## Total vegetation cover soil protection **Region:NRM Burnett Mary QLD**

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps. Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

### Erosion protection

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

### **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3











Date: February 2018

# **Vegetation Cover Feb 2018**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

Derived from

Use of Australia

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

is only for the

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

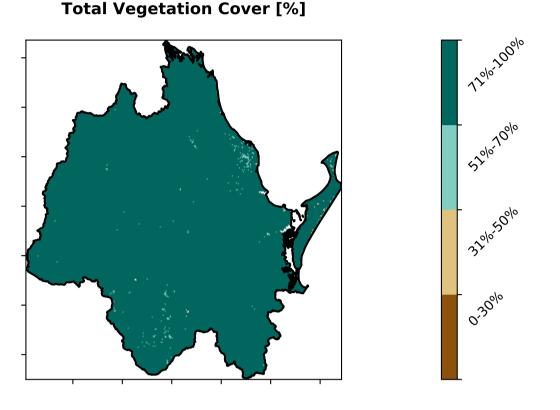
pixel. The mean

month of the map

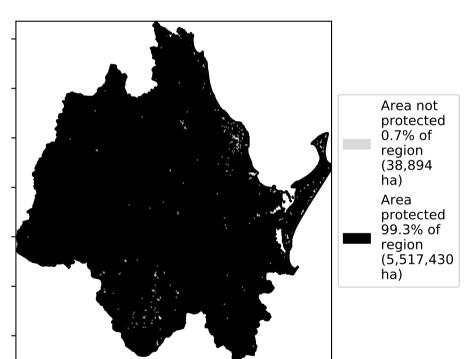
Land Use and Forests

Catchment Scale Land

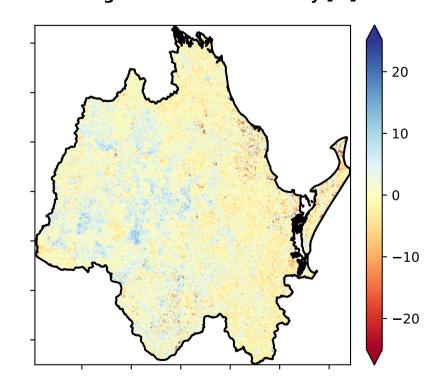
### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments -2 Conservation and natural environments -3 Conservation and natural environments -Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

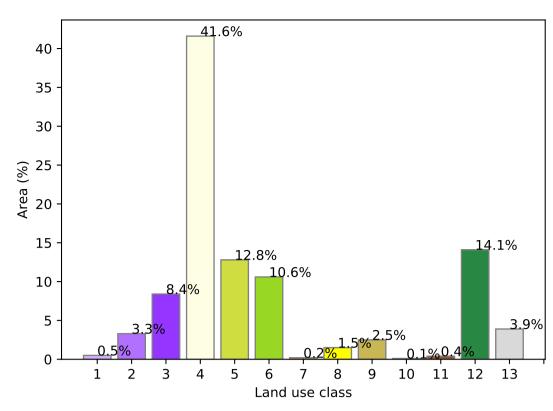


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

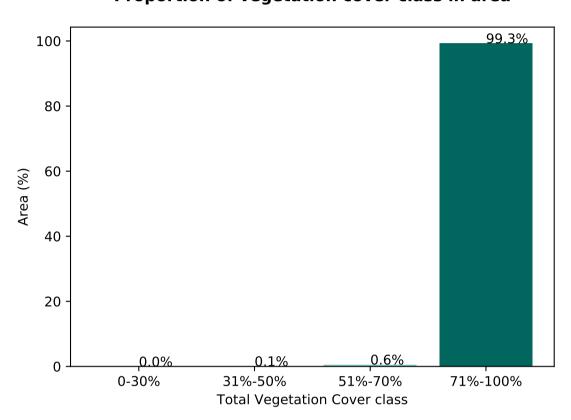


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

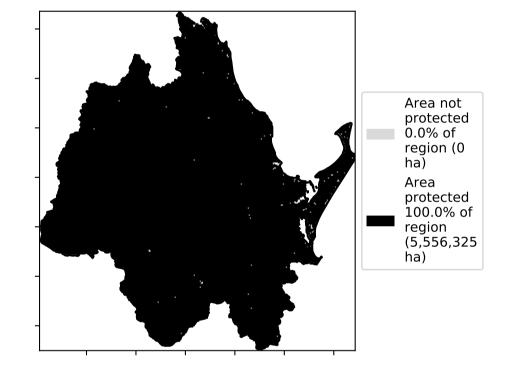
### Proportion of each land class in area

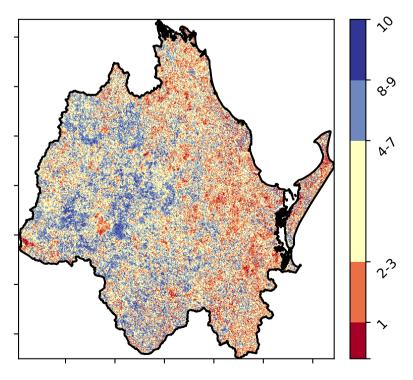


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







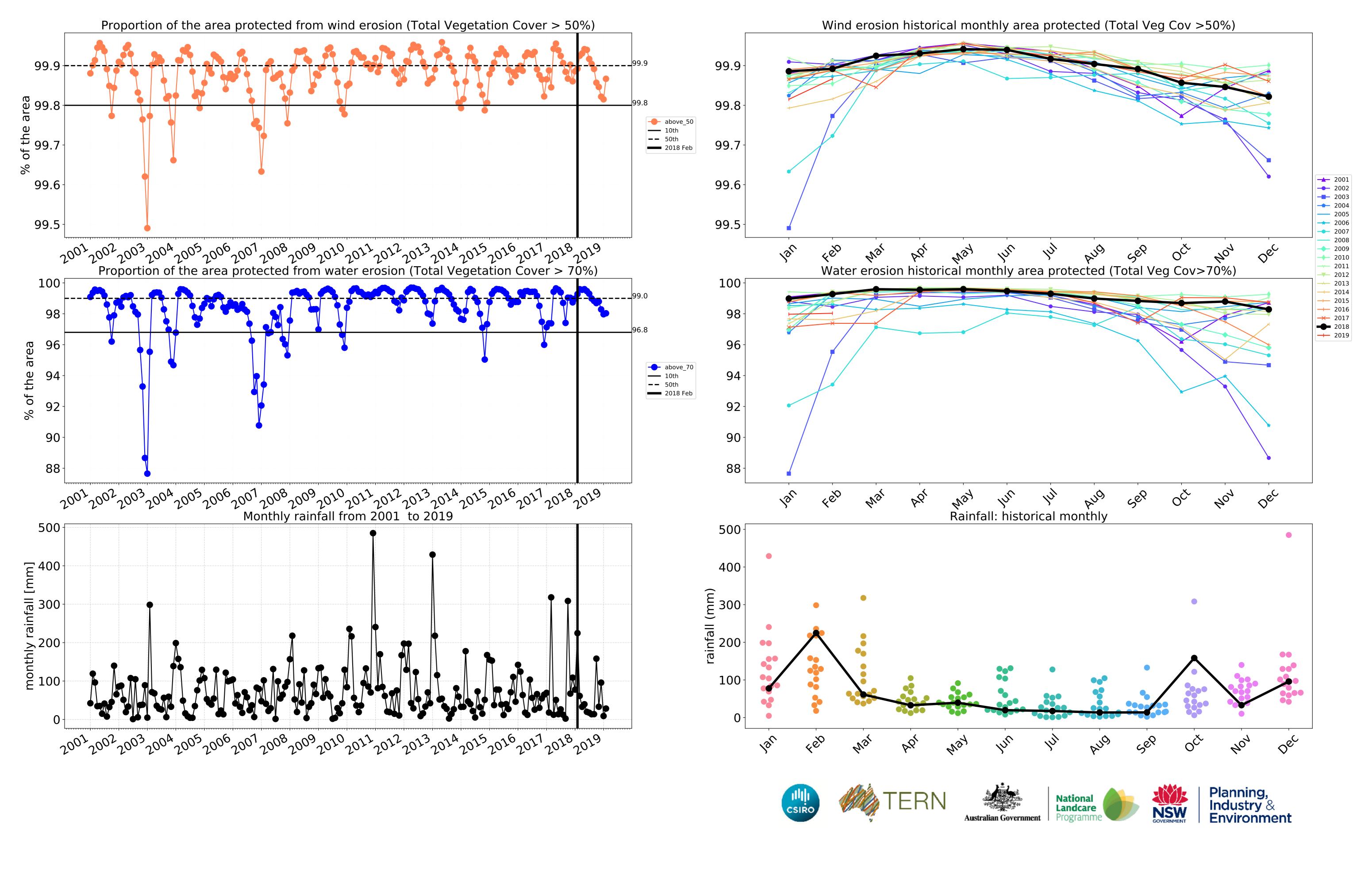


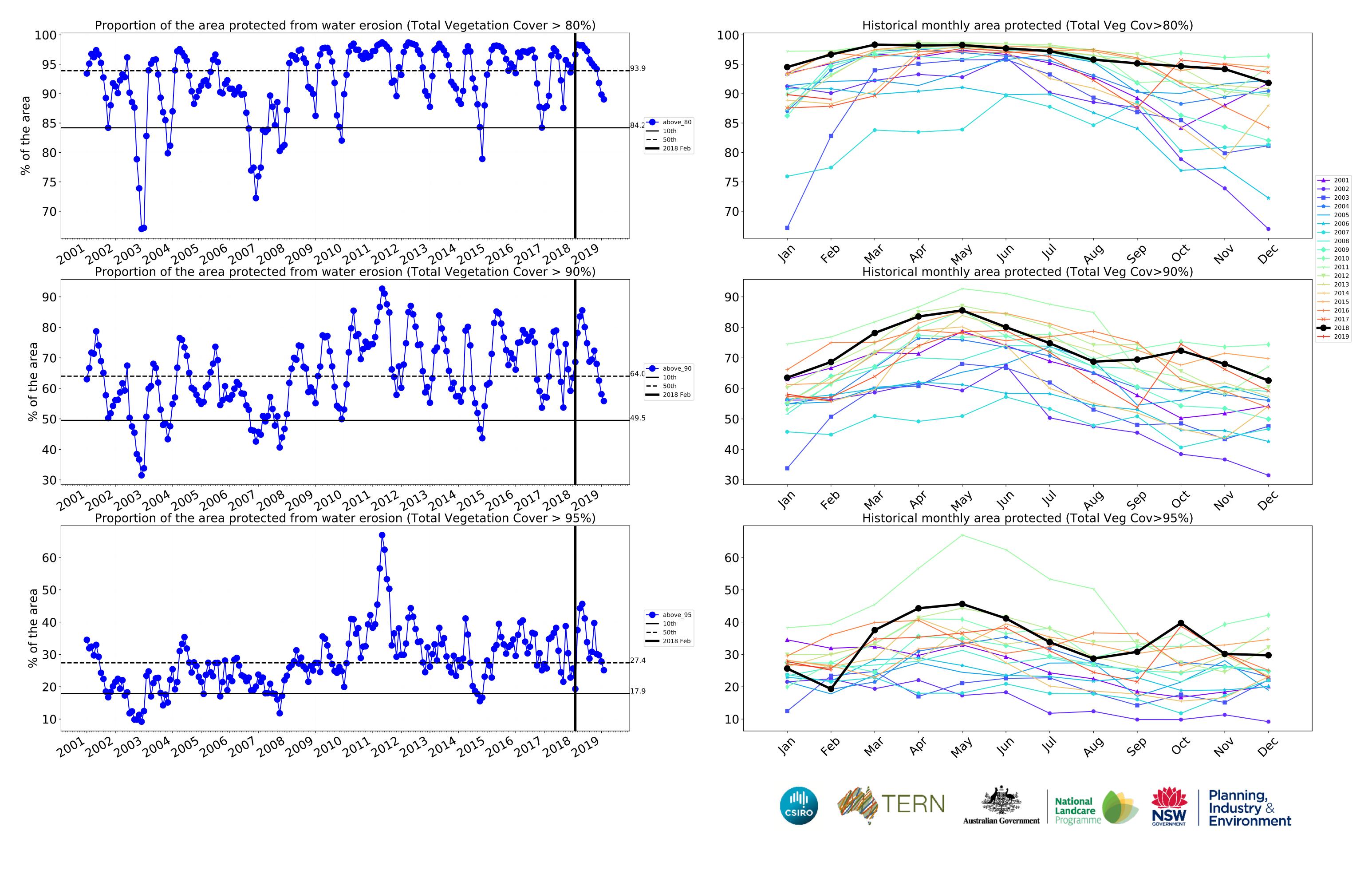












\_

### **Conservation and natural environments**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

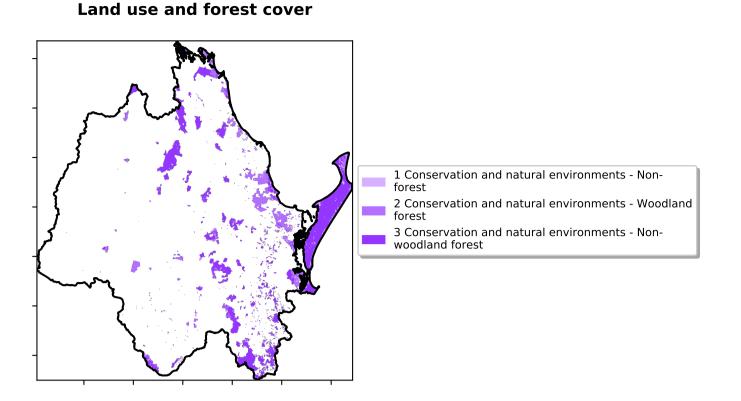
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

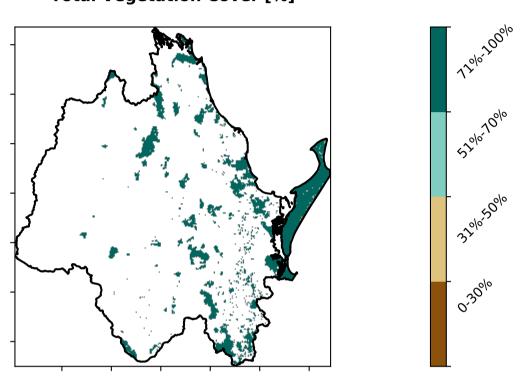
is only for the month of the map



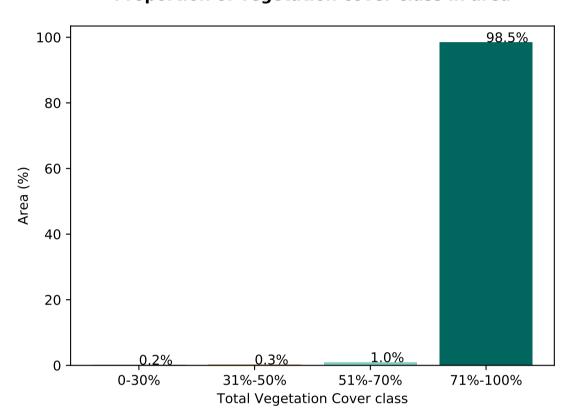
# 70 - 68.6% - 60 - 50 - 27.0% - 20 - 10 - 4.4% - 10 - 2 Land use class

Proportion of each land class in area

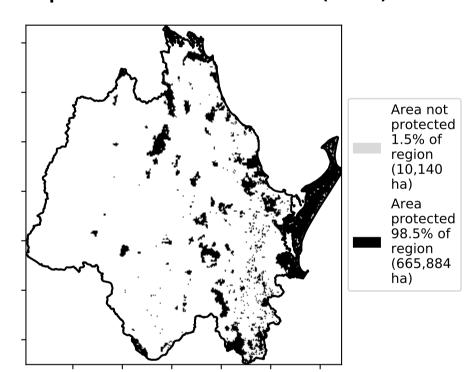
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



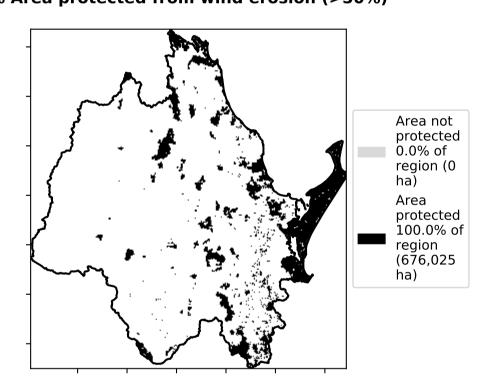
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



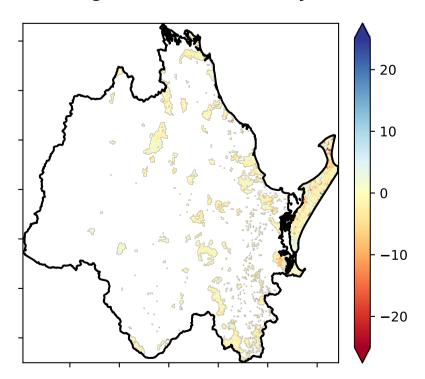
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



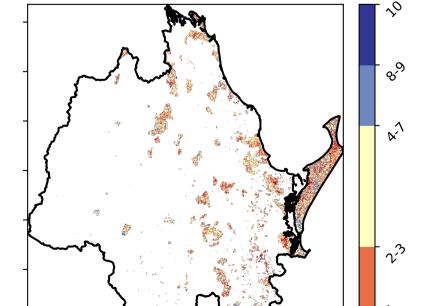
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







