Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Bridgetown-Greenbushes_(S) WA

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
 - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
 - 31-50% Low cover not protected
 - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

Erosion protection

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

Acknowledgment of data:

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









Date: September 2025

Vegetation Cover Sep 2025

Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

Derived from

Use of Australia

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

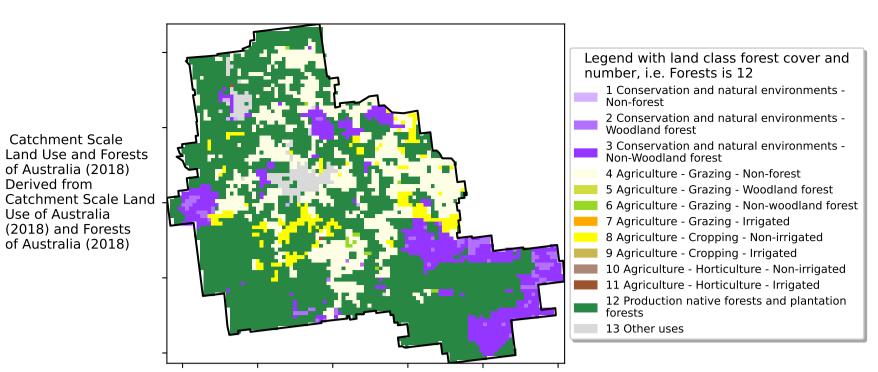
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

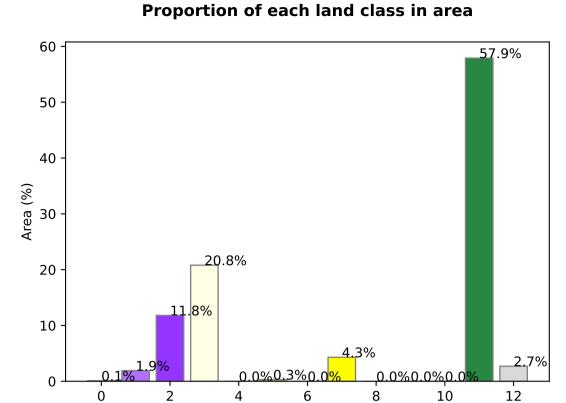
mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

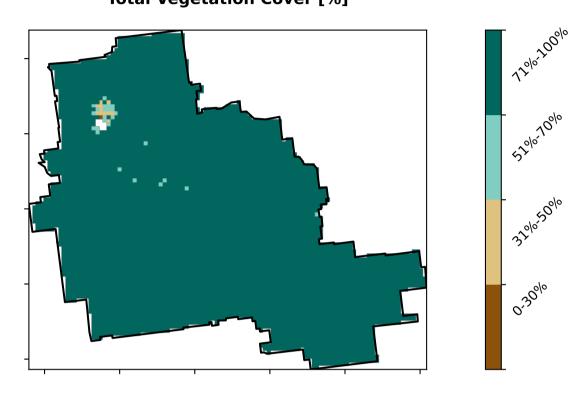
month of the map

the mean. That



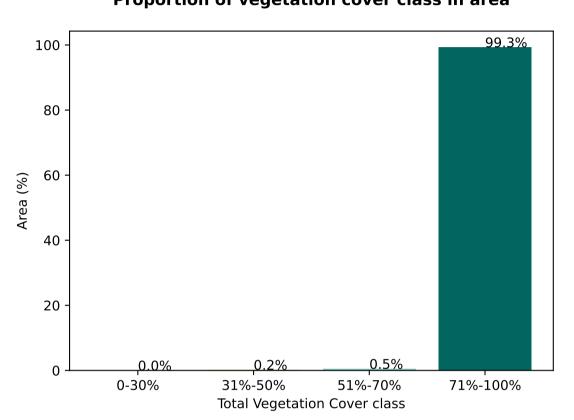


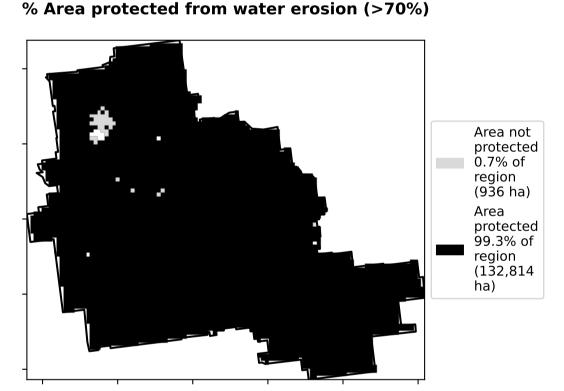
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



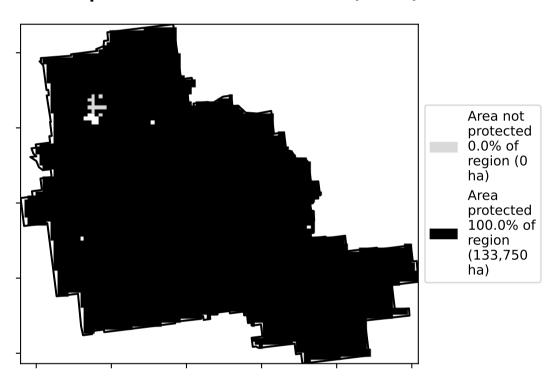
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

Land use class

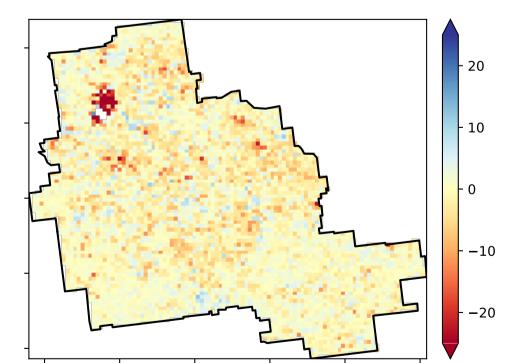




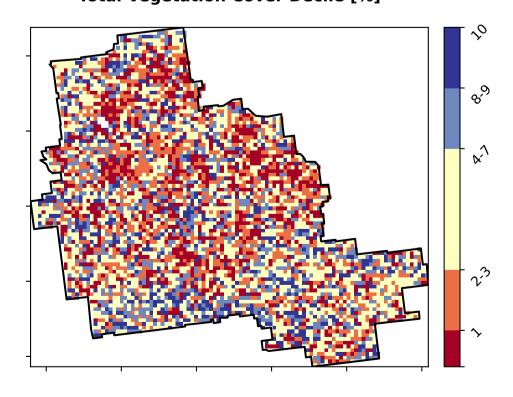
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

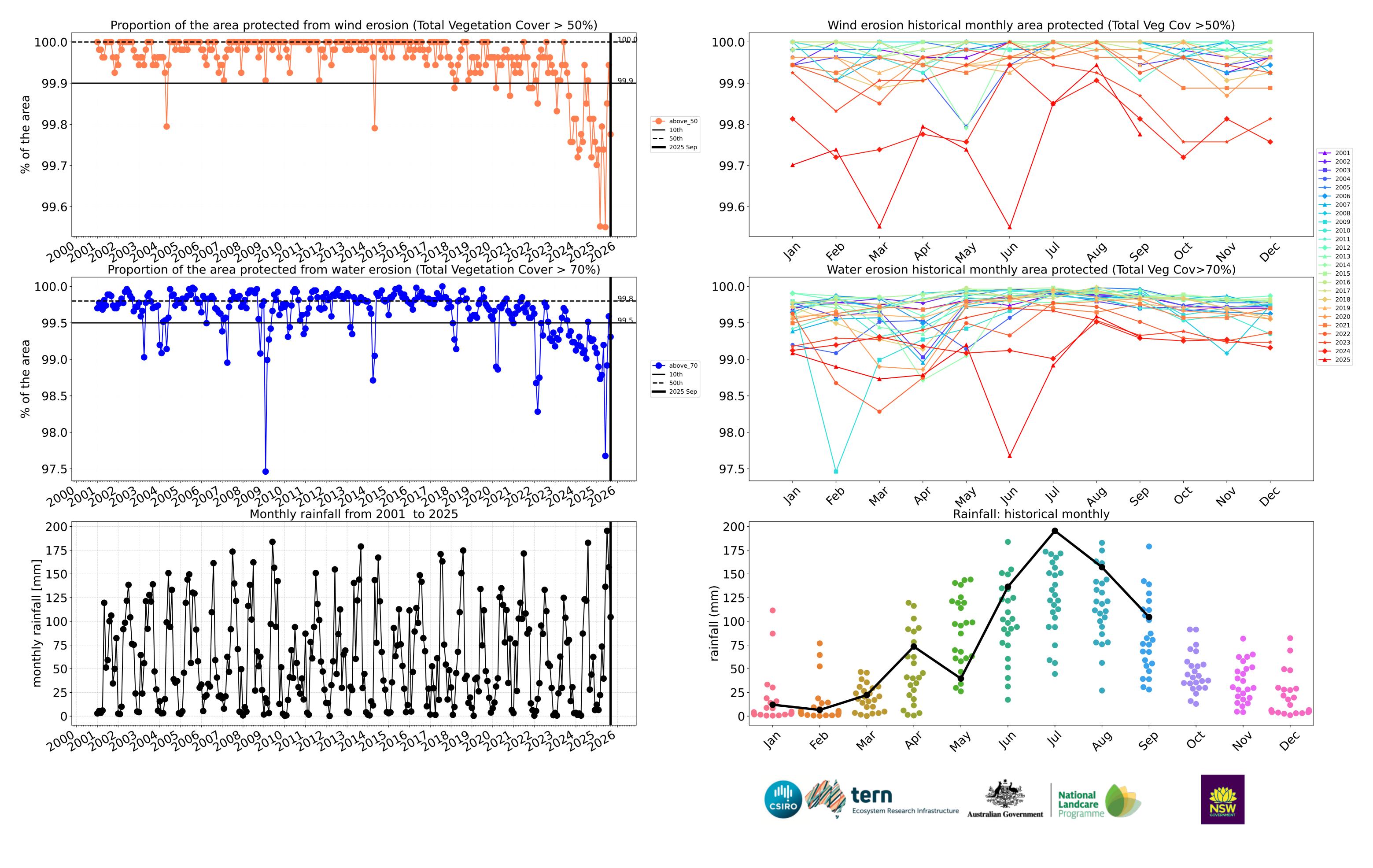


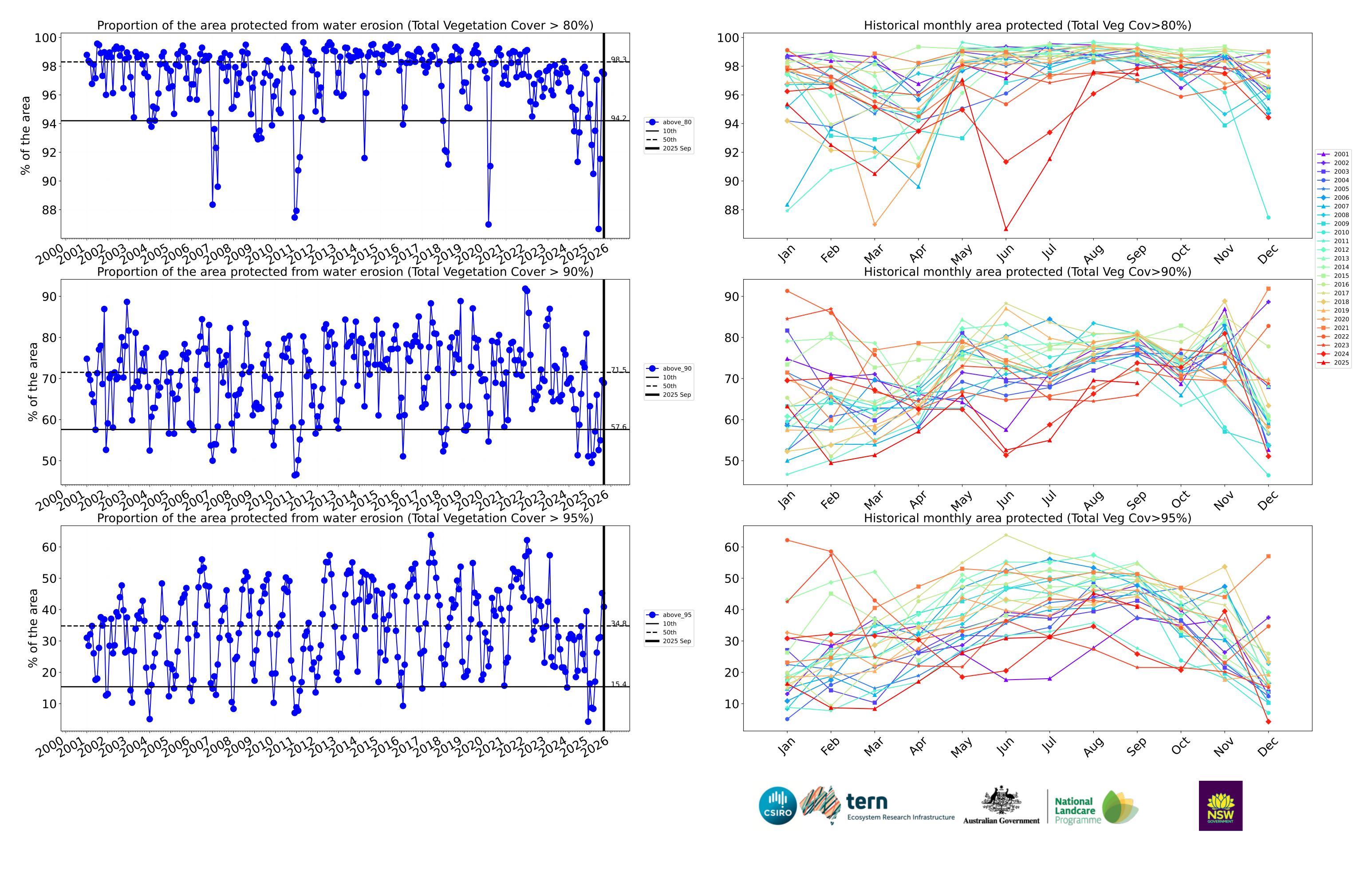










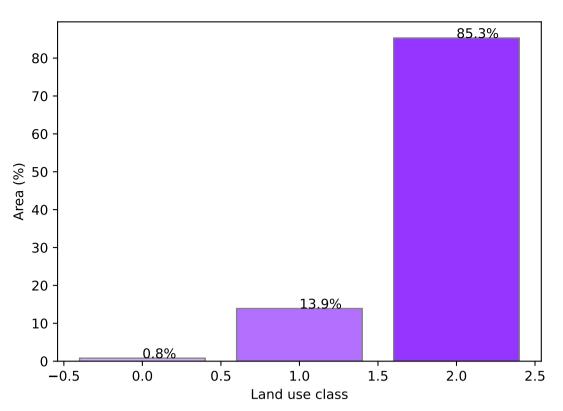


_

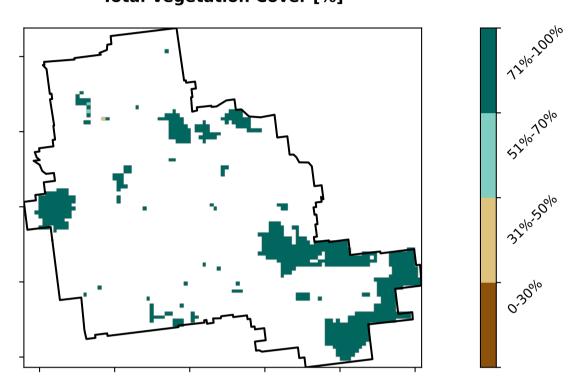
Conservation and natural environments

Land use and forest cover Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonforest of Australia (2018) Derived from 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia 3 Conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

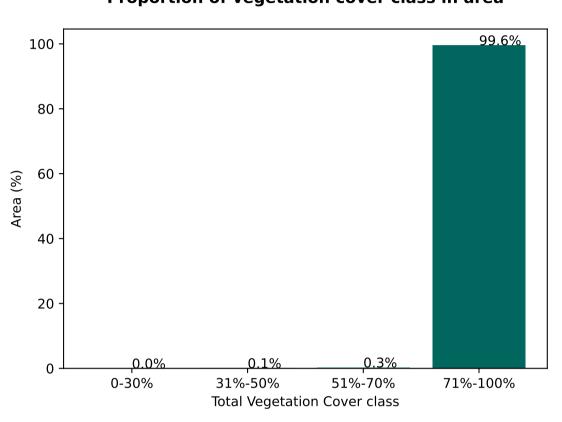
Proportion of each land class in area



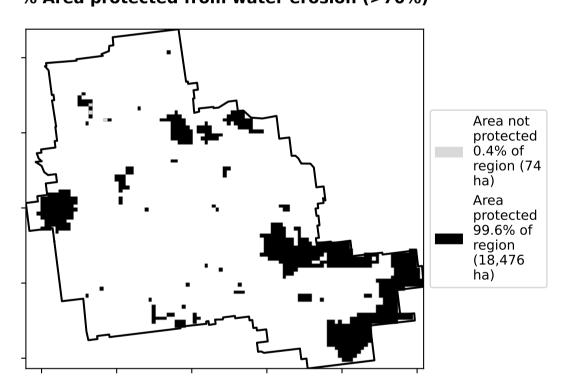
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



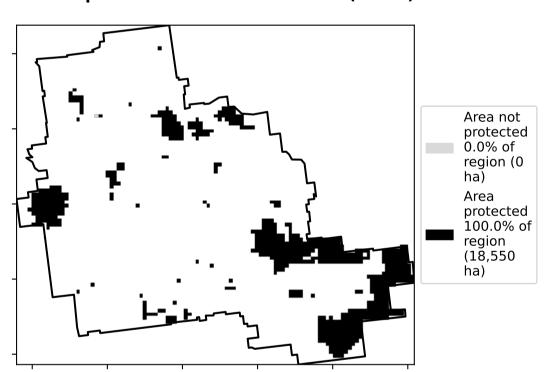
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



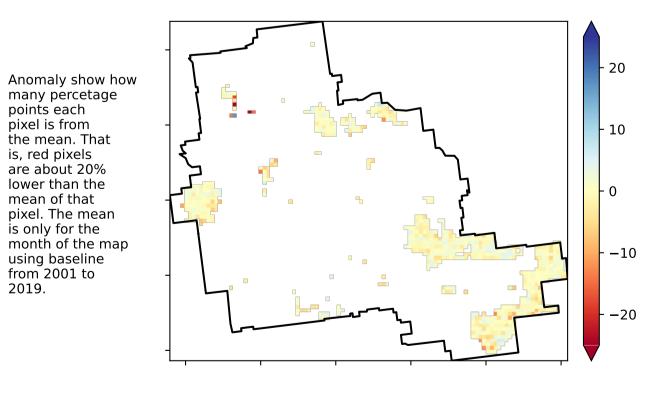
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

the mean. That is, red pixels

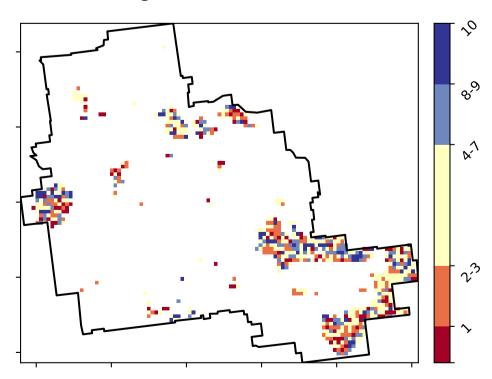
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



