# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Yilgarn\_(S) WA

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

**Date: September 2024** 

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

## Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









# **Vegetation Cover Sep 2024**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20%

lower than the mean of that

is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to

2019.

pixel. The mean

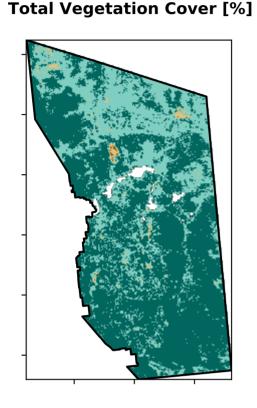
Derived from

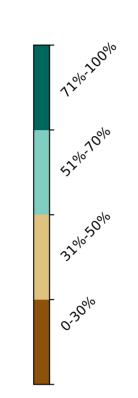
Use of Australia

Land Use and Forests

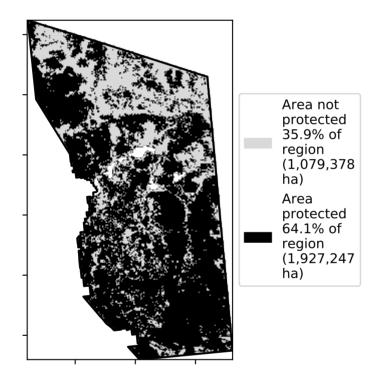
Catchment Scale Land

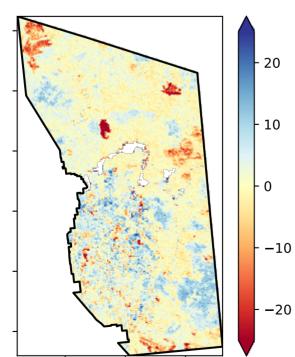
### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments -Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses





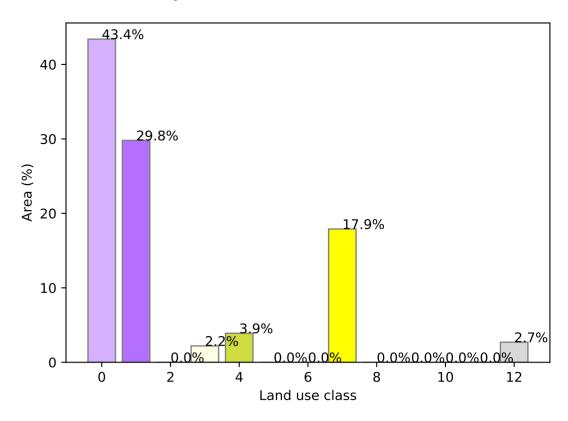
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



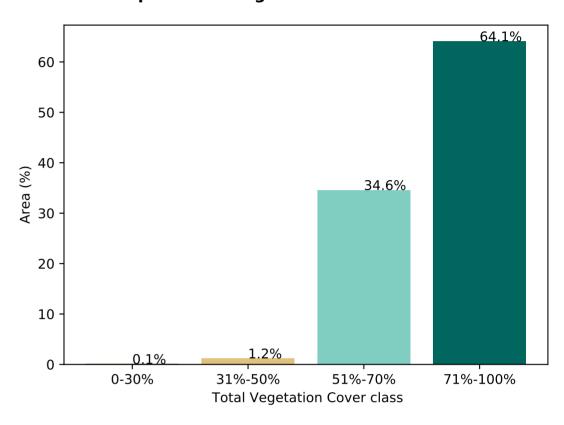


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

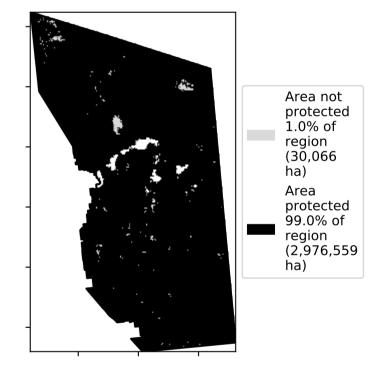
### Proportion of each land class in area



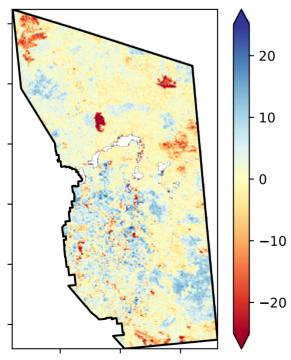
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



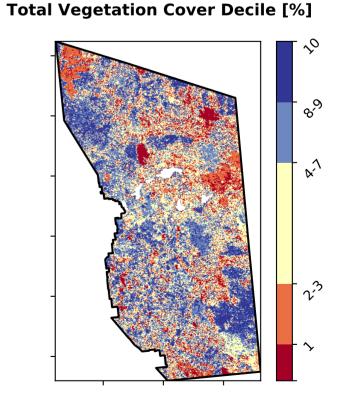
### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



records for that month of





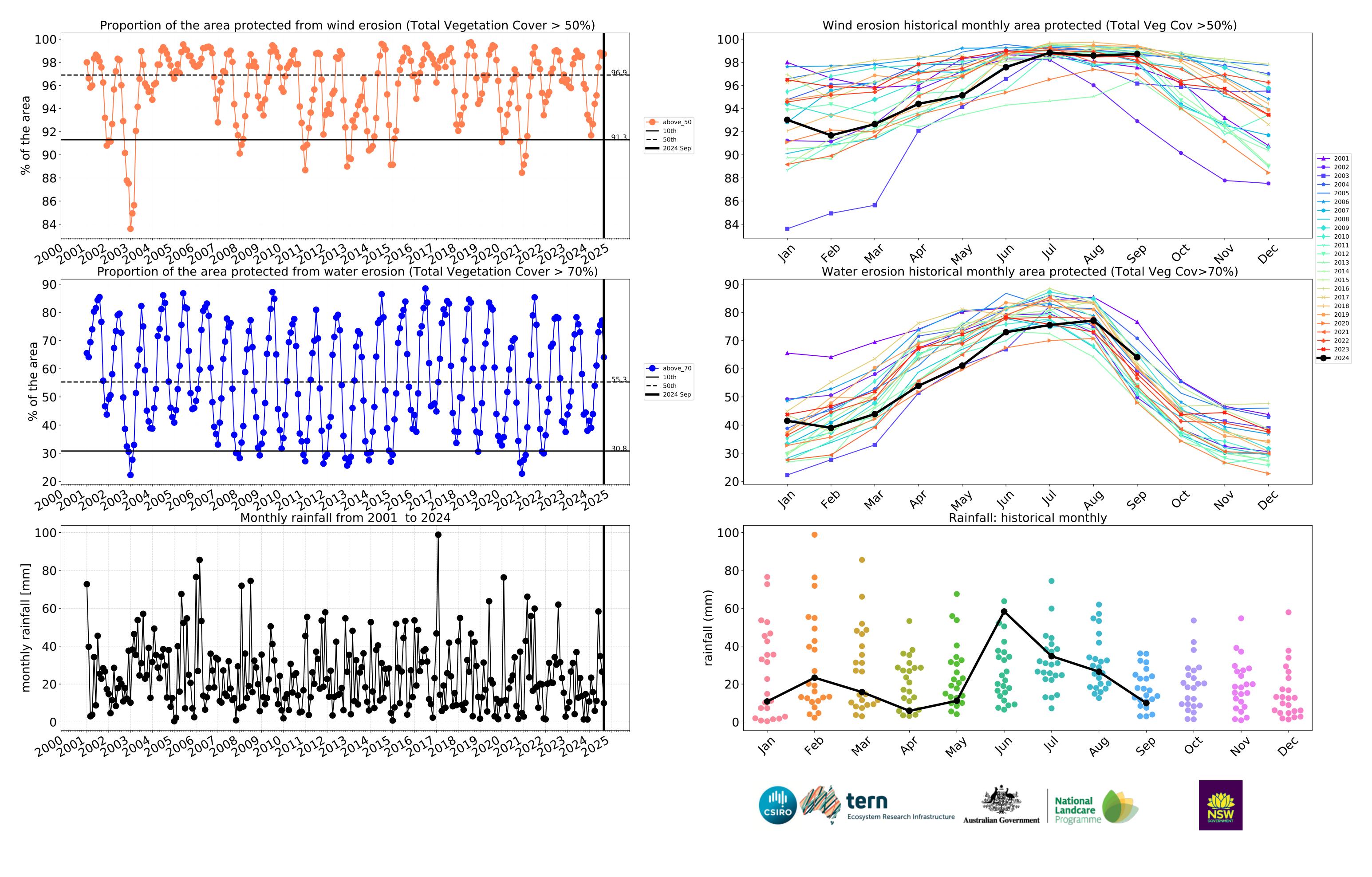












# **Conservation and natural environments**

### Land use and forest cover

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

are about 20% lower than the

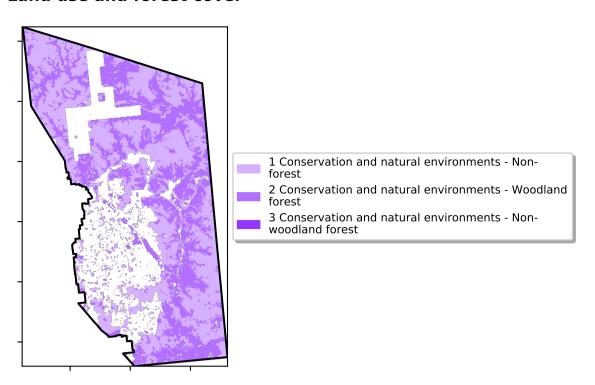
is, red pixels

mean of that

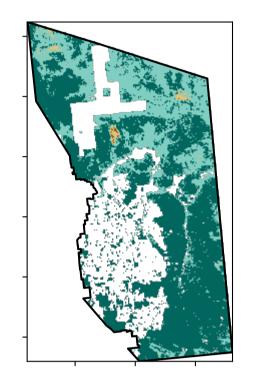
pixel. The mean

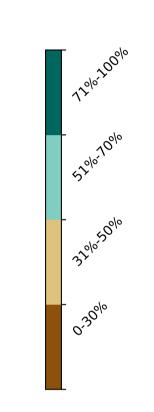
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

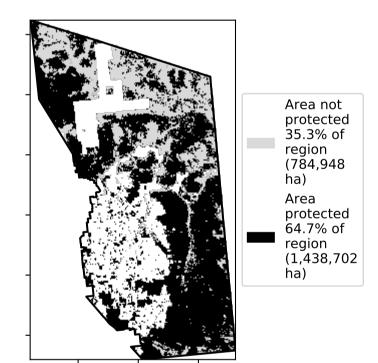


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

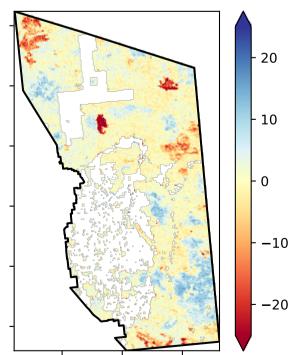




### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

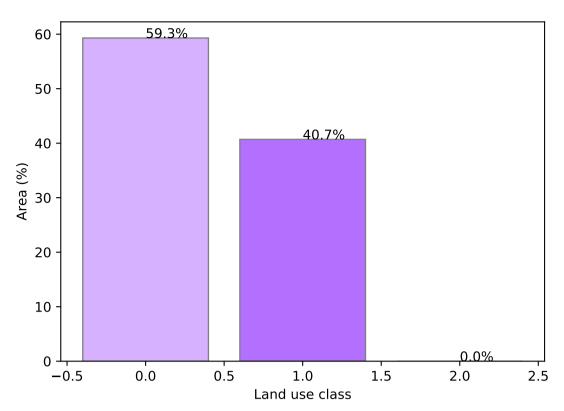


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

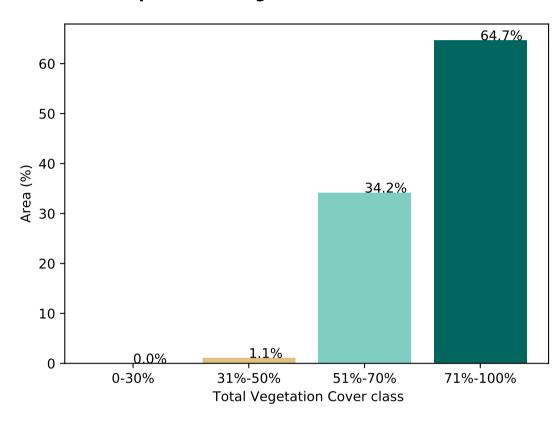


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

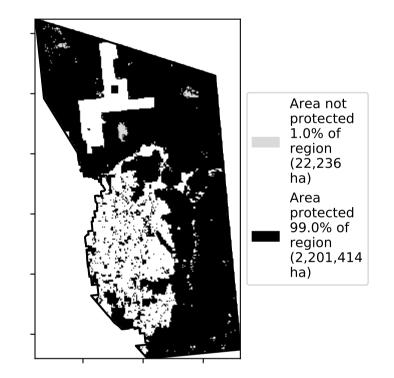
### Proportion of each land class in area

