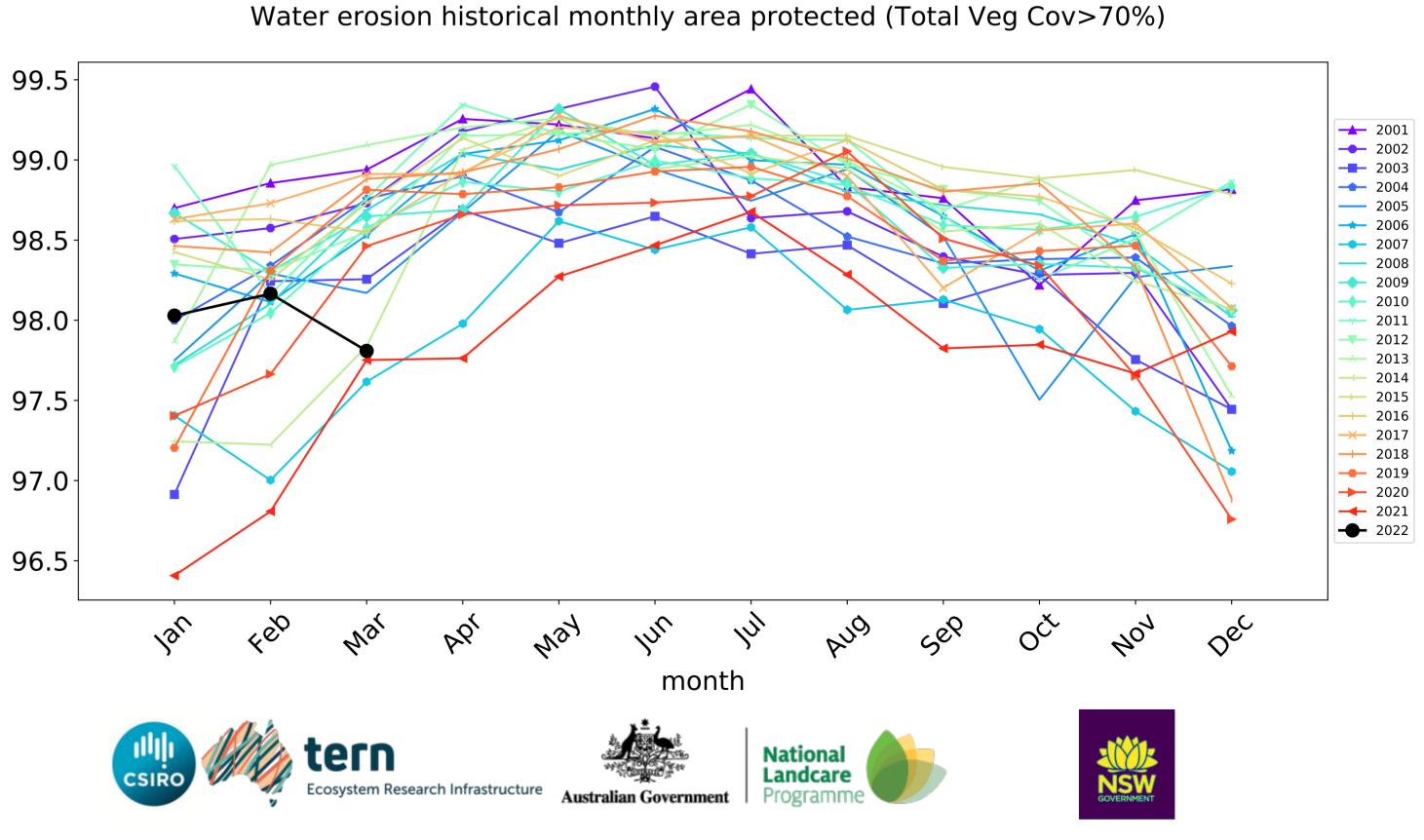
# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**

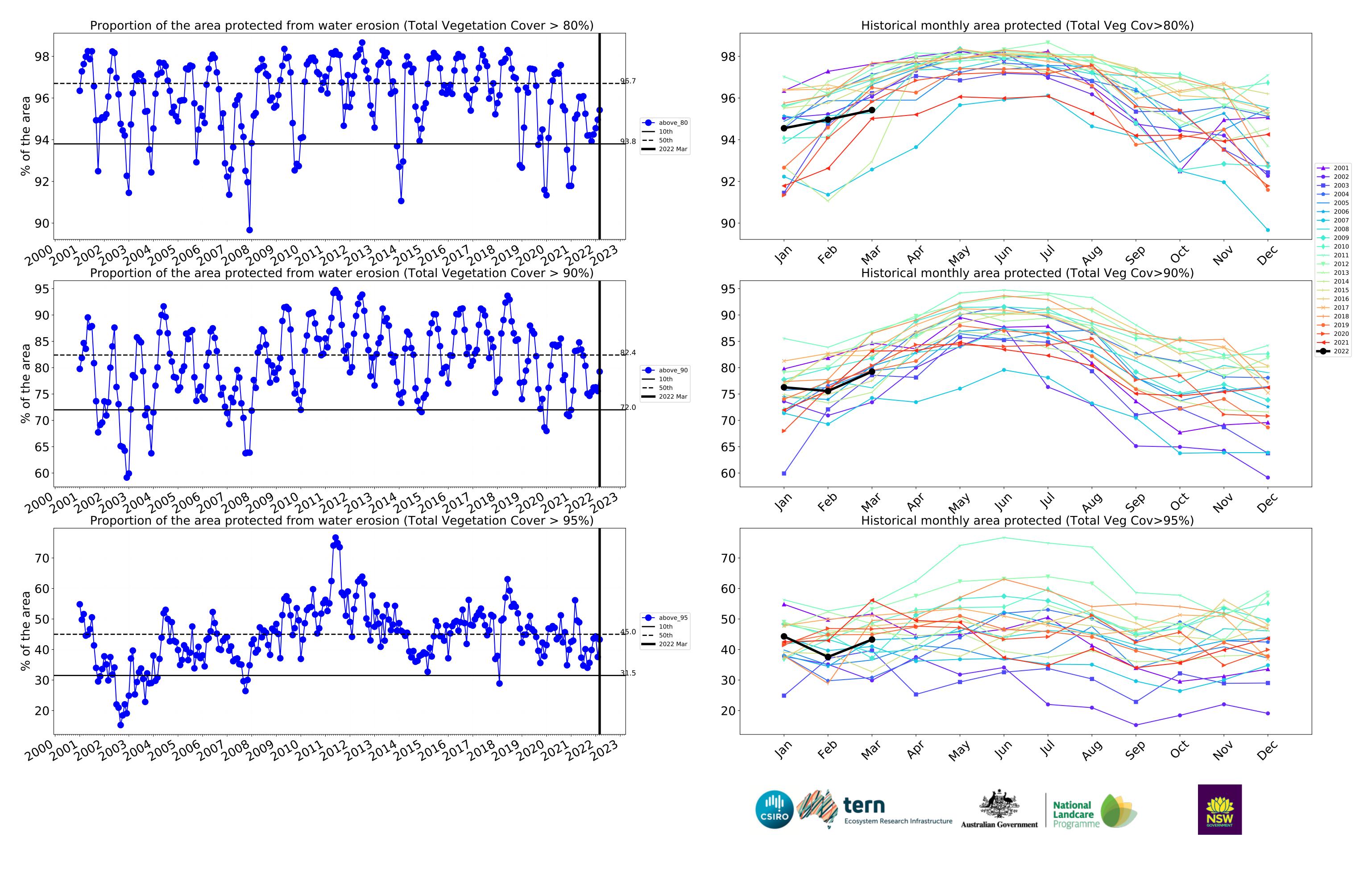




month



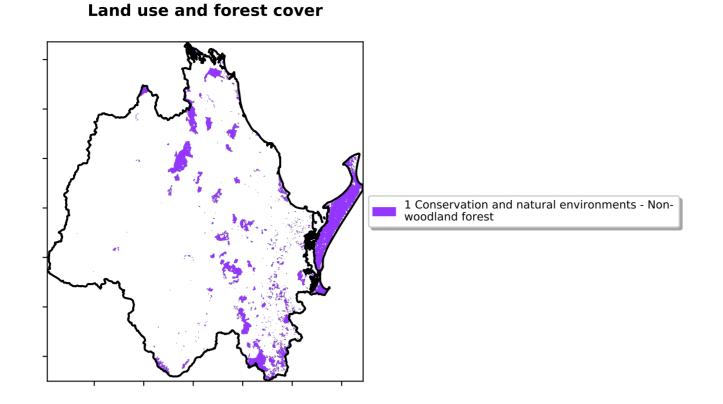




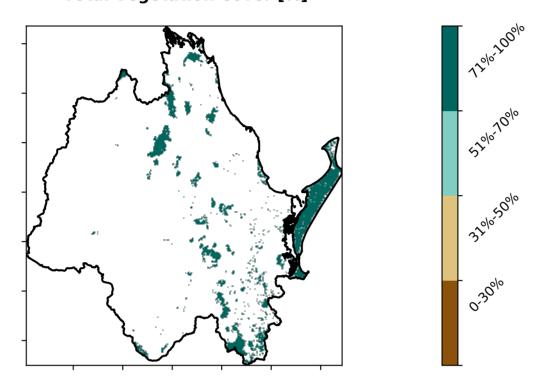
# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

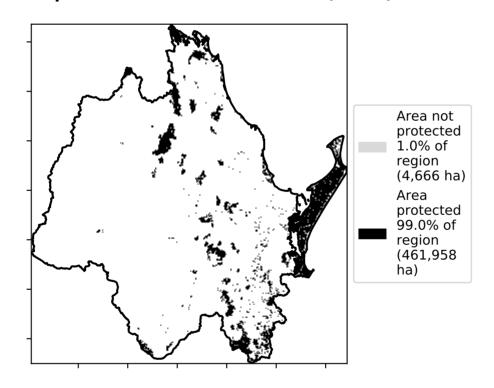
of Australia (2018)



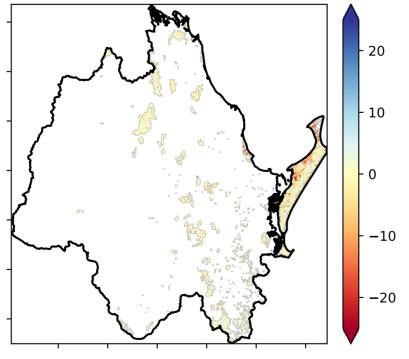
### Total Vegetation Cover [%]



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

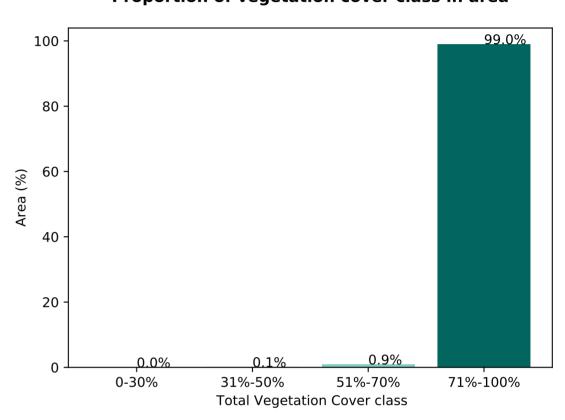


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

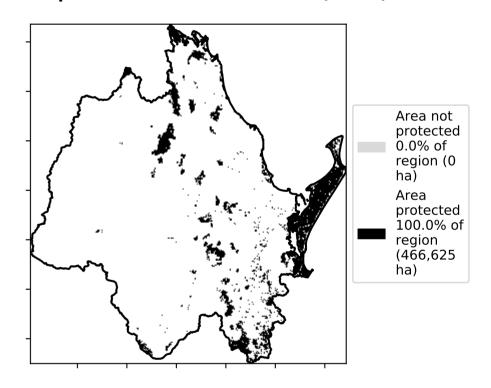


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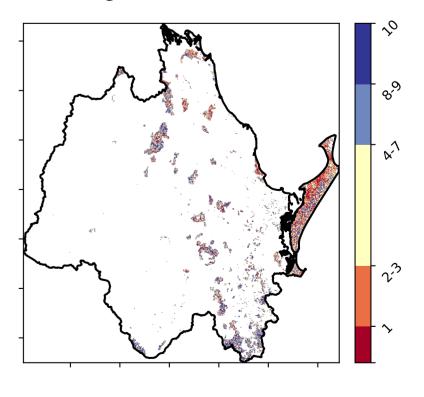
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

