# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:NRM Greater Sydney NSW

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

# Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3













**Date: February 2002** 

# **Vegetation Cover Feb 2002**

#### **Land use and forest cover**

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

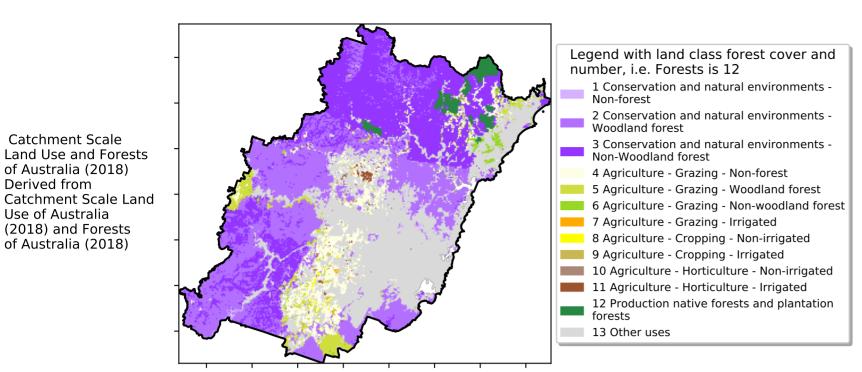
mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

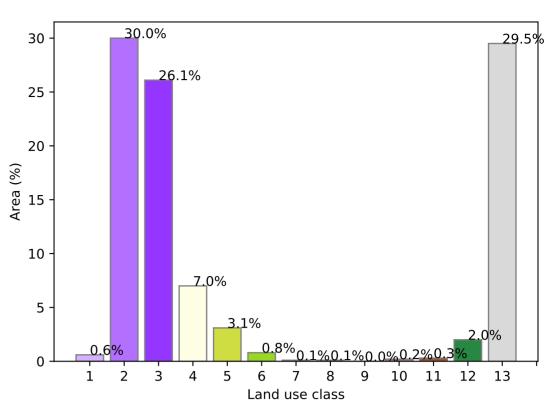
the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

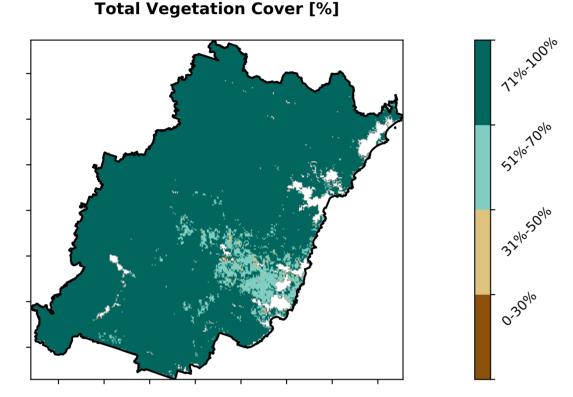
Derived from

Use of Australia

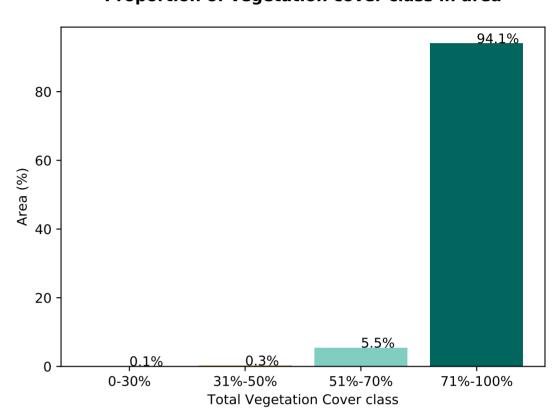


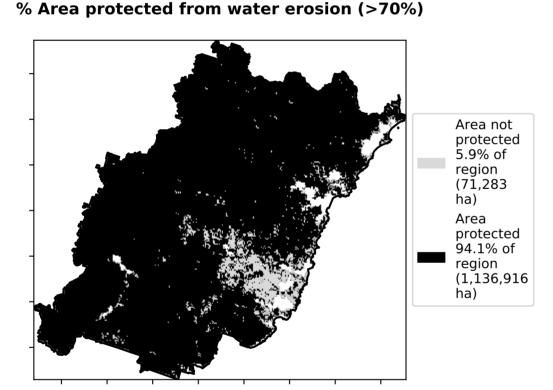
#### Proportion of each land class in area



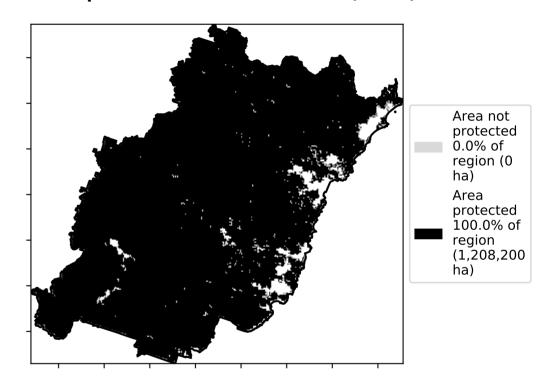


**Proportion of vegetation cover class in area** 

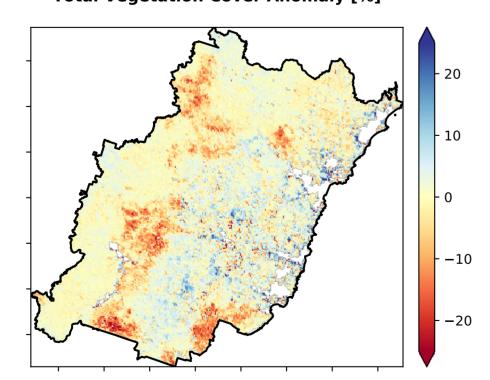




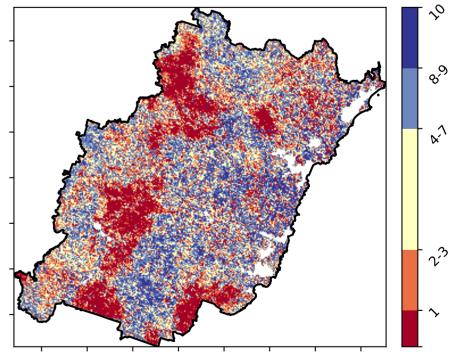
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





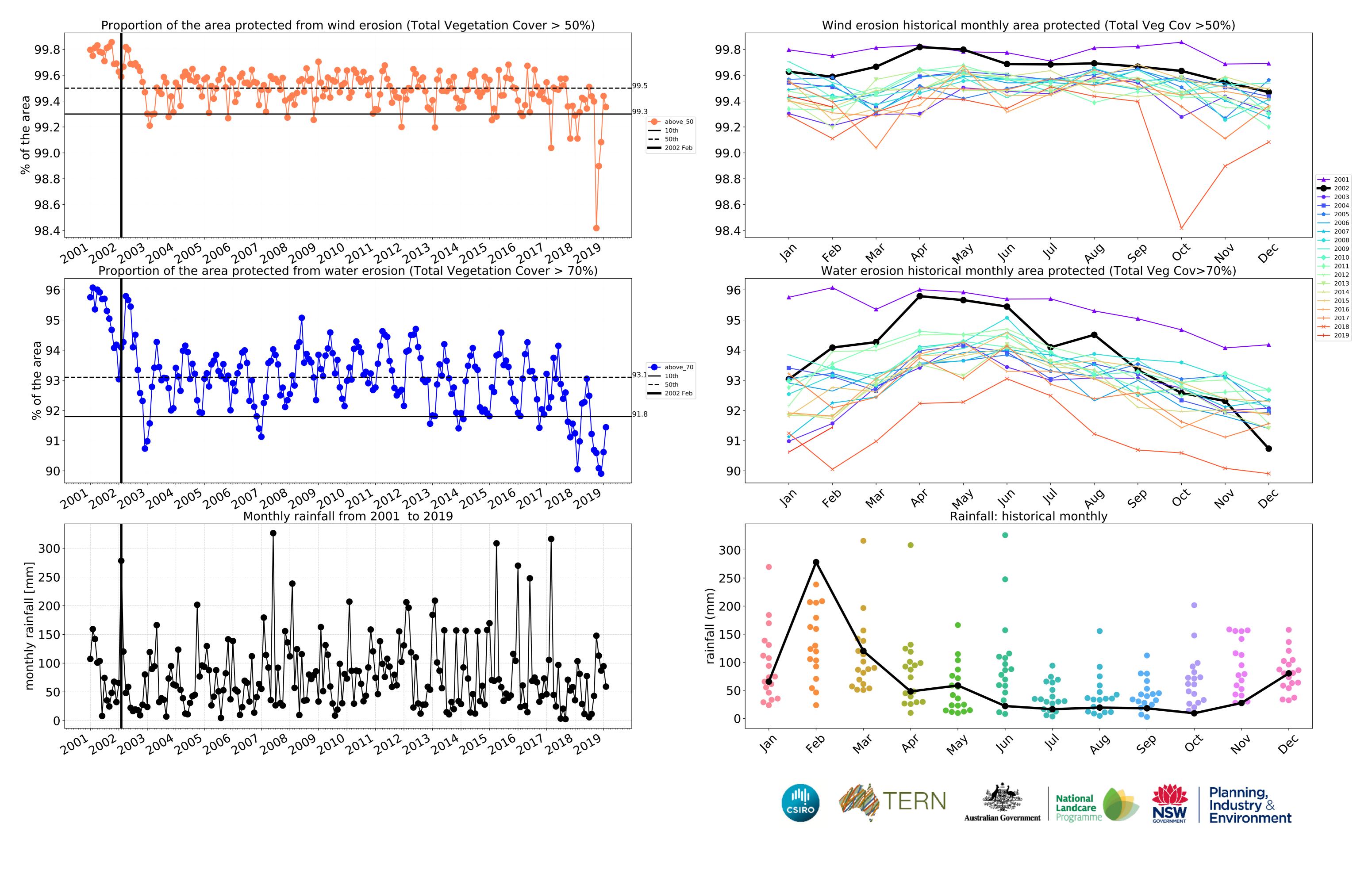




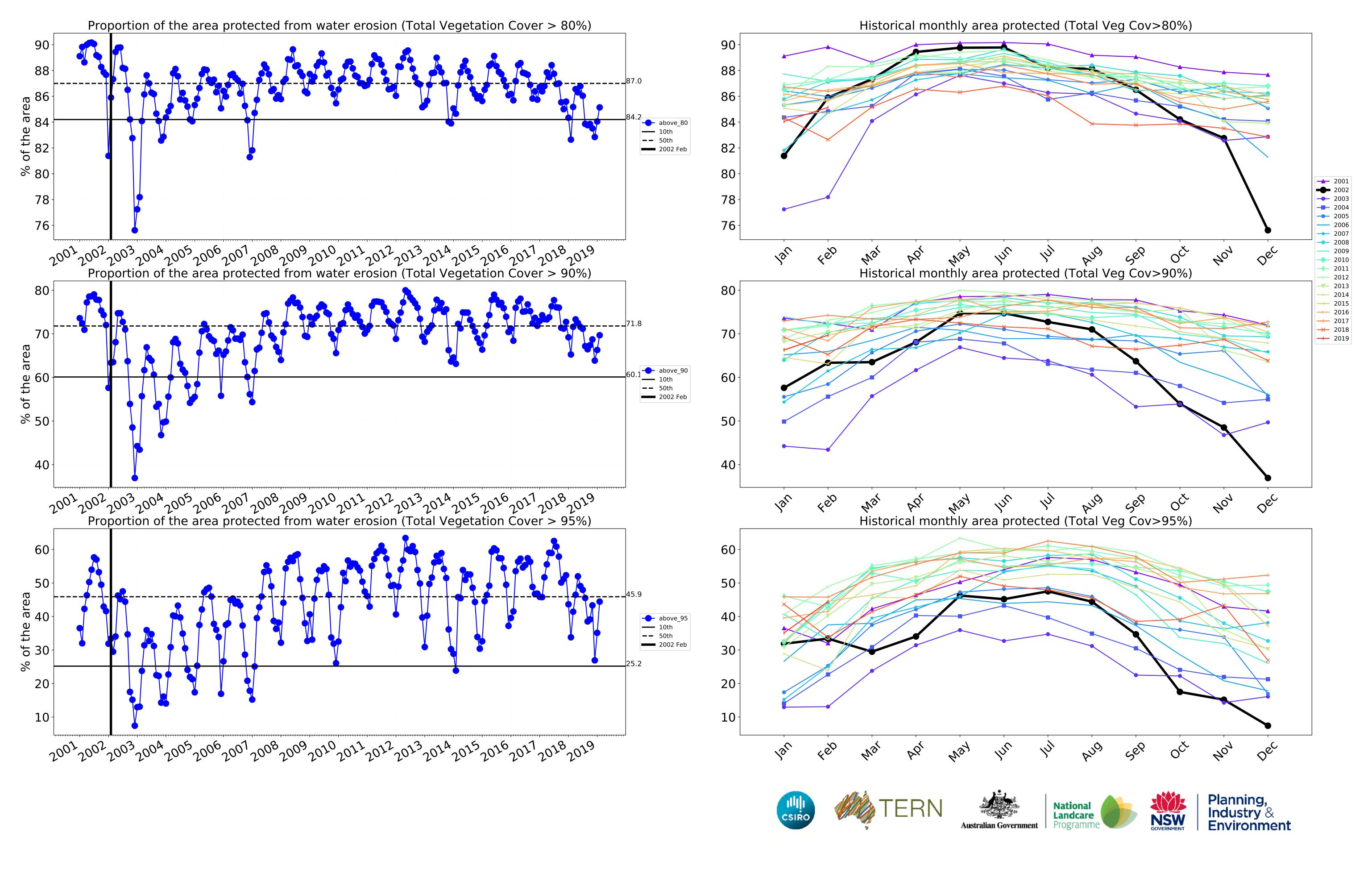








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# **Conservation and natural environments**

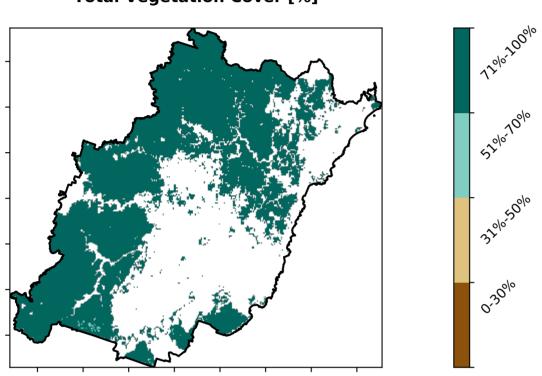
# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest Derived from 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

# 52.8% 50 46.0% 40 Area (%) 20 10 3 2 Land use class

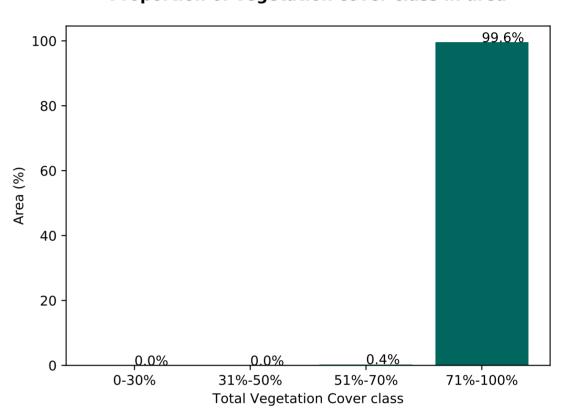
**Proportion of each land class in area** 

# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

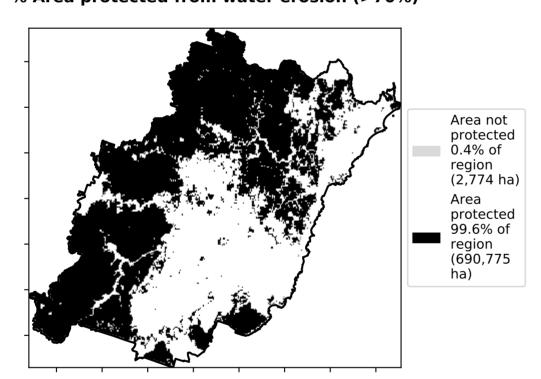
**Land use and forest cover** 



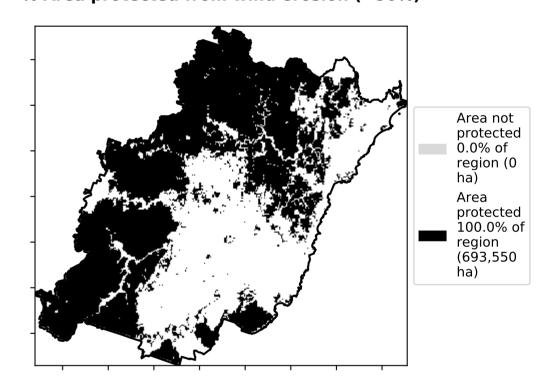
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