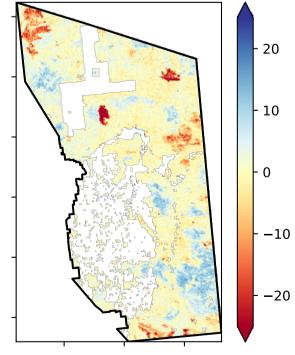


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





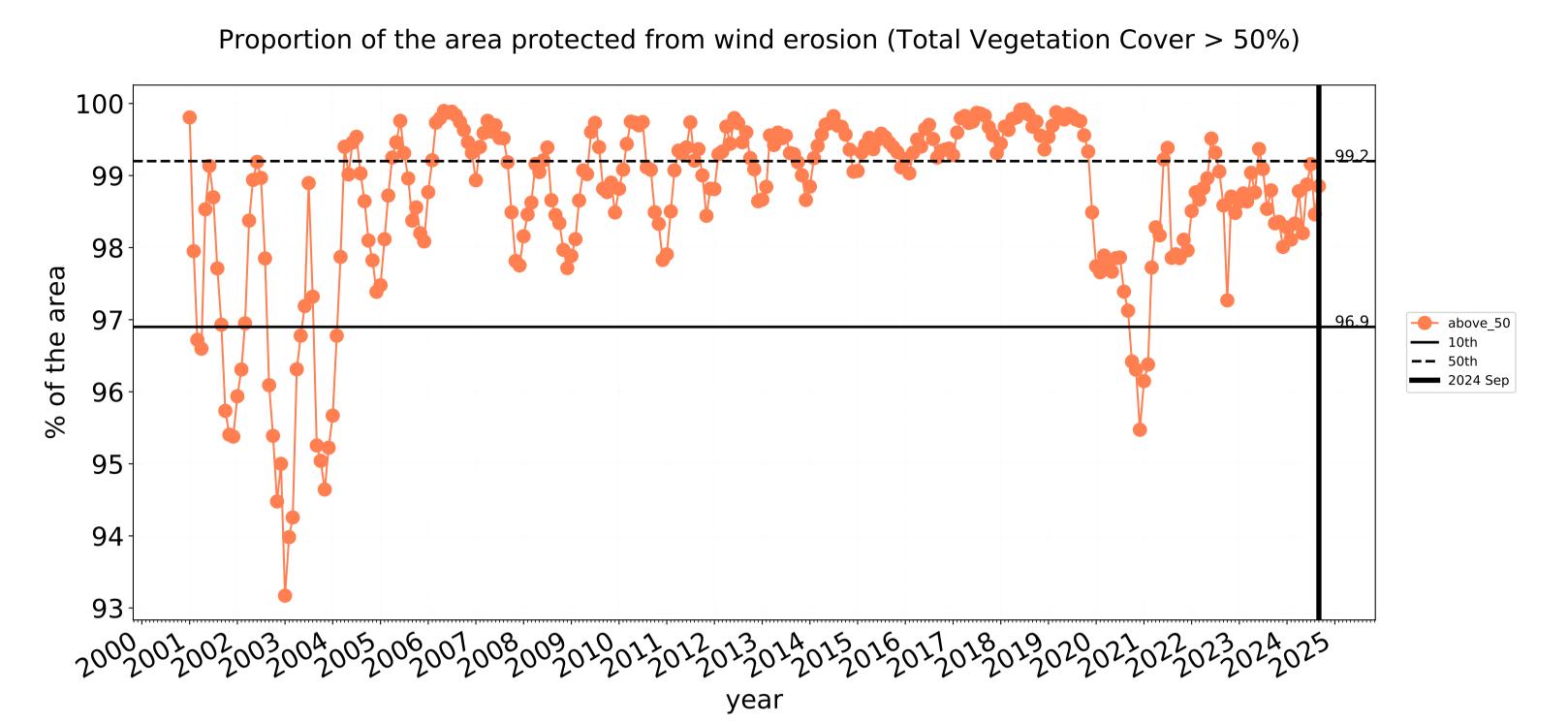


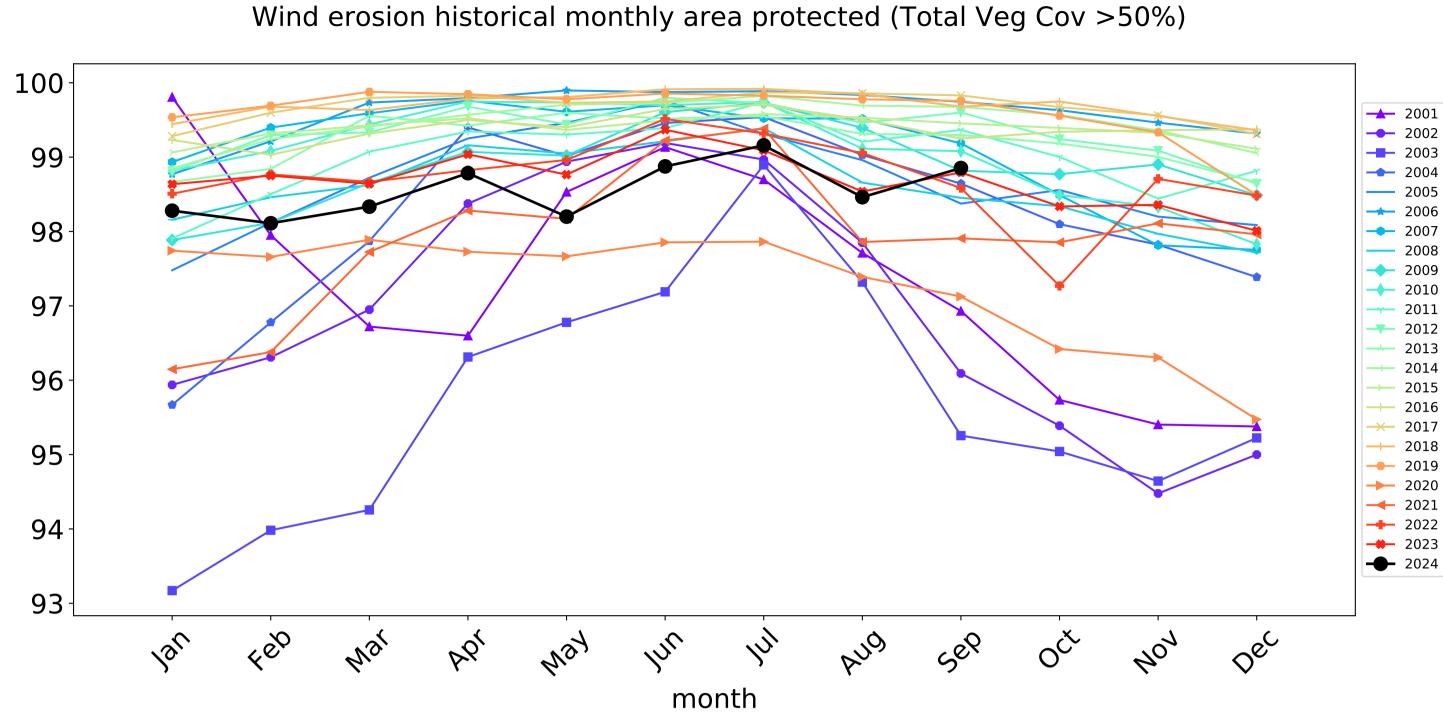


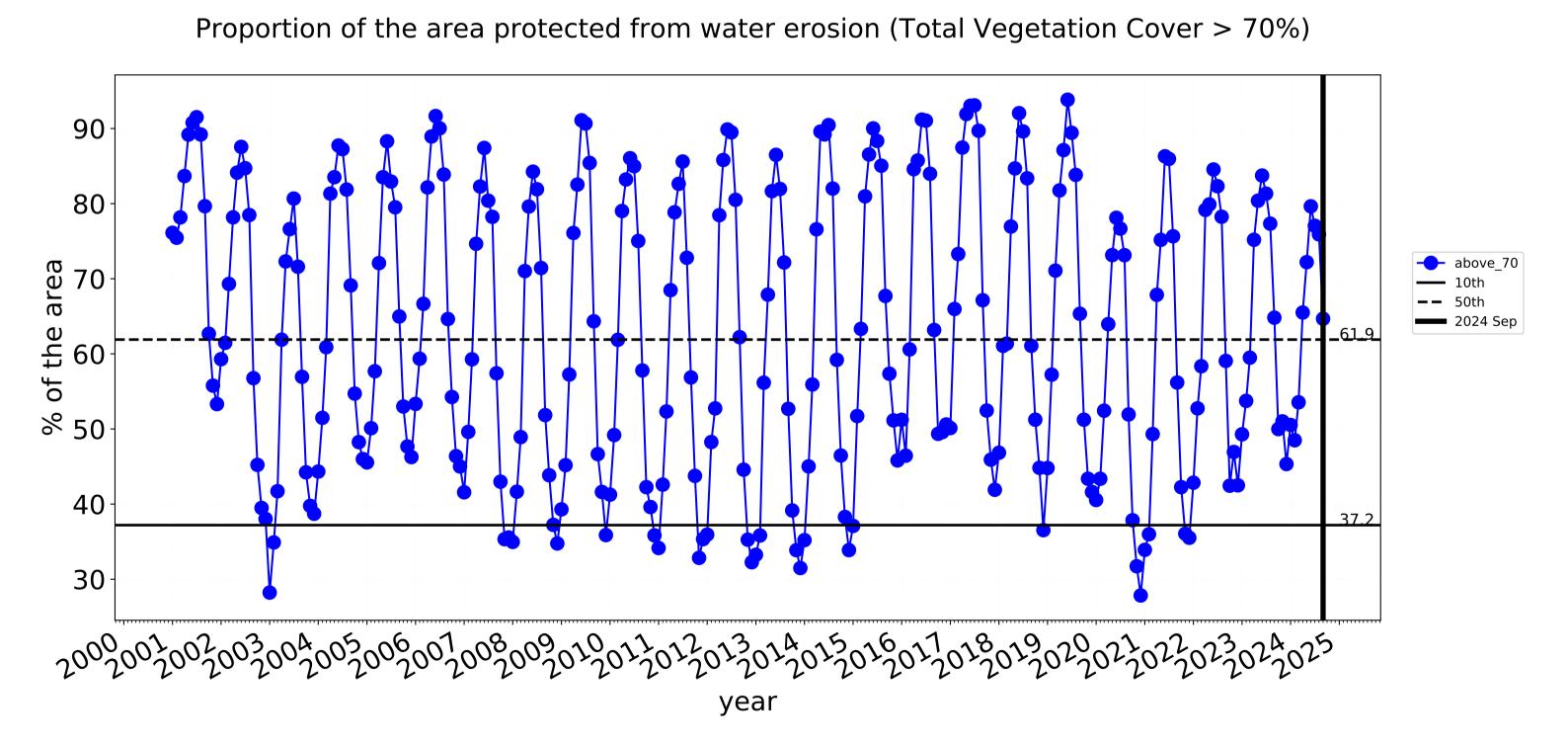


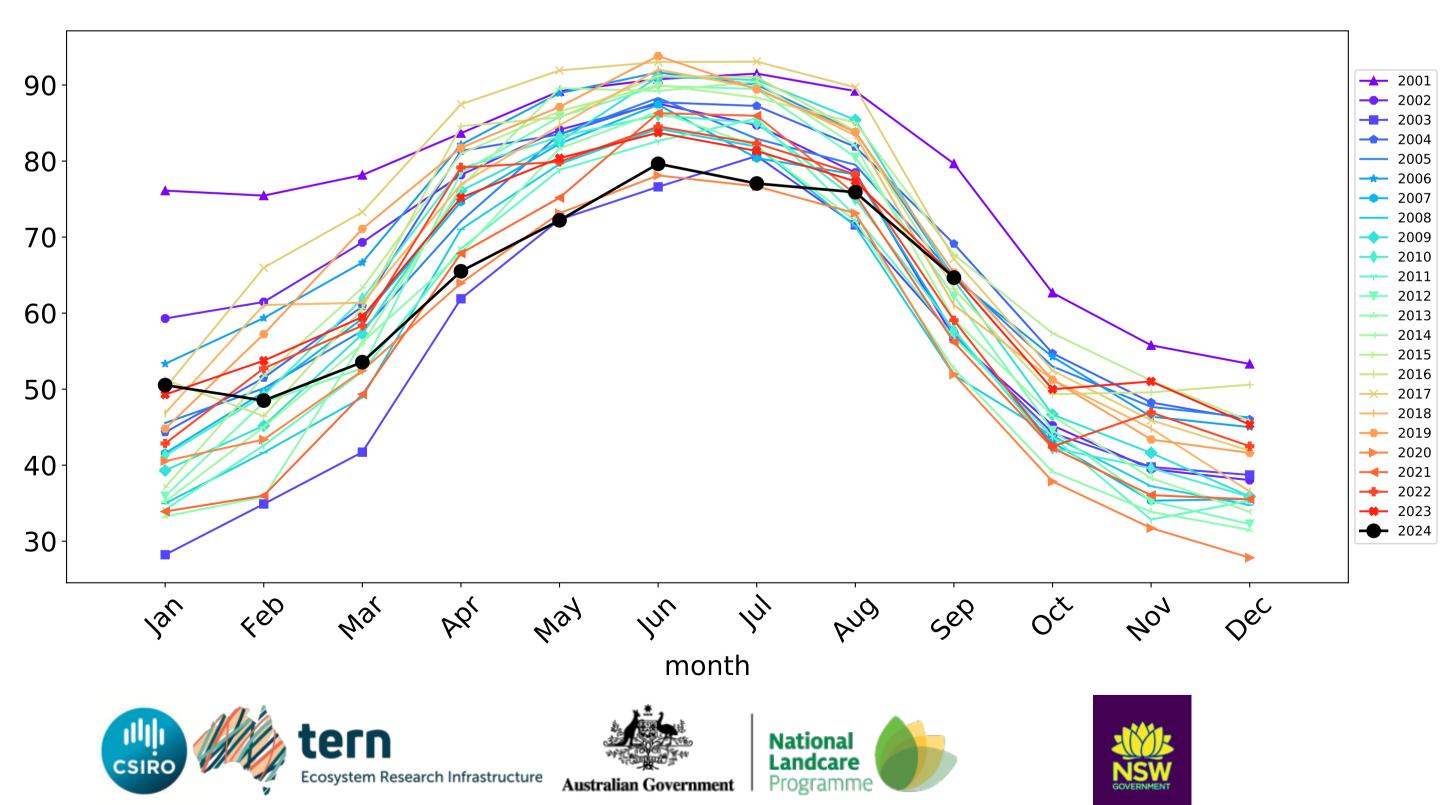


# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**









# **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

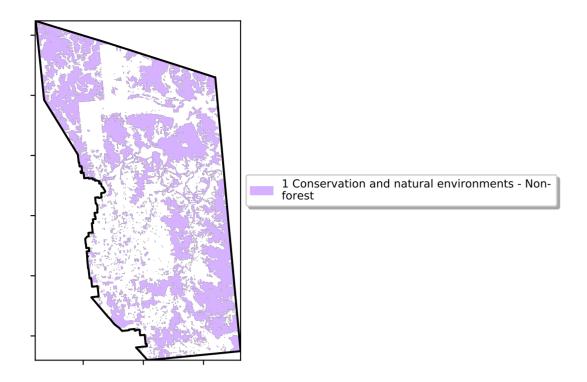
is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

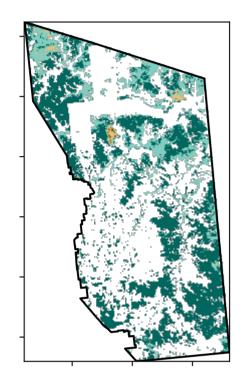
pixel. The mean

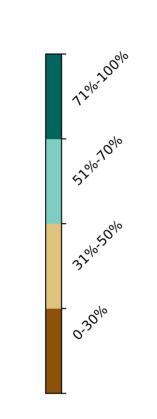
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

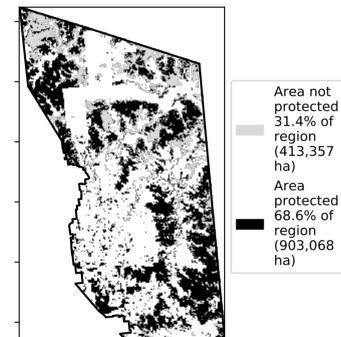


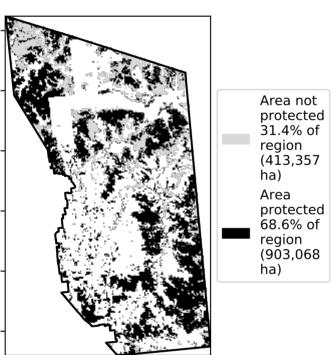
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



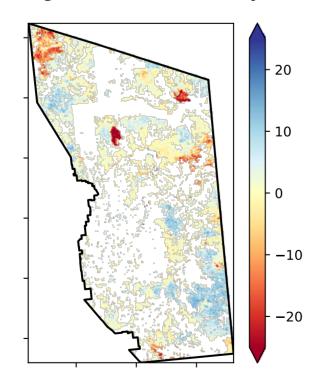


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



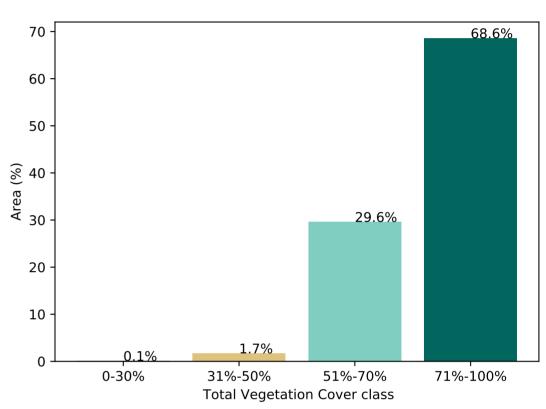


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

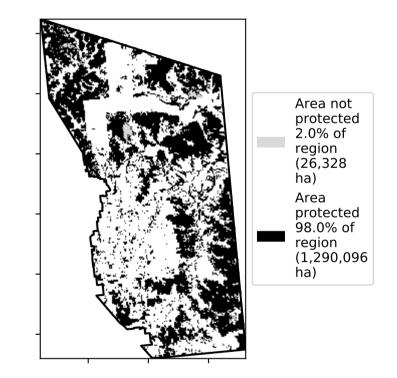


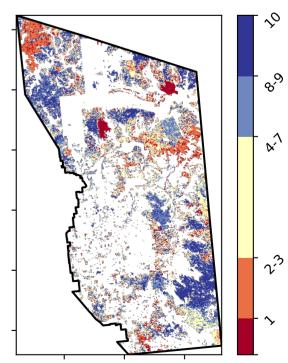
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### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