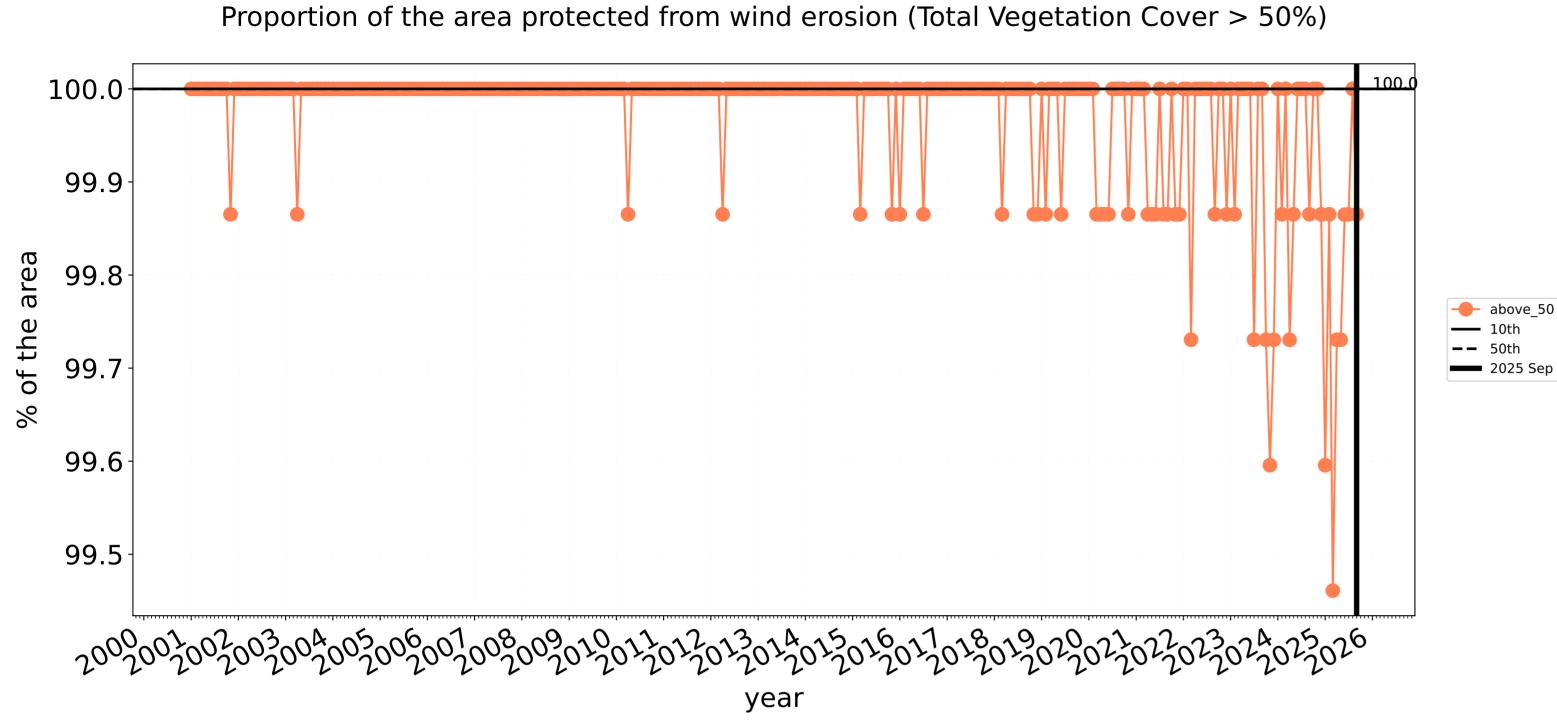


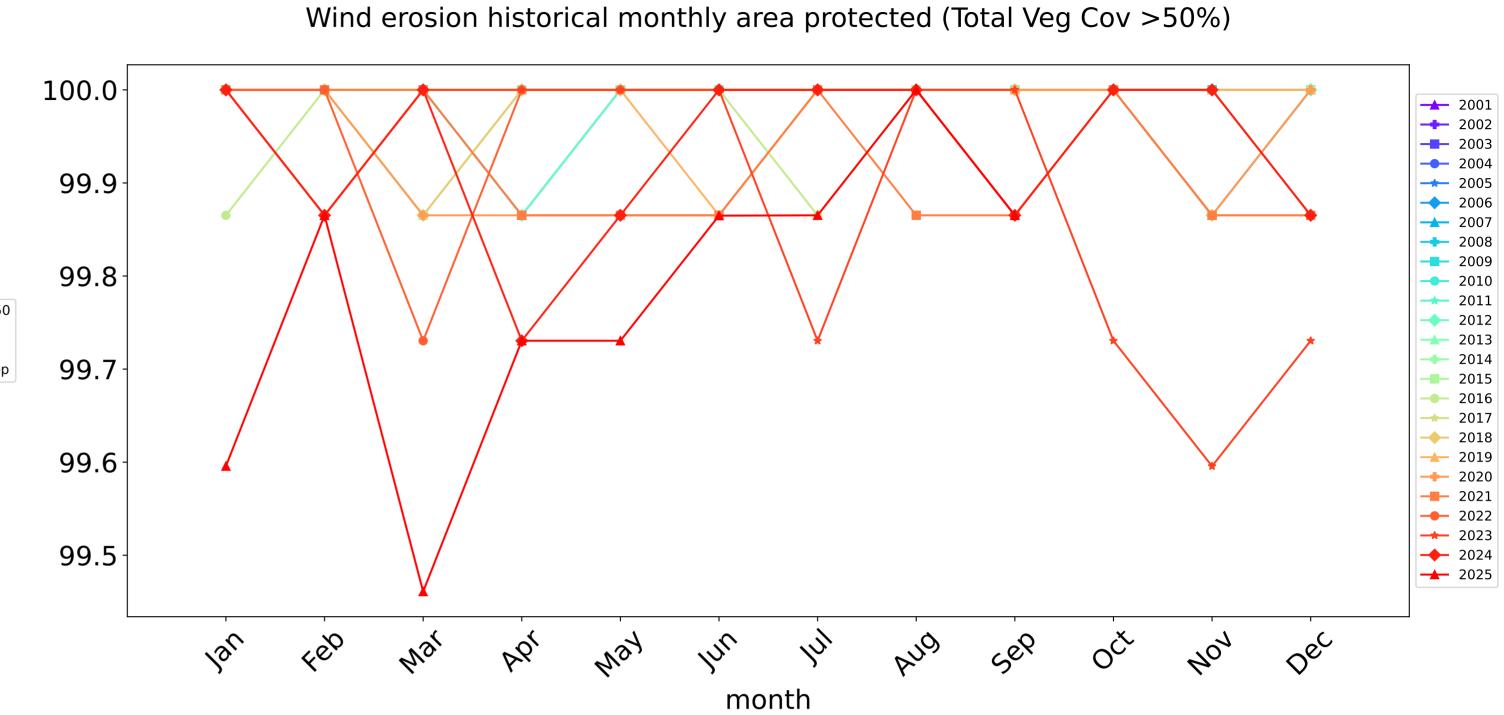


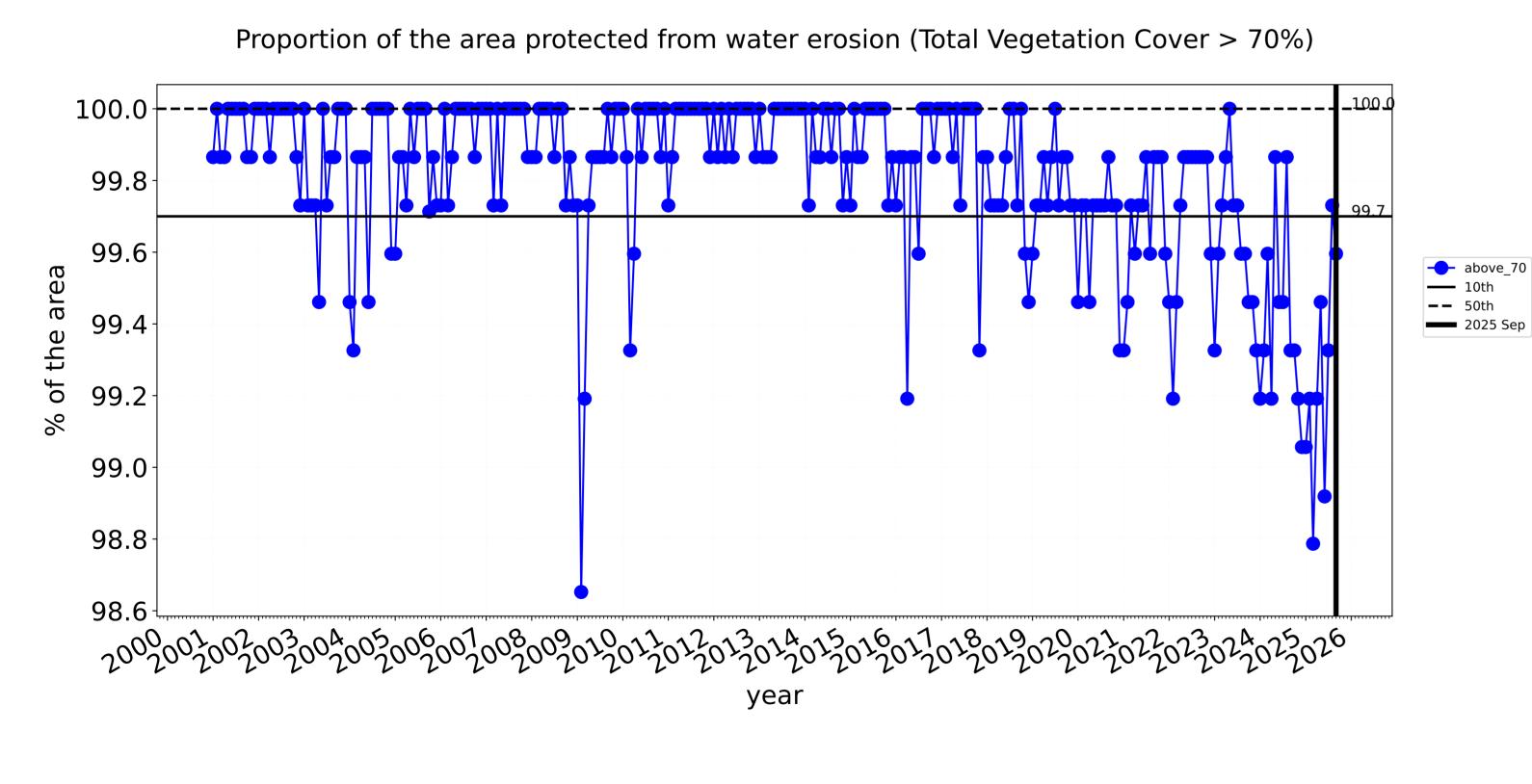


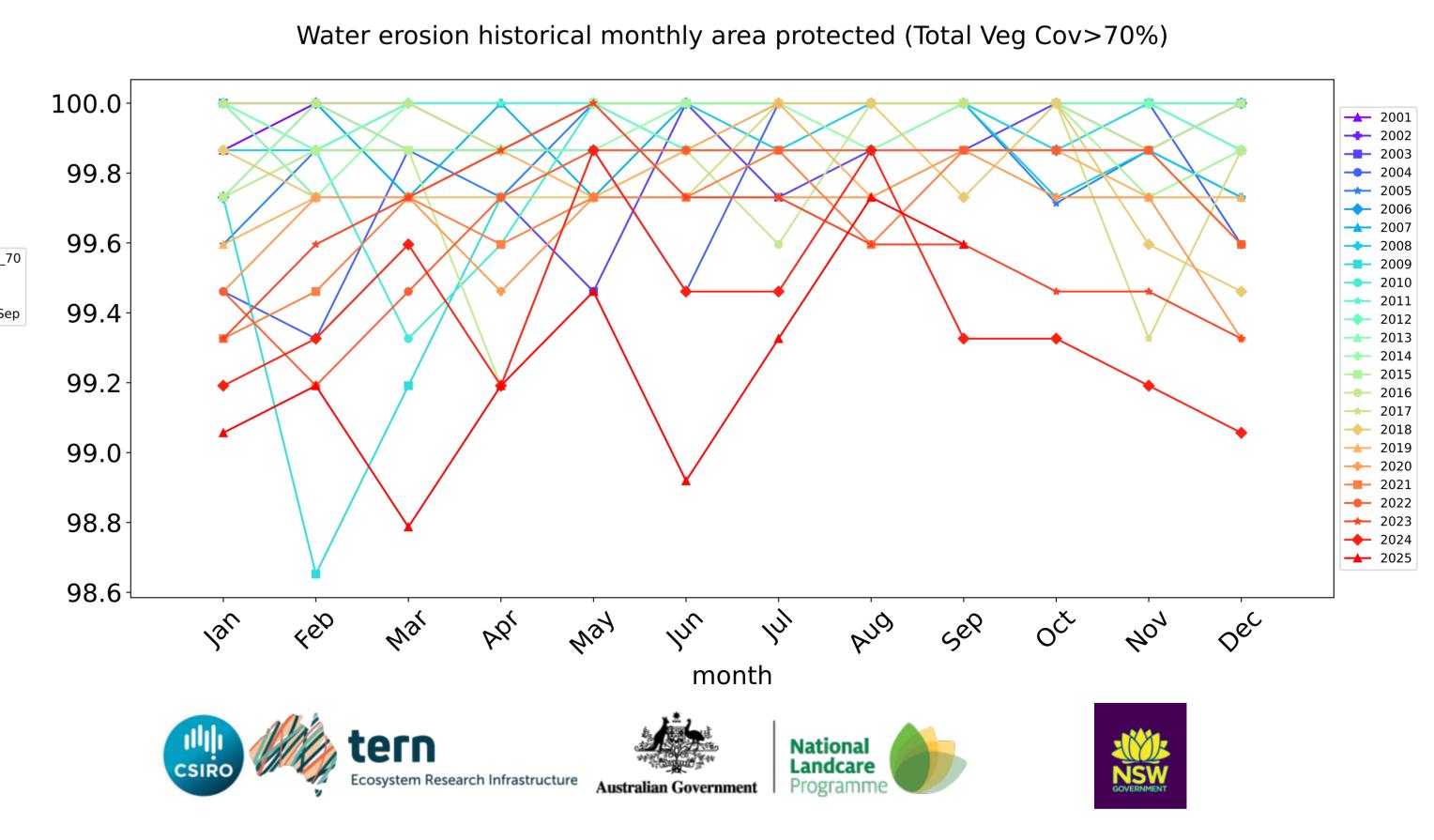


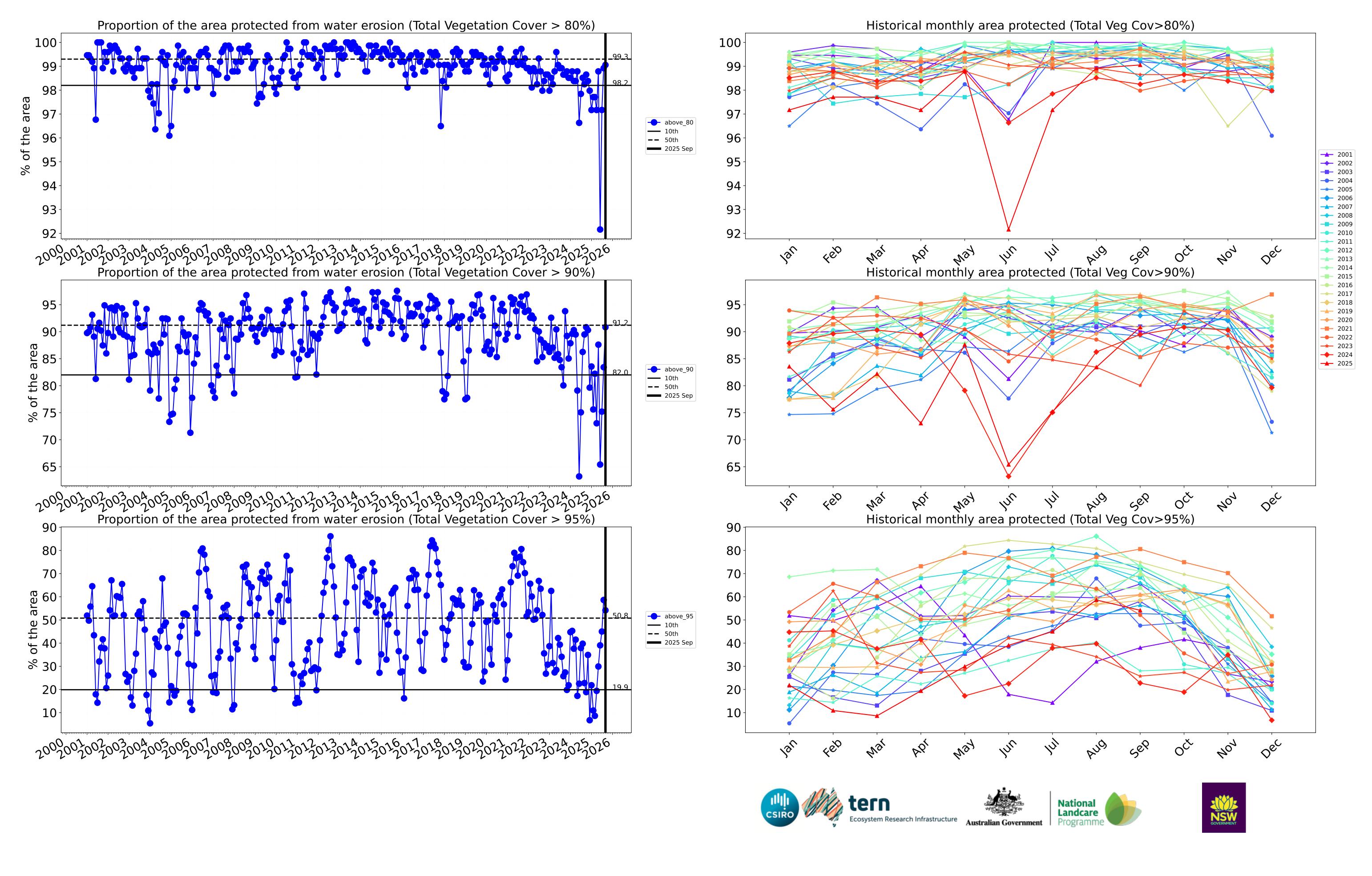
Conservation and natural environments timeseries







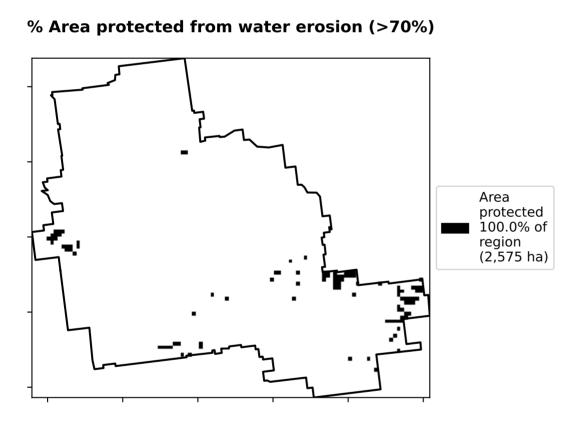


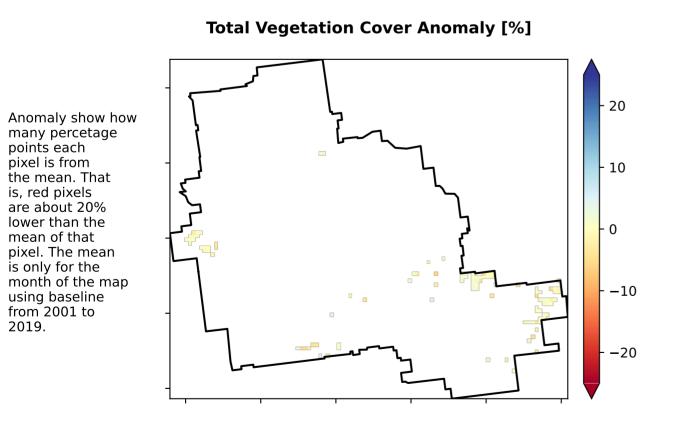


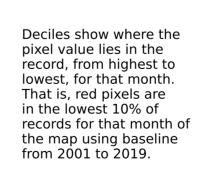
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest

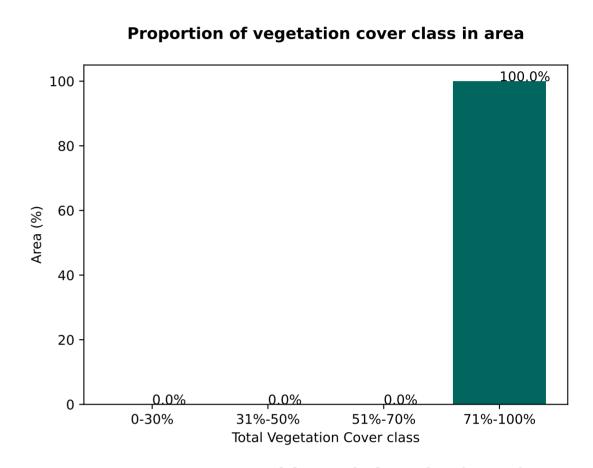
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) Of Australia (2018)

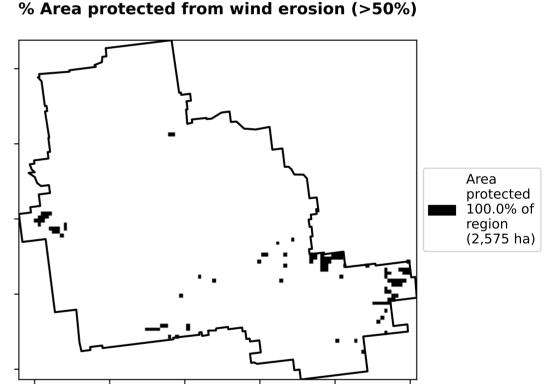
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