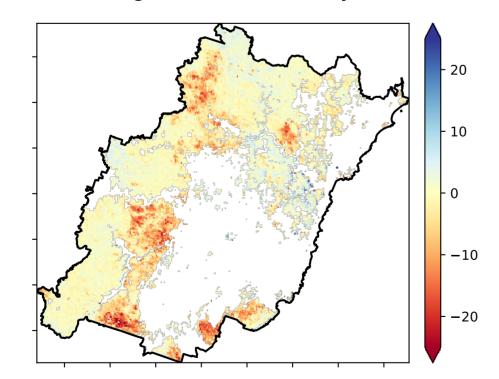
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

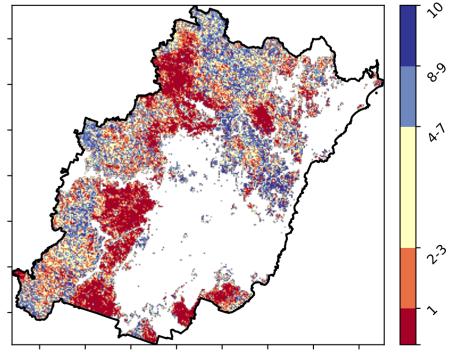
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







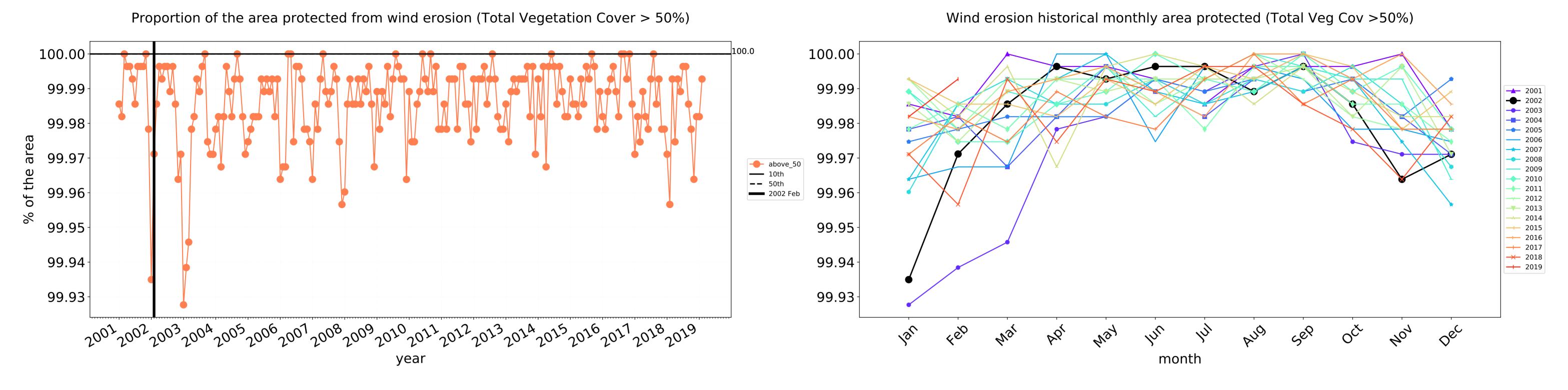


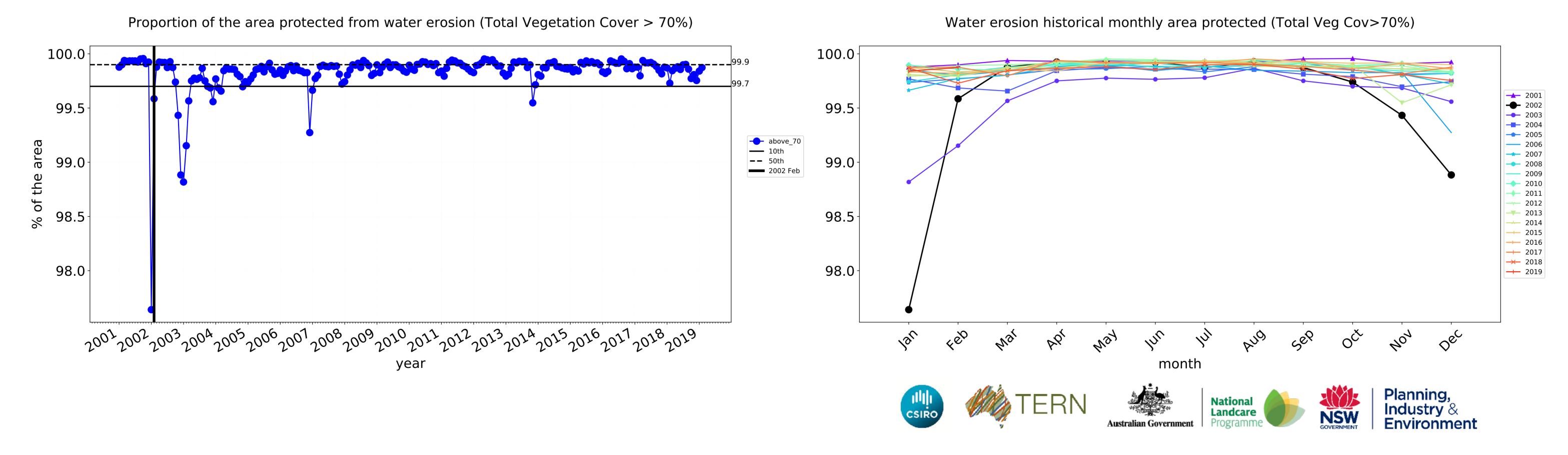


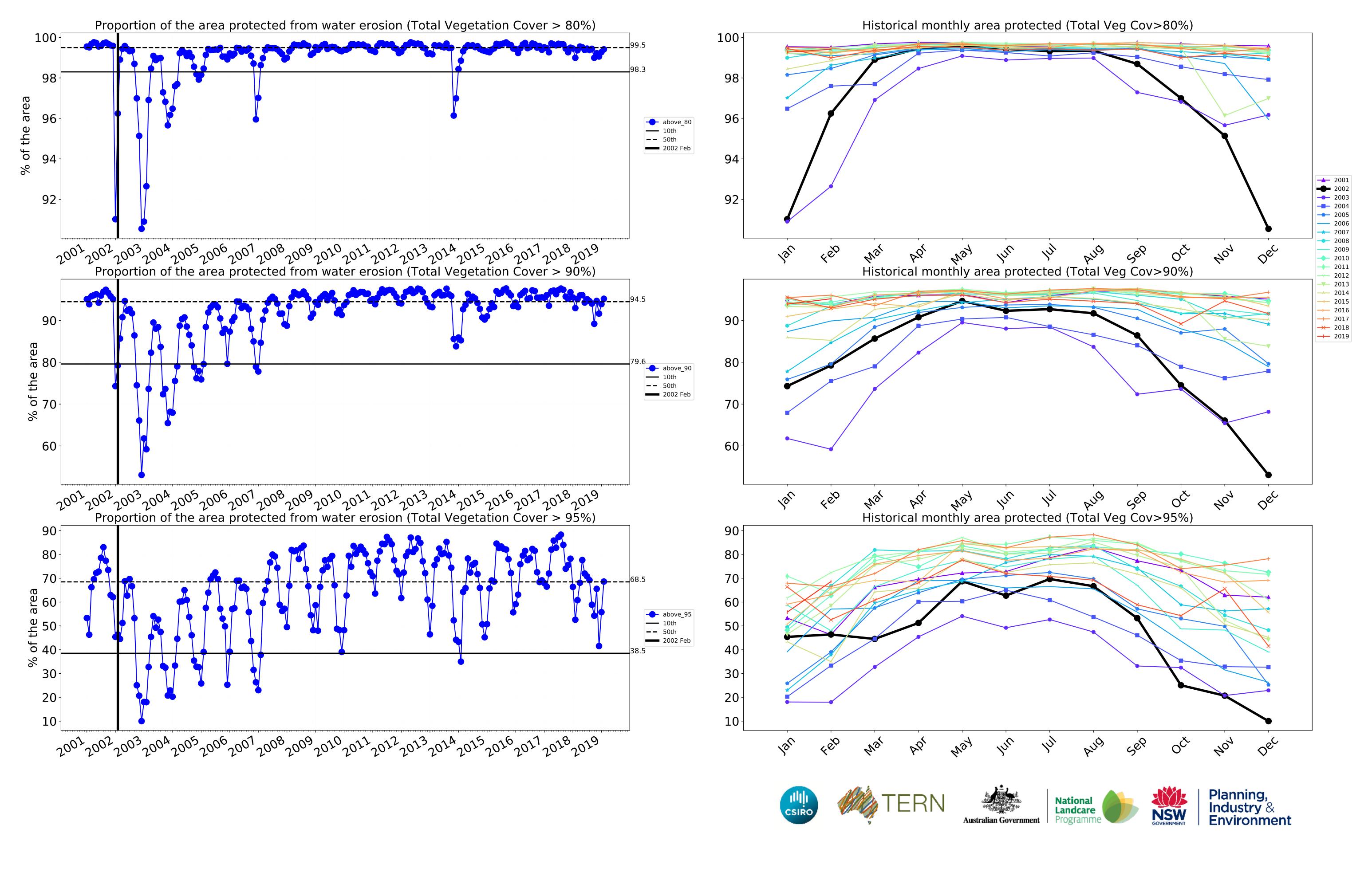




# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**







# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

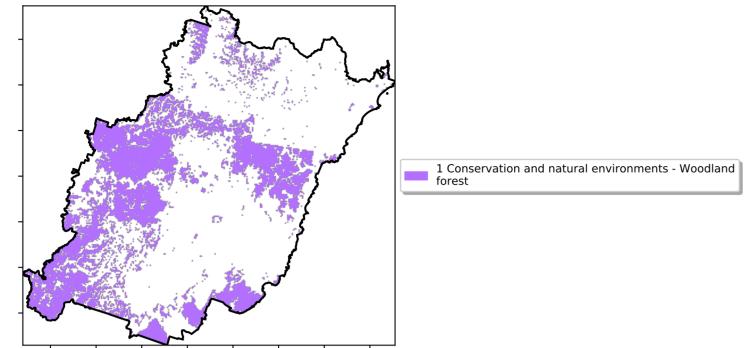
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

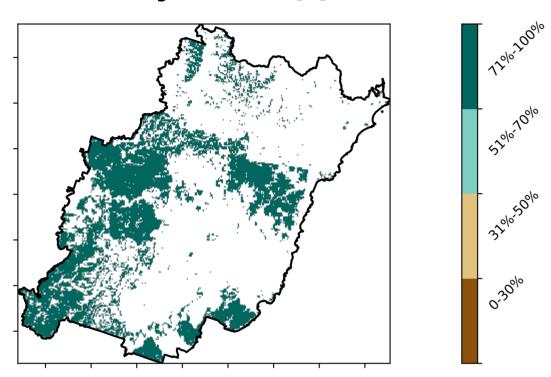
pixel is from the mean. That

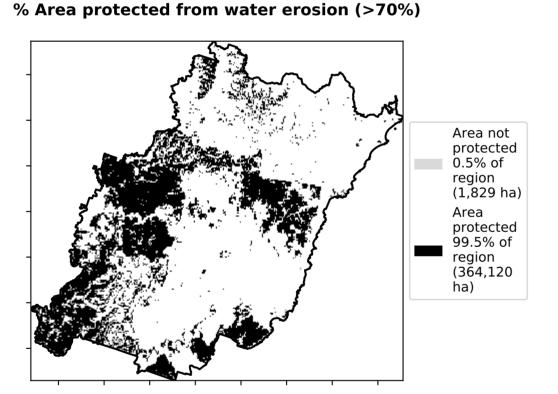
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

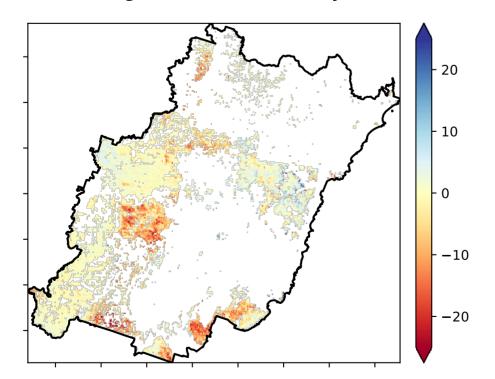


#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



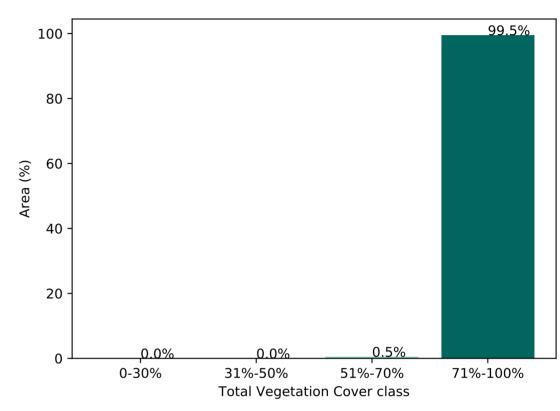


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

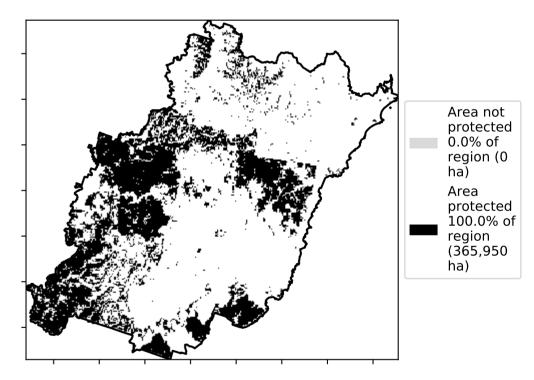


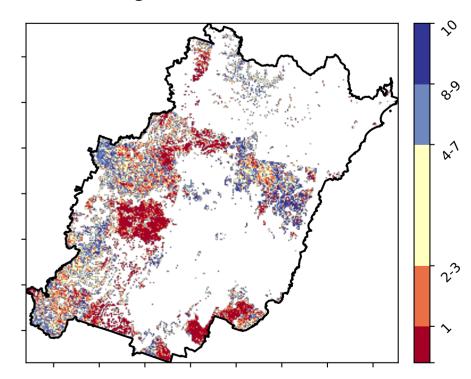
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