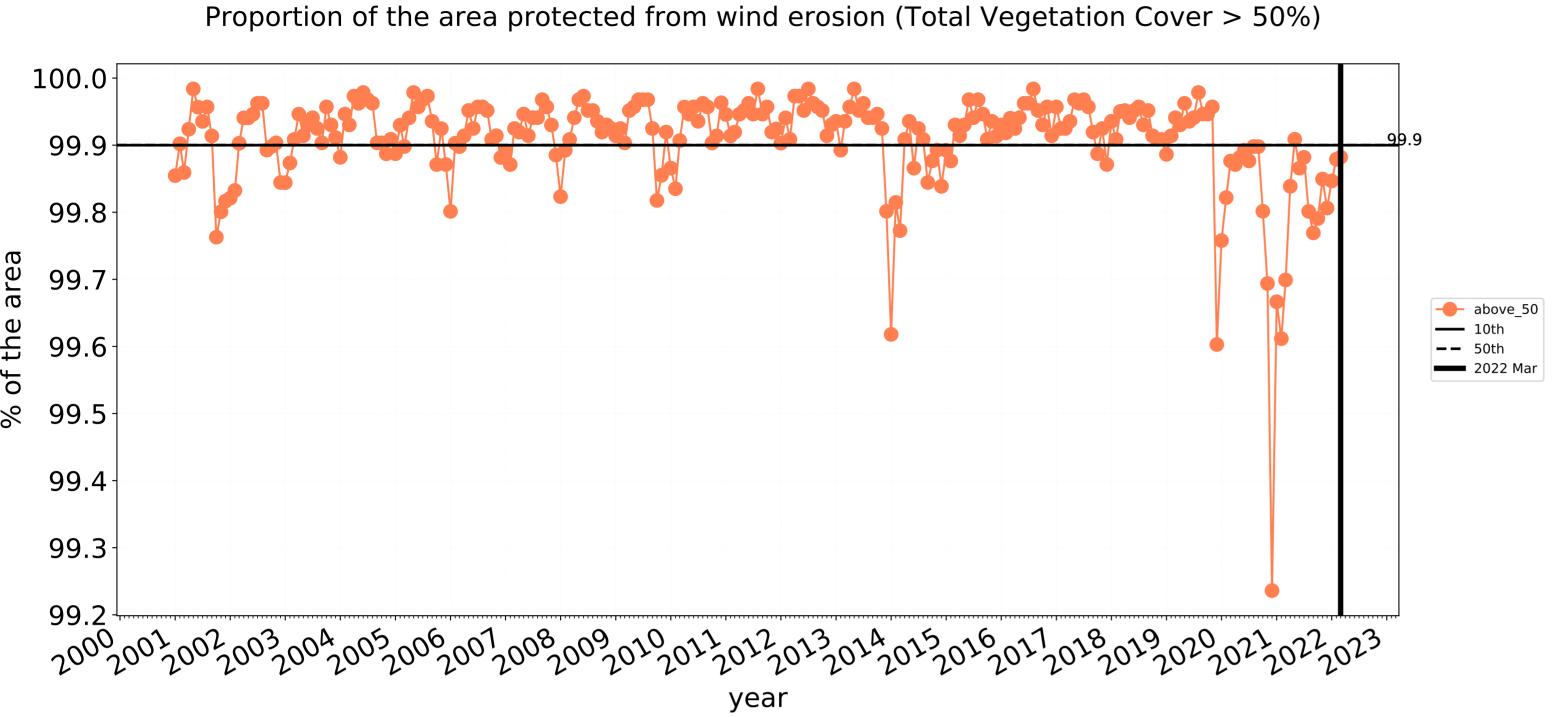


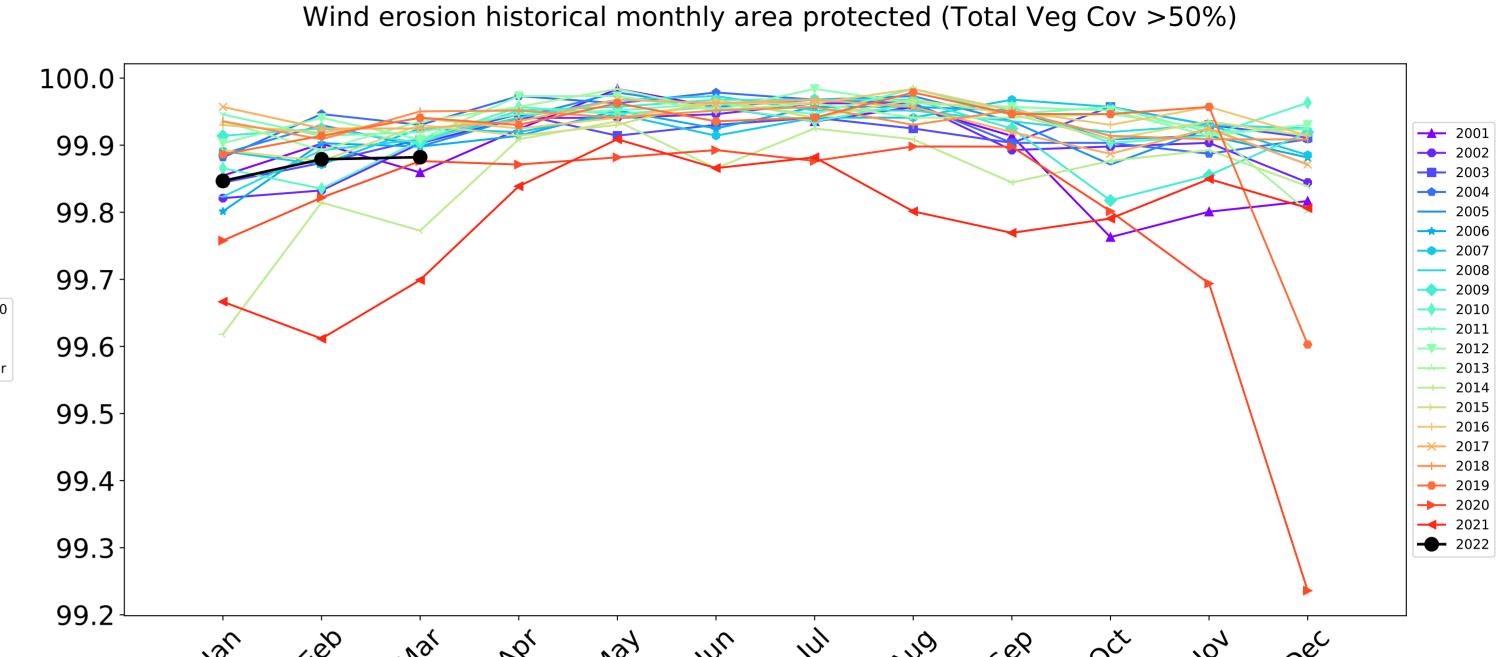




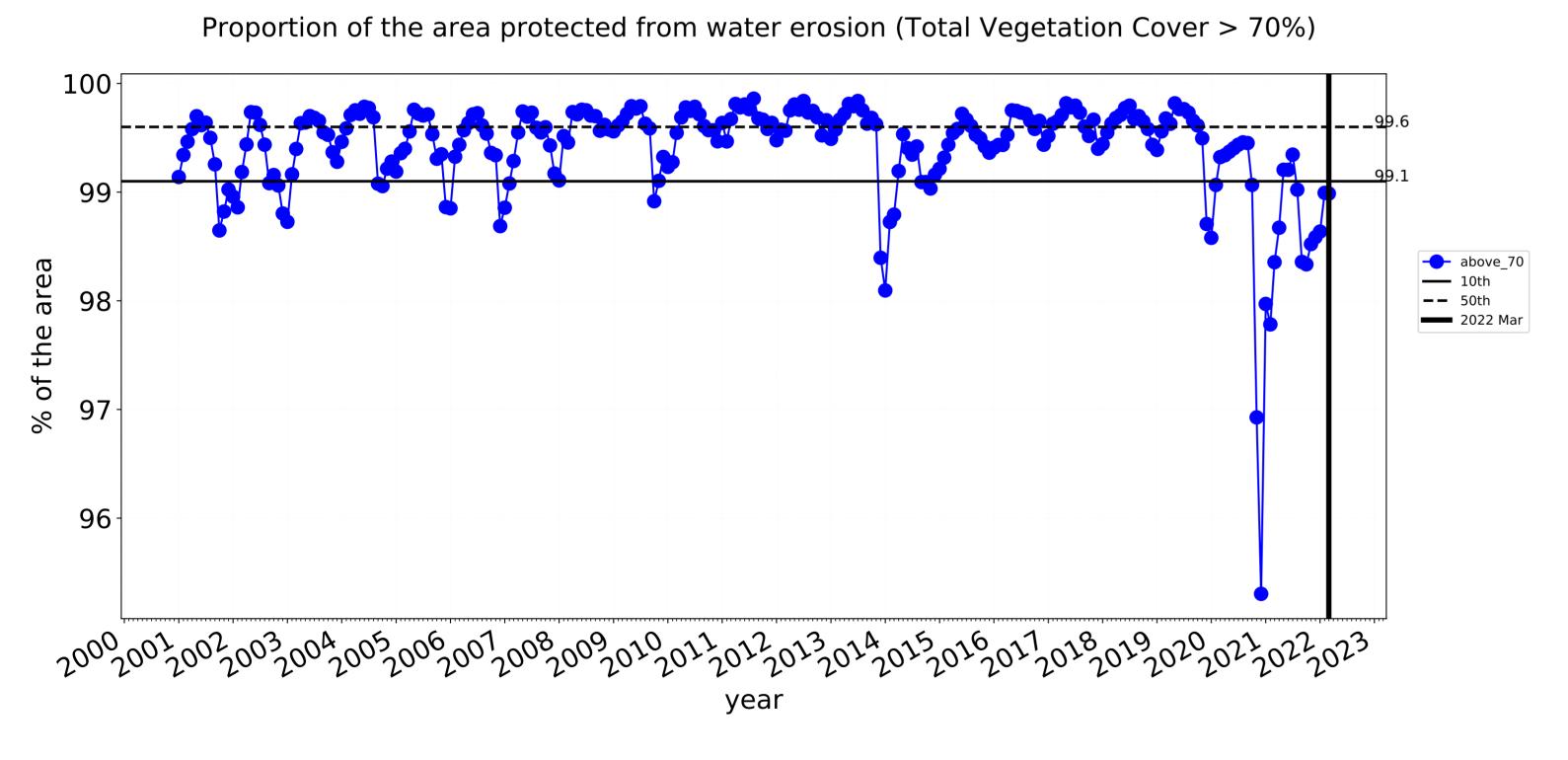


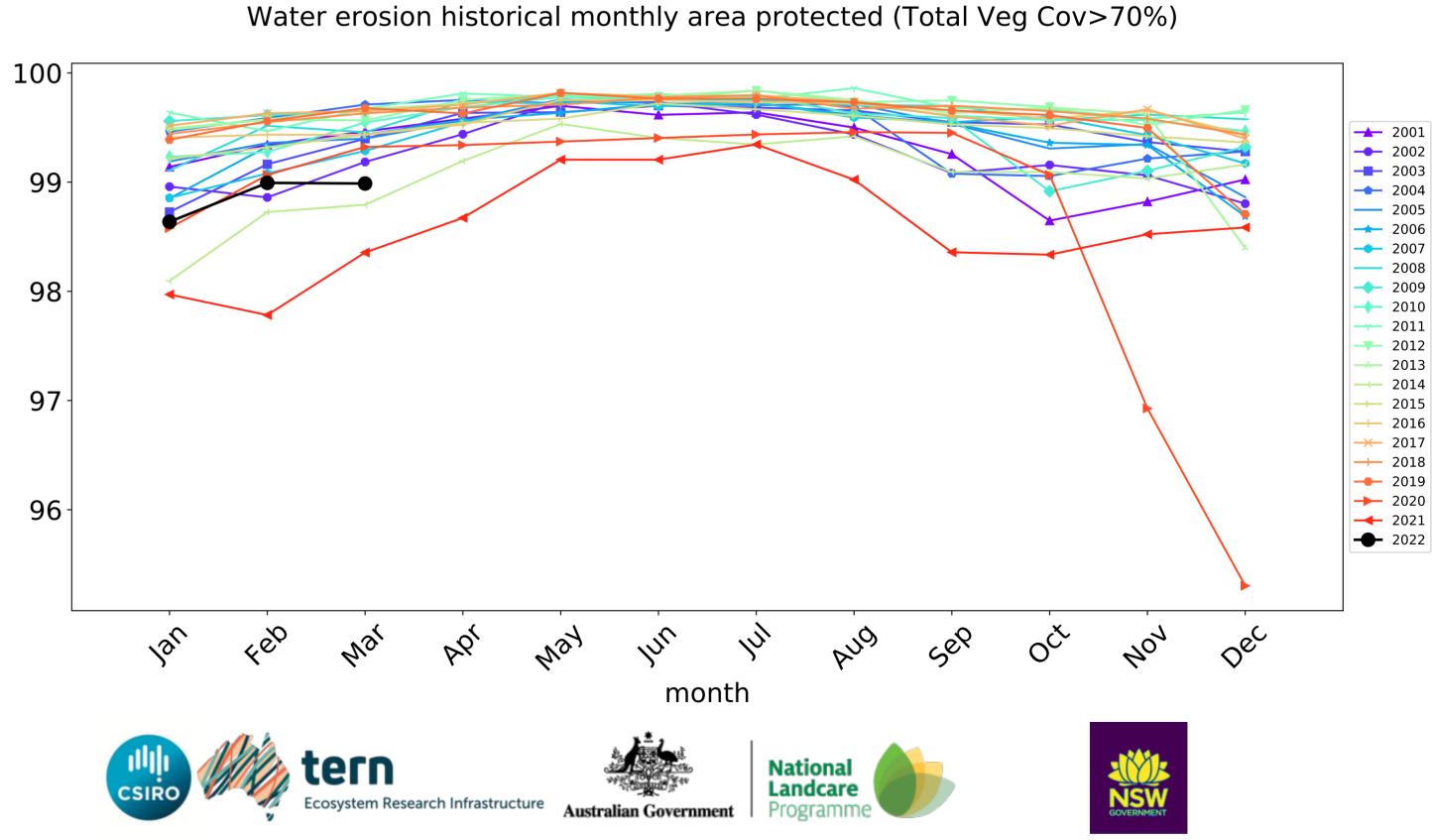


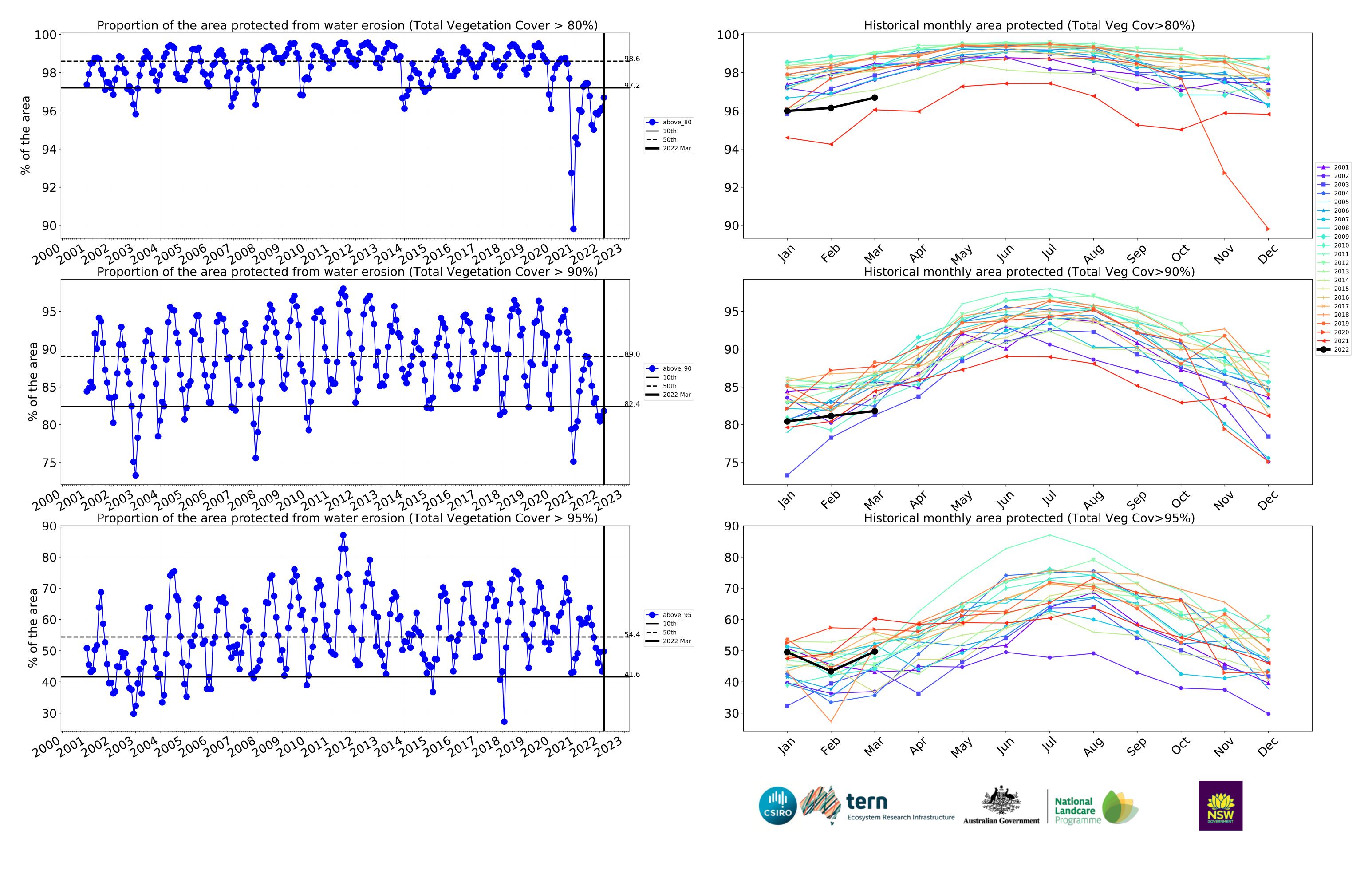




month







# **Agriculture**

### Land use and forest cover

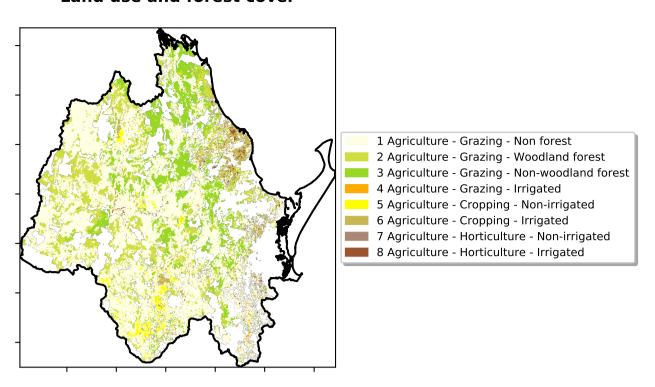
### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

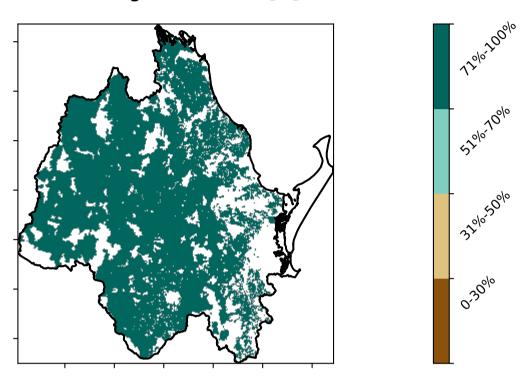
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

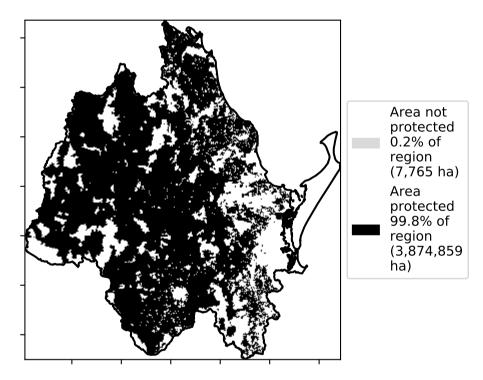
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



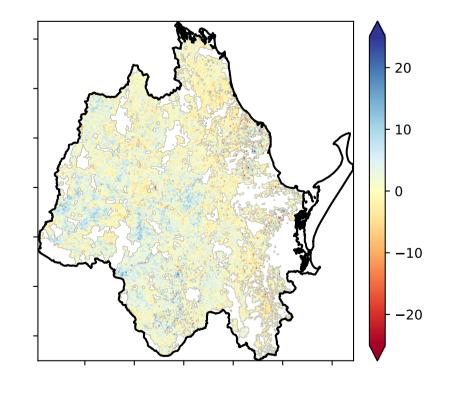
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

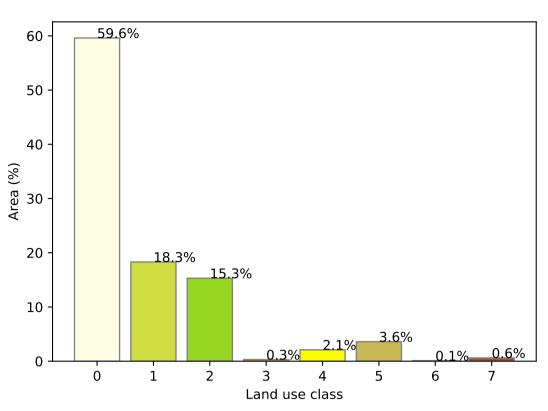


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

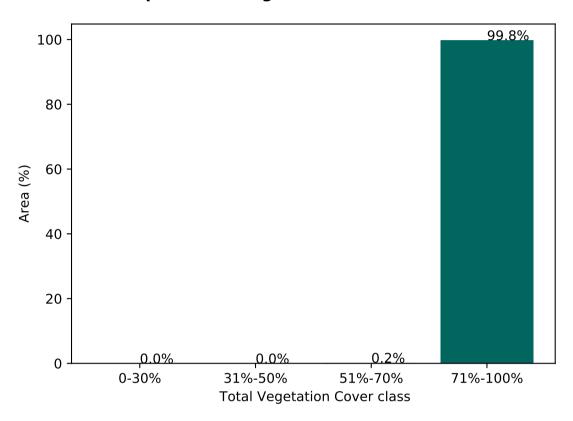


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

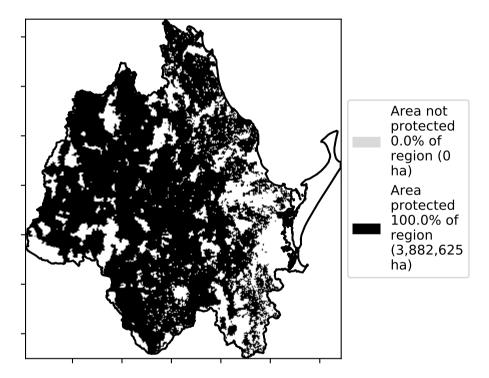
### Proportion of each land class in area