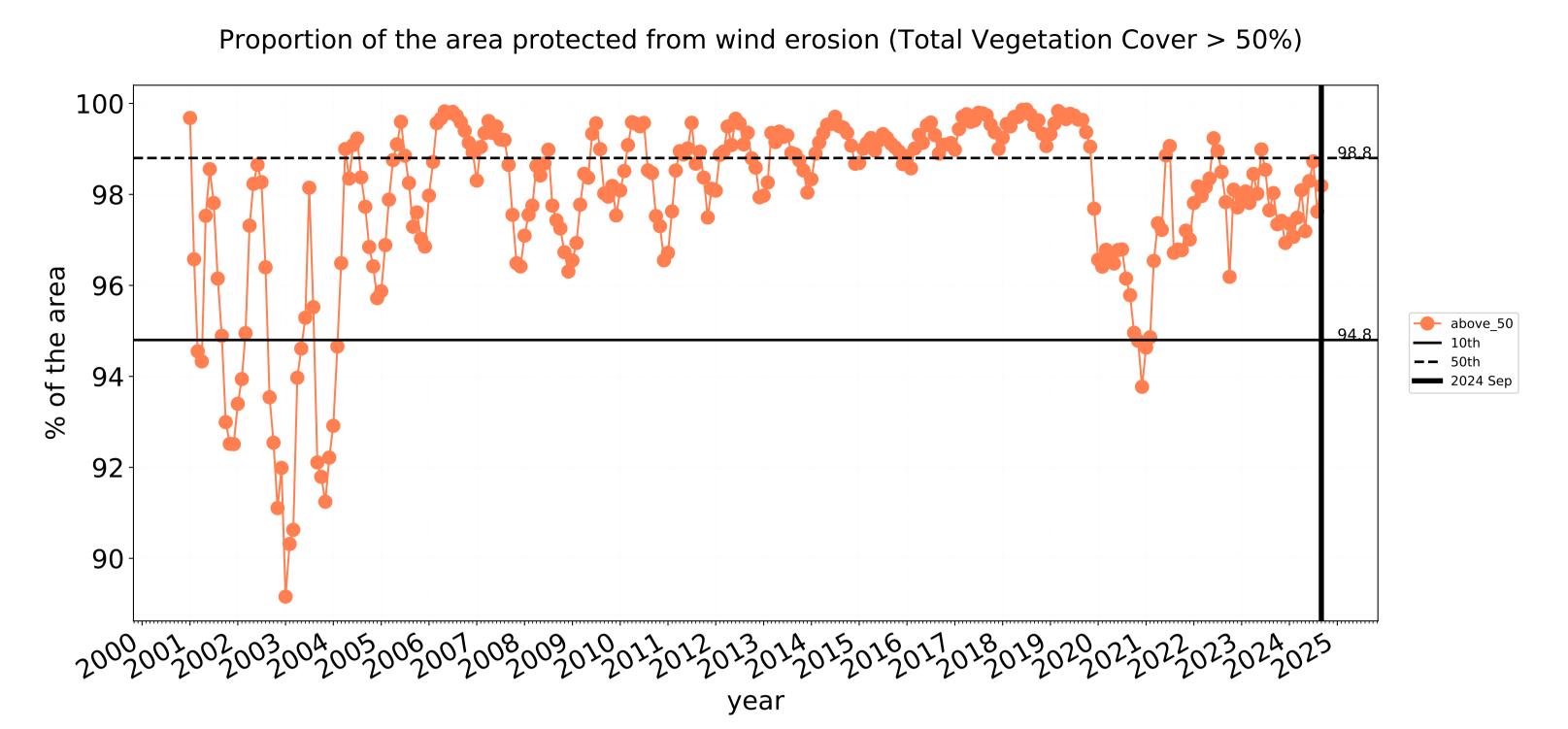






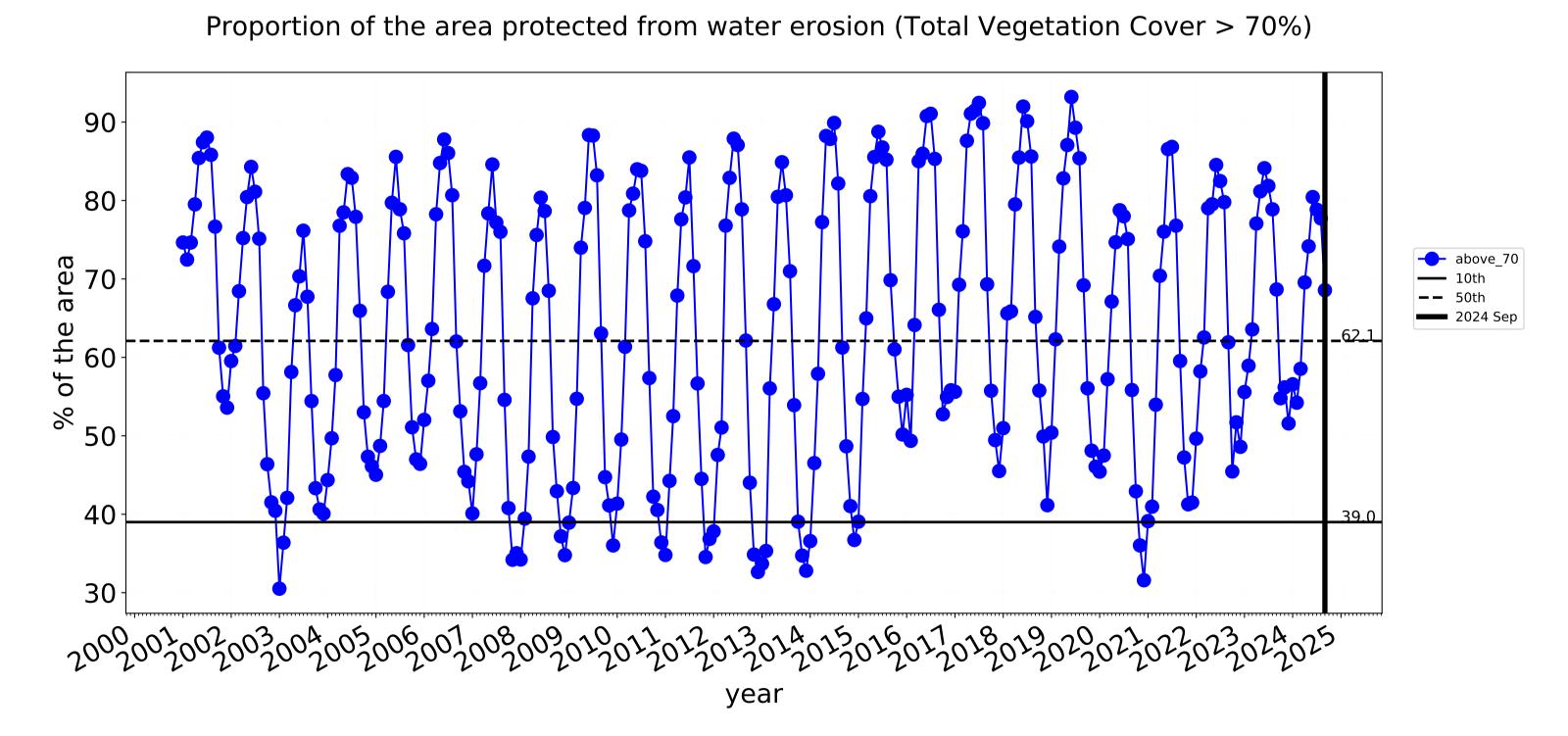


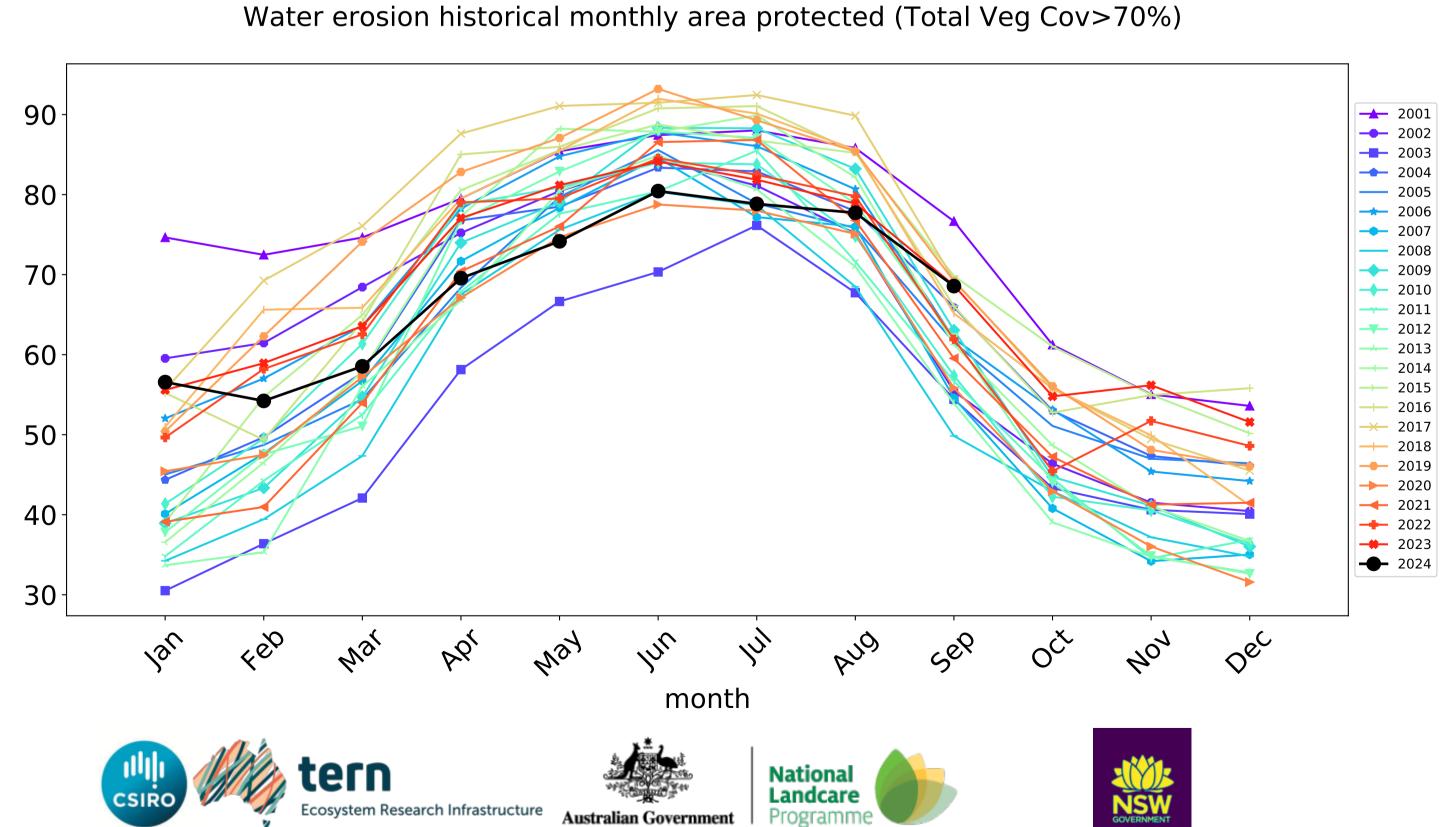
# **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**



### Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%) 100 98-\_\_\_\_ 2005 \_\_\_ 2008 96-**~** 2009 2010 2011 2013 94 - 2014 **→** 2015 **→** 2017 92 **~** 2021 90 2024

month





# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

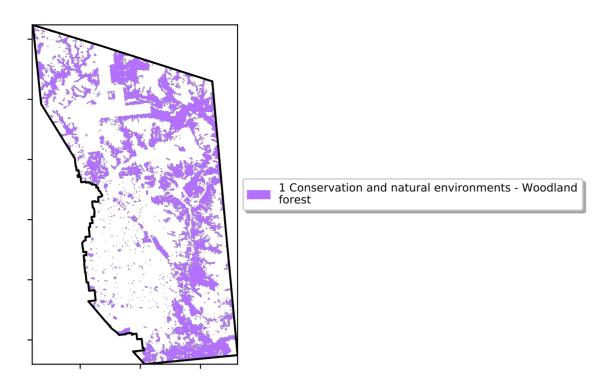
pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean

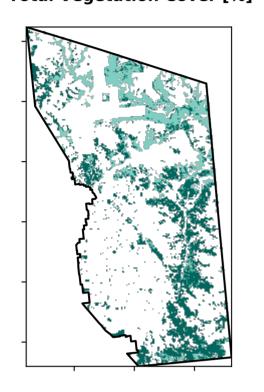
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

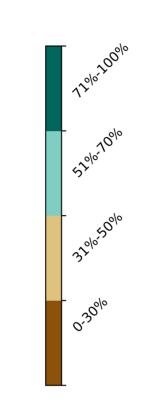
is only for the month of the map

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

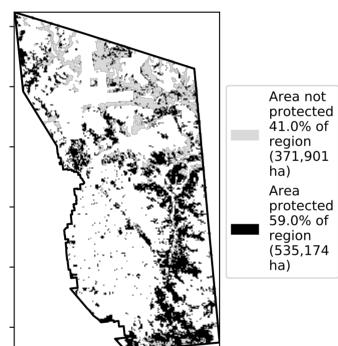


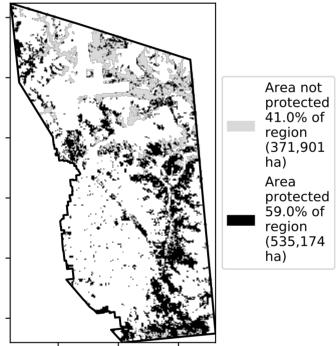
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



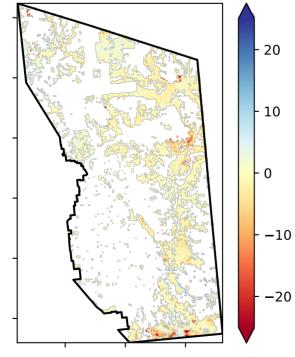


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



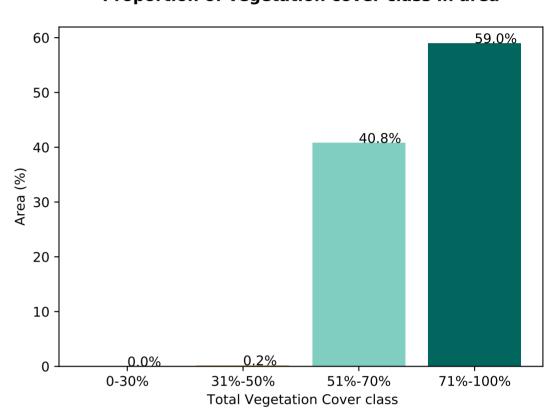


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

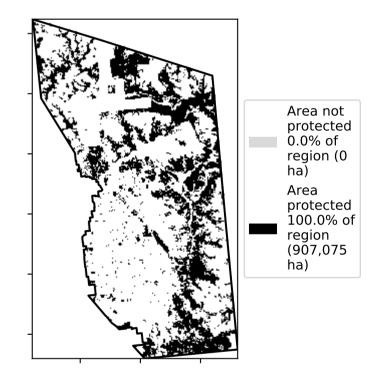


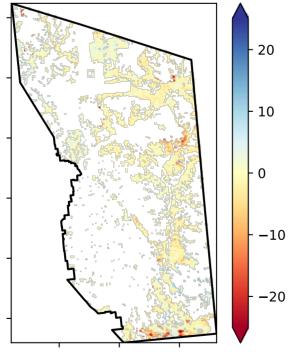
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



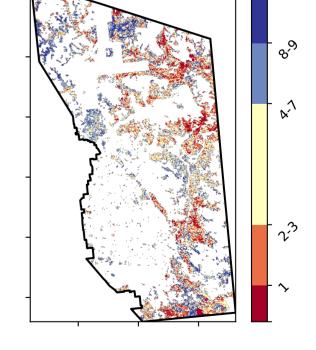
### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





