# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region: NRM Greater Sydney NSW

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

• 71-100% High cover – protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)

• 51-70% Moderate cover - protected from wind erosion

- 31-50% Low cover not protected
- 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

# Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3











Date: March 2007



# **Vegetation Cover Mar 2007**

### **Land use and forest cover**

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

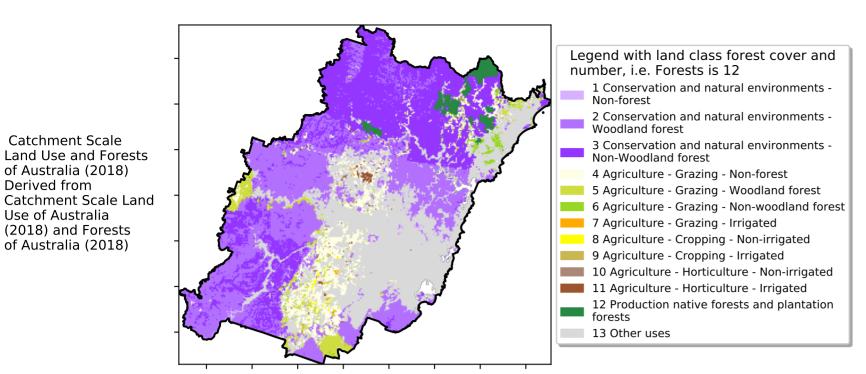
mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

Derived from

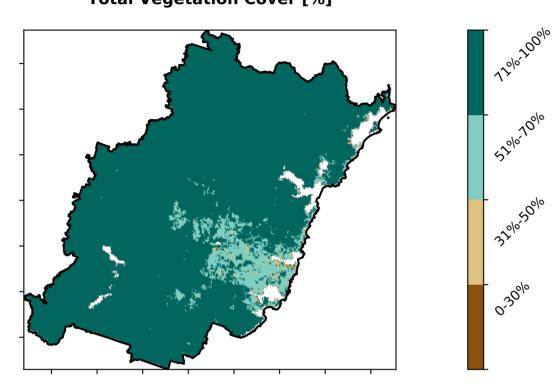
Use of Australia



# 30.0% 30 26.1% 25 20 Area 15 10 7.0% 5

Proportion of each land class in area

# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



**Proportion of vegetation cover class in area** 

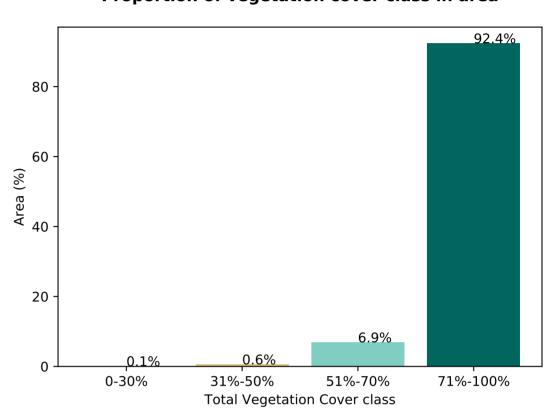
Land use class

9 10 11 12 13

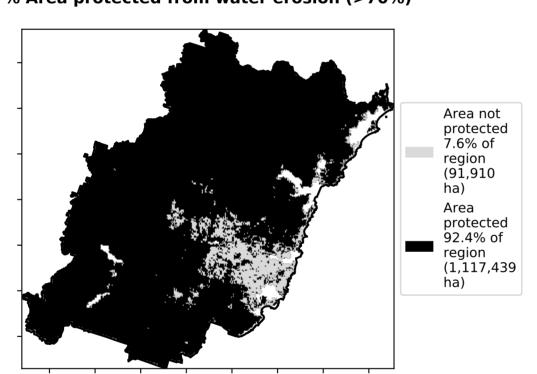
5

4

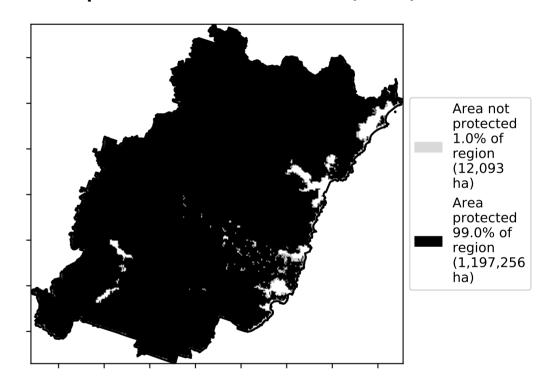
3



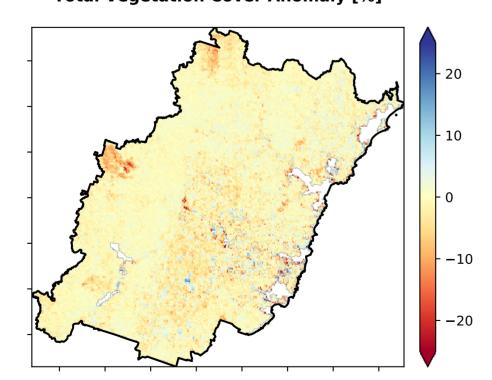
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



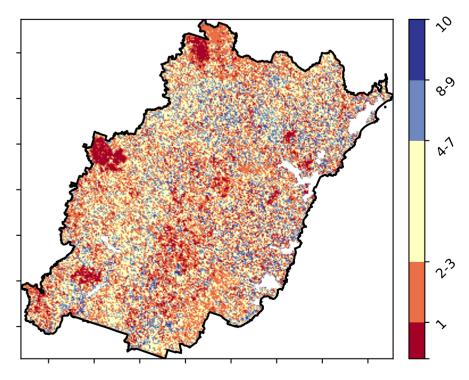
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





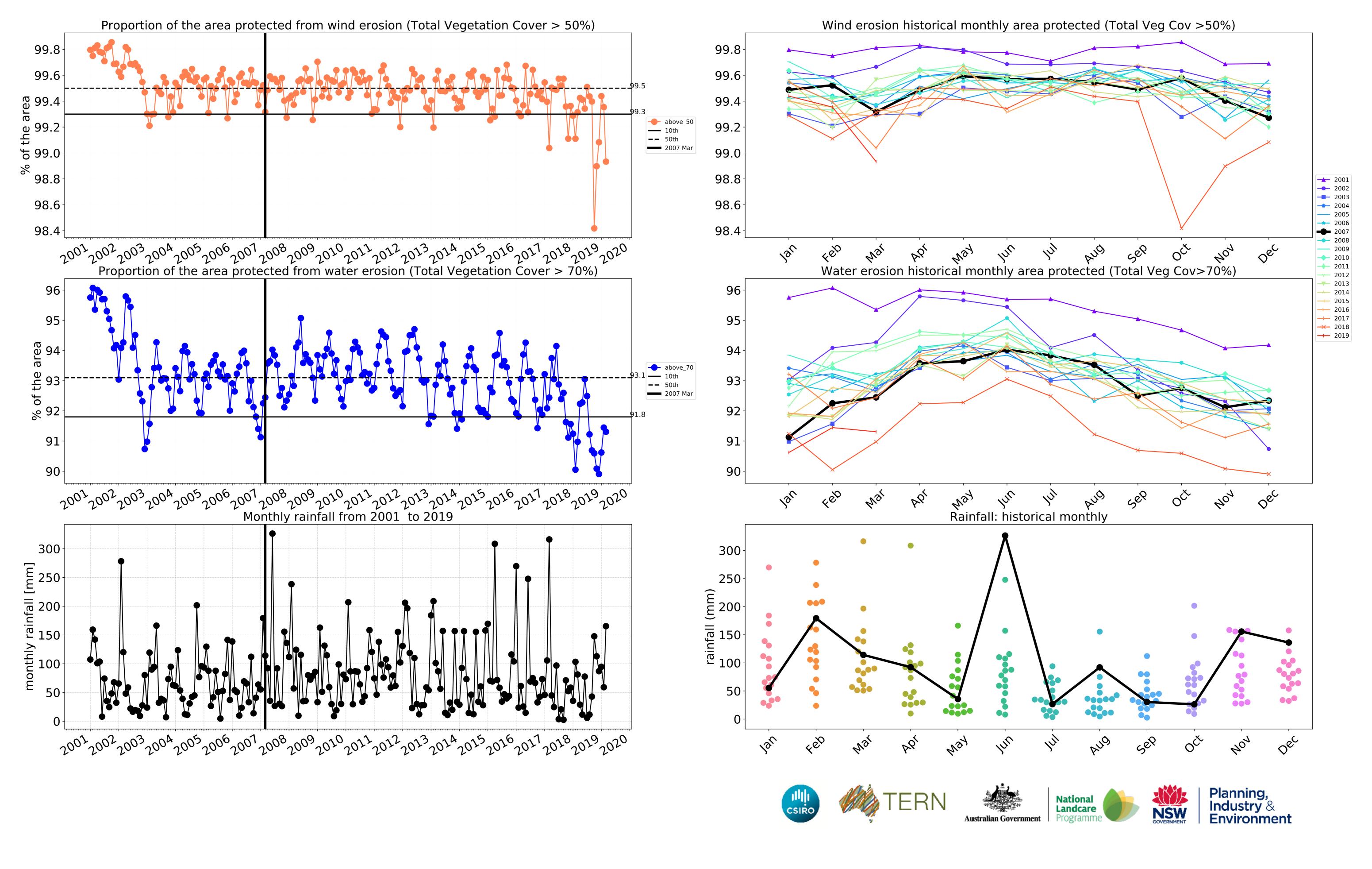


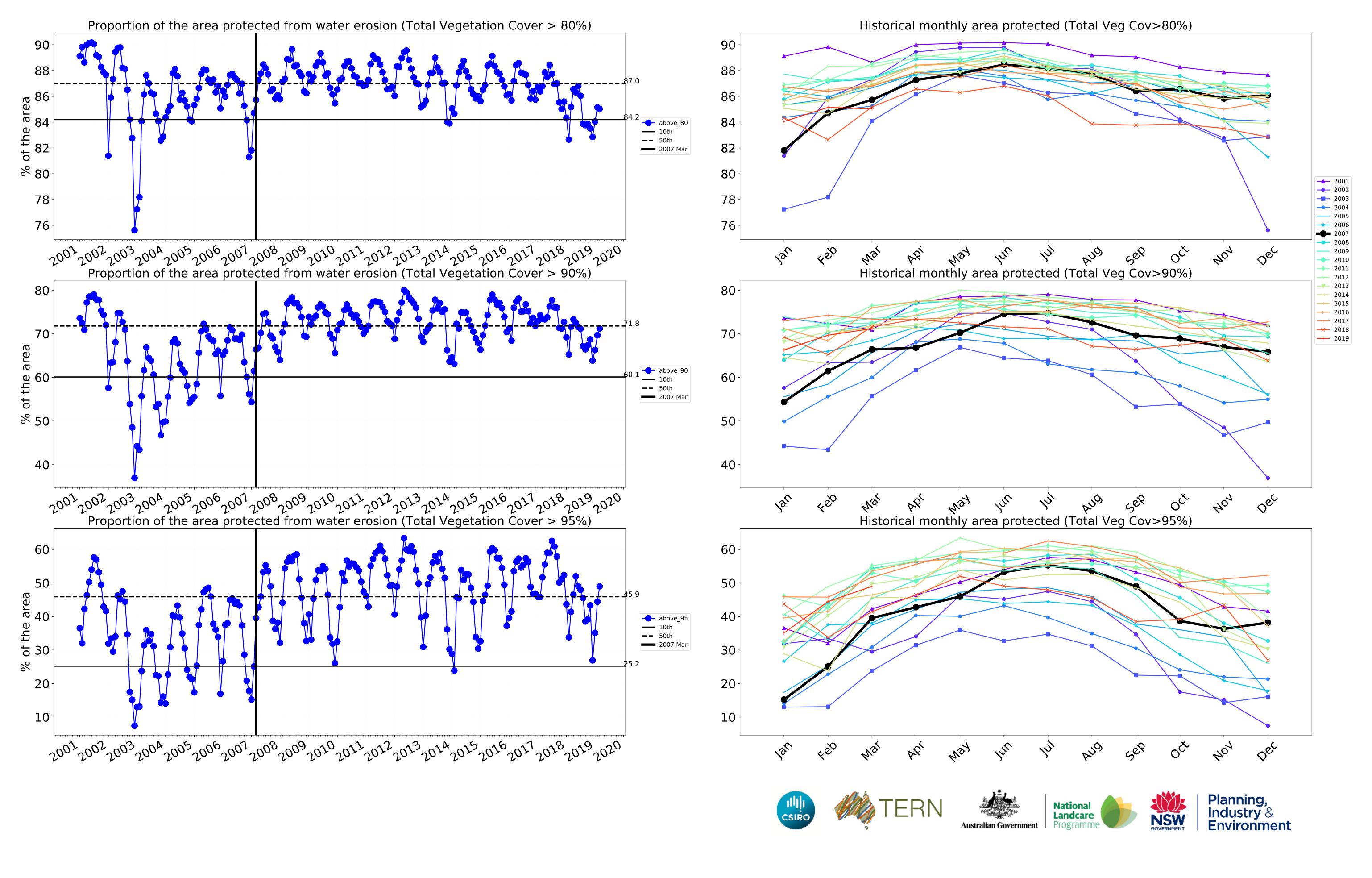








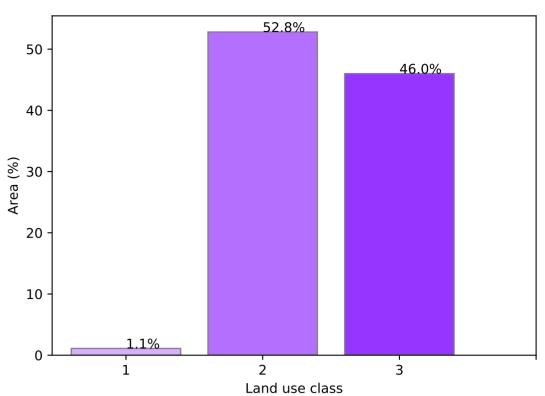




# **Conservation and natural environments**

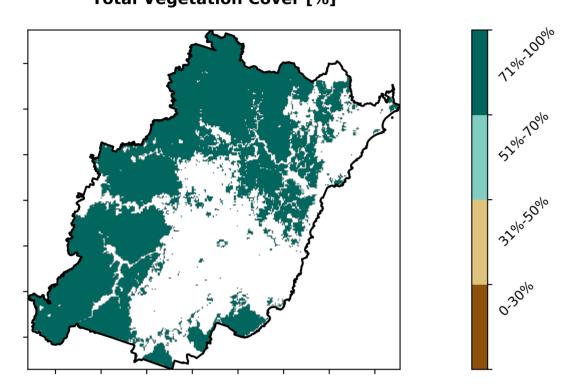
# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest Derived from 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

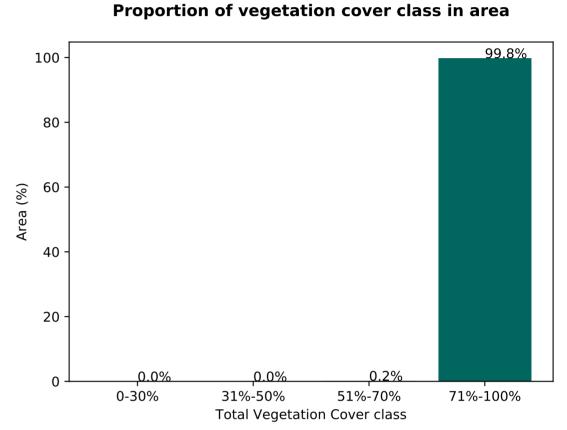
# **Proportion of each land class in area**



