## Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:NRM Greater Sydney NSW

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

### **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

### **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3













**Date: December 2019** 

### **Vegetation Cover Dec 2019**

### **Land use and forest cover**

Catchment Scale

Derived from

Use of Australia

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

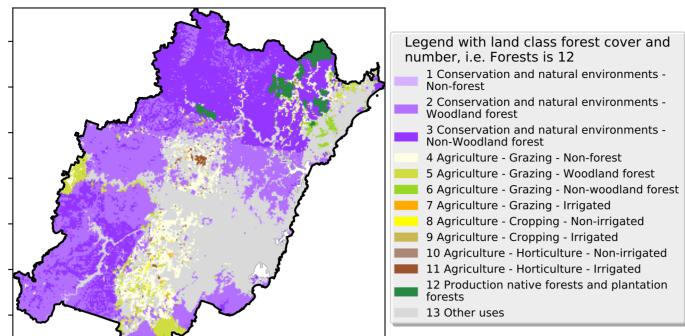
mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

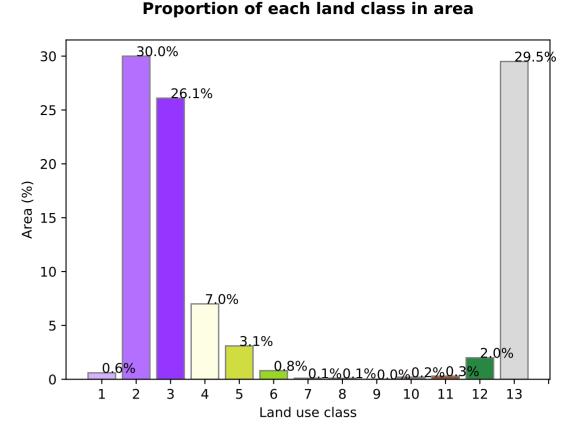
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

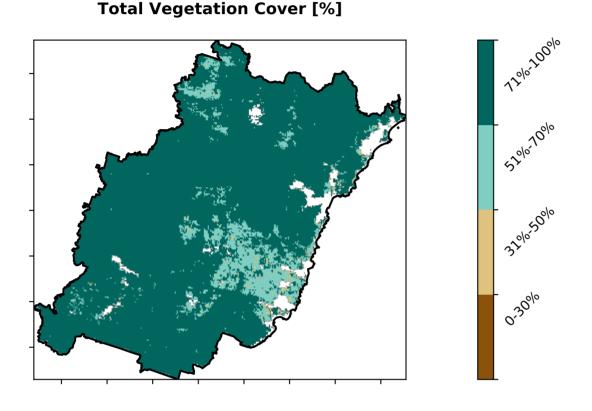
the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

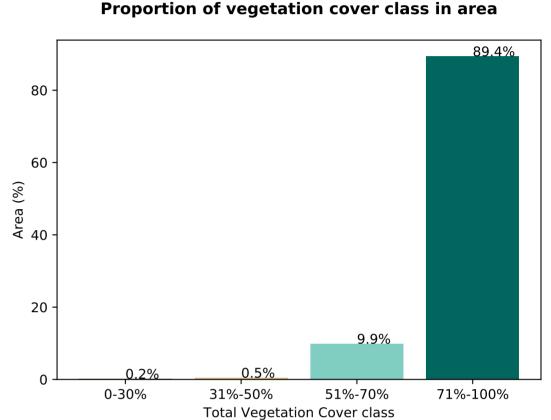
Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Catchment Scale Land

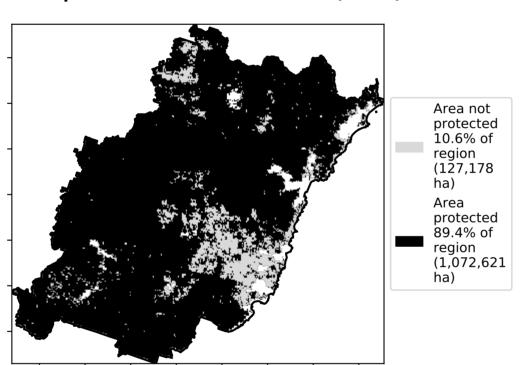




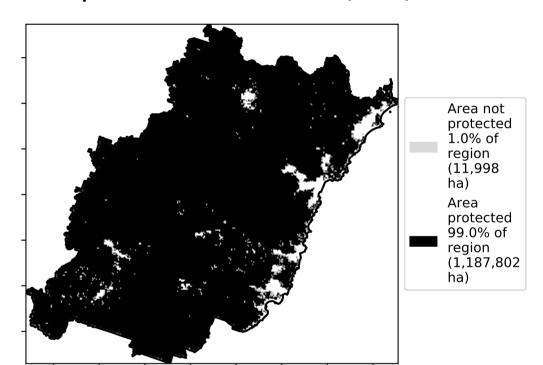




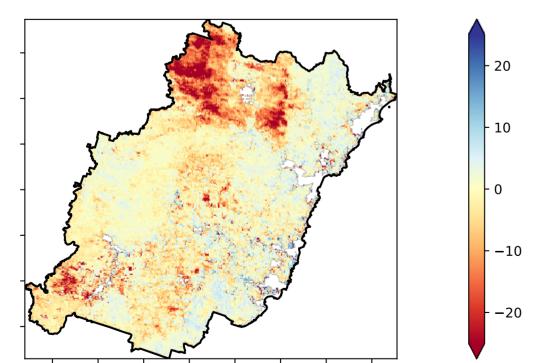
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



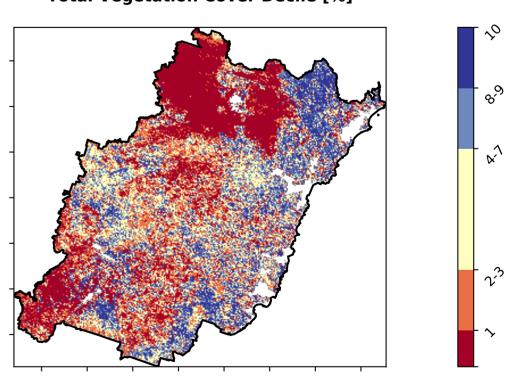
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





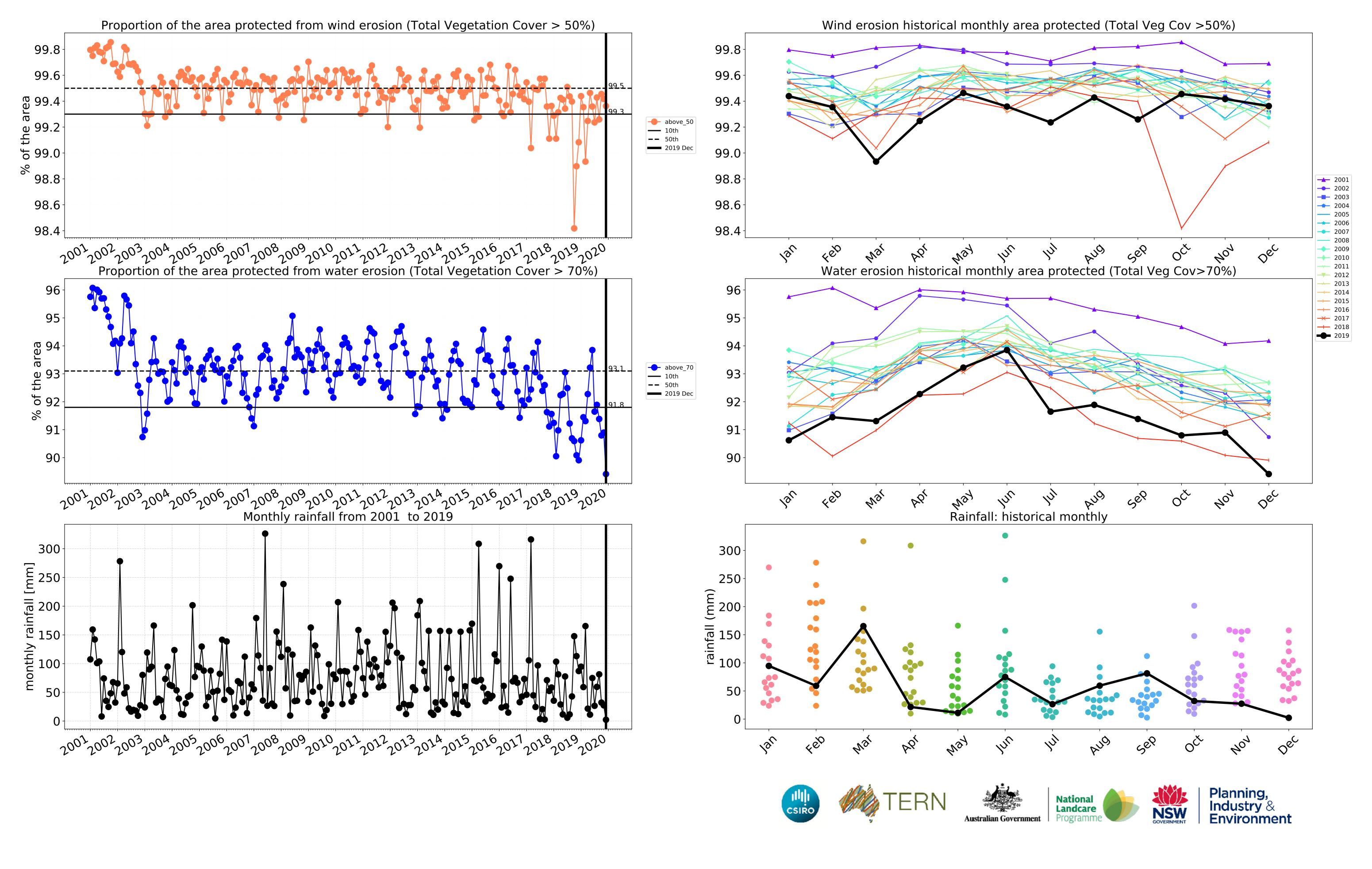


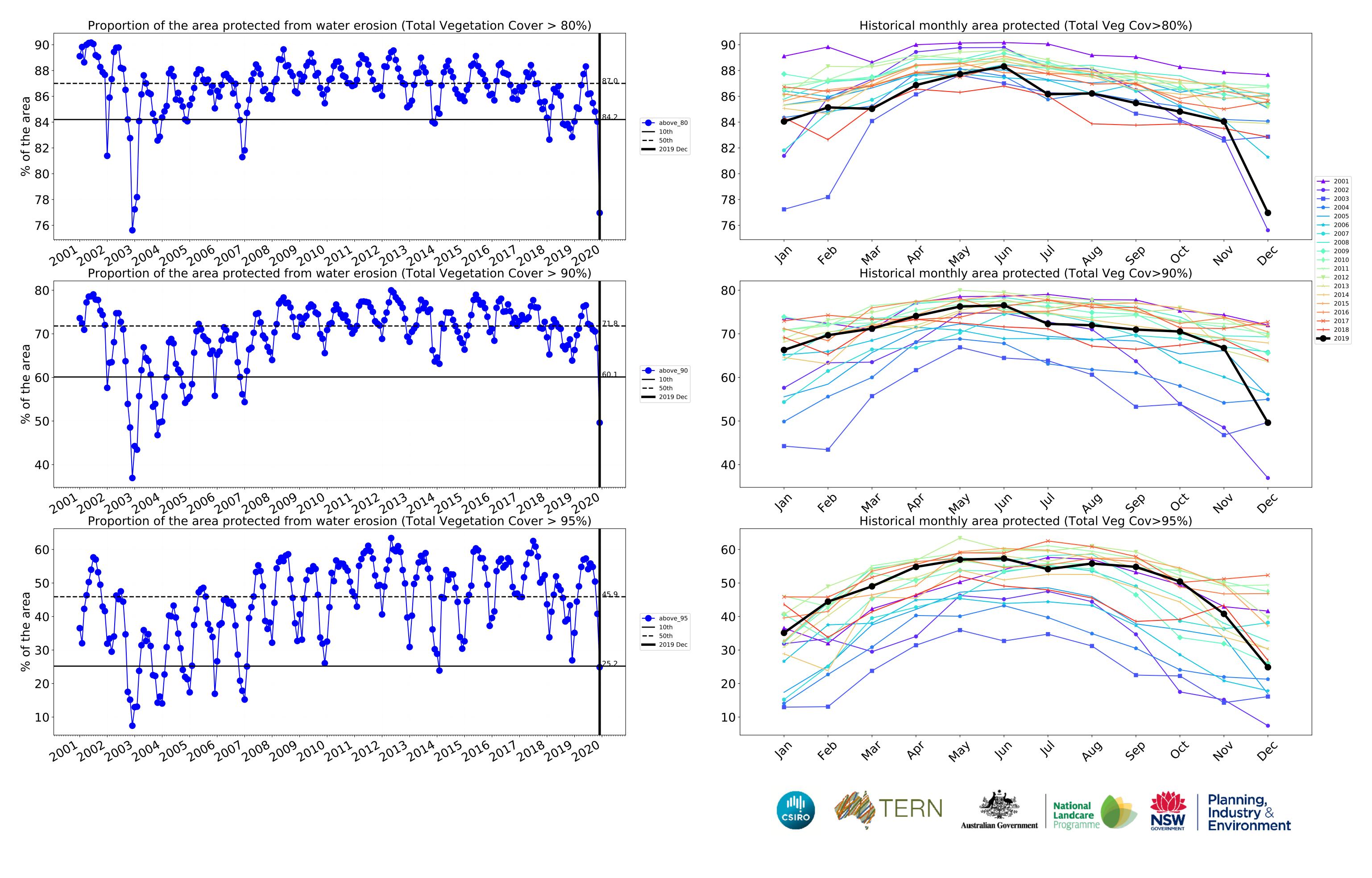












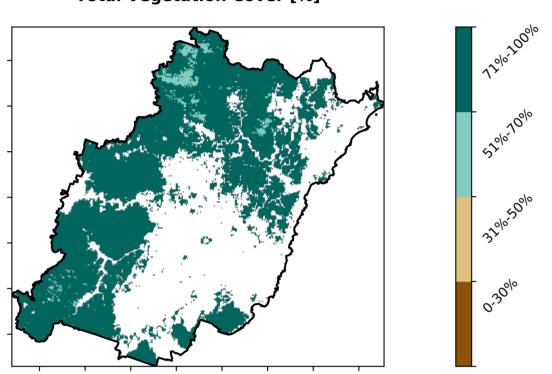
### **Conservation and natural environments**

## Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) The conservation and natural environments - Nonforest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest The conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest The conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest The conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest

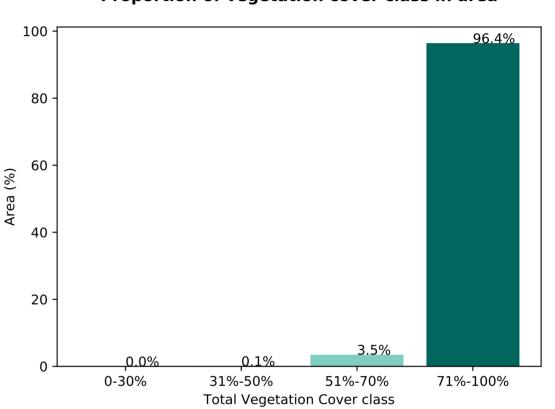
# Proportion of each land class in area 50 40 40 20 10 1.1% 2 Land use class

### Total Vegetation Cover [%]

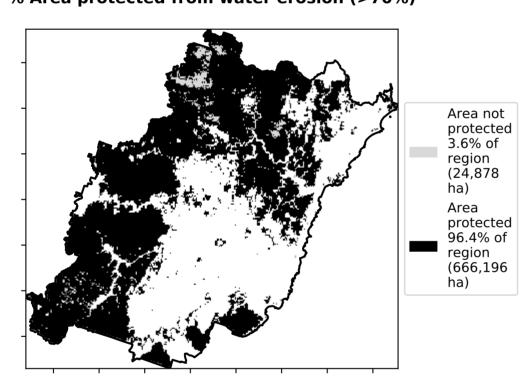
Land use and forest cover



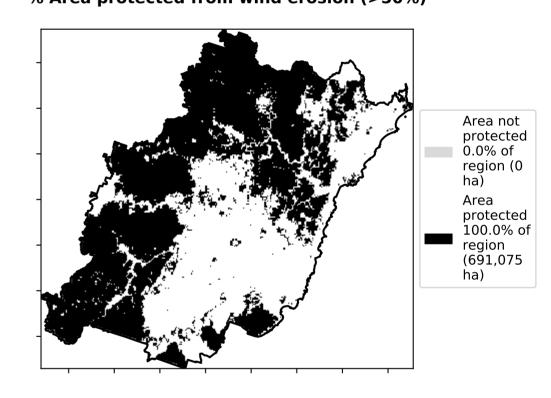
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

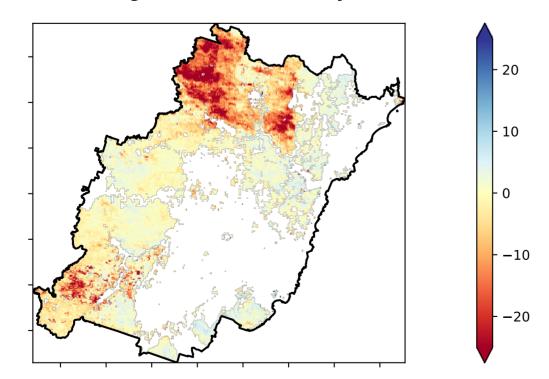
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

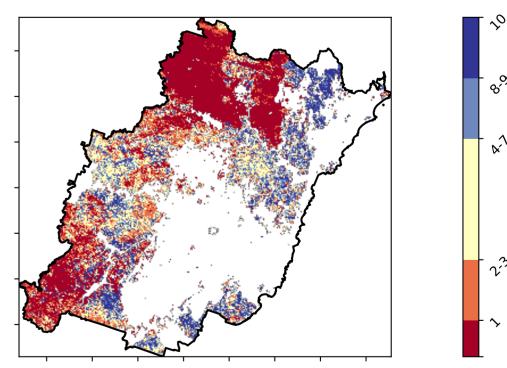
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