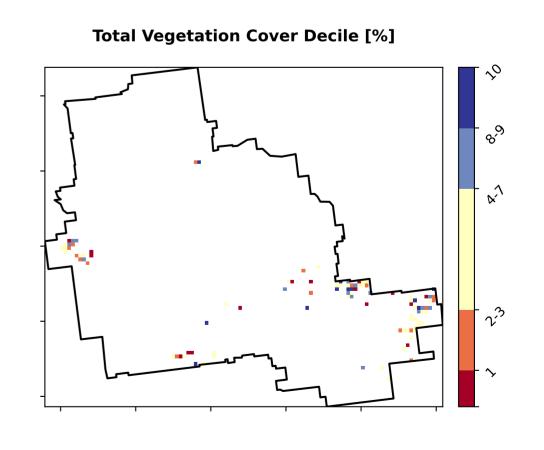












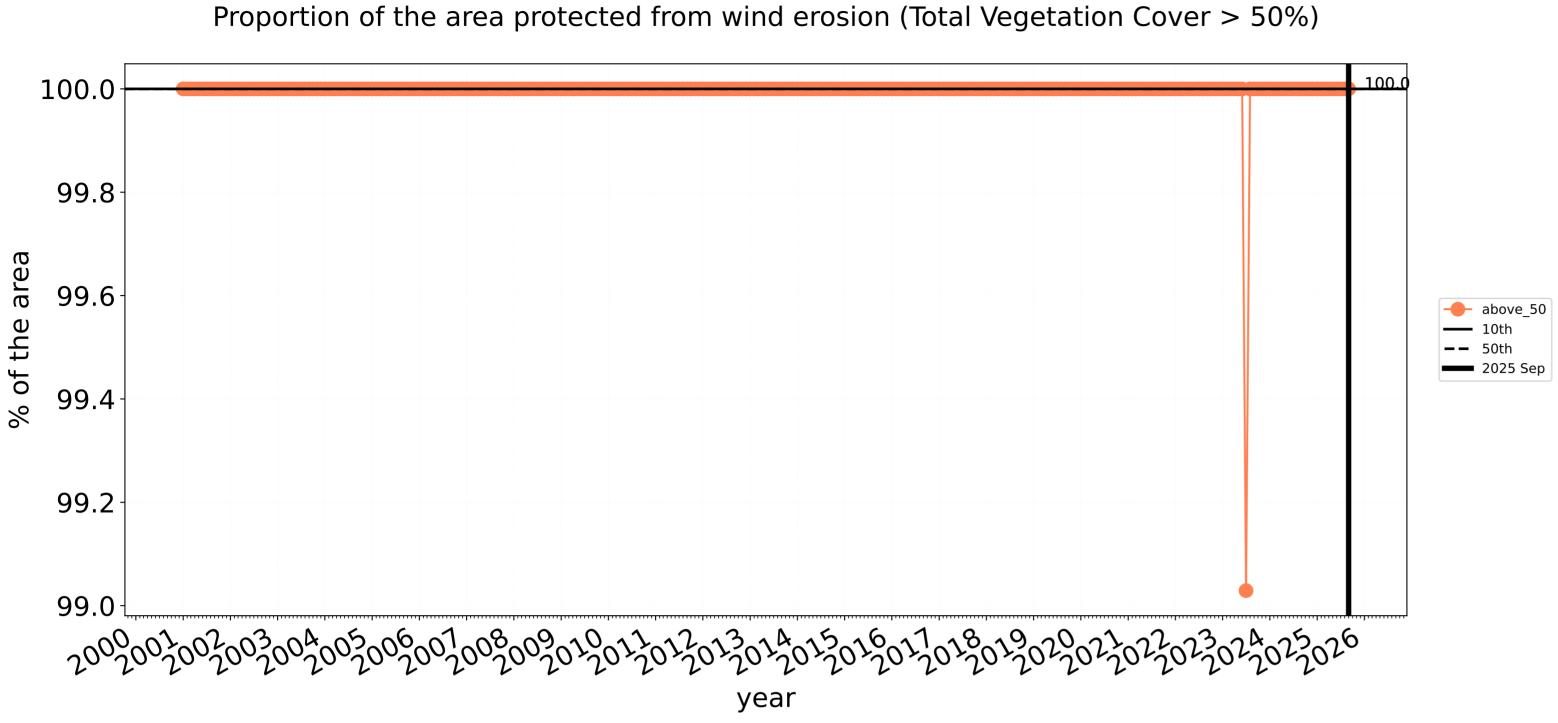


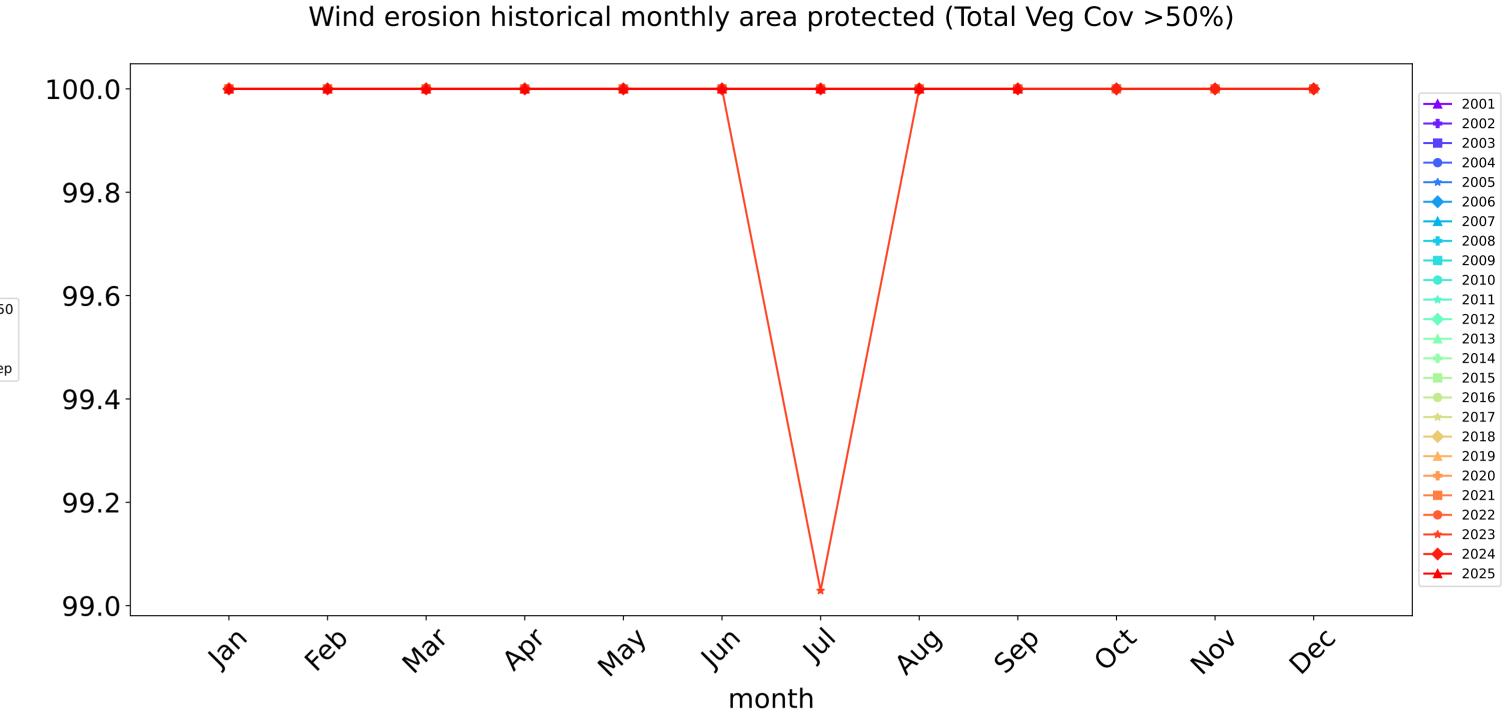


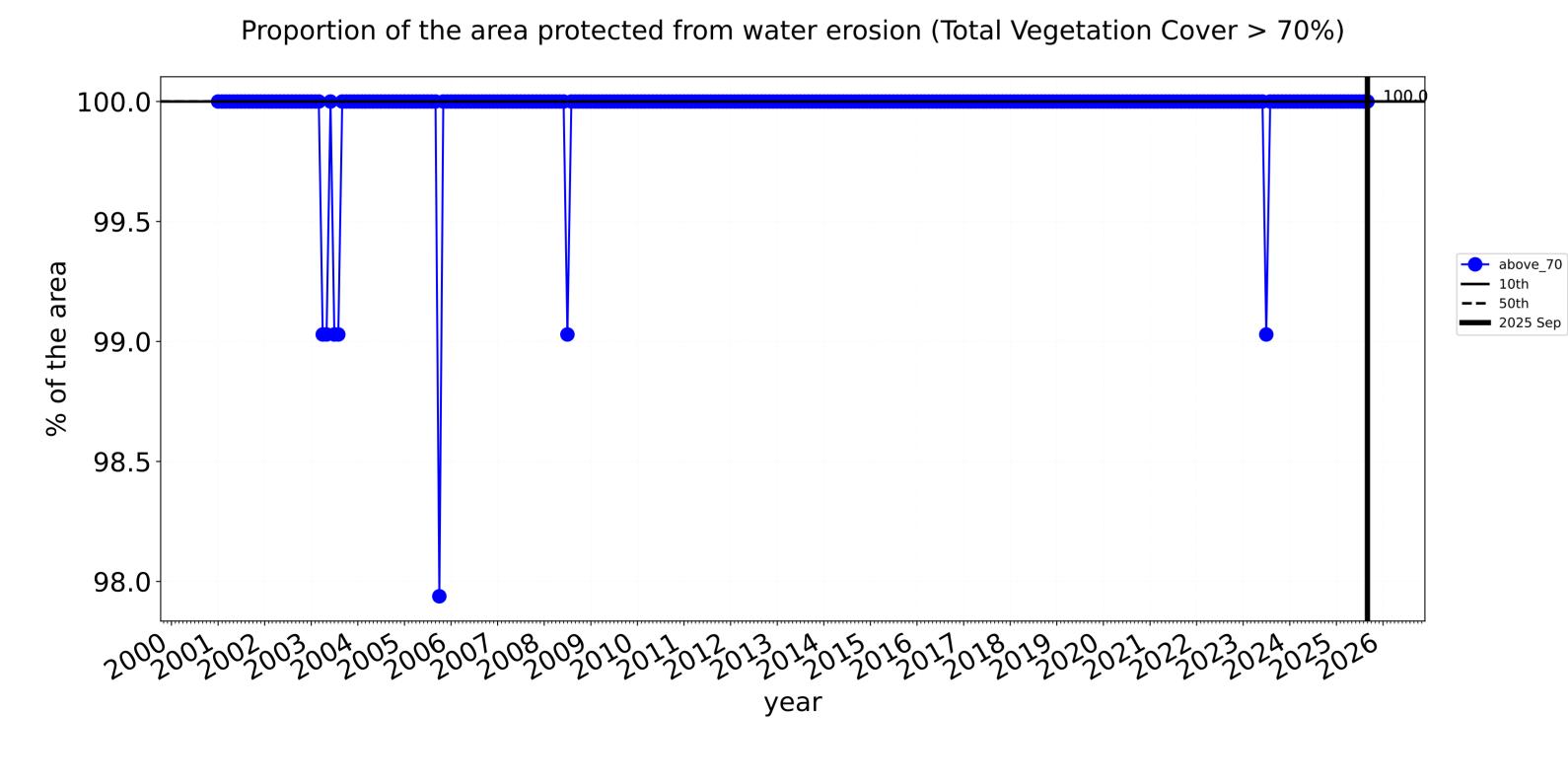


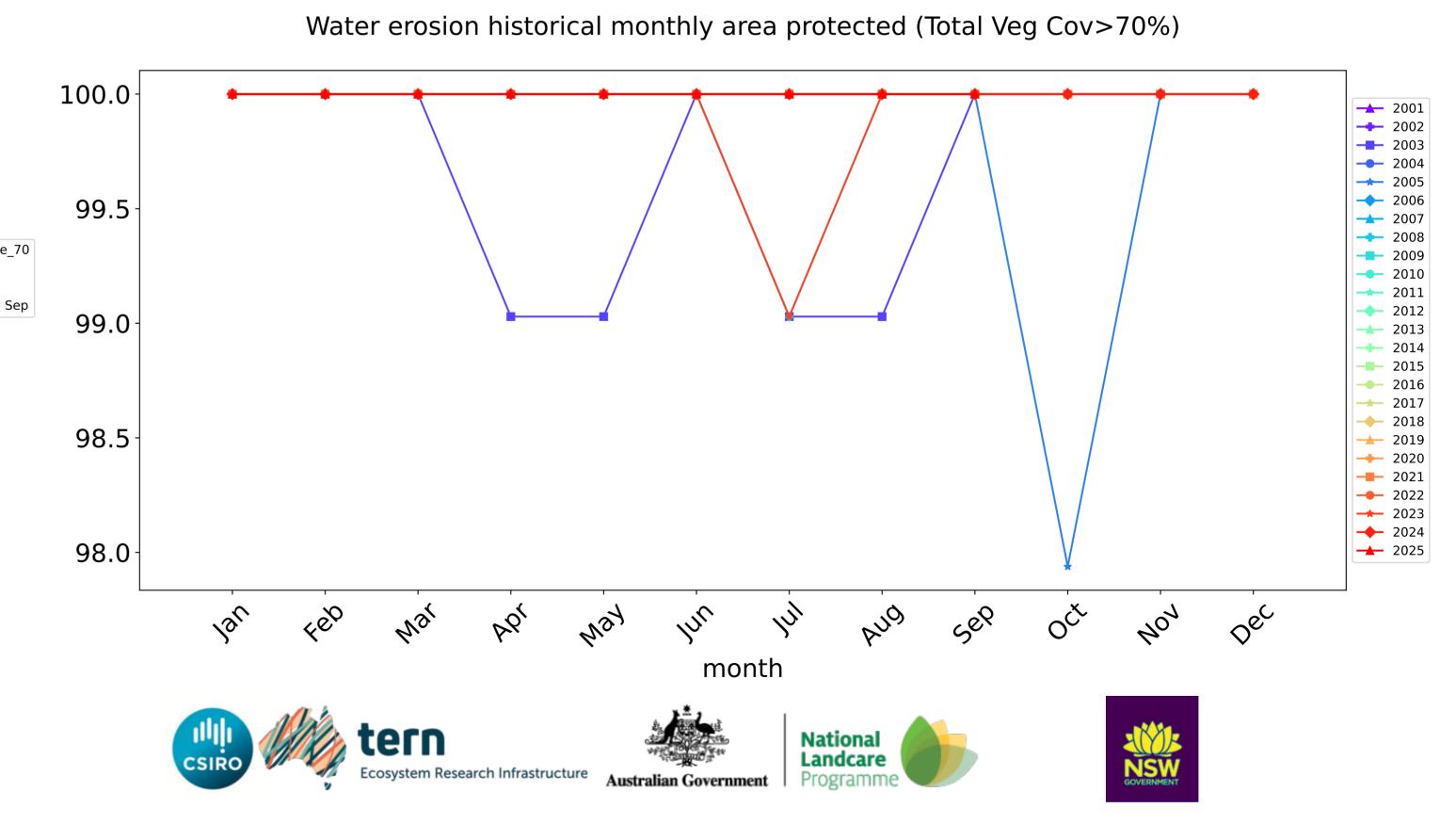


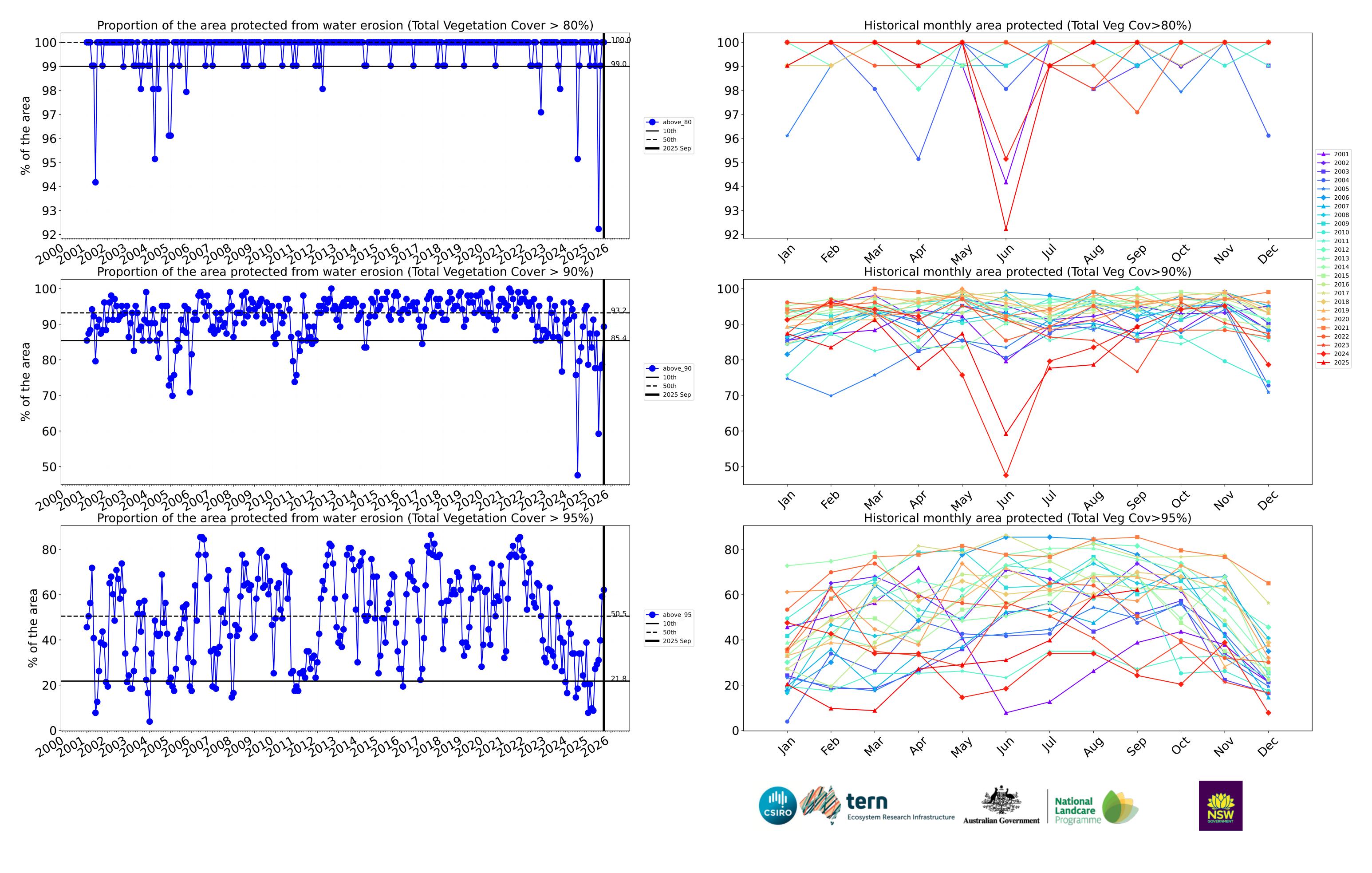
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries





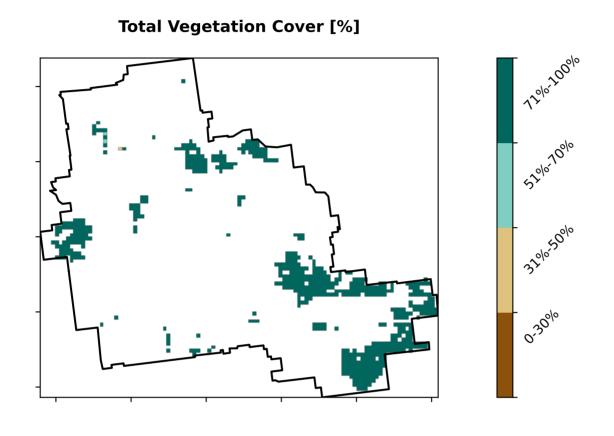


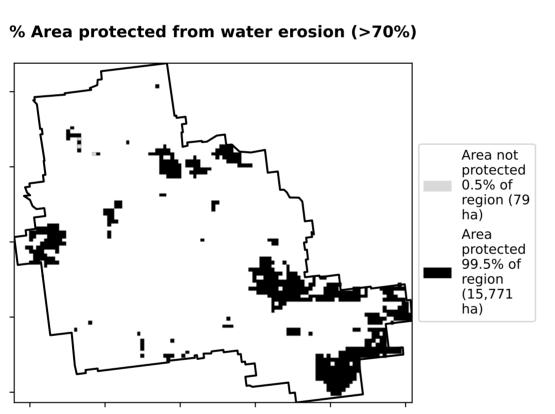


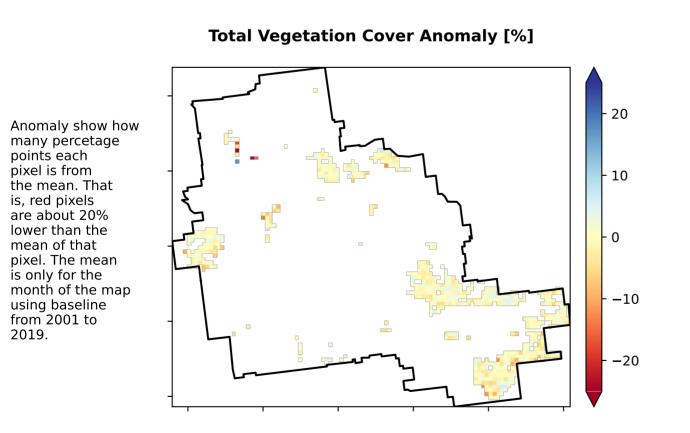


Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)

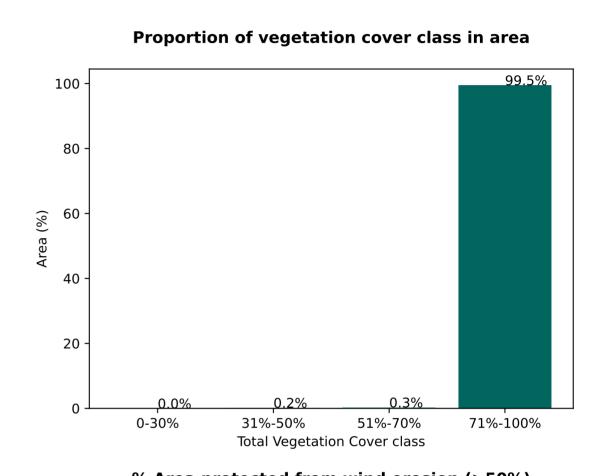
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonwoodland forest

