### Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Dundas (S) WA

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

**Date: November 2023** 

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

### **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

### **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3



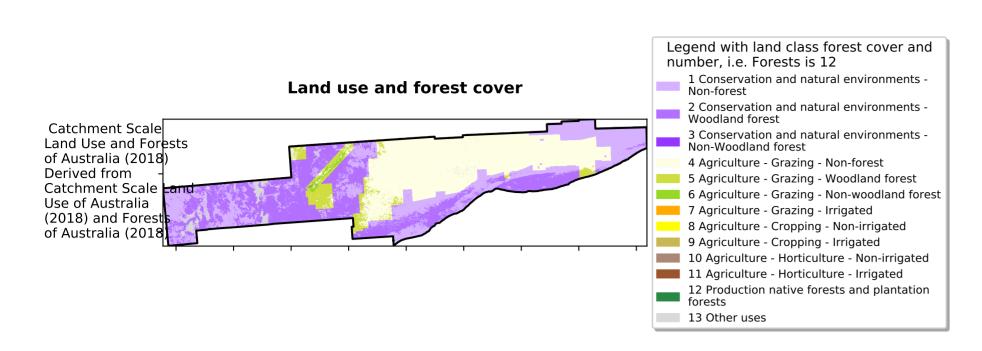


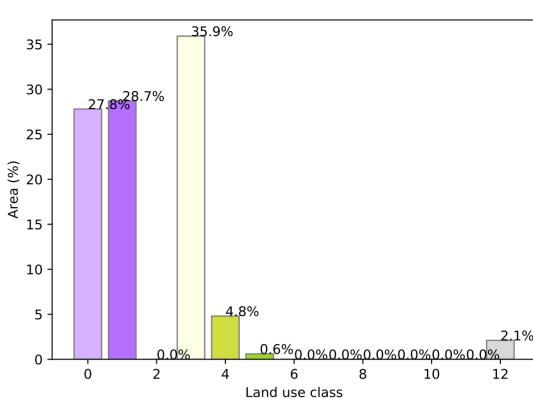




### **Vegetation Cover Nov 2023**

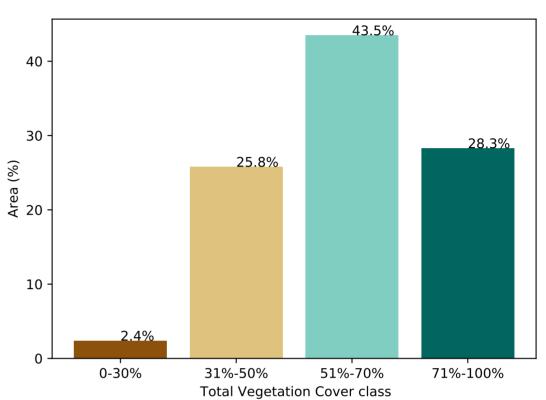
### Proportion of each land class in area

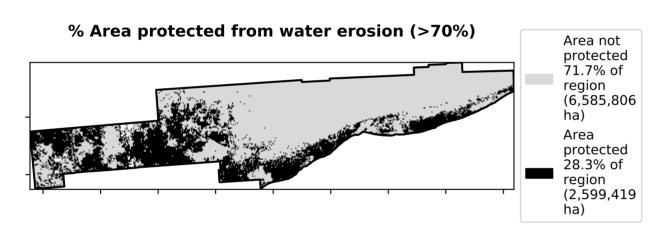


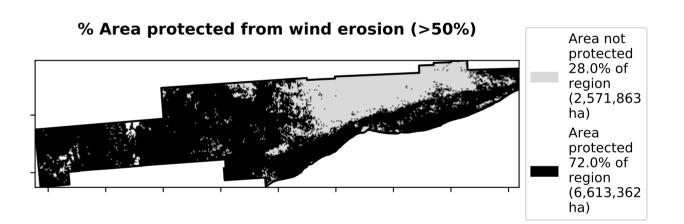


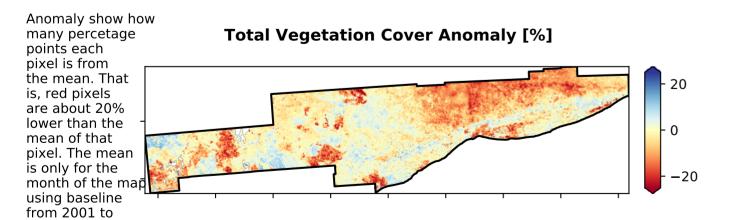
# Total Vegetation Cover [%] \*\*Total Vegetation Cover [%]

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



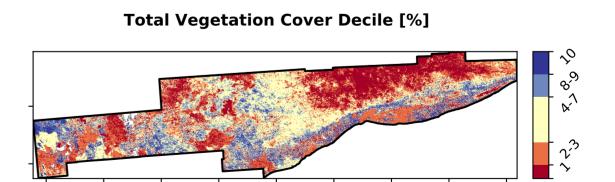






2019.

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

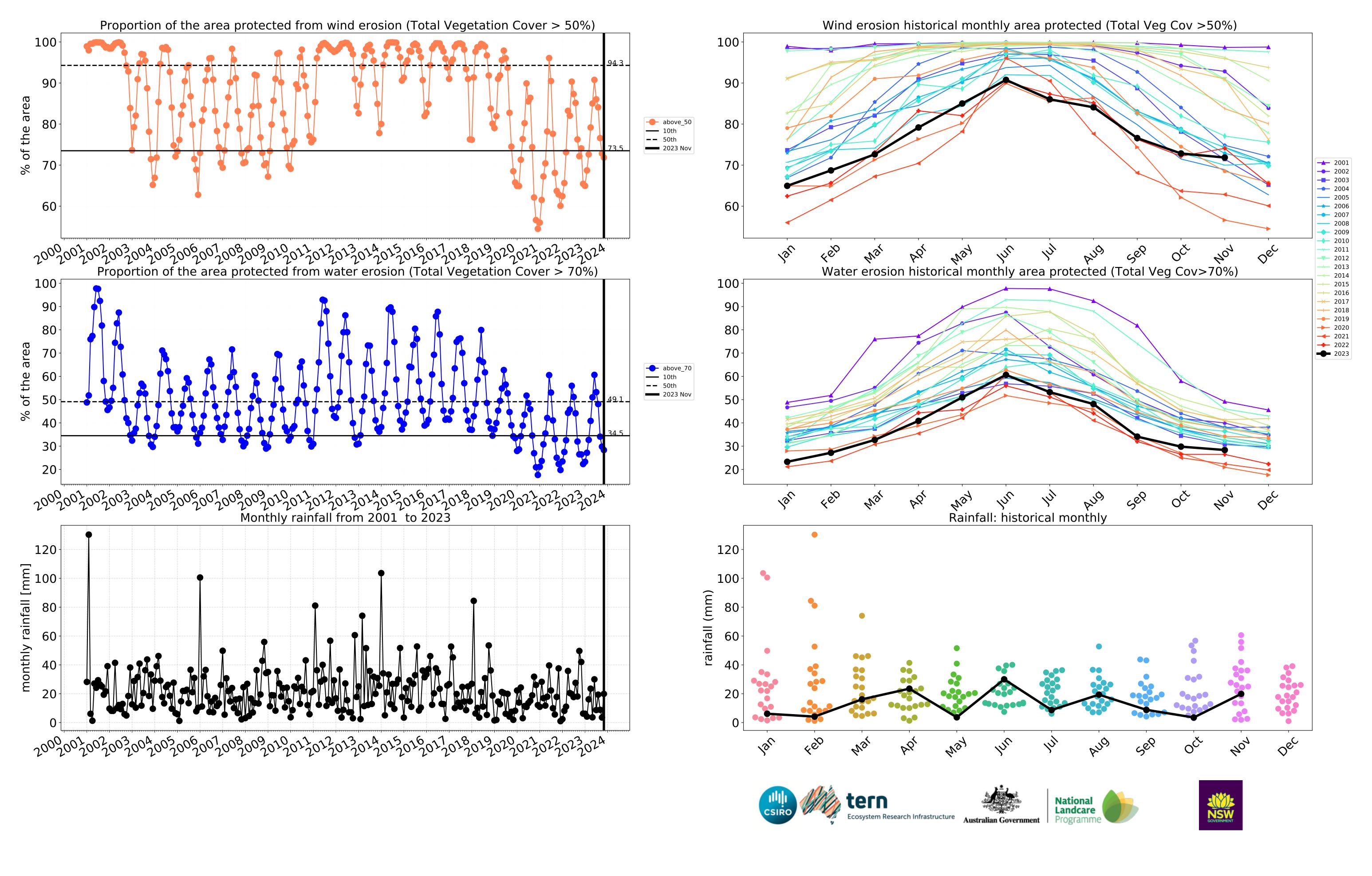






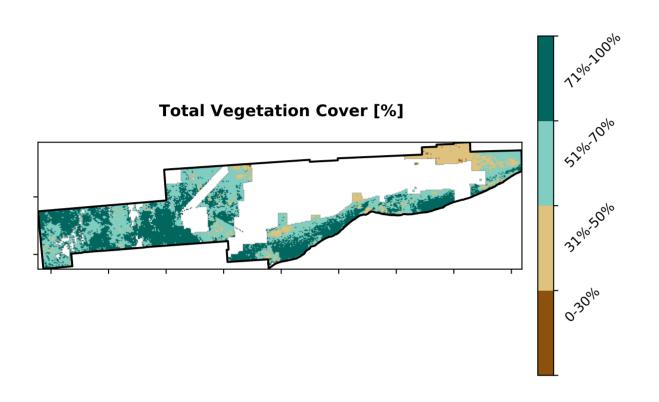


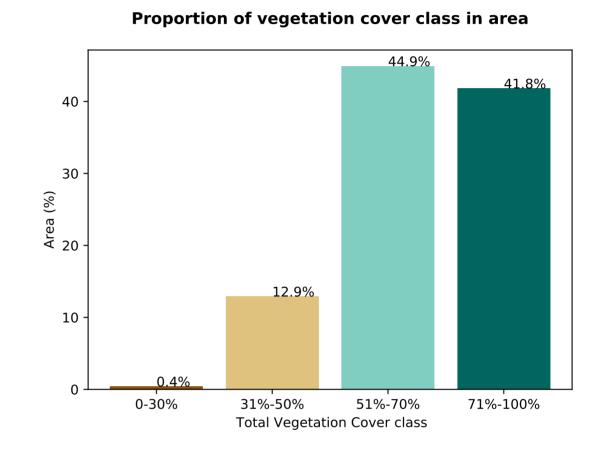




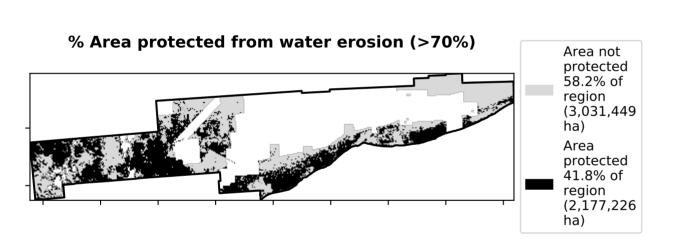
### **Conservation and natural environments**

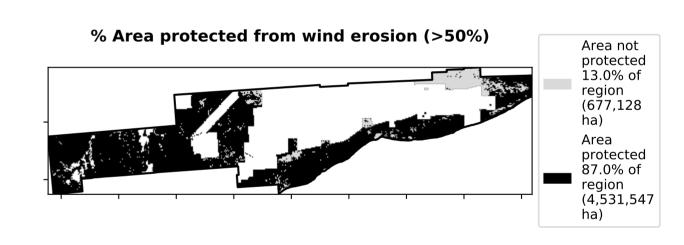
### 50.8% 49.2% 50 Land use and forest cover 40 Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonforest forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest 30 Catchment Scale Use of Australia (2018) and Forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest 20 of Australia (2018 10 -0.50.5 1.0 2.5 0.0 1.5 2.0 Land use class





Proportion of each land class in area





# Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the man using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