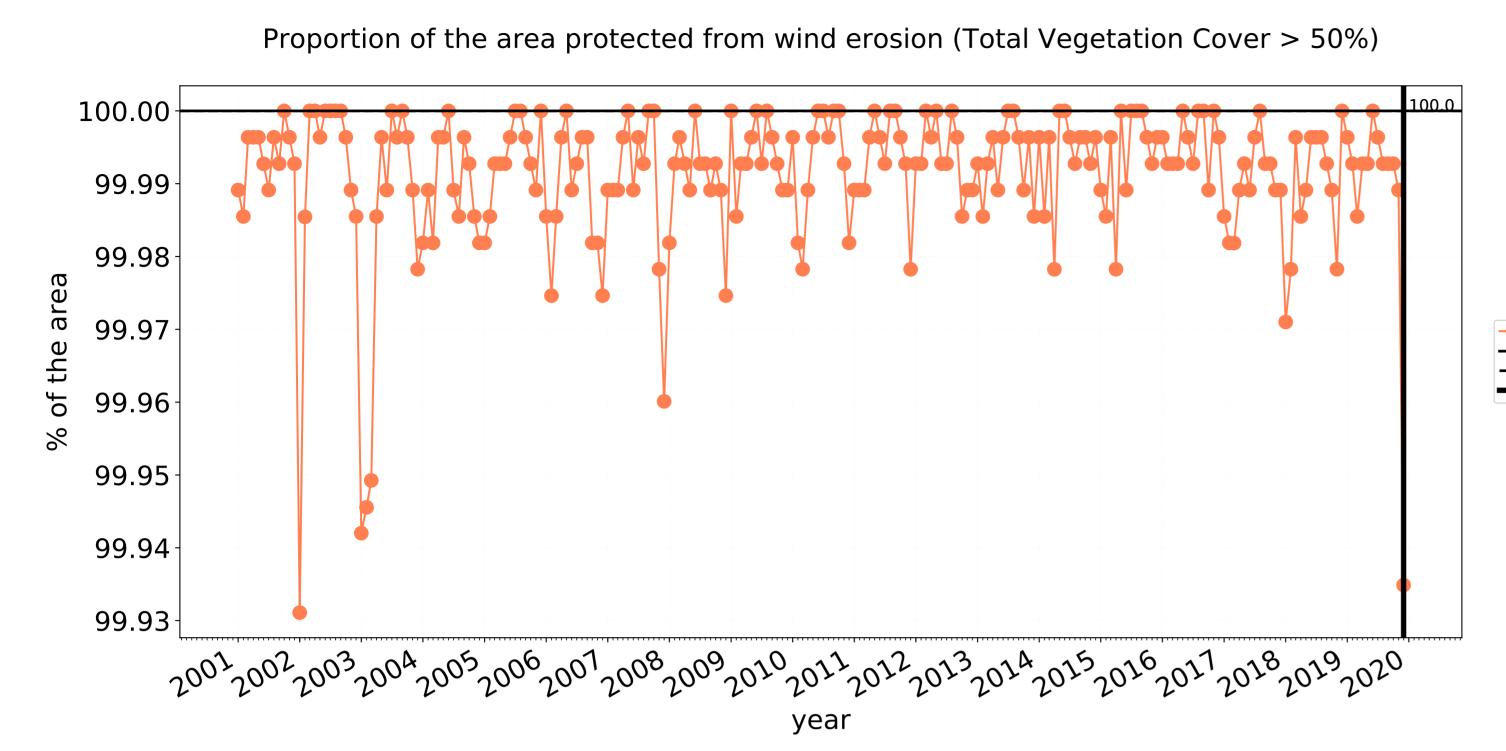


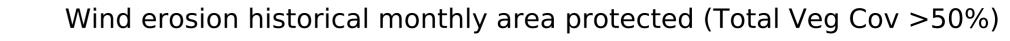


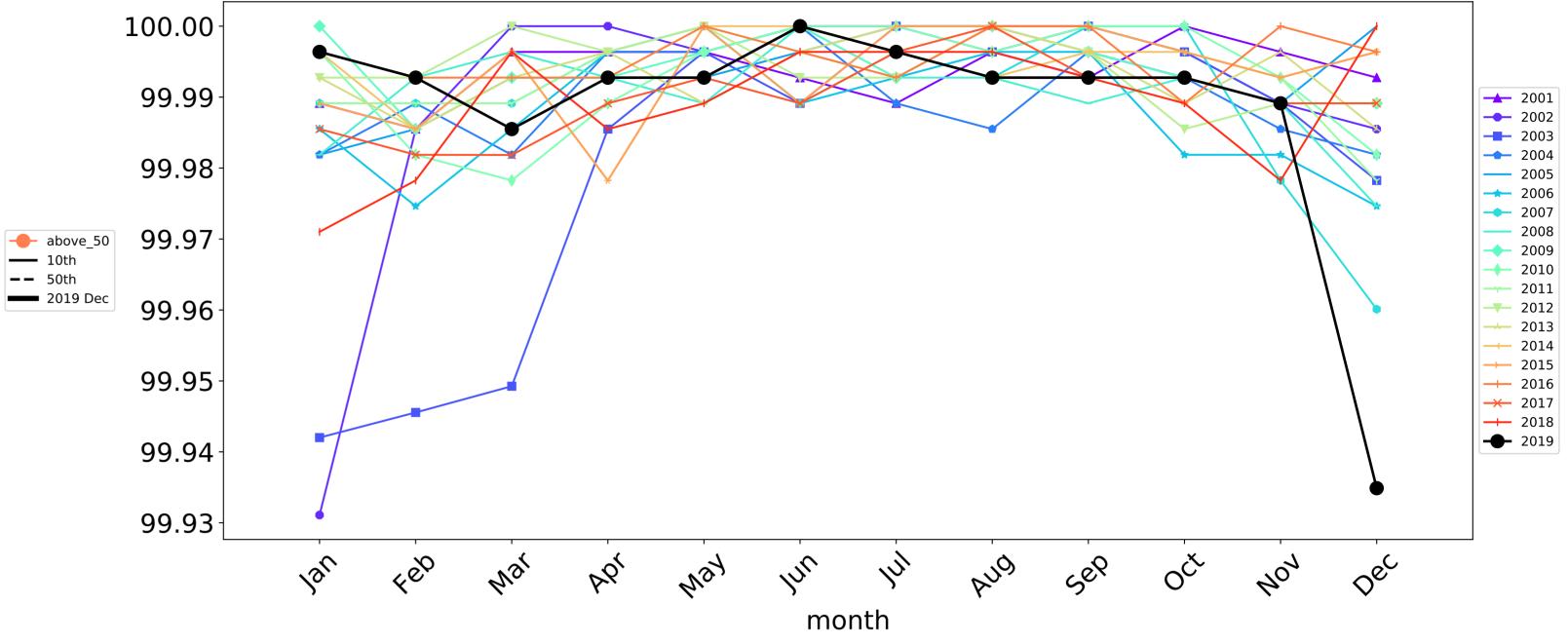


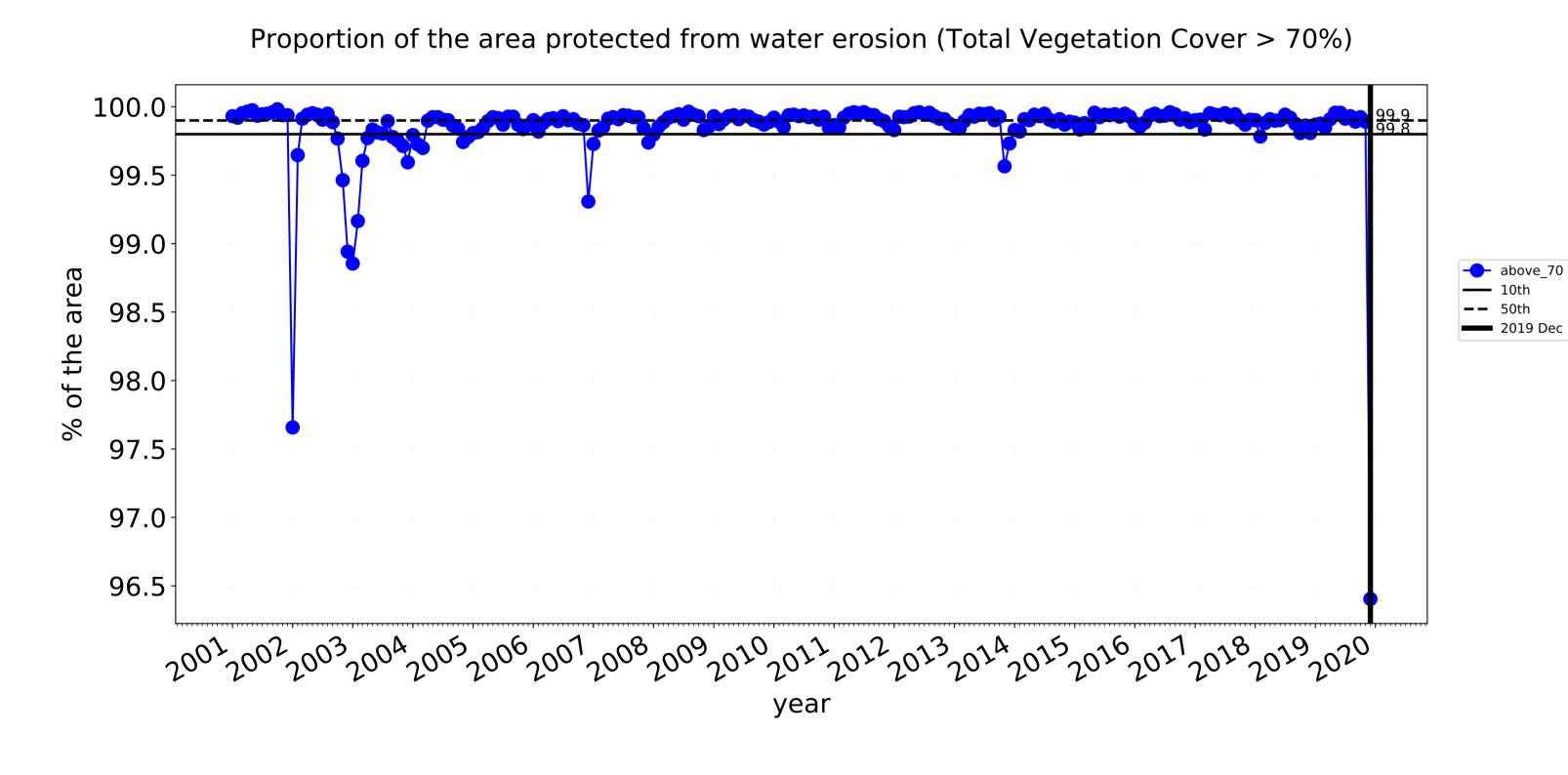


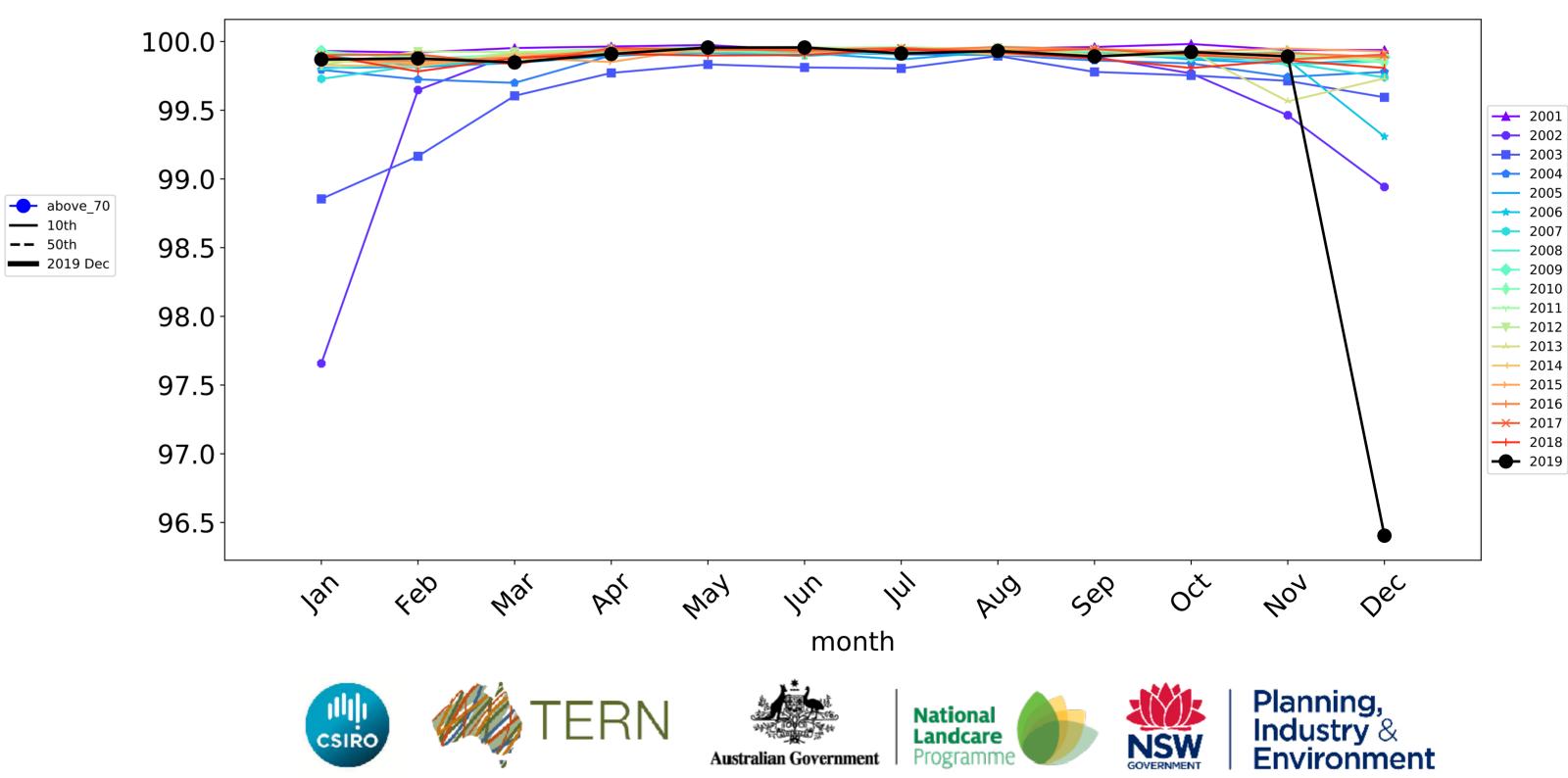
### **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**



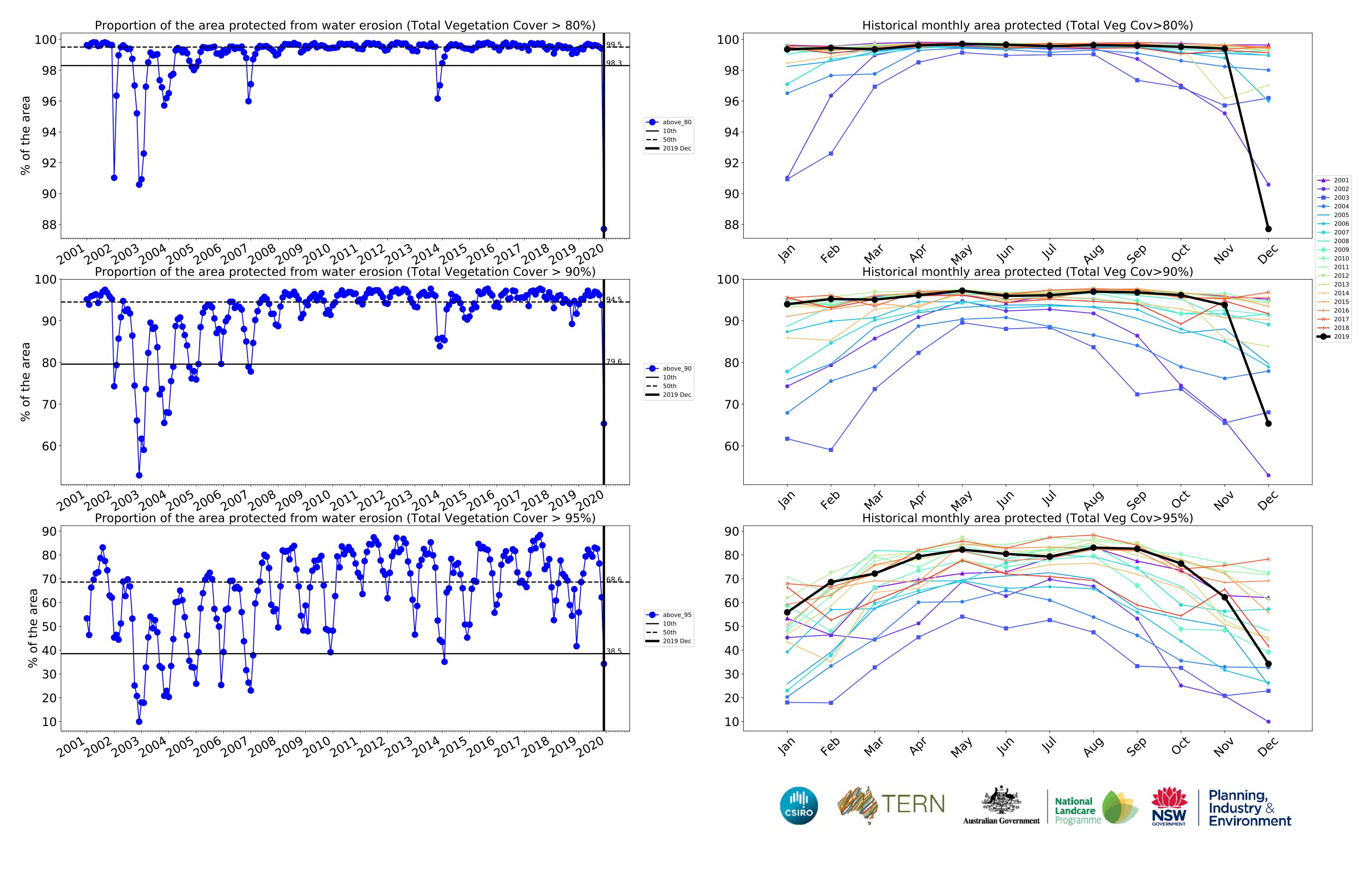








Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)



### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

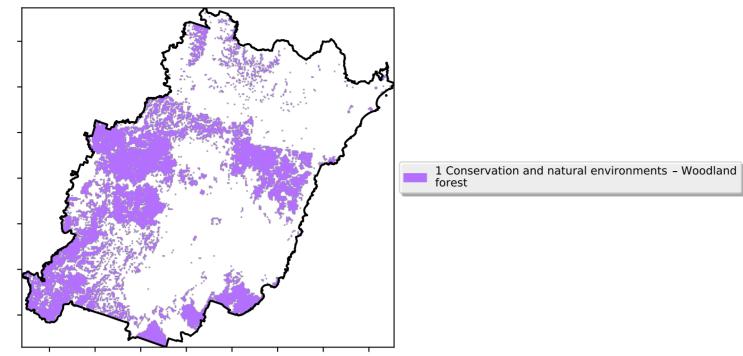
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