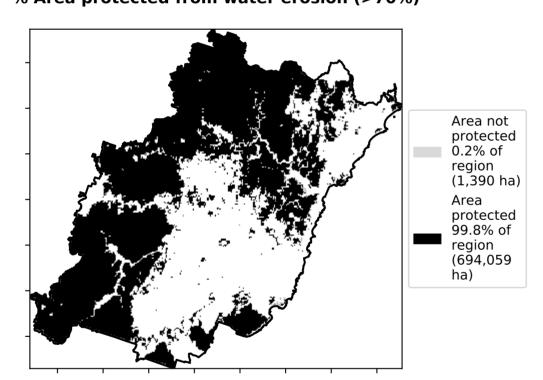


Land use and forest cover

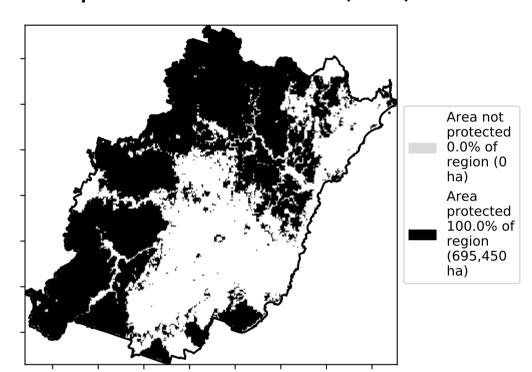




# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

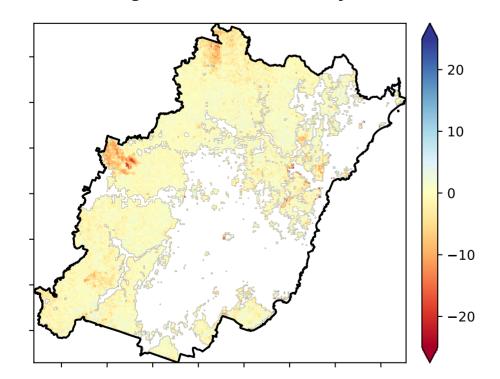
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

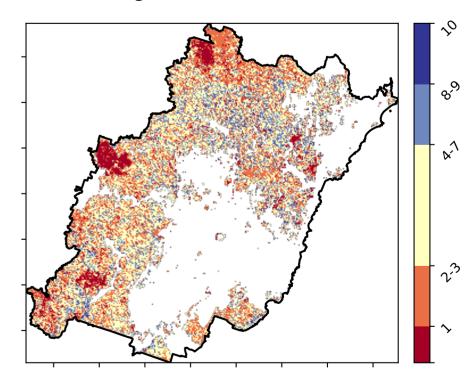
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







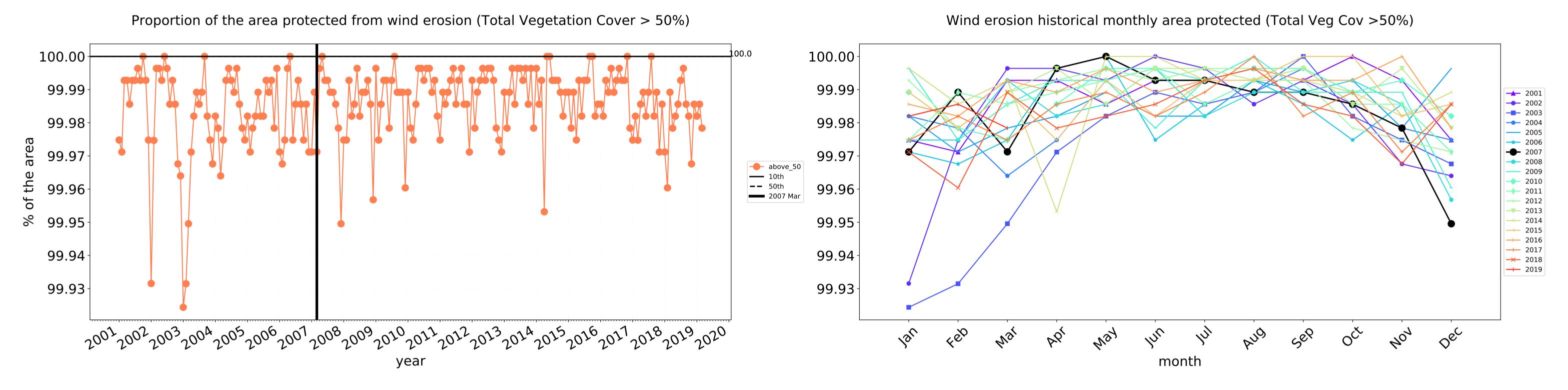


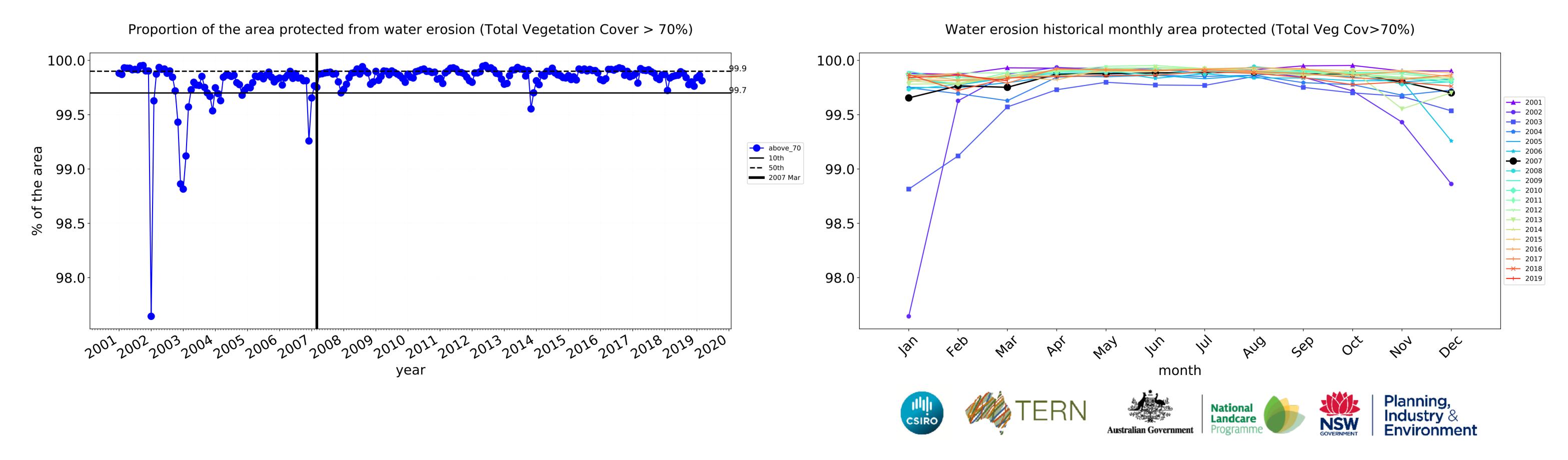


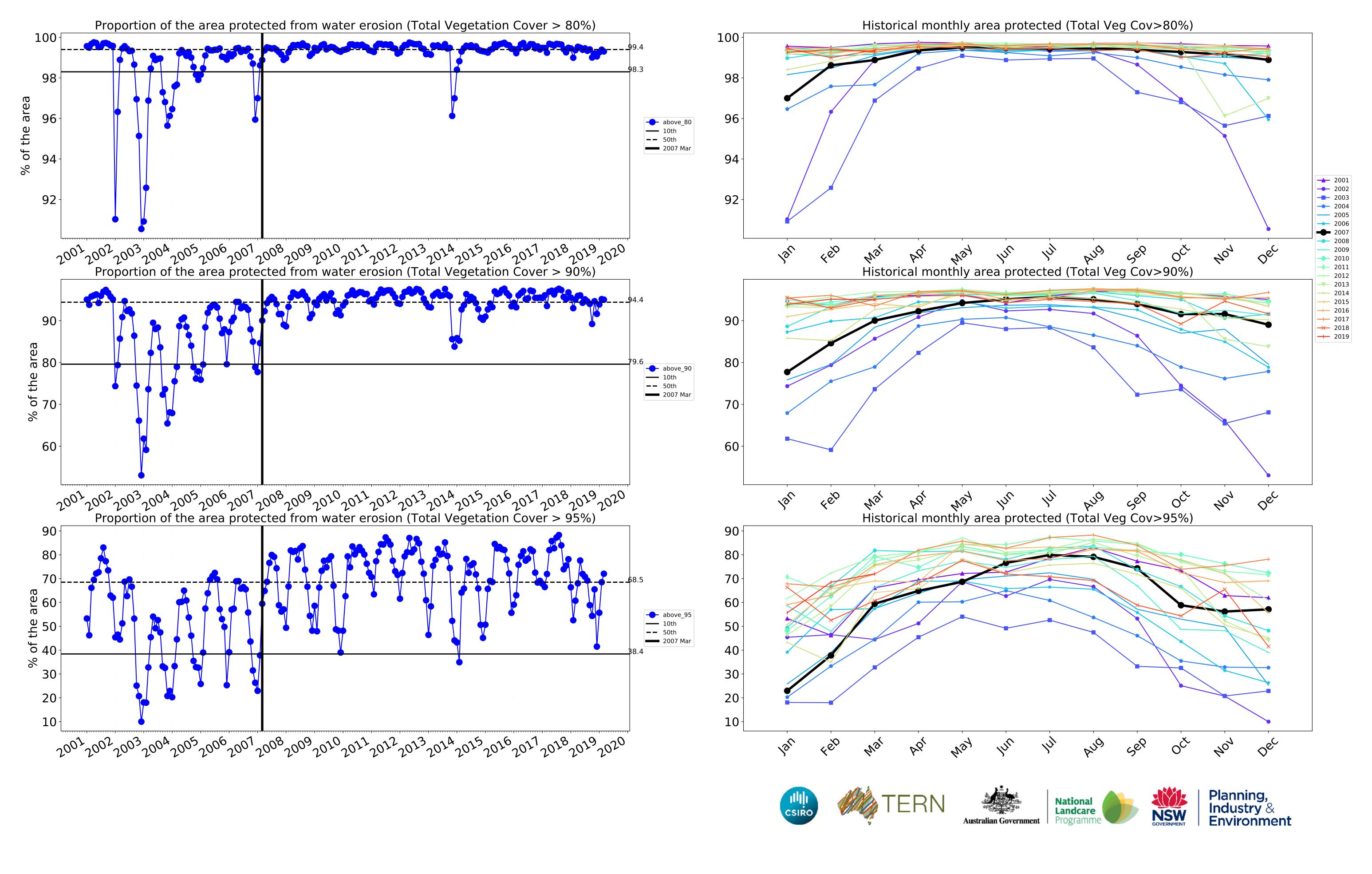




# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**







Z

# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

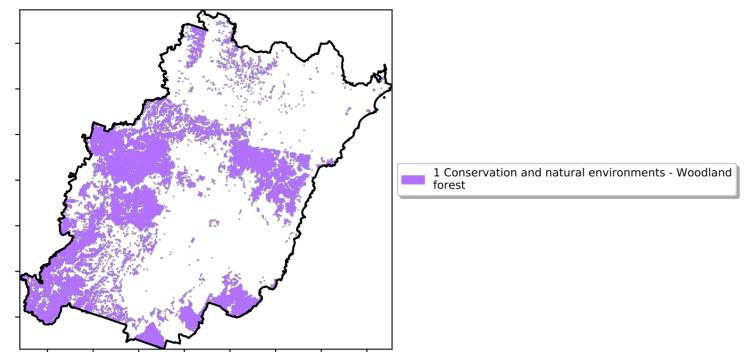
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

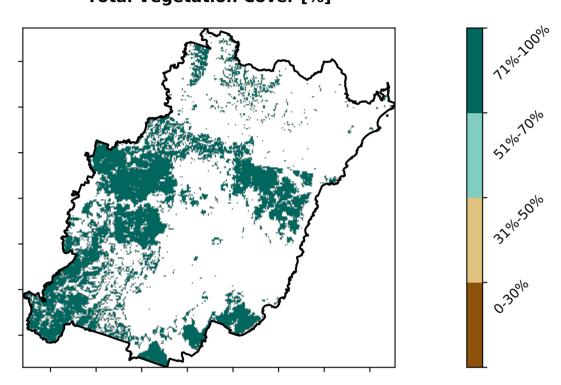
pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

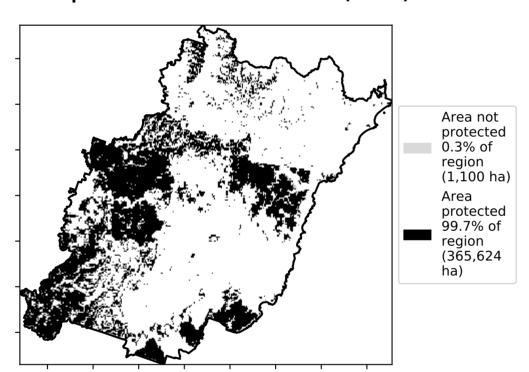
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



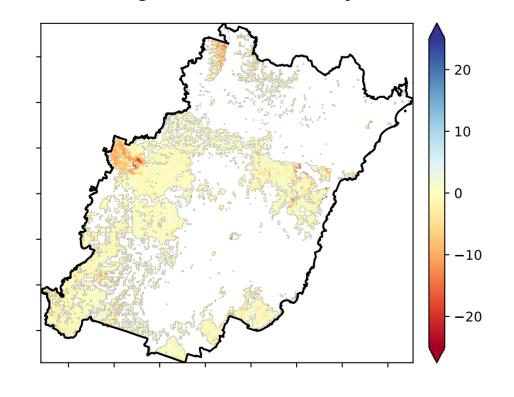
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

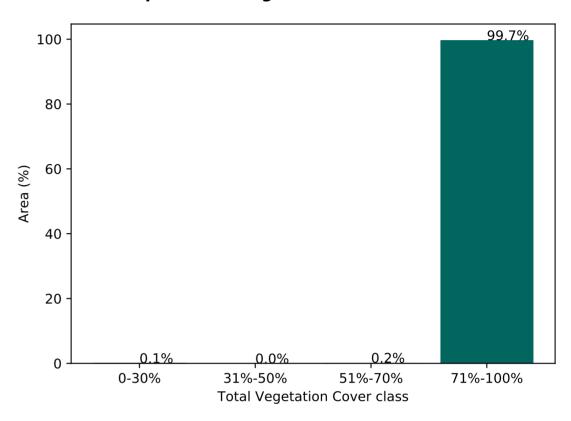


# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

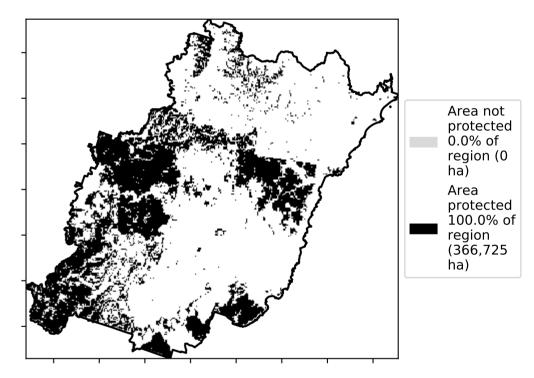


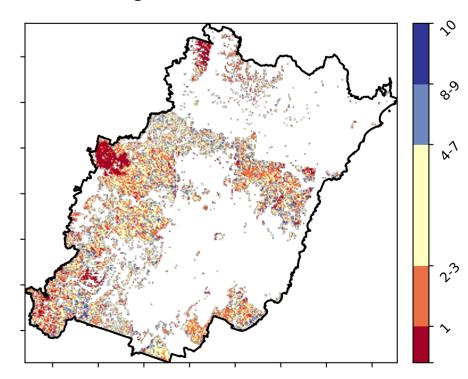
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

## Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







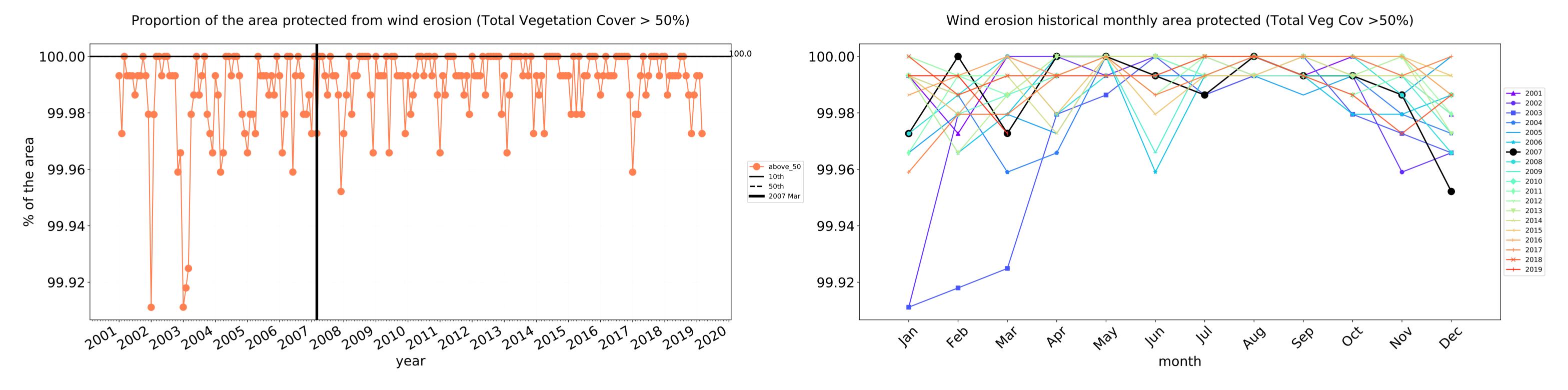


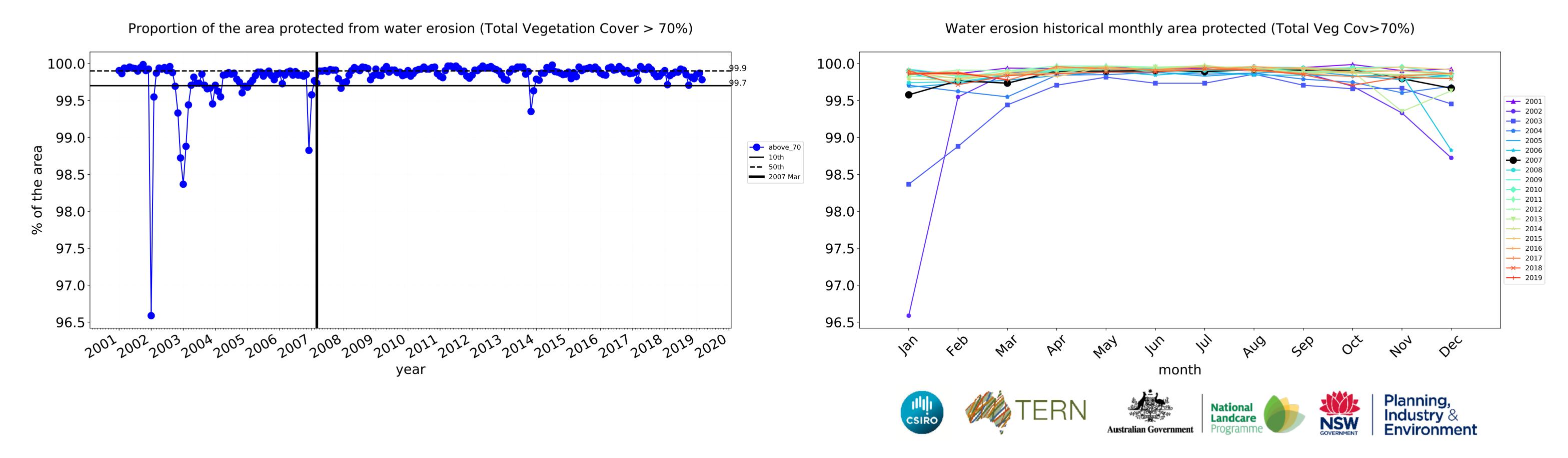


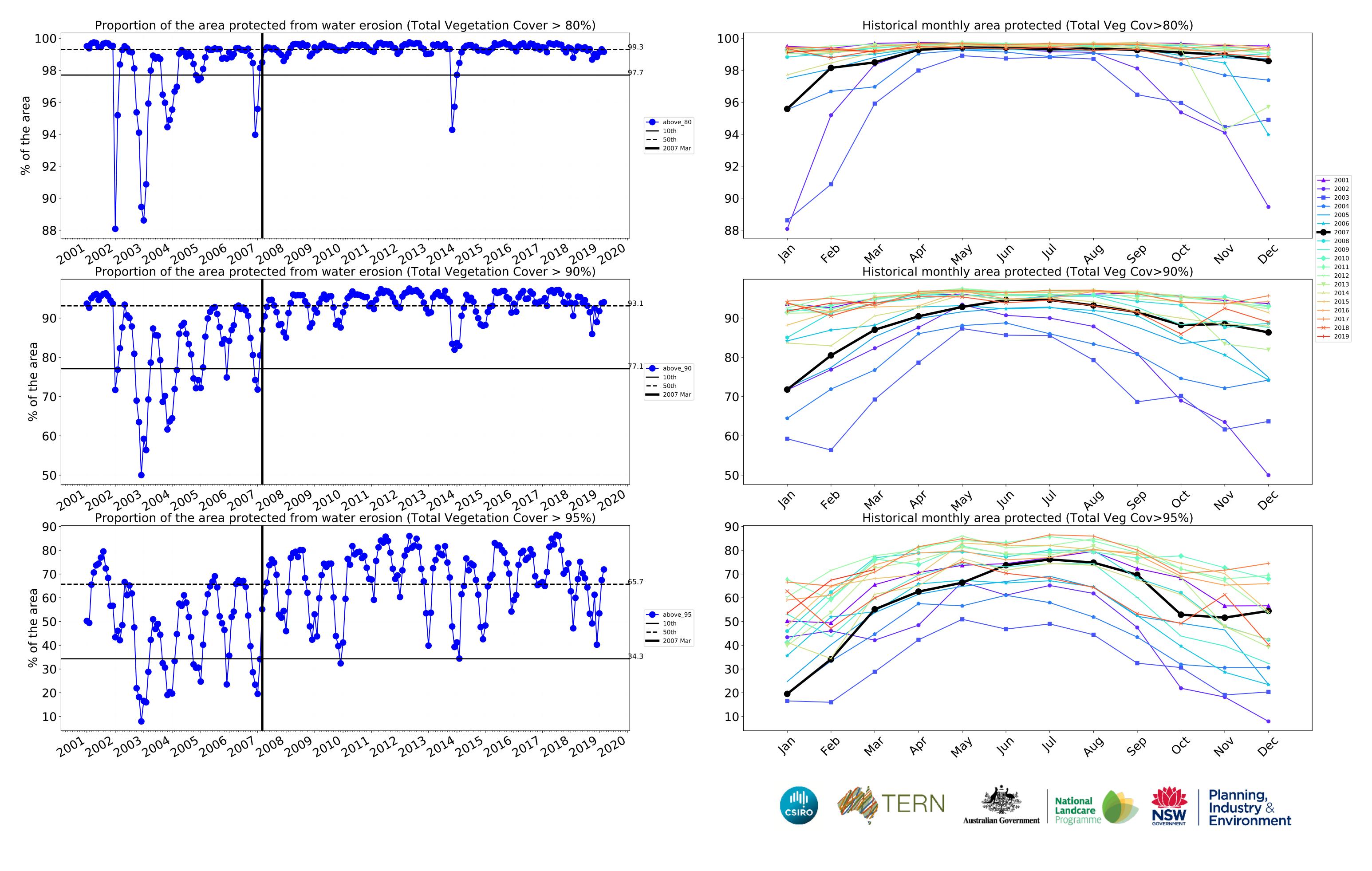












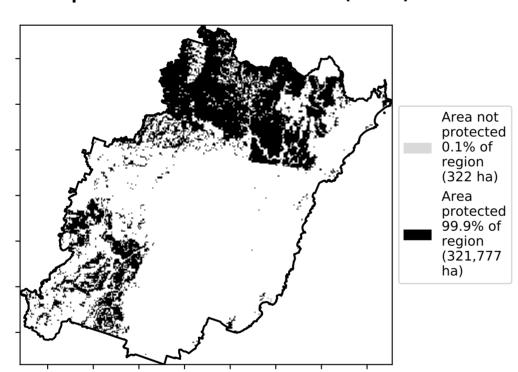
# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

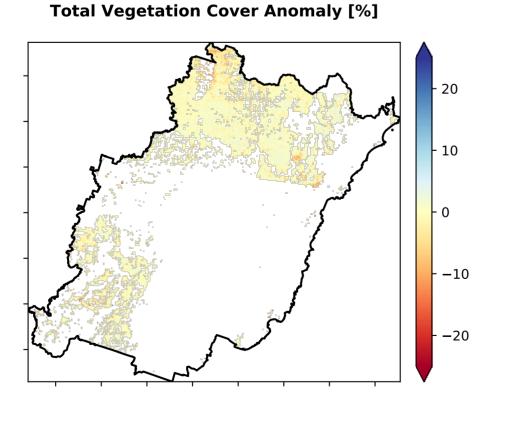
Land use and forest cover

# Total Vegetation Cover [%]

% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

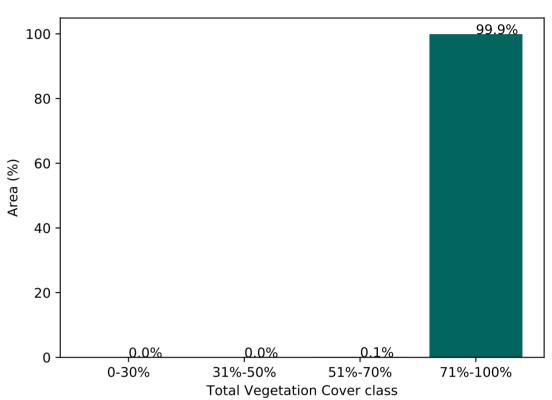


Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

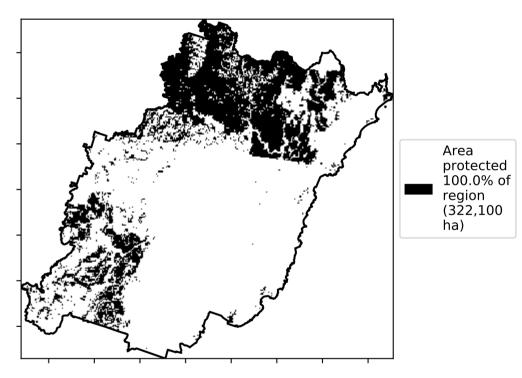


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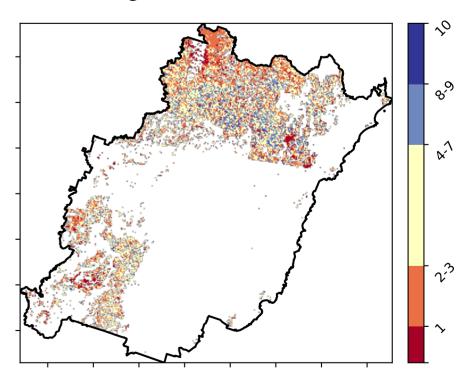
# Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