**Ecosystem Research Infrastructure** 

# **National** Landcare Programme



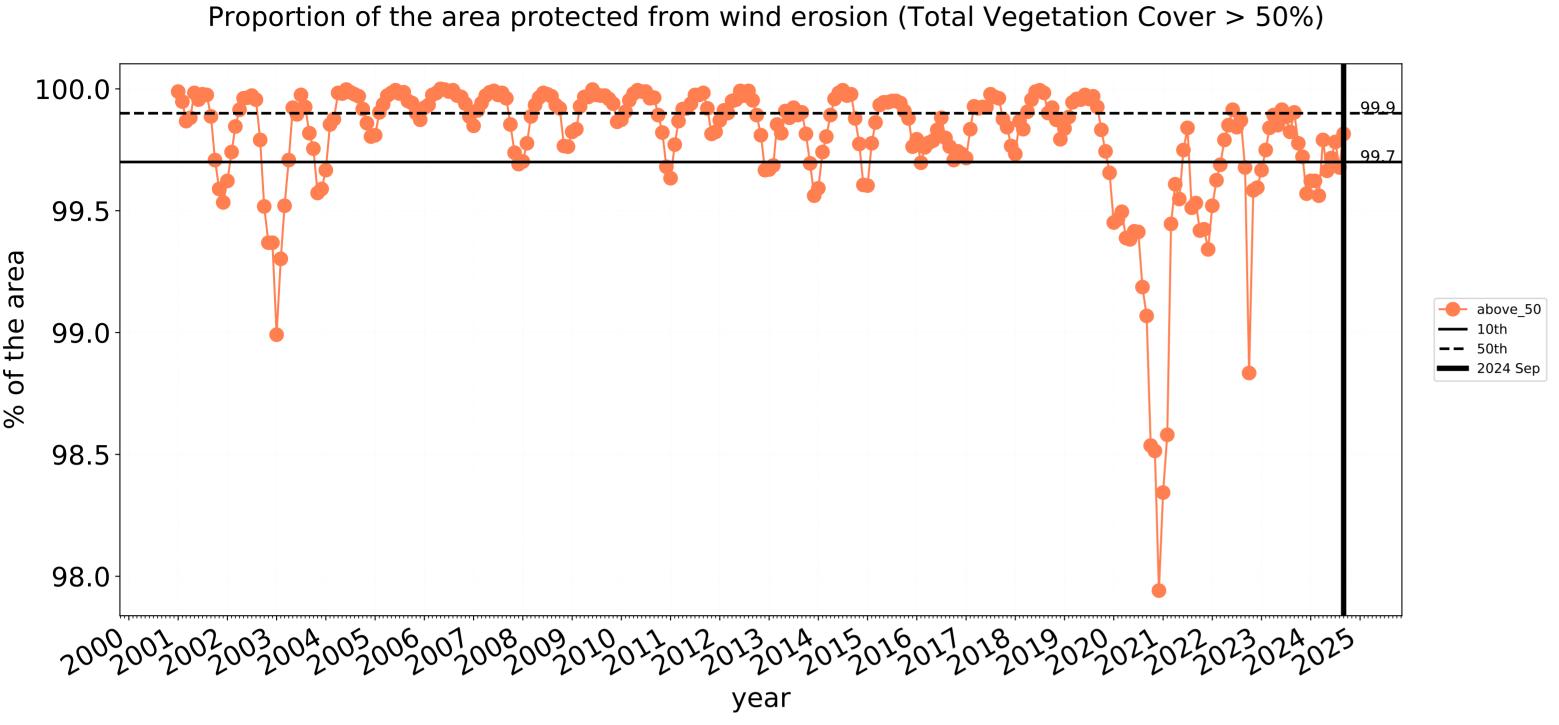


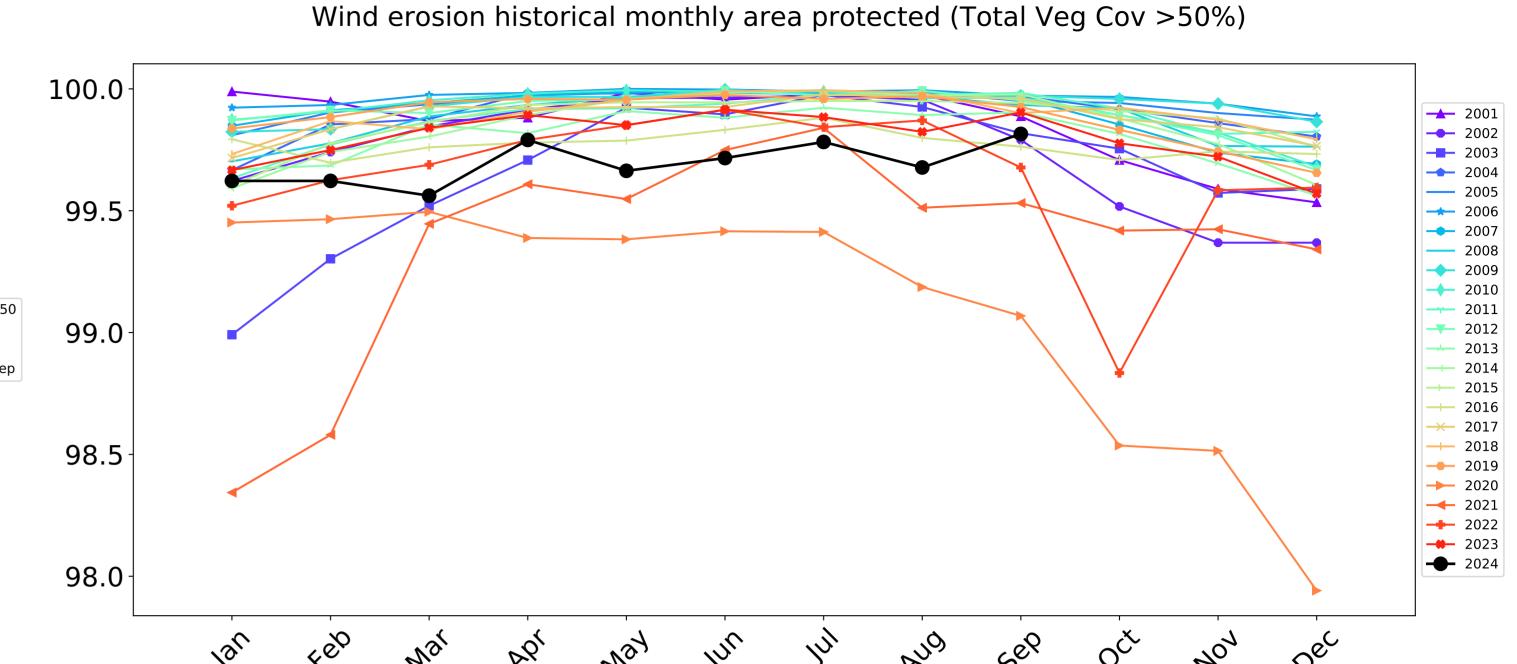




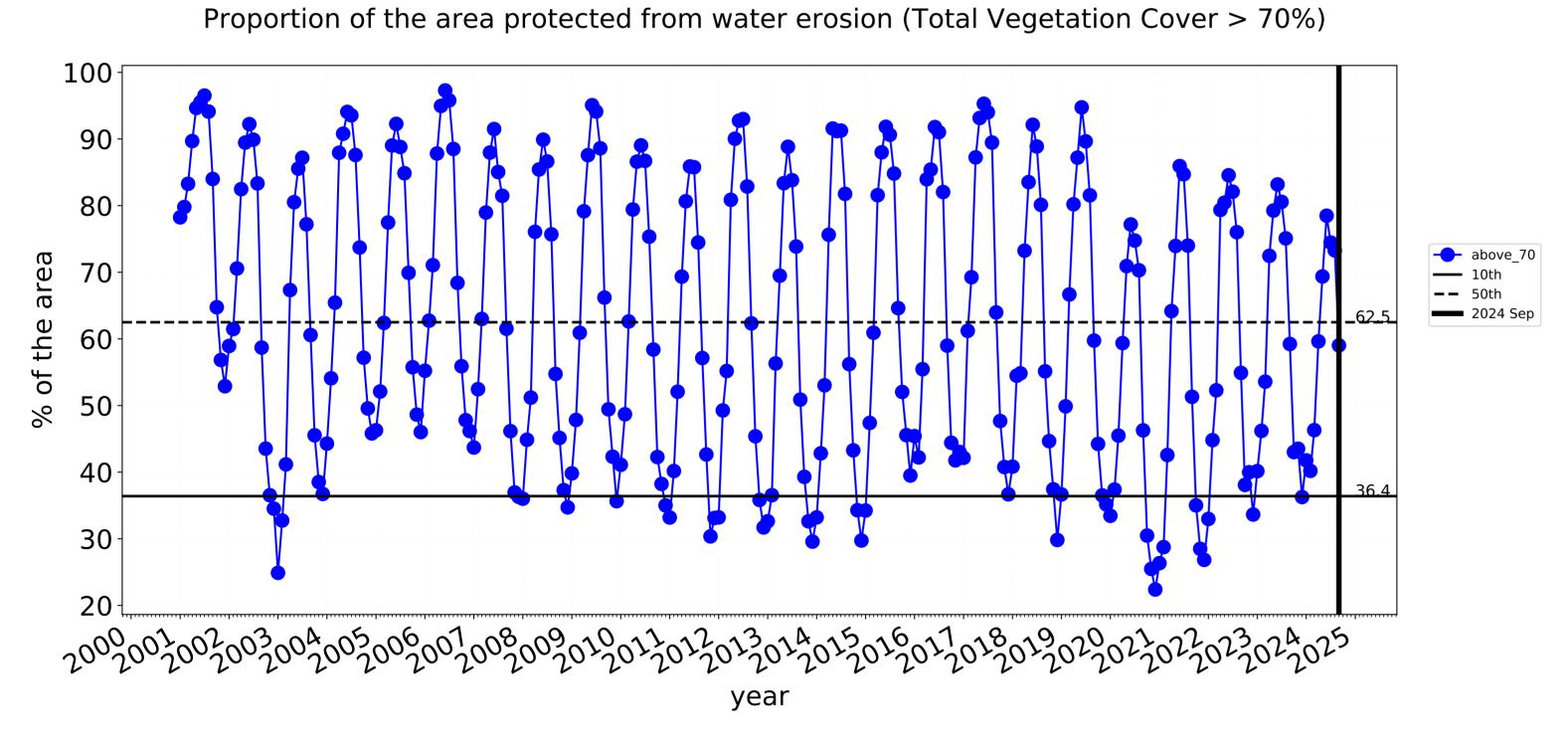


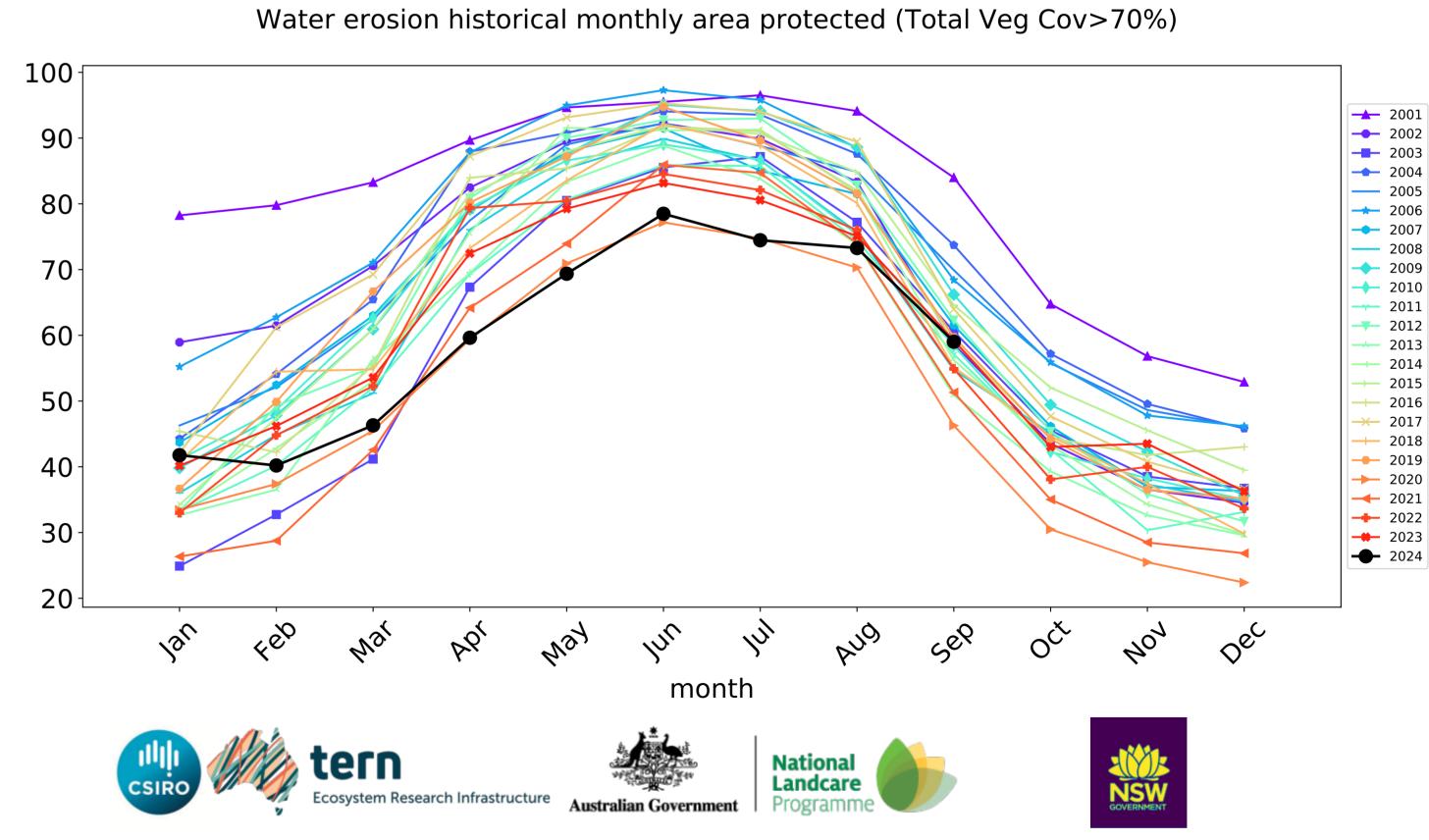
# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**





month





# **Agriculture**

### Land use and forest cover

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

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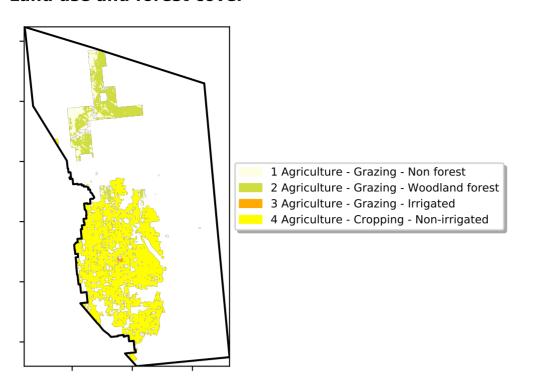
is, red pixels

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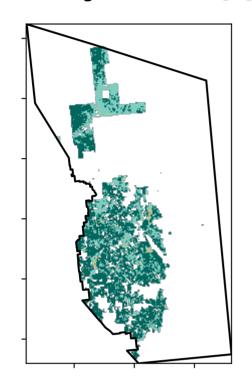
pixel. The mean

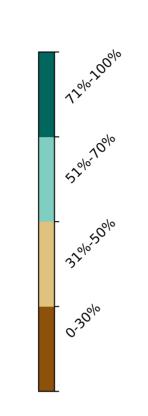
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

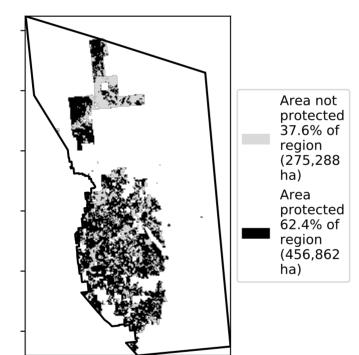


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

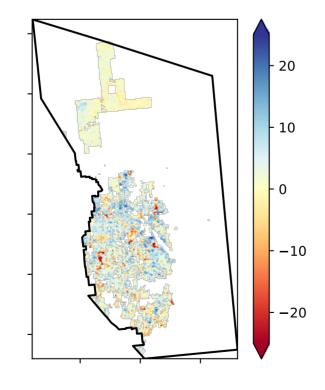




### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

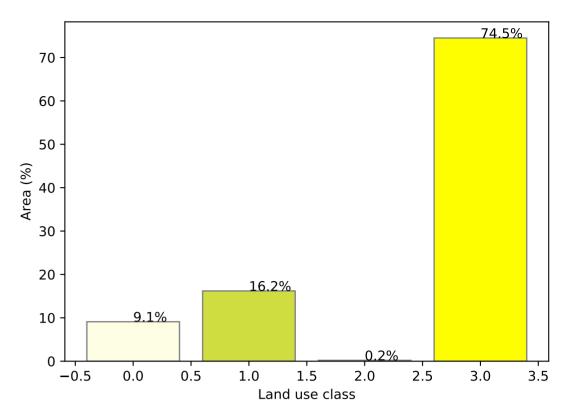


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

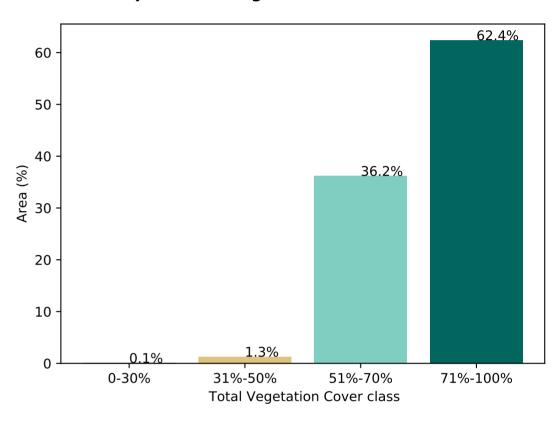


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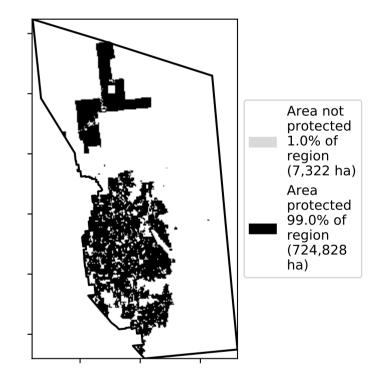
### Proportion of each land class in area

