# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Tammin (S) WA

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

**Date: October 2024** 

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

# Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









# **Vegetation Cover Oct 2024**

### Land use and forest cover

### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest ${\bf 3}$ Conservation and natural environments - Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation 13 Other uses

### Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean is only for the

using baseline from 2001 to

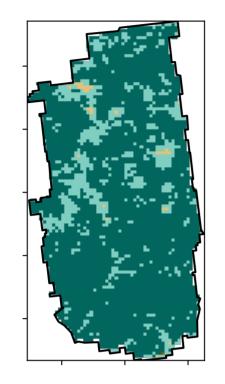
2019.

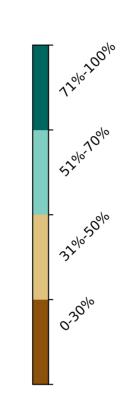
month of the map

is, red pixels are about 20%

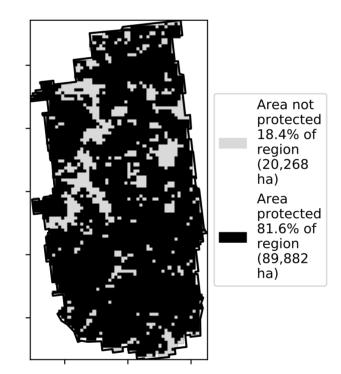
Catchment Scale

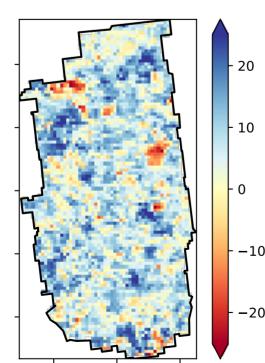
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**





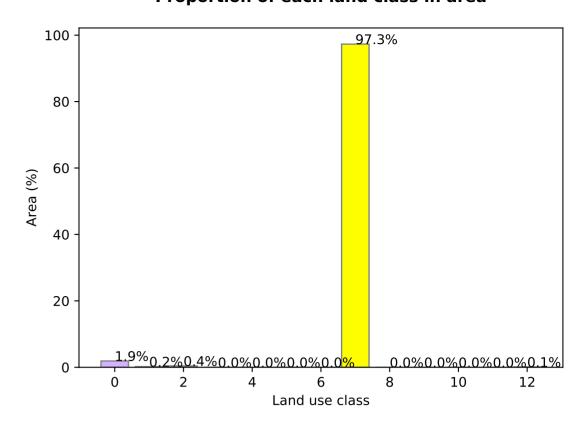
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



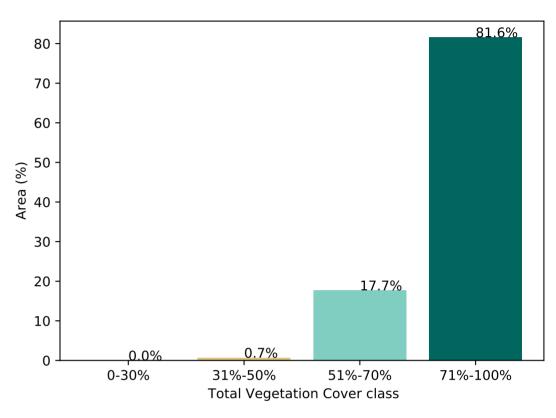


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

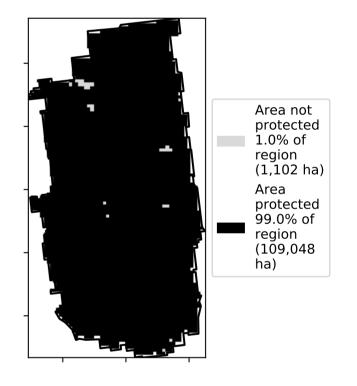
# Proportion of each land class in area



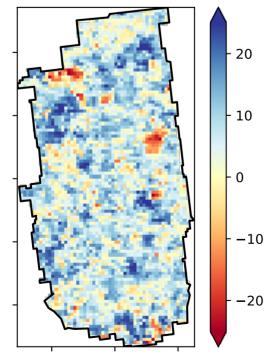
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



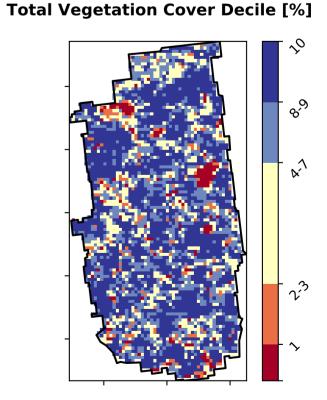
### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



records for that month of





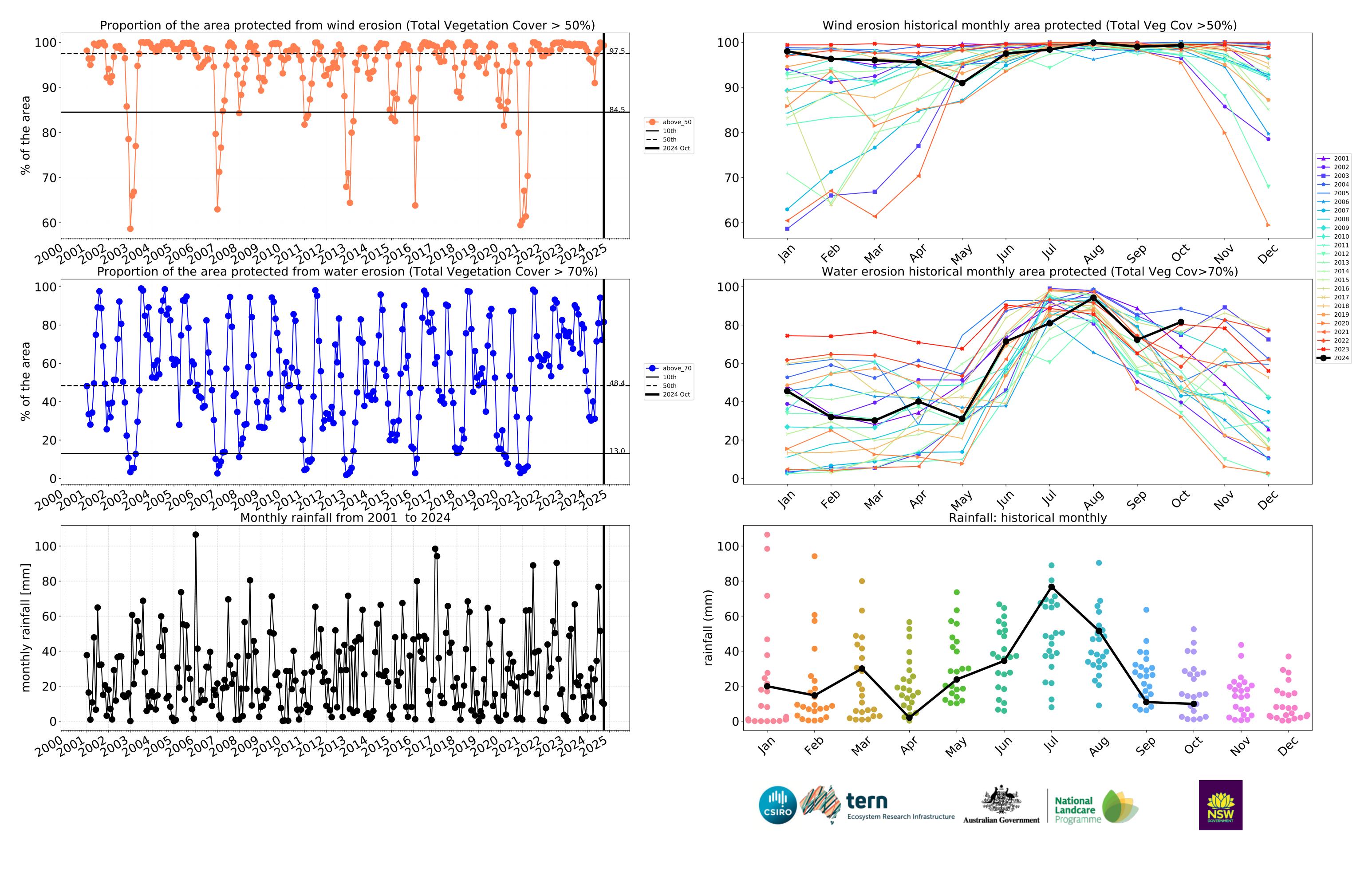












# **Conservation and natural environments**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018) Derived from

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels

are about 20%

lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

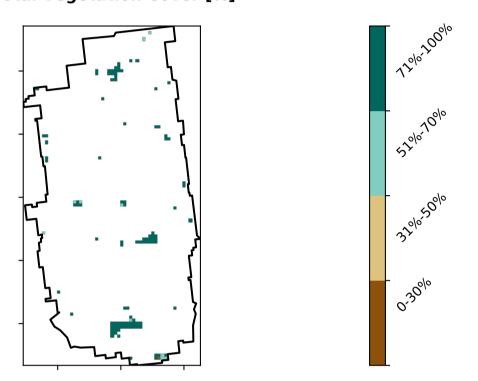
Use of Australia

Land Use and Forests

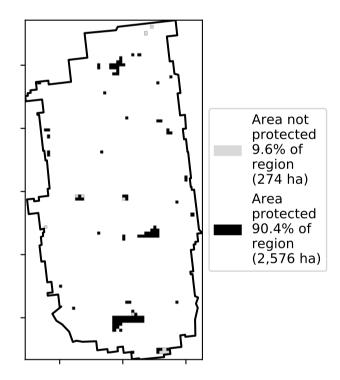
Catchment Scale Land

# 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonforest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest

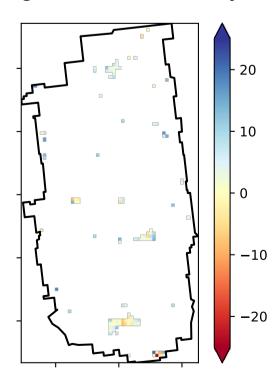
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

