# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Swan\_(C) WA

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Date: January 2021

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

# Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3



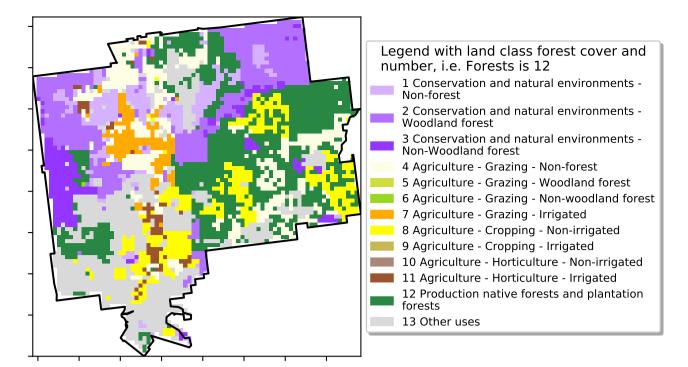






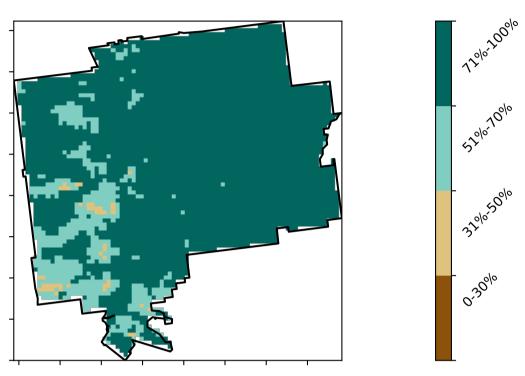
# **Vegetation Cover Jan 2021**

### **Land use and forest cover**

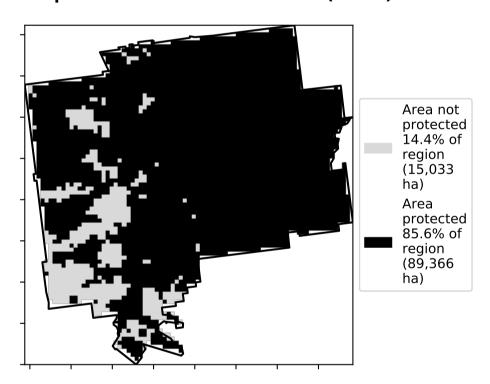


### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

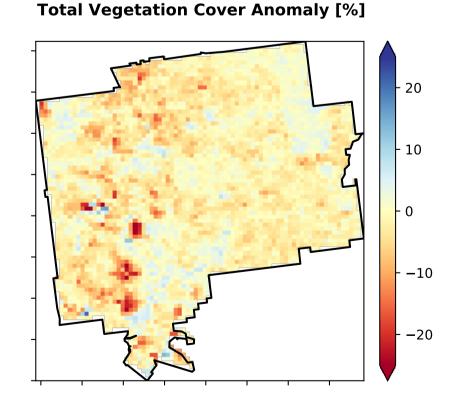
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



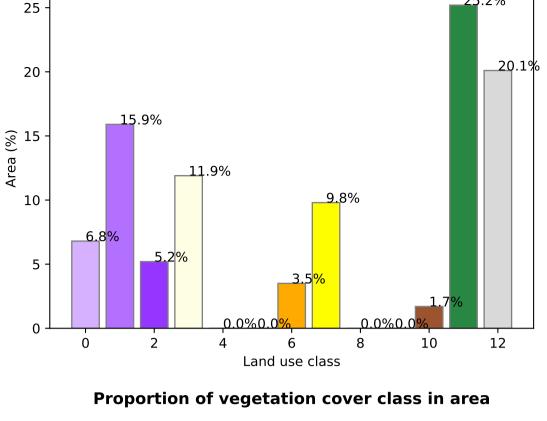
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



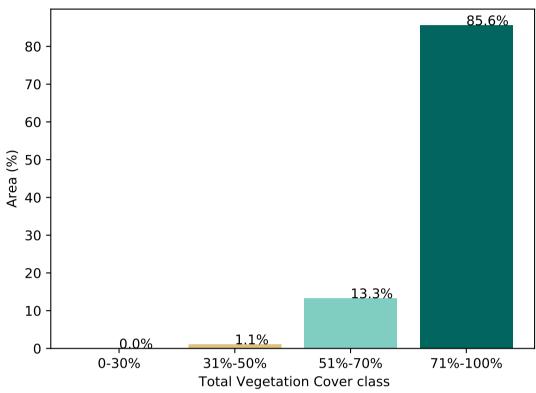
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that
pixel. The mean
is only for the
month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



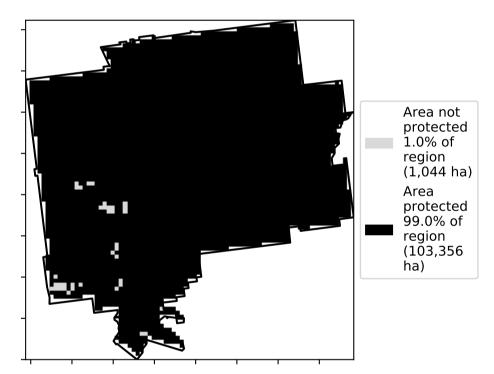
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



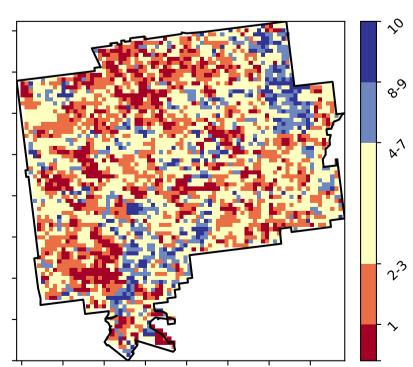
**Proportion of each land class in area** 



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 



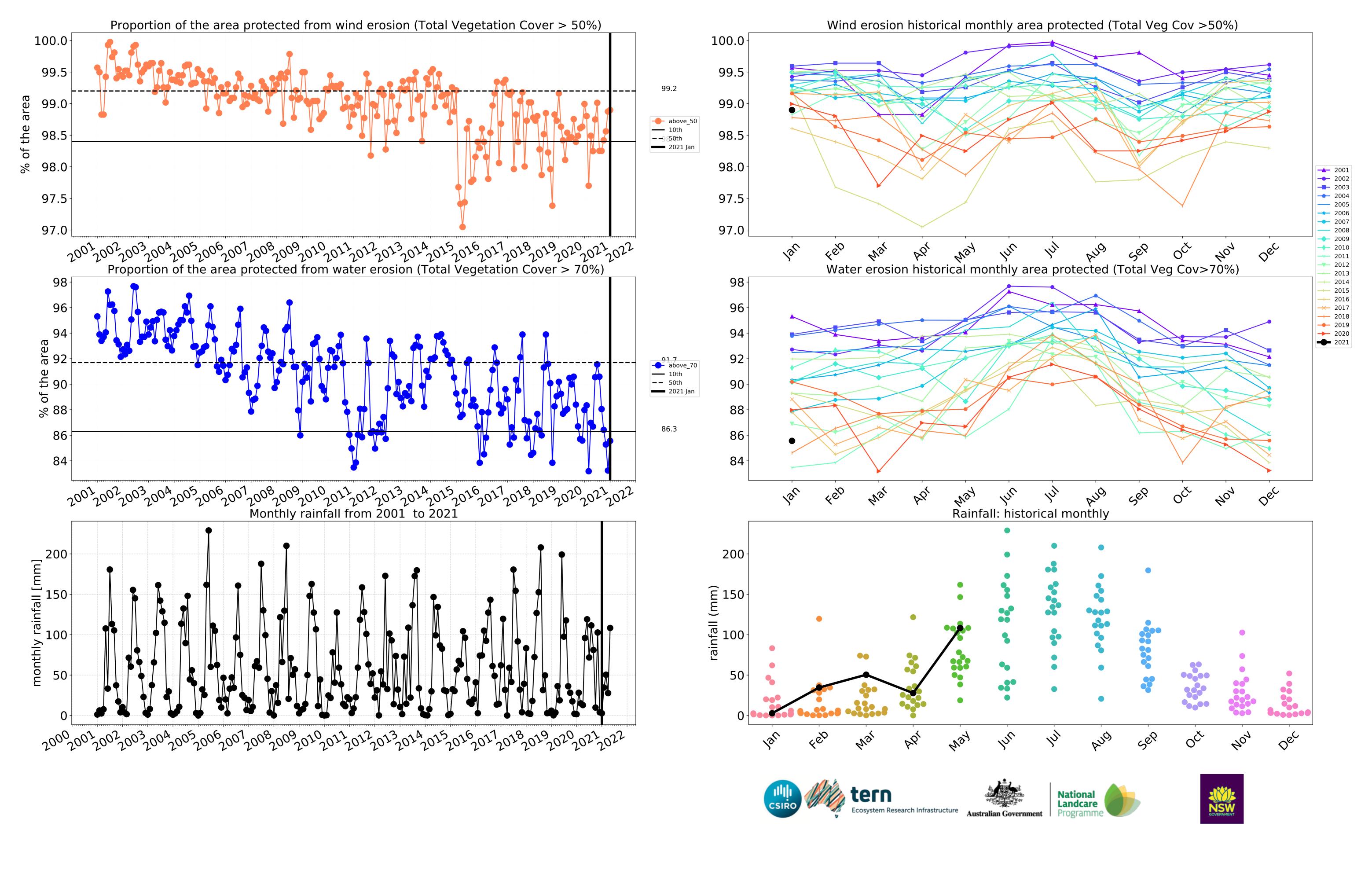


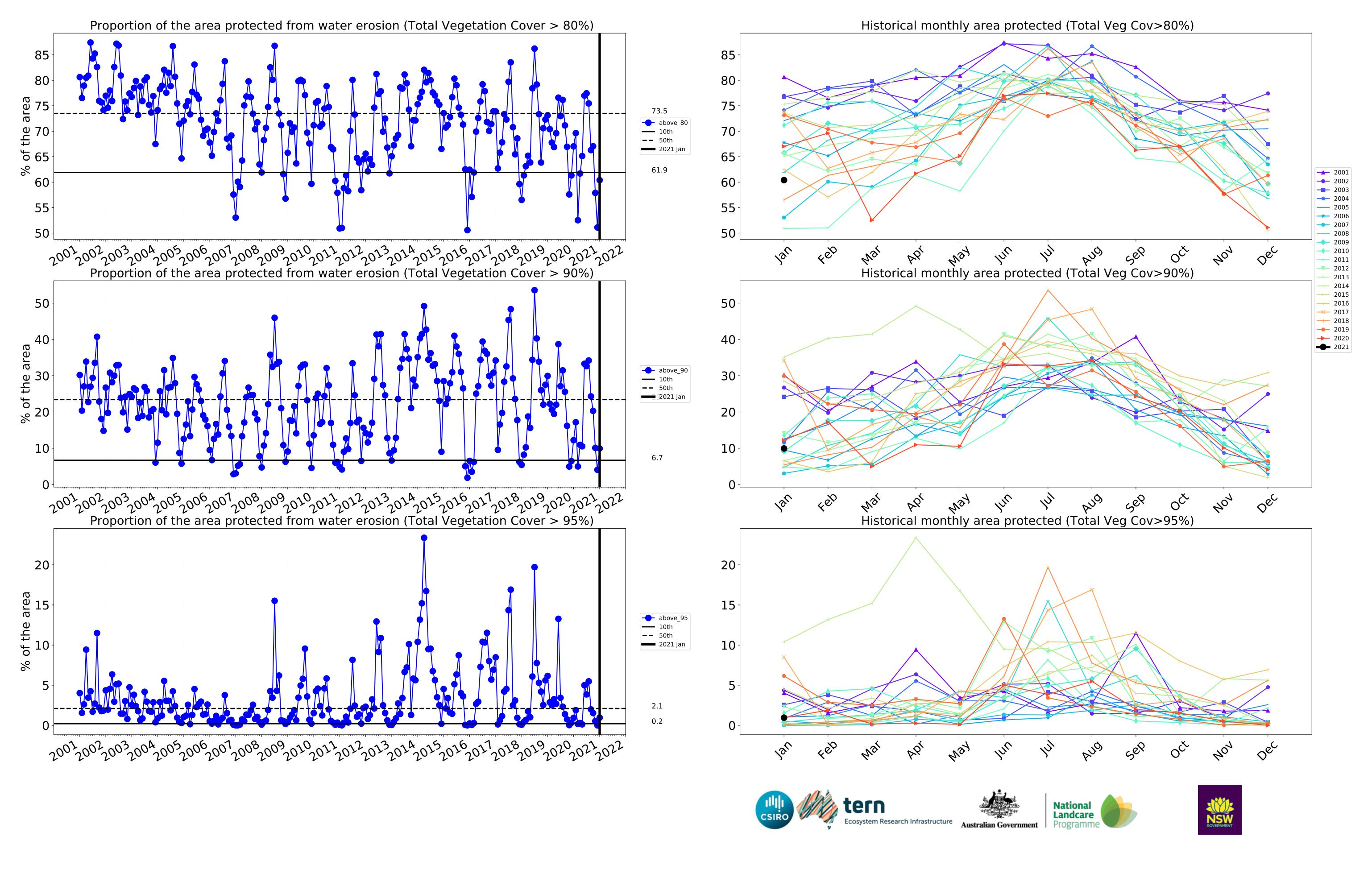












# **Conservation and natural environments**

# Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests

of Australia (2018) Derived from

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean

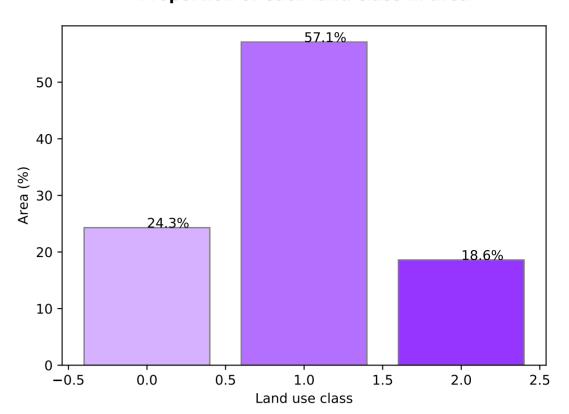
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

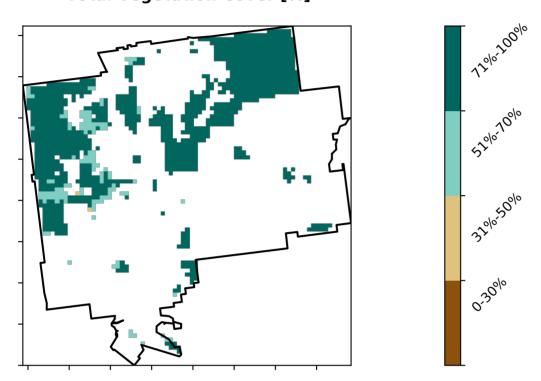
Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

# 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonforest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest

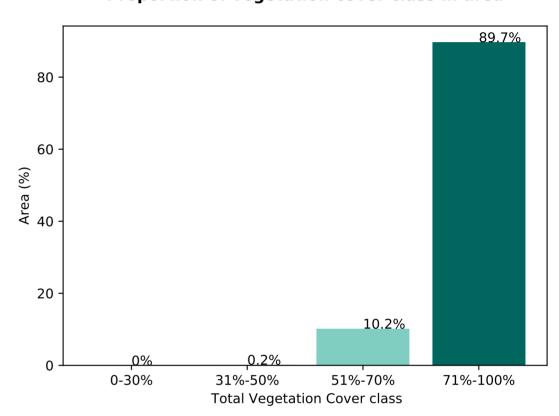
### Proportion of each land class in area

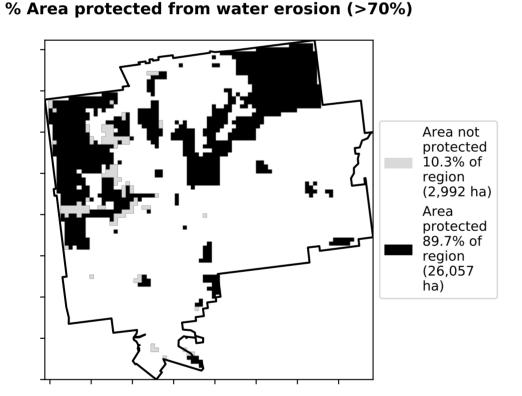


# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

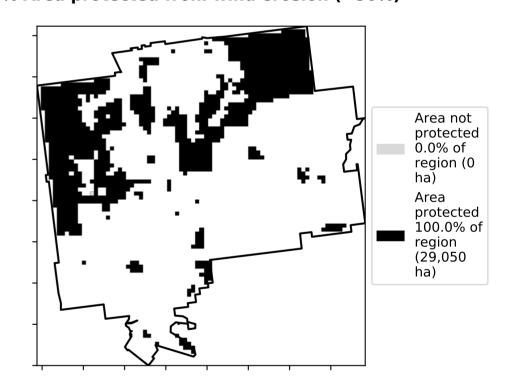


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

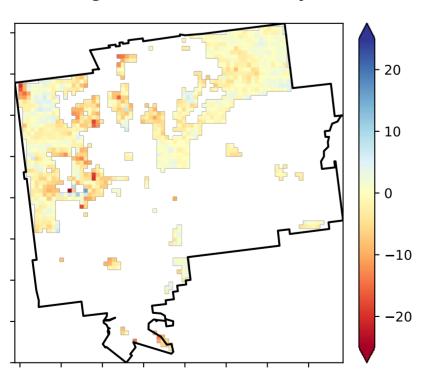




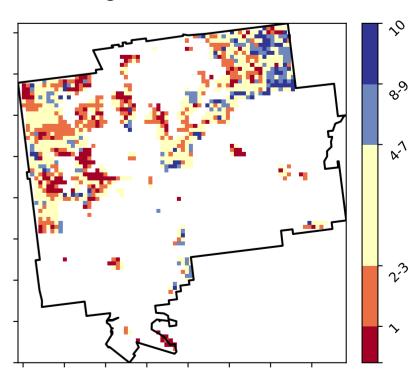
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