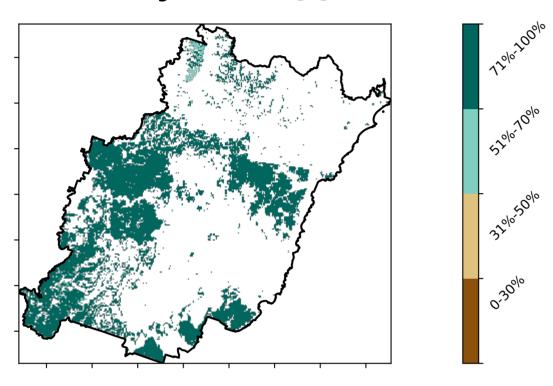
pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

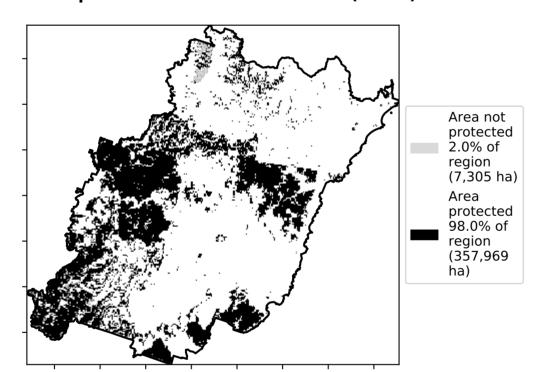
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



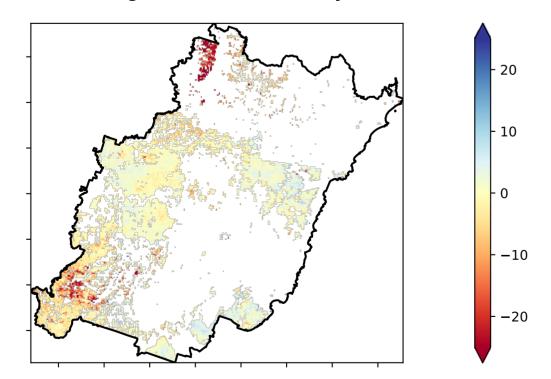
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

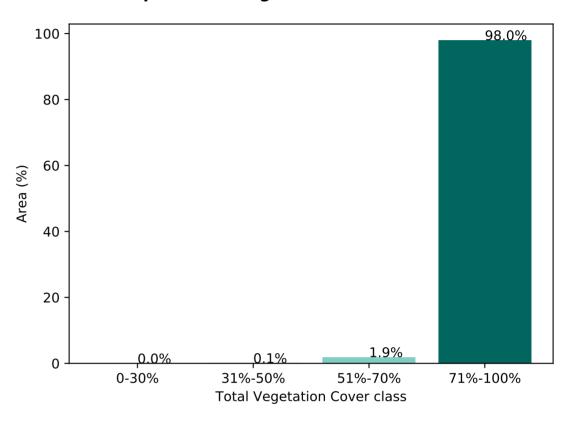


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

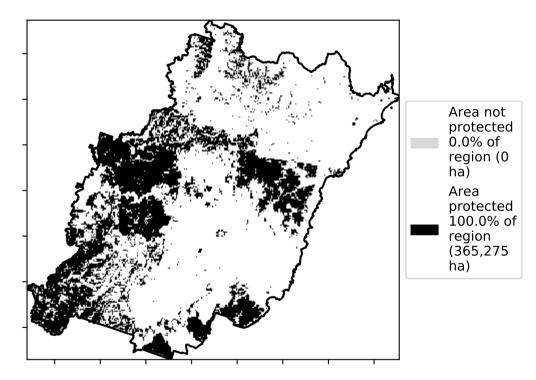


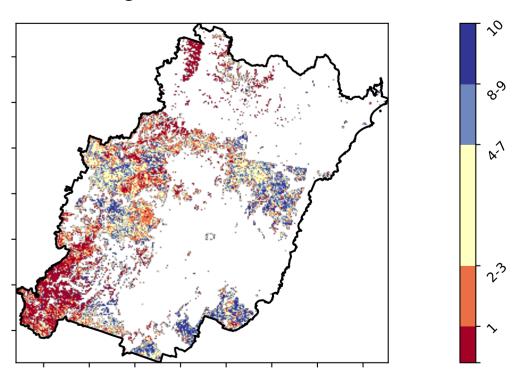
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









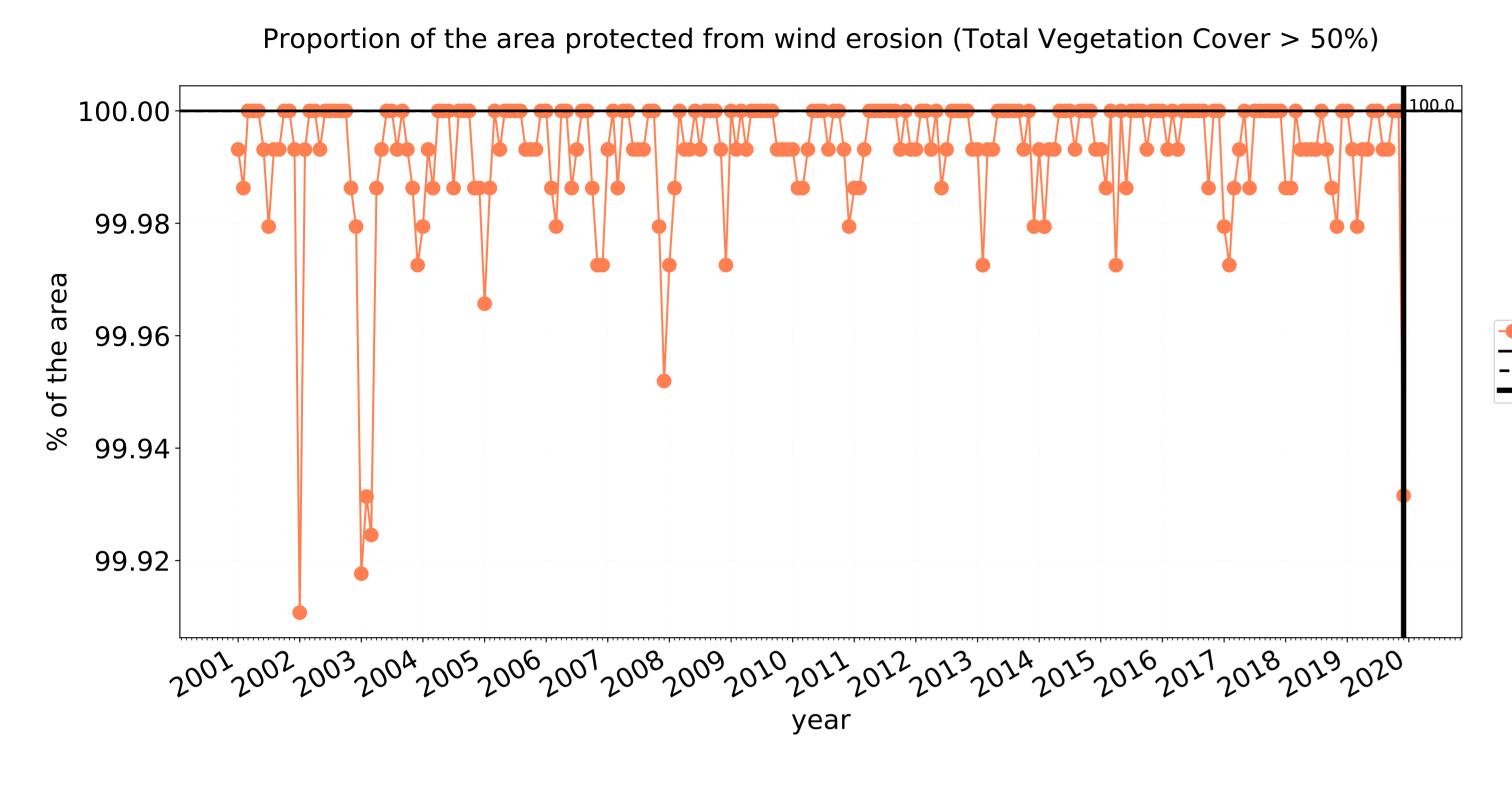


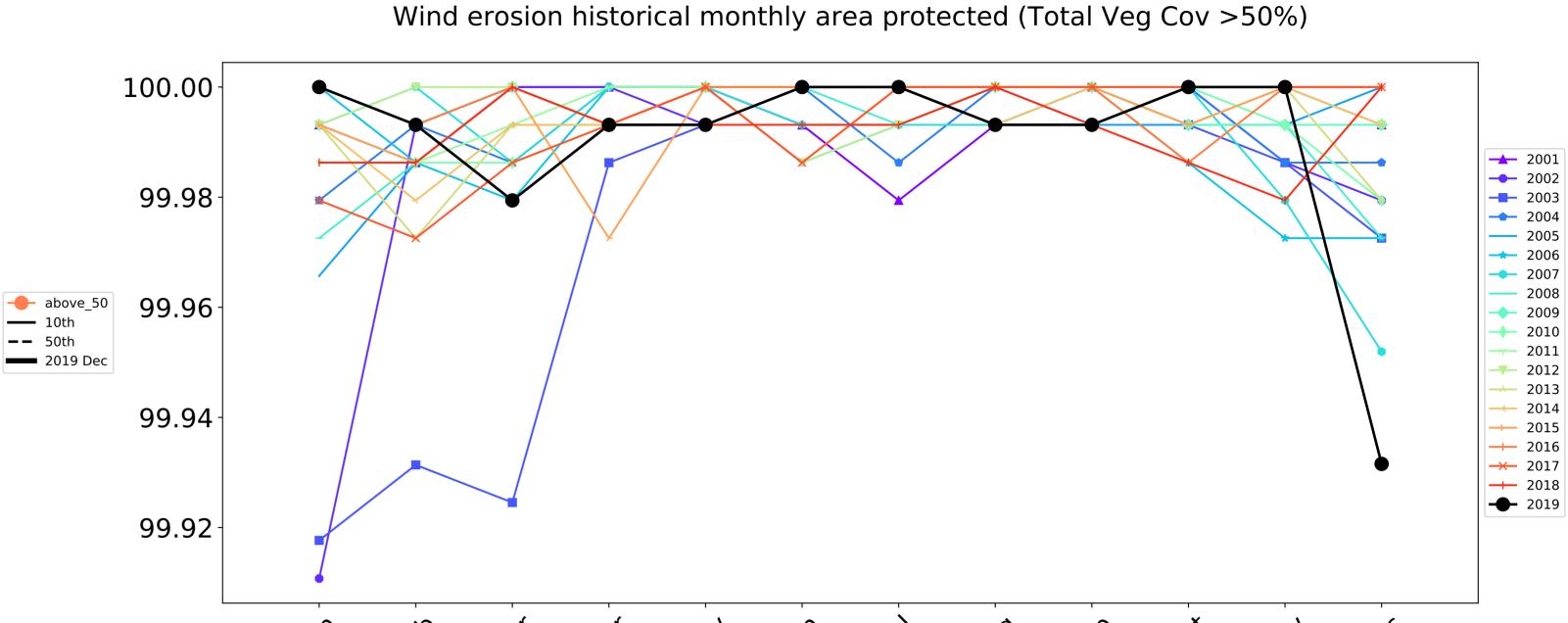




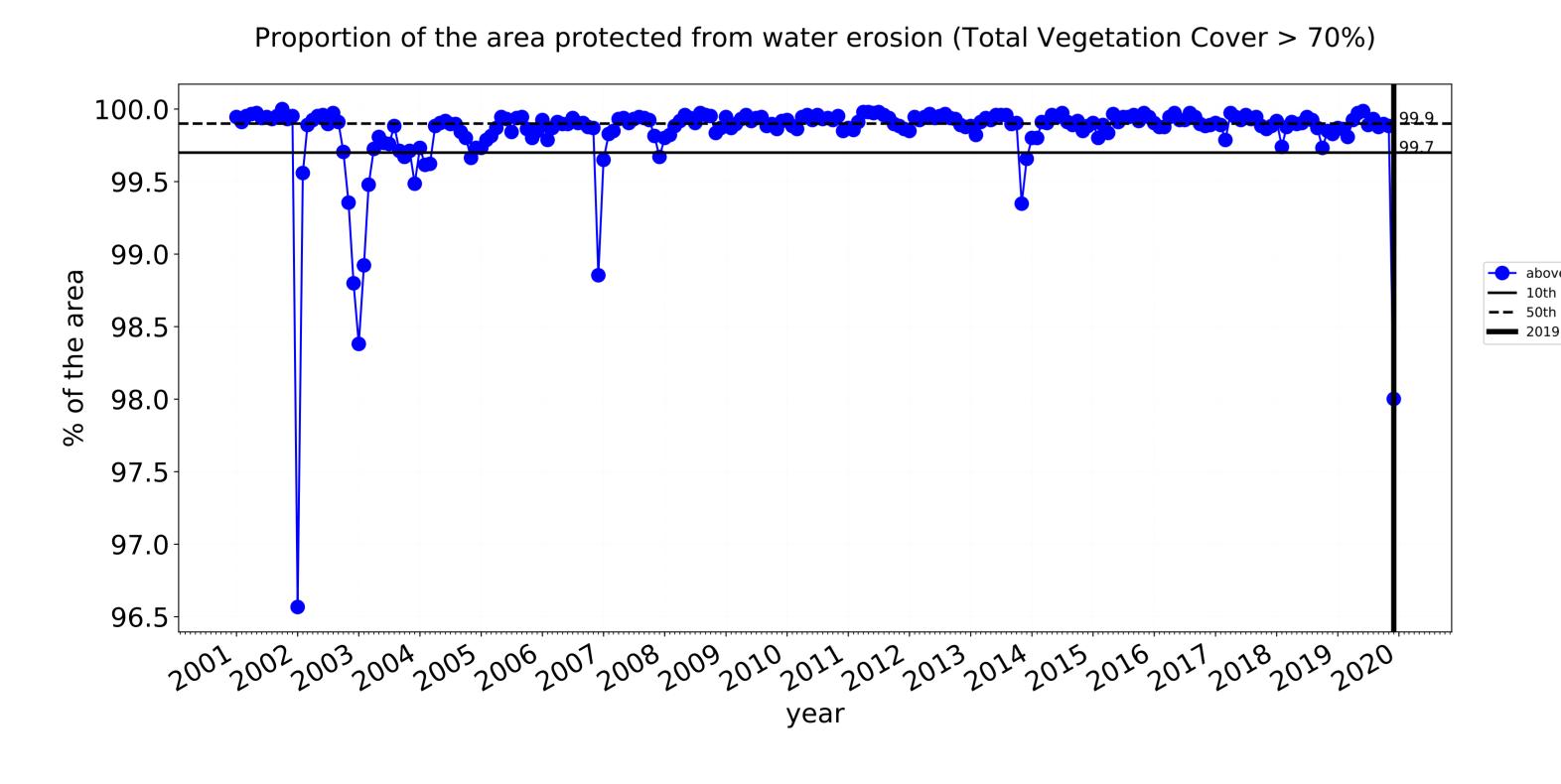


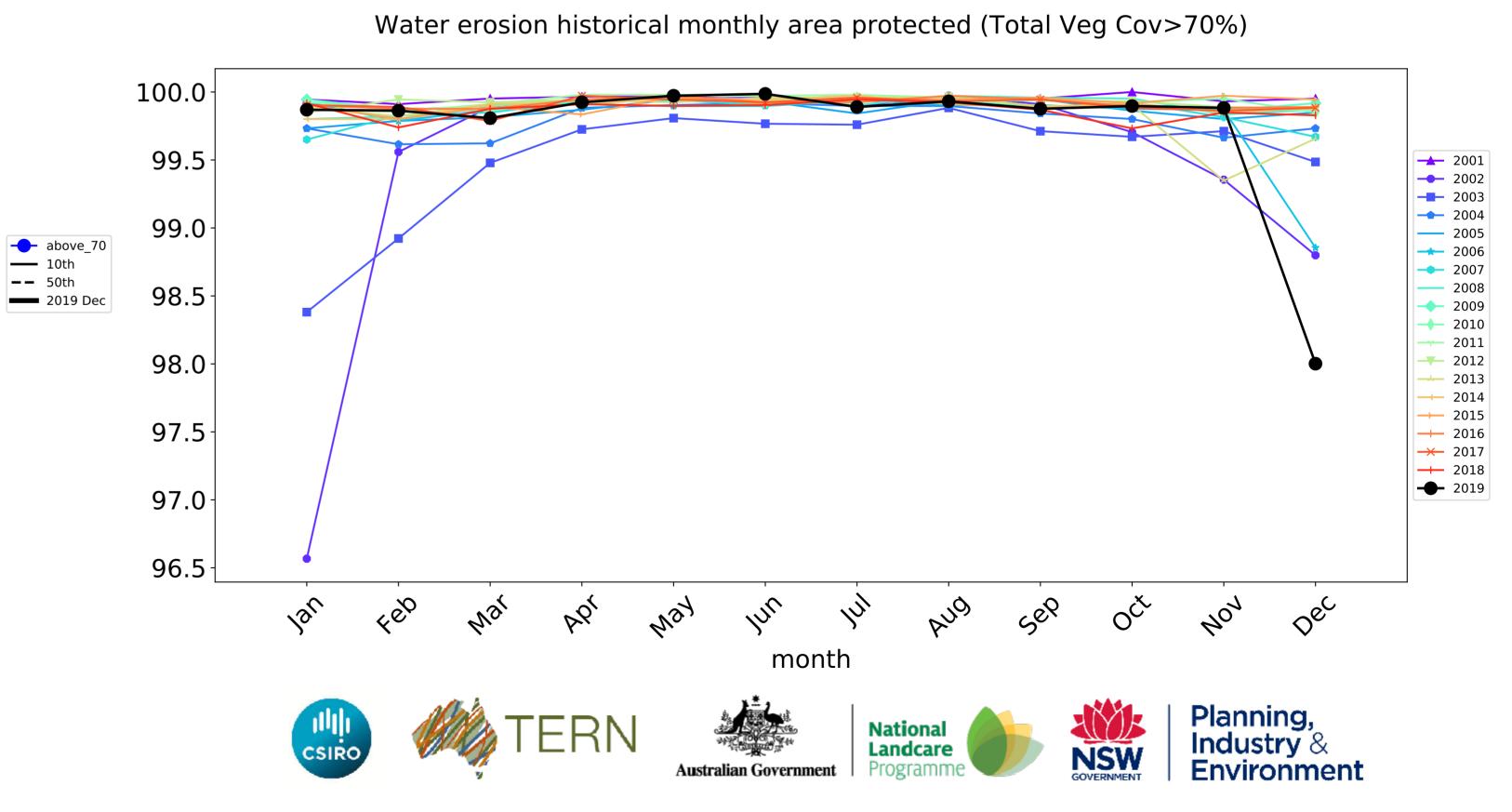
### Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries