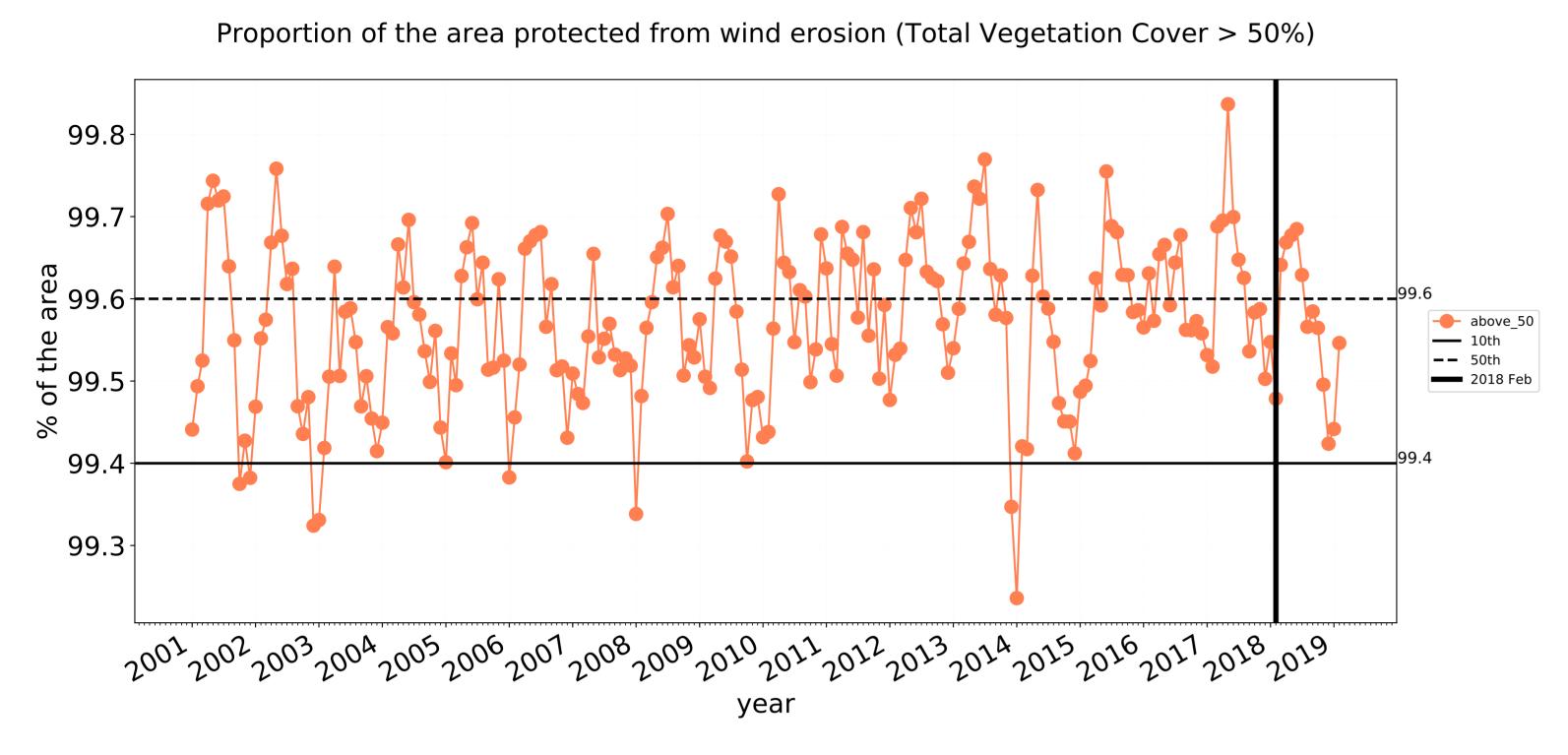




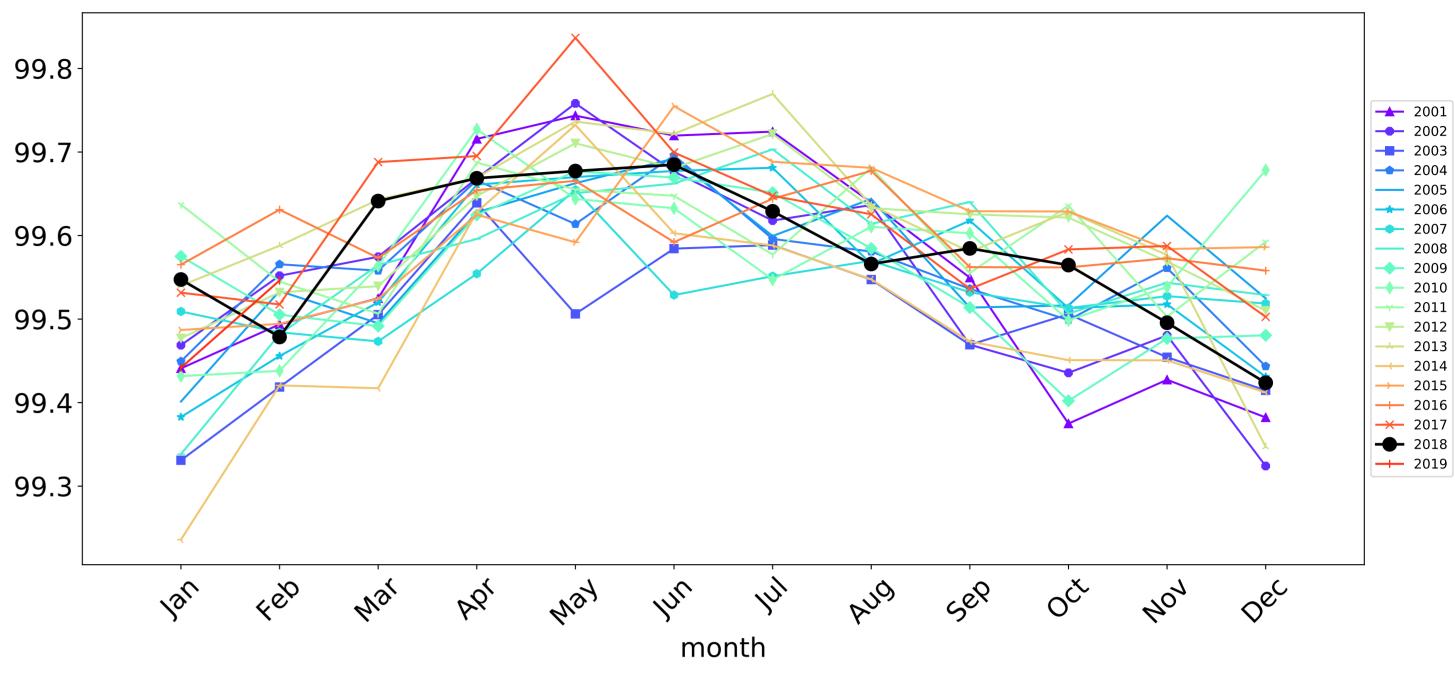


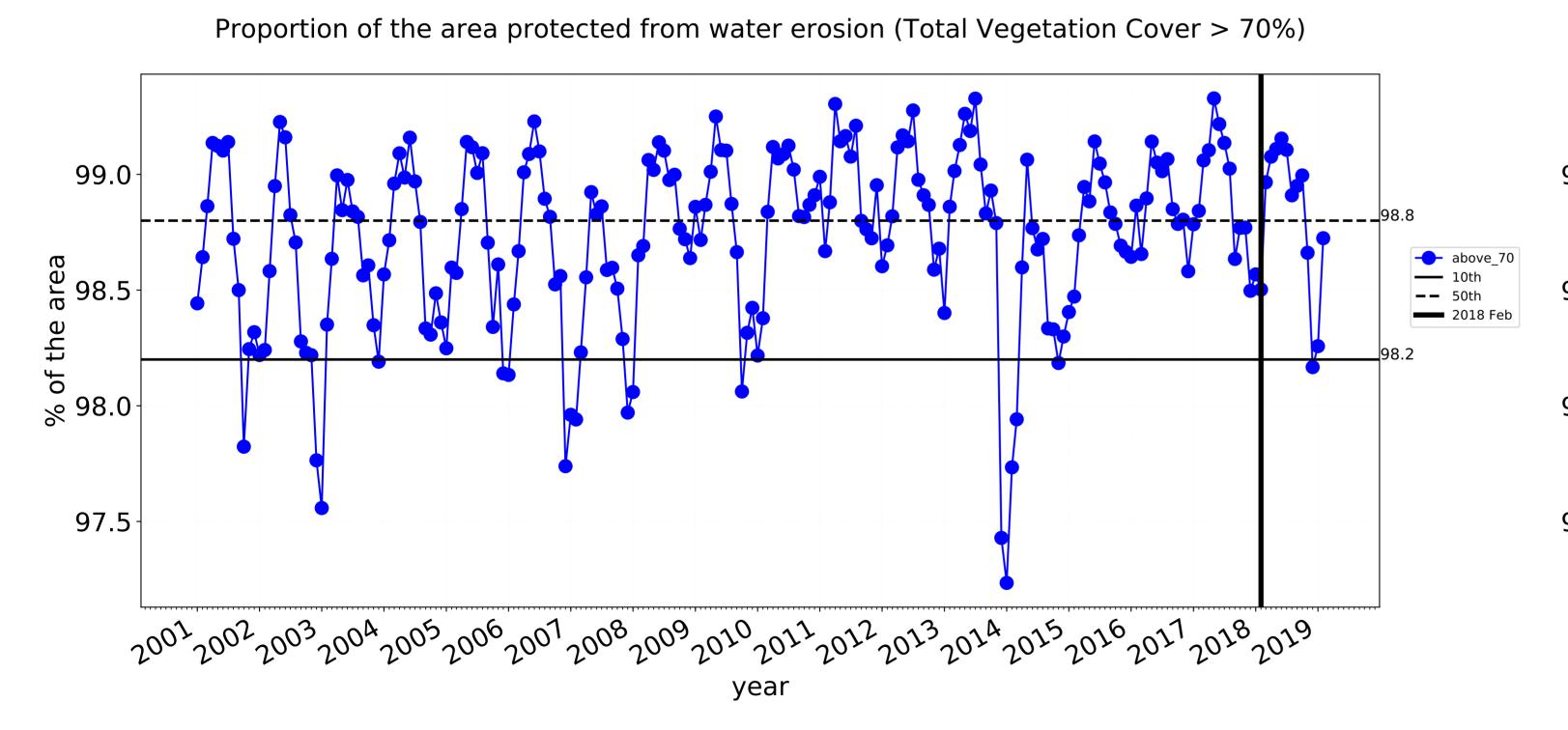


### **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

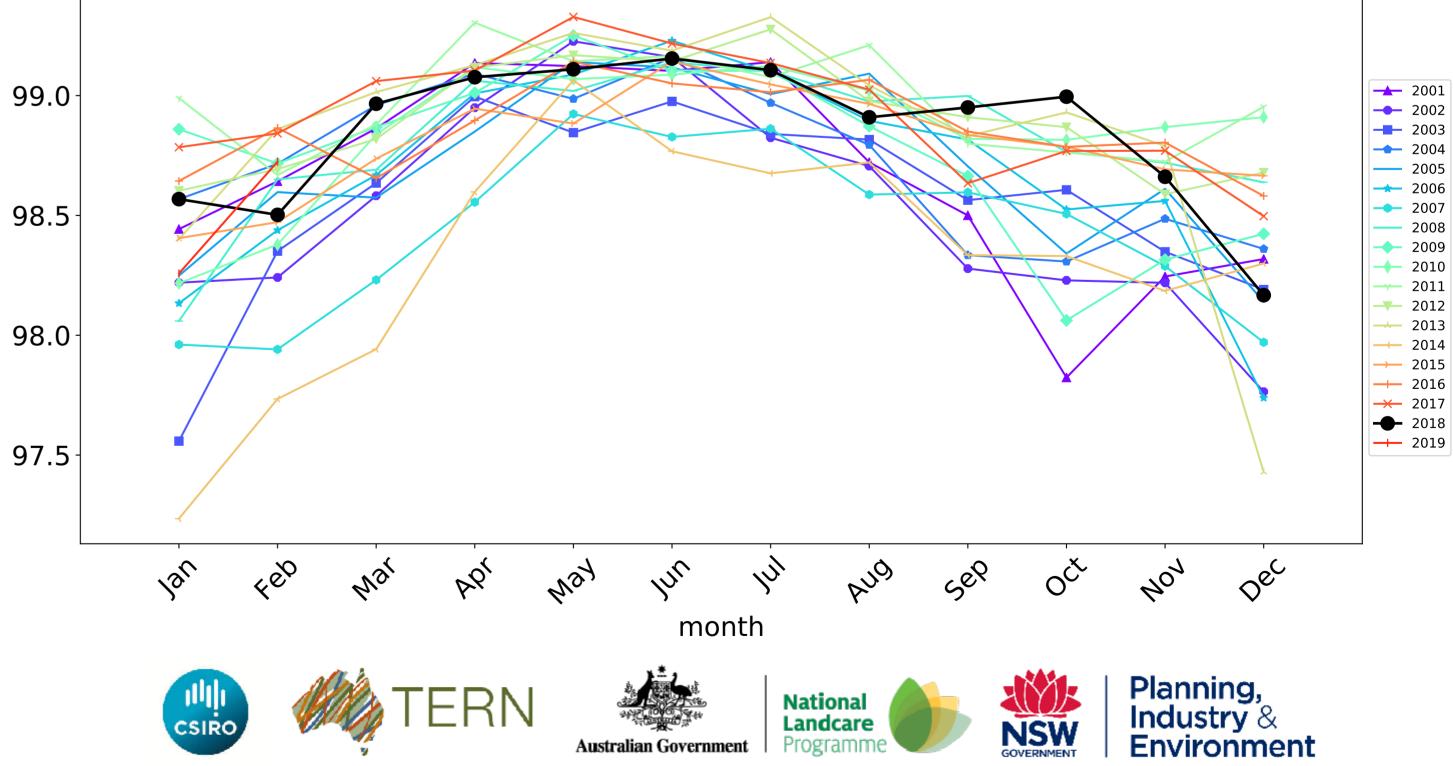


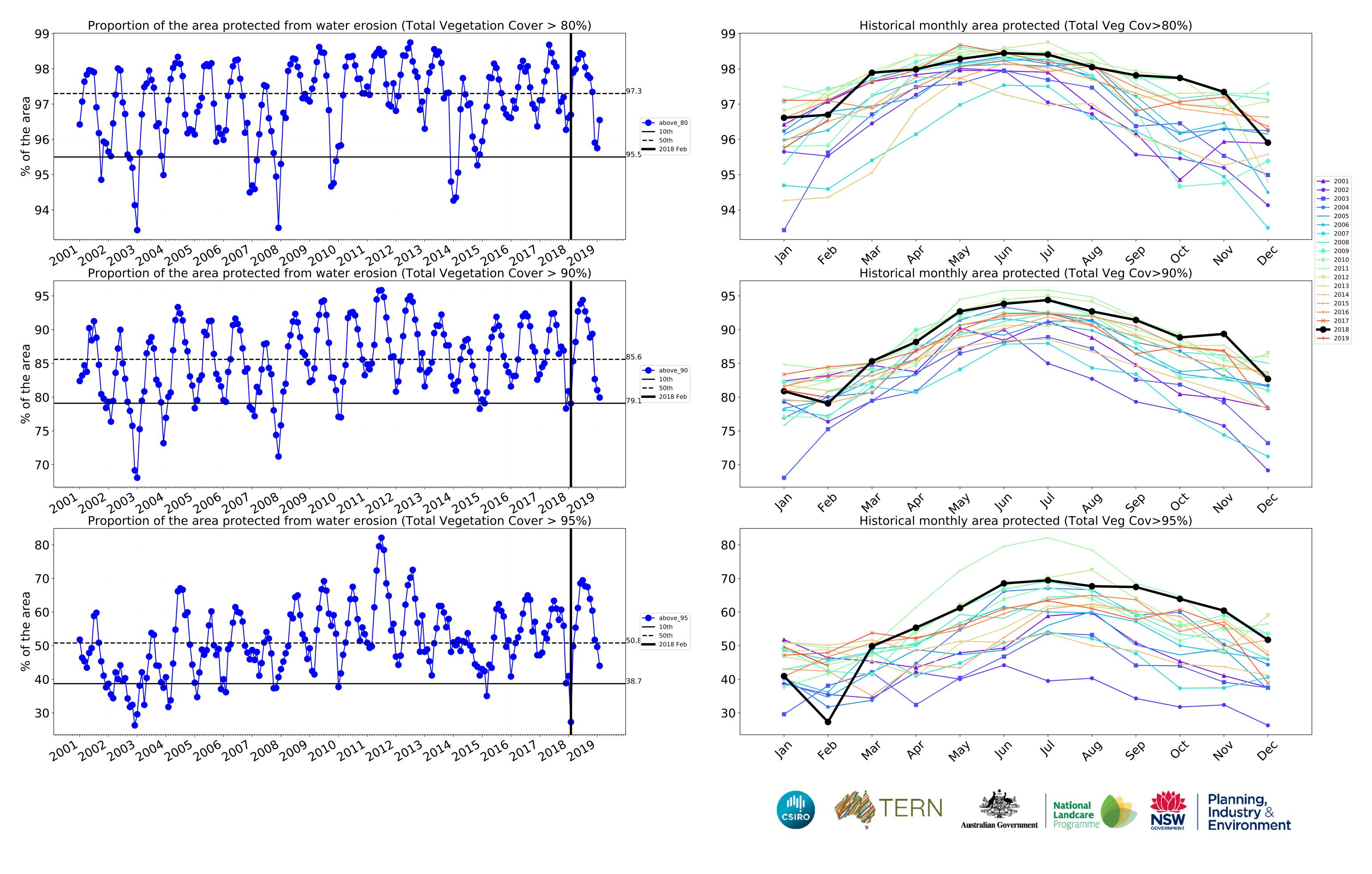
### Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)





### Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)





### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

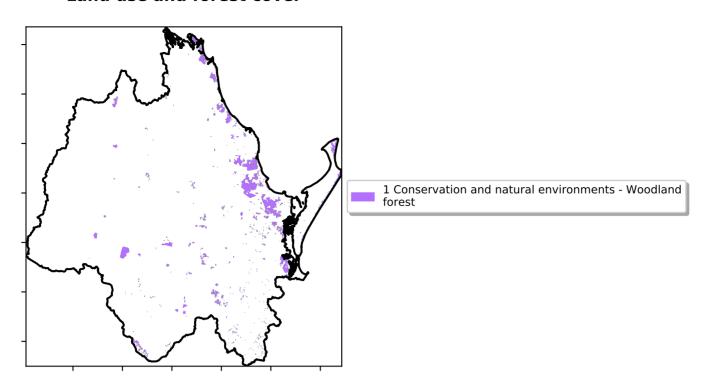
the mean. That

pixel. The mean

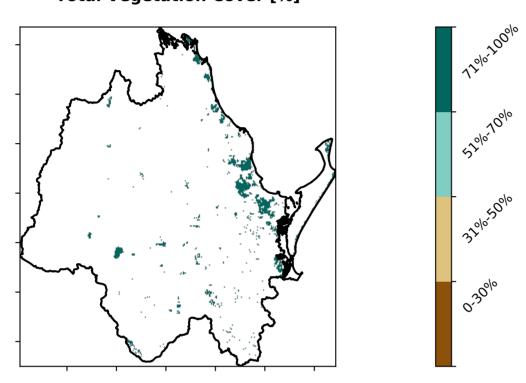
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

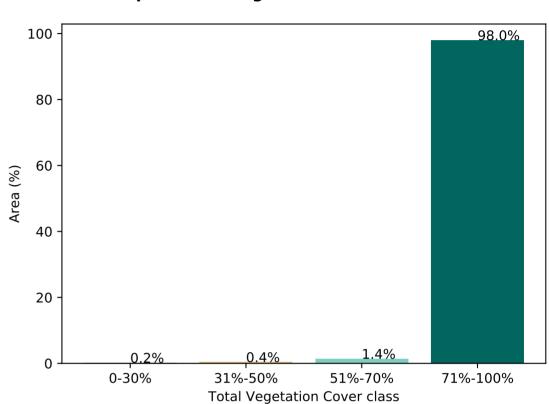
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



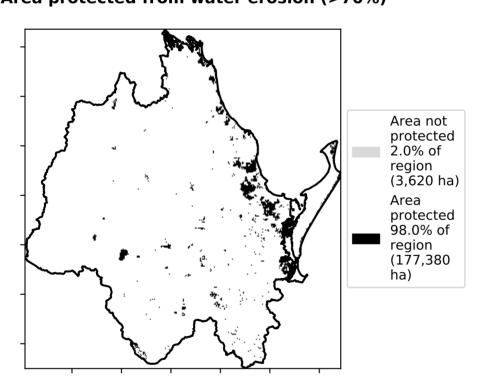
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



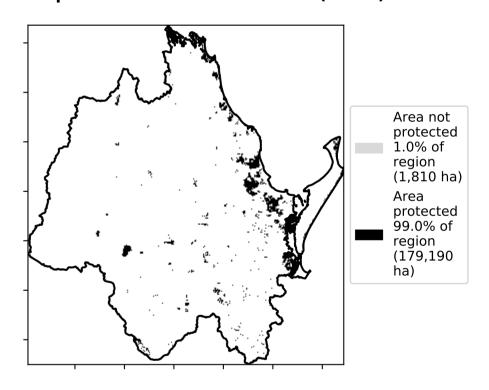
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



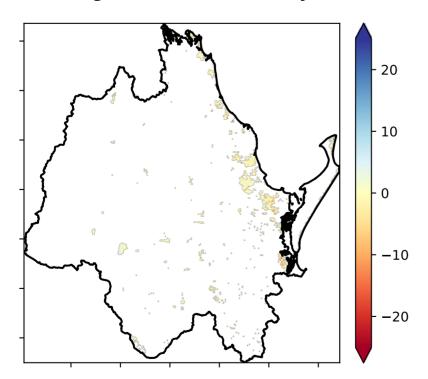
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



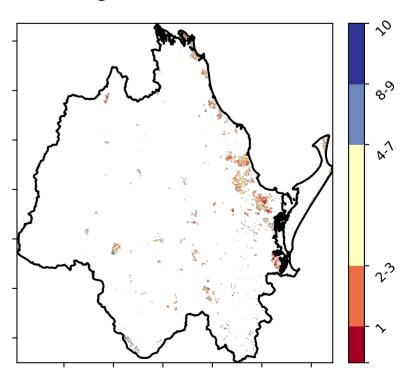
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







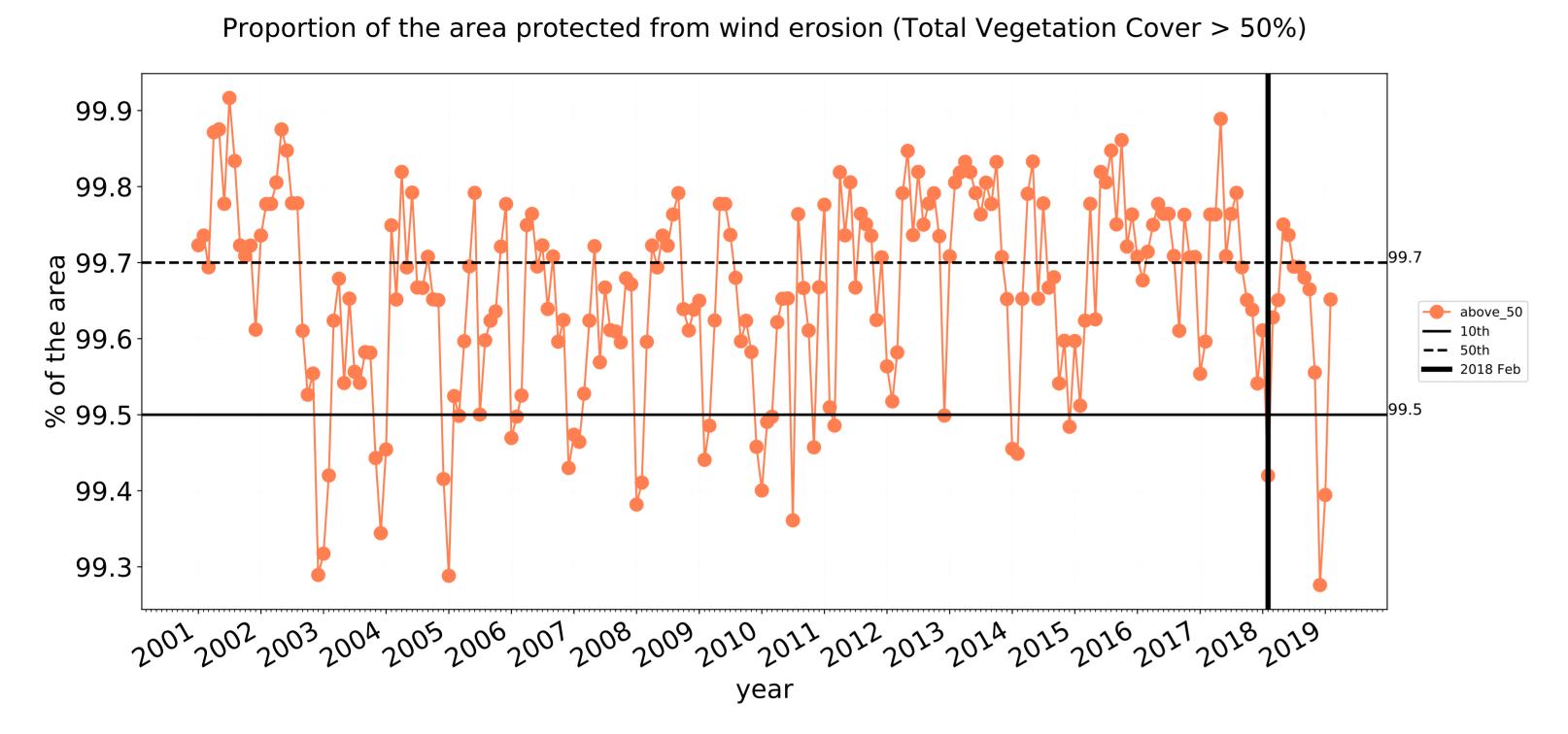




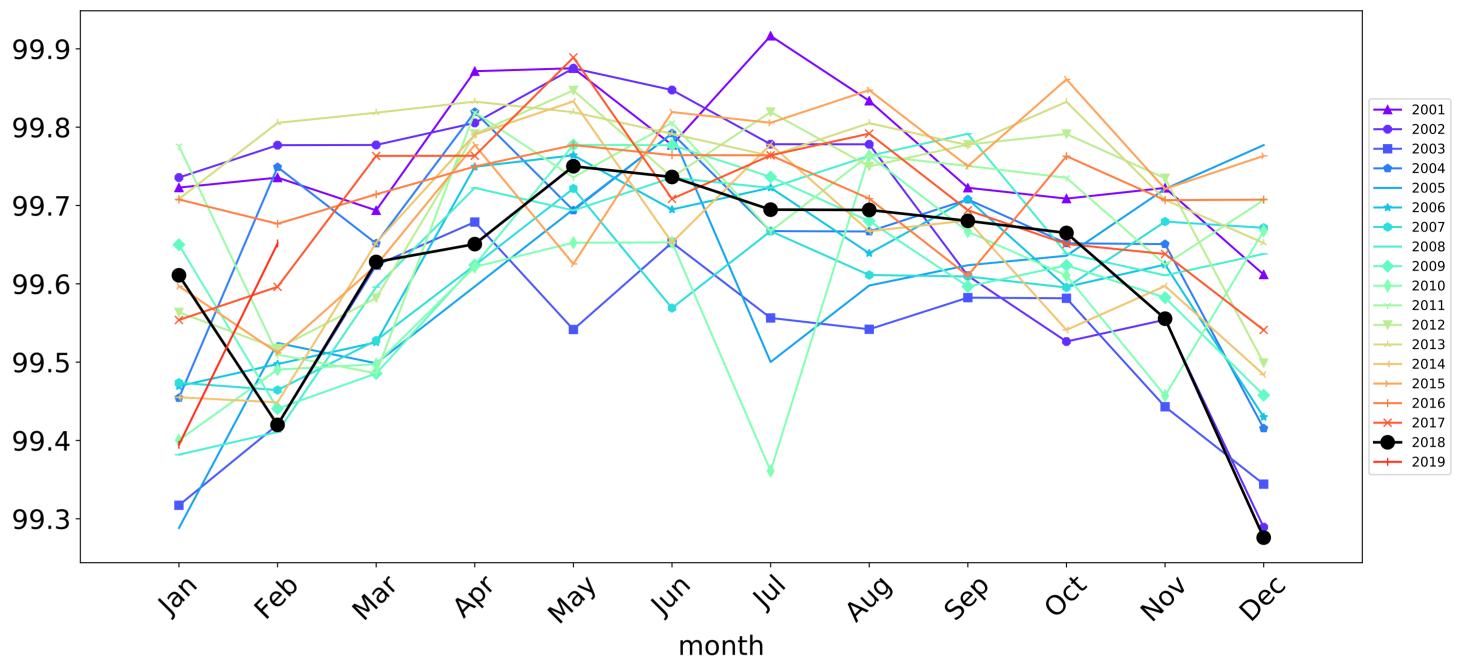


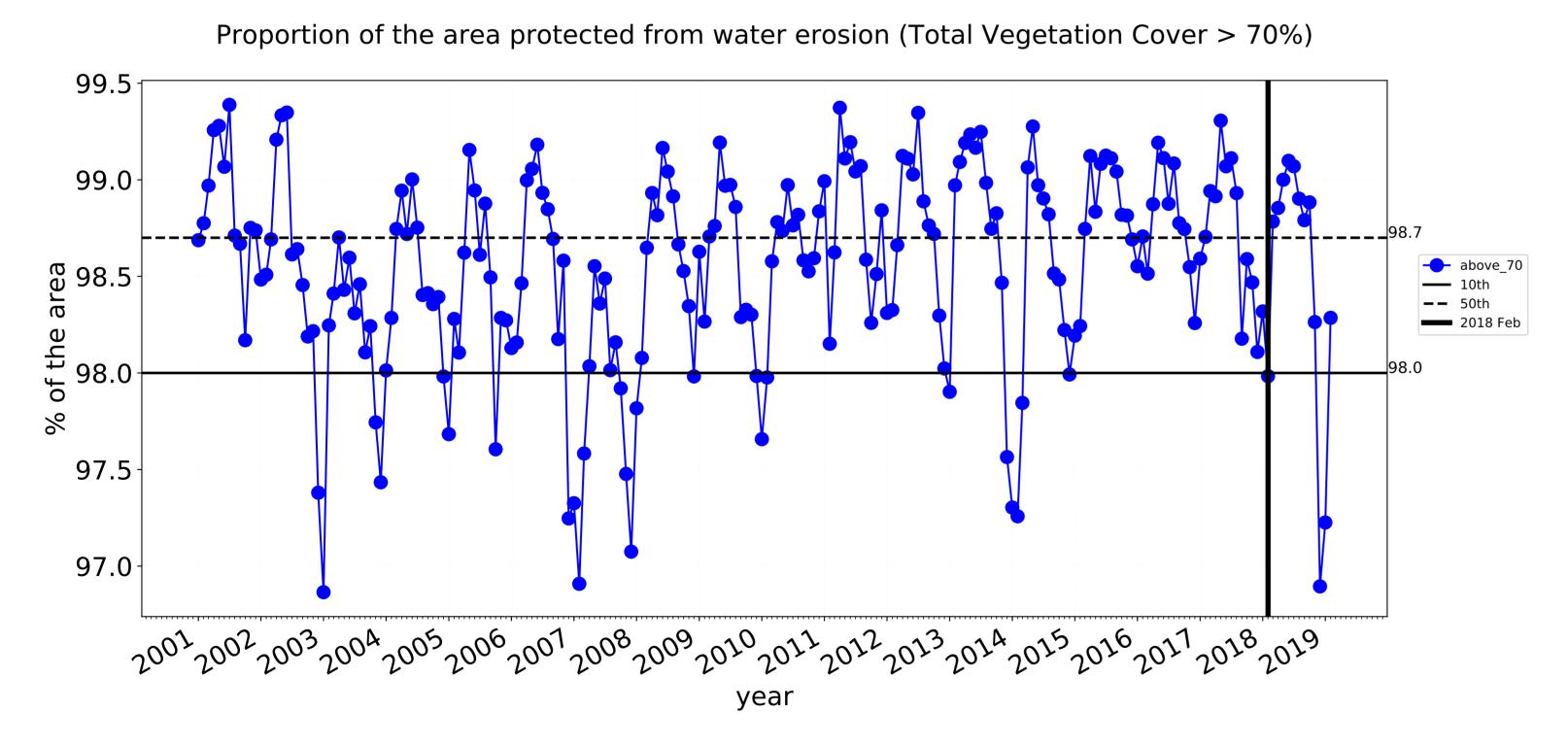


### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**



### Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)