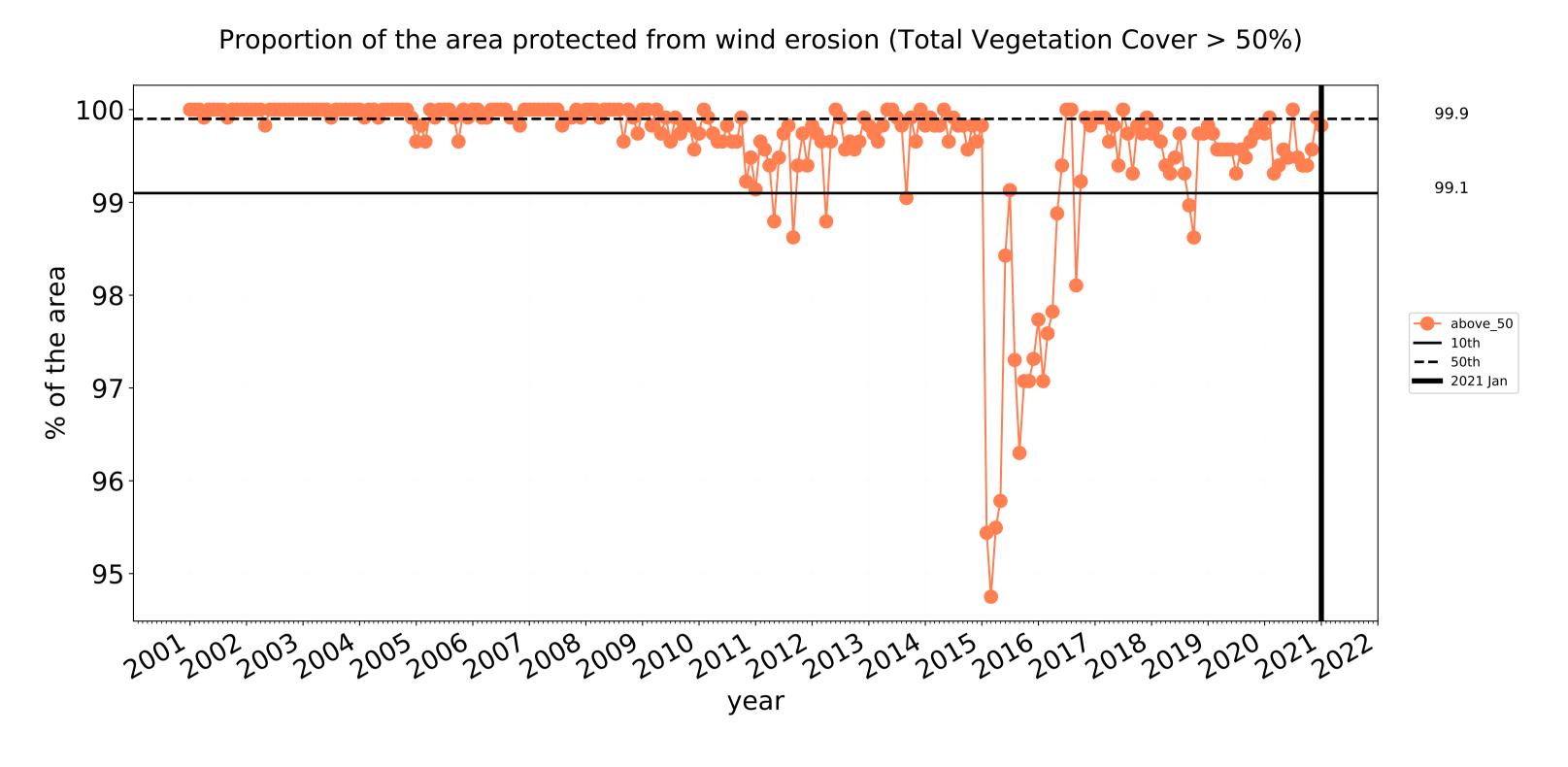


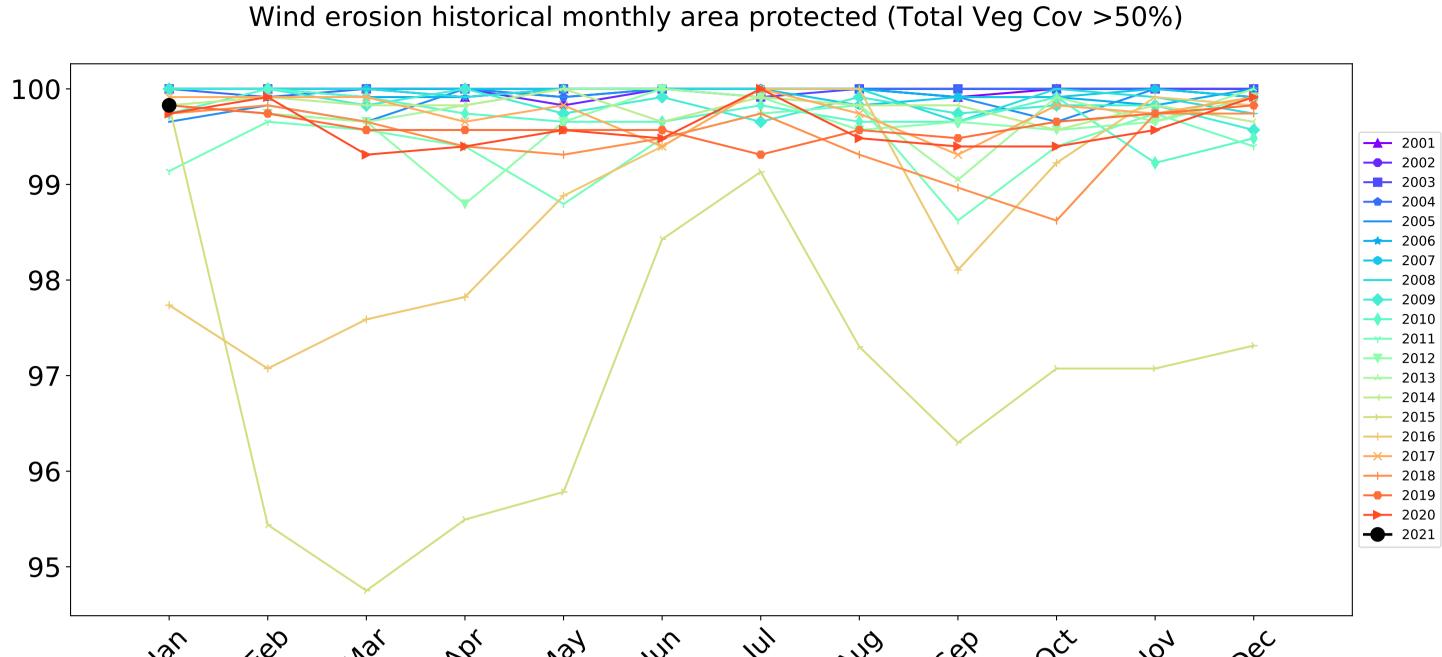




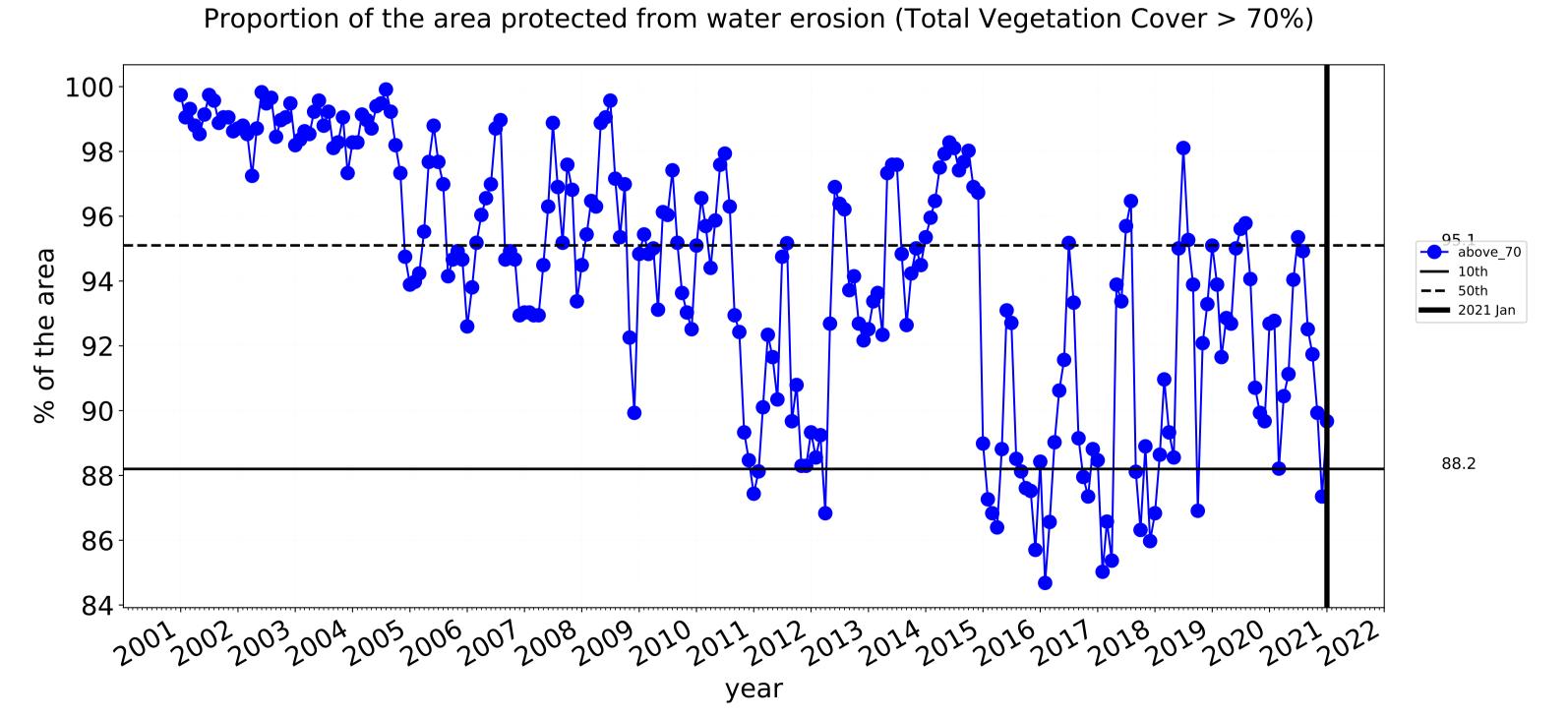


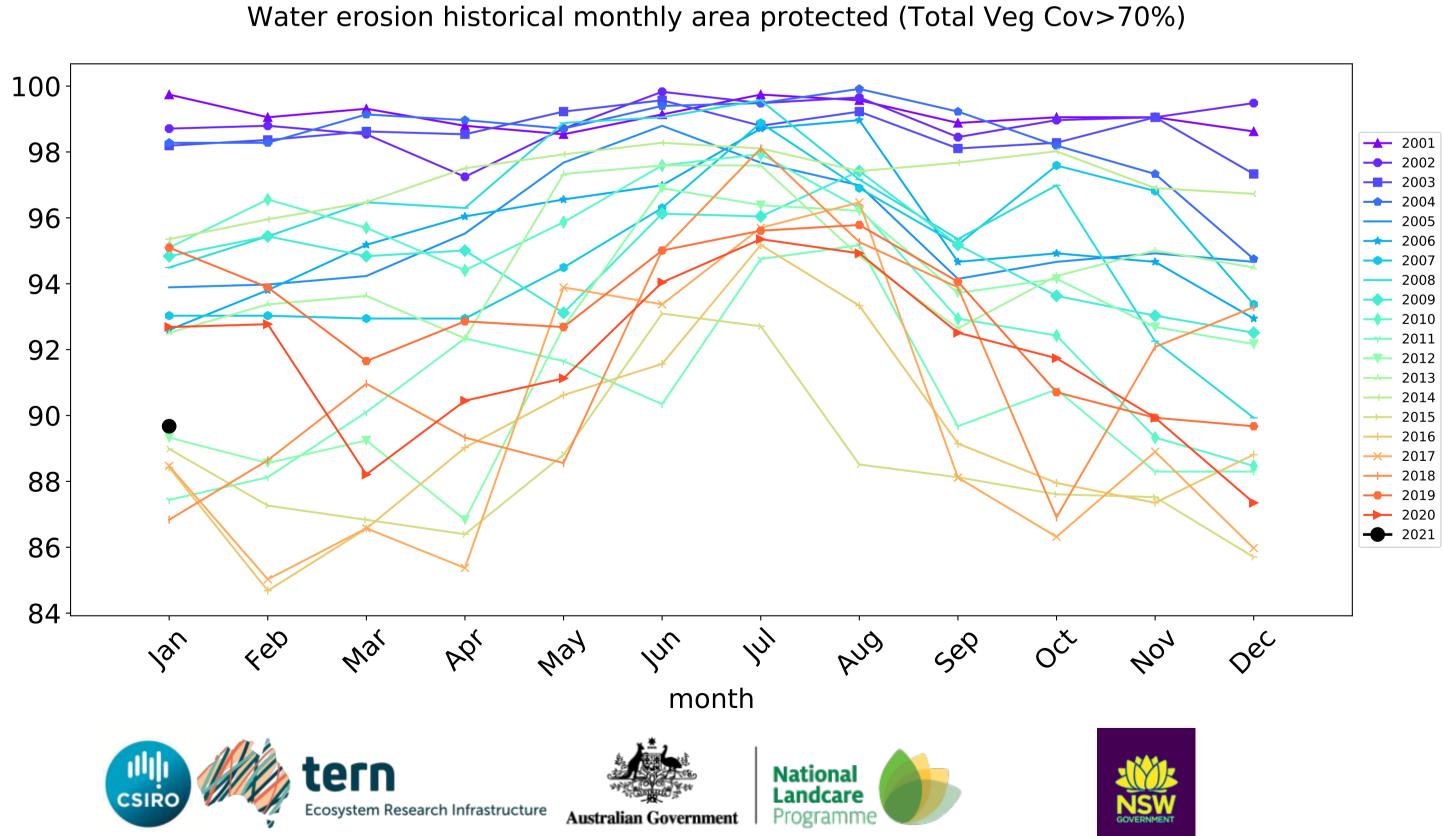
# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

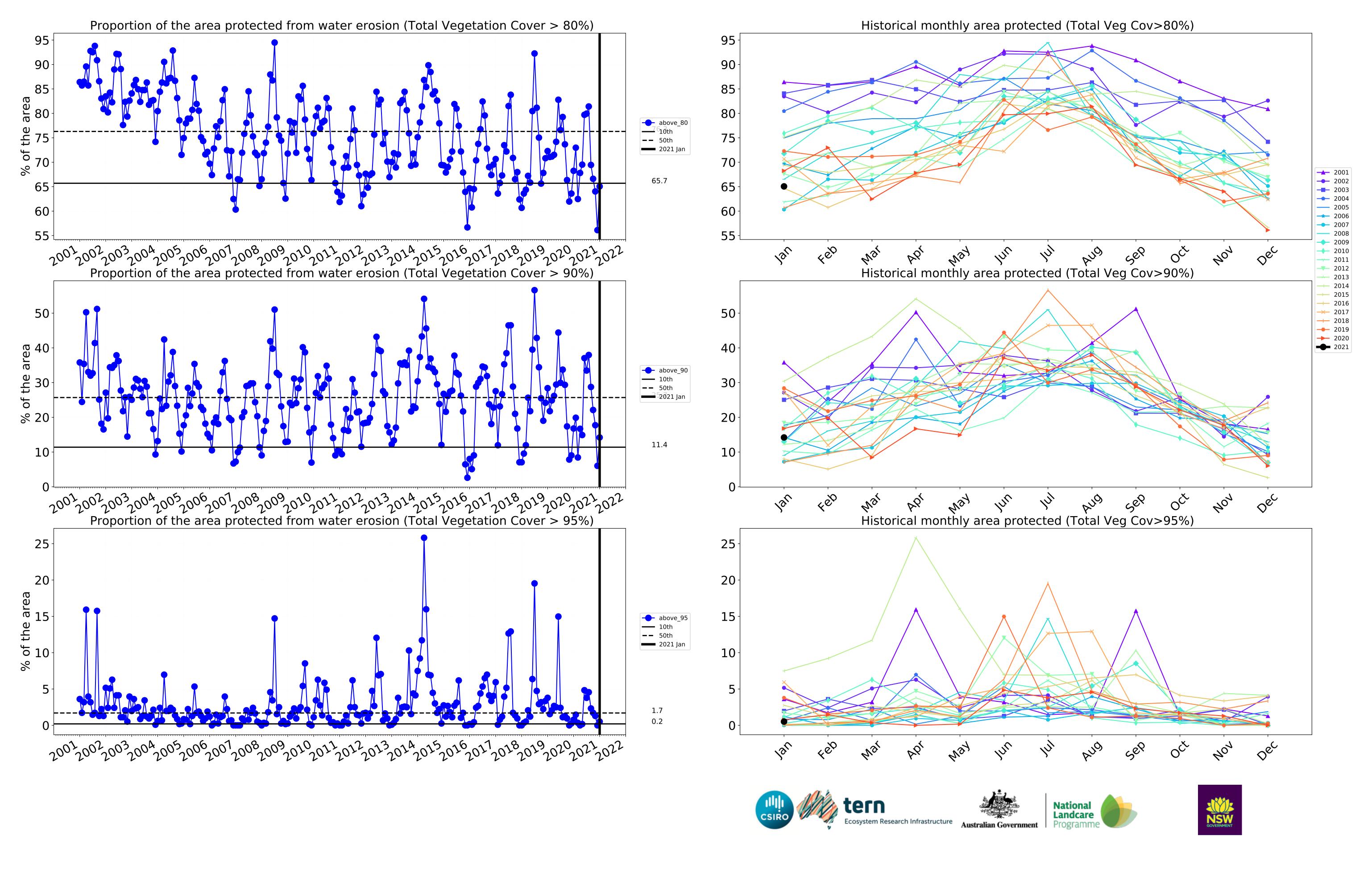




month







# **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

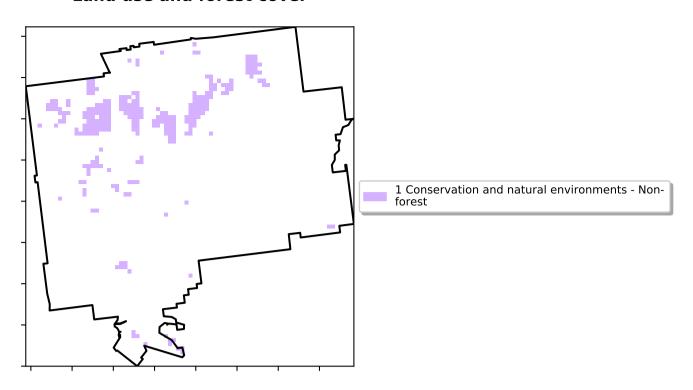
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

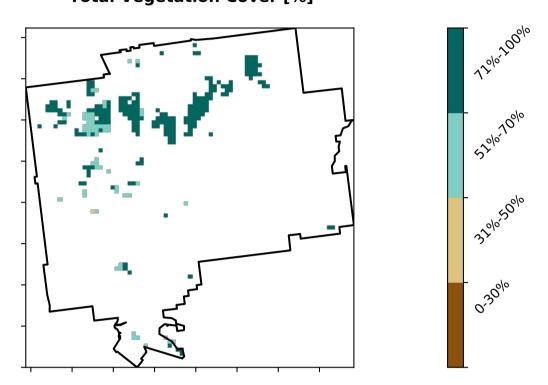
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

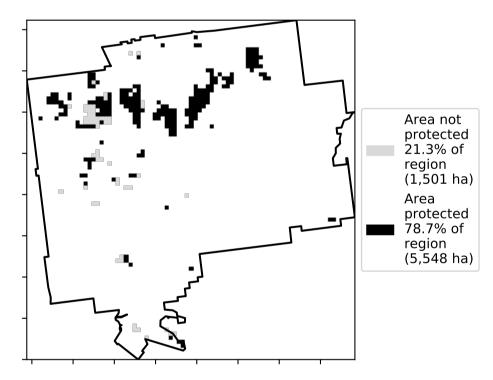
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



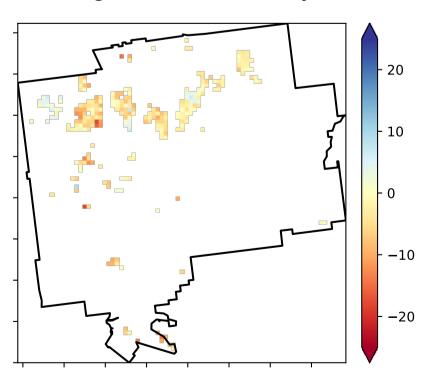
## **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

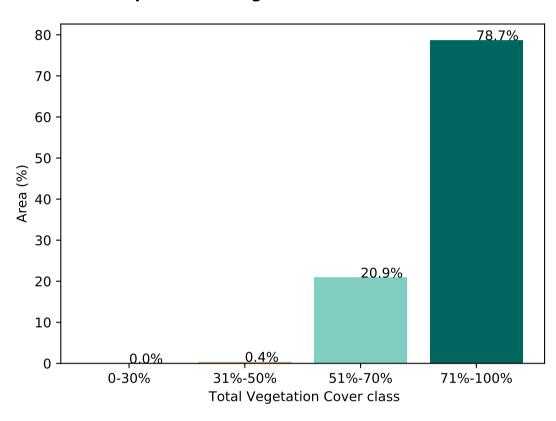


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

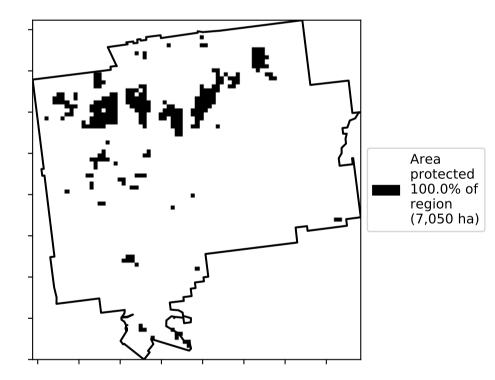


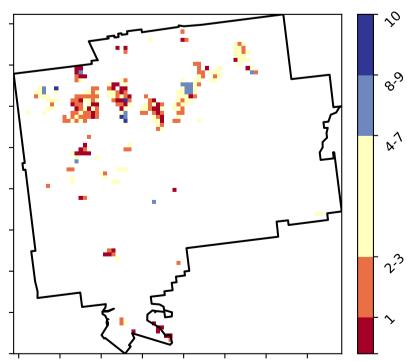
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### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