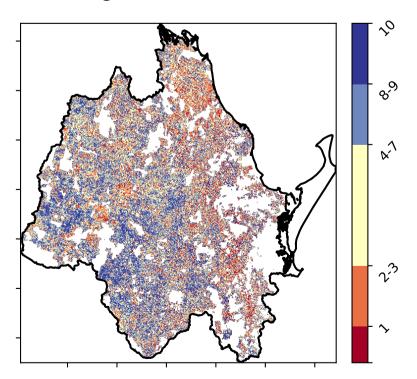


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







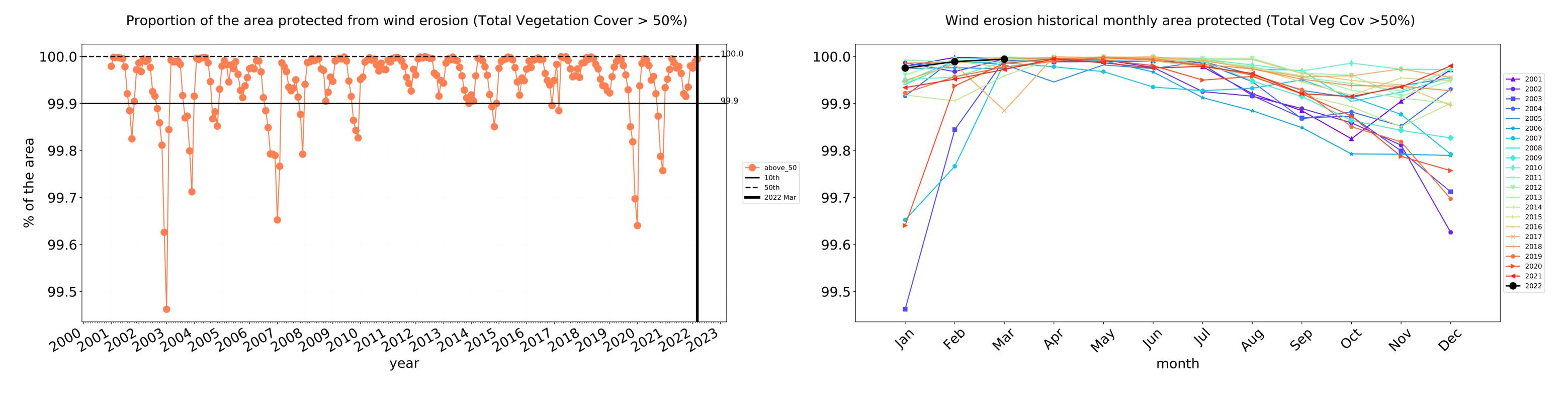


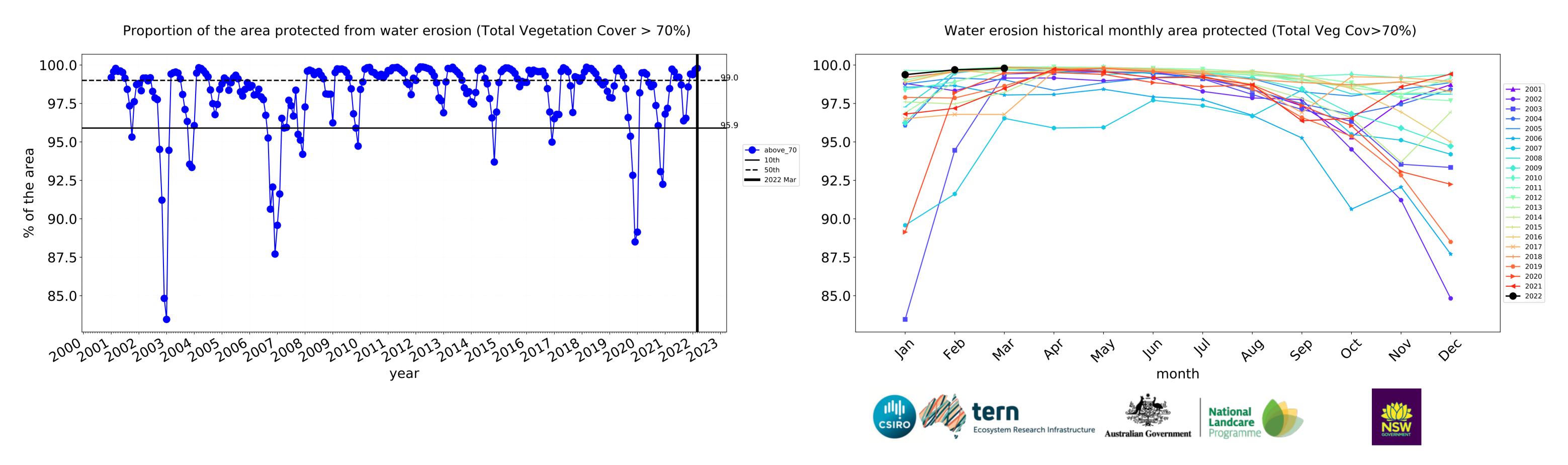


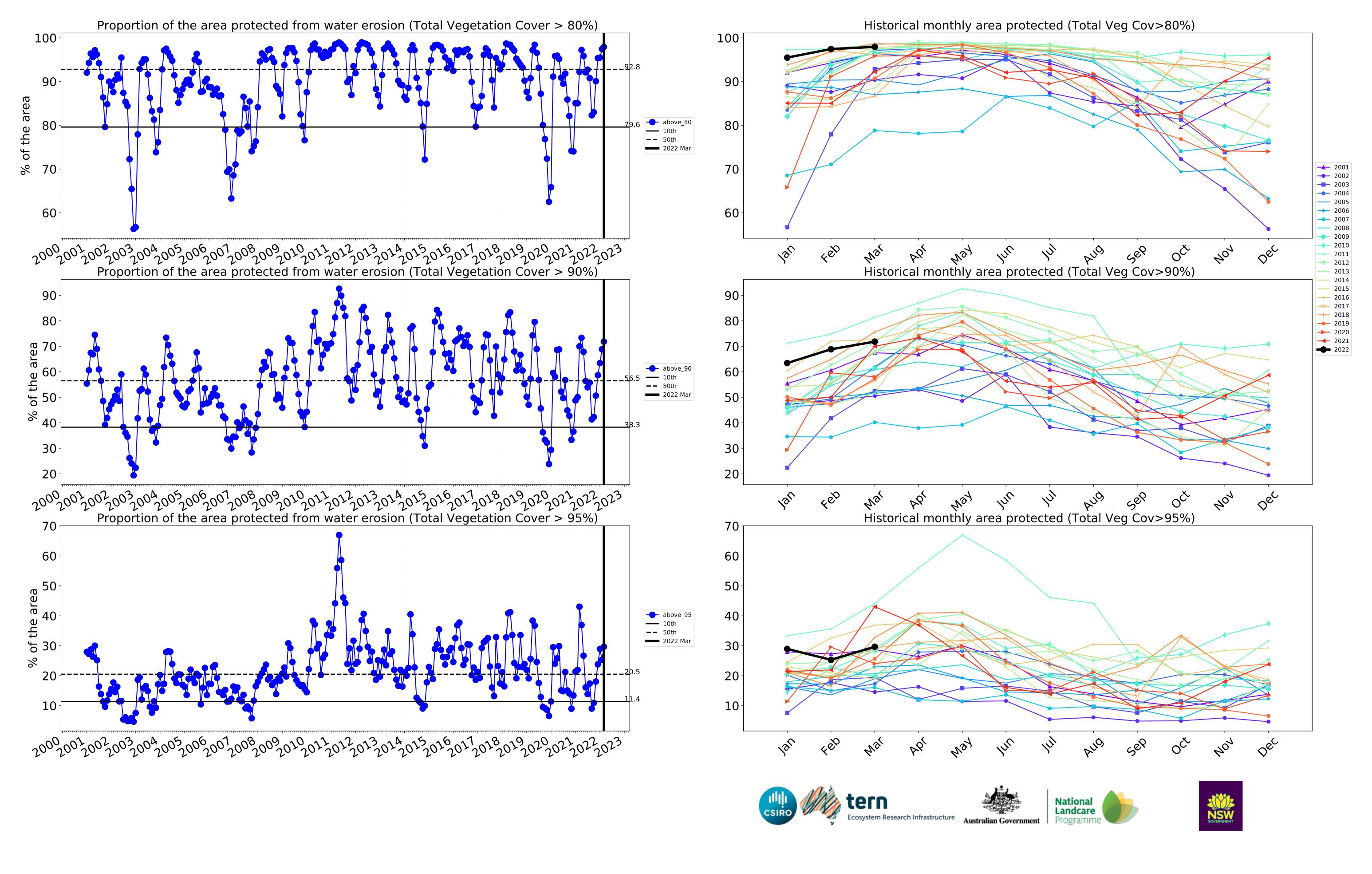




# **Agriculture timeseries**





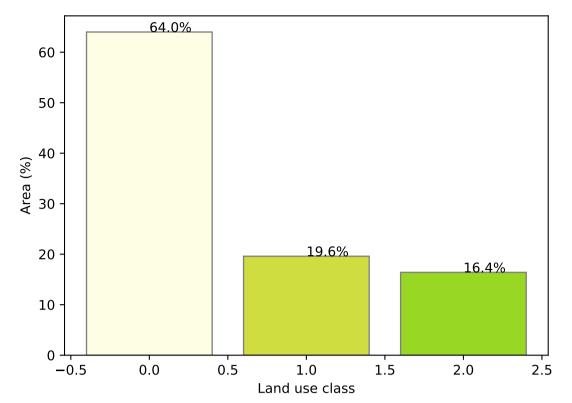


# **Grazing**

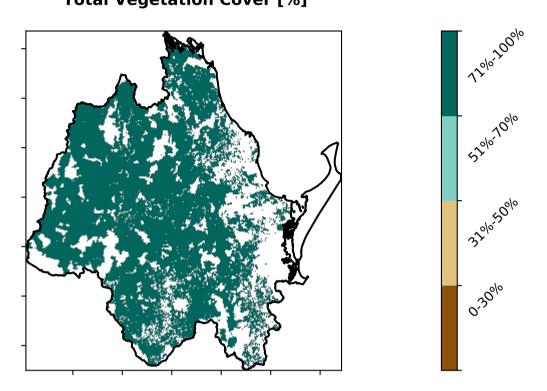
### Land use and forest cover

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 3 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest

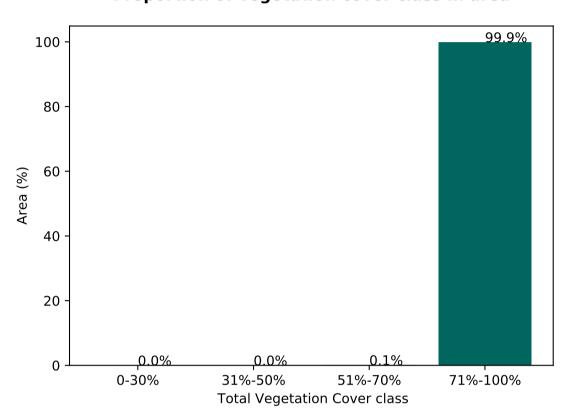
### Proportion of each land class in area



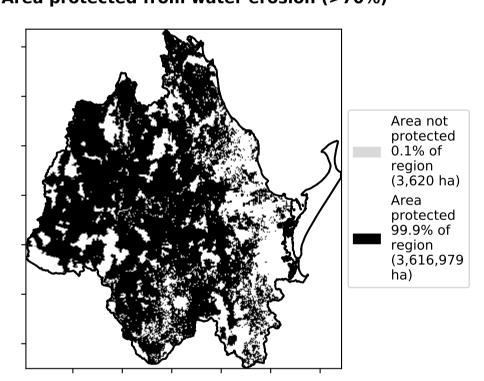
# Total Vegetation Cover [%]



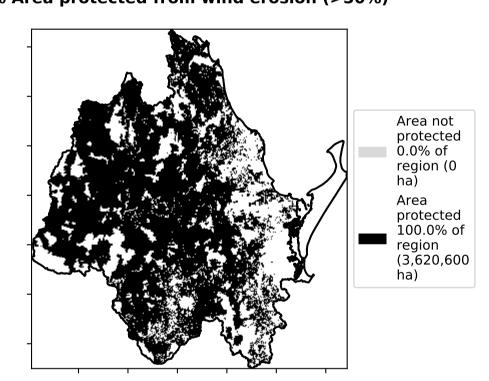
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



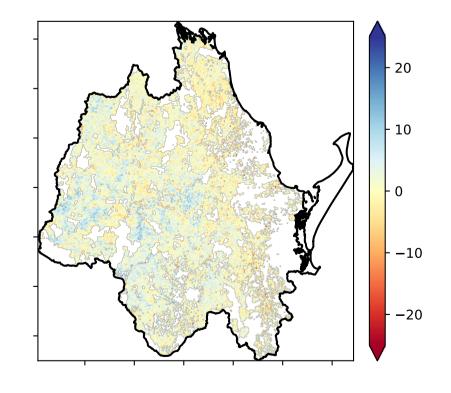
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

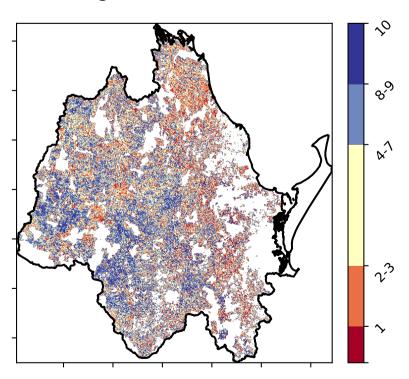


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 



pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20%

lower than the mean of that

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Catchment Scale Land

Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Derived from

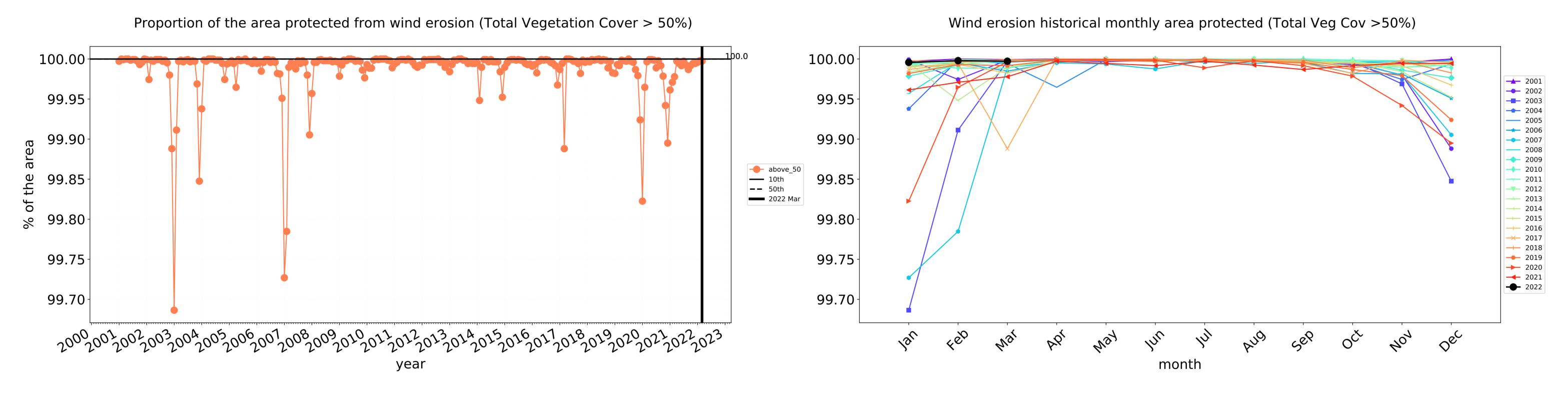


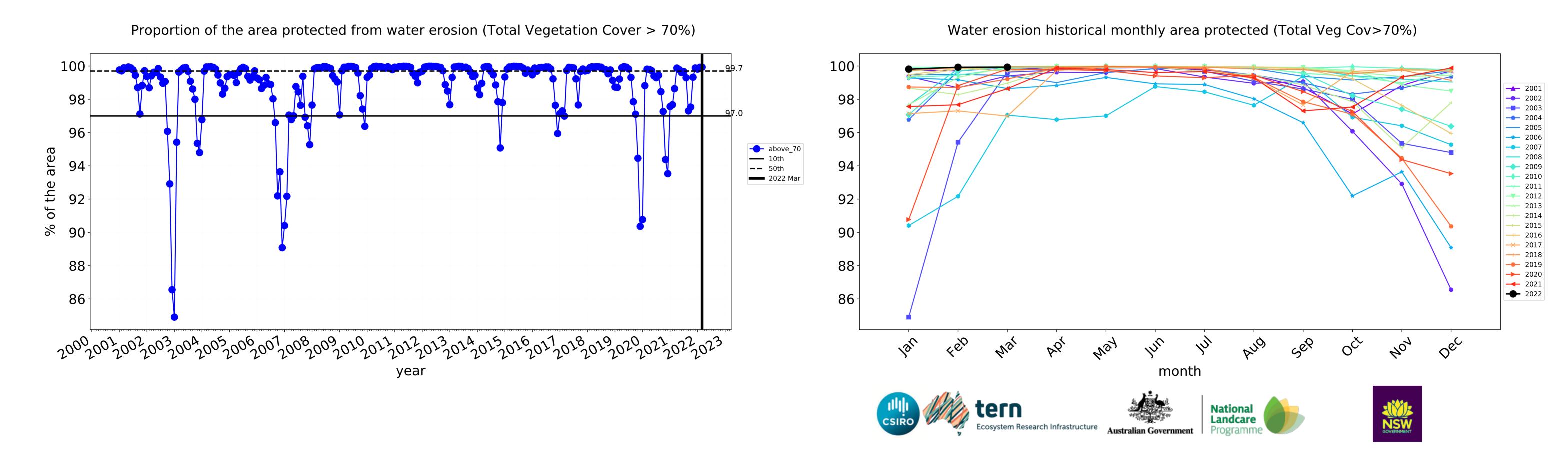


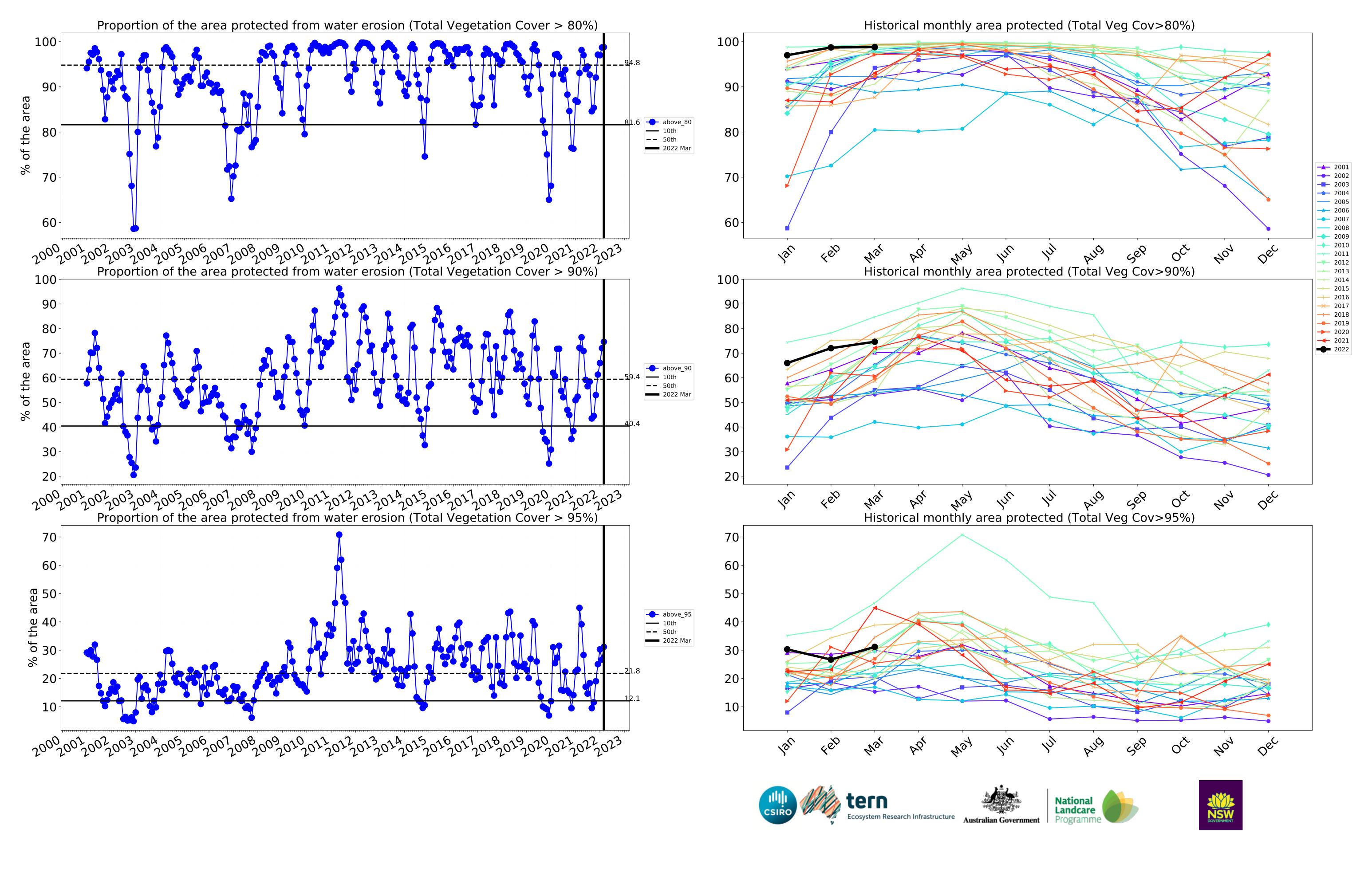




# **Grazing timeseries**







# **Grazing non forest**

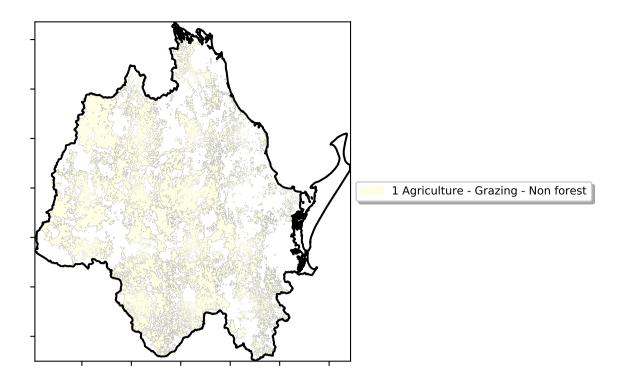
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

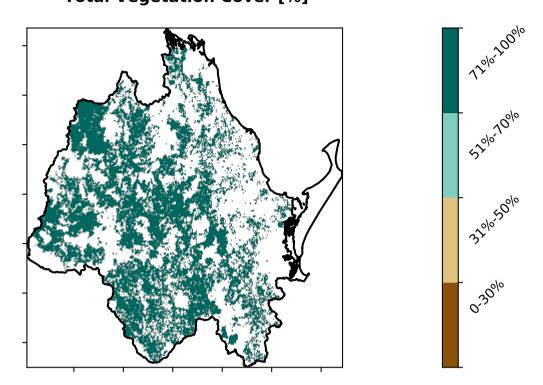
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20%

lower than the mean of that

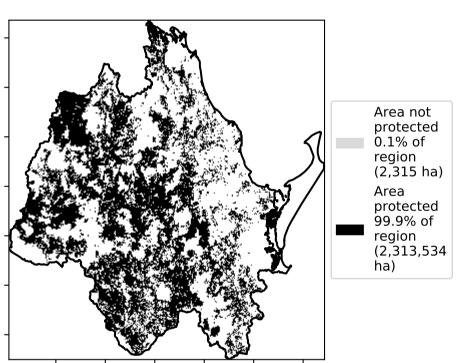
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