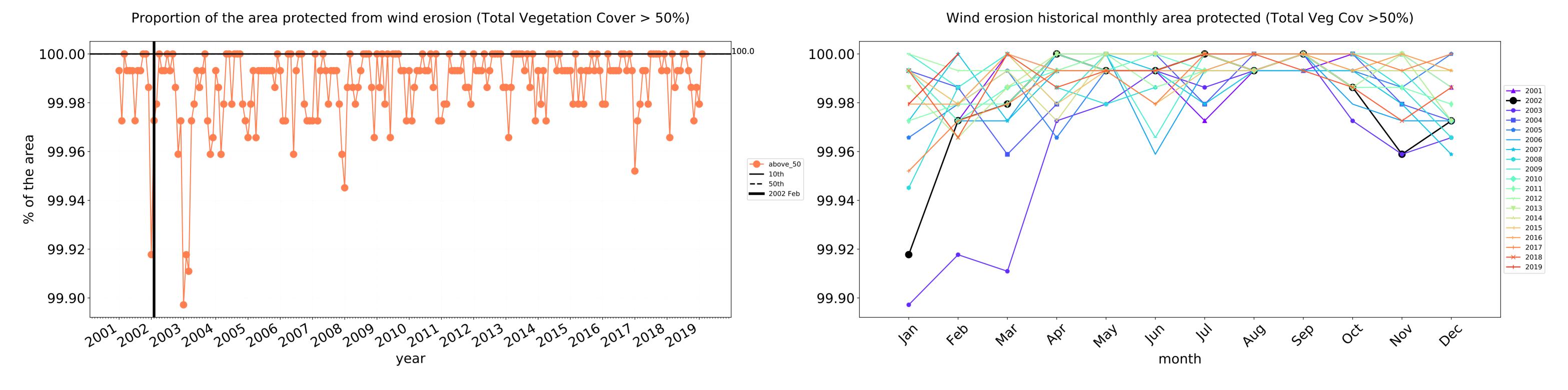


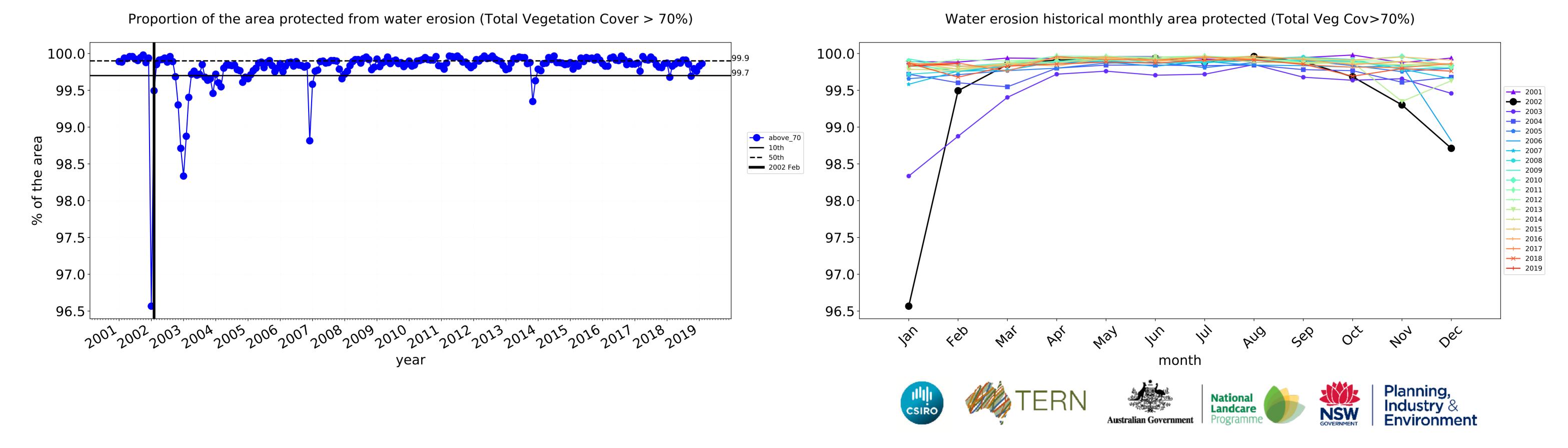


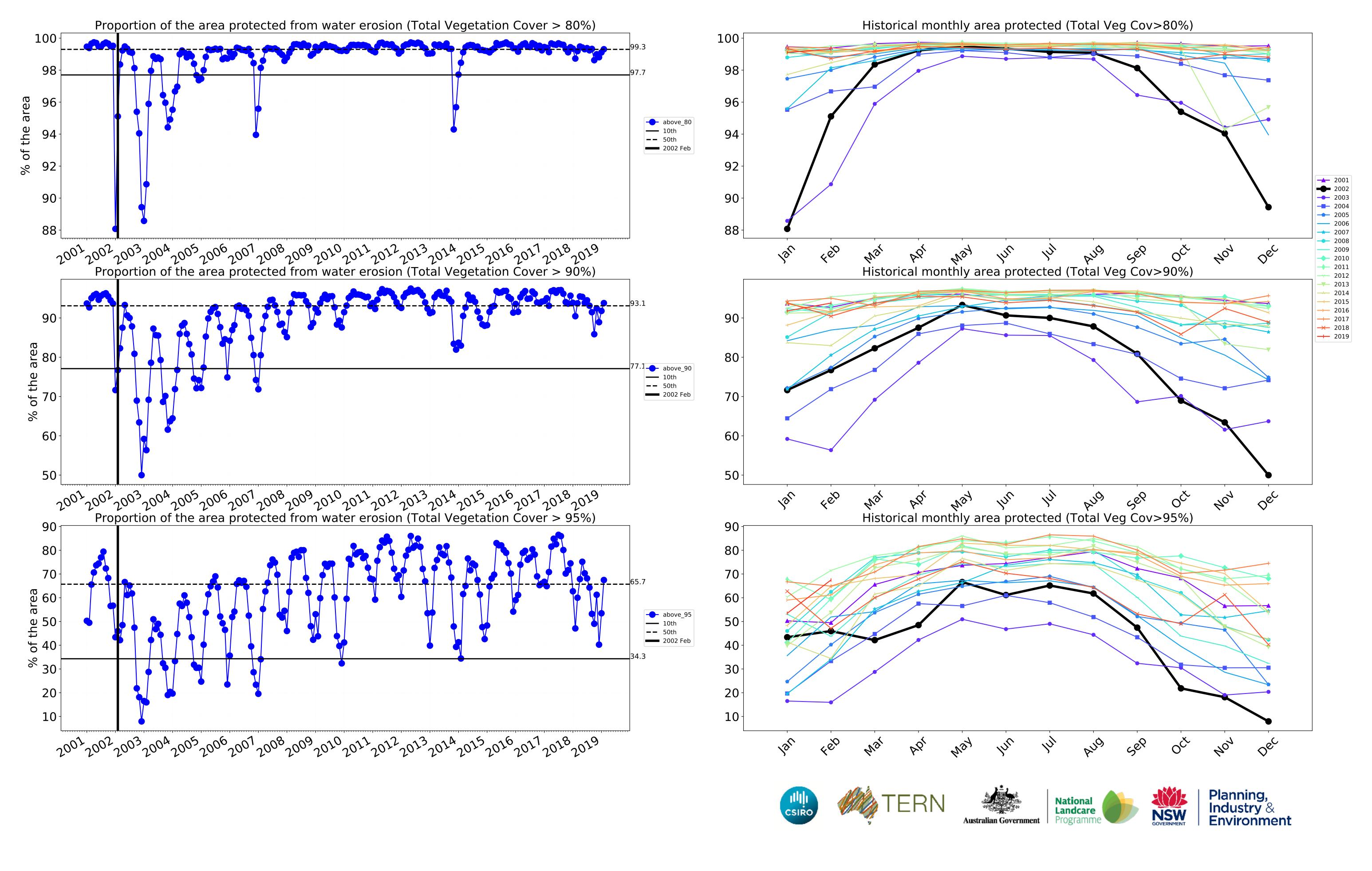










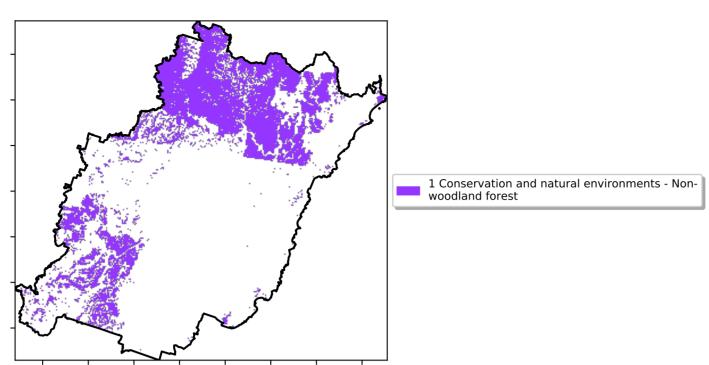


# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

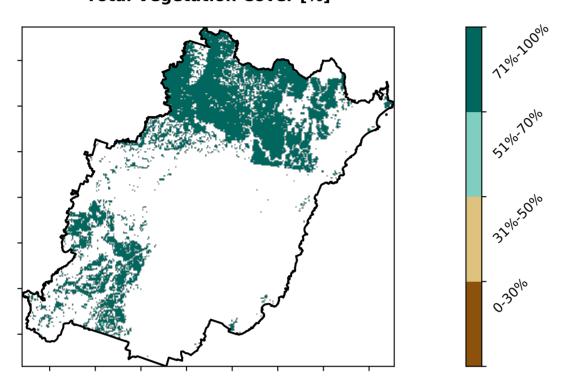
Land use and forest cover

# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

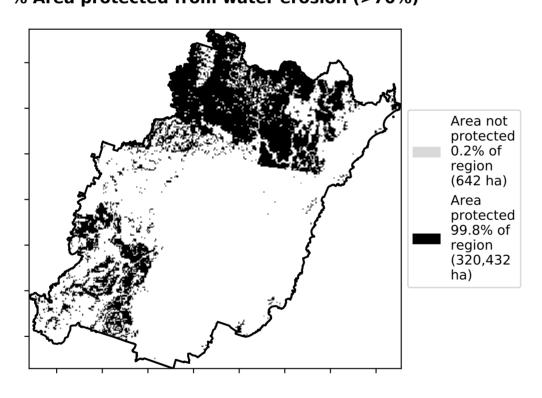
of Australia (2018)



#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



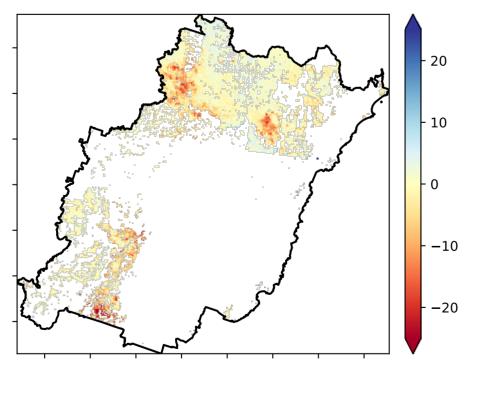
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



# Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

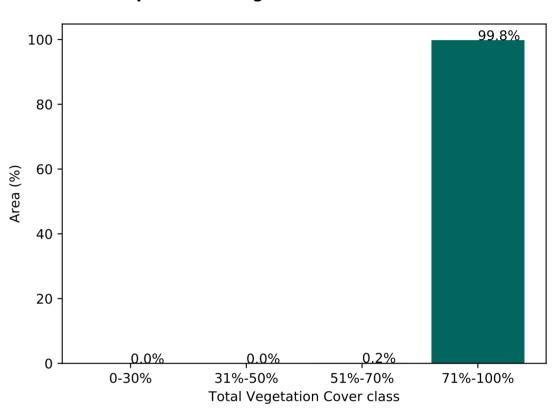
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



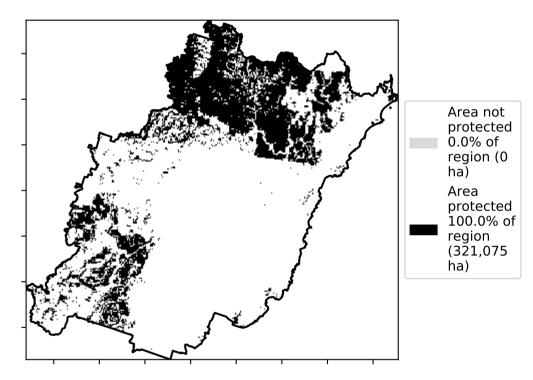
**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

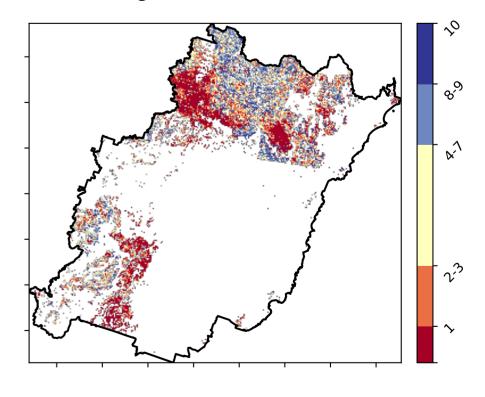
# Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the man using baseling. the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







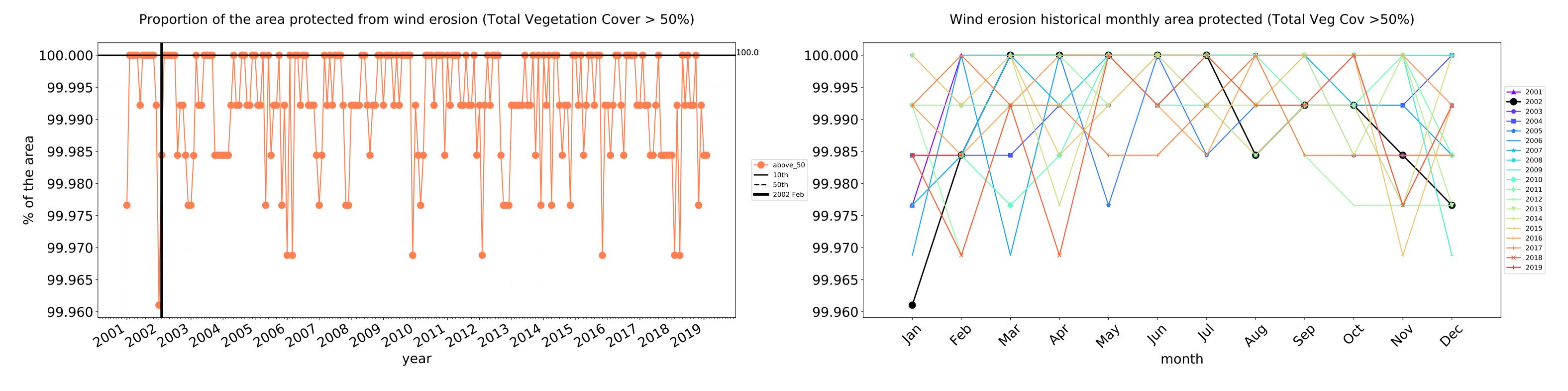


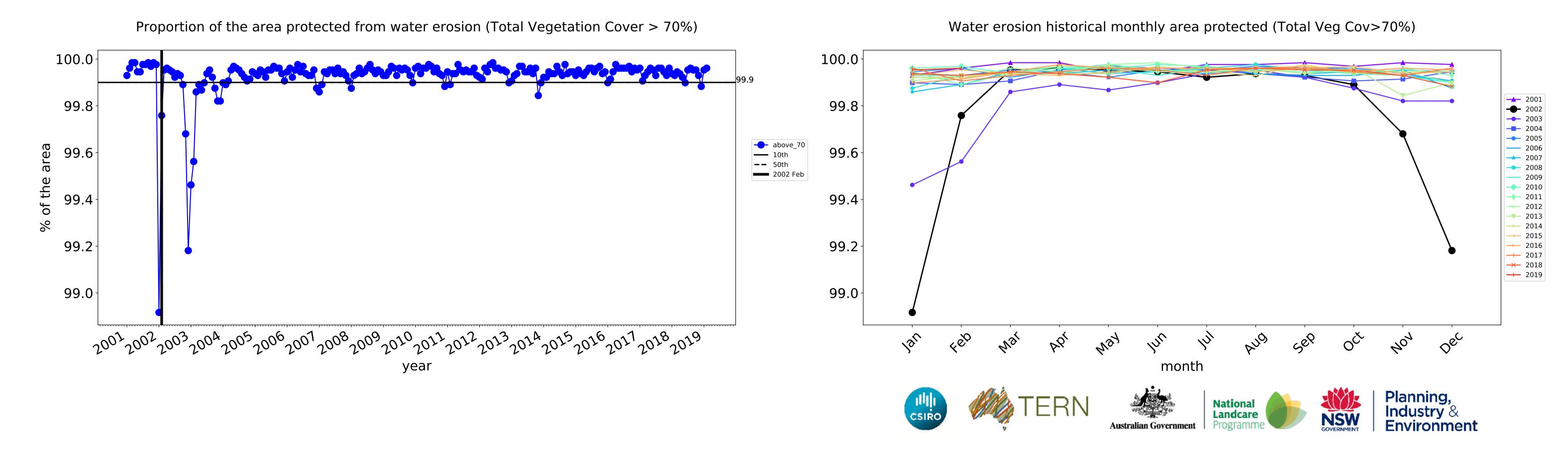


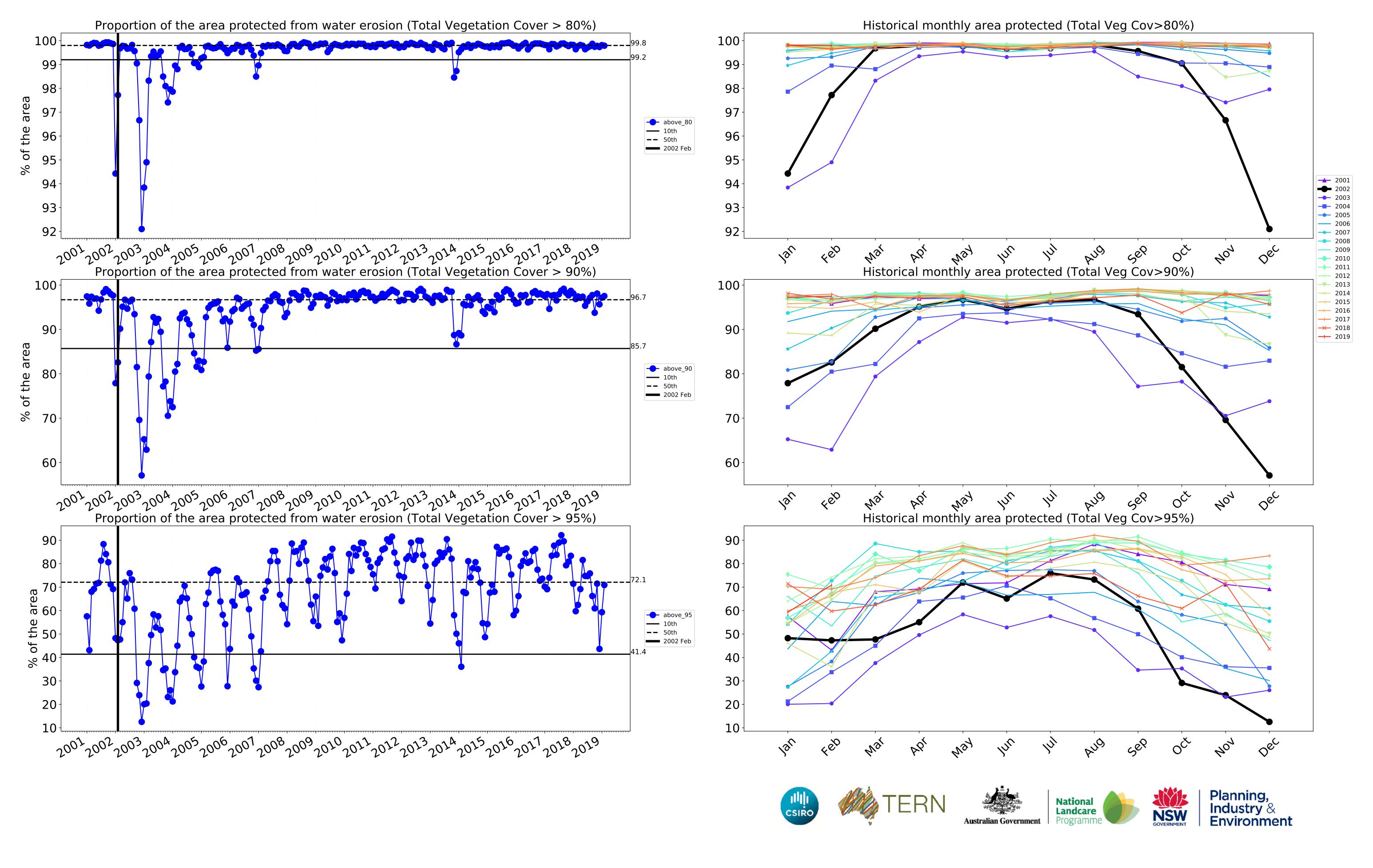












# **Agriculture**

# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

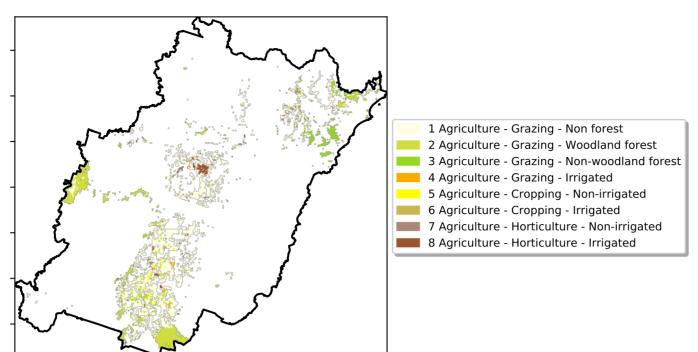
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

