### Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Noosa\_(S) QLD

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Date: October 2021

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

### **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data. Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

### **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3







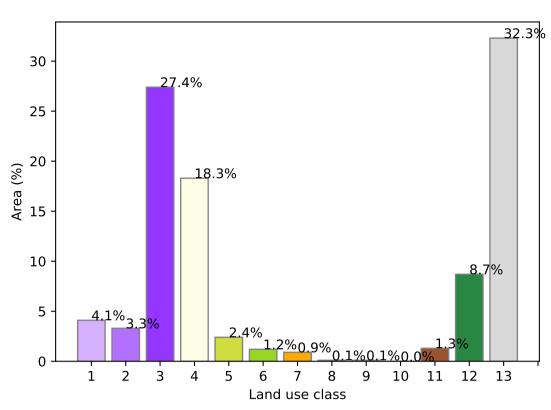


### **Vegetation Cover Oct 2021**

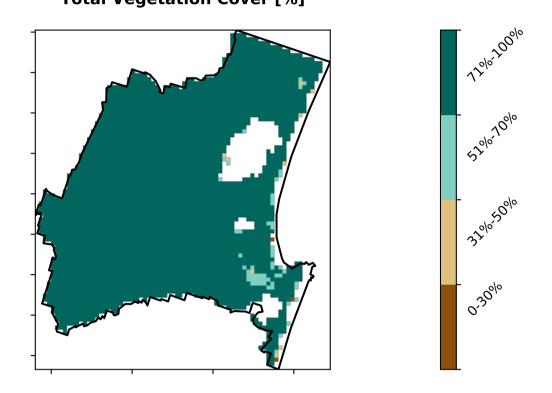
### Land use and forest cover

# Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses

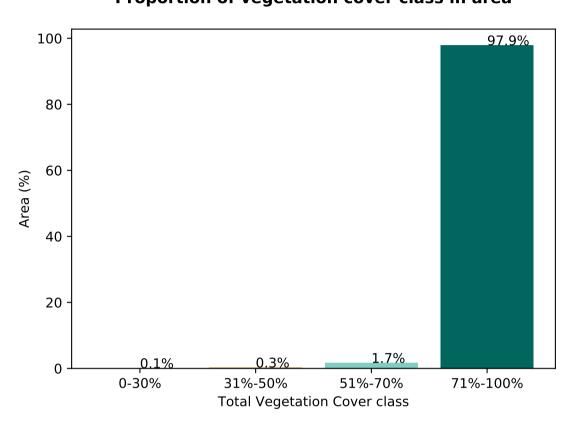
### **Proportion of each land class in area**



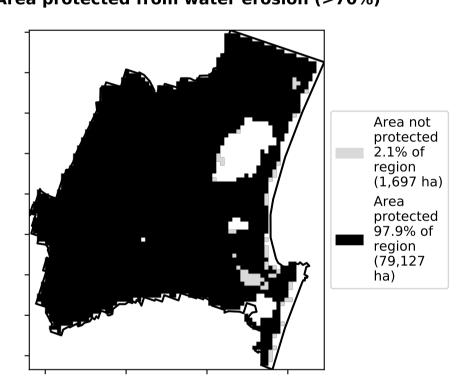
### Total Vegetation Cover [%]



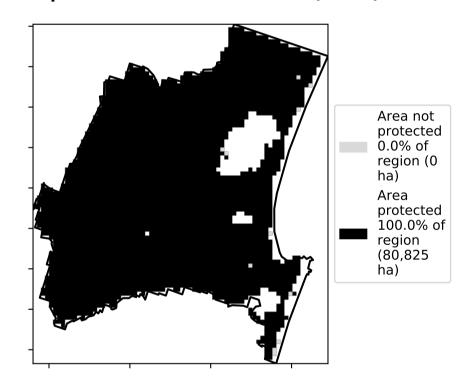
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



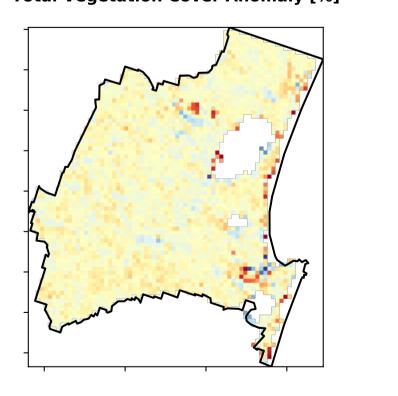
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



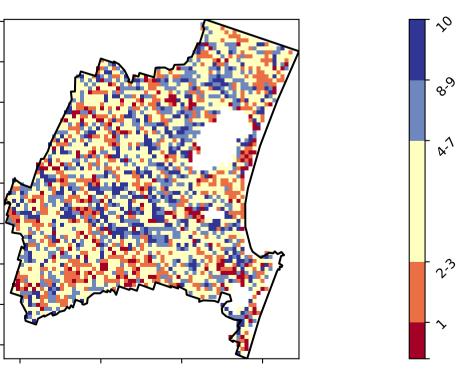
### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



- 20 - 10 - 0 - -10 - -20

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**











## Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Catchment Scale

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

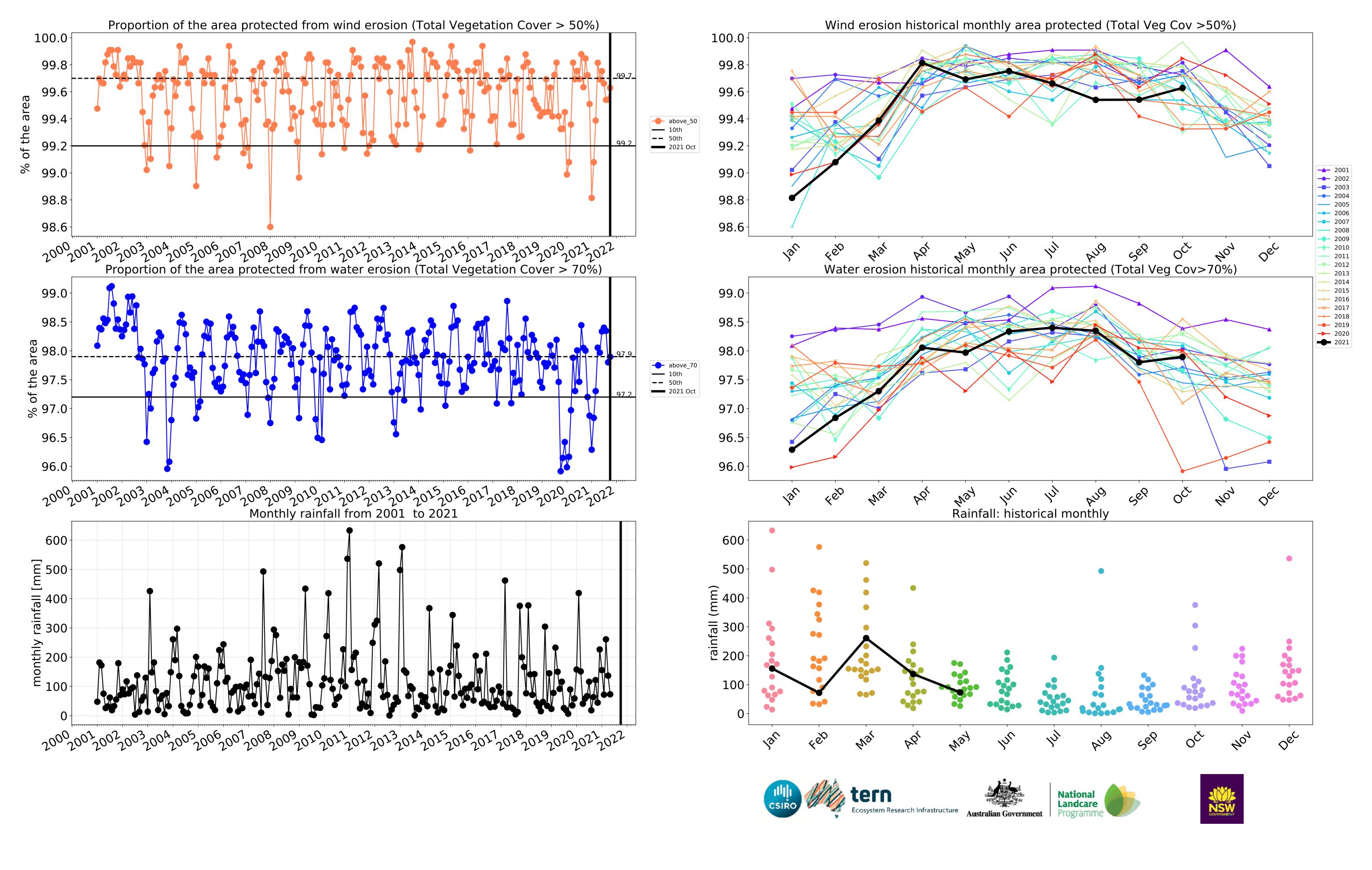
of Australia (2018)

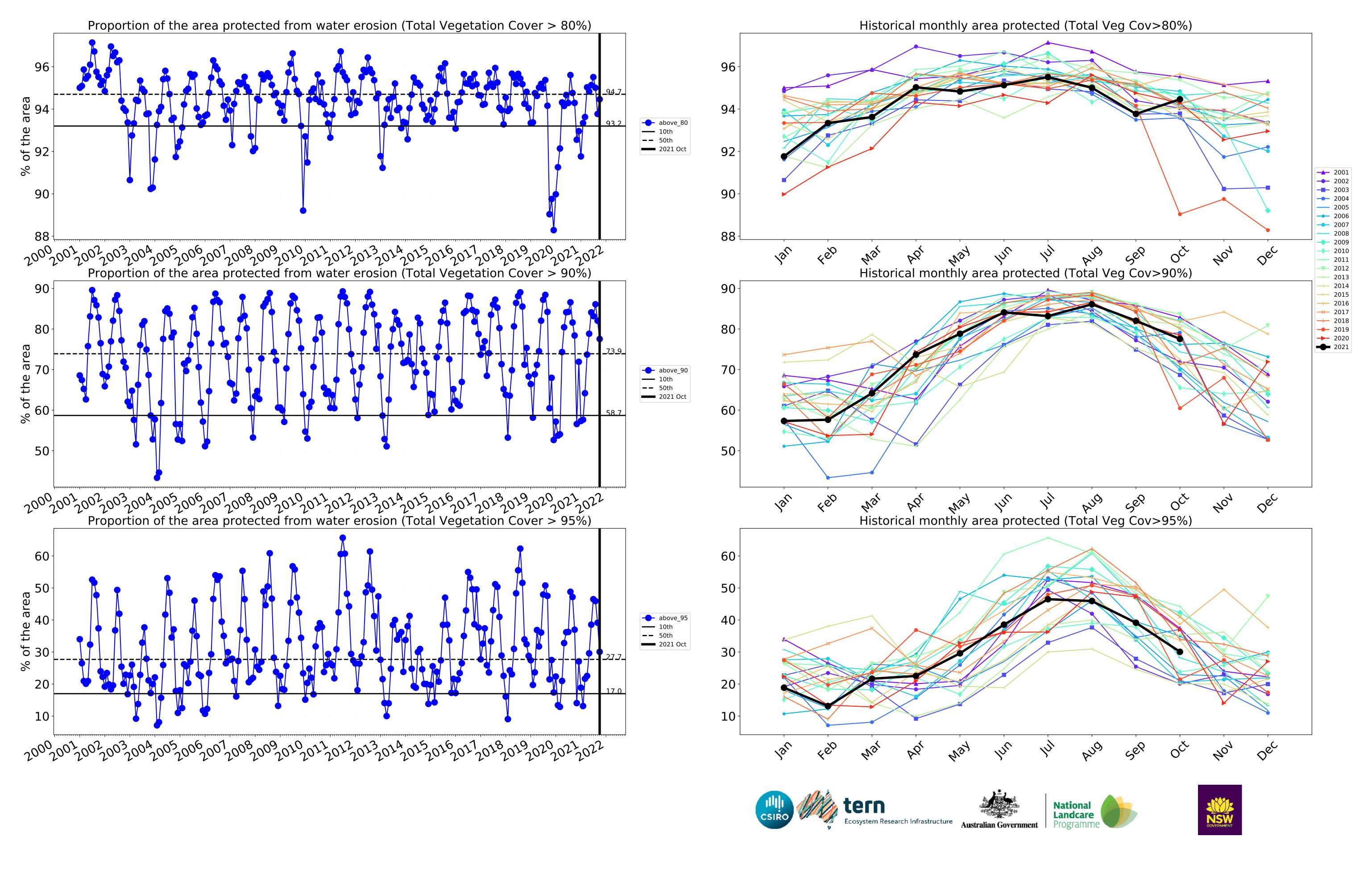
Derived from

Use of Australia

Land Use and Forests

Catchment Scale Land





### **Conservation and natural environments**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

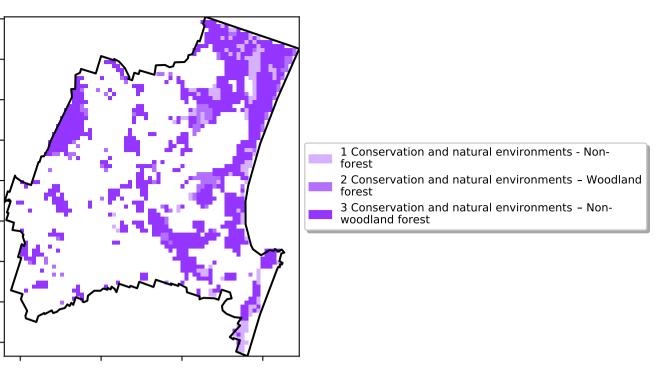
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

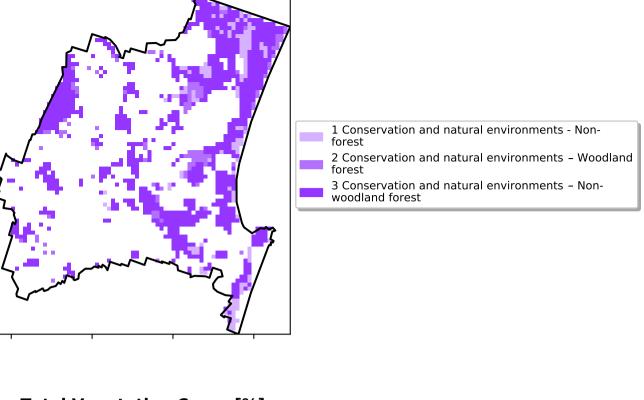
the mean. That

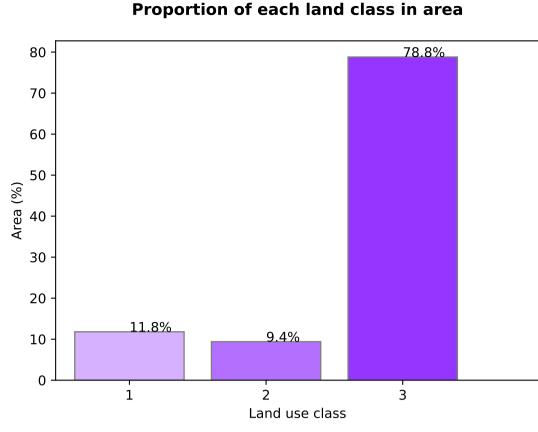
pixel. The mean

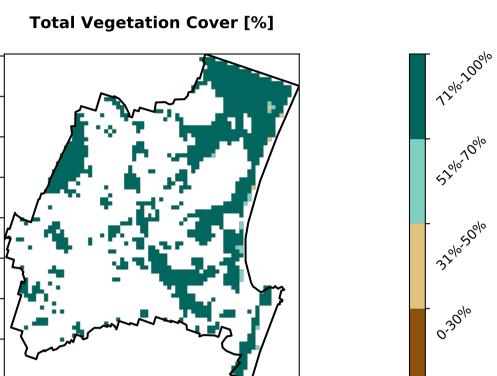
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

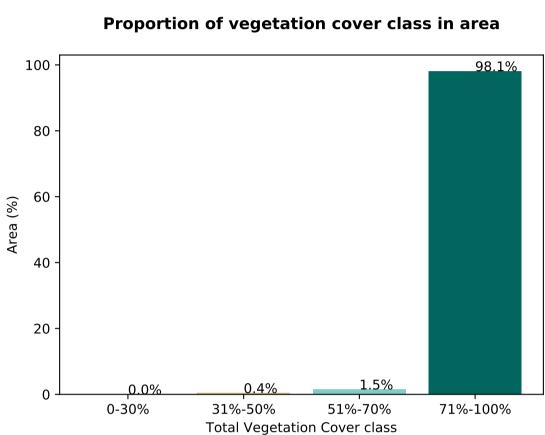
is only for the month of the map

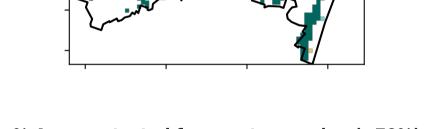






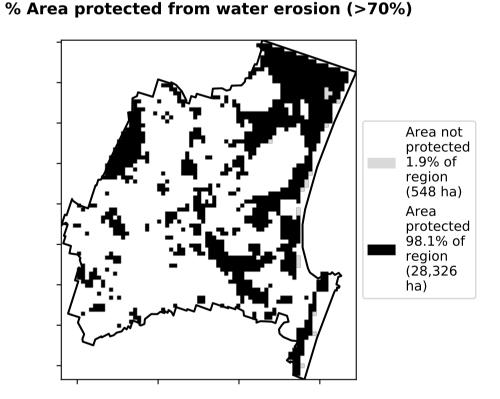


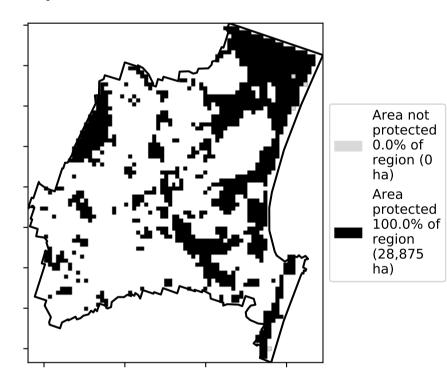




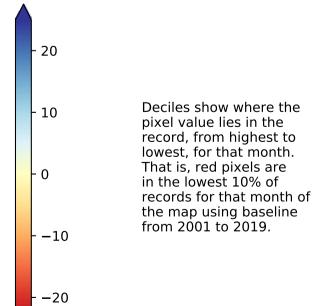
Land use and forest cover

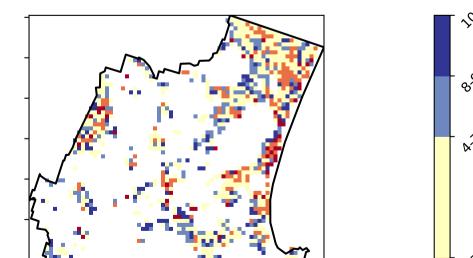
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 