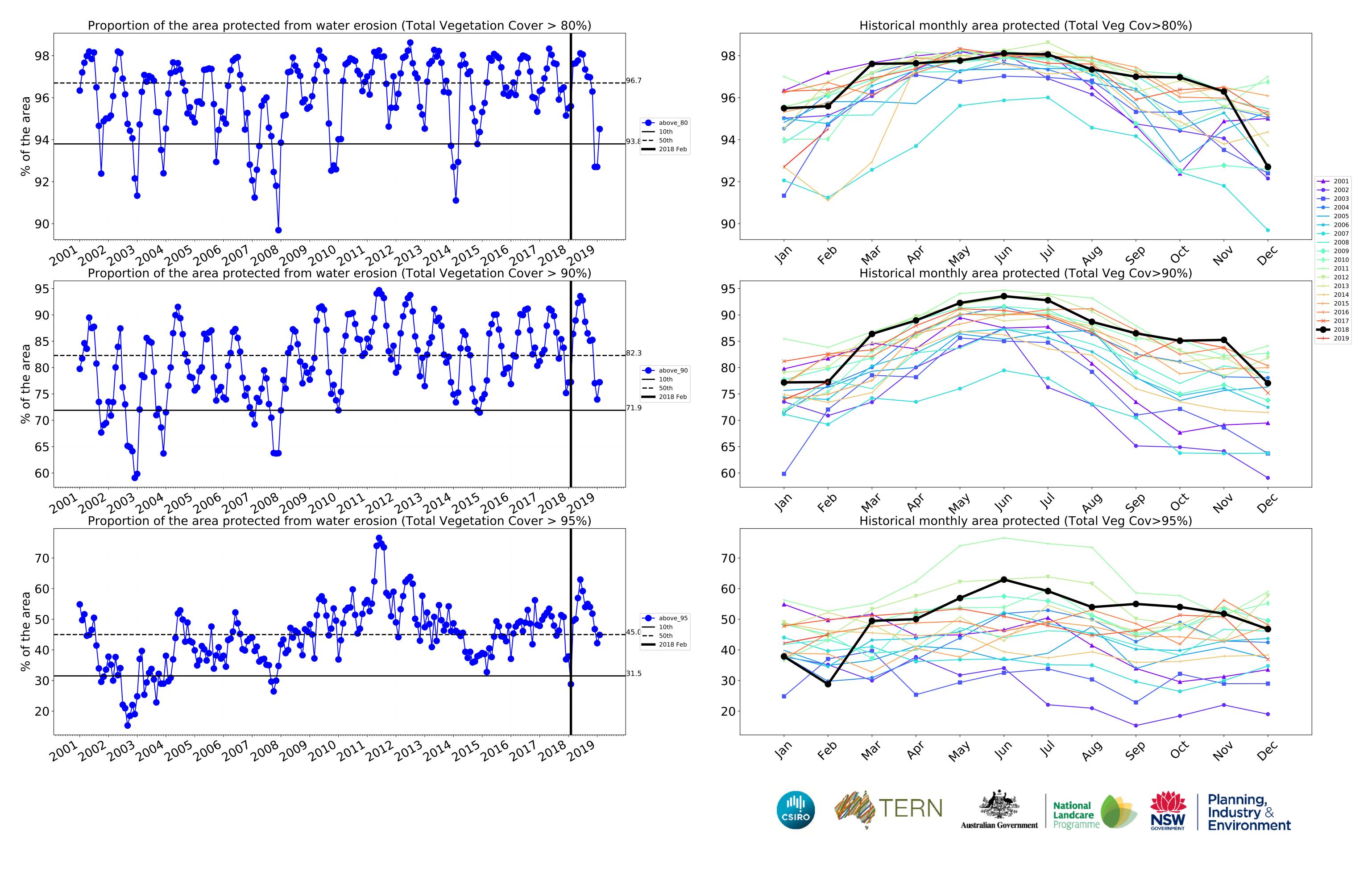




# Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%) 99.5 99.0 2001 2002 2003 \_\_\_\_ 2005 98.5 **→** 2010 2011 98.0 <del>←</del> 2014 **→** 2015 97.5 <del>×</del> 2017 2018 2019 97.0 month Planning, Industry & Environment

National Landcare

NSW GOVERNMENT



### **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

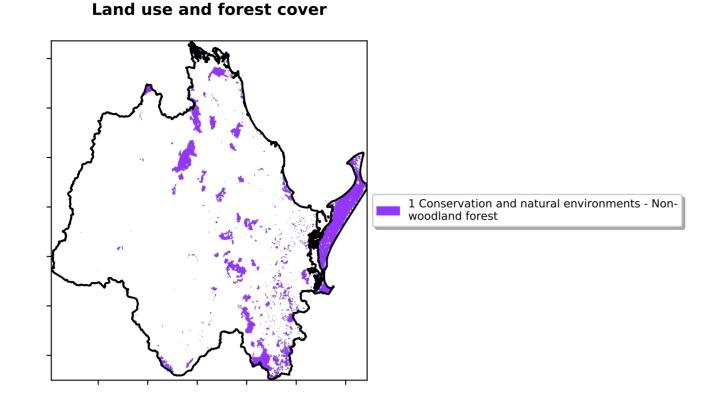
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels

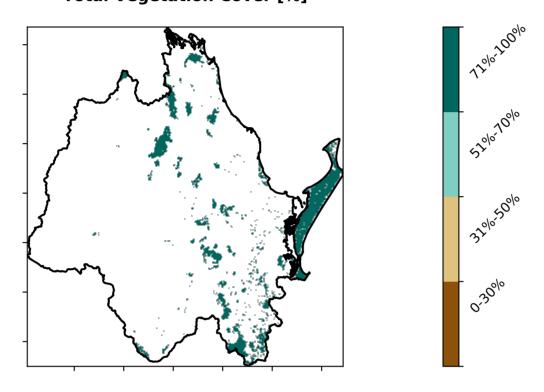
are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

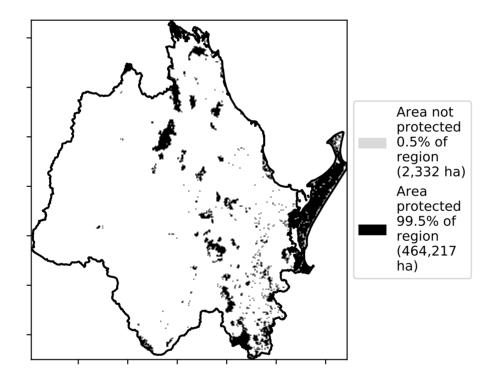
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



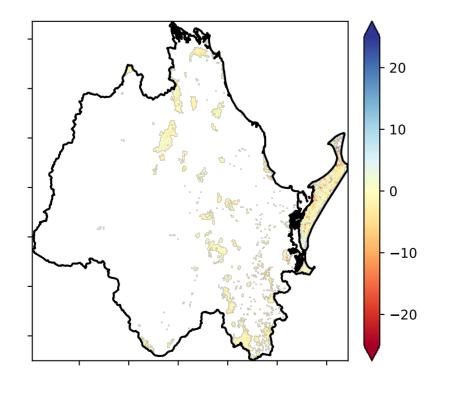
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

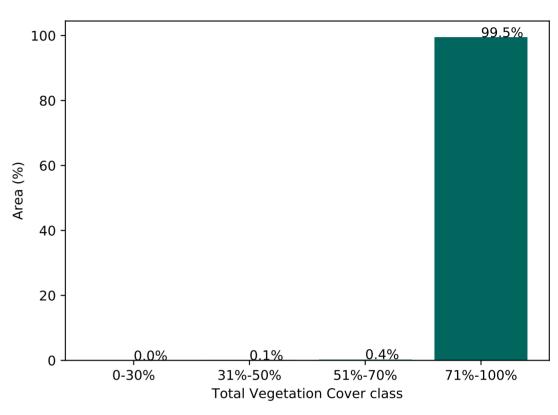


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

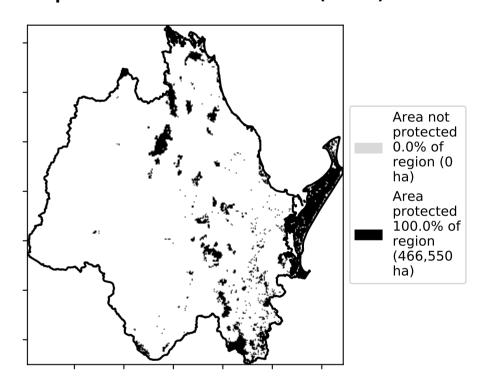


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

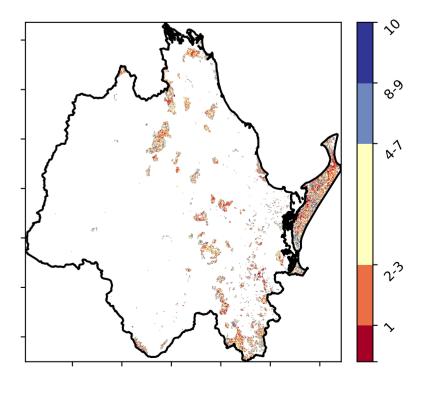
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





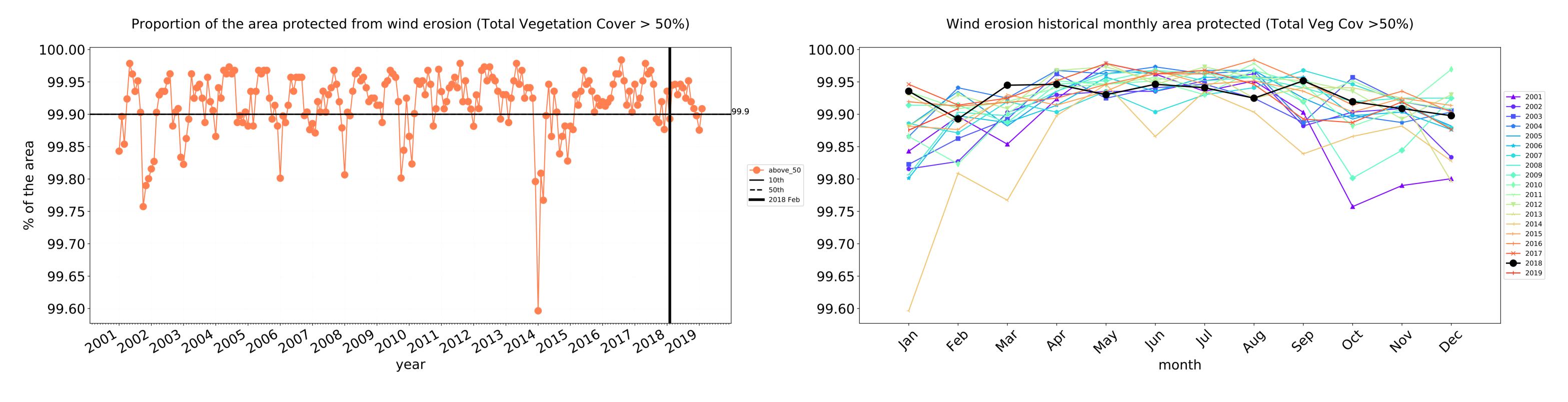


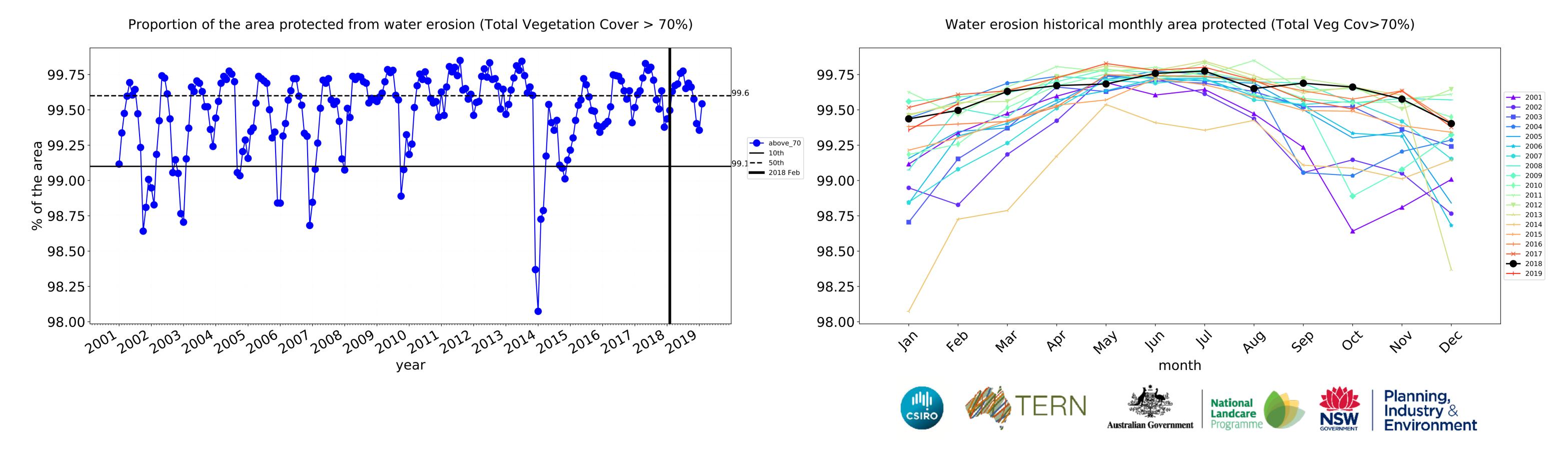


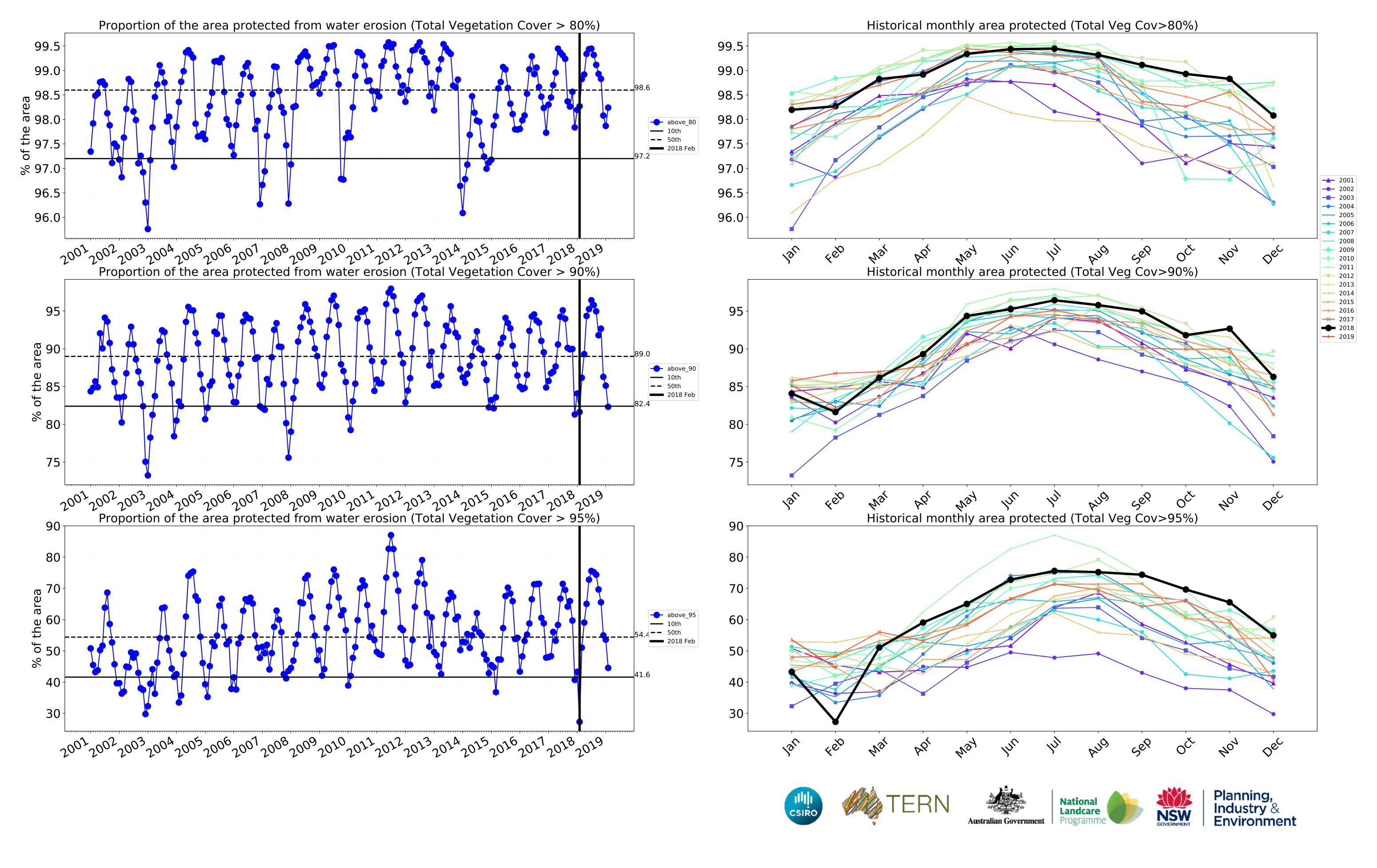












### **Agriculture**

### Land use and forest cover

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

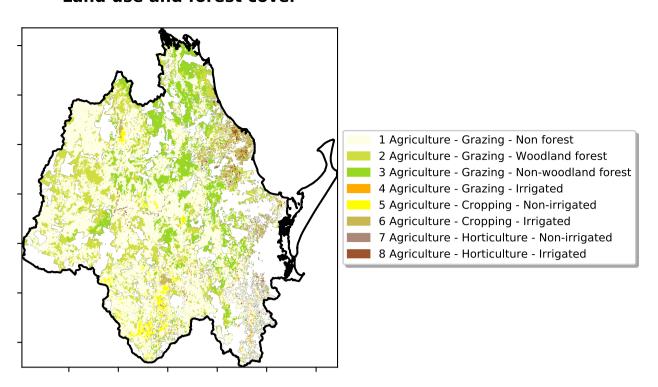
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

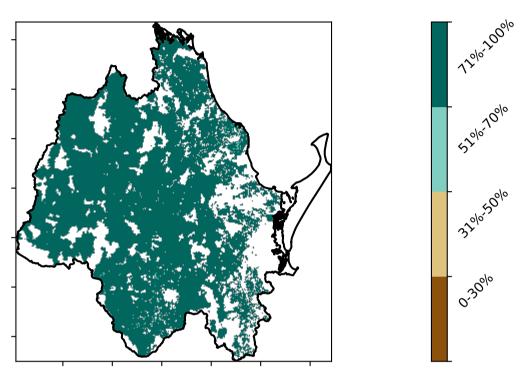
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

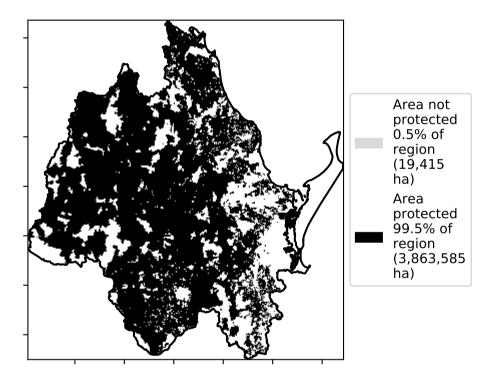
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



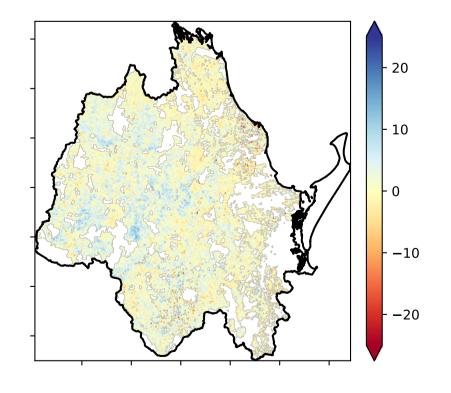
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

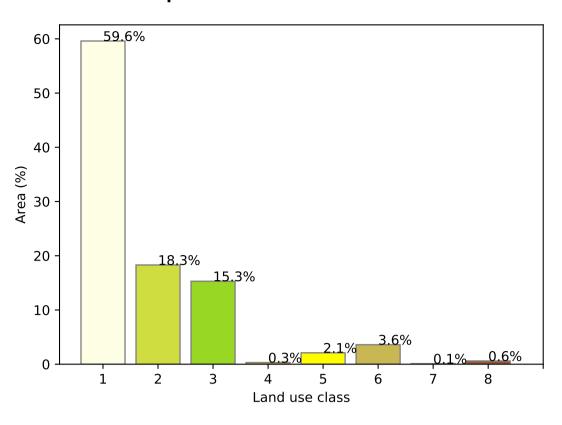


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

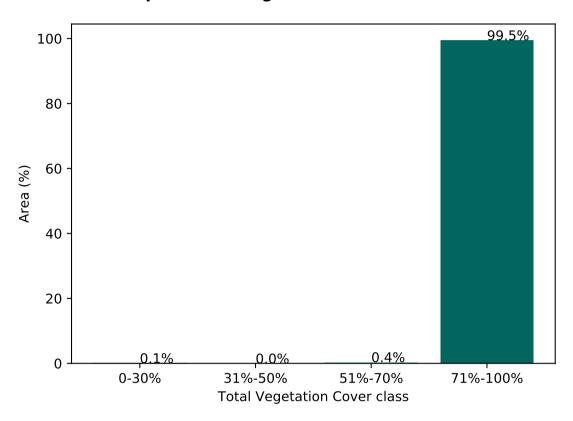


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

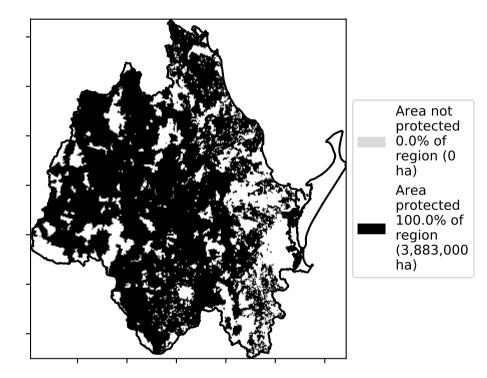
### Proportion of each land class in area