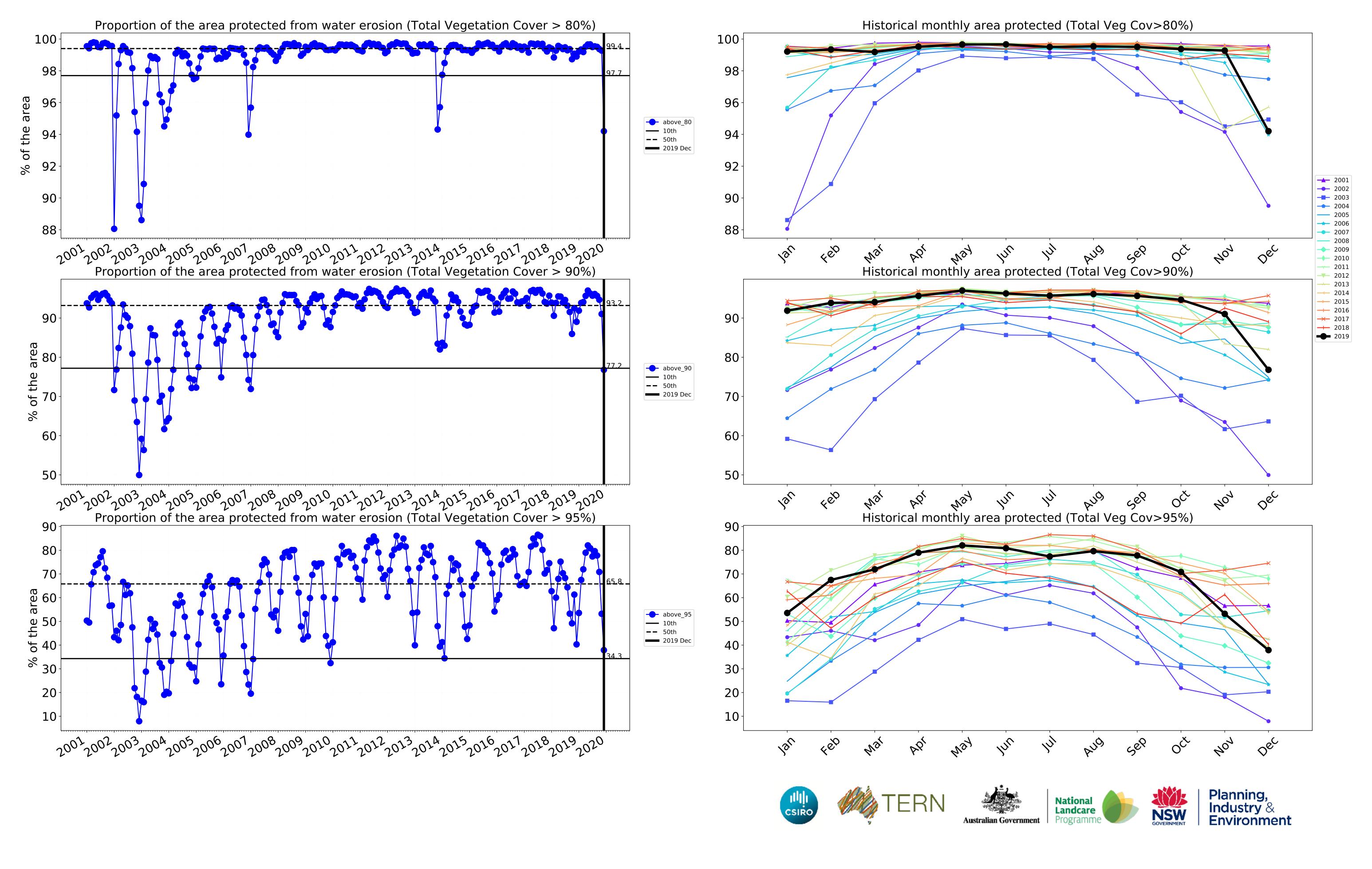




month





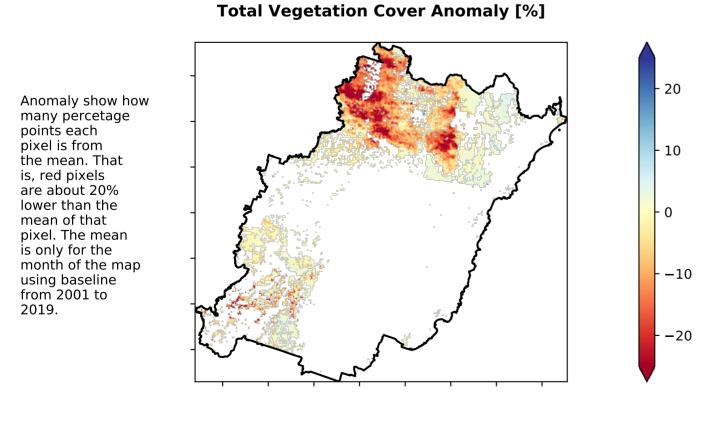


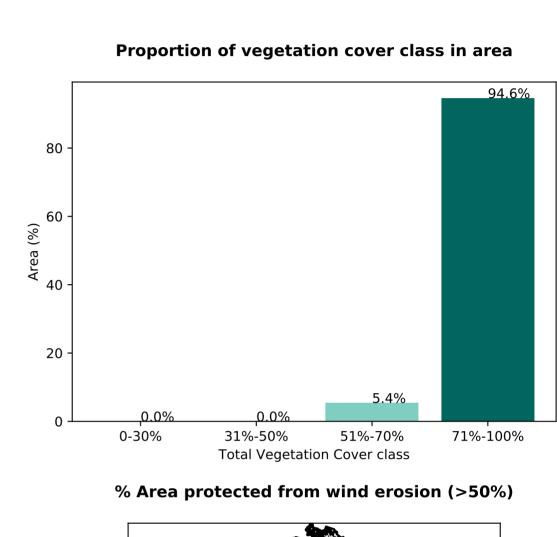
### **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

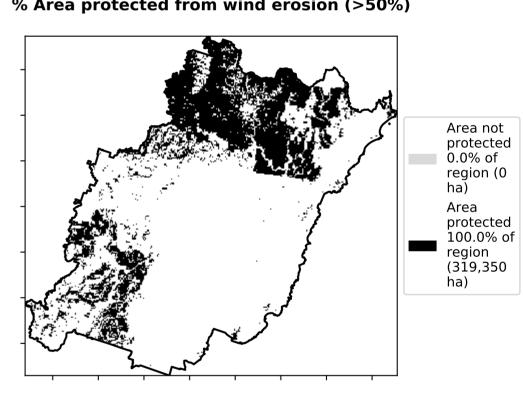
# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) Australia (2018)

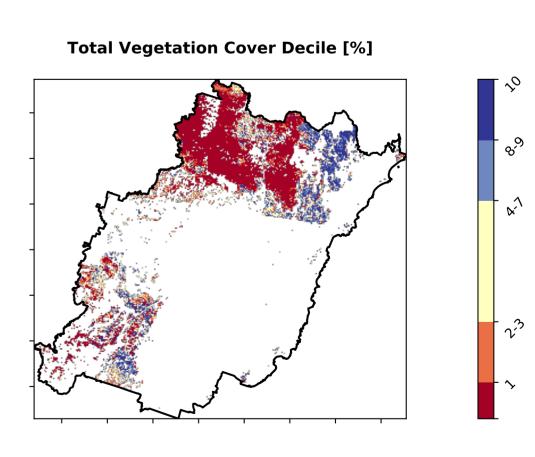
# Total Vegetation Cover [%] Tulor proposed in the control of the c

# Area not protected from water erosion (>70%) Area not protected 5.4% of region (17,244 ha) Area protected 94.6% of region (302,105 ha)















Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the

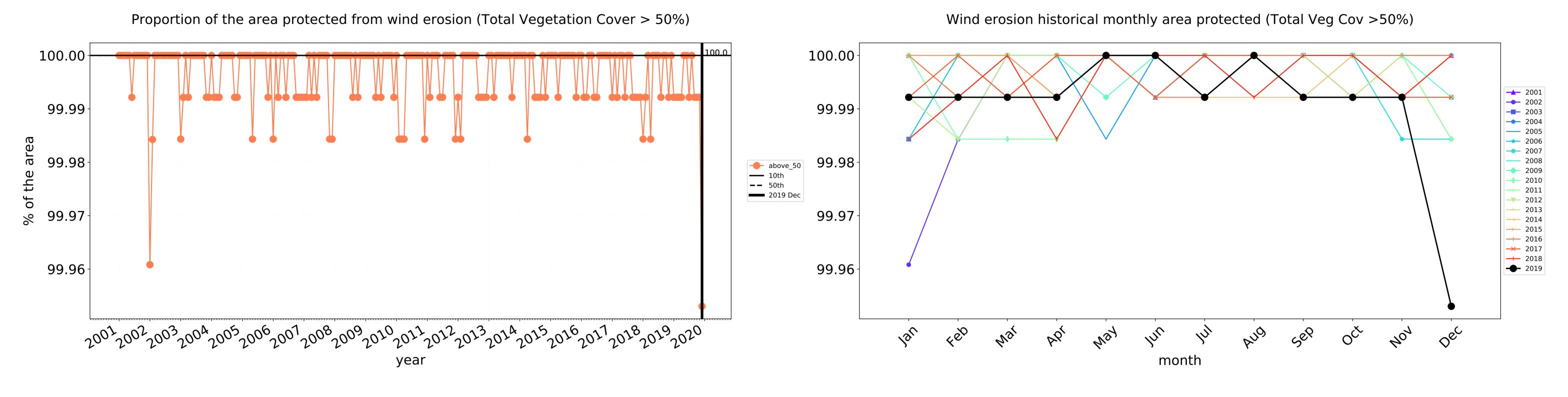
record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the man using baseling.

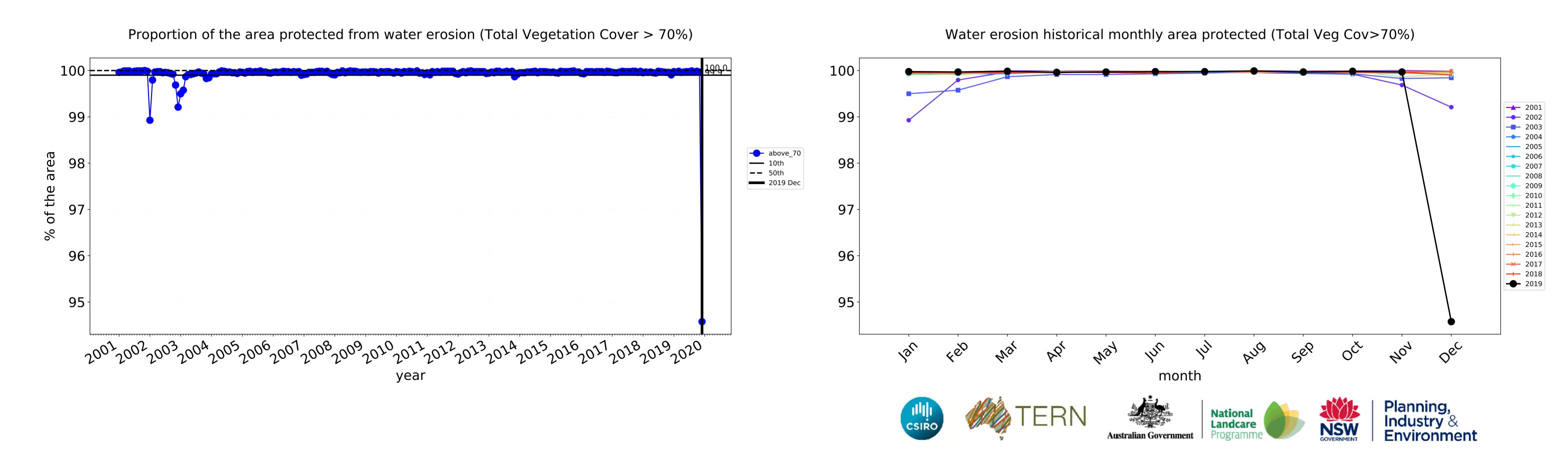
the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

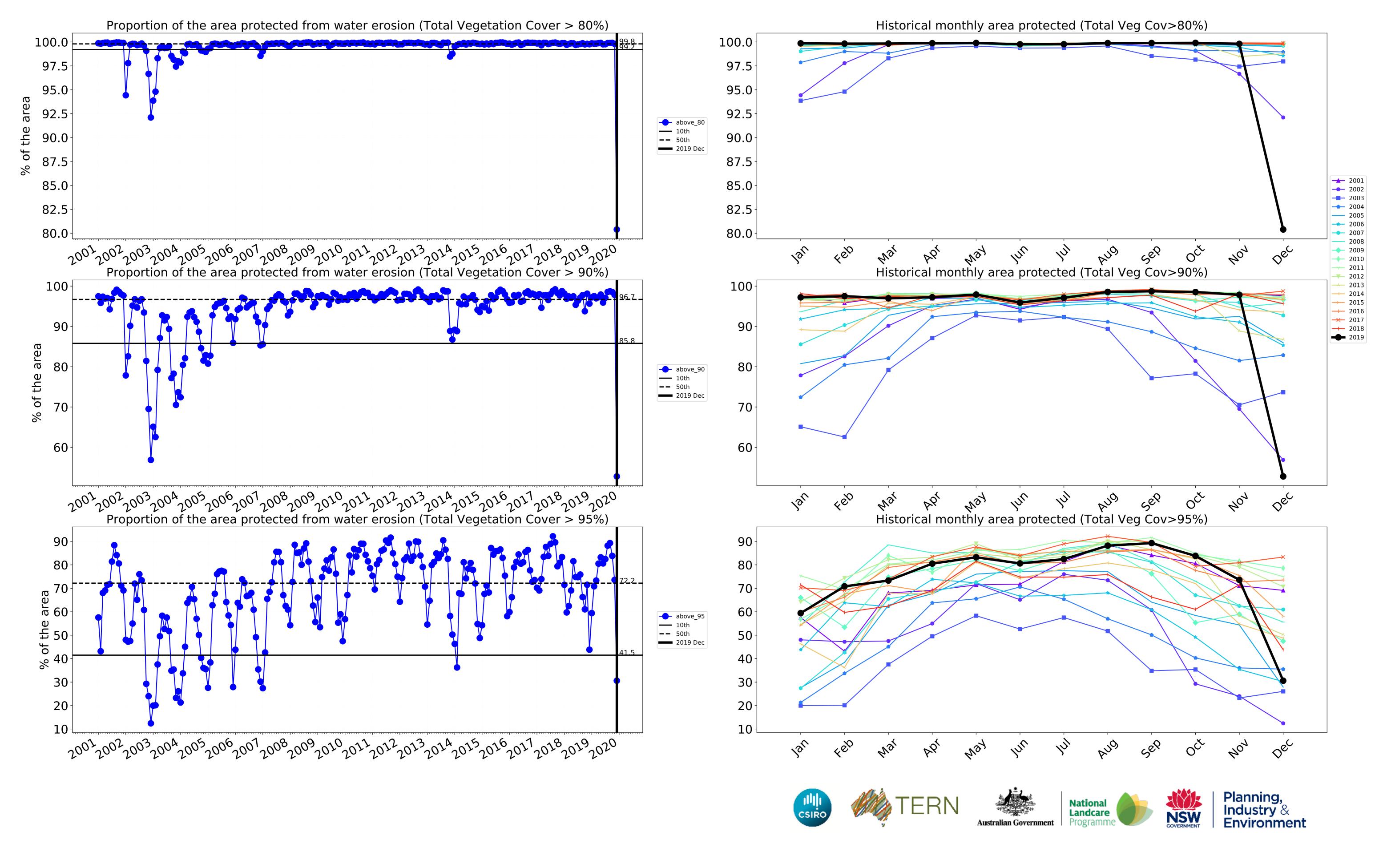






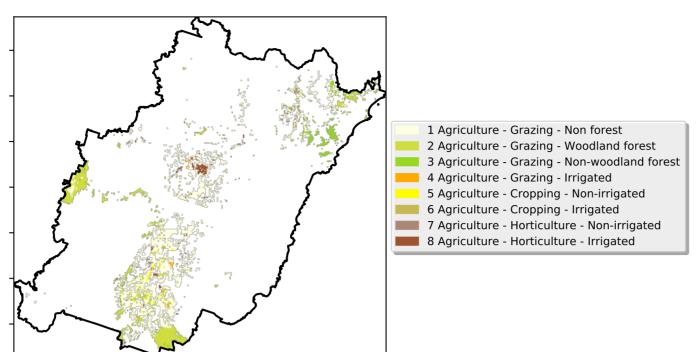






### **Agriculture**

## Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

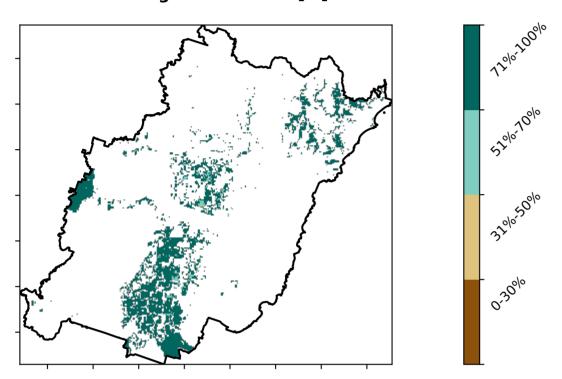


## 60 - 59.9% 50 - 40 - 26.2% 20 - 10 - 7.2% 10 - 2.8% 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Land use class

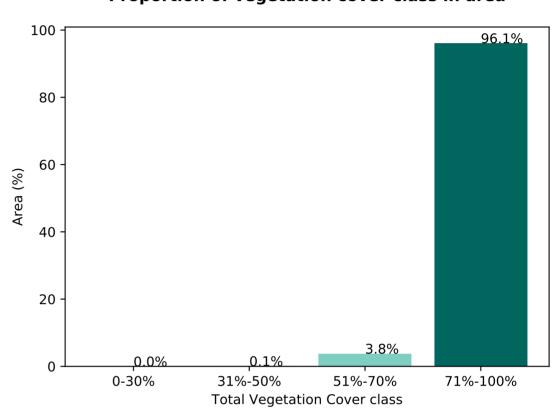
**Proportion of each land class in area** 