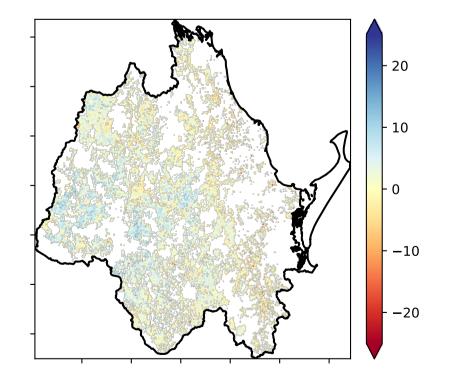
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

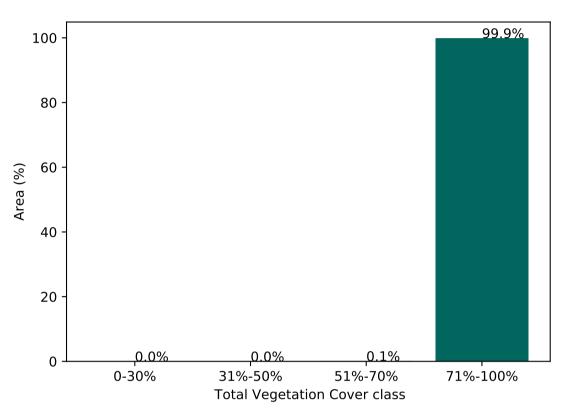


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

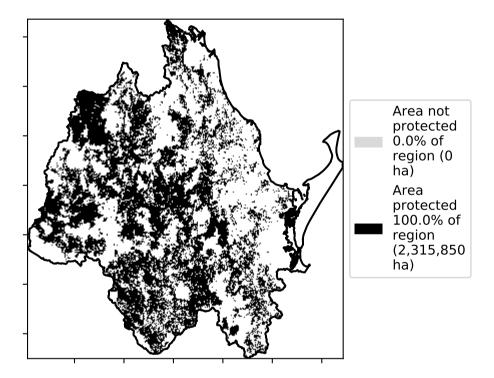


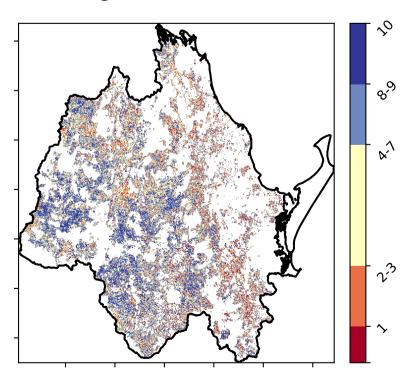
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







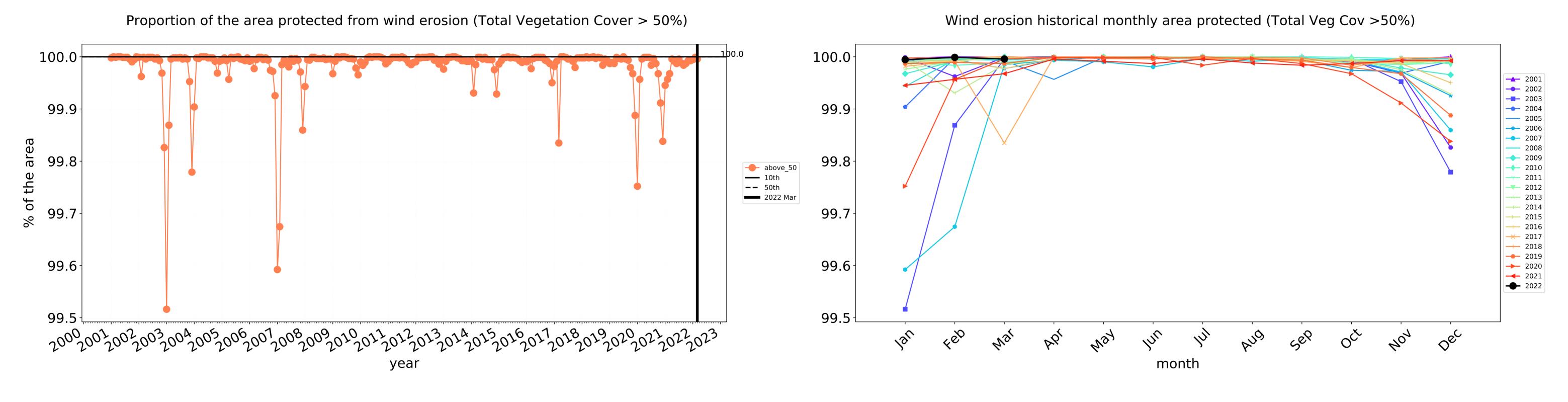


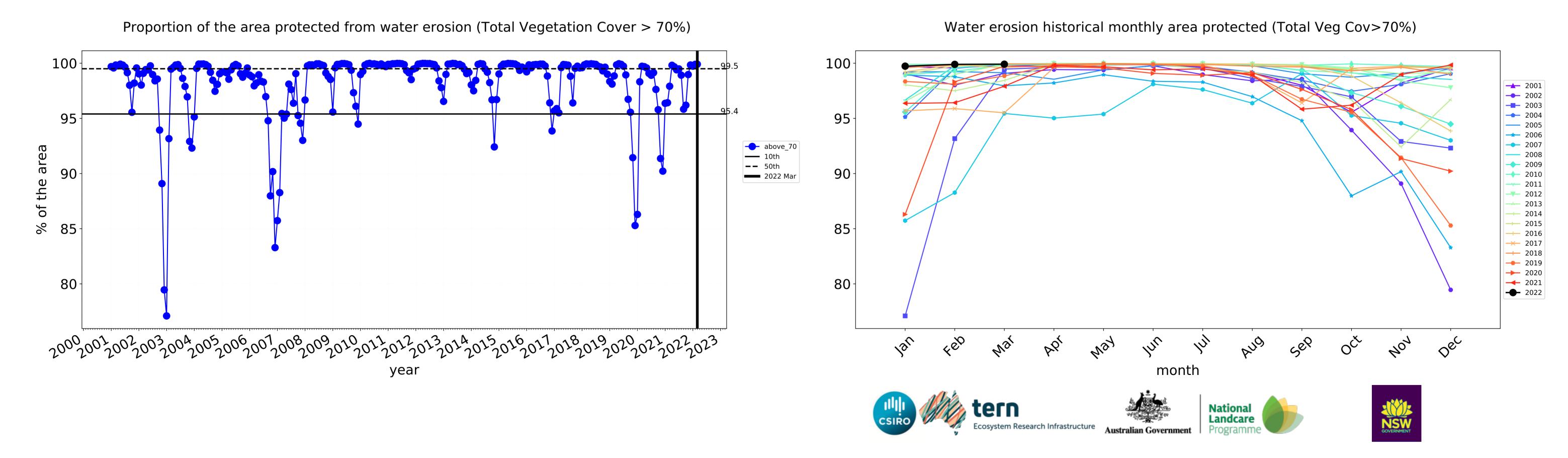


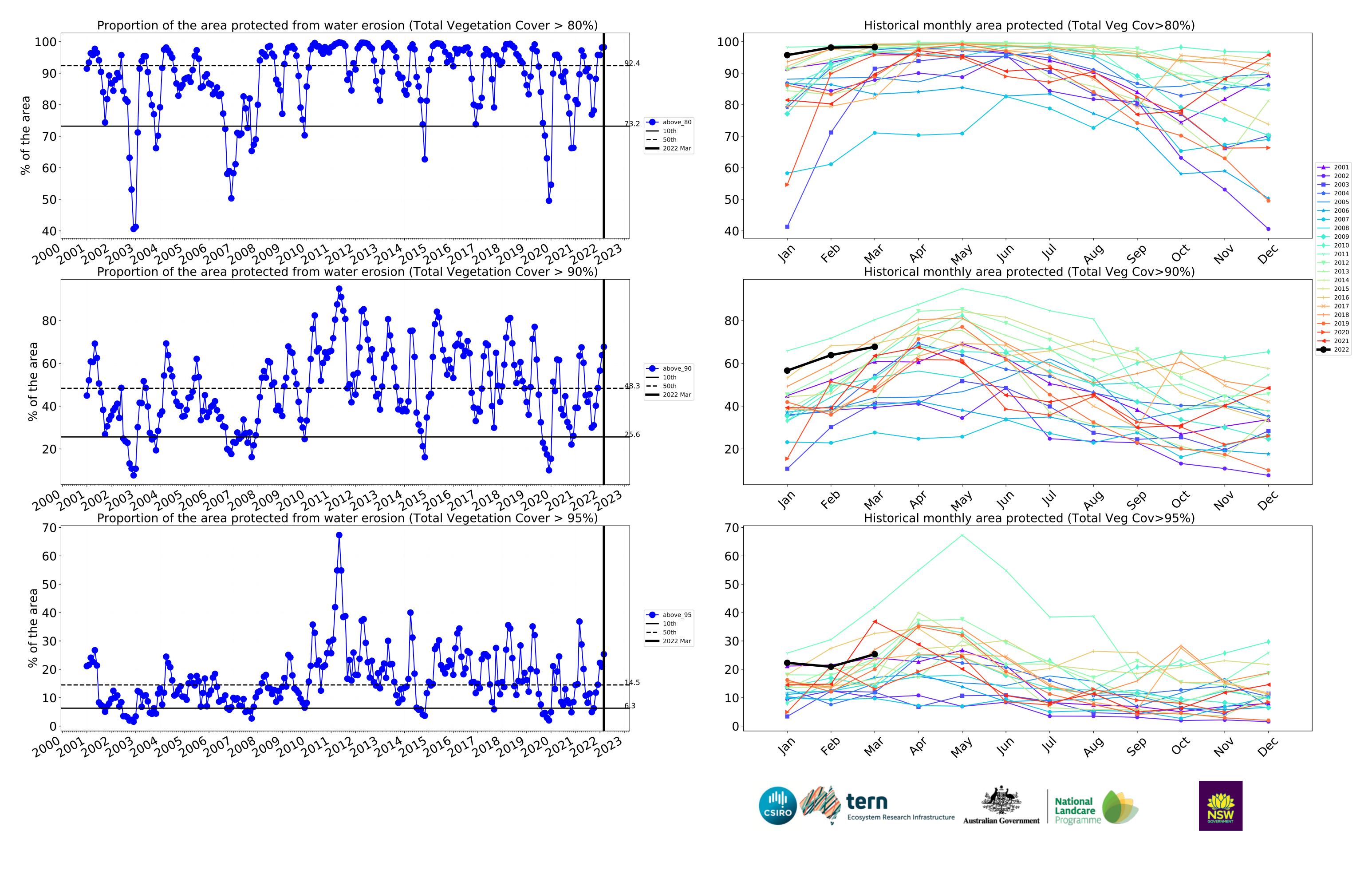




# **Grazing non forest timeseries**







# **Grazing Woodland forest**

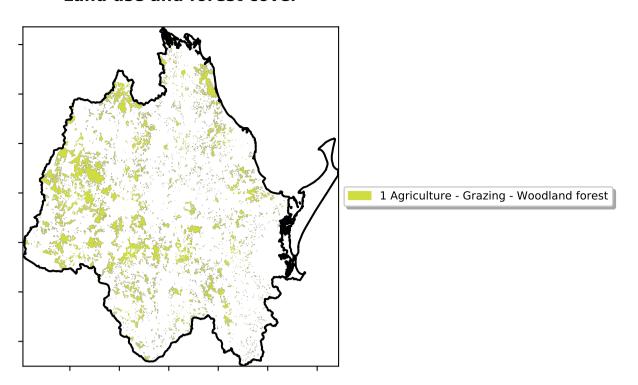
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

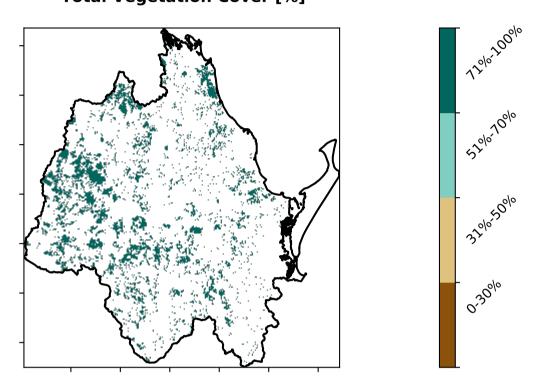
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

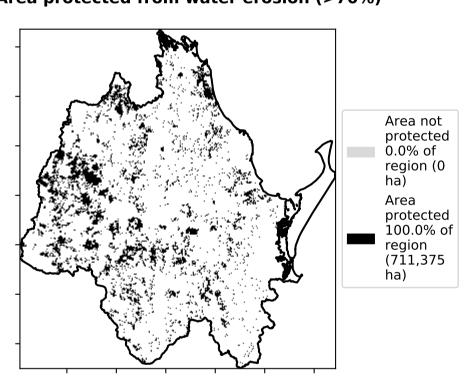
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



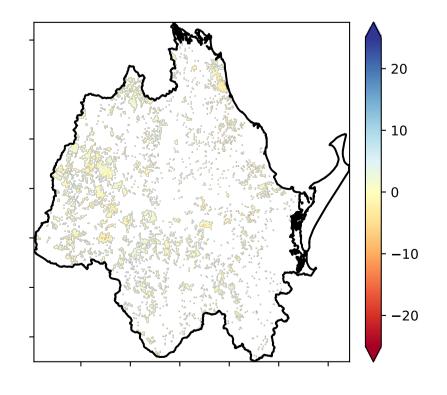
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

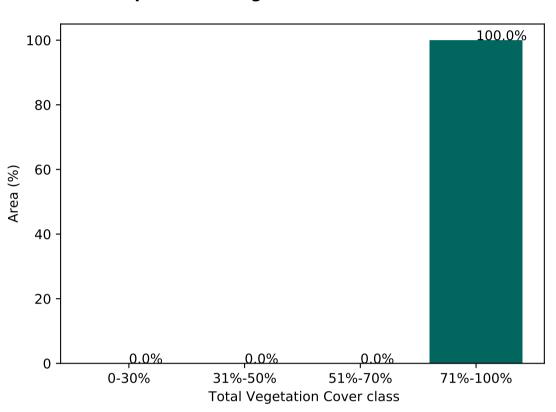


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

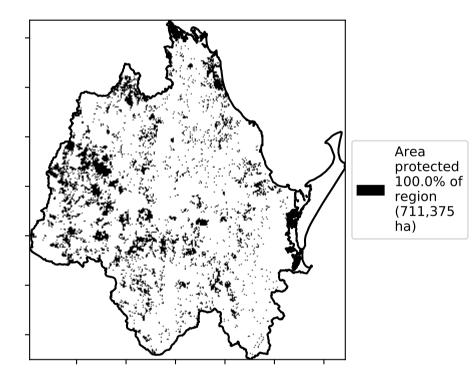


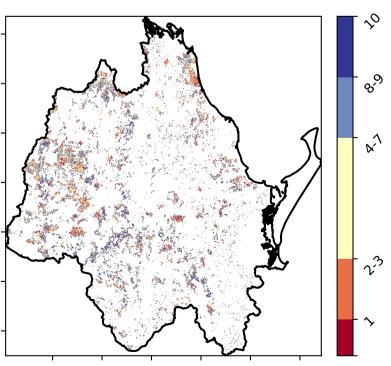
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