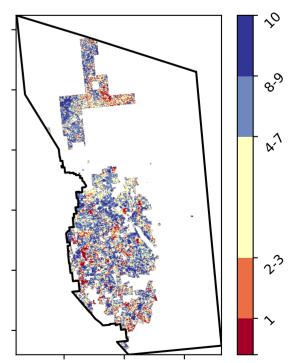


### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









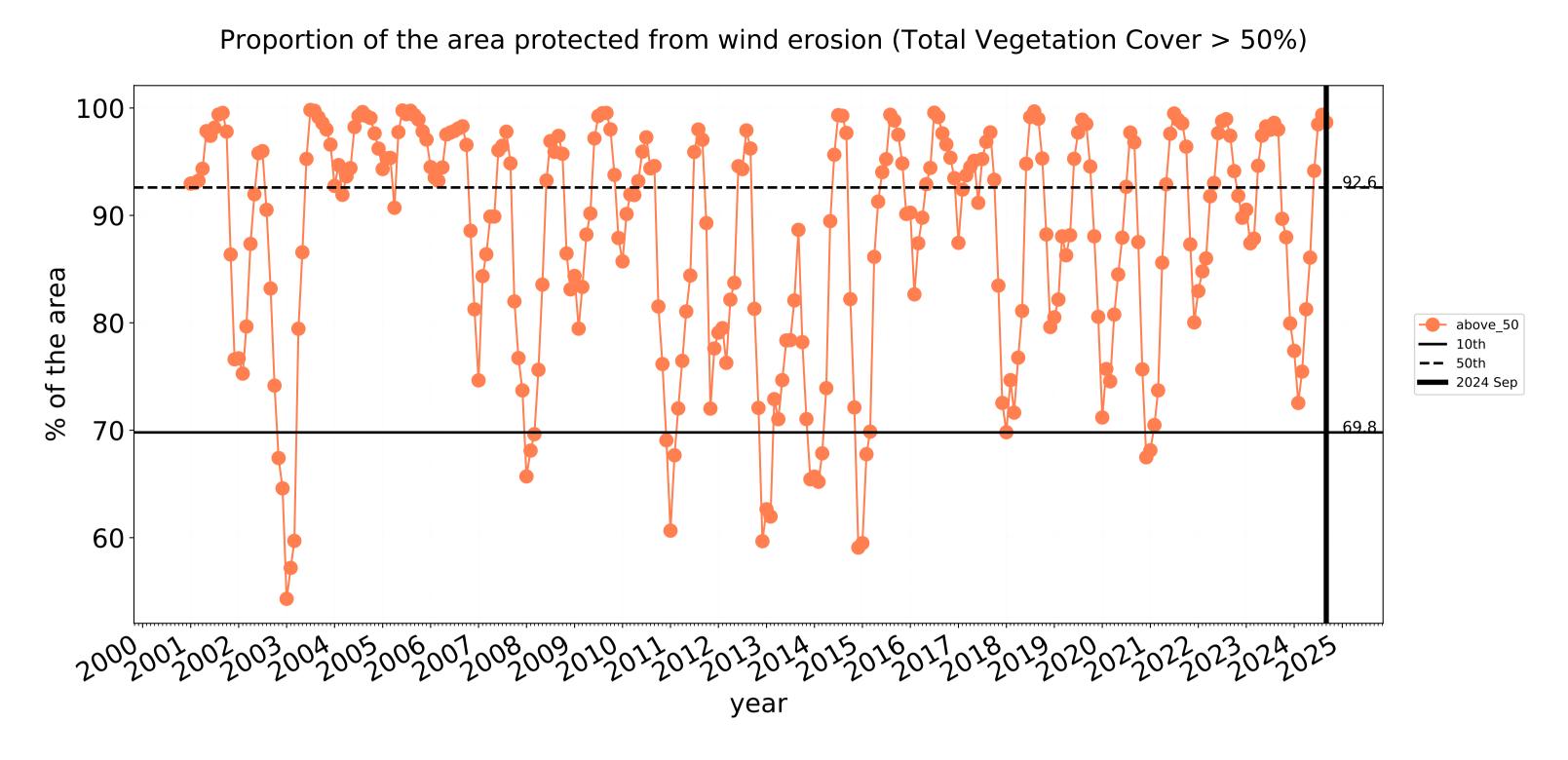


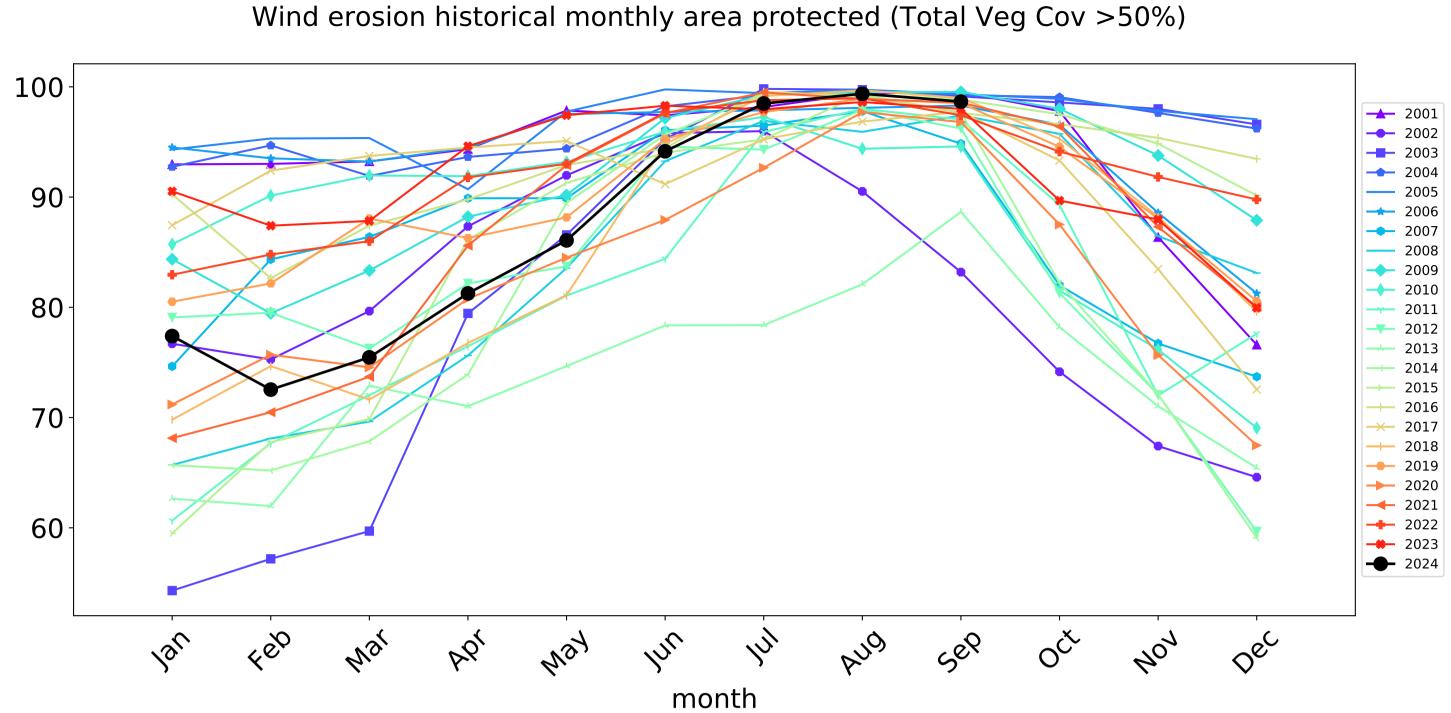


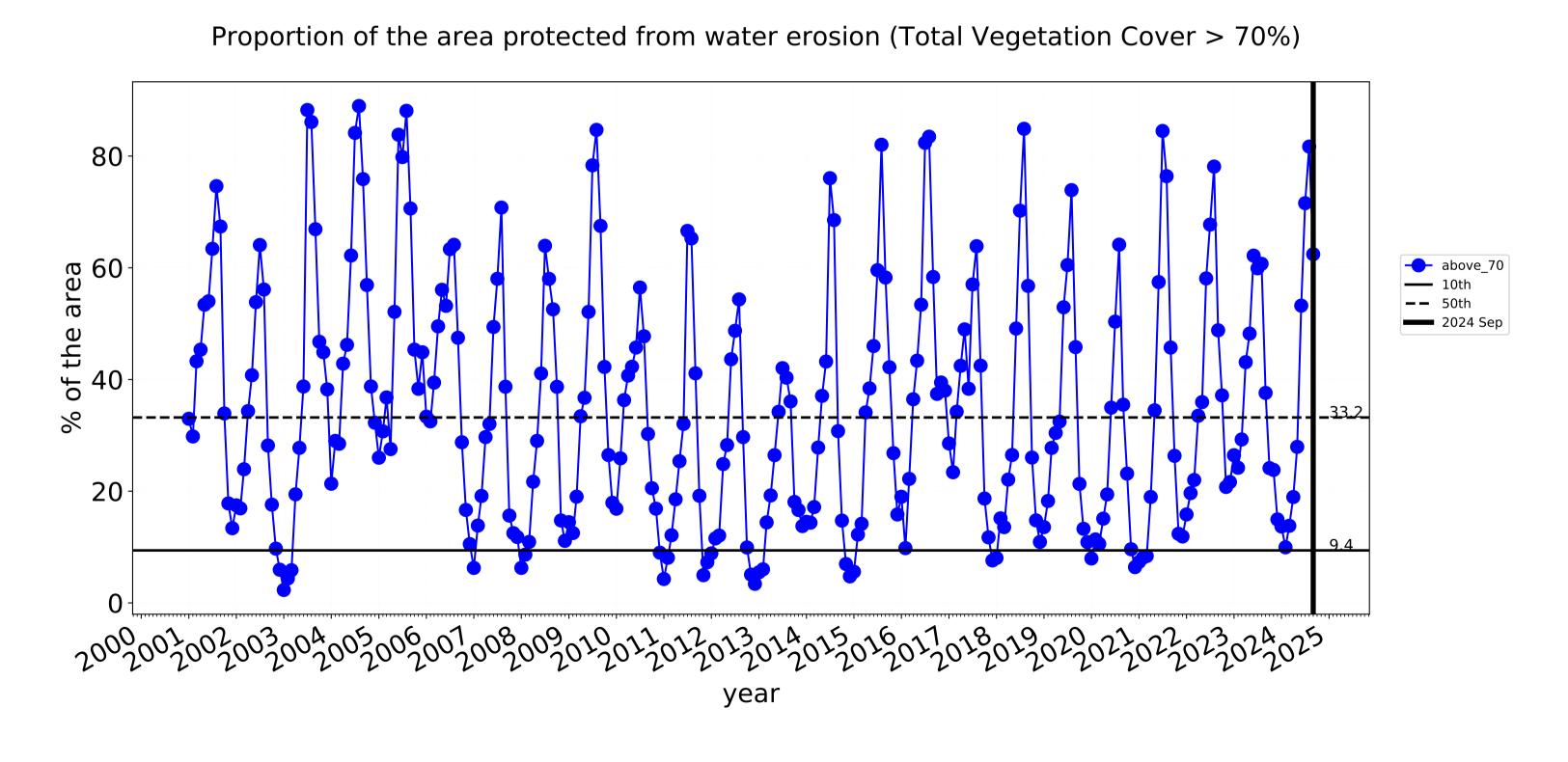


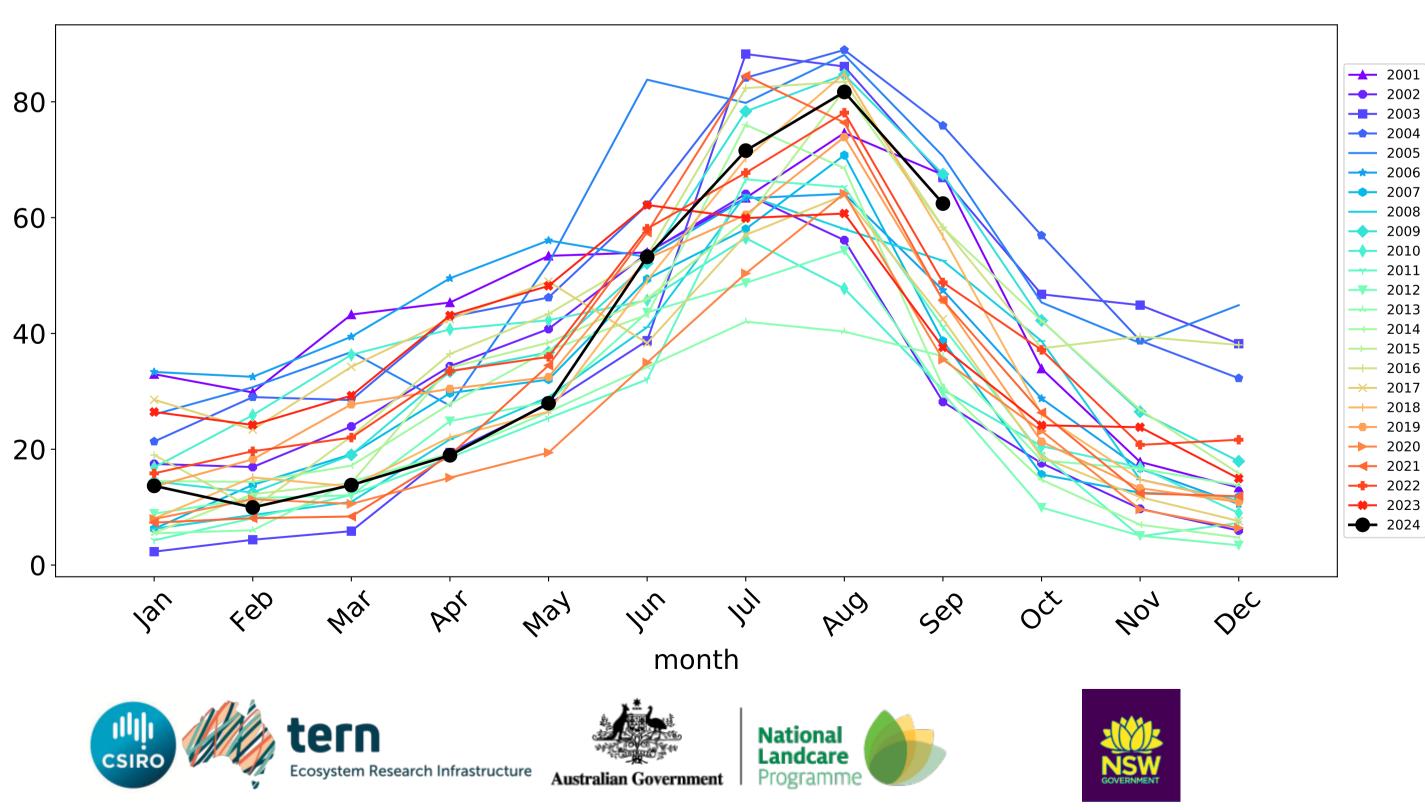


# **Agriculture timeseries**









# **Grazing**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Catchment Scale Land

Derived from

Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

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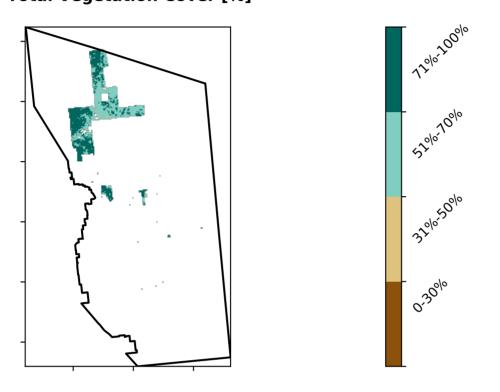
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

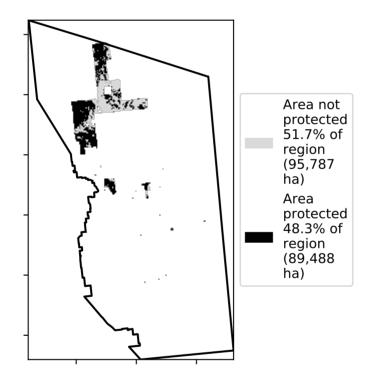
mean of that pixel. The mean

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest

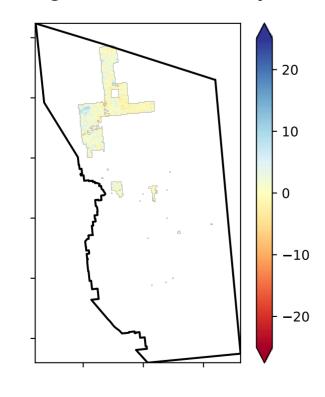
### Total Vegetation Cover [%]



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

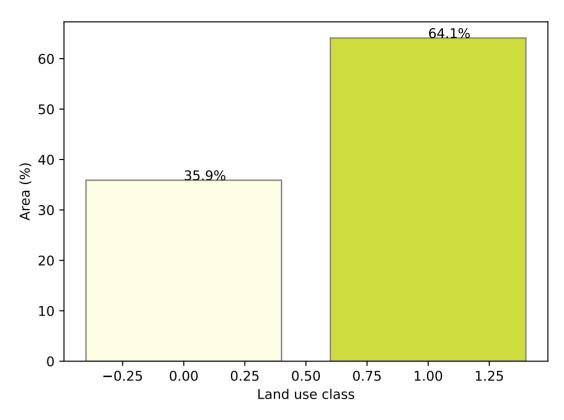


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

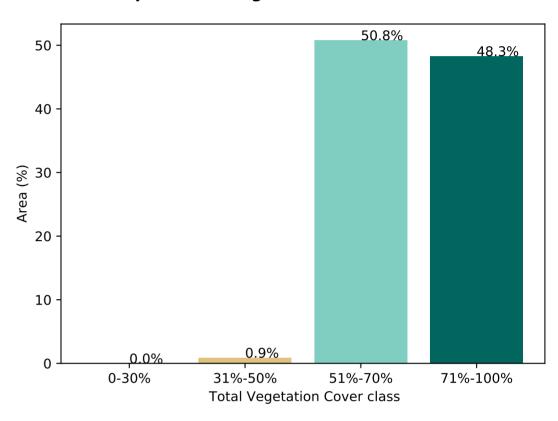


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

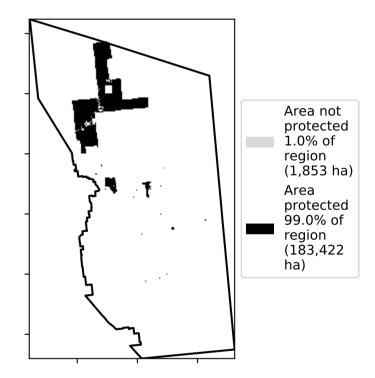
### Proportion of each land class in area