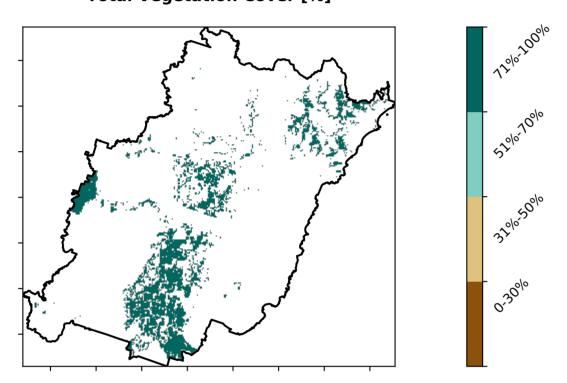


# 60 - 59.9% 50 - 40 - 40 - 26.2% 20 - 10 - 7.2% 0.8% 1.0% 0.3% 1.9% 2.8%

**Proportion of each land class in area** 

## **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

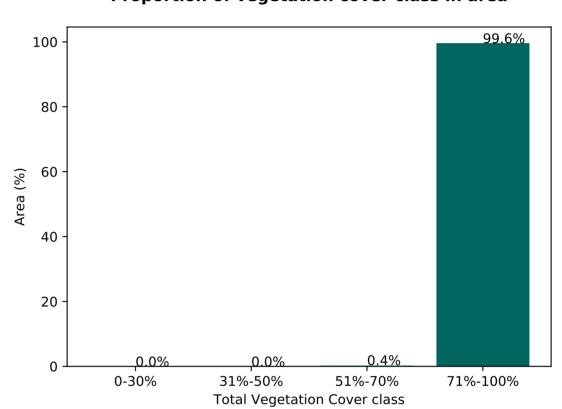
**Land use and forest cover** 



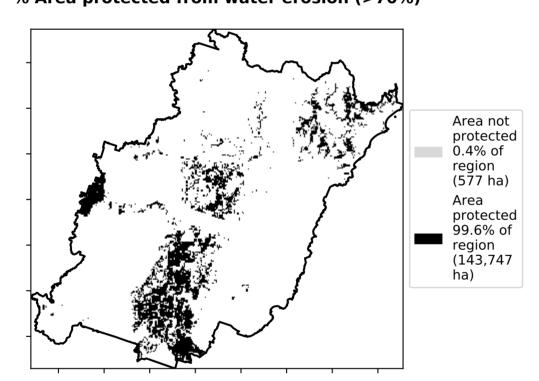
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

Land use class

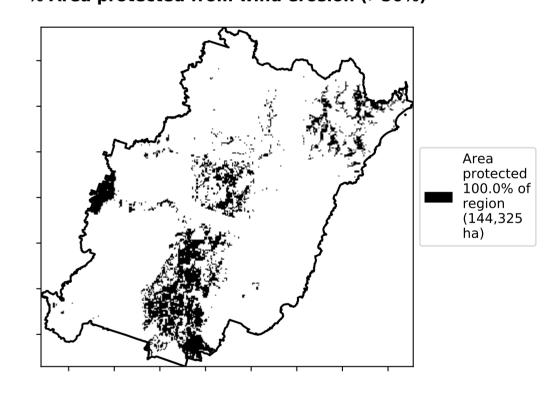
3



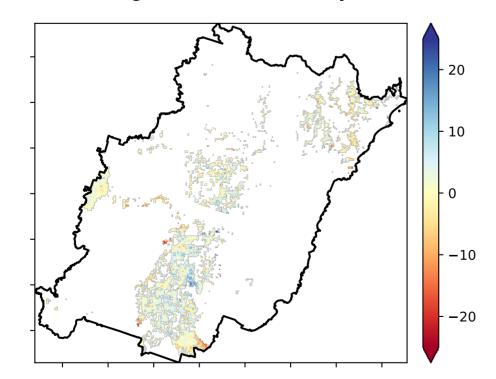
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