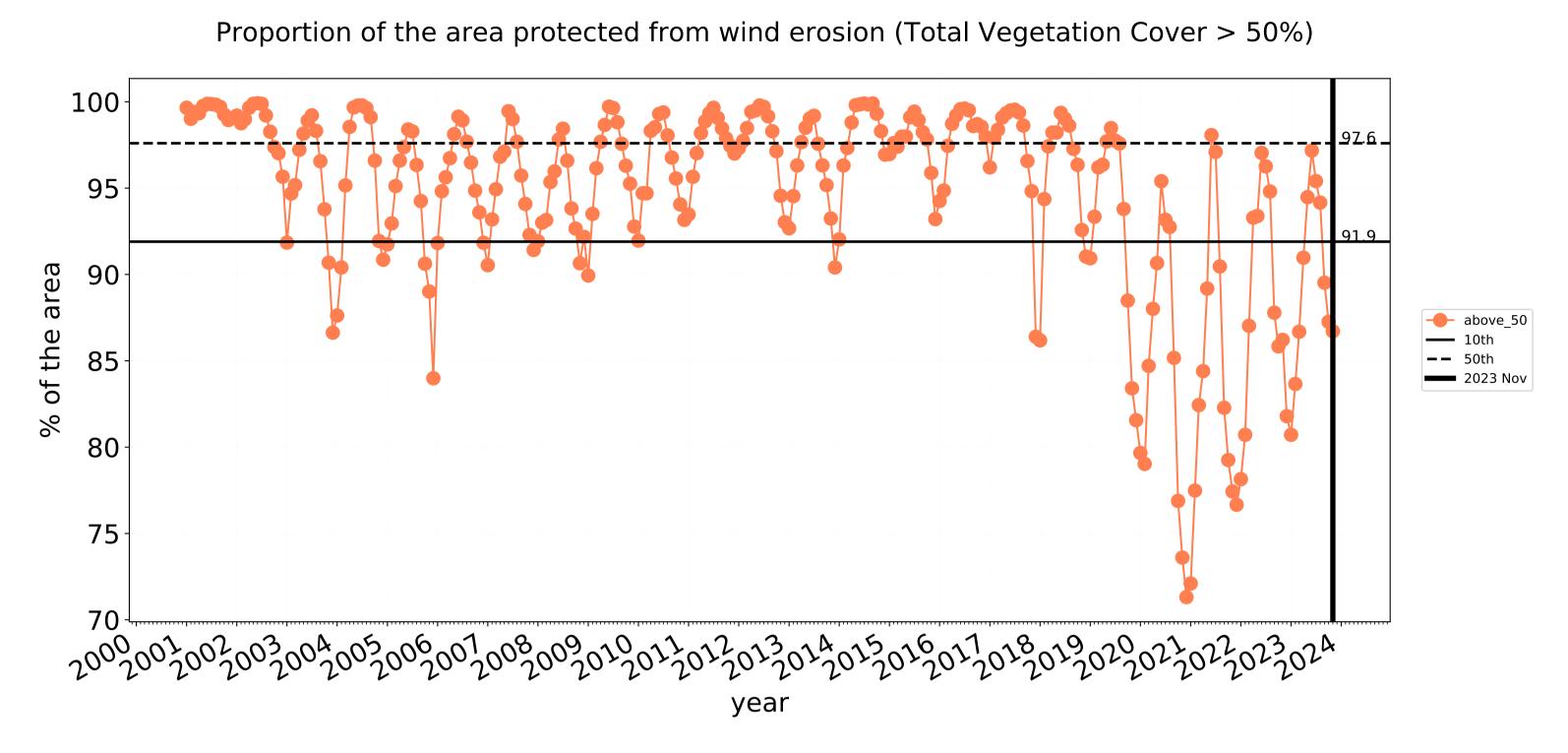


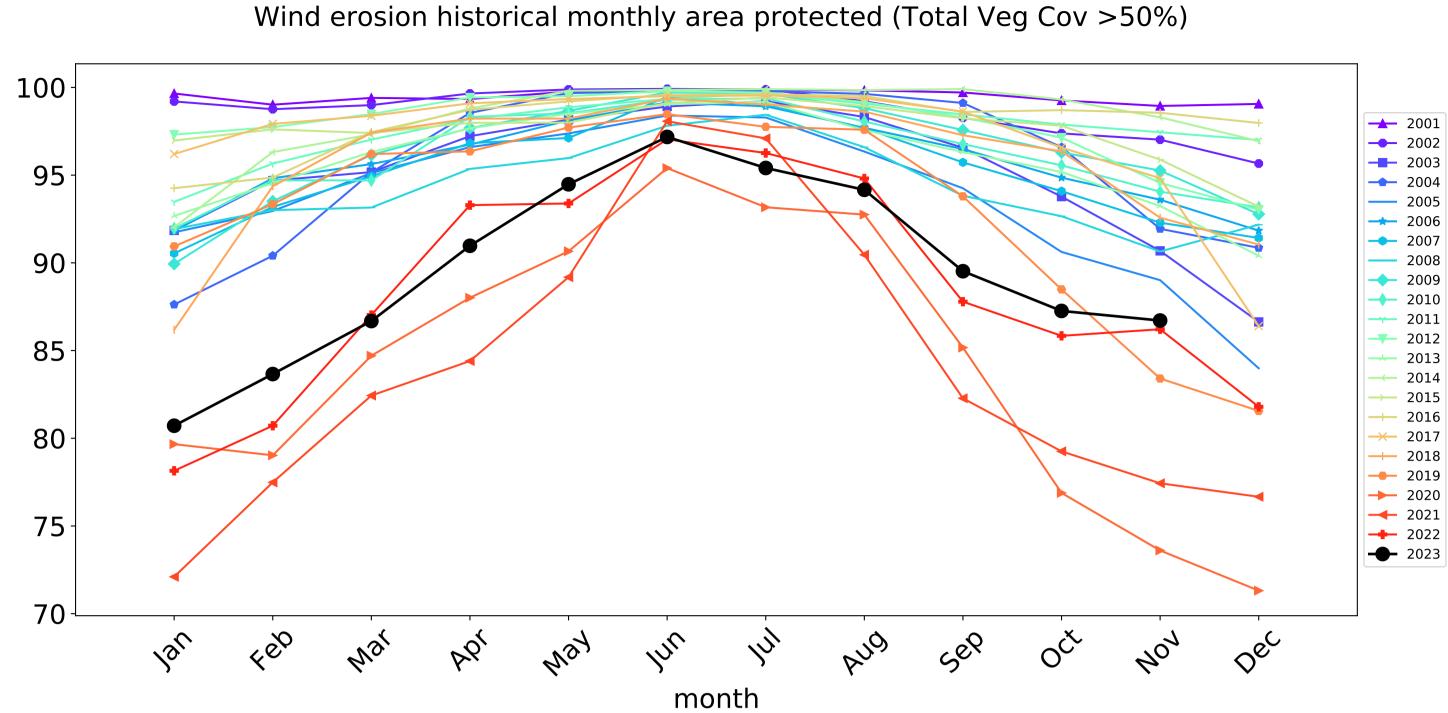


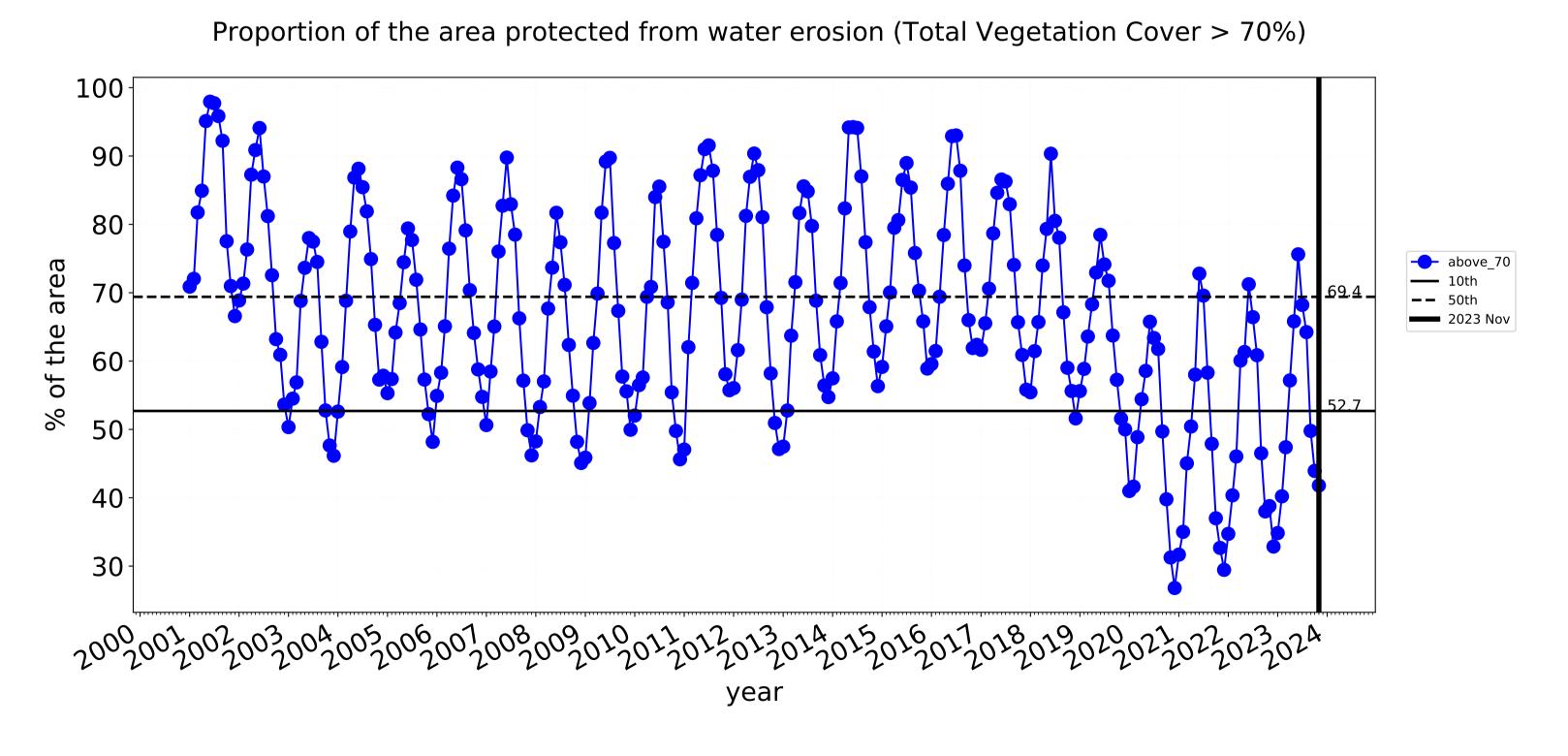


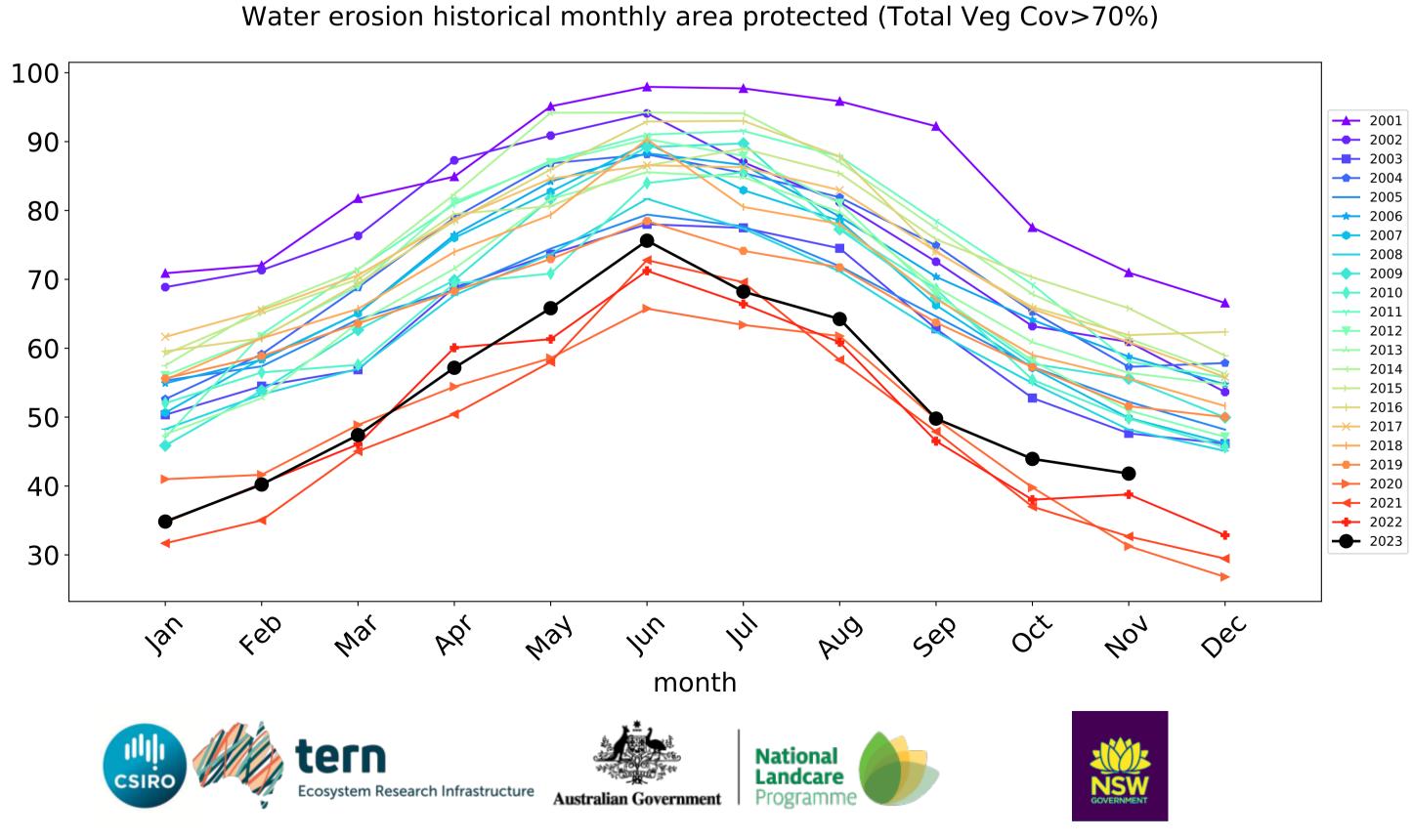


### **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**



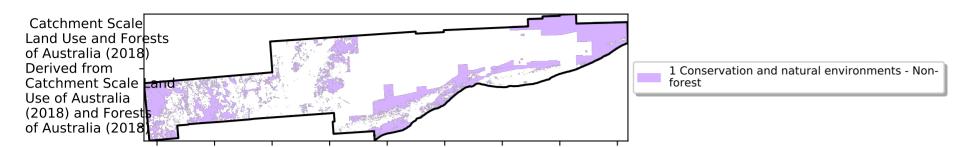






### **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

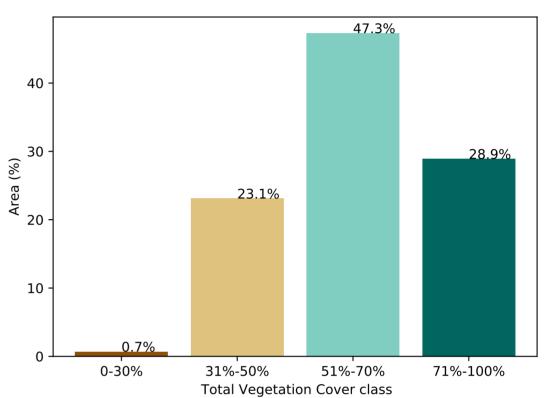
### Land use and forest cover

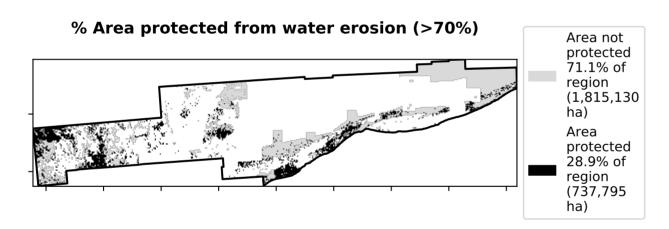


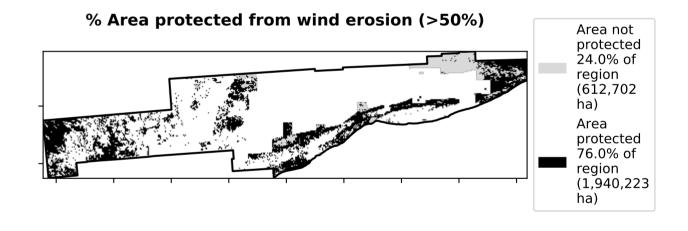
# **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

### 47.3%

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area







### Anomaly show how many percetage points each **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels - 20 are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019. -20