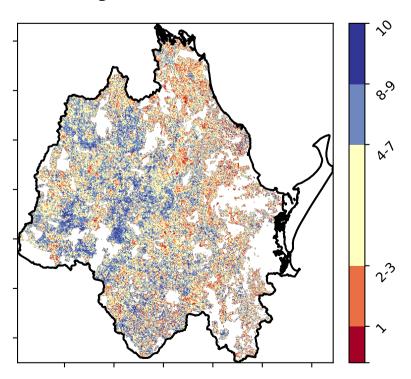


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









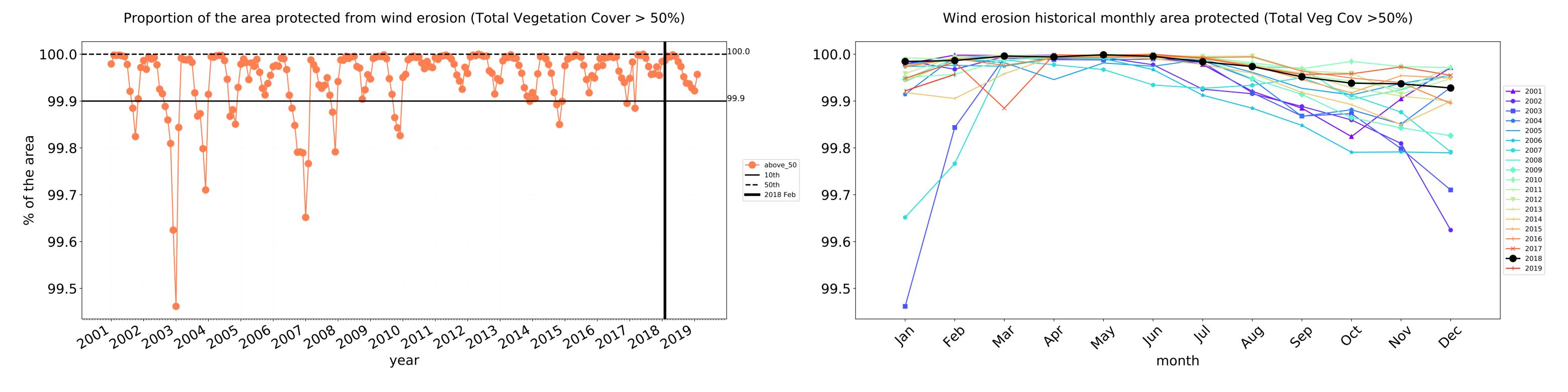


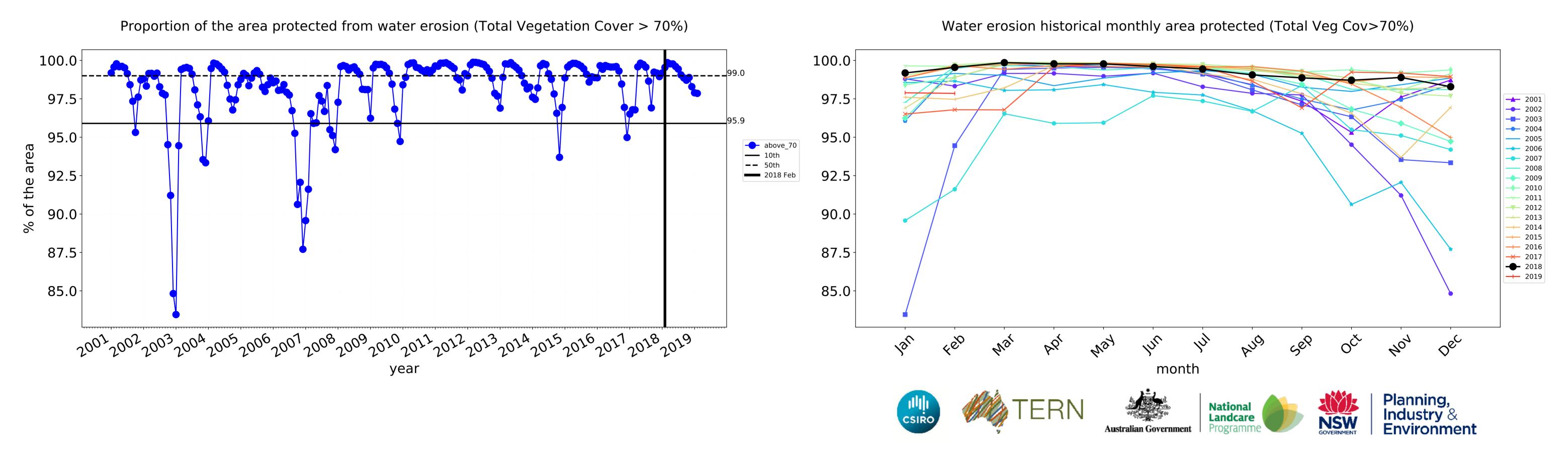


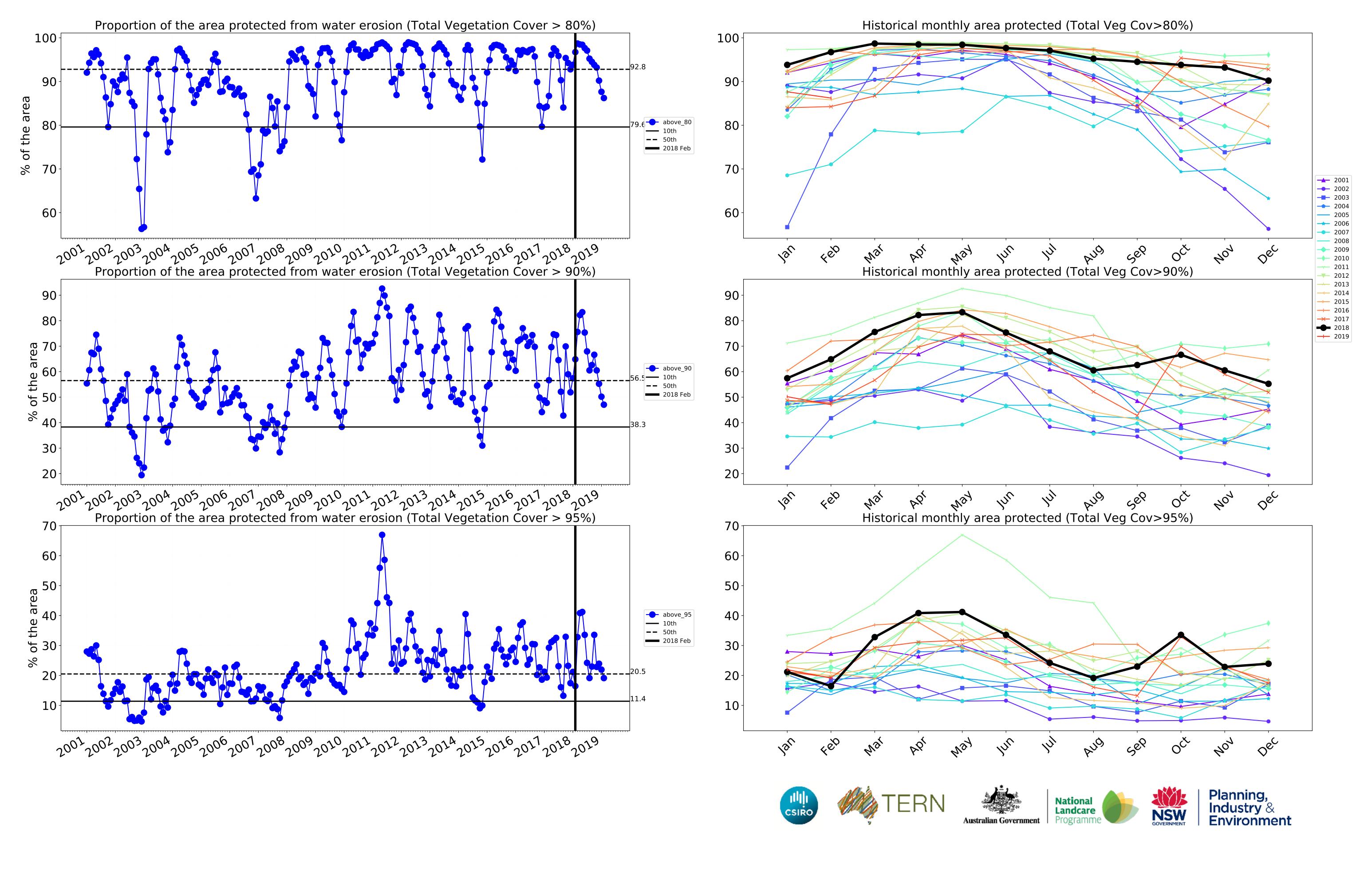




### **Agriculture timeseries**





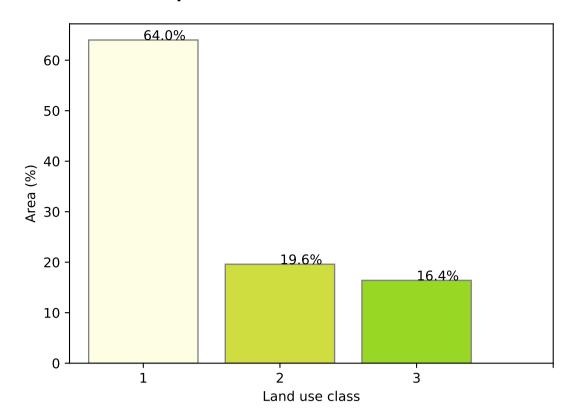


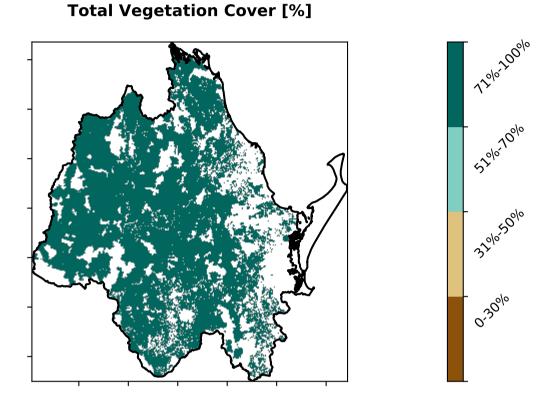
### **Grazing**

### Land use and forest cover

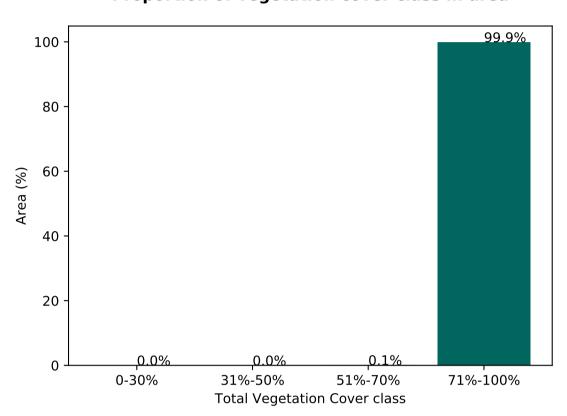
# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 3 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest The state of the s

### Proportion of each land class in area

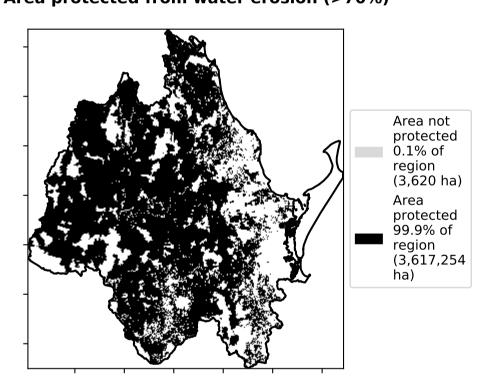




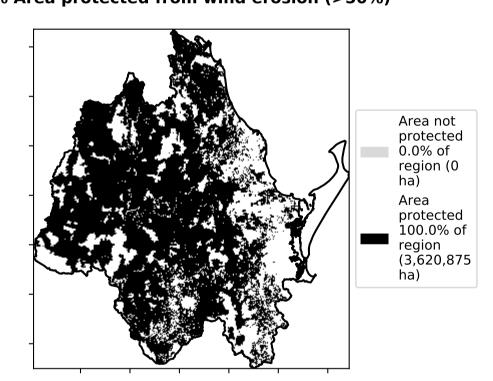
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



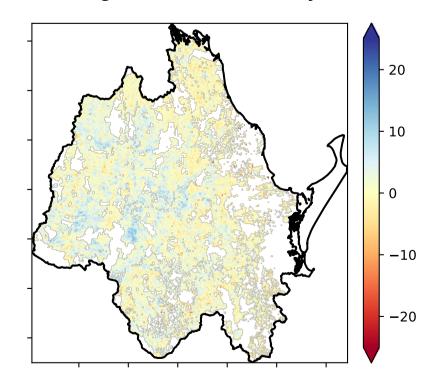
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

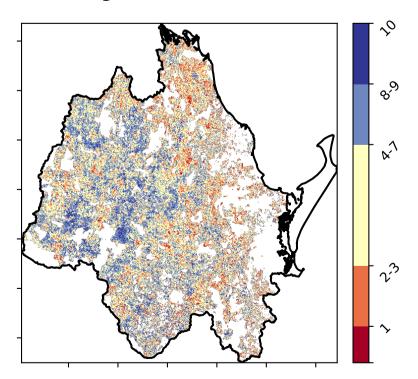


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



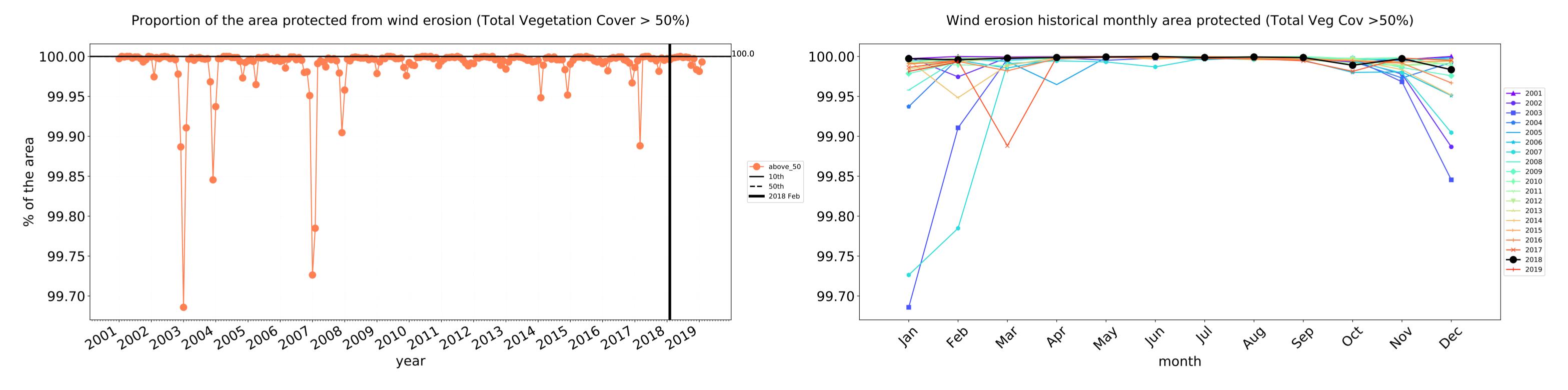


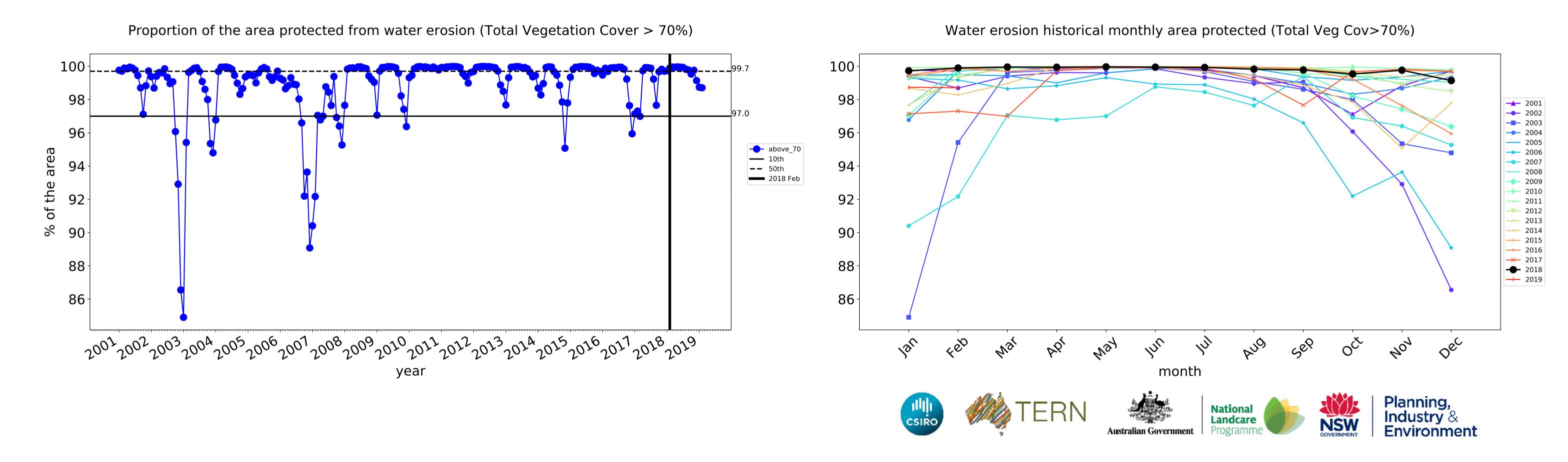


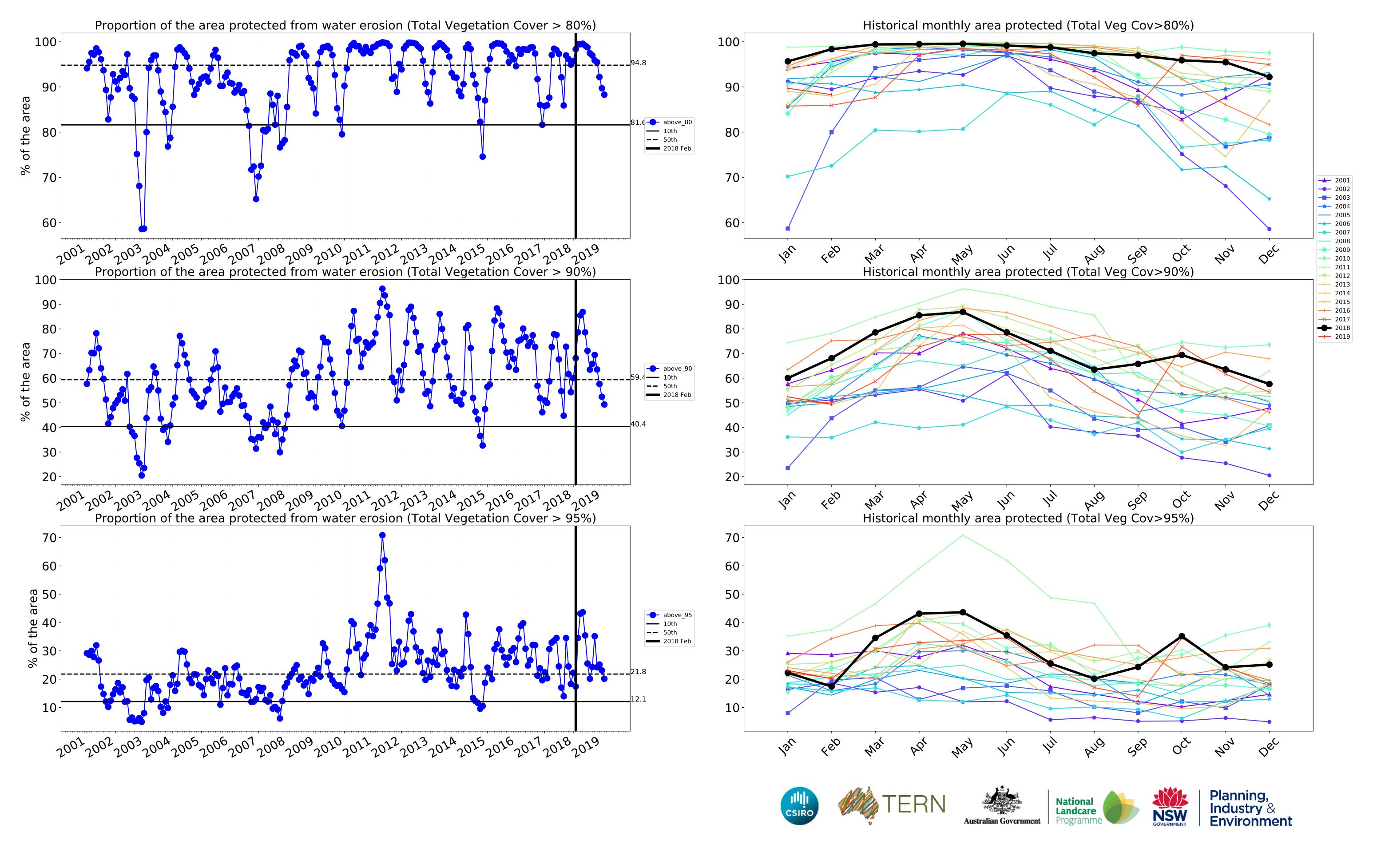




### **Grazing timeseries**







### **Grazing non forest**

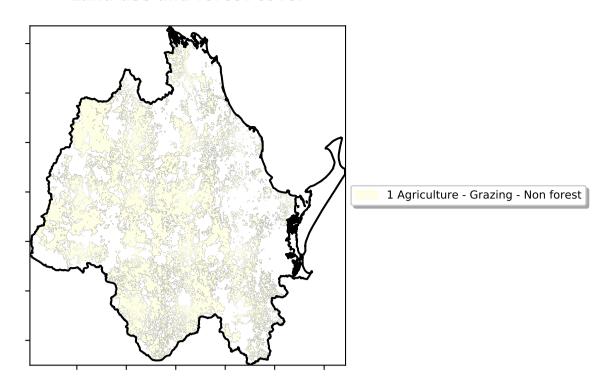
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

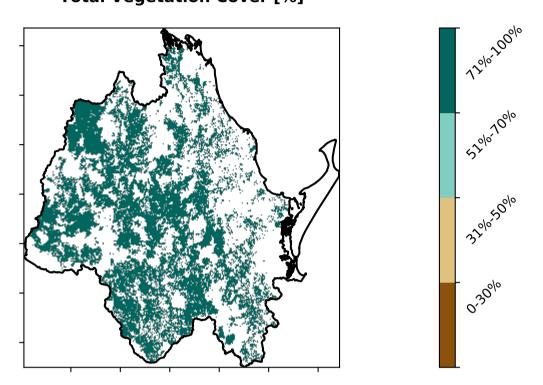
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels

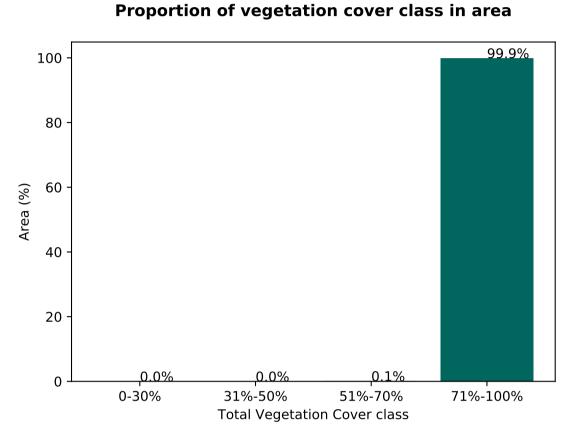
are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