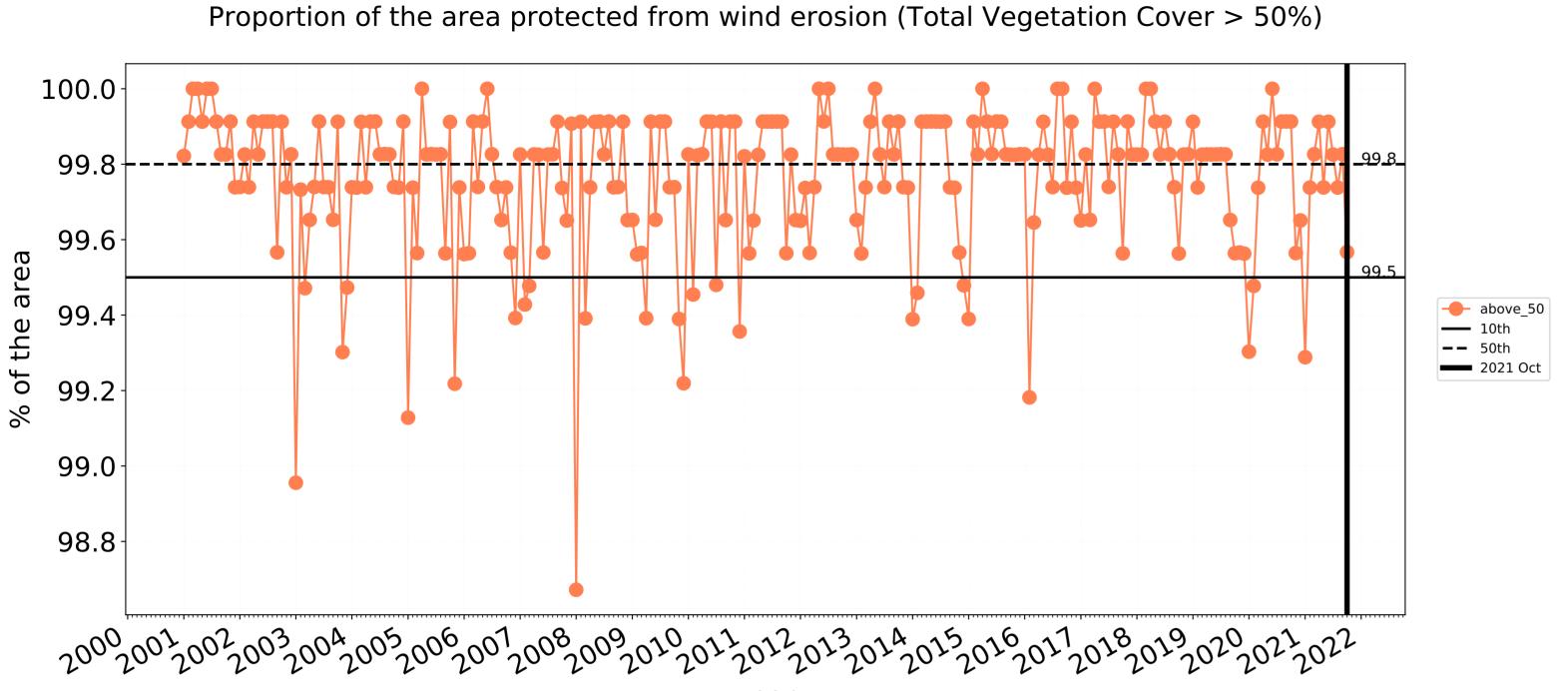


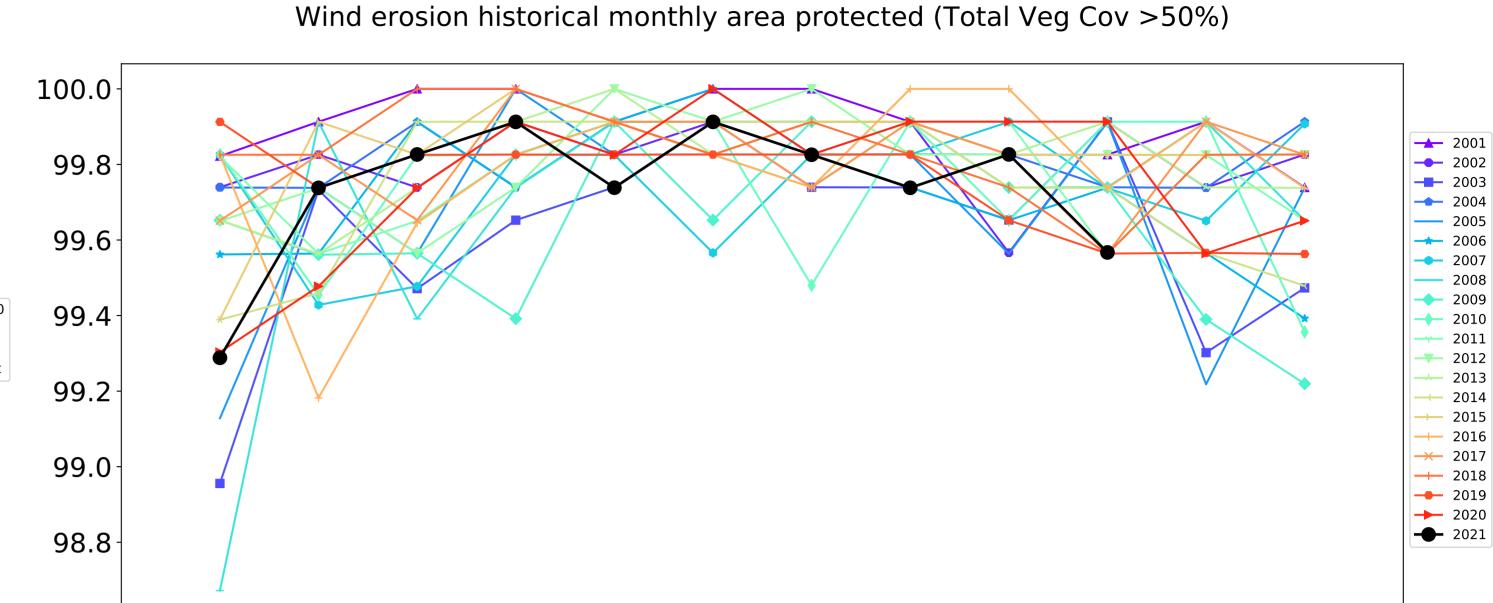




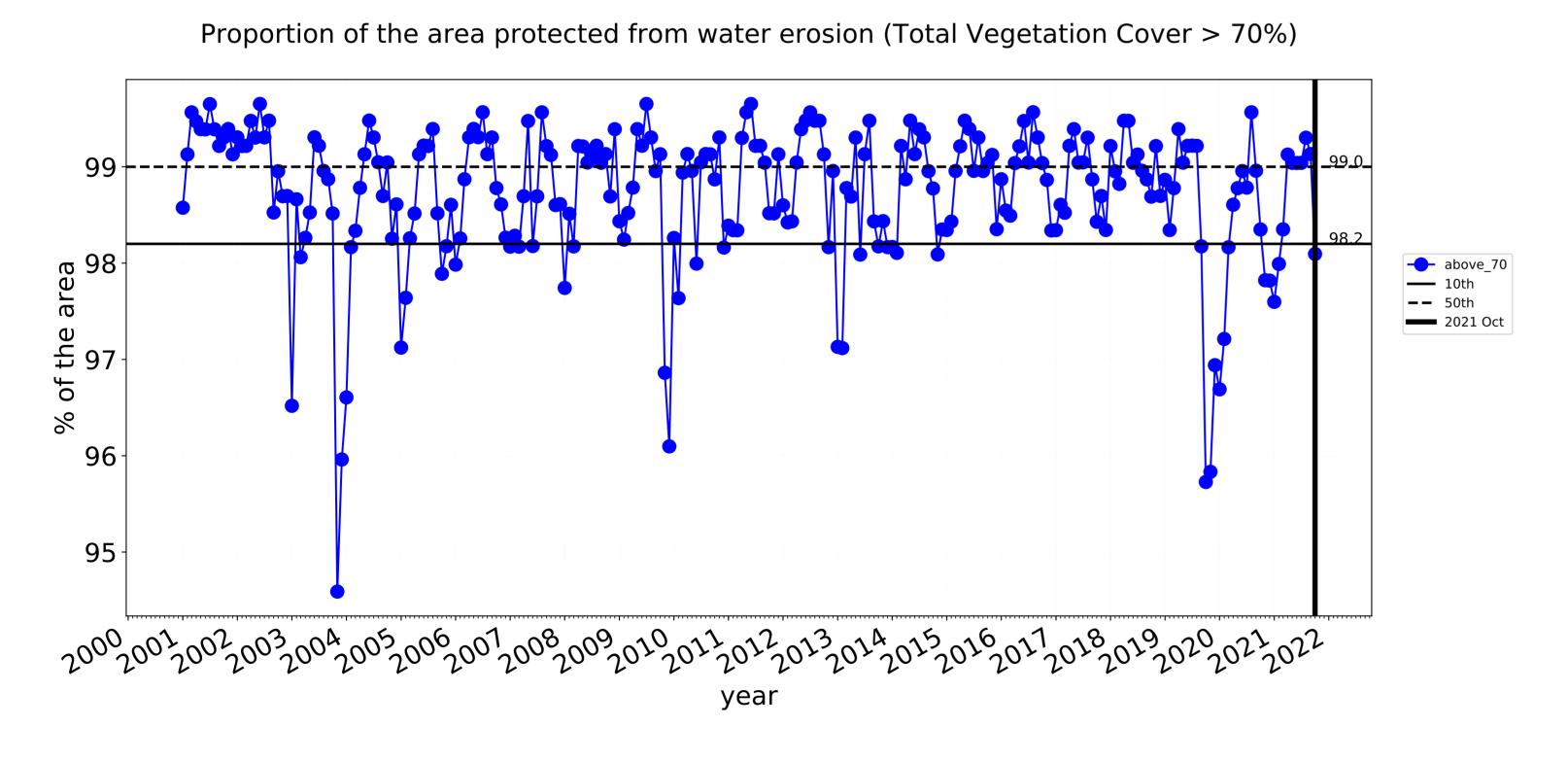


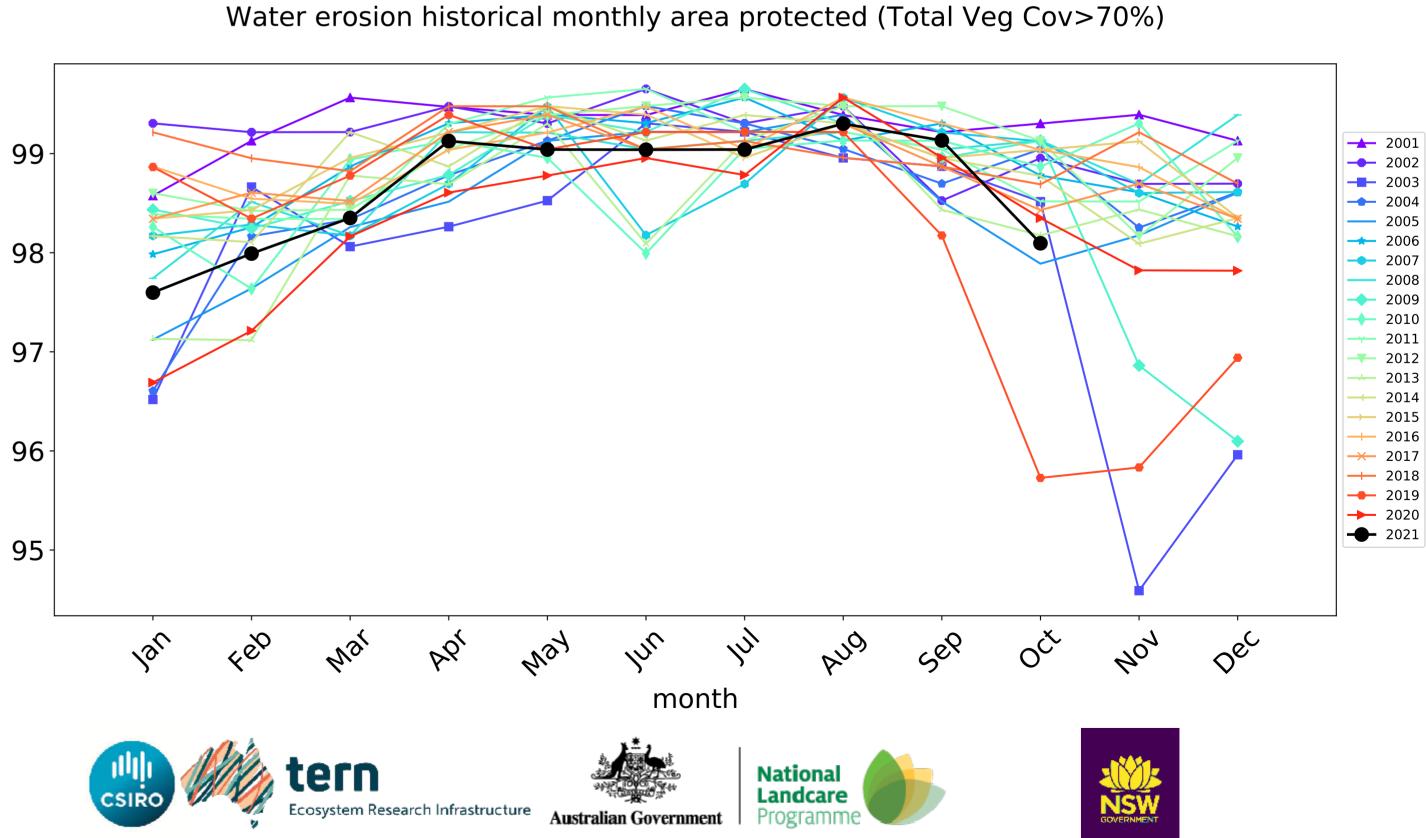
### **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

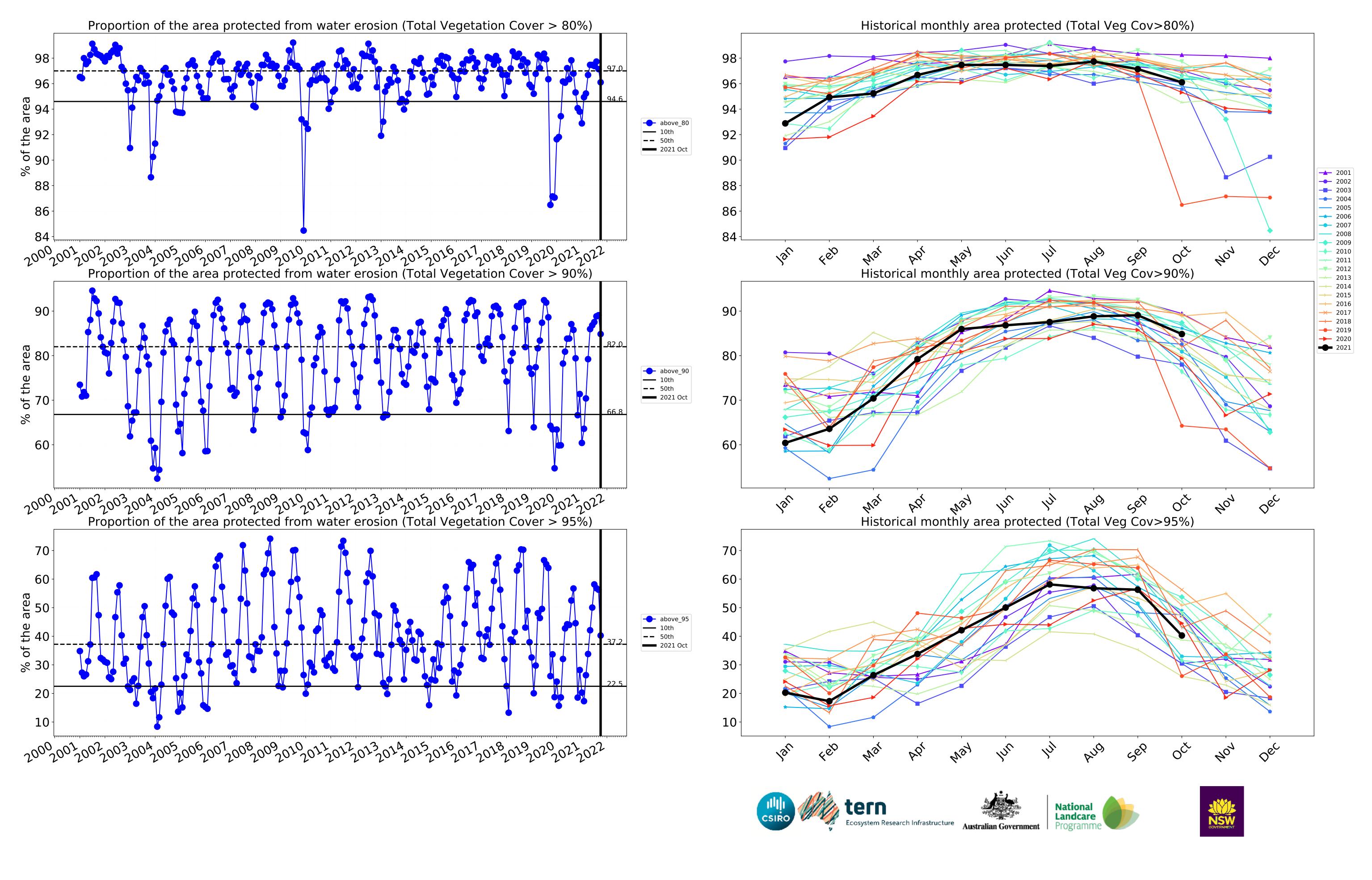




month







### **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

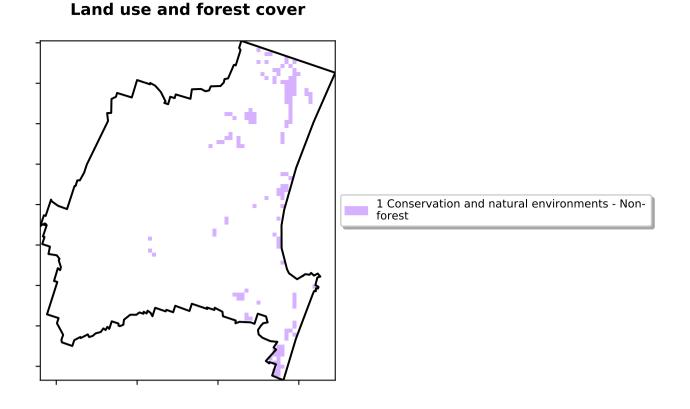
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

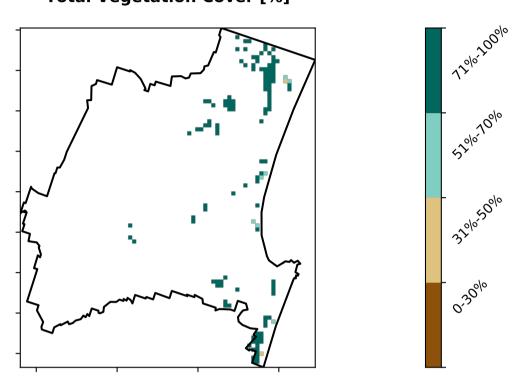
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