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

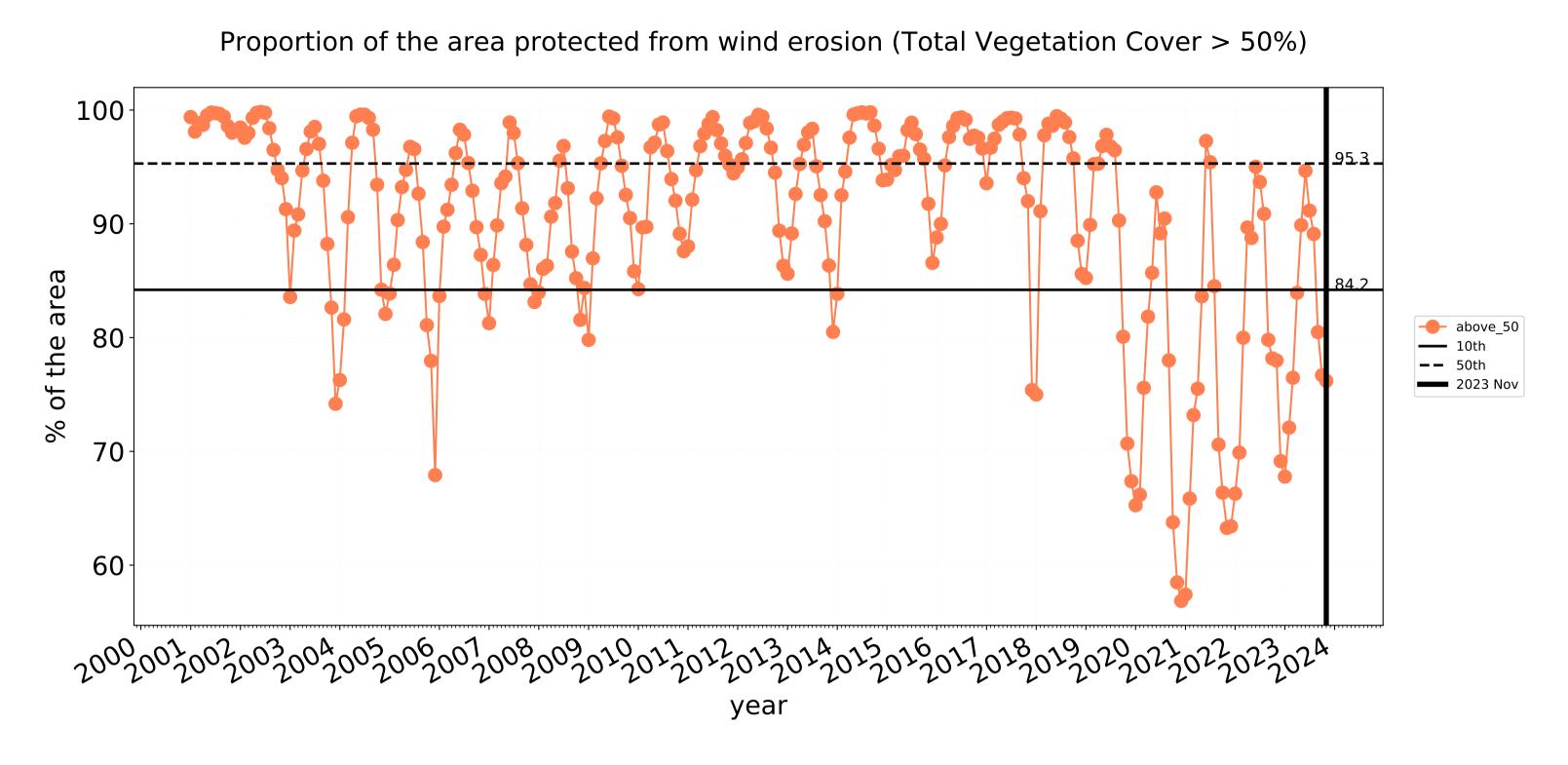


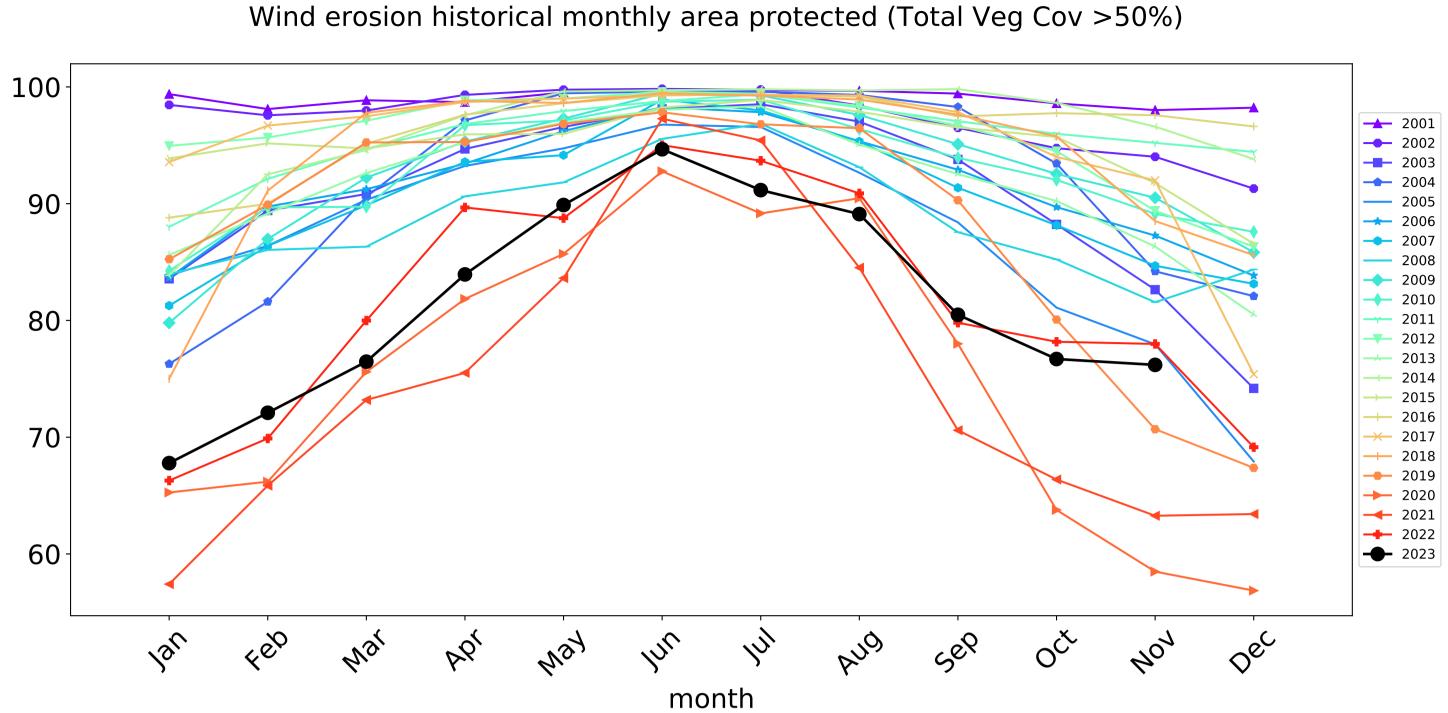


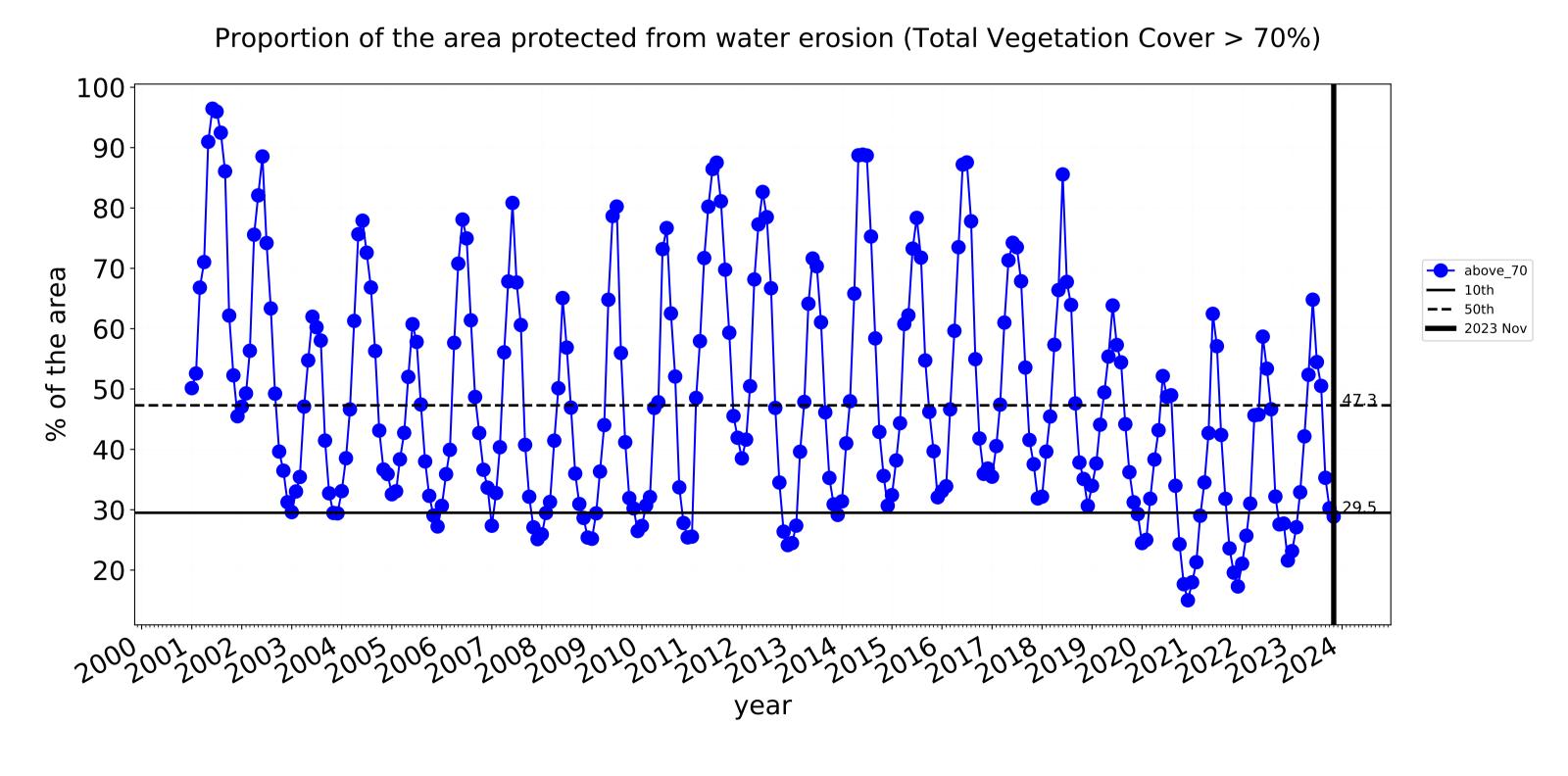


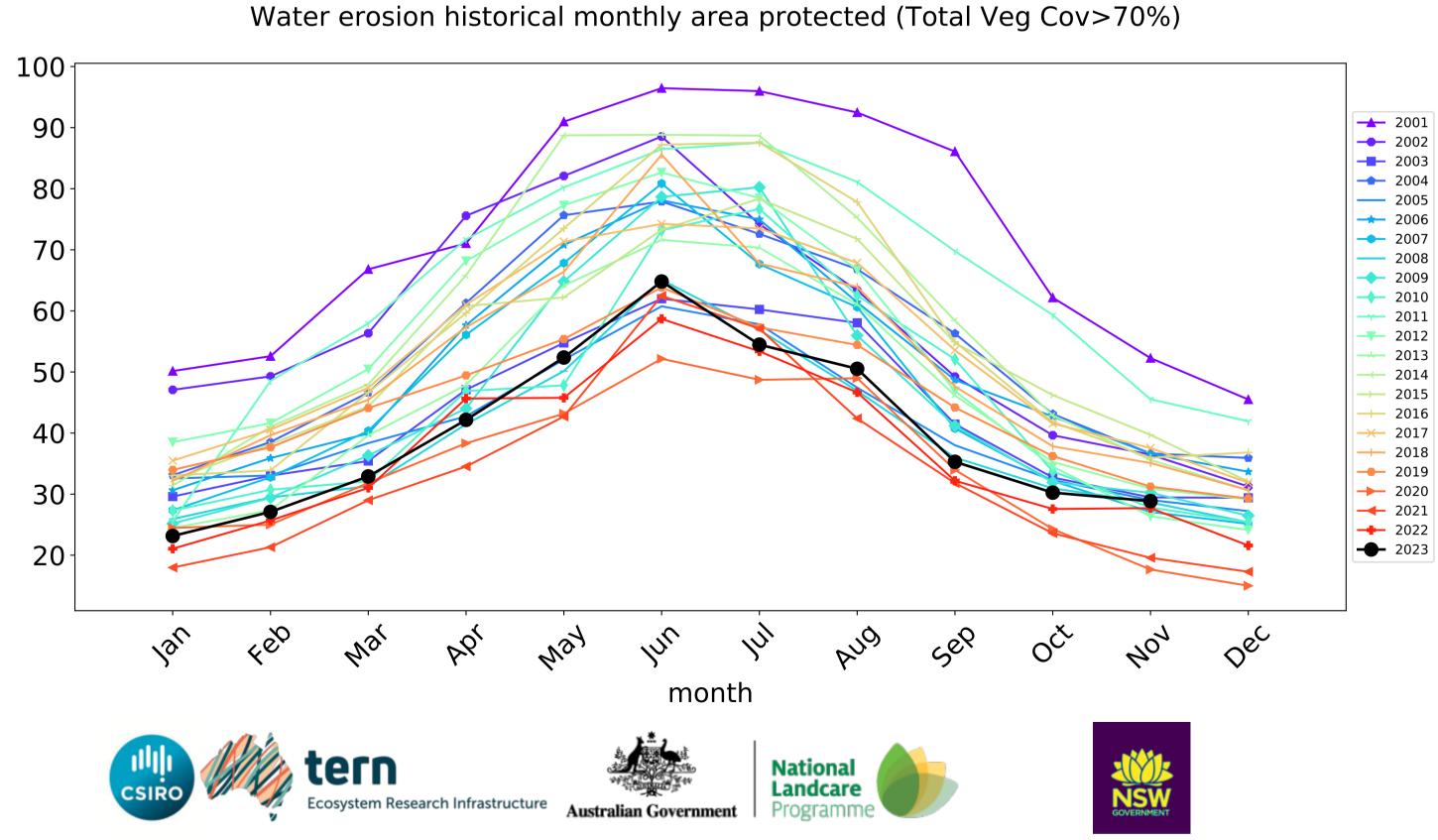


### **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**



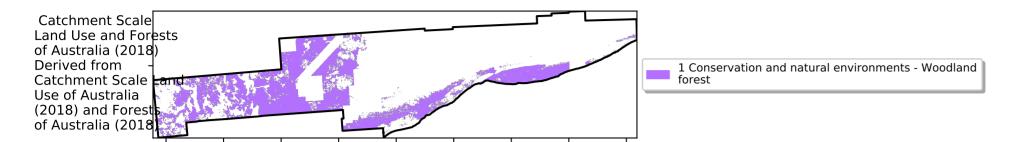


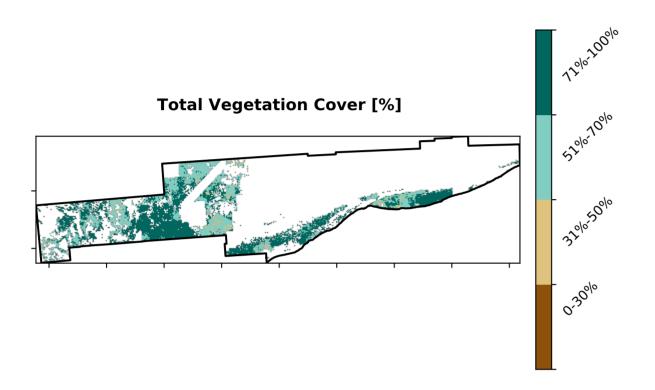




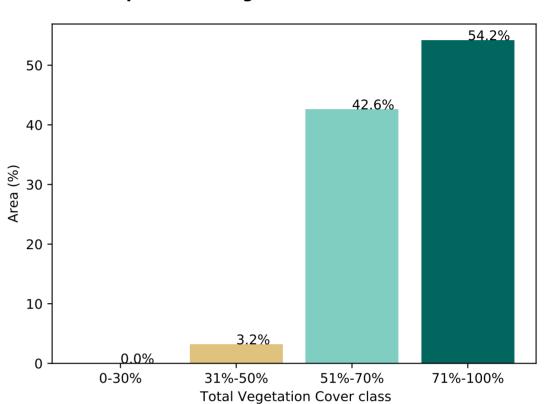
### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