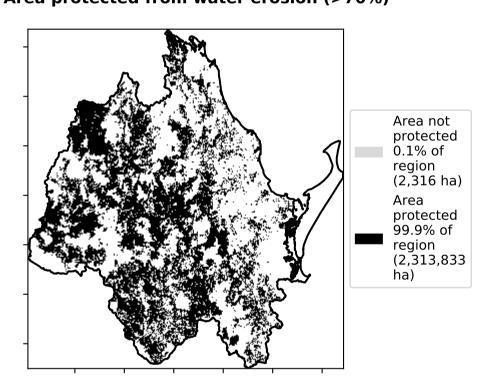


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

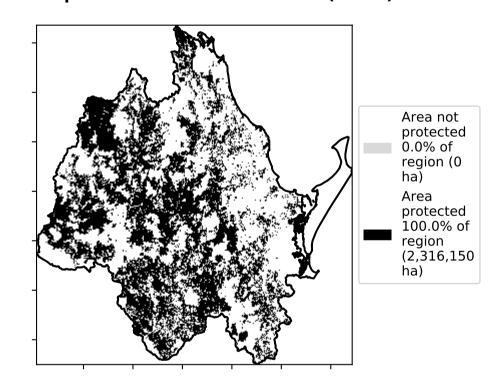




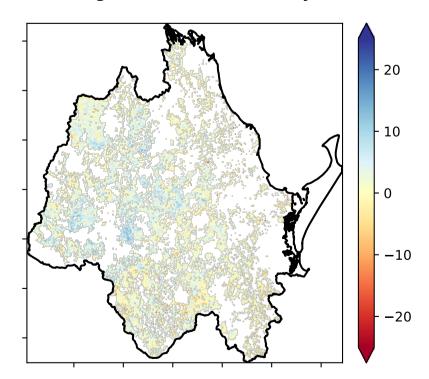
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



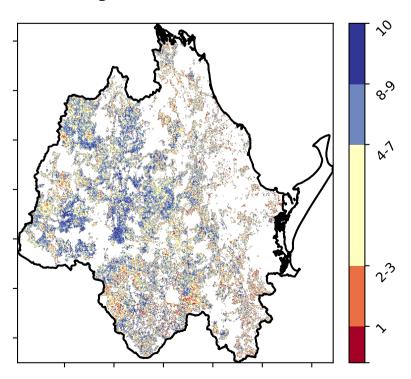
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







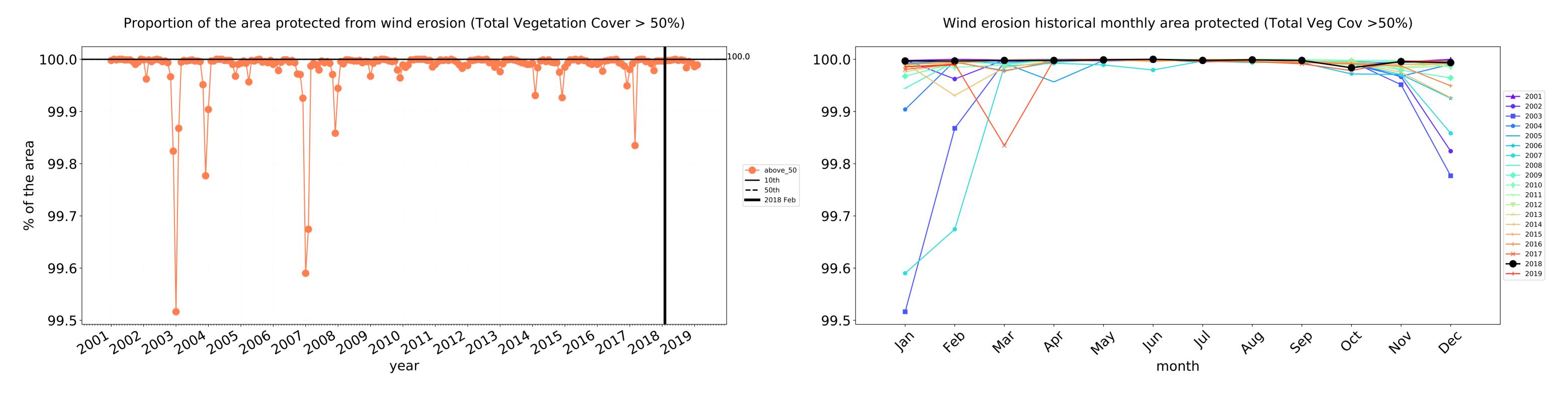


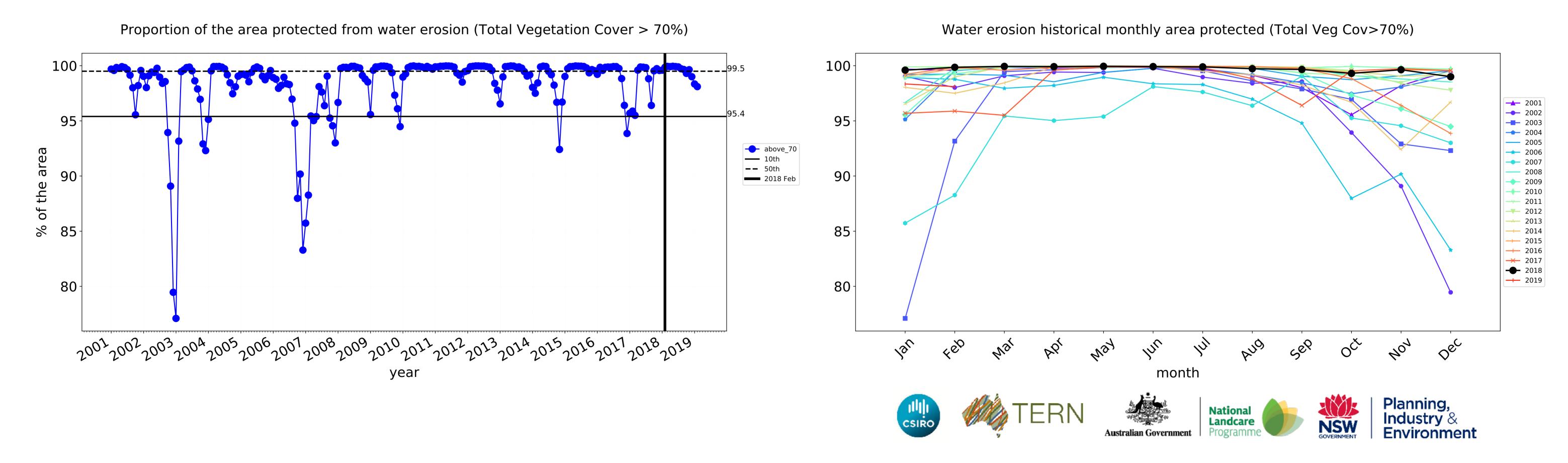


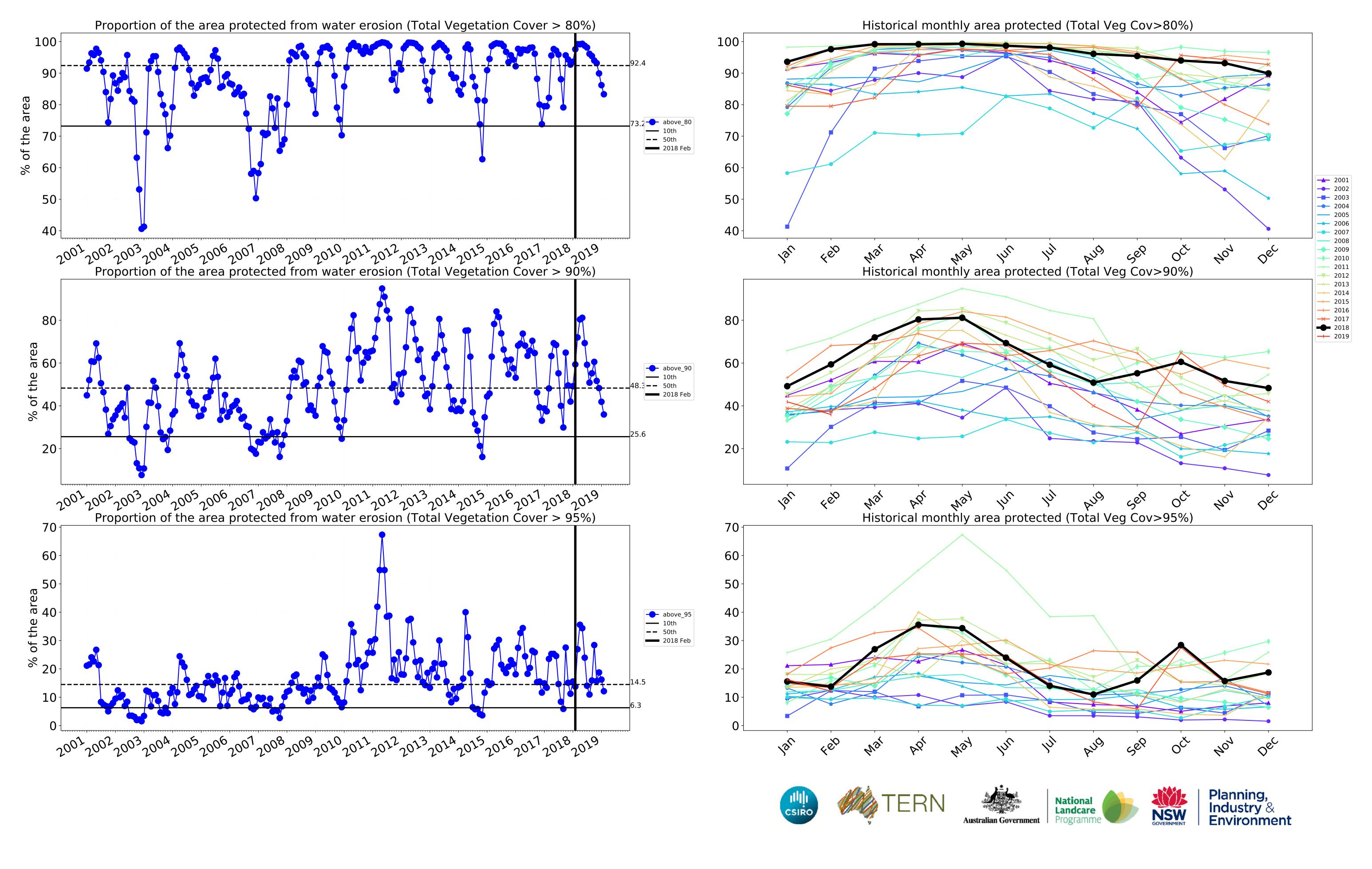




### **Grazing non forest timeseries**







### **Grazing Woodland forest**

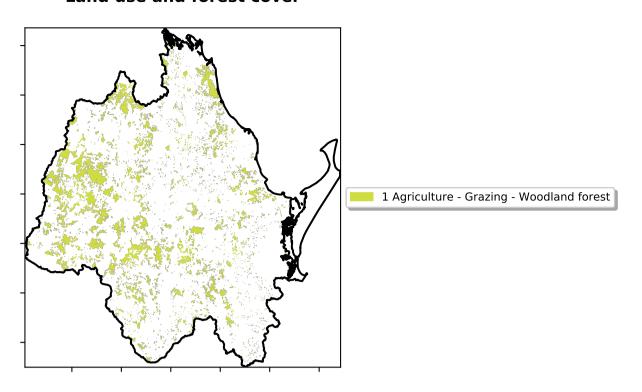
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

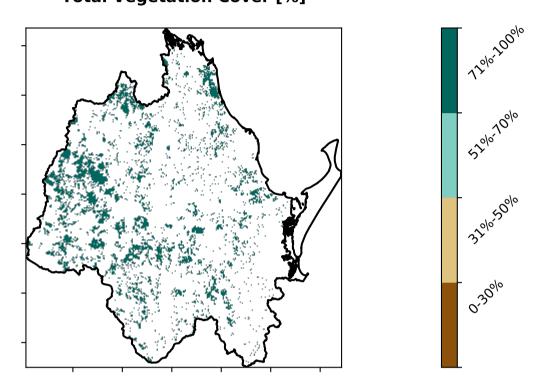
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

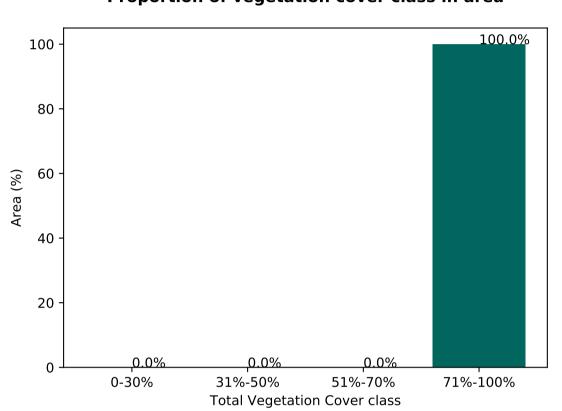
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



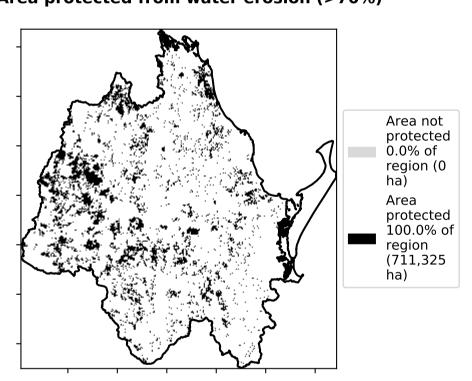
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



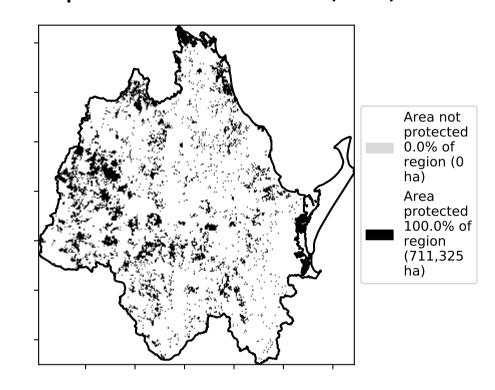
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



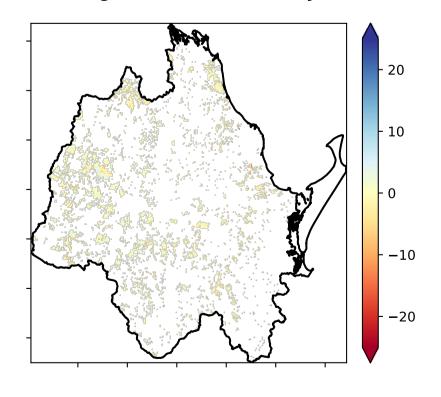
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



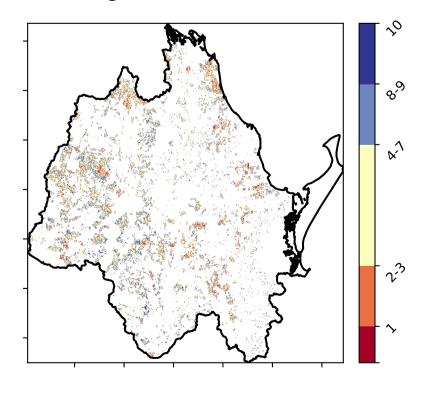
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







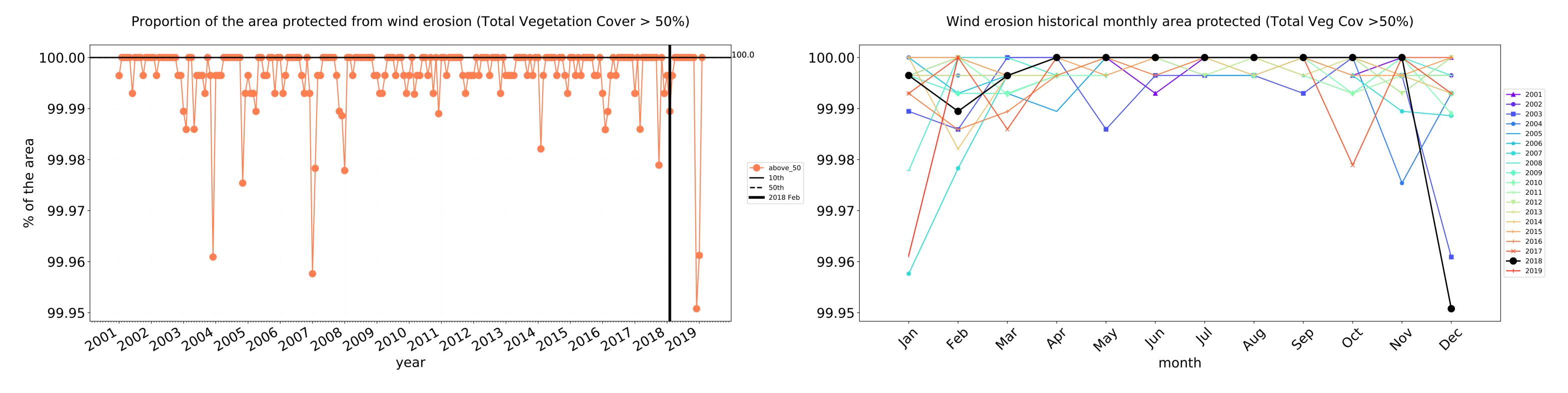


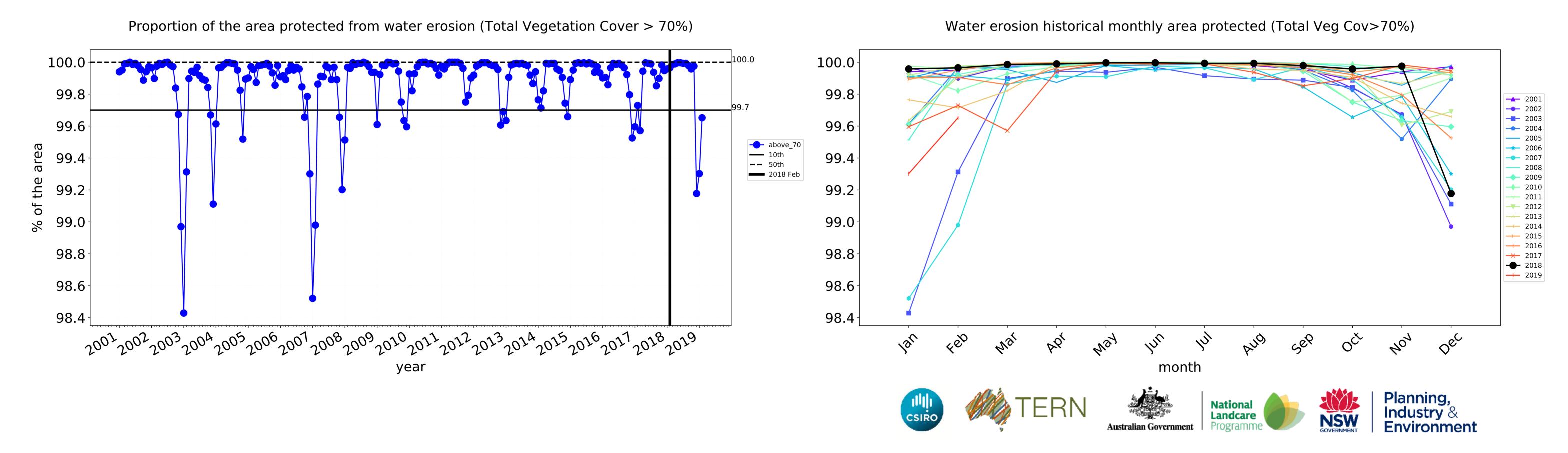


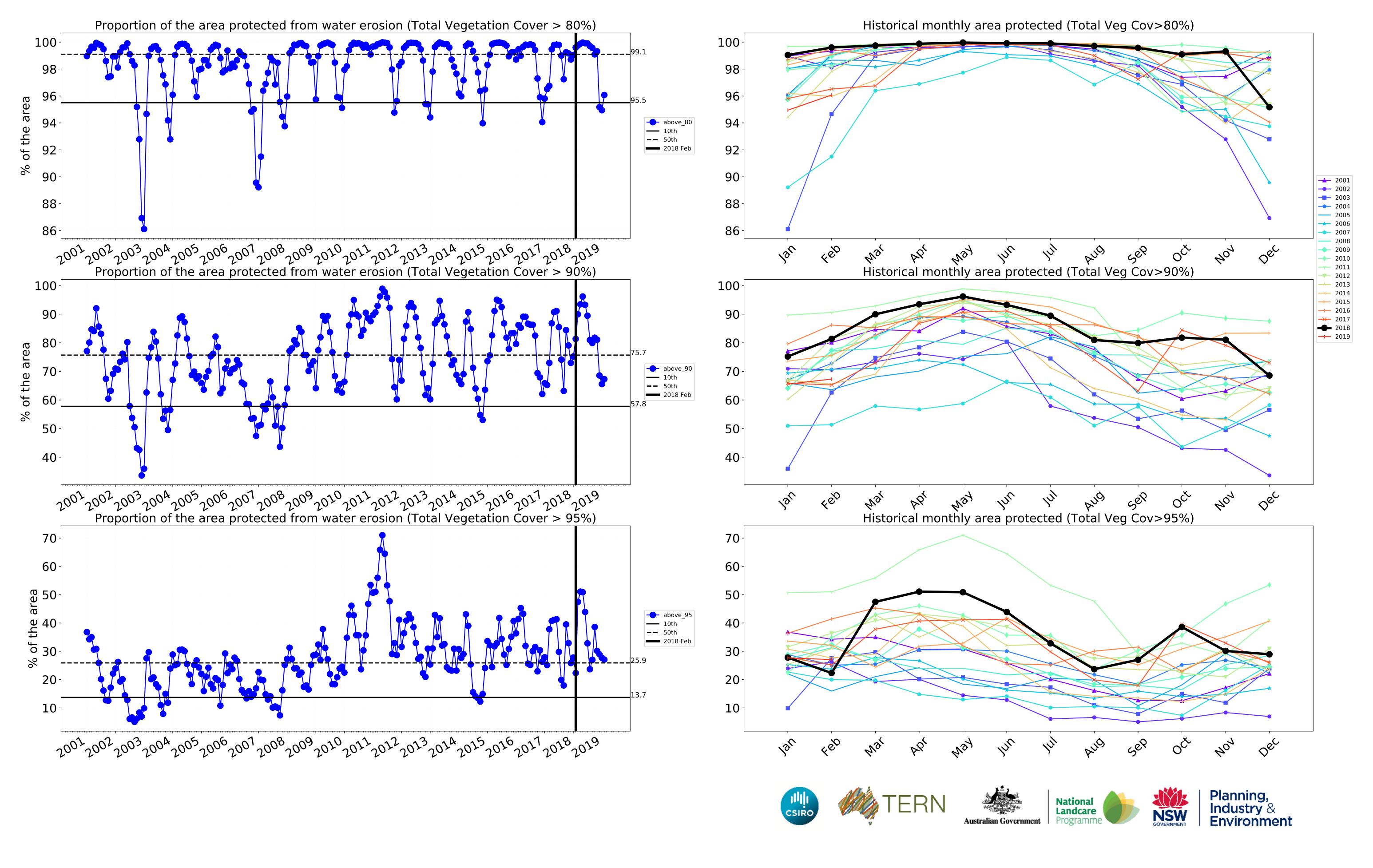




### **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**







### **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

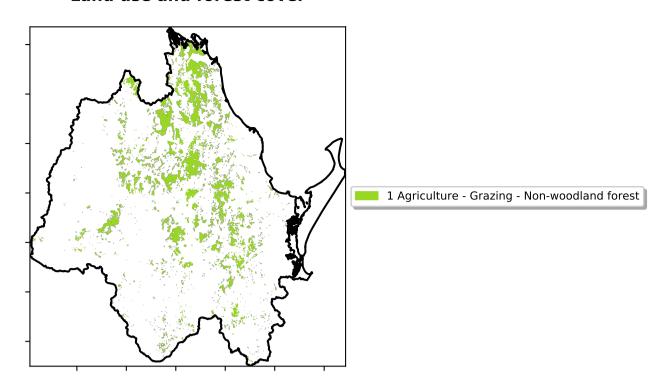
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