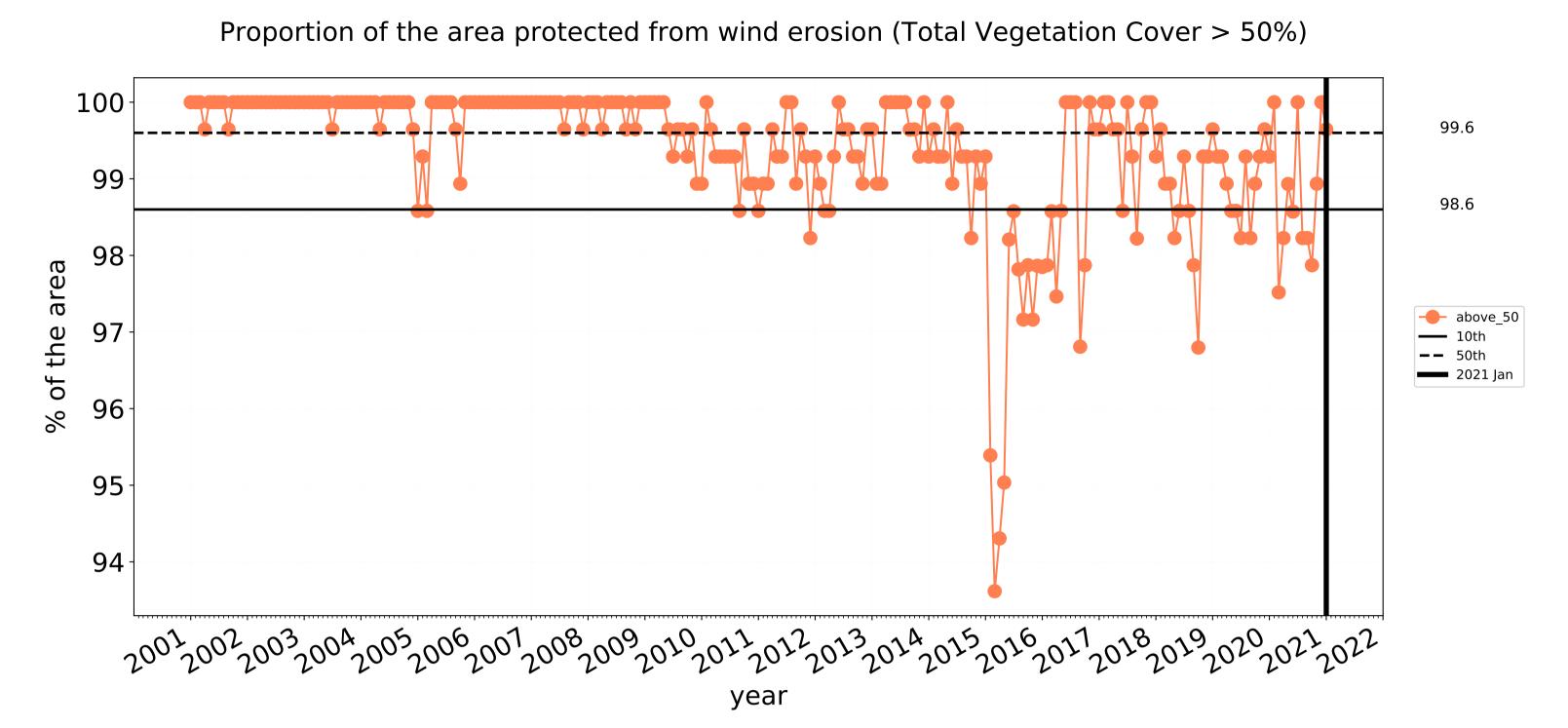


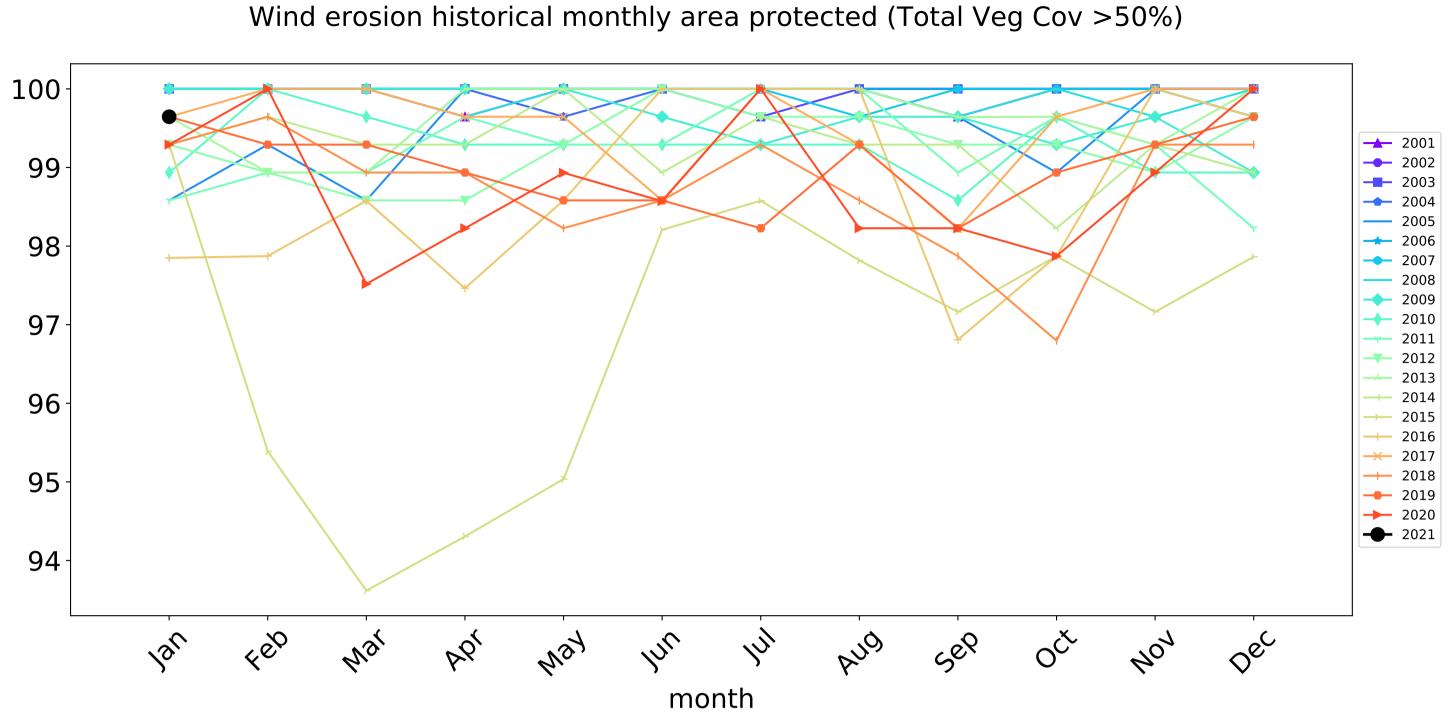


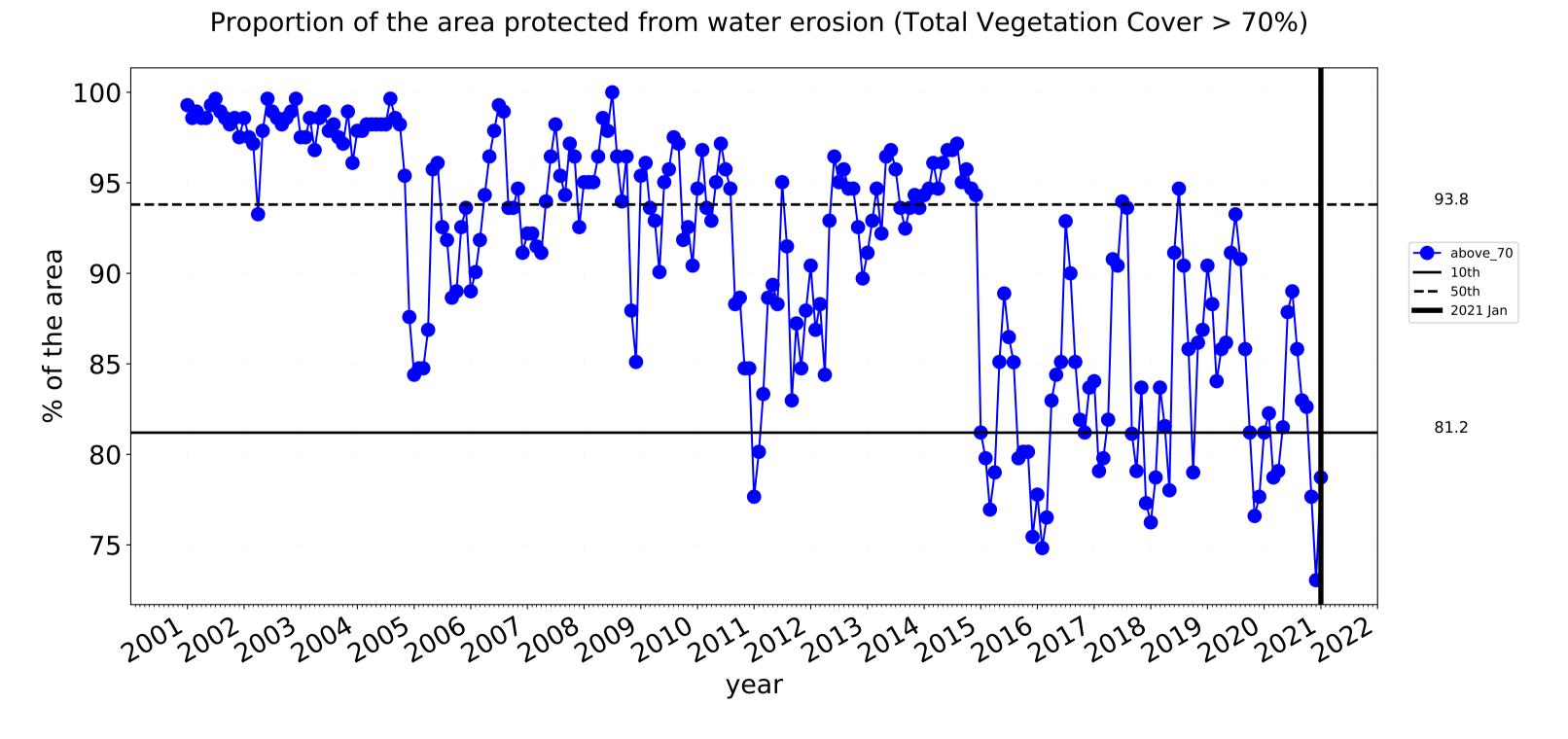


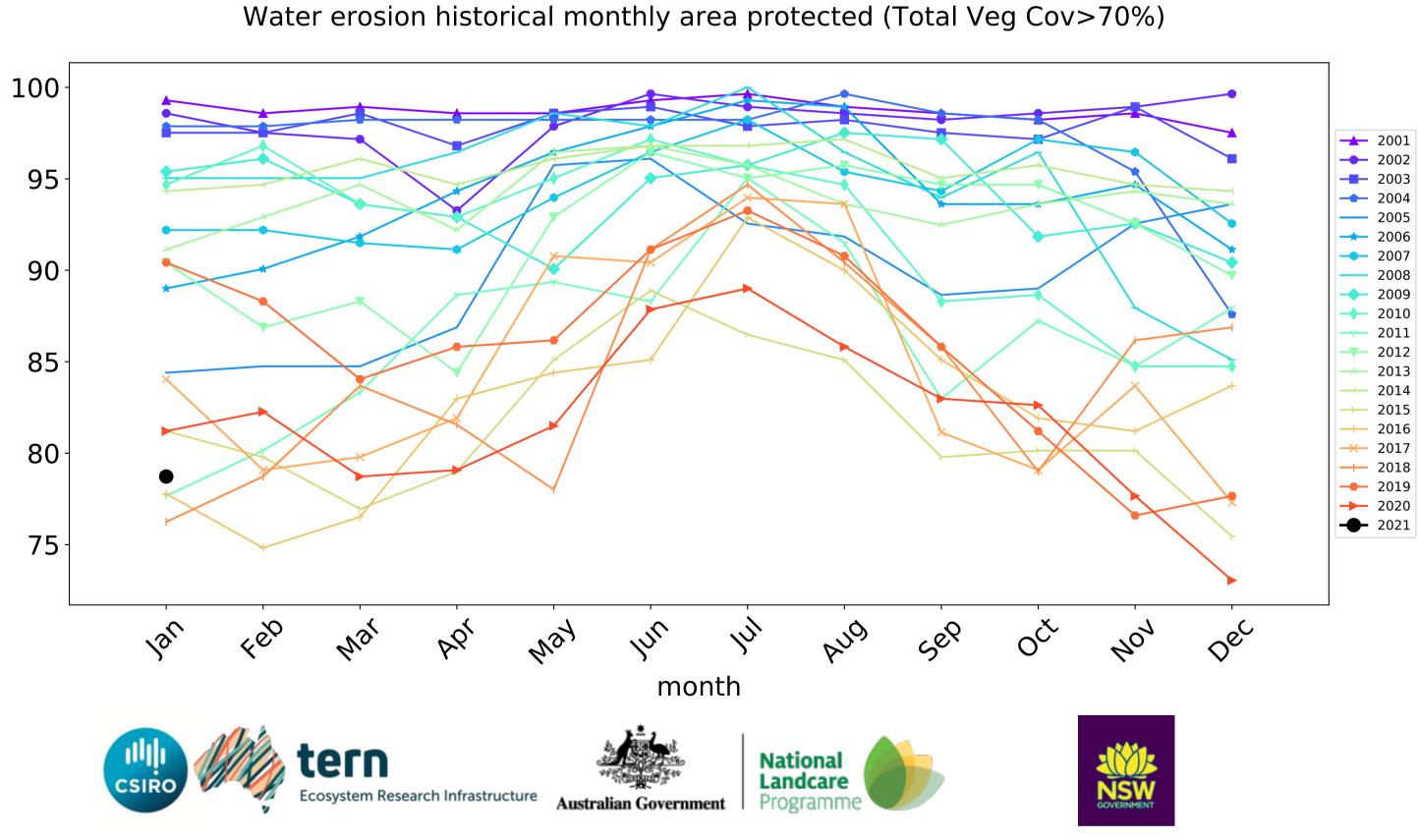


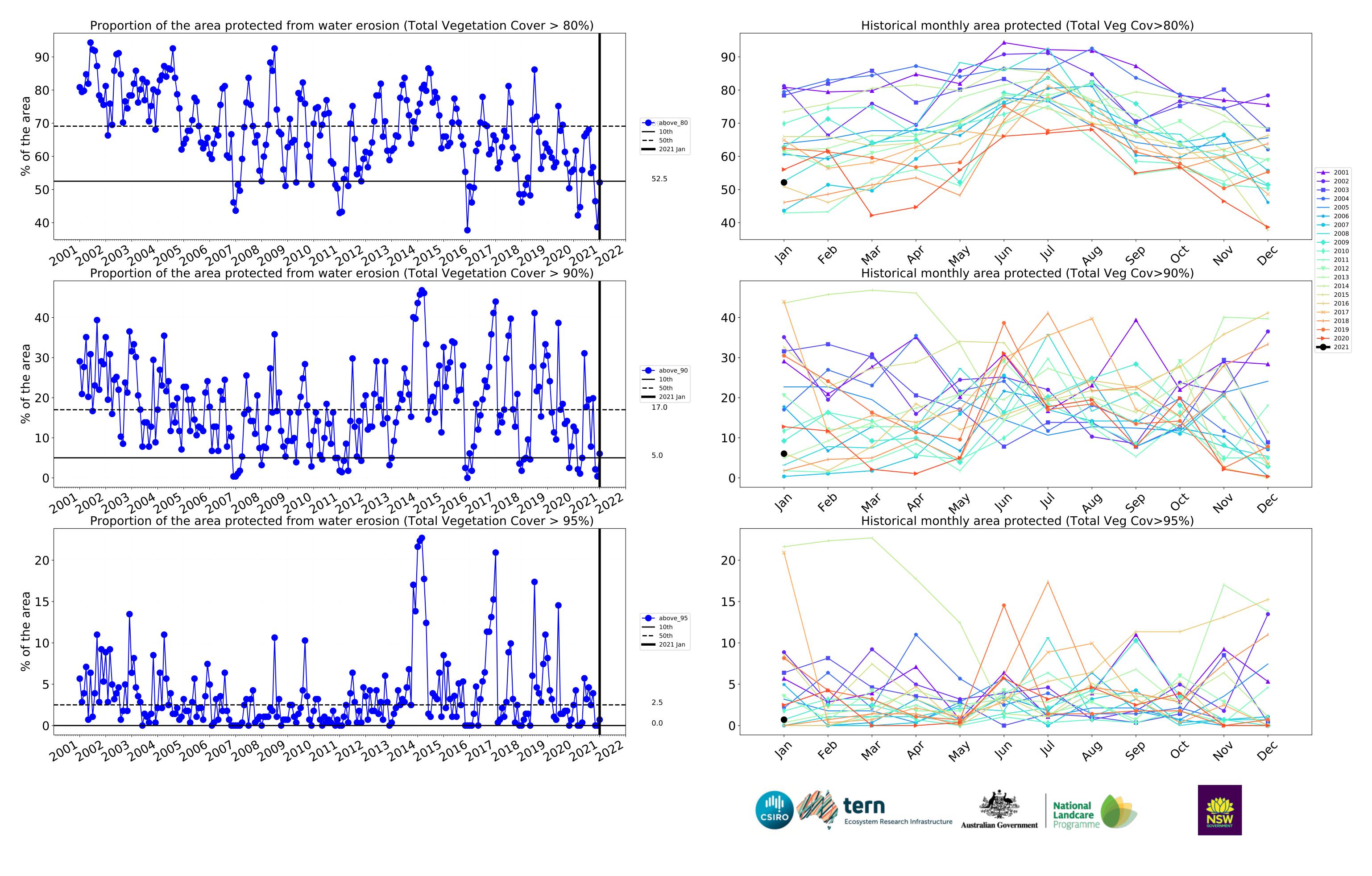
# **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**











# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

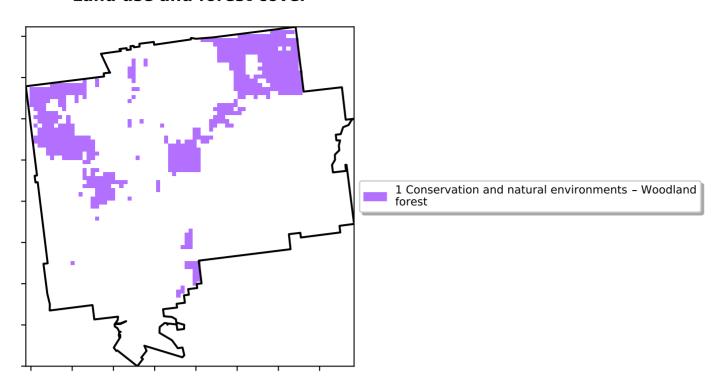
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

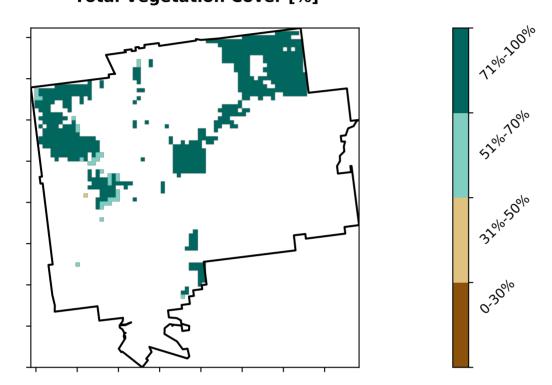
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

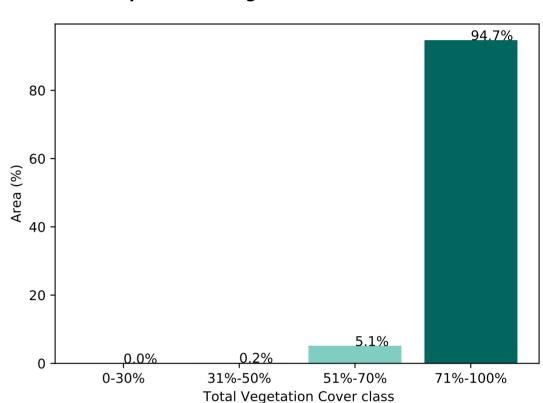
is only for the month of the map



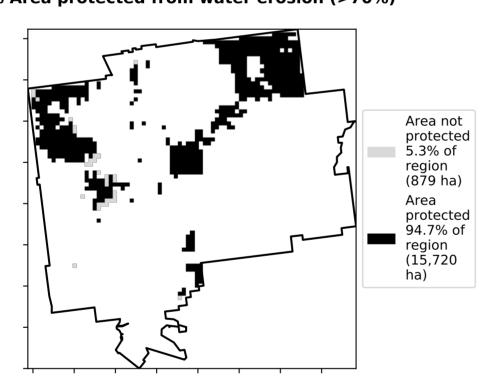
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



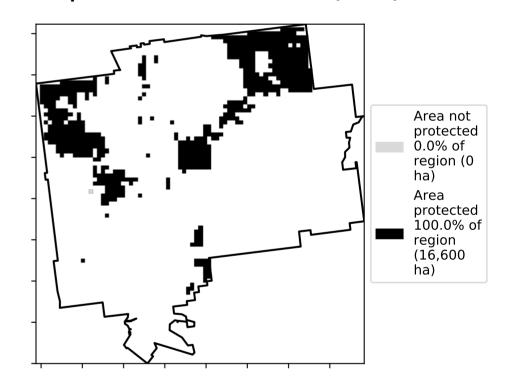
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



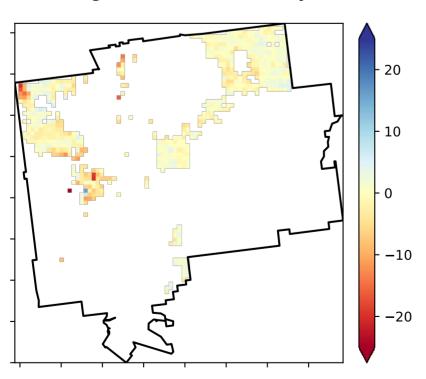
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



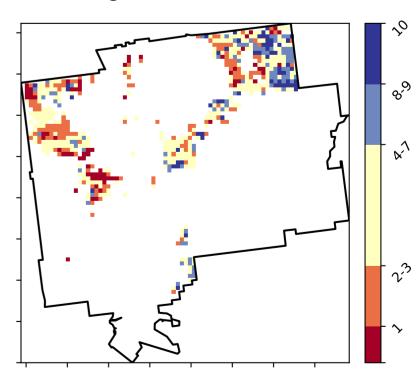
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