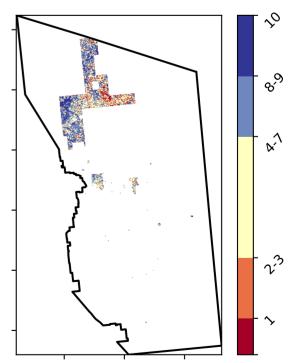


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







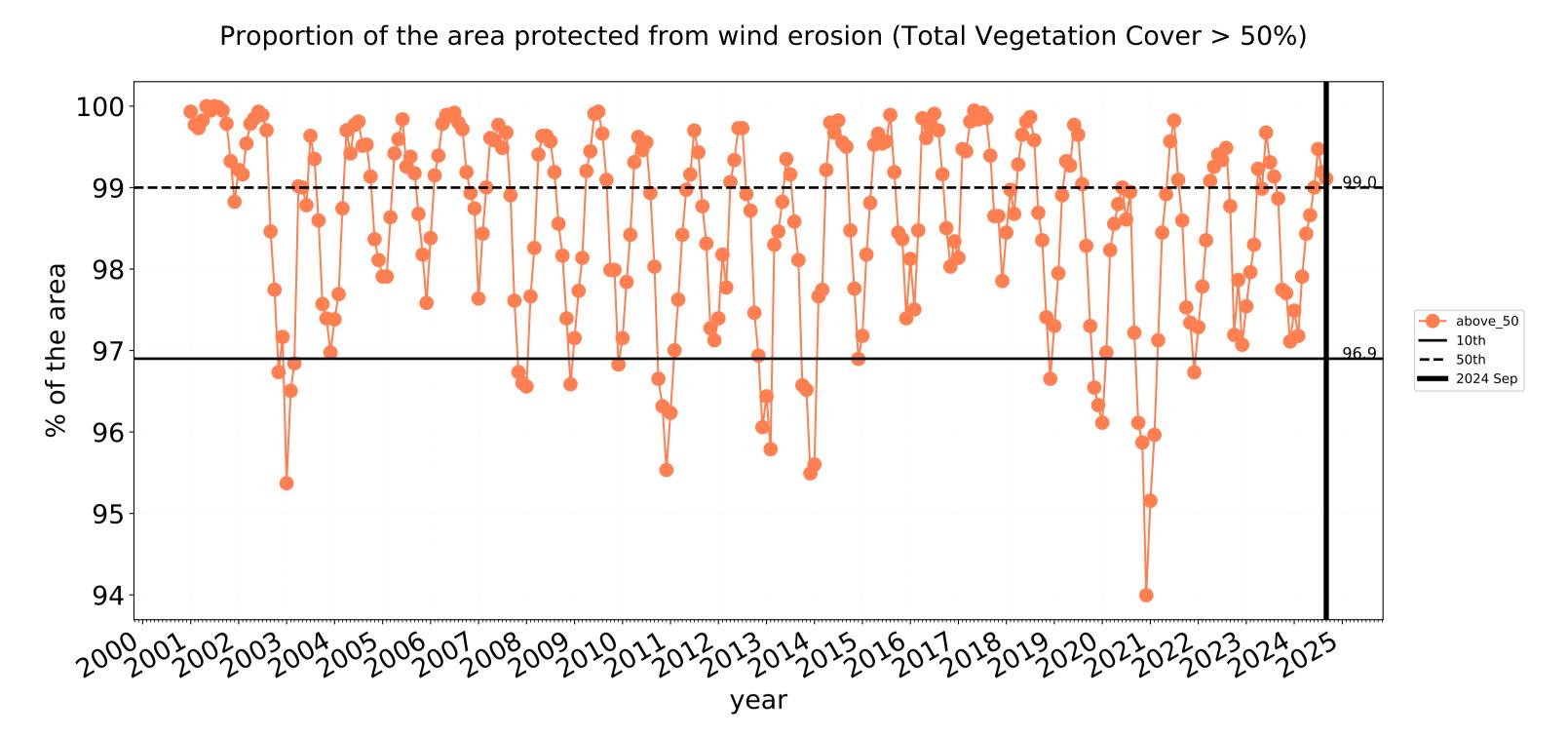


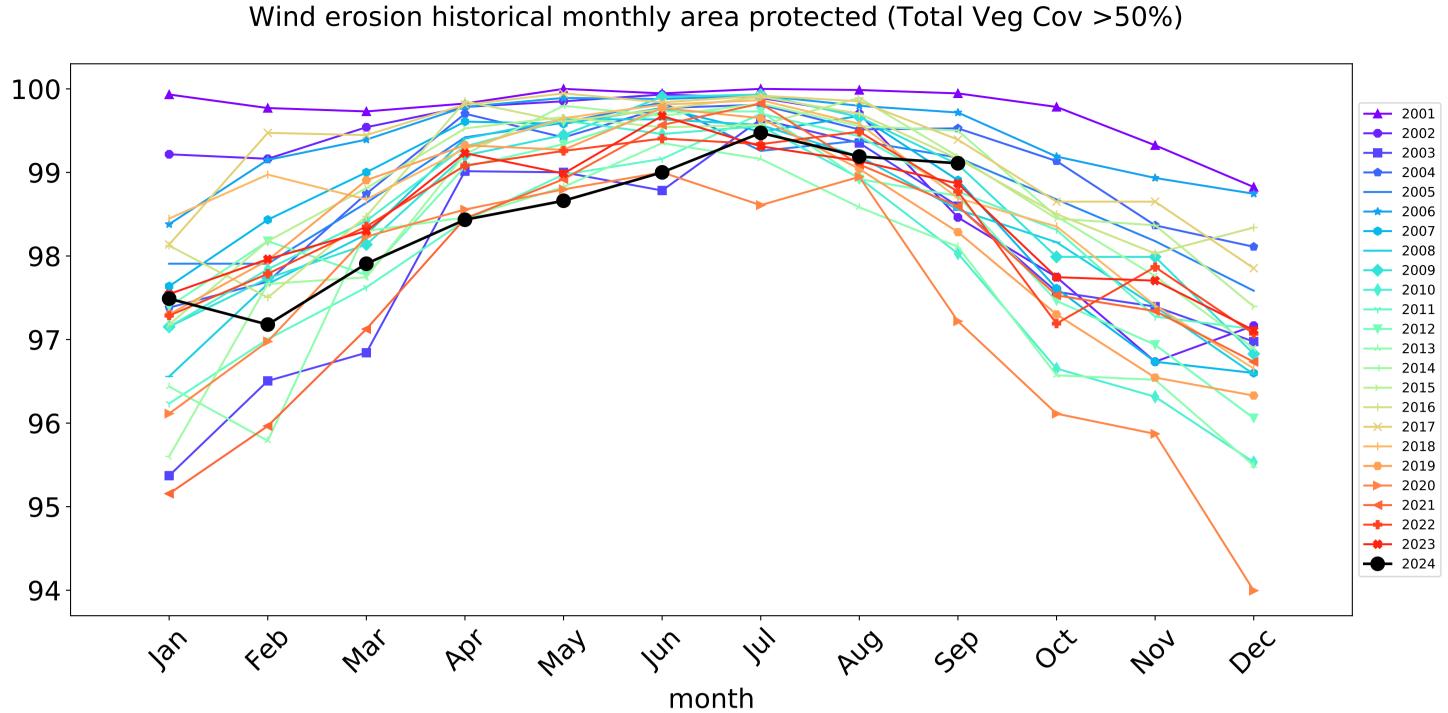


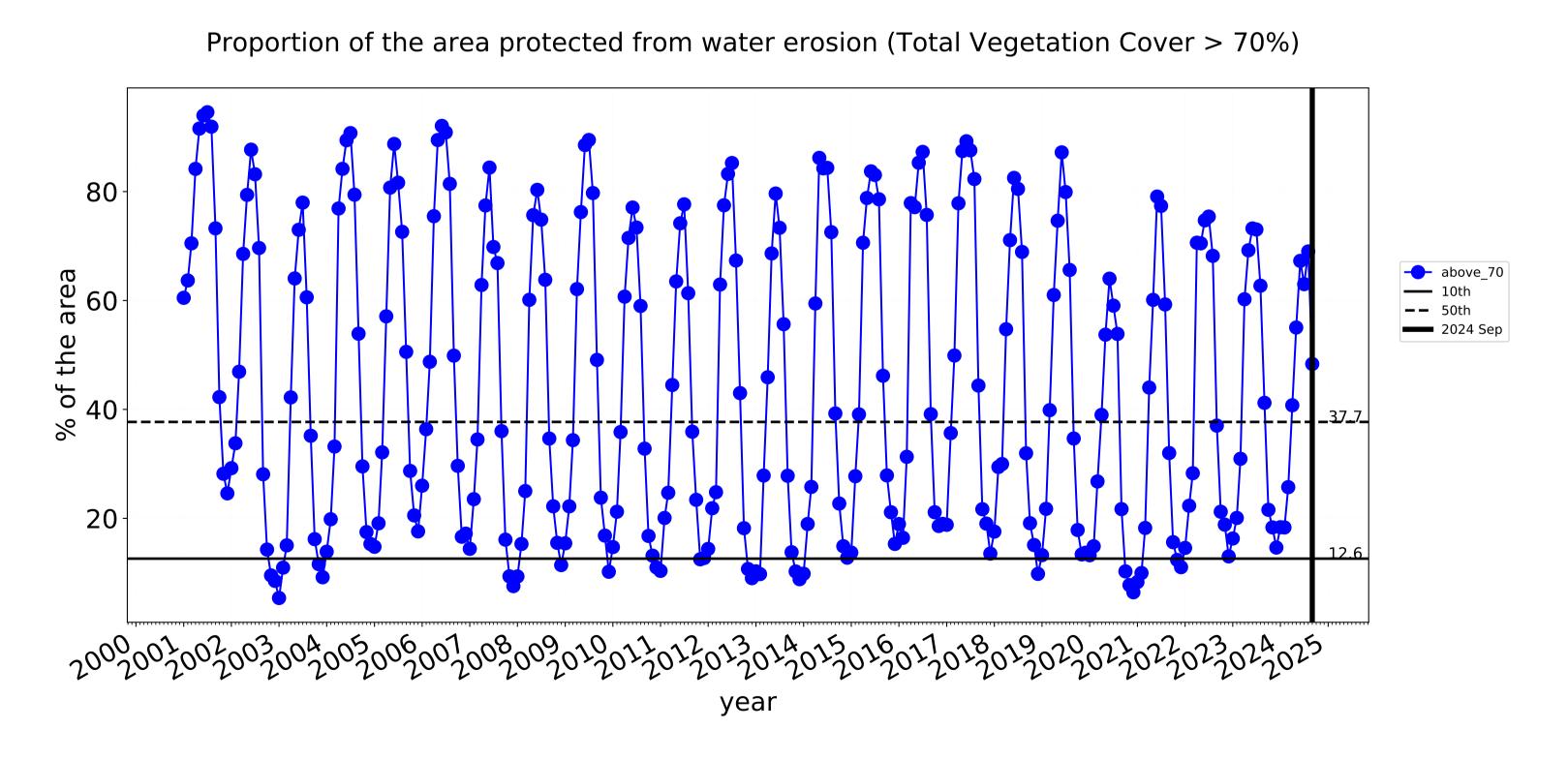


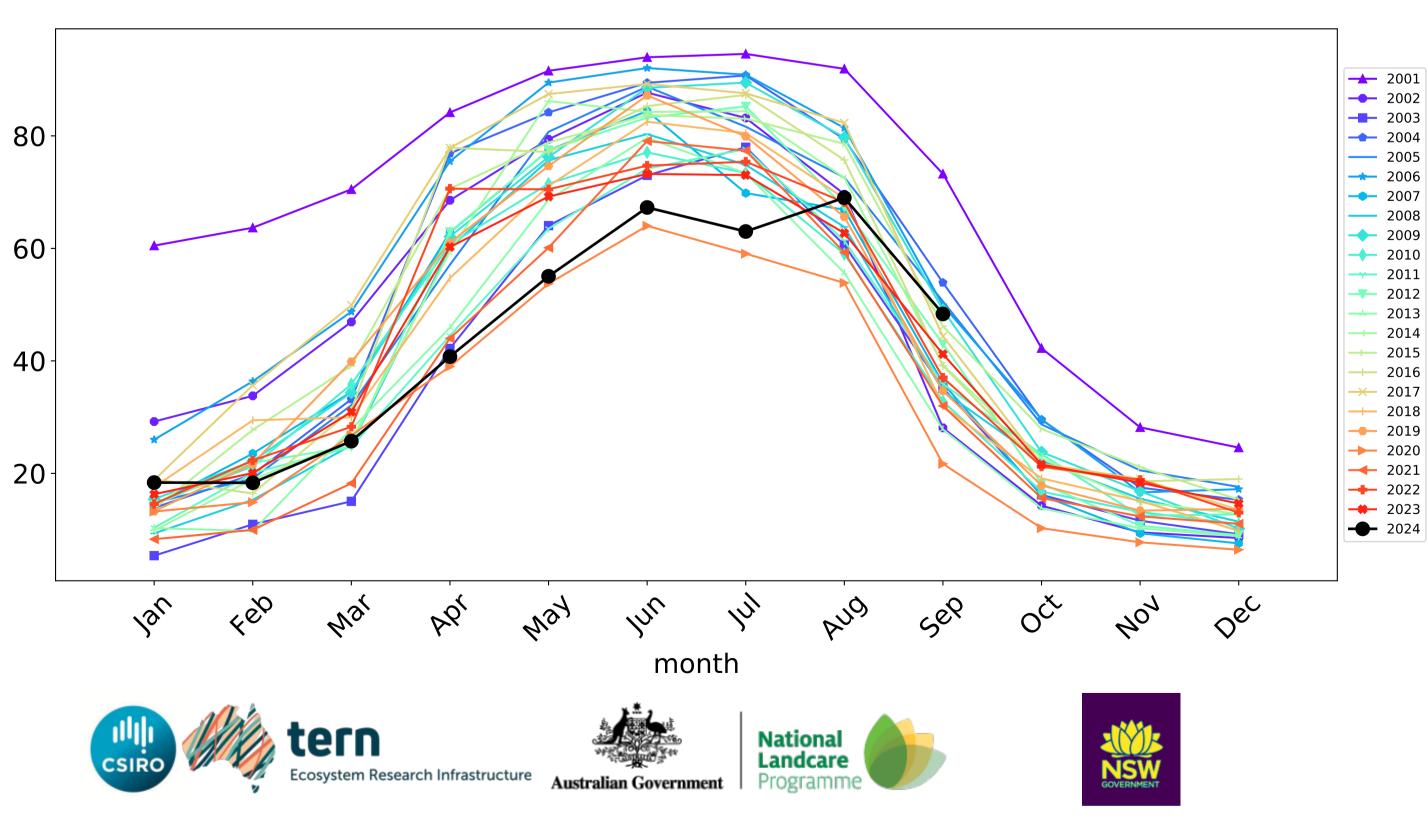


# **Grazing timeseries**









# **Grazing non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

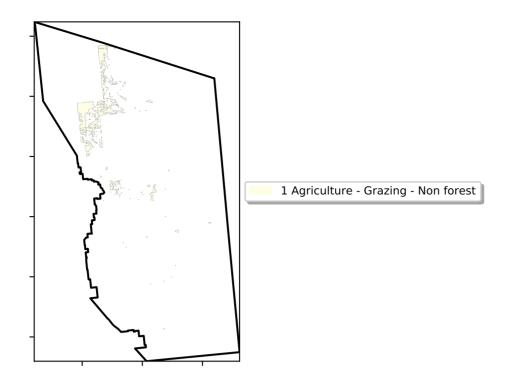
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

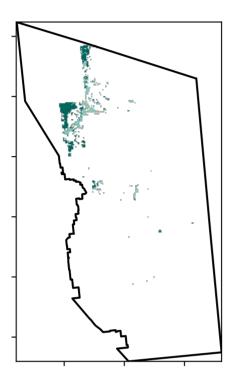
pixel. The mean

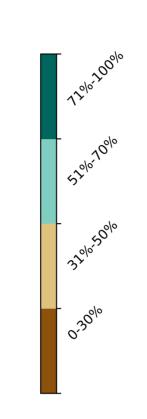
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

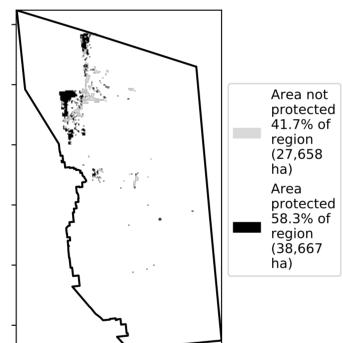


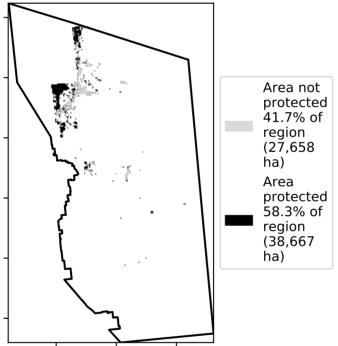
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



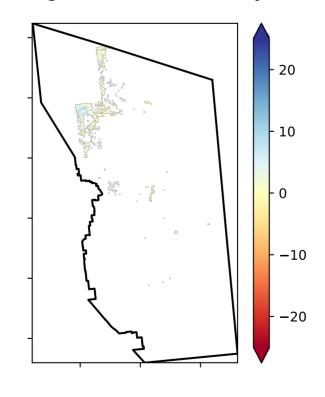


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



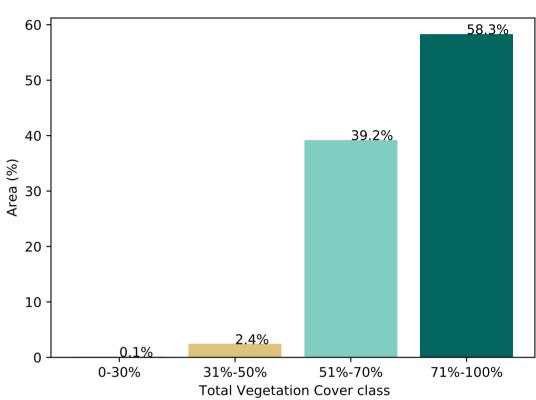


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

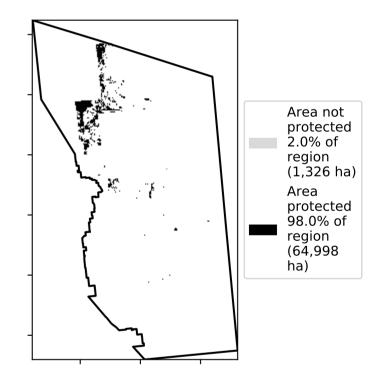


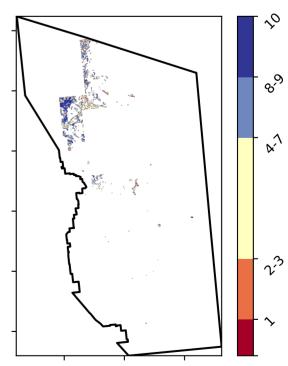
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





