Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Manjimup (S) WA

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Date: February 2024

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
 - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
 - 31-50% Low cover not protected
 - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

Erosion protection

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

Acknowledgment of data:

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









Vegetation Cover Feb 2024

Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

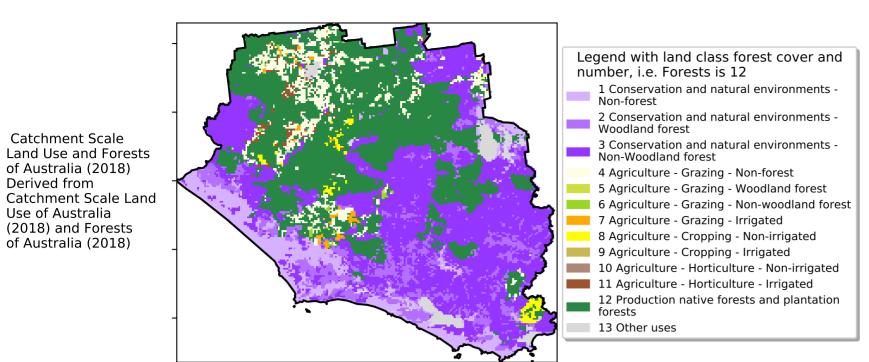
mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

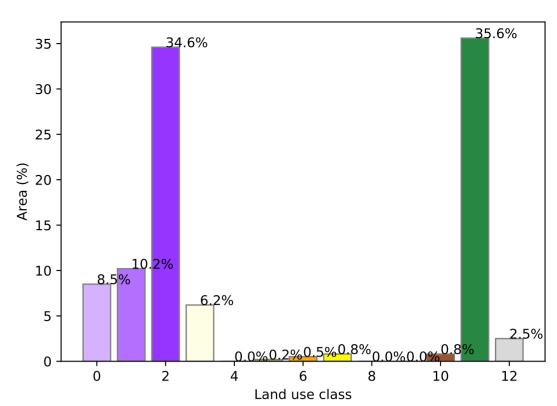
the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

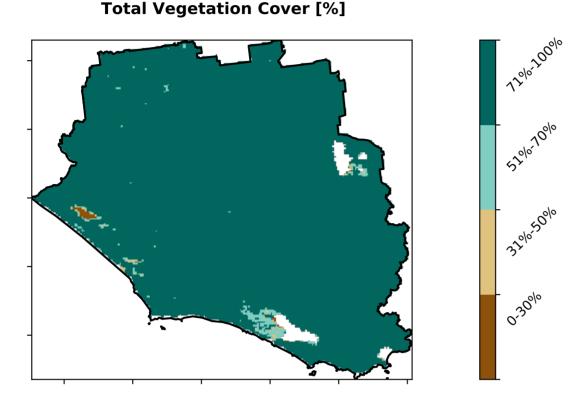
Derived from

Use of Australia

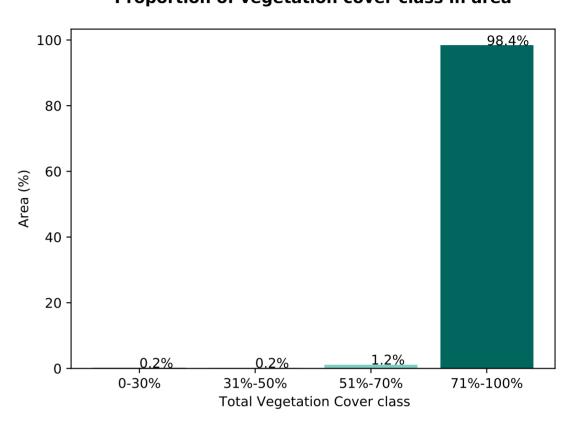


Proportion of each land class in area

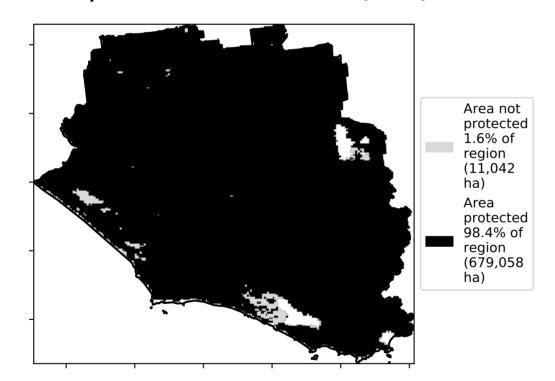




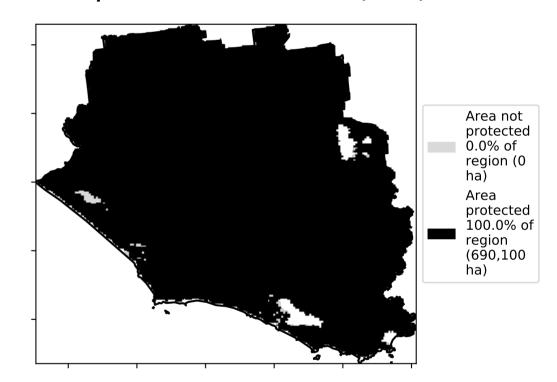
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



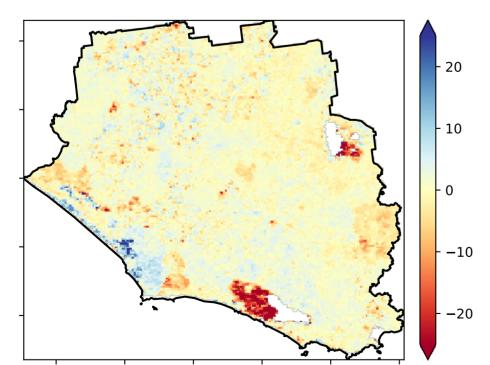
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



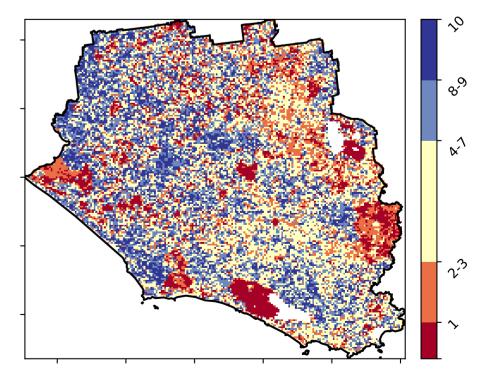
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

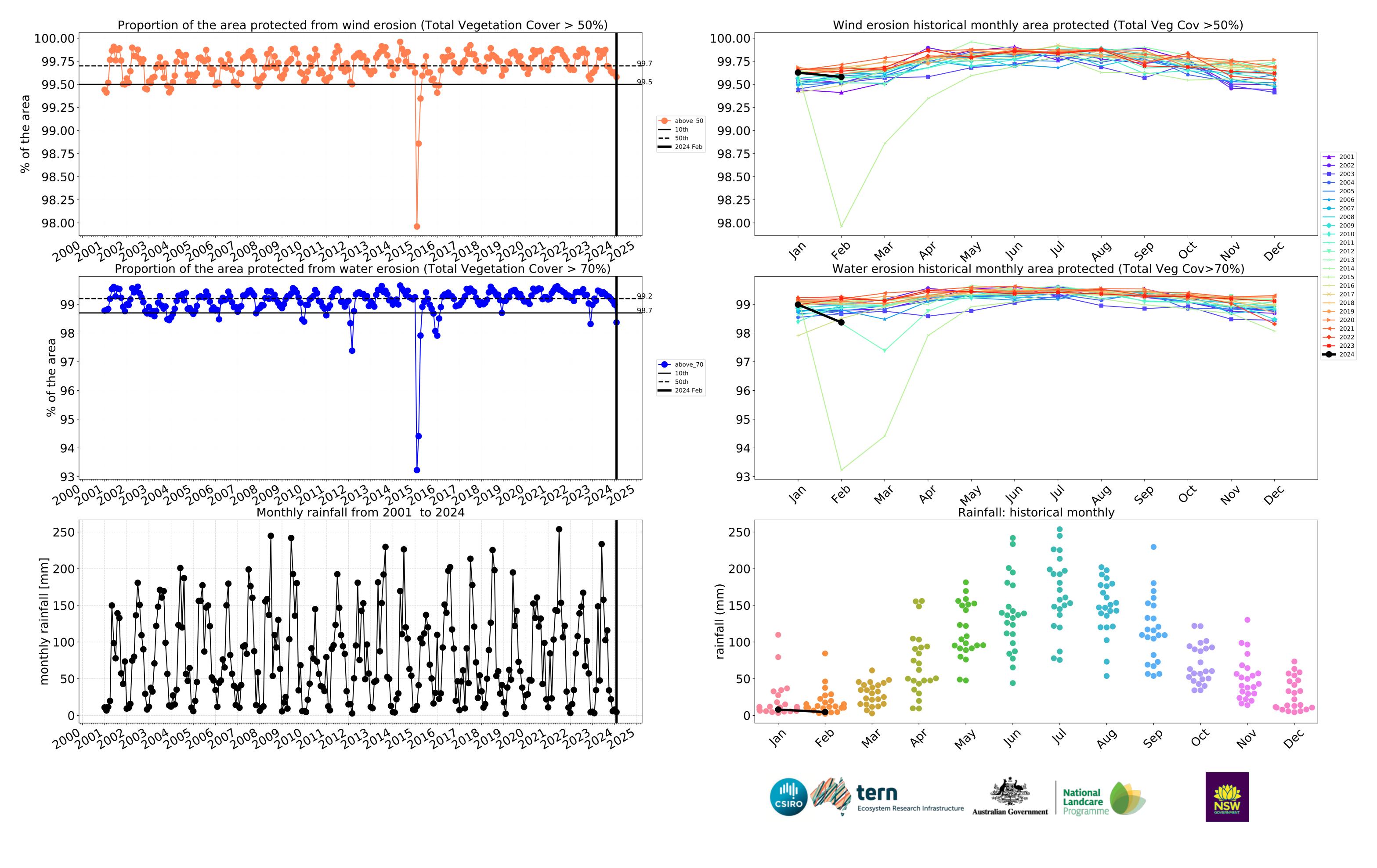


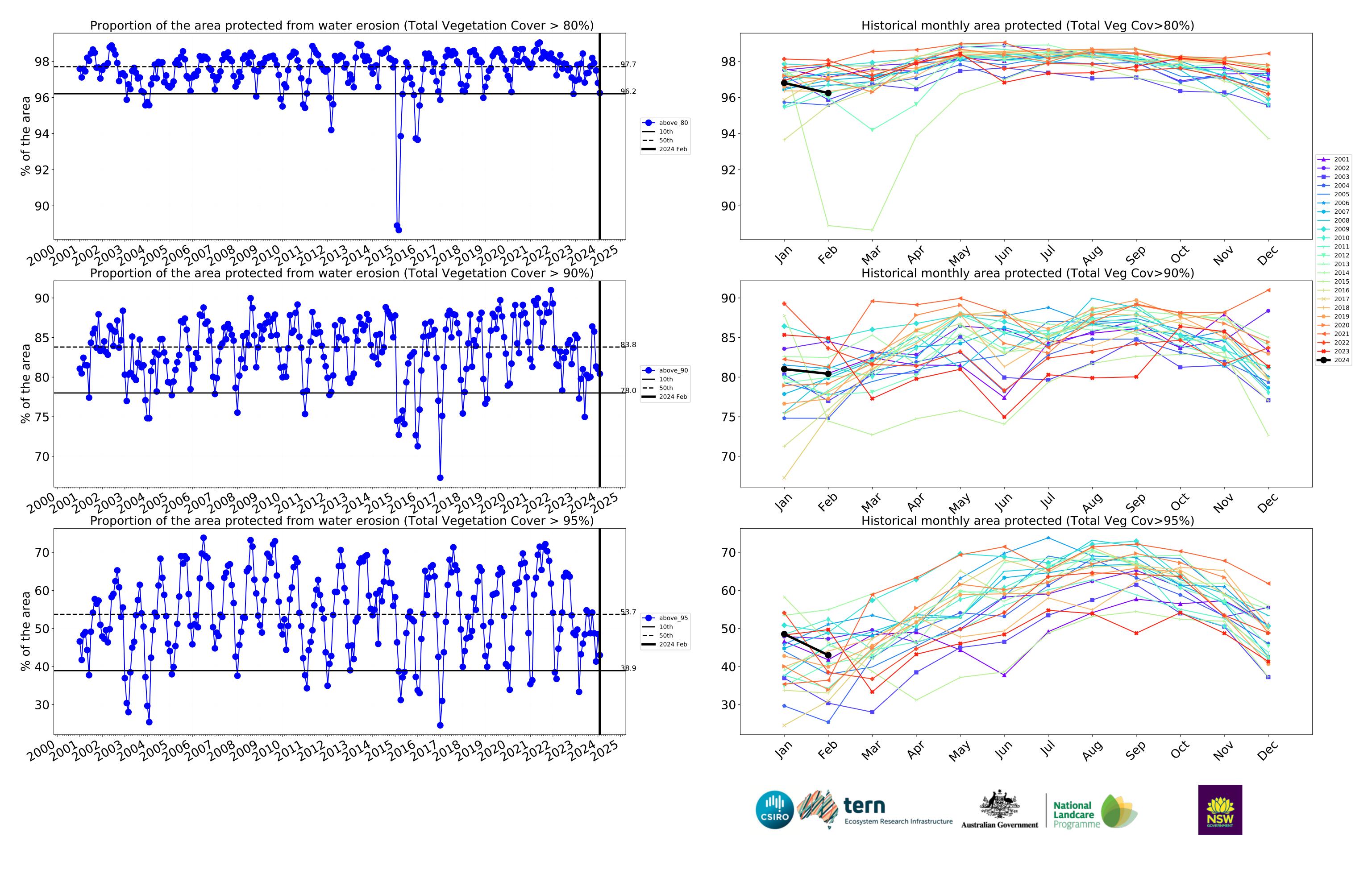












Conservation and natural environments

Land use and forest cover Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonforest of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland Use of Australia 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

64.9% 60 50 Area (%) 00 01 19.2% 20 15.9%

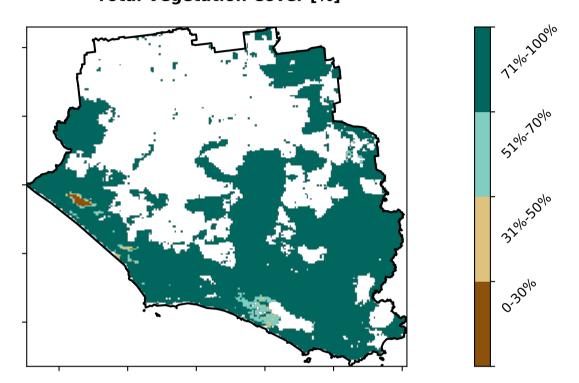
10 -

-0.5

0.0

Proportion of each land class in area

Total Vegetation Cover [%]



Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

1.0

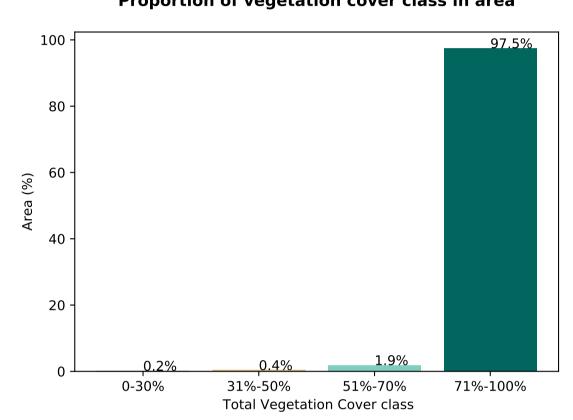
Land use class

1.5

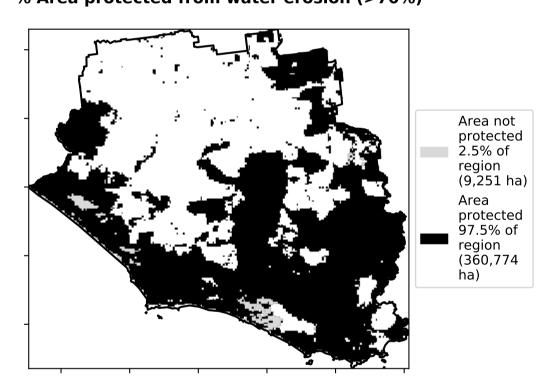
2.0

2.5

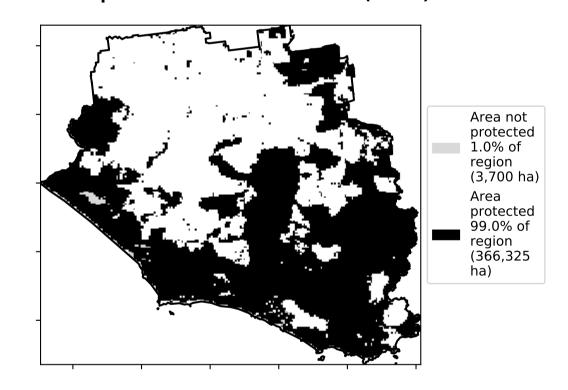
0.5



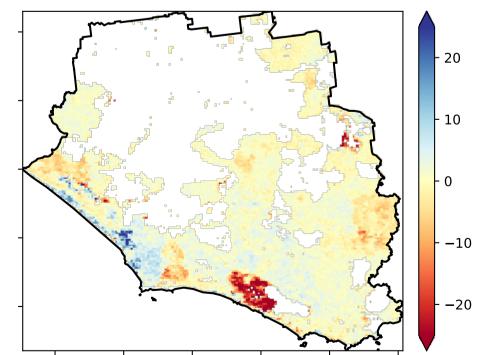
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