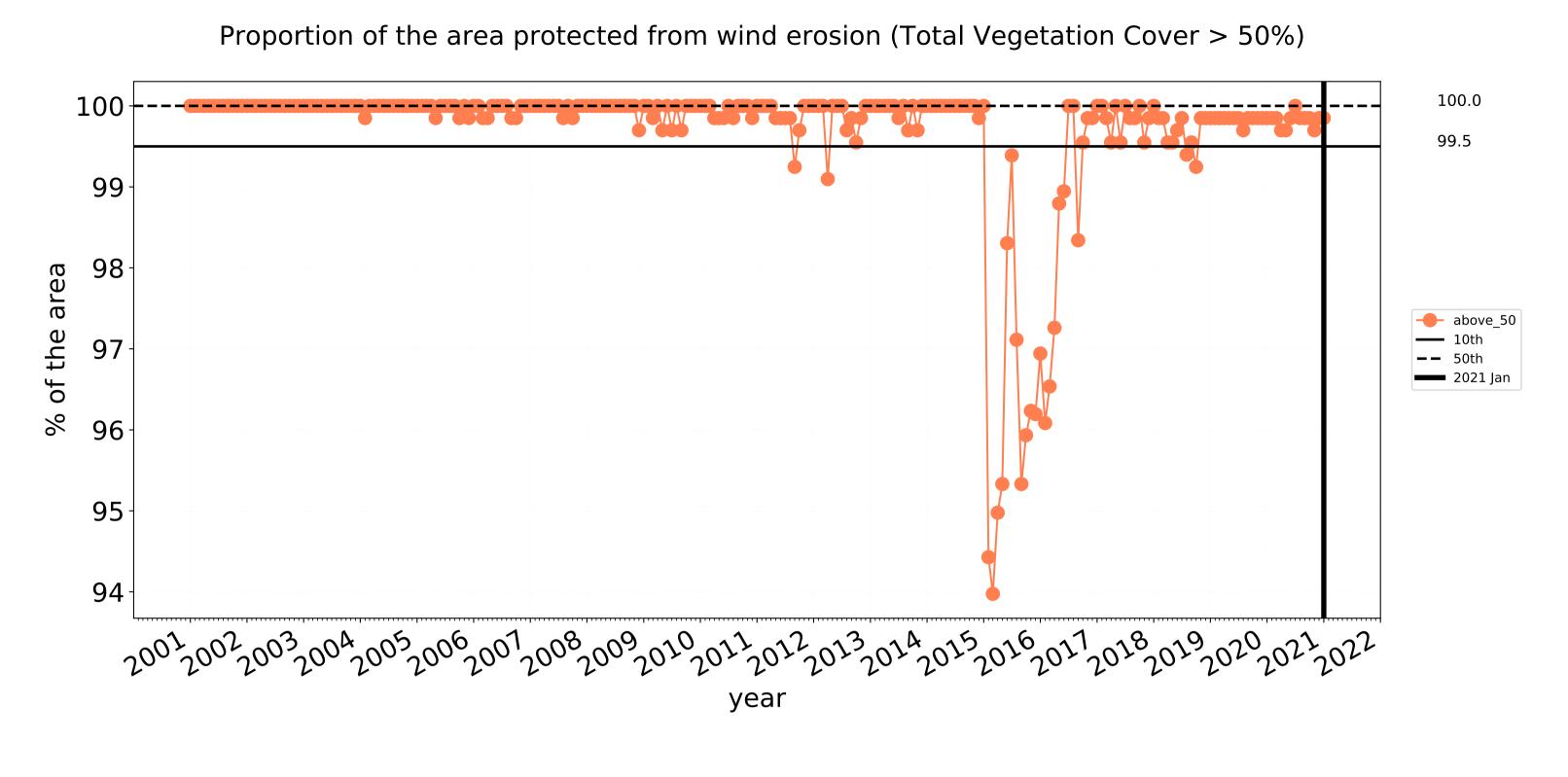


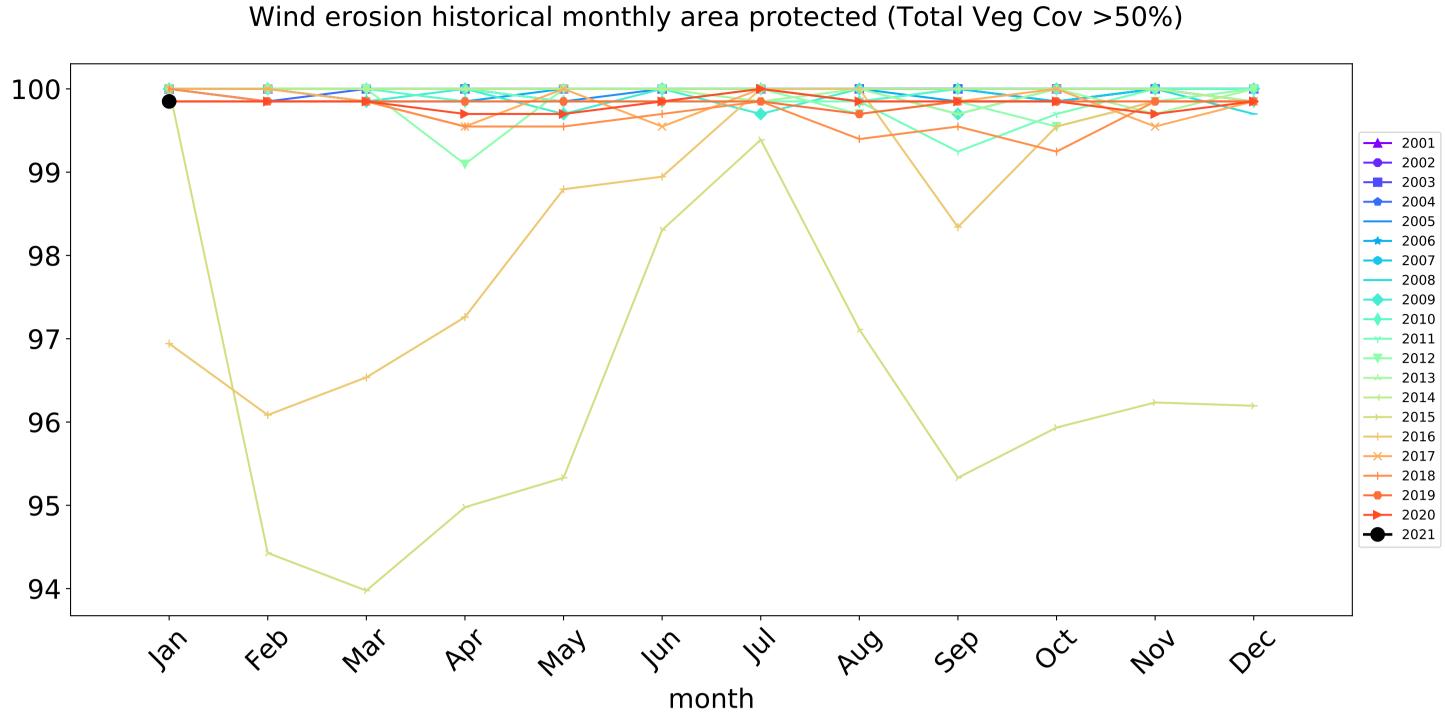


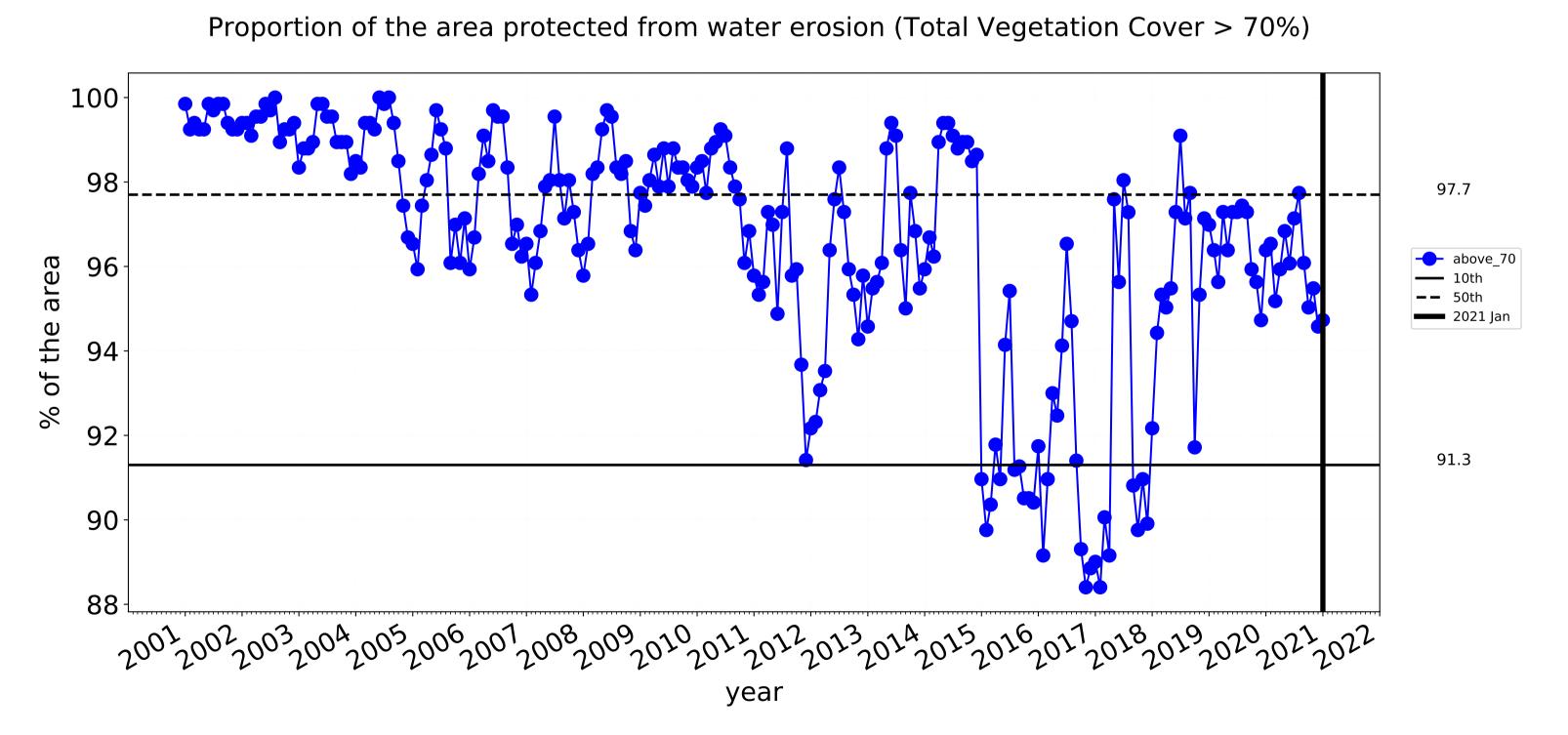


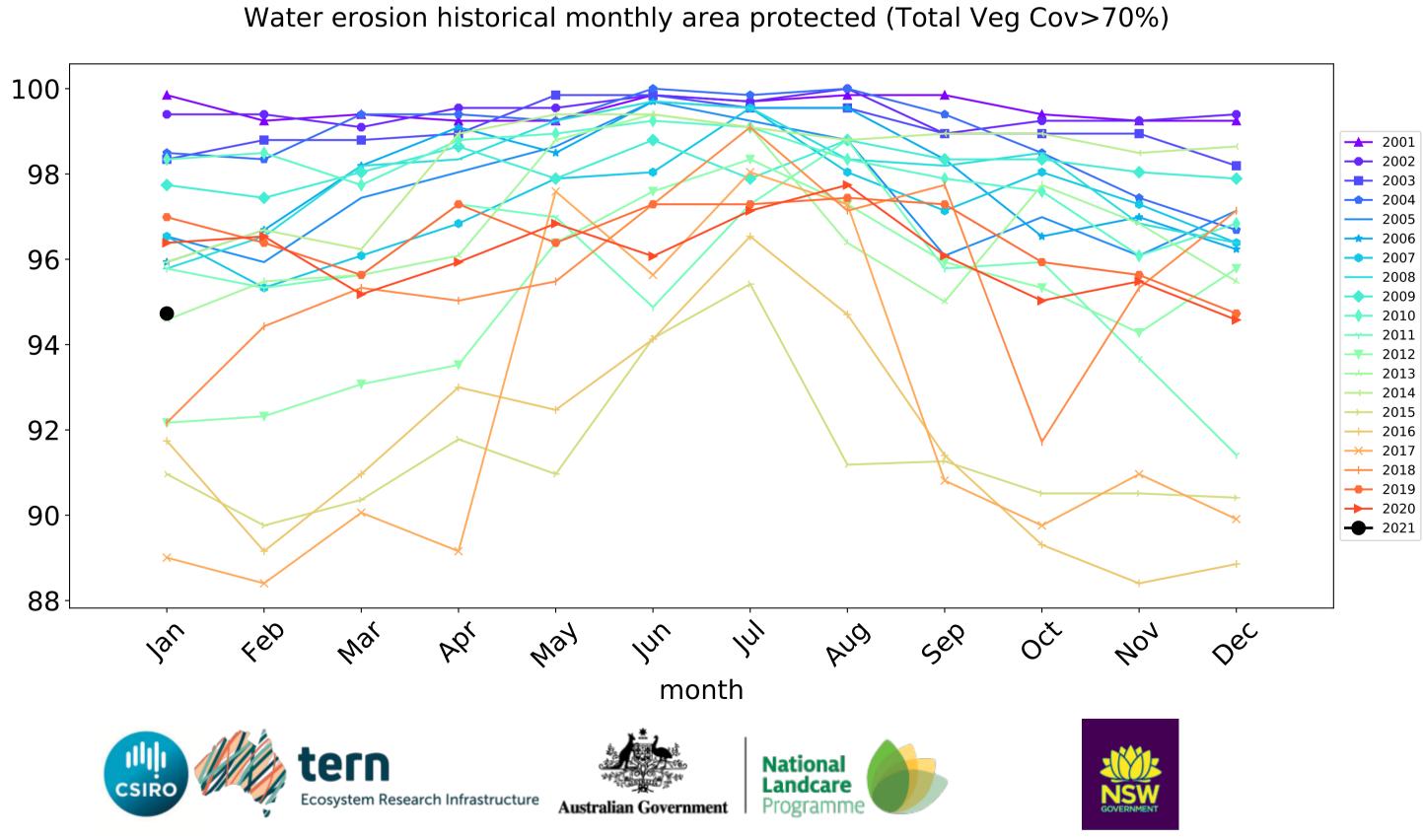


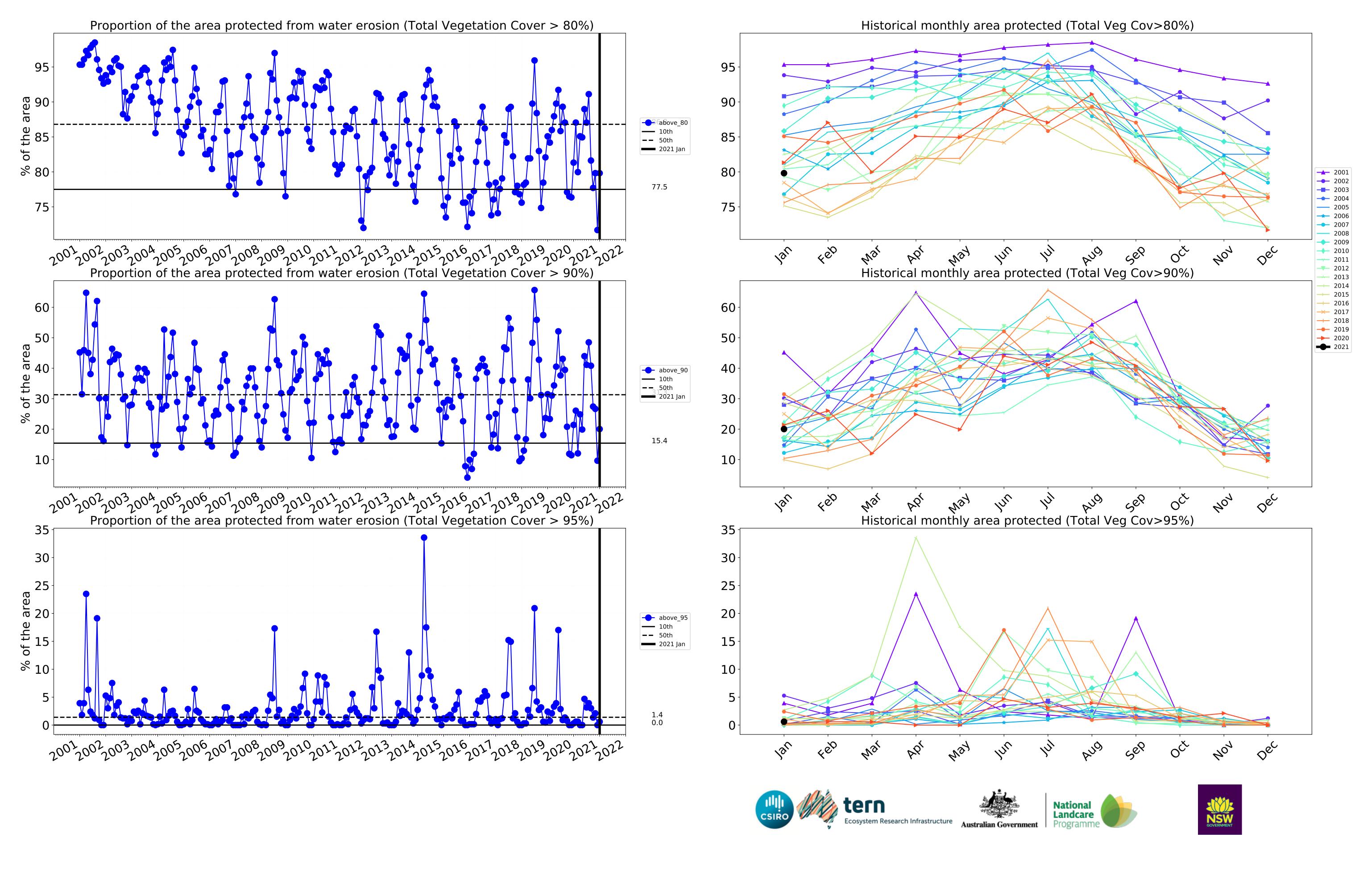
# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**











# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

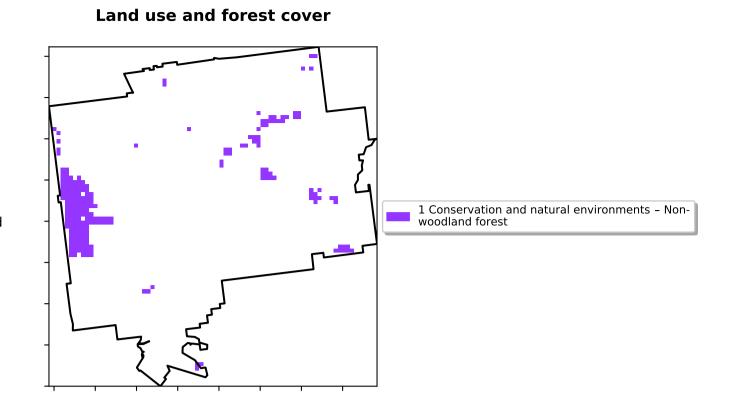
### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

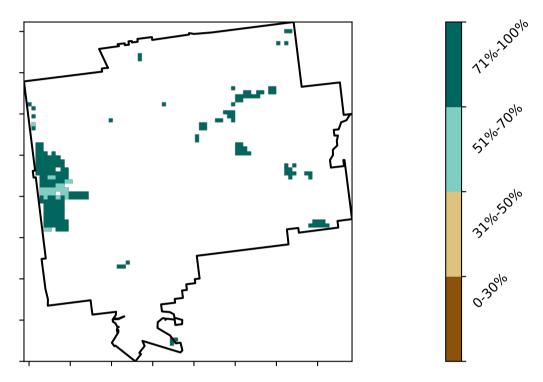
pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

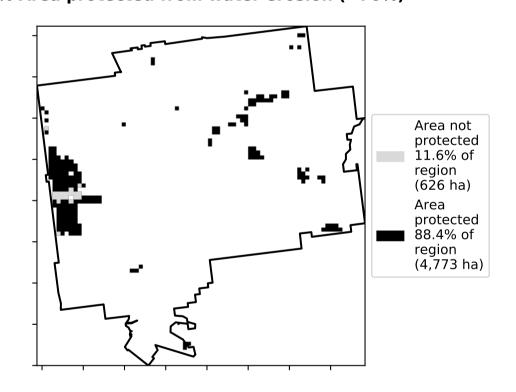
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



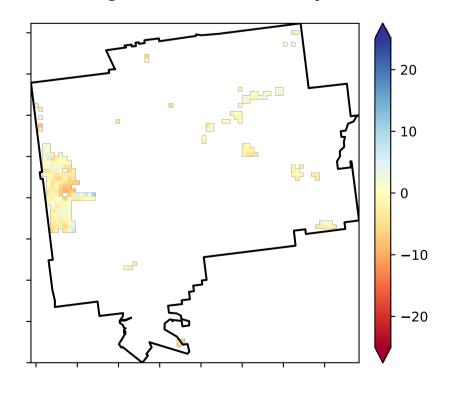
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

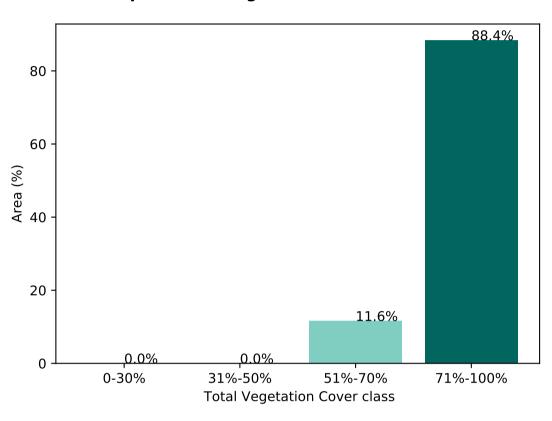


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

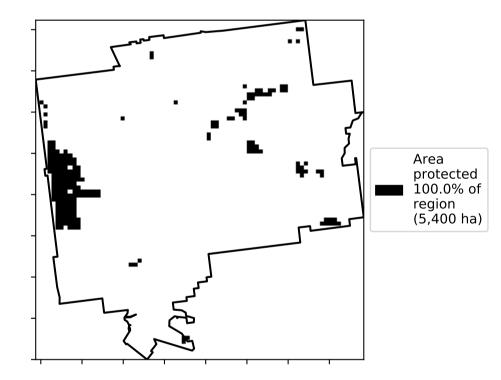


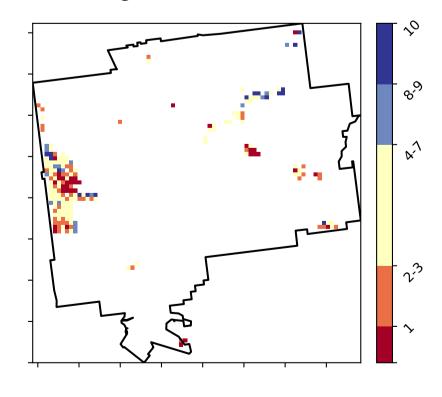
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### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