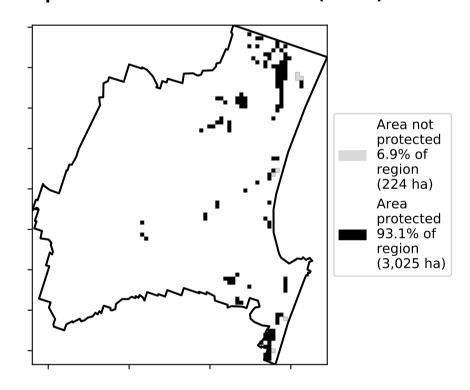
is only for the month of the map



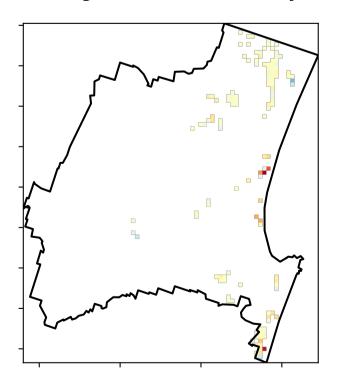
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

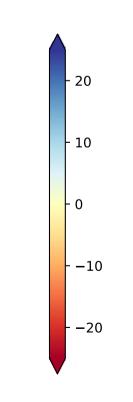


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



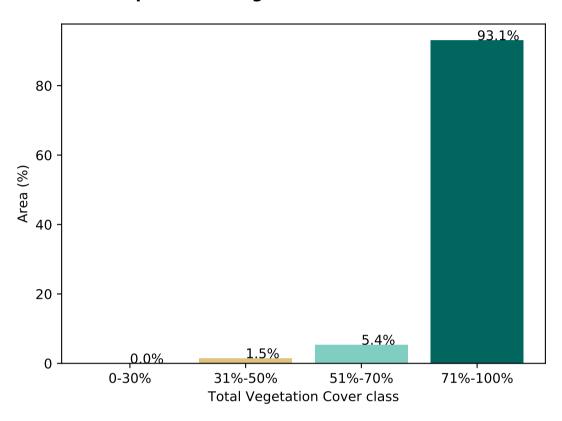
### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



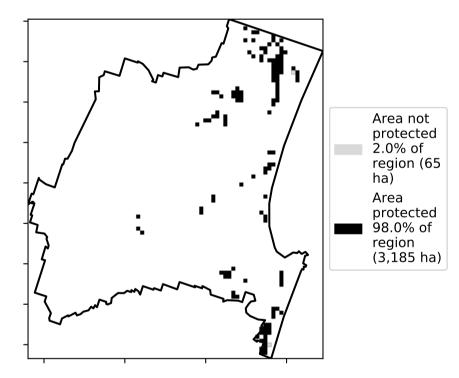


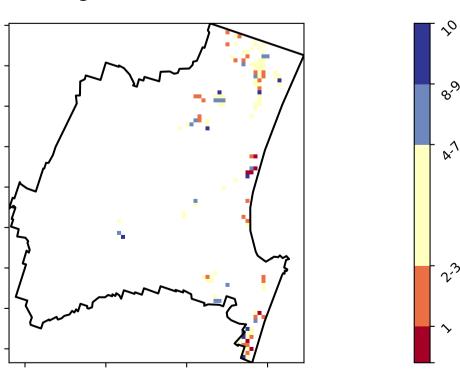
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









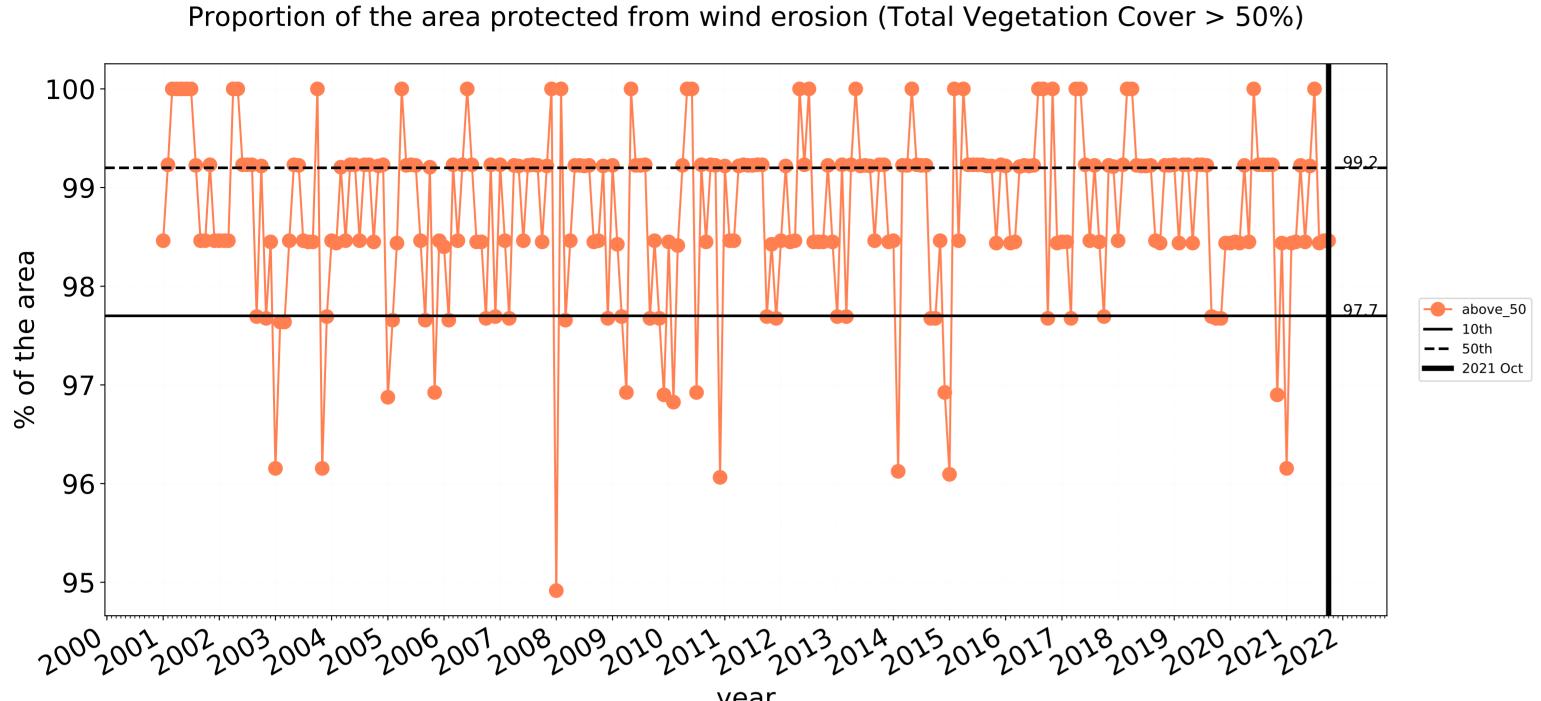


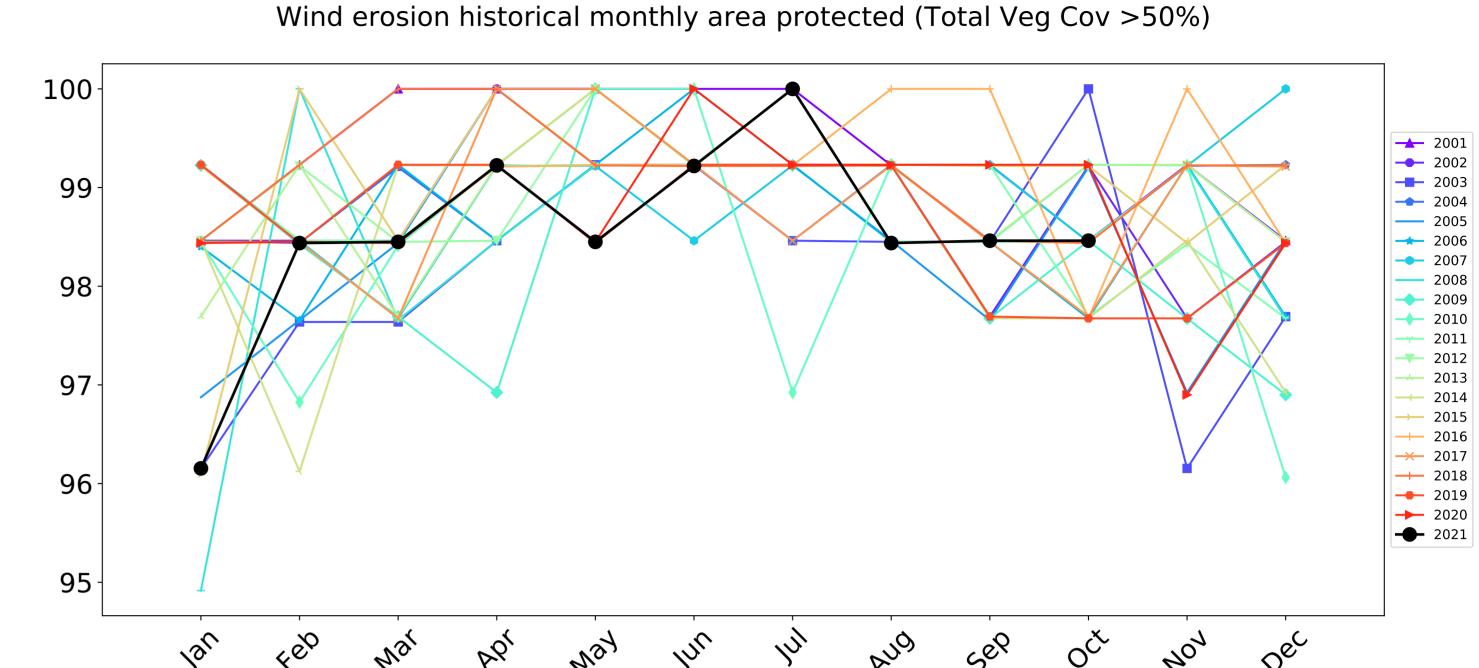




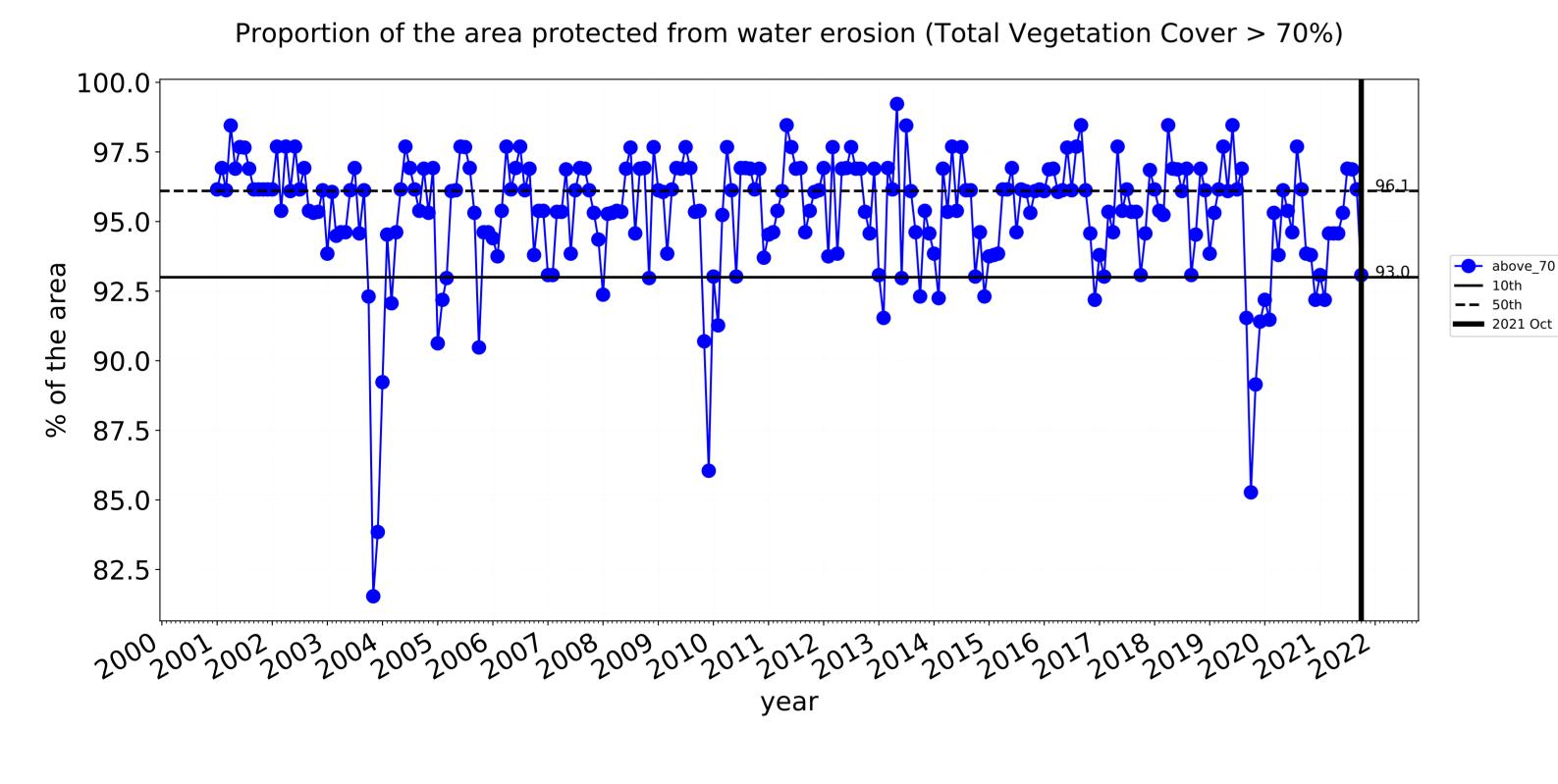


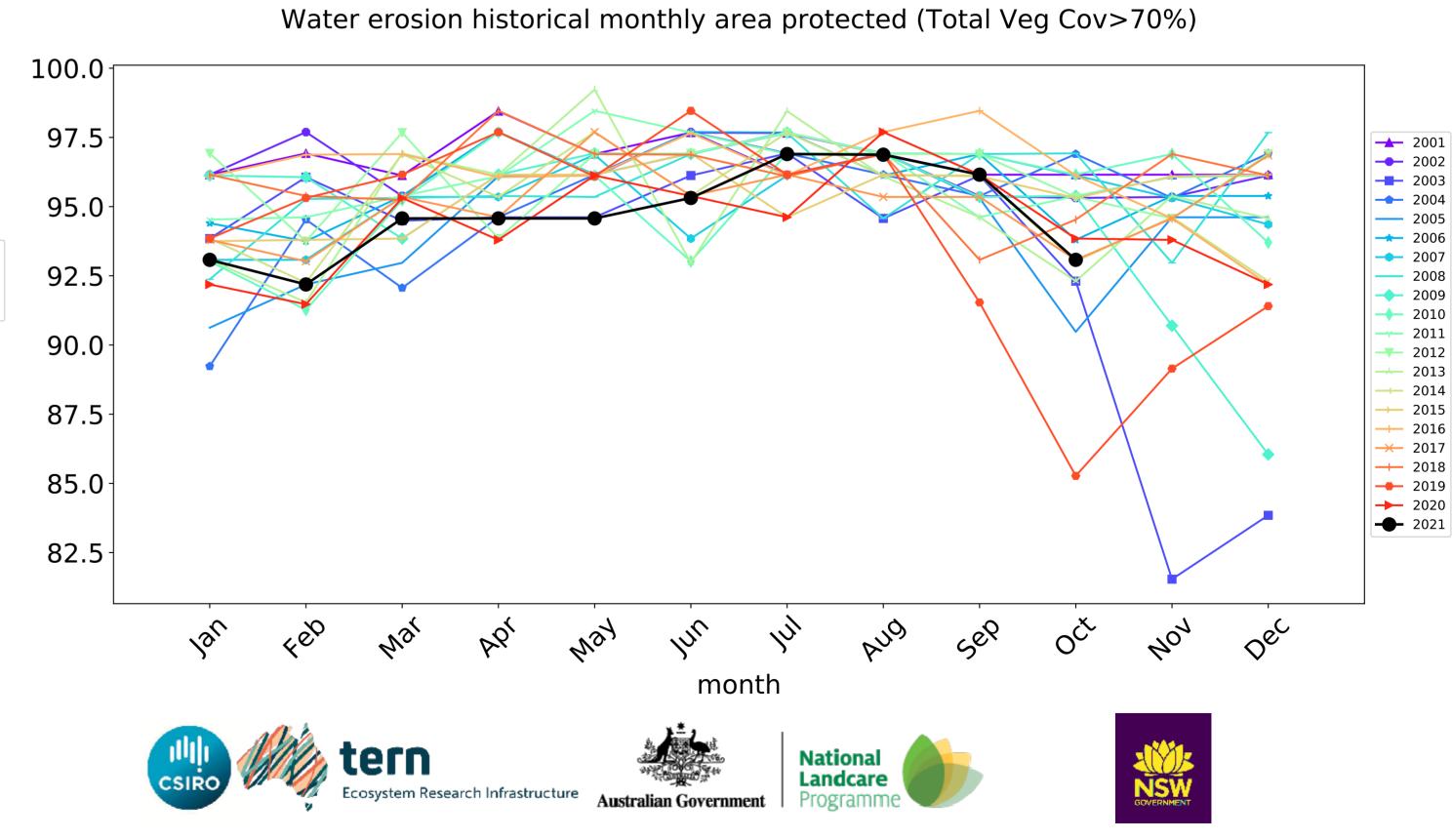
### Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries