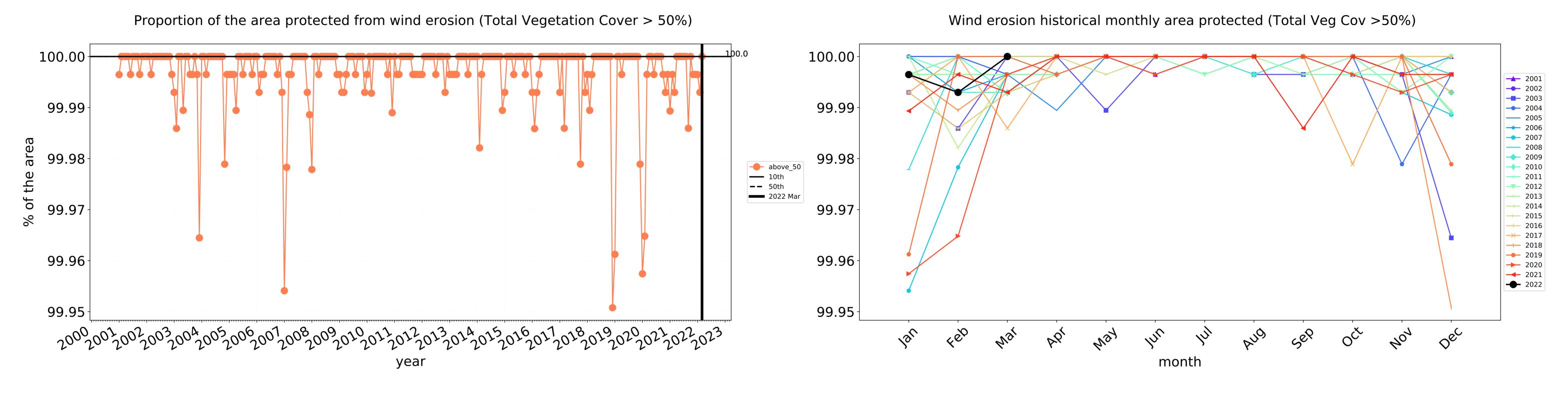


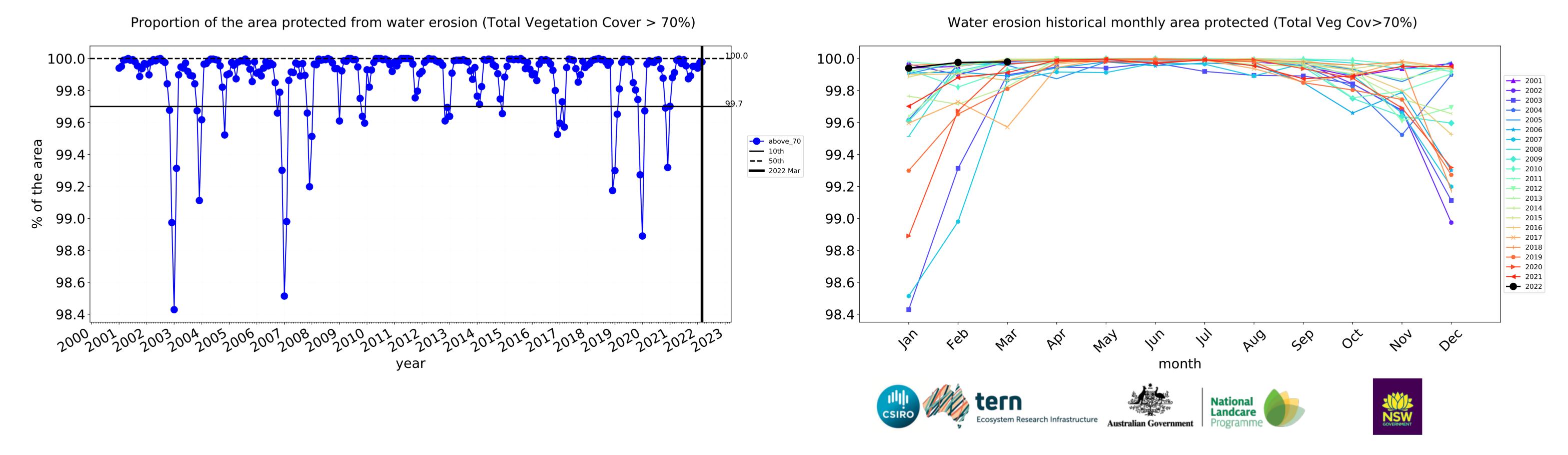


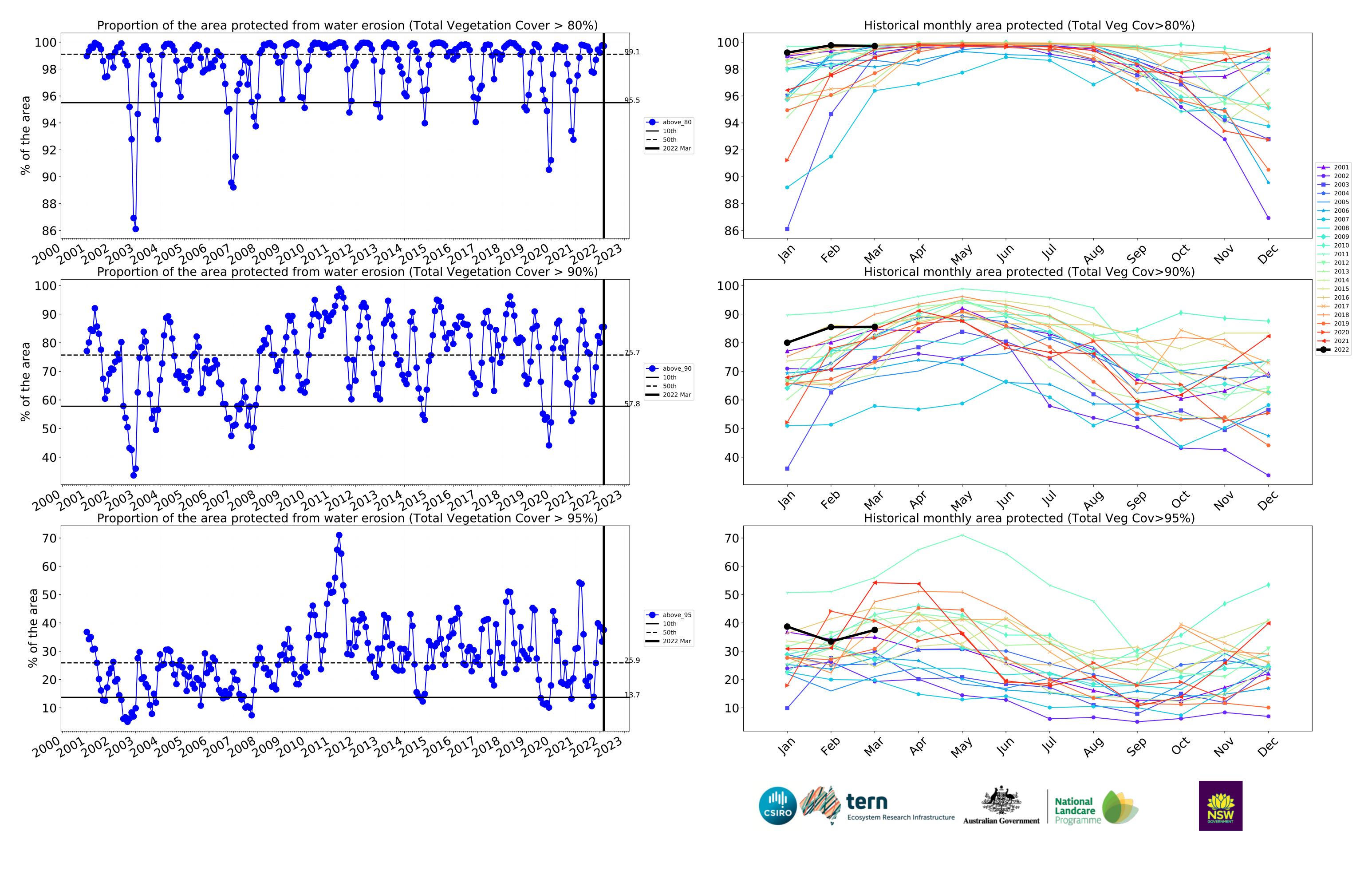




# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**







# **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

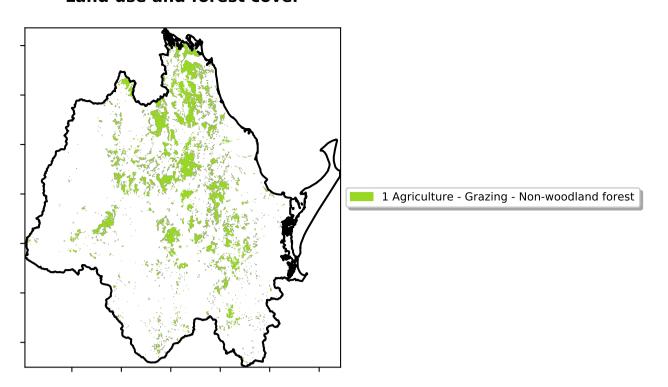
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

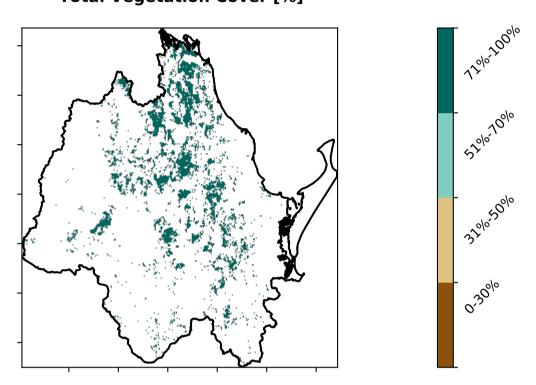
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

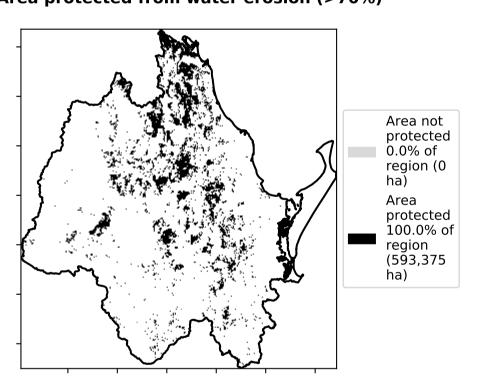
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



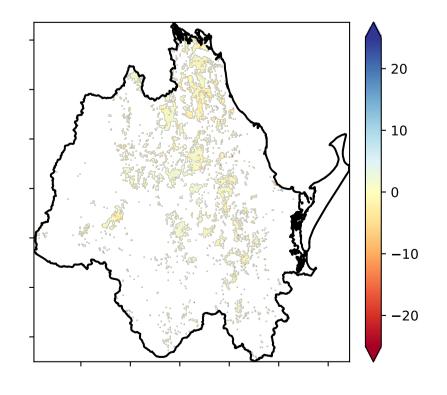
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

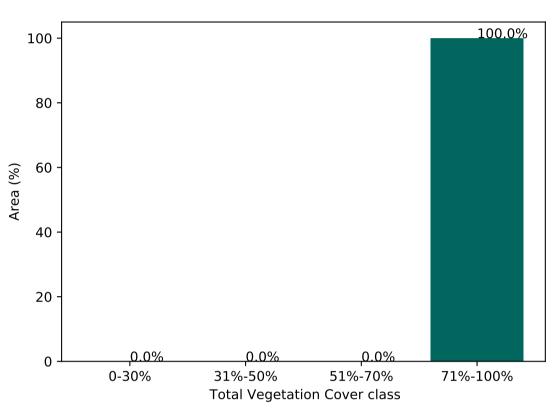


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

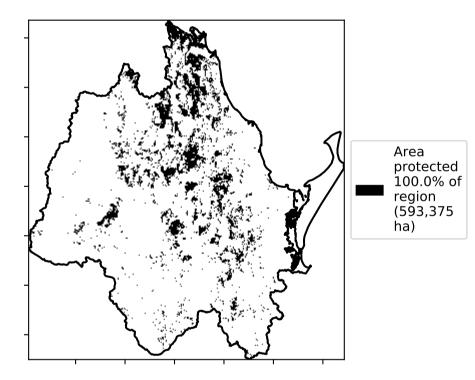


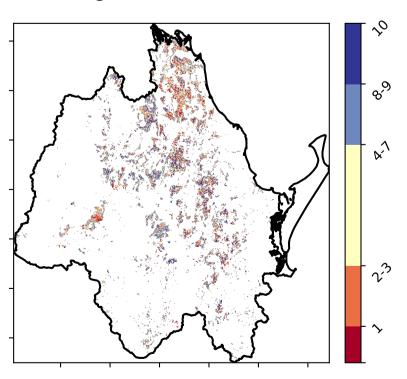
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



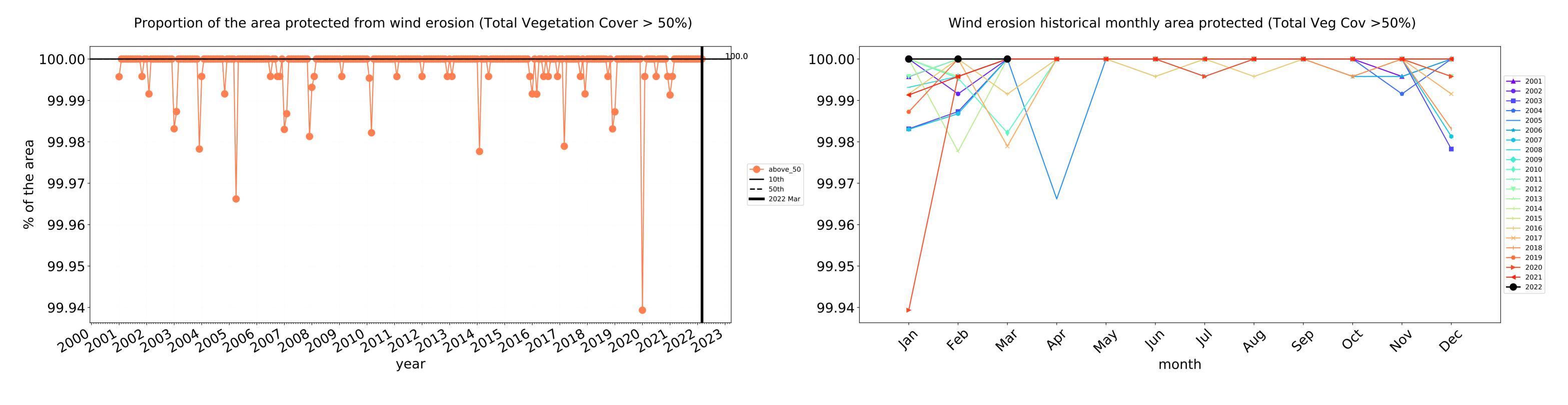


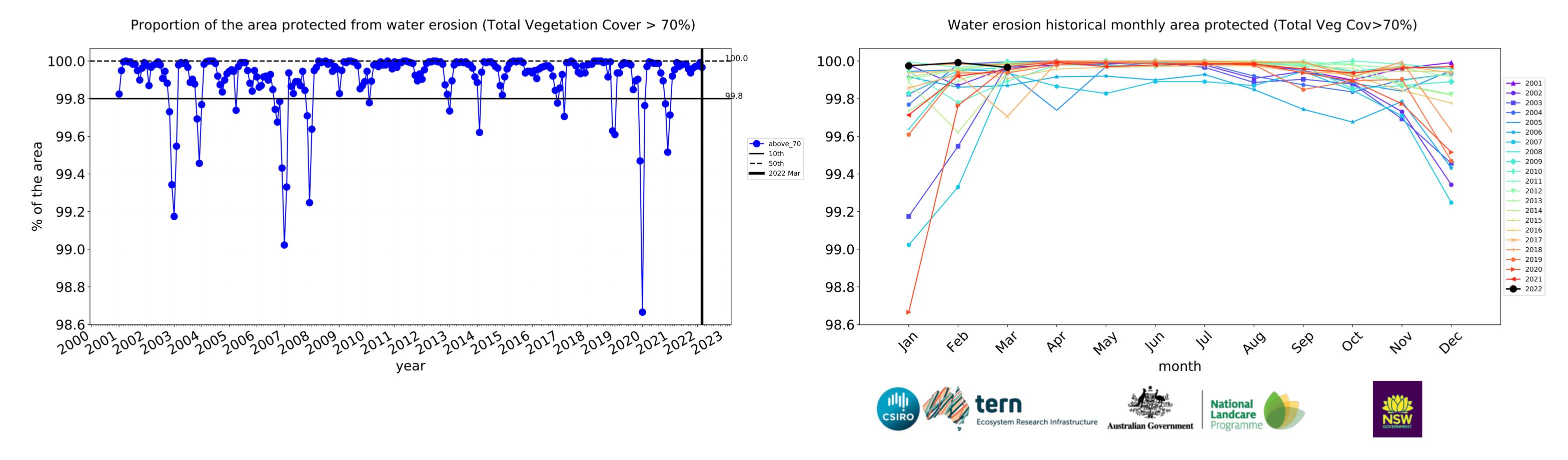


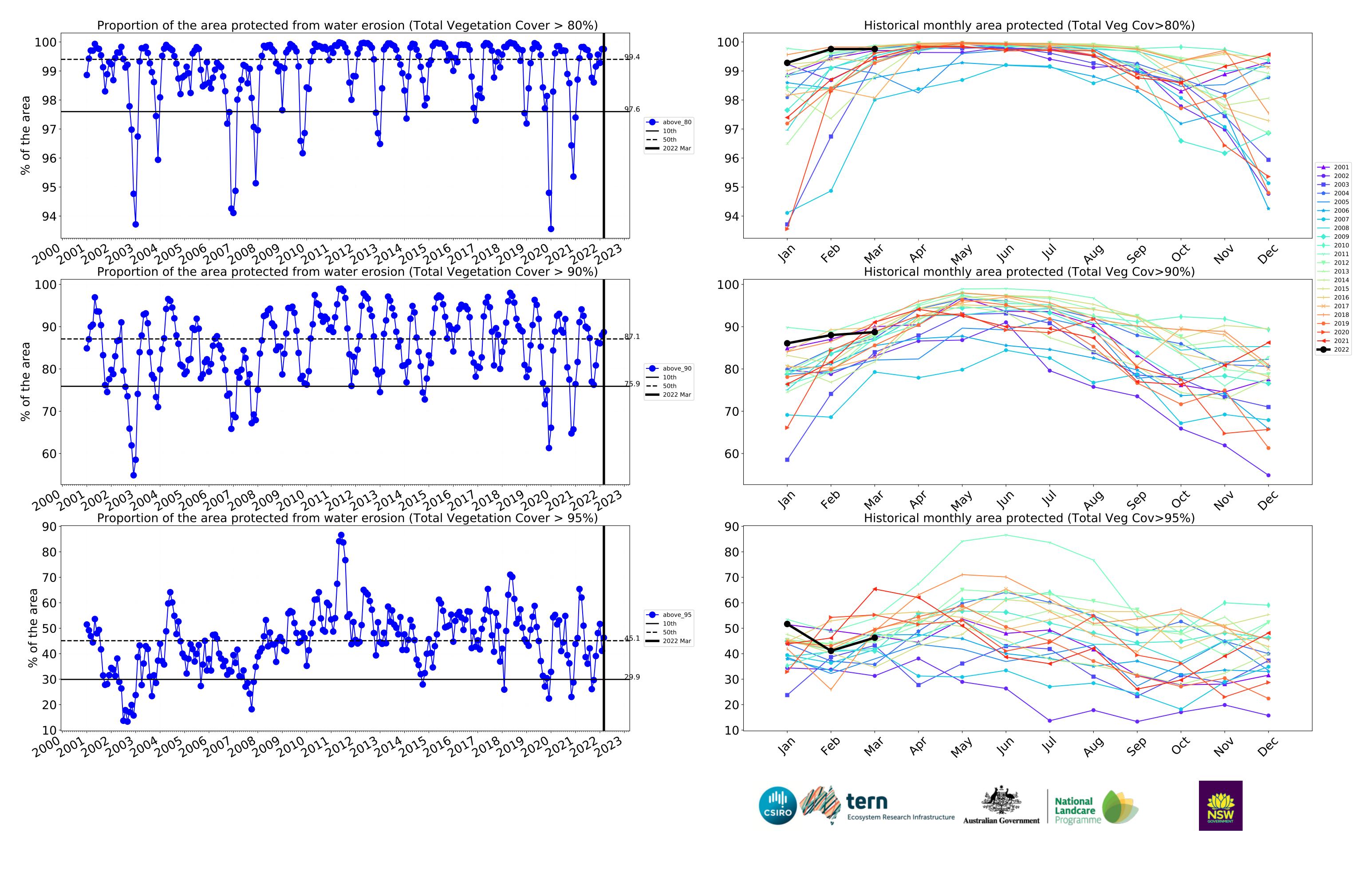












# **Cropping**

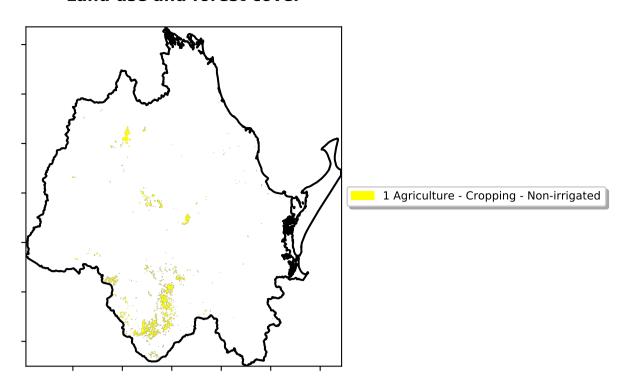
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

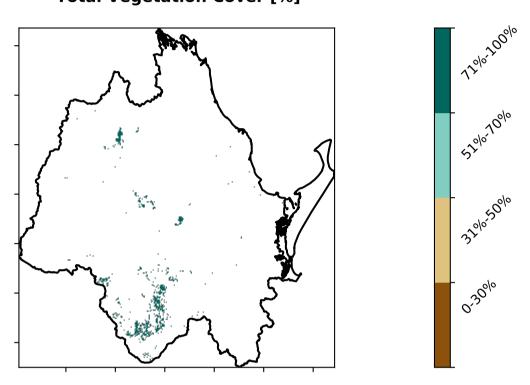
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

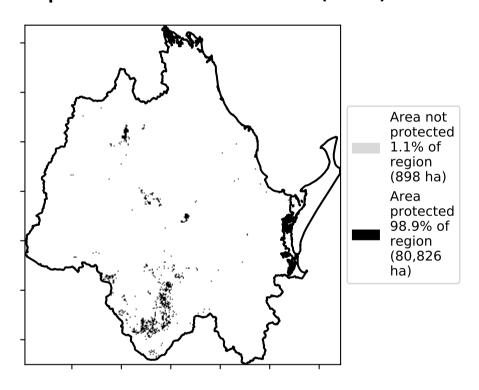
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



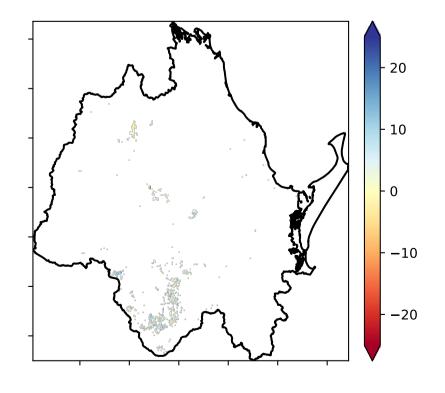
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