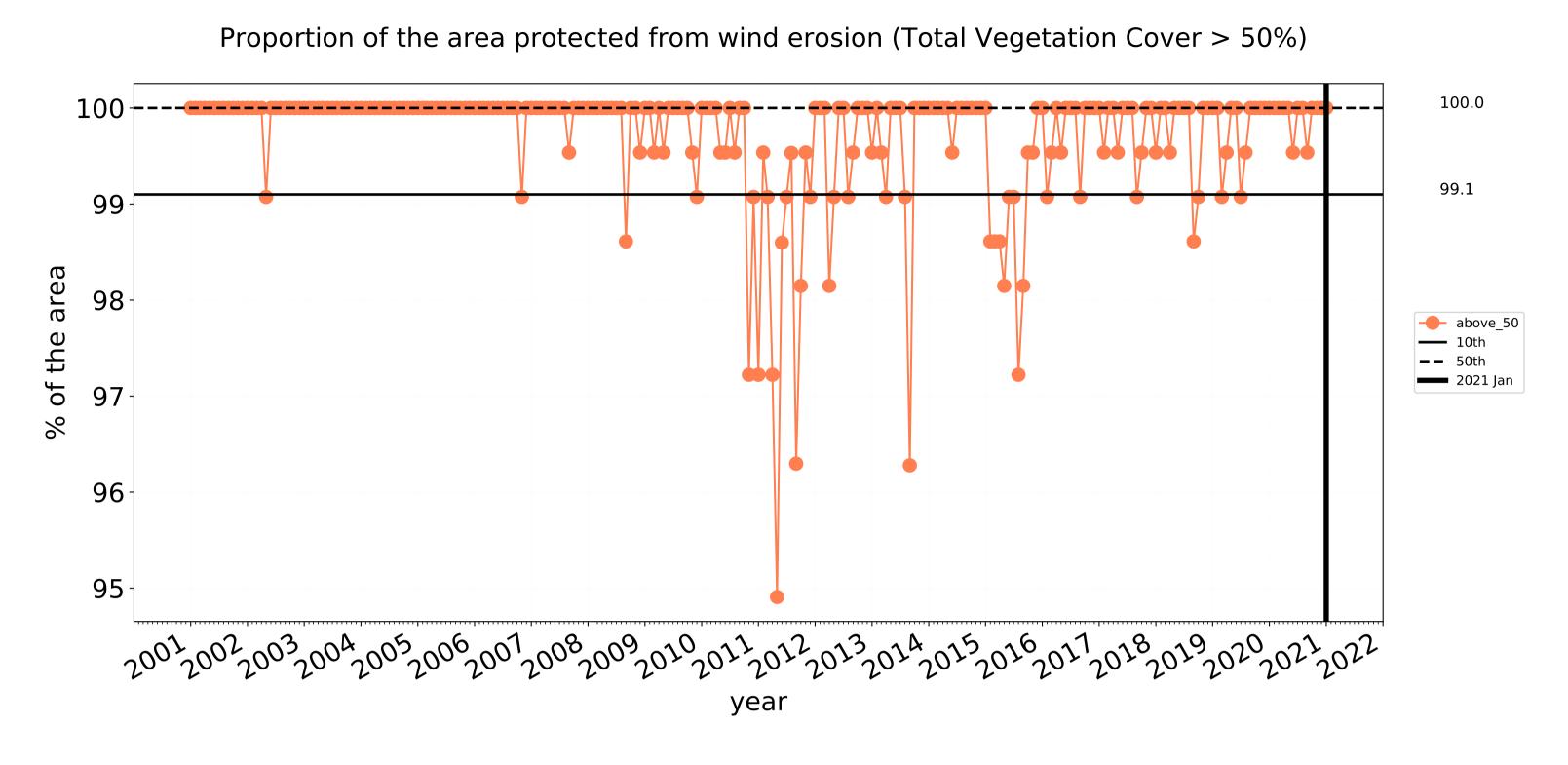


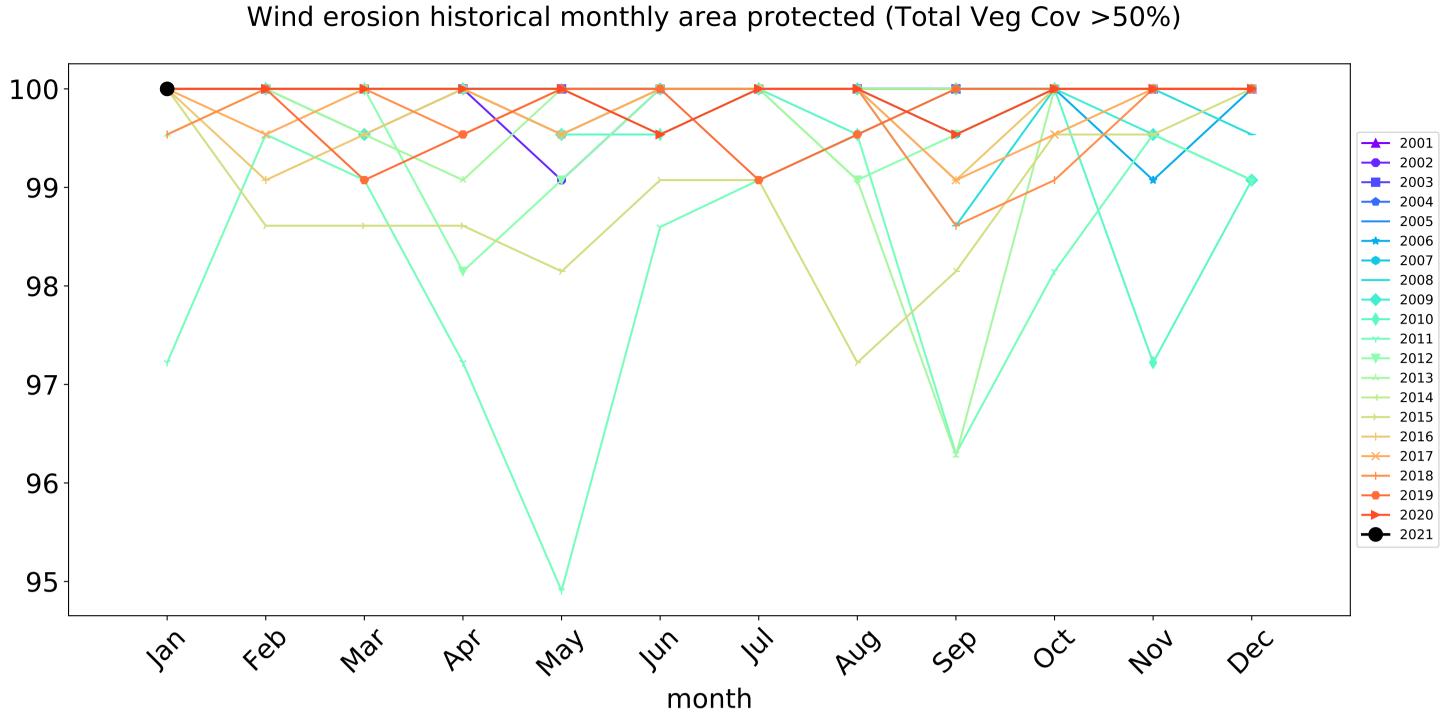


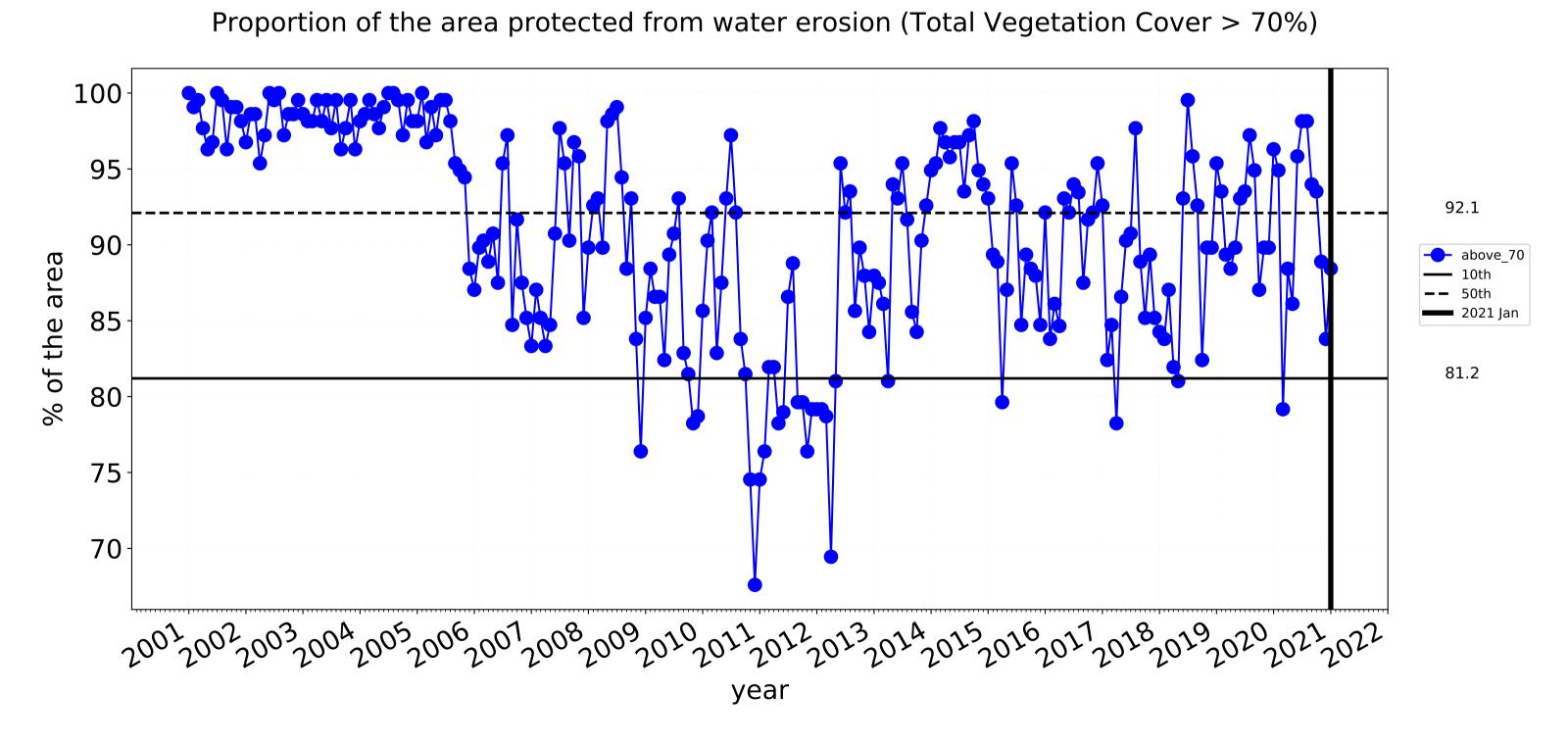


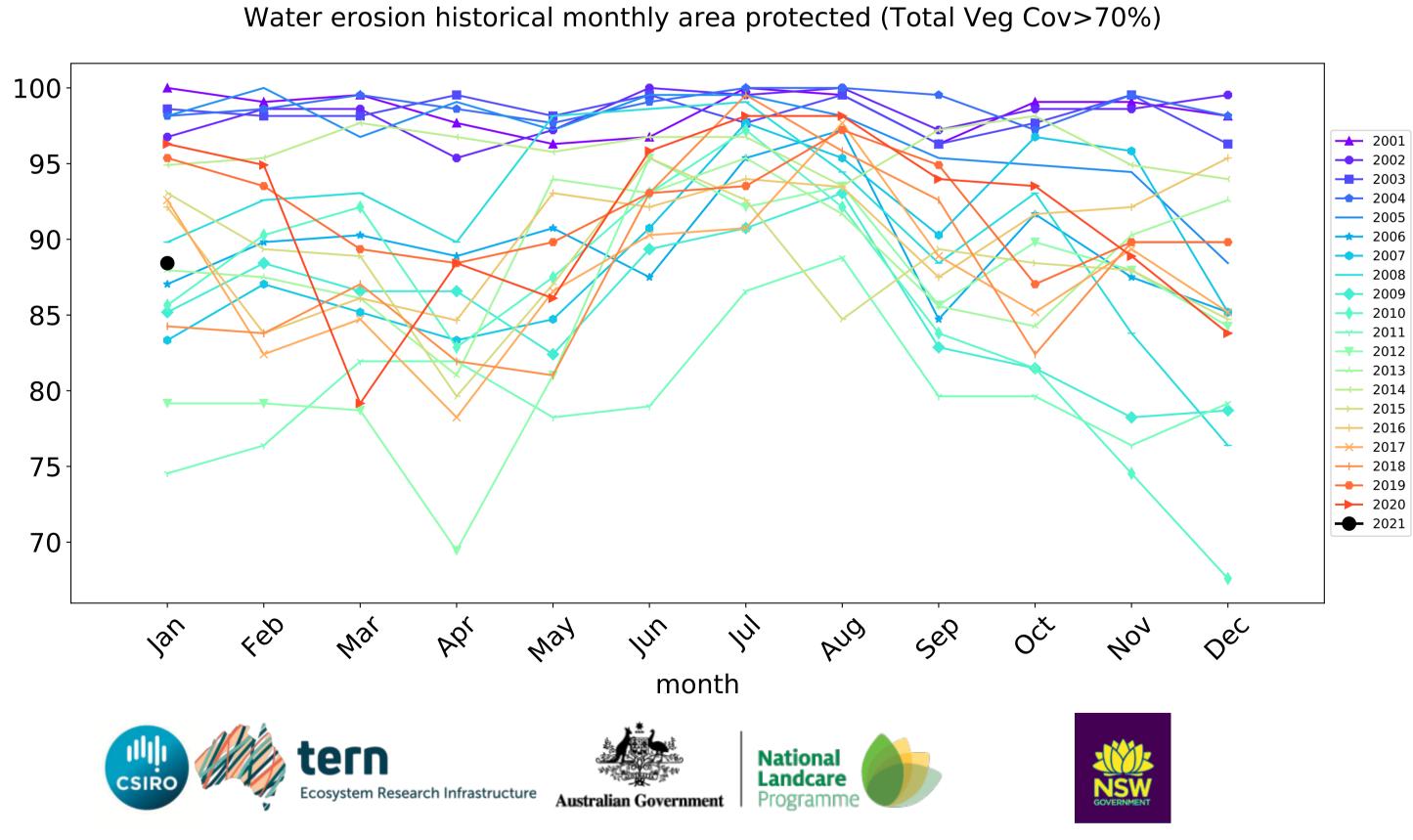


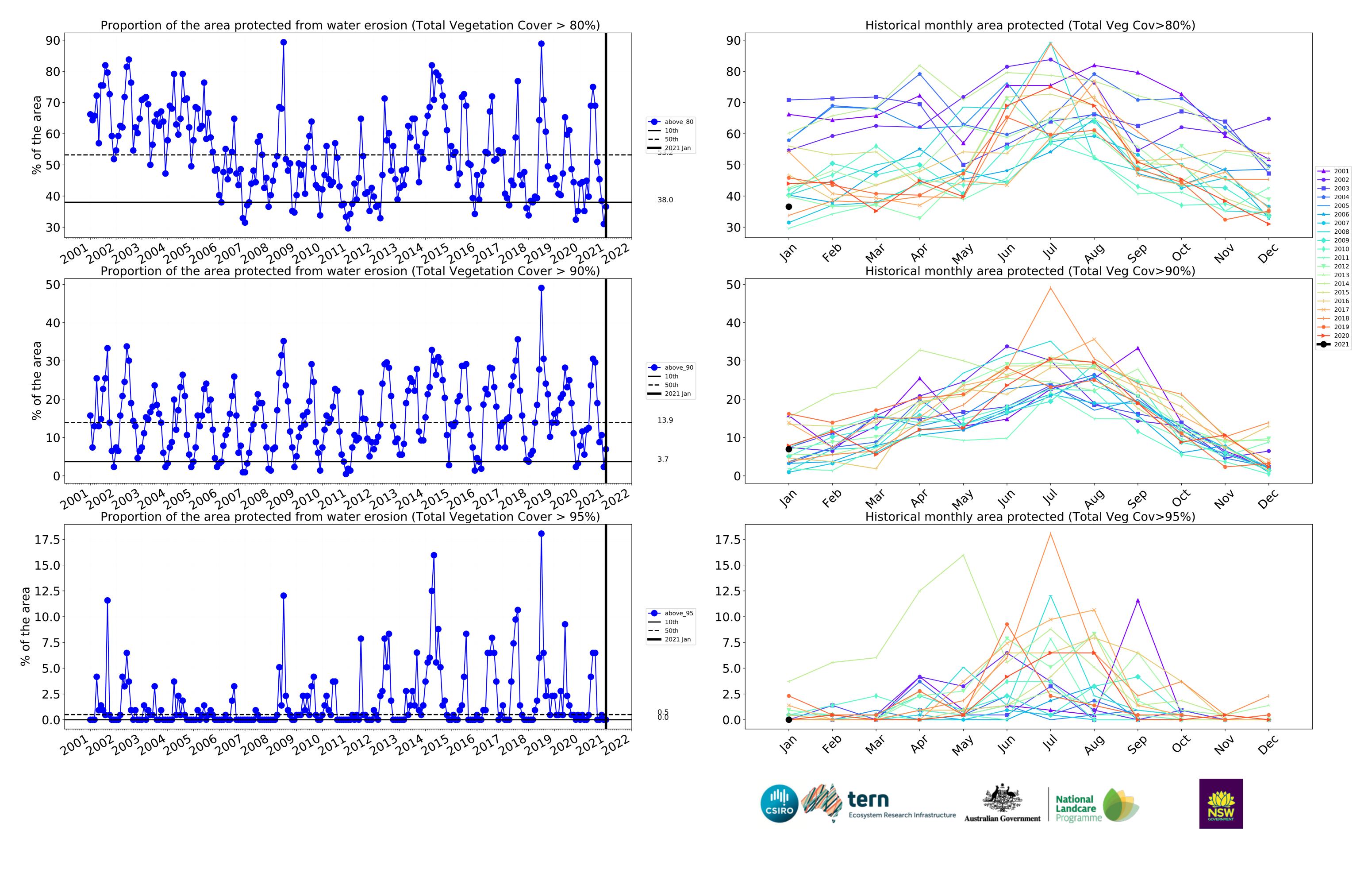
# Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland) timeseries











# **Agriculture**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia

(2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

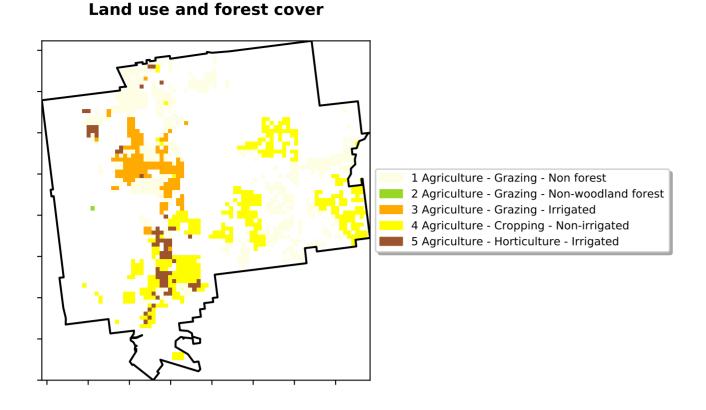
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

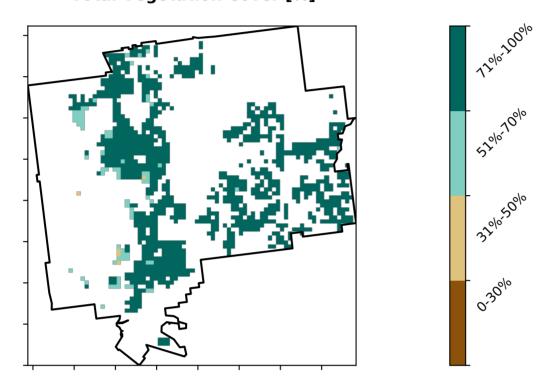
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

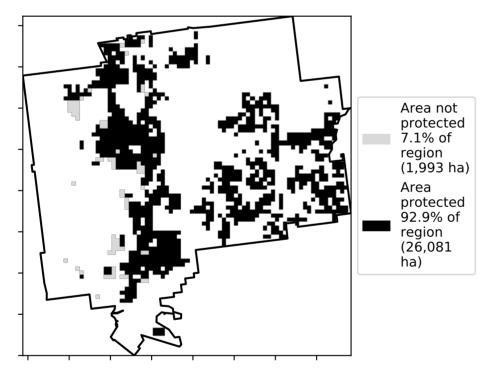
is only for the month of the map



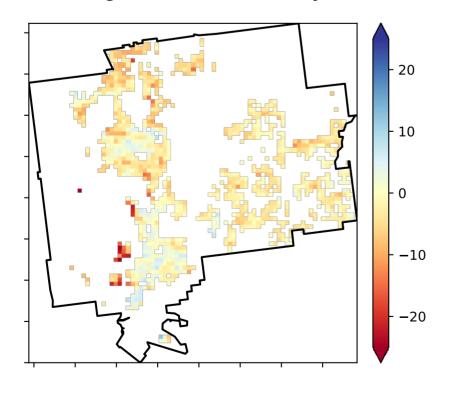
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

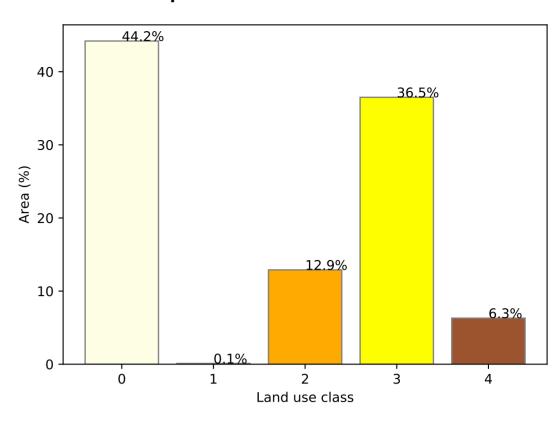


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

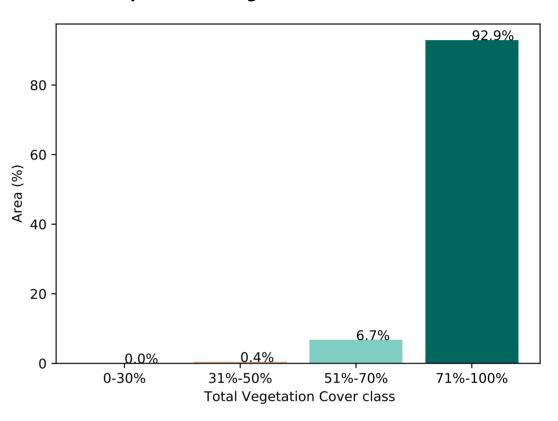


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

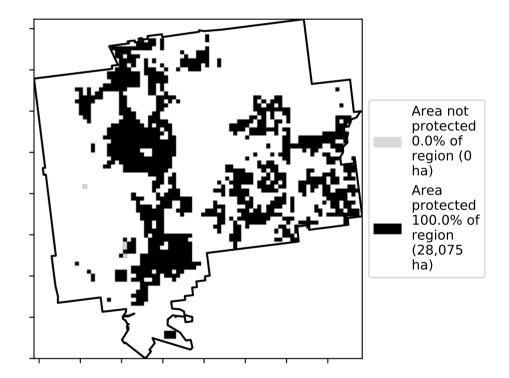
### Proportion of each land class in area