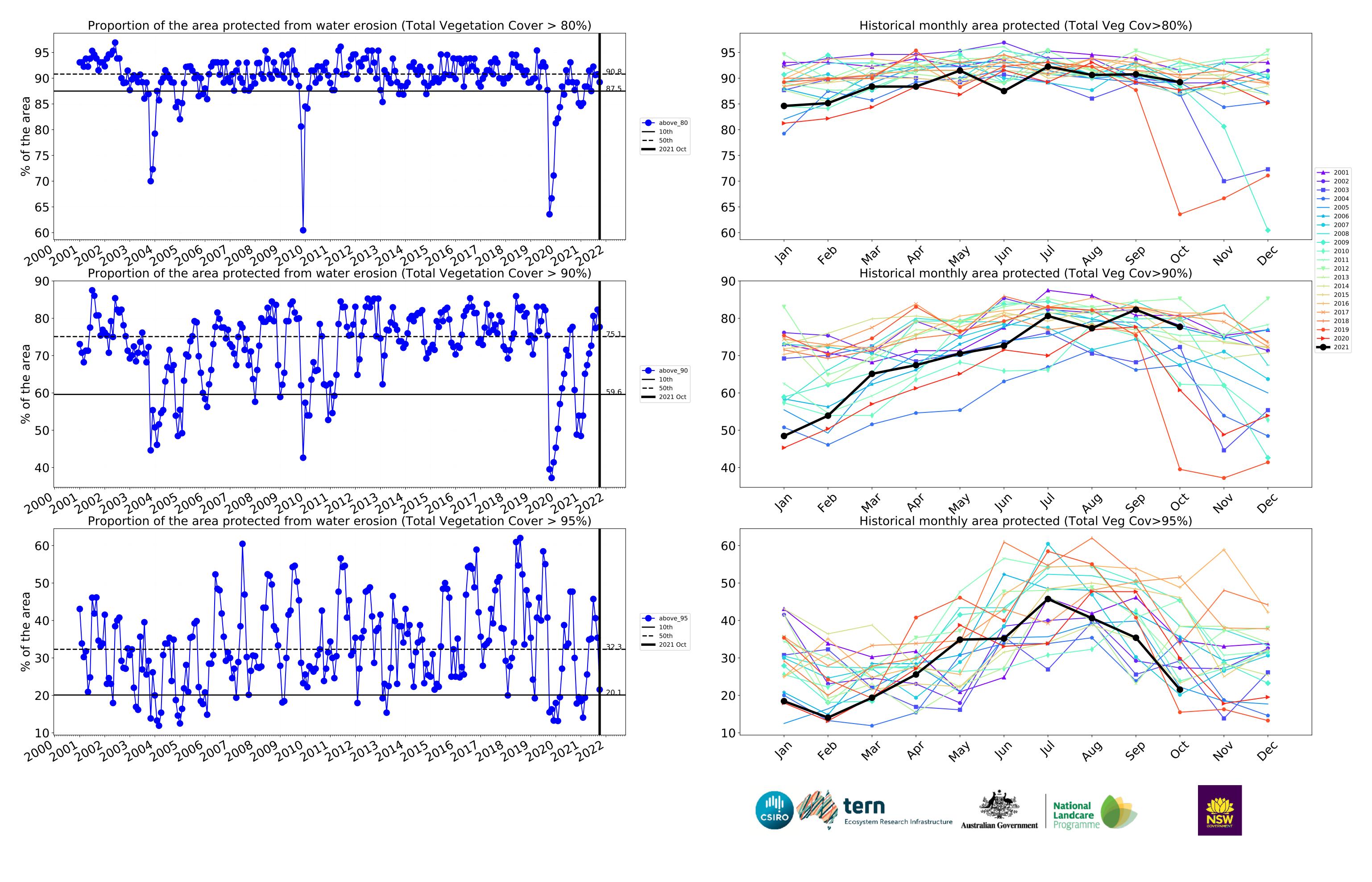




month







### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

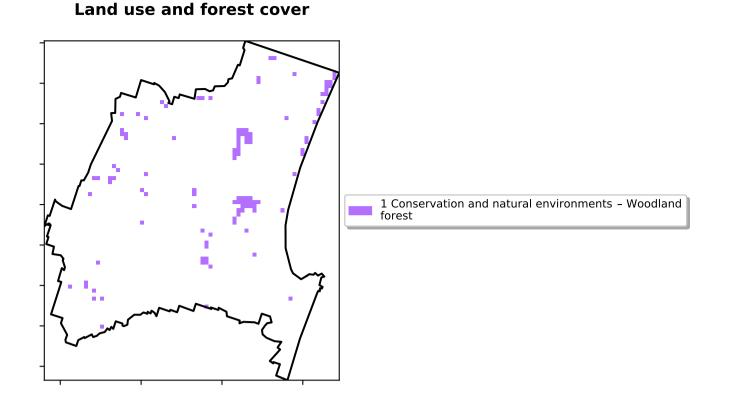
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the mean. That

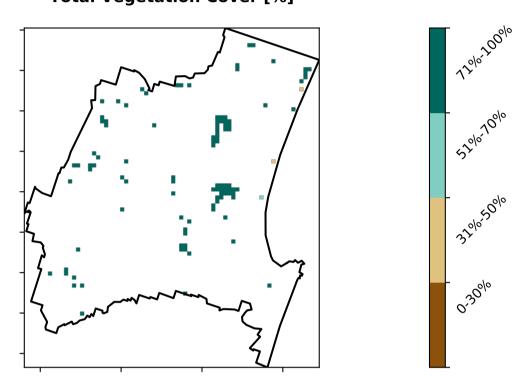
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

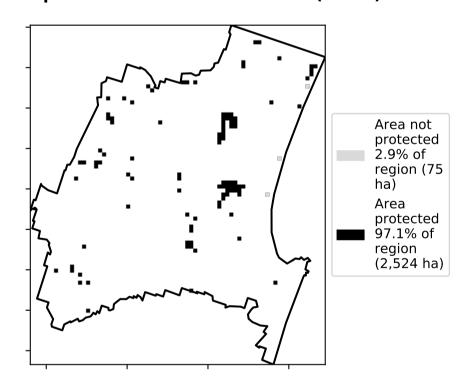
is only for the month of the map



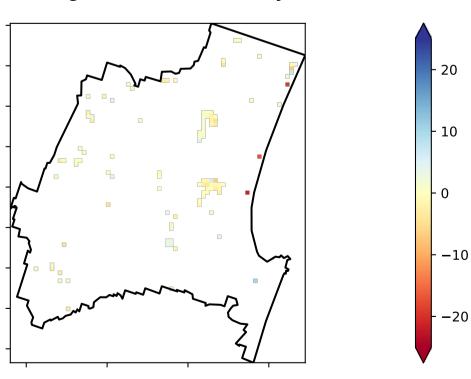
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

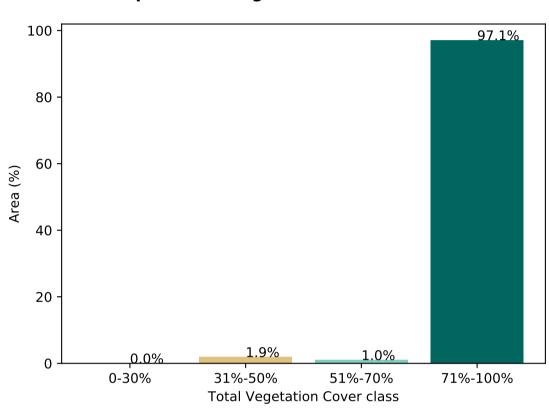


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

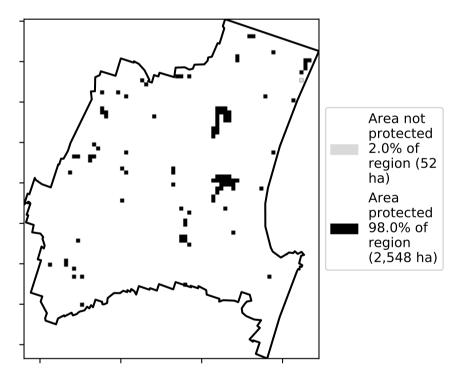


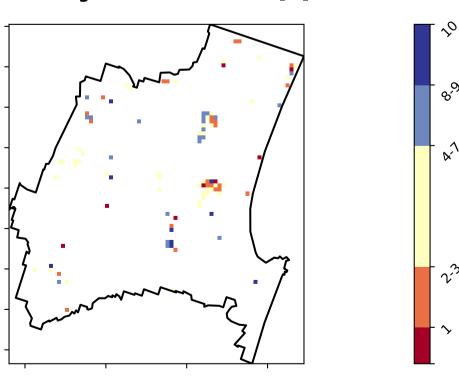
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### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