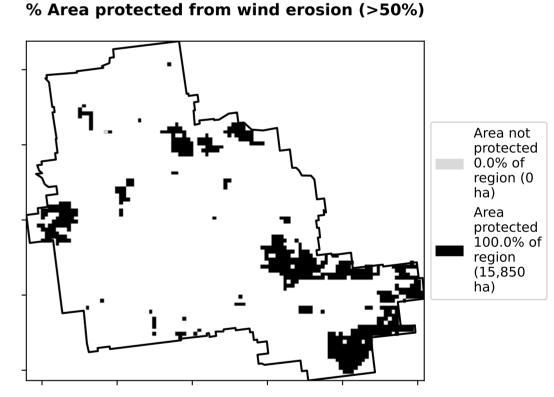


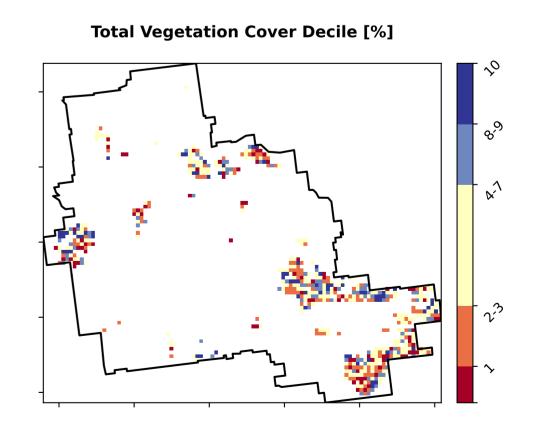




Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







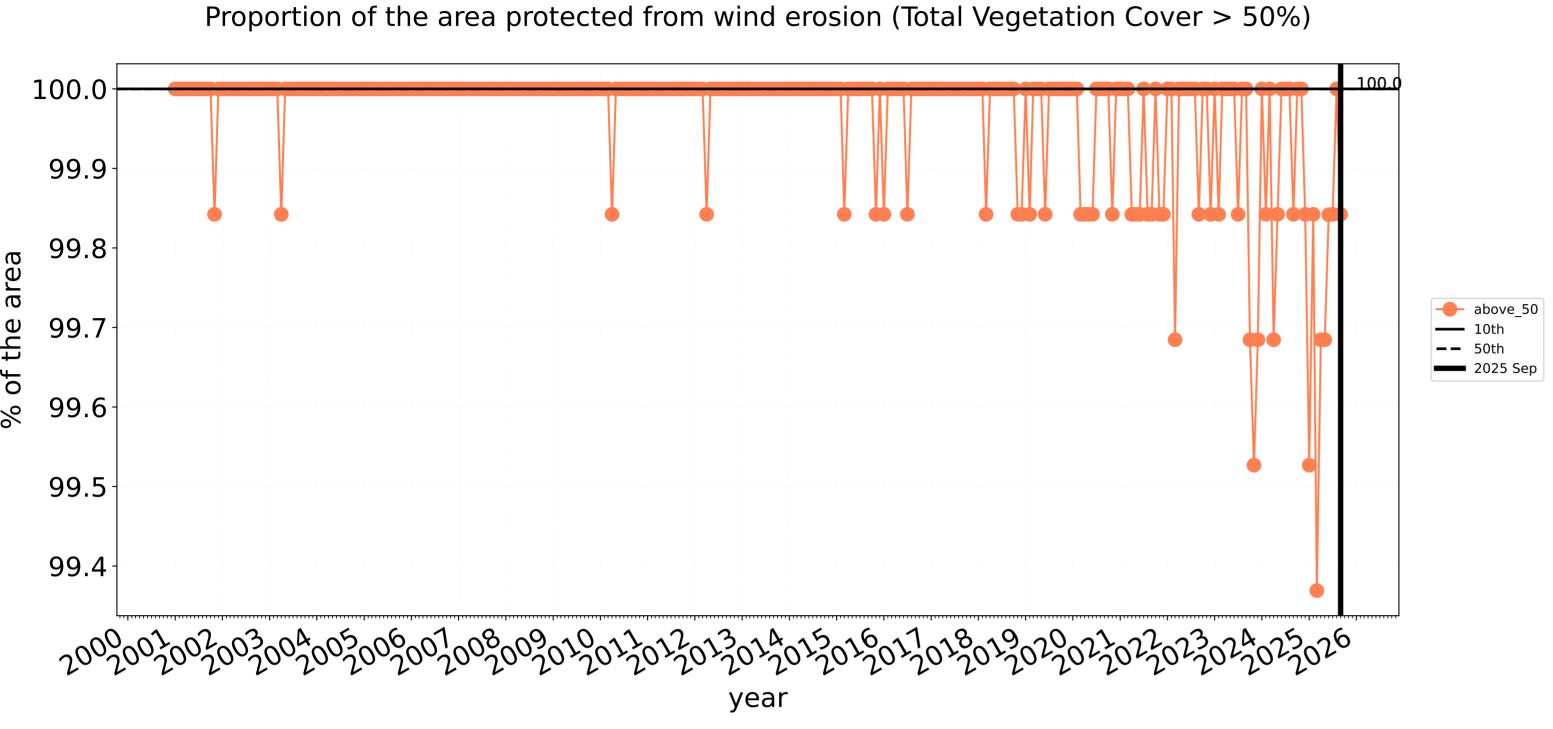


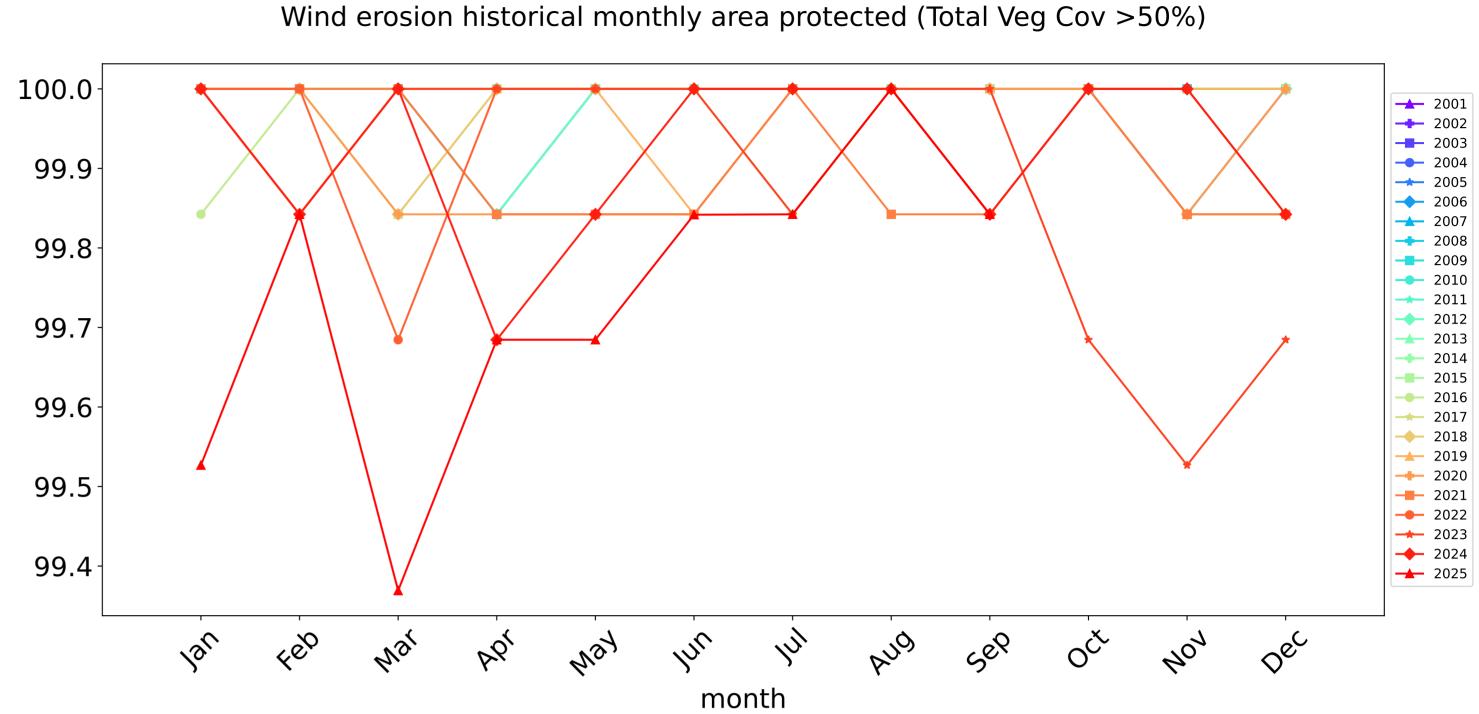


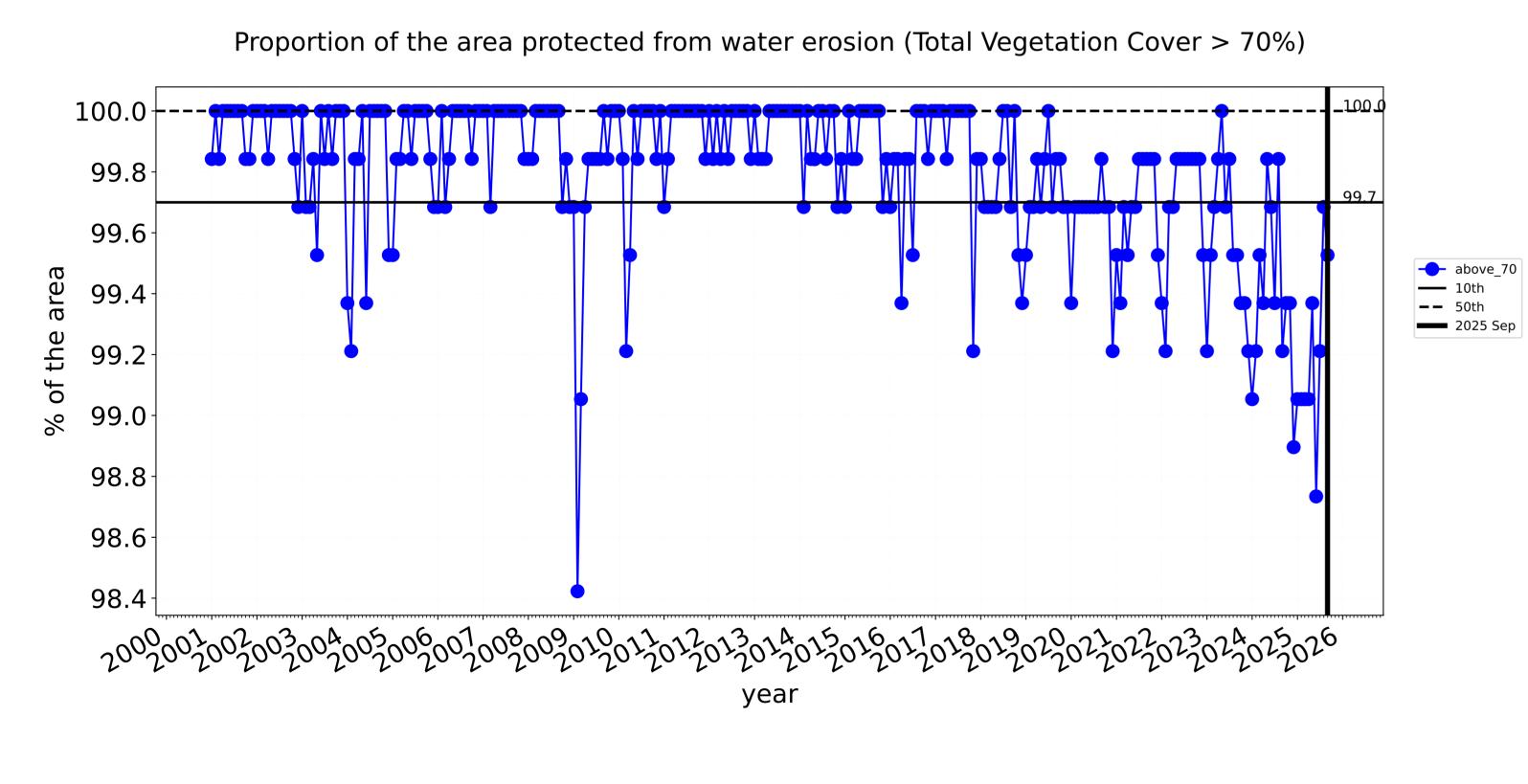


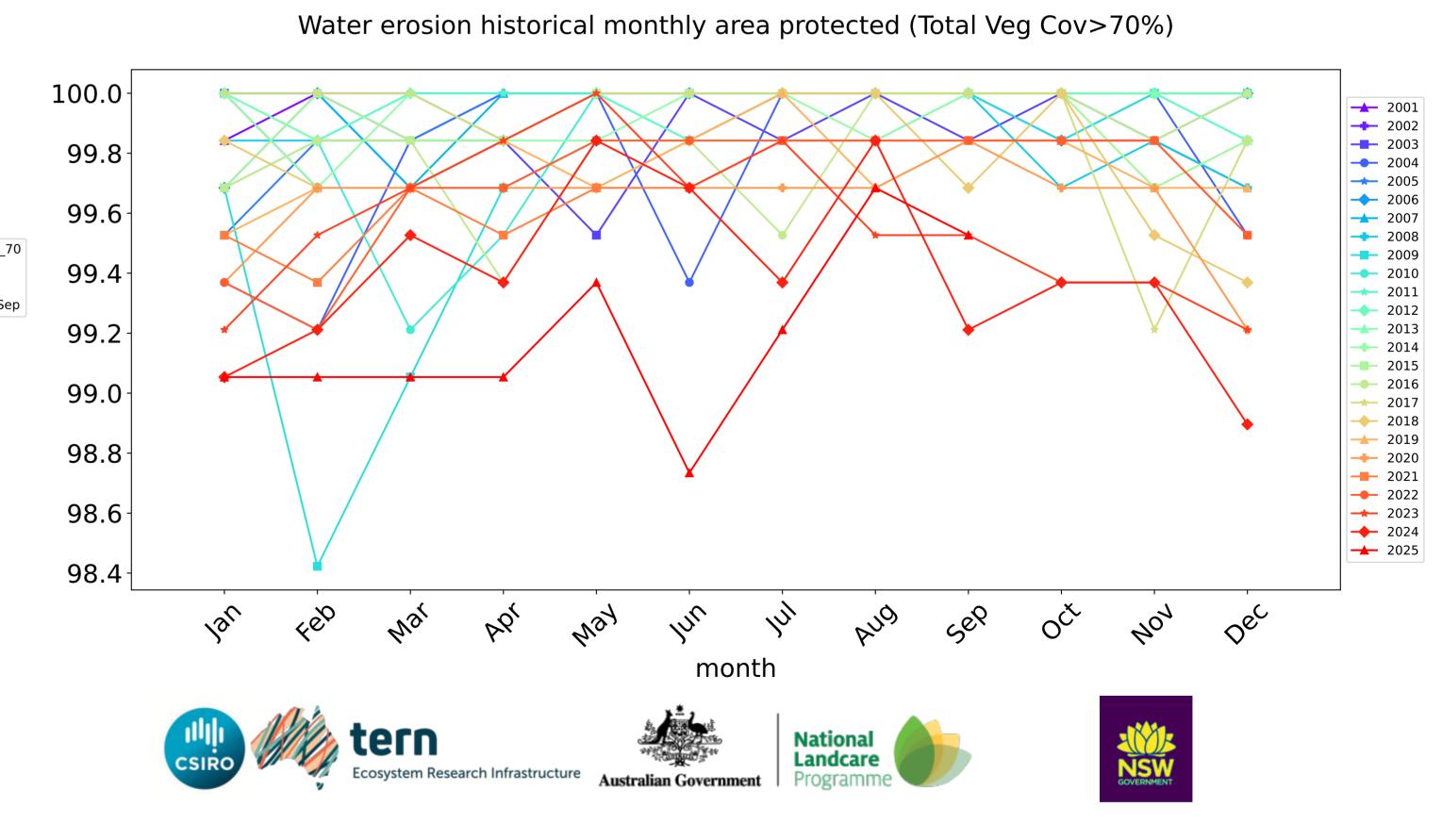


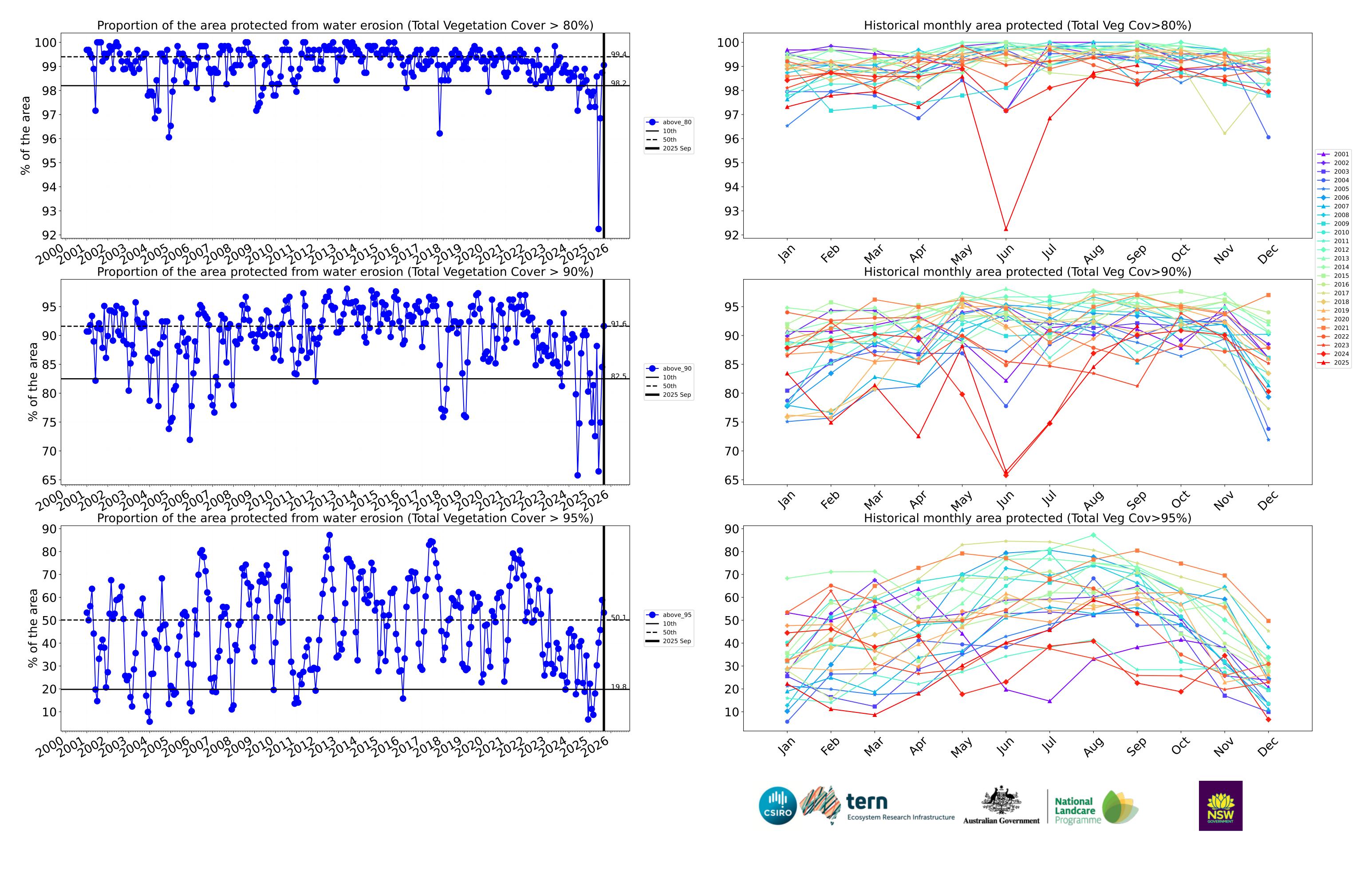
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland) timeseries





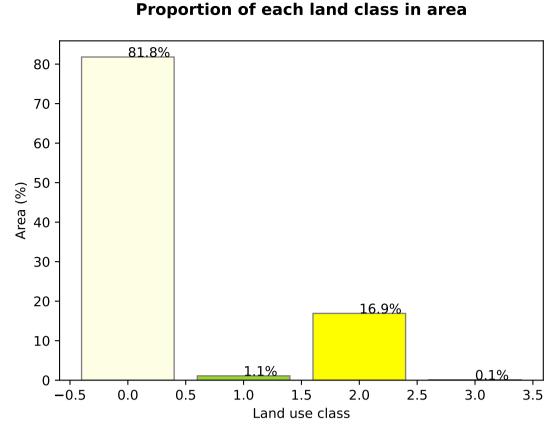


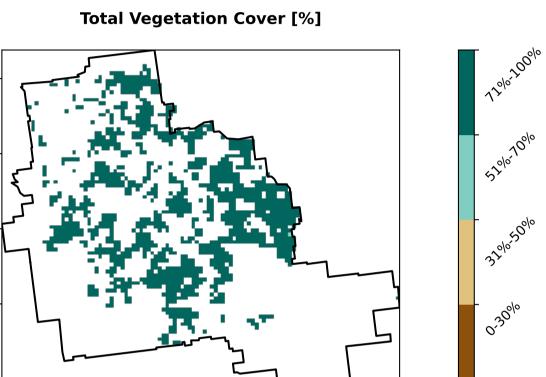


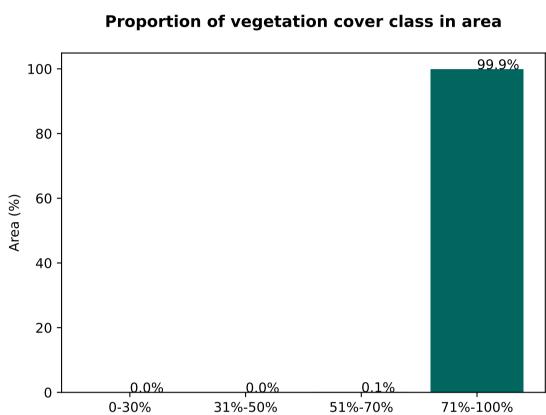


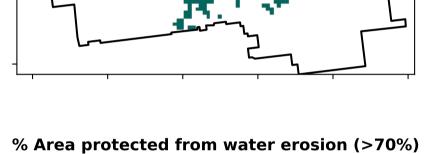
Agriculture

Land use and forest cover Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest Derived from 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest Catchment Scale Land 3 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated Use of Australia 4 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



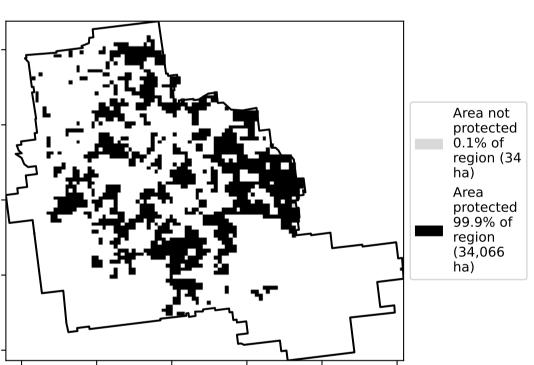


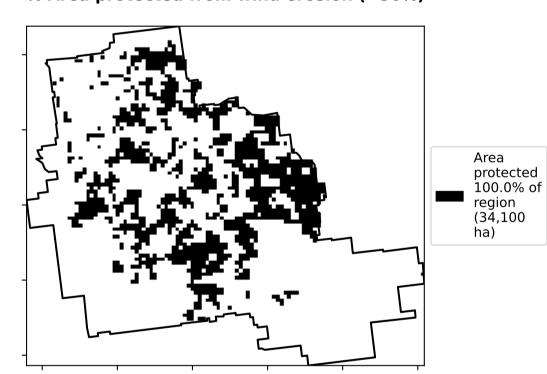




% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

Total Vegetation Cover class







Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

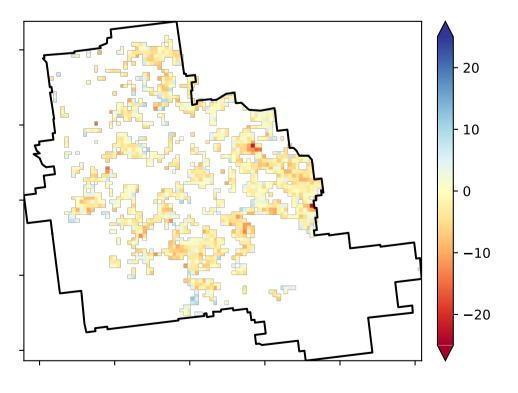
pixel. The mean

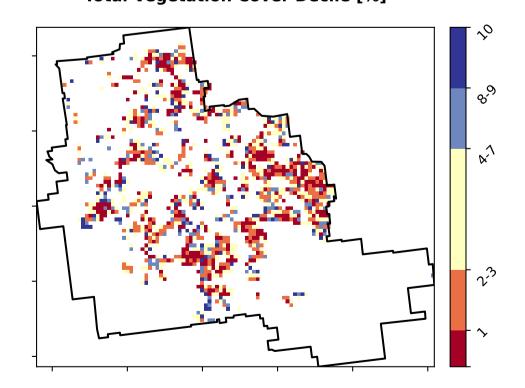
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