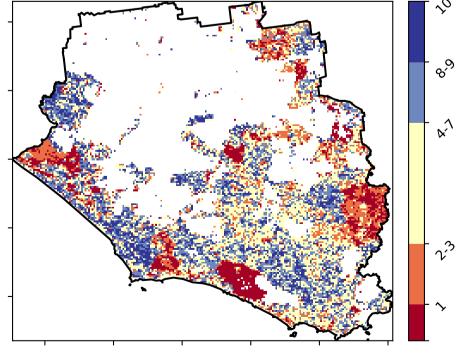


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month.
That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]



is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

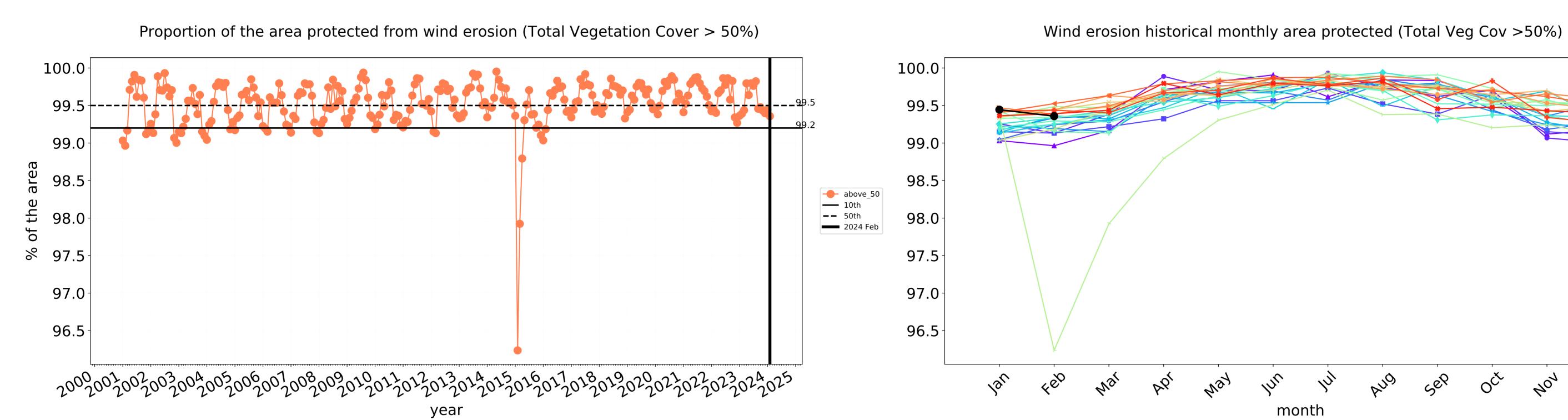


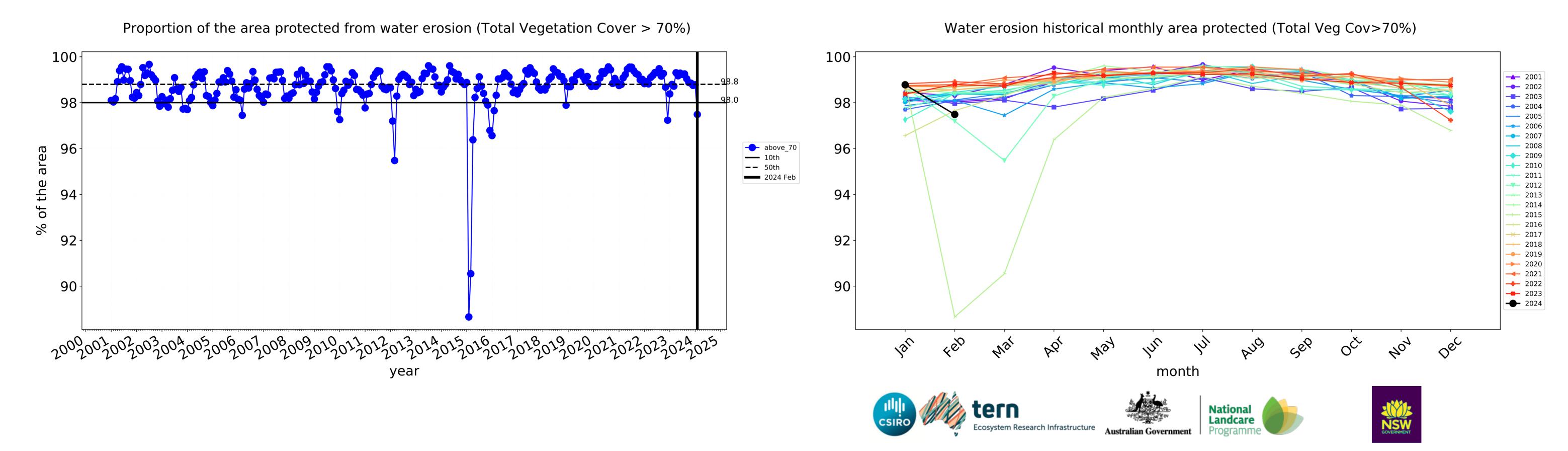




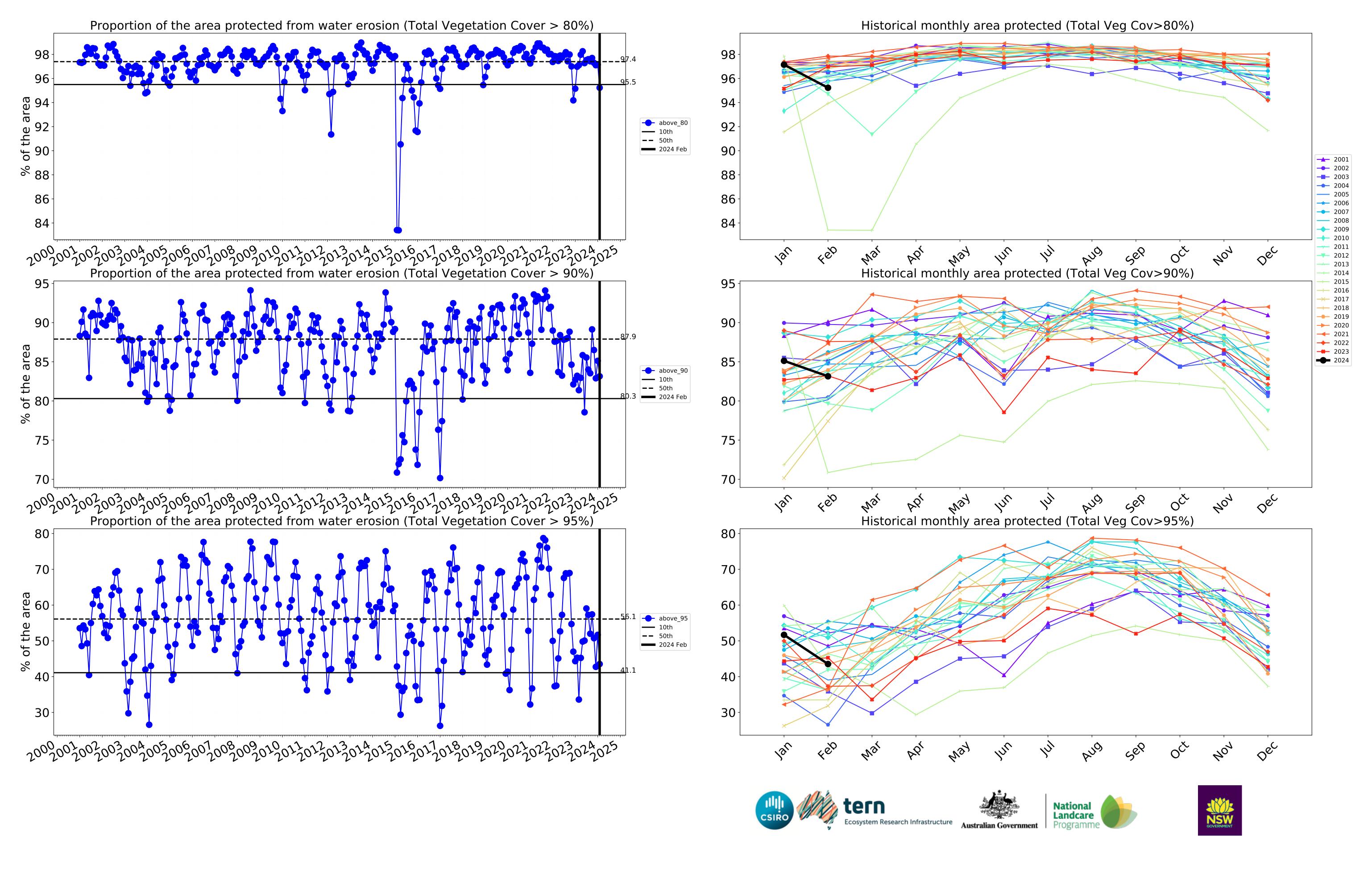


Conservation and natural environments timeseries





--- 2018 --- 2019

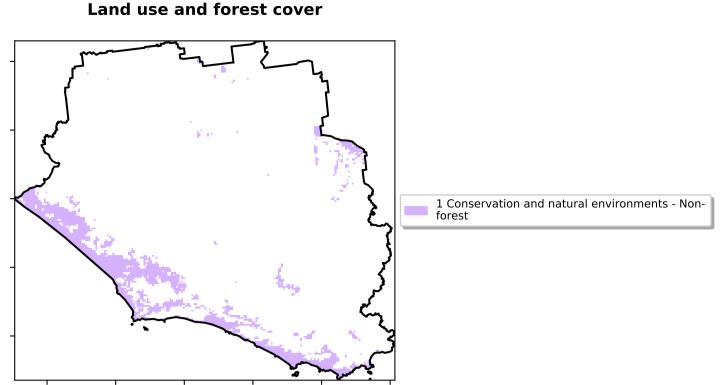


Conservation and natural environments non forest

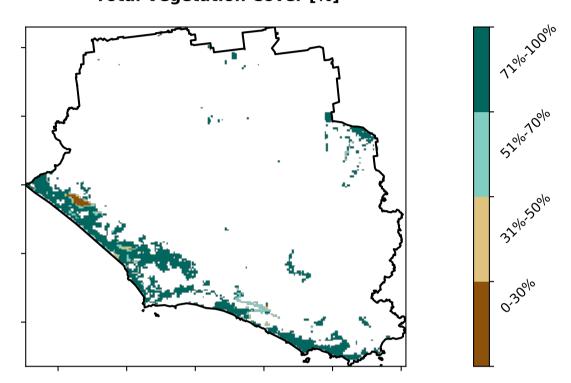
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

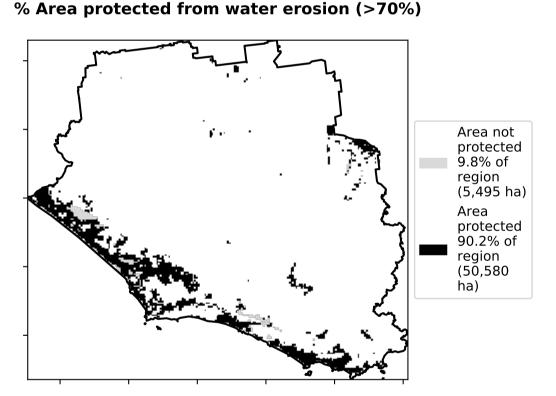
lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

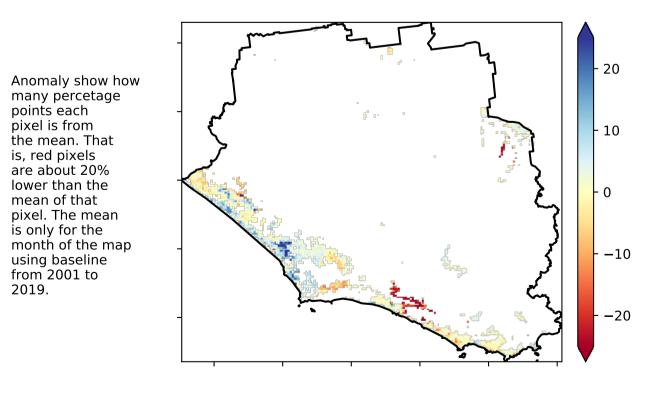


Total Vegetation Cover [%]



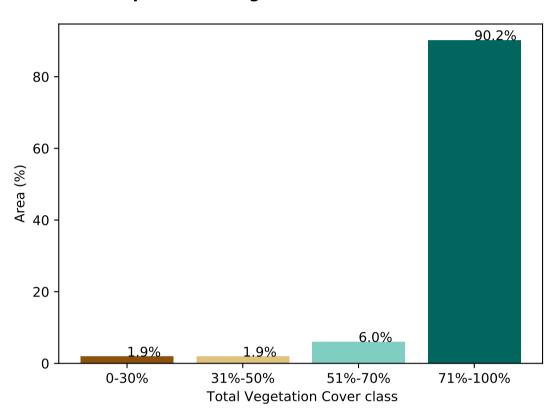


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

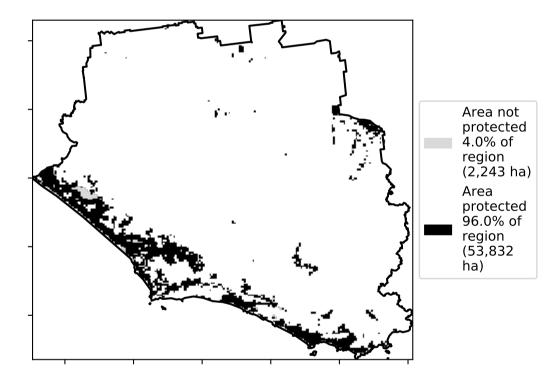


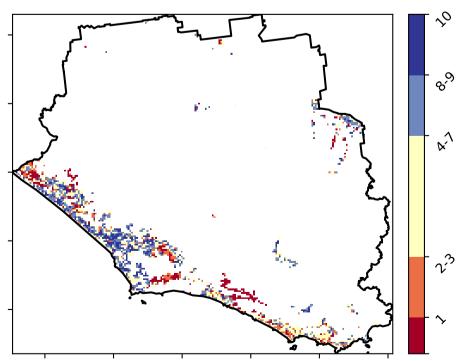
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the man using baseline. the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





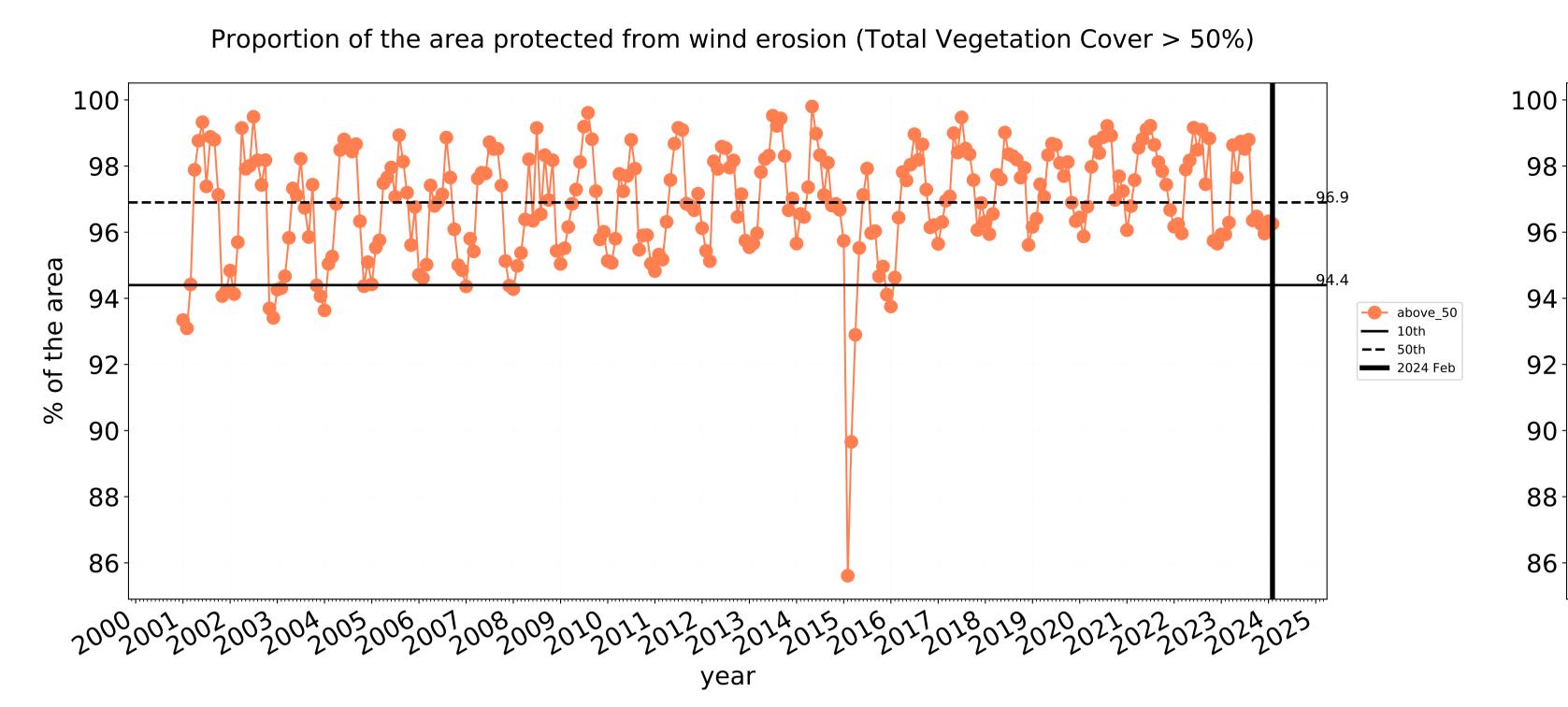








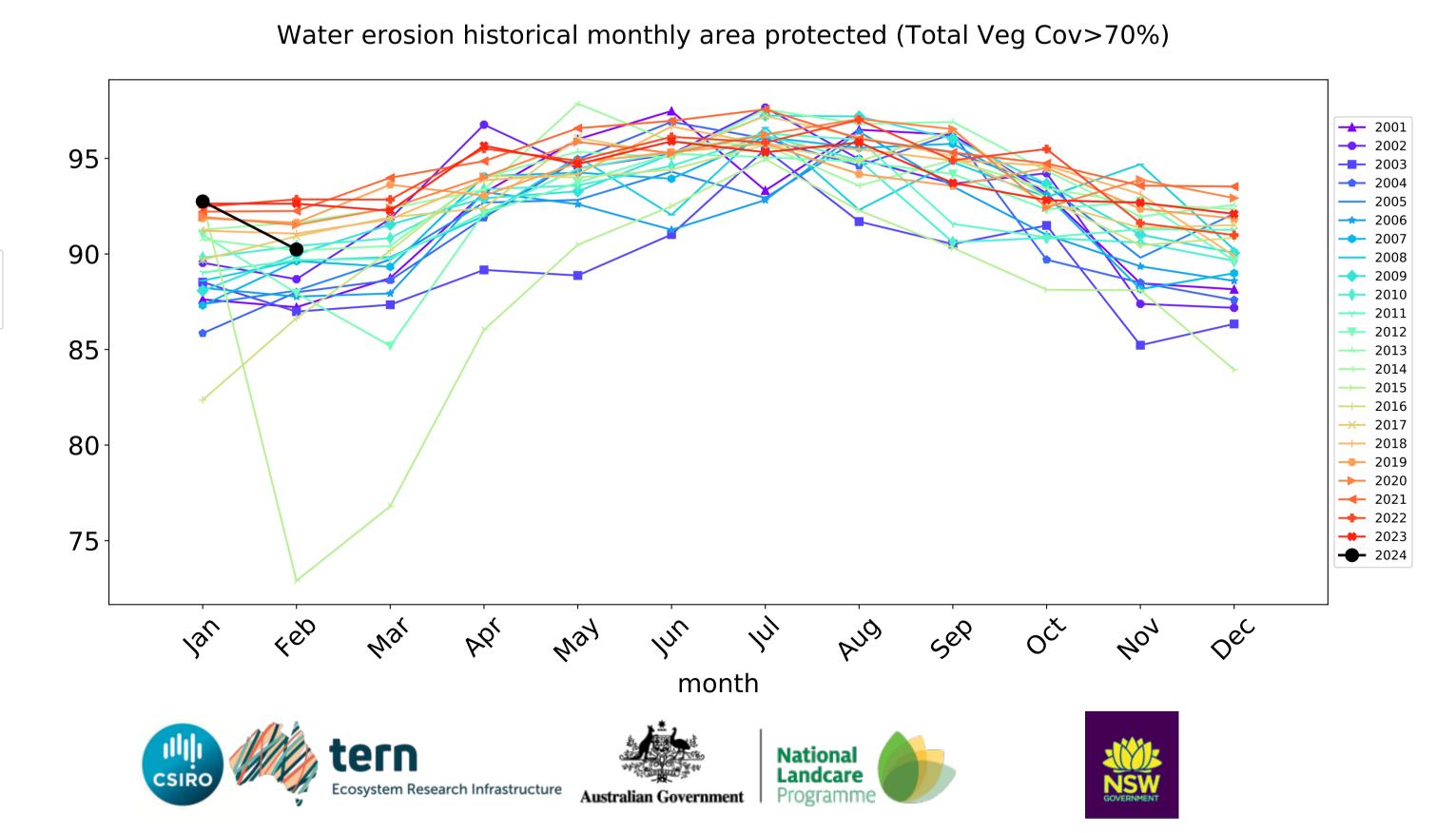
Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries