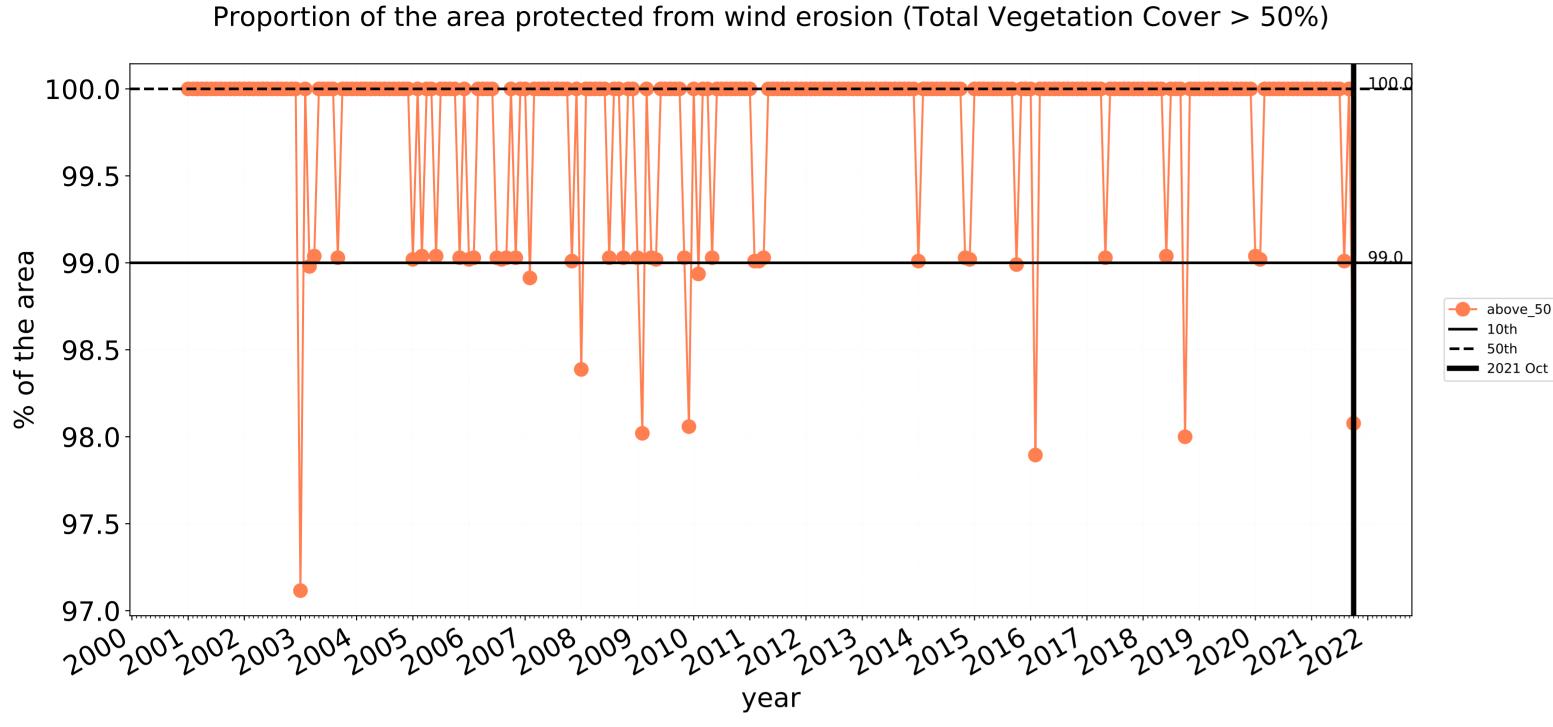


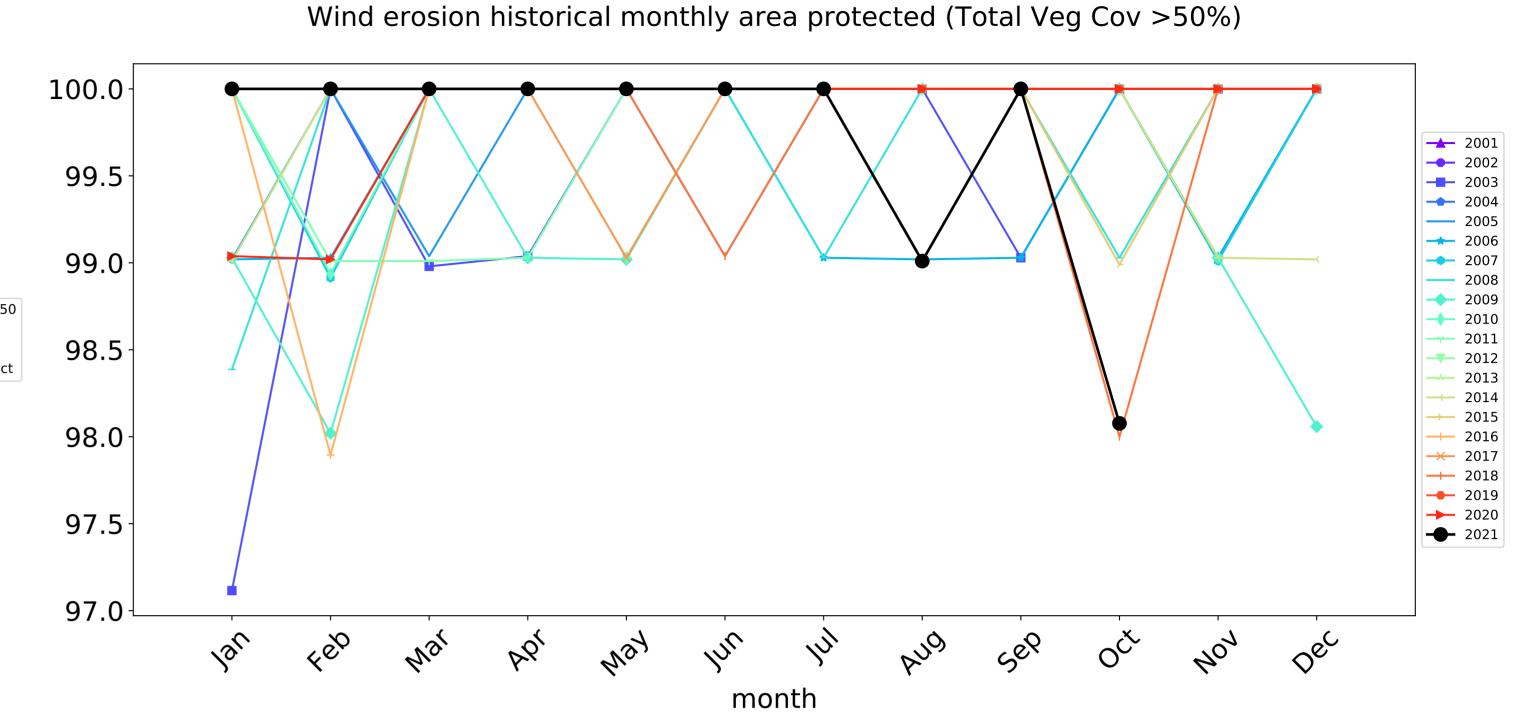


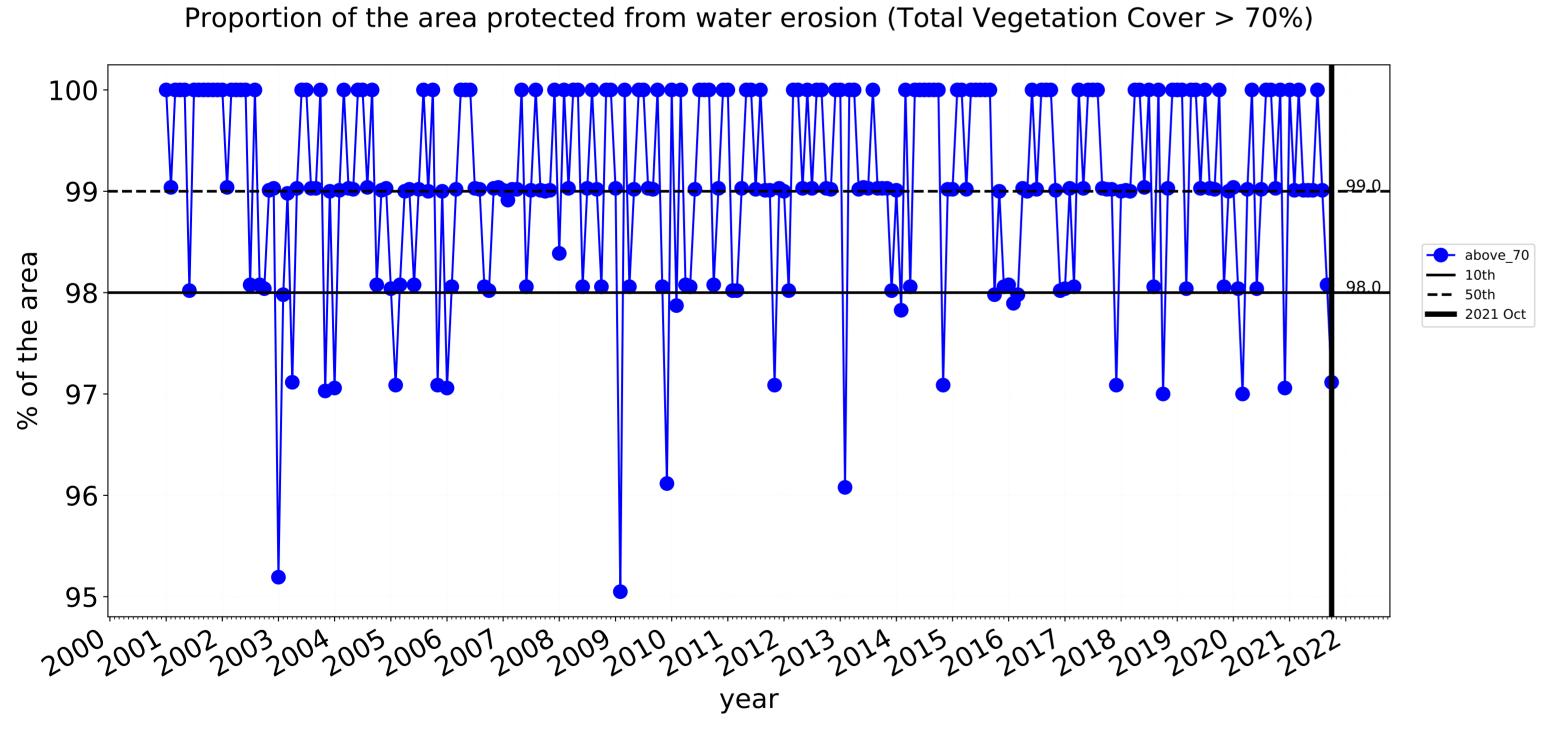


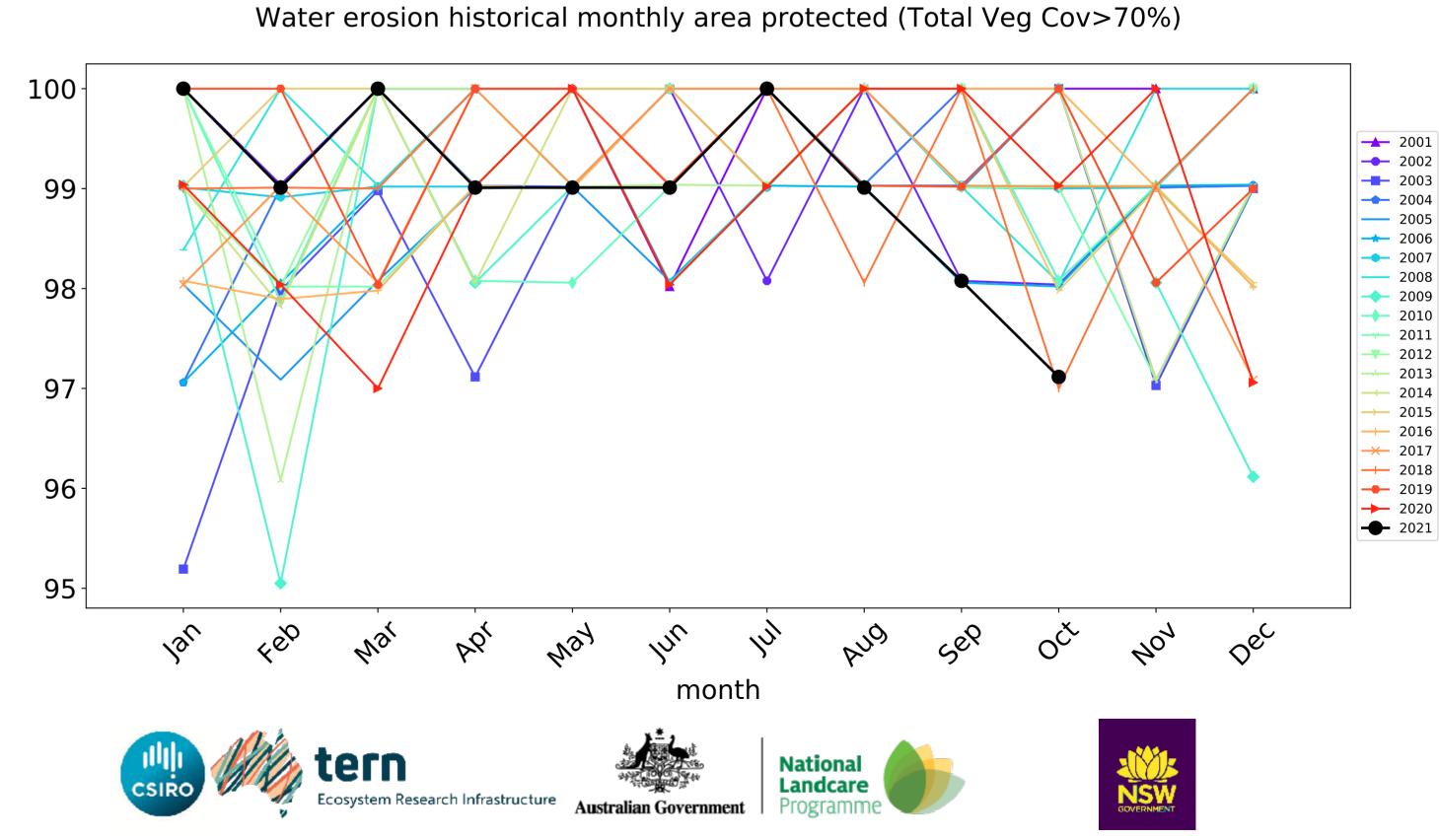


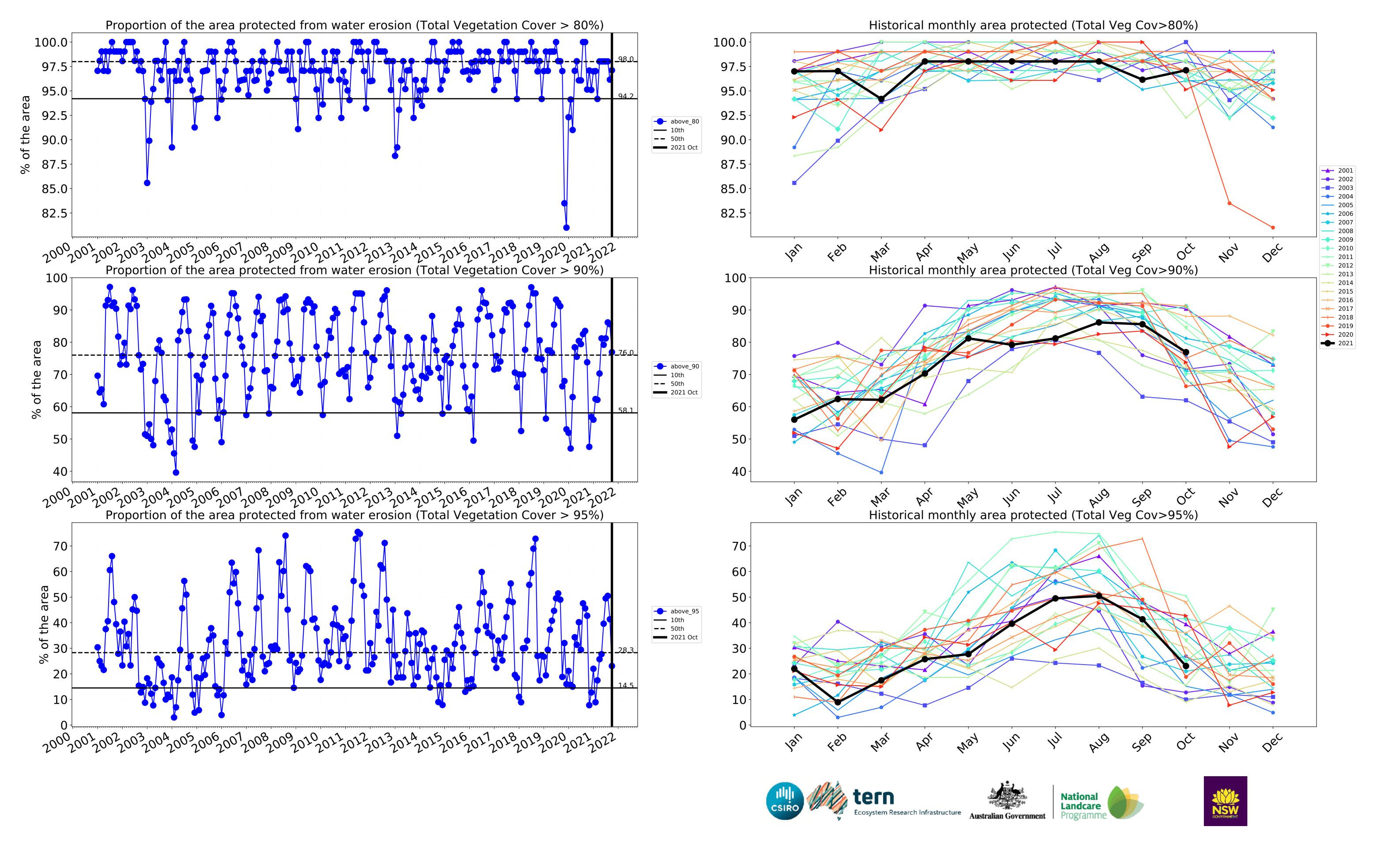
### **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**











### **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

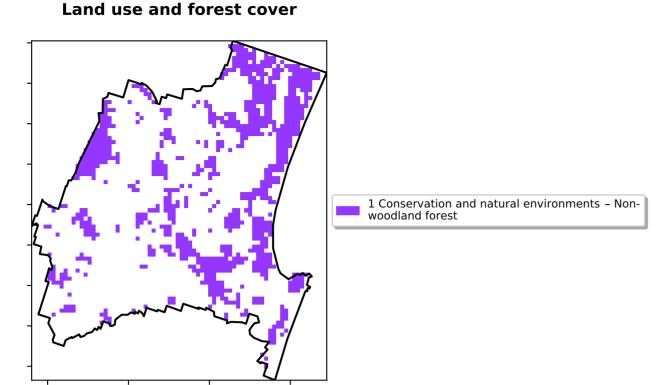
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

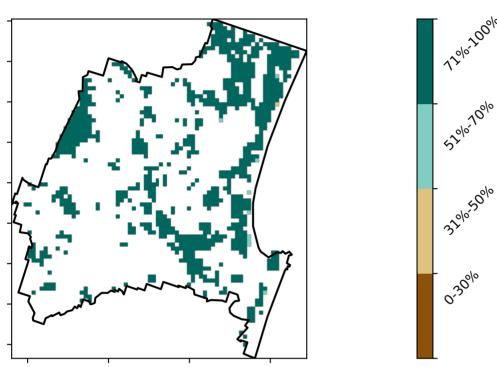
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean

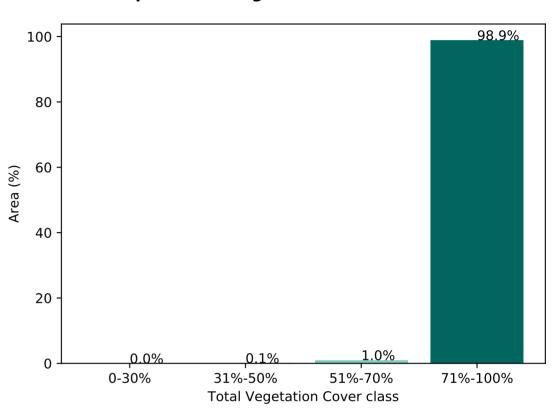
is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



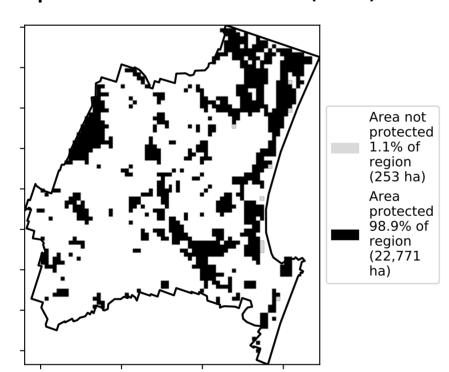
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



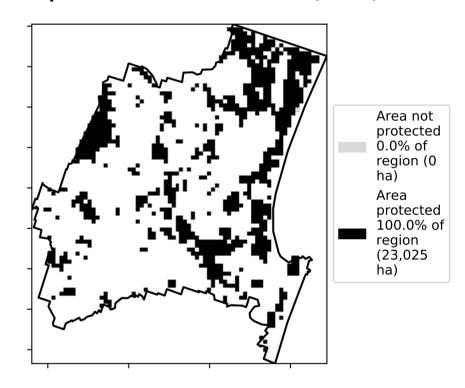
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



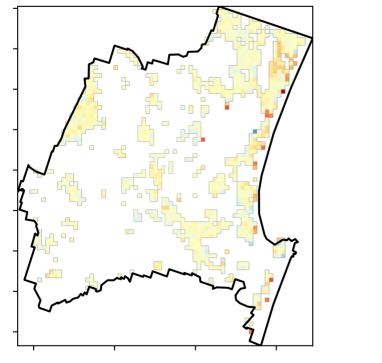
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