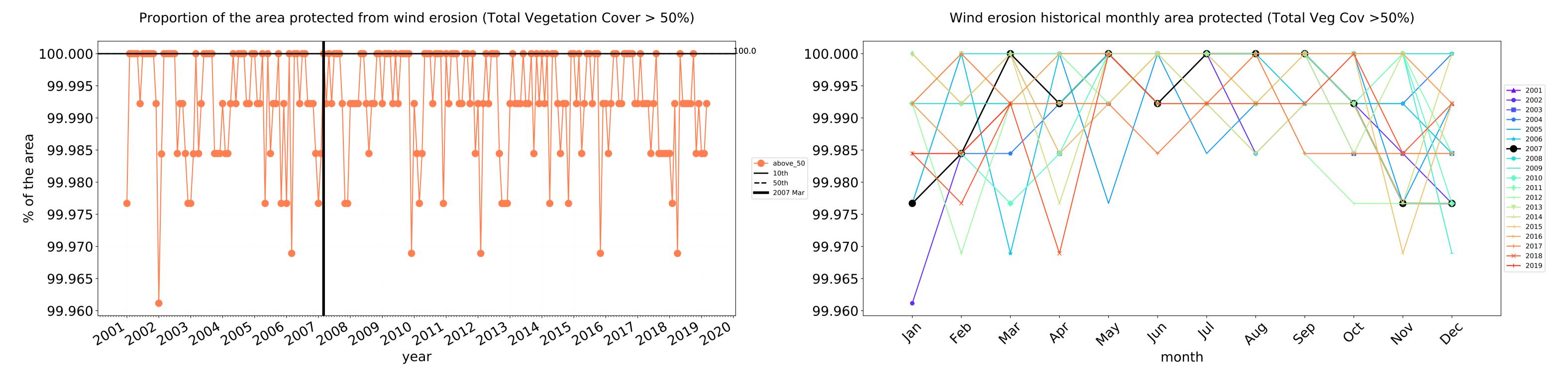


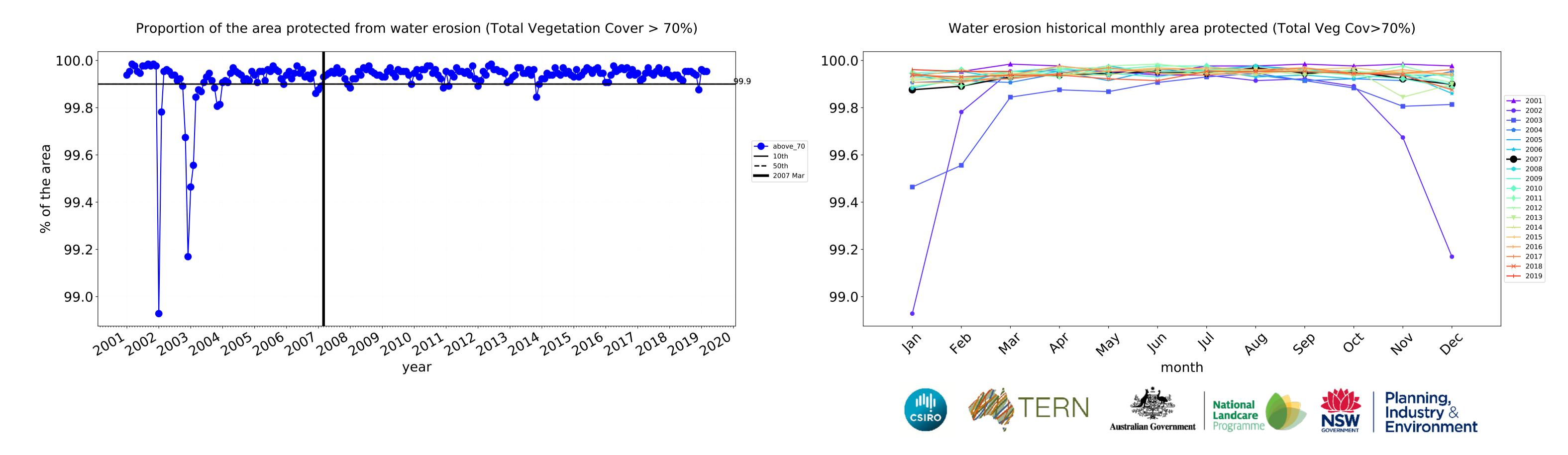


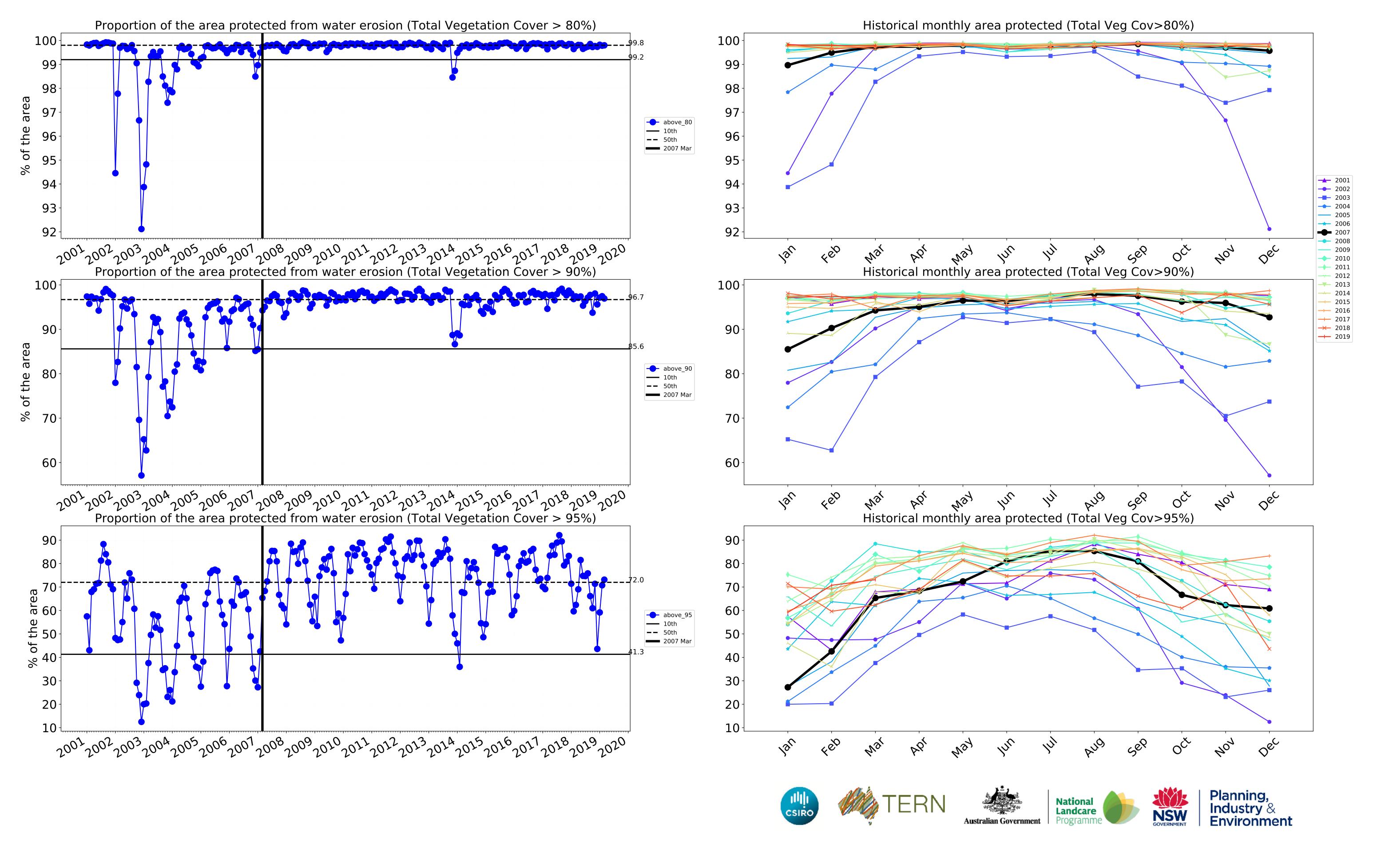












# **Agriculture**

# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

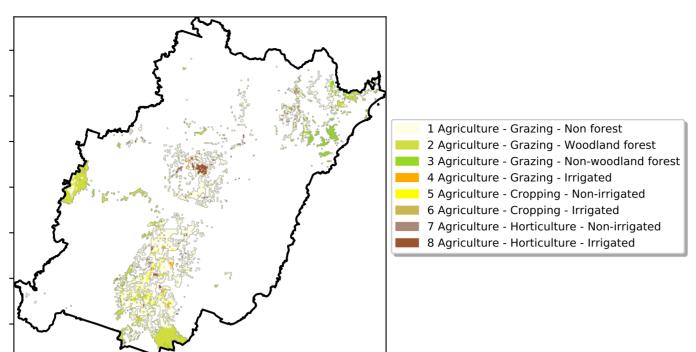
are about 20% lower than the

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

mean of that

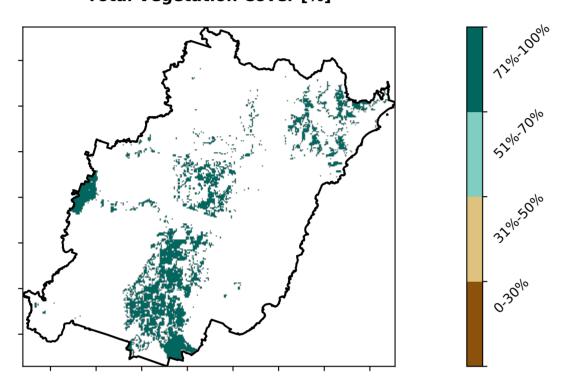


# 60 - 59.9% 50 - 40 - 26.2% 20 - 10 - 7.2% 10 - 7.2% 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Land use class

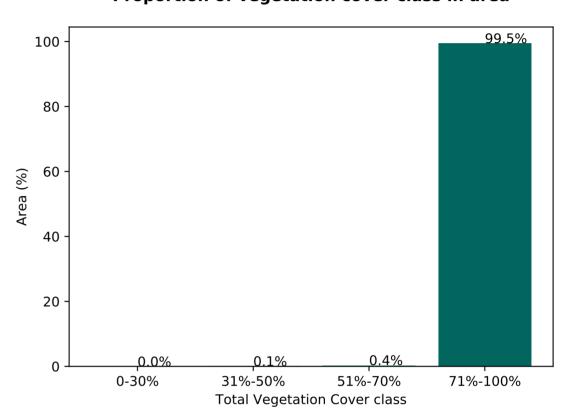
**Proportion of each land class in area** 

# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

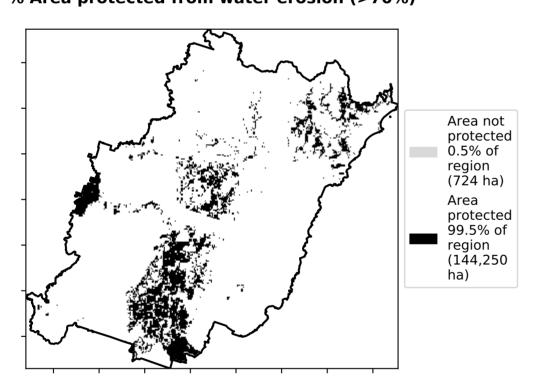
Land use and forest cover



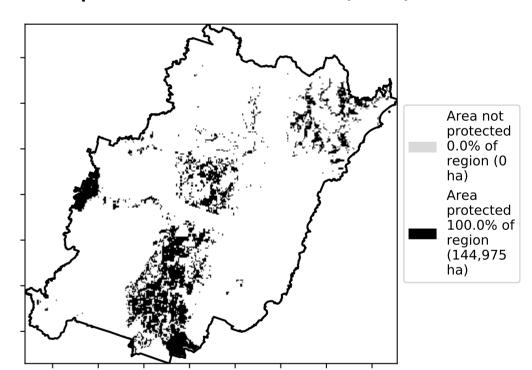
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



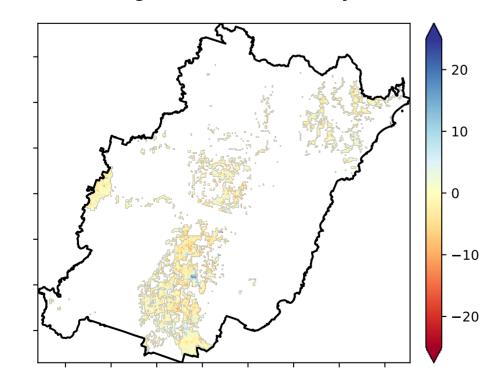
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



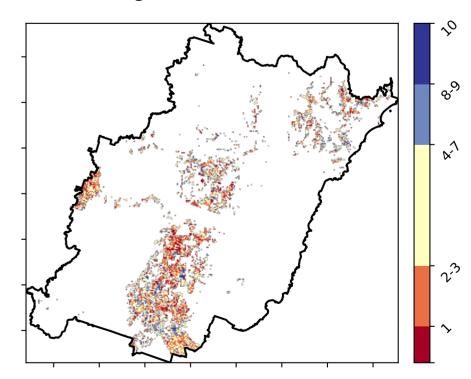
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