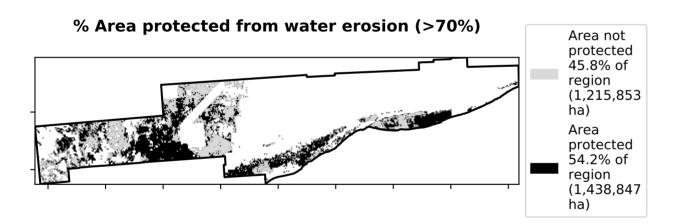
### Land use and forest cover

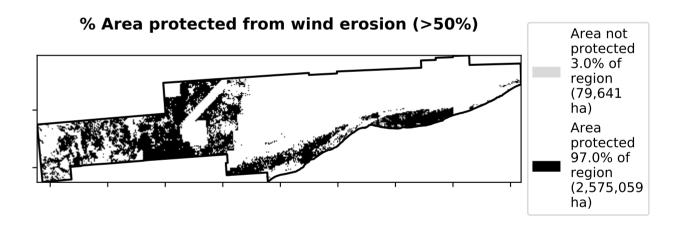




### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**







### Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** - 20 -20

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

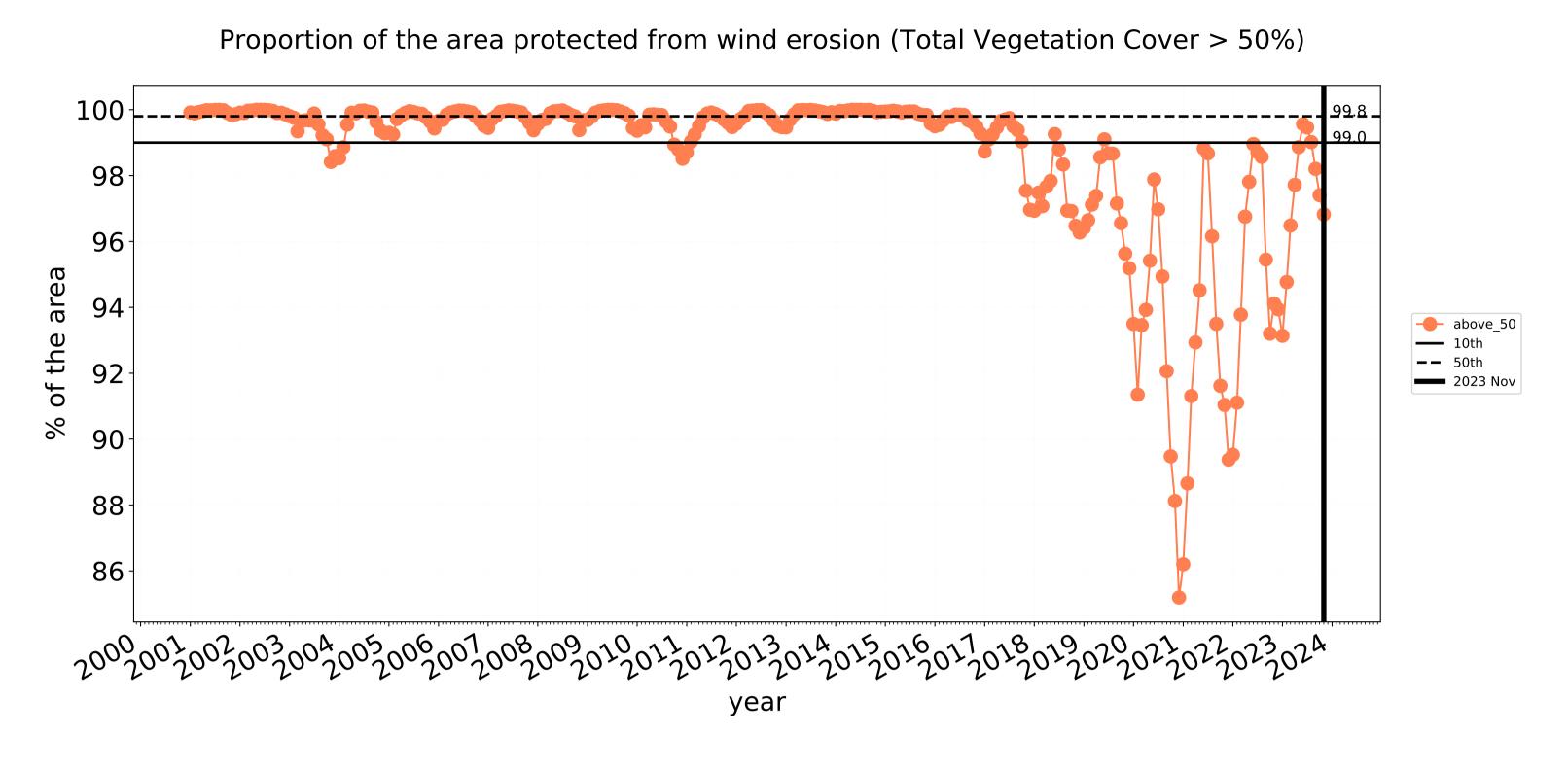


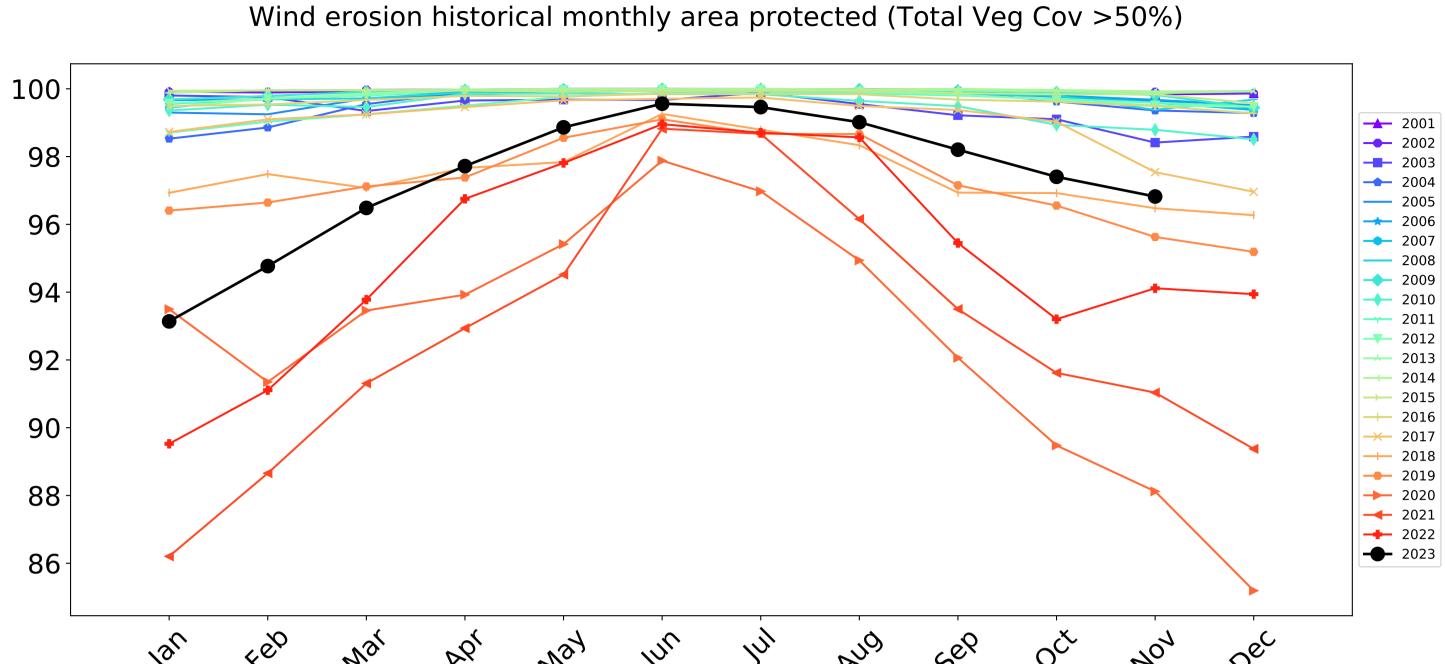






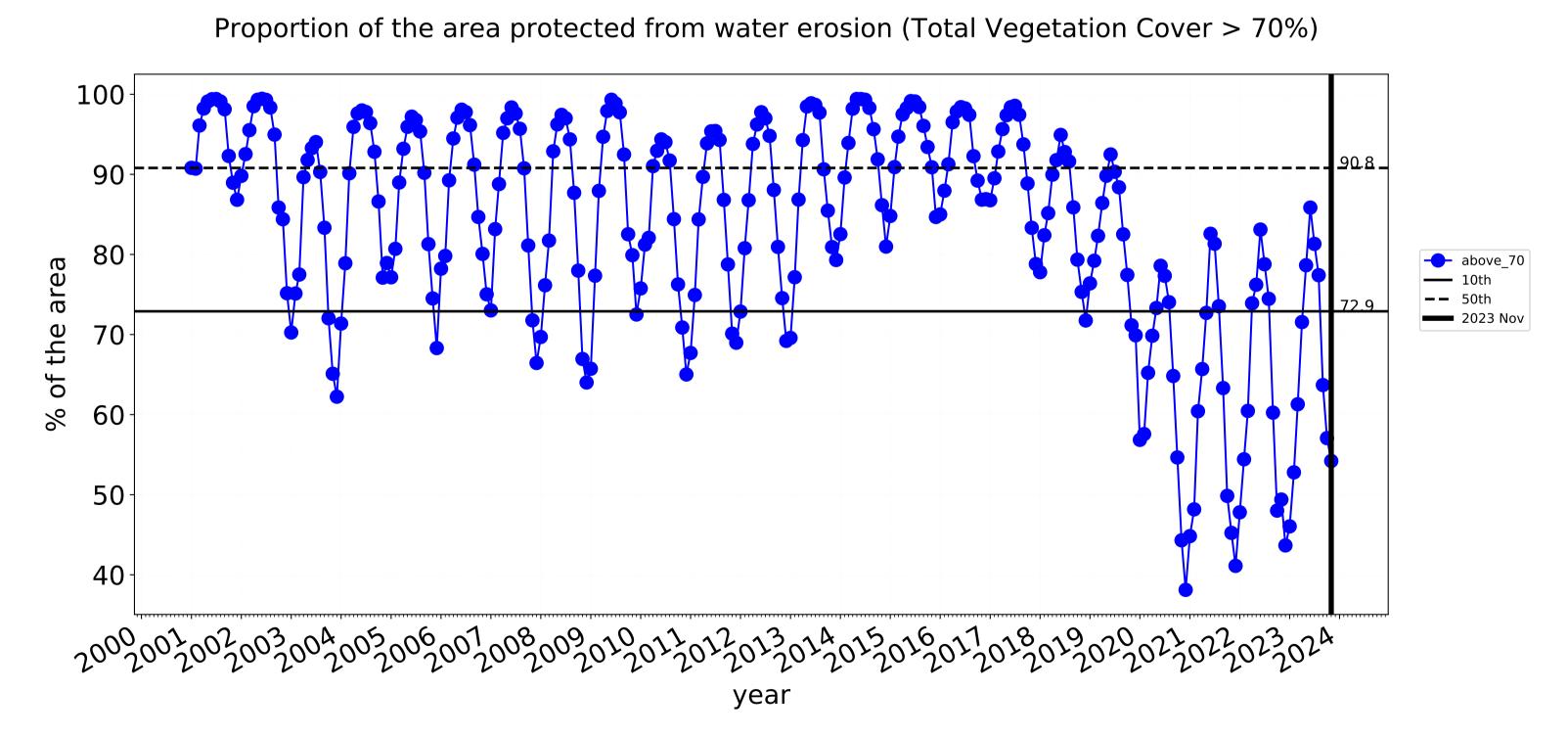
### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**

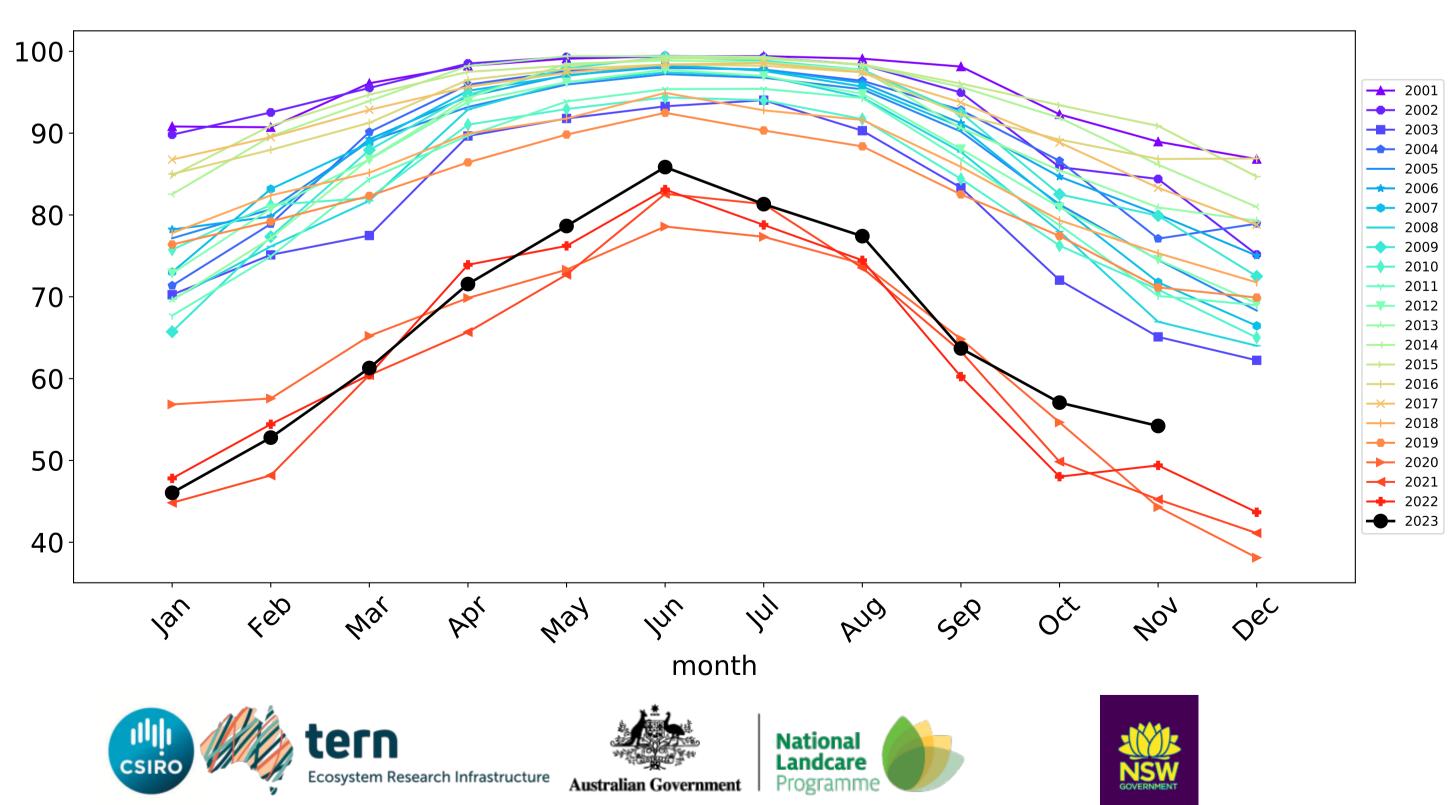




month

Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)

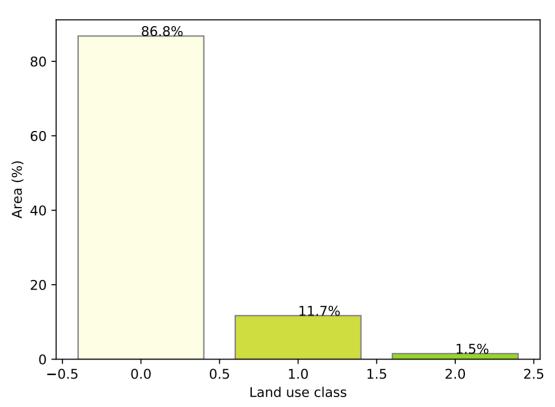




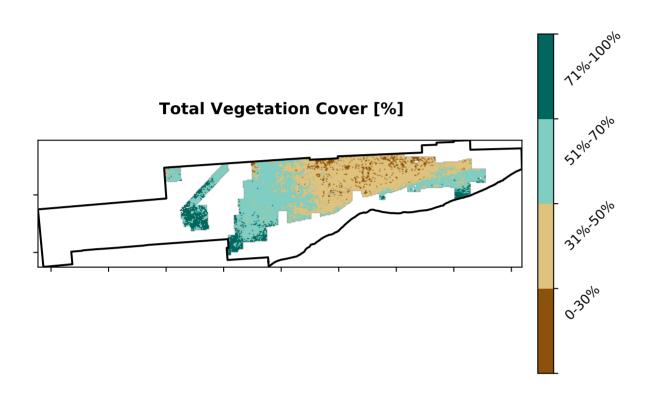
### **Agriculture**

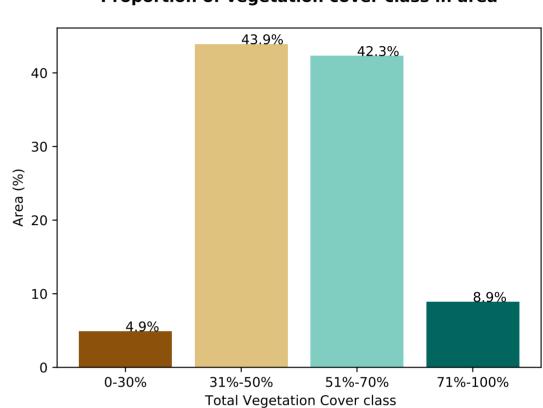
# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) Oscillation of A

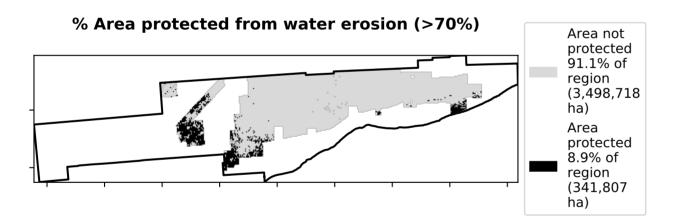
### Proportion of each land class in area