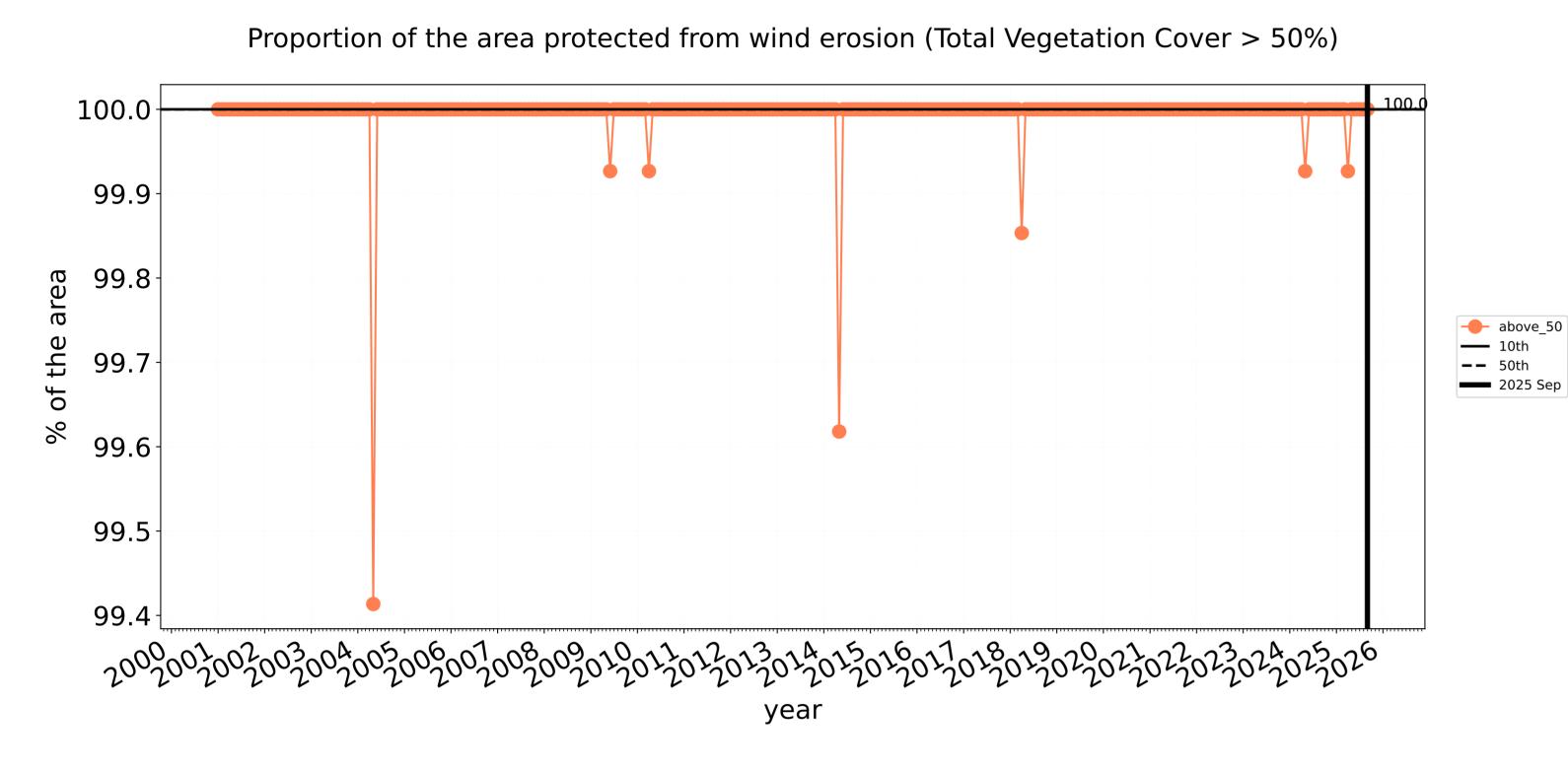


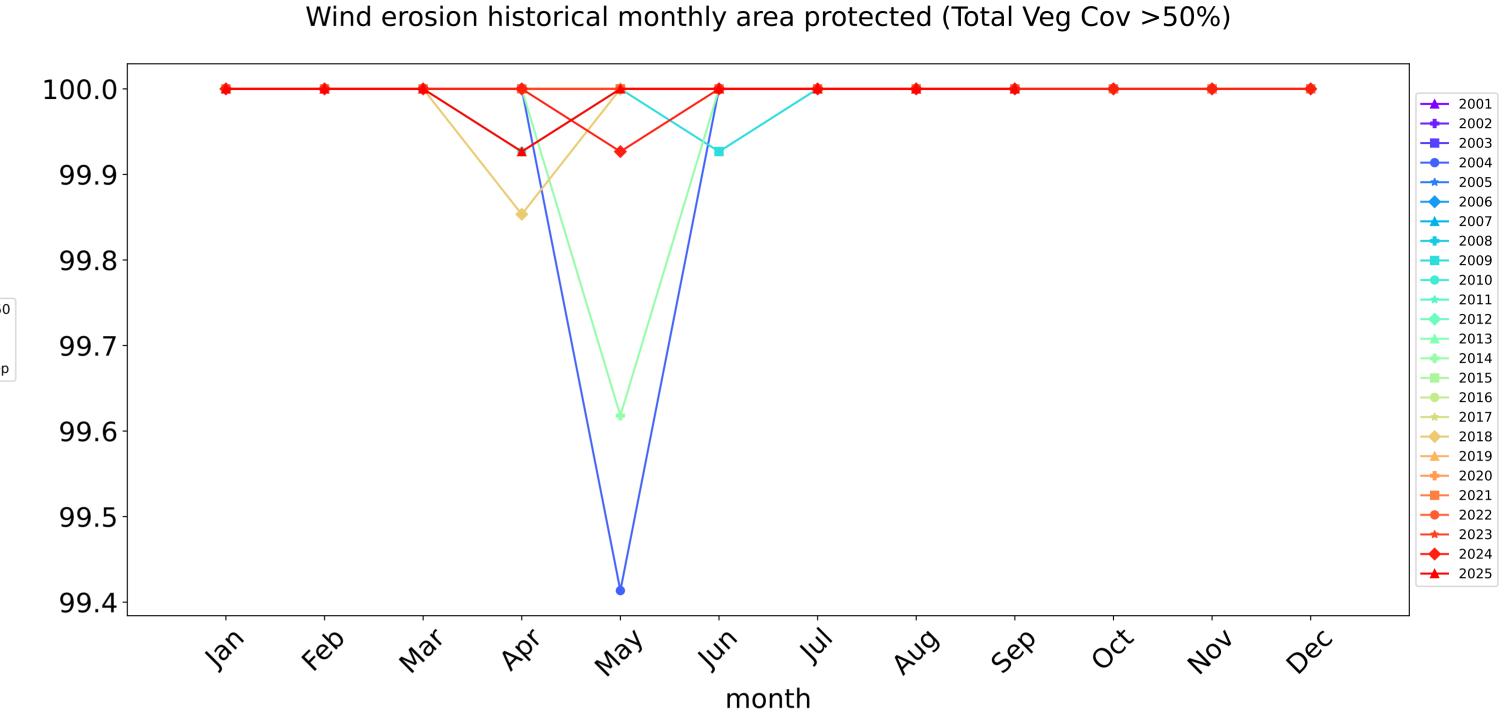


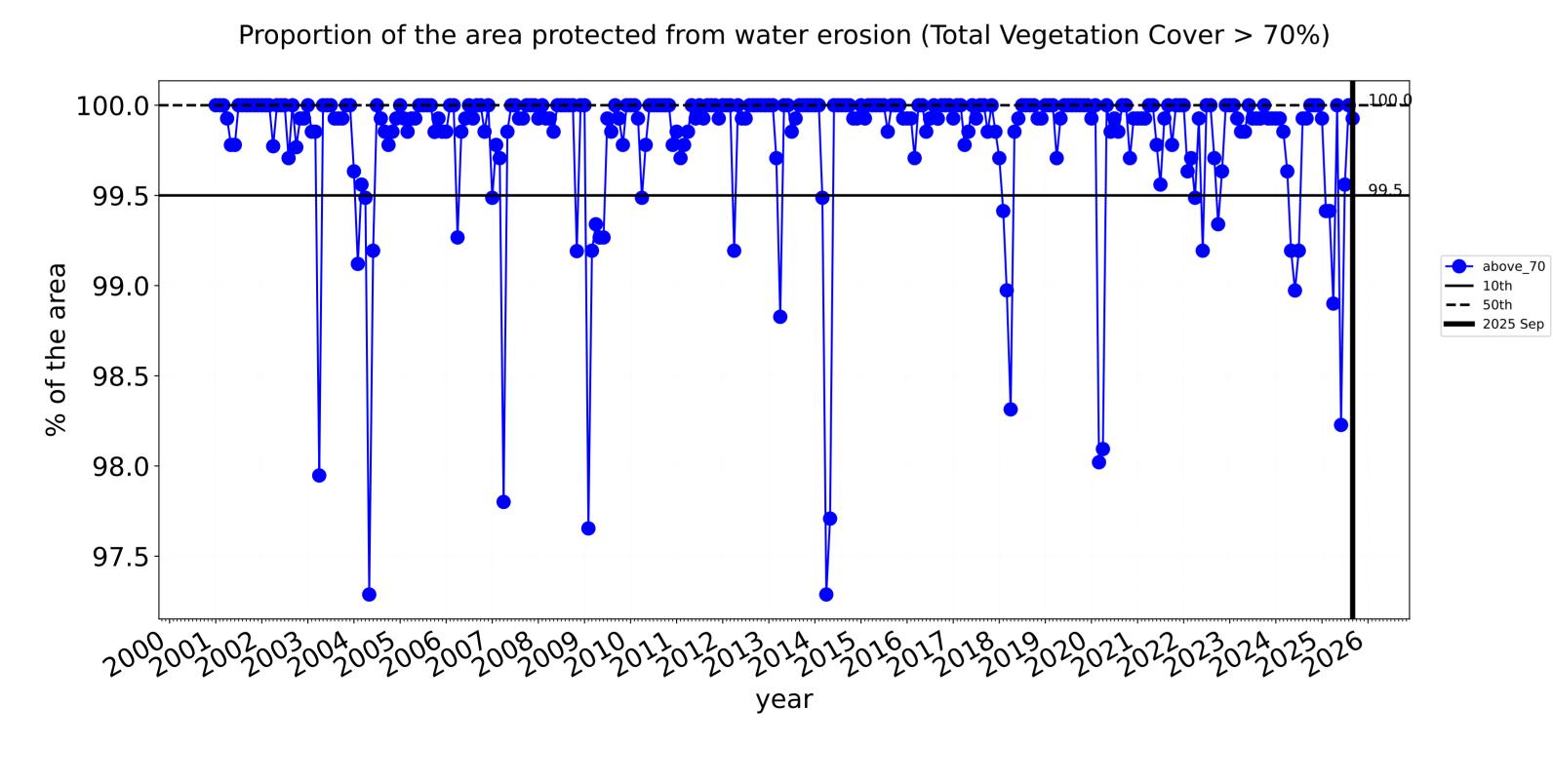


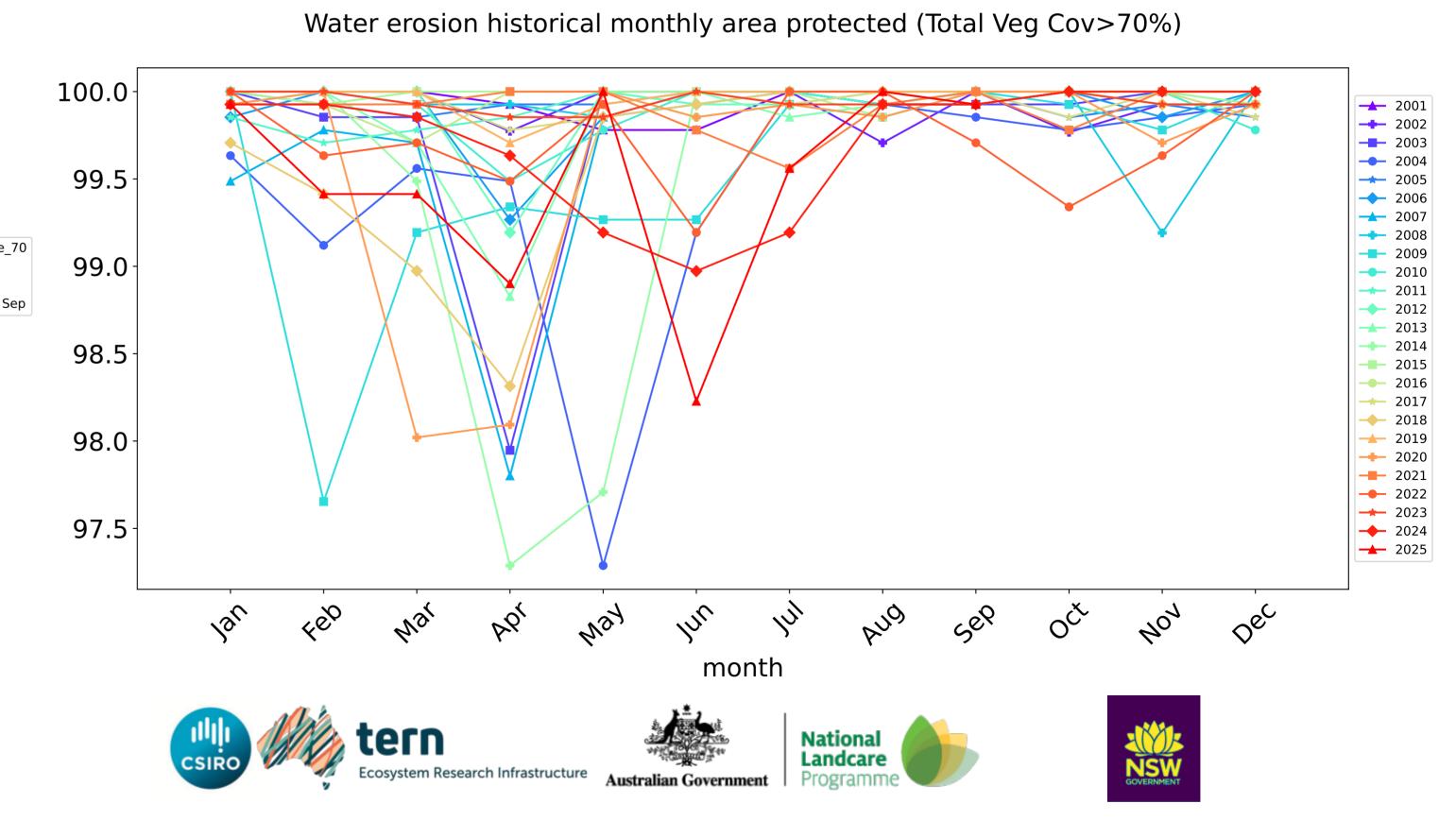


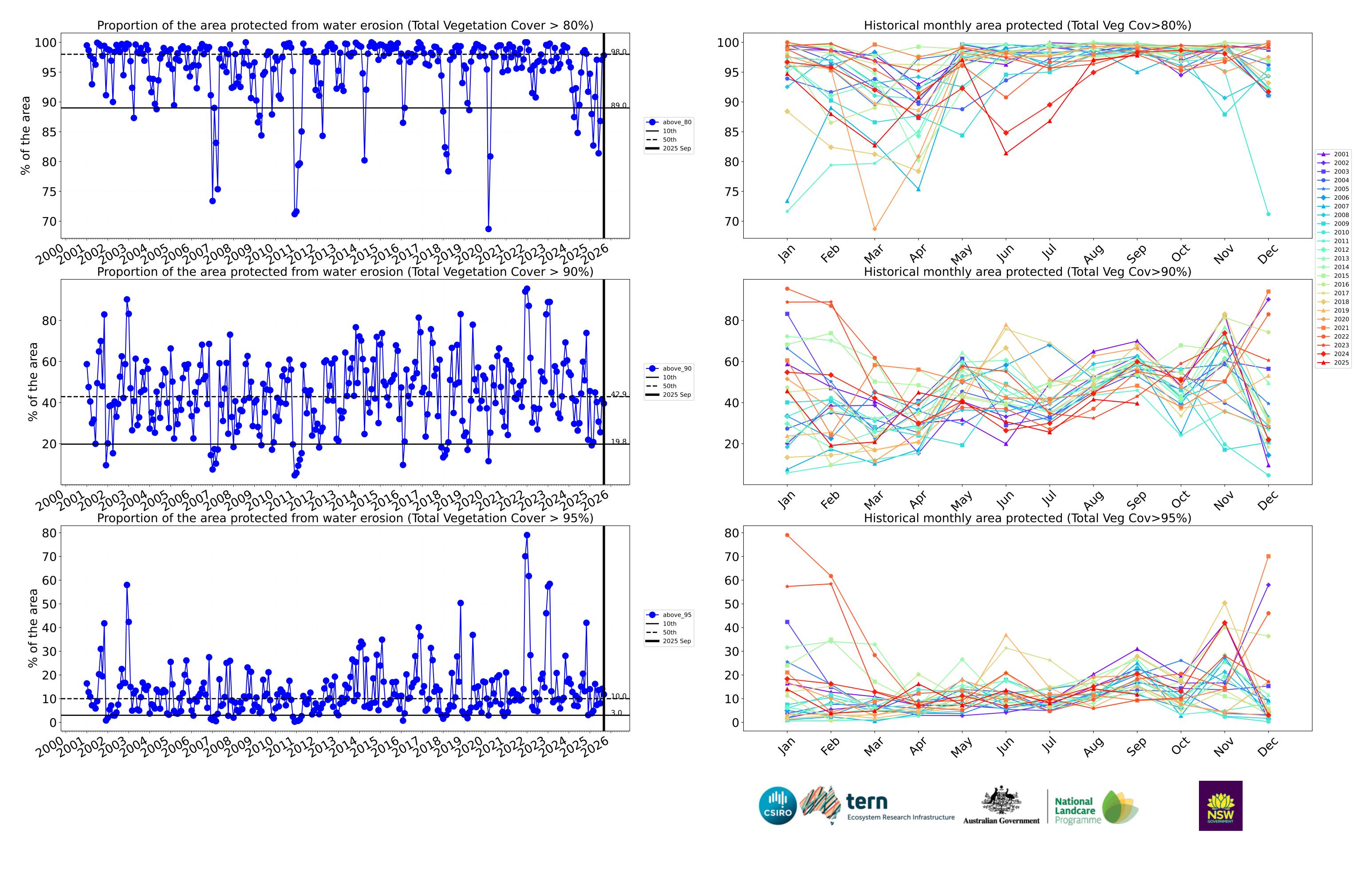
Agriculture timeseries







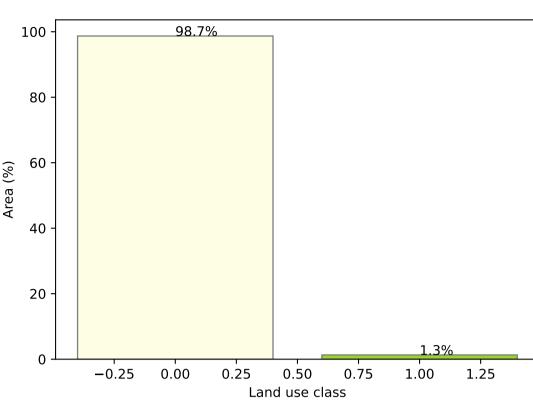




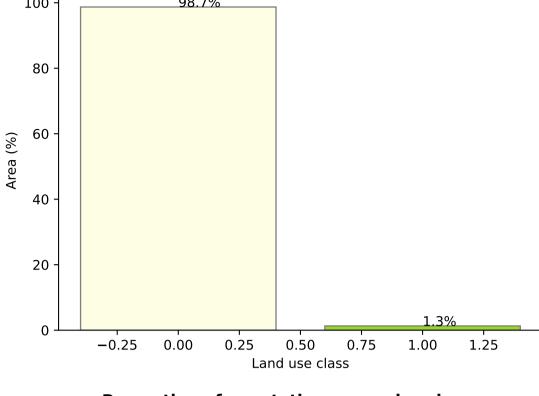
Grazing

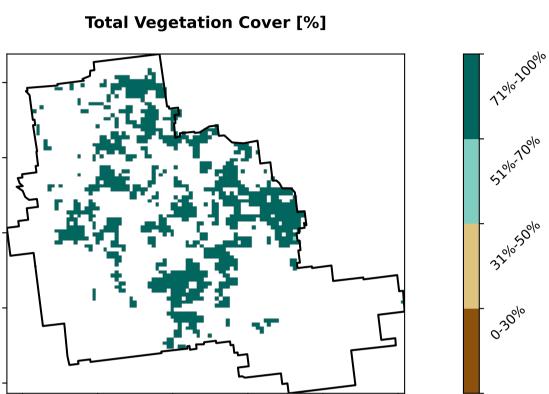
Land use and forest cover 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest

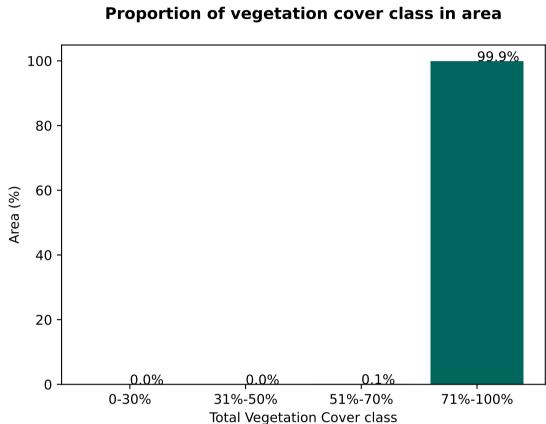
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

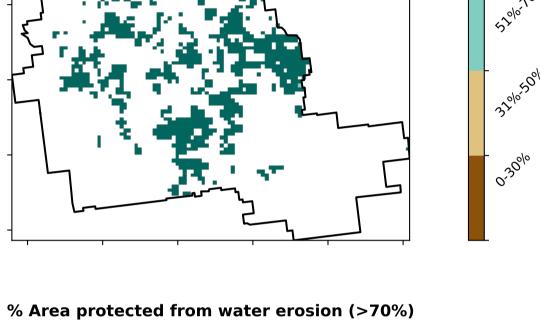


Proportion of each land class in area

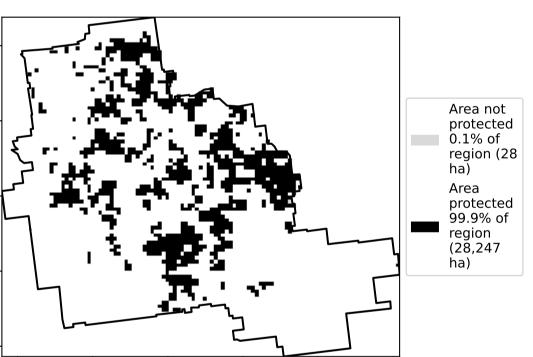


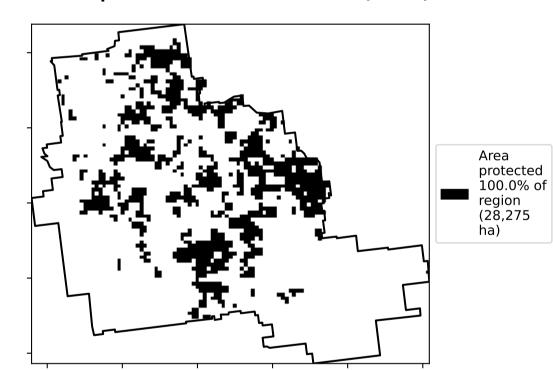


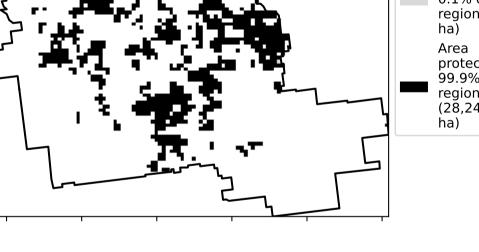




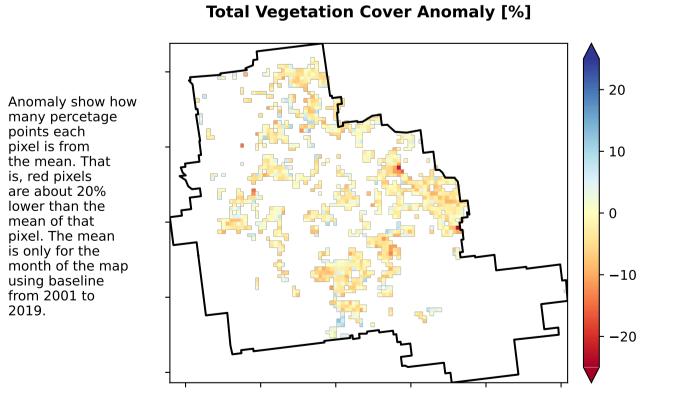
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