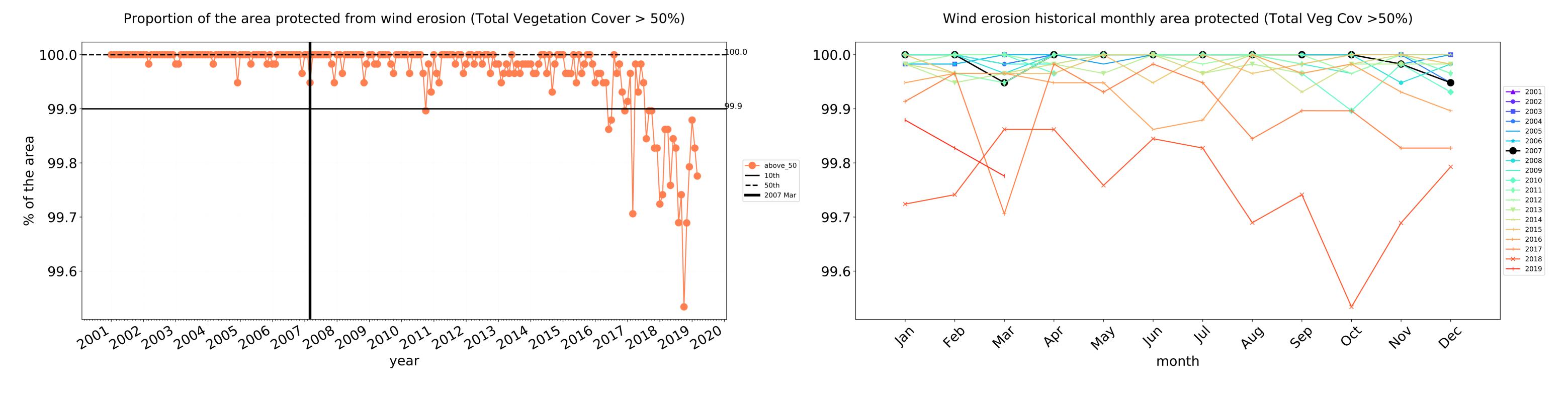


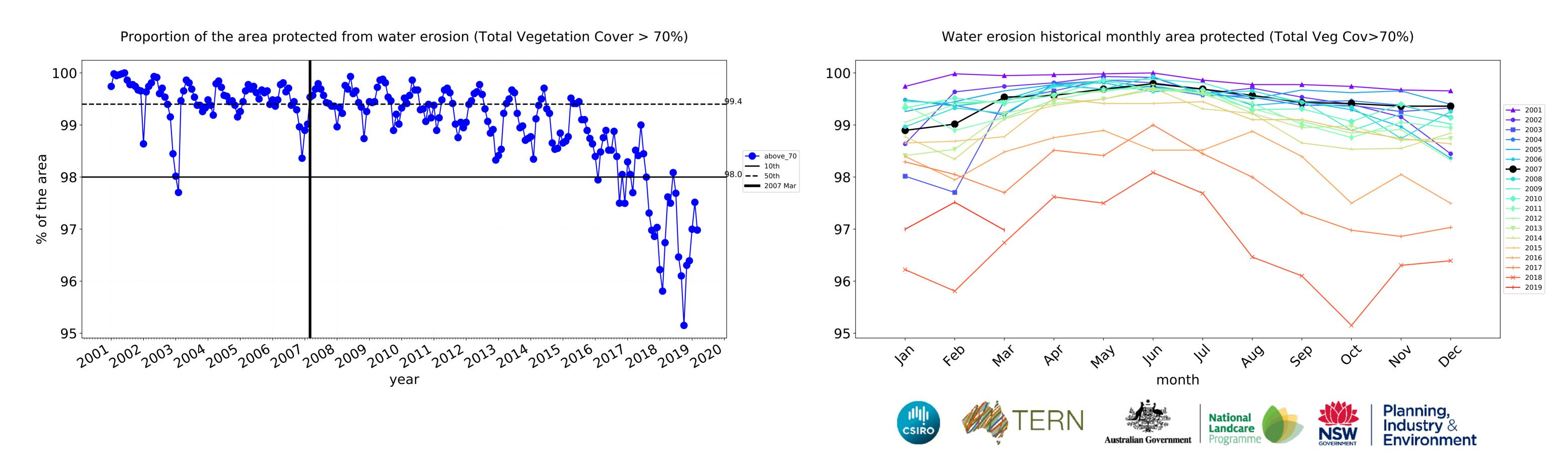


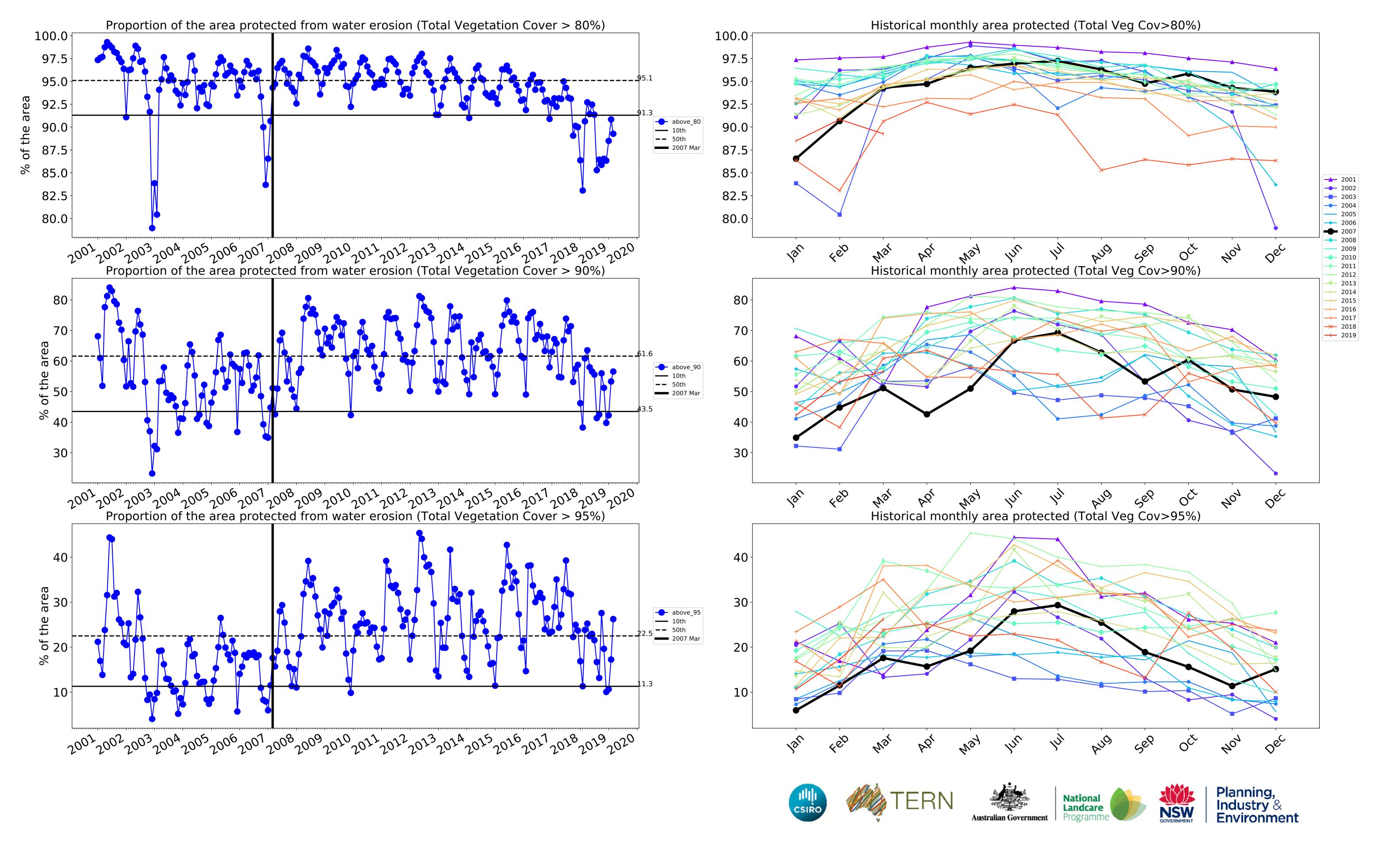




# **Agriculture timeseries**







# **Grazing**

# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

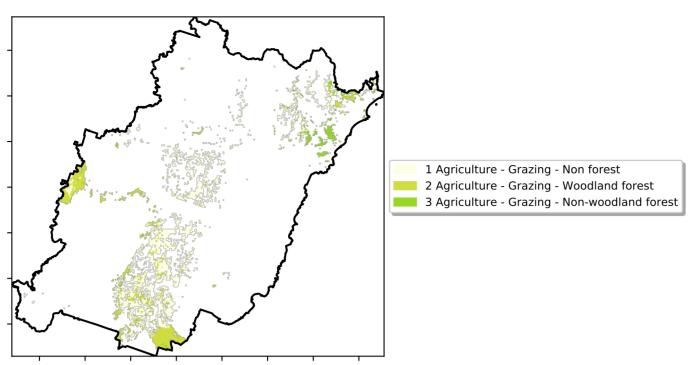
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



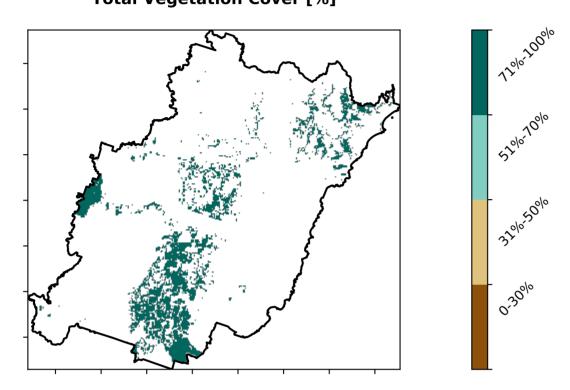
# 60 50 Area (%) 20

# 64.2% 28.1% 10 7.7% 2 3 Land use class

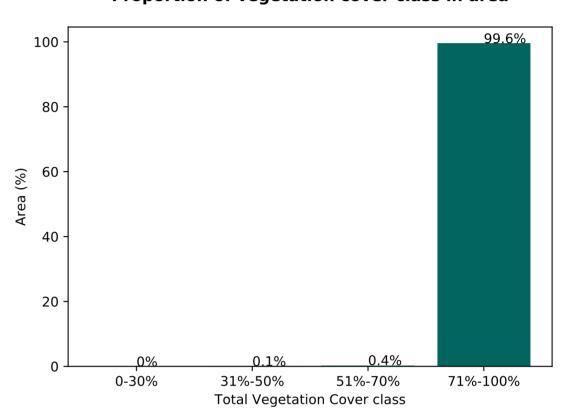
**Proportion of each land class in area** 



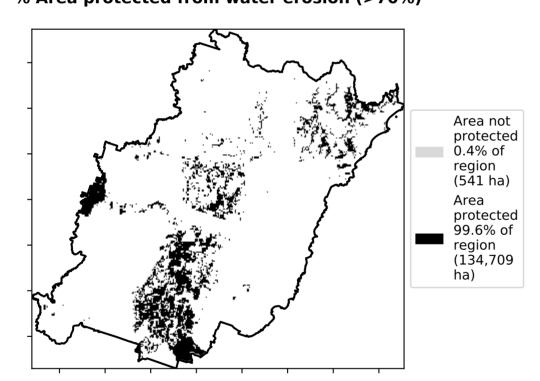
Land use and forest cover



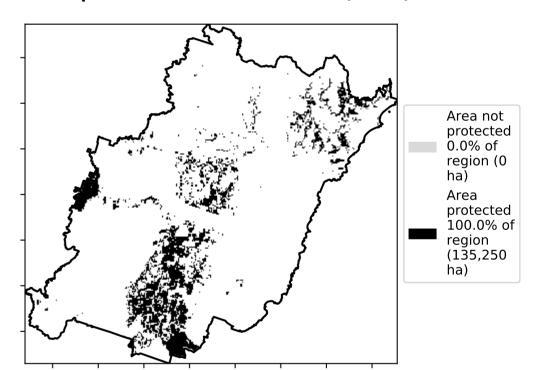
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



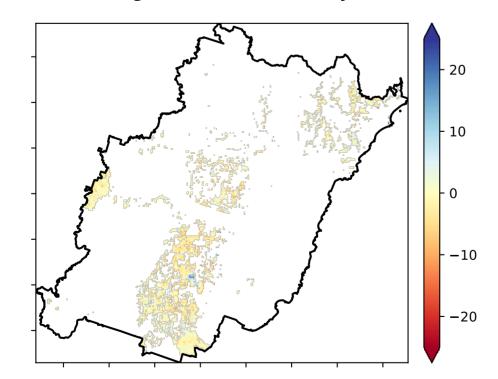
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



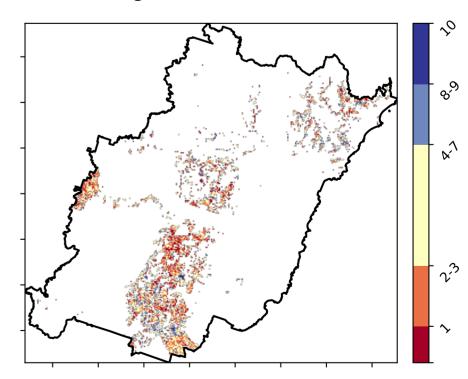
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