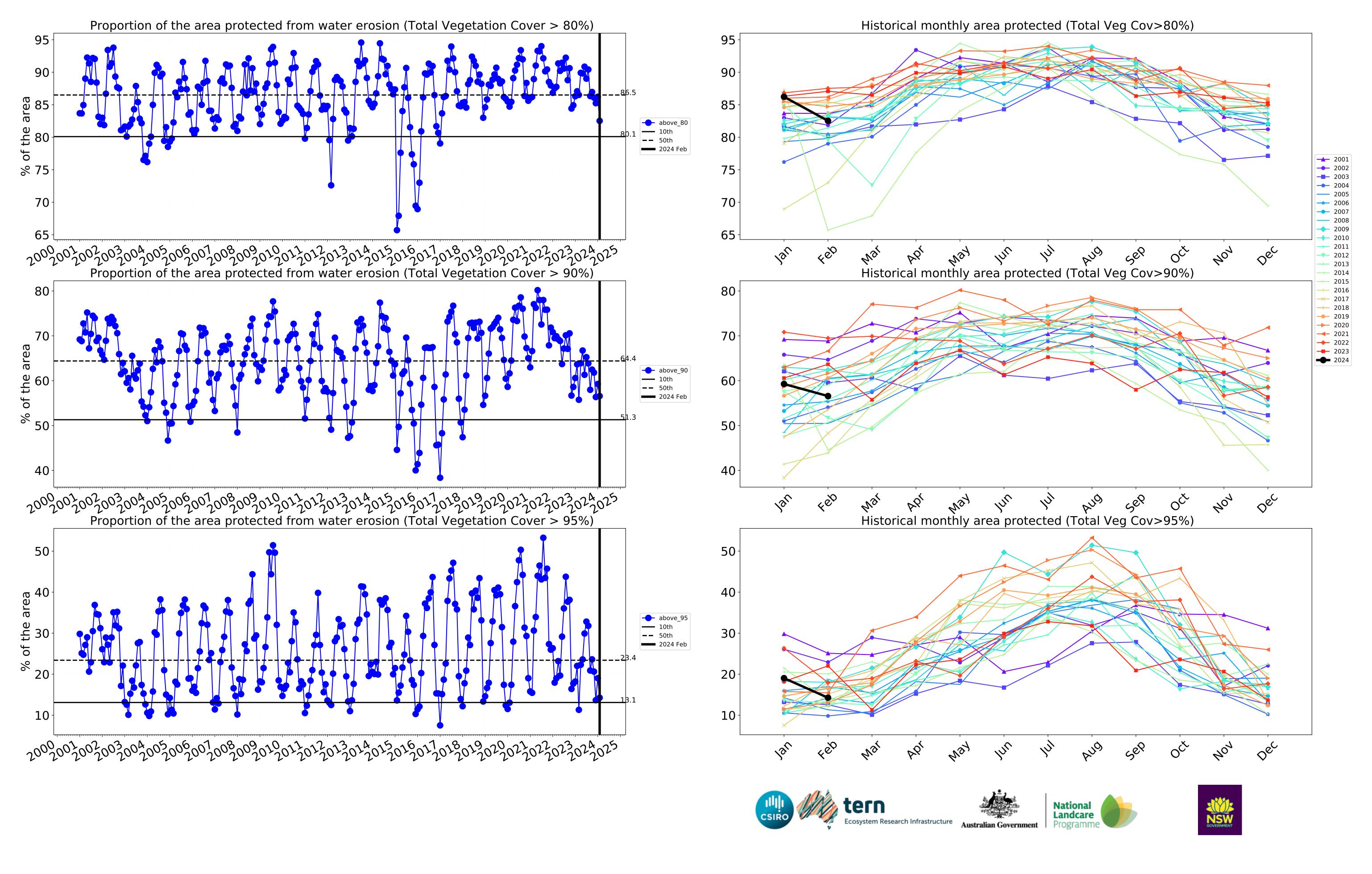


Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%) ____ 2001 98-____ 2005 96 **~** 2009 94 **→** 2010 2011 2013 92 ← 2014 **→** 2015 × 2017 90-88

month

--- 2024



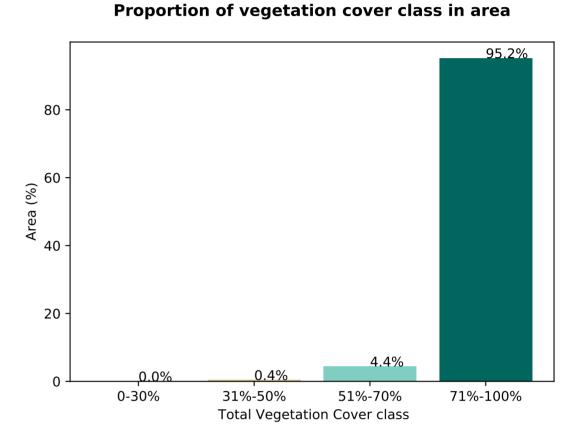


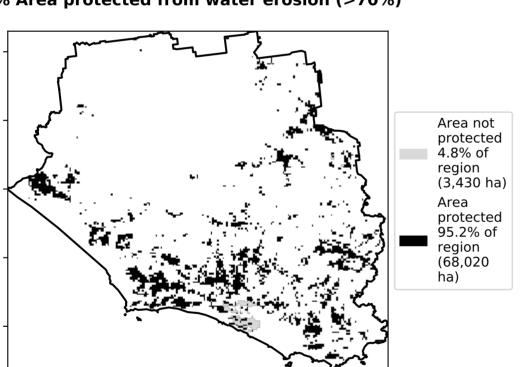
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest

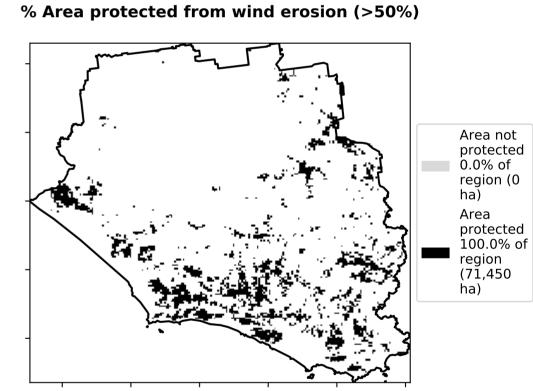
Land use and forest cover Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land 1 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

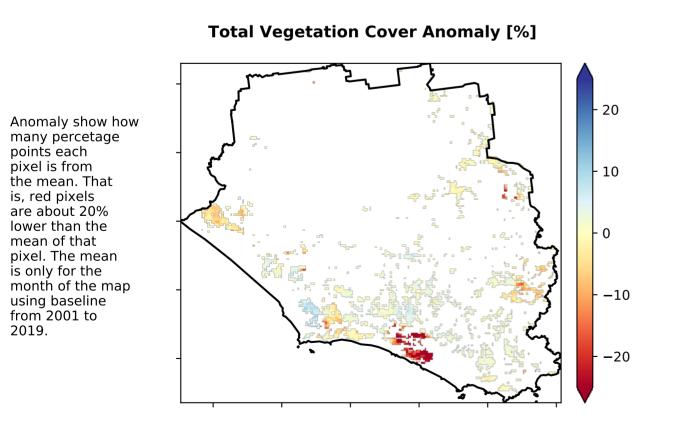
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

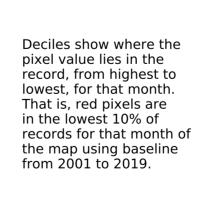
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