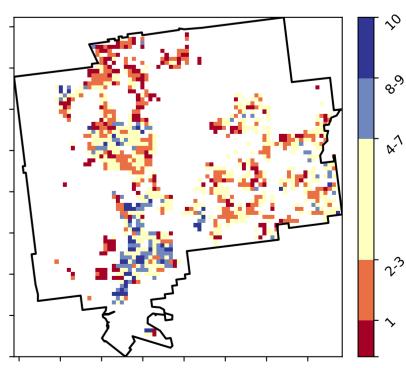


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



## % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





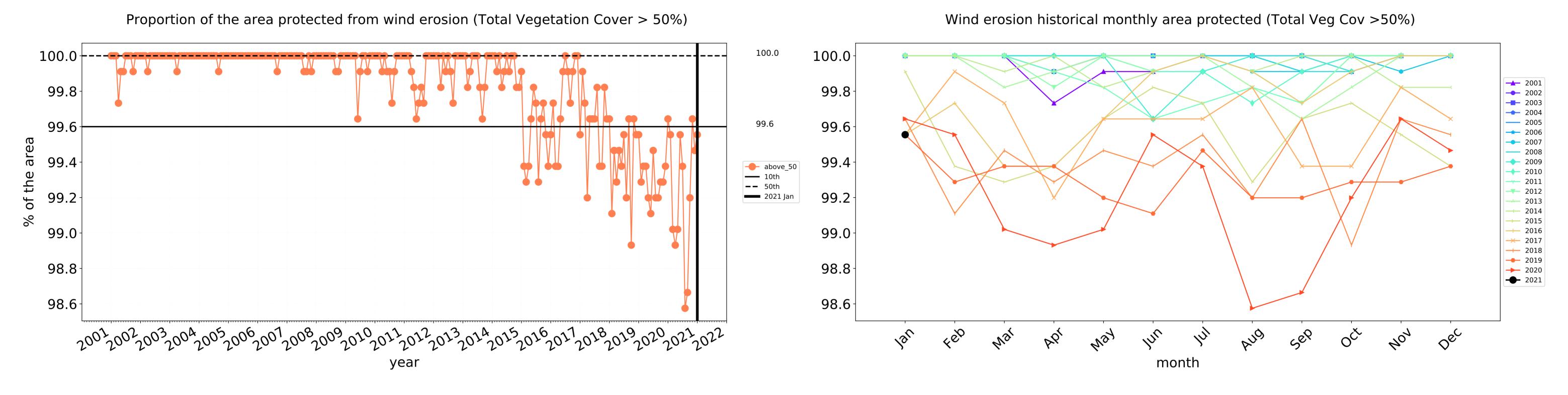


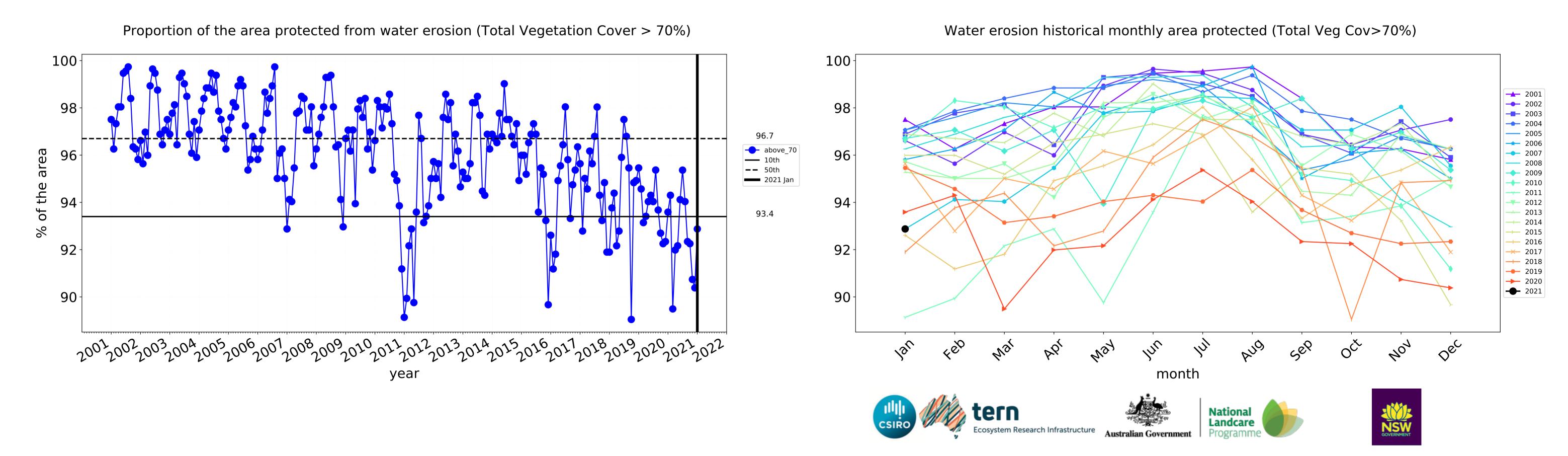


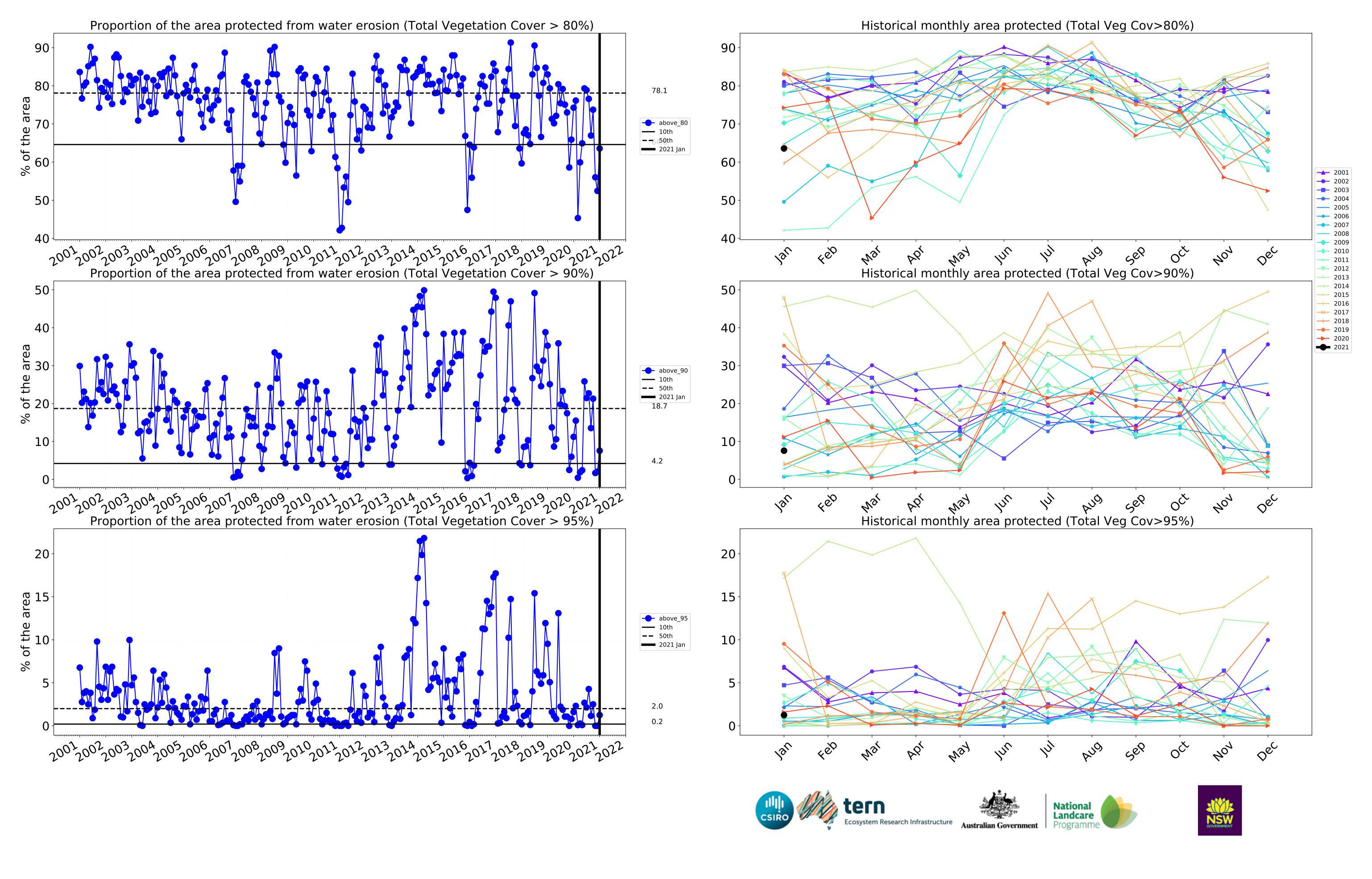




# **Agriculture timeseries**







# Grazing

# Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Catchment Scale Land

Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

pixel. The mean

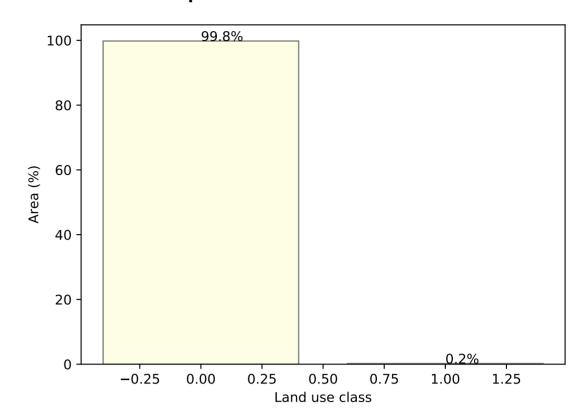
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

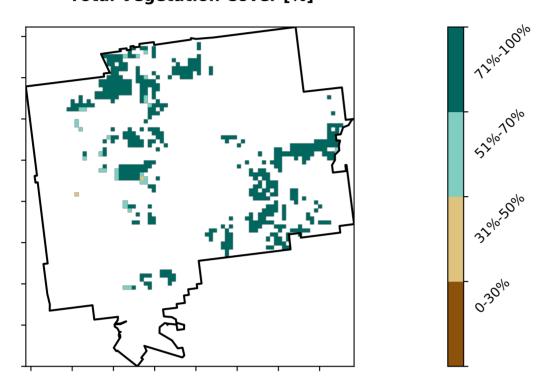
Derived from

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest

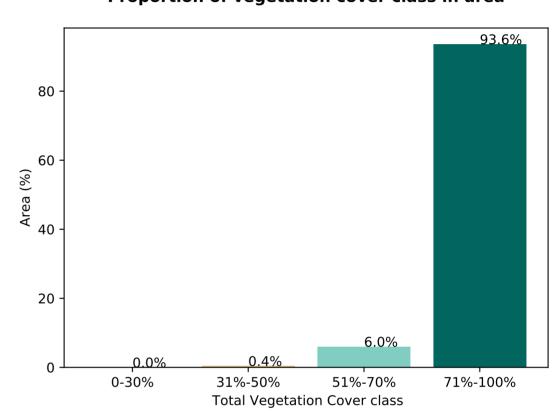
### Proportion of each land class in area



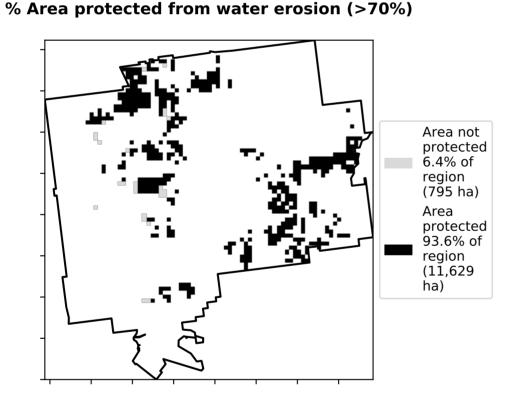
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



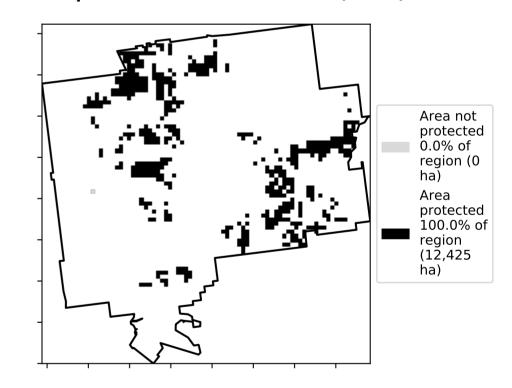
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



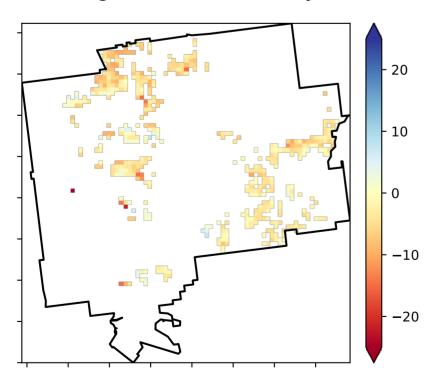
### 2/ Avec wastested from water evenion (> 700/)



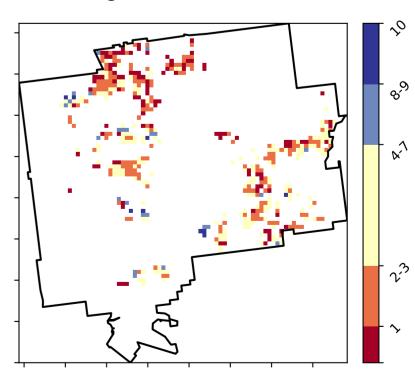
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





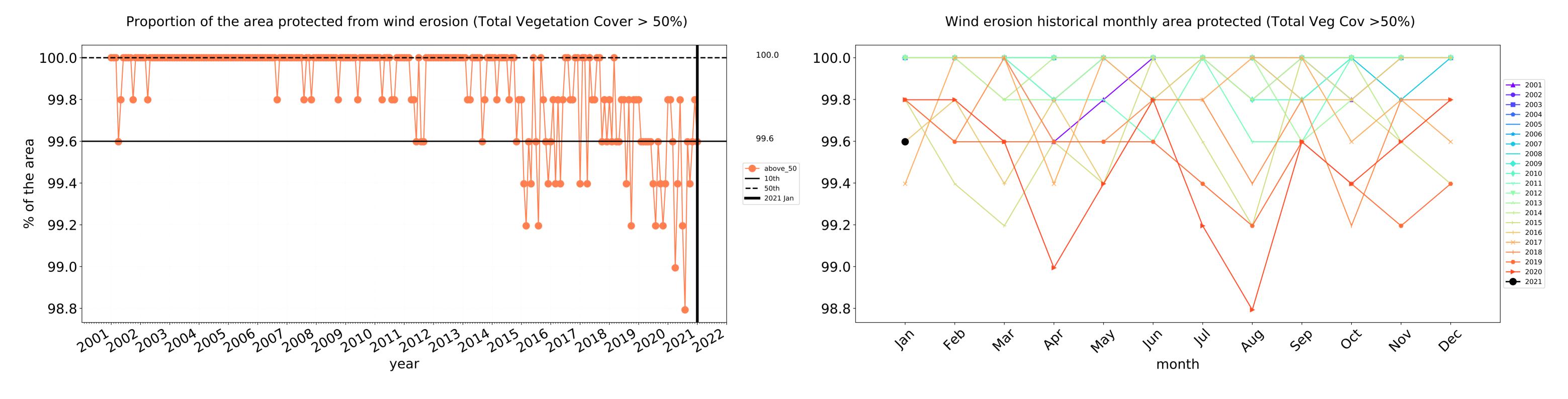


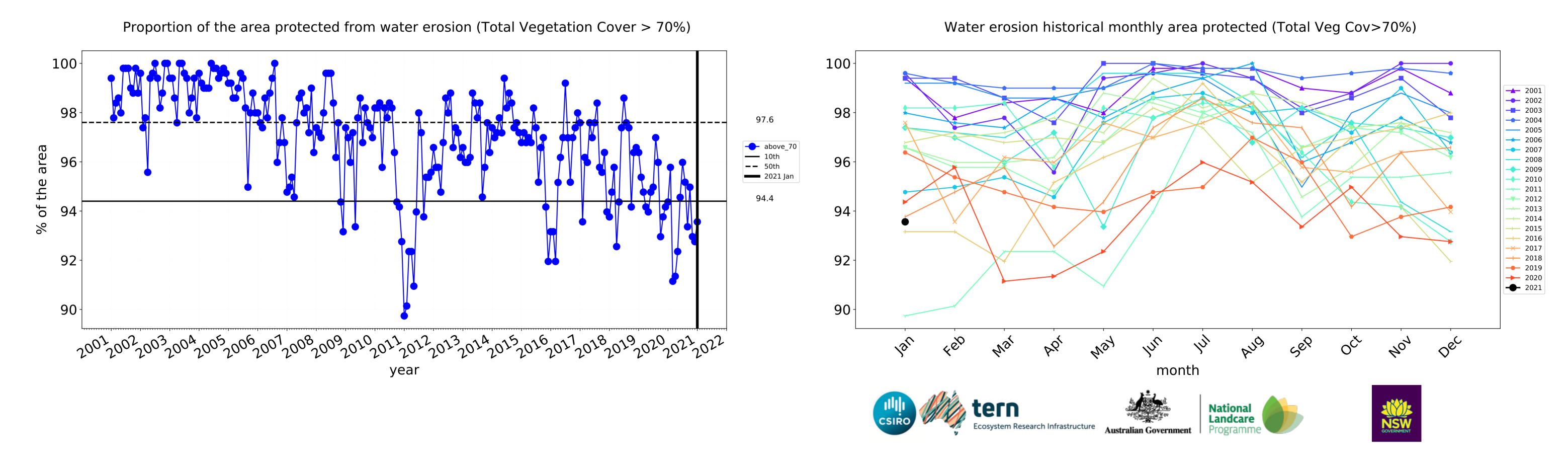


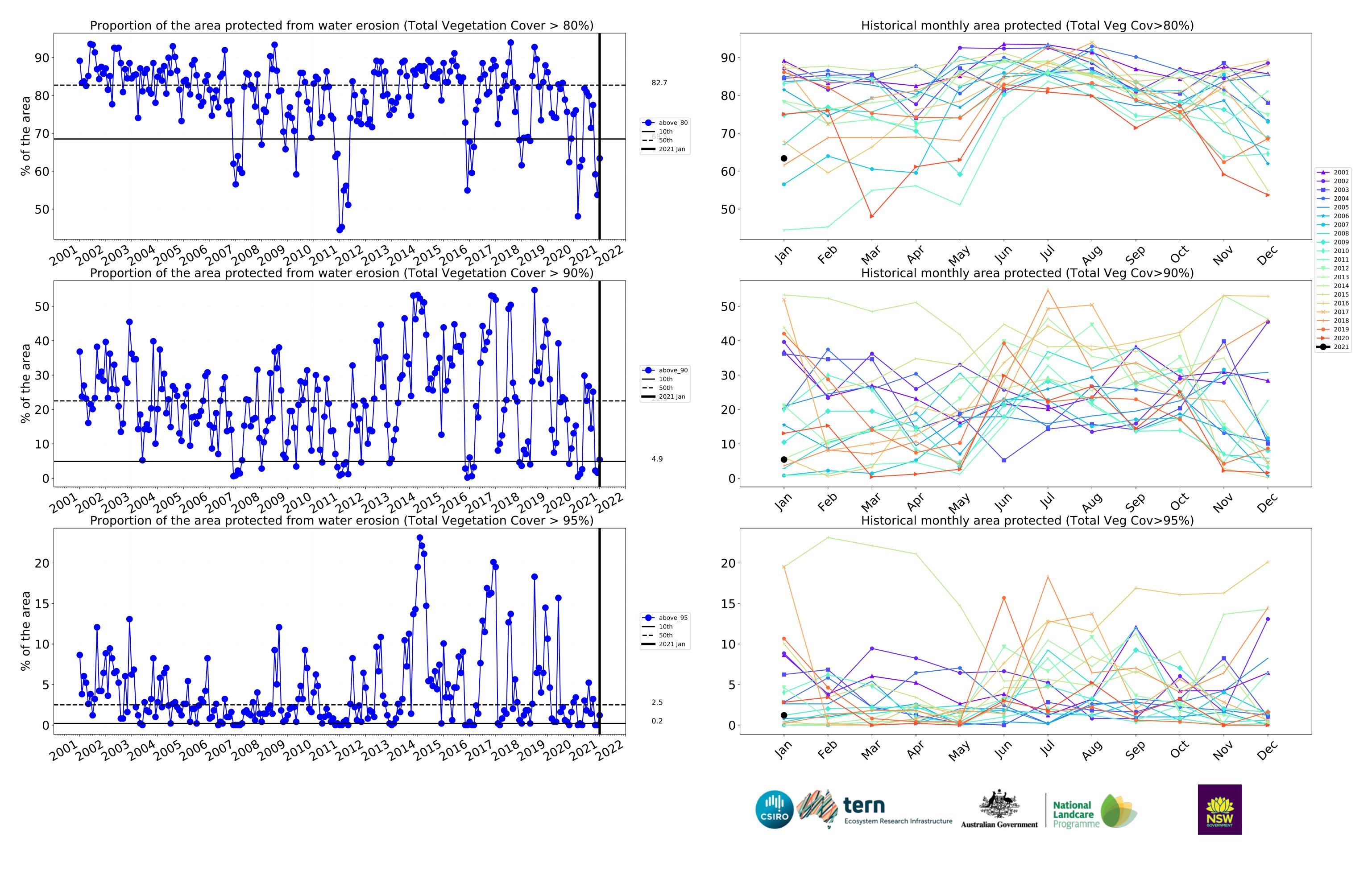




# **Grazing timeseries**







# **Grazing non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

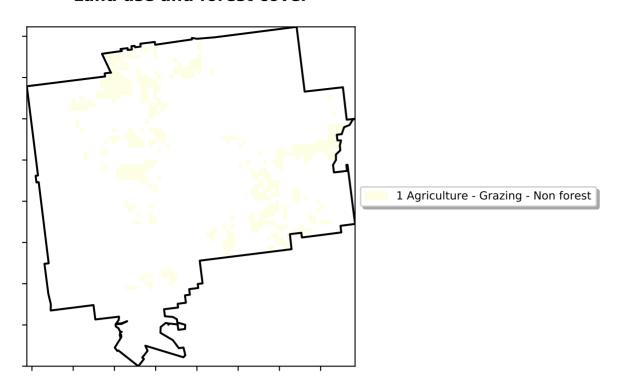
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels

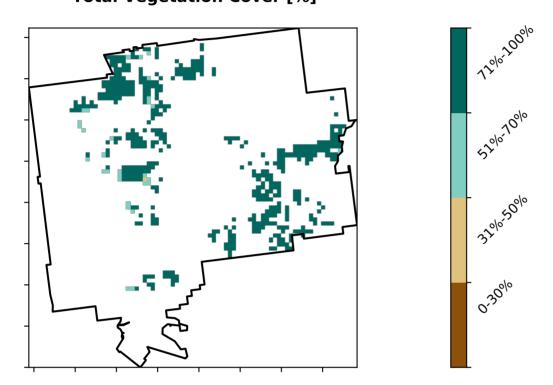
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

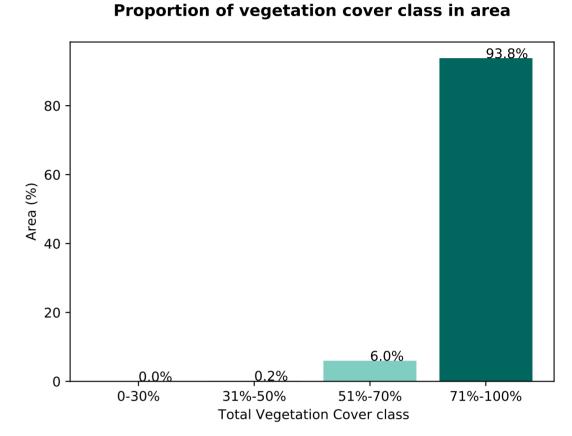
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

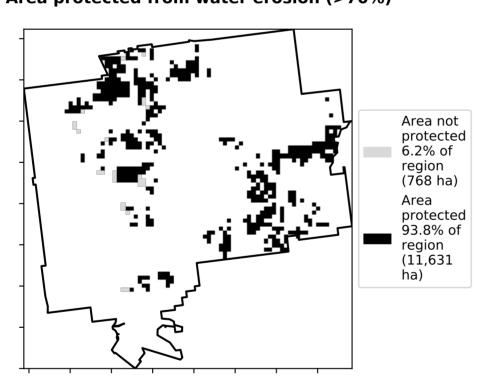


# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

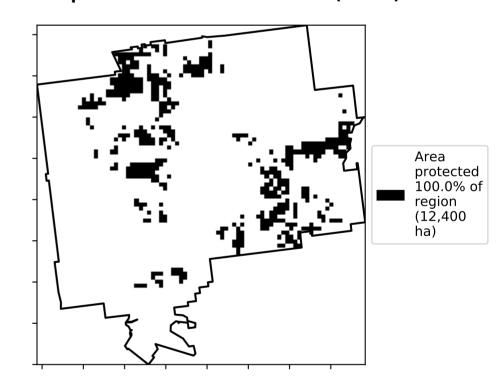




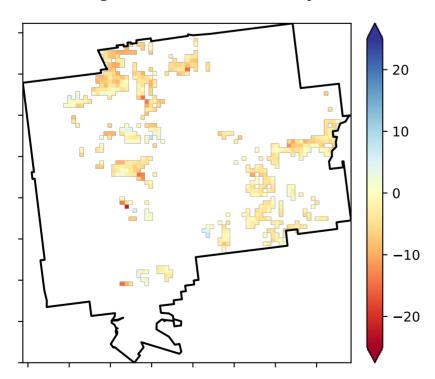
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



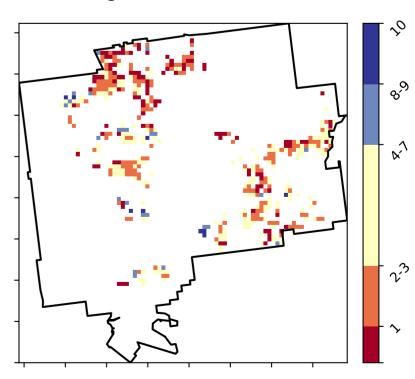
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