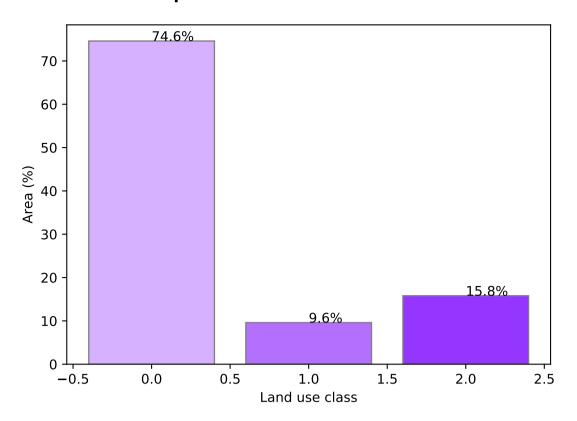


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

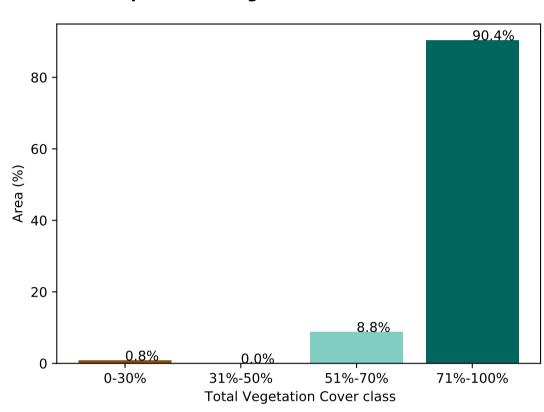


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

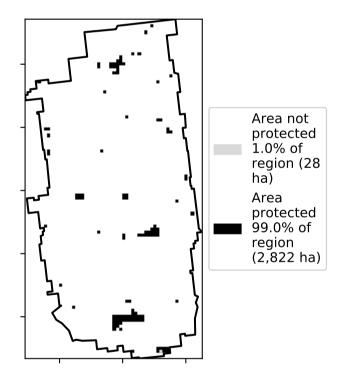
### Proportion of each land class in area



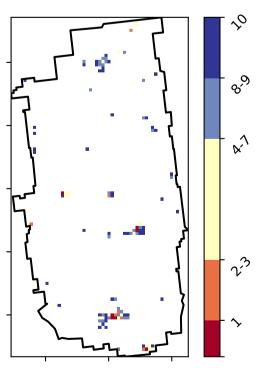
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]