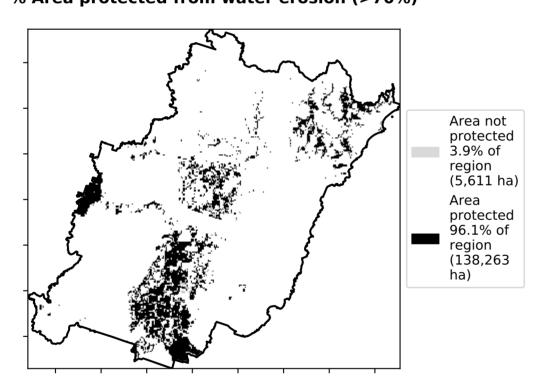
Land use and forest cover



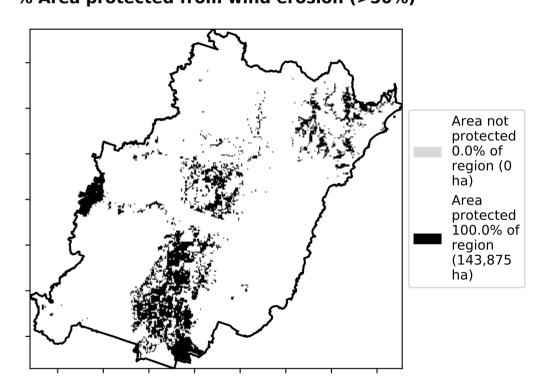
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



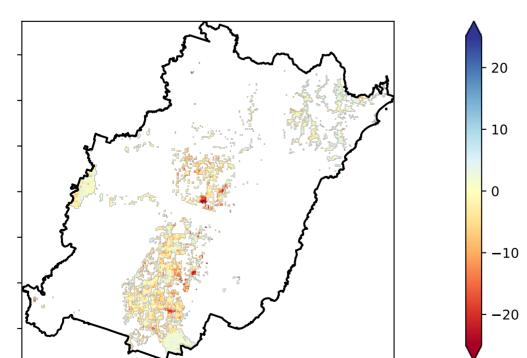
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

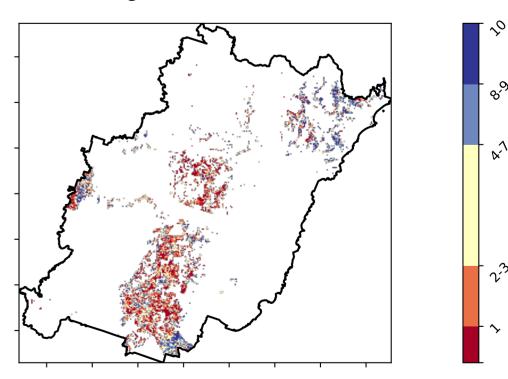


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



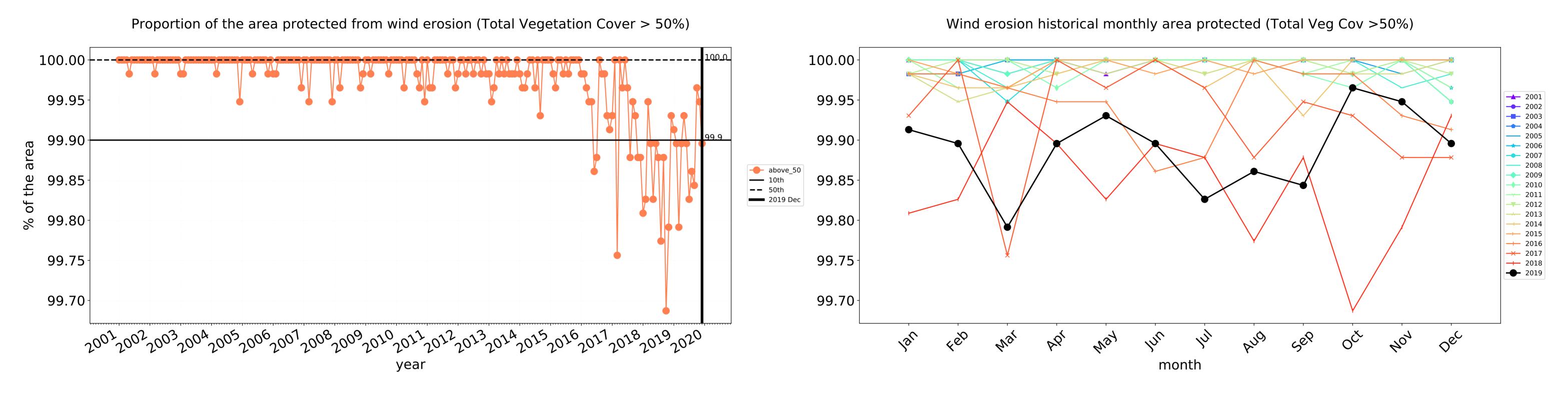


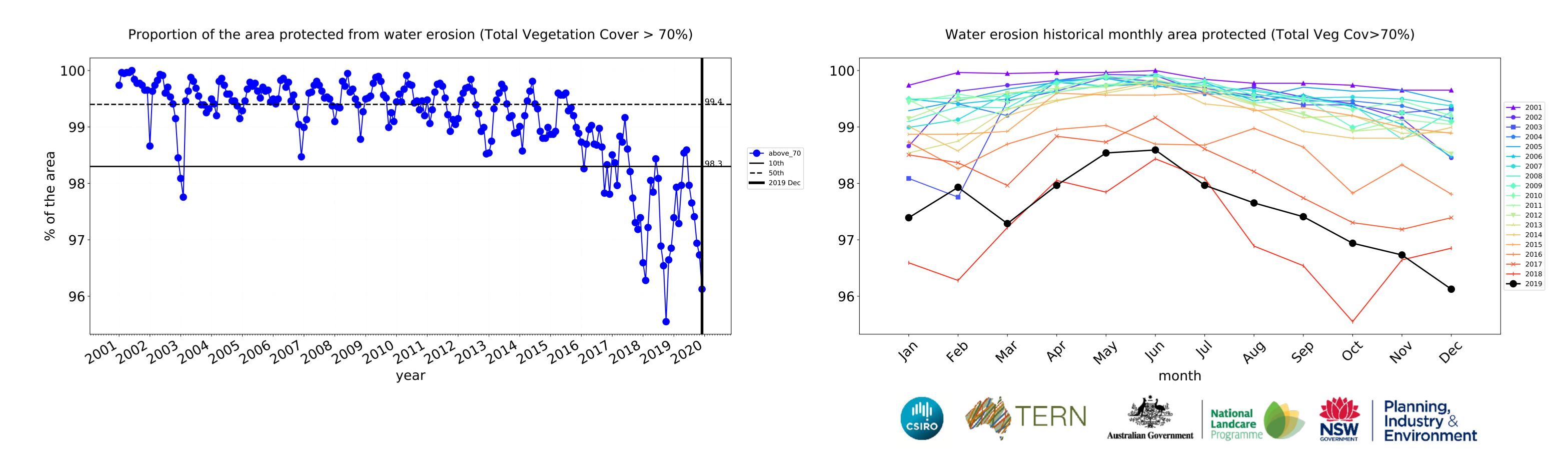


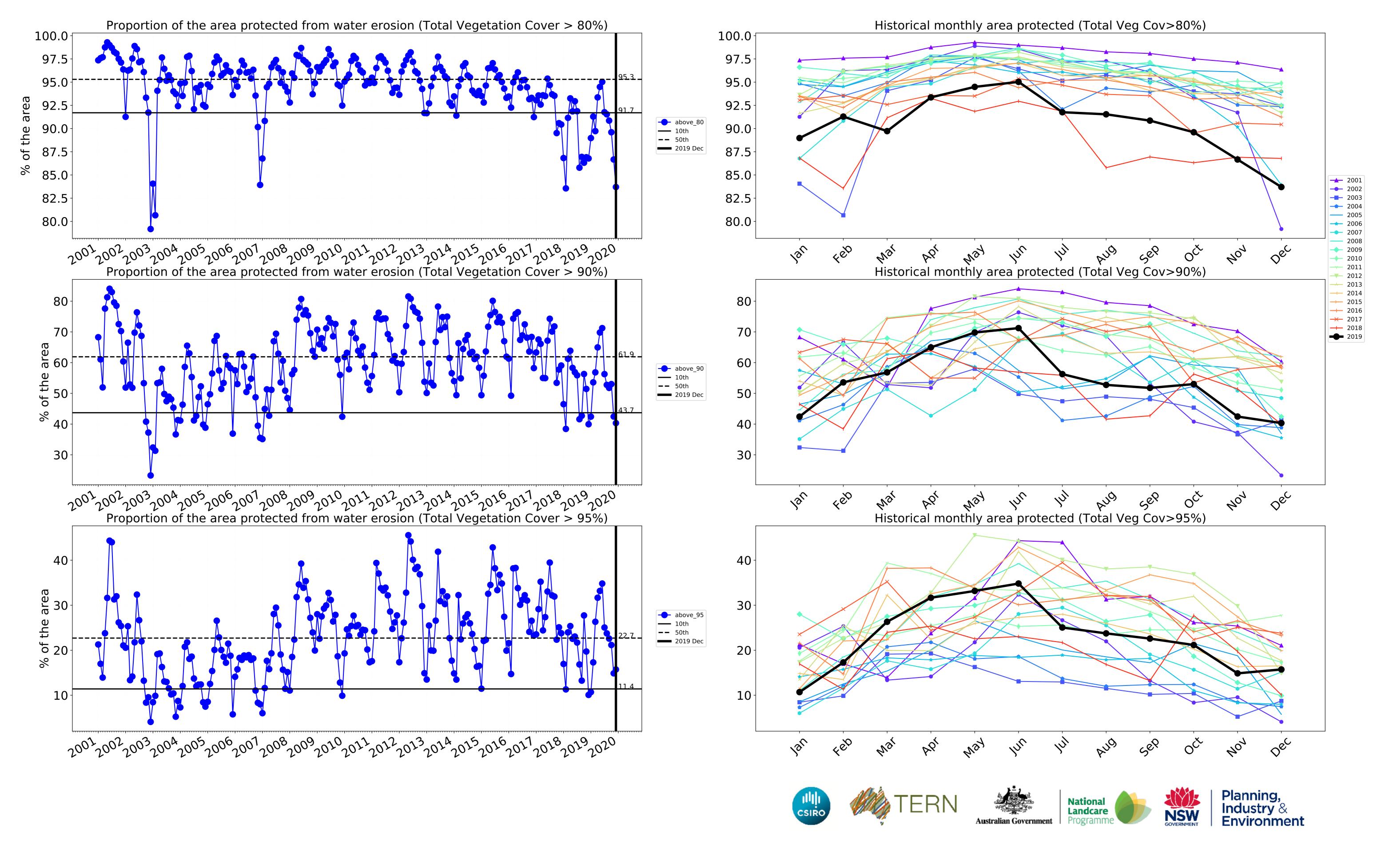




### **Agriculture timeseries**







### **Grazing**

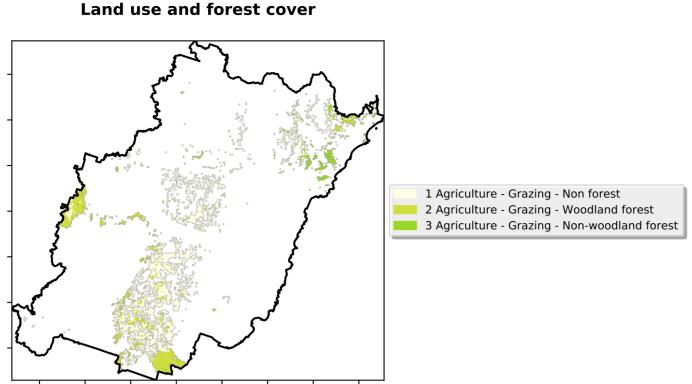
### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

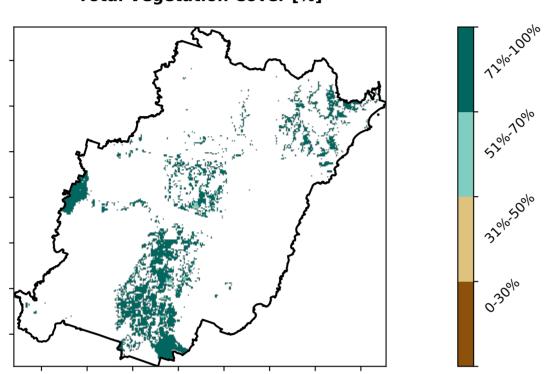
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



## 60 - 64.2% 50 - 64.2% 30 - 28.1% 20 - 10 - 7.7%

**Proportion of each land class in area** 

### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

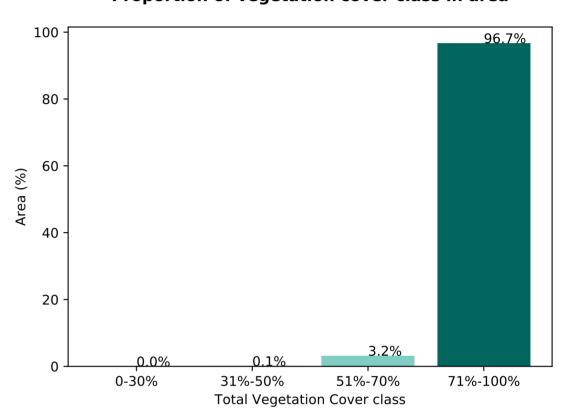


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

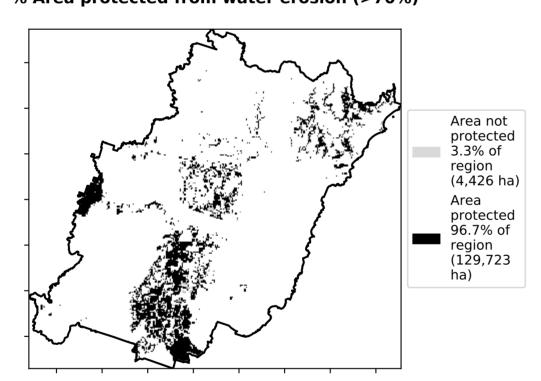
Land use class

3

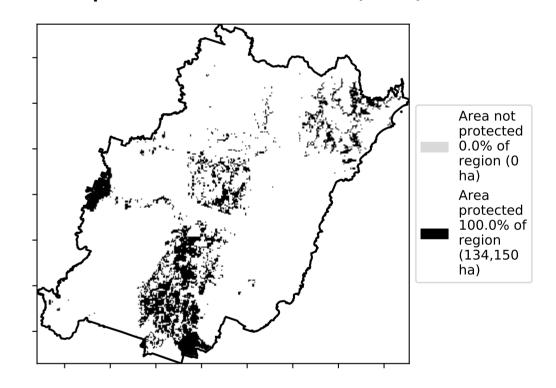
2



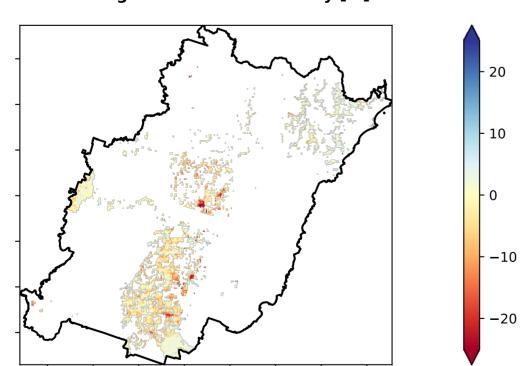
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



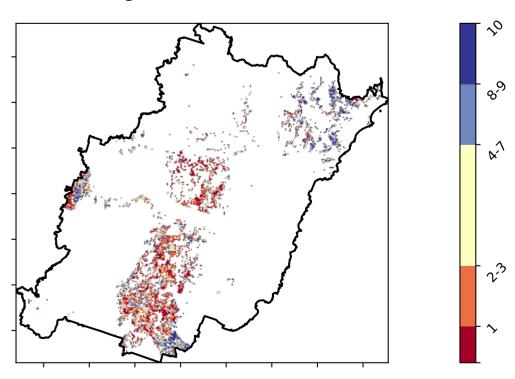
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