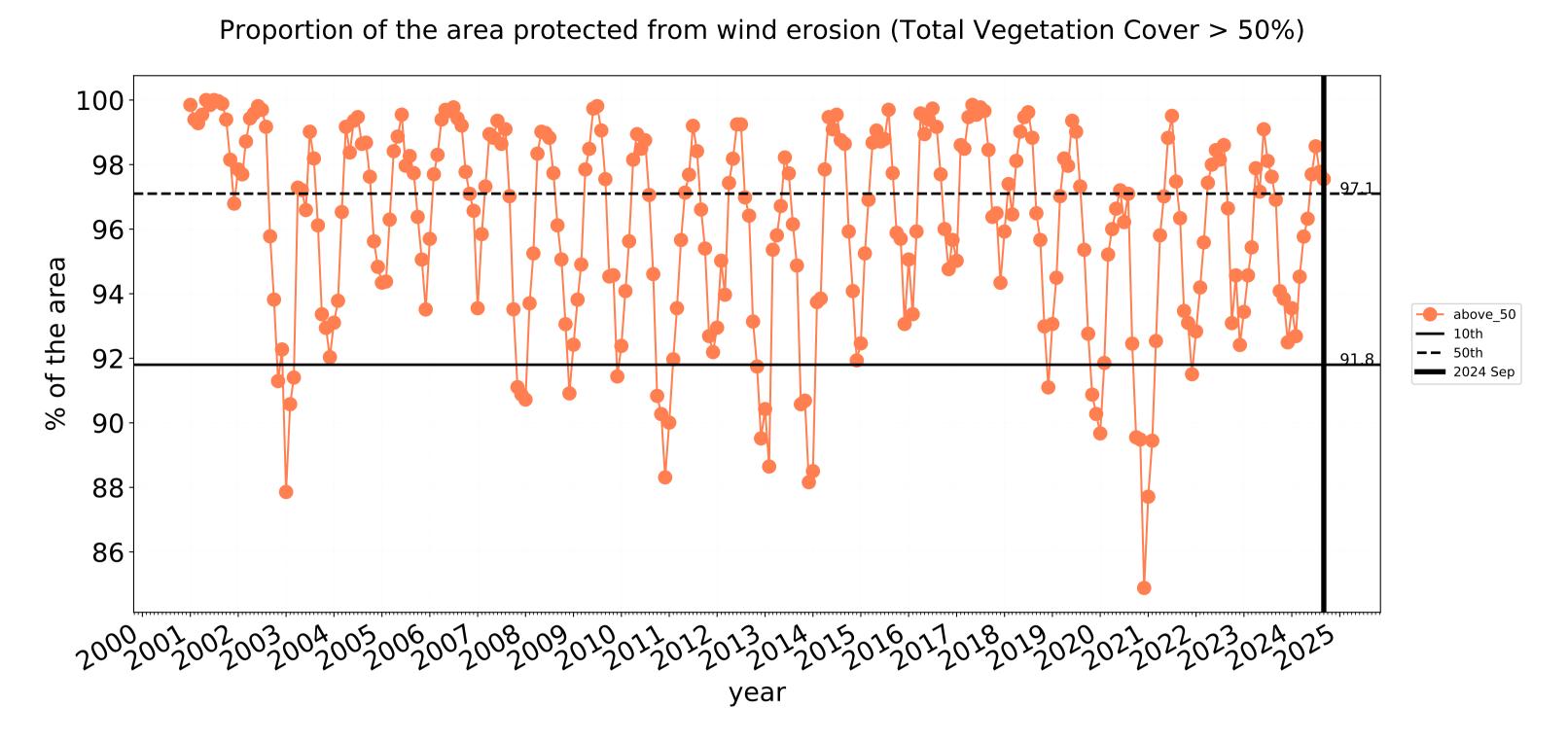


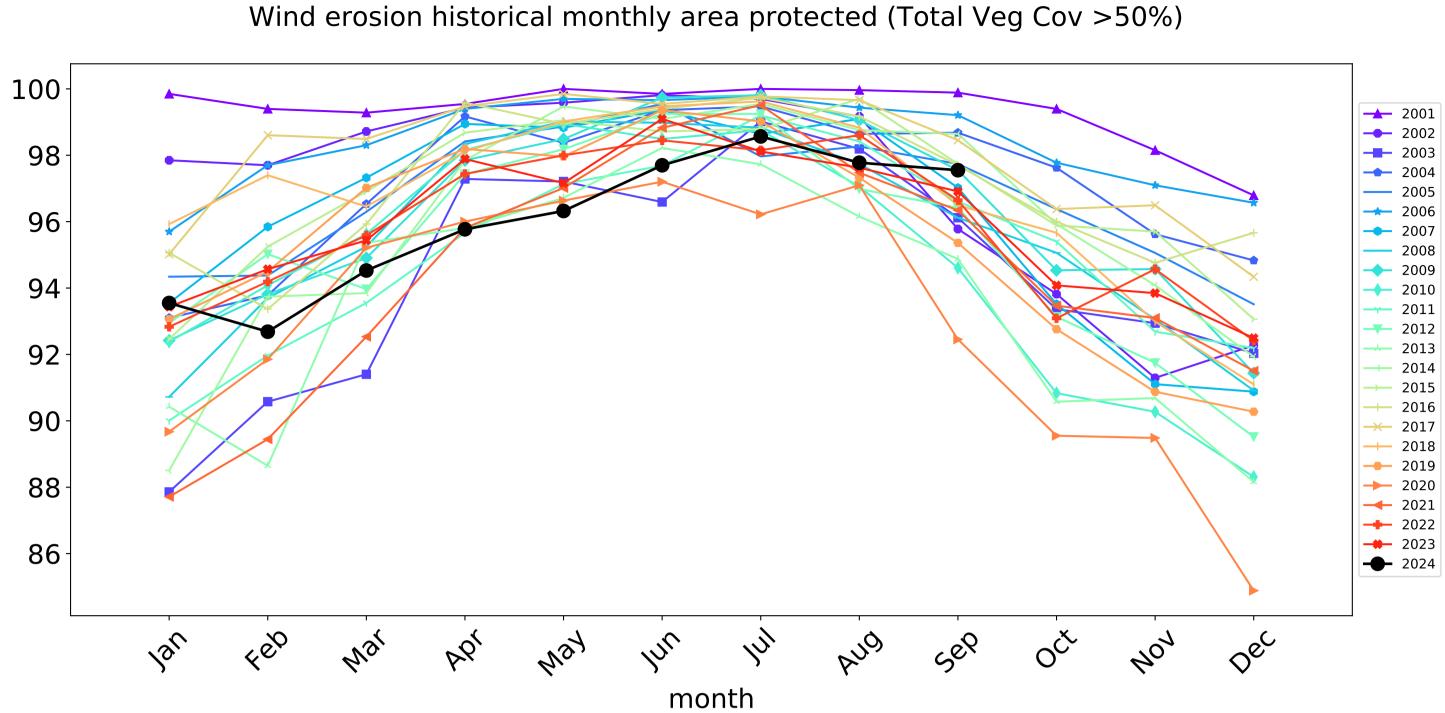


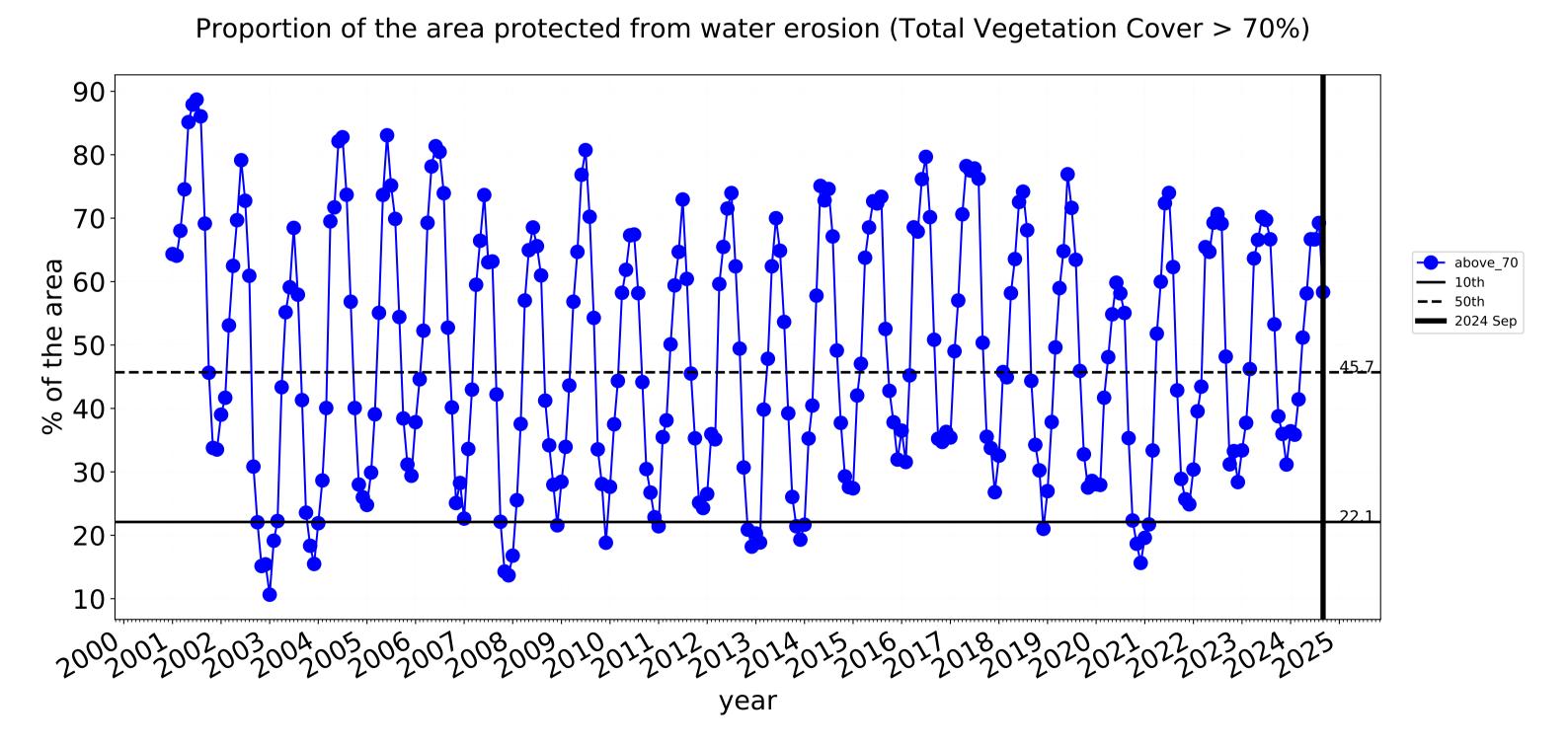


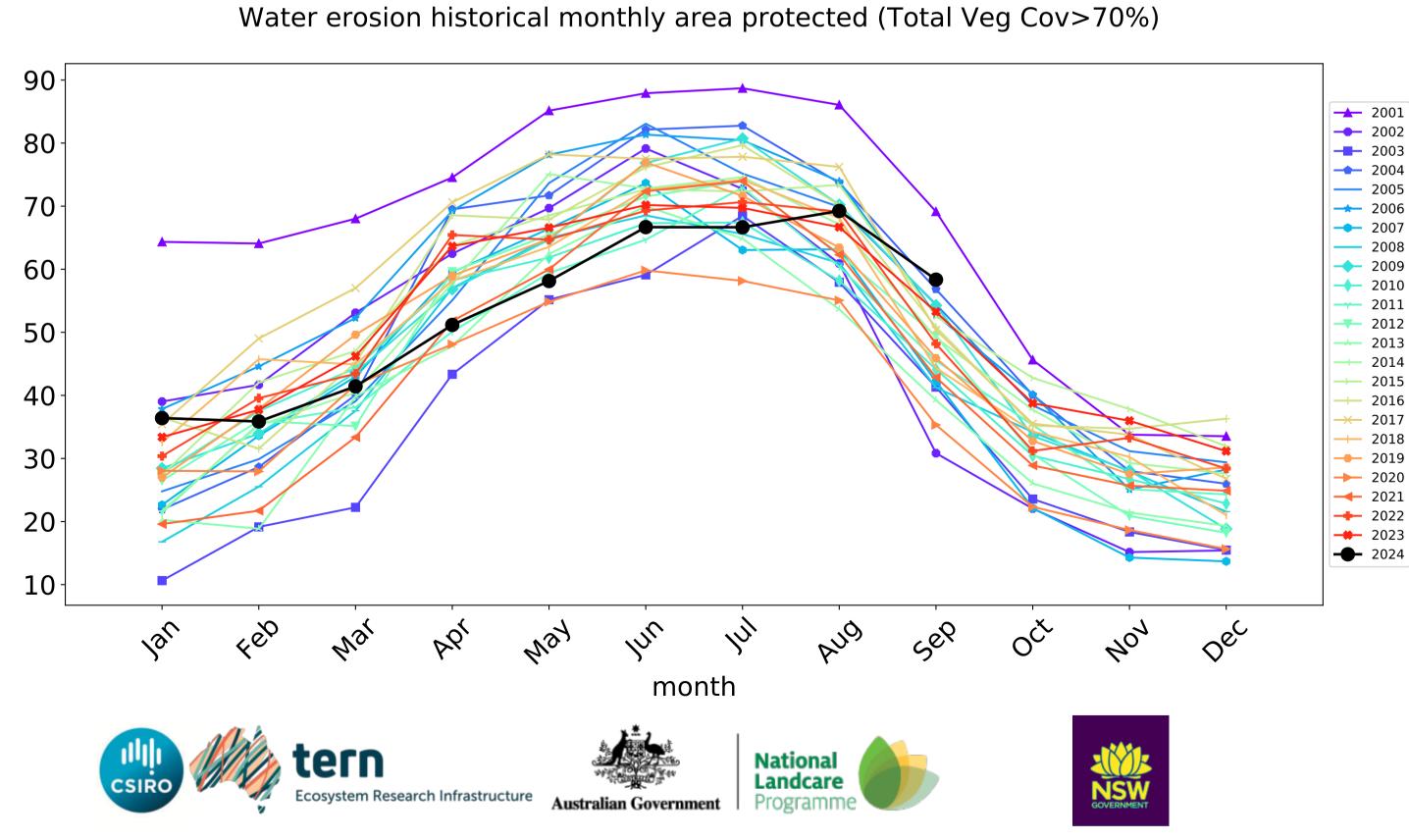


# **Grazing non forest timeseries**









# **Grazing Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

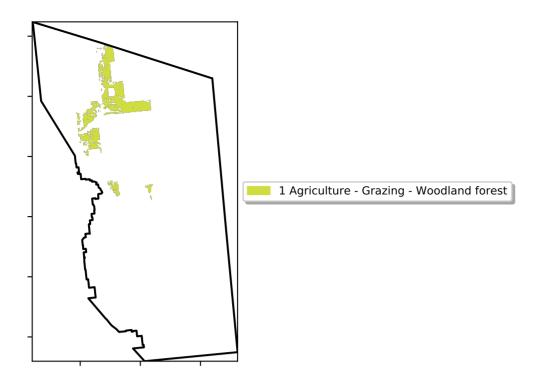
are about 20%

lower than the

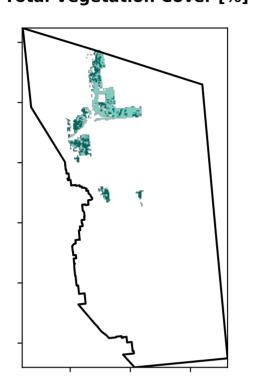
is only for the month of the map

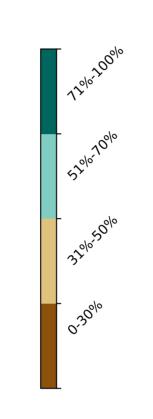
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

mean of that pixel. The mean

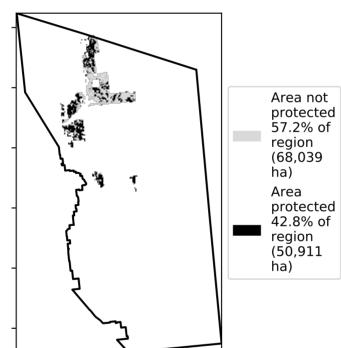


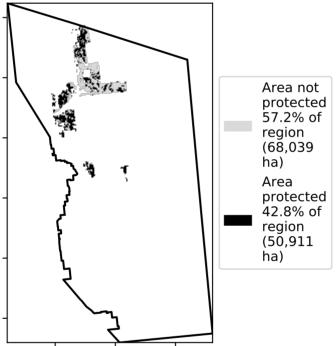
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



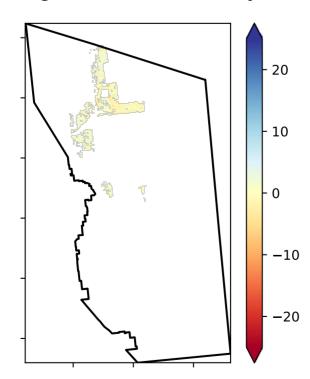


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



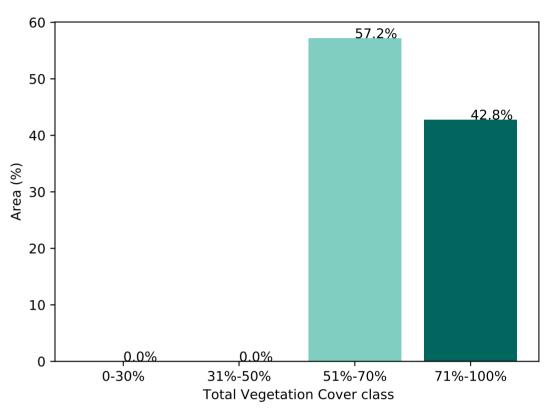


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

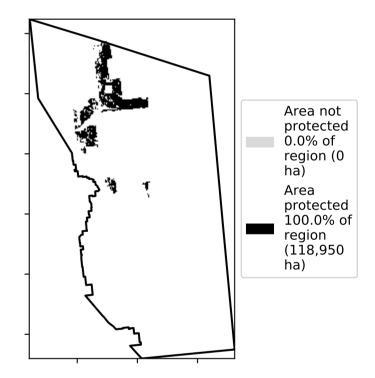


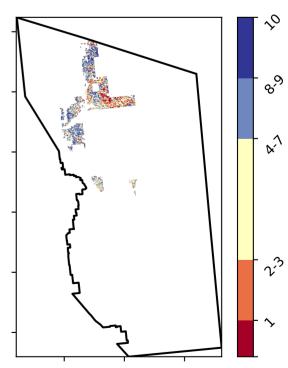
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





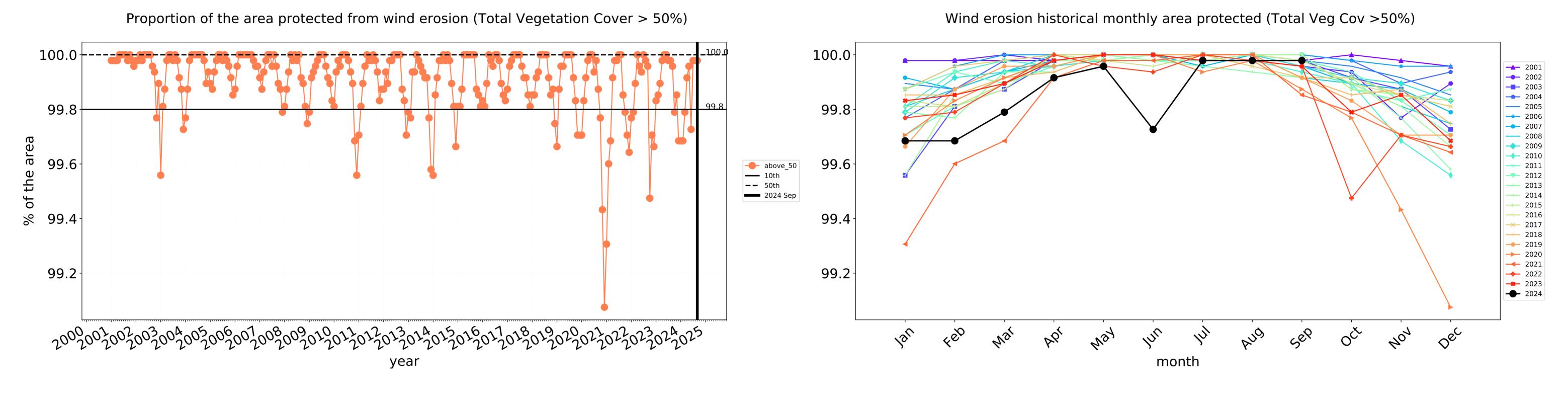


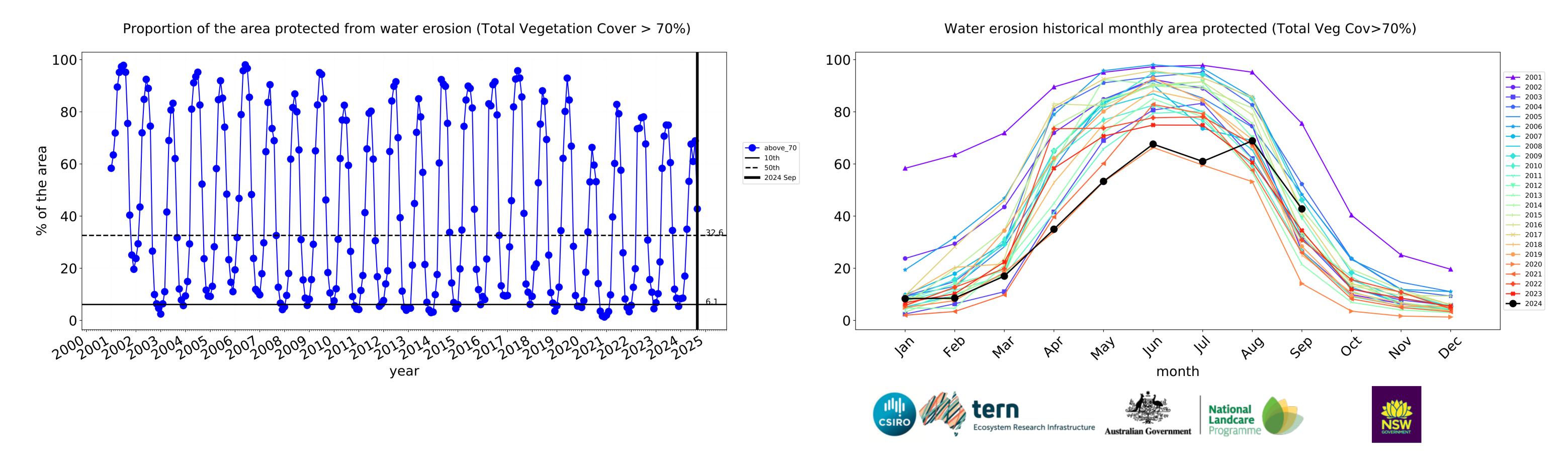






# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**





# **Cropping**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

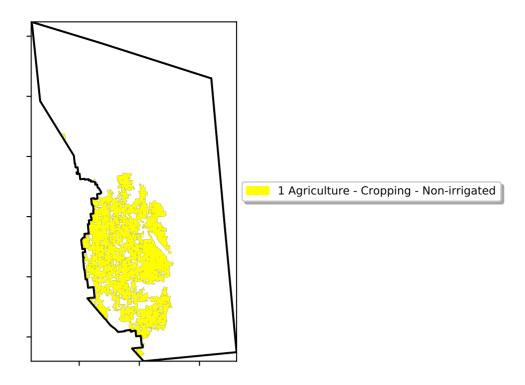
pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean

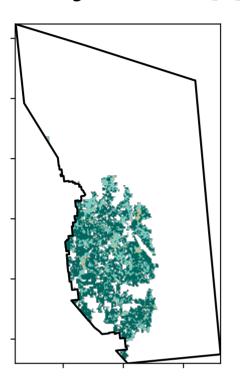
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