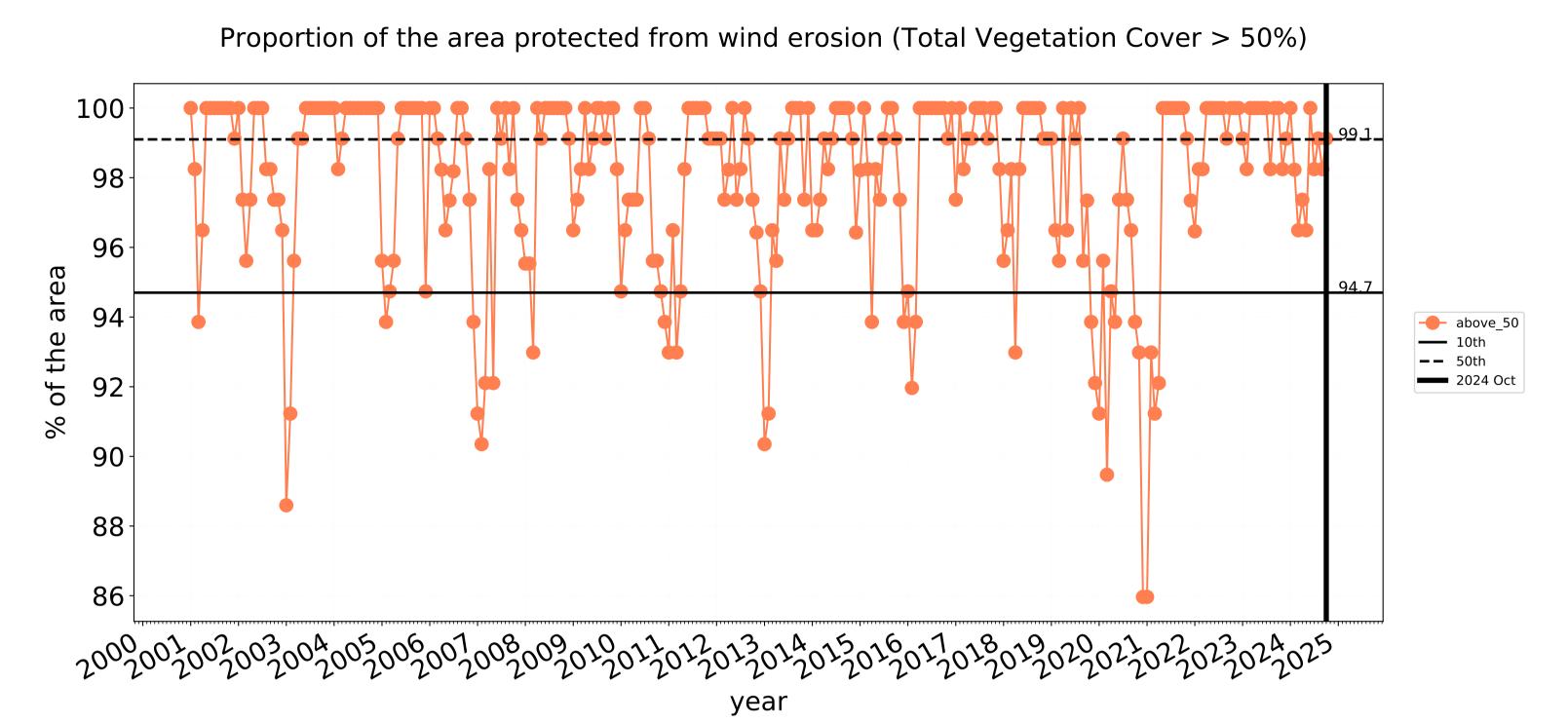


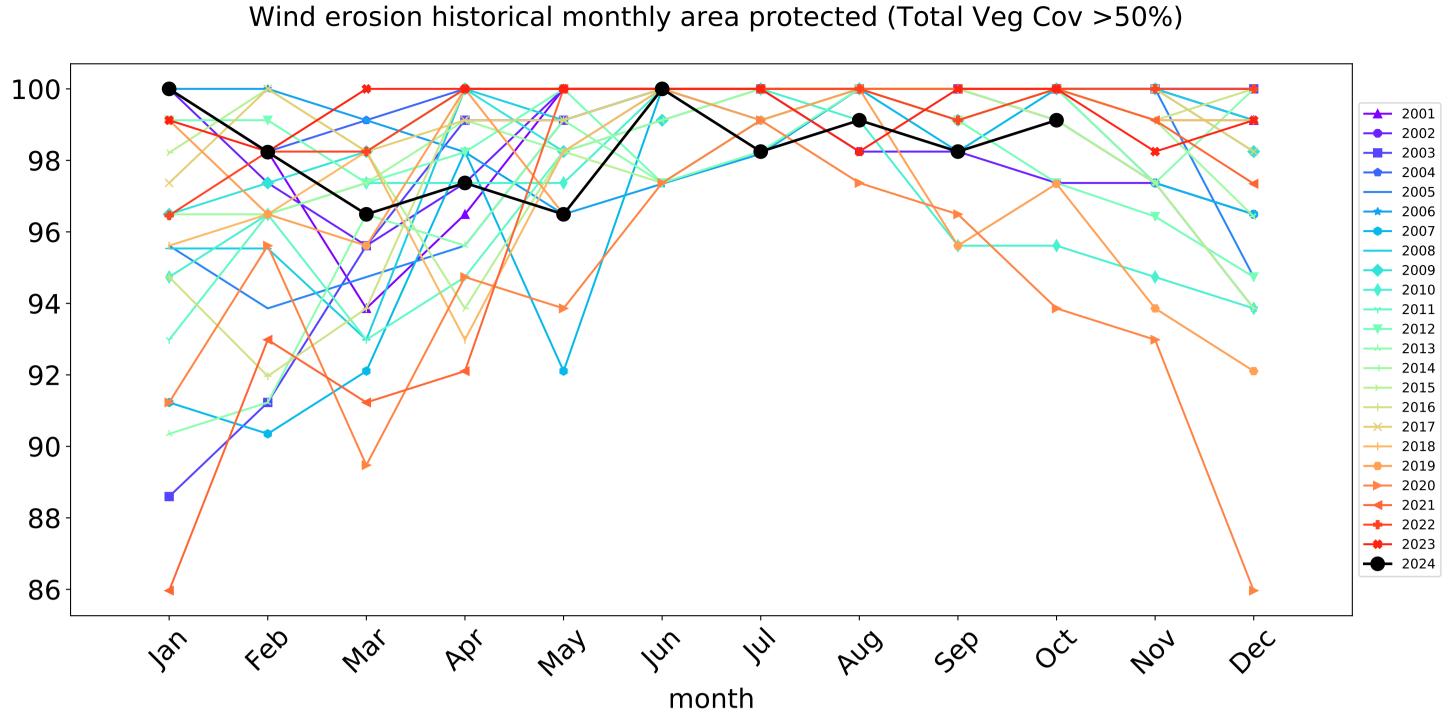


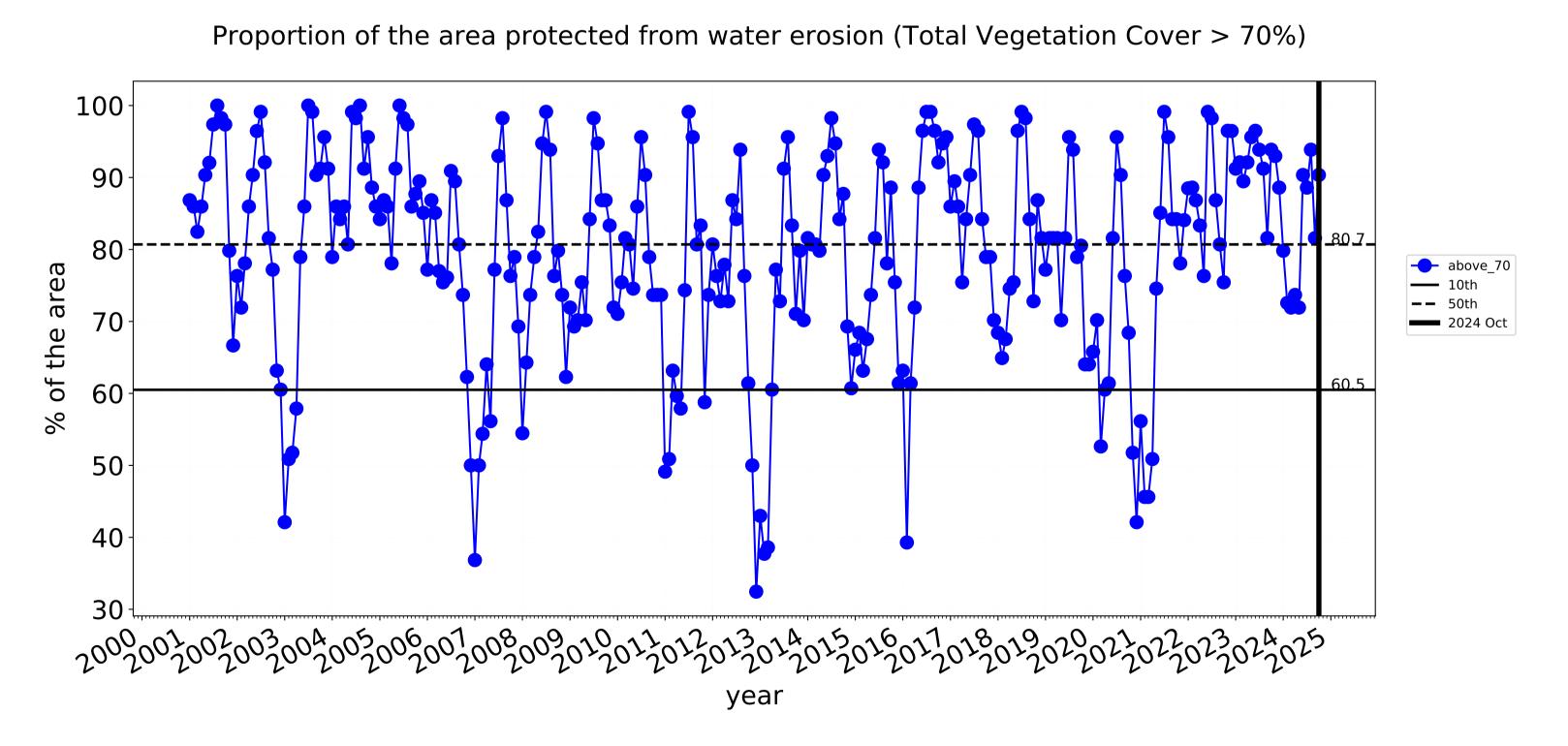


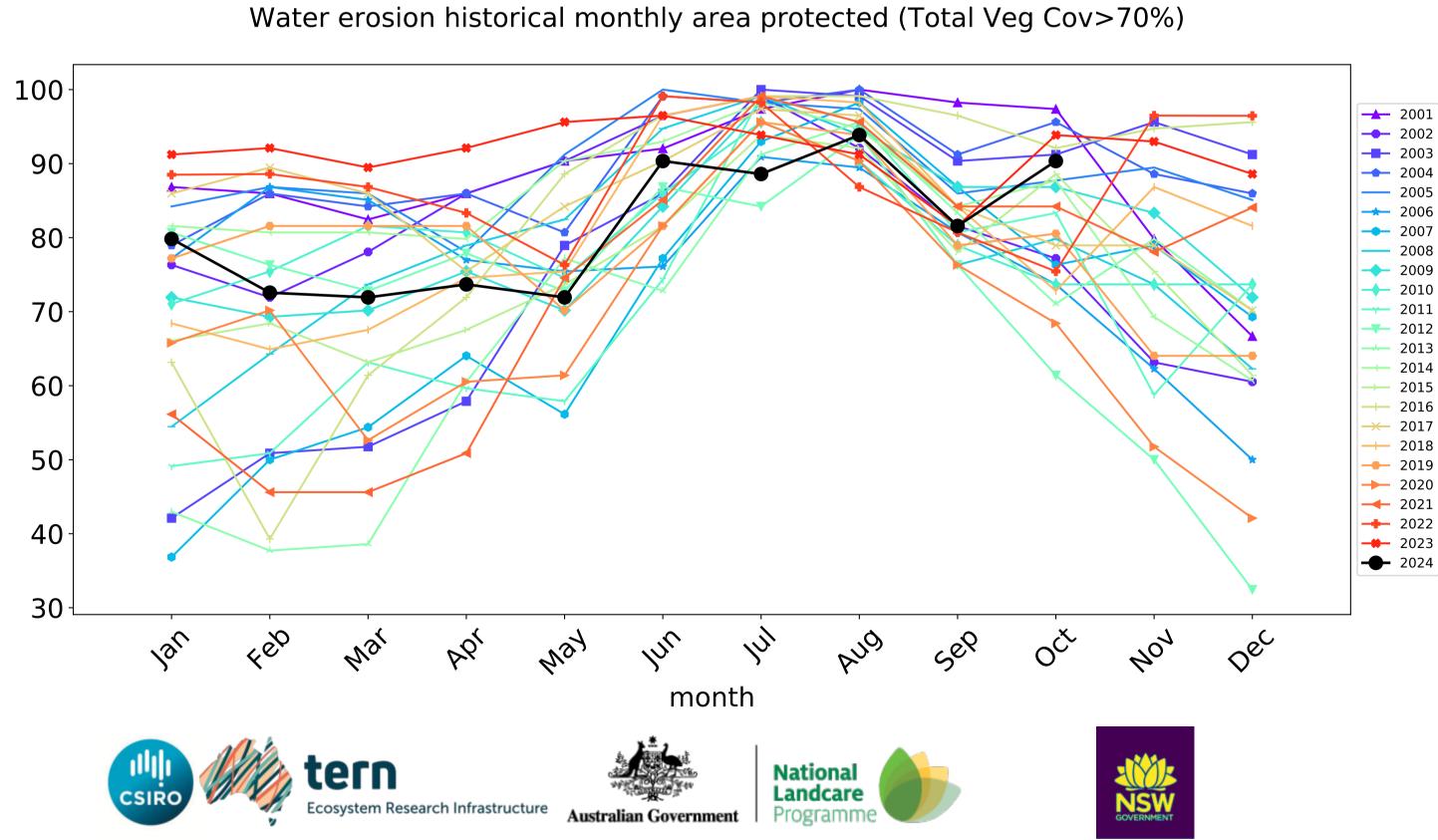


# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**









# **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

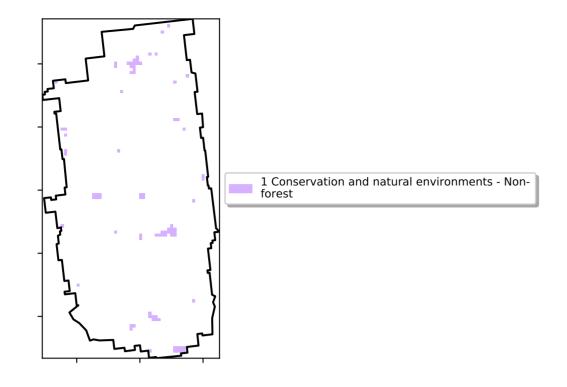
are about 20%

lower than the mean of that

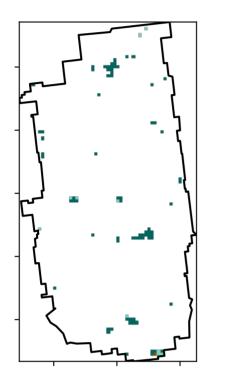
pixel. The mean

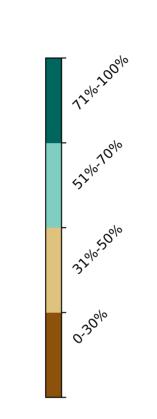
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

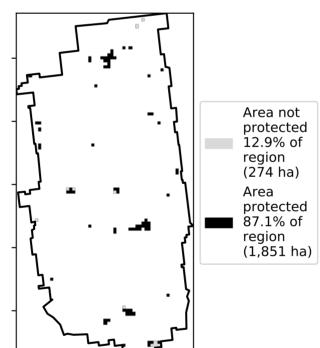


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

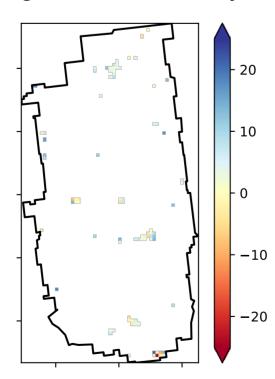




### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

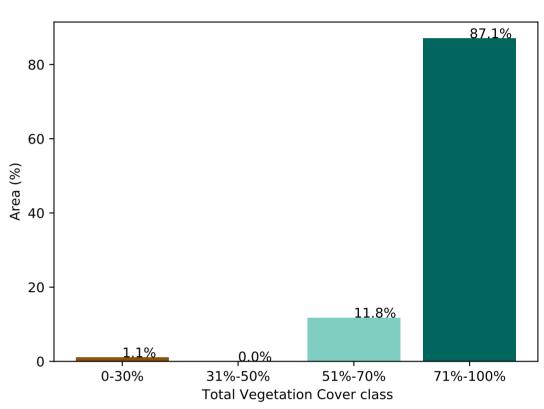


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

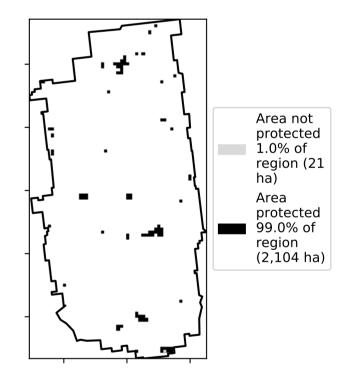


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

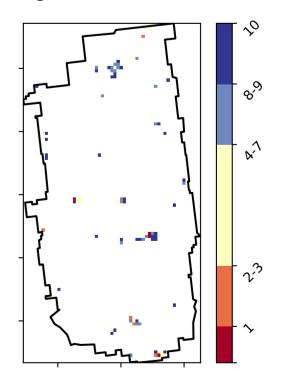
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



# % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



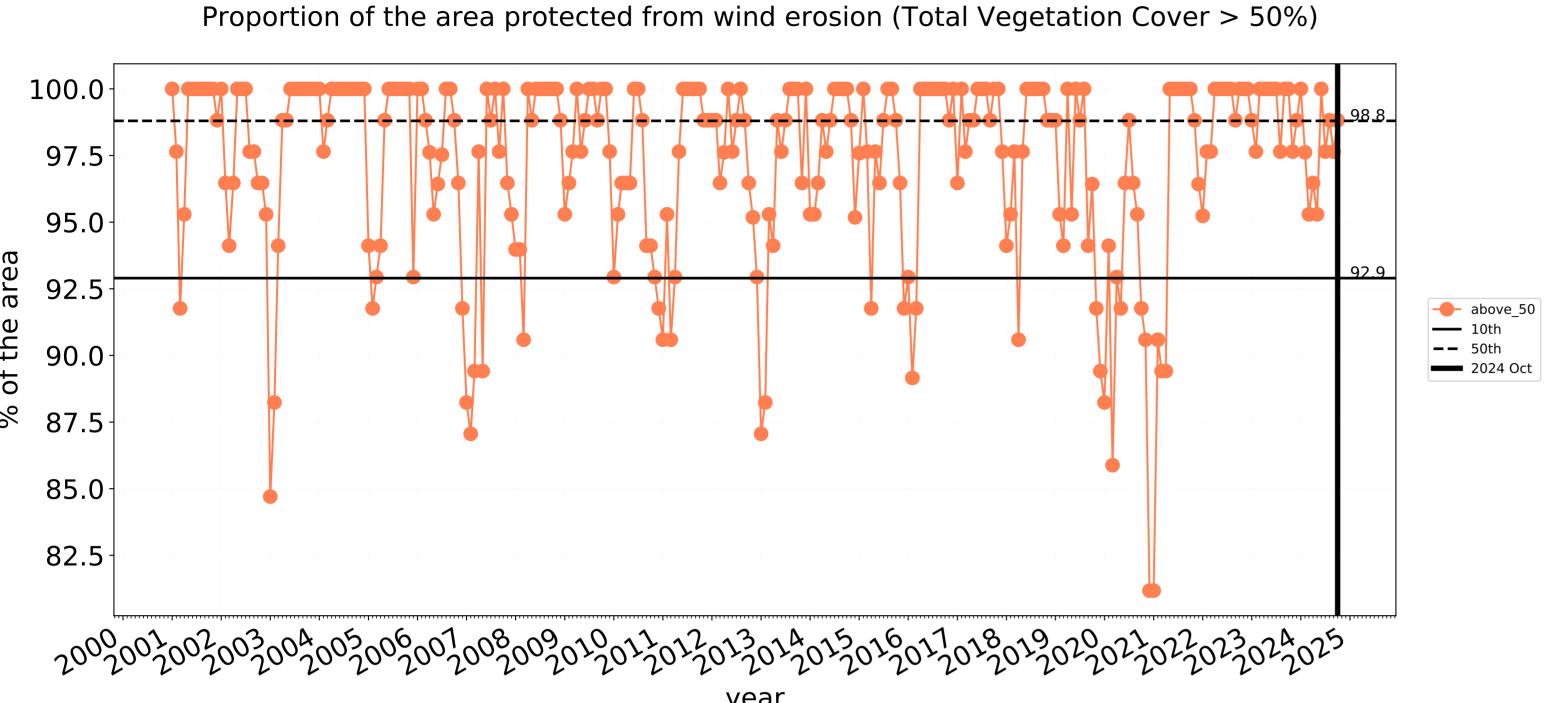




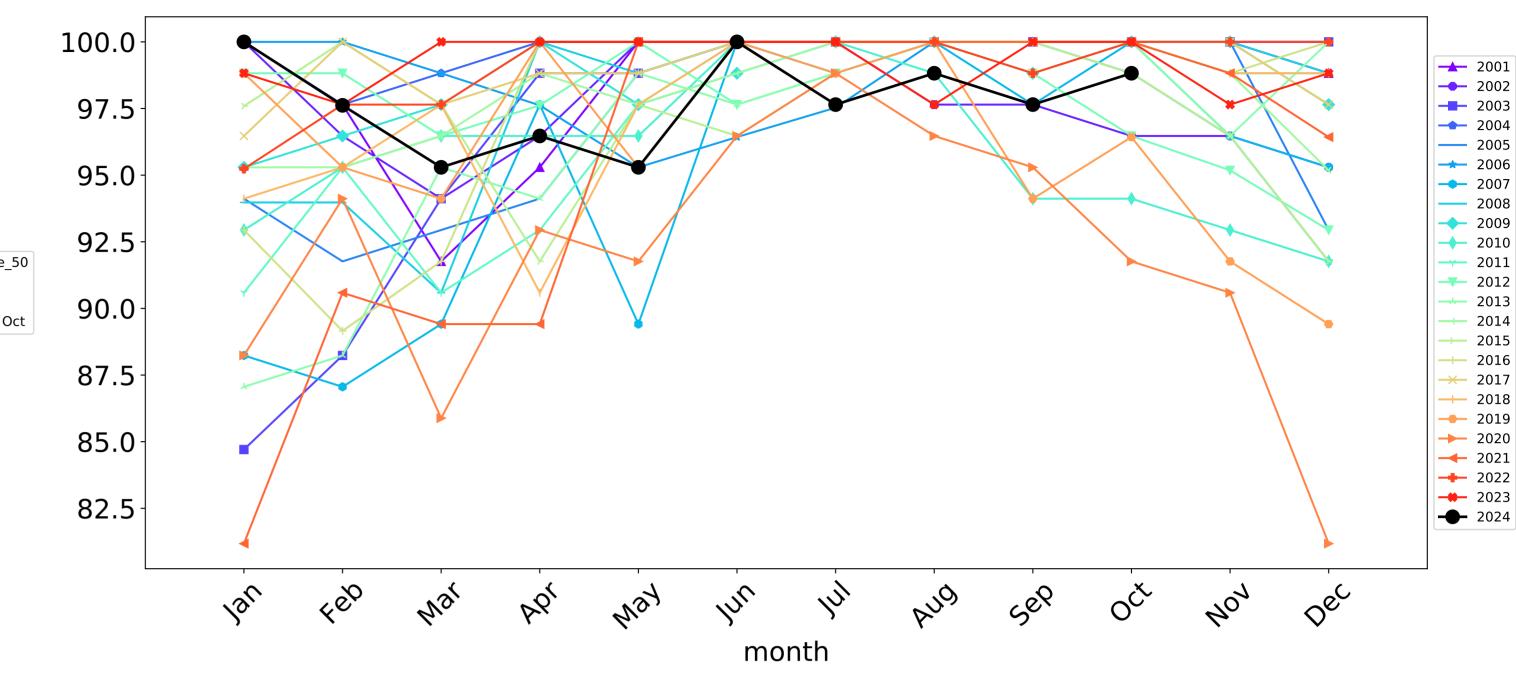


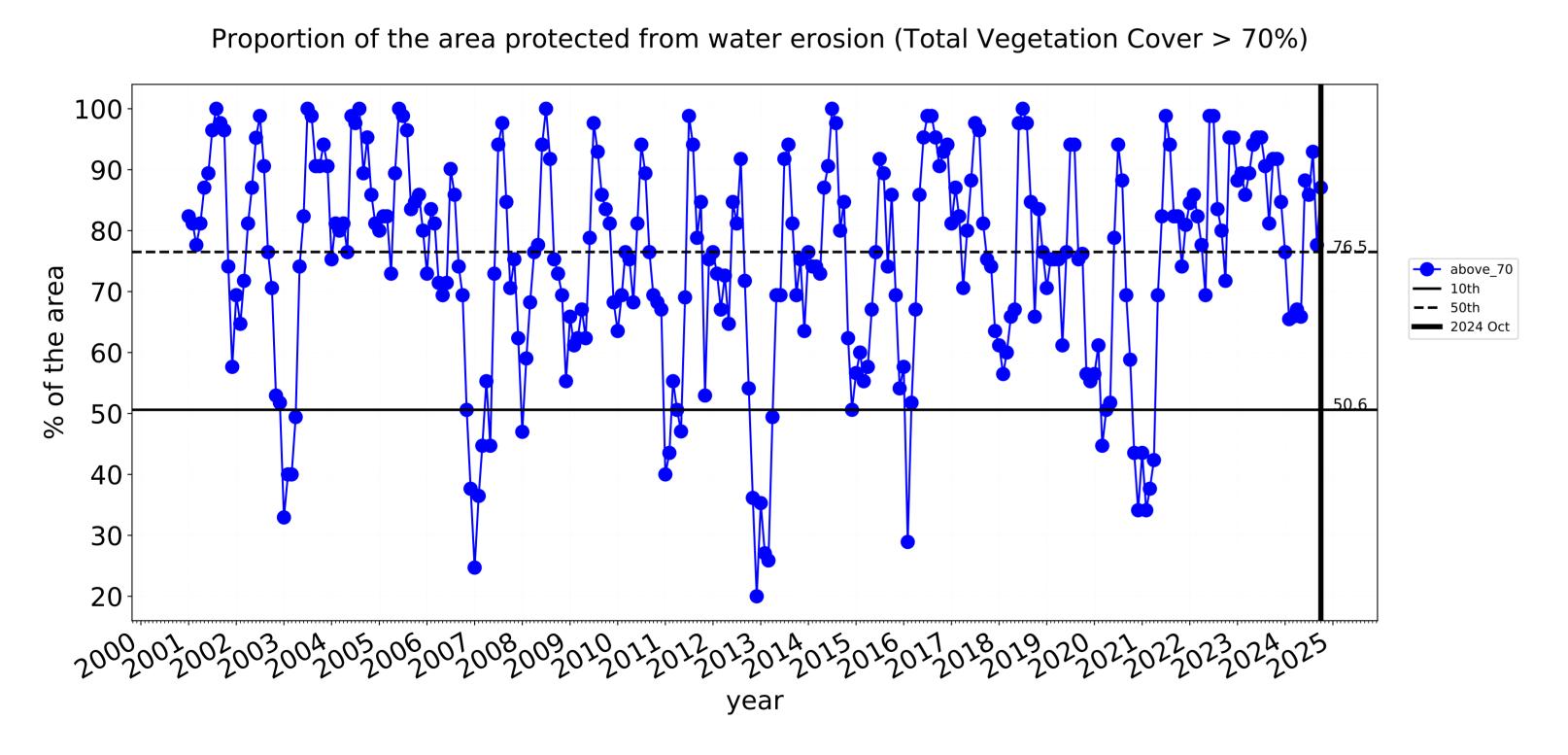


# **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**



# Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)