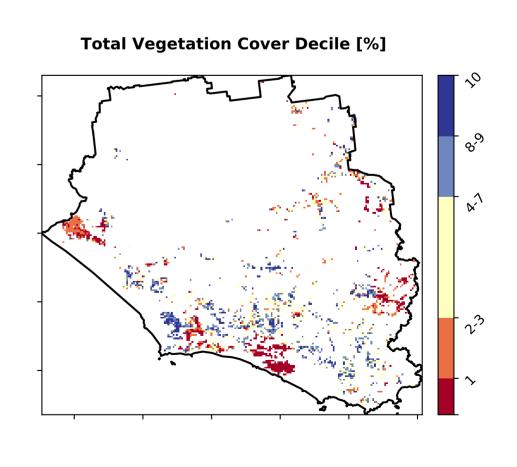












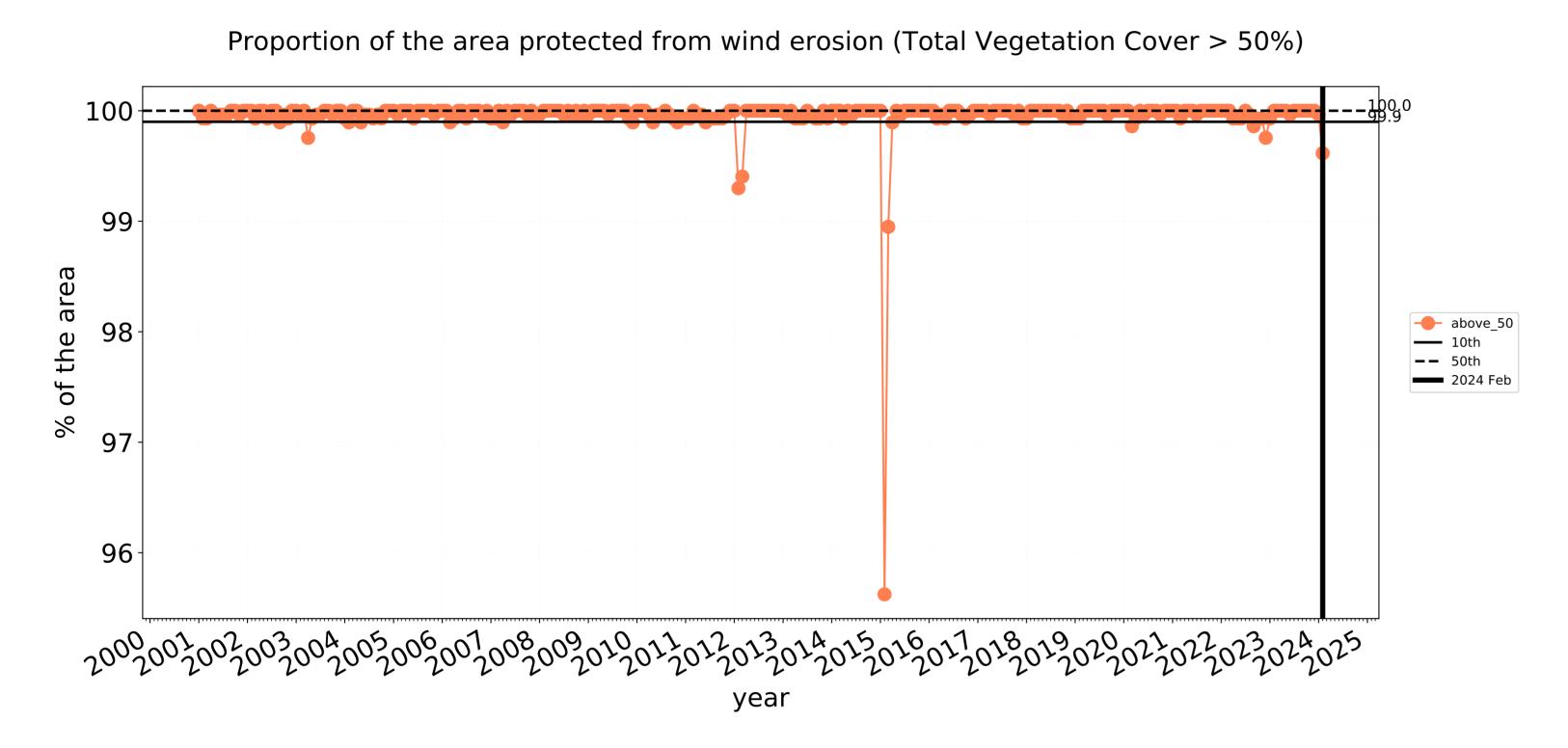


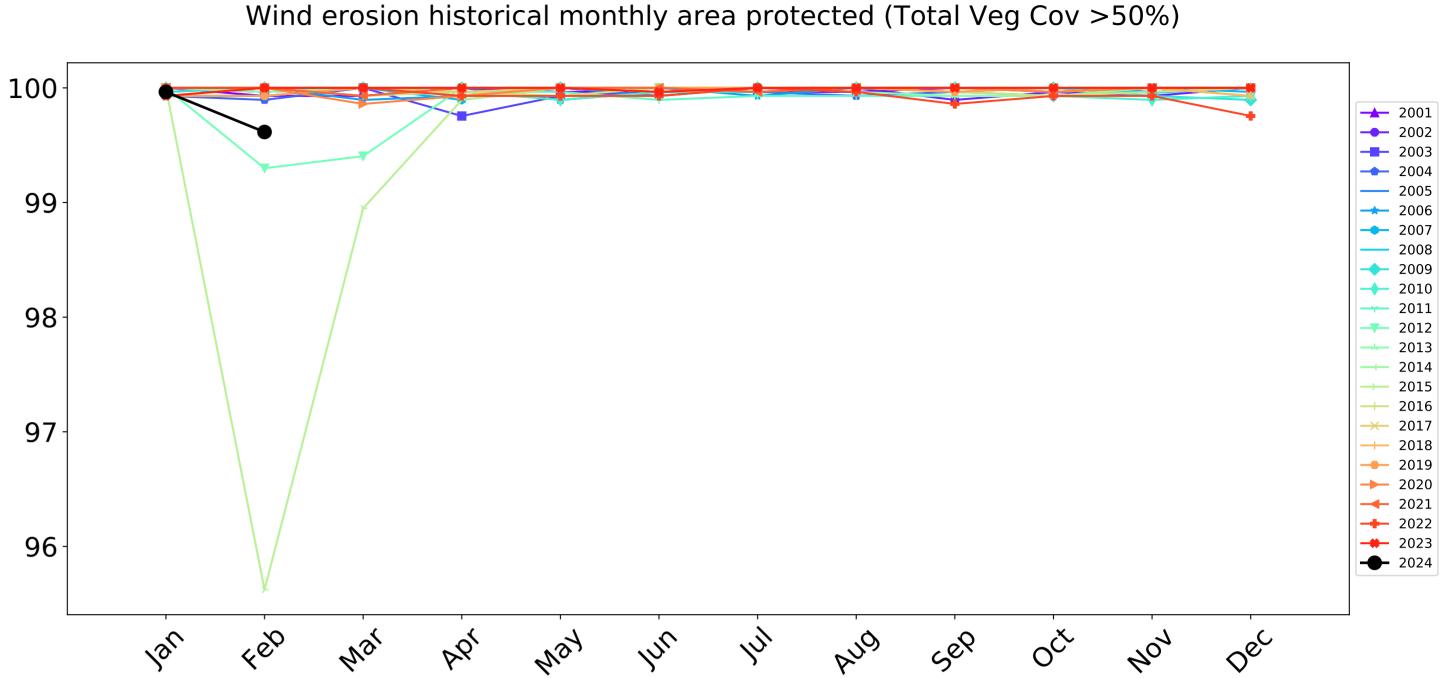




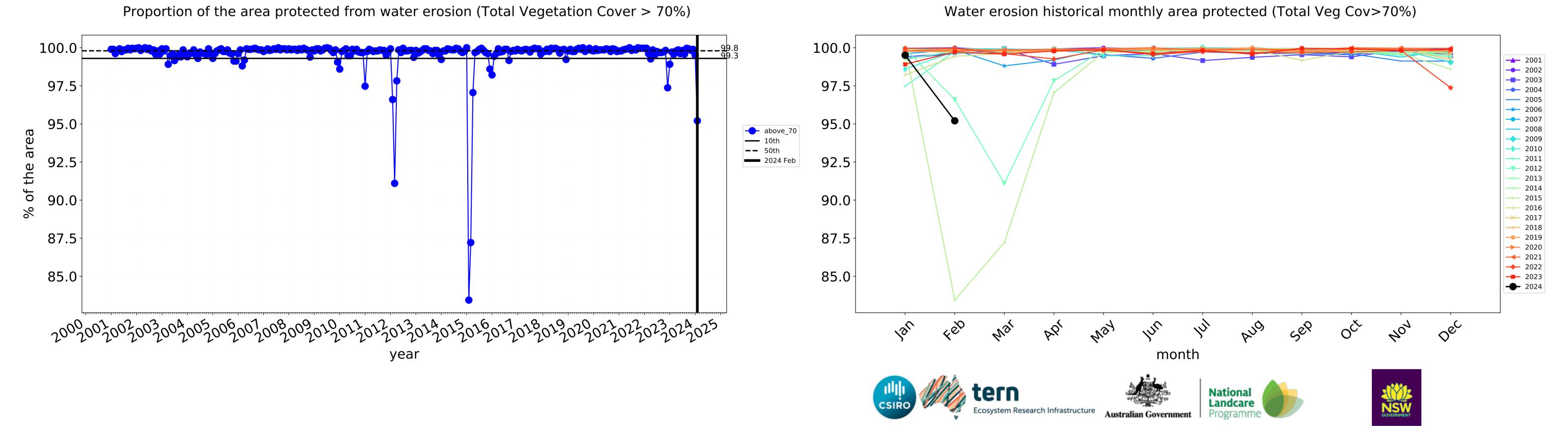


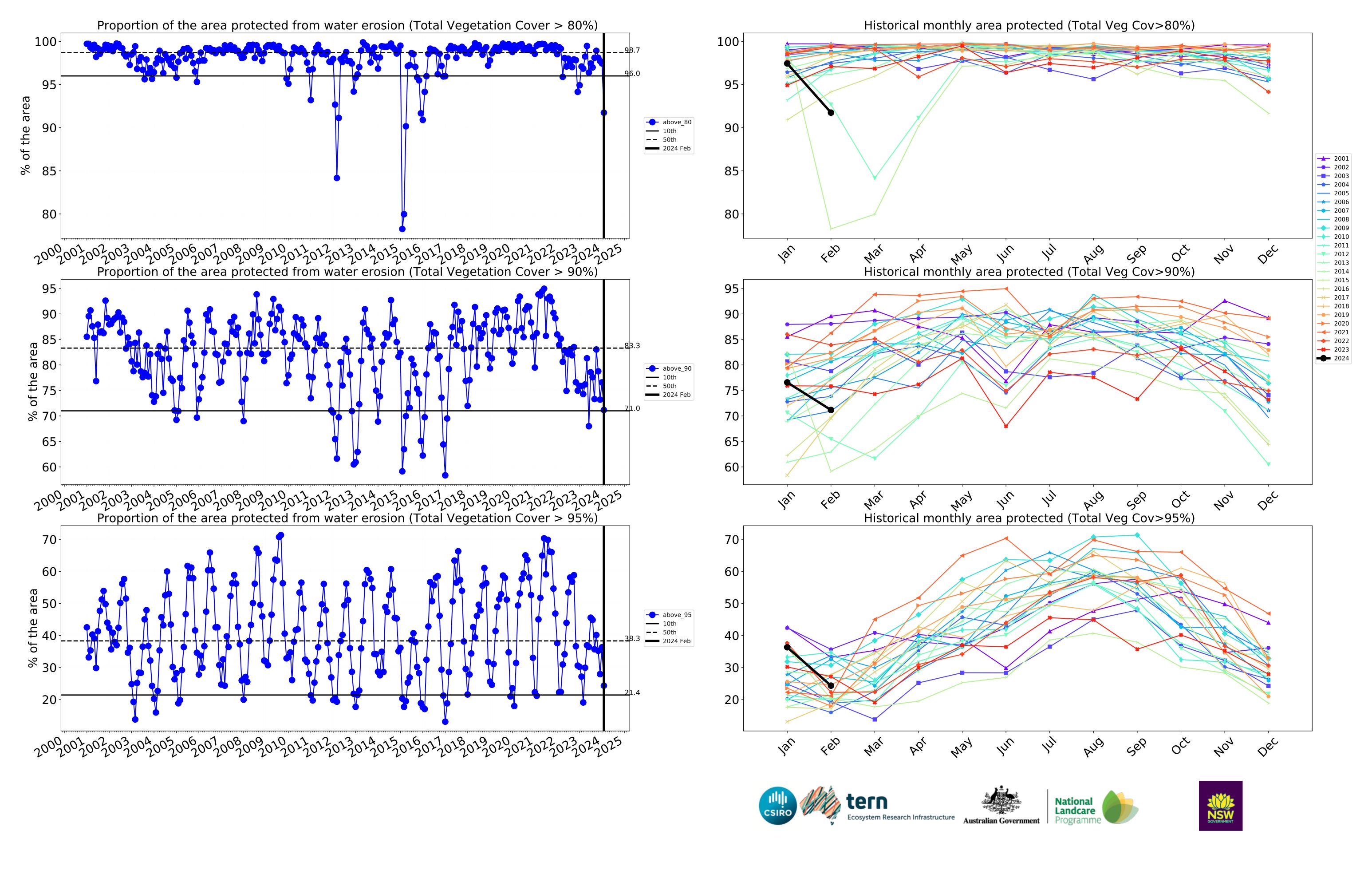
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries





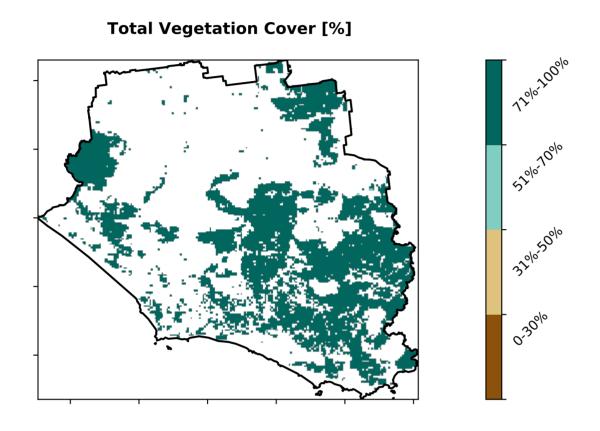
month

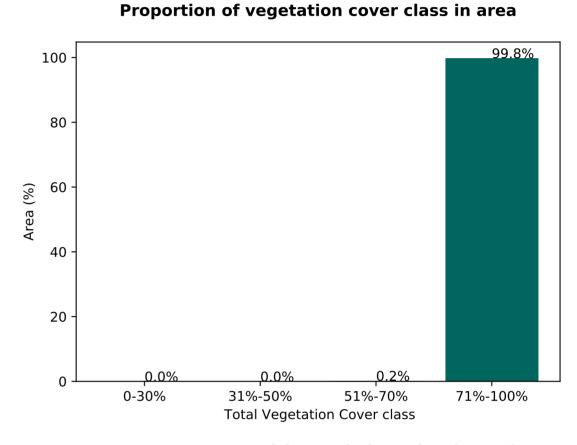


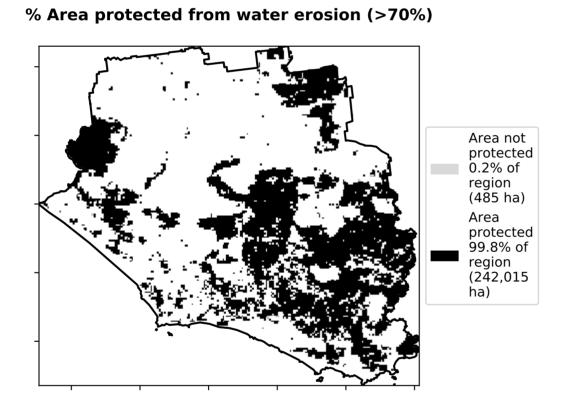


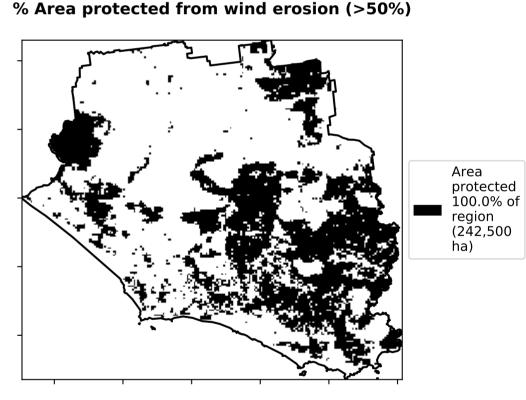
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)

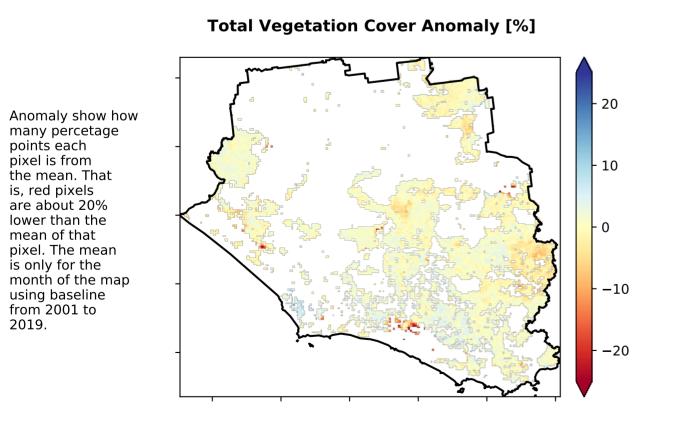
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest



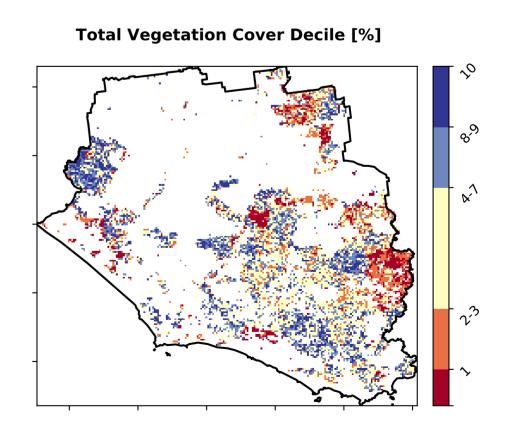








Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

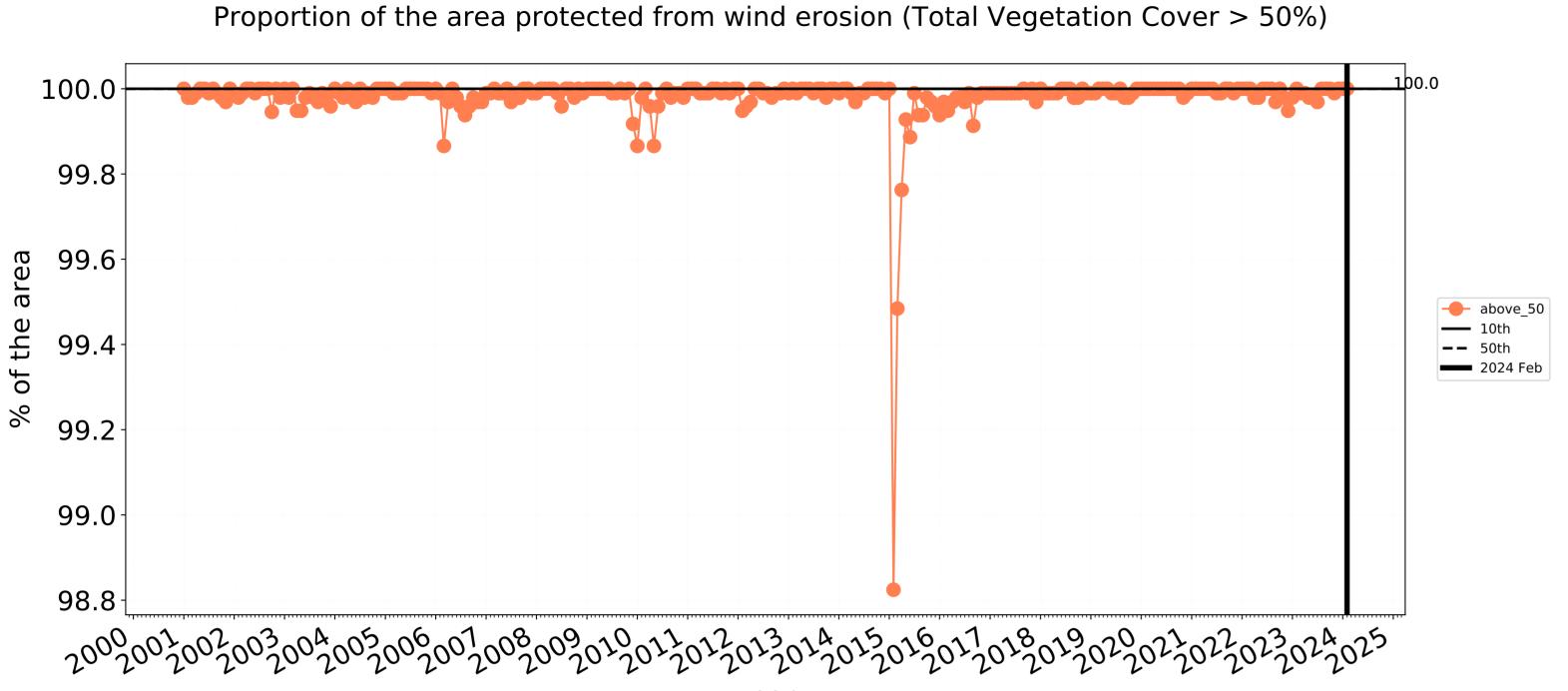


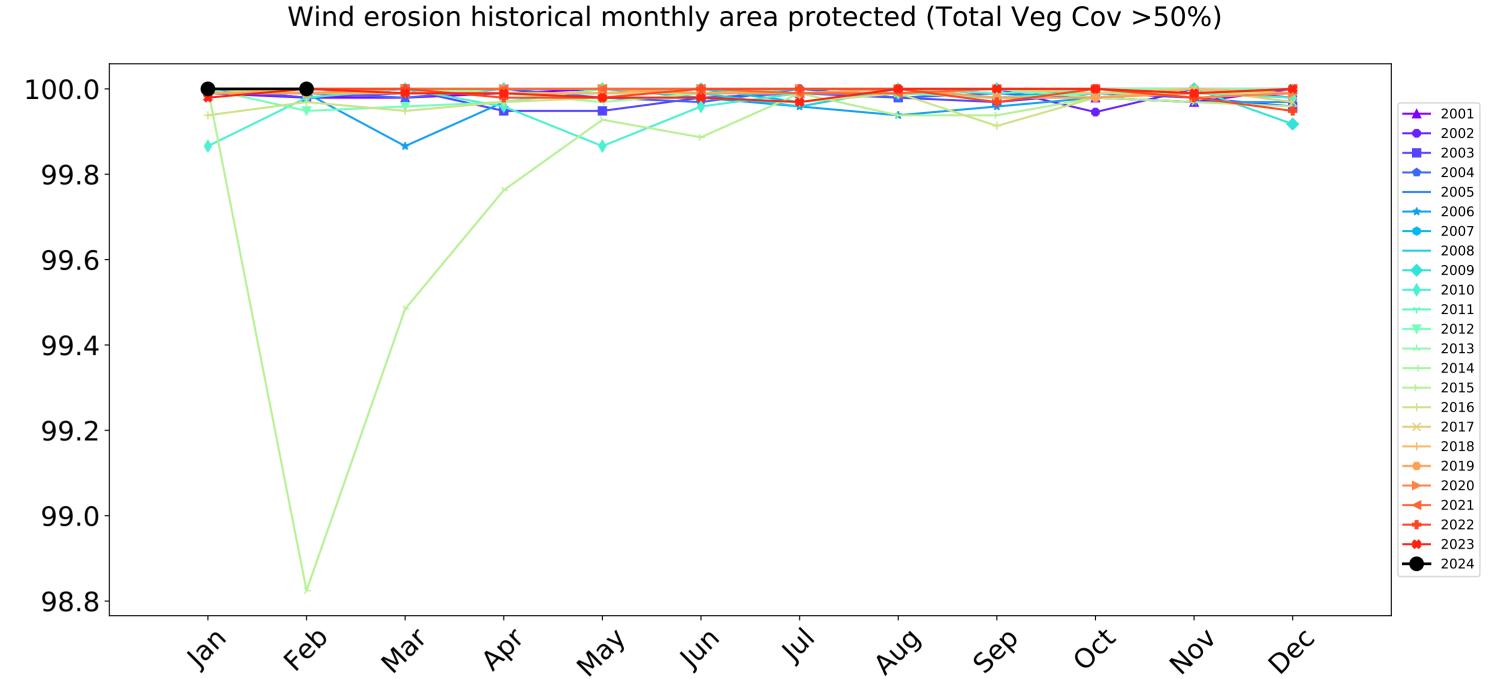




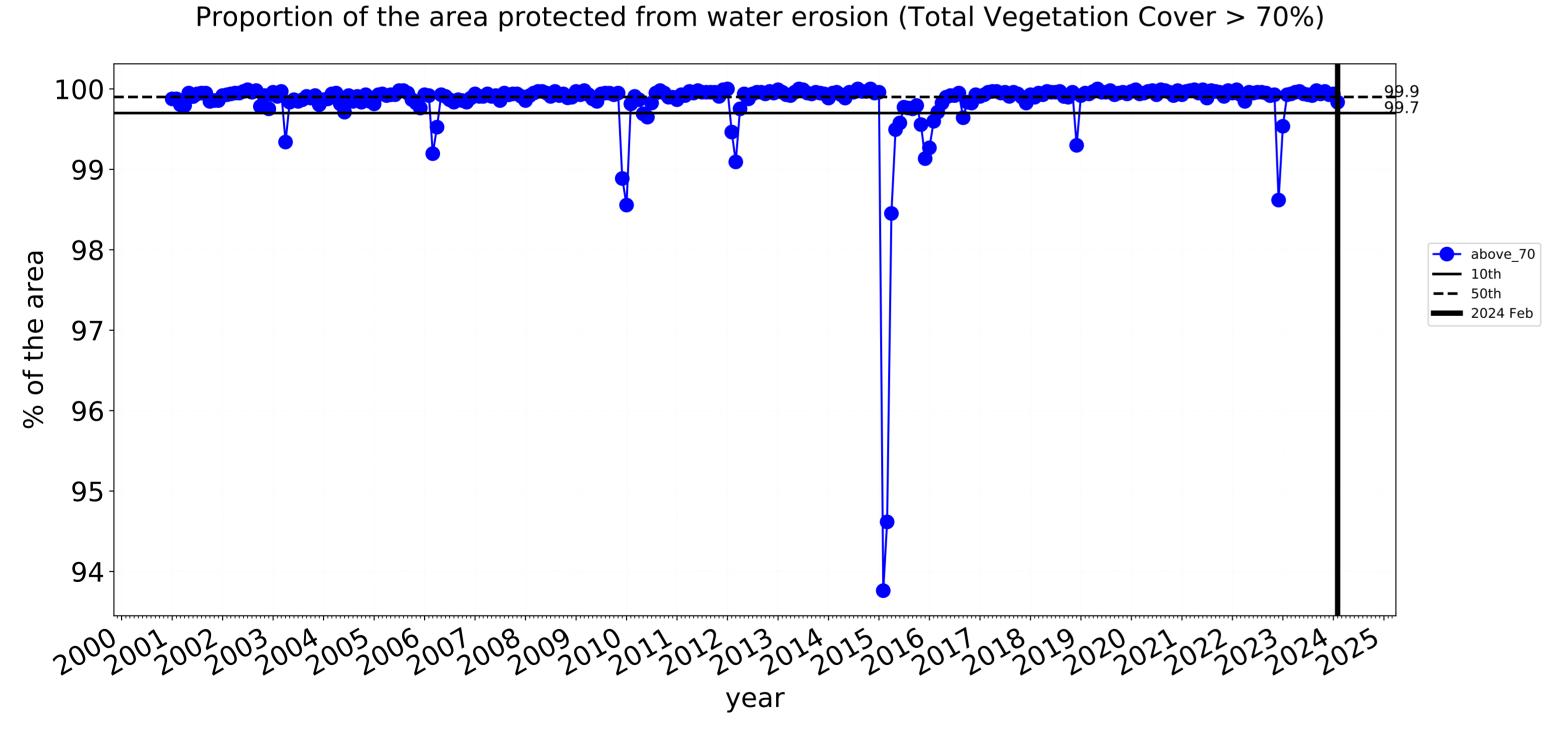


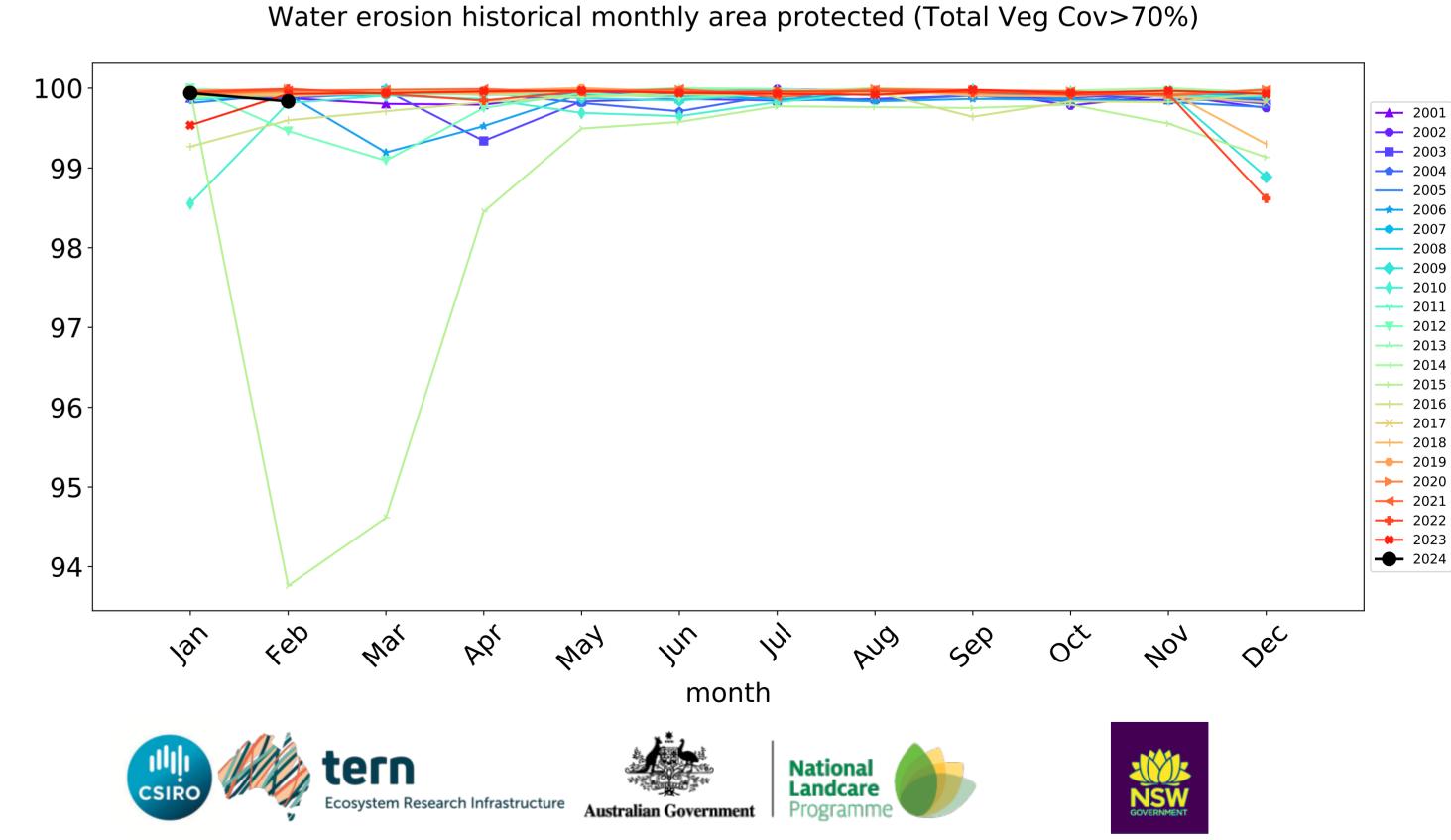


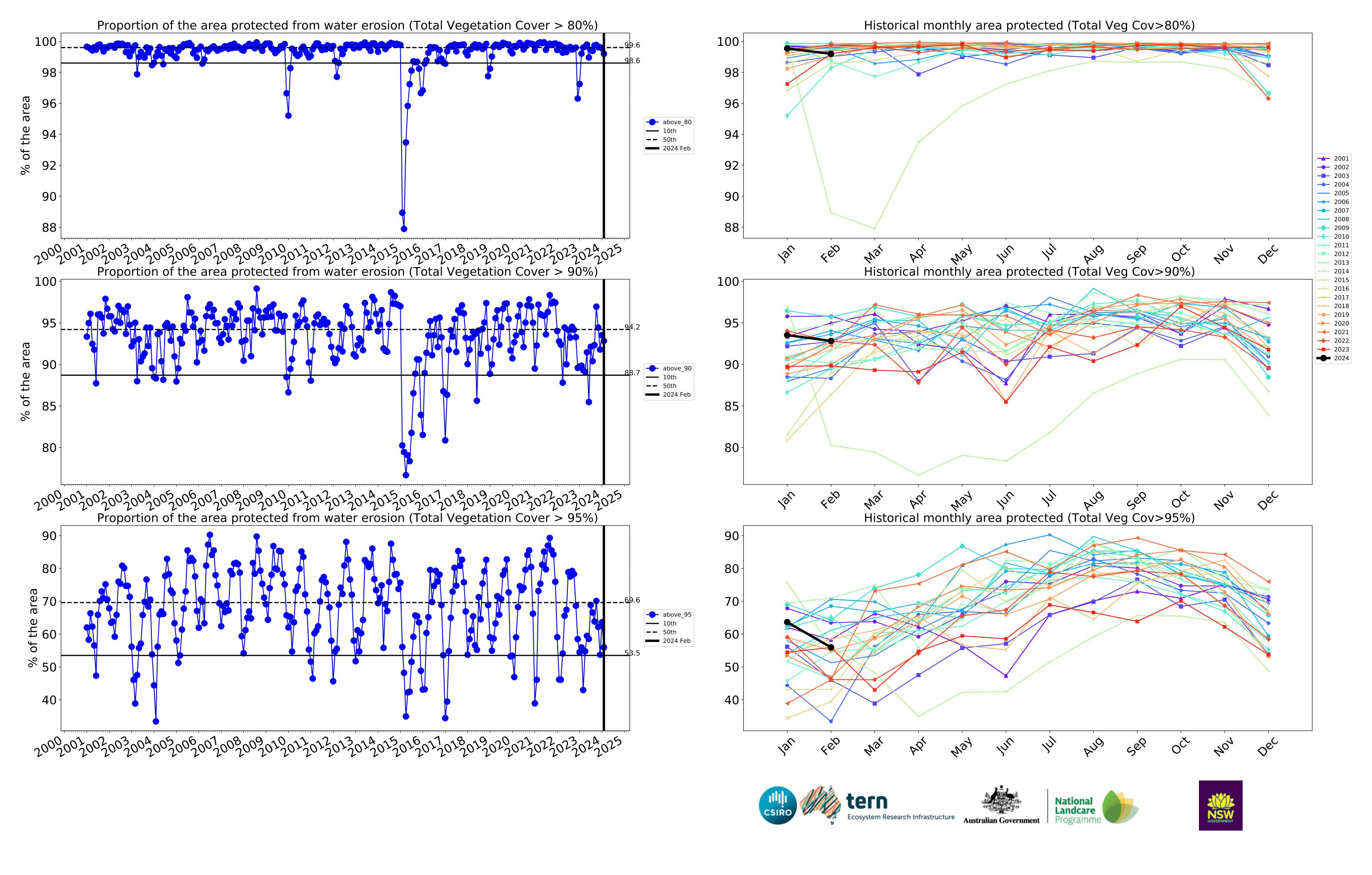




month

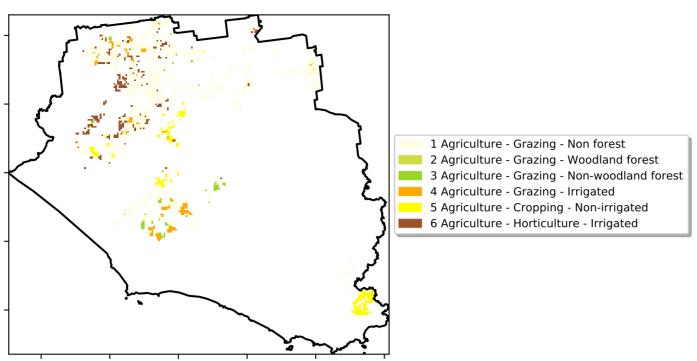






Agriculture

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

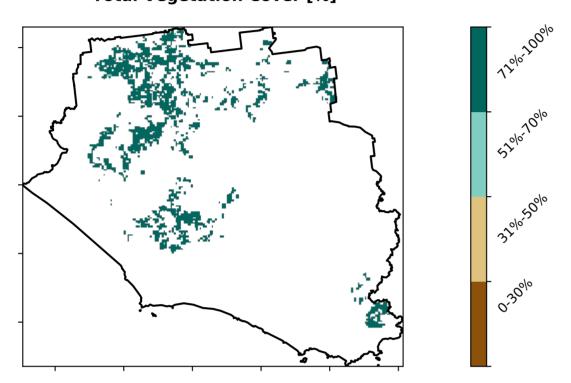


70 - 72.5% 60 - 50 - 60 - 72.5% 30 - 20 - 10 - 72.5% 9.6% 9.4% 0 1 2 3 4 5 Land use class

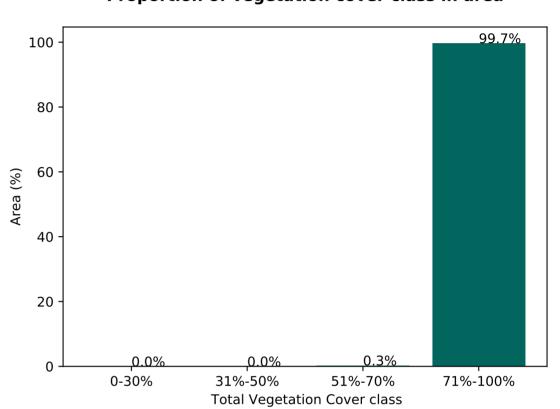
Proportion of each land class in area

Total Vegetation Cover [%]

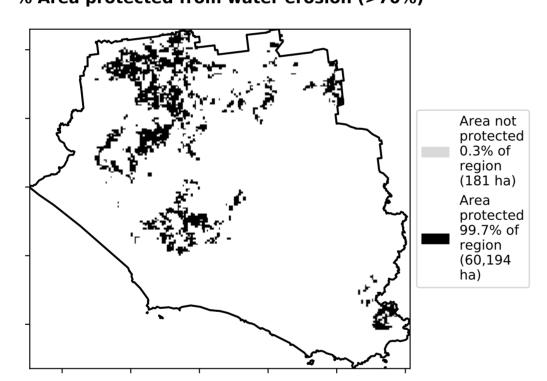
Land use and forest cover



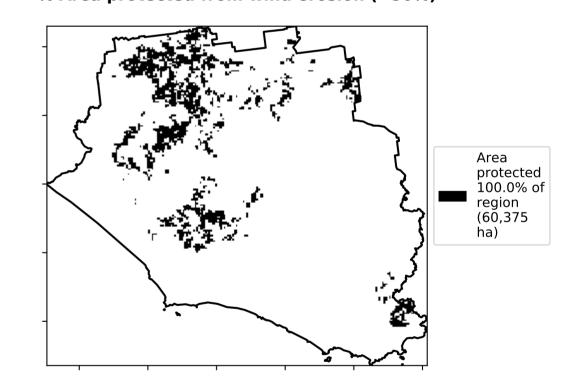
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



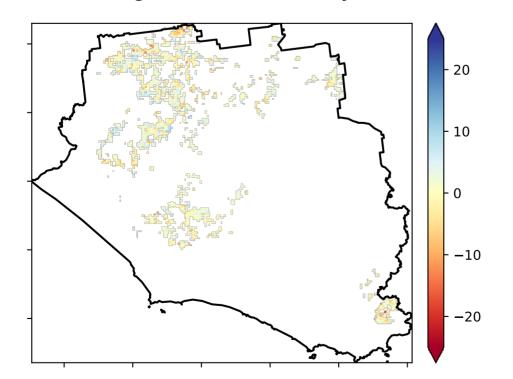
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]

mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

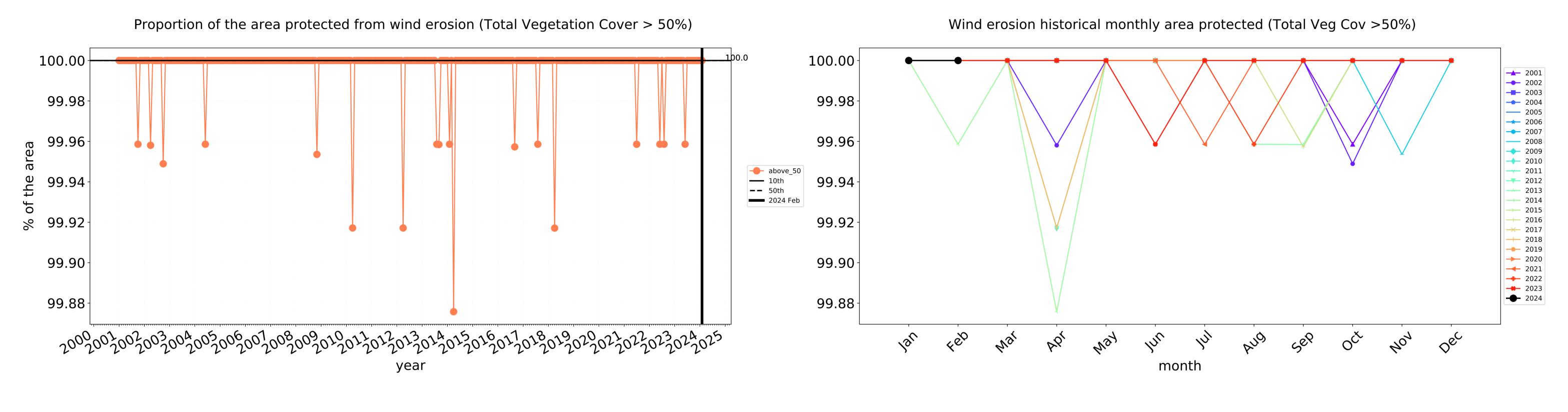


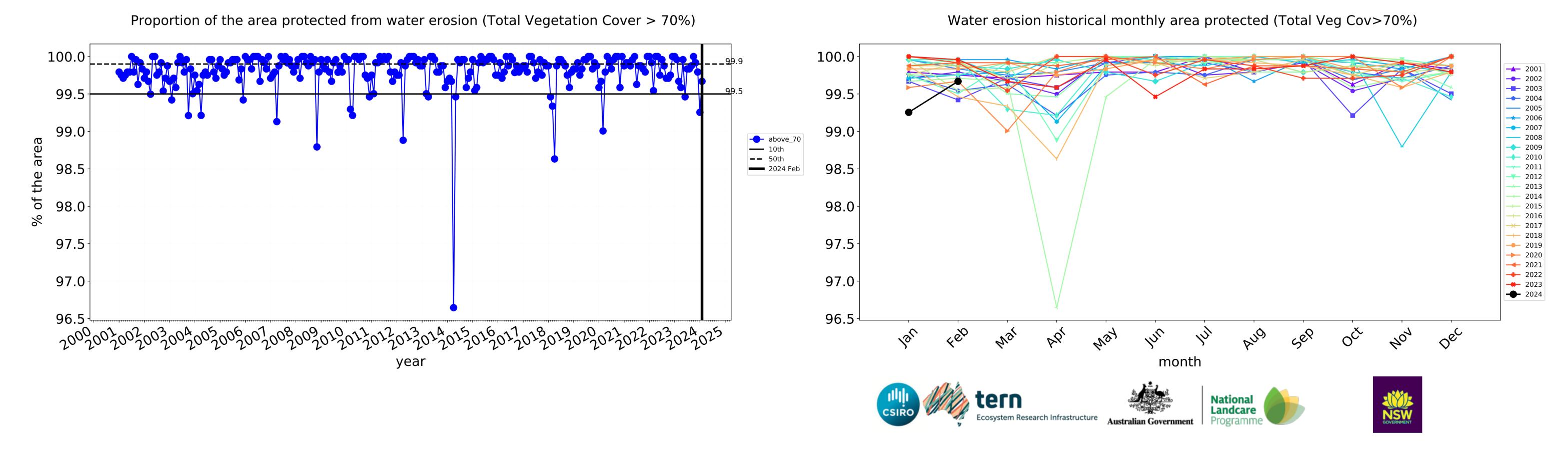


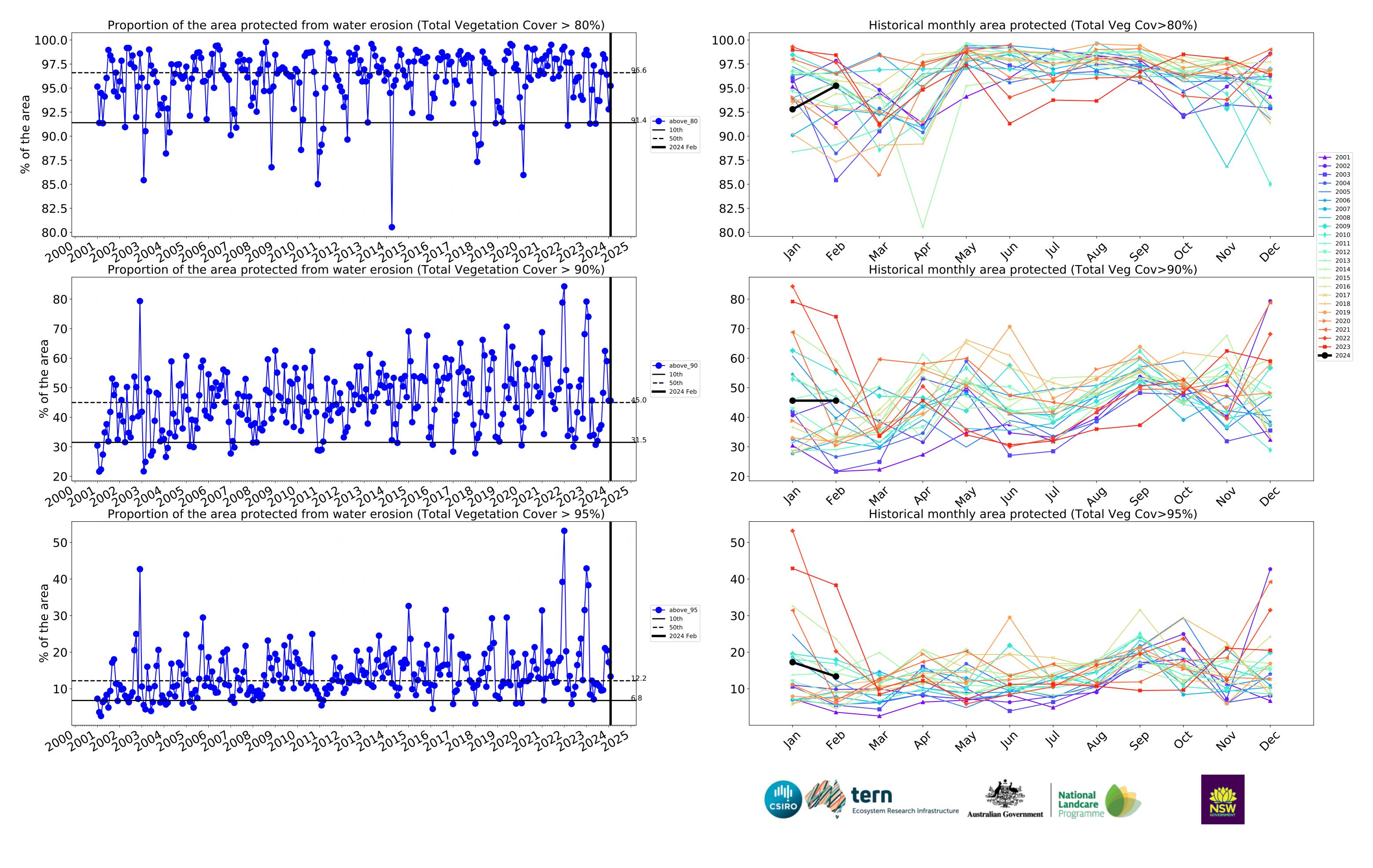




Agriculture timeseries







Grazing

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

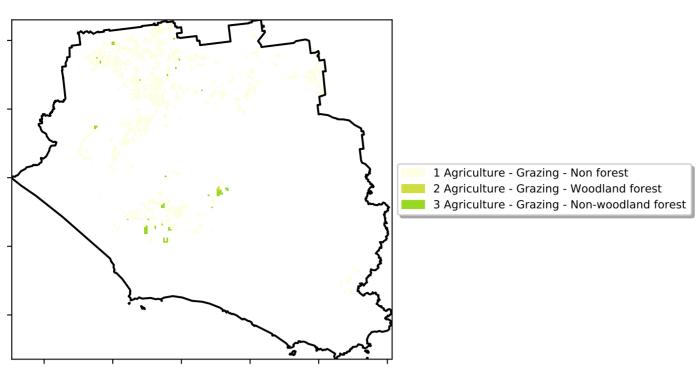
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