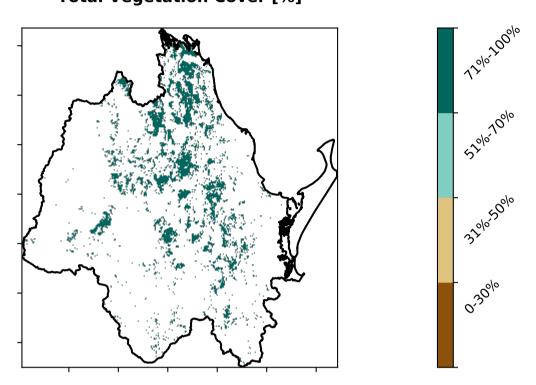
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

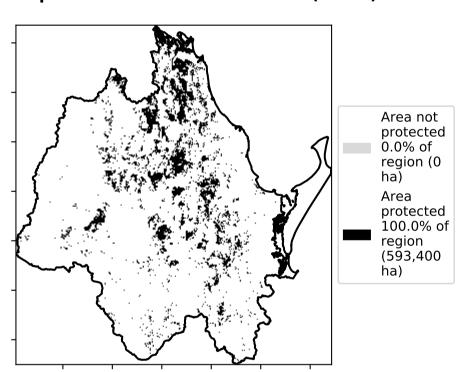
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



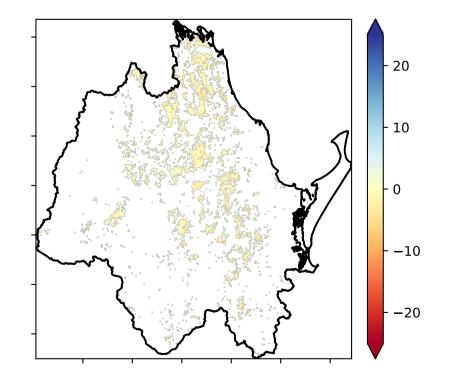
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

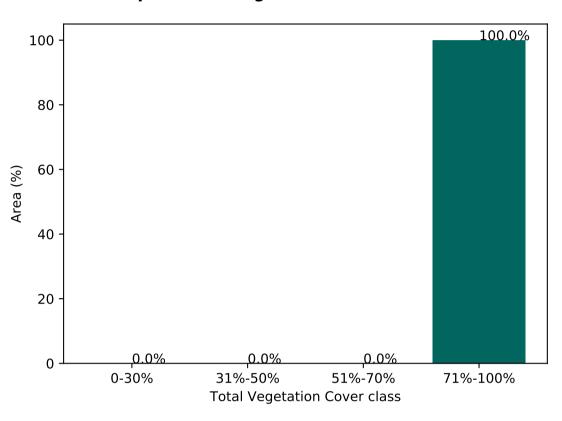


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

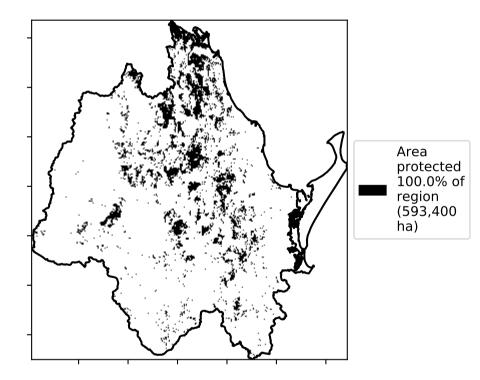


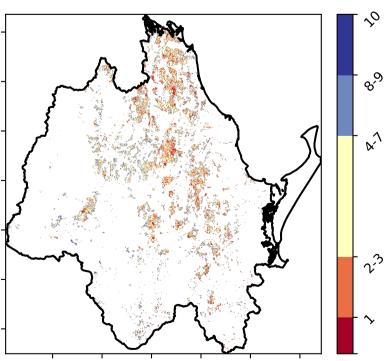
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







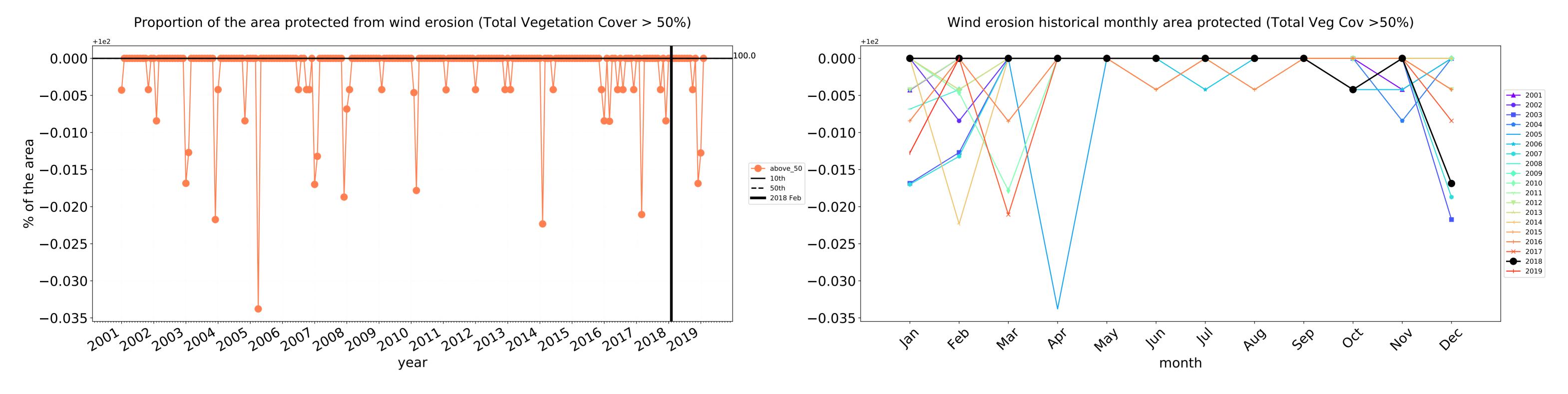


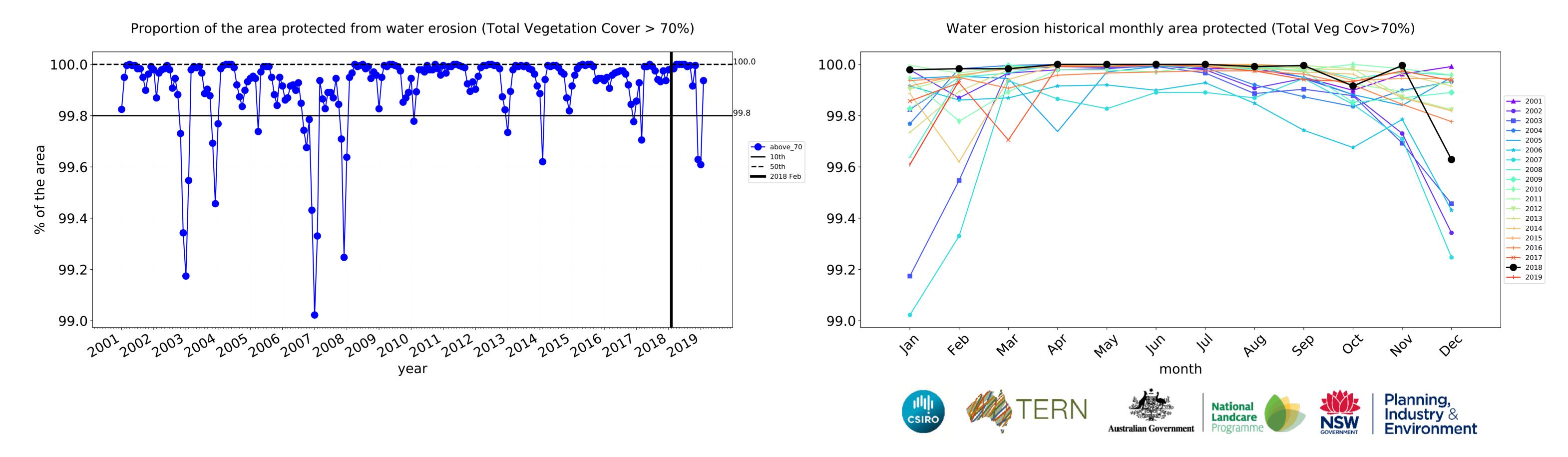


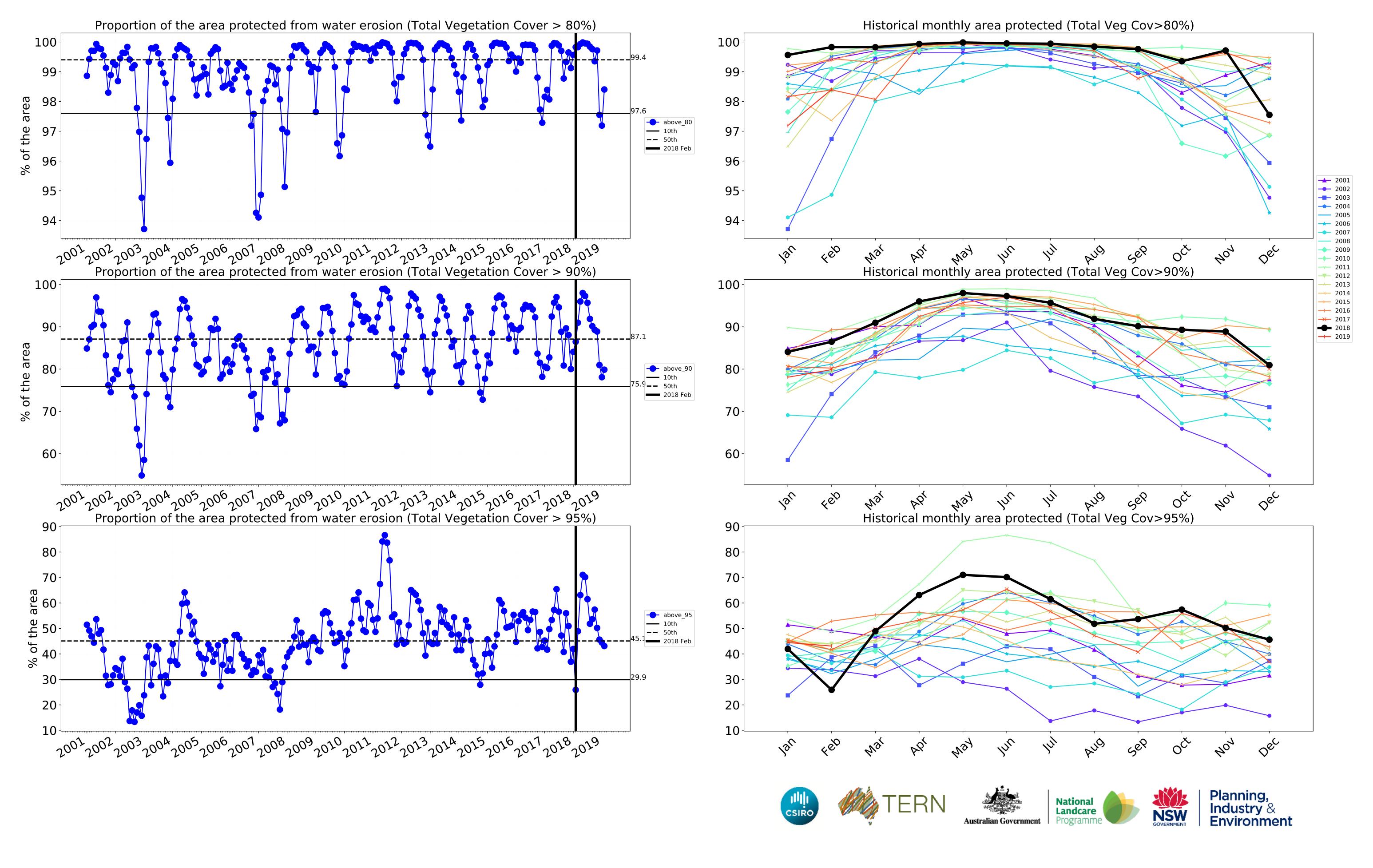












### **Cropping**

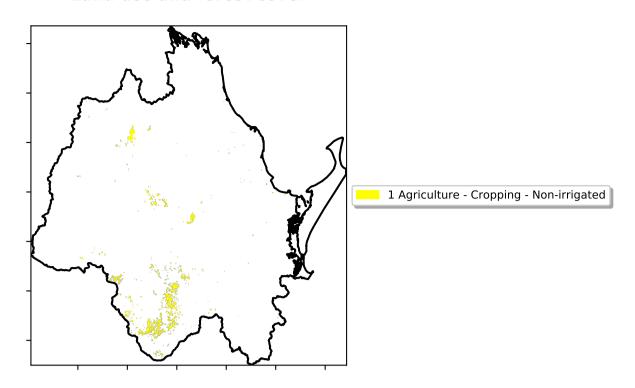
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

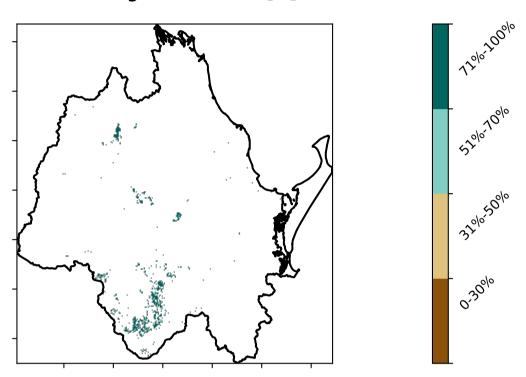
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

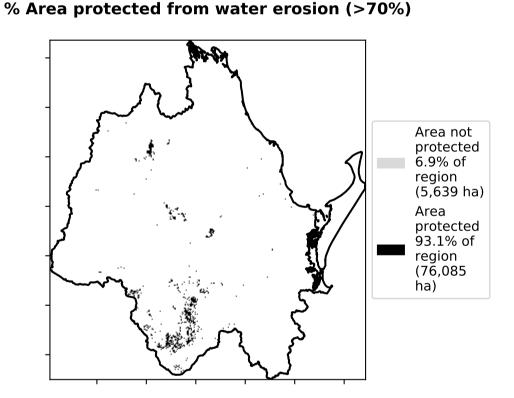
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

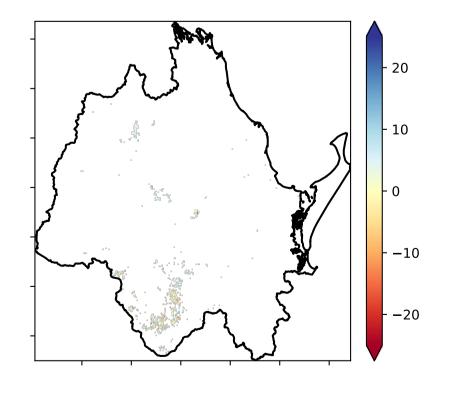


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



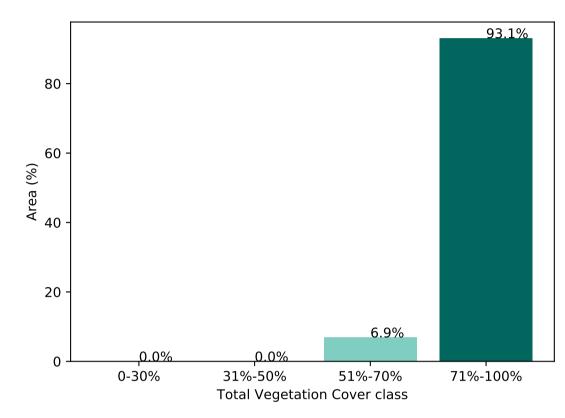


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

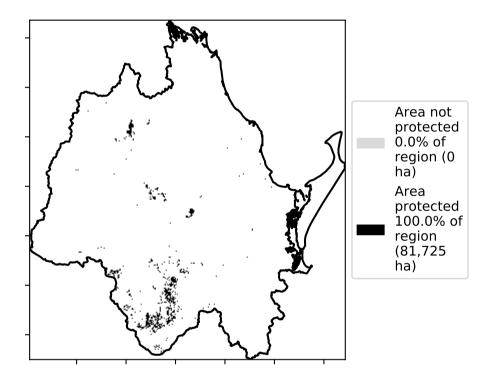


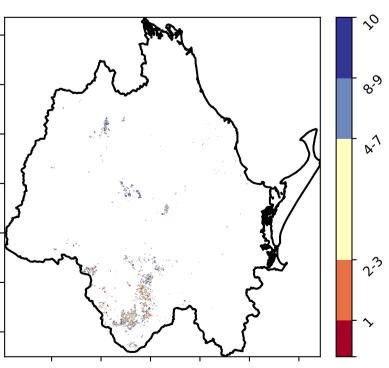
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