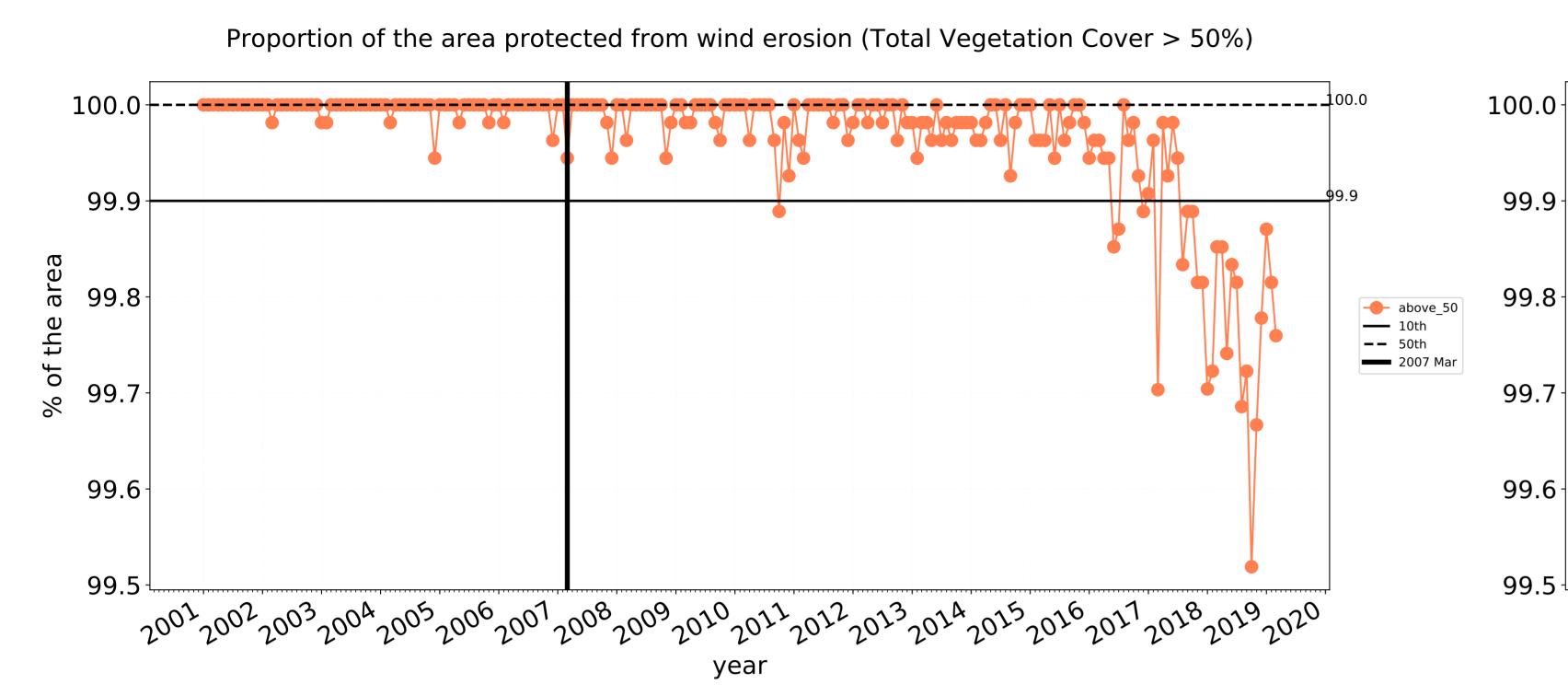








# **Grazing timeseries**

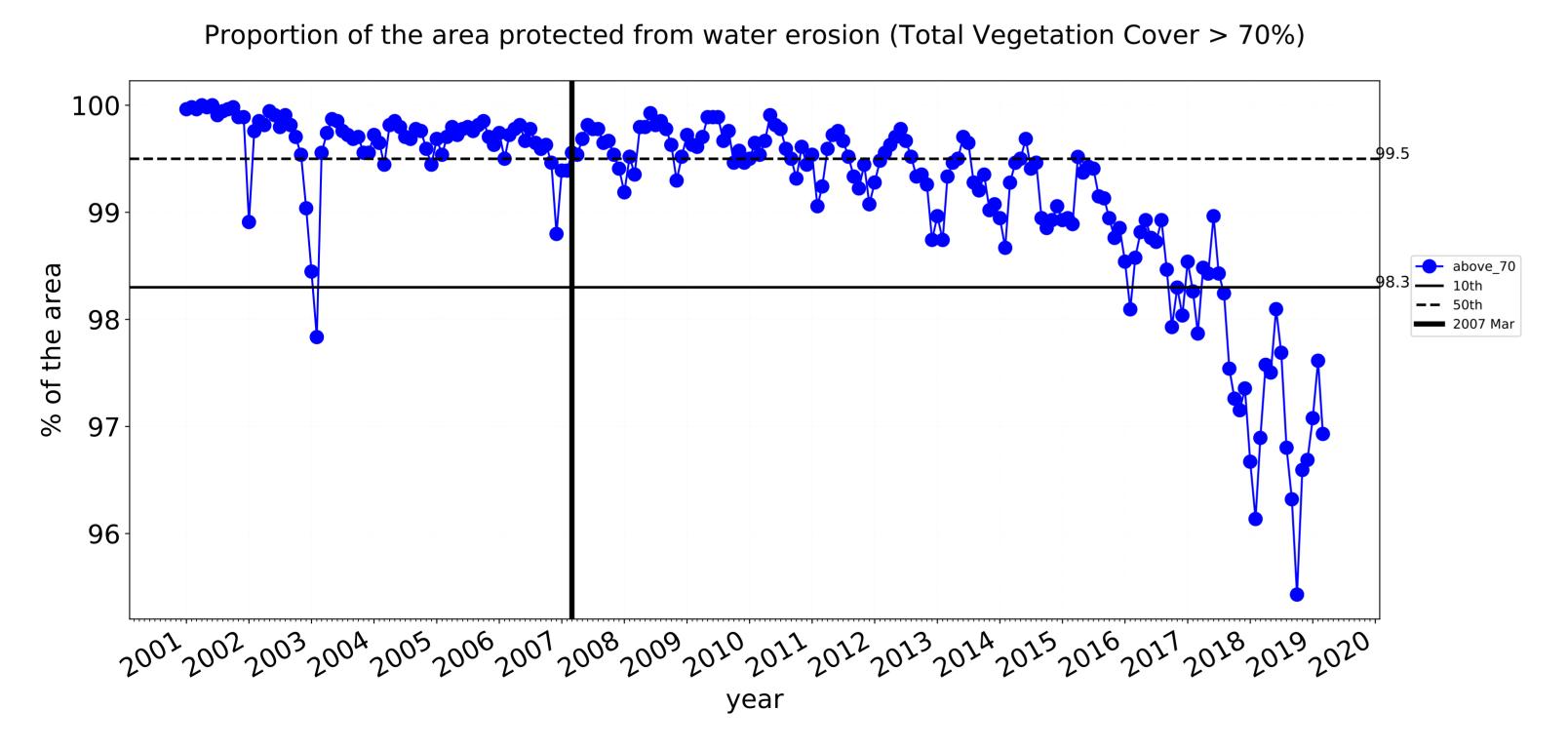


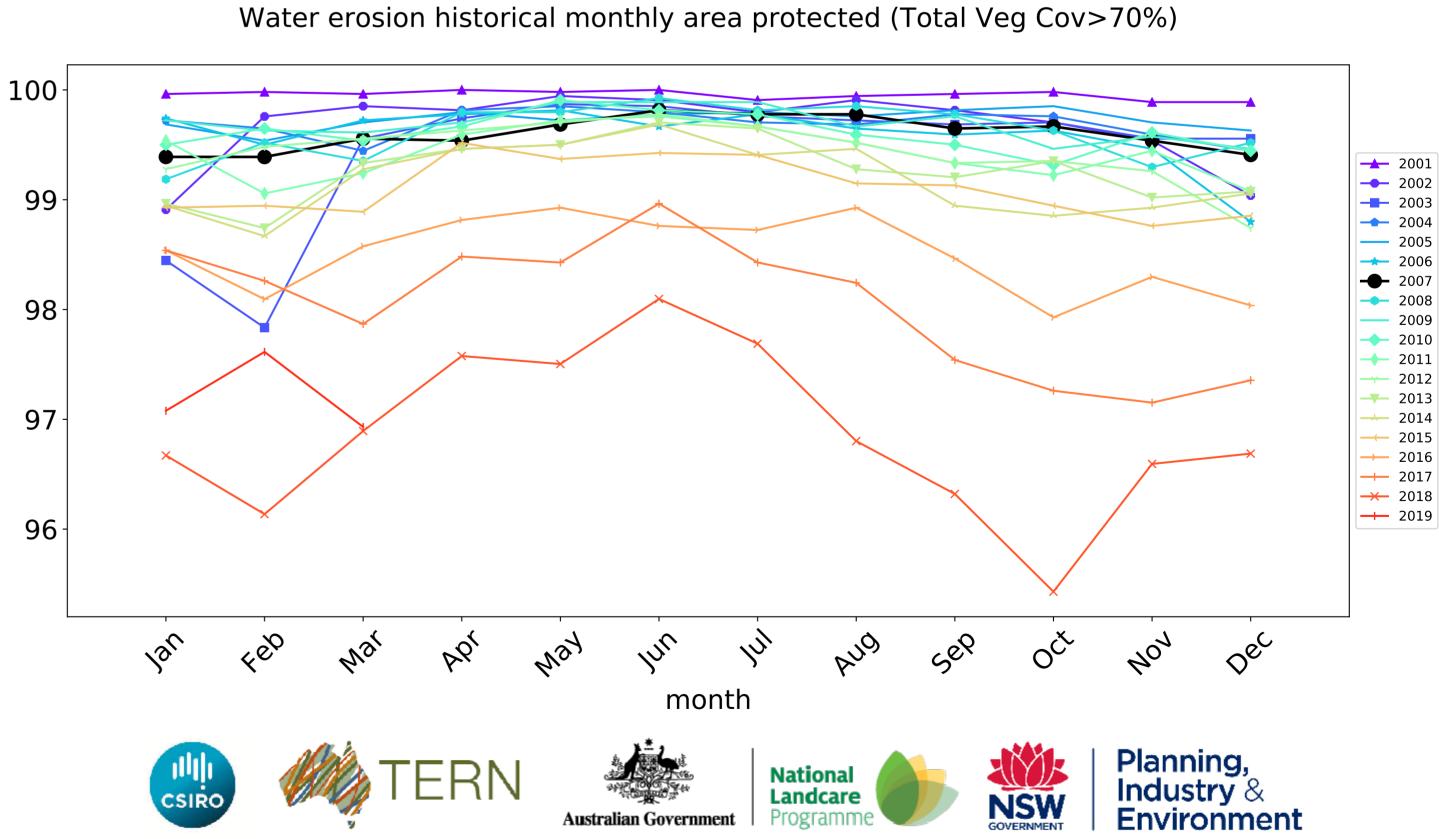


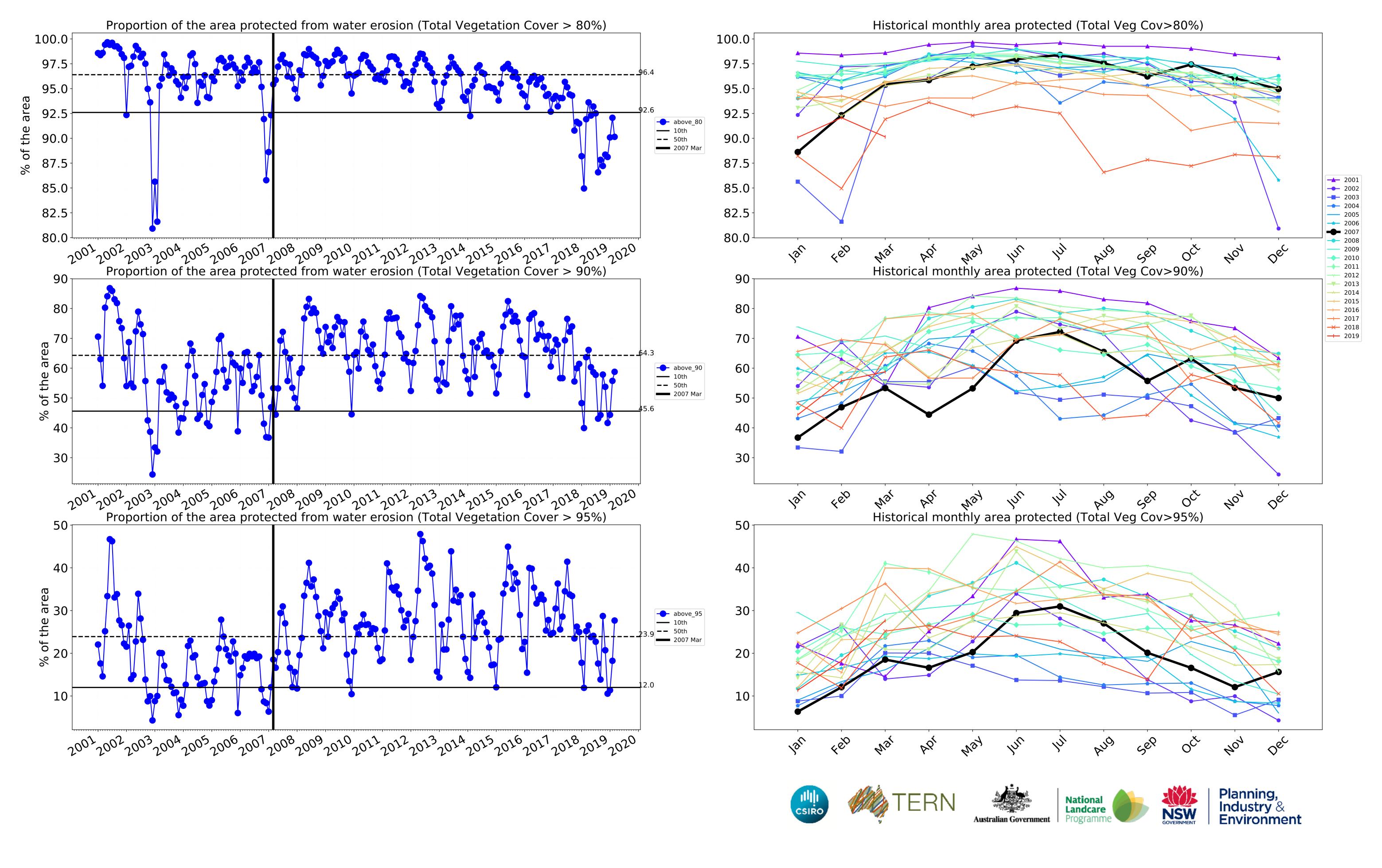
month

2015
 2016
 2017
 2018

→ 2019







# **Grazing non forest**

# Land use and forest cover

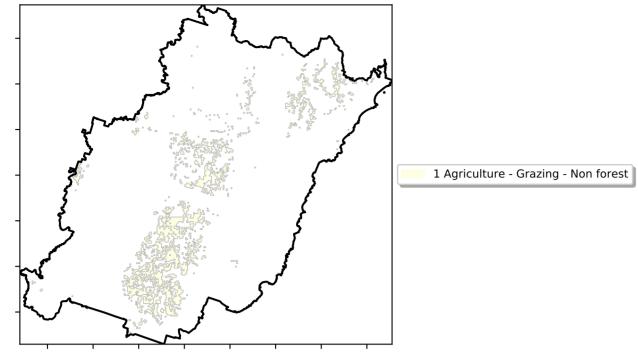
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

pixel is from the mean. That

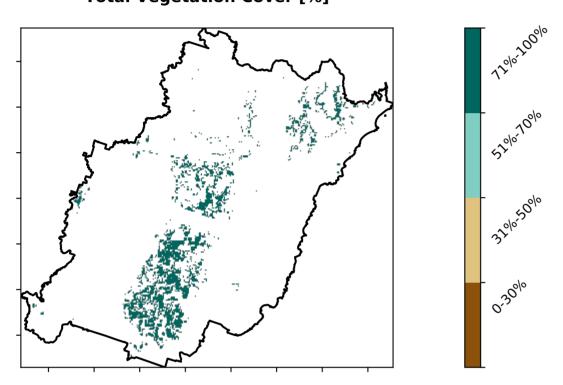
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

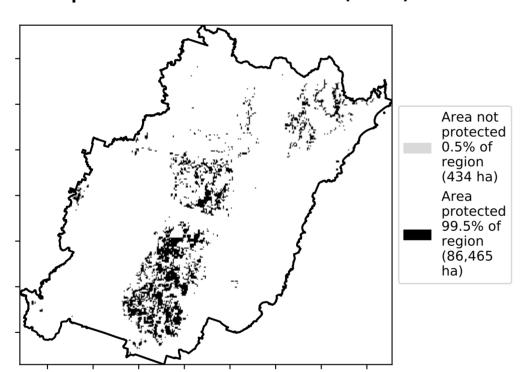
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



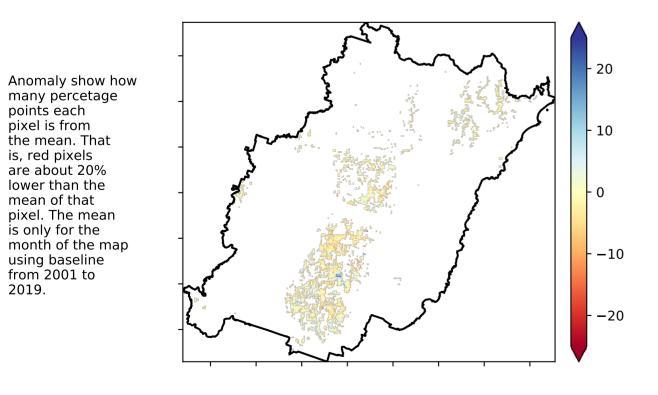
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

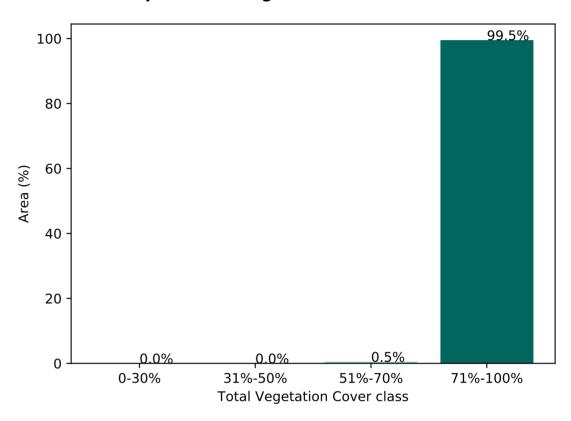


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

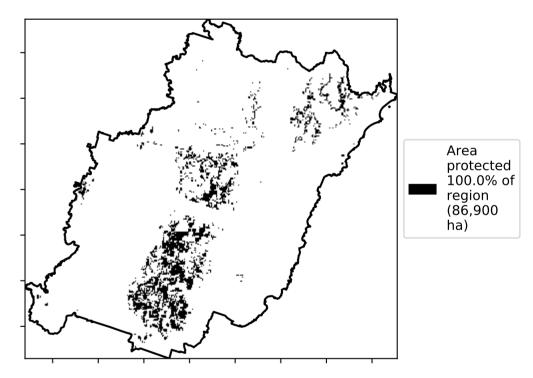


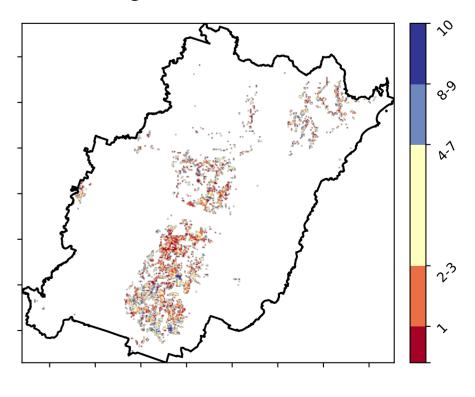
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the man using baseline. the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

## Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









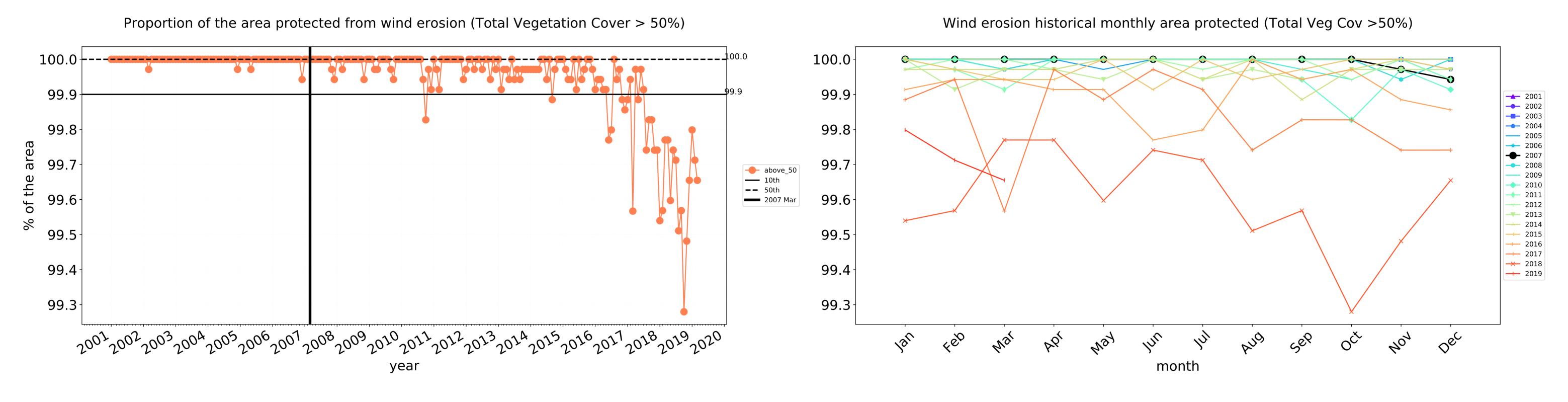


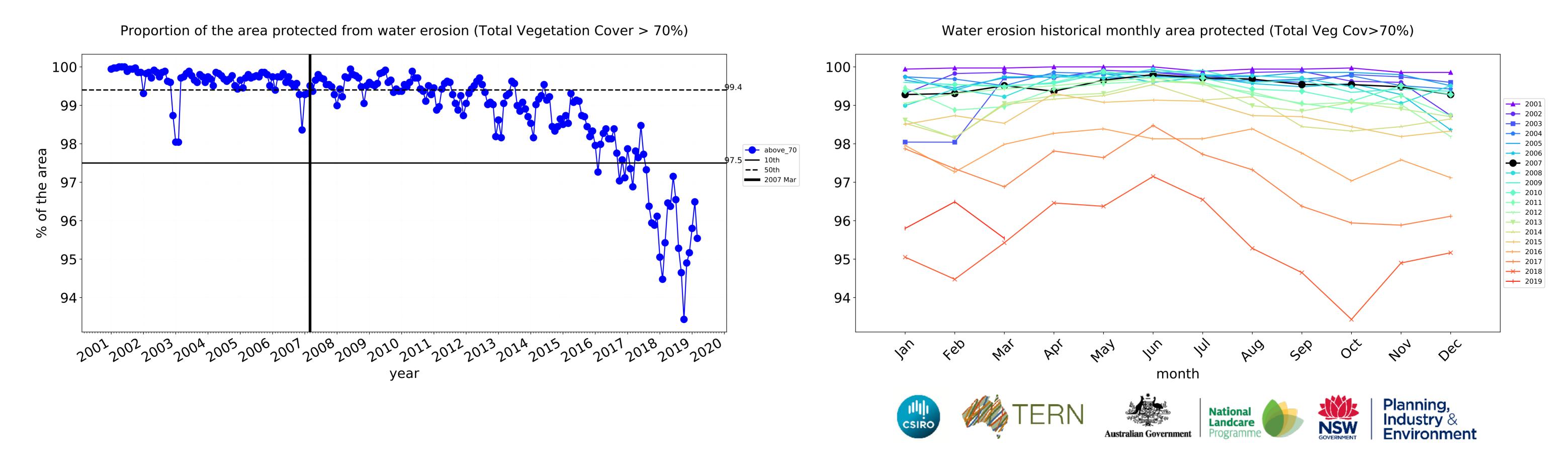


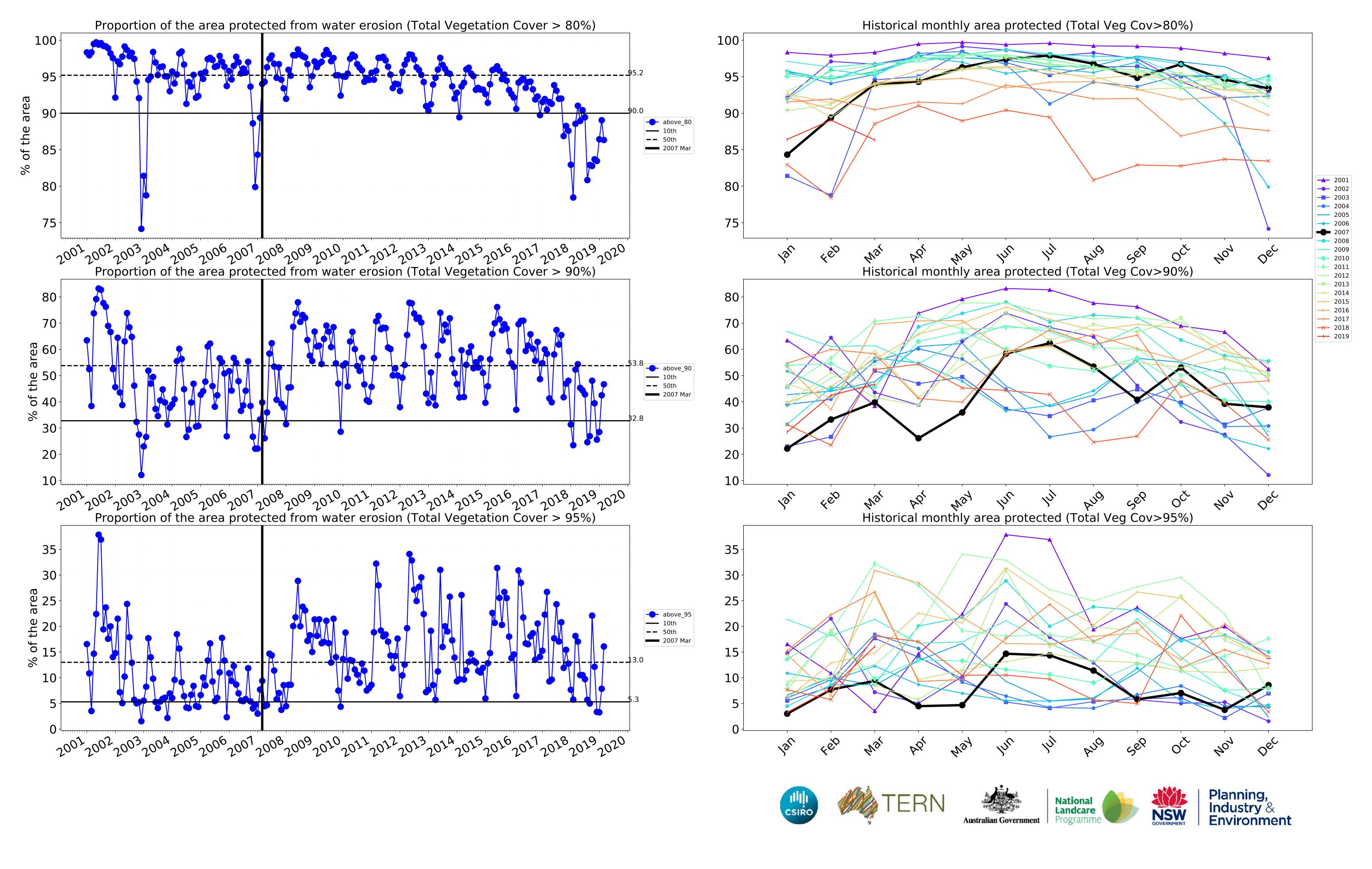




# **Grazing non forest timeseries**







# **Grazing Woodland forest**

# Land use and forest cover

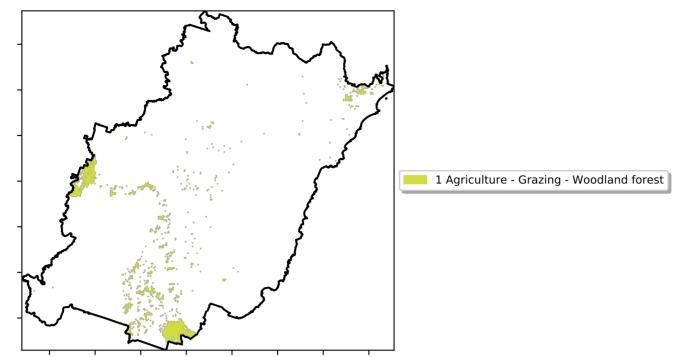
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

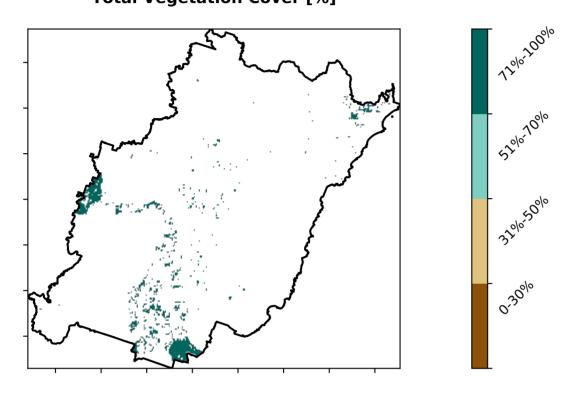
pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

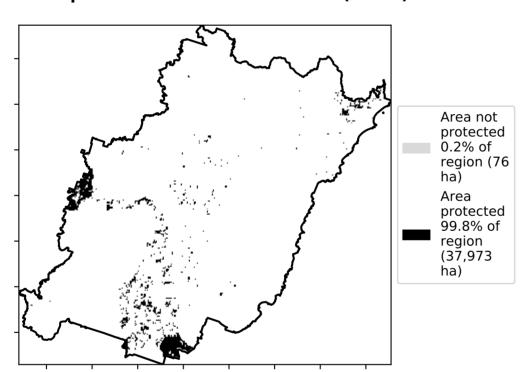
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



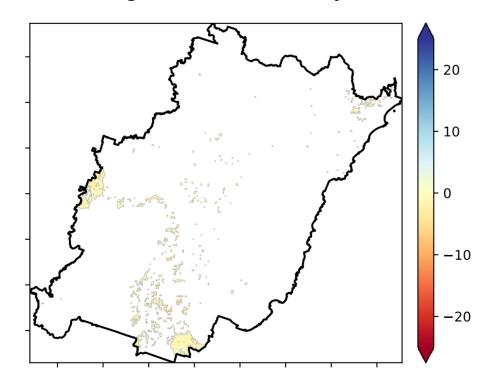
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

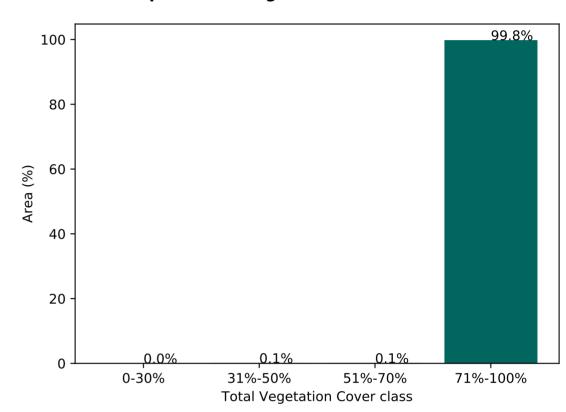


# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

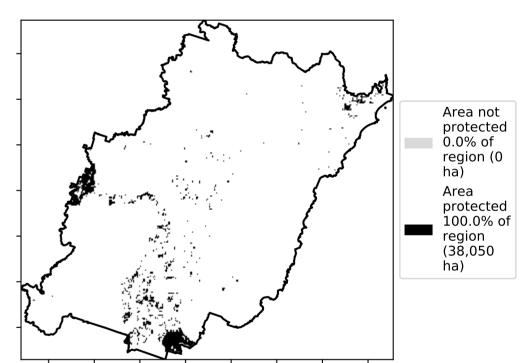


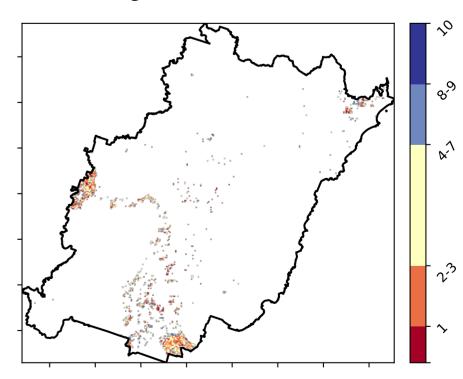
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

## **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









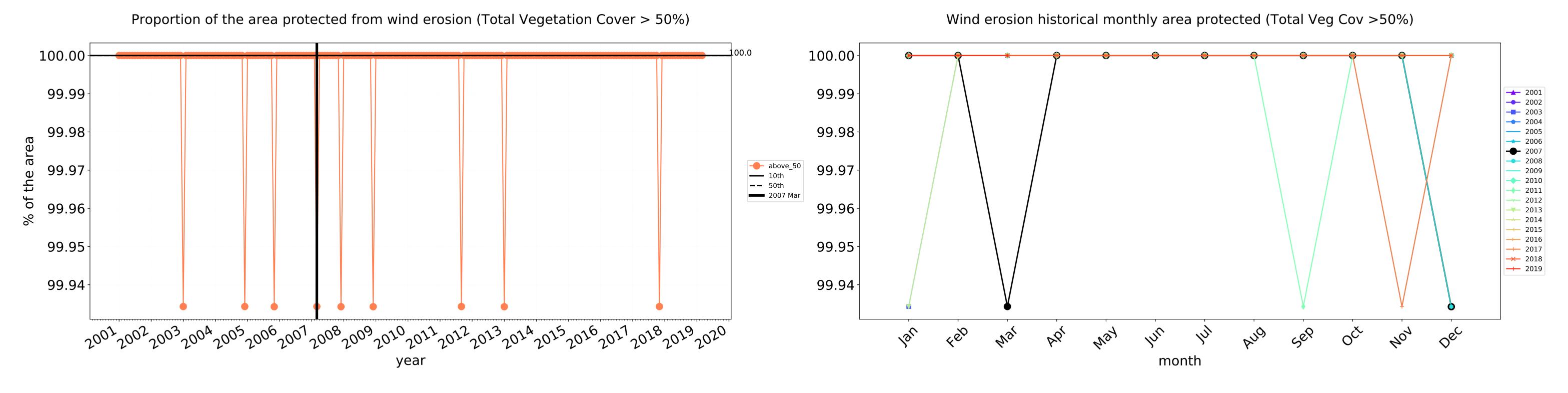


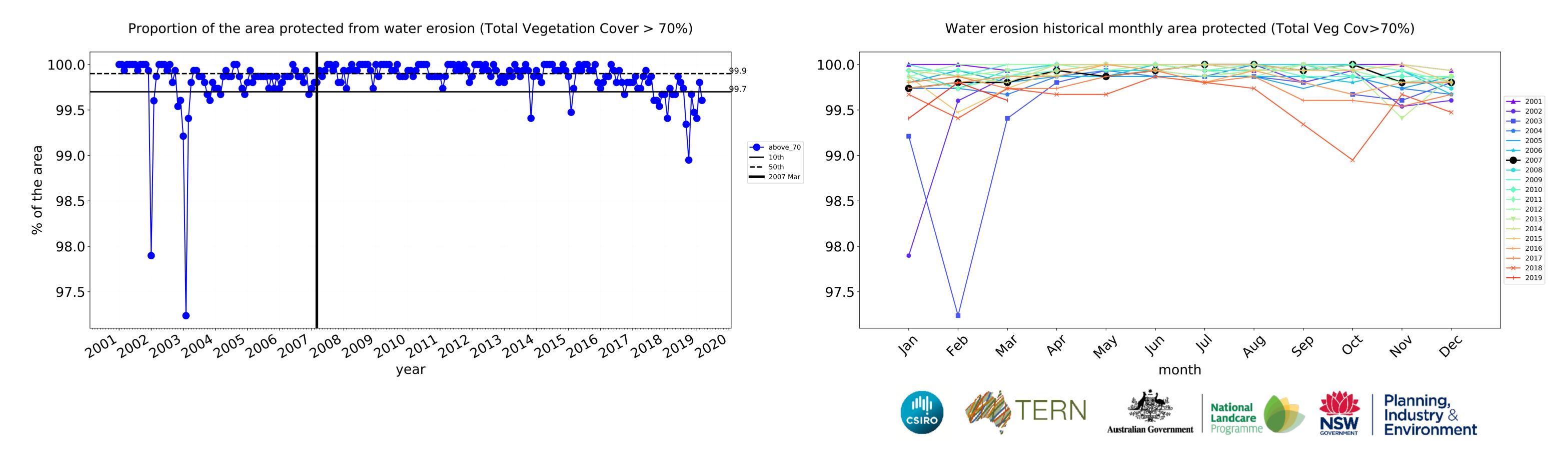


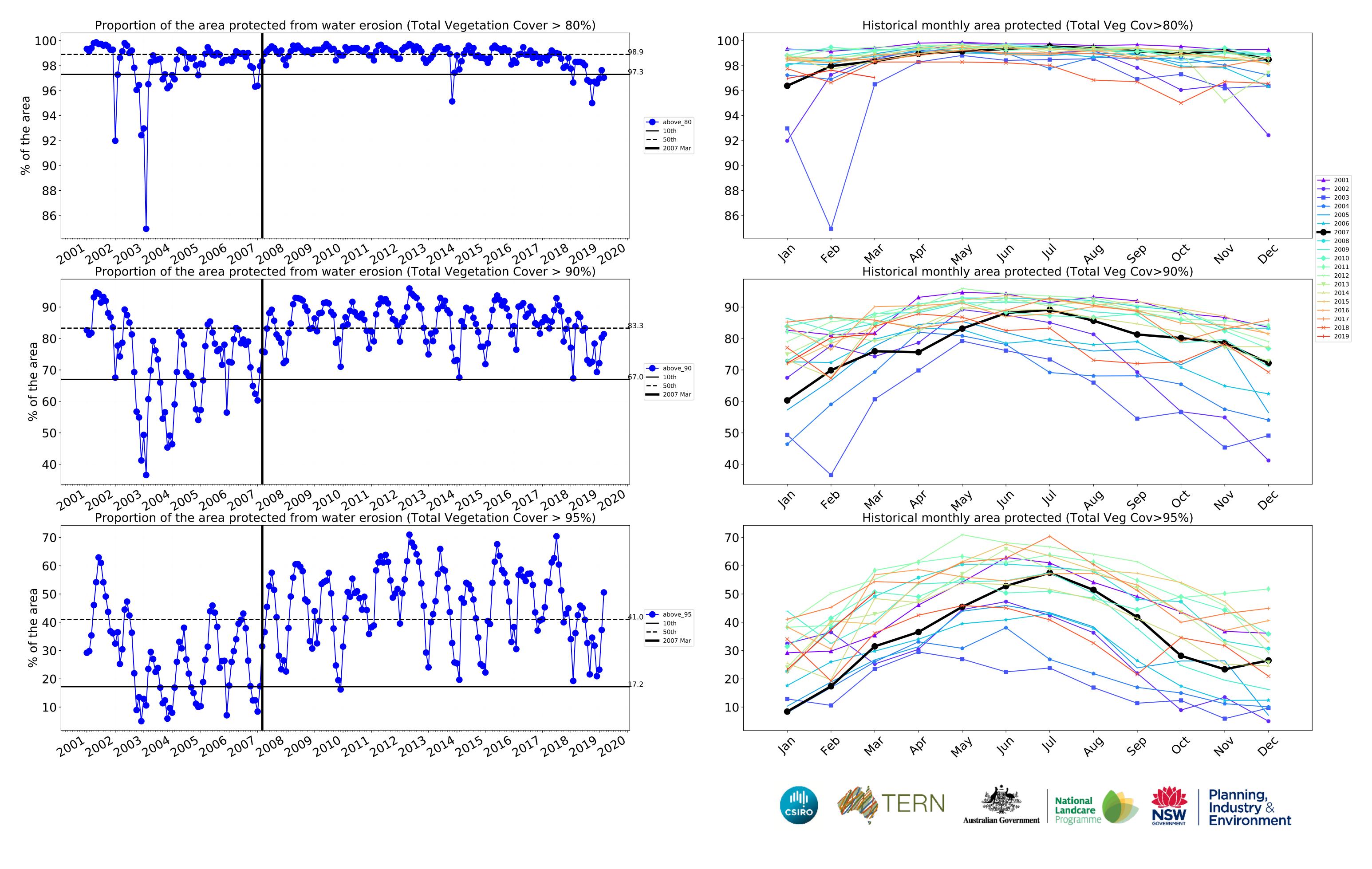




# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**







# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

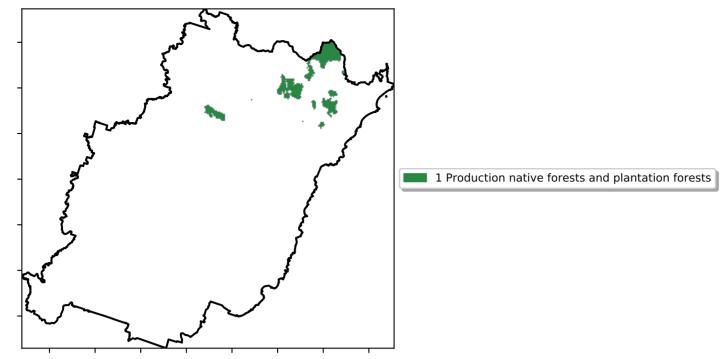
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