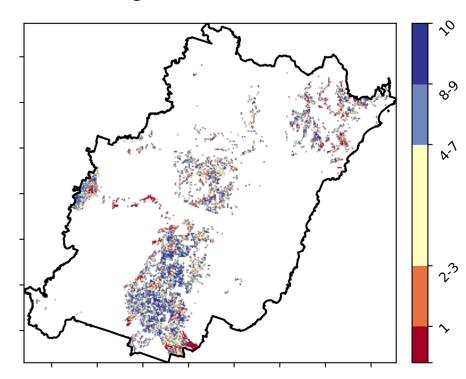


## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 







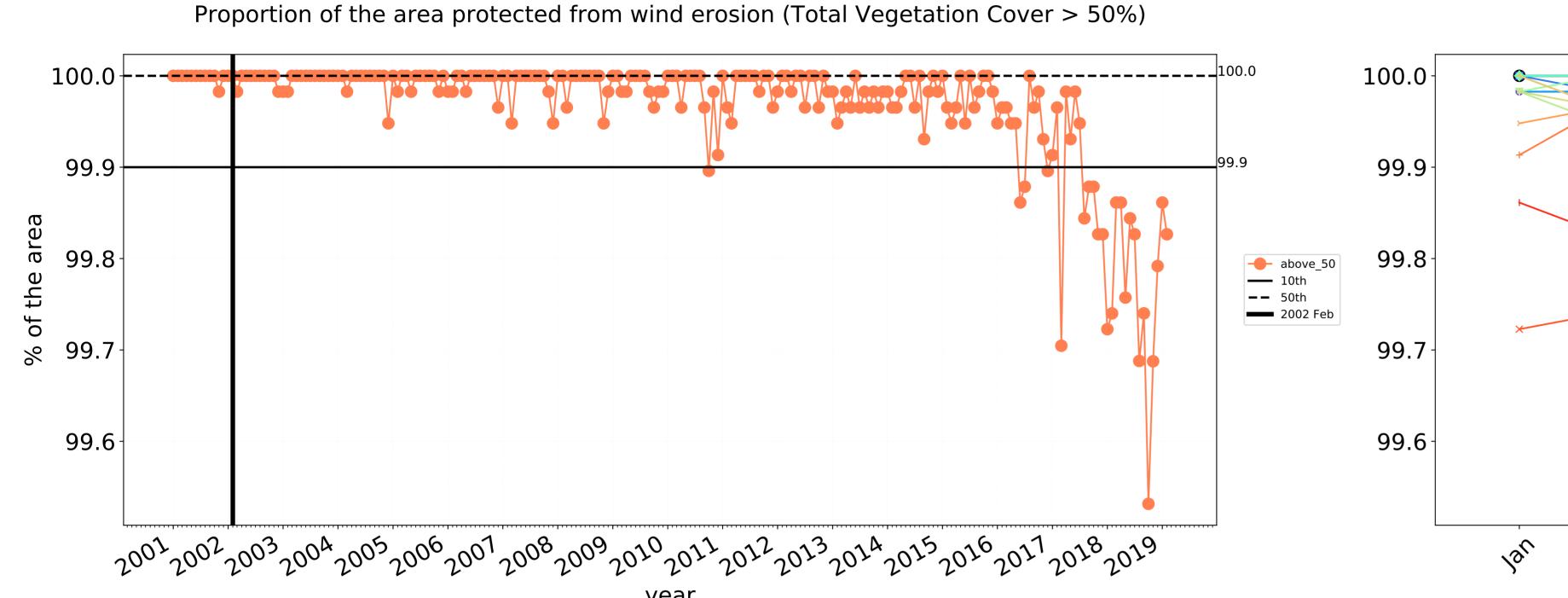


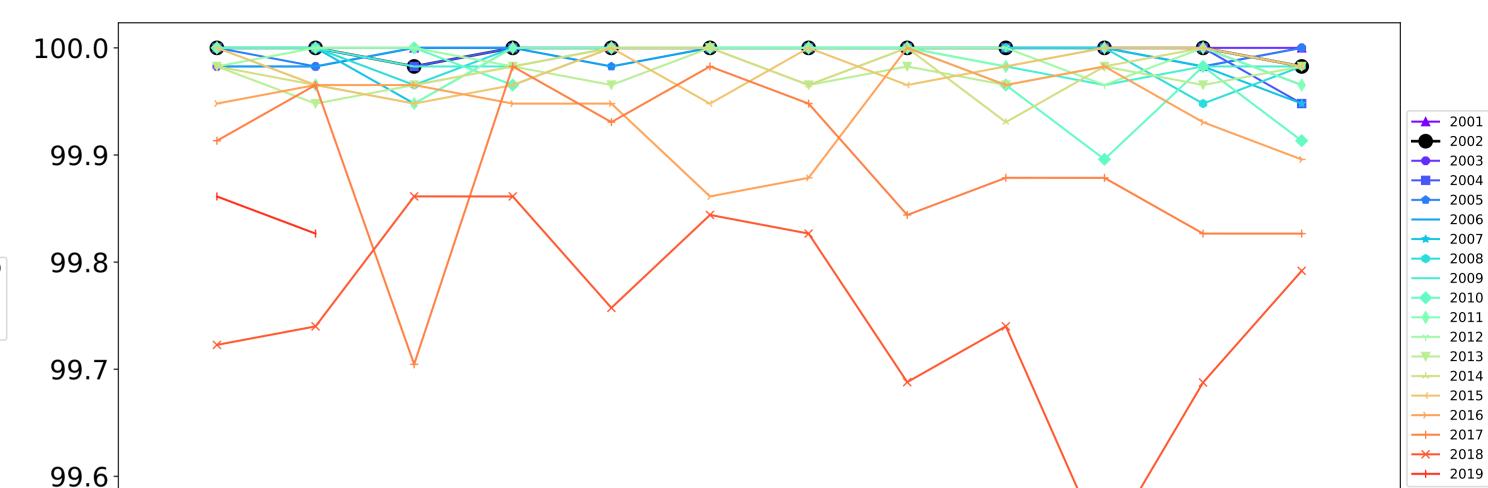






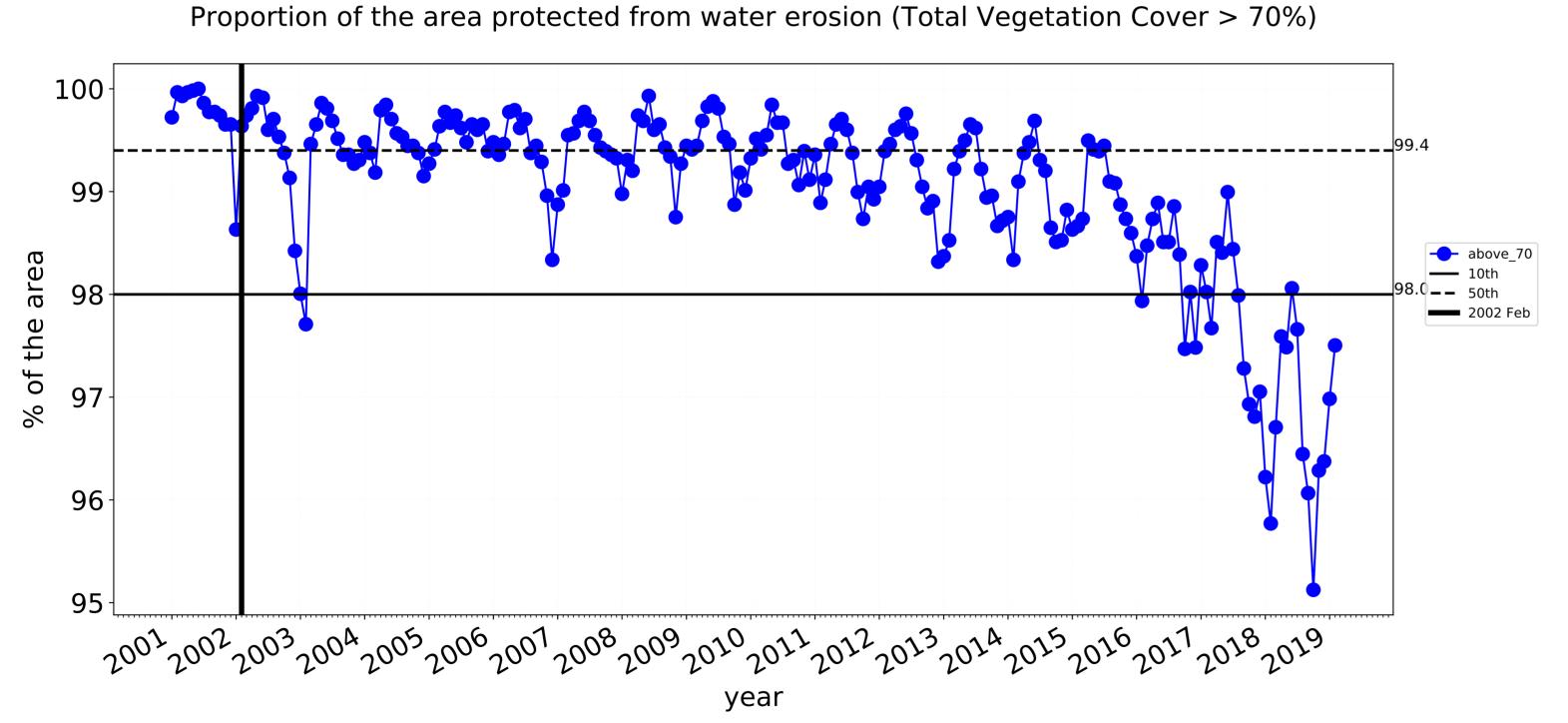
# **Agriculture timeseries**

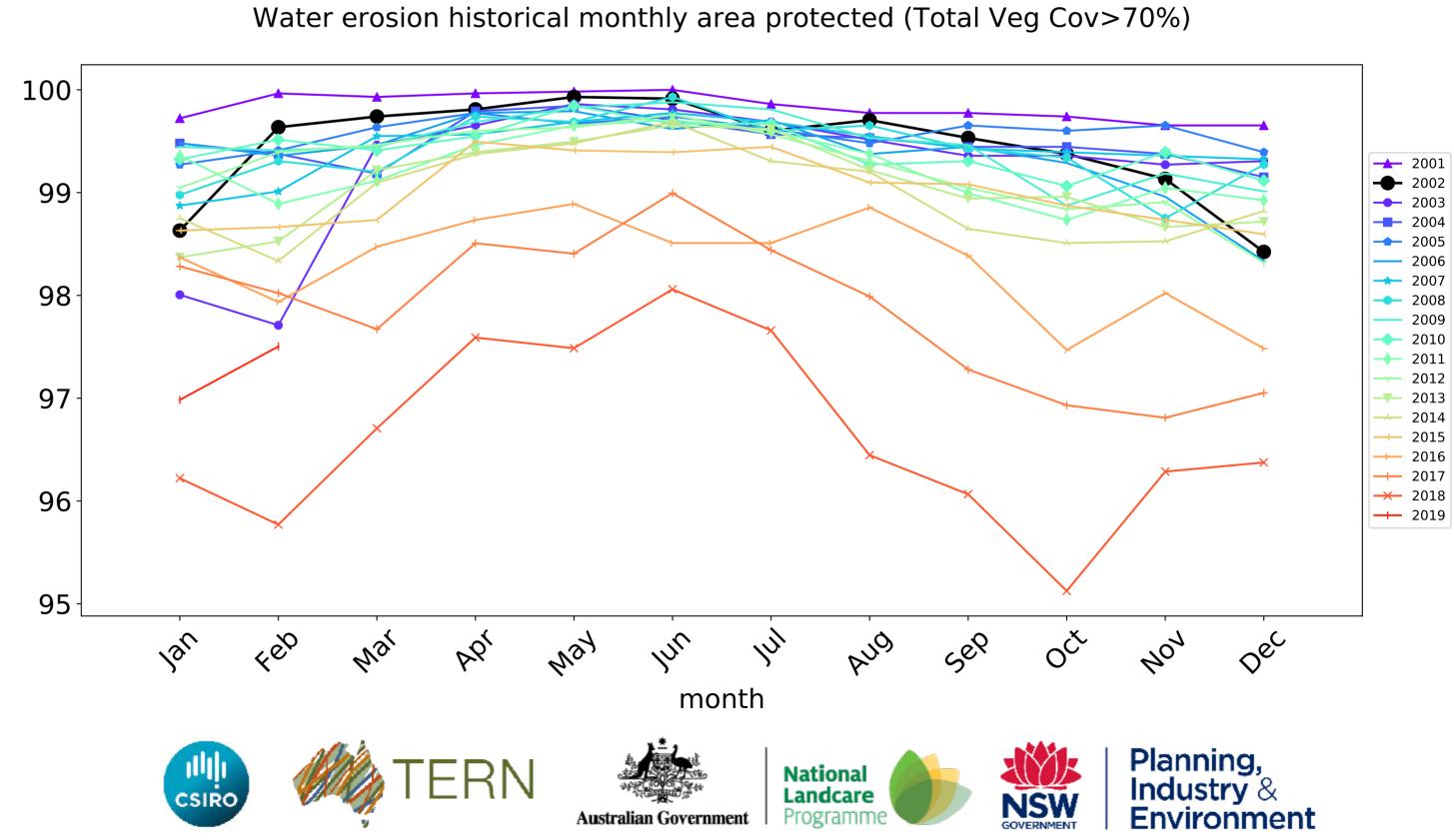


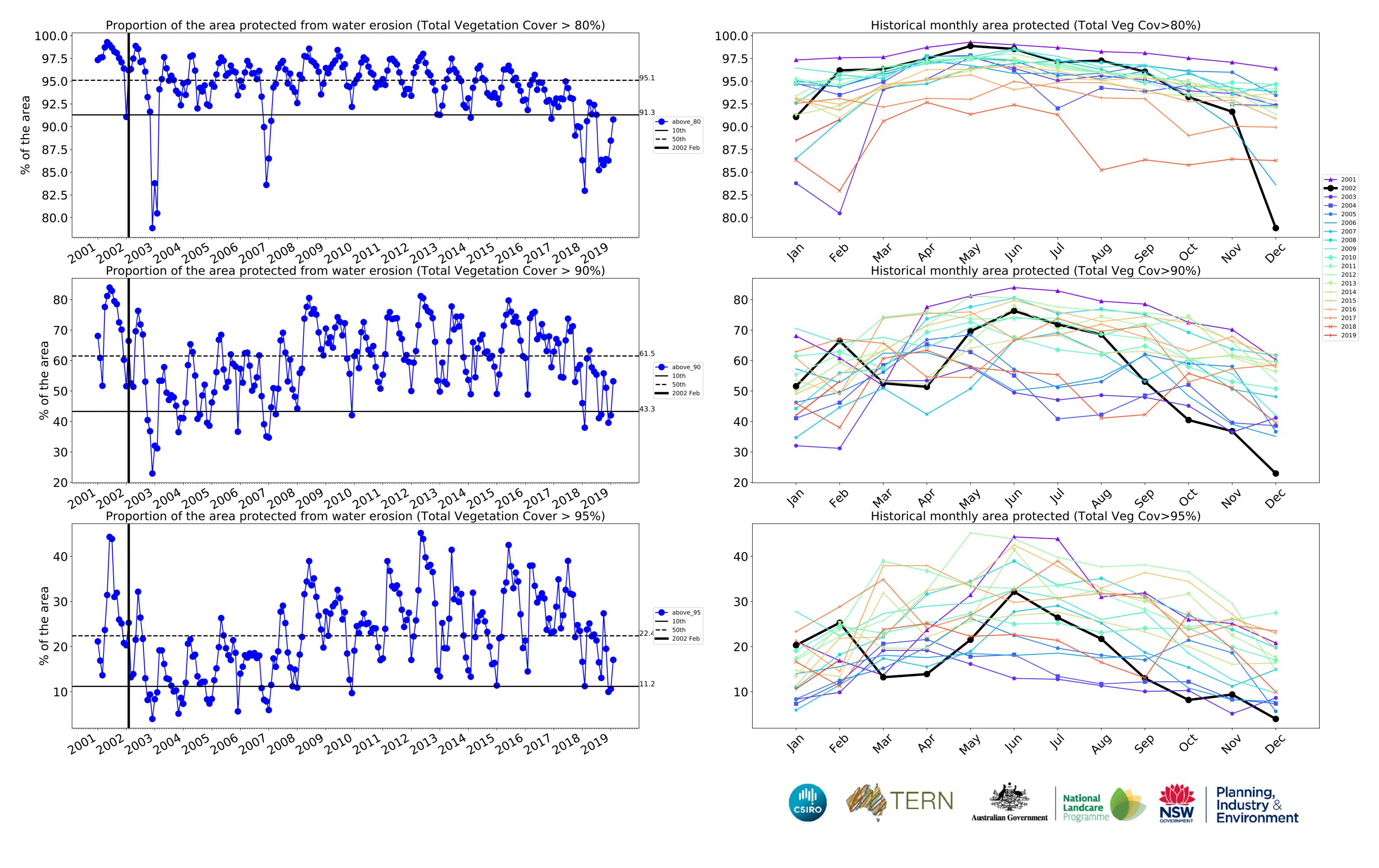


month

Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







# **Grazing**

#### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

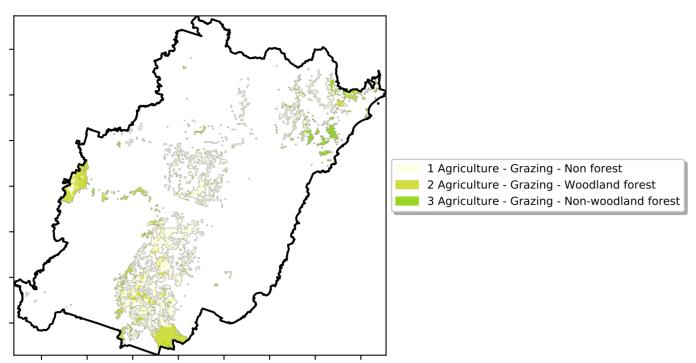
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

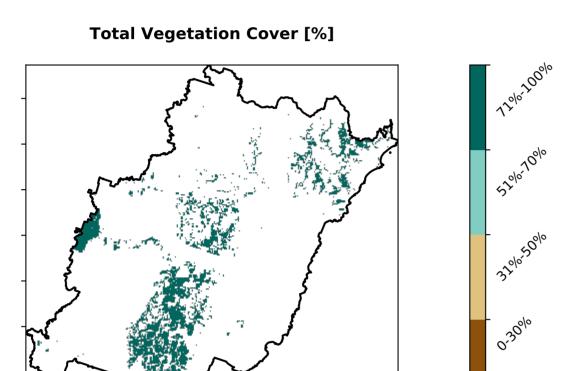
mean of that pixel. The mean

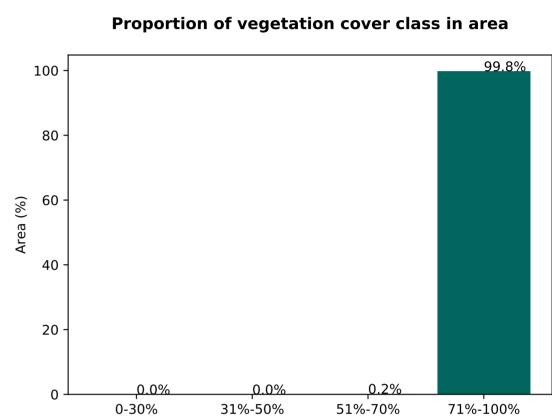
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



# 60 - 64.2% 50 - 89 30 - 28.1% 20 - 10 - 7.7% 0 1 2 3 Land use class

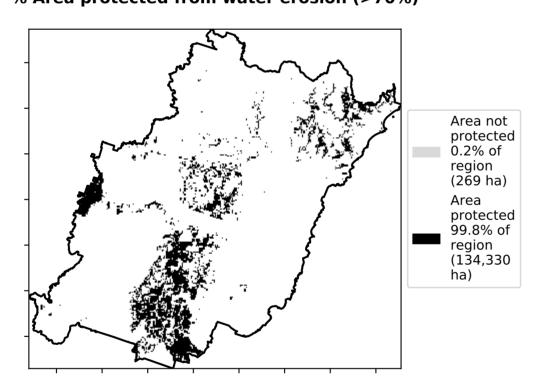
**Proportion of each land class in area** 





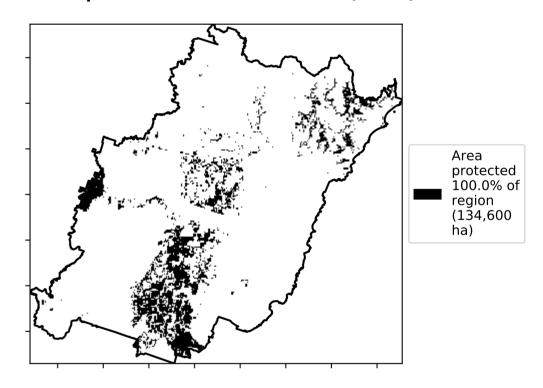
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