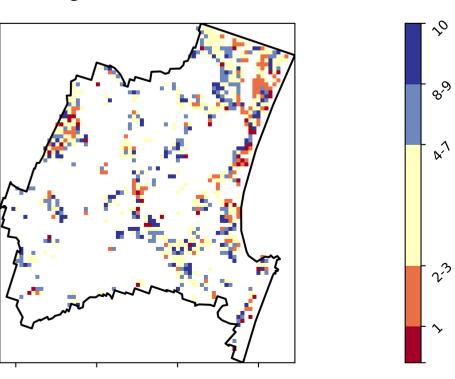


### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



- 20 - 10 - 0 - -10 - -20

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





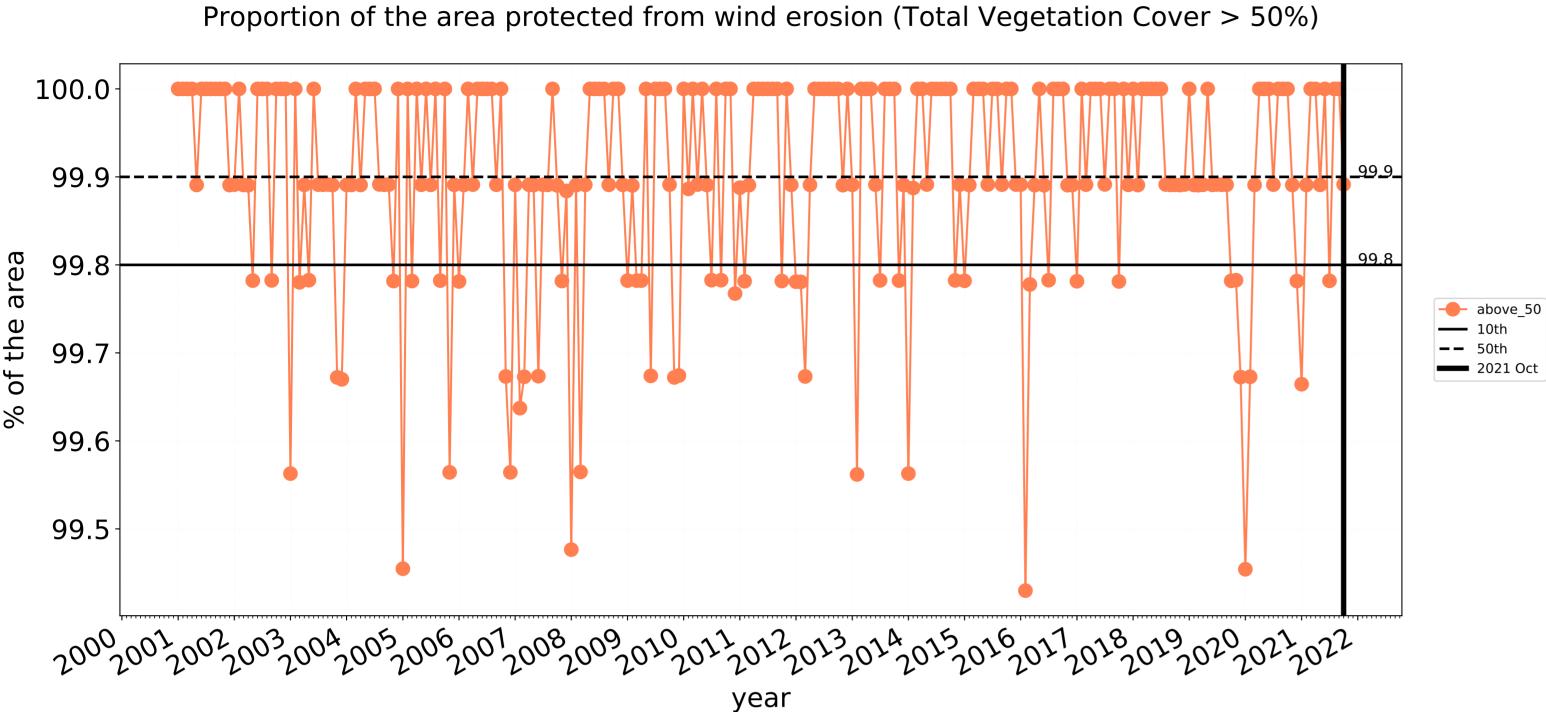


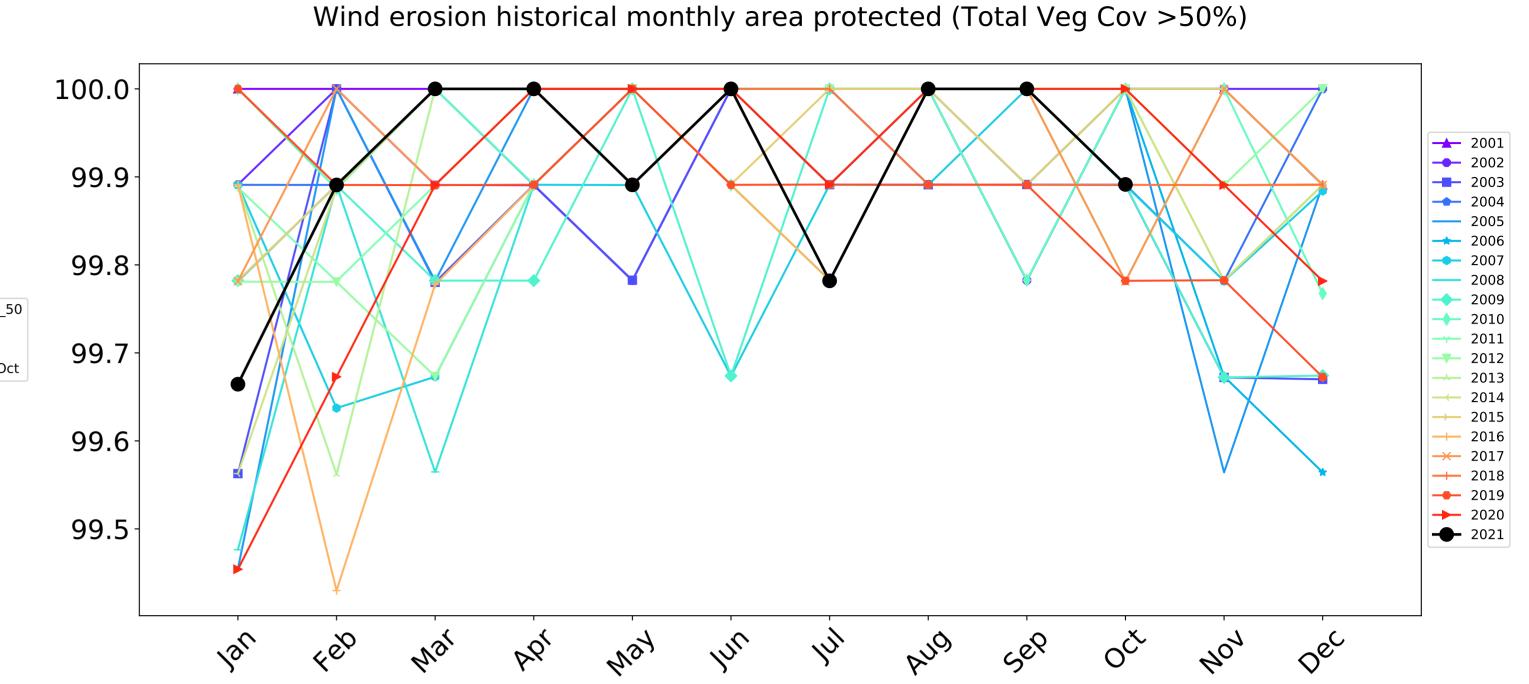




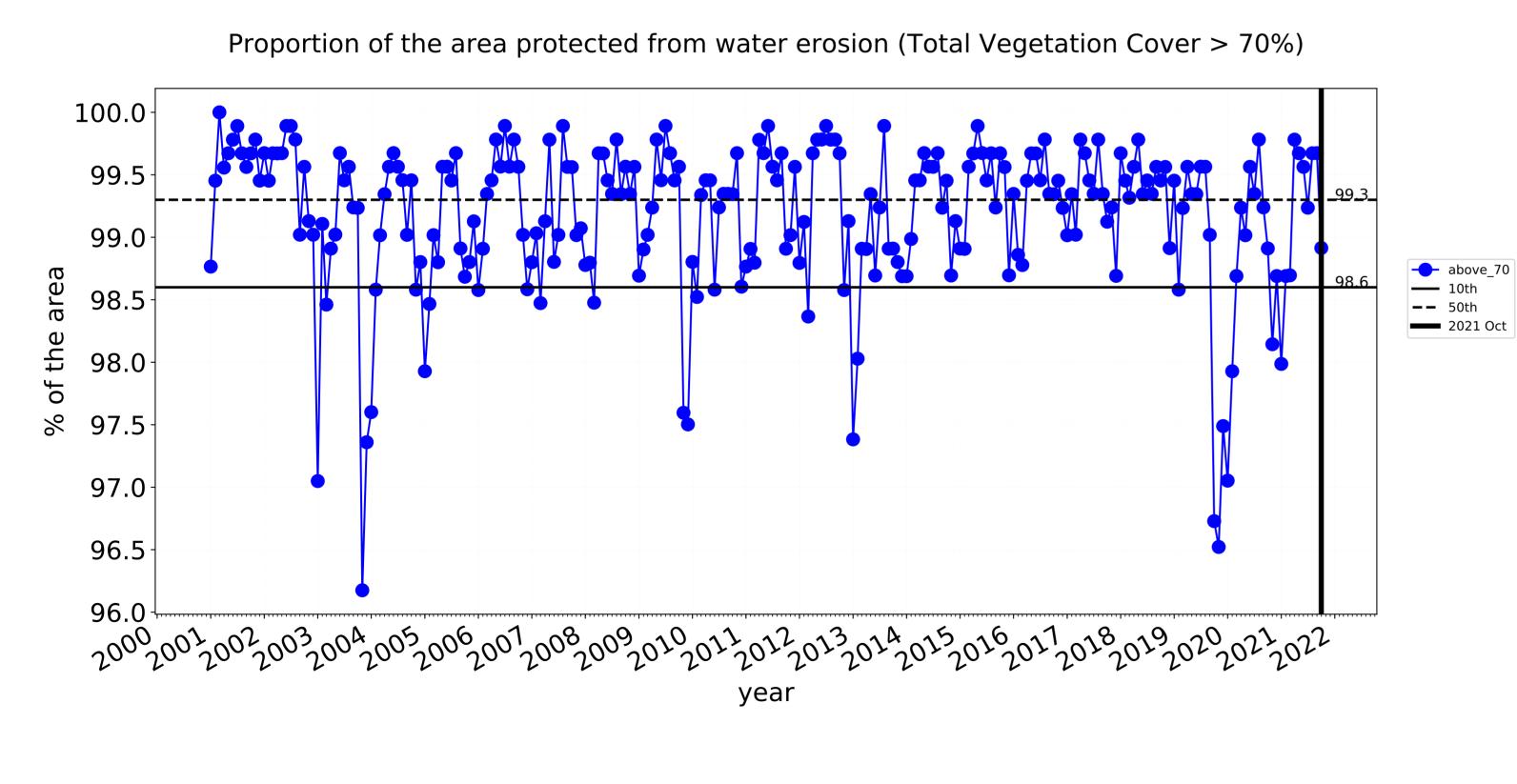


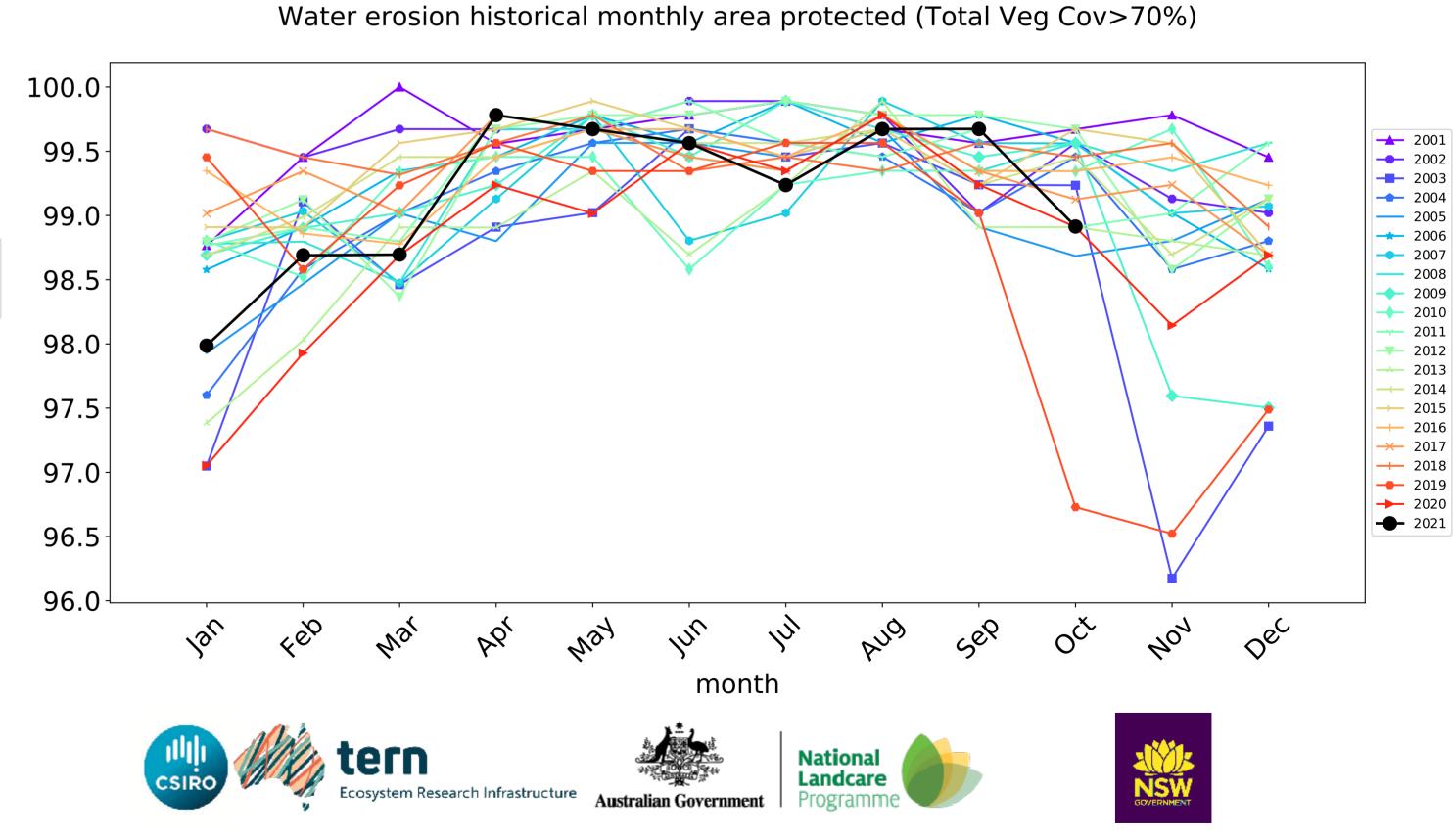


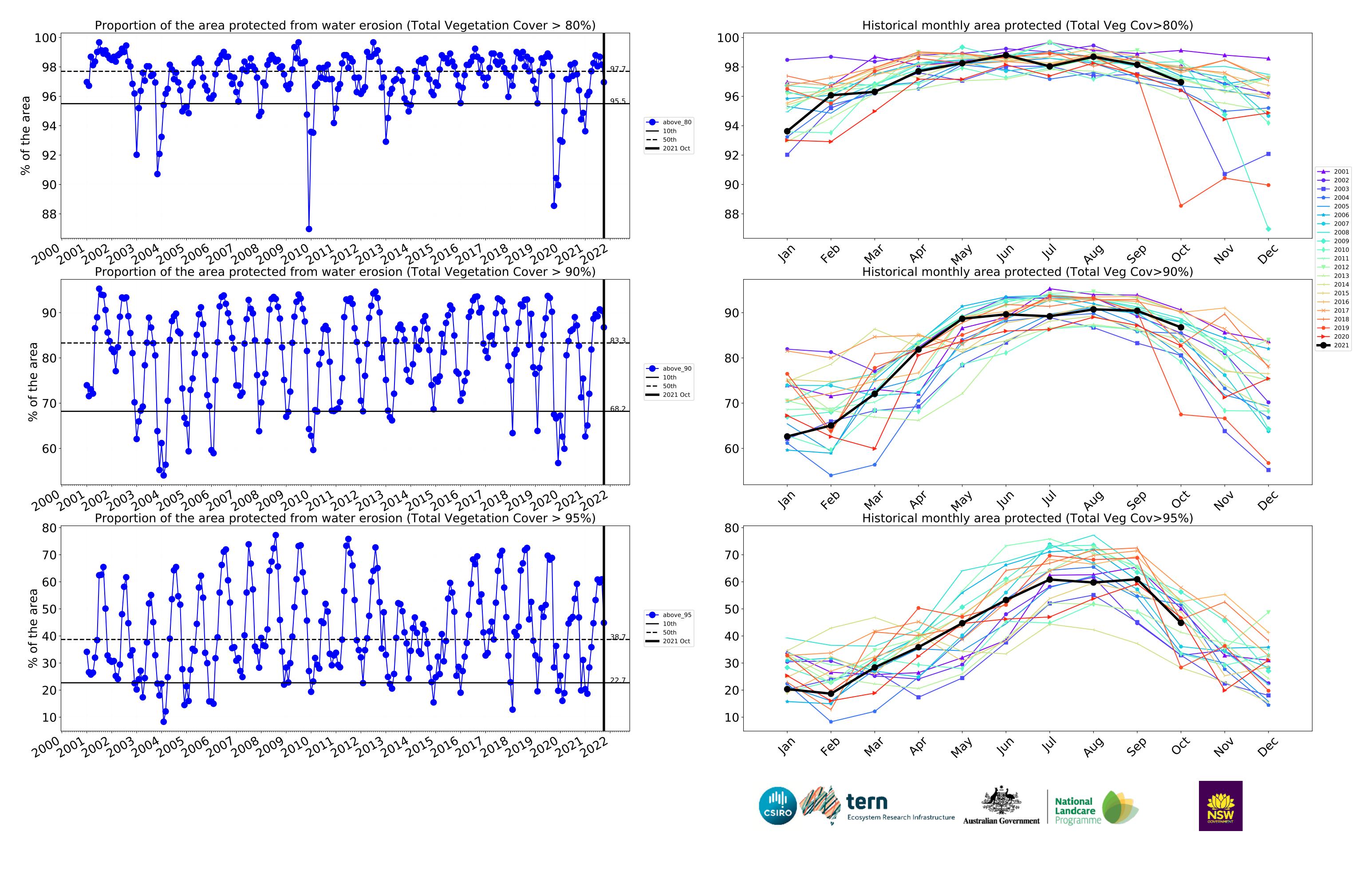




month







### **Agriculture**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

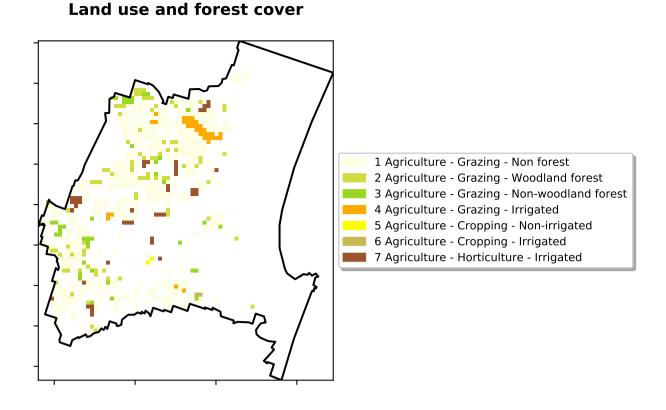
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

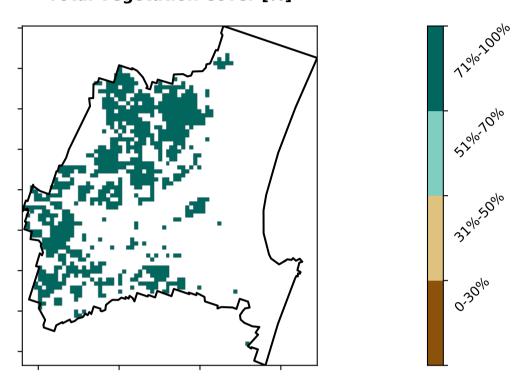
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

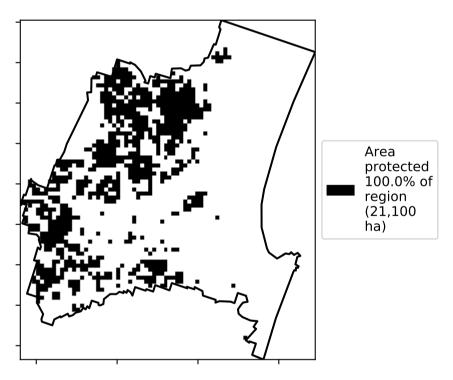
is only for the month of the map



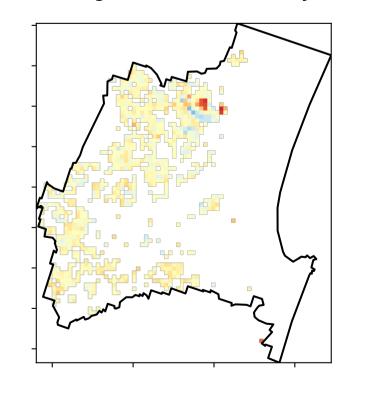
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

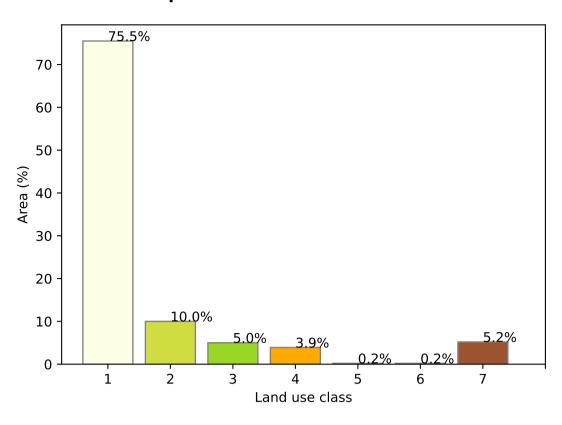


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

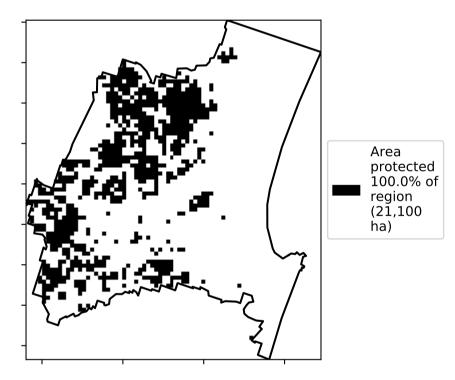
### **Proportion of each land class in area**



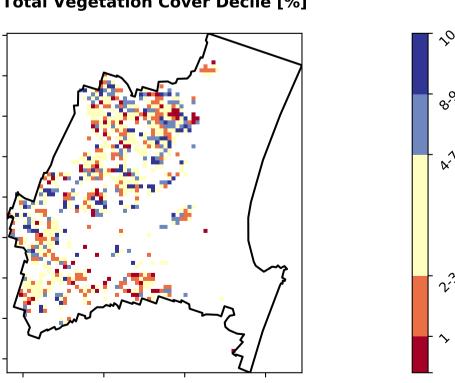
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**