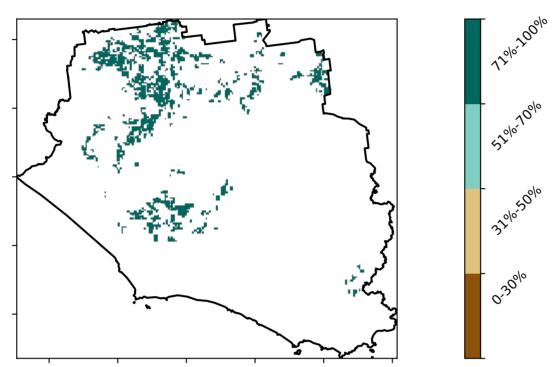
the mean. That



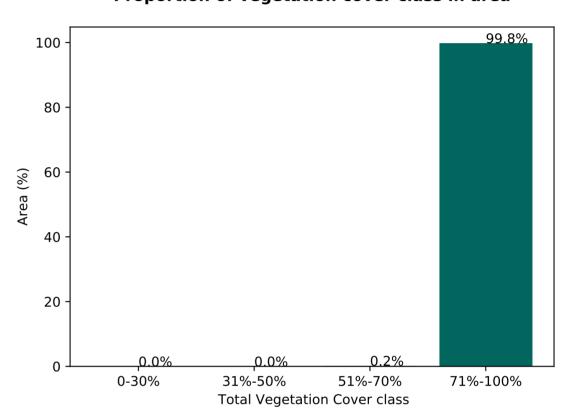
Proportion of each land class in area 100 -96.3% 80 60 20 -0.5 1.0 0.0 0.5 2.0 1.5 2.5 Land use class



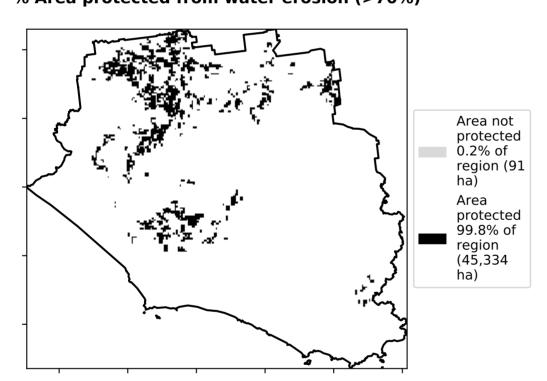
Land use and forest cover



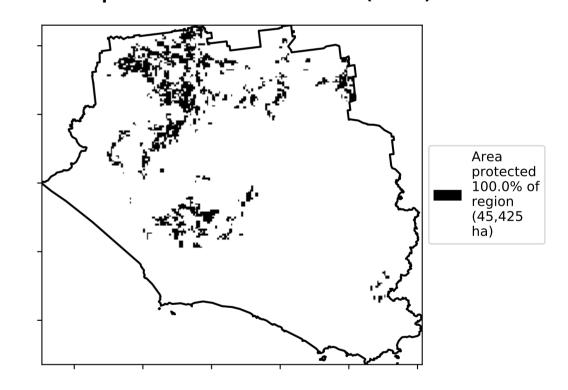
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



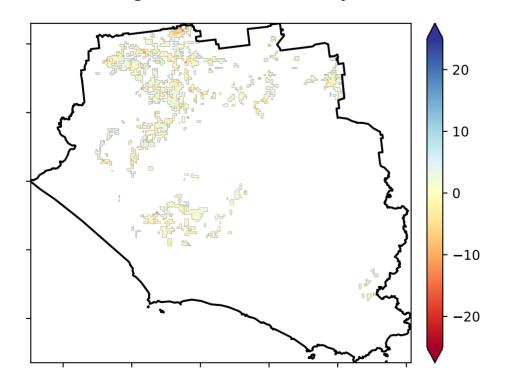
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



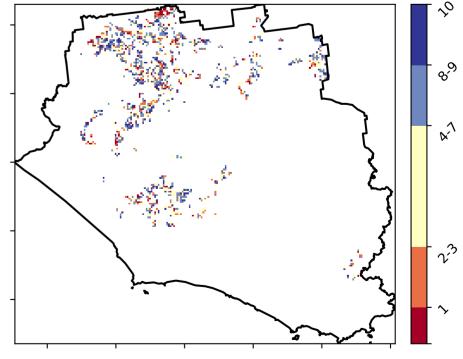
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



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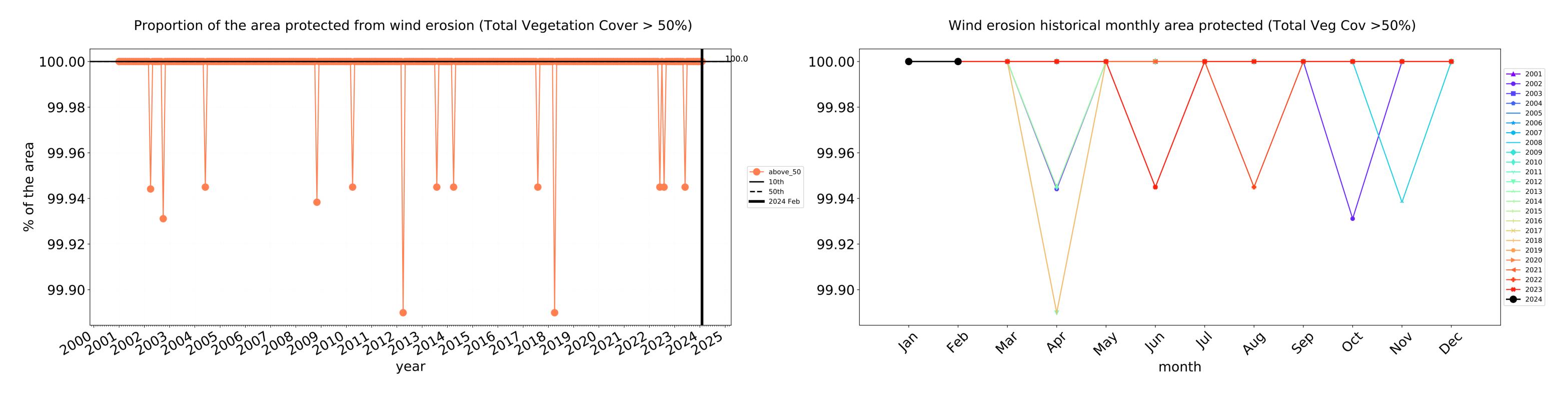


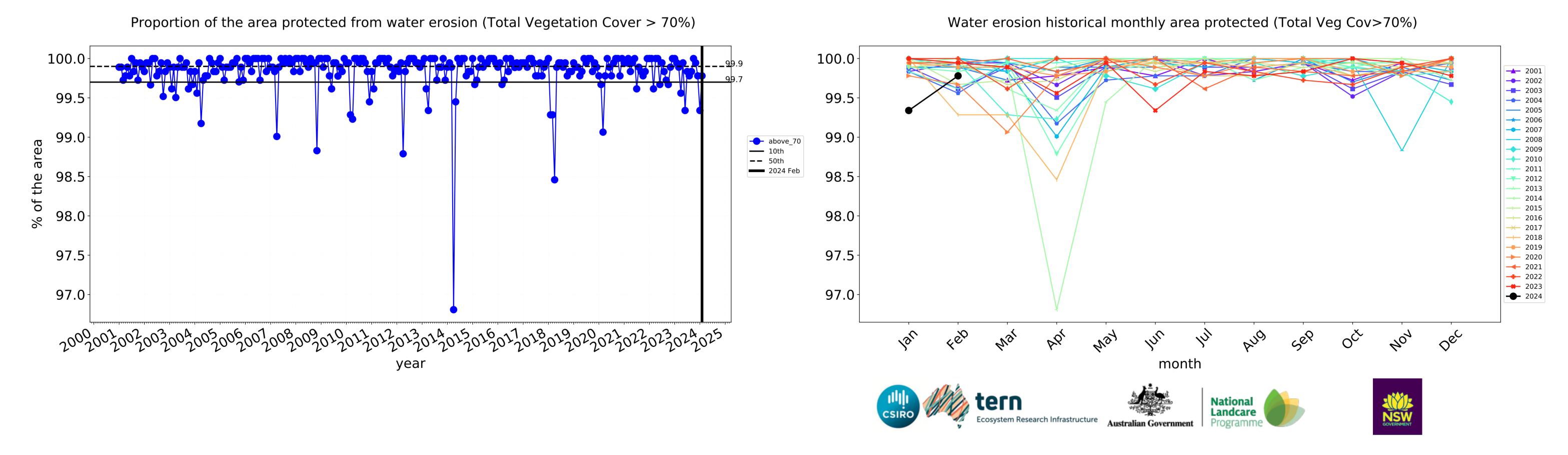


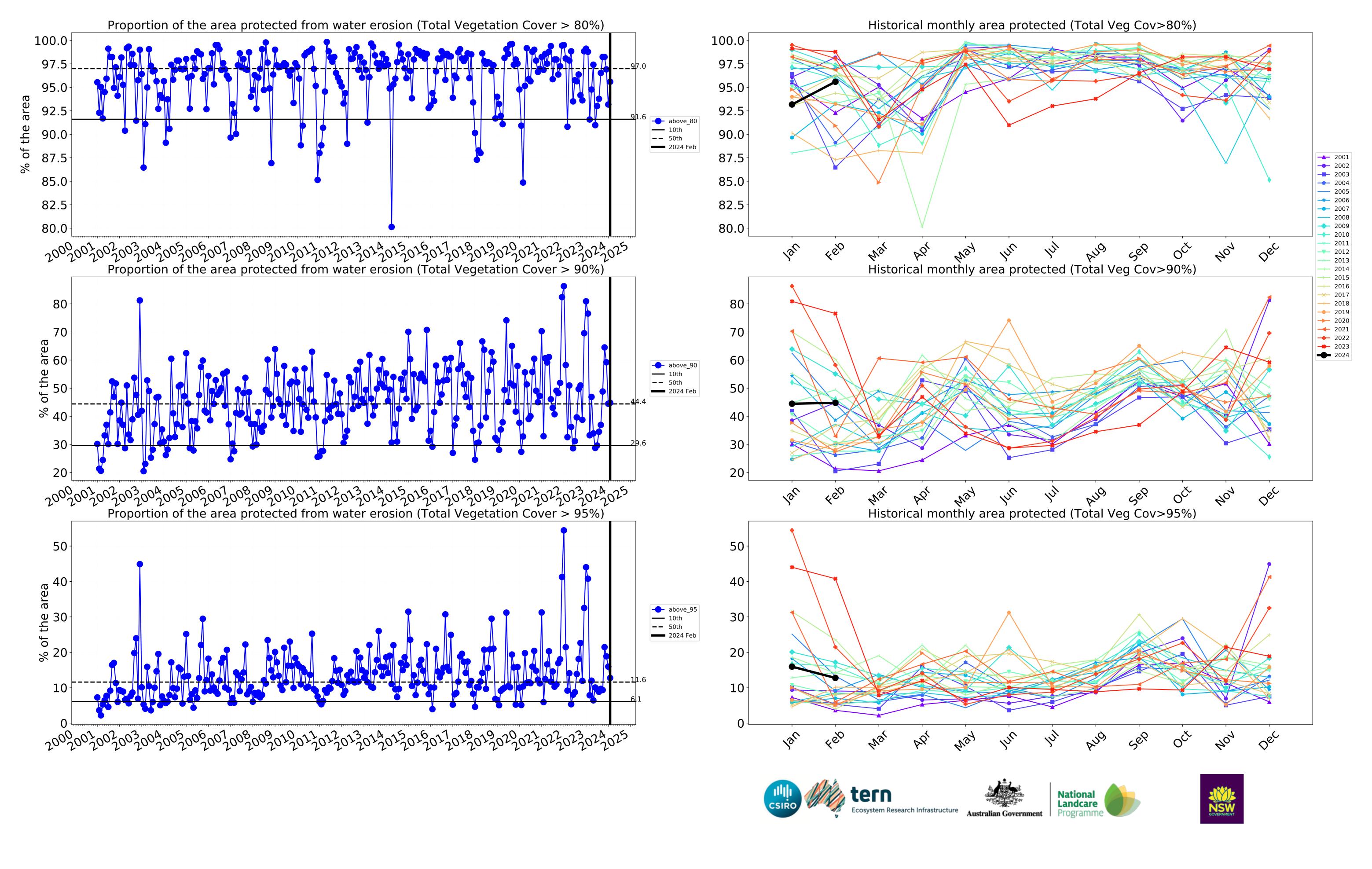




Grazing timeseries







Grazing non forest

Land use and forest cover

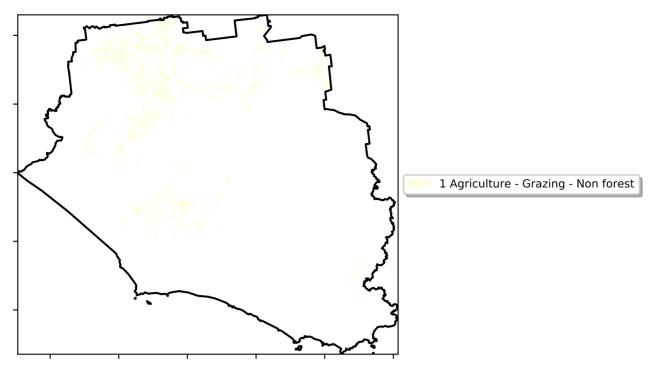
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

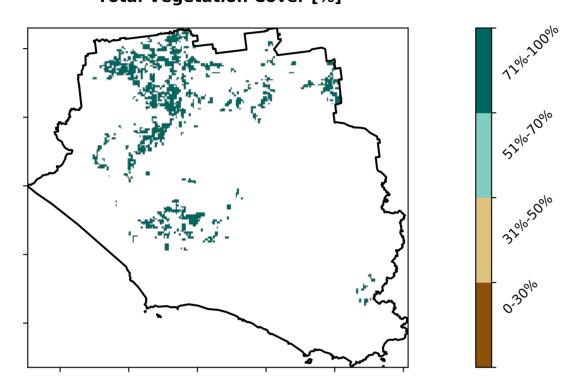
pixel is from the mean. That

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

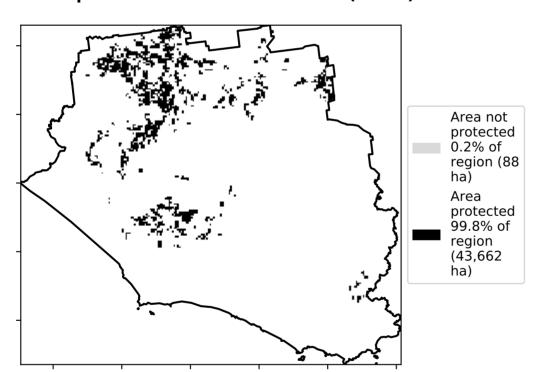
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



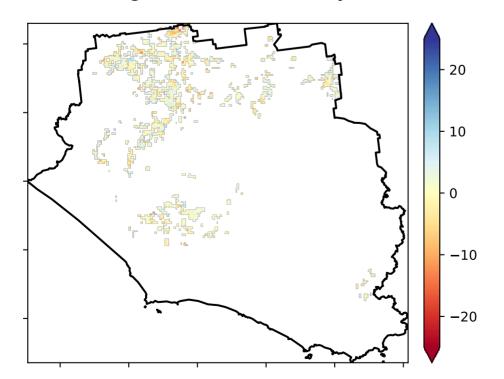
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

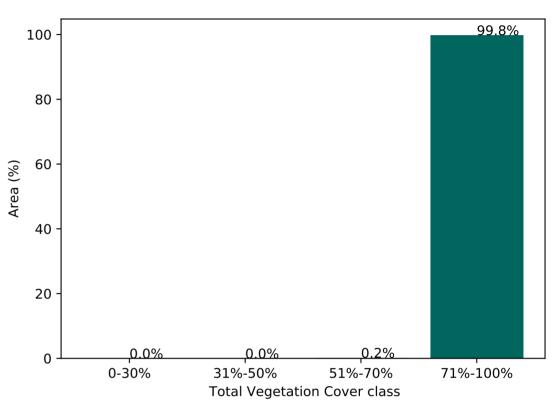


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

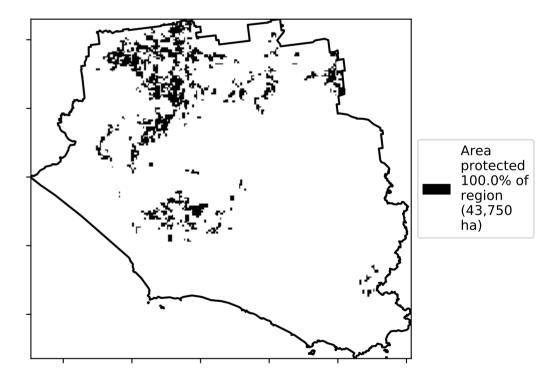


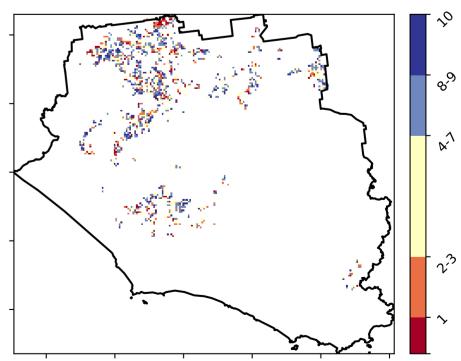
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