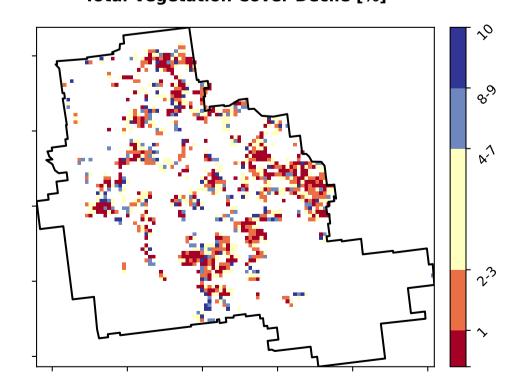






Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

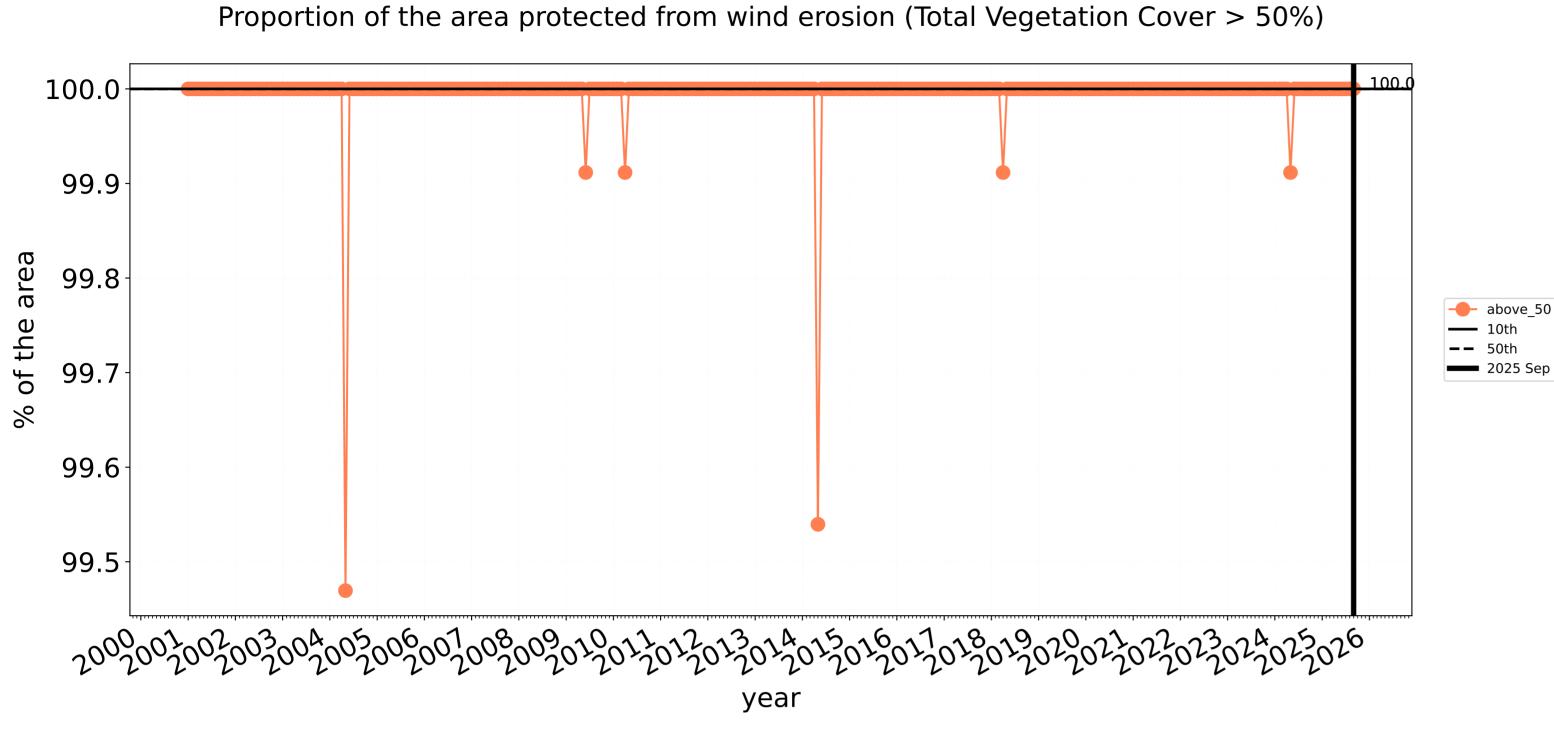


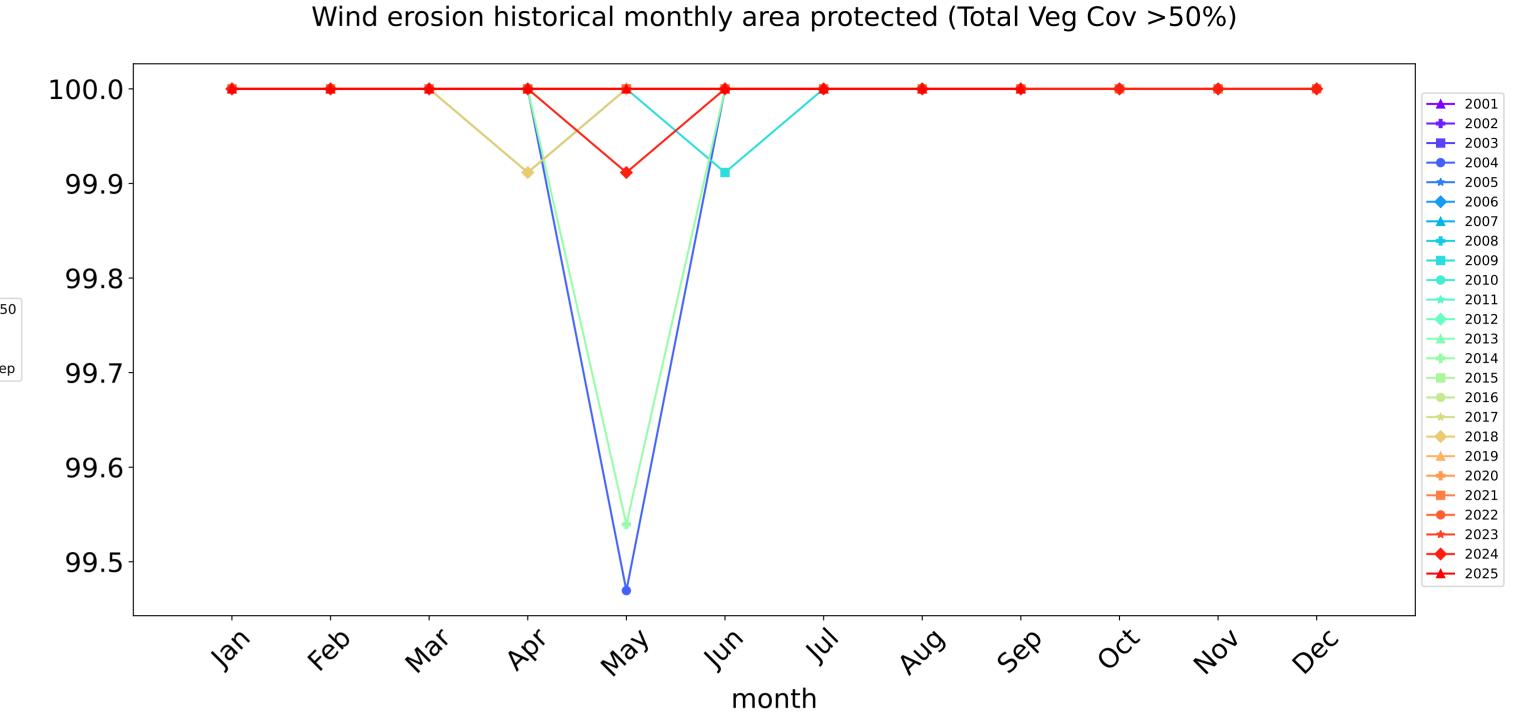


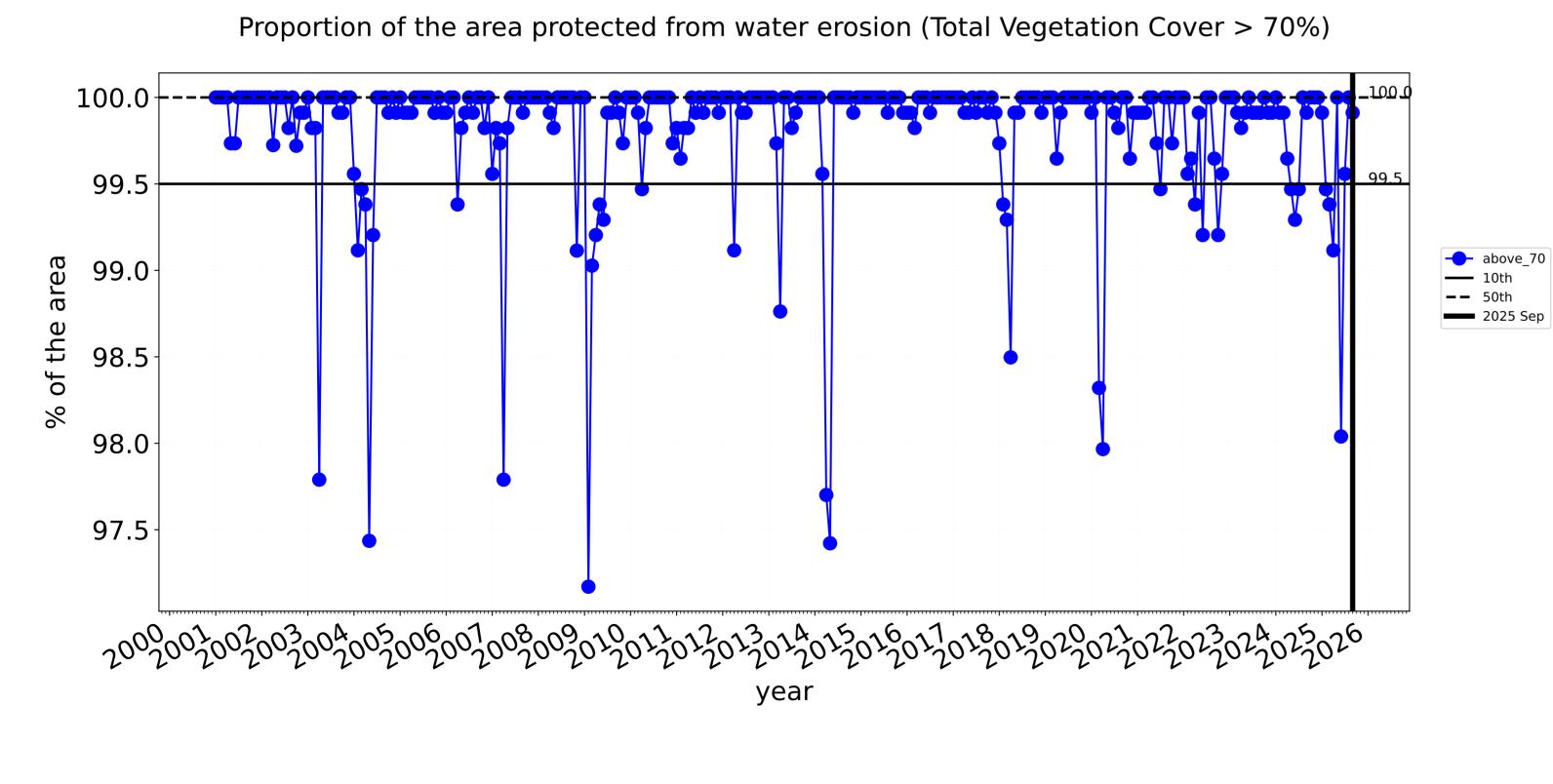


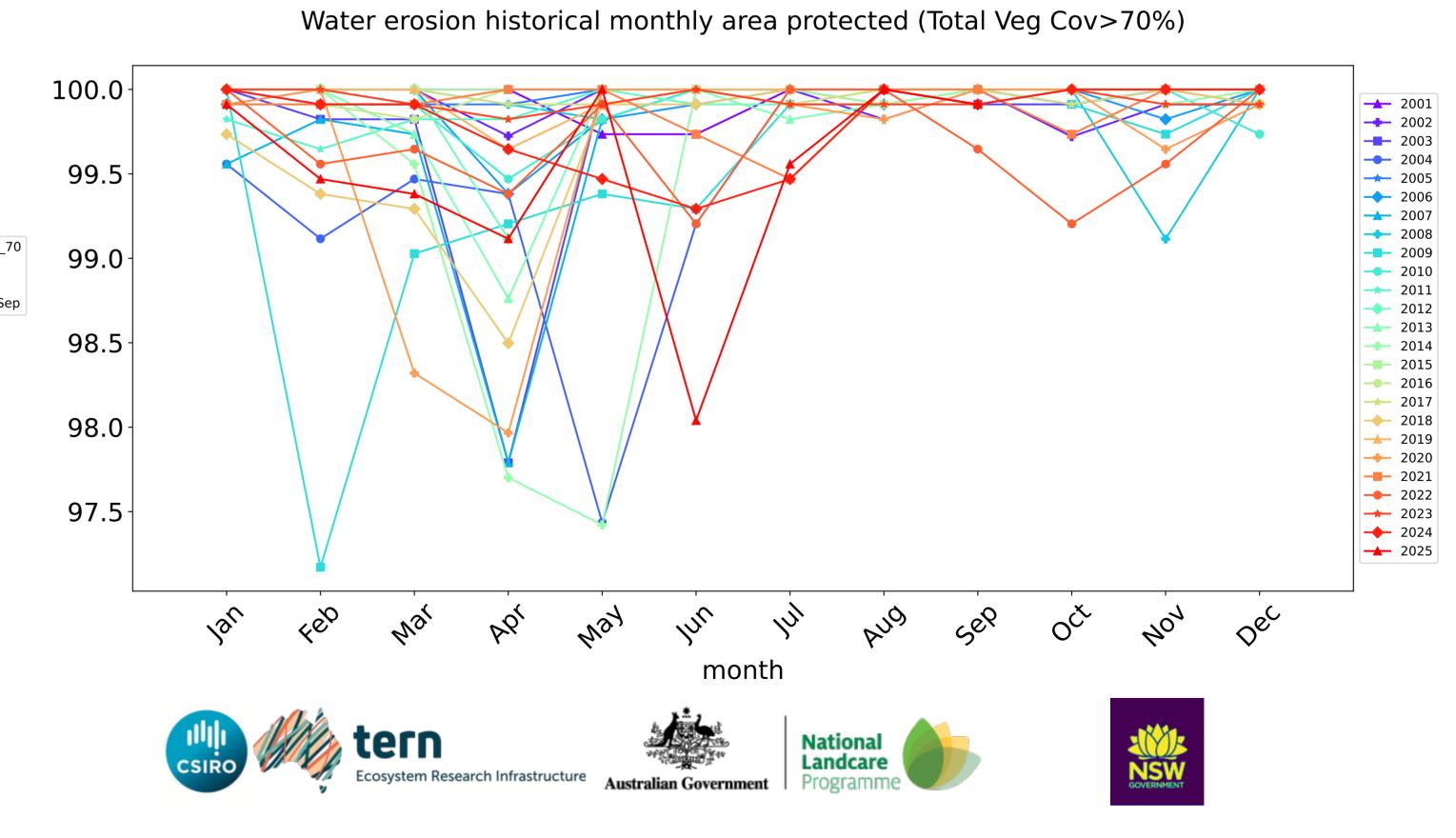


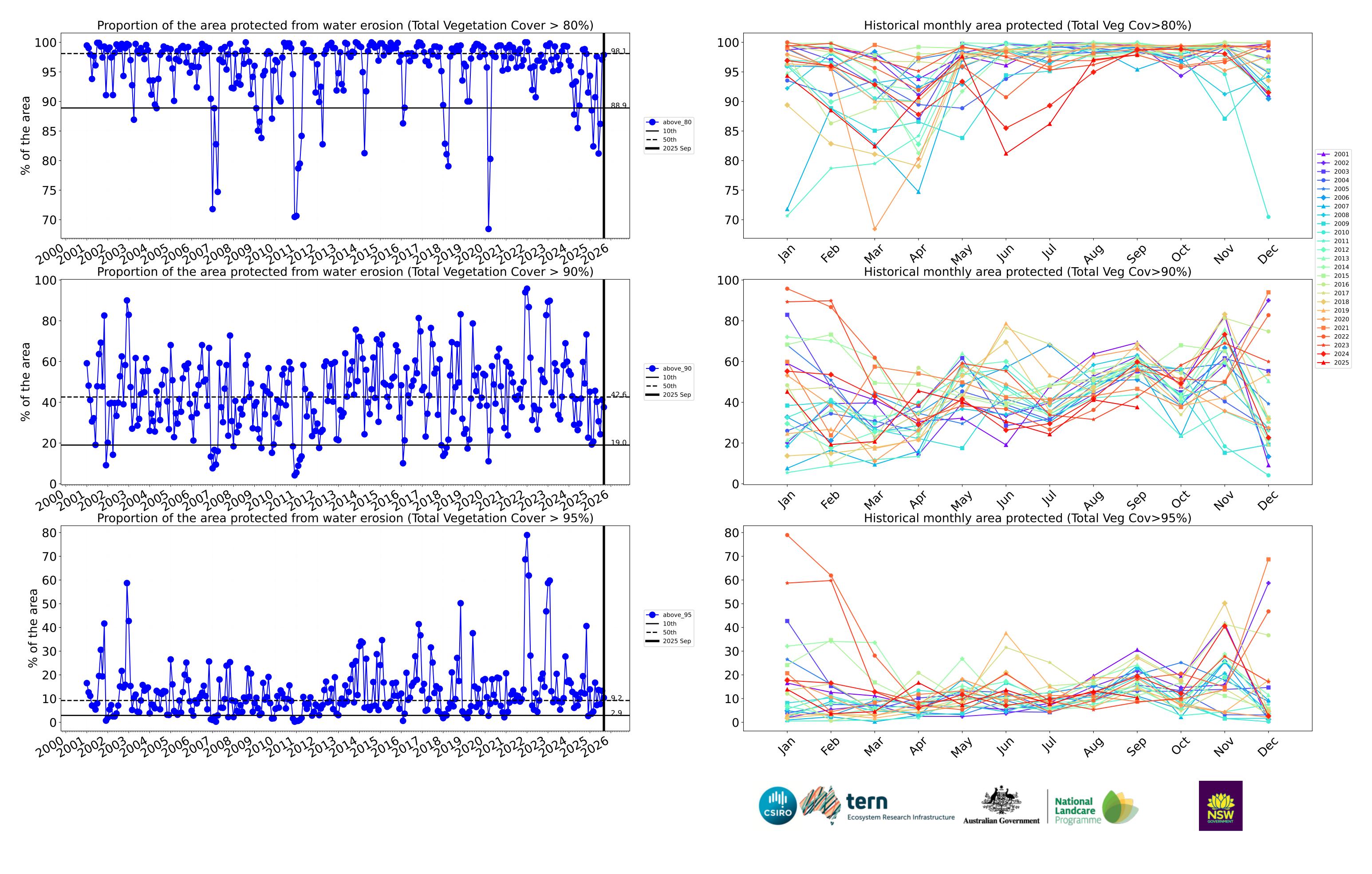
Grazing timeseries





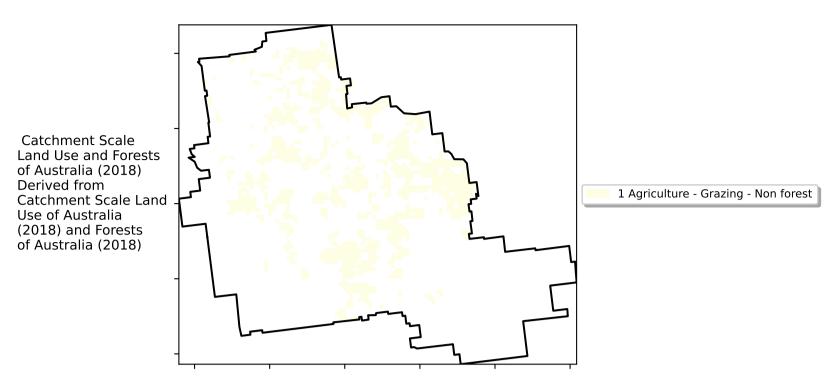




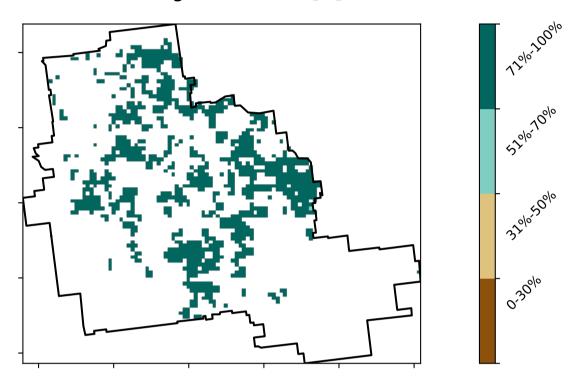


Grazing non forest

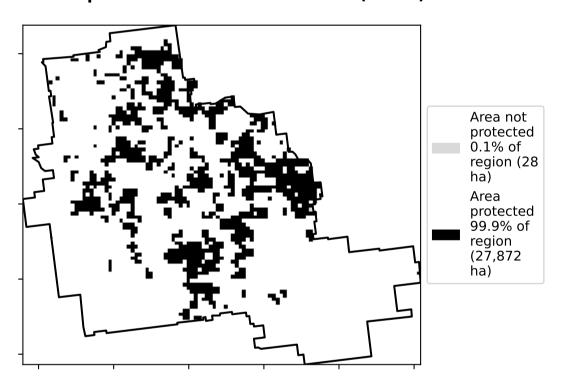
Land use and forest cover



Total Vegetation Cover [%]



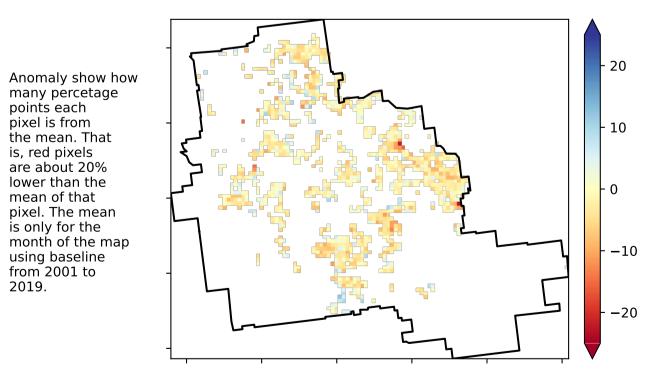
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

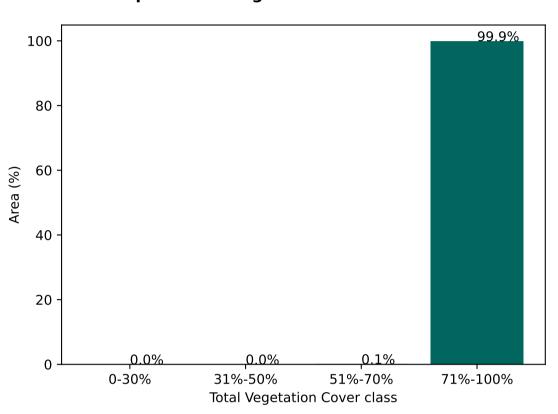
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

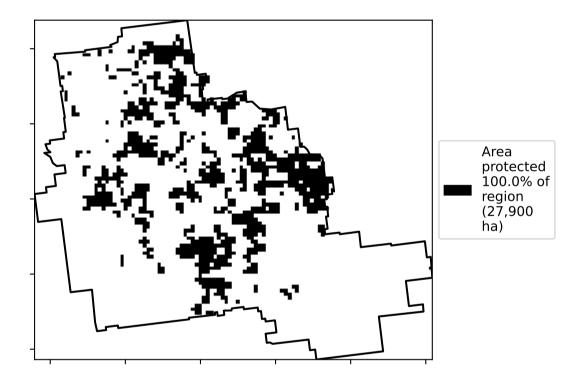


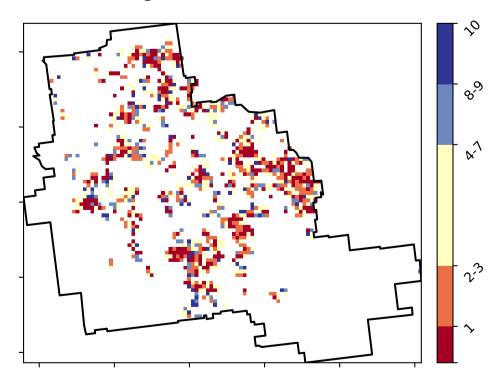
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