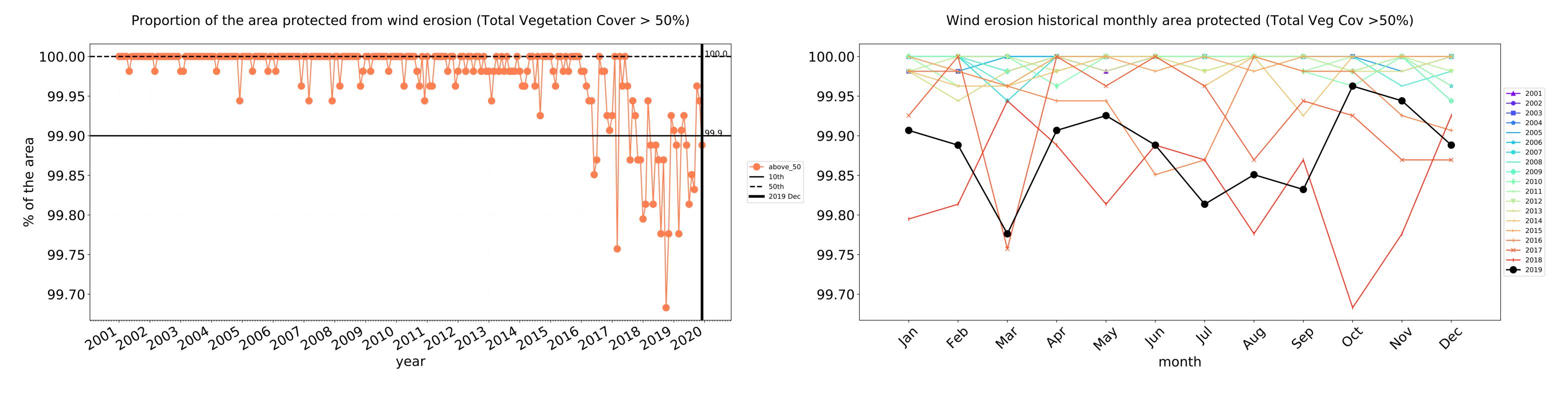


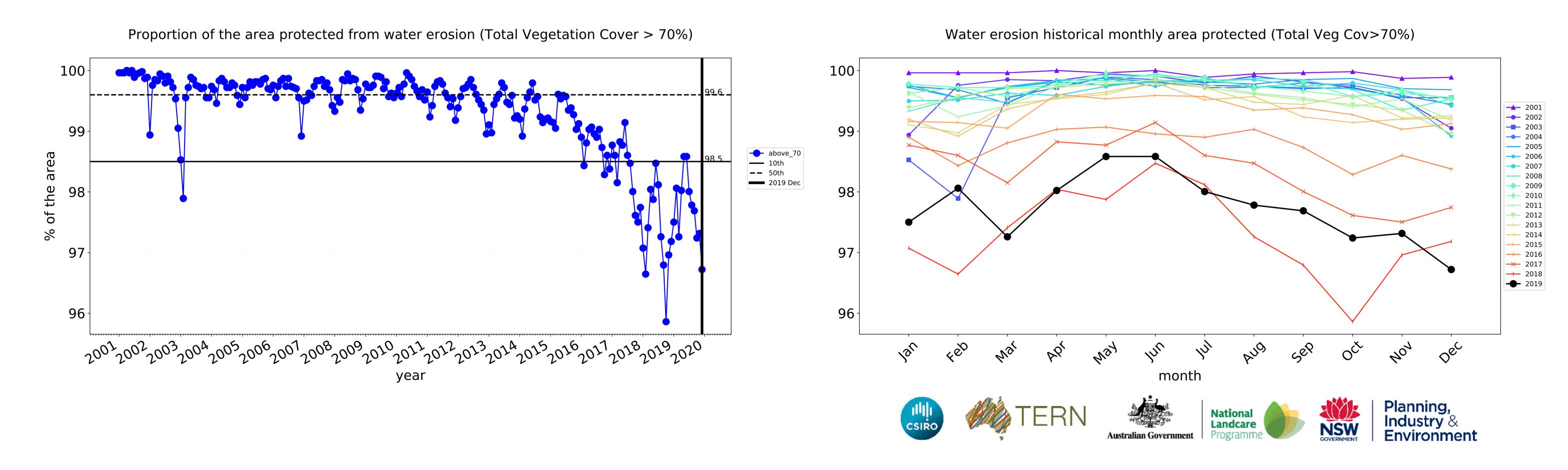


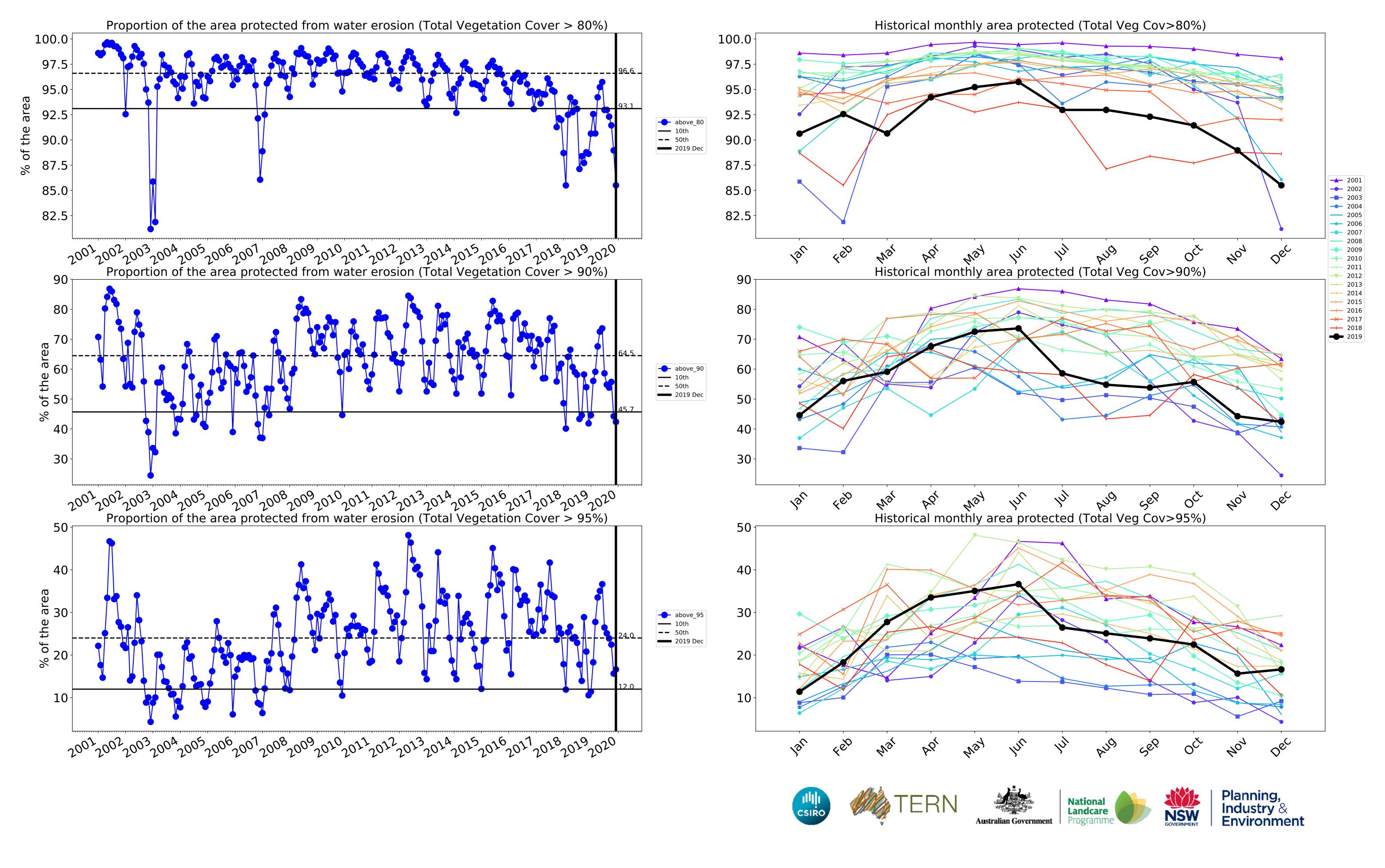




### **Grazing timeseries**







### **Grazing non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

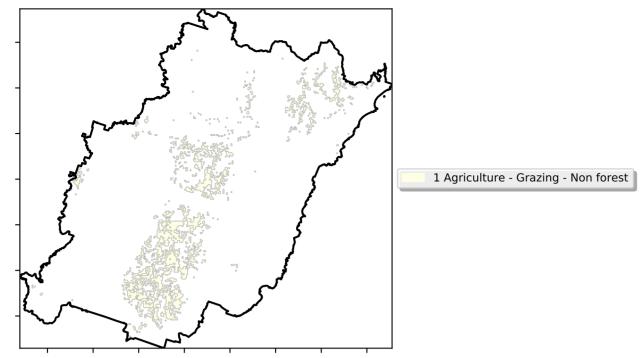
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

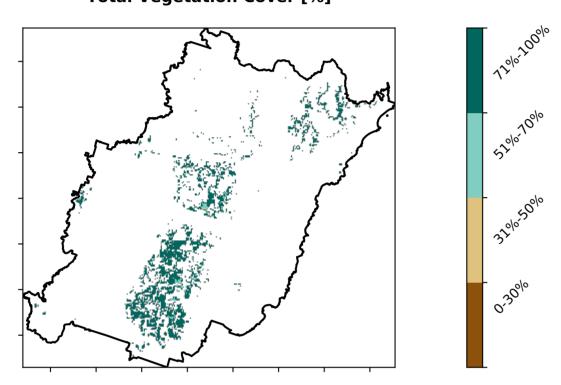
pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

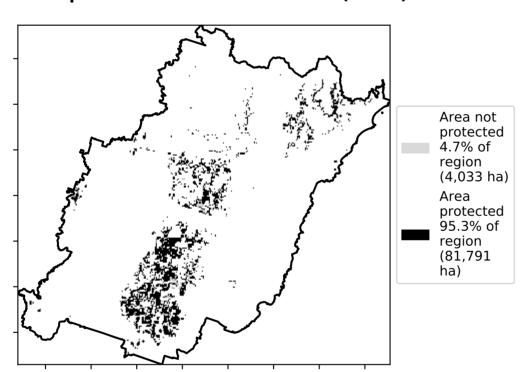
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



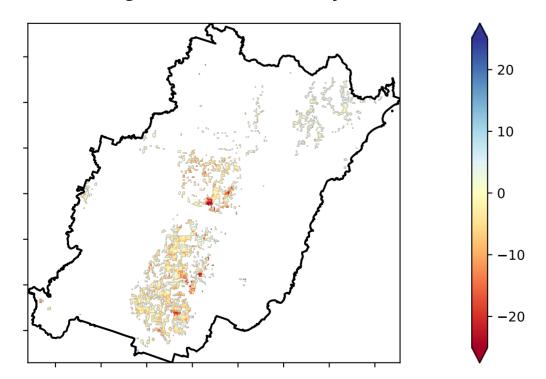
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

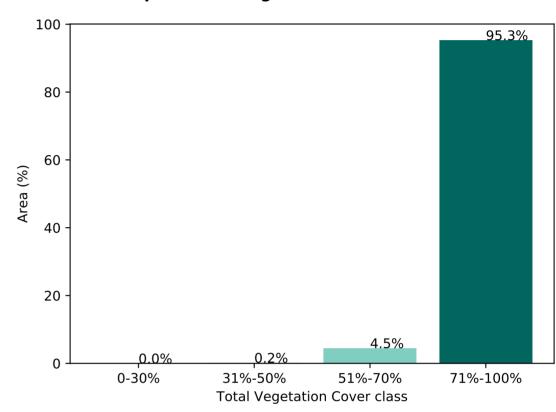


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

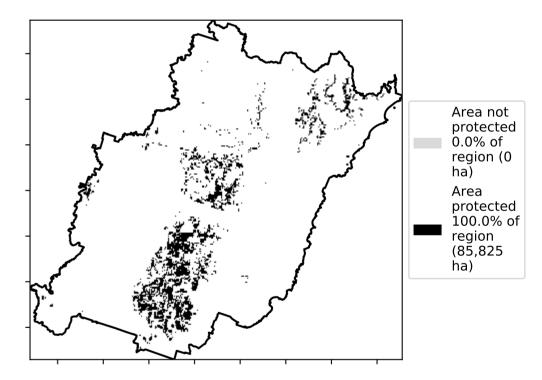


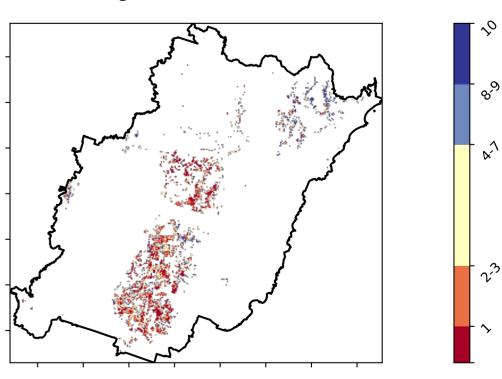
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