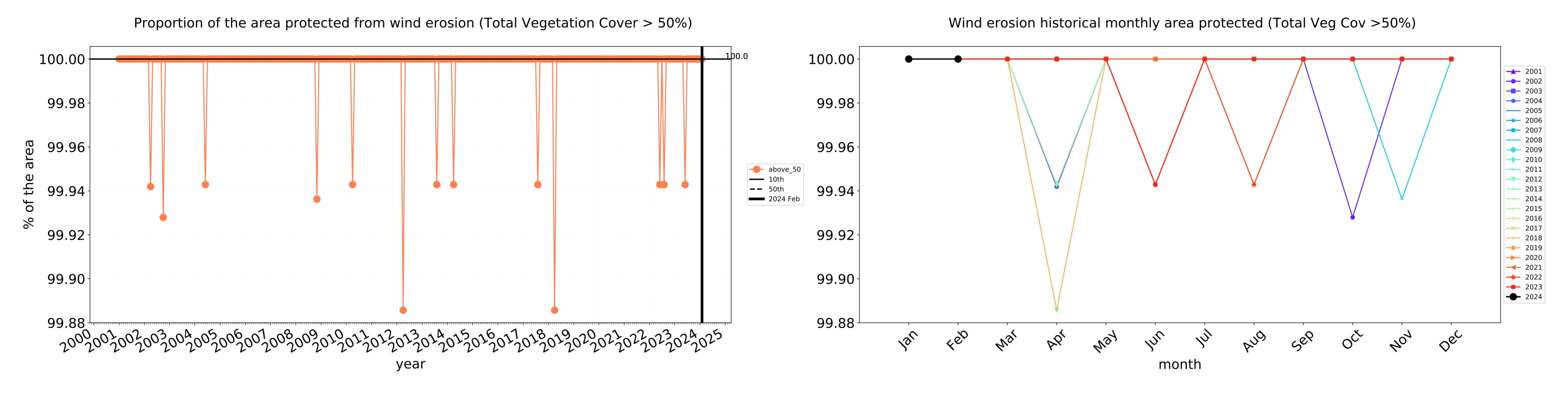


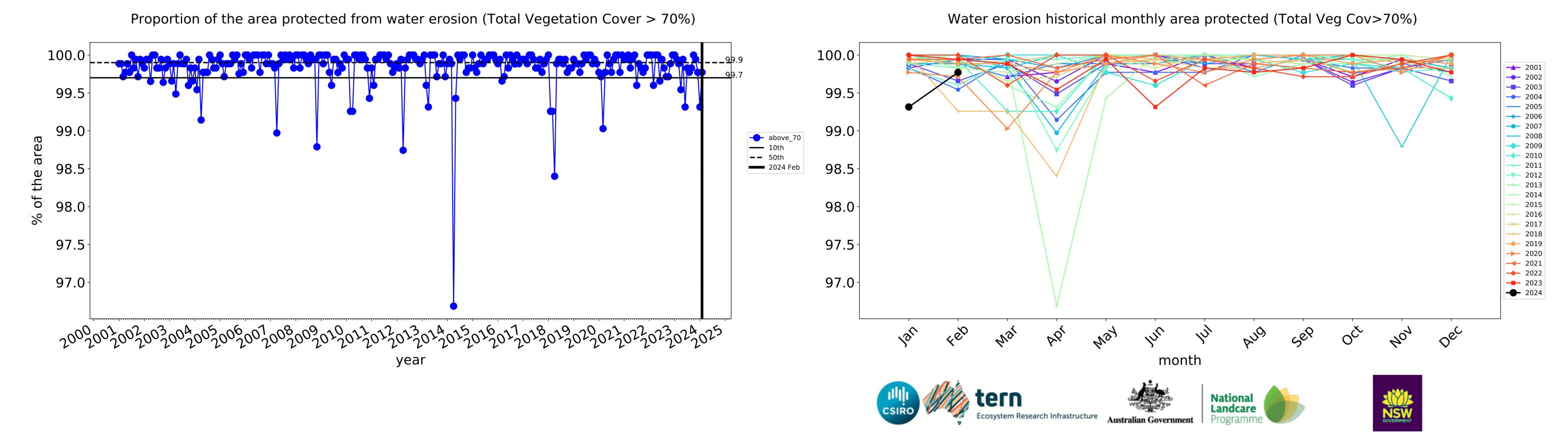


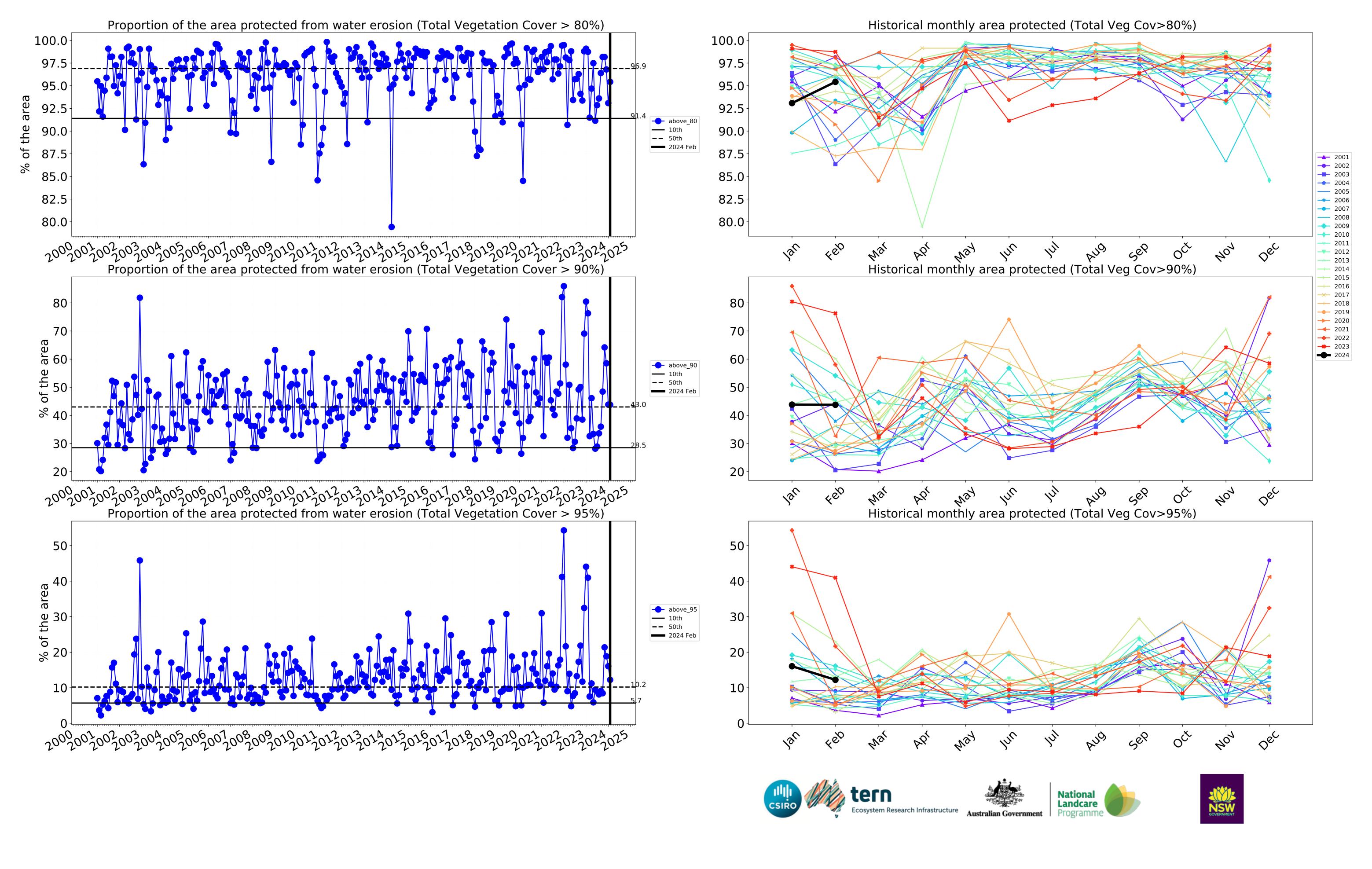




Grazing non forest timeseries







Irrigation

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

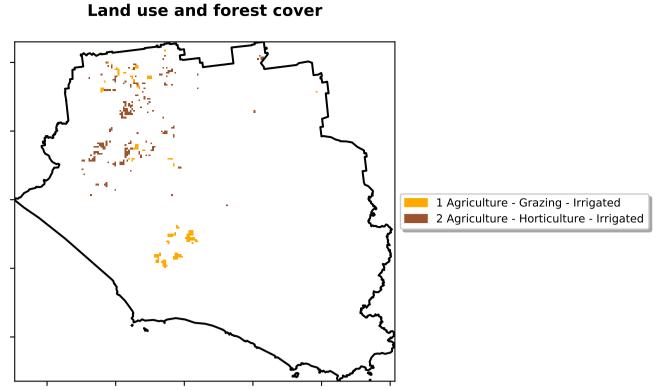
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

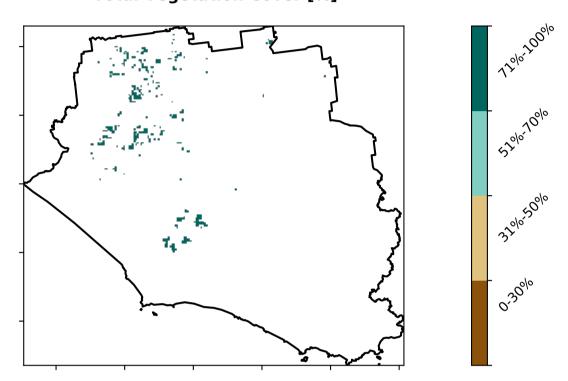
are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

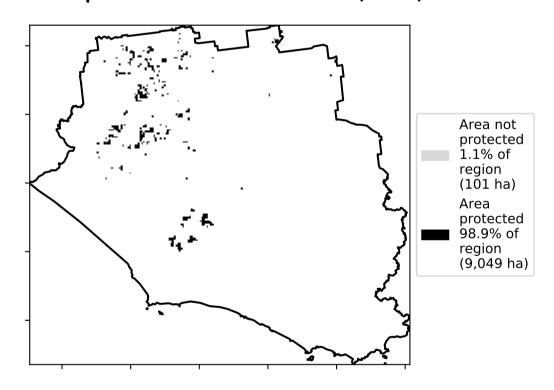
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



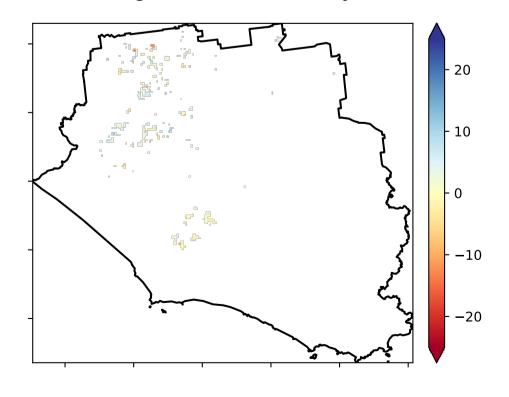
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

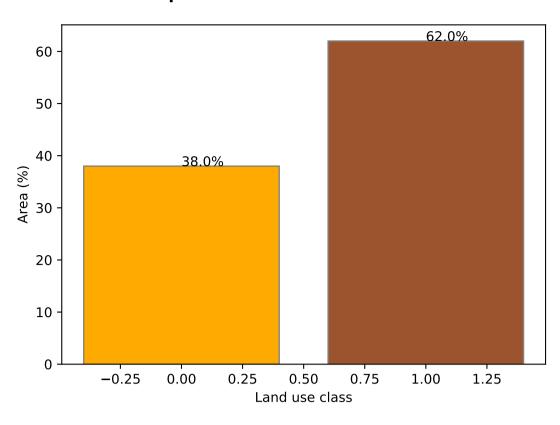


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

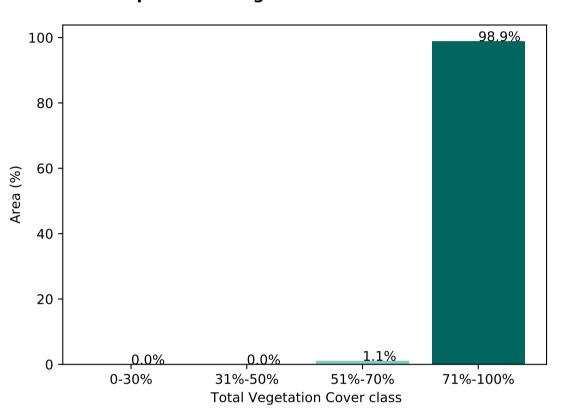


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

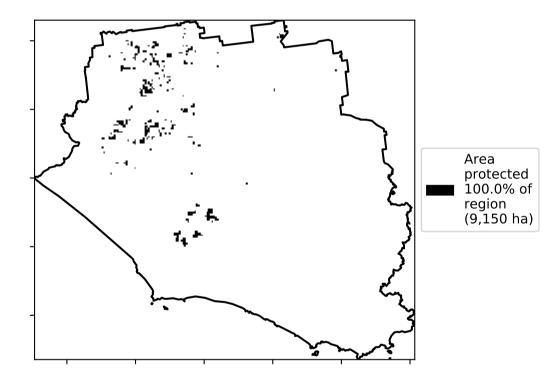
Proportion of each land class in area



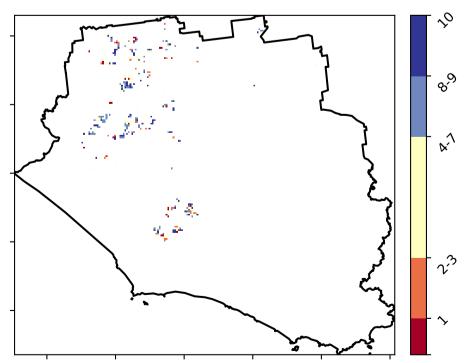
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]