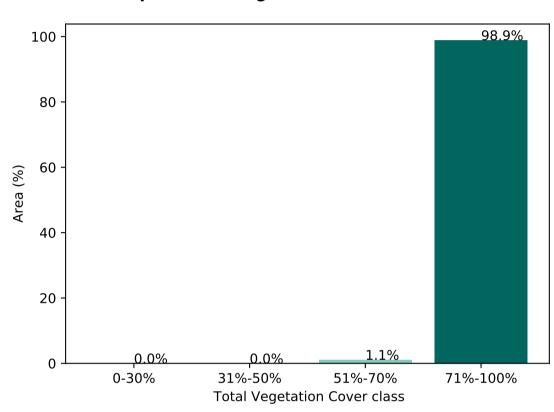


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

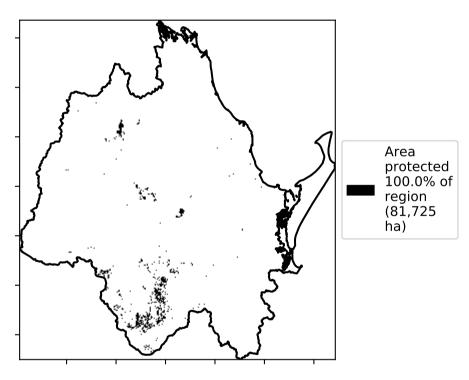


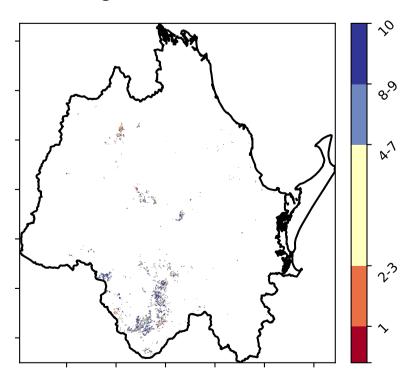
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







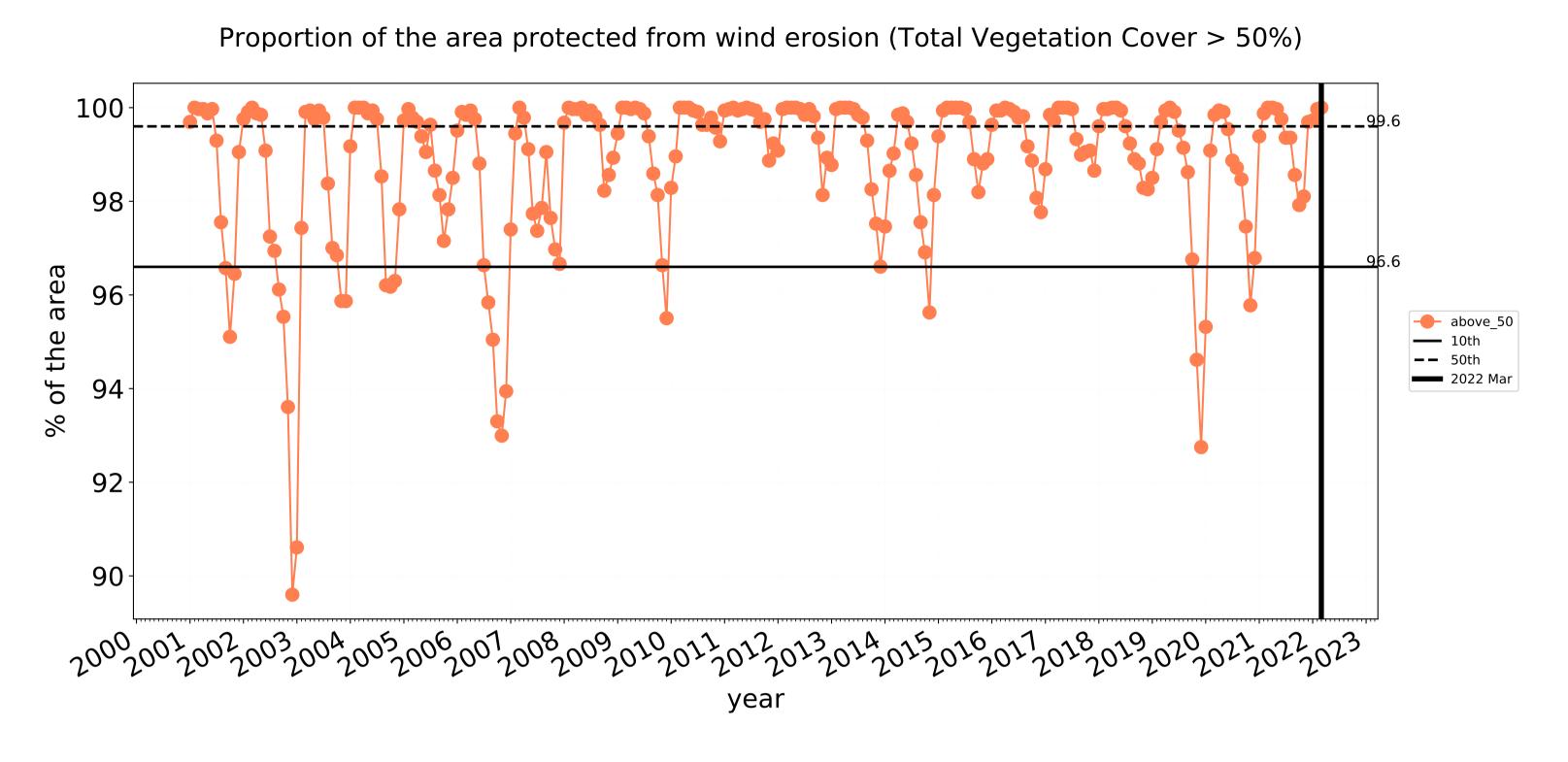


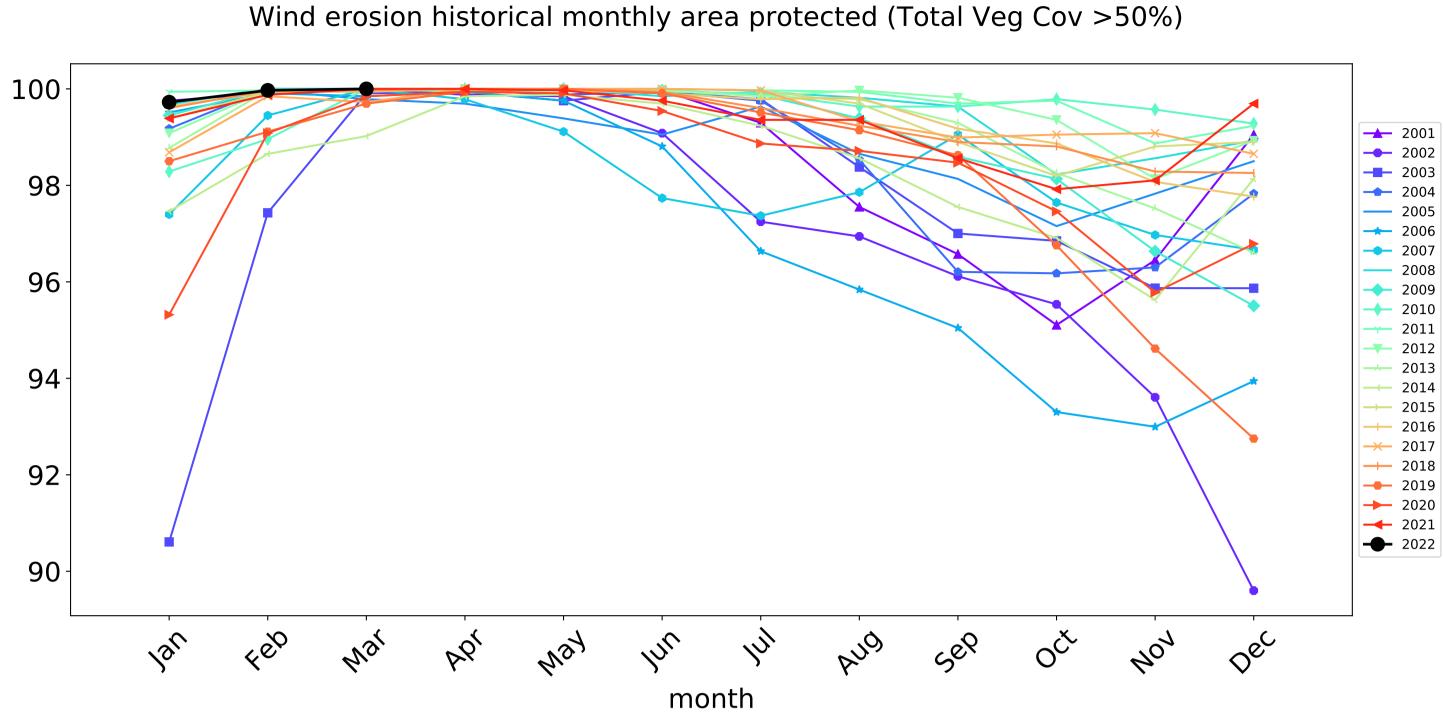


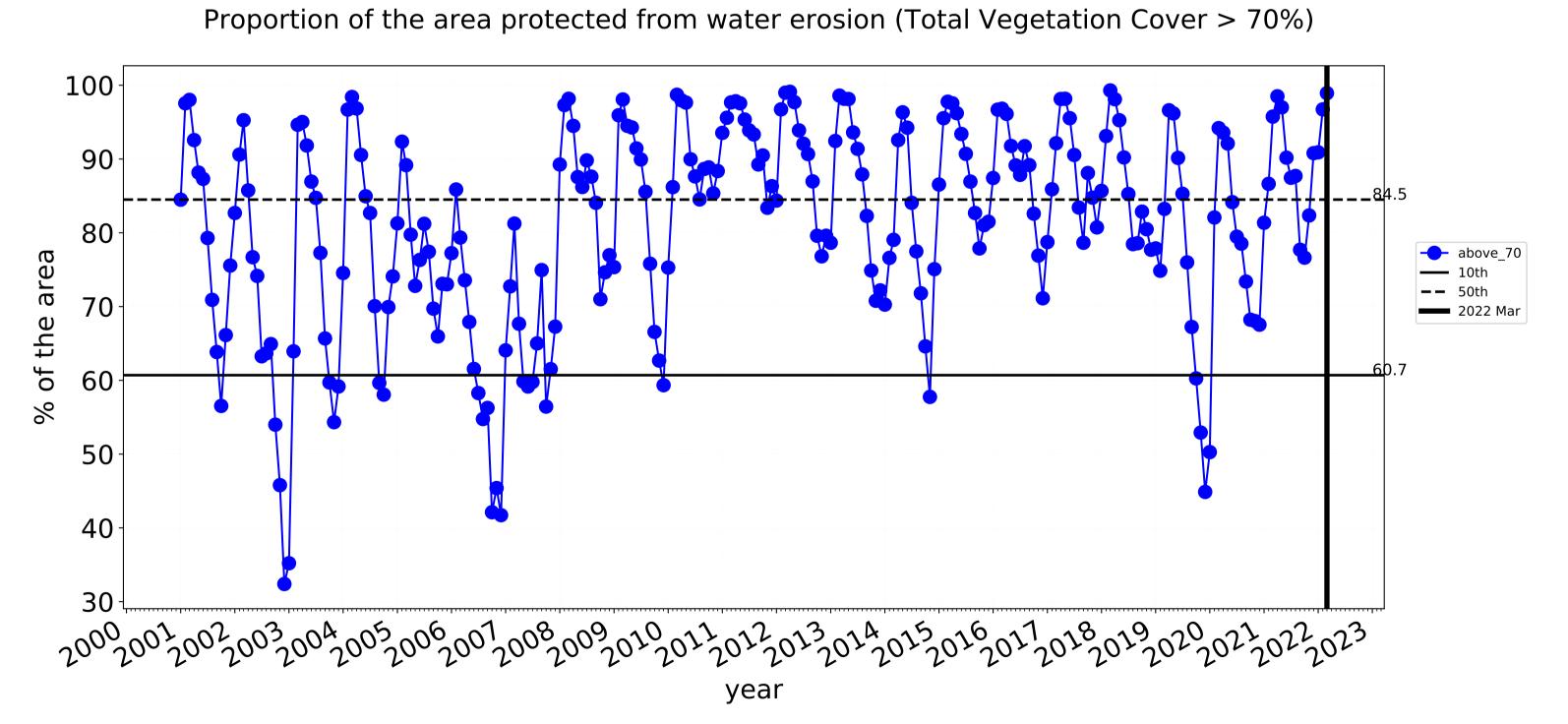


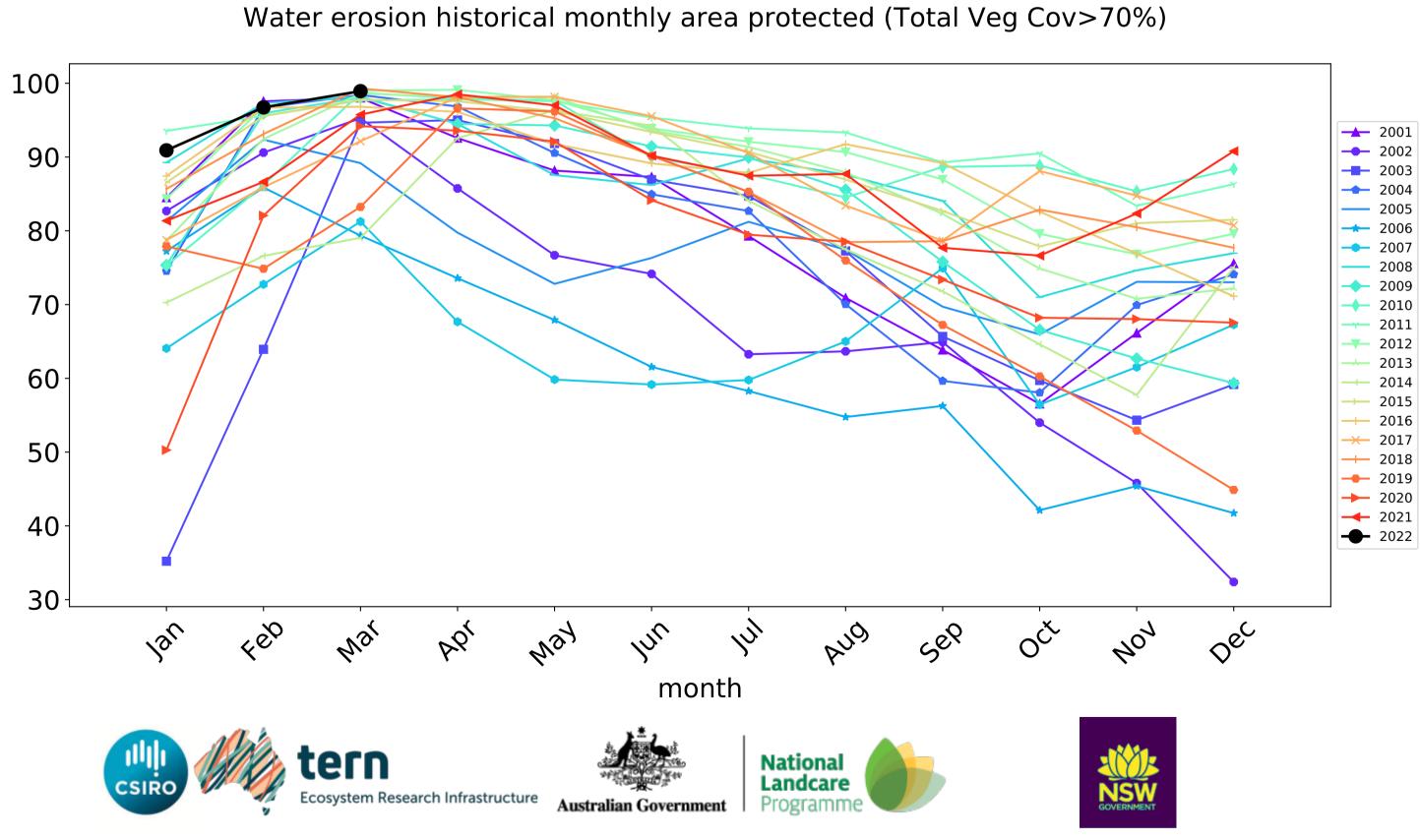


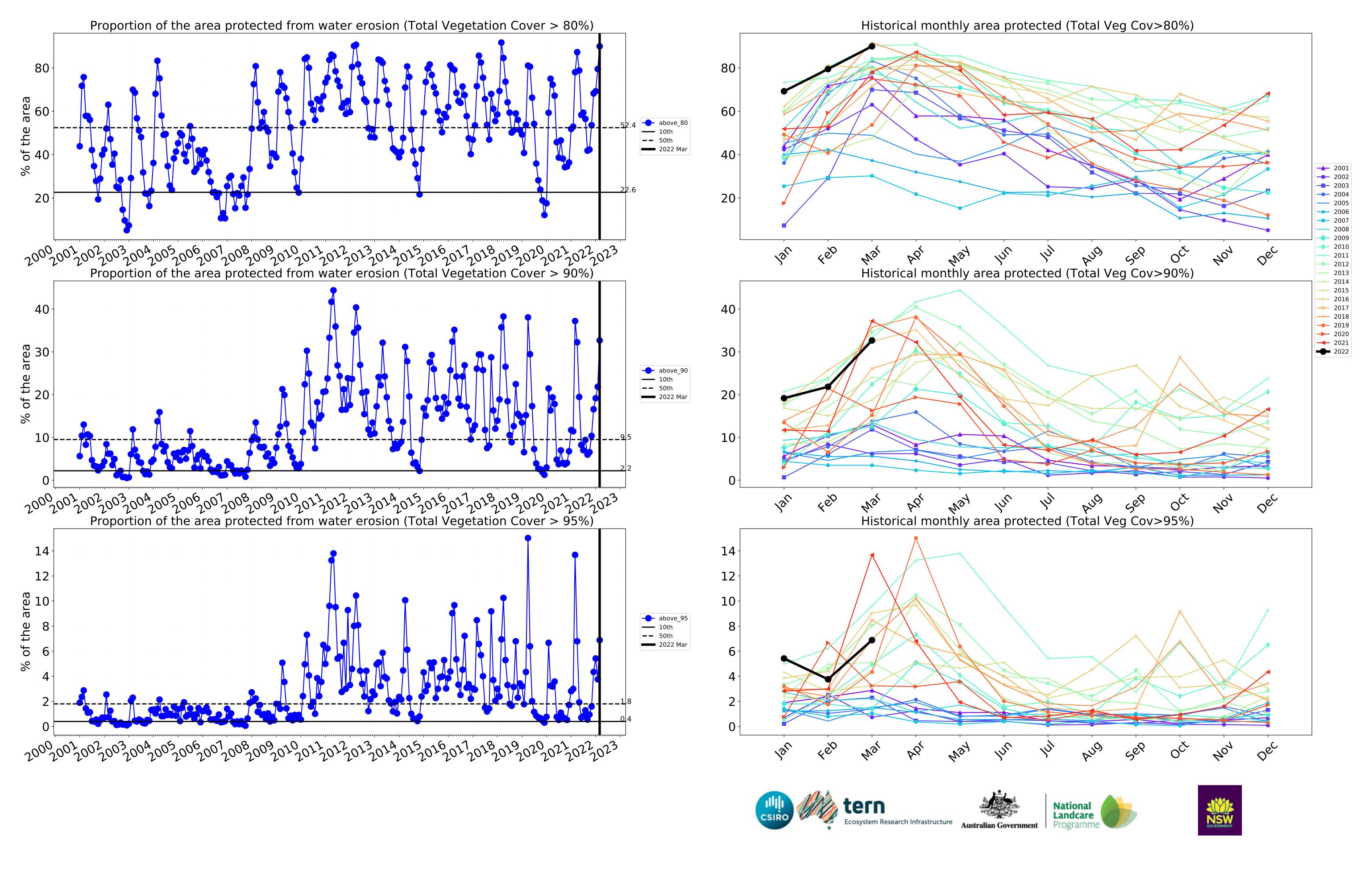
# **Cropping timeseries**











# Irrigation

# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Derived from

Catchment Scale Land

Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

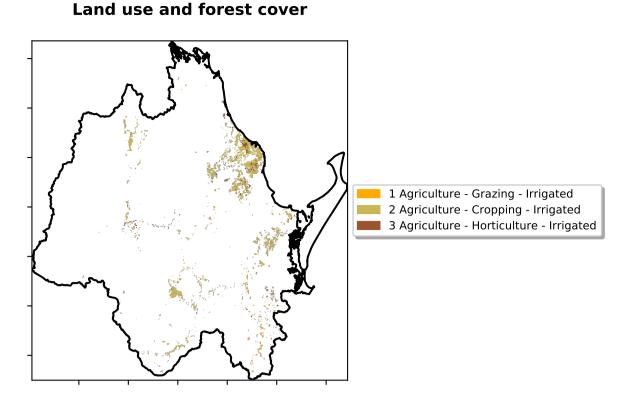
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