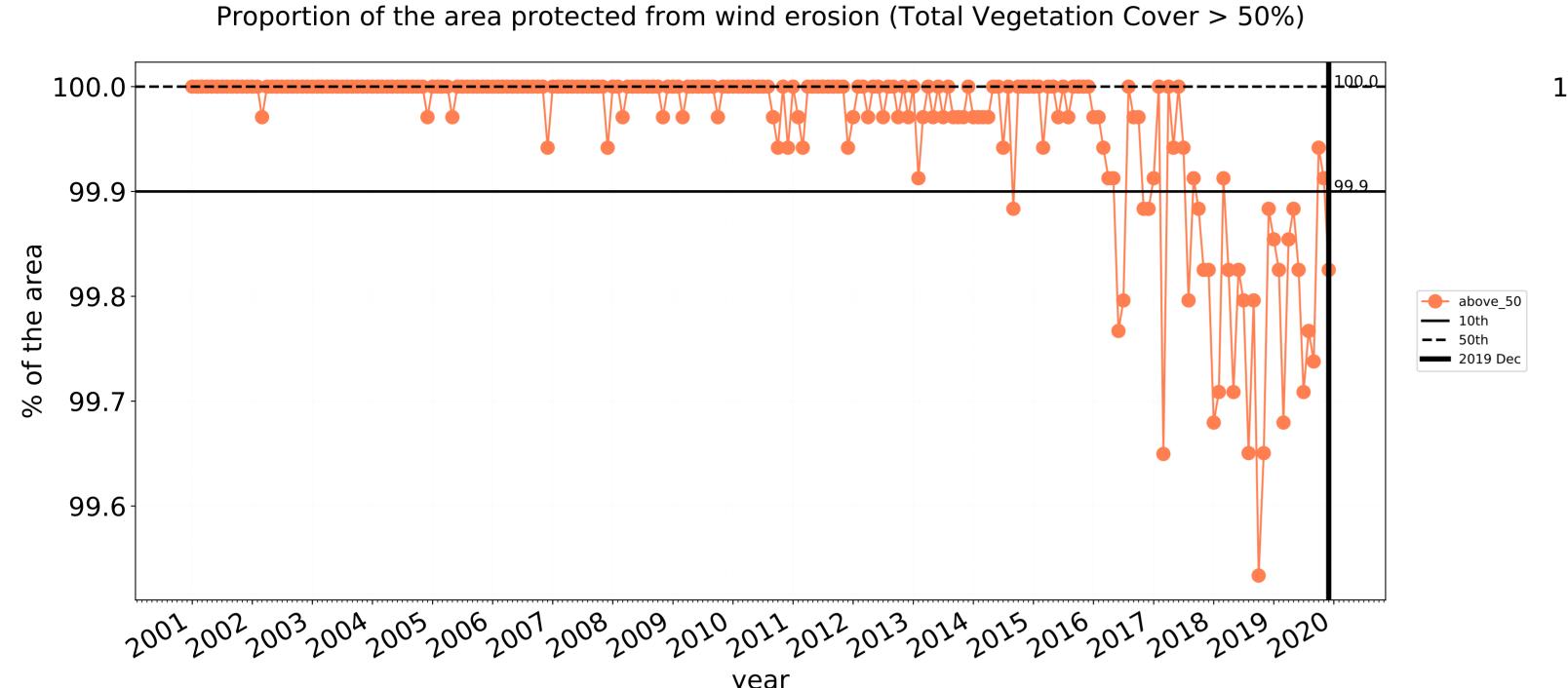


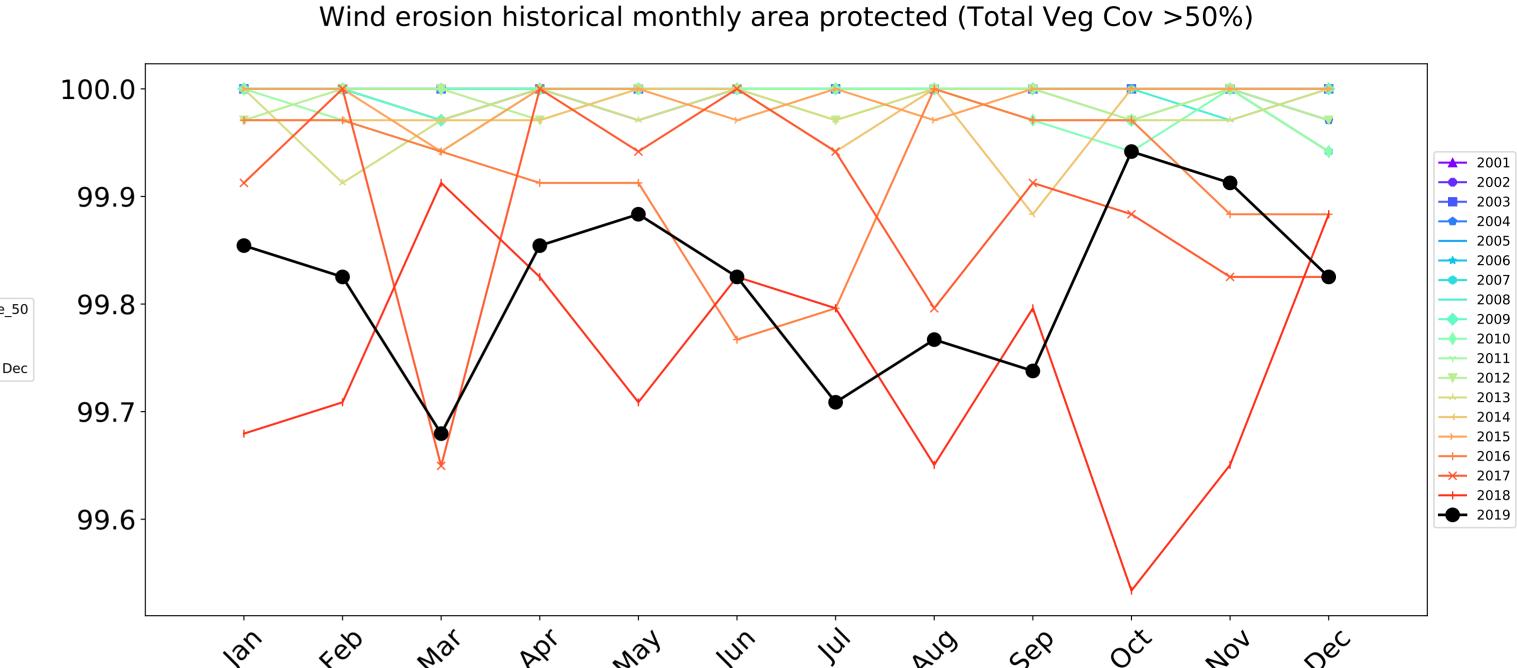




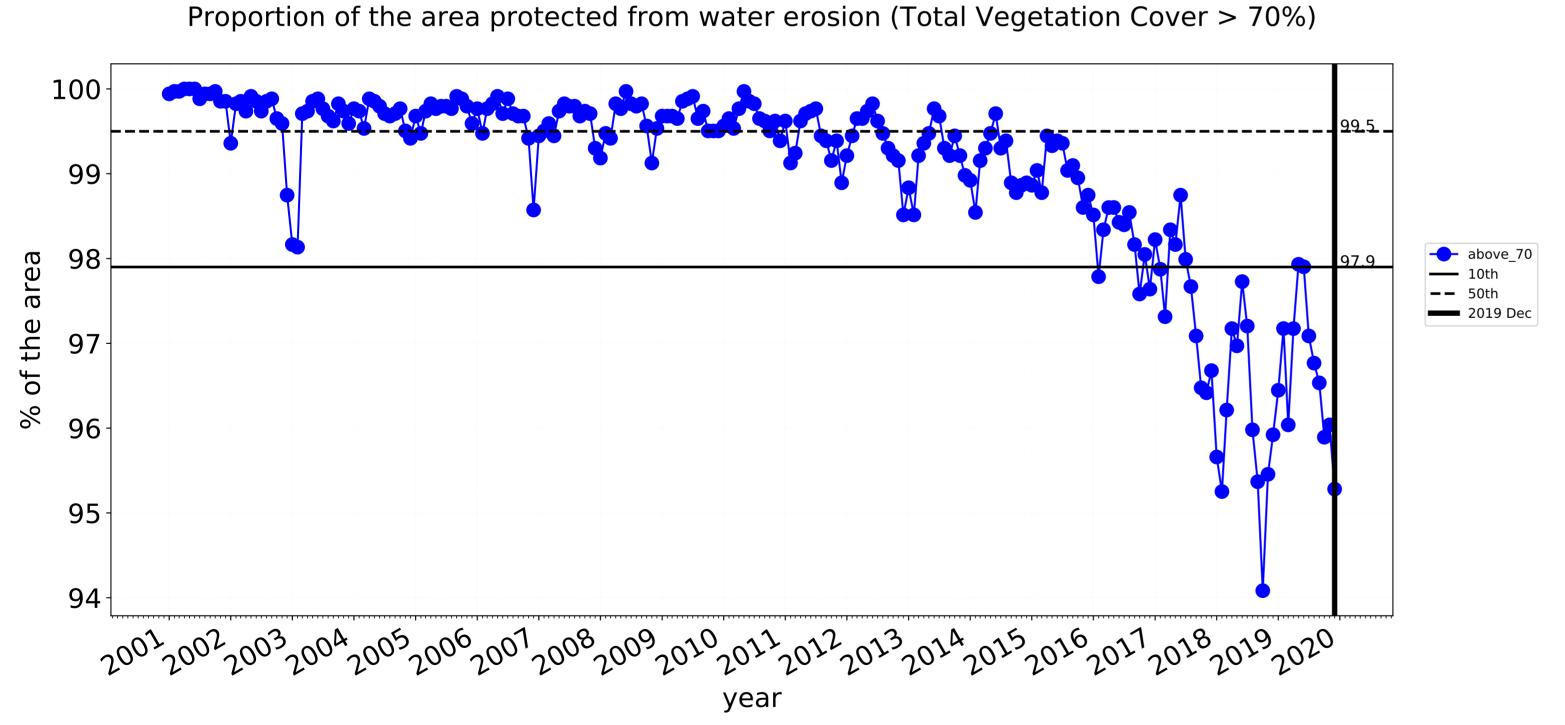


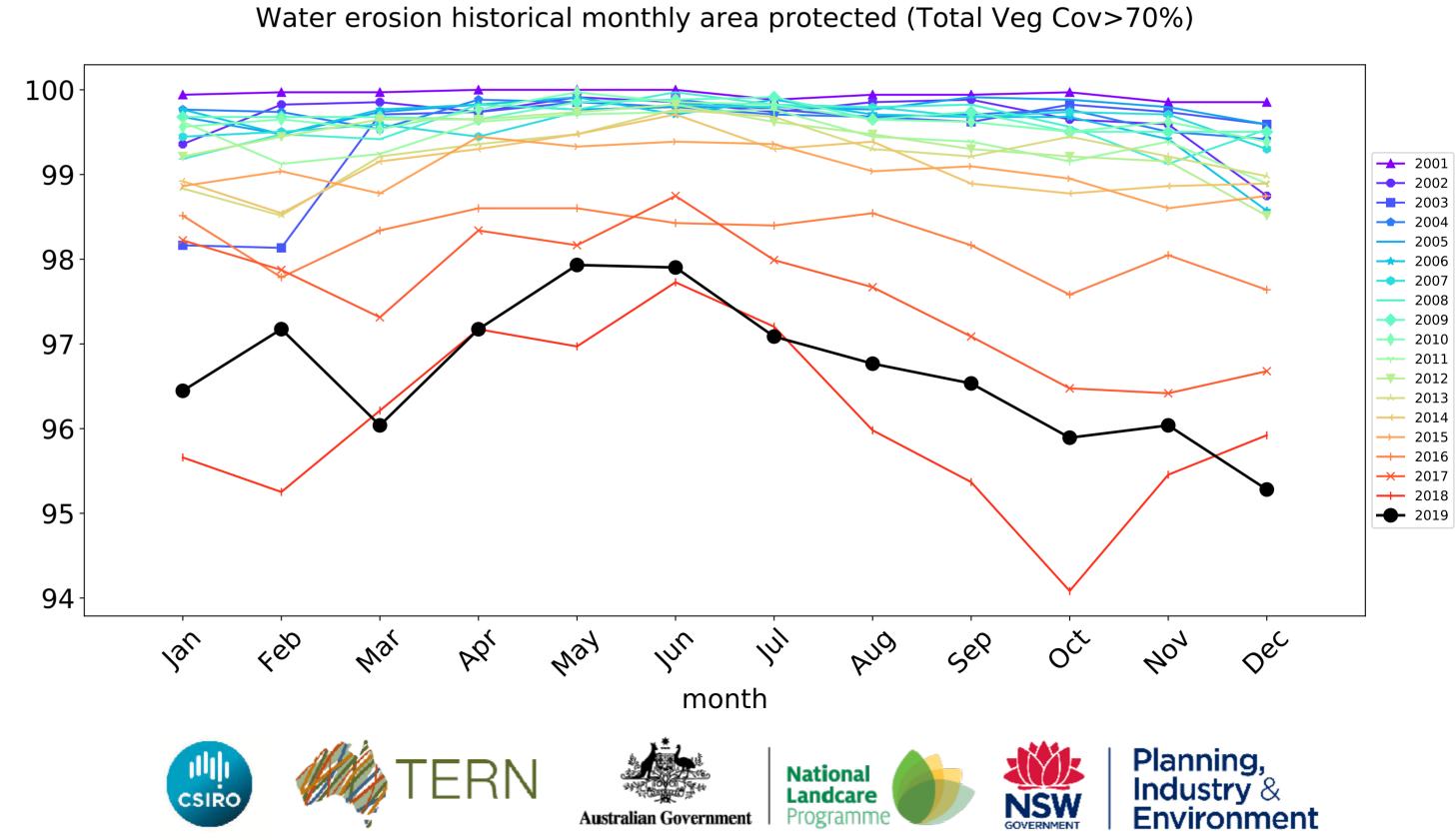
### **Grazing non forest timeseries**

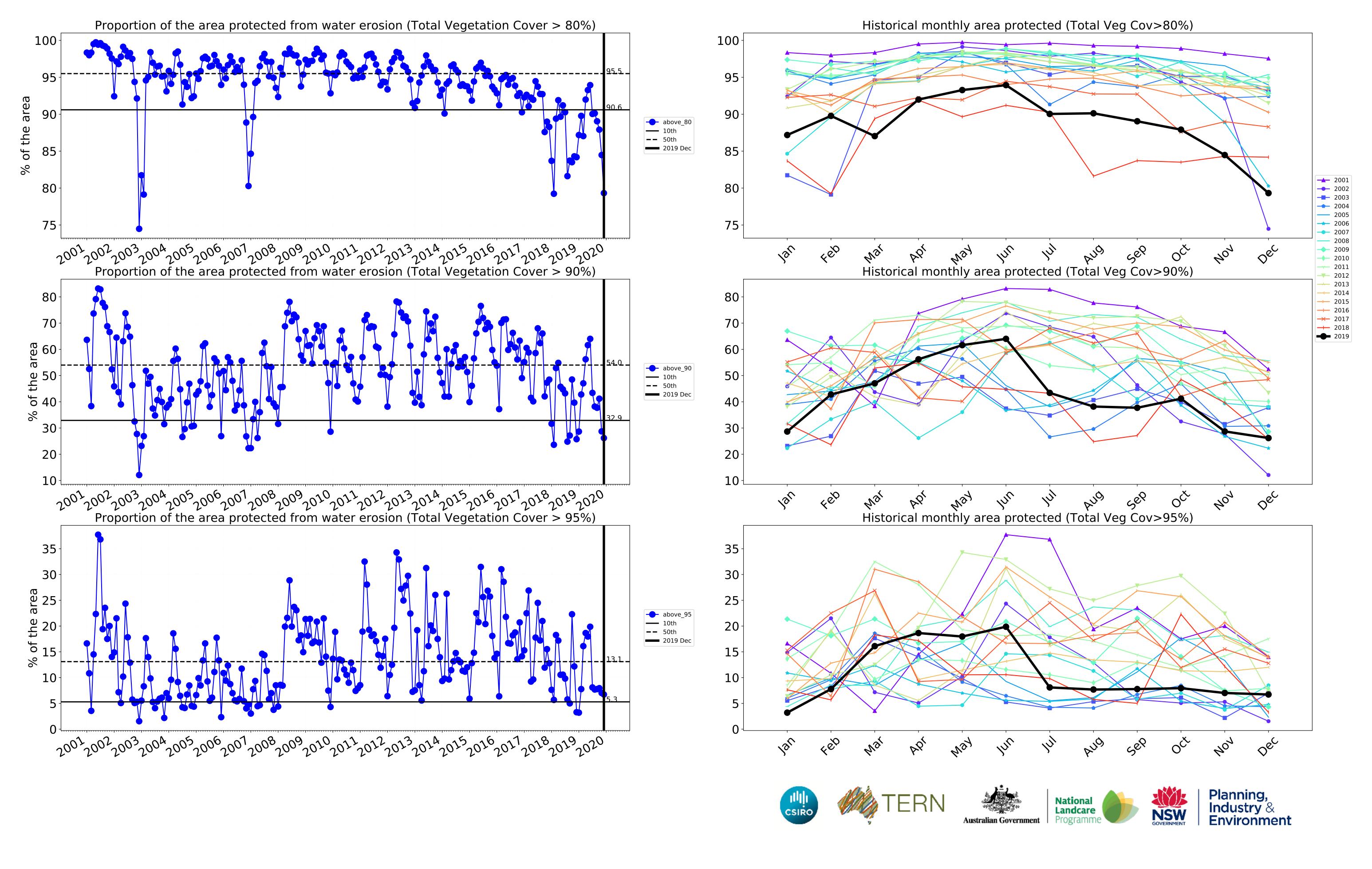




month







### **Grazing Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

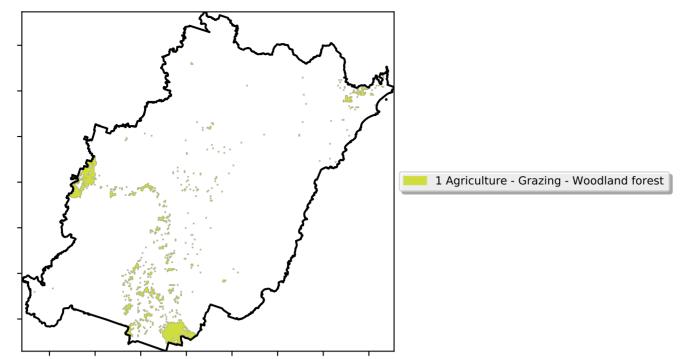
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

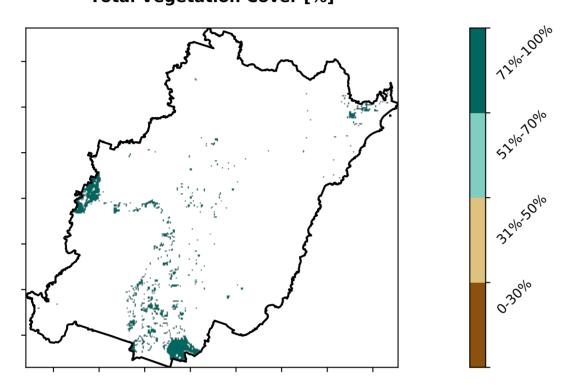
pixel is from the mean. That

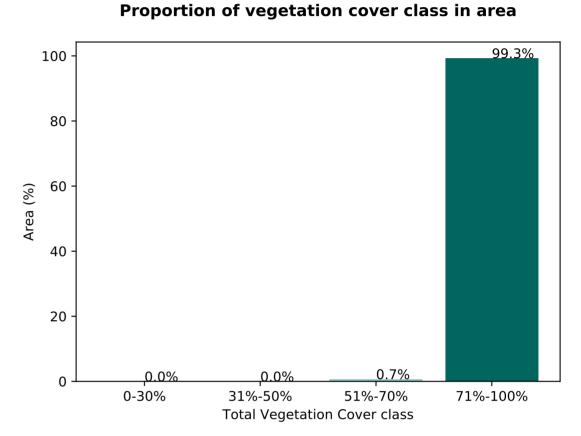
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

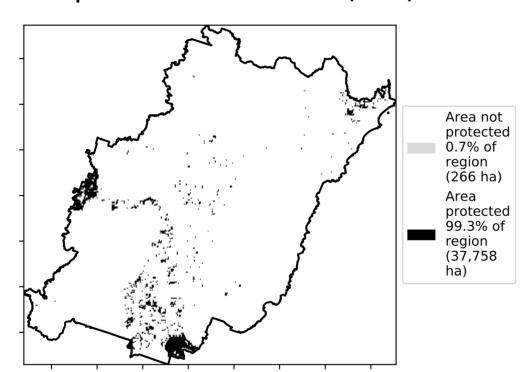


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

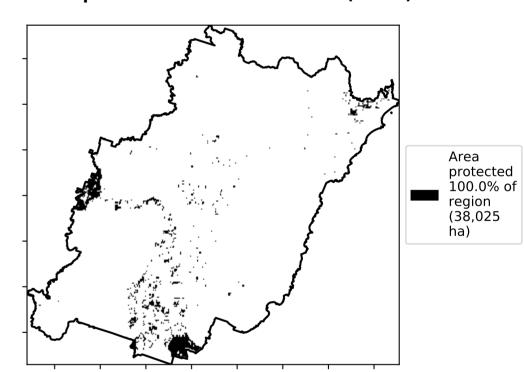




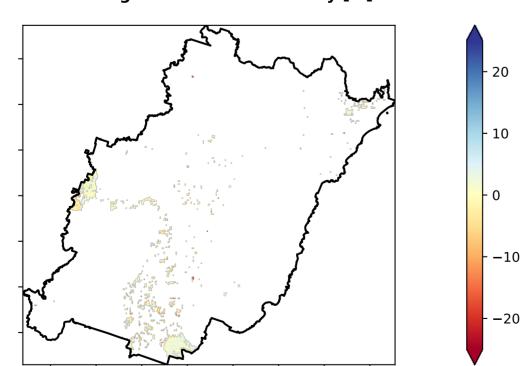
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



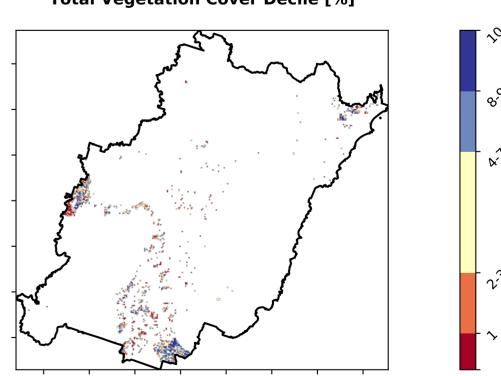
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