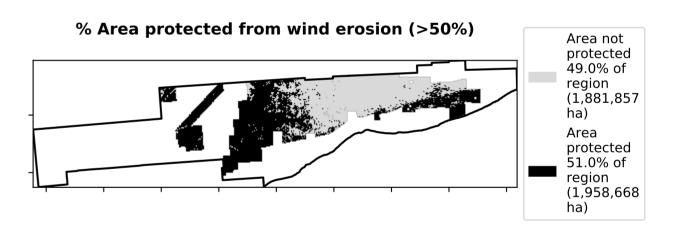


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area









### 

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

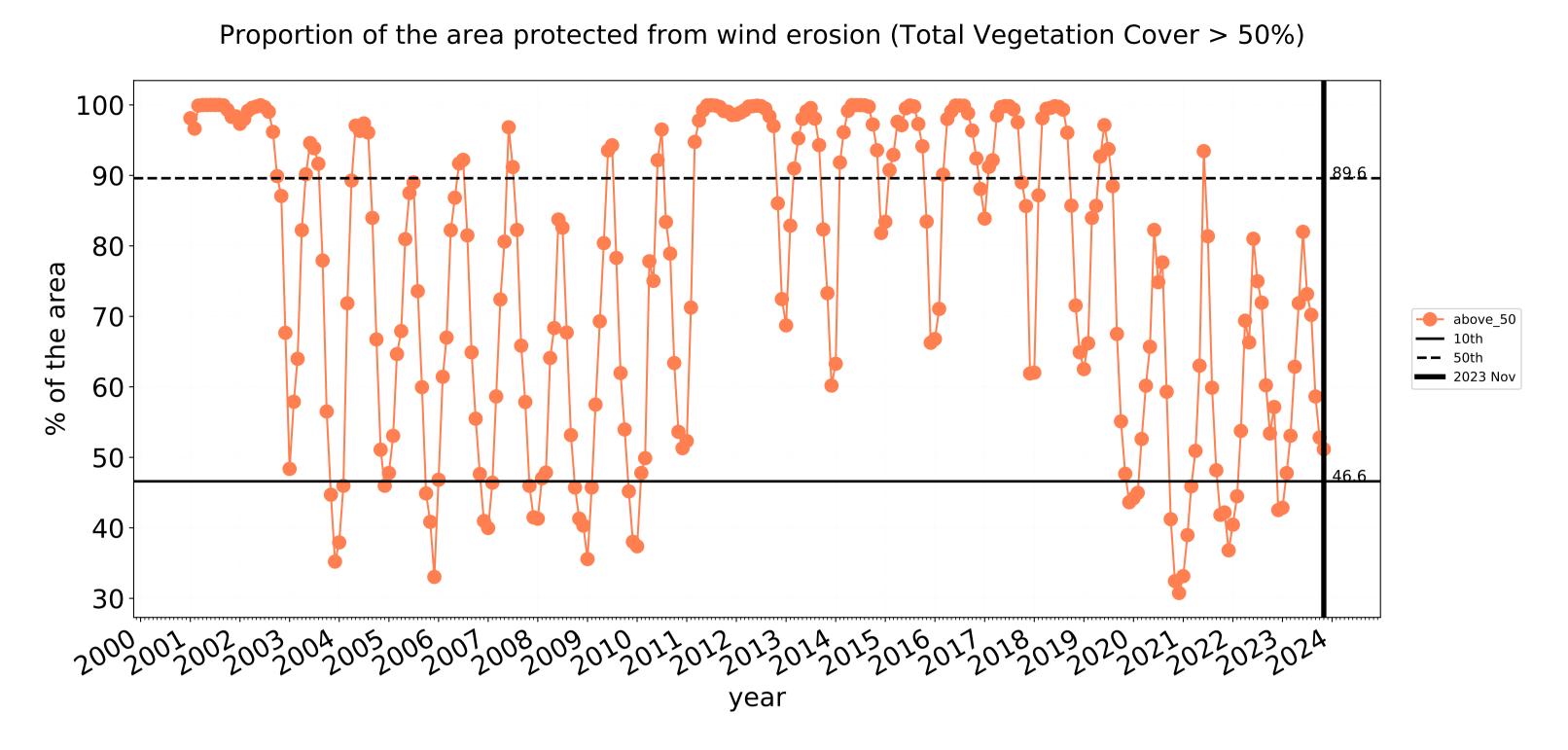


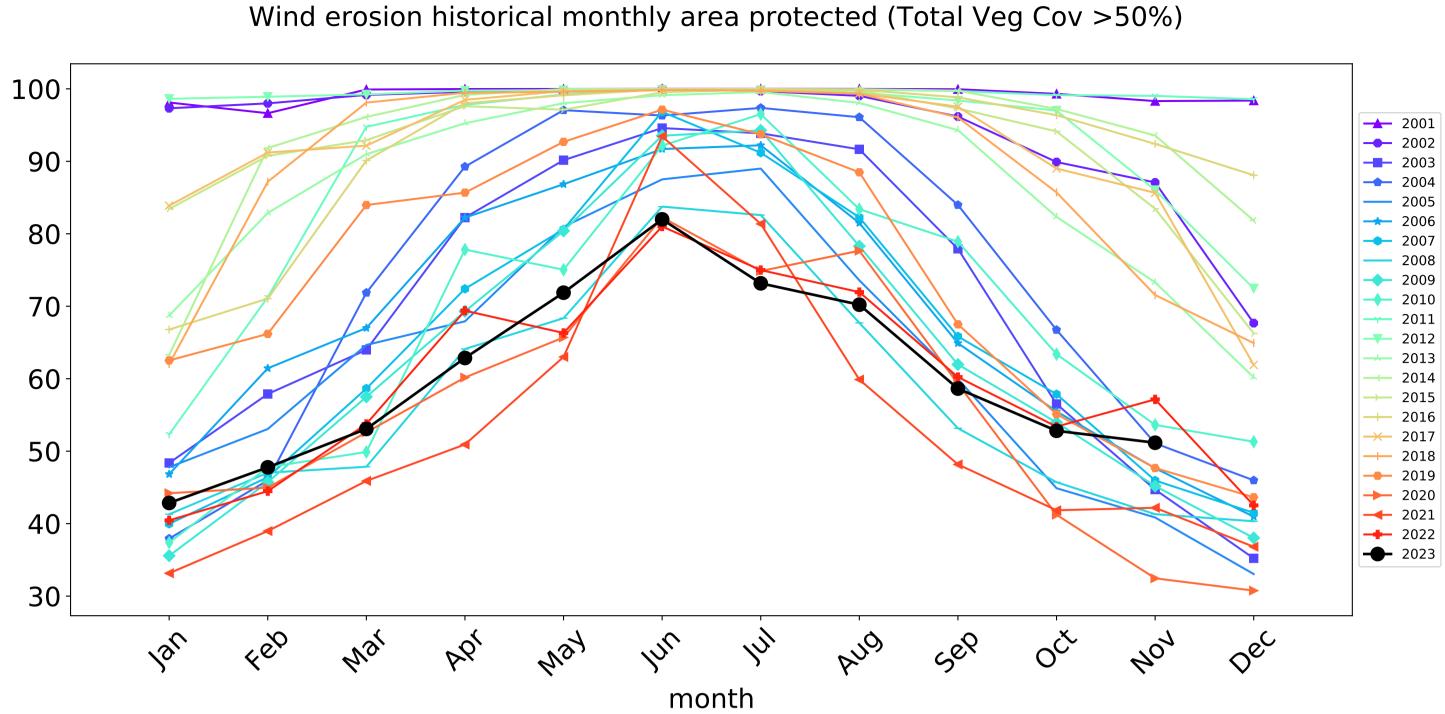


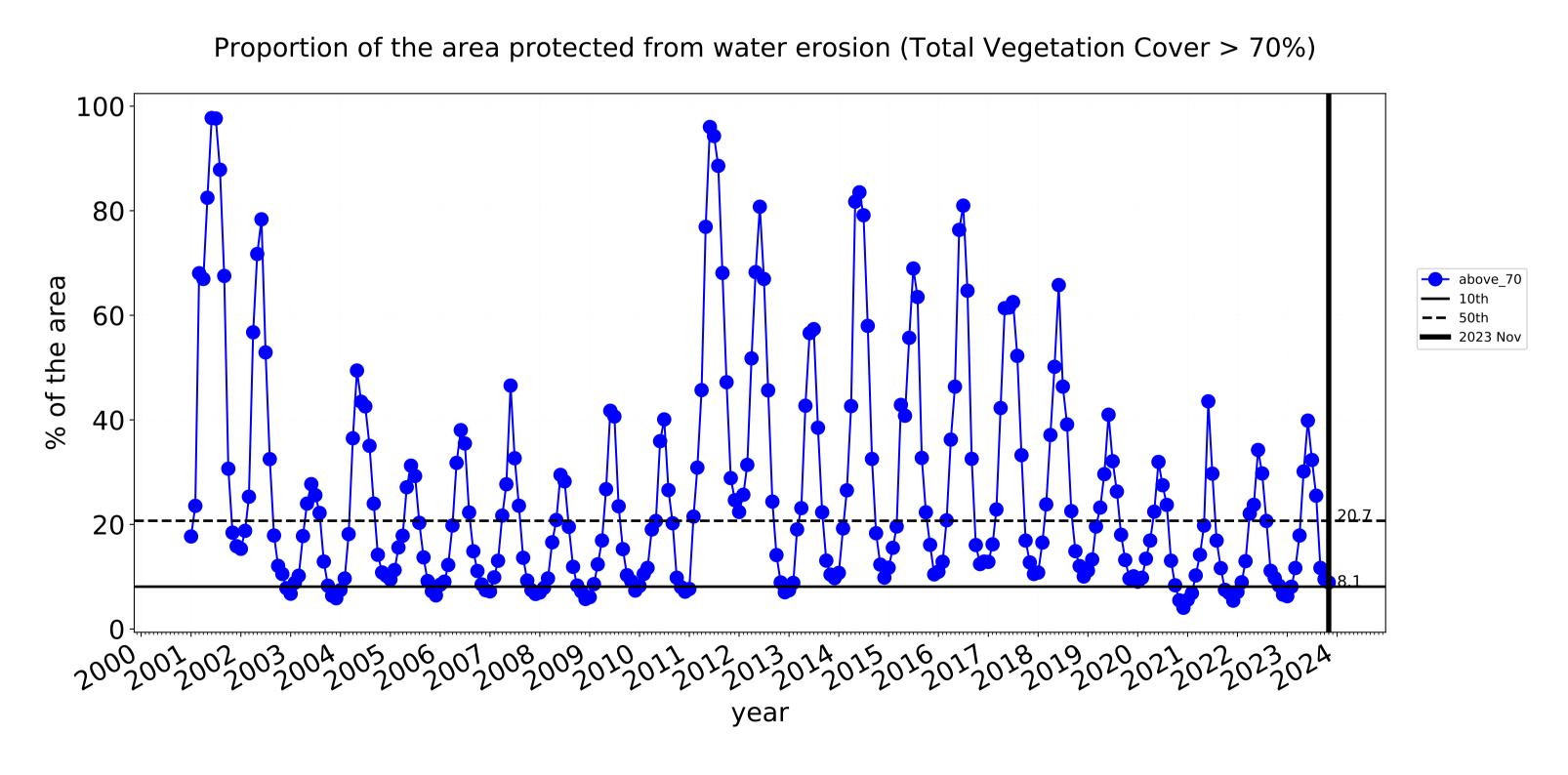


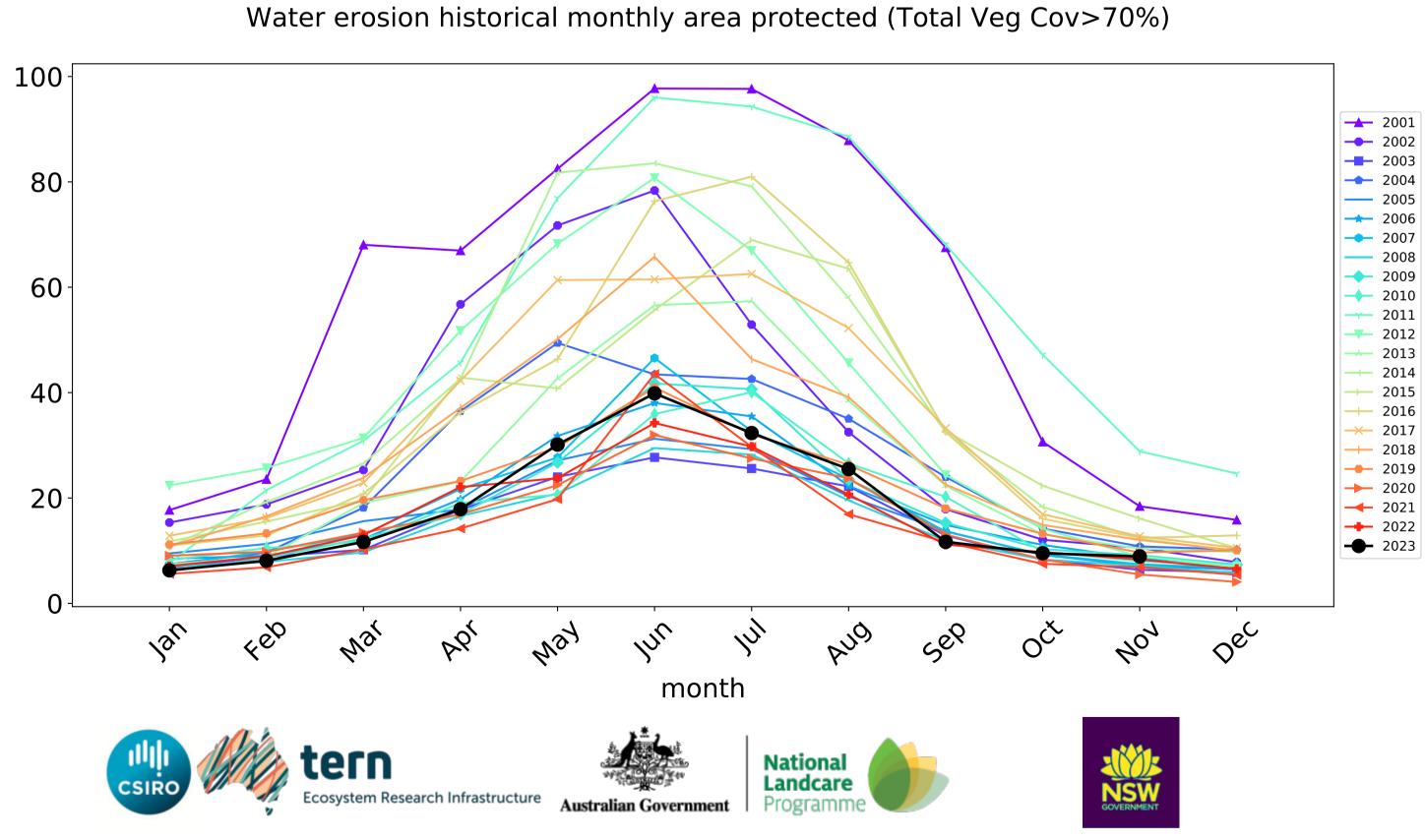


### **Agriculture timeseries**





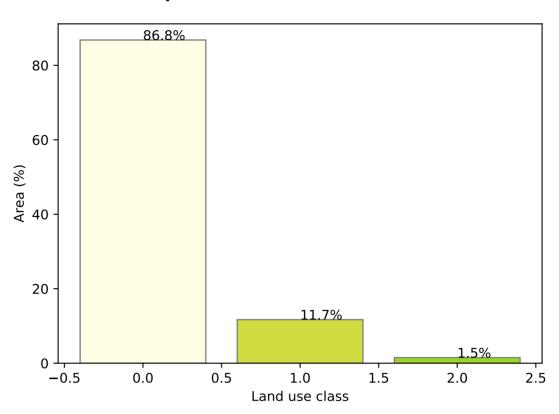


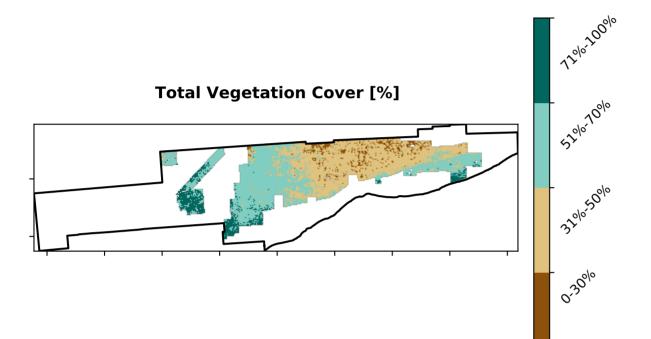


### Grazing

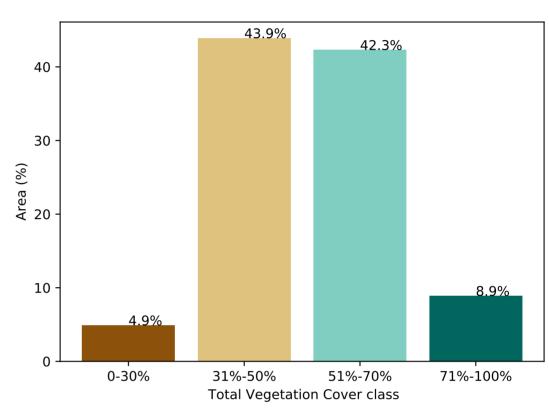
# Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) Oarrow and Forest (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) Catchment Scale Catchme

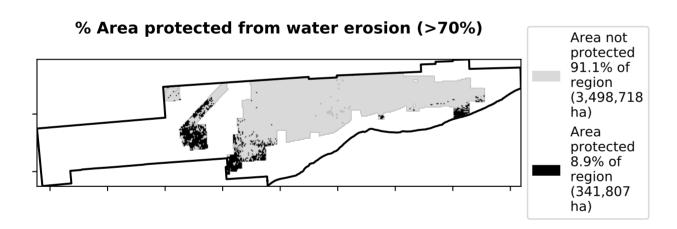
### Proportion of each land class in area