# 100 2001 2002 90 2003 → 2004 80 <del>----</del> 2007 2009 70-→ 2010 2011 60 2013 **─** 2014 **→** 2015 50 <del>─</del> 2017 40-2019 → 2020 **→** 2021 30 **---** 2024 20 month National Landcare **Ecosystem Research Infrastructure**

Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)

# **Agriculture**

### Land use and forest cover

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

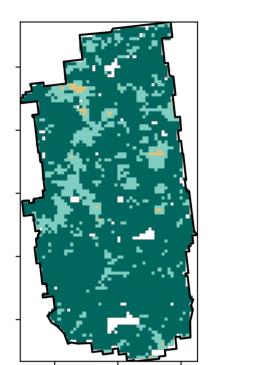
pixel. The mean

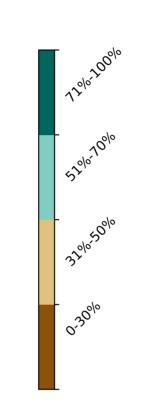
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

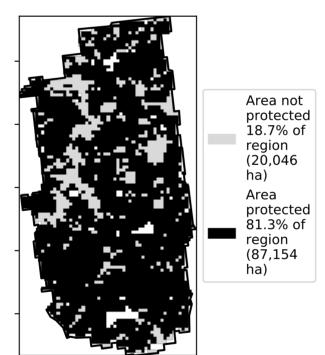
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

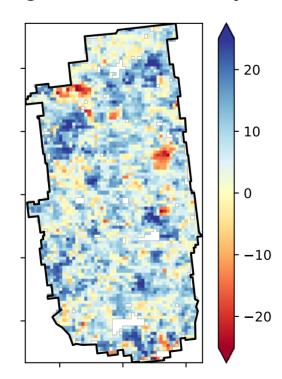




# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

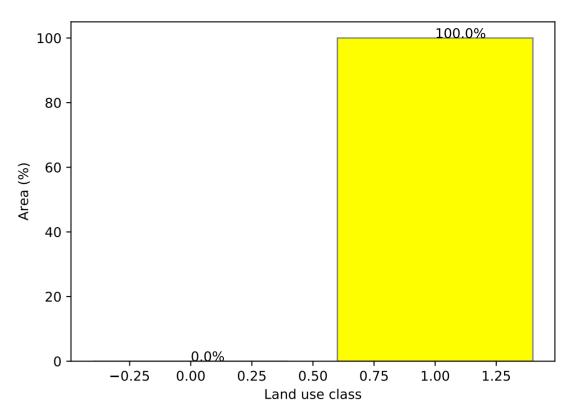


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

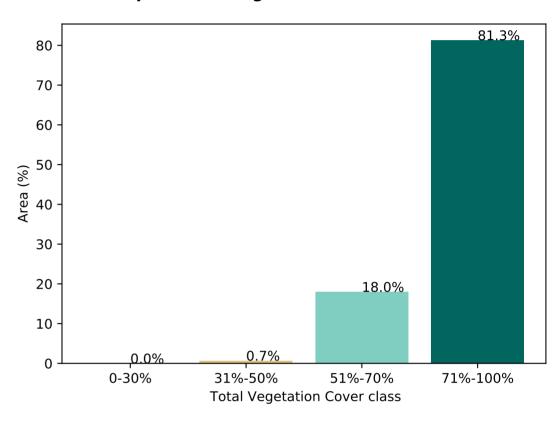


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

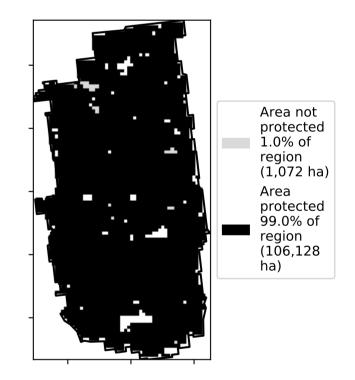
### Proportion of each land class in area



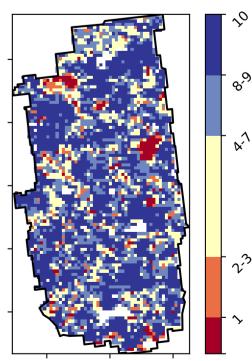
### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



## % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]







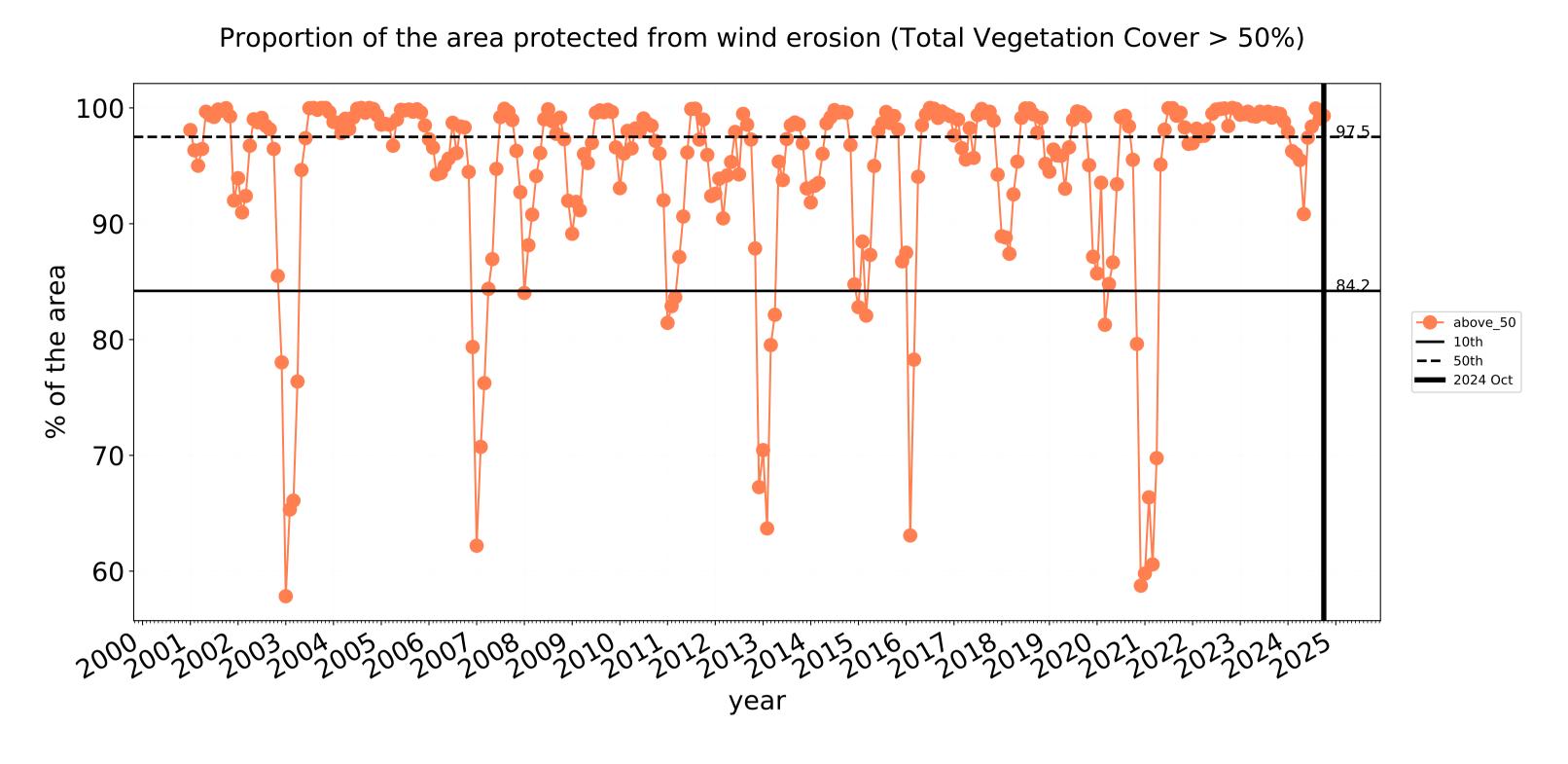


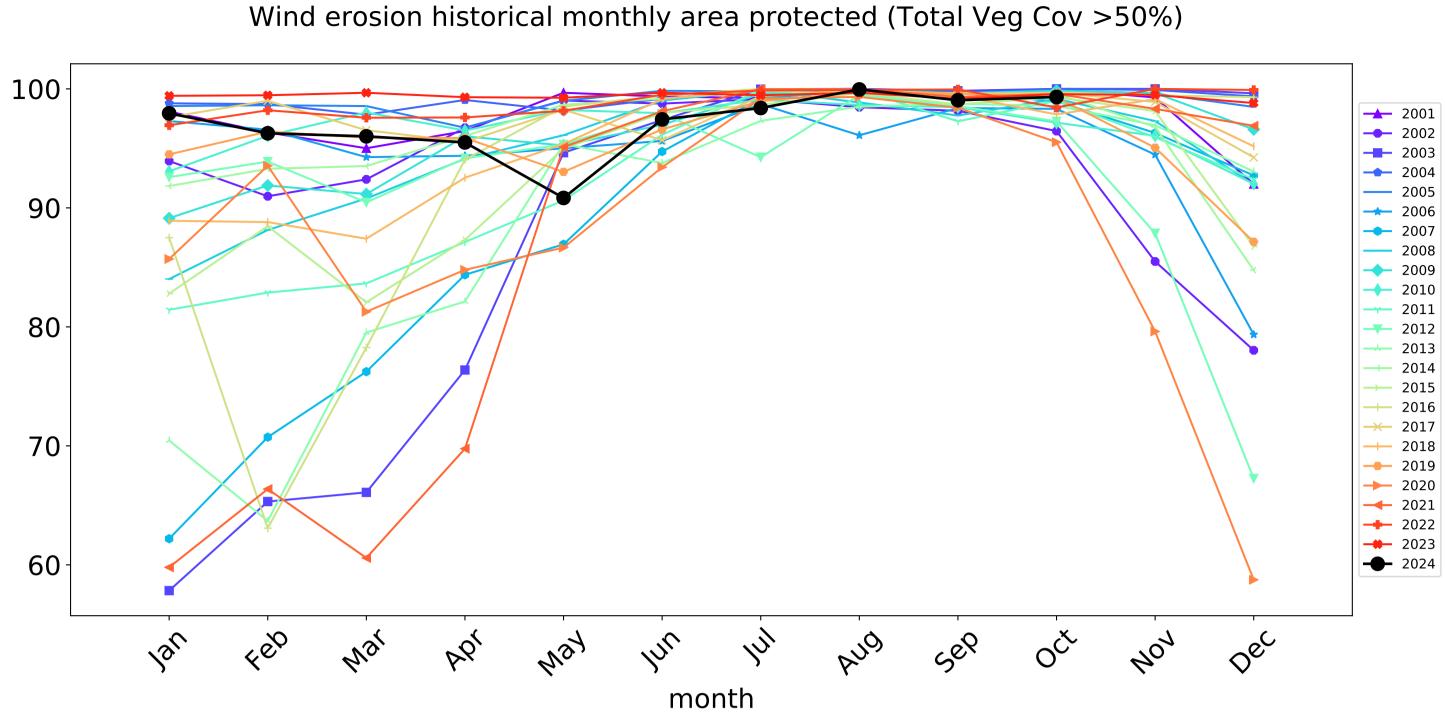


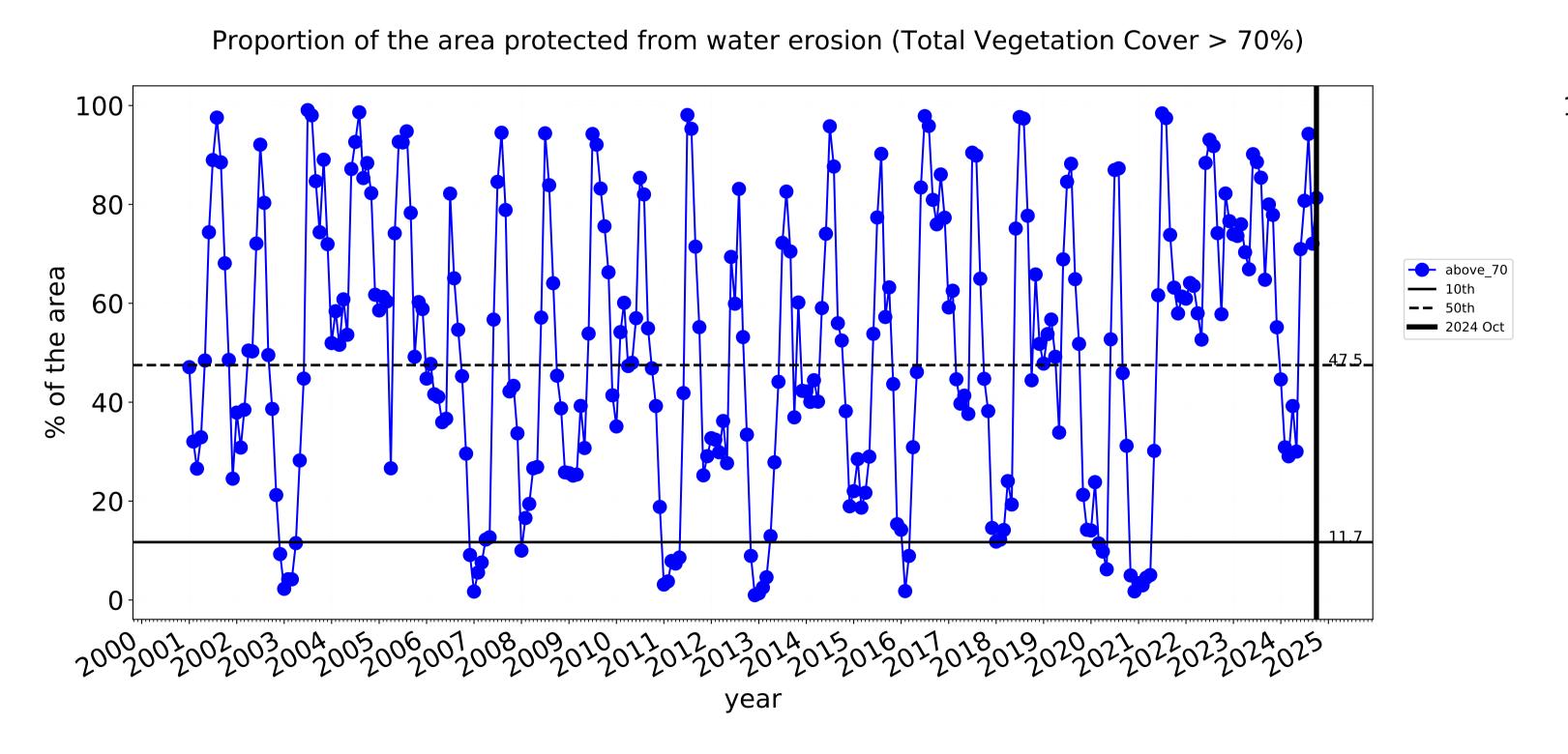


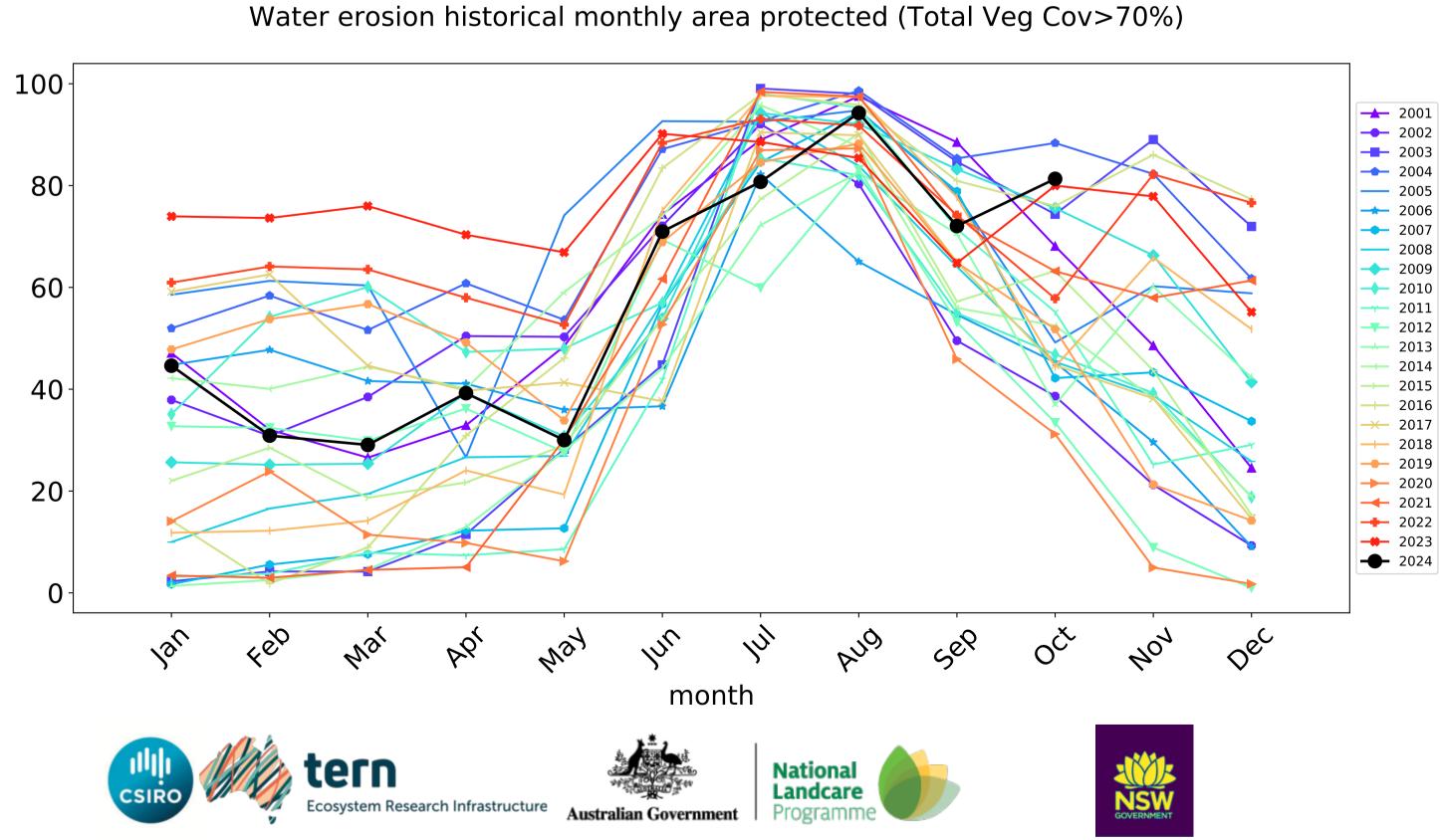


# **Agriculture timeseries**









# **Cropping**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

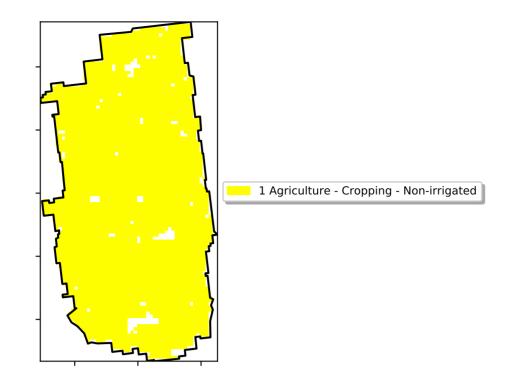
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