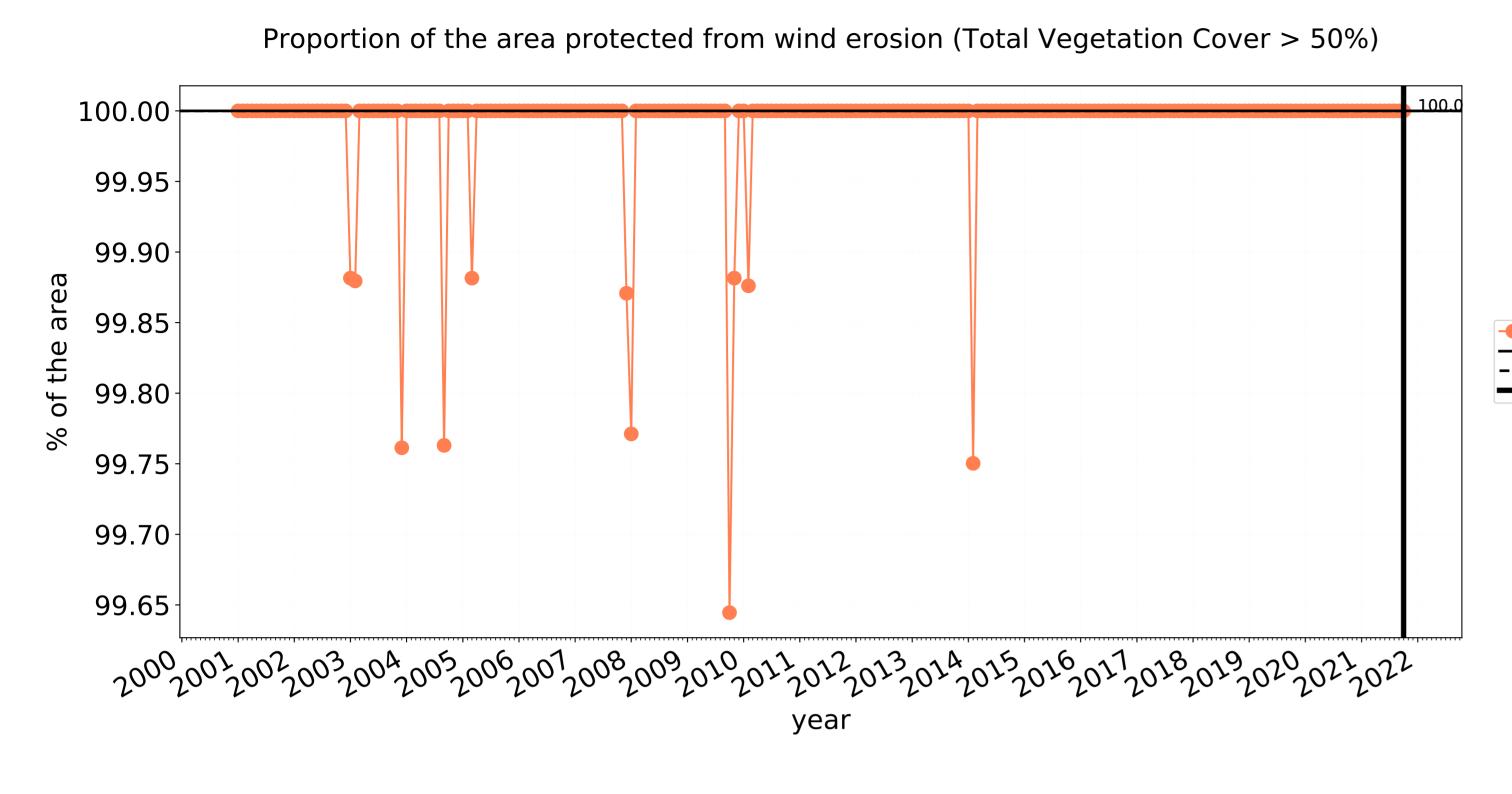
- 20

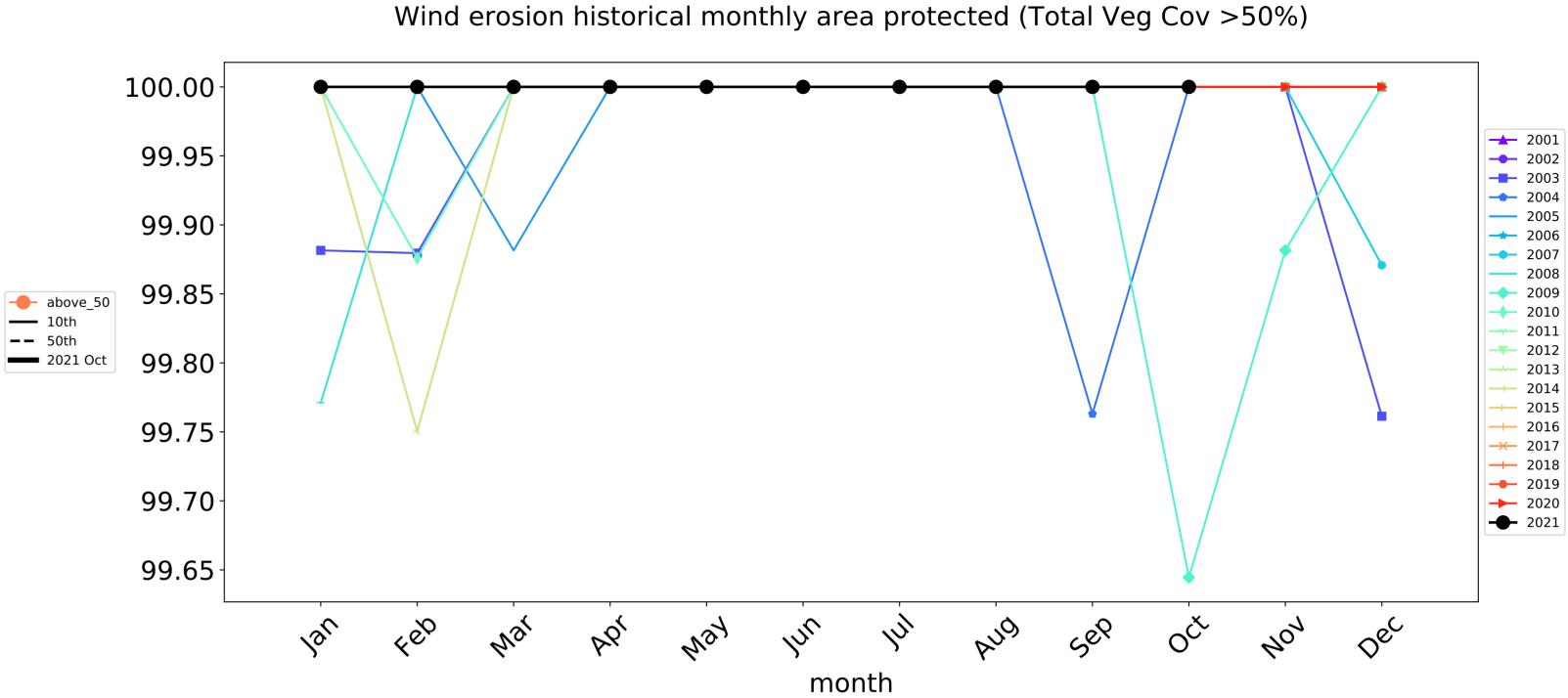
- 10

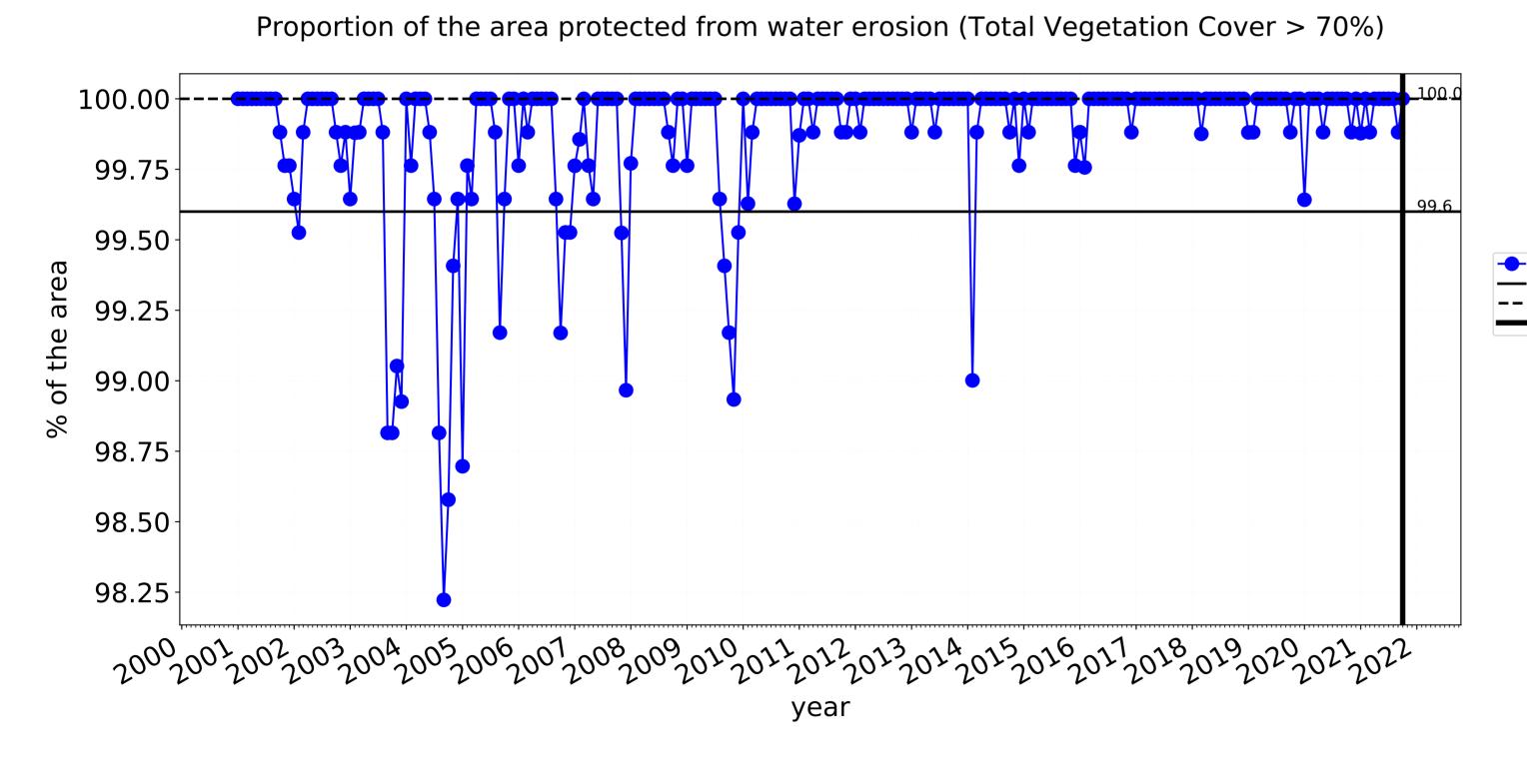
-10

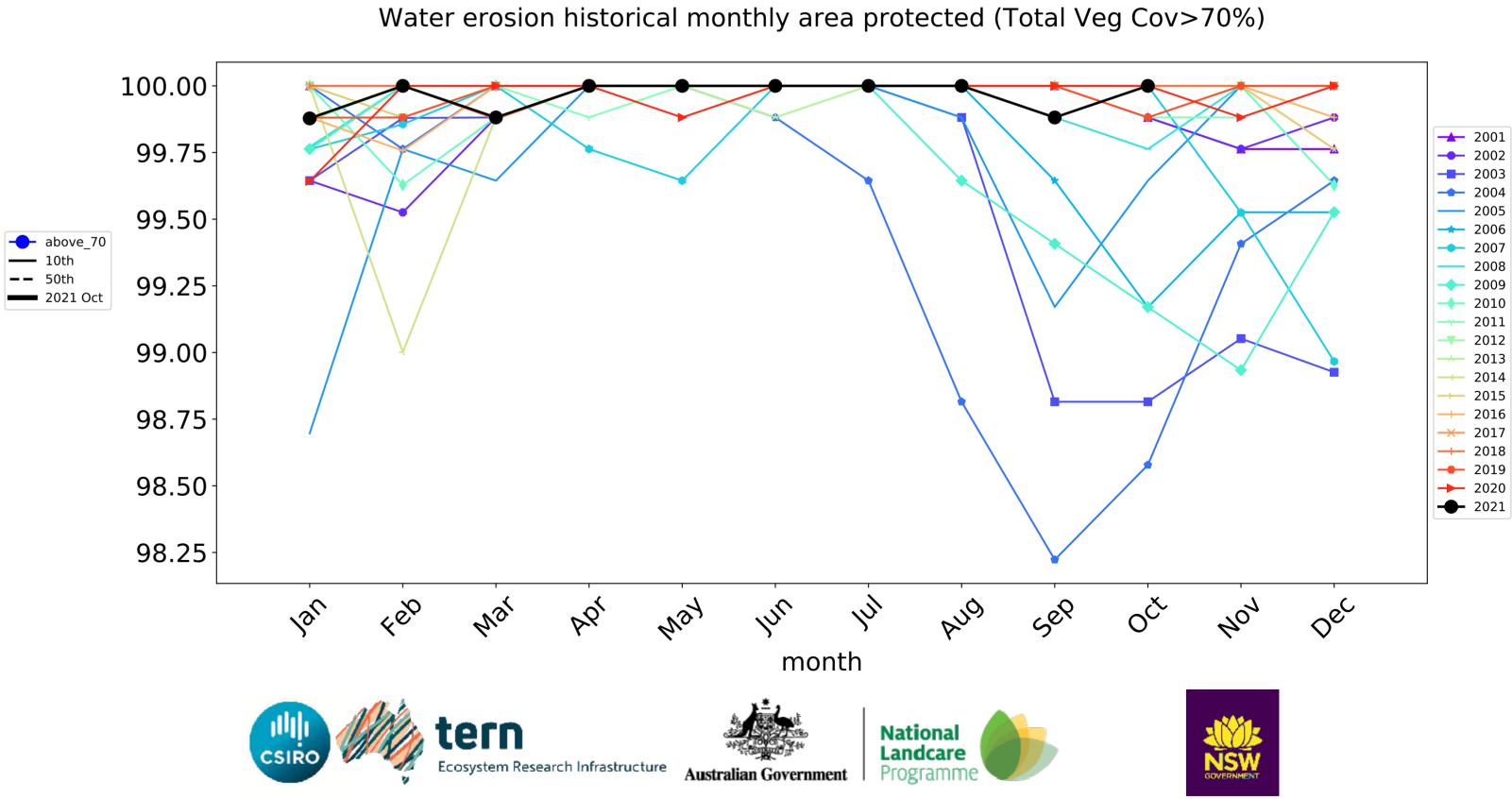
**-**20

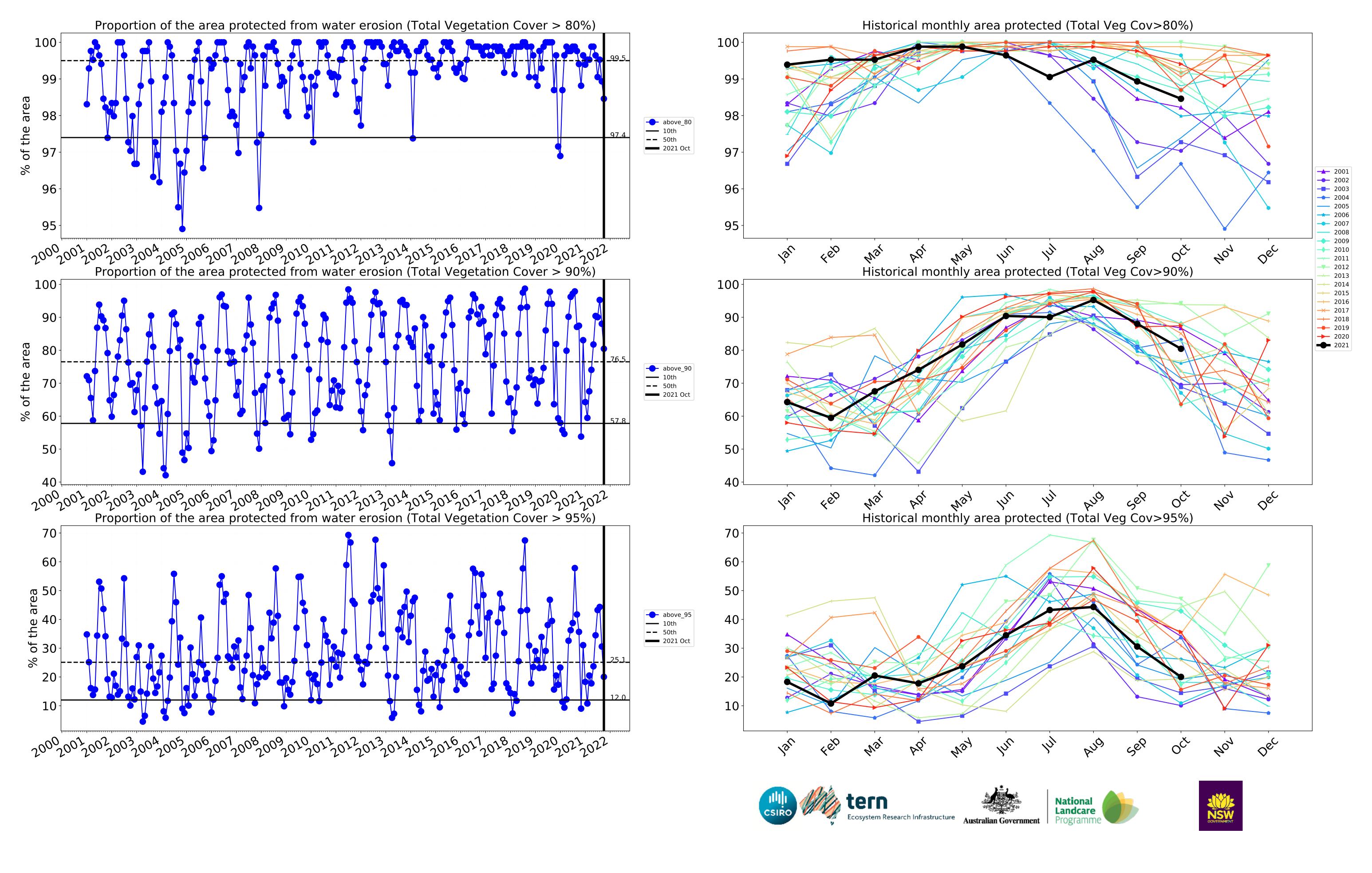
### **Agriculture timeseries**











### **Grazing**

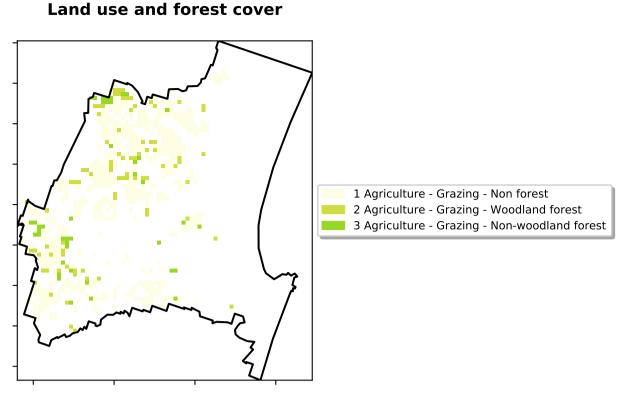
### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

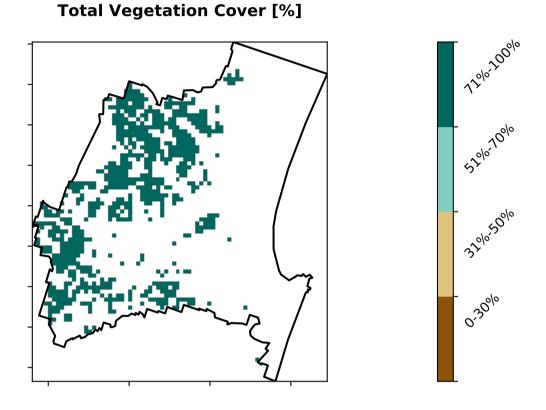
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

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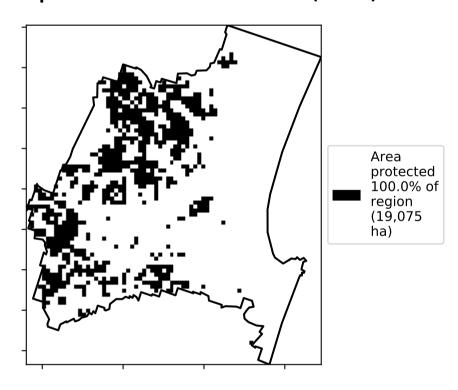
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

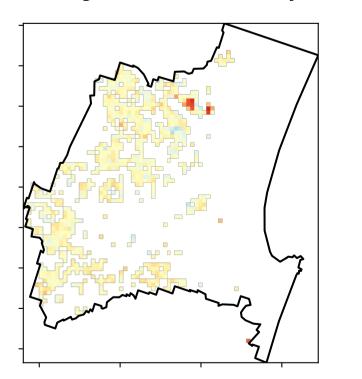


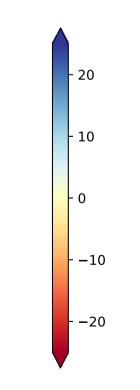


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



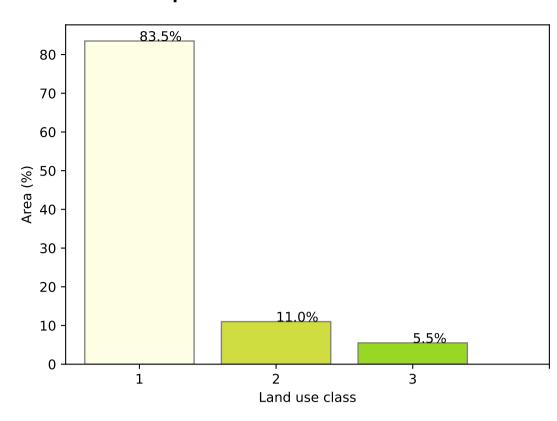
### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



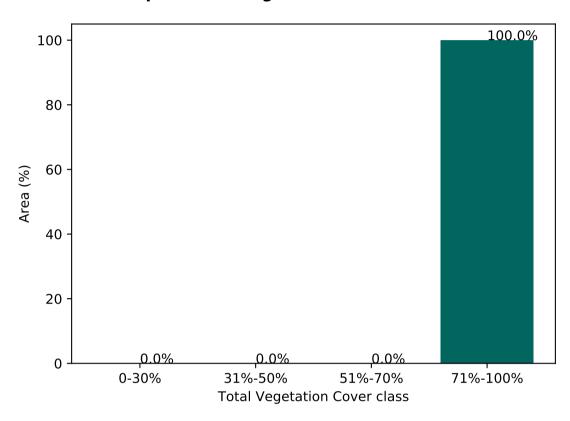


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

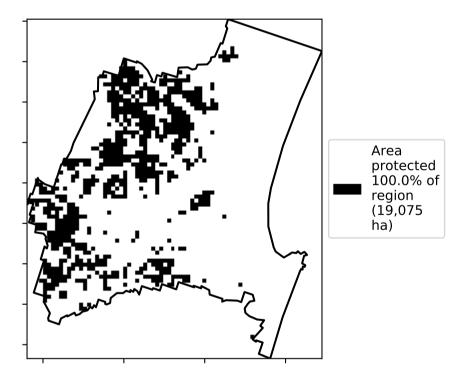
### Proportion of each land class in area