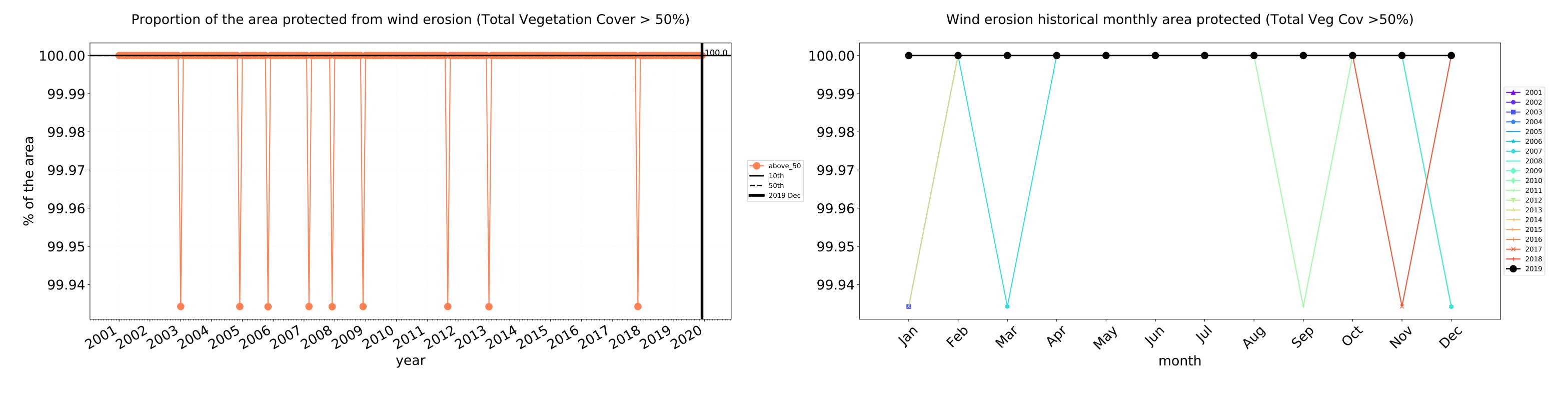


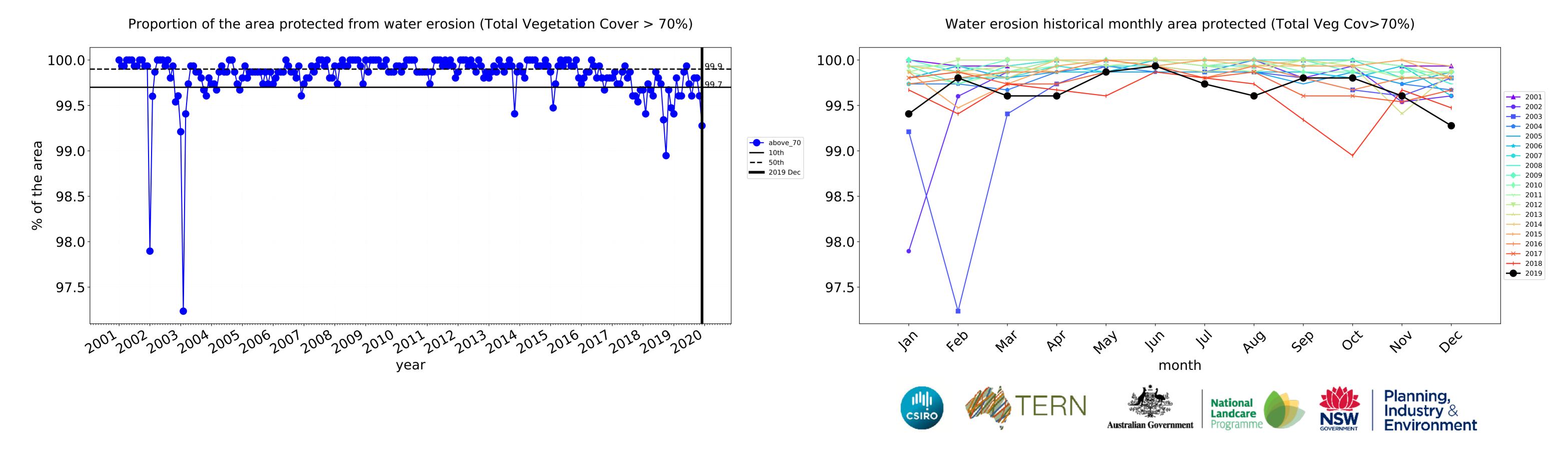


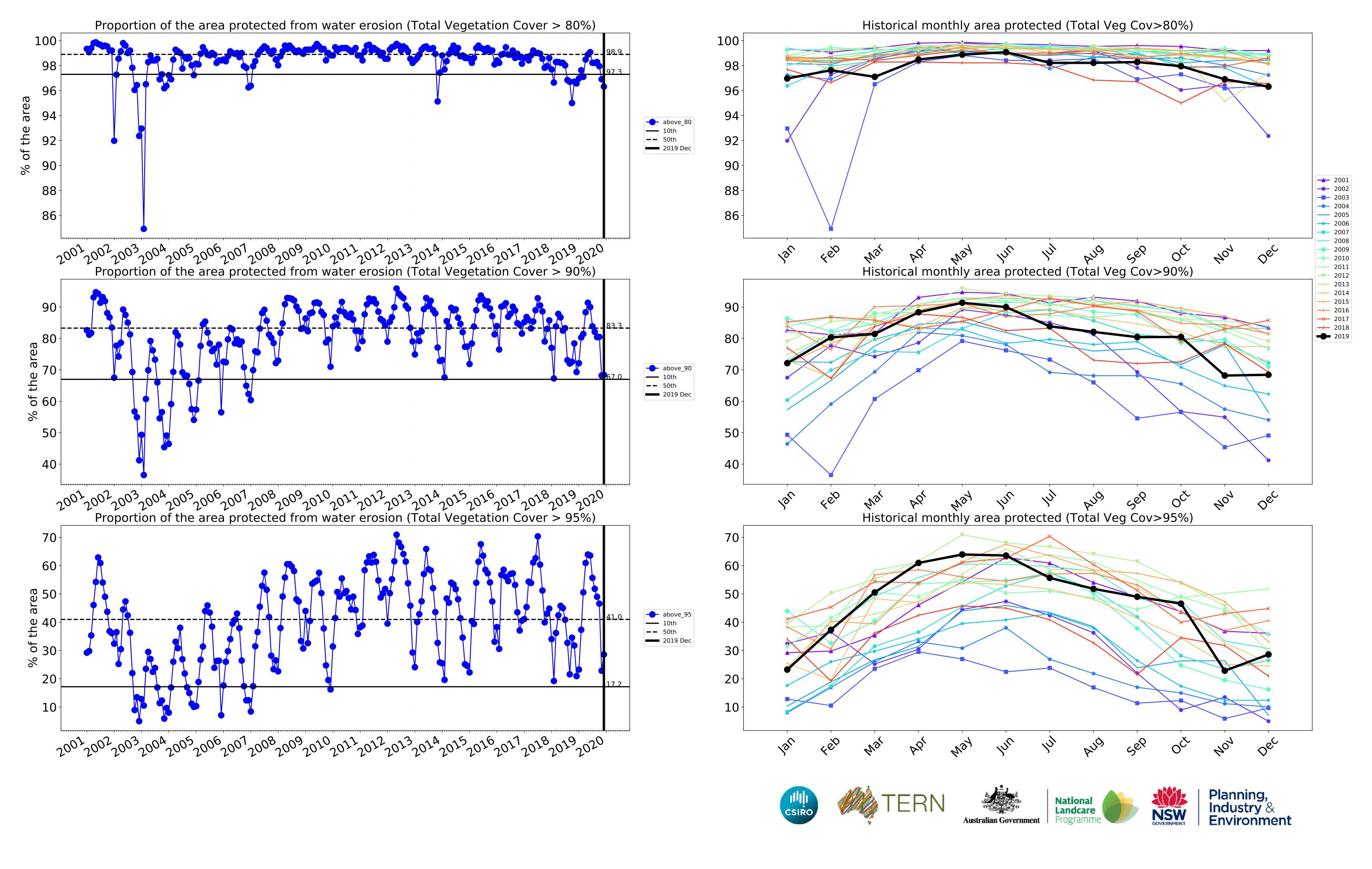




### **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**







### **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

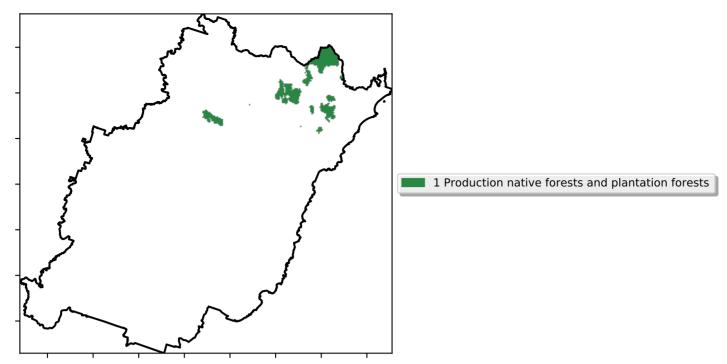
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

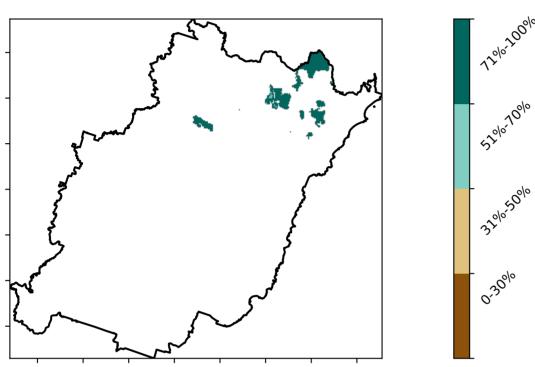
is only for the month of the map

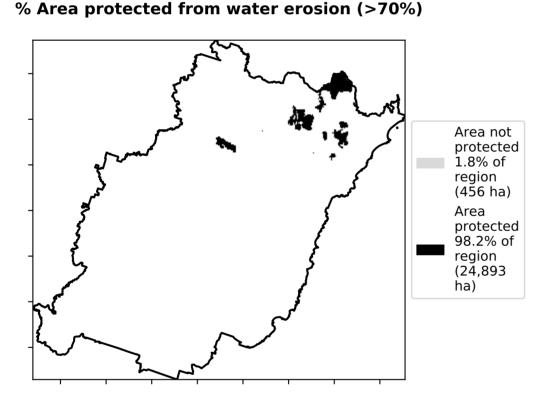
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



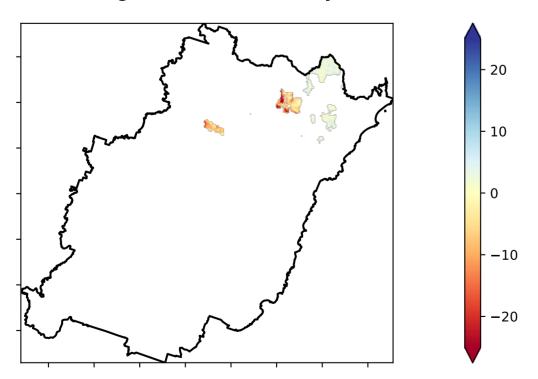
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

Land use and forest cover



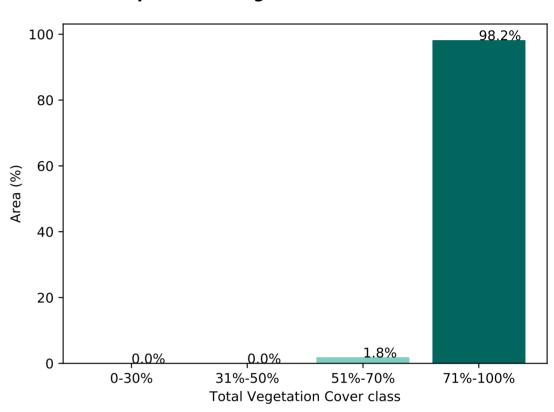


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

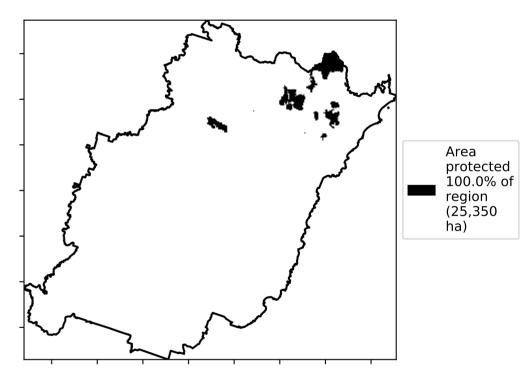


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

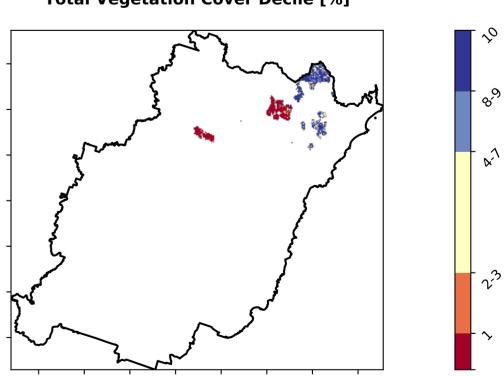
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 







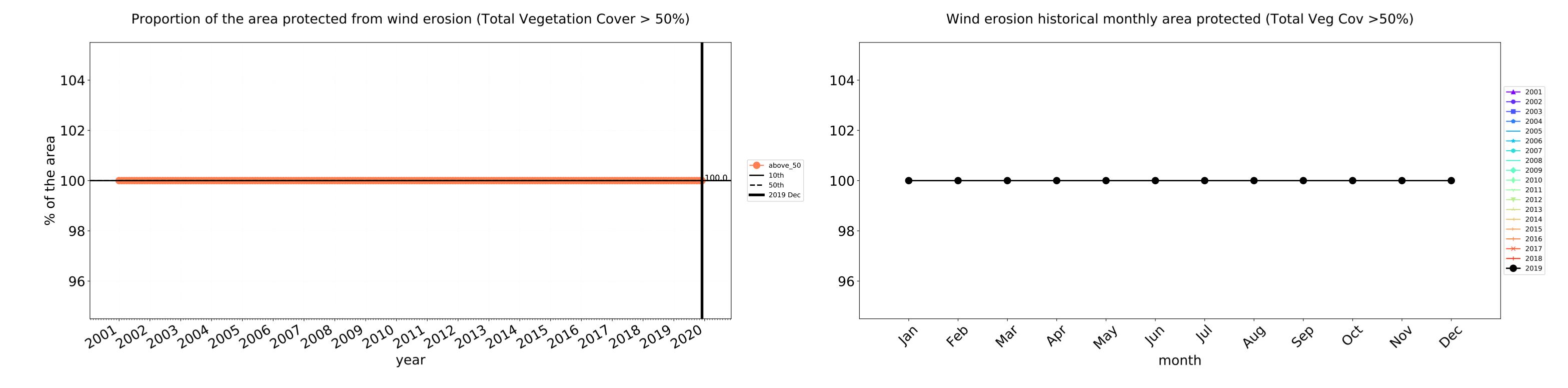


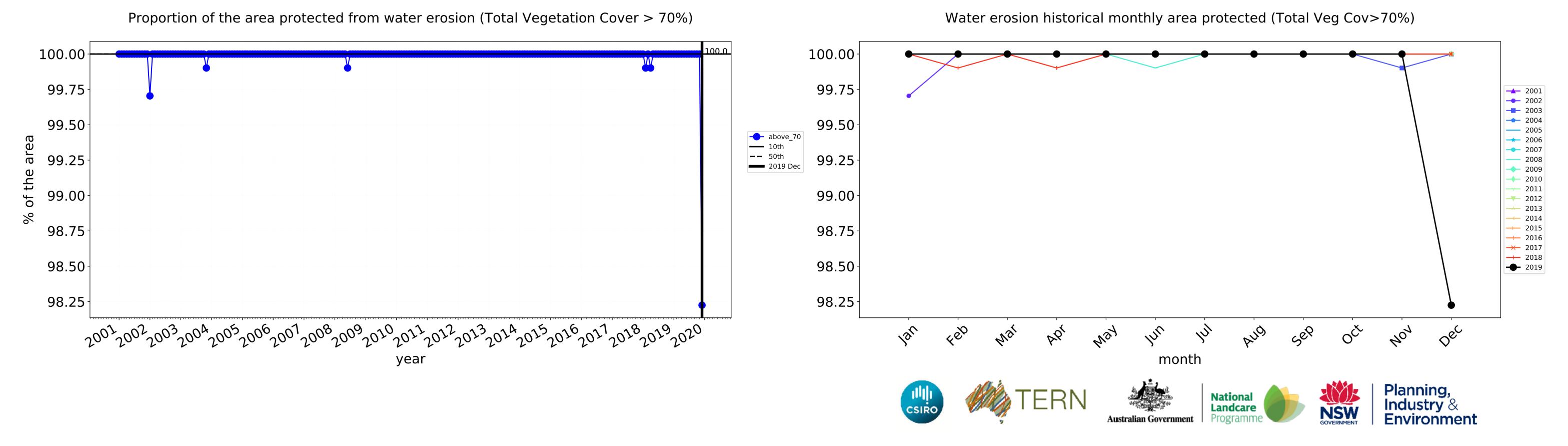


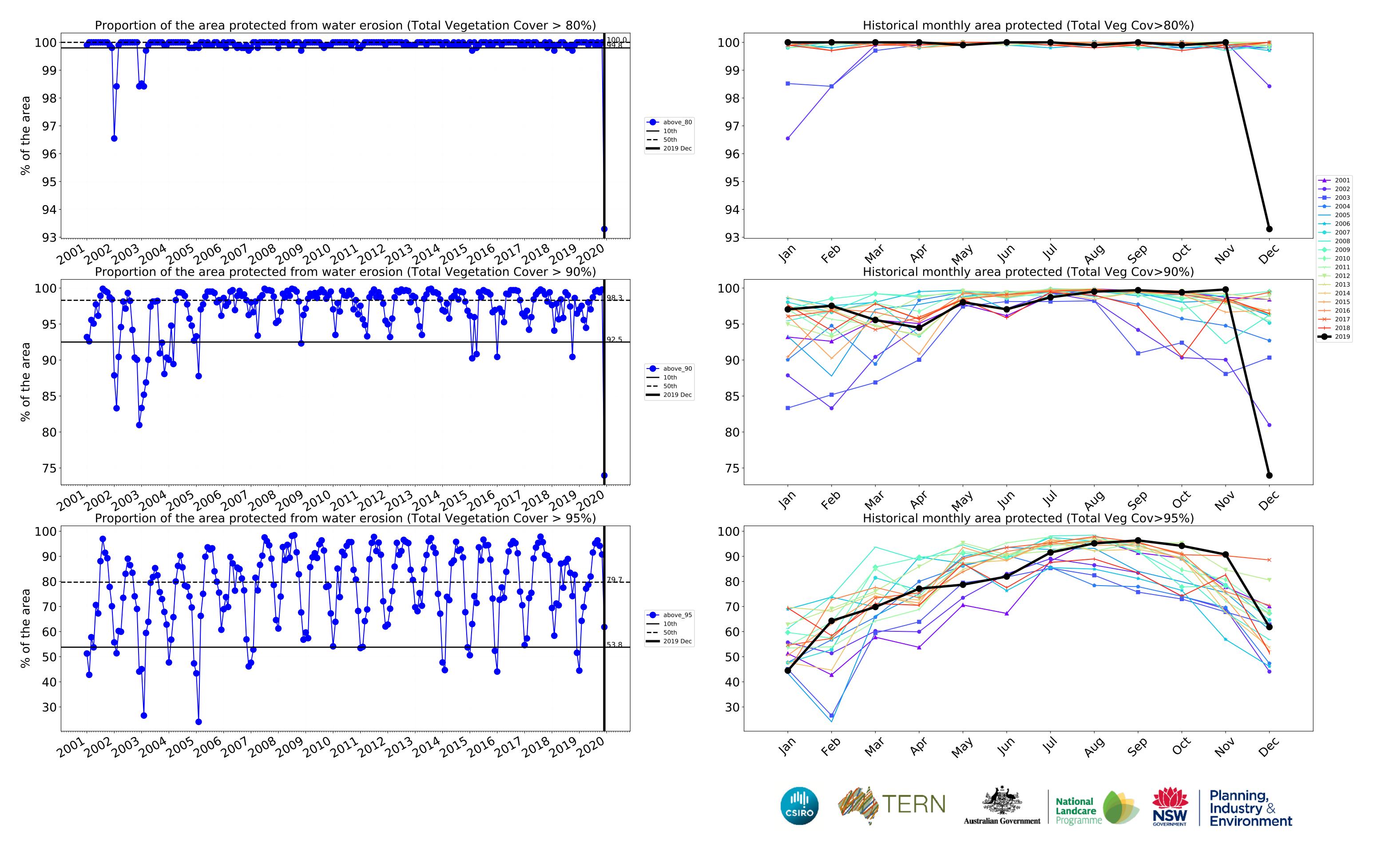




### **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







## Greater Sydney (1,199,800 ha and no data 49,371 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	1,199,800	99.9% 1,198,575	99.4% 1,192,150	89.4% 1,072,775	77.0% 923,425	49.6% 595,250	24.9% 298,475
Conservation and natural environments	691,075	100.0% 691,050	99.9% 690,625	96.4% 666,225	87.7% 606,100	65.3% 451,550	34.2% 236,675
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	365,275	100.0% 365,250	99.9% 365,025	98.0% 357,975	94.2% 344,100	76.8% 280,525	37.9% 138,375
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	319,350	100.0% 319,350	100.0% 319,200	94.6% 302,025	80.4% 256,725	52.8% 168,525	30.6% 97,700
Agriculture	143,875	100.0% 143,875	99.9% 143,725	96.1% 138,300	83.7% 120,425	40.3% 58,025	15.7% 22,625
Grazing	134,150	100.0% 134,150	99.9% 134,000	96.7% 129,750	85.5% 114,700	42.4% 56,850	16.6% 22,300
Grazing non forest	85,825	100.0% 85,825	99.8% 85,675	95.3% 81,775	79.3% 68,075	26.2% 22,475	6.7% 5,775
Grazing Woodland forest	38,025	100.0% 38,025	100.0% 38,025	99.3% 37,750	96.3% 36,625	68.4% 26,025	28.6% 10,875
Production native forests and plantation forests	25,350	100.0% 25,350	100.0% 25,350	98.2% 24,900	93.3% 23,650	74.0% 18,750	61.8% 15,675