**Land use and forest cover** 

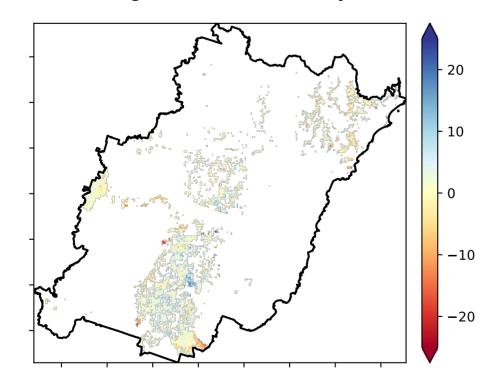


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

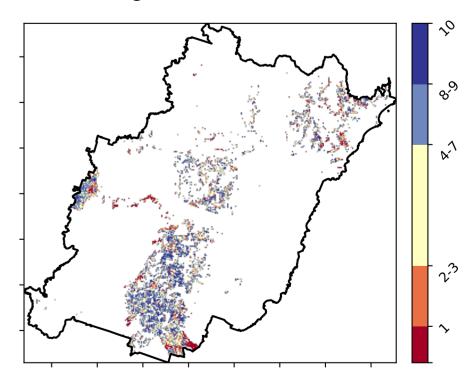
**Total Vegetation Cover class** 



#### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







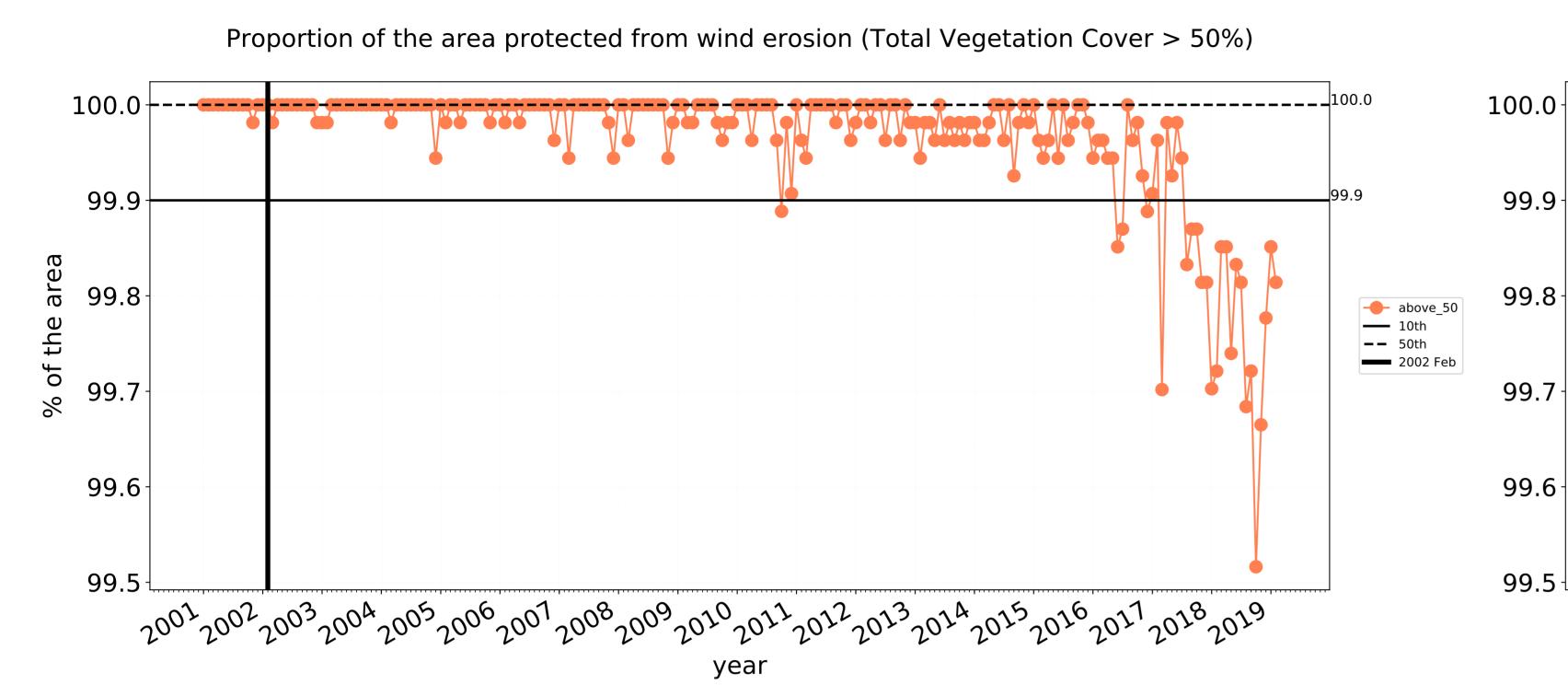


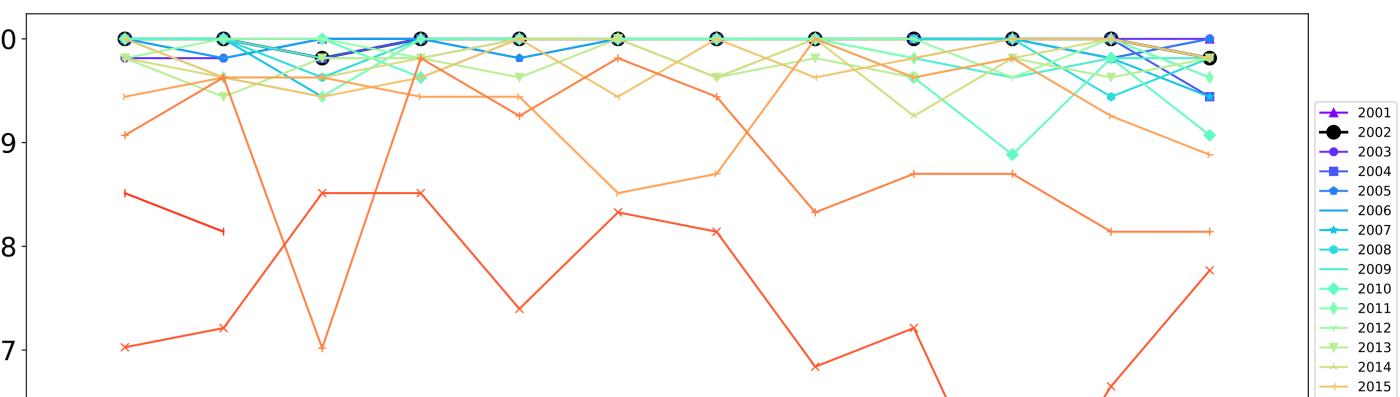






# **Grazing timeseries**



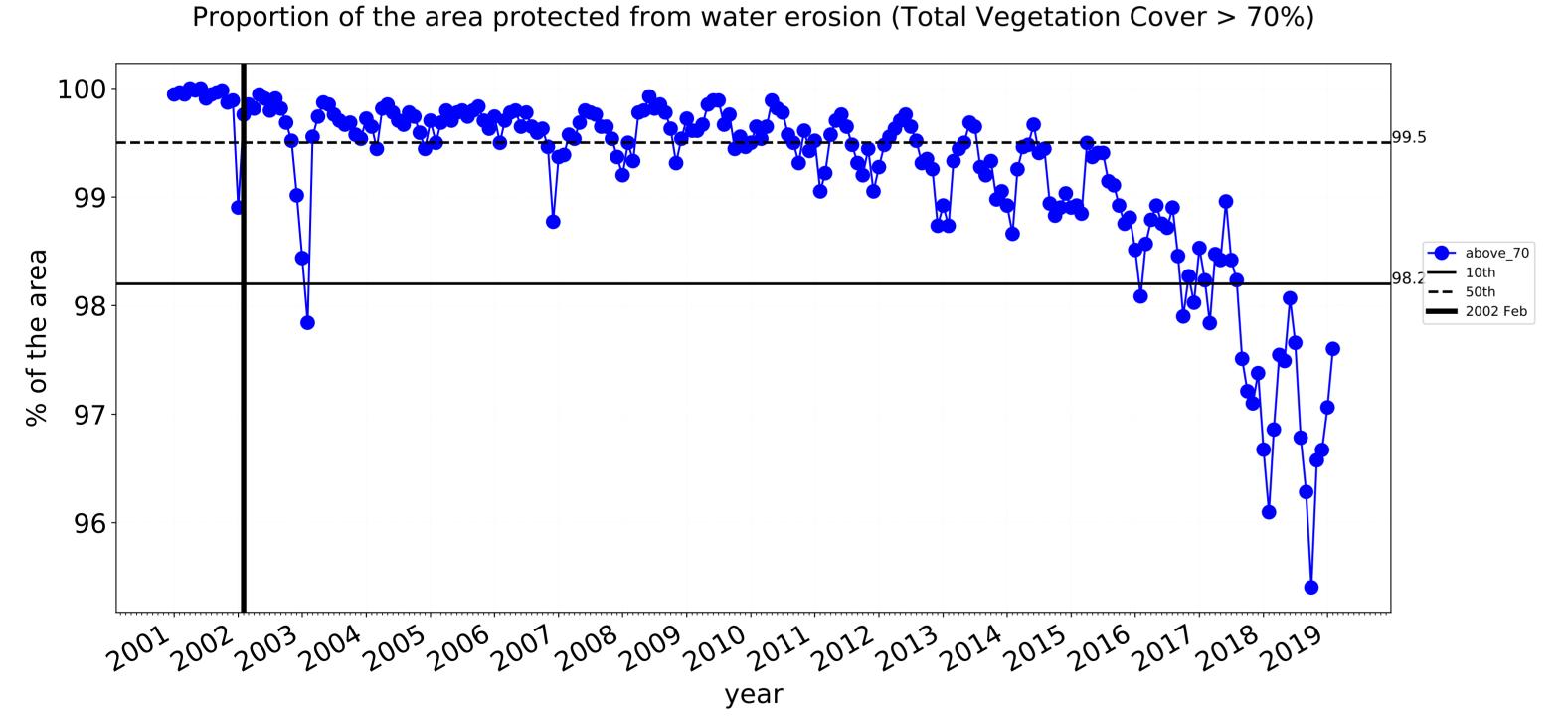


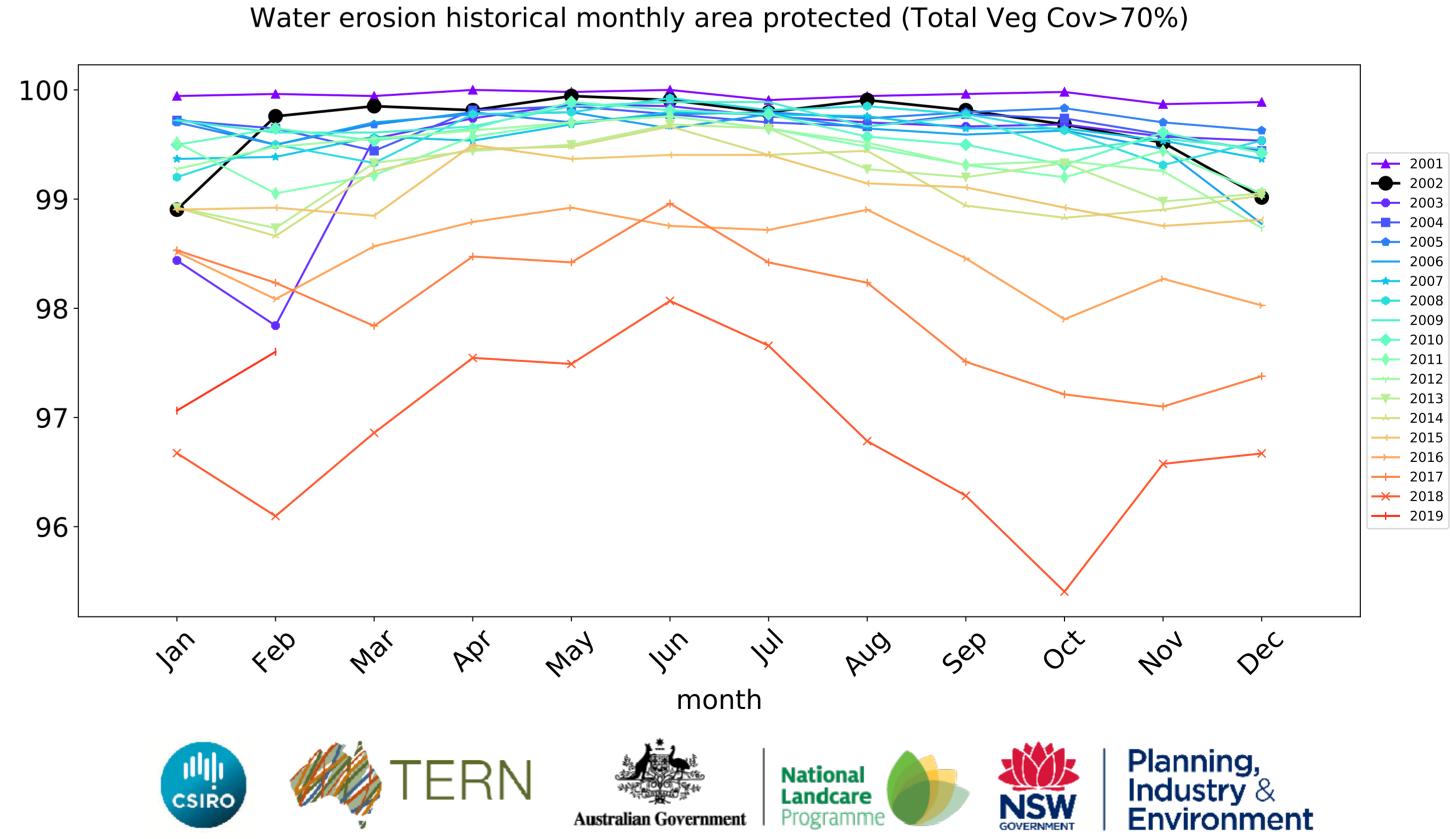
month

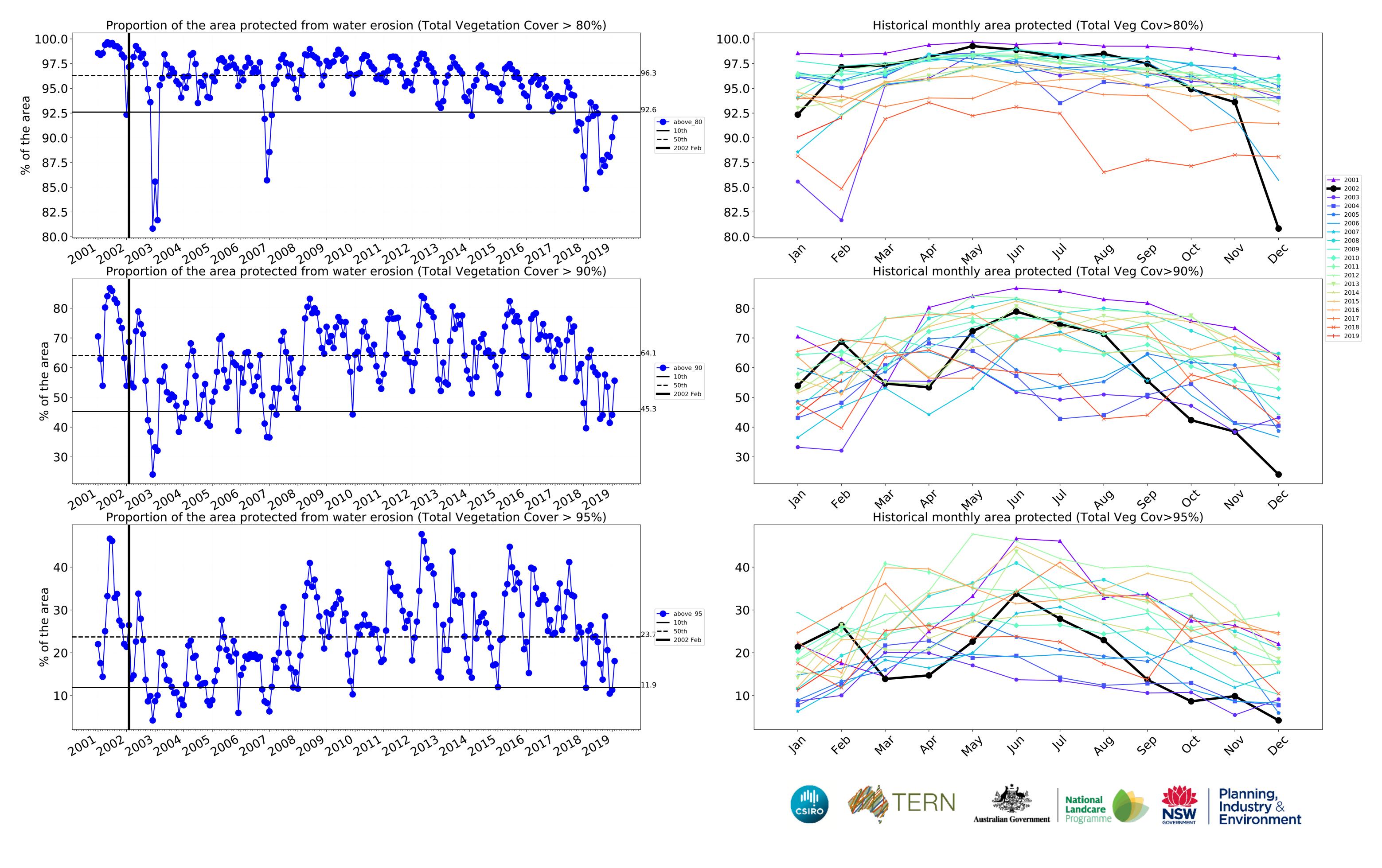
→ 2016 → 2017 → 2018

**→** 2019

Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







# **Grazing non forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

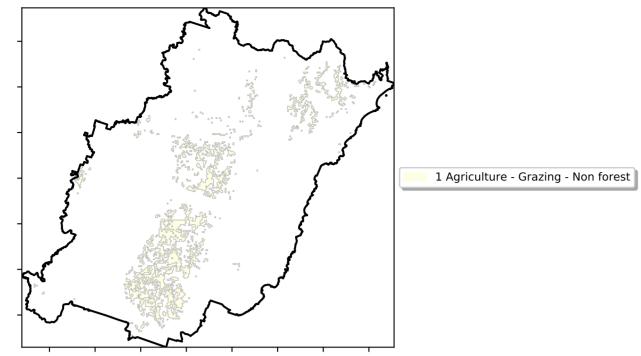
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

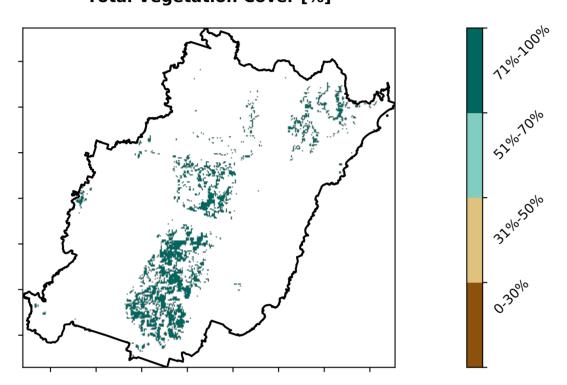
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

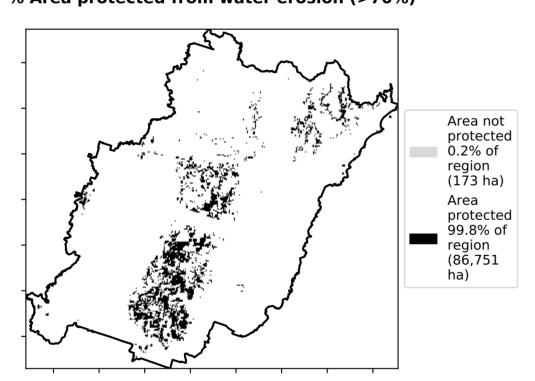
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



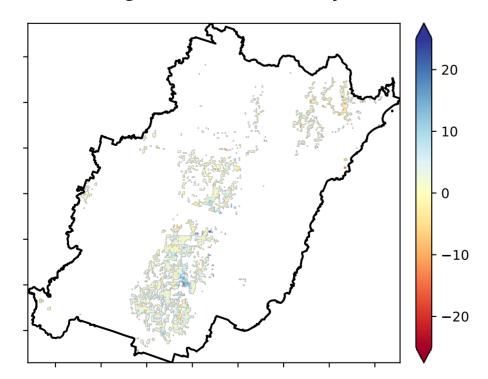
## **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

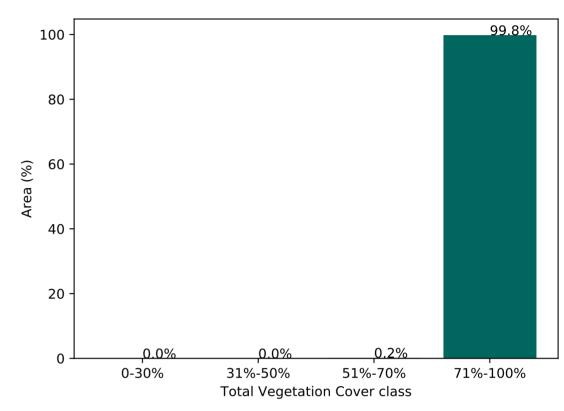


#### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

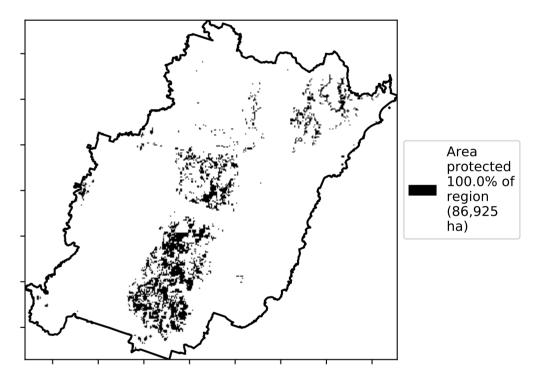


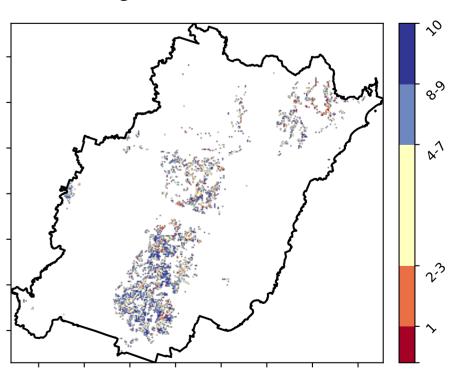
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