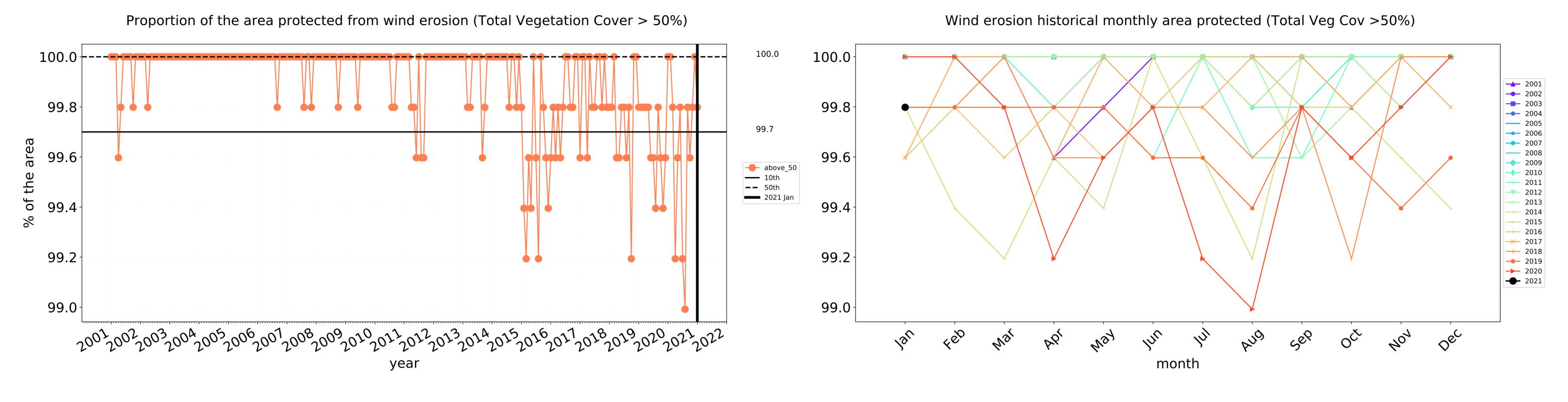


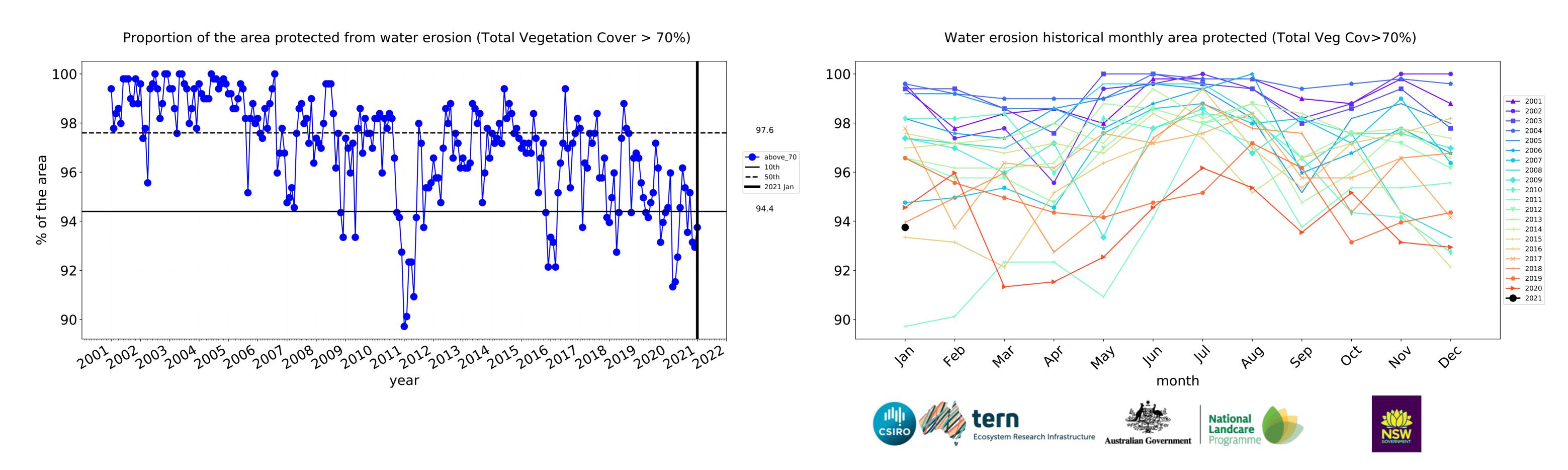


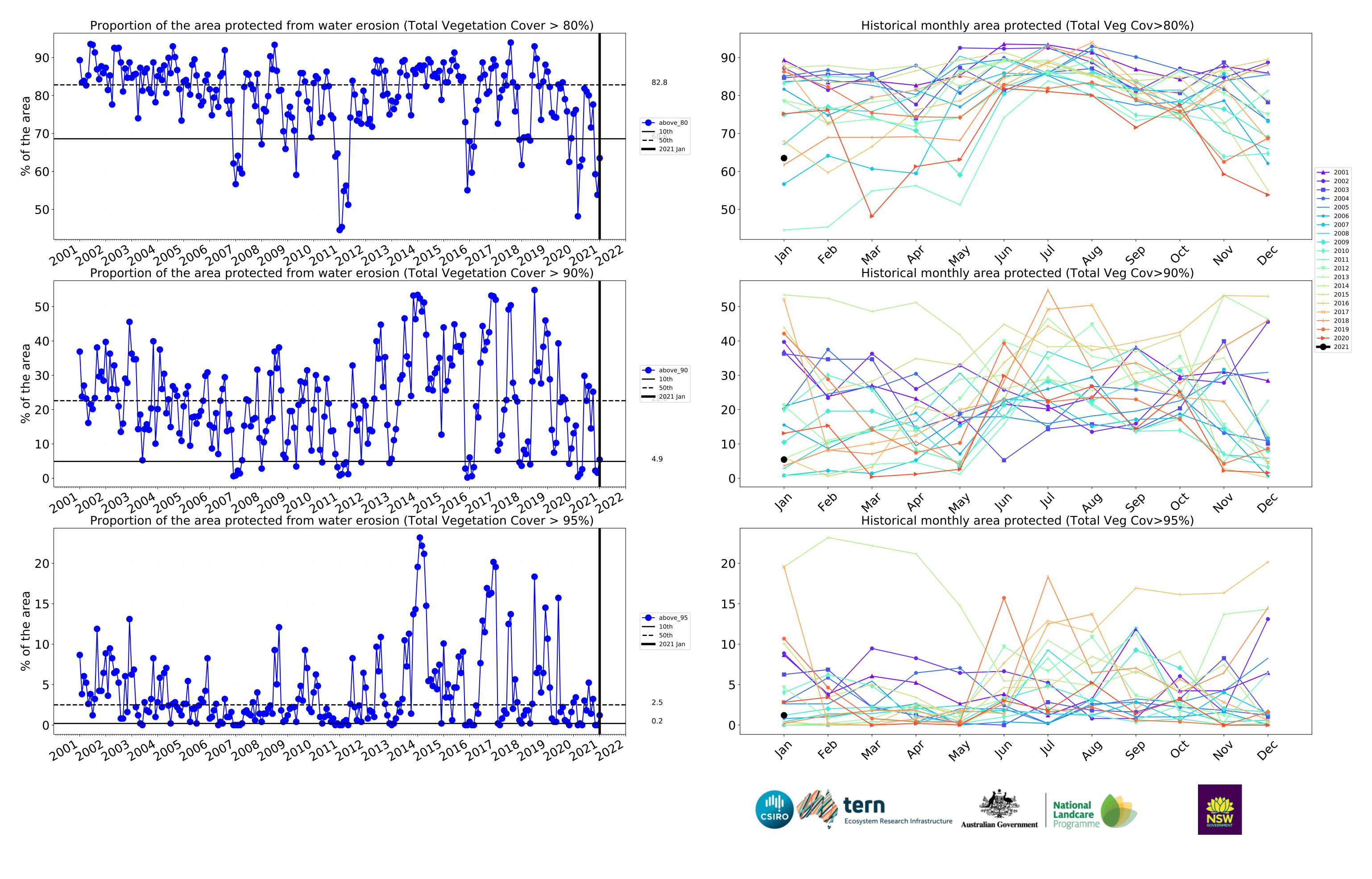




# **Grazing non forest timeseries**







# **Cropping**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

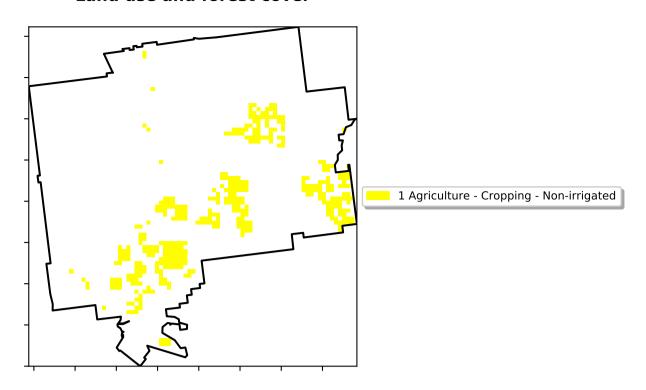
pixel is from

mean of that

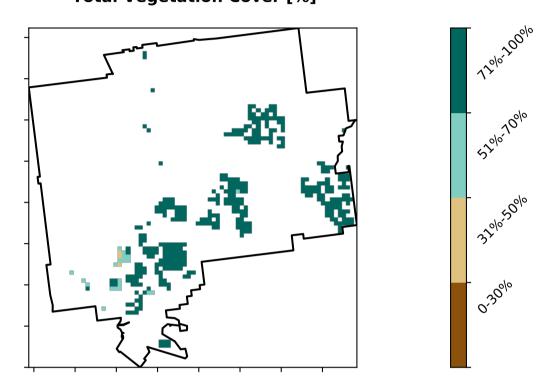
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

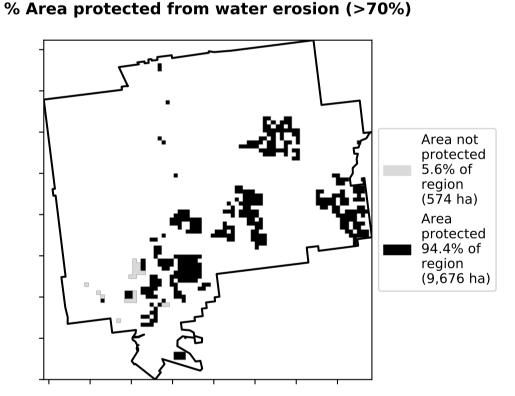
the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the



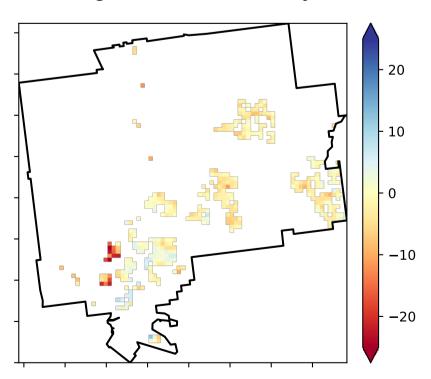
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### 0/ Aven much shed furni weter succion (> 700/

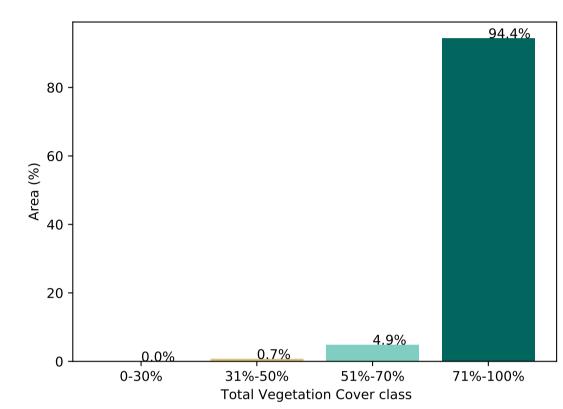


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

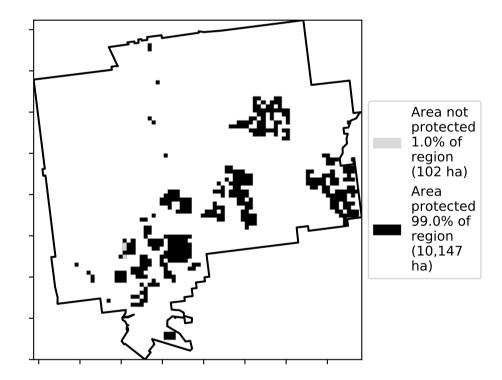


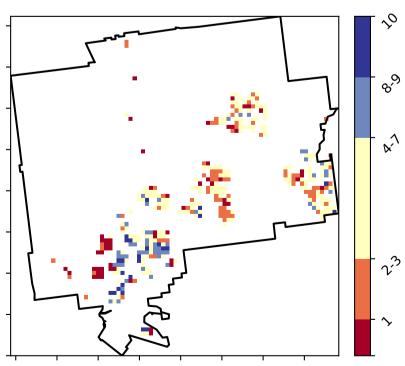
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





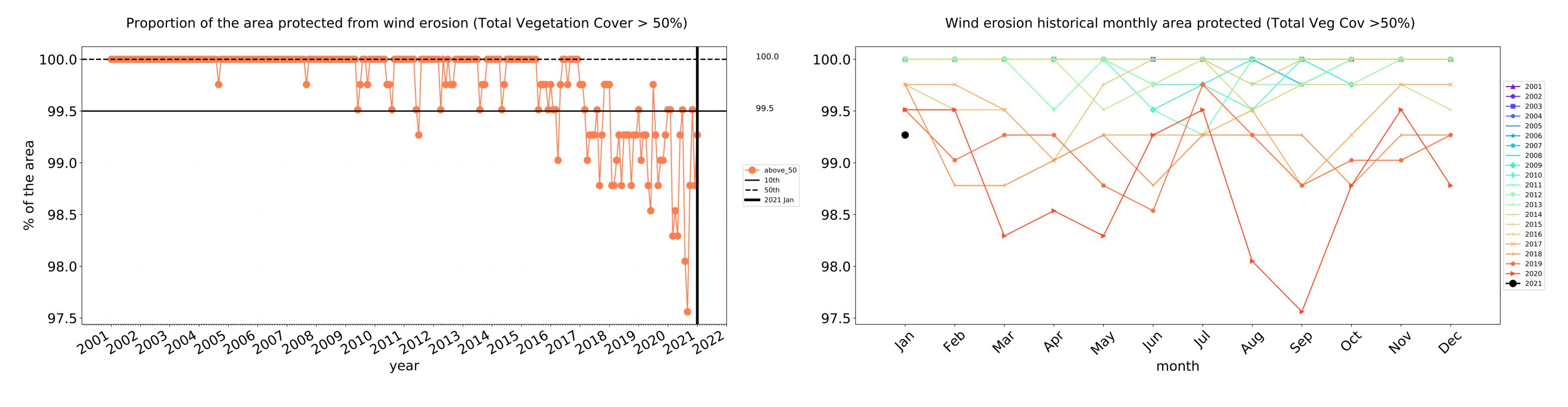


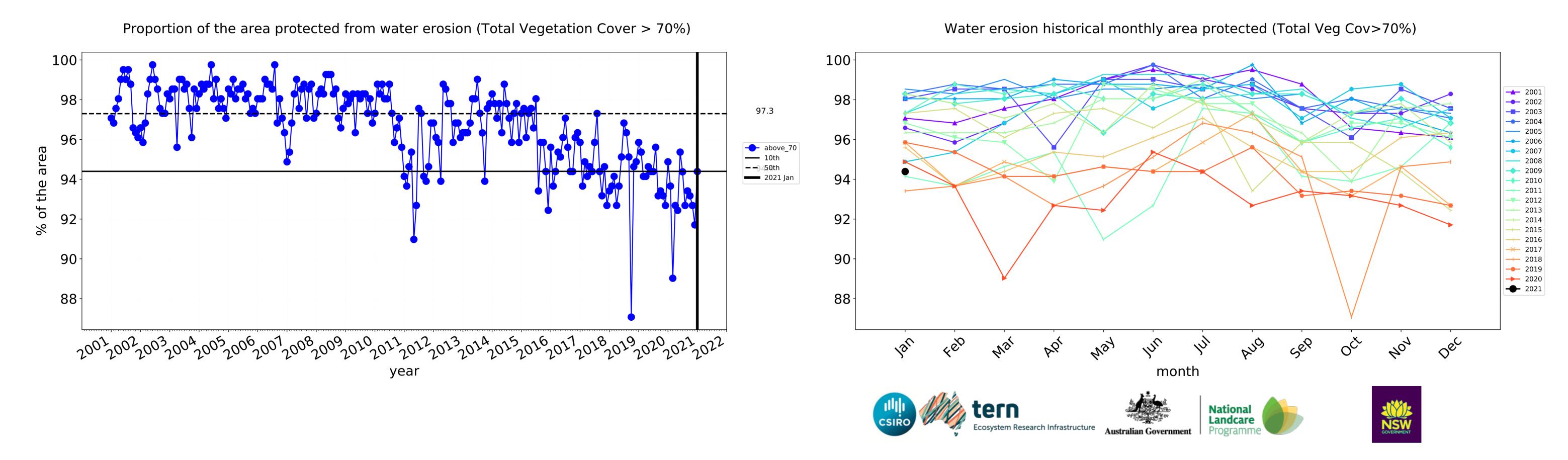


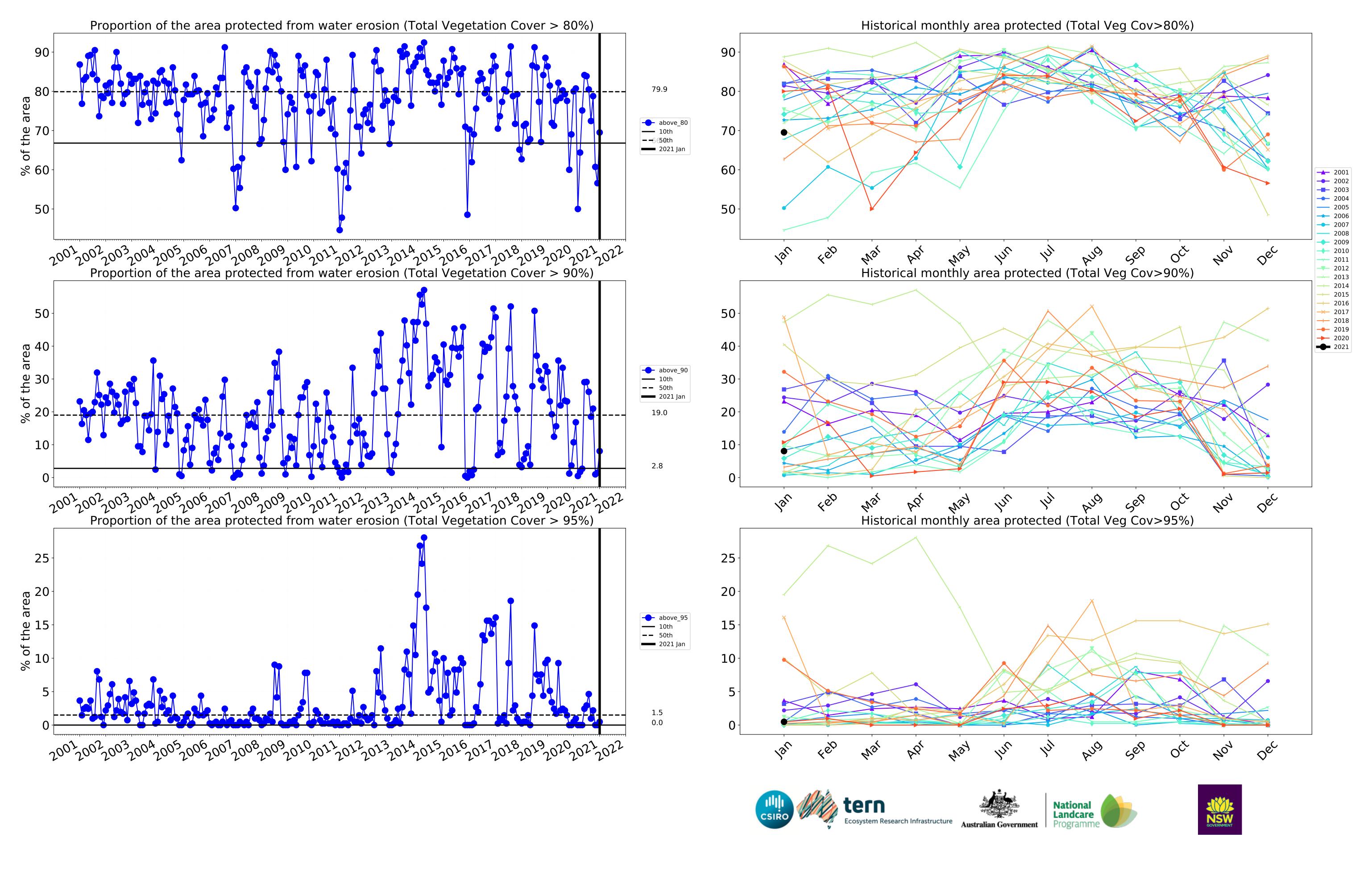




# **Cropping timeseries**







# Irrigation

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

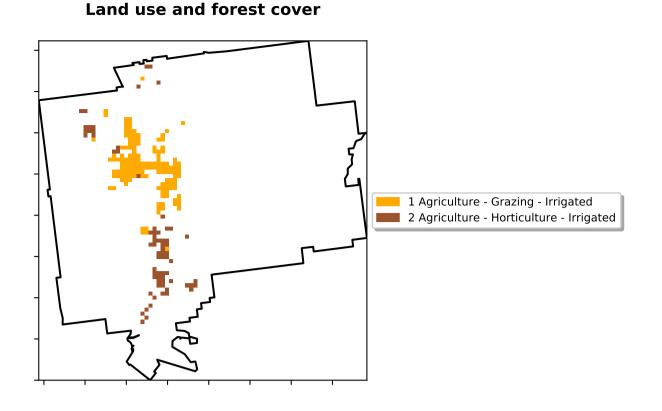
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

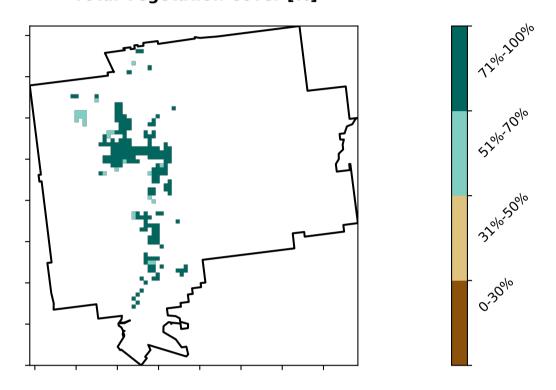
are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

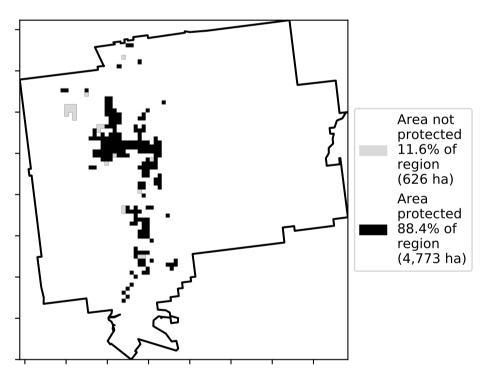
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



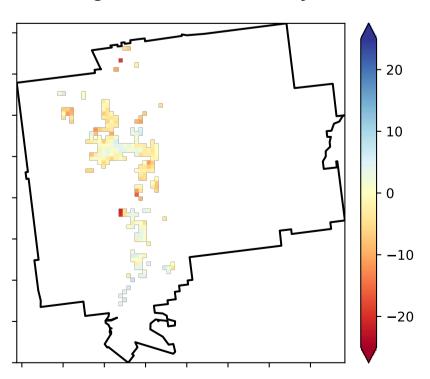
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

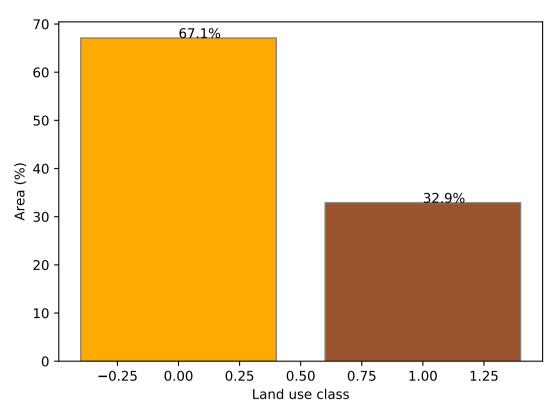


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

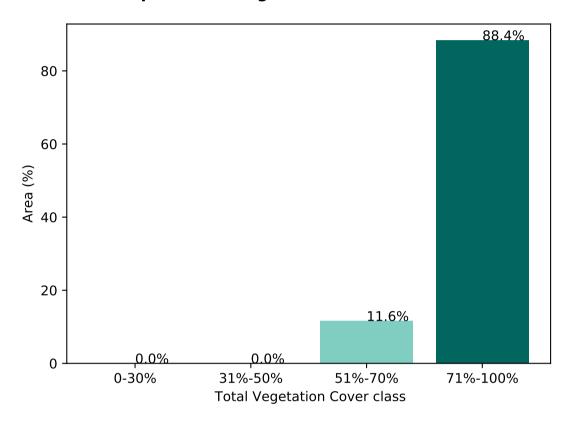


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

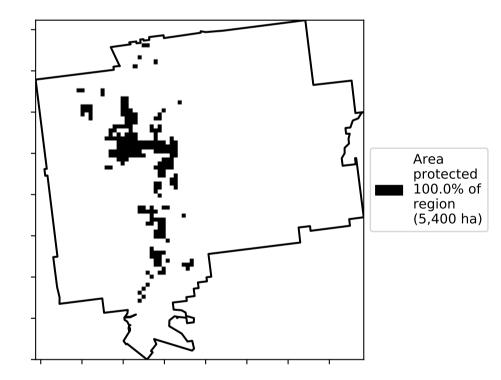
### Proportion of each land class in area