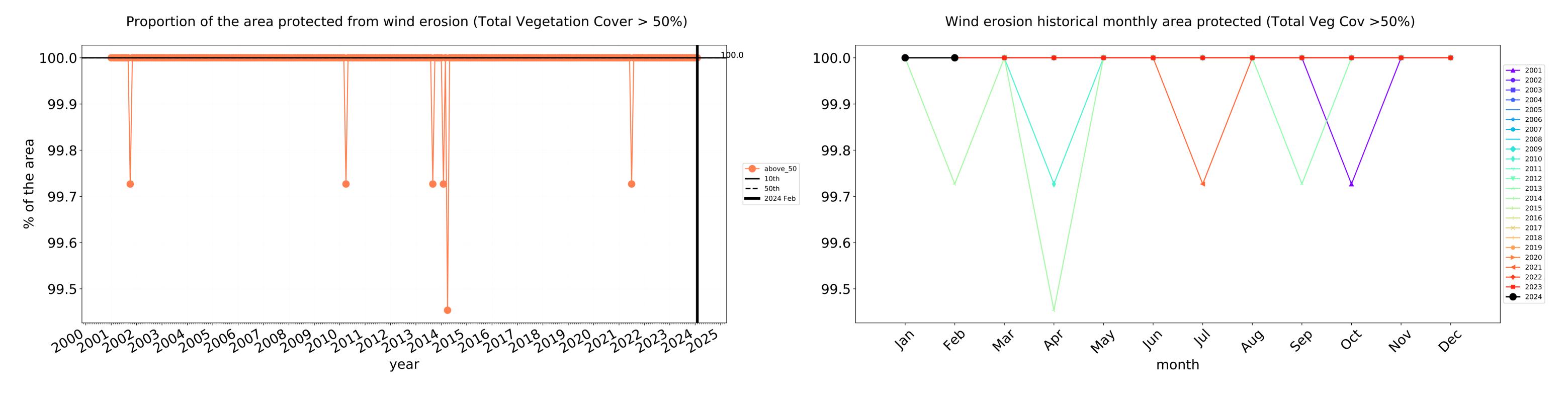


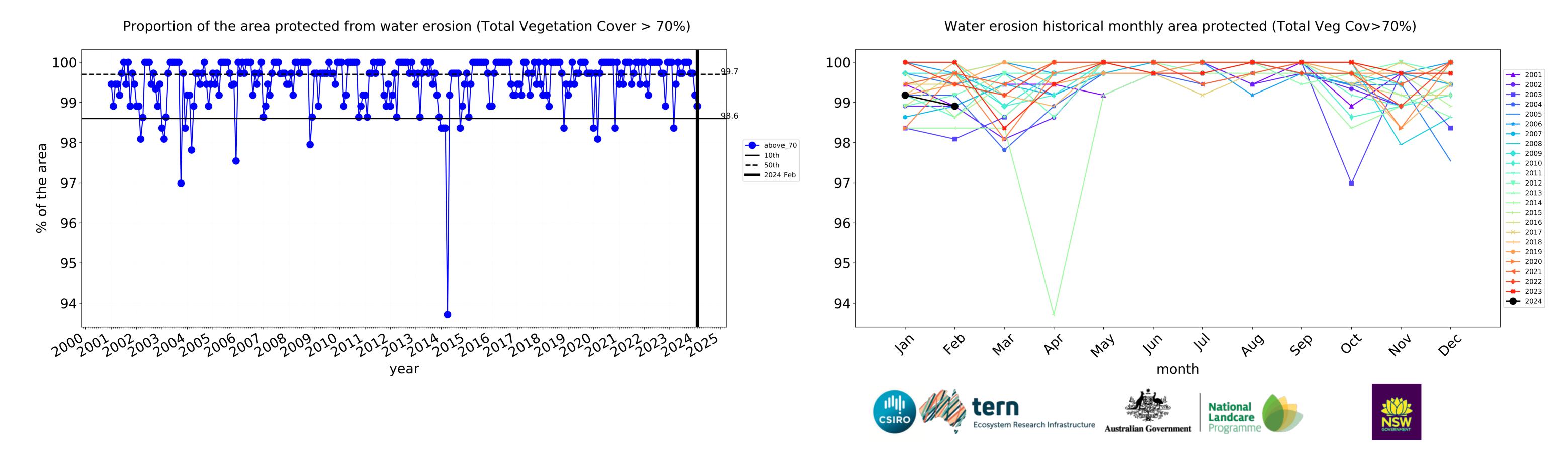


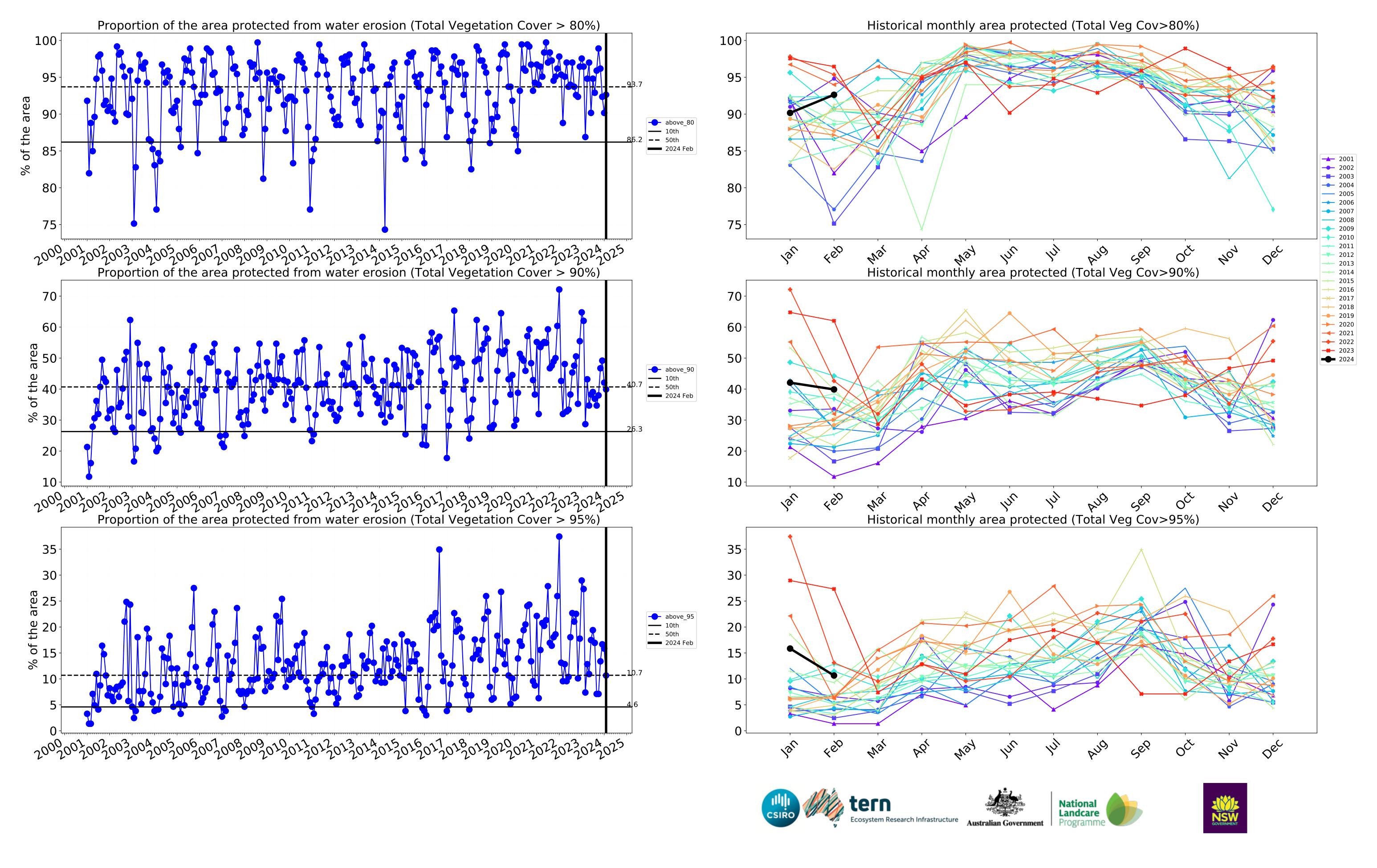




Irrigation timeseries







Production native forests and plantation forests

Land use and forest cover

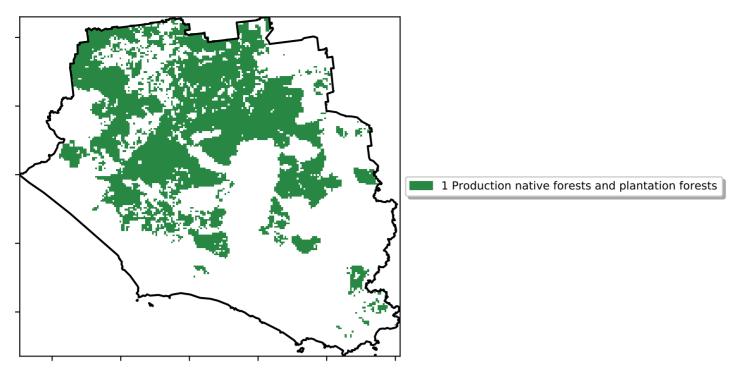
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

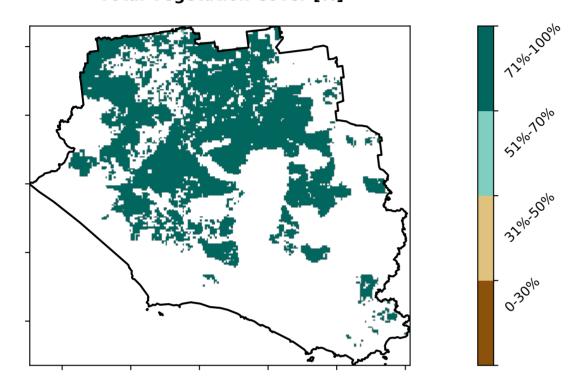
pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

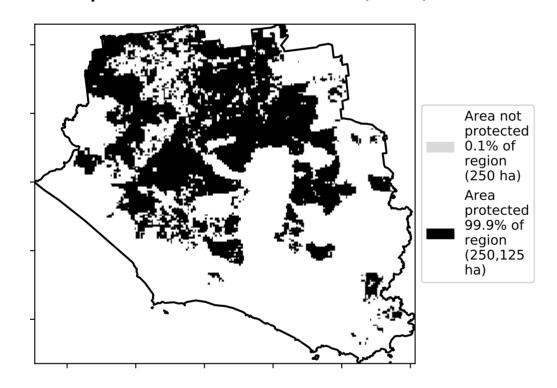
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



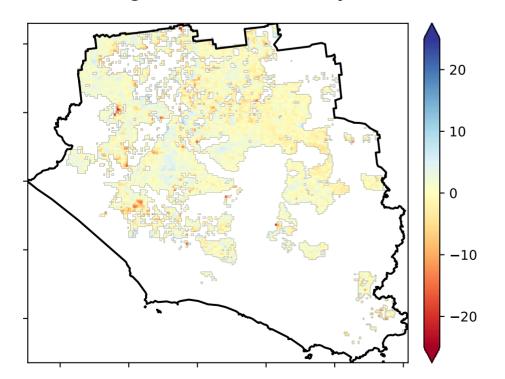
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

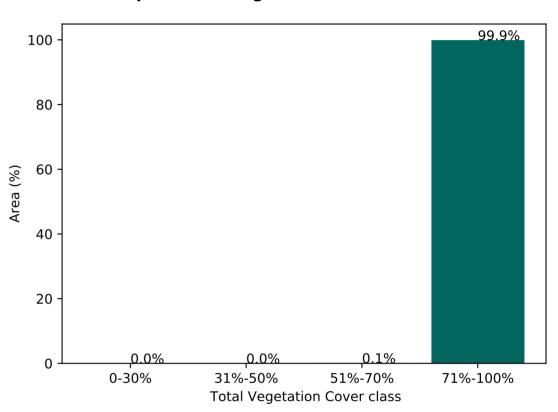


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

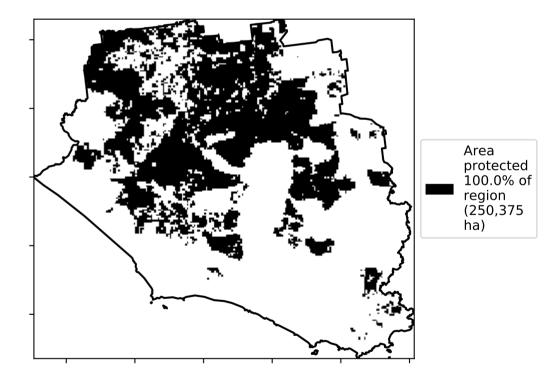


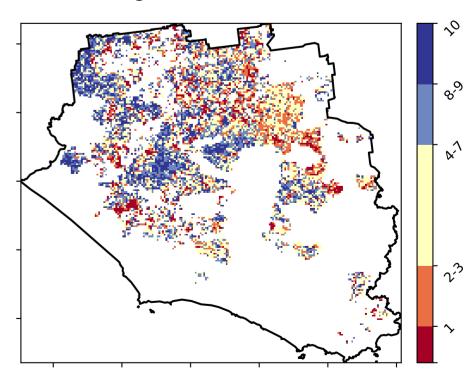
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





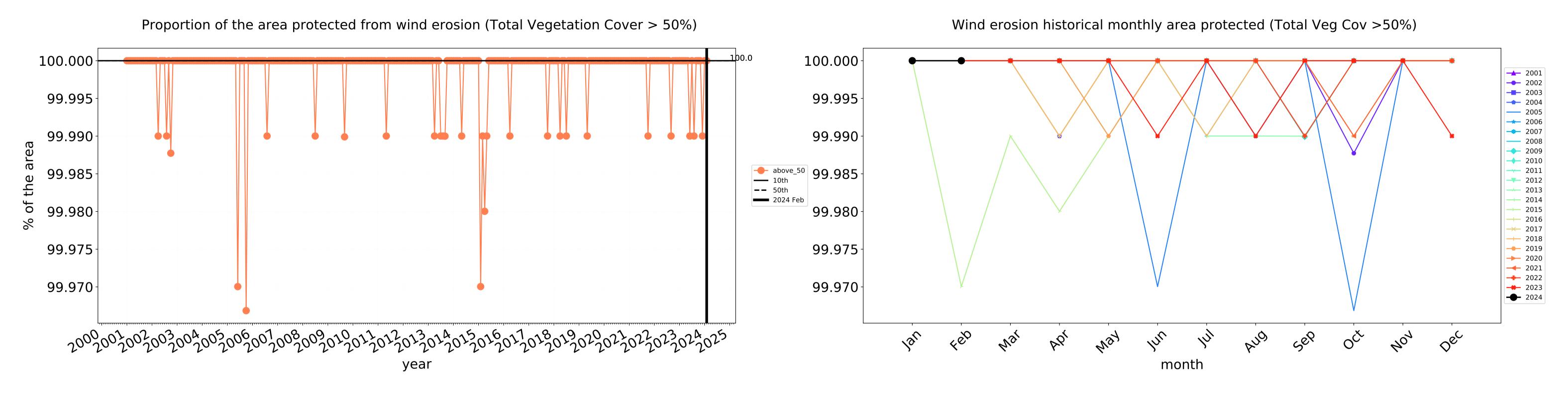


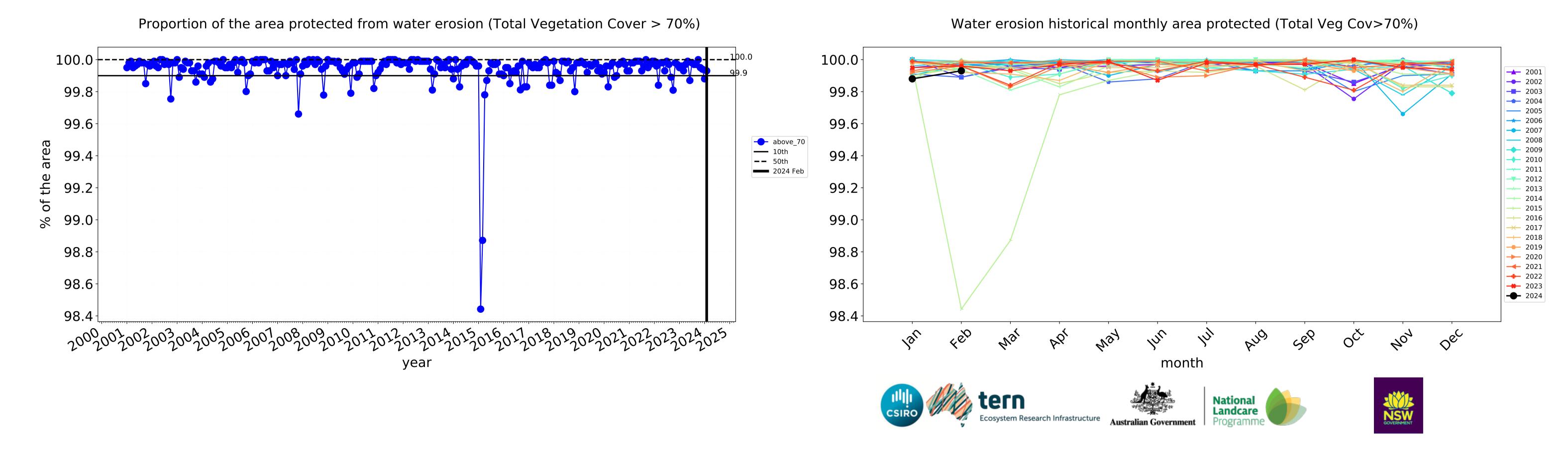


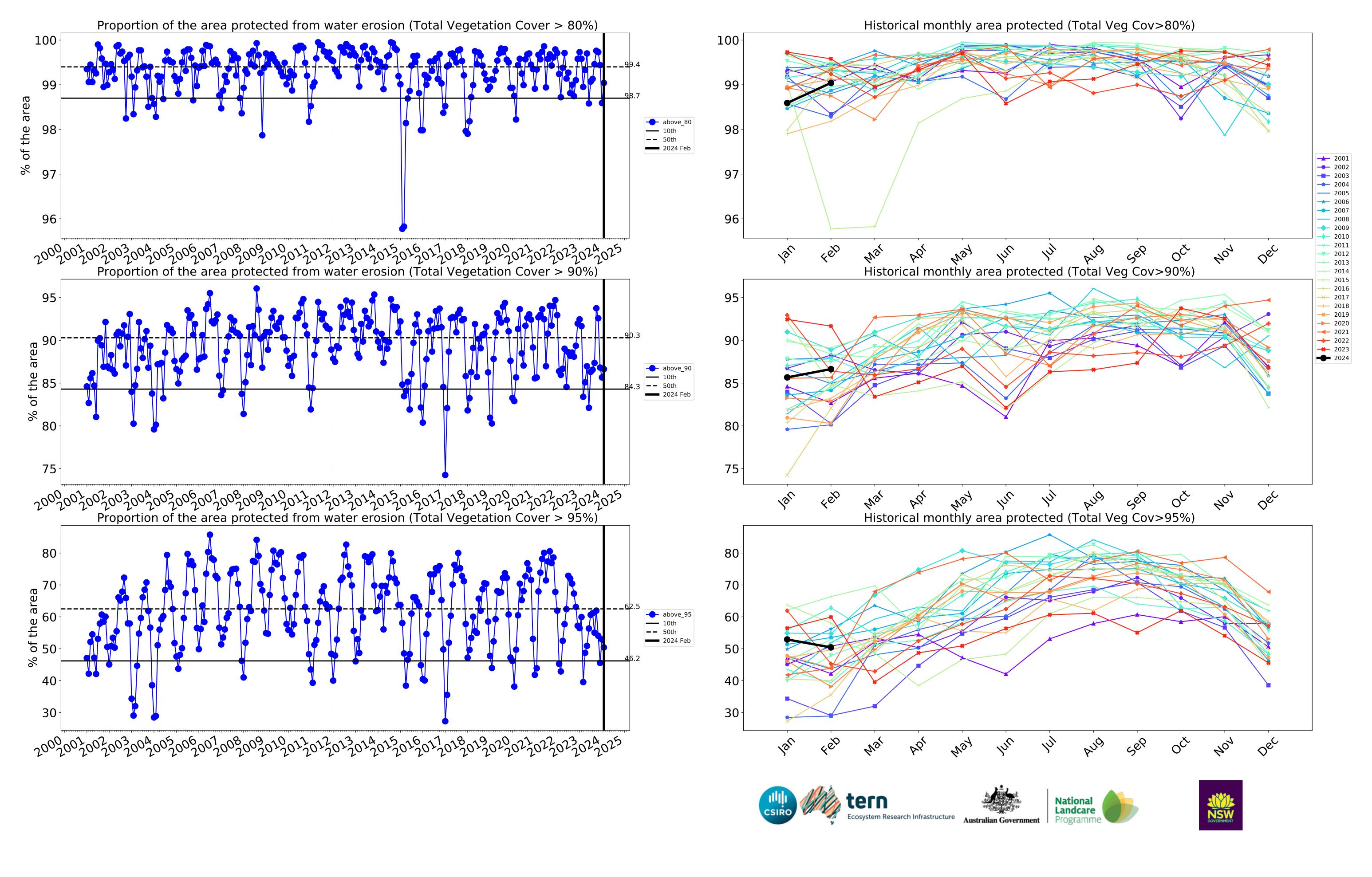




Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries







Manjimup_(S) (690,100 ha and no data 12,993 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	690,100	99.8% 688,825	99.6% 687,200	98.4% 678,850	96.2% 664,175	80.4% 555,000	43.0% 296,650
Conservation and natural environments	370,025	99.7% 368,975	99.4% 367,650	97.5% 360,725	95.2% 352,375	83.1% 307,675	43.5% 161,075
Conservation and natural environments non forest	56,075	98.1% 55,025	96.3% 53,975	90.2% 50,600	82.5% 46,275	56.6% 31,725	14.3% 8,000
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	71,450	100.0% 71,450	99.6% 71,175	95.2% 68,025	91.7% 65,550	71.2% 50,850	24.3% 17,375
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	242,500	100.0% 242,500	100.0% 242,500	99.8% 242,100	99.2% 240,550	92.8% 225,100	56.0% 135,700
Agriculture	60,375	100.0% 60,375	100.0% 60,375	99.7% 60,175	95.2% 57,500	45.6% 27,550	13.4% 8,075
Grazing	45,425	100.0% 45,425	100.0% 45,425	99.8% 45,325	95.6% 43,425	44.8% 20,350	12.8% 5,800
Grazing non forest	43,750	100.0% 43,750	100.0% 43,750	99.8% 43,650	95.4% 41,750	43.8% 19,150	12.2% 5,350
Irrigation	9,150	100.0% 9,150	100.0% 9,150	98.9% 9,050	92.6% 8,475	39.9% 3,650	10.7% 975
Production native forests and plantation forests	250,375	100.0% 250,375	100.0% 250,375	99.9% 250,200	99.0% 247,975	86.6% 216,925	50.4% 126,275