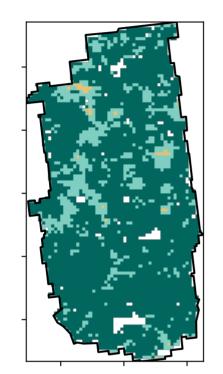
pixel. The mean

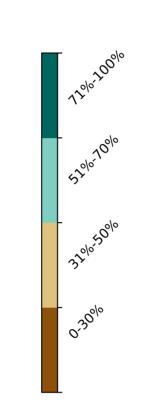
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

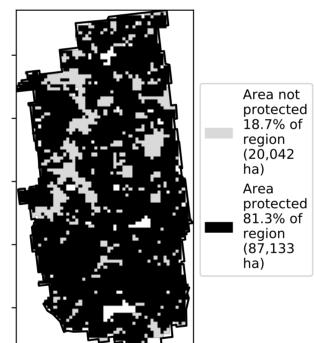


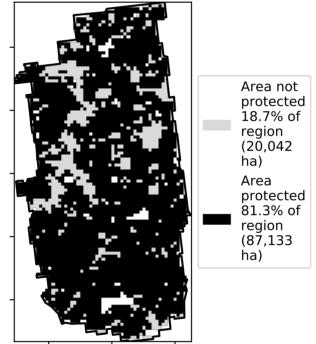
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



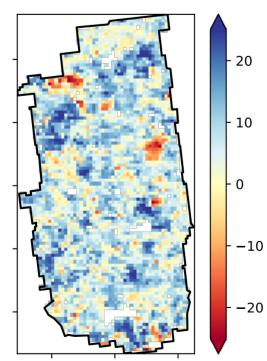


## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



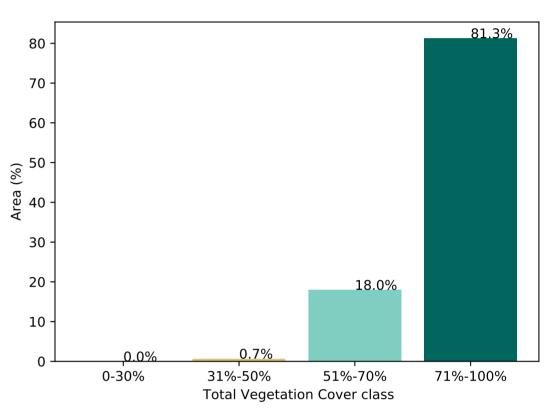


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

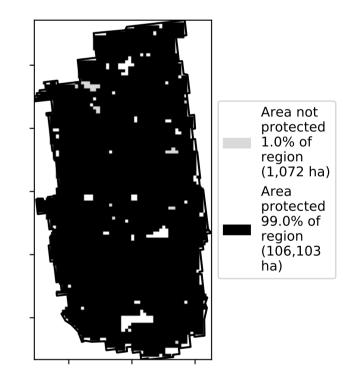


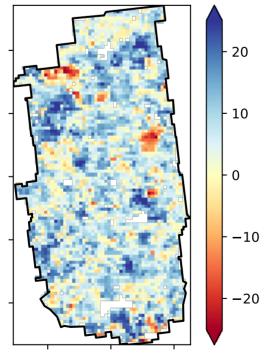
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