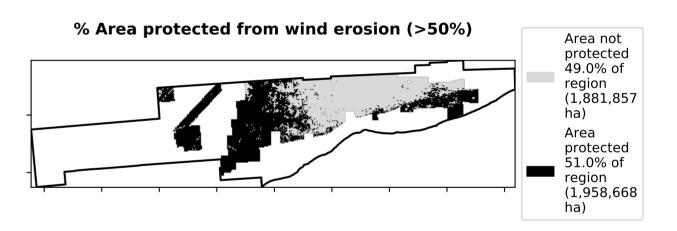


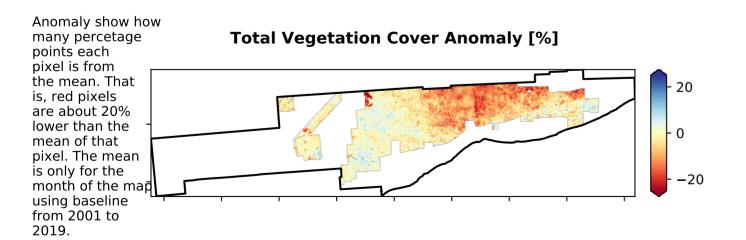


### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**









Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

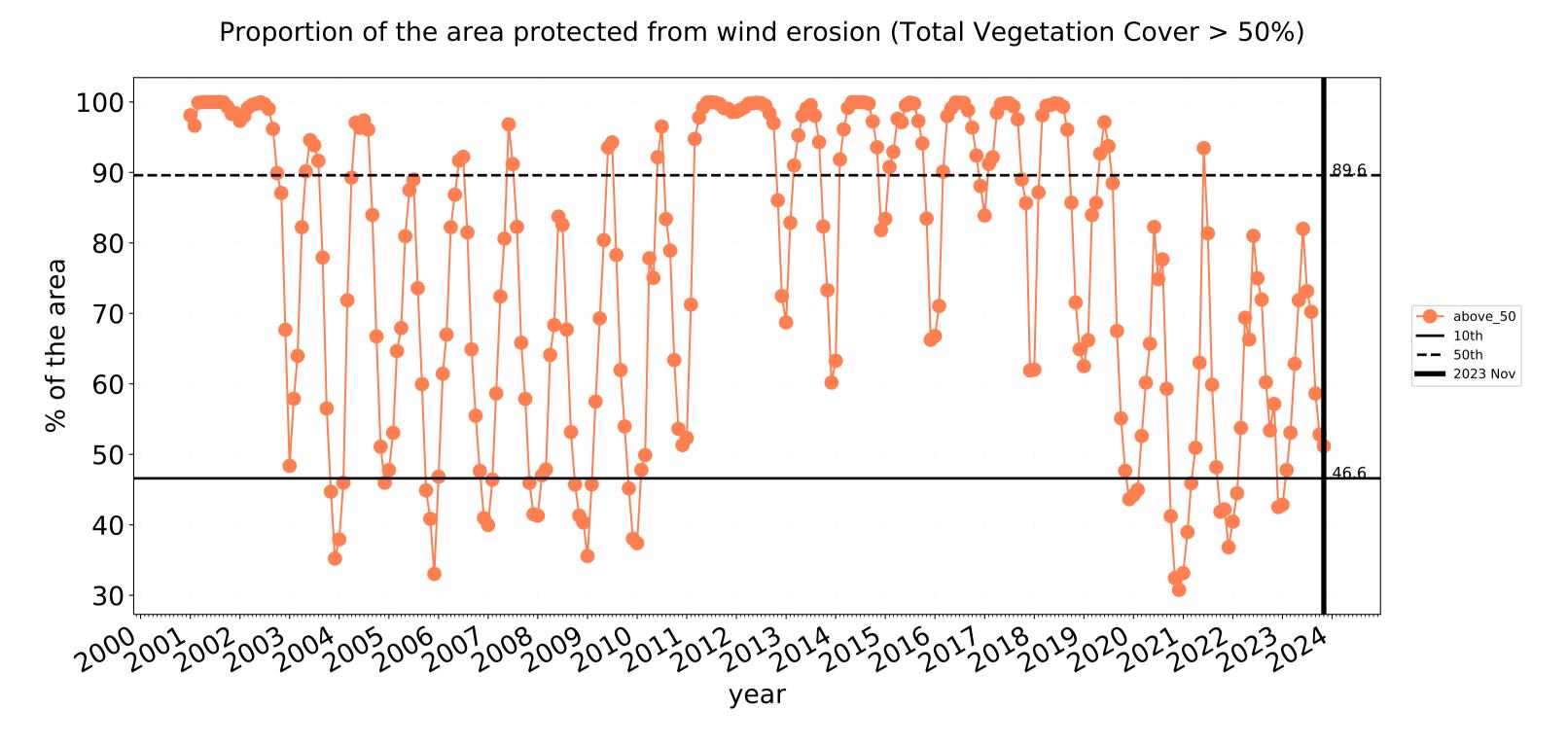


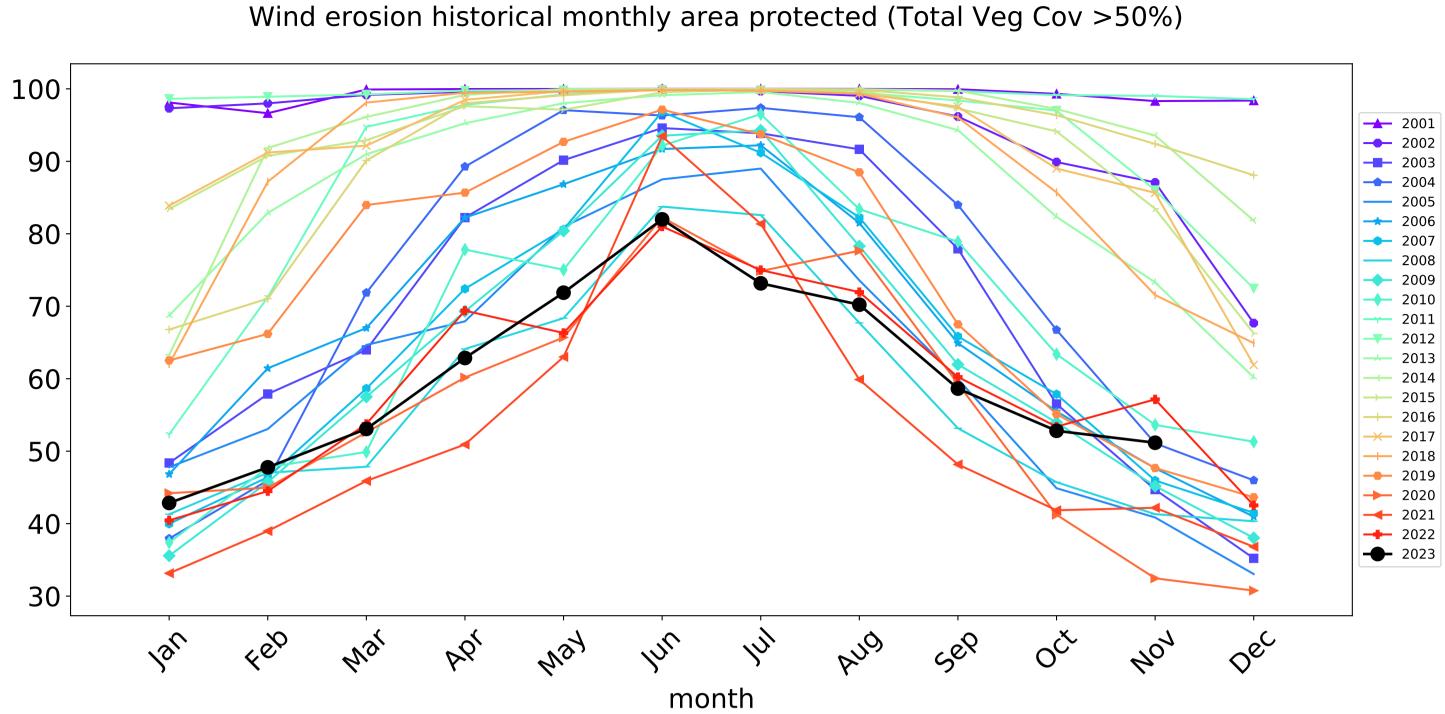


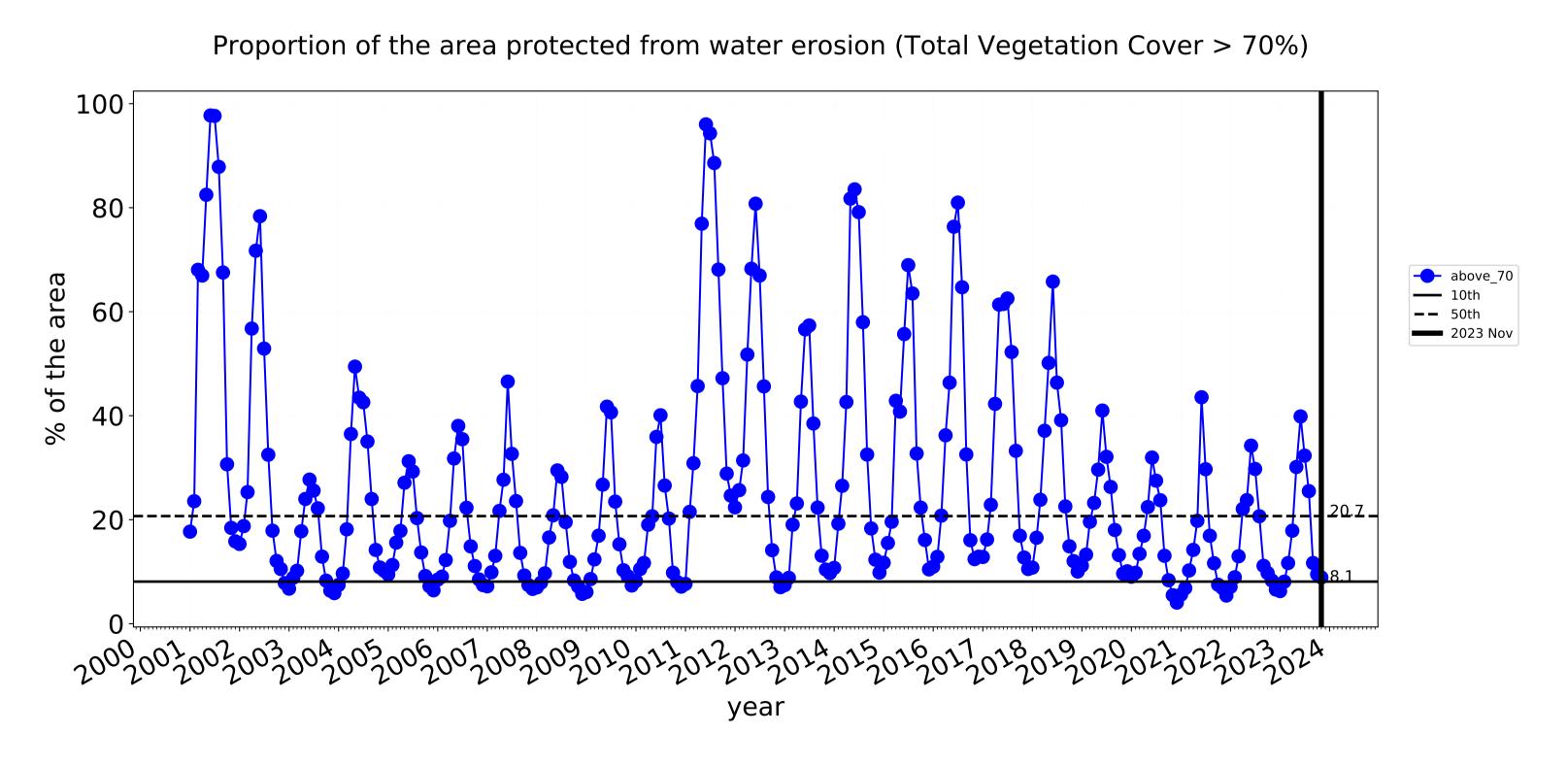


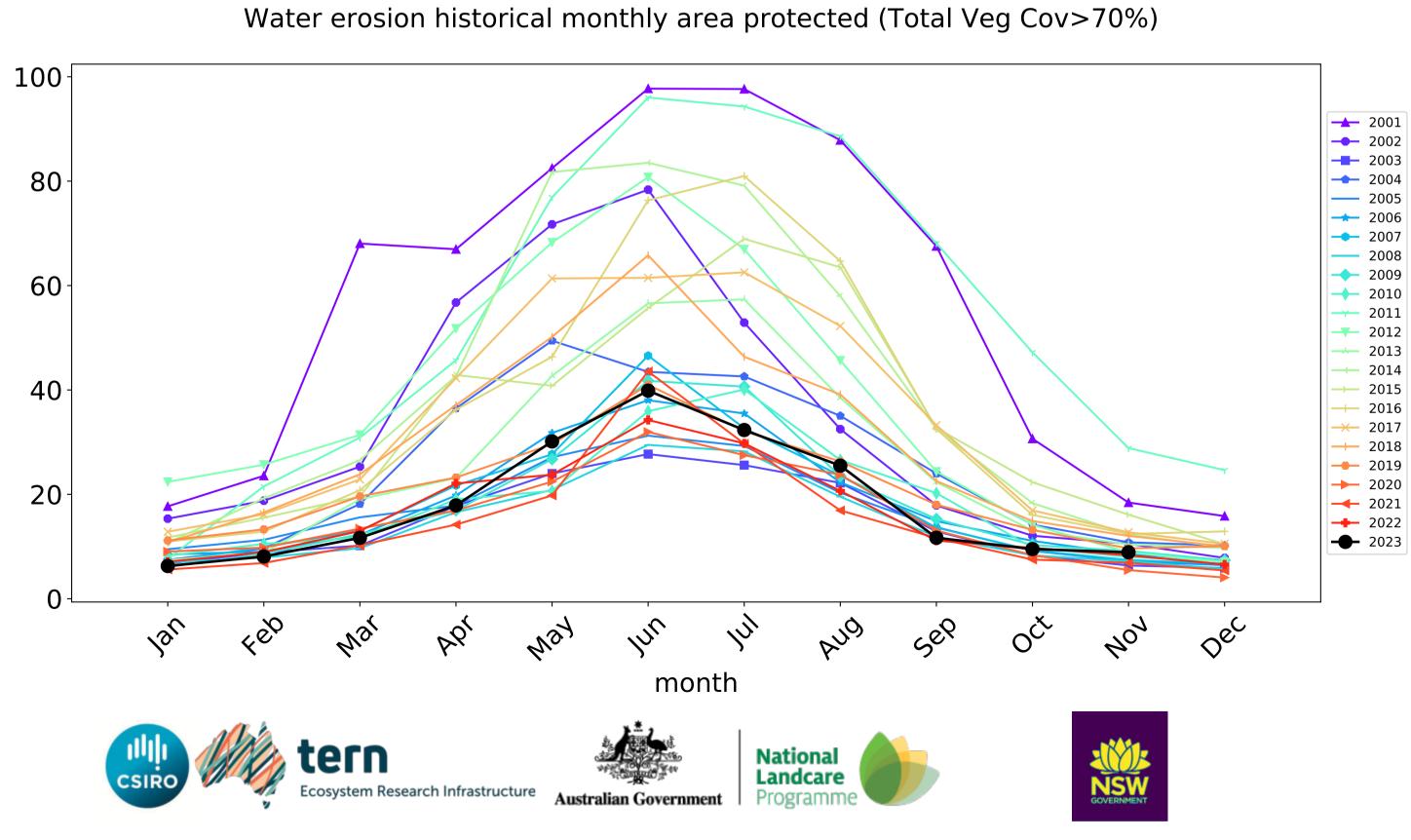


### **Grazing timeseries**



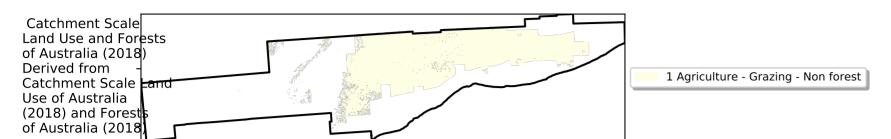


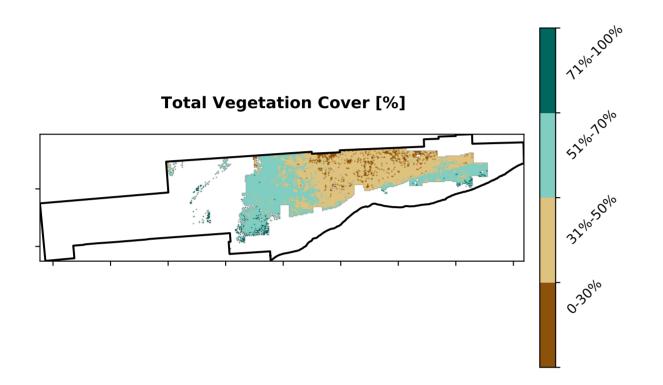




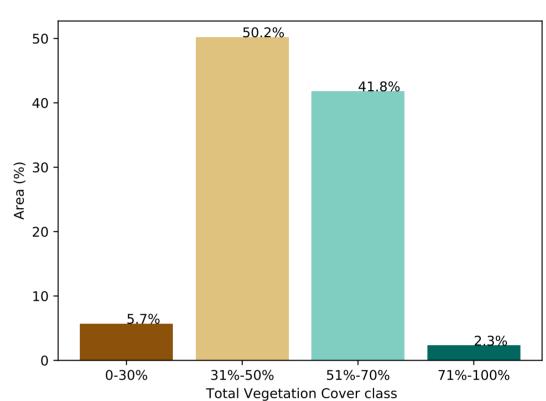
### **Grazing non forest**

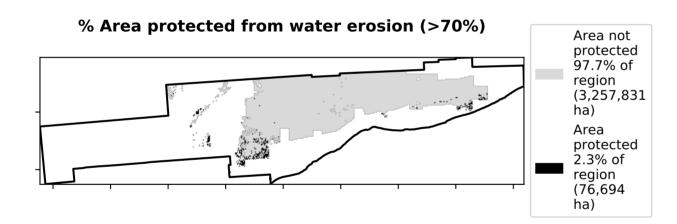
### Land use and forest cover

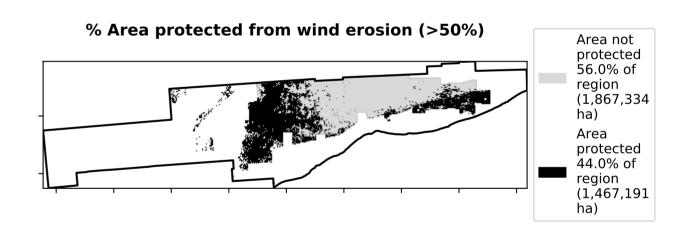


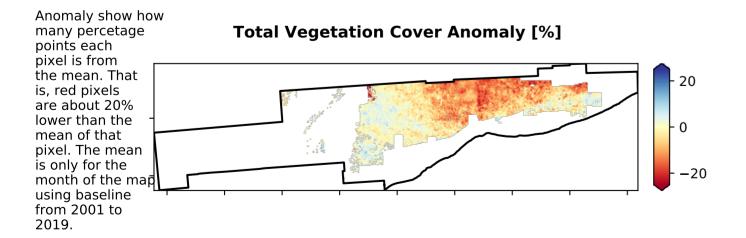


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area









Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

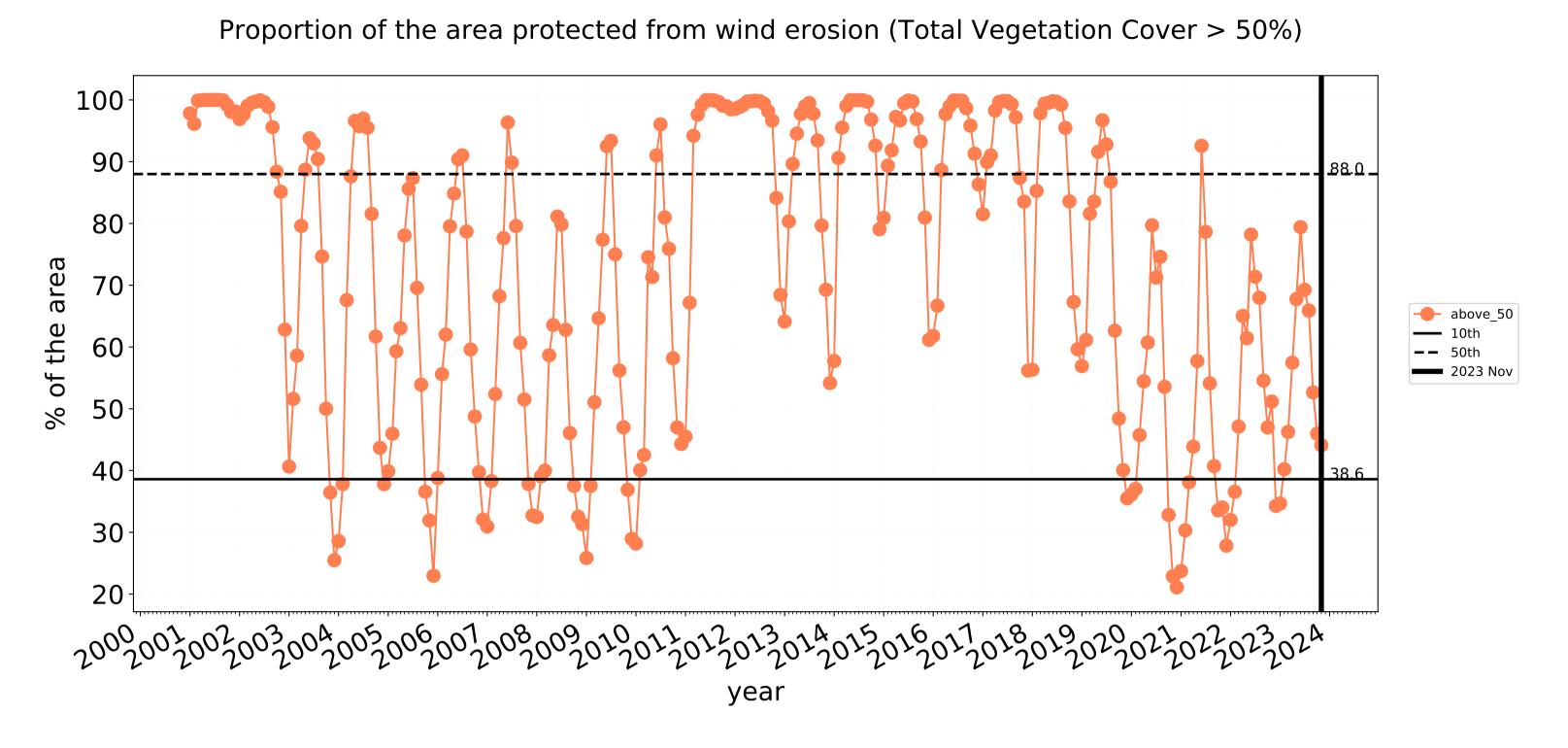


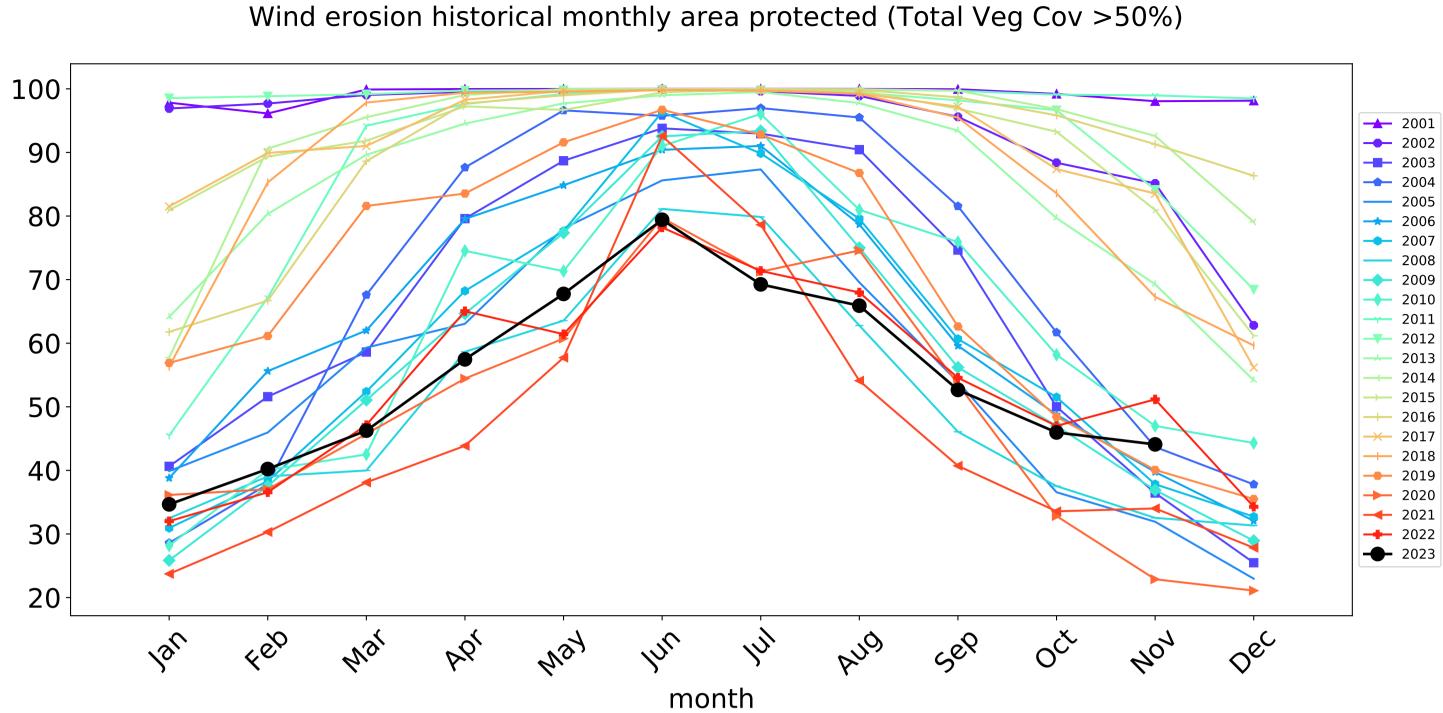