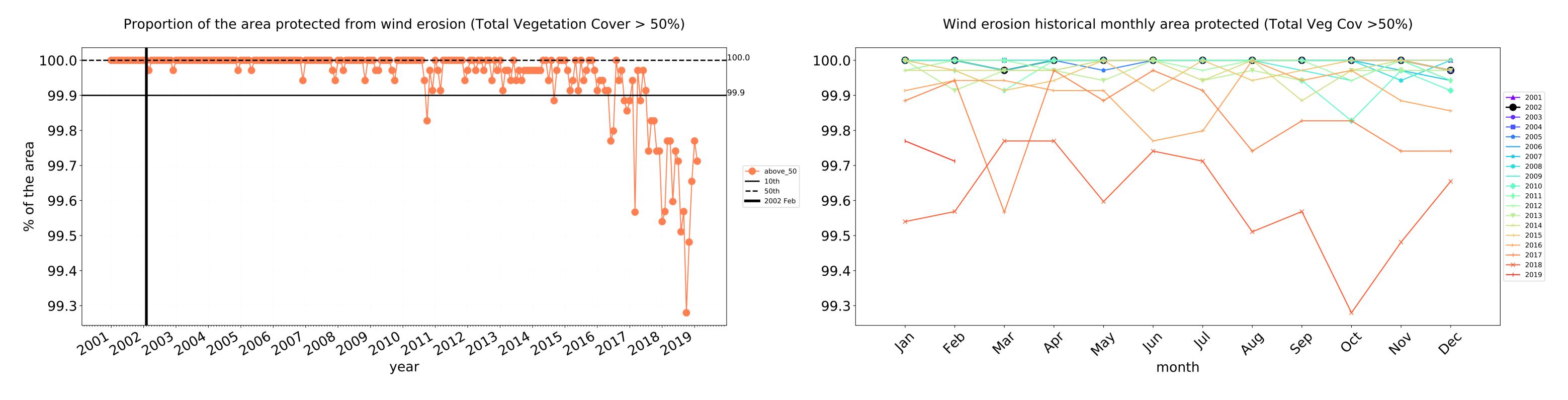


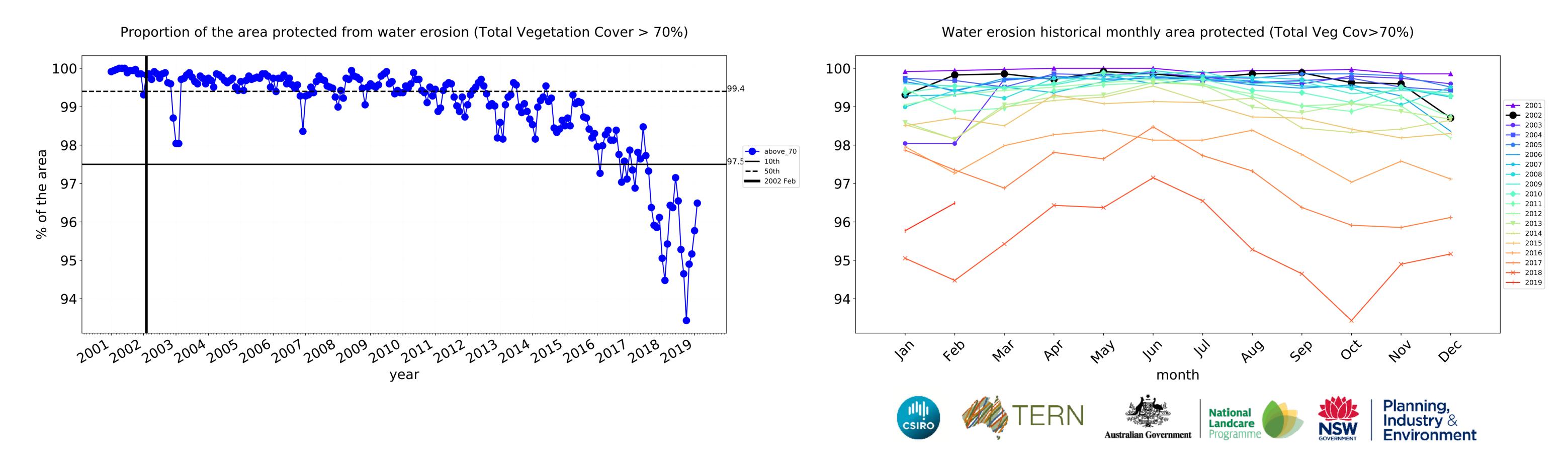


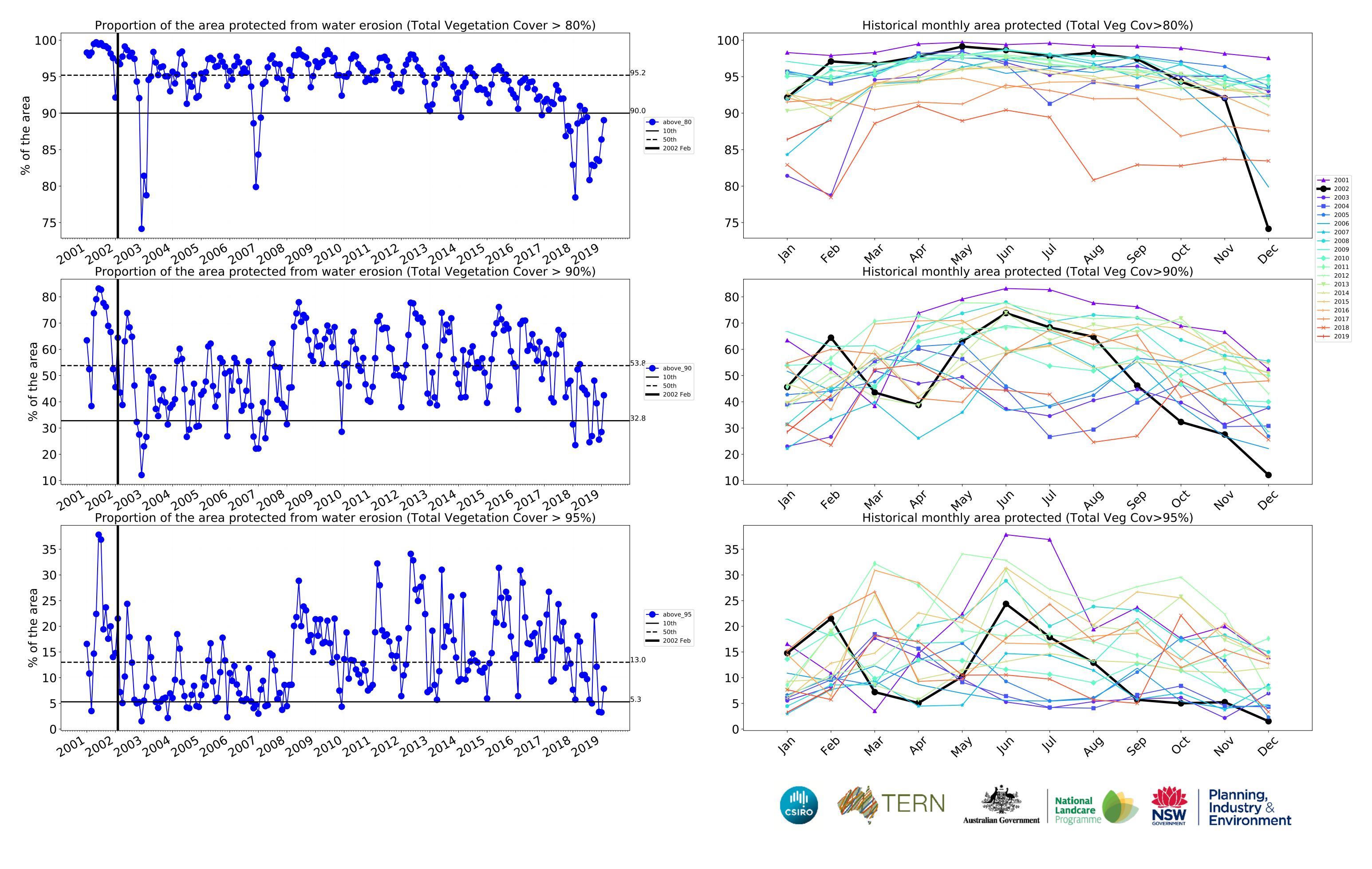




# **Grazing non forest timeseries**







# **Grazing Woodland forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

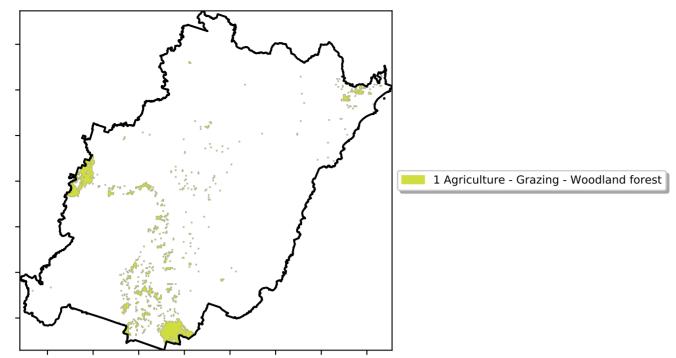
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

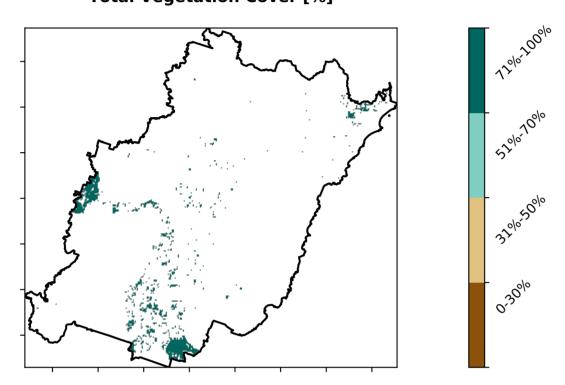
pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

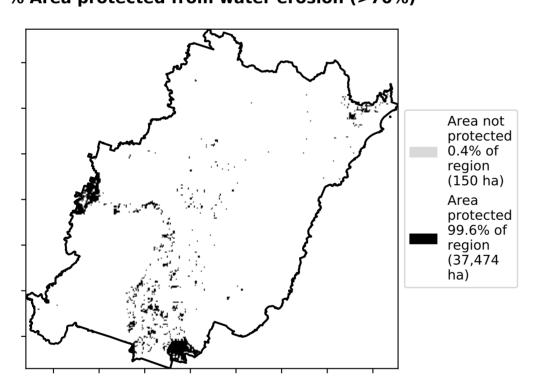
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



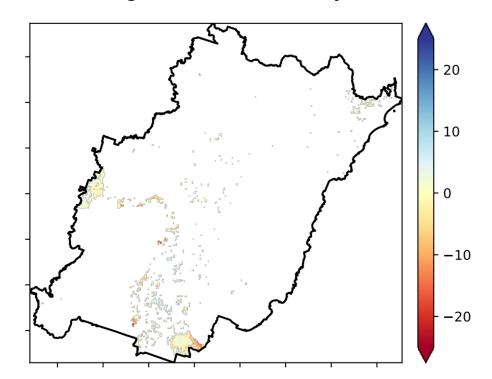
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

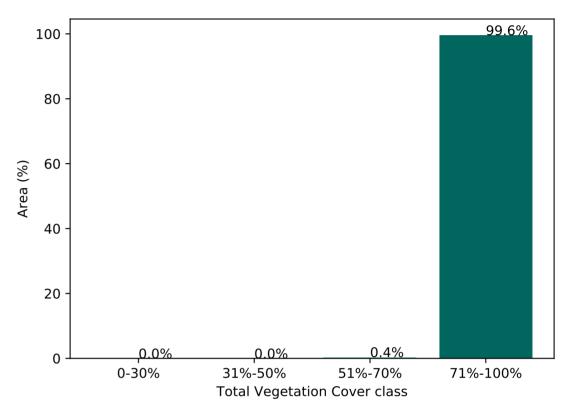


## Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

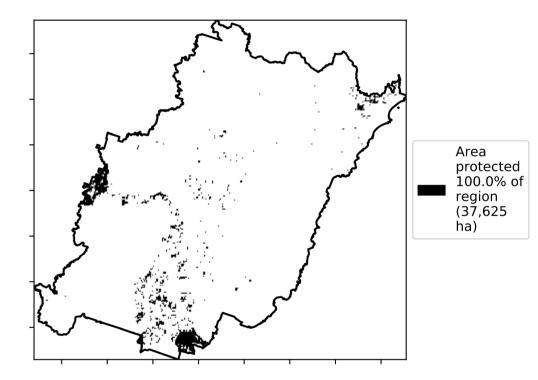


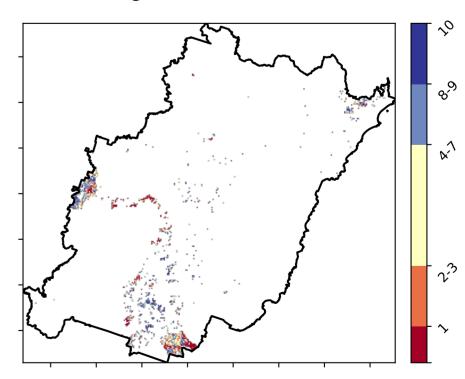
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