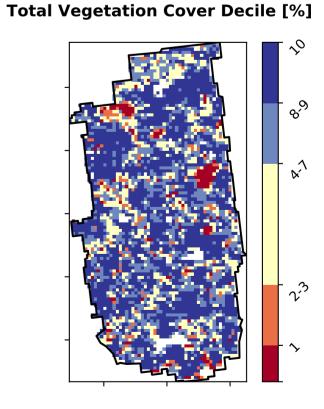


### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





records for that month of







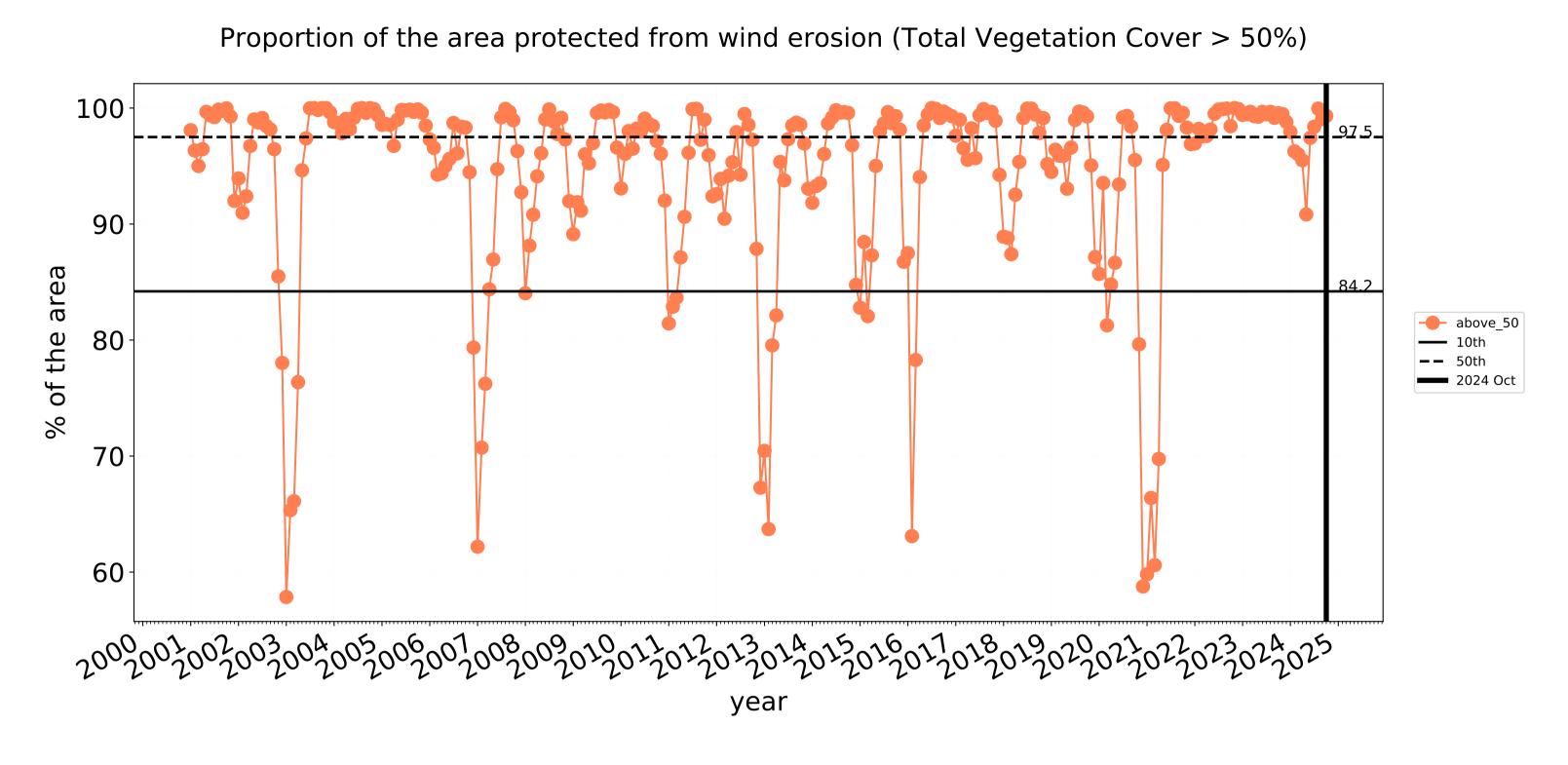


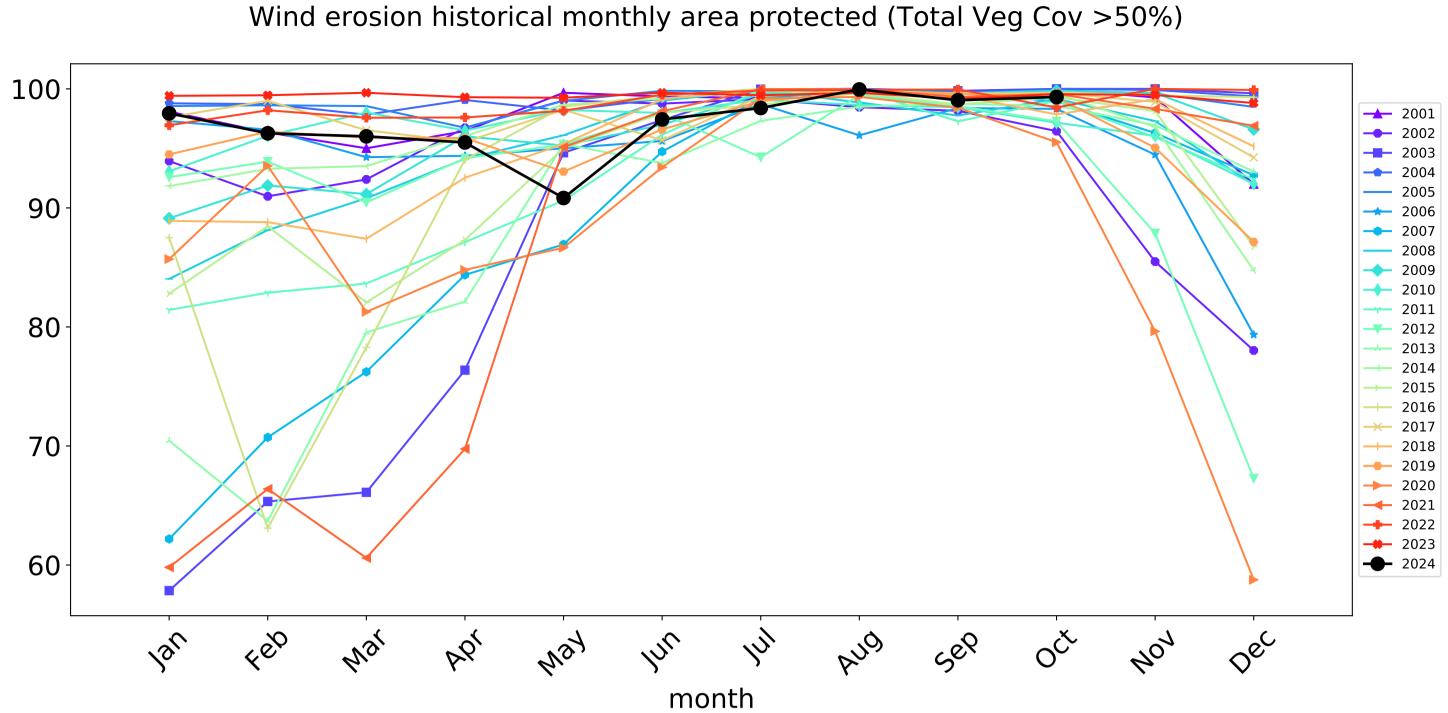


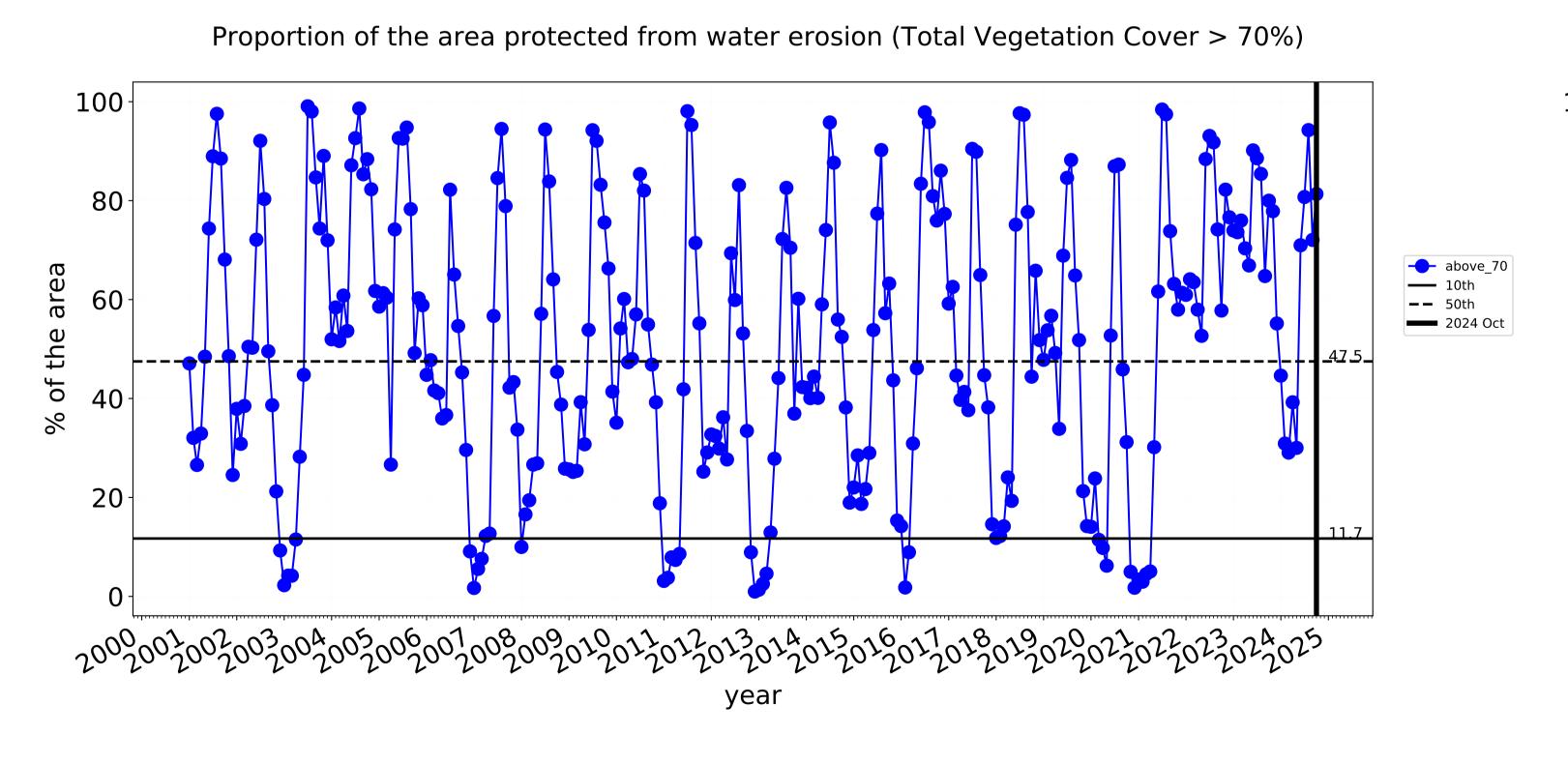


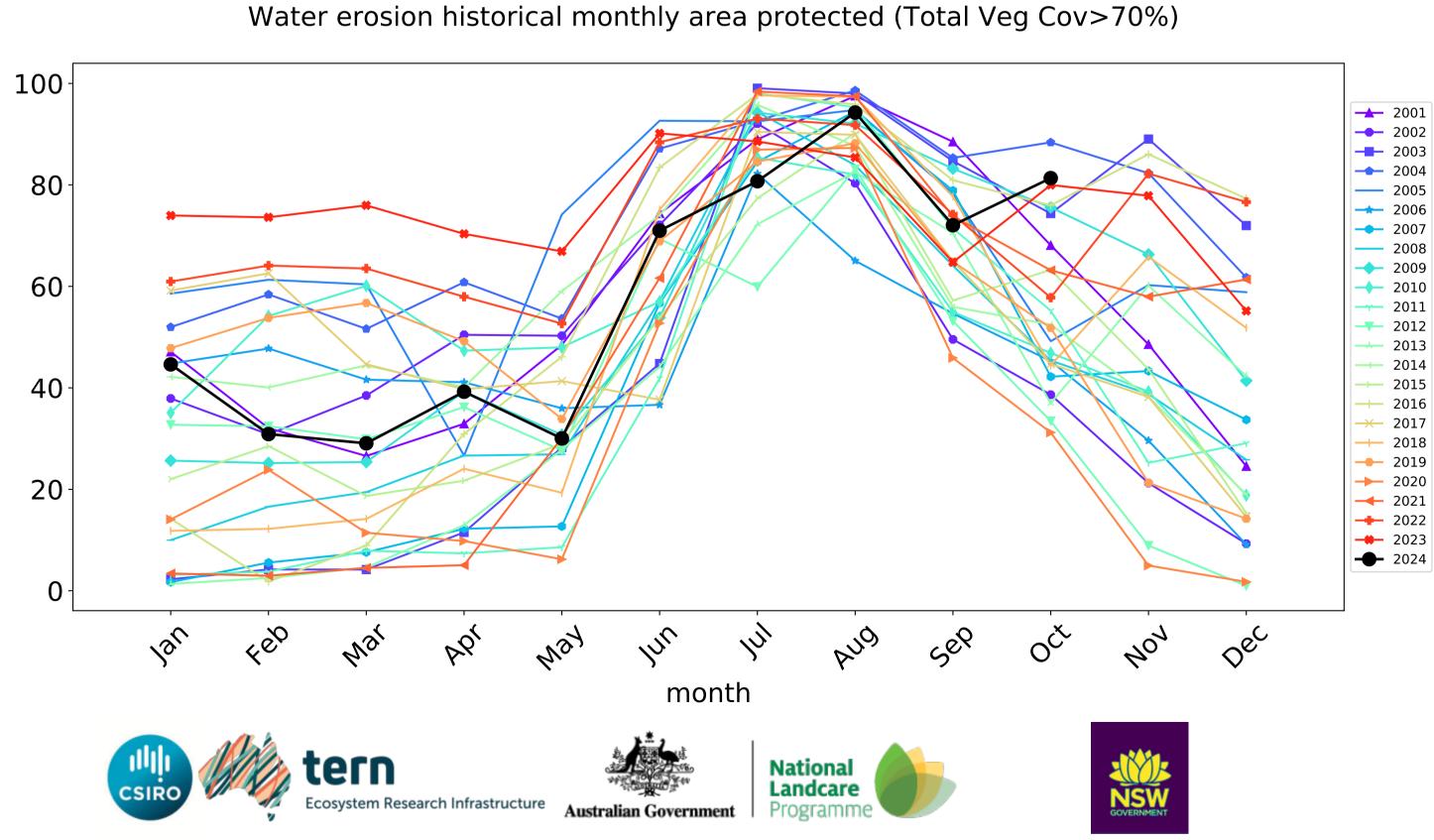


# **Cropping timeseries**









# Tammin\_(S) (total 110,150 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	110,150	100.0% 110,125	99.3% 109,400	81.6% 89,850	43.6% 48,075	11.2% 12,325	4.3% 4,700
Conservation and natural environments	2,850	99.1% 2,825	99.1% 2,825	90.4% 2,575	52.6% 1,500	4.4% 125	1.8% 50
Conservation and natural environments non forest	2,125	98.8% 2,100	98.8% 2,100	87.1% 1,850	45.9% 975	4.7% 100	2.4% 50
Agriculture	107,200	100.0% 107,200	99.3% 106,475	81.3% 87,175	43.4% 46,525	11.4% 12,200	4.3% 4,650
Cropping	107,175	100.0% 107,175	99.3% 106,450	81.3% 87,175	43.4% 46,525	11.4% 12,200	4.3% 4,650