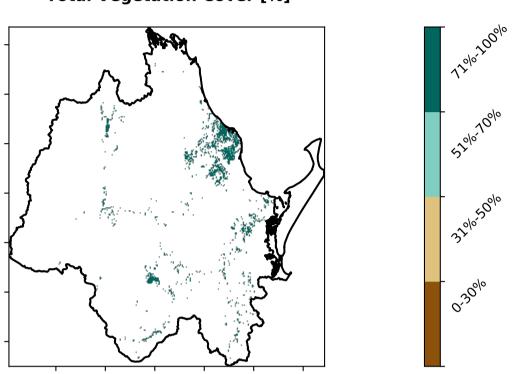
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

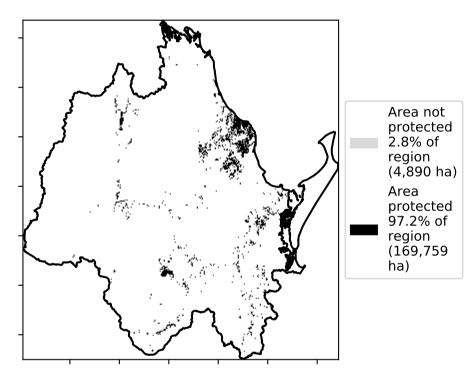
is only for the month of the map



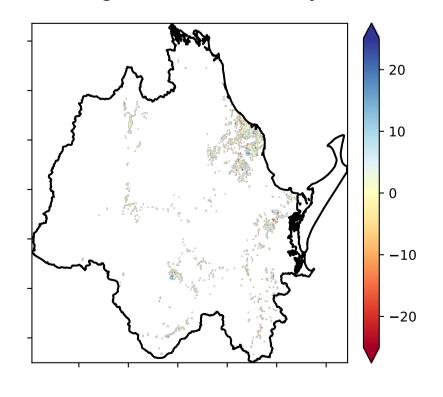
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

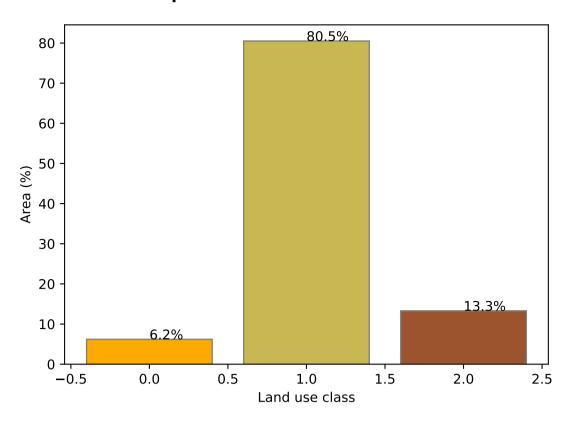


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

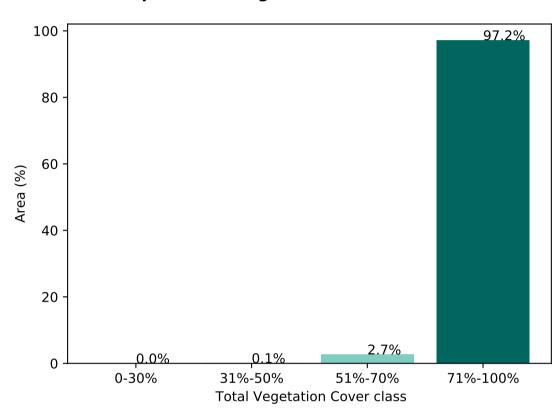


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

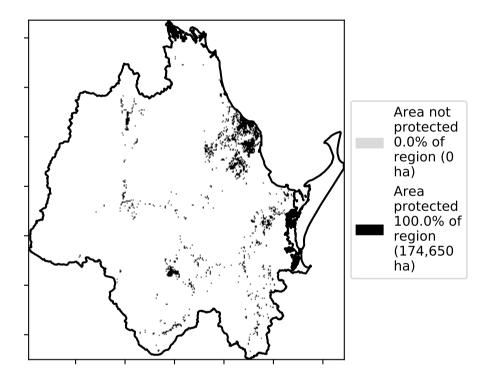
### Proportion of each land class in area