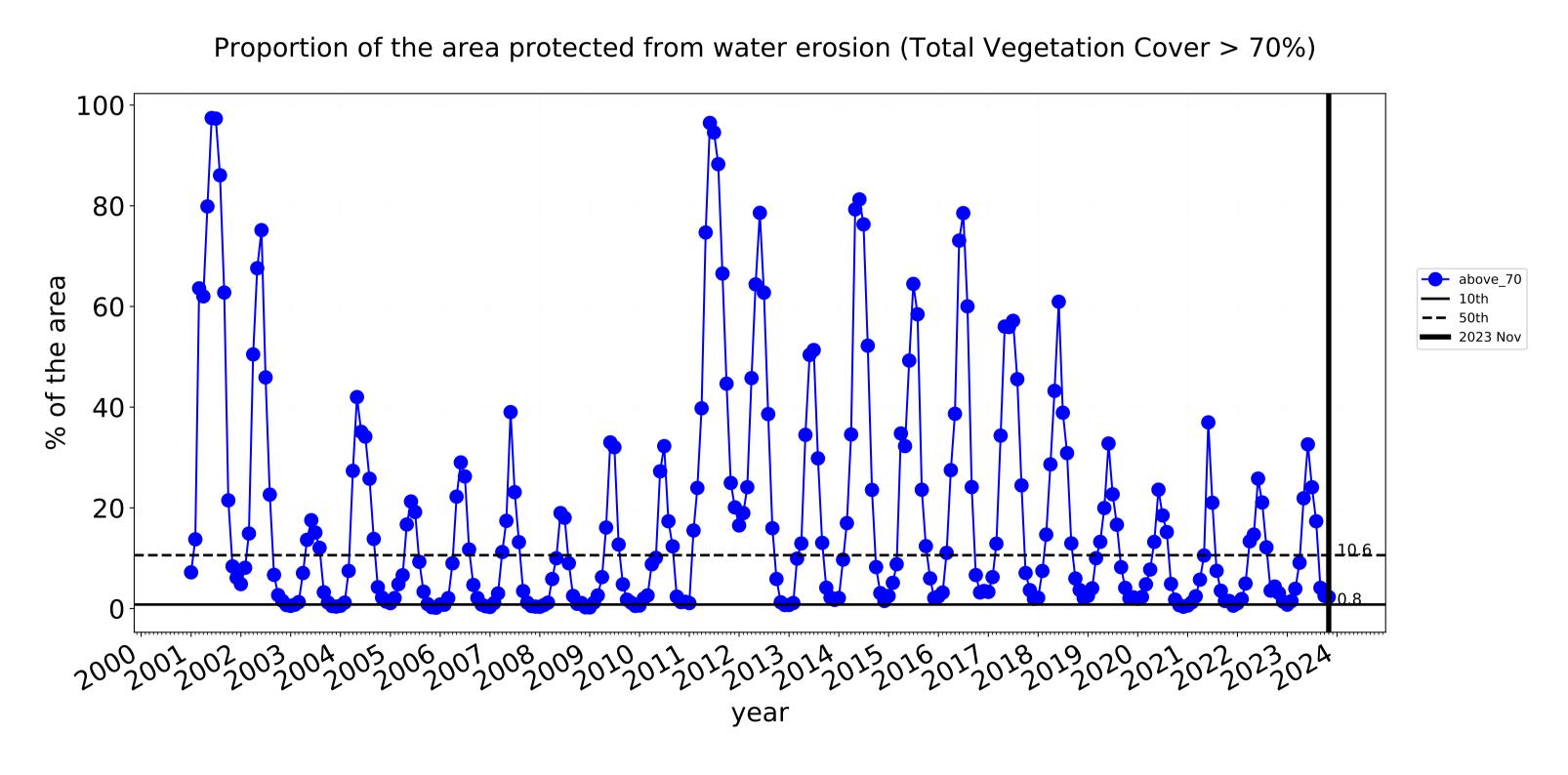


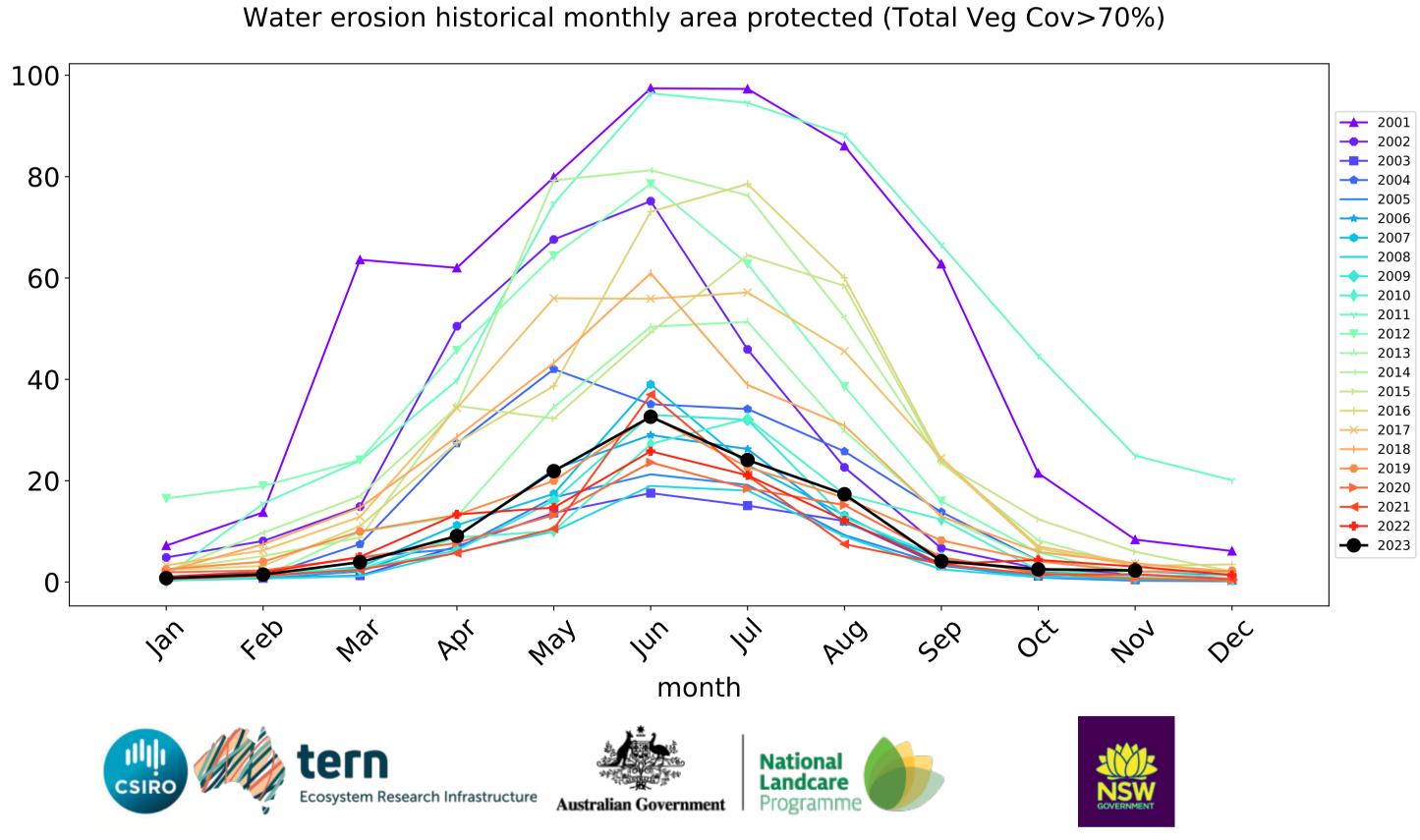


### **Grazing non forest timeseries**



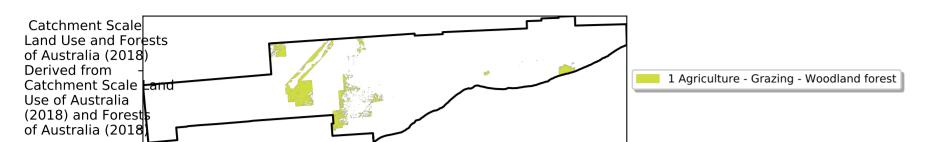


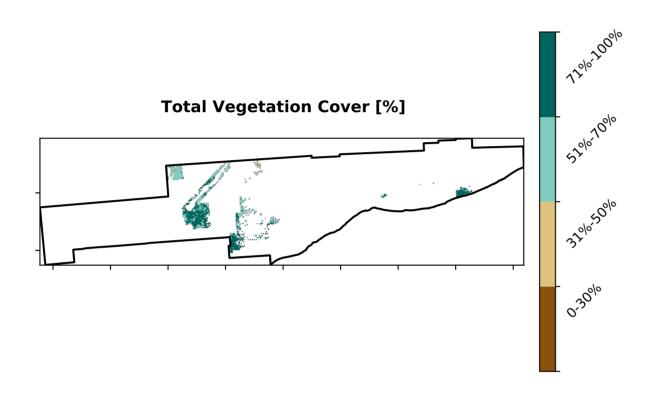




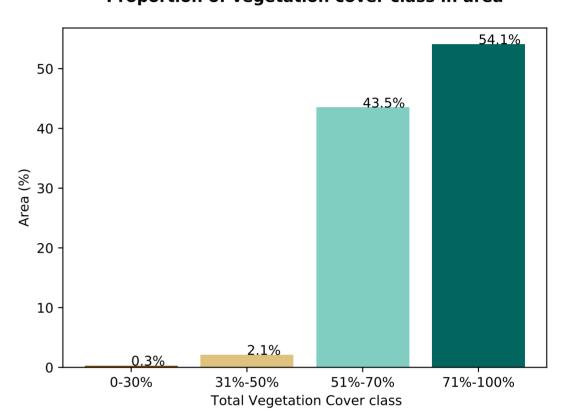
### **Grazing Woodland forest**

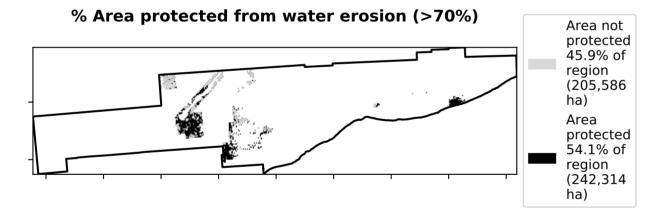
### Land use and forest cover

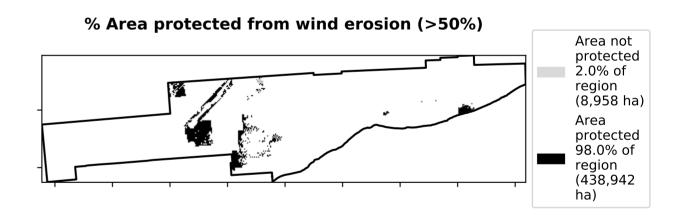


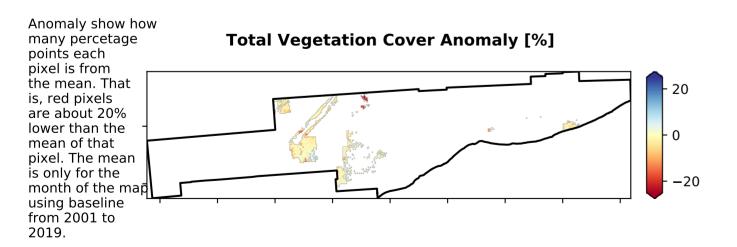


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area









Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

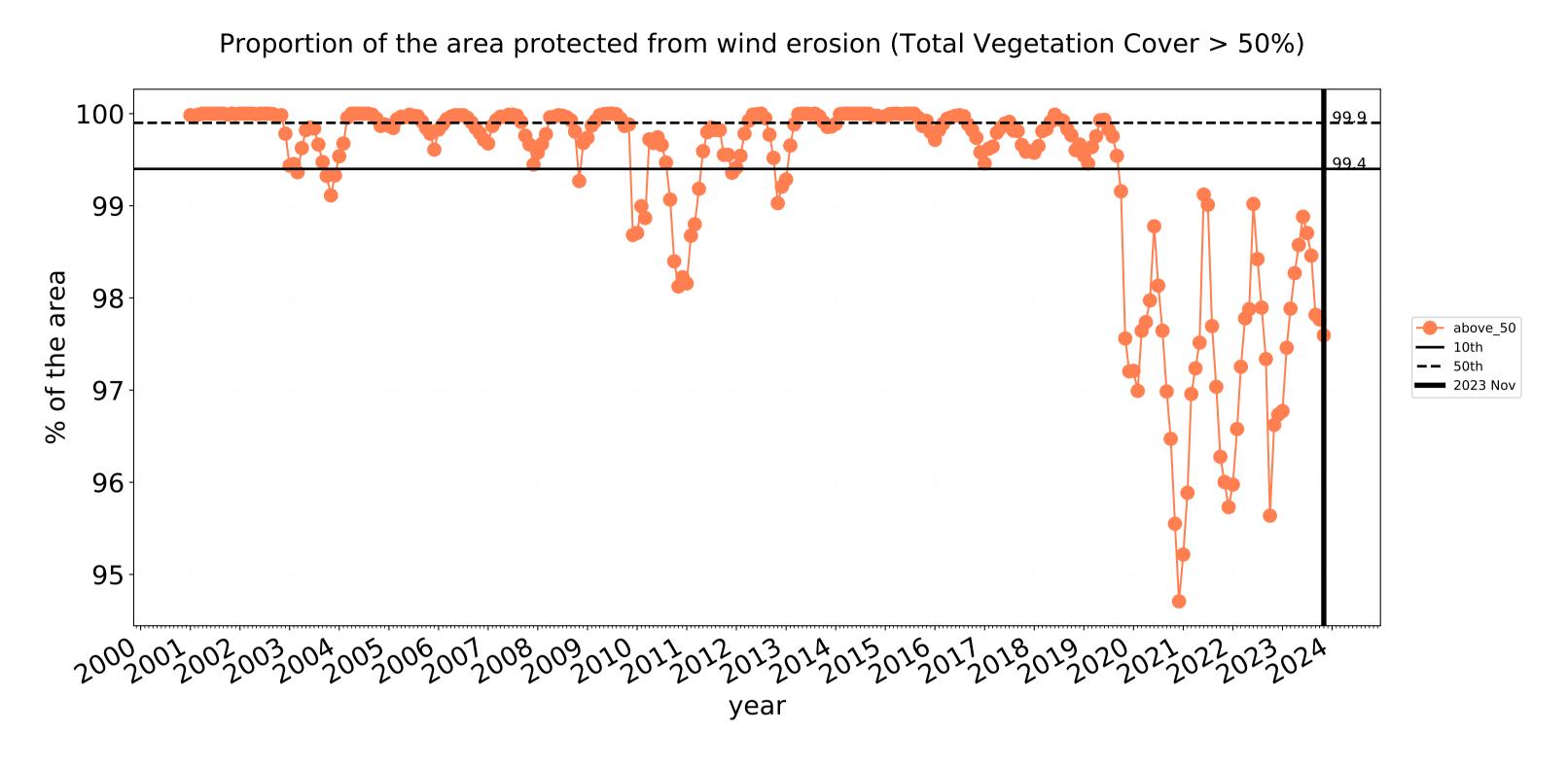


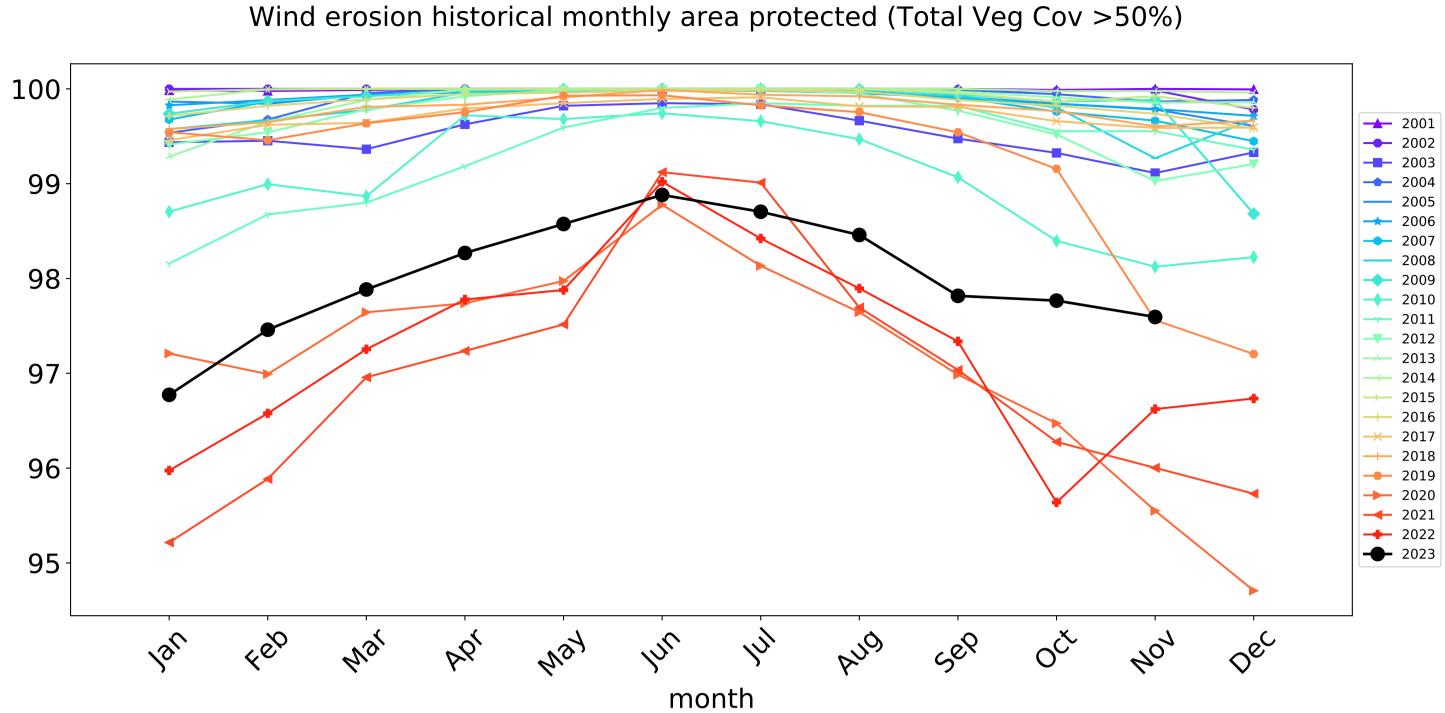


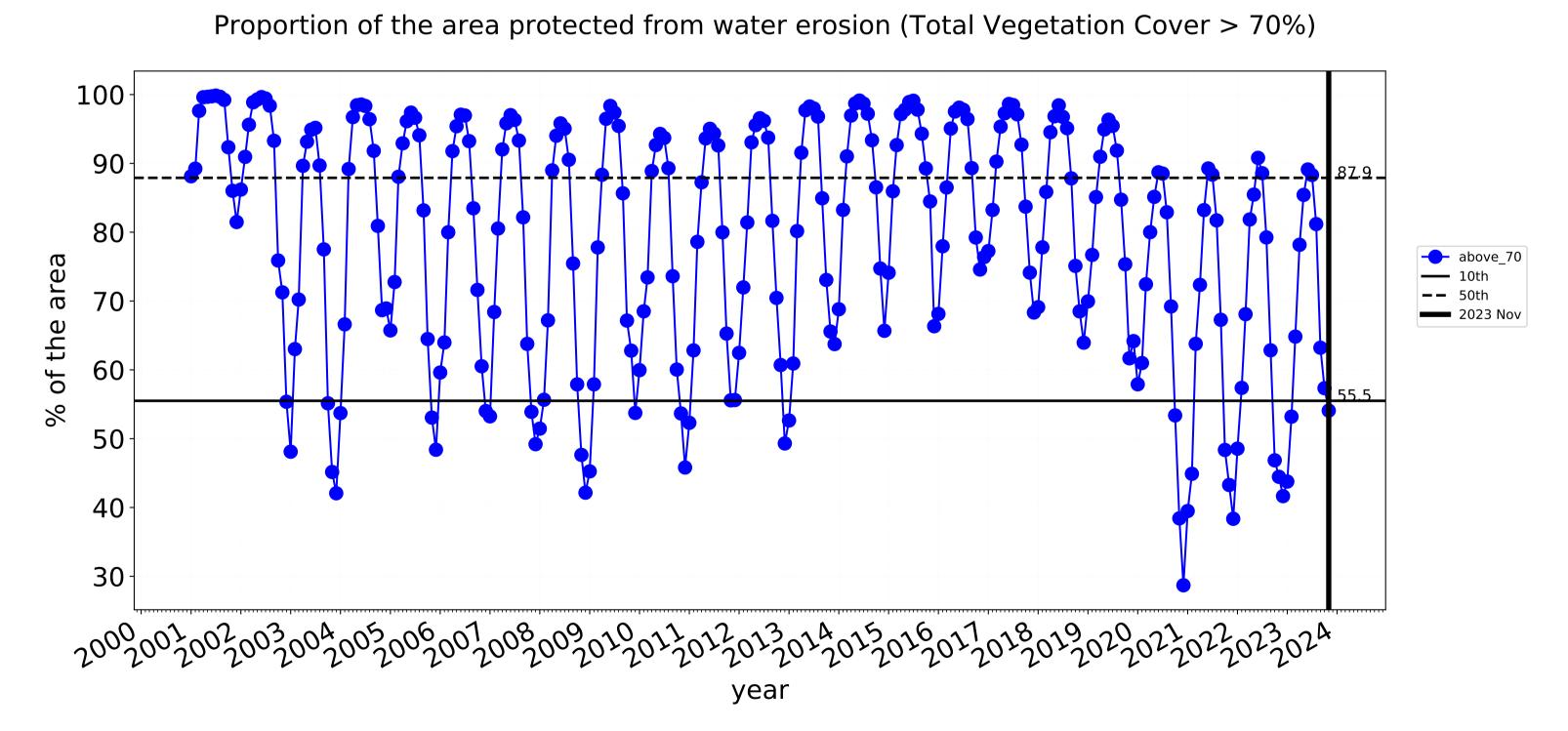


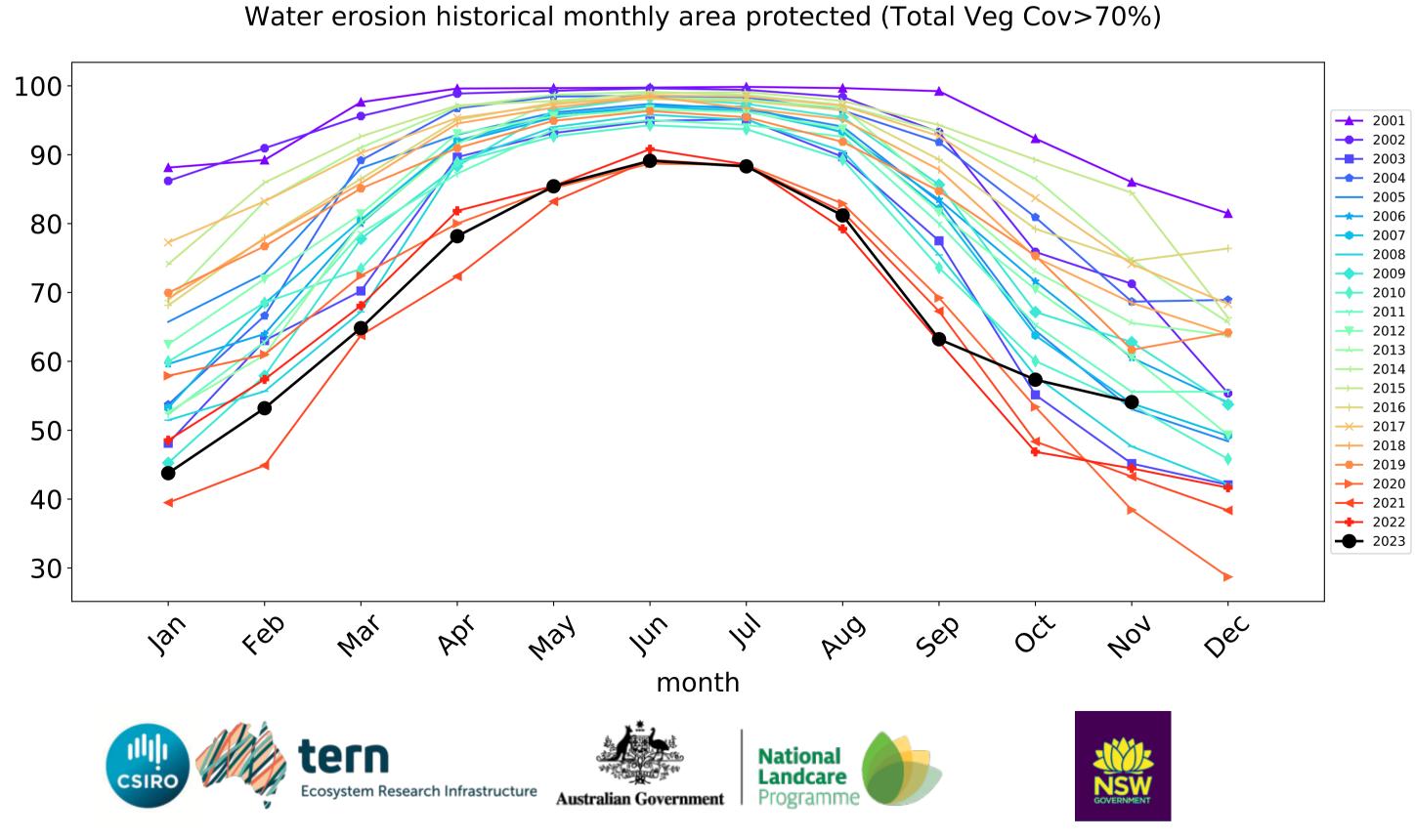


### **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**









### Dundas\_(S) (9,185,225 ha and no data 97,056 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	