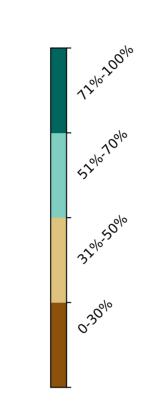
is only for the month of the map

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

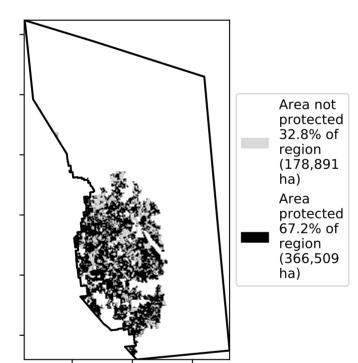


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

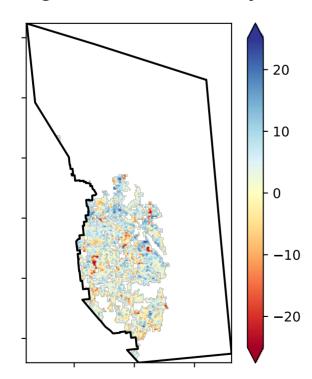




### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

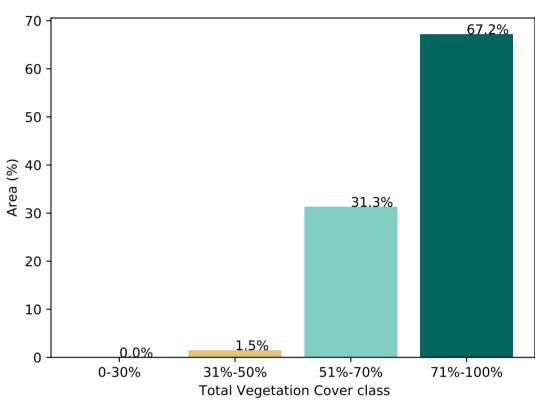


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

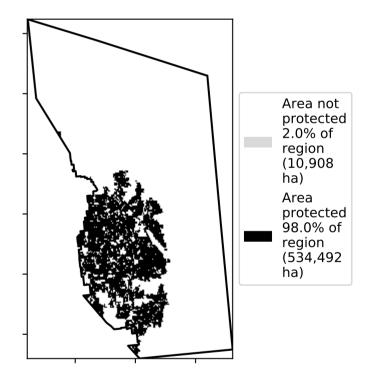


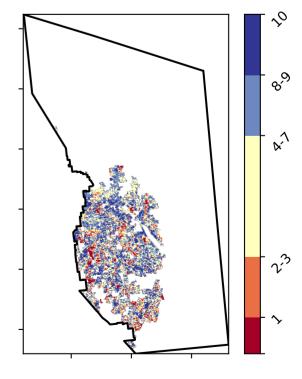
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





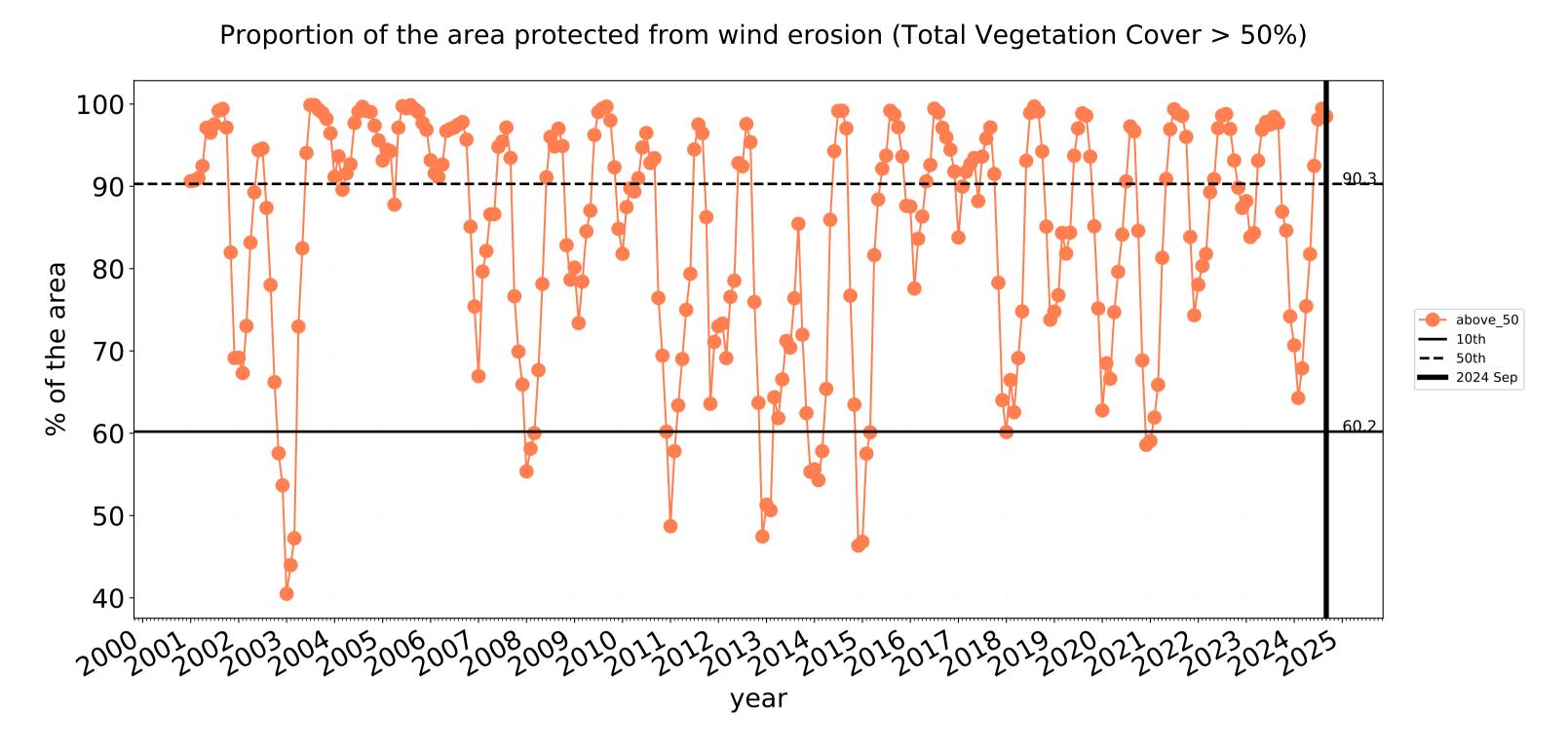


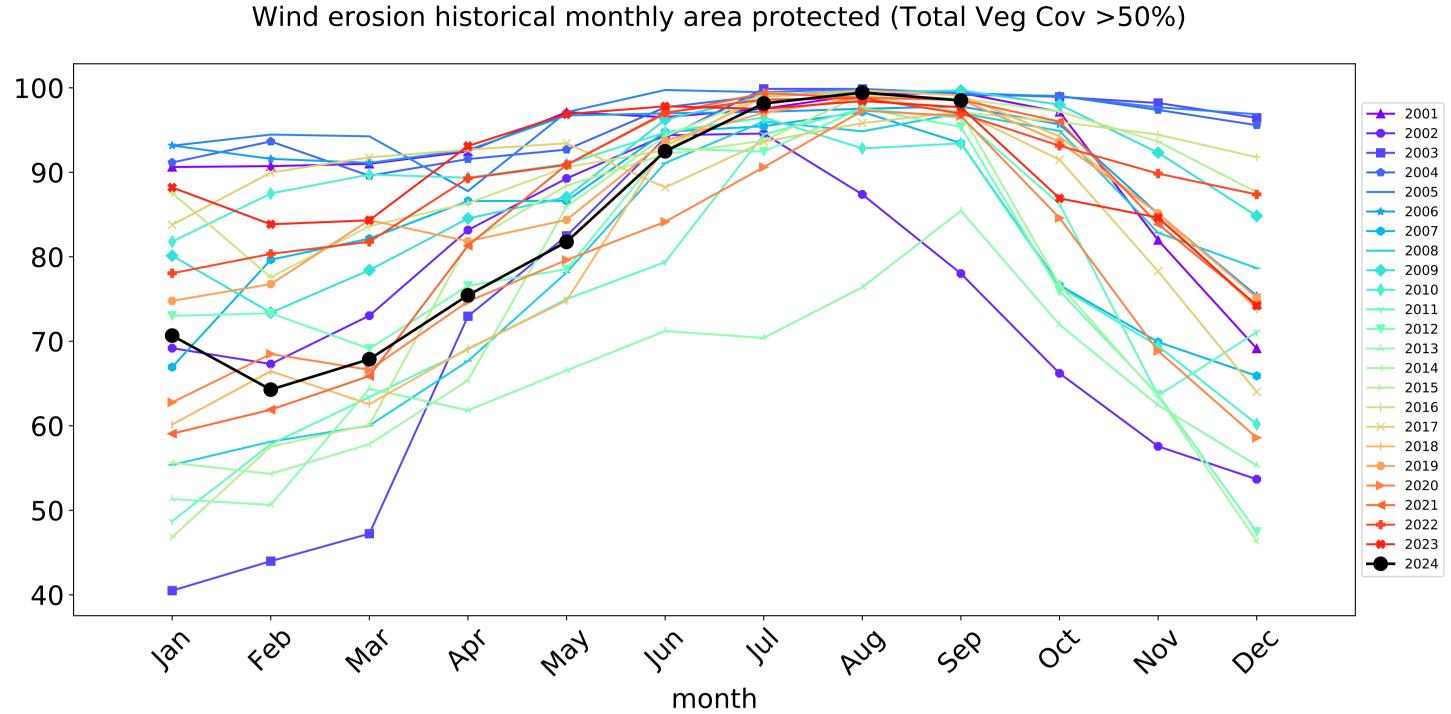


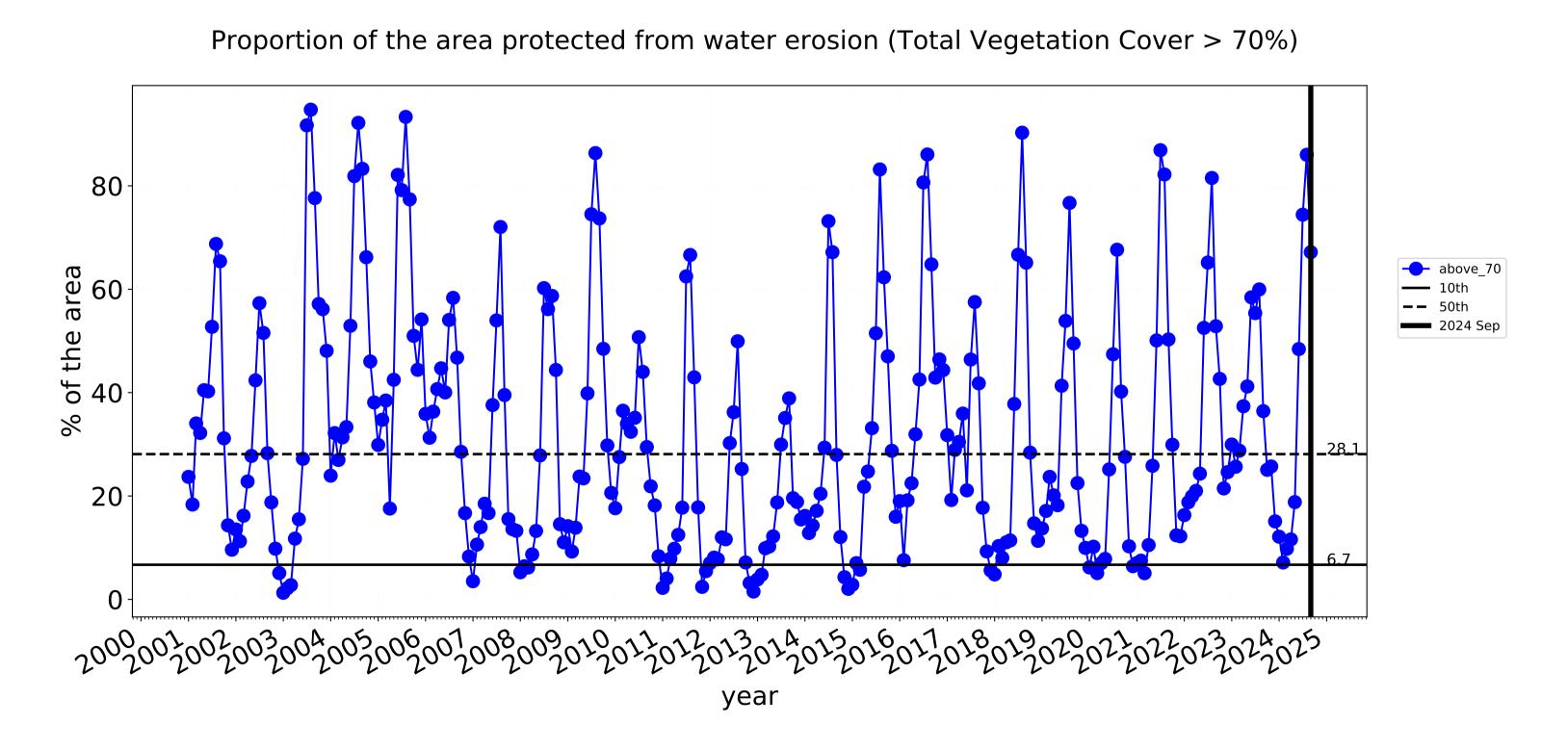


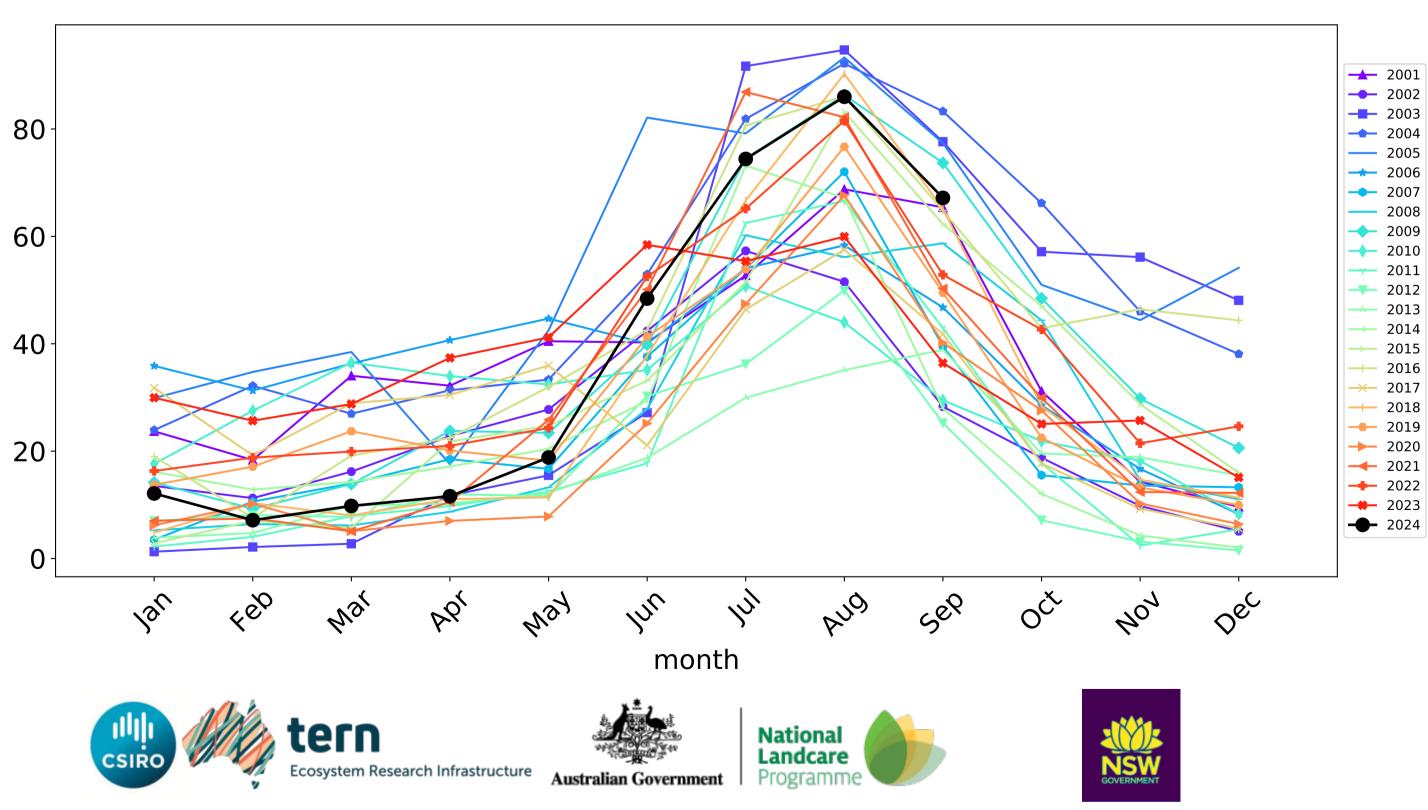


# **Cropping timeseries**









# Yilgarn\_(S) (3,006,625 ha and no data 35,779 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	3,006,625	99.9% 3,003,525	98.7% 2,968,050	64.1% 1,926,700	14.5% 437,200	0.7% 21,700	0.4% 12,575
Conservation and natural environments	2,223,650	99.9% 2,221,500	98.9% 2,198,150	64.7% 1,438,175	14.6% 325,525	0.1% 2,875	0.0% 925
Conservation and natural environments non forest	1,316,425	99.8% 1,314,325	98.2% 1,292,600	68.6% 902,650	16.7% 219,600	0.2% 2,425	0.1% 925
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	907,075	100.0% 907,025	99.8% 905,400	59.0% 535,400	11.7% 105,825	0.0% 450	0.0%
Agriculture	732,150	100.0% 731,925	98.7% 722,350	62.4% 457,050	12.3% 89,875	0.5% 3,825	0.1% 800
Grazing	185,275	100.0% 185,250	99.1% 183,625	48.3% 89,575	4.5% 8,275	0.1% 200	0.1% 100
Grazing non forest	66,325	100.0% 66,300	97.5% 64,700	58.3% 38,700	10.1% 6,725	0.3% 200	0.2% 100
Grazing Woodland forest	118,950	100.0% 118,950	100.0% 118,925	42.8% 50,875	1.3% 1,550	0.0% 0	0.0%
Cropping	545,400	100.0% 545,200	98.5% 537,250	67.2% 366,350	14.9% 81,125	0.7% 3,625	0.1% 700