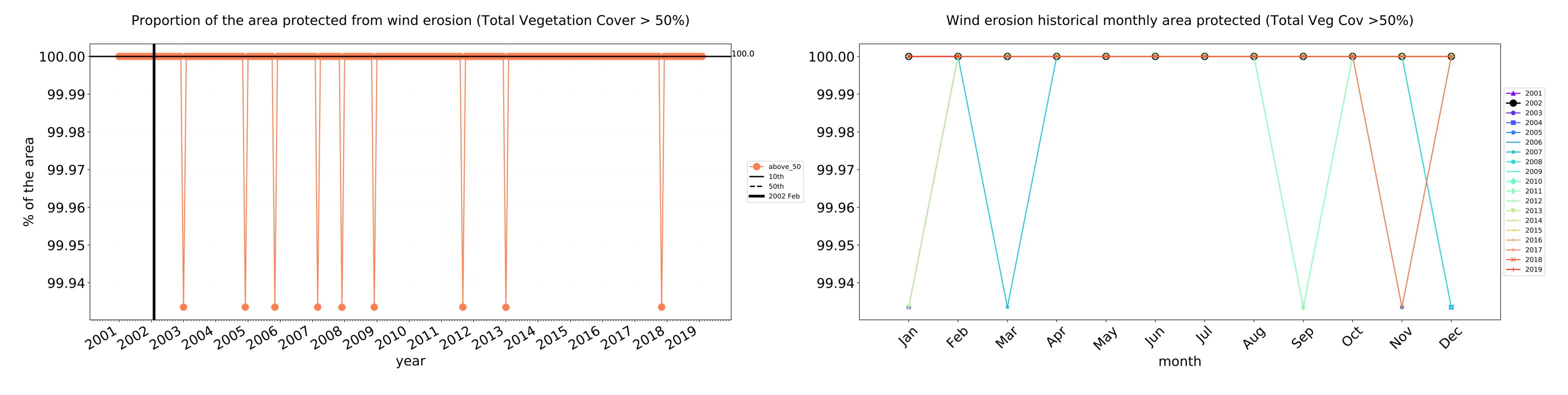


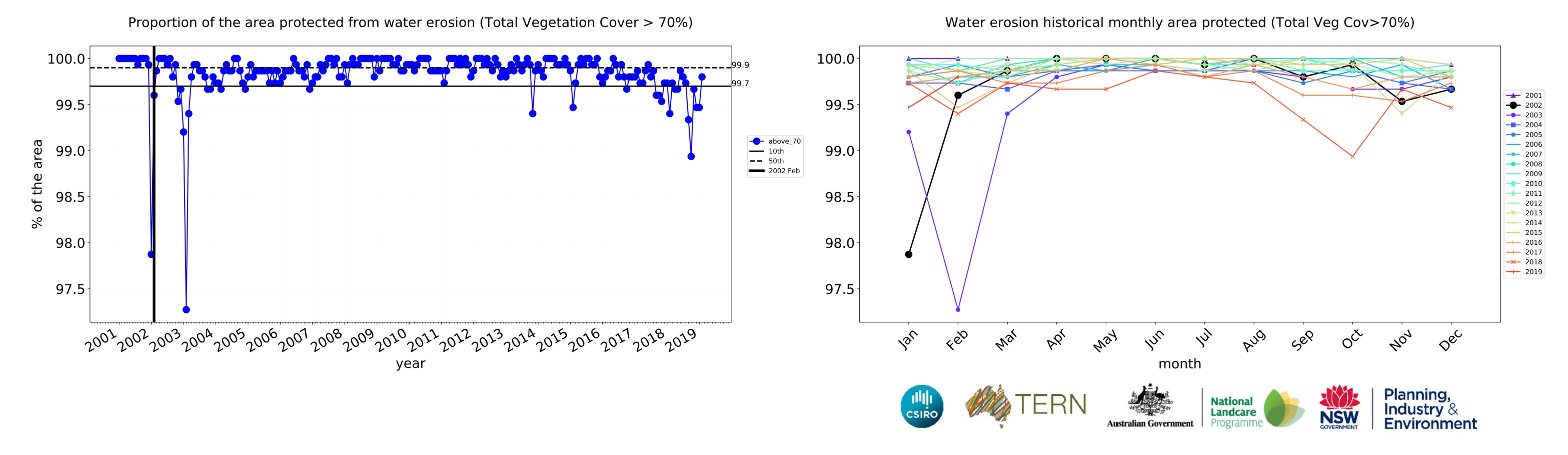


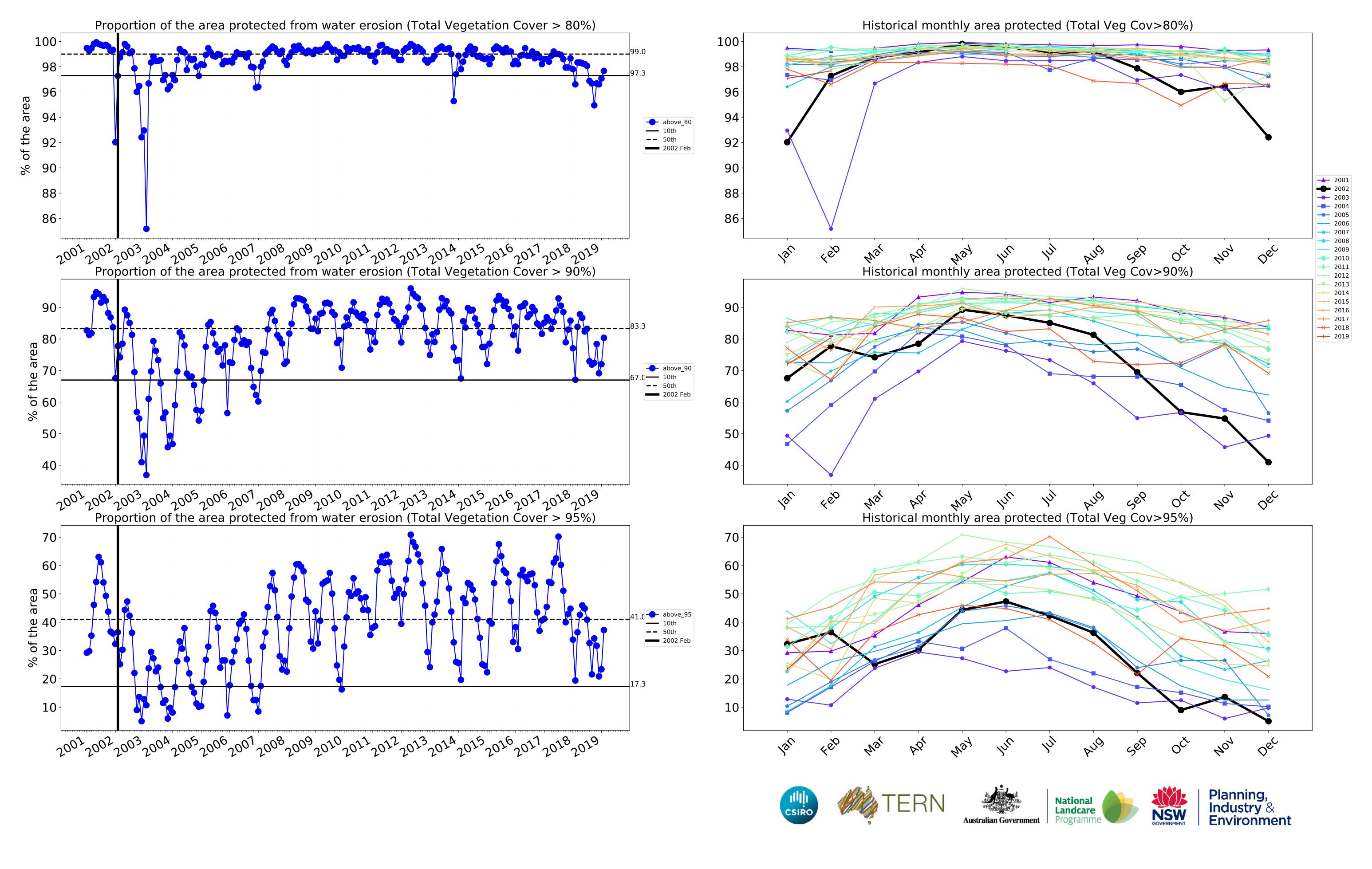




# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**







# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

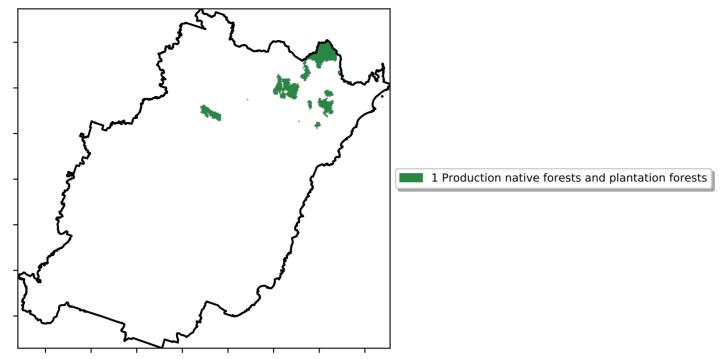
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

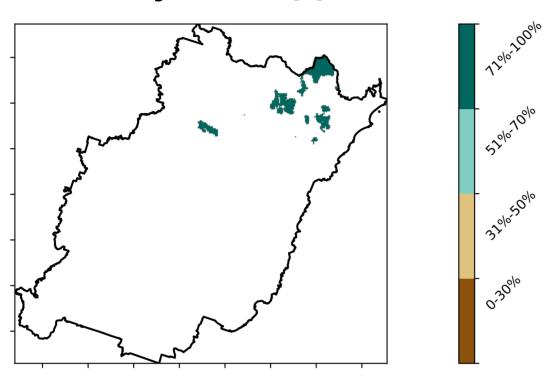
are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

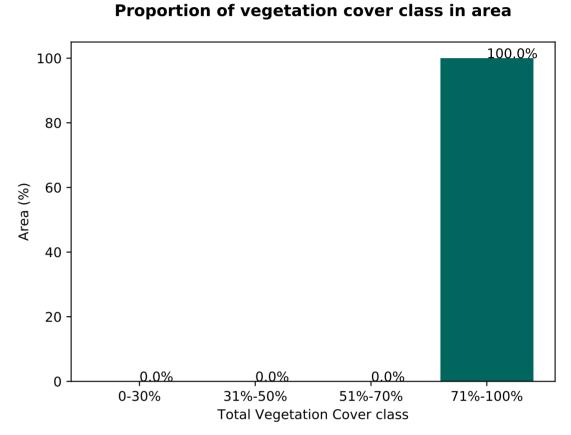
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

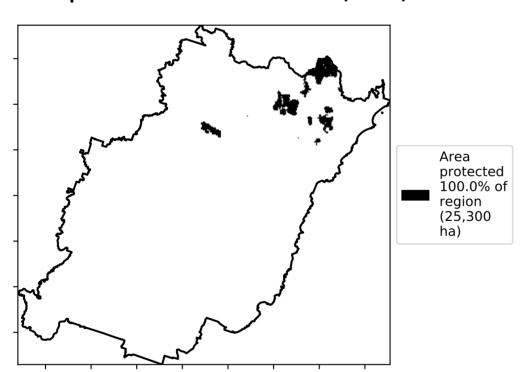


#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

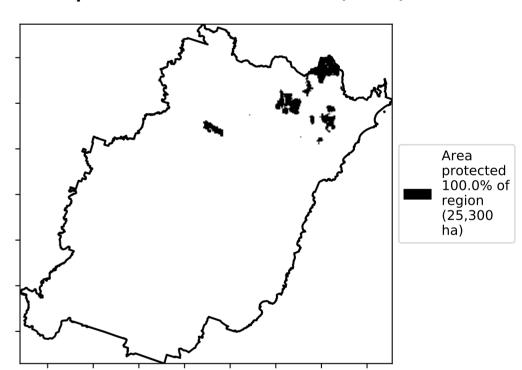




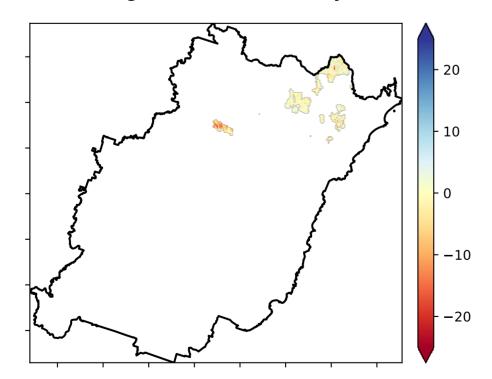
## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



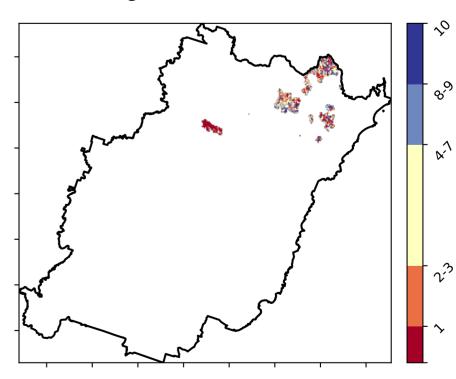
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







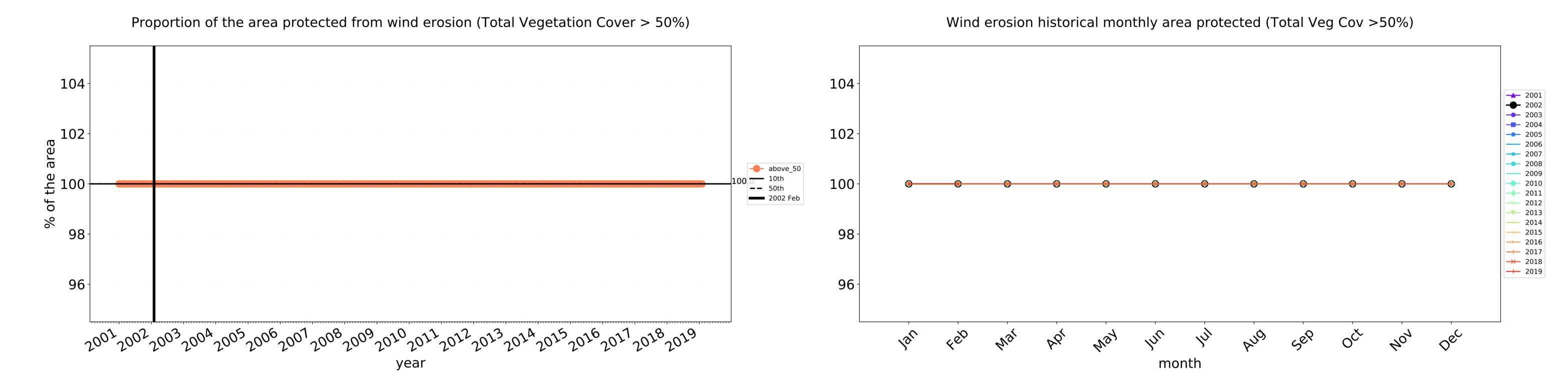


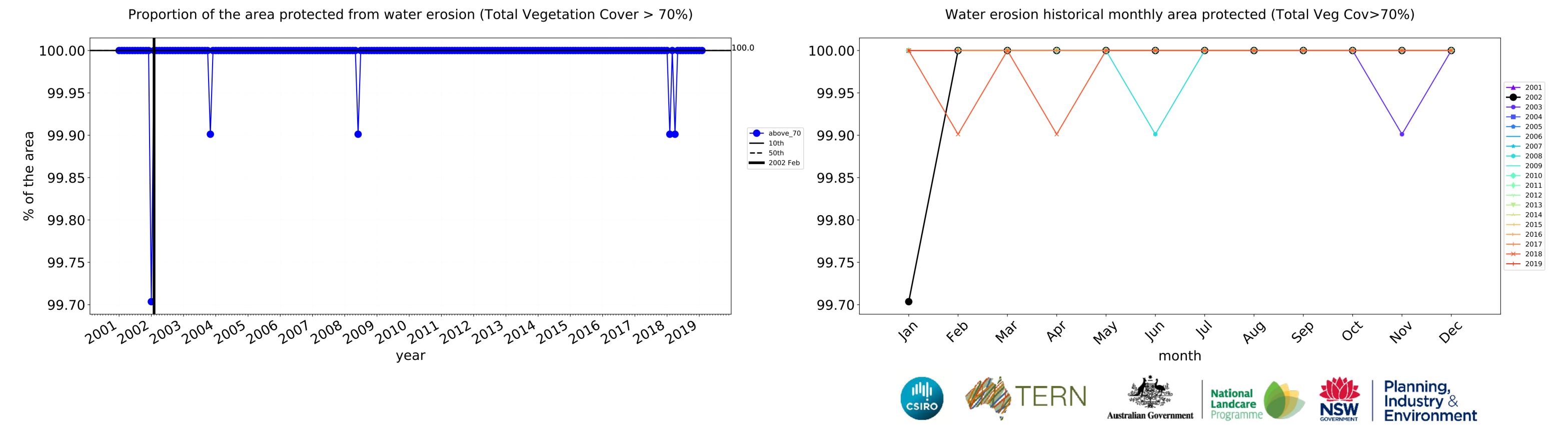


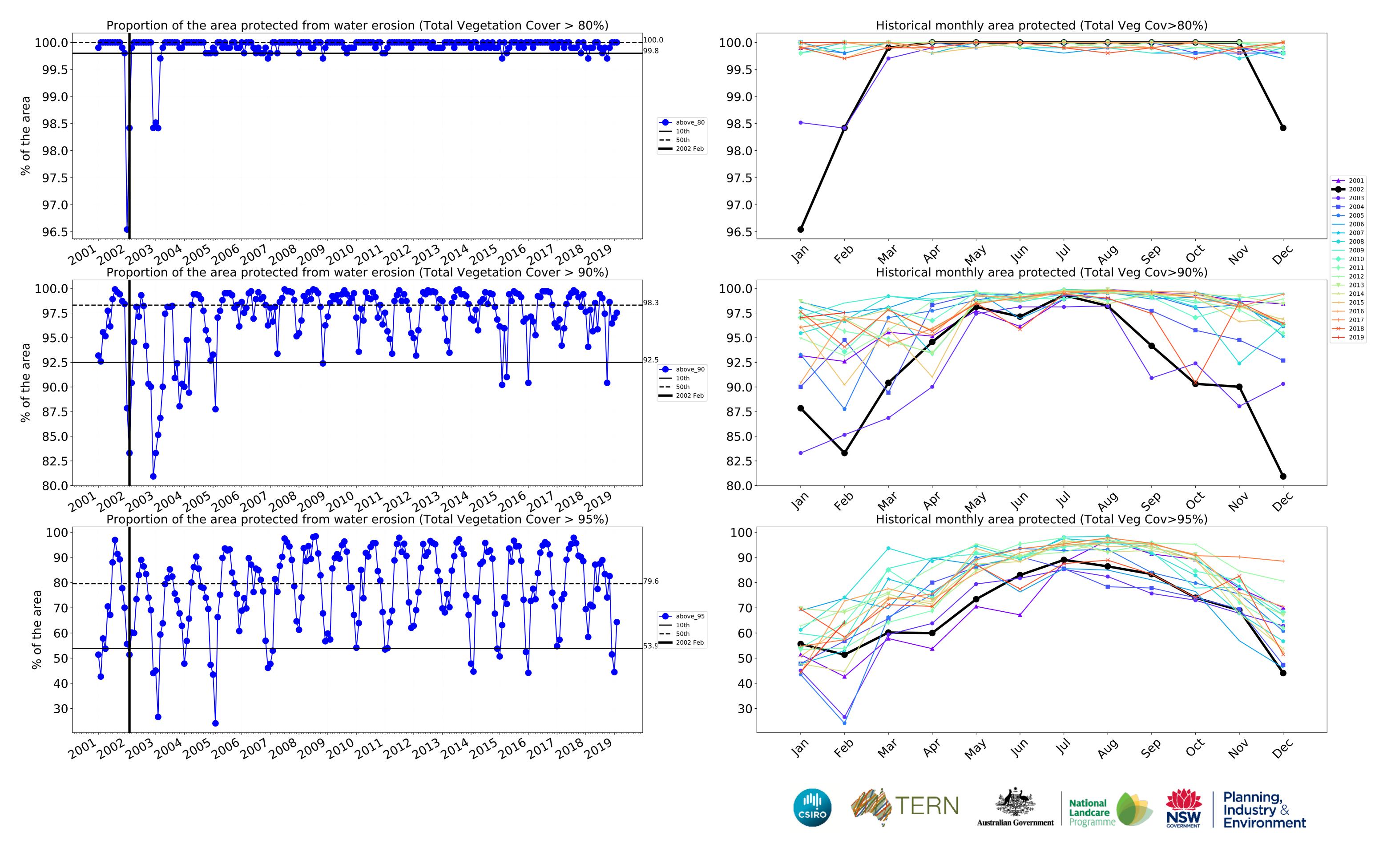




# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# Greater Sydney (1,208,200 ha and no data 40,971 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	1,208,200	99.9% 1,207,345	99.6% 1,203,222	94.1% 1,136,761	85.9% 1,037,873	63.4% 765,515	33.4% 403,596
Conservation and natural environments	693,550	100.0% 693,550	100.0% 693,350	99.6% 690,675	96.2% 667,500	79.3% 549,675	46.4% 321,775
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	365,950	100.0% 365,950	100.0% 365,850	99.5% 364,100	95.1% 348,050	76.7% 280,800	46.0% 168,200
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	321,075	100.0% 321,075	100.0% 321,025	99.8% 320,300	97.7% 313,750	82.6% 265,125	47.3% 151,900
Agriculture	144,325	100.0% 144,325	100.0% 144,325	99.6% 143,800	96.2% 138,825	66.4% 95,875	25.3% 36,500
Grazing	134,600	100.0% 134,600	100.0% 134,600	99.8% 134,275	97.2% 130,775	68.7% 92,450	26.4% 35,600
Grazing non forest	86,925	100.0% 86,925	100.0% 86,925	99.8% 86,775	97.1% 84,400	64.4% 56,000	21.5% 18,700
Grazing Woodland forest	37,625	100.0% 37,625	100.0% 37,625	99.6% 37,475	97.3% 36,600	77.7% 29,250	36.5% 13,725
Production native forests and plantation forests	25,300	100.0% 25,300	100.0% 25,300	100.0% 25,300	98.4% 24,900	83.3% 21,075	51.4% 13,000