9,185,225	97.7% 8,973,675	71.9% 6,599,600	28.3% 2,603,650	4.5% 410,150	0.8% 74,650	0.7% 63,050
Conservation and natural environments	5,208,675	99.6% 5,190,250	86.7% 4,516,550	41.8% 2,177,100	6.4% 332,975	0.4% 20,225	0.3% 14,650
Conservation and natural environments non forest	2,552,925	99.3% 2,535,000	76.2% 1,945,175	28.9% 736,925	4.0% 101,750	0.6% 16,400	0.5% 13,750
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	2,654,700	100.0% 2,654,200	96.8% 2,570,325	54.2% 1,439,175	8.7% 231,075	0.1% 3,825	0.0% 900
Agriculture	3,840,525	95.0% 3,649,925	51.2% 1,965,025	8.9% 342,025	0.3% 10,550	0.0% 25	0.0%
Grazing	3,840,525	95.0% 3,649,925	51.2% 1,965,025	8.9% 342,025	0.3% 10,550	0.0% 25	0.0%
Grazing non forest	3,334,525	94.3% 3,145,200	44.1% 1,470,200	2.3% 76,625	0.0% 675	0.0% 25	0.0%
Grazing Woodland forest	447,900	99.7% 446,625	97.6% 437,125	54.1% 242,225	1.6% 7,200	0.0% 0	0.0%