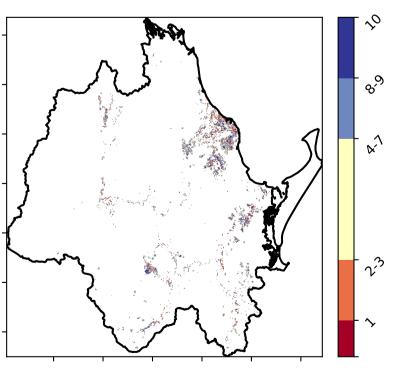


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









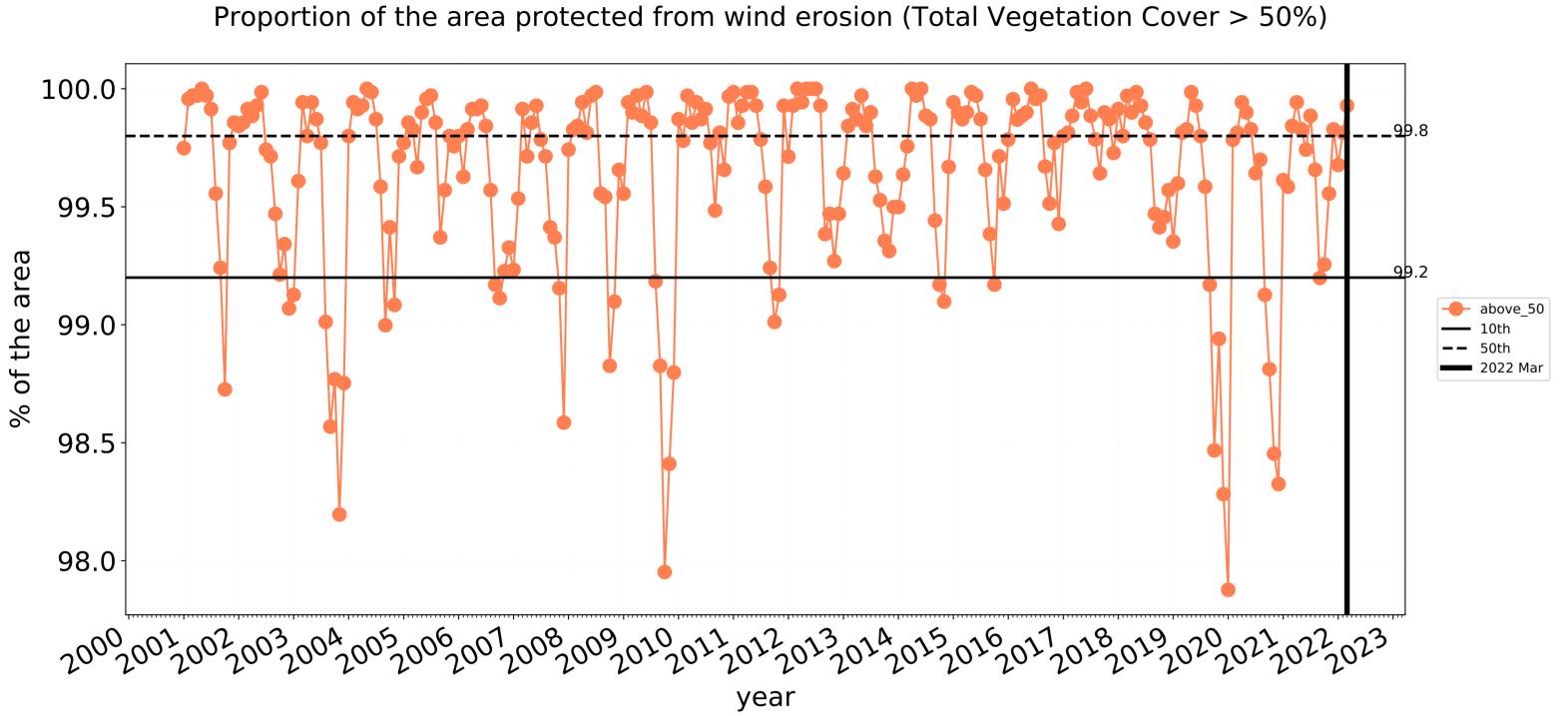


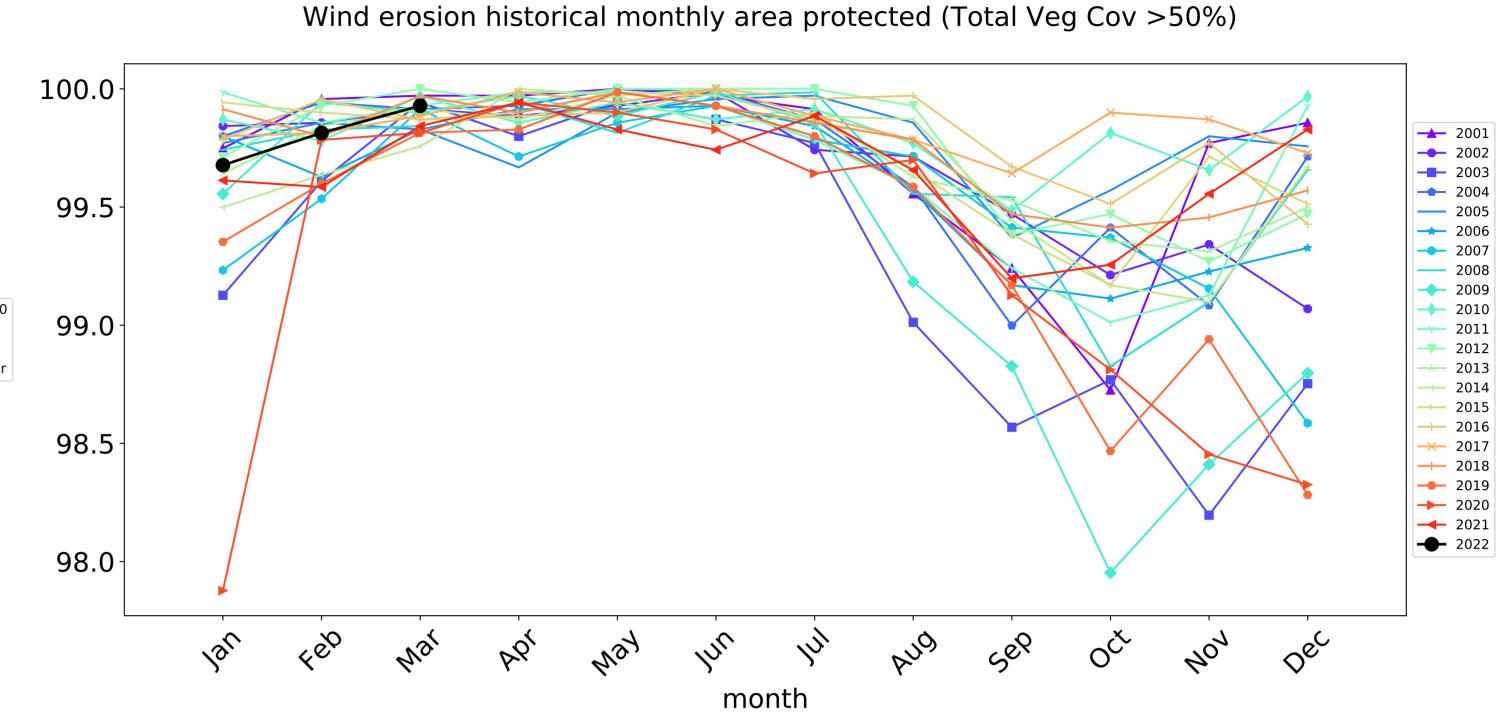


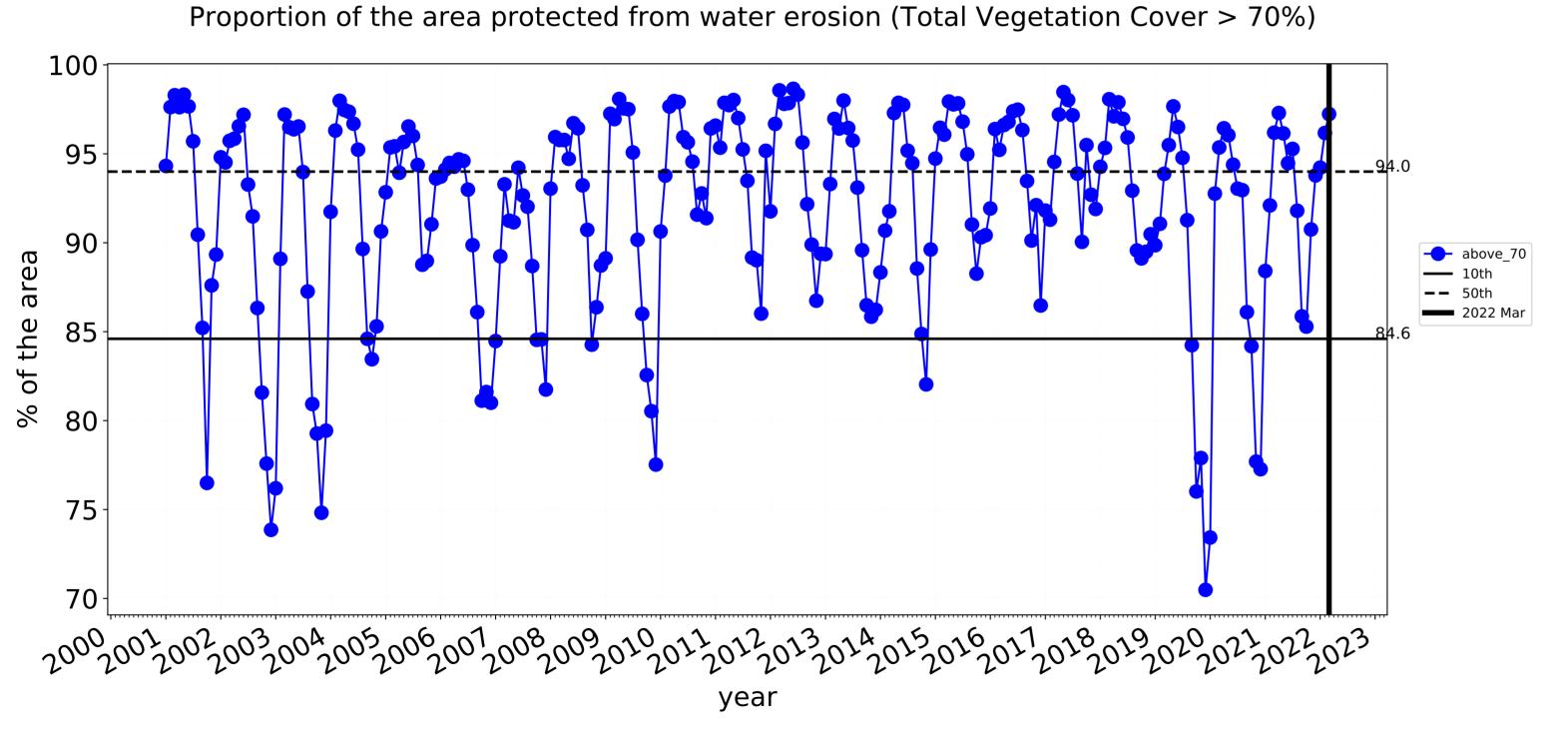


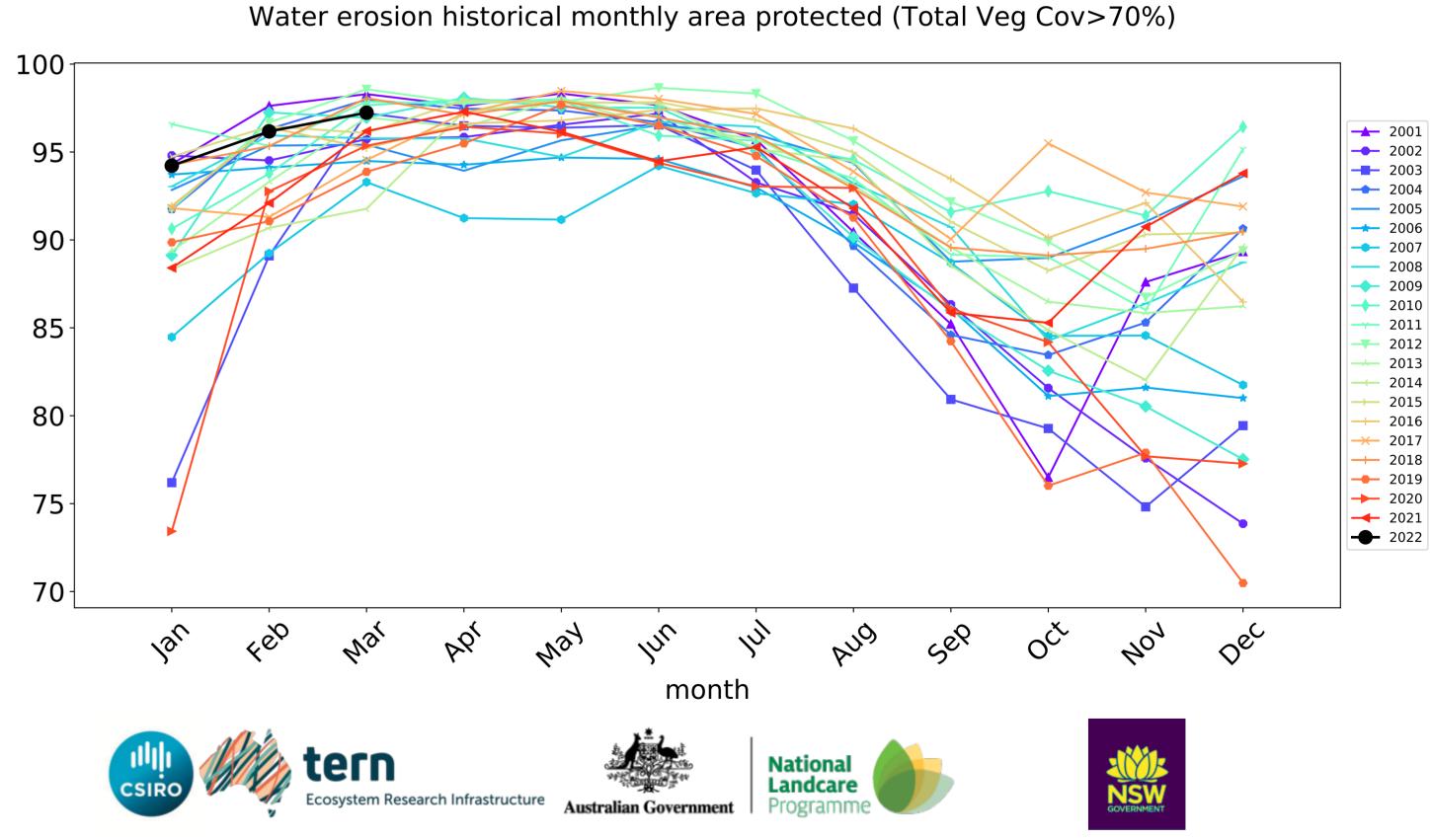


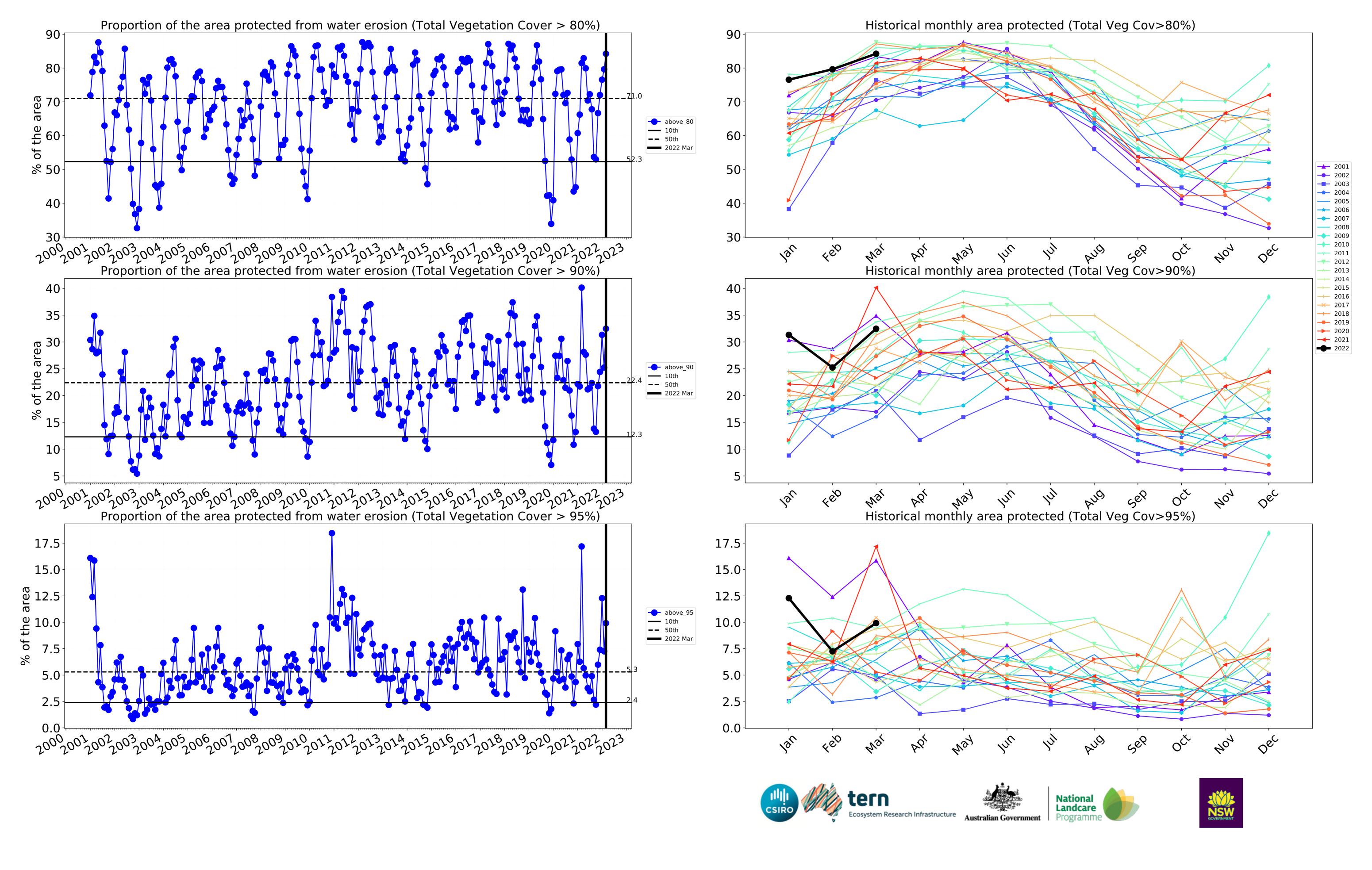
# Irrigation timeseries











# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

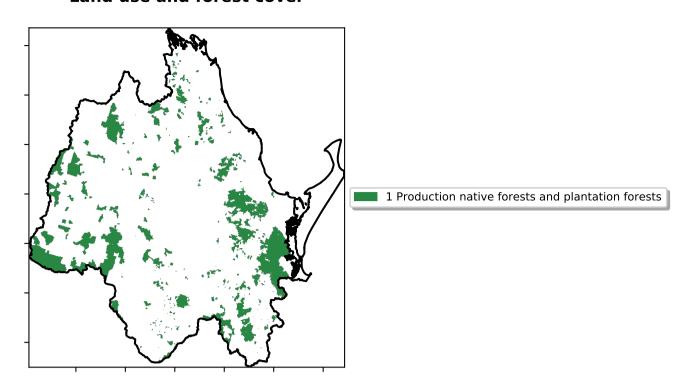
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

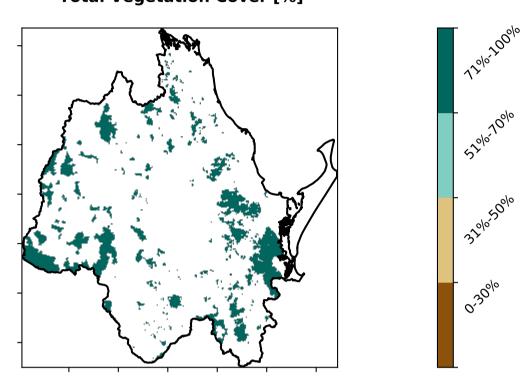
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

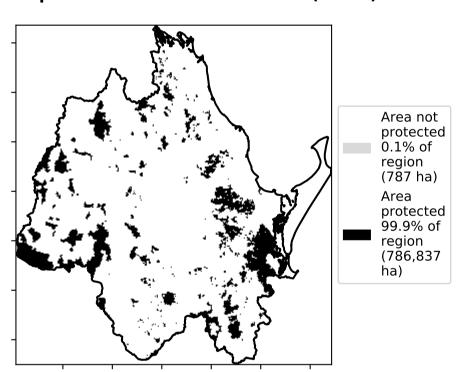
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



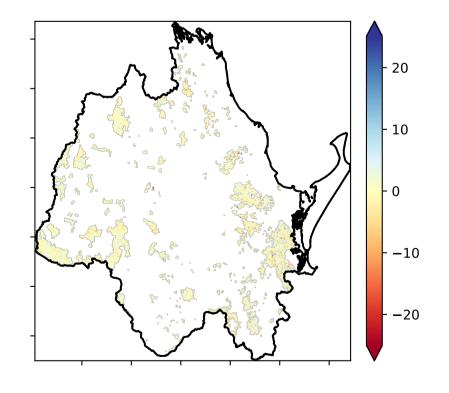
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

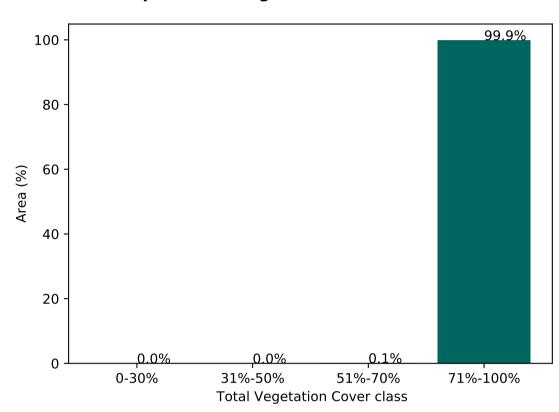


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

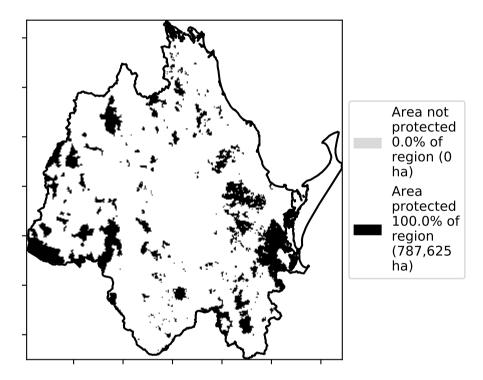


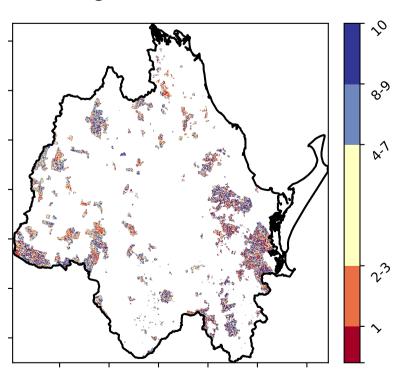
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





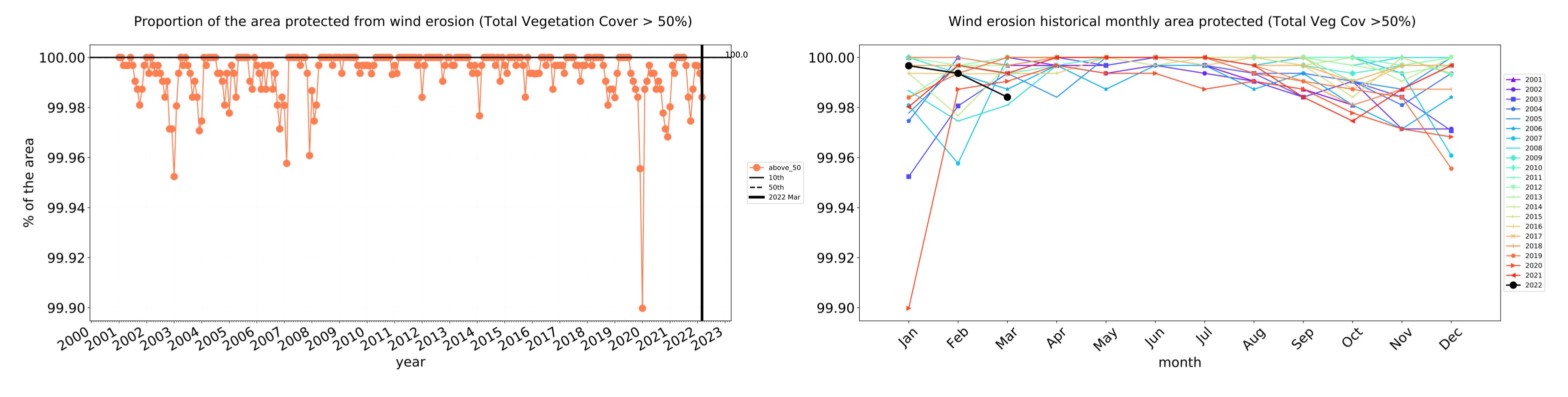


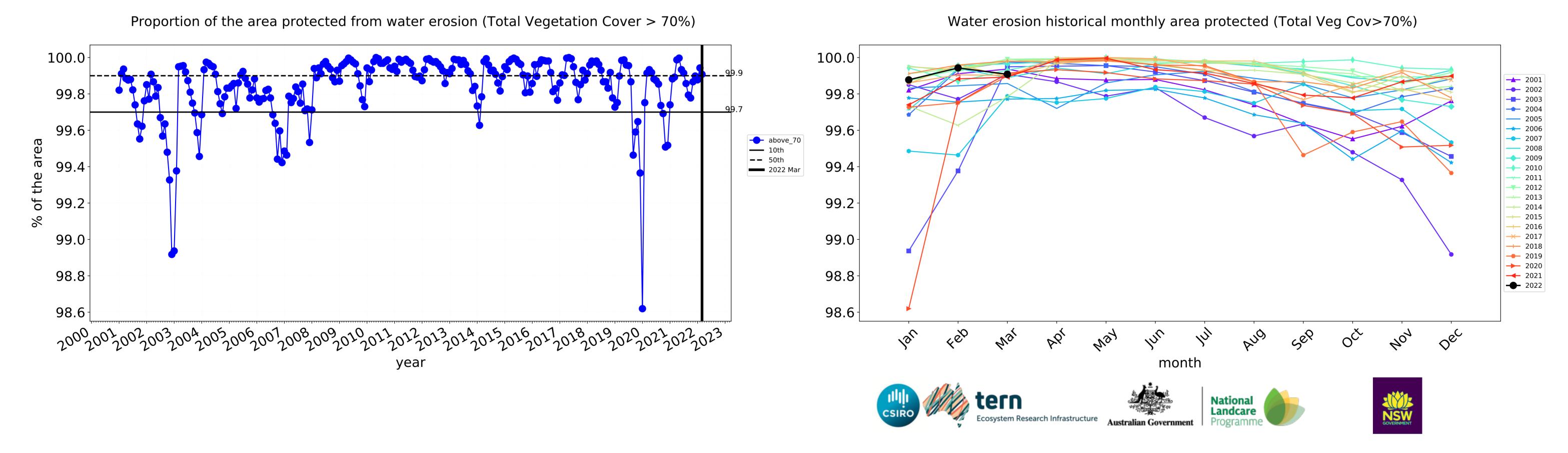


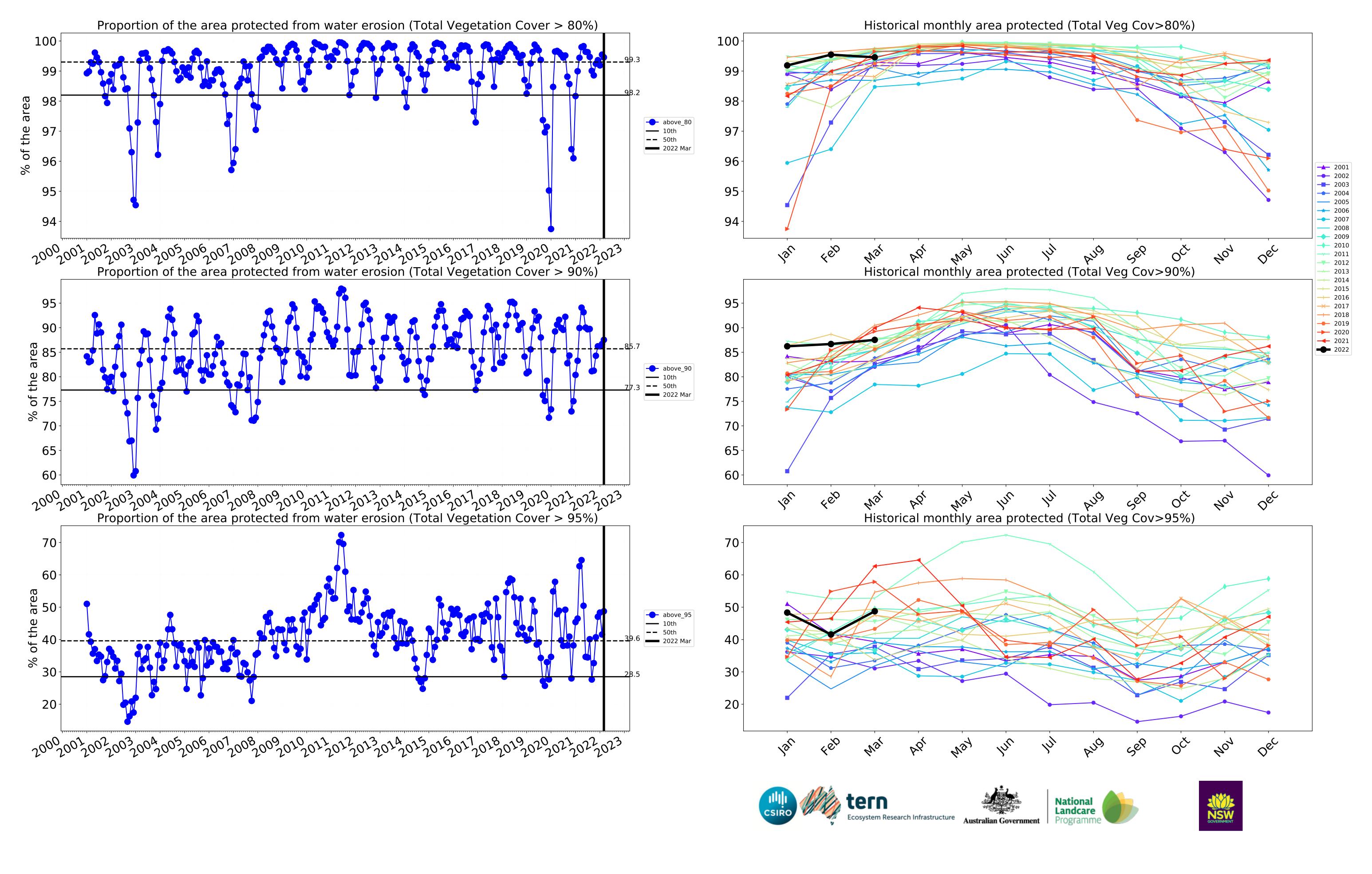




# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# Burnett Mary (5,556,700 ha and no data 20,155 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	5,556,700	100.0% 5,554,600	99.9% 5,550,675	99.4% 5,523,200	97.4% 5,413,775	74.4% 4,136,675	34.2% 1,902,875
Conservation and natural environments	675,325	99.8% 673,850	99.4% 671,400	98.1% 662,425	95.6% 645,325	79.8% 538,950	46.9% 316,825
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	180,275	99.8% 179,900	99.3% 179,075	97.8% 176,325	95.4% 172,025	79.3% 142,875	43.3% 78,000
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	466,625	100.0% 466,475	99.9% 466,075	99.0% 461,900	96.7% 451,200	81.8% 381,725	49.8% 232,150
Agriculture	3,882,625	100.0% 3,882,575	100.0% 3,882,400	99.8% 3,874,375	97.9% 3,802,300	71.8% 2,789,350	29.7% 1,152,350
Grazing	3,620,600	100.0% 3,620,550	100.0% 3,620,500	99.9% 3,618,175	98.8% 3,576,600	74.6% 2,702,775	31.2% 1,128,125
Grazing non forest	2,315,850	100.0% 2,315,800	100.0% 2,315,750	99.9% 2,313,775	98.3% 2,275,350	67.7% 1,567,775	25.3% 586,600
Grazing Woodland forest	711,375	100.0% 711,375	100.0% 711,375	100.0% 711,225	99.7% 709,325	85.5% 608,550	37.5% 266,900
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	593,375	100.0% 593,375	100.0% 593,375	100.0% 593,175	99.8% 591,925	88.7% 526,450	46.3% 274,625
Cropping	81,725	100.0% 81,725	100.0% 81,725	98.9% 80,850	89.9% 73,500	32.7% 26,700	6.9% 5,625
Irrigation	174,650	100.0% 174,650	99.9% 174,525	97.2% 169,825	84.2% 147,100	32.5% 56,725	9.9% 17,325
Production native forests and plantation forests	787,625	100.0% 787,550	100.0% 787,500	99.9% 786,900	99.5% 783,350	87.5% 689,325	48.7% 383,950