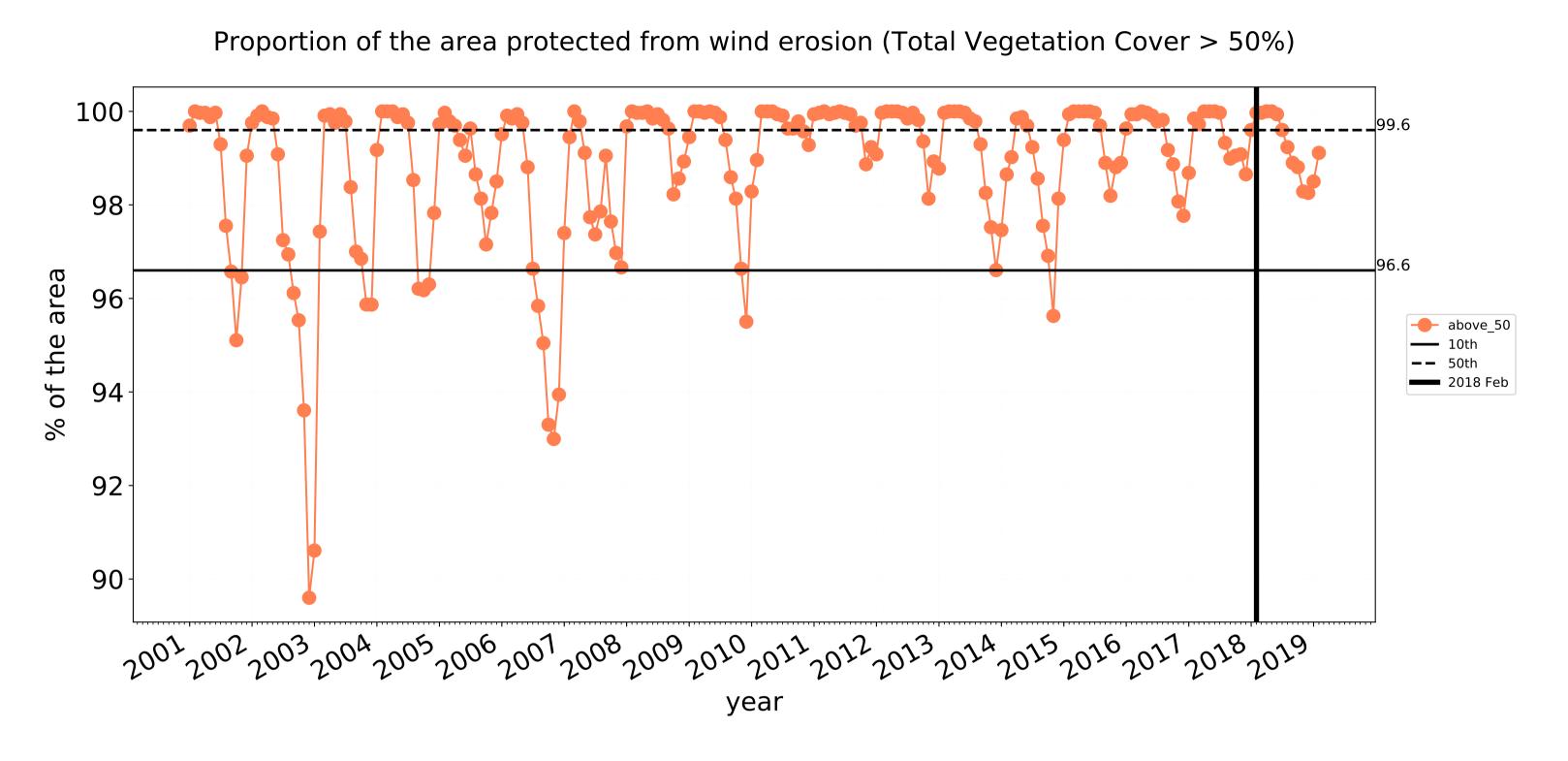


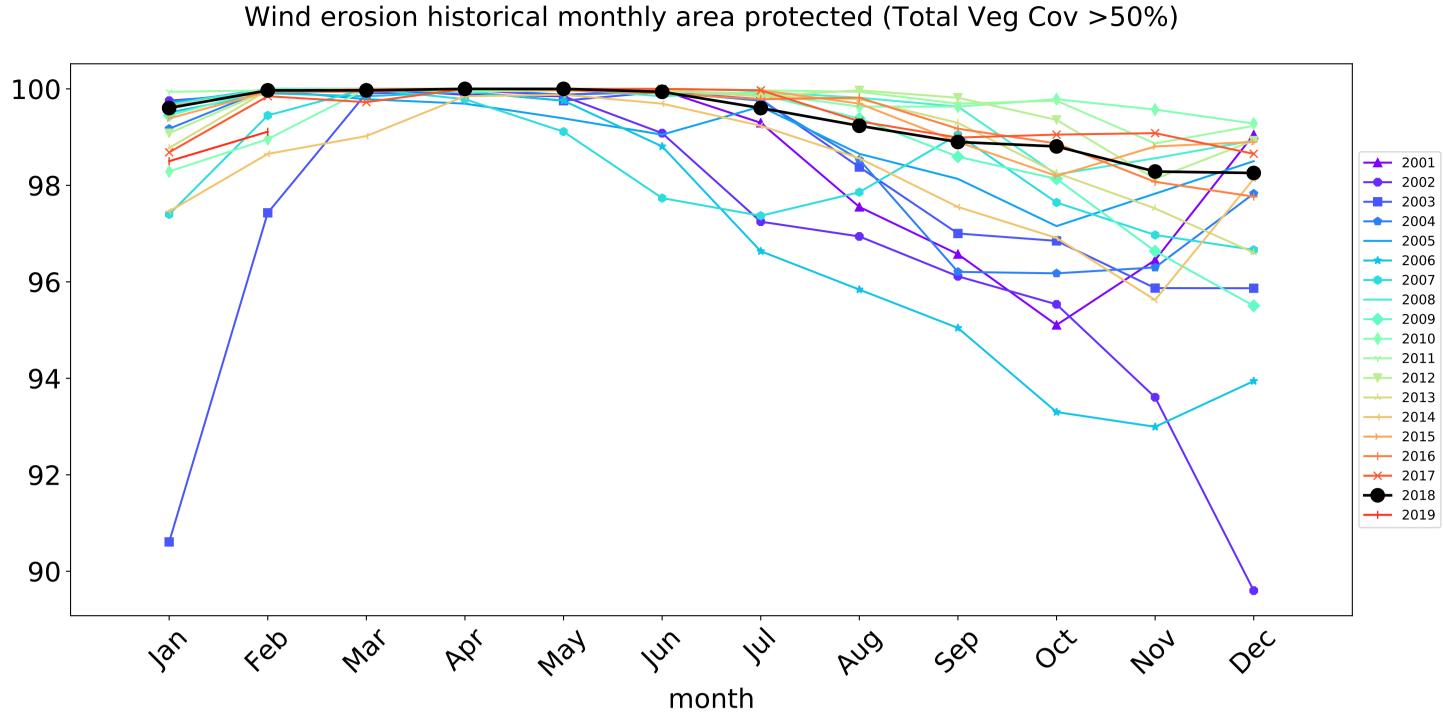


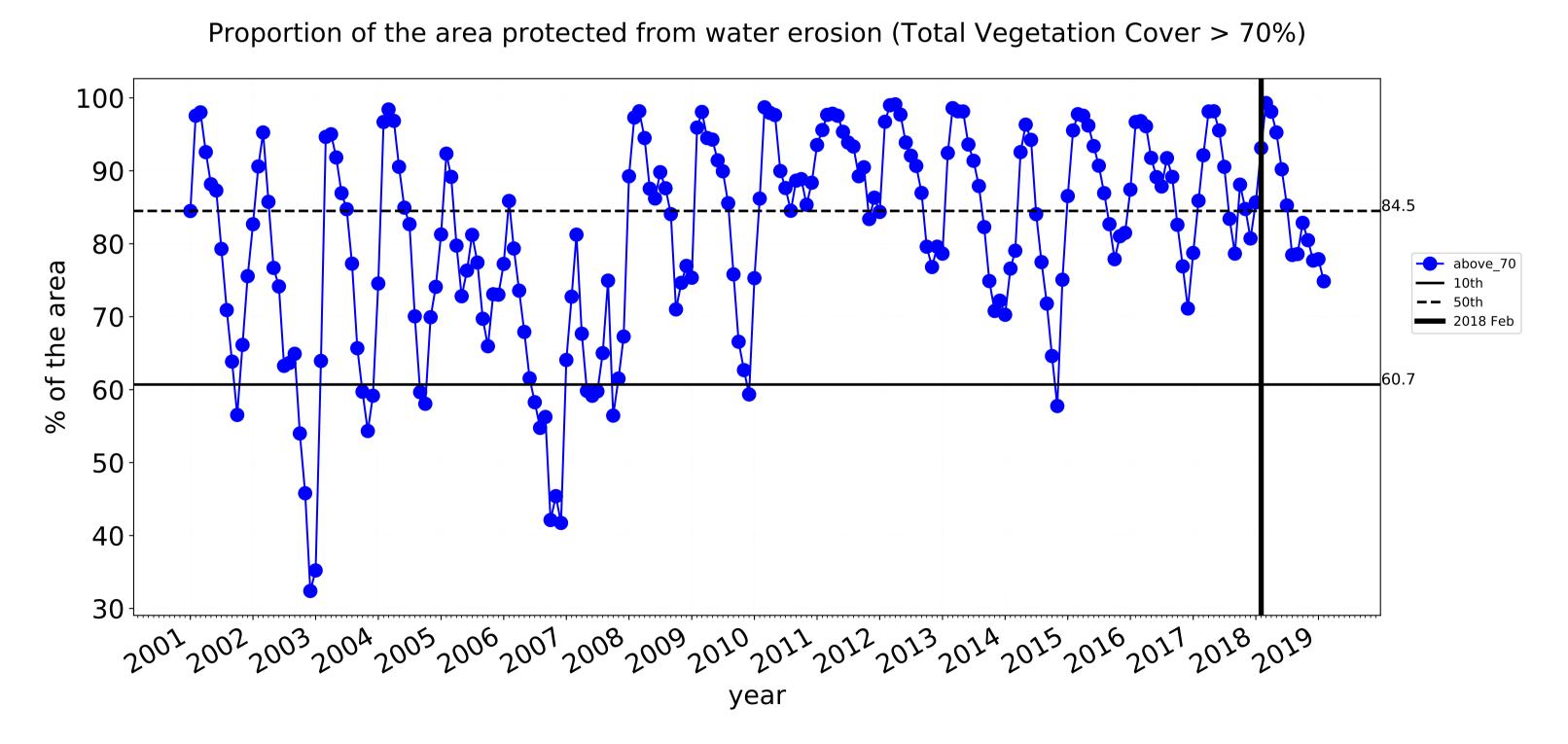


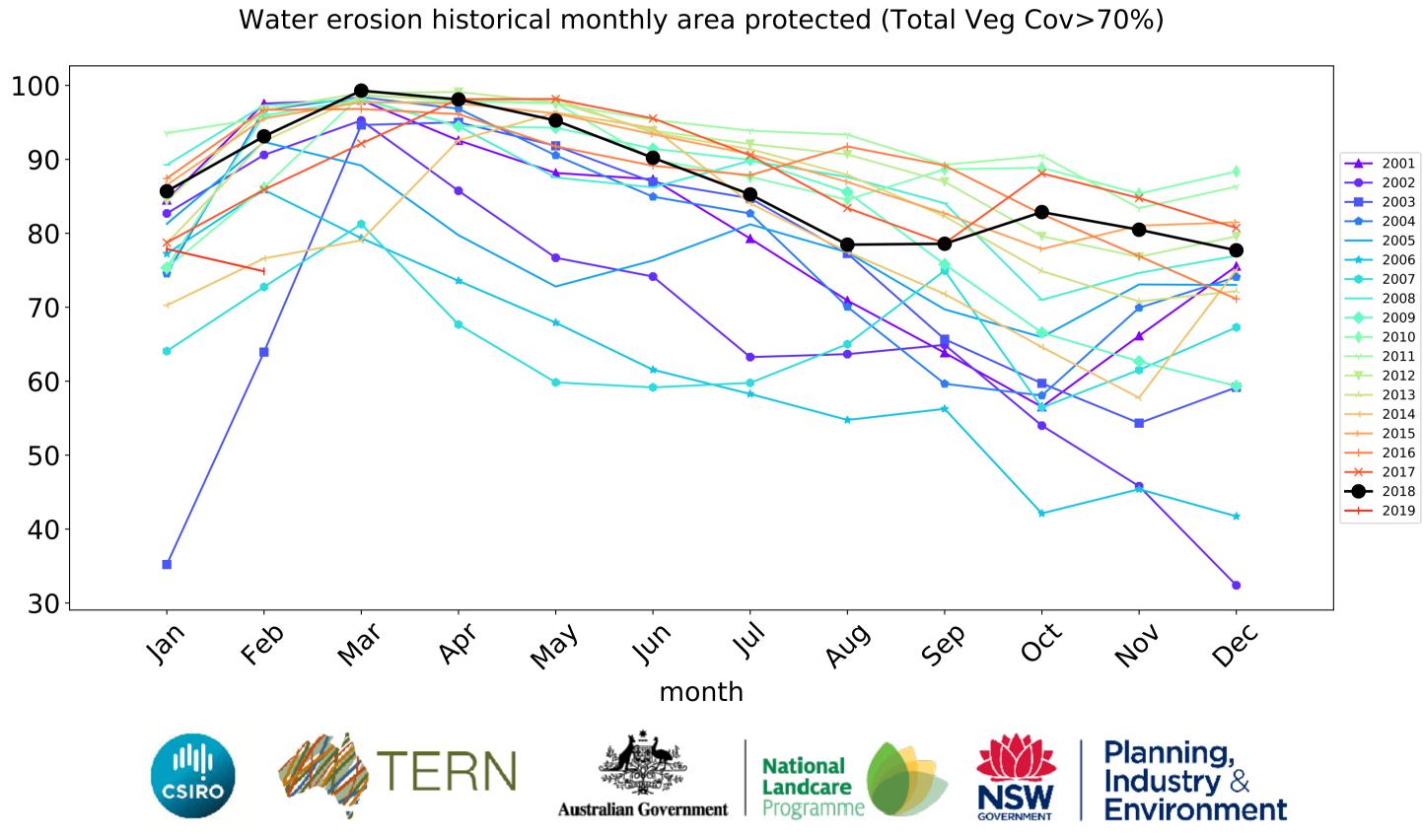


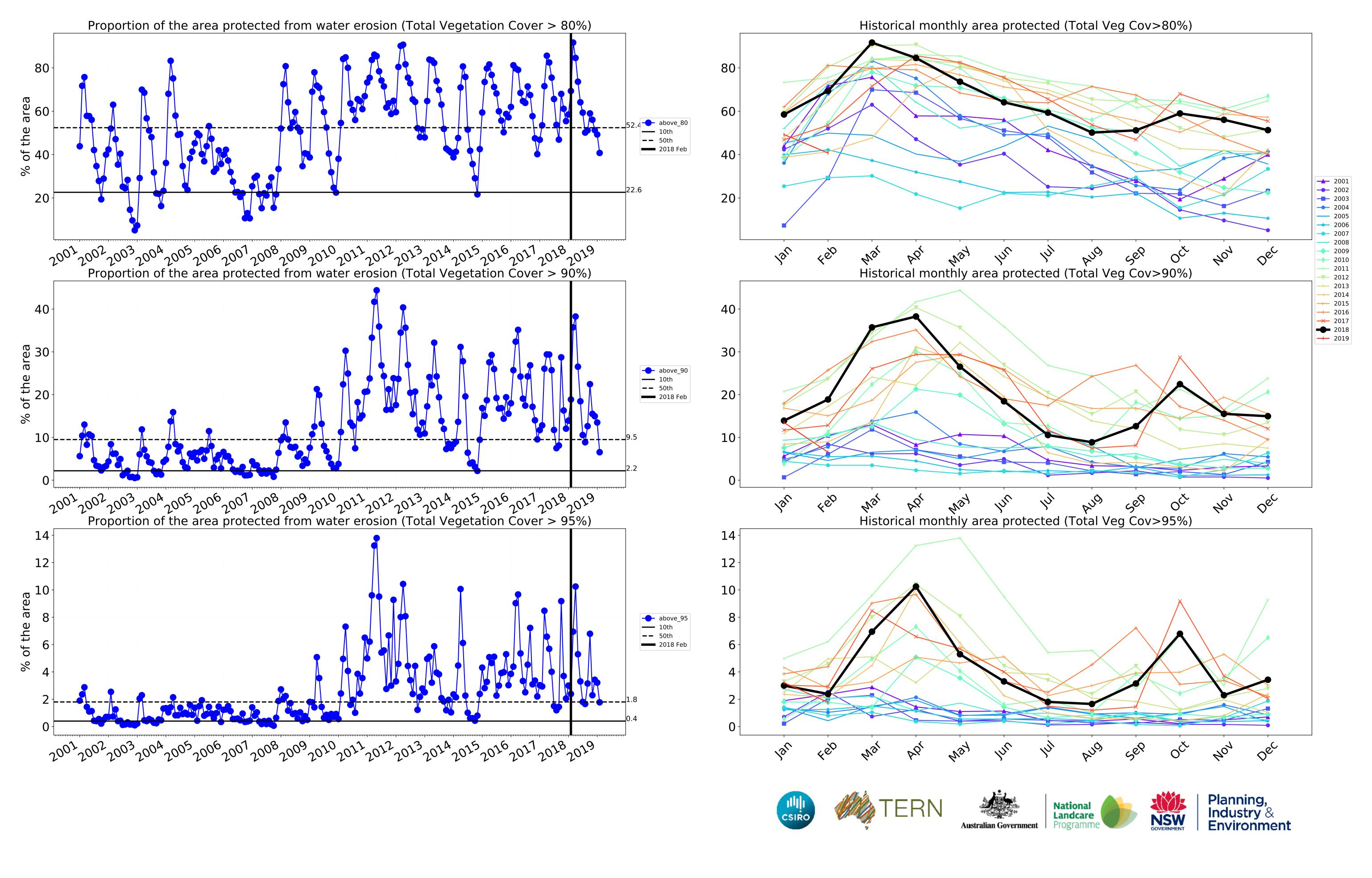
### **Cropping timeseries**











### Irrigation

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

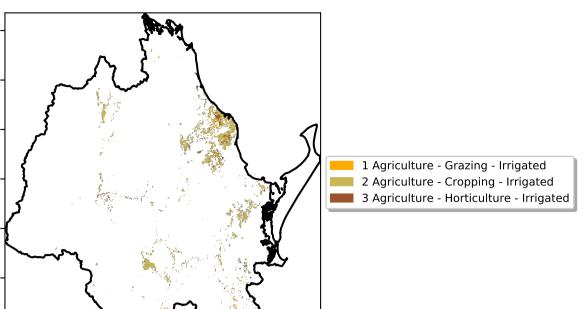
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

pixel. The mean

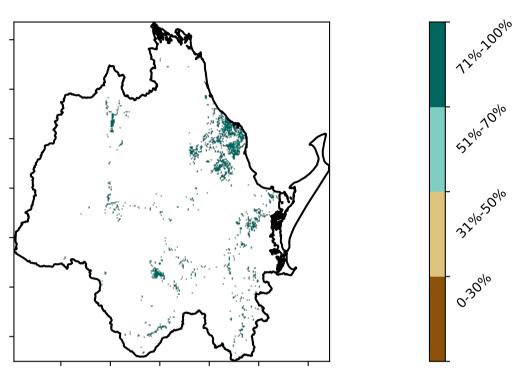
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

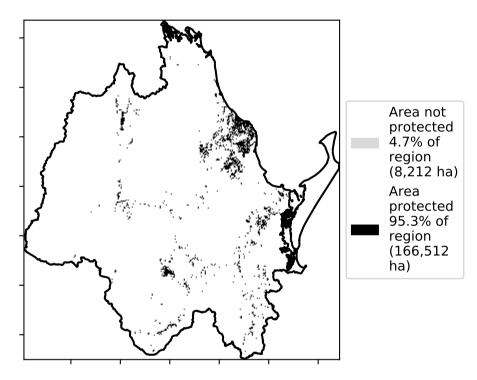


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

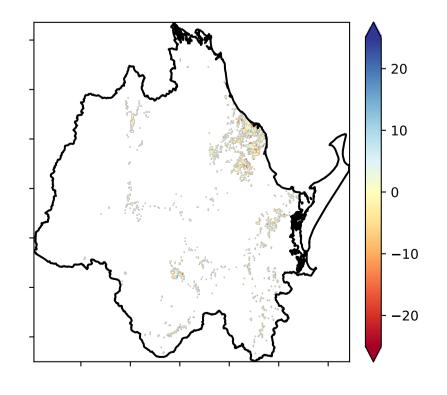
**Land use and forest cover** 



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

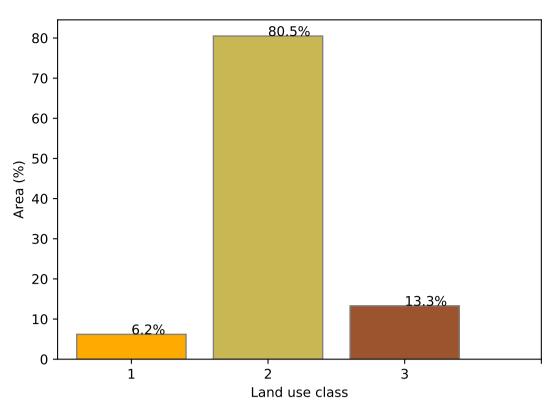


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

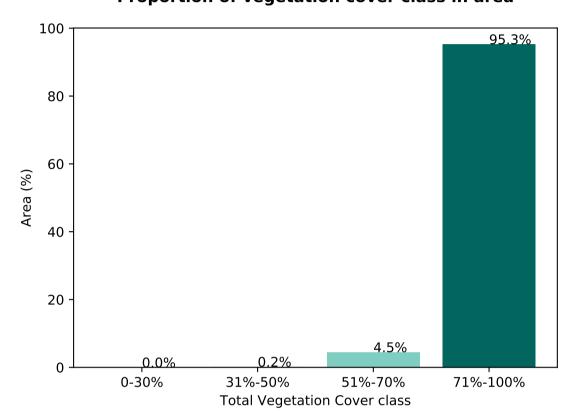


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

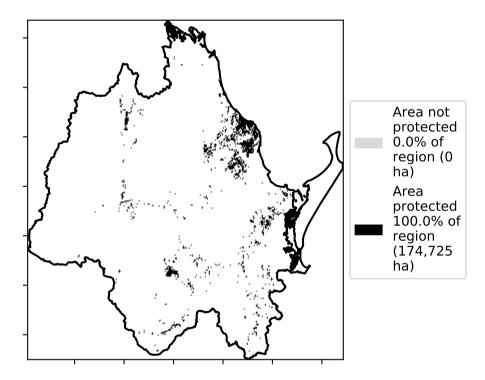
### Proportion of each land class in area