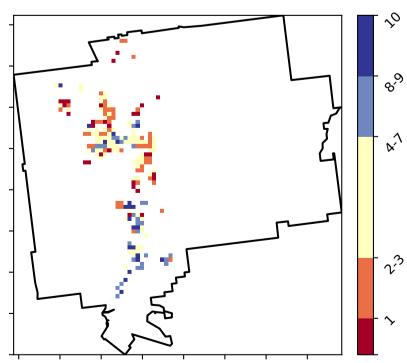


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





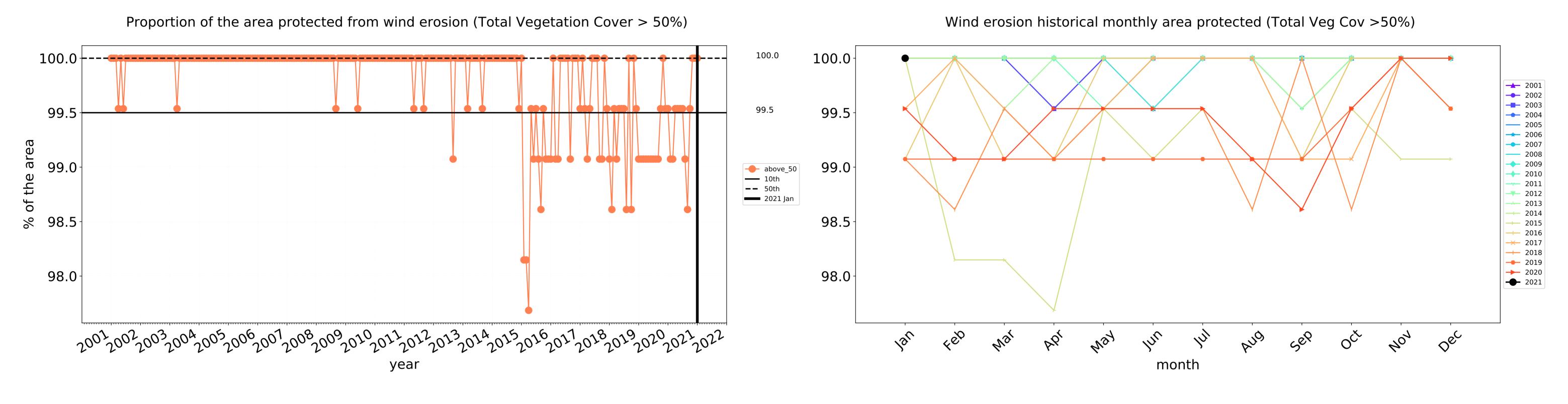


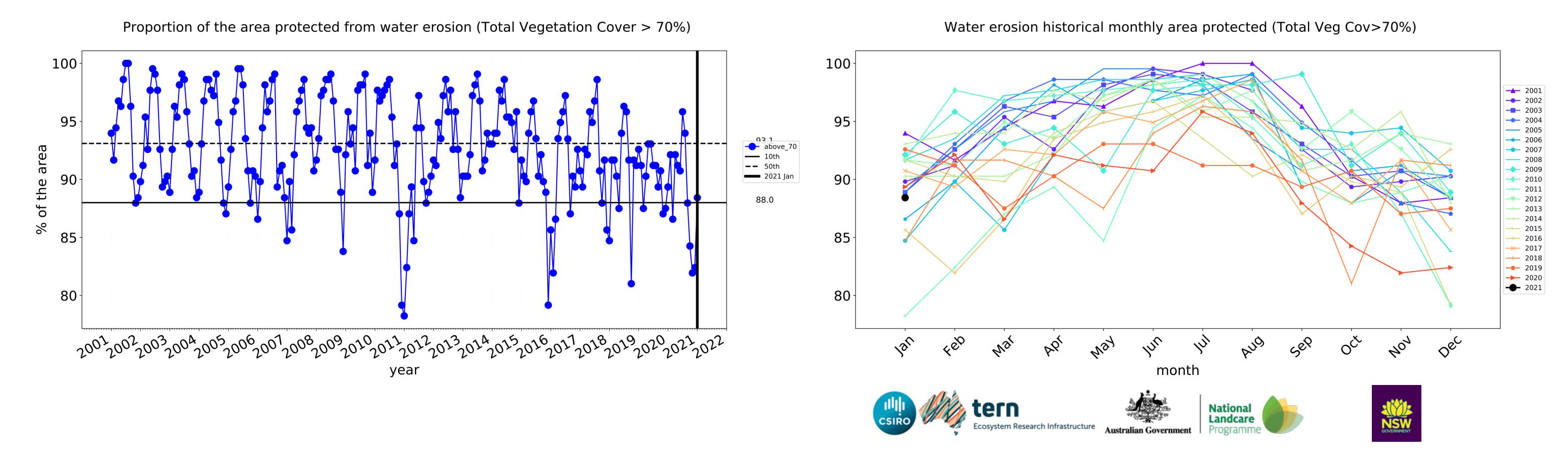


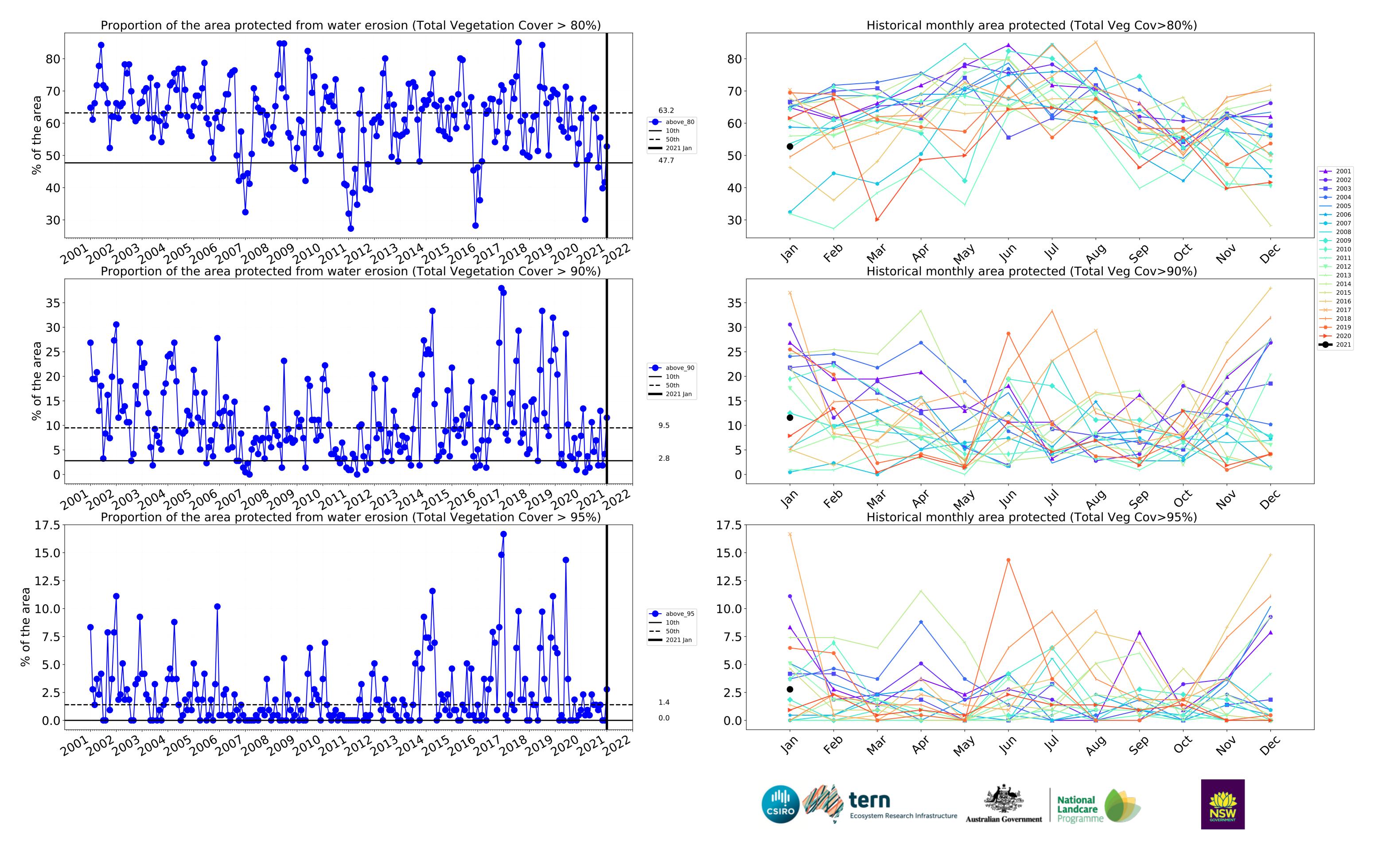




# **Irrigation timeseries**







# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Land use and forest cover

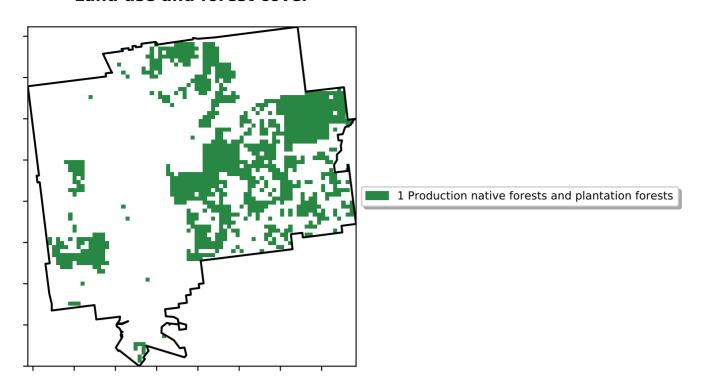
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels

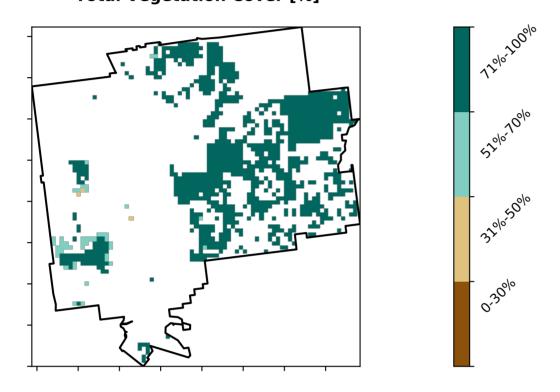
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

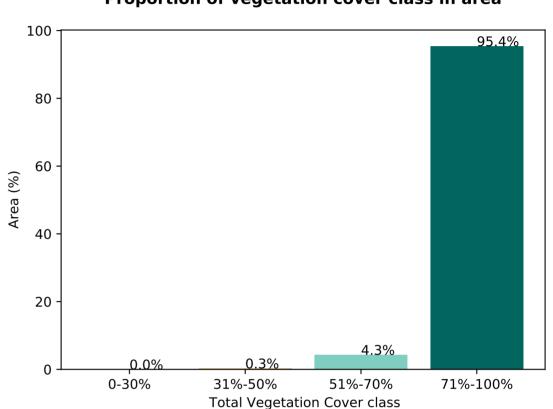
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



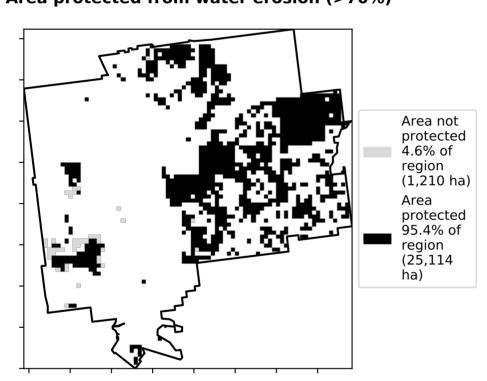
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



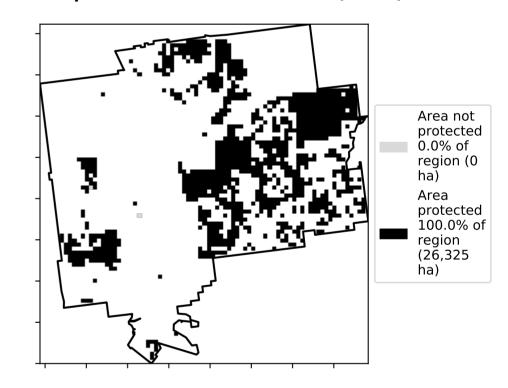
# Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



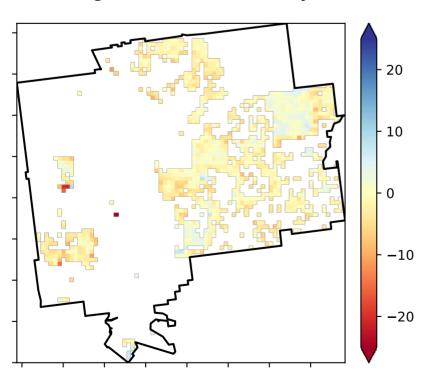
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



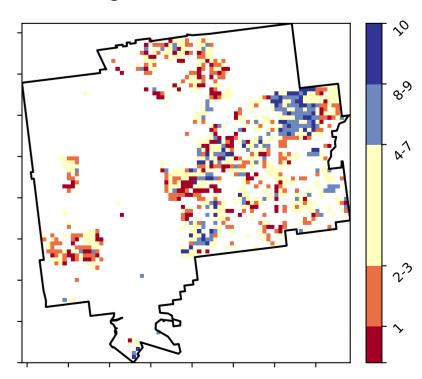
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







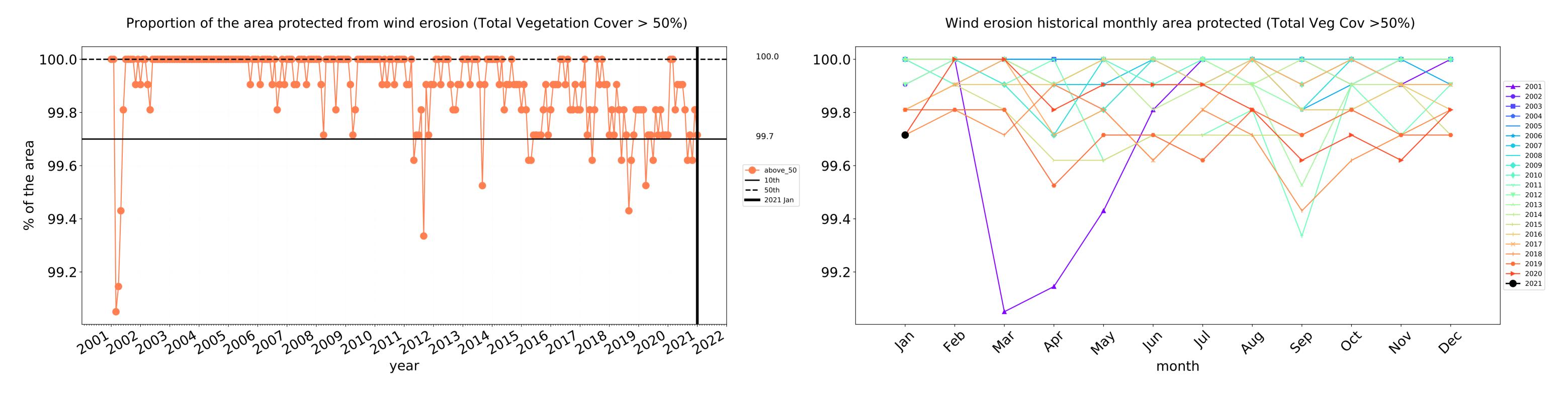


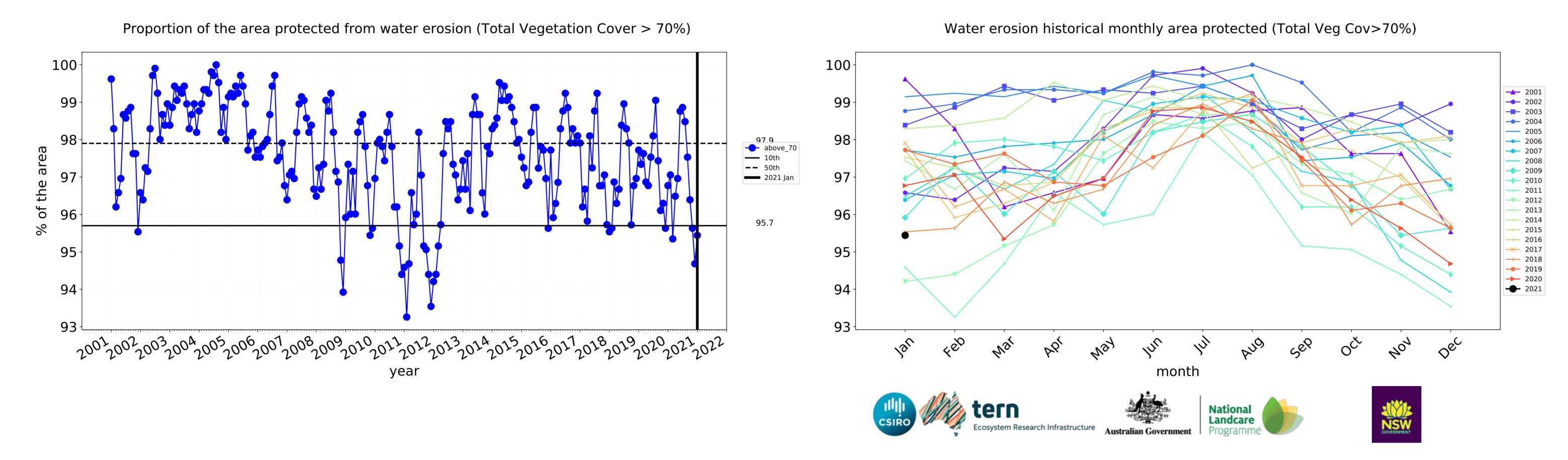


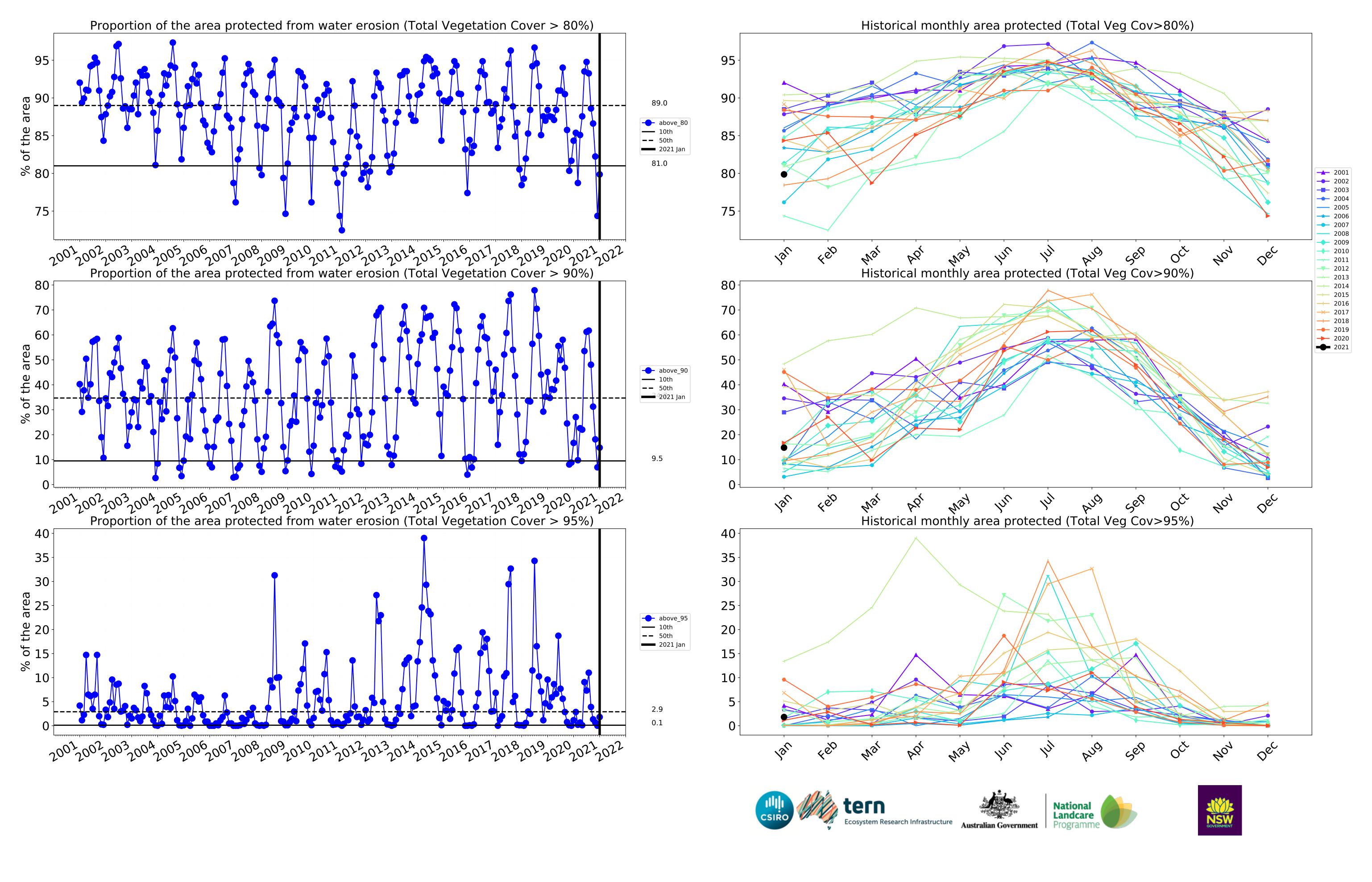




# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







# Swan\_(C) (total 104,400 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	104,400	100.0% 104,400	98.9% 103,250	85.6% 89,325	60.4% 63,050	9.9% 10,375	1.0% 1,000
Conservation and natural environments	29,050	100.0% 29,050	99.8% 29,000	89.7% 26,050	65.1% 18,900	14.2% 4,125	0.5% 150
Conservation and natural environments non forest	7,050	100.0% 7,050	99.6% 7,025	78.7% 5,550	52.1% 3,675	6.0% 425	0.7% 50
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	16,600	100.0% 16,600	99.8% 16,575	94.7% 15,725	79.8% 13,250	20.0% 3,325	0.6% 100
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	5,400	100.0% 5,400	100.0% 5,400	88.4% 4,775	36.6% 1,975	6.9% 375	0.0%
Agriculture	28,075	100.0% 28,075	99.6% 27,950	92.9% 26,075	63.6% 17,850	7.6% 2,125	1.2% 350
Grazing	12,425	100.0% 12,425	99.6% 12,375	93.6% 11,625	63.4% 7,875	5.4% 675	1.2% 150
Grazing non forest	12,400	100.0% 12,400	99.8% 12,375	93.8% 11,625	63.5% 7,875	5.4% 675	1.2% 150
Cropping	10,250	100.0% 10,250	99.3% 10,175	94.4% 9,675	69.5% 7,125	8.0% 825	0.5% 50
Irrigation	5,400	100.0% 5,400	100.0% 5,400	88.4% 4,775	52.8% 2,850	11.6% 625	2.8% 150
Production native forests and plantation forests	26,325	100.0% 26,325	99.7% 26,250	95.4% 25,125	79.9% 21,025	14.8% 3,900	1.8% 475