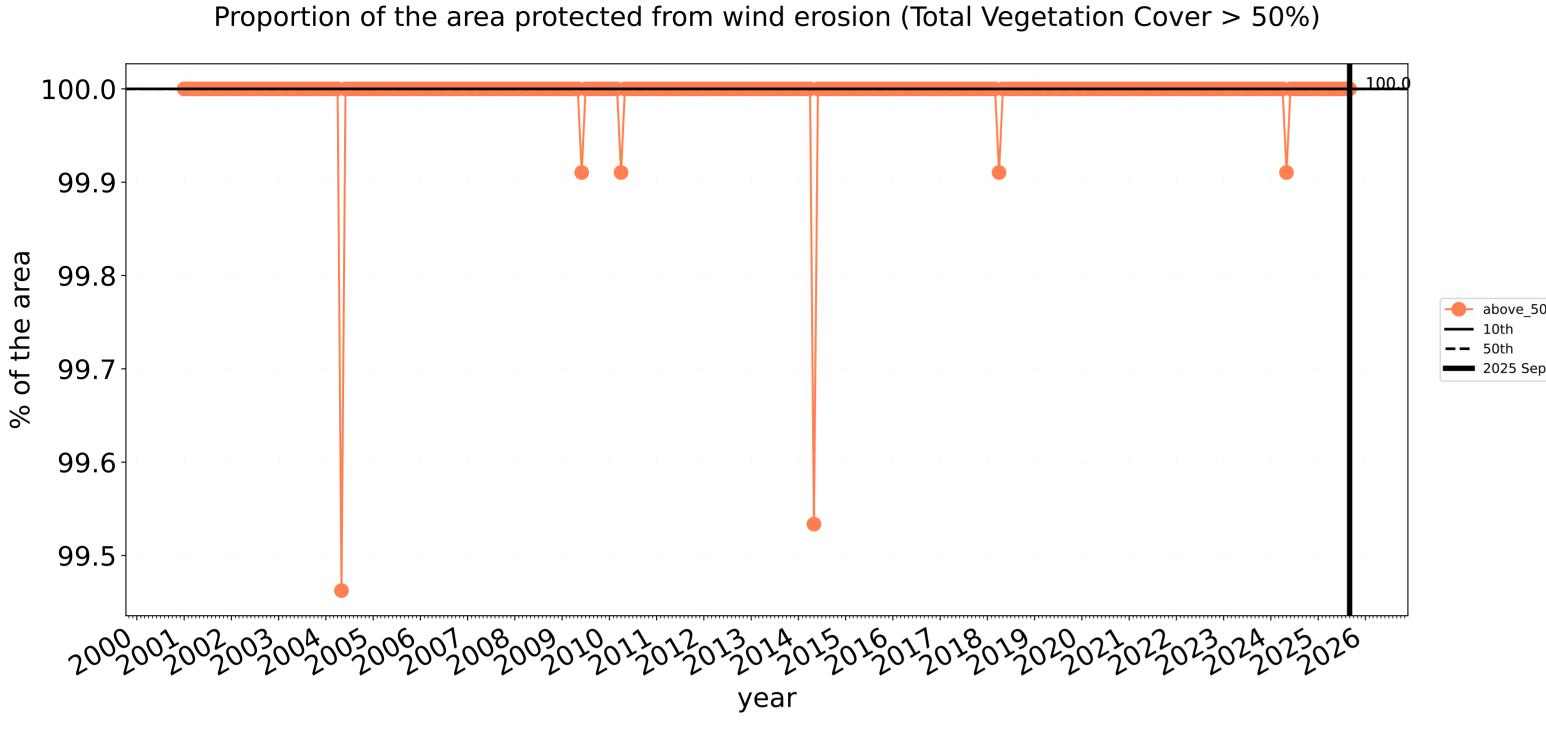


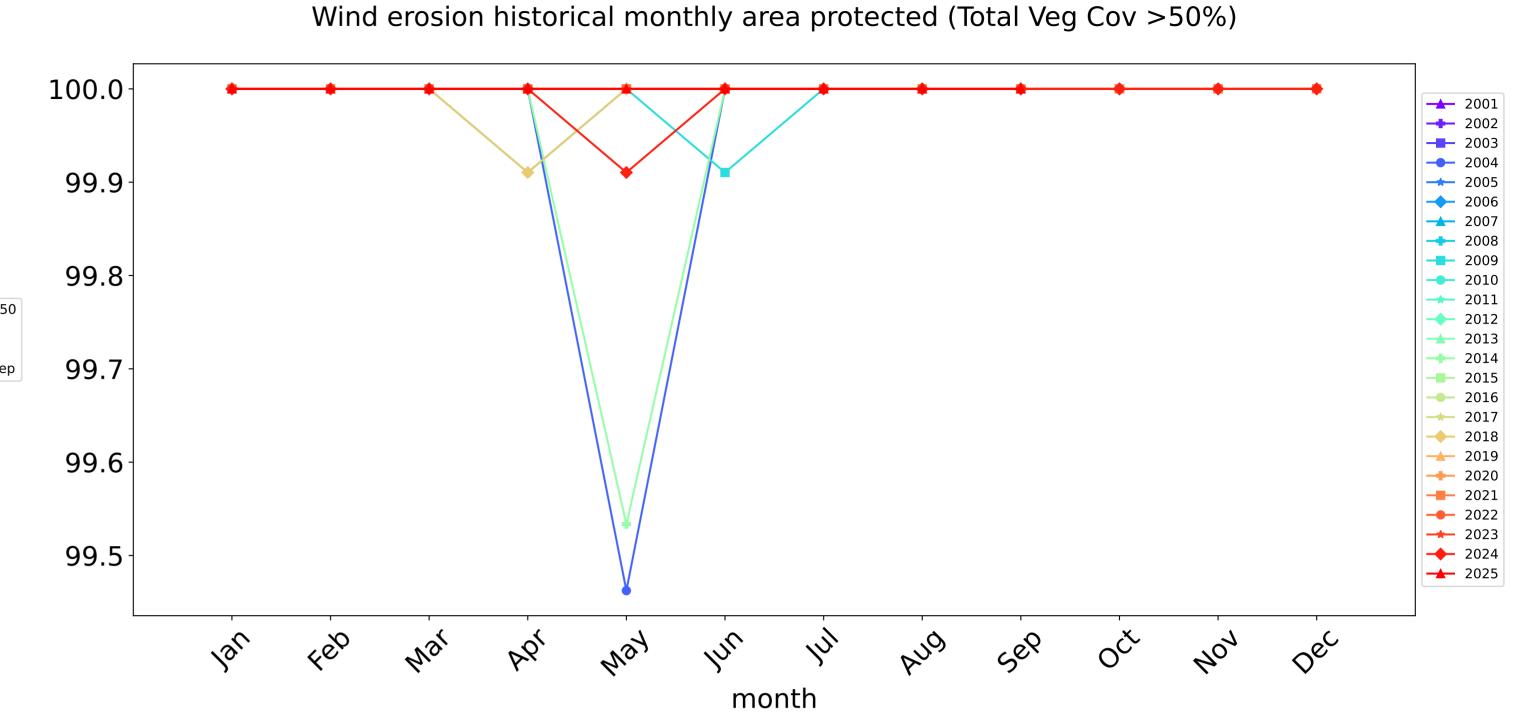


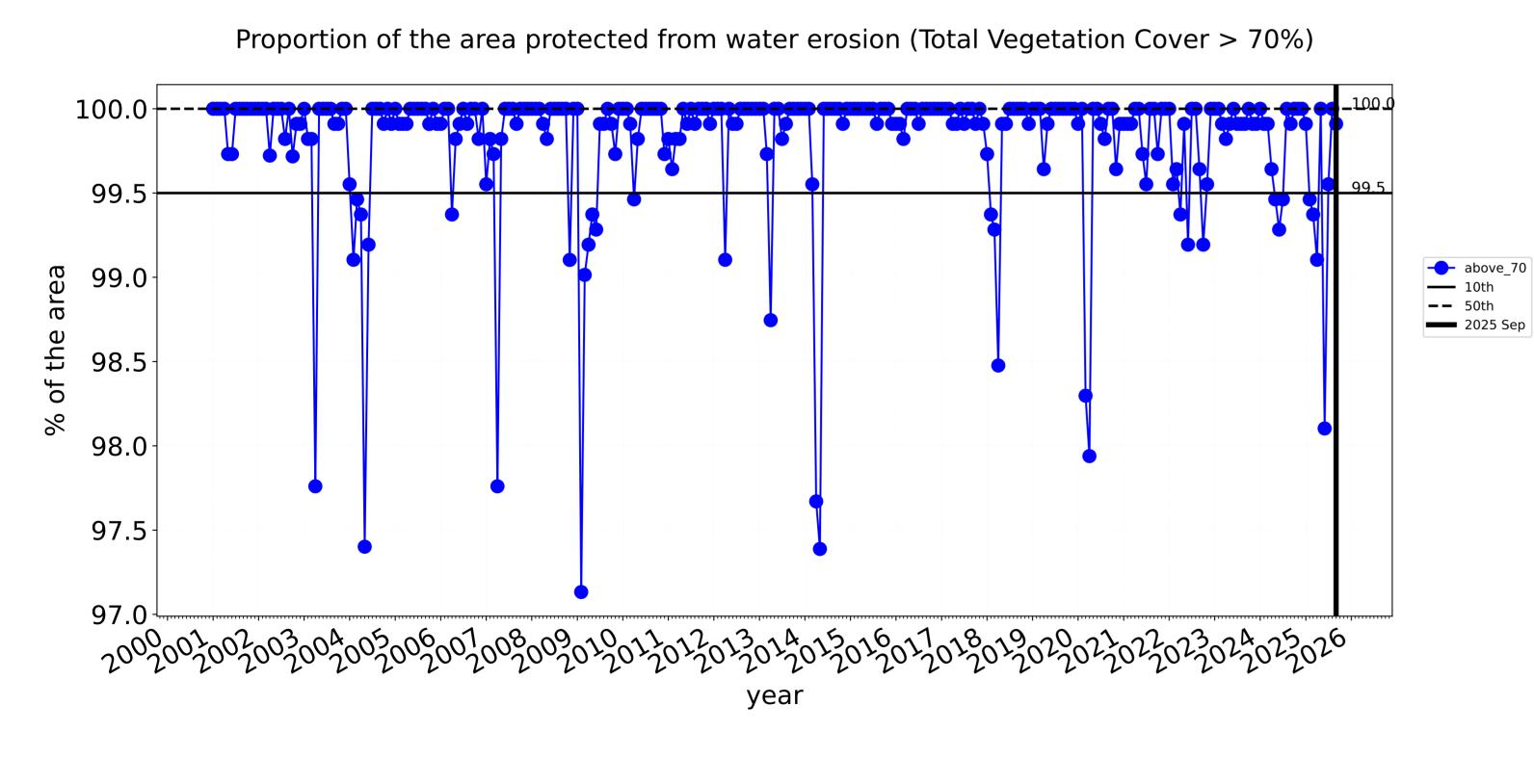


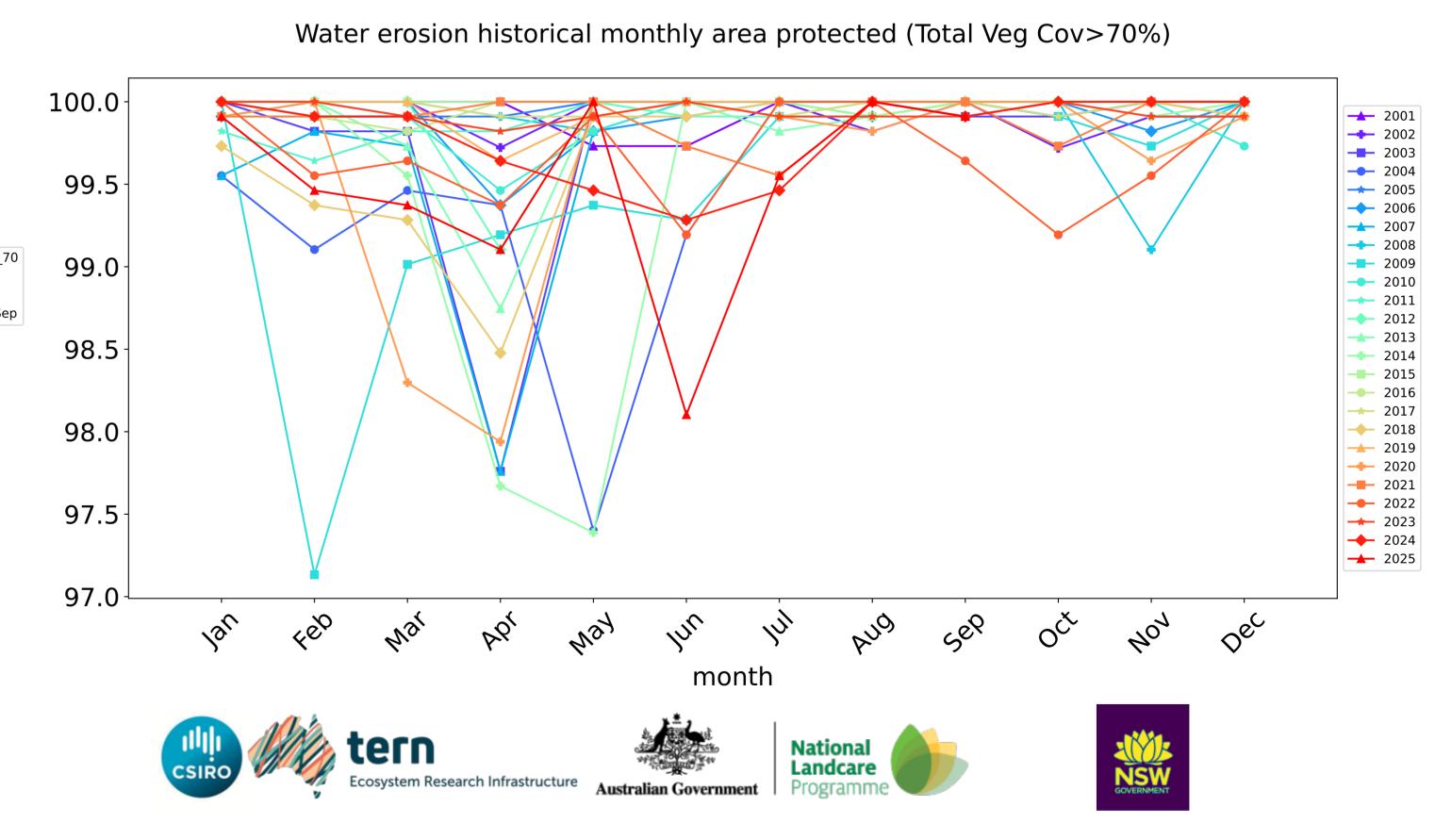


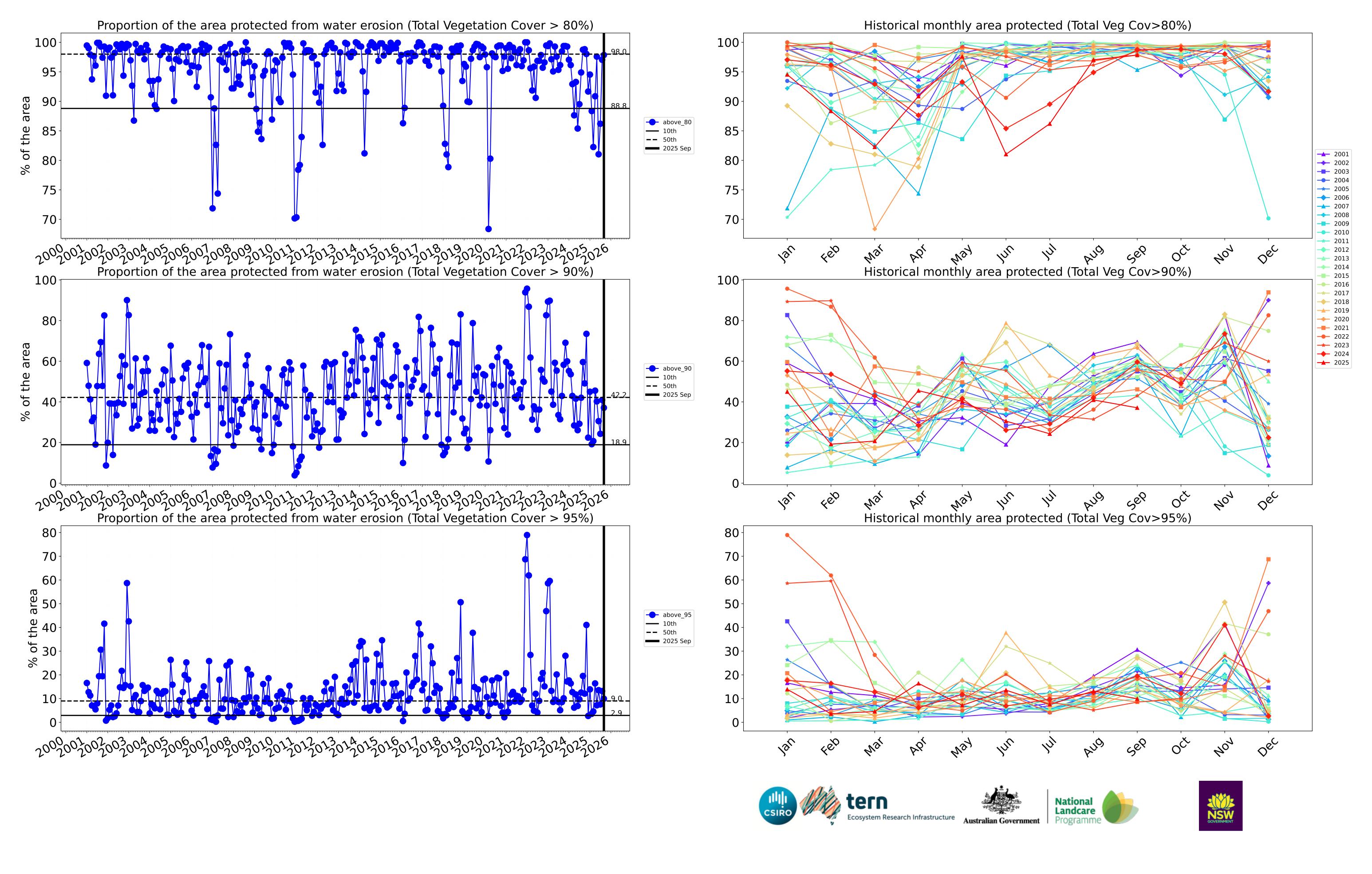
Grazing non forest timeseries





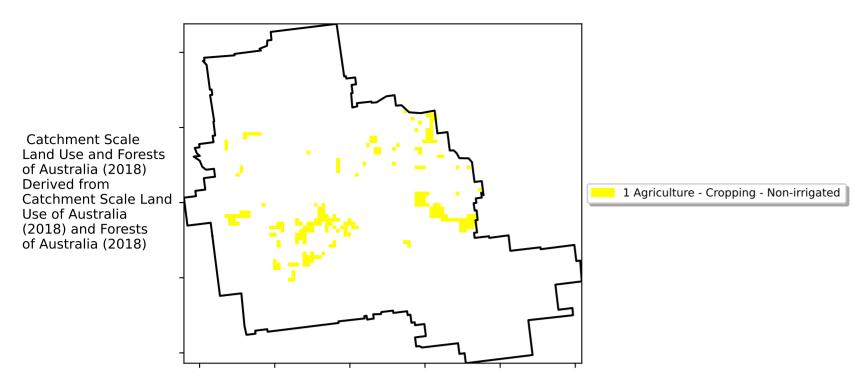




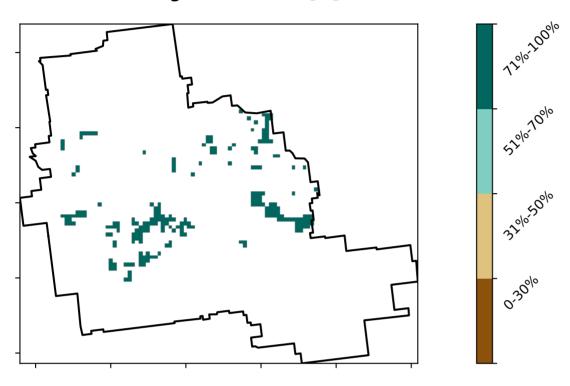


Cropping

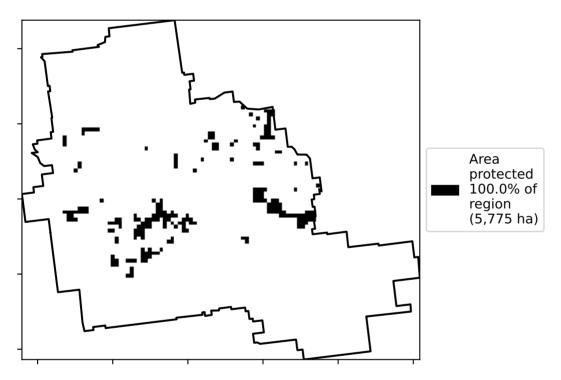
Land use and forest cover



Total Vegetation Cover [%]



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

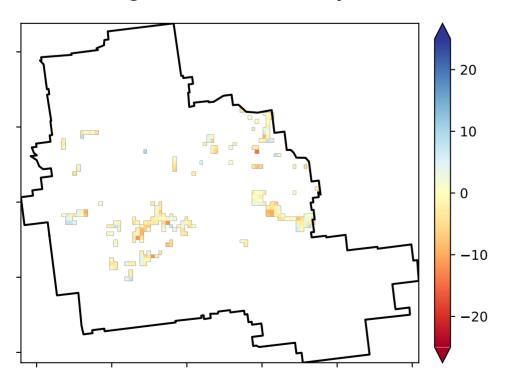


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

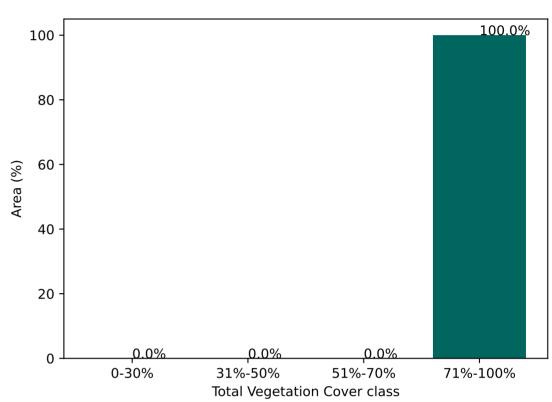
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

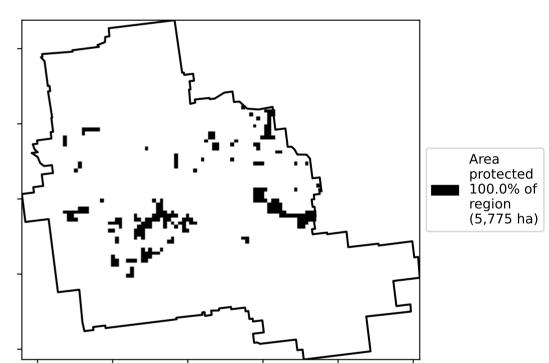


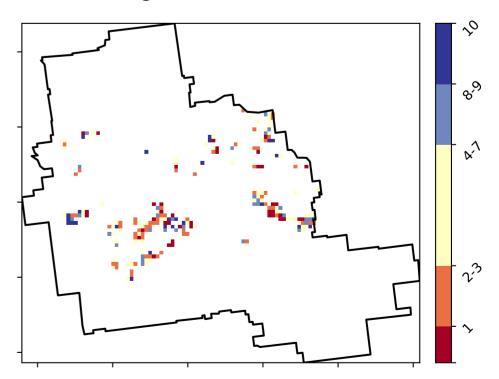
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