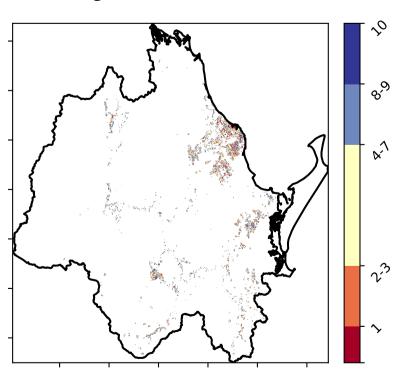


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









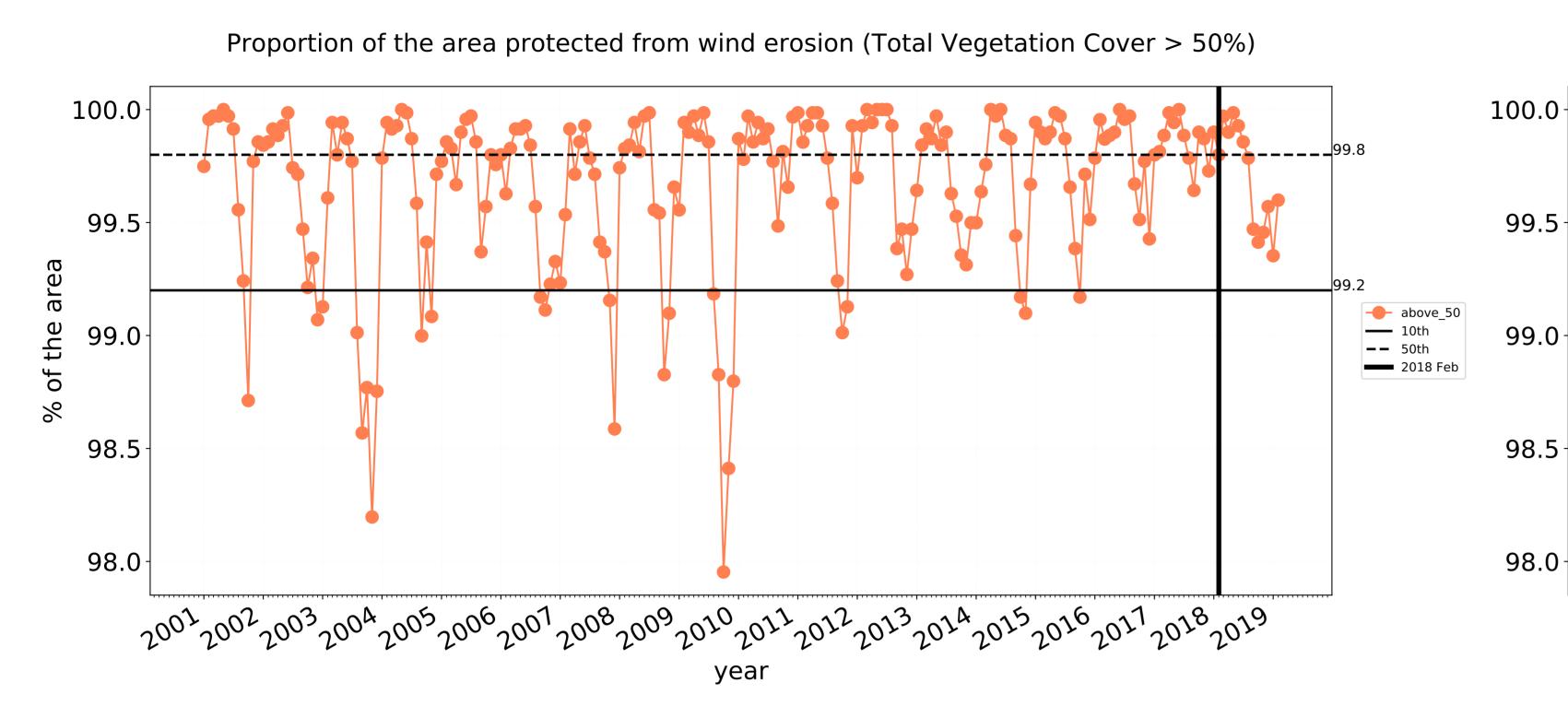


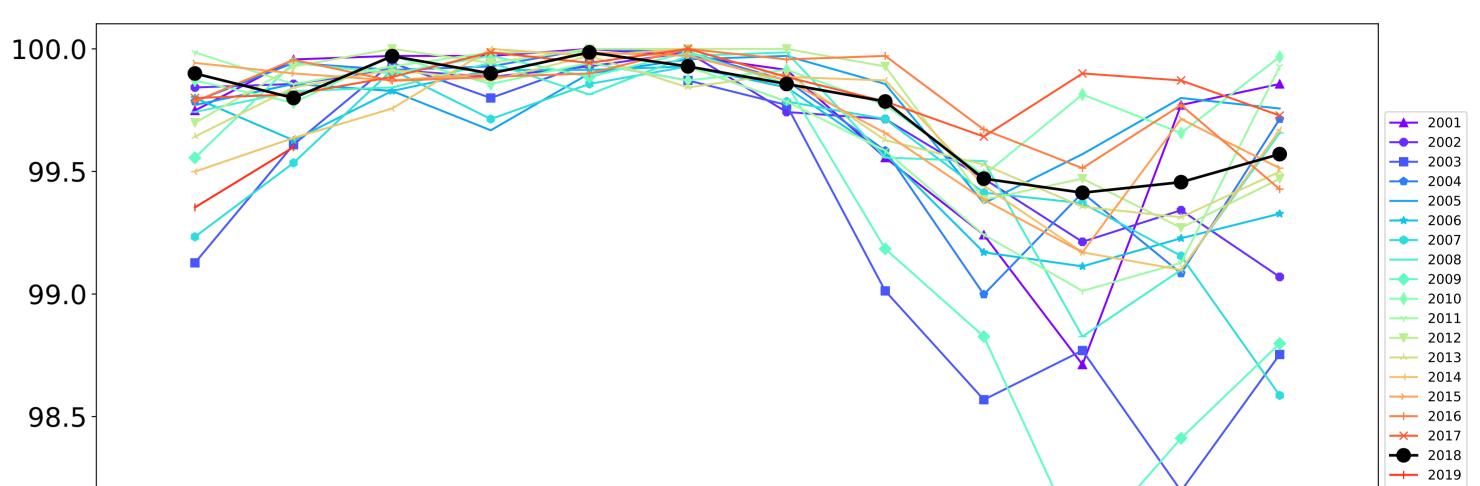






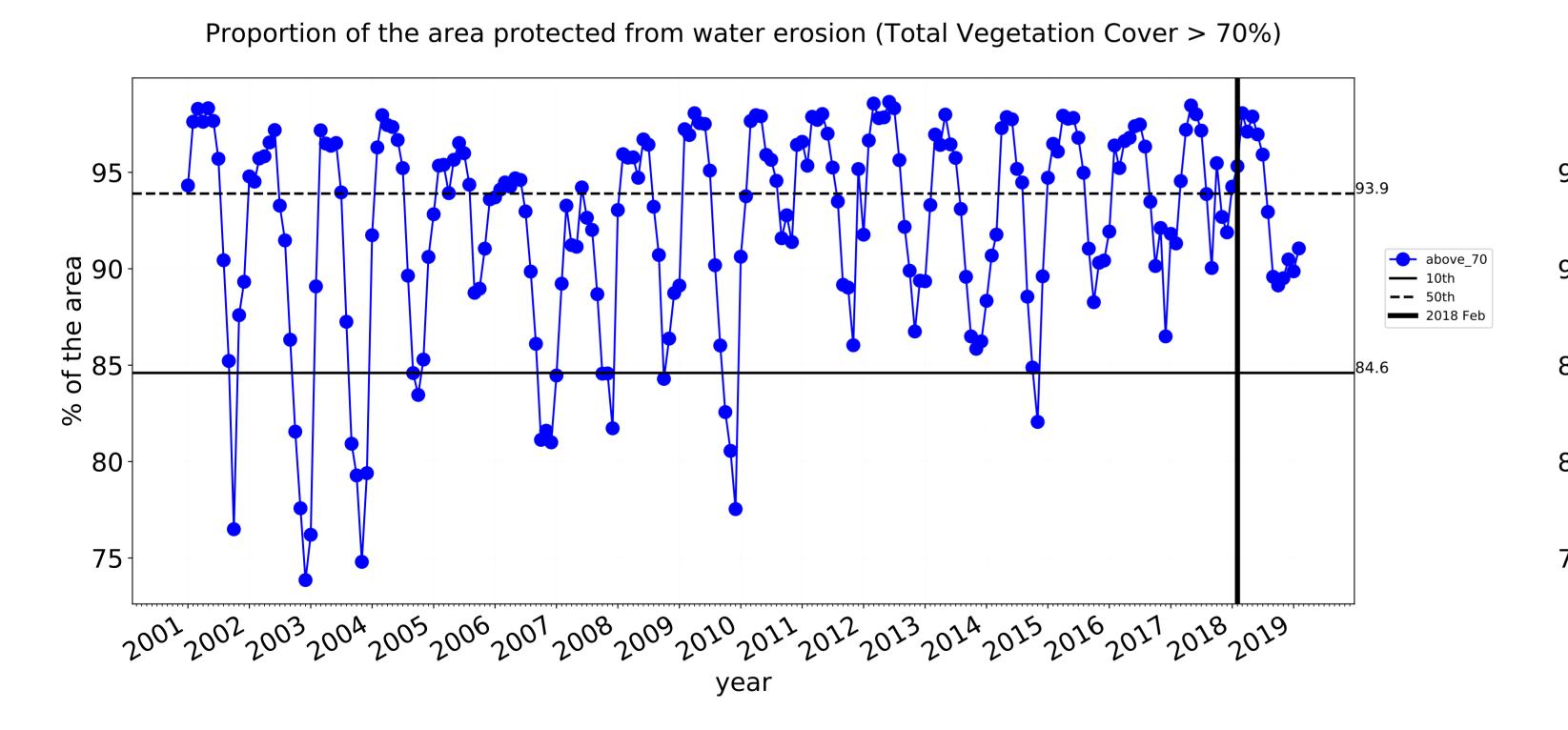
## Irrigation timeseries

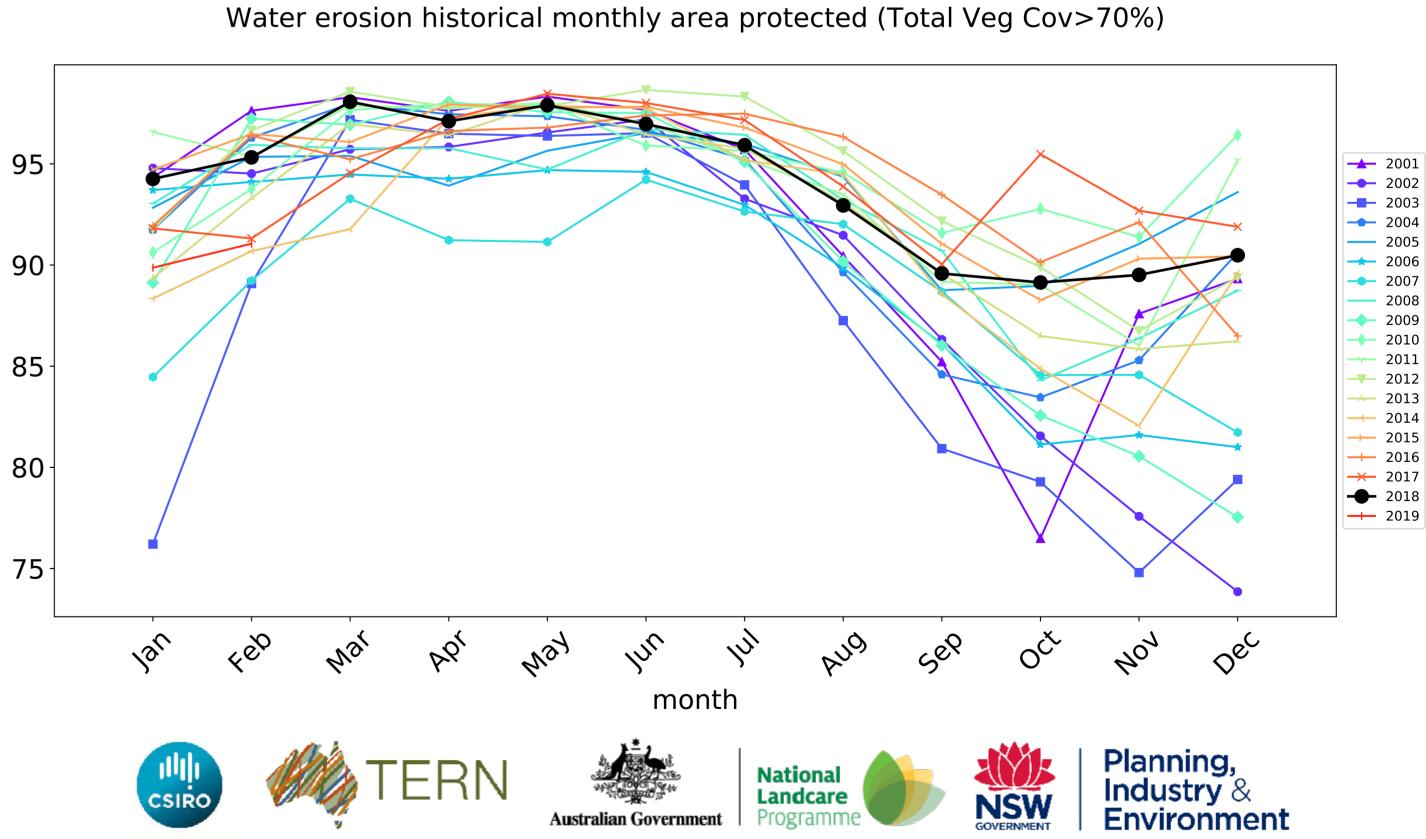


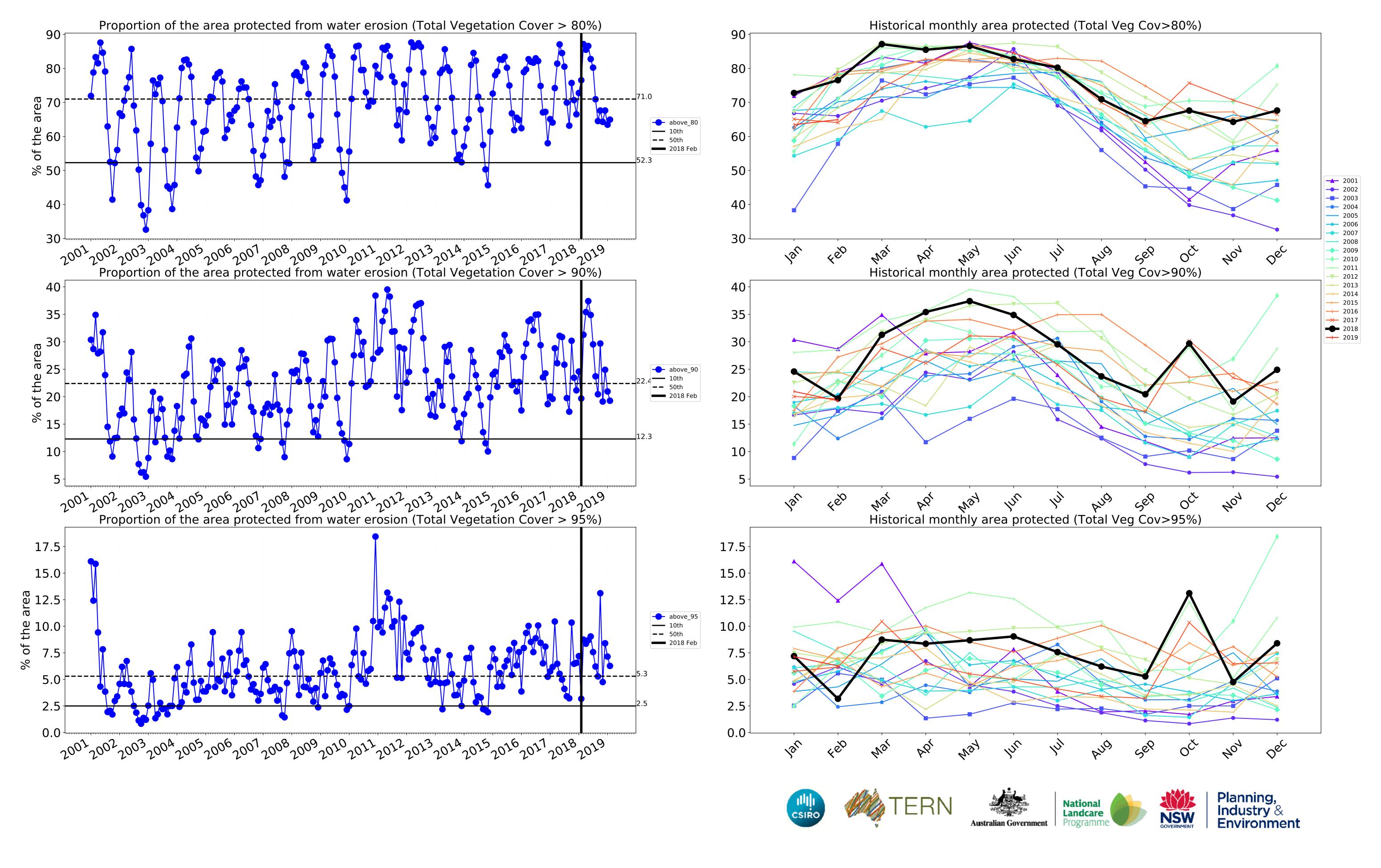


month

Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







### **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Land use and forest cover

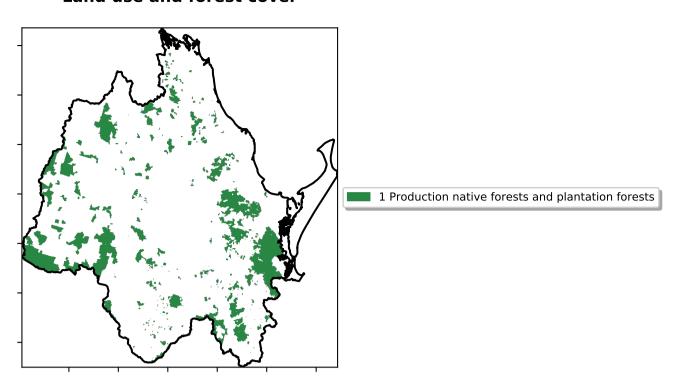
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

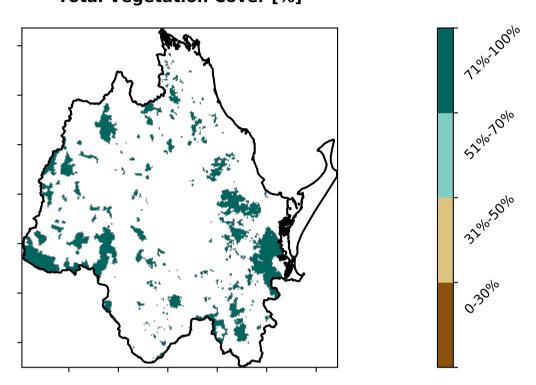
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

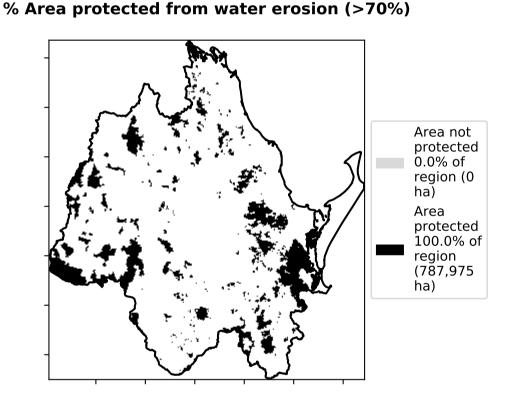
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



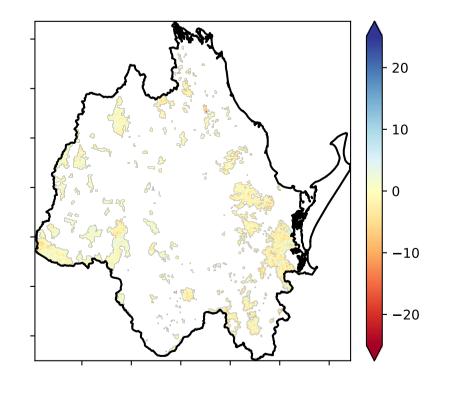
### Total Vegetation Cover [%]



### 0/ Avec much stad fuero weter evenion (> 700/

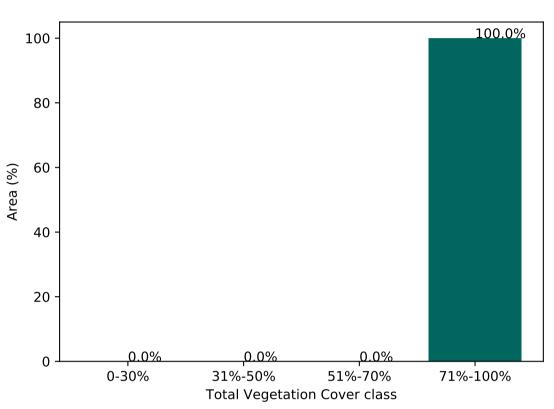


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

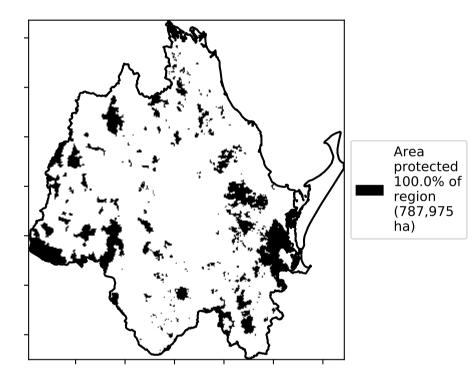


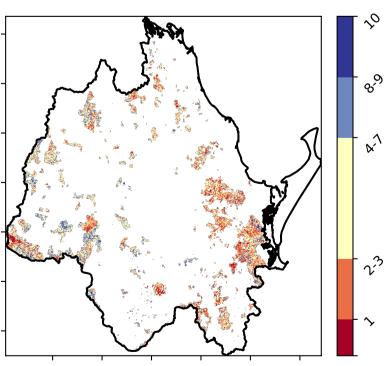
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









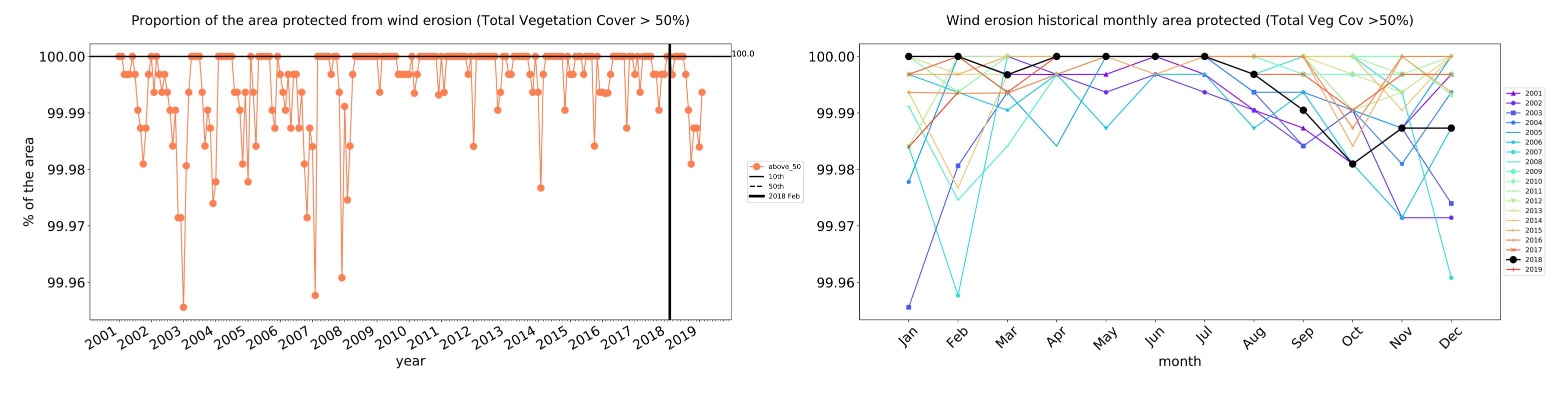


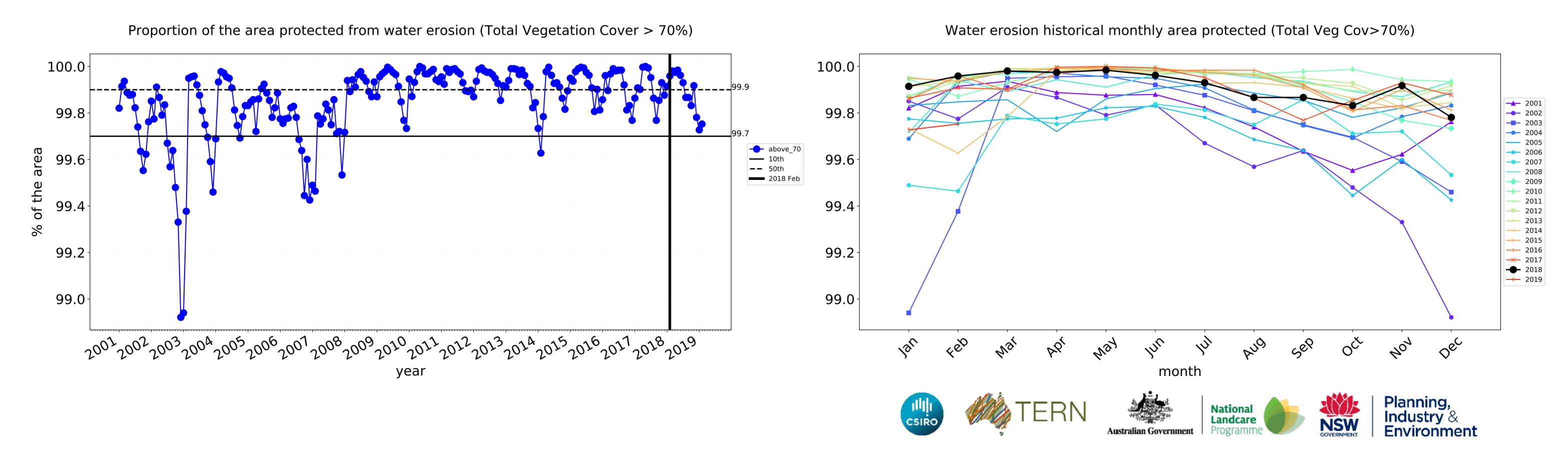


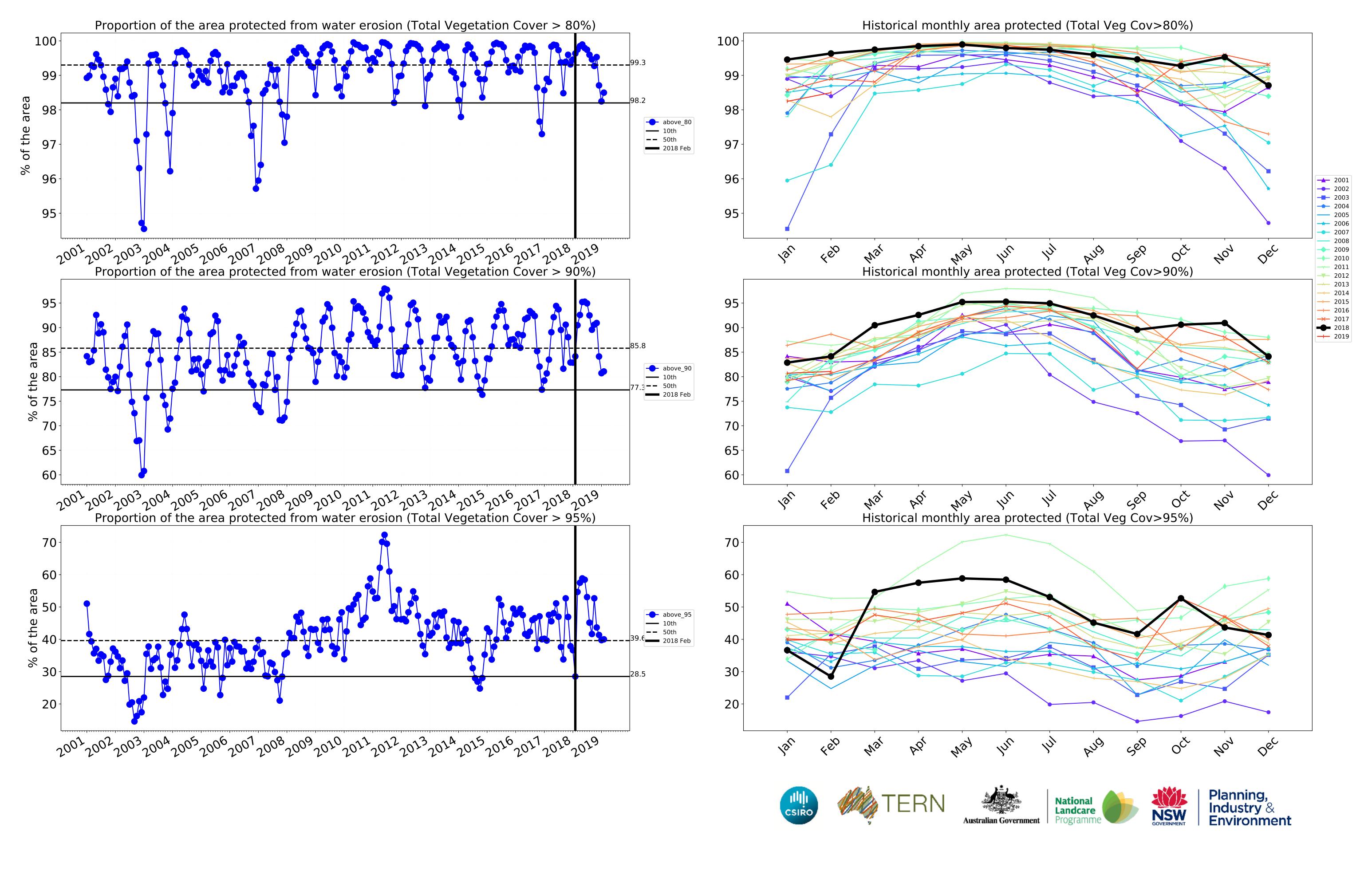




### **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# Burnett Mary (5,556,325 ha and no data 20,530 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	5,556,325	100.0% 5,554,700	99.9% 5,550,328	99.3% 5,515,945	96.7% 5,370,645	68.7% 3,814,468	19.3% 1,074,074
Conservation and natural environments	676,025	99.8% 674,800	99.5% 672,500	98.5% 665,900	96.7% 653,700	79.1% 534,525	27.3% 184,525
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	181,000	99.8% 180,675	99.4% 179,950	98.0% 177,350	95.6% 173,025	77.3% 139,850	28.8% 52,125
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	466,550	100.0% 466,550	99.9% 466,050	99.5% 464,200	98.3% 458,475	81.6% 380,825	27.3% 127,275
Agriculture	3,883,000	100.0% 3,882,950	100.0% 3,882,475	99.5% 3,865,350	96.7% 3,756,075	64.9% 2,518,450	16.4% 638,550
Grazing	3,620,875	100.0% 3,620,825	100.0% 3,620,725	99.9% 3,617,175	98.3% 3,560,925	68.1% 2,466,700	17.4% 630,800
Grazing non forest	2,316,150	100.0% 2,316,100	100.0% 2,316,075	99.9% 2,312,800	97.6% 2,260,050	59.4% 1,374,900	13.7% 318,275
Grazing Woodland forest	711,325	100.0% 711,325	100.0% 711,250	100.0% 711,075	99.6% 708,500	81.4% 578,700	22.3% 158,800
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	593,400	100.0% 593,400	100.0% 593,400	100.0% 593,300	99.8% 592,375	86.5% 513,100	25.9% 153,725
Cropping	81,725	100.0% 81,725	100.0% 81,700	93.1% 76,100	69.3% 56,650	18.9% 15,425	2.4% 1,950
Irrigation	174,725	100.0% 174,725	99.8% 174,375	95.3% 166,550	76.5% 133,725	19.7% 34,375	3.2% 5,550
Production native forests and plantation forests	787,975	100.0% 787,975	100.0% 787,975	100.0% 787,650	99.6% 785,100	84.1% 662,975	28.5% 224,500