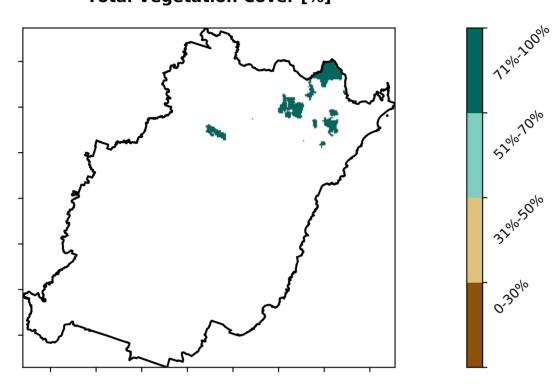
are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

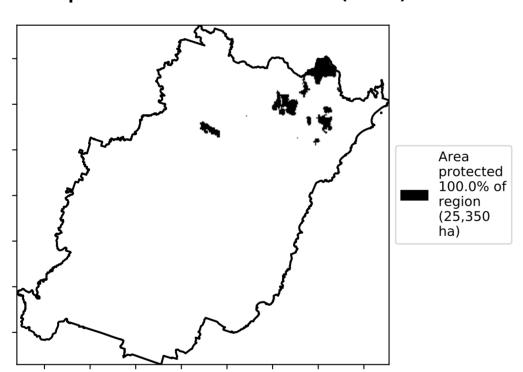
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



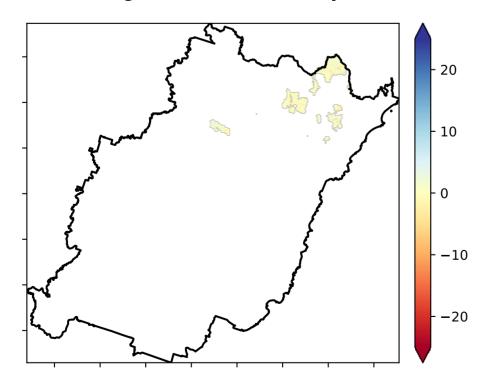
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

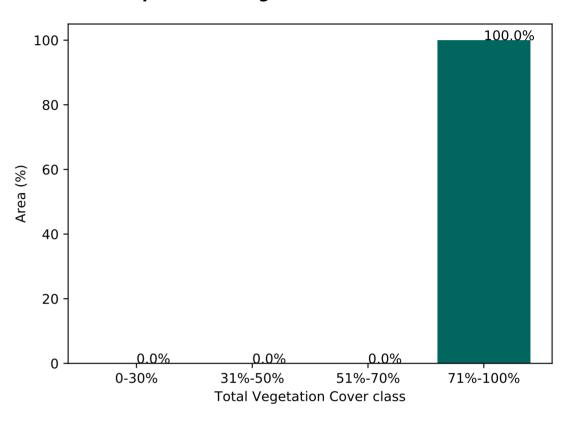


# Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

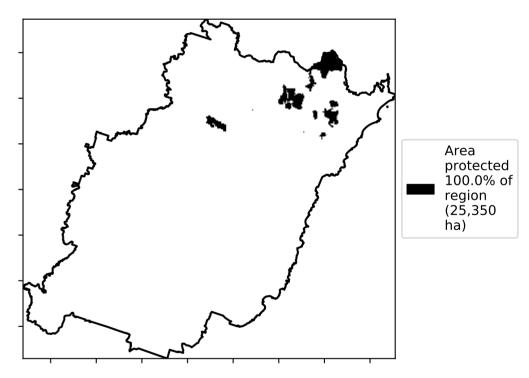


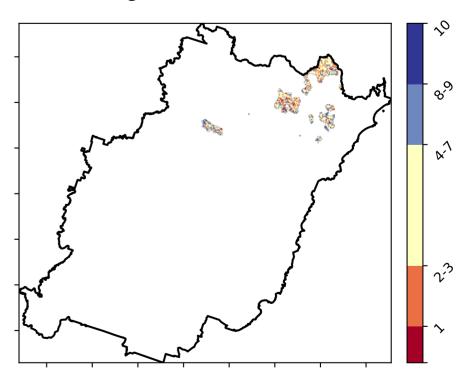
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

## **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









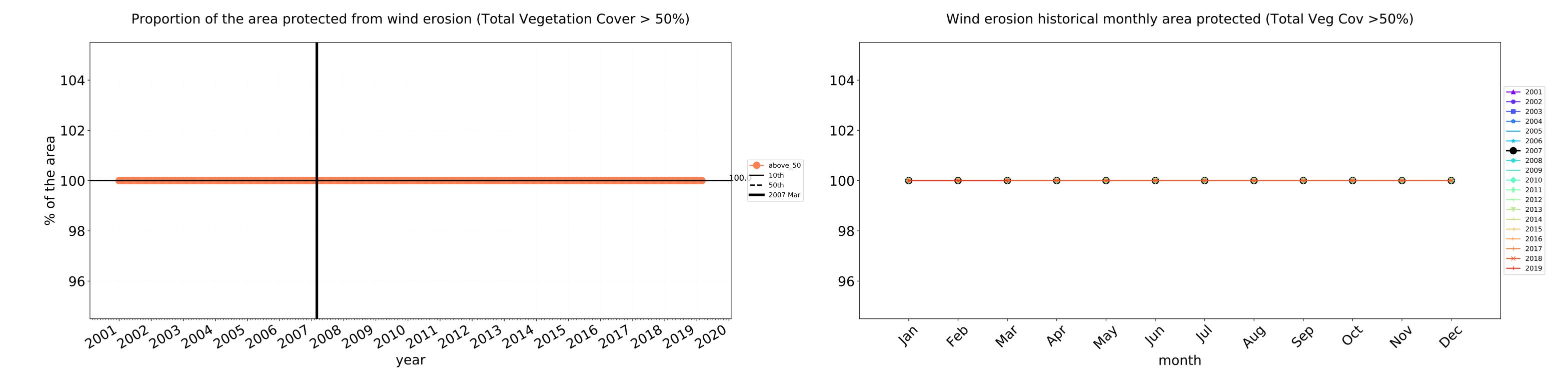


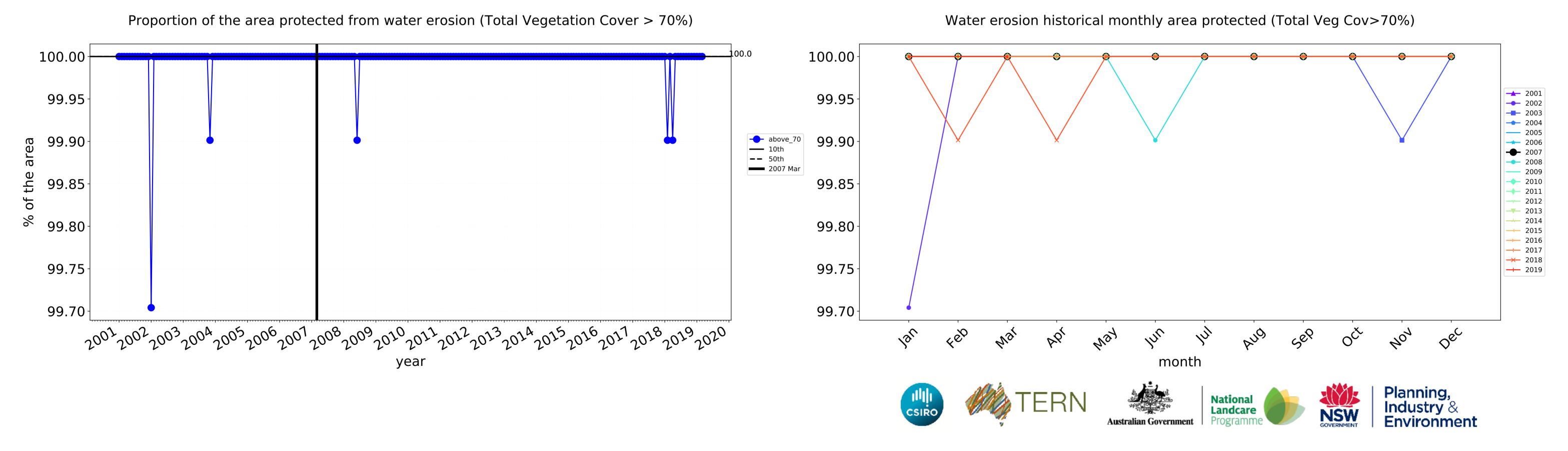


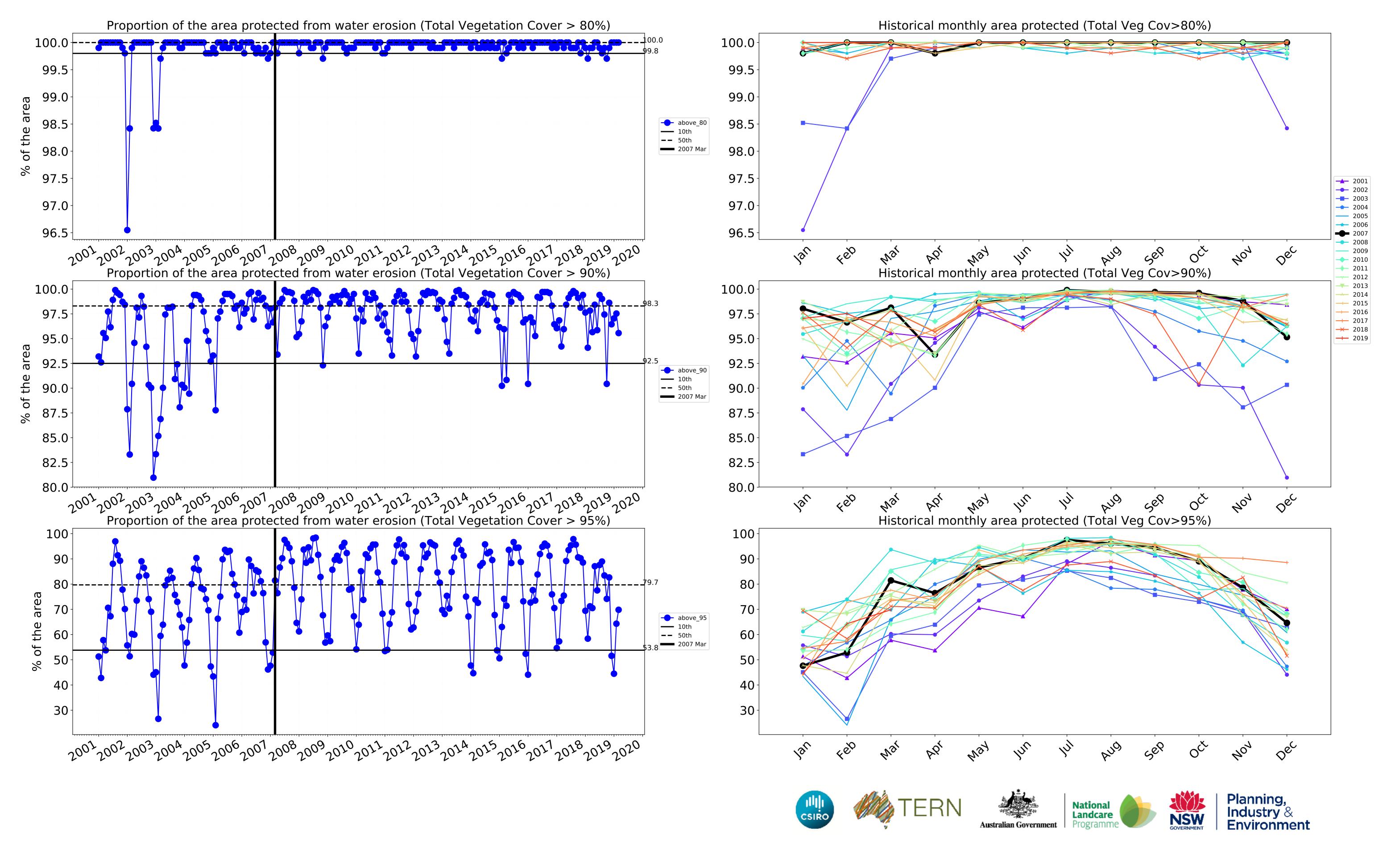




# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# Greater Sydney (1,209,350 ha and no data 39,821 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	1,209,350	99.9% 1,208,174	99.3% 1,201,093	92.4% 1,118,003	85.7% 1,036,739	66.4% 803,180	39.5% 478,100
Conservation and natural environments	695,450	100.0% 695,400	100.0% 695,250	99.8% 693,725	98.9% 687,675	90.0% 626,000	59.5% 413,575
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	366,725	100.0% 366,675	100.0% 366,625	99.7% 365,750	98.5% 361,200	87.0% 319,075	55.1% 202,175
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	322,100	100.0% 322,100	100.0% 322,100	99.9% 321,875	99.7% 321,250	94.3% 303,600	65.3% 210,475
Agriculture	144,975	100.0% 144,975	99.9% 144,900	99.5% 144,300	94.3% 136,725	51.1% 74,125	17.6% 25,500
Grazing	135,250	100.0% 135,250	99.9% 135,175	99.6% 134,650	95.4% 129,075	53.3% 72,125	18.5% 25,050
Grazing non forest	86,900	100.0% 86,900	100.0% 86,900	99.5% 86,475	94.0% 81,700	39.8% 34,575	9.4% 8,150
Grazing Woodland forest	38,050	100.0% 38,050	99.9% 38,025	99.8% 37,975	98.4% 37,425	76.0% 28,900	31.5% 11,975
Production native forests and plantation forests	25,350	100.0% 25,350	100.0% 25,350	100.0% 25,350	100.0% 25,350	98.1% 24,875	81.5% 20,650