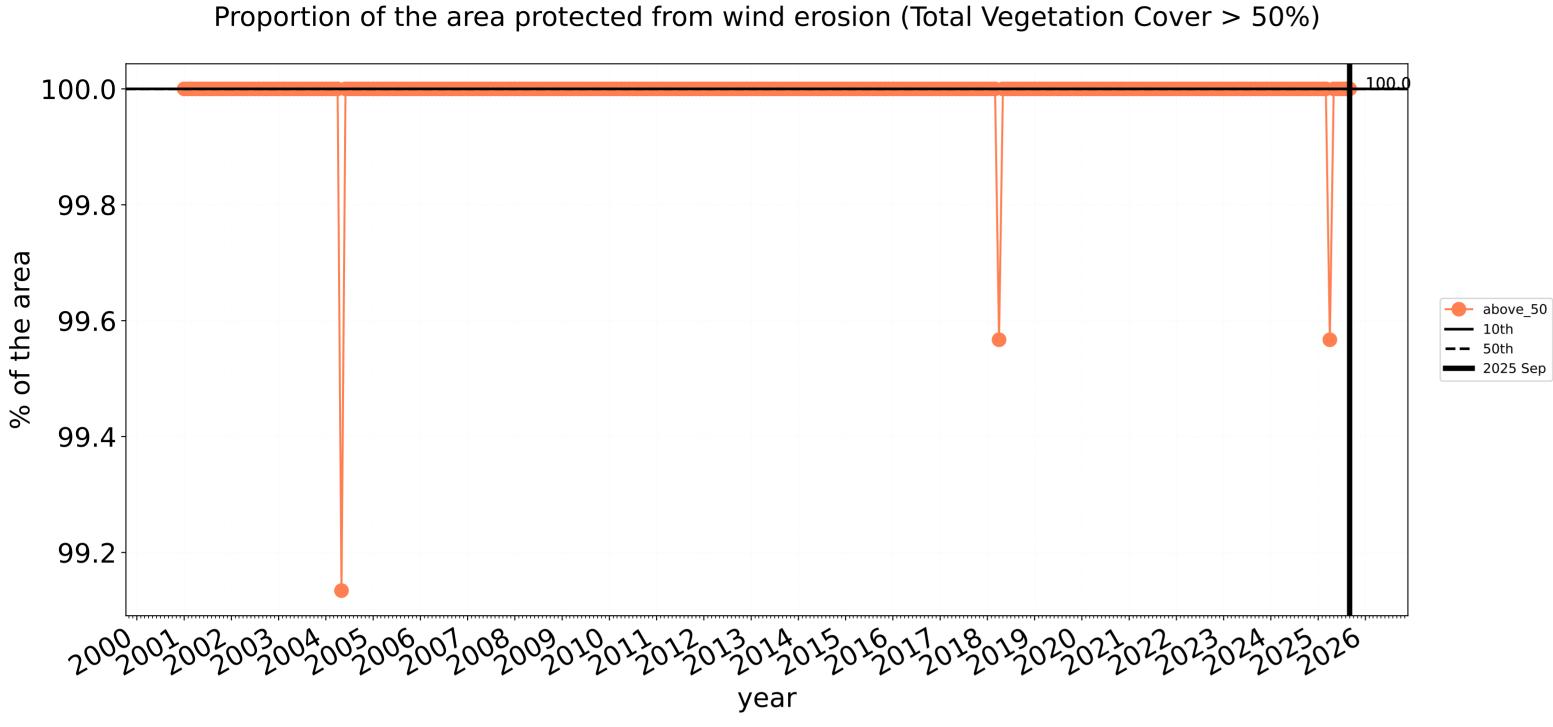


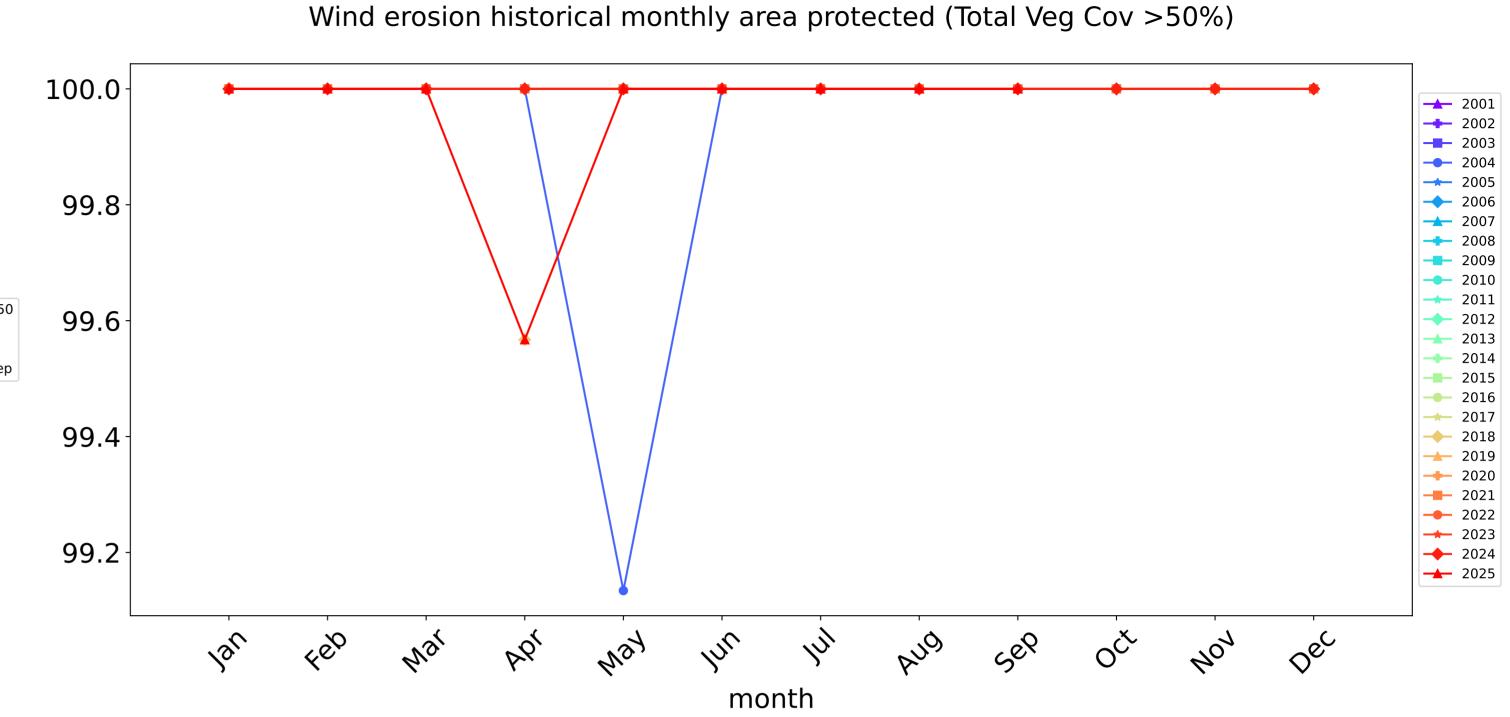


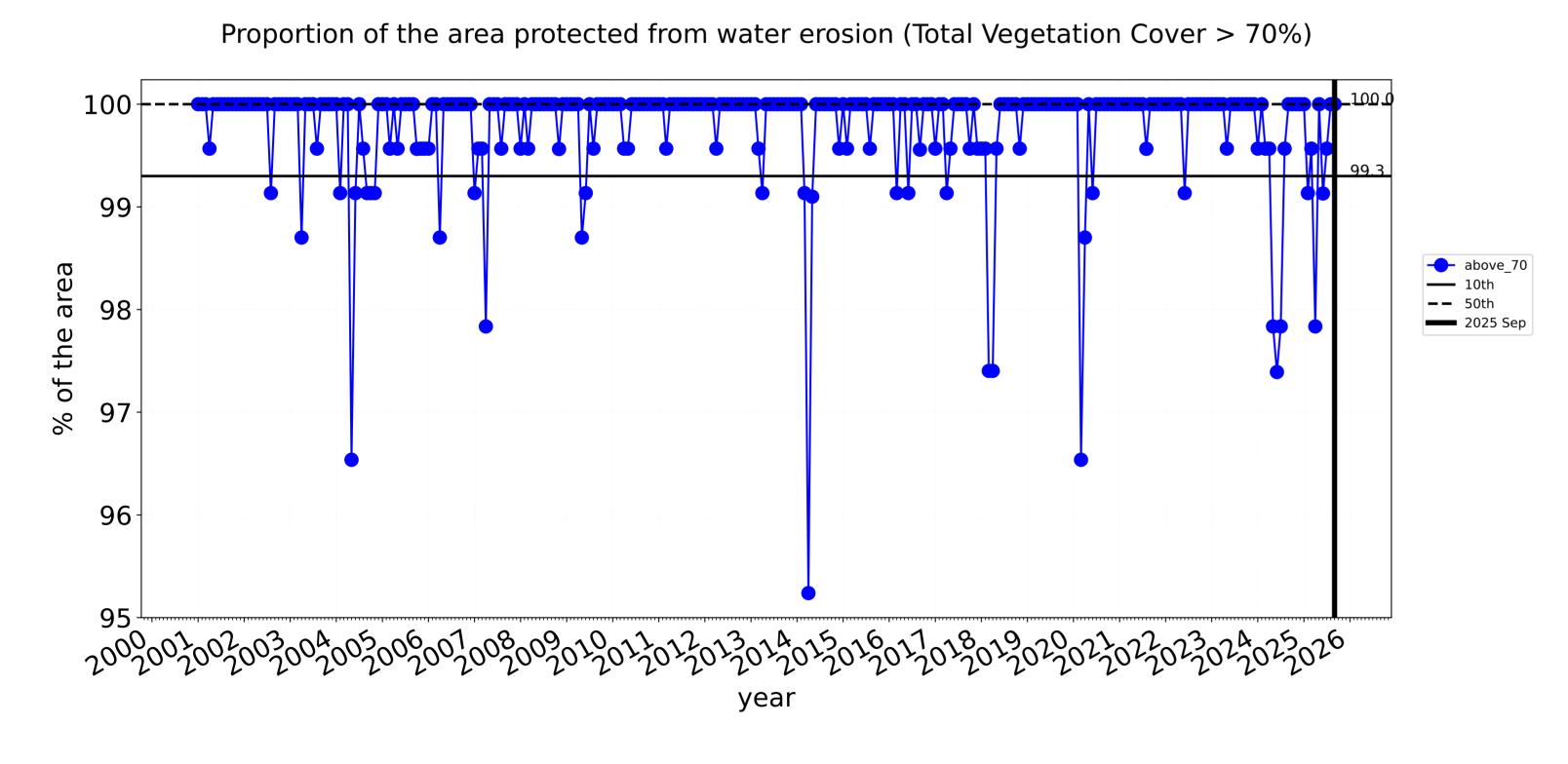


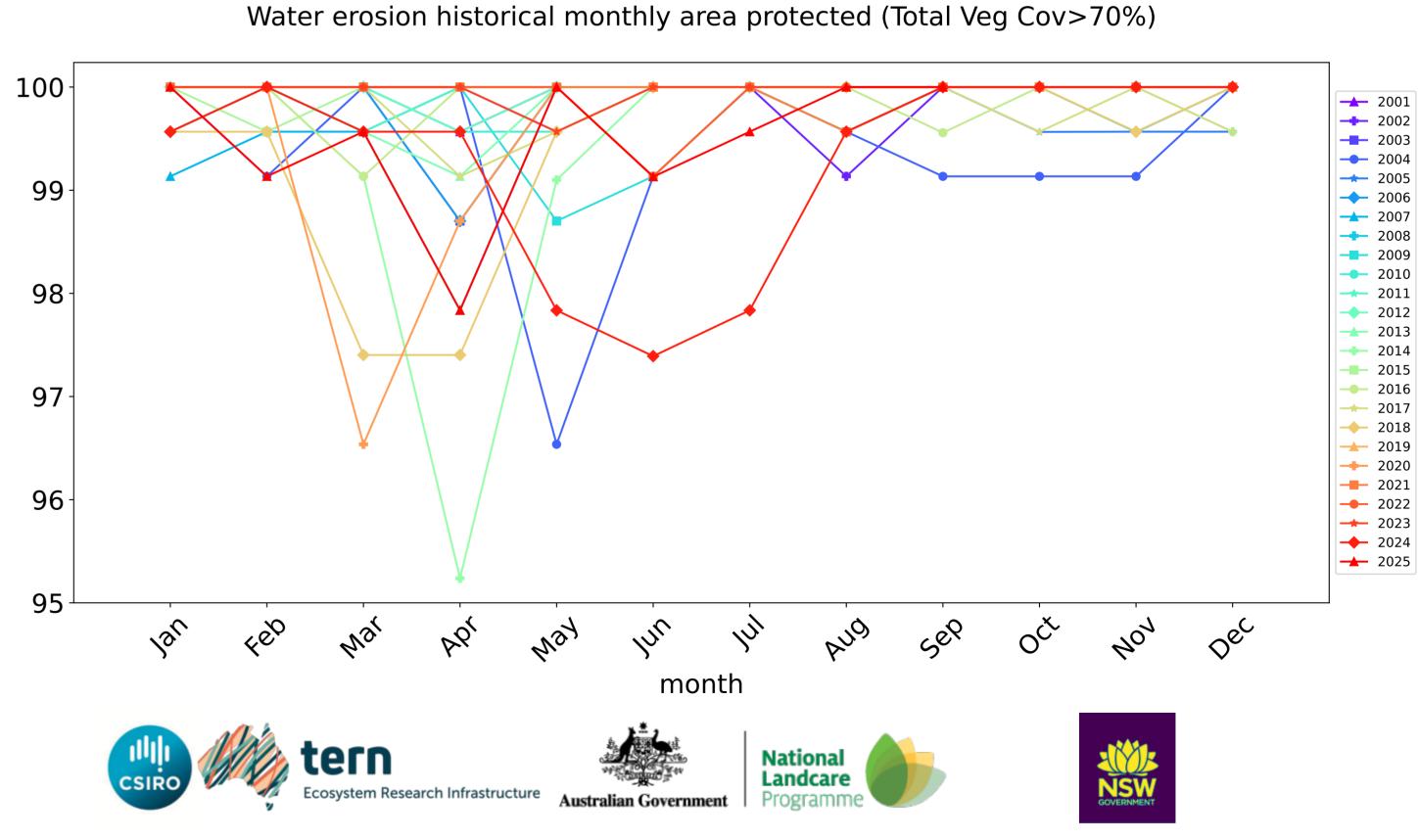


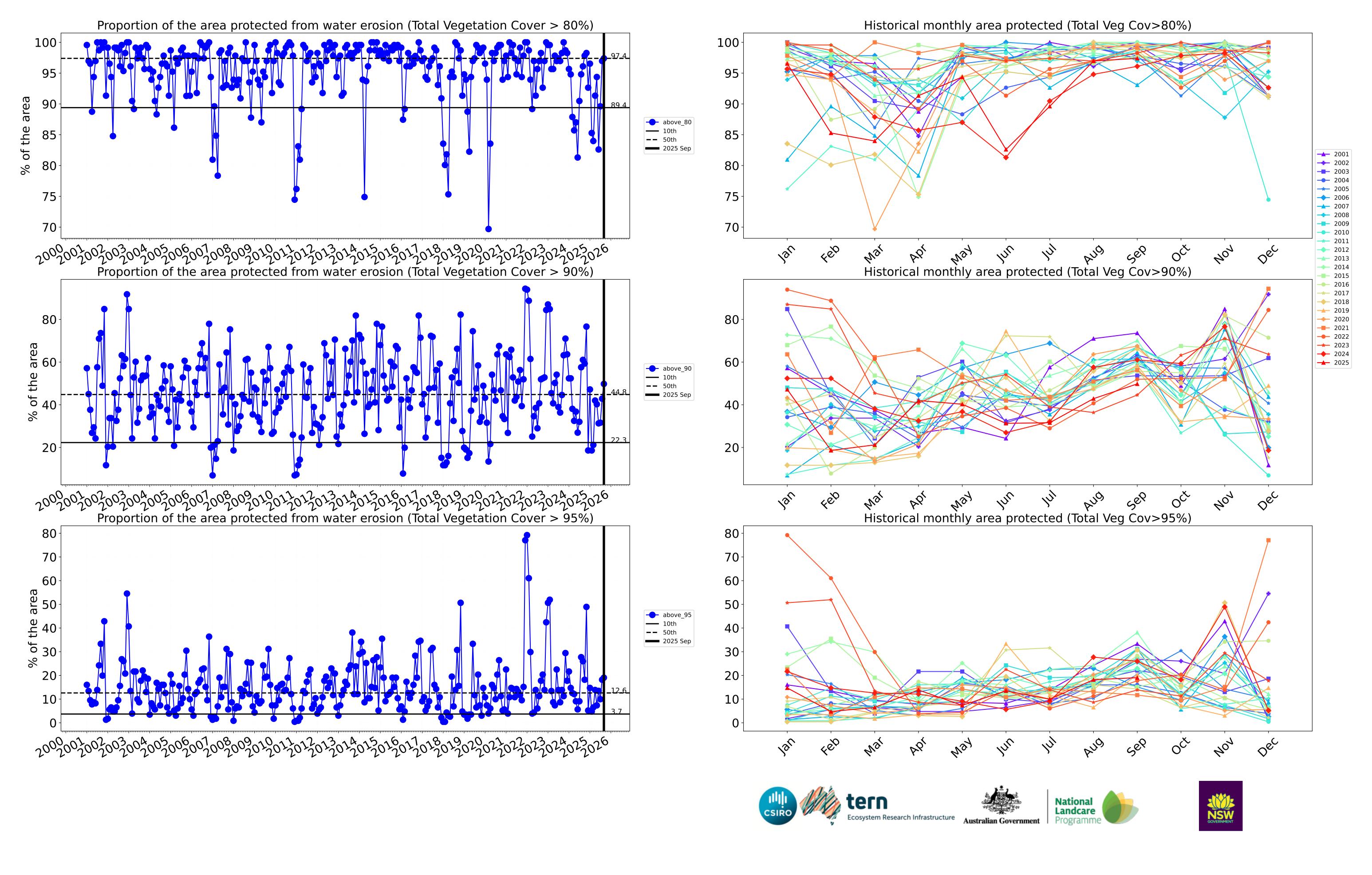
Cropping timeseries











Production native forests and plantation forests

Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

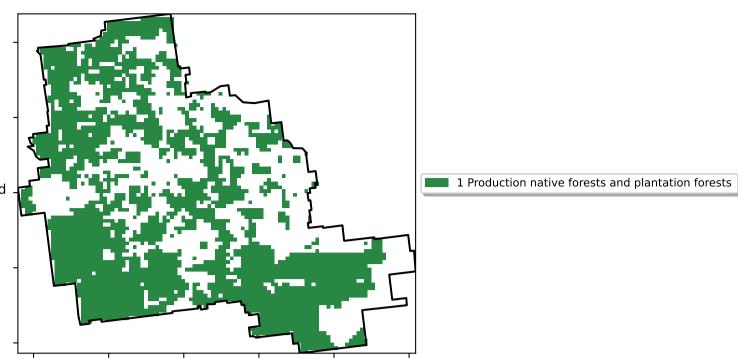
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

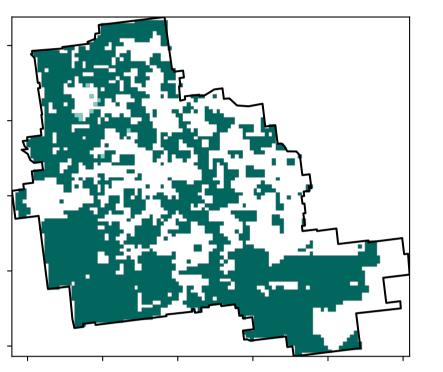
pixel. The mean

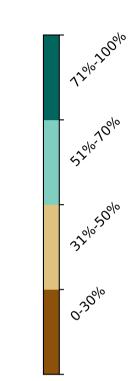
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

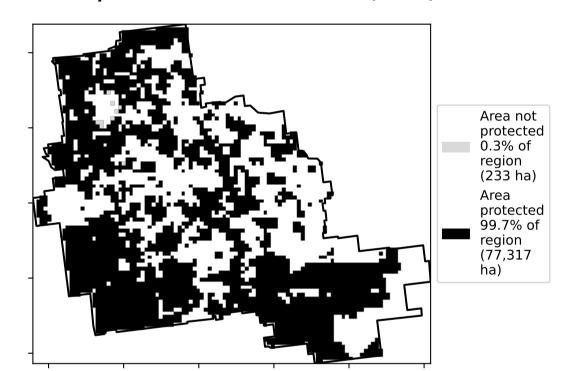


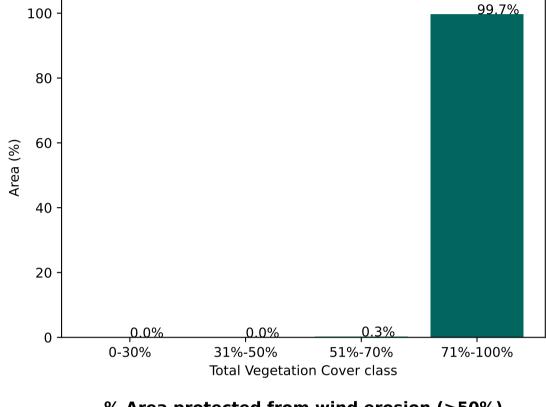
Total Vegetation Cover [%]





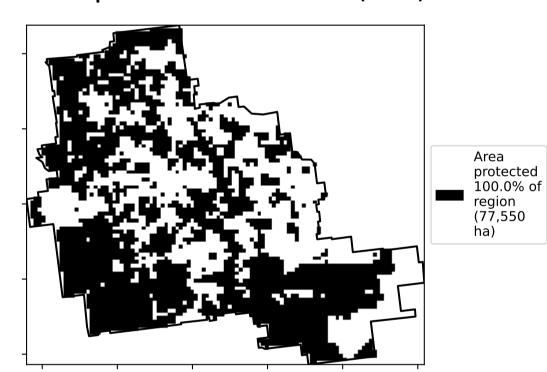
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



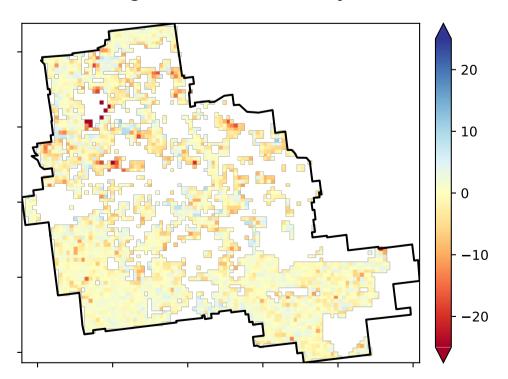


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

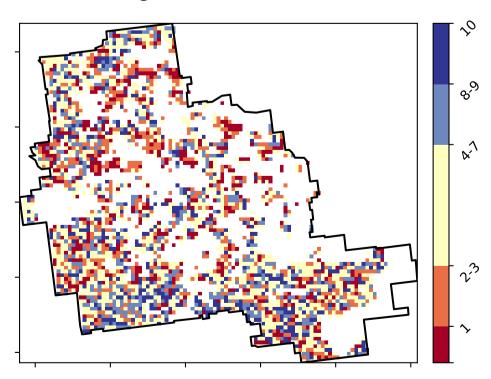
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







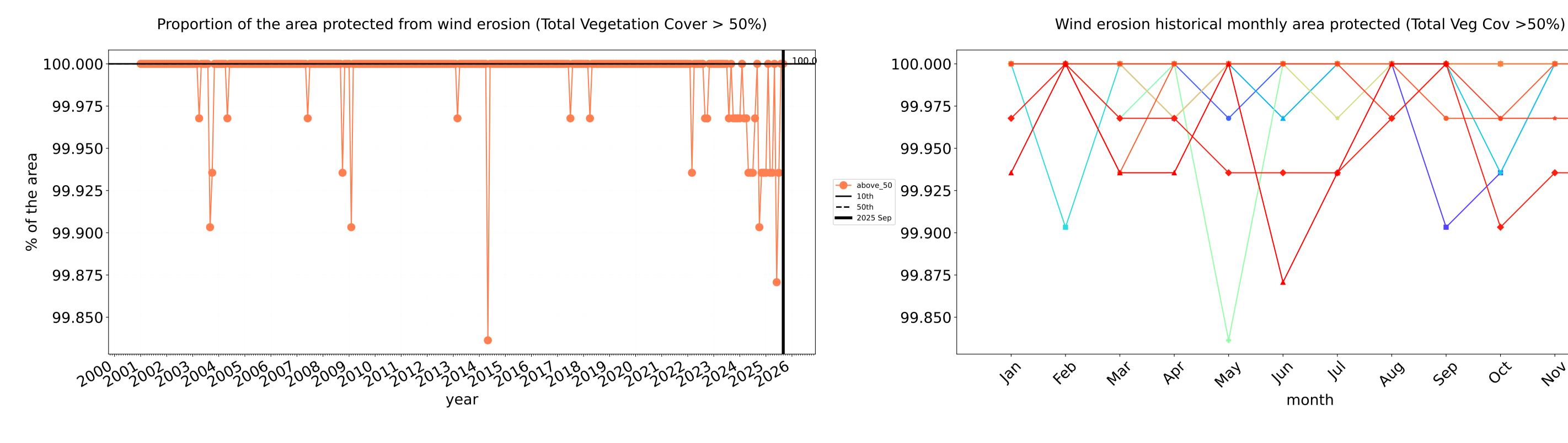


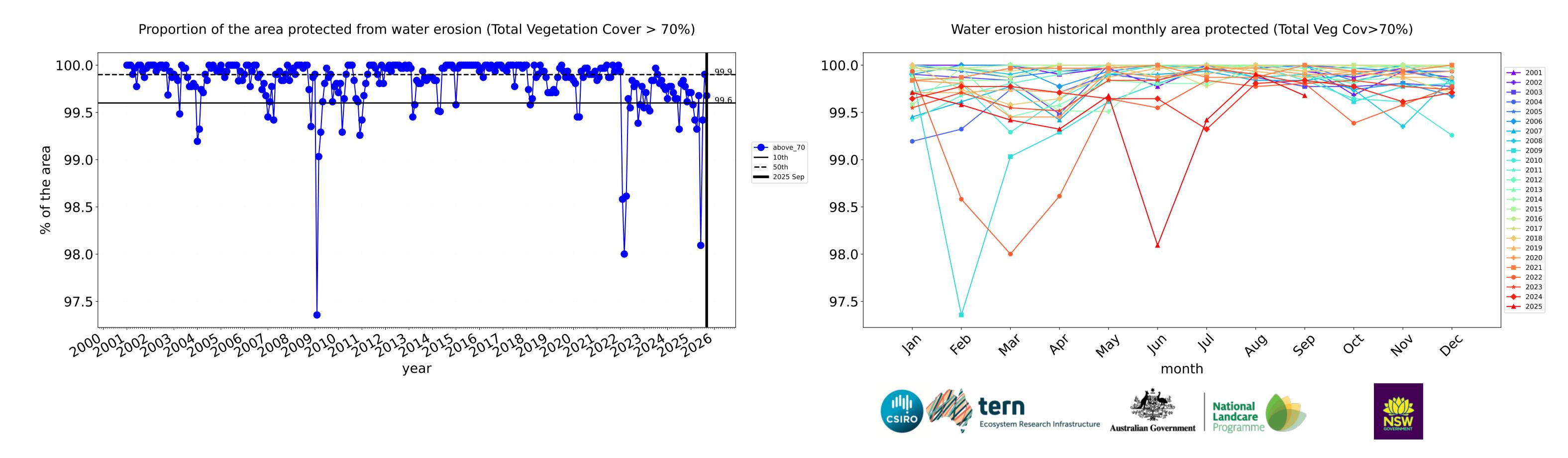






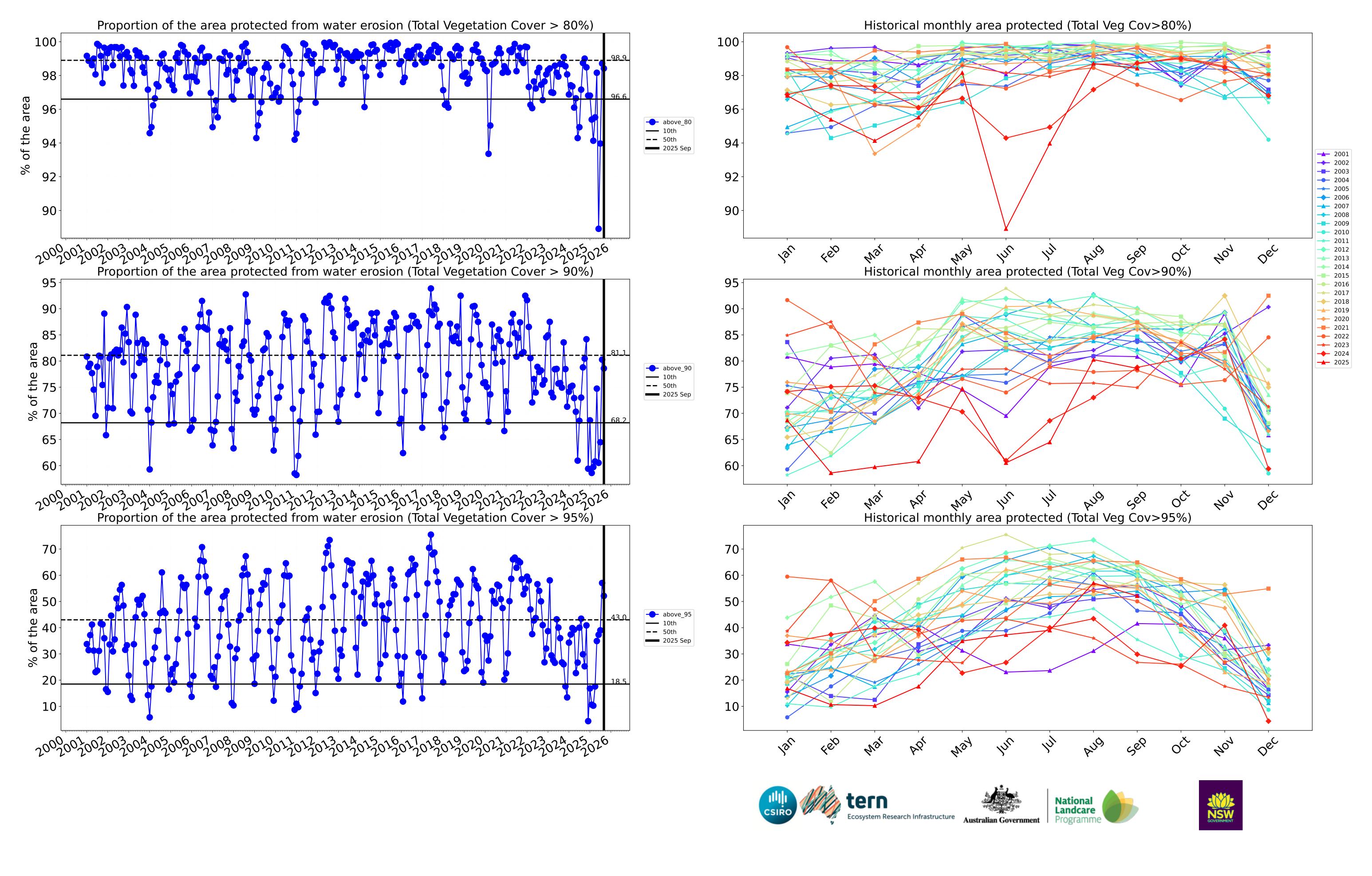
Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries





→ 2022 **→** 2023

→ 2024 **→** 2025



Bridgetown-Greenbushes_(S) (total 133,750 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	133,750	100.0% 133,725	99.8% 133,450	99.3% 132,825	97.5% 130,350	68.9% 92,200	40.9% 54,700
Conservation and natural environments	18,550	100.0% 18,550	99.9% 18,525	99.6% 18,475	99.1% 18,375	90.8% 16,850	54.2% 10,050
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	2,575	100.0% 2,575	100.0% 2,575	100.0% 2,575	100.0% 2,575	89.3% 2,300	62.1% 1,600
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	15,850	100.0% 15,850	99.8% 15,825	99.5% 15,775	99.1% 15,700	91.6% 14,525	53.3% 8,450
Agriculture	34,100	100.0% 34,100	100.0% 34,100	99.9% 34,075	97.8% 33,350	39.6% 13,500	11.8% 4,025
Grazing	28,275	100.0% 28,275	100.0% 28,275	99.9% 28,250	97.9% 27,675	37.6% 10,625	10.3% 2,925
Grazing non forest	27,900	100.0% 27,900	100.0% 27,900	99.9% 27,875	97.8% 27,300	37.1% 10,350	9.9% 2,775
Cropping	5,775	100.0% 5,775	100.0% 5,775	100.0% 5,775	97.4% 5,625	49.8% 2,875	19.0% 1,100
Production native forests and plantation forests	77,550	100.0% 77,550	100.0% 77,550	99.7% 77,300	98.4% 76,325	78.6% 60,950	52.1% 40,425