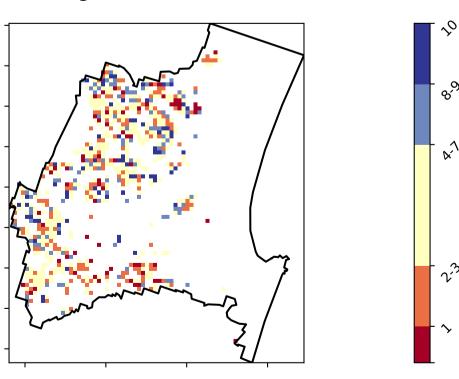


### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









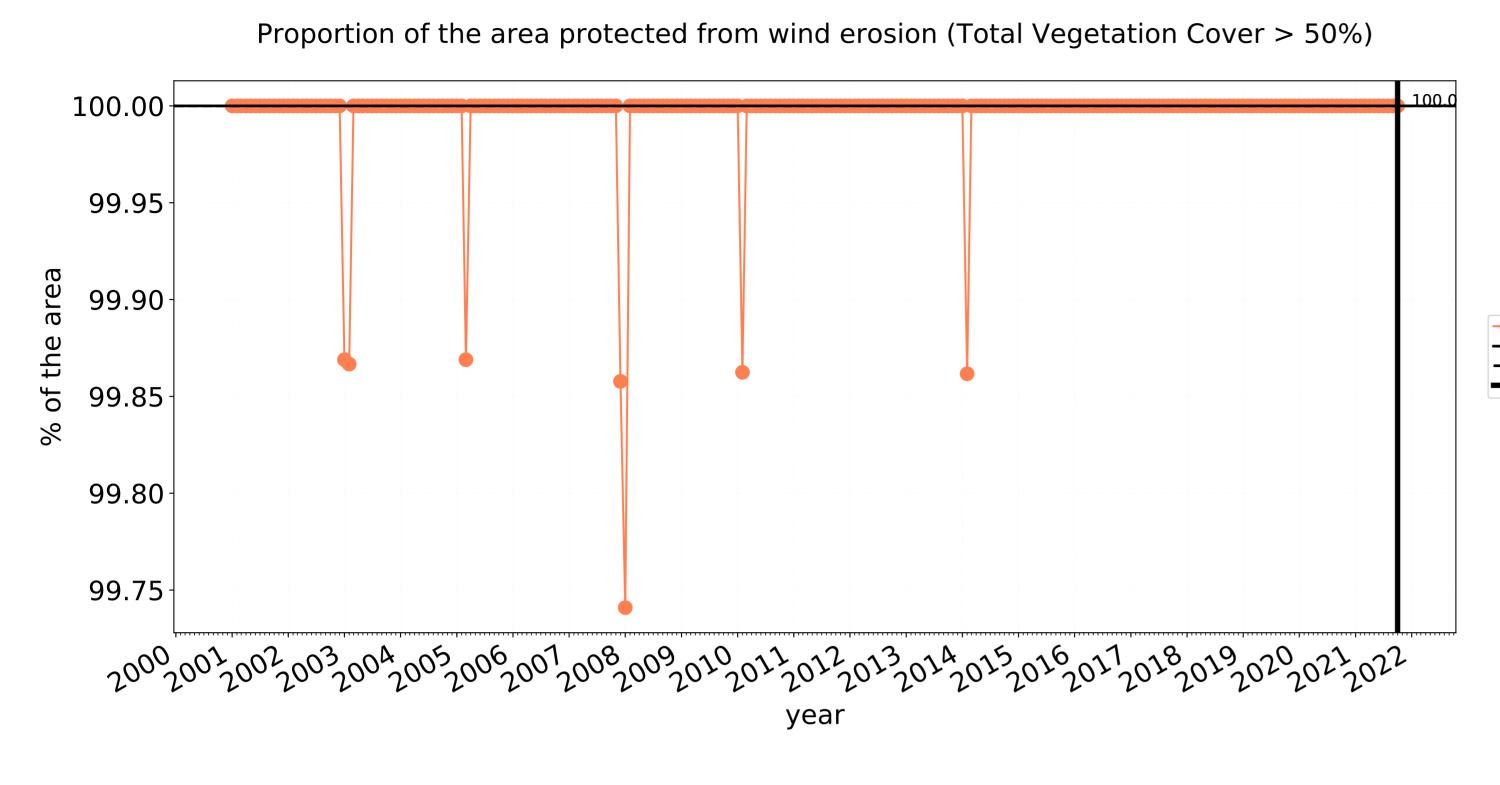


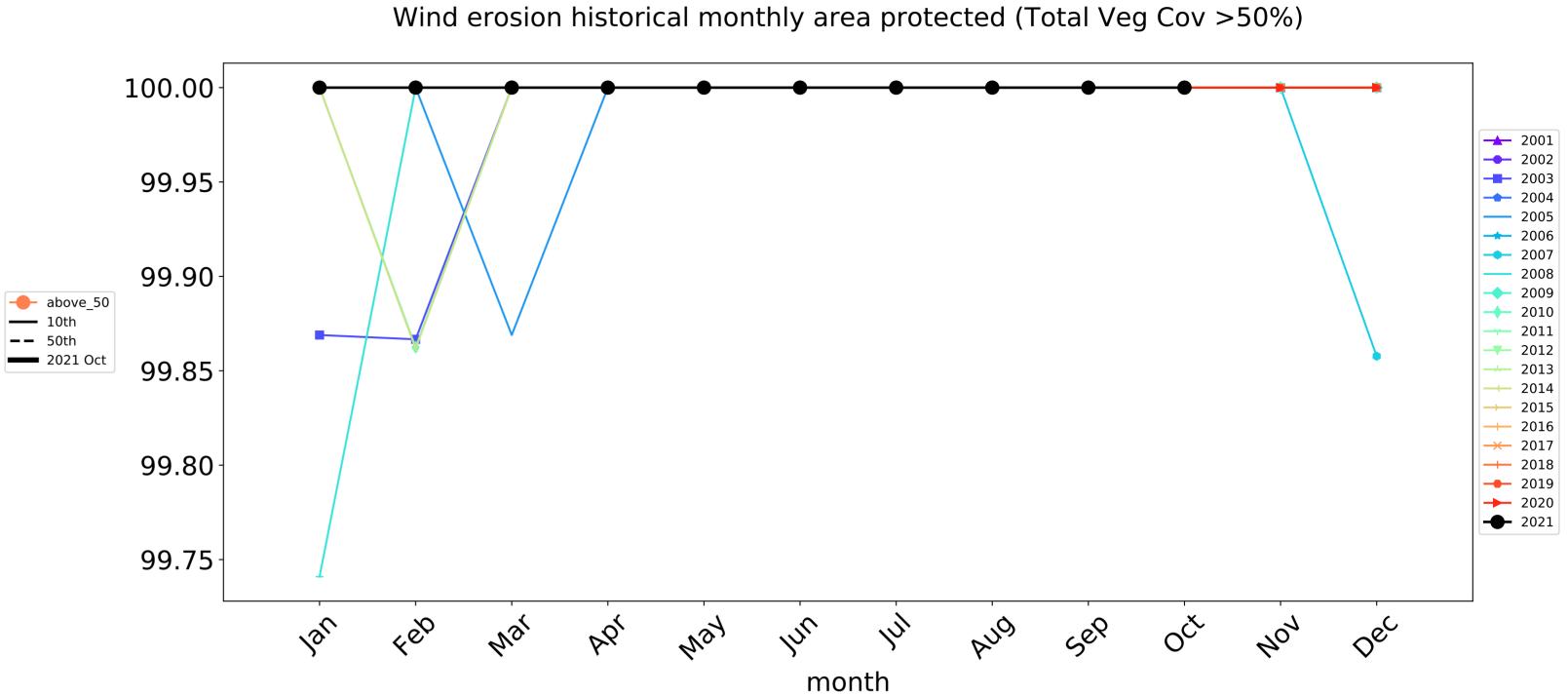


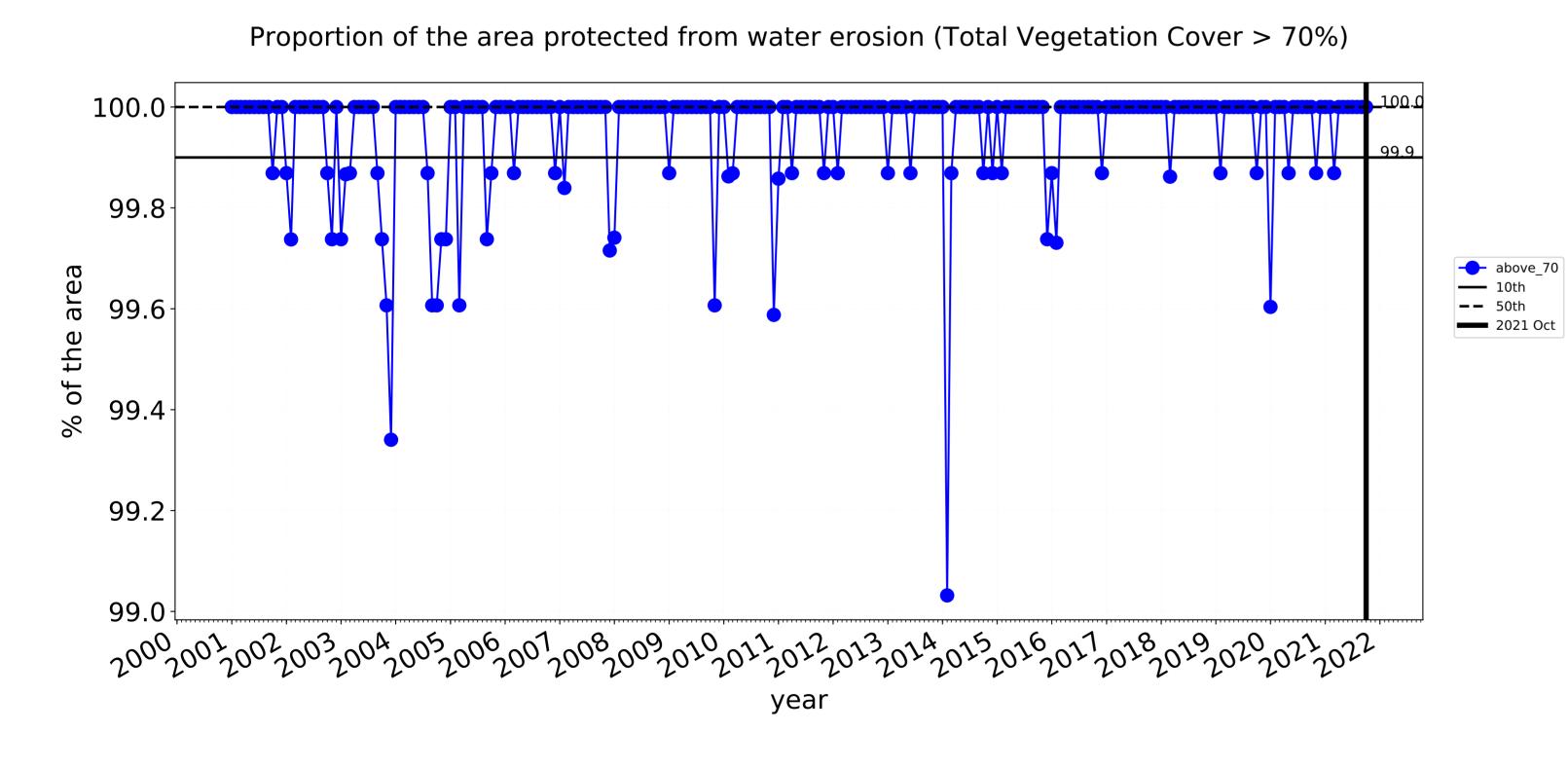


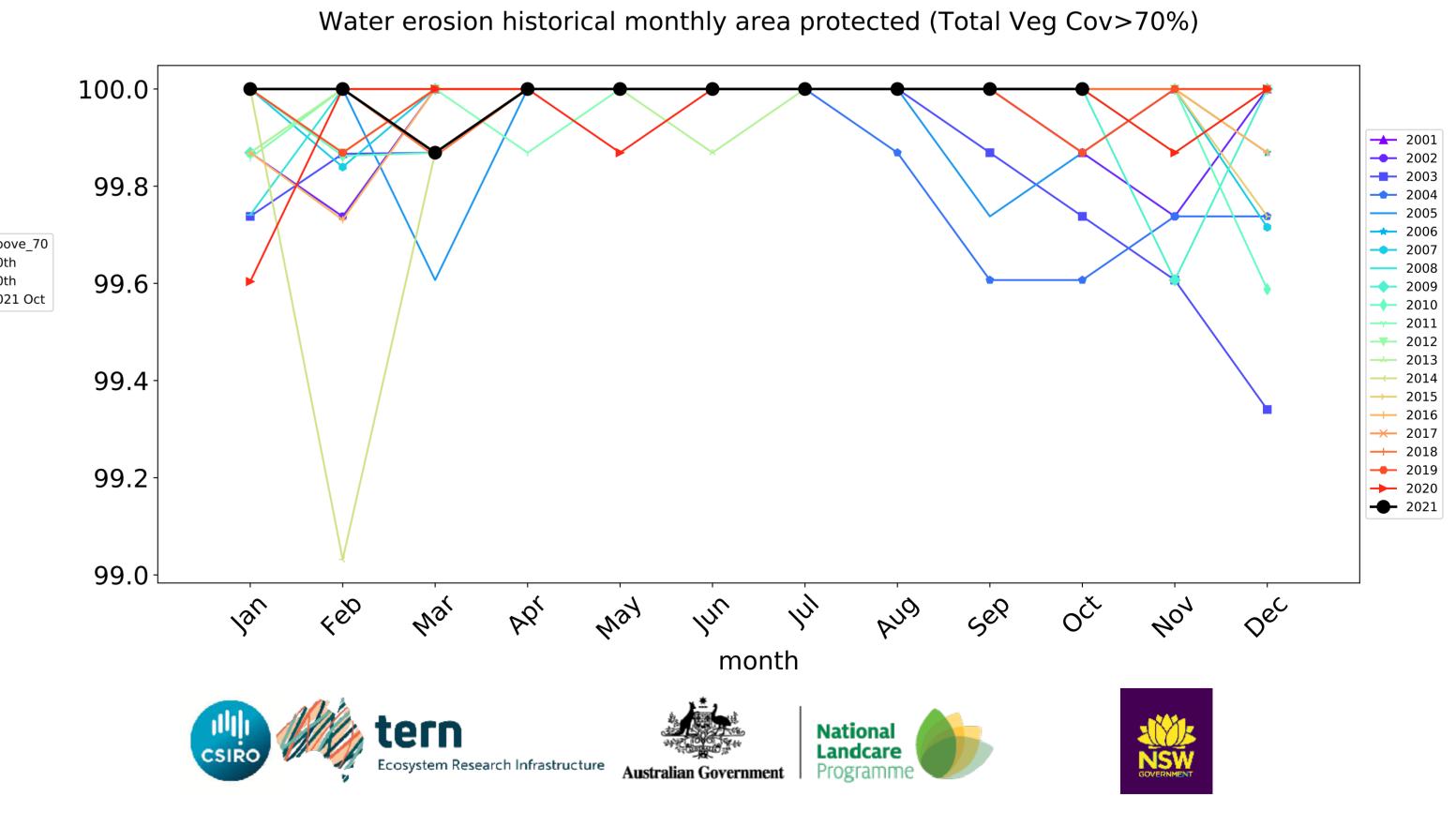


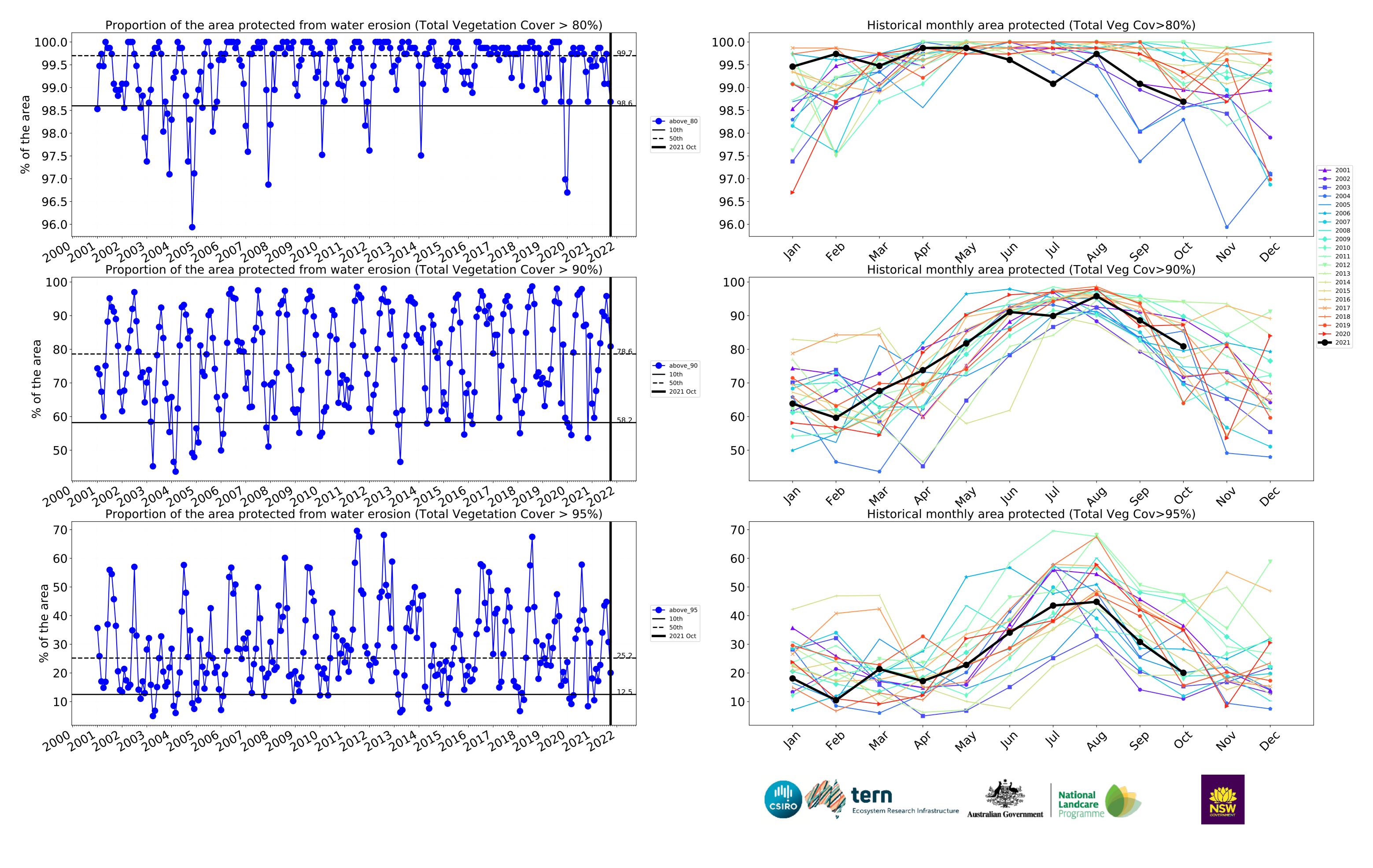
### **Grazing timeseries**











### **Grazing non forest**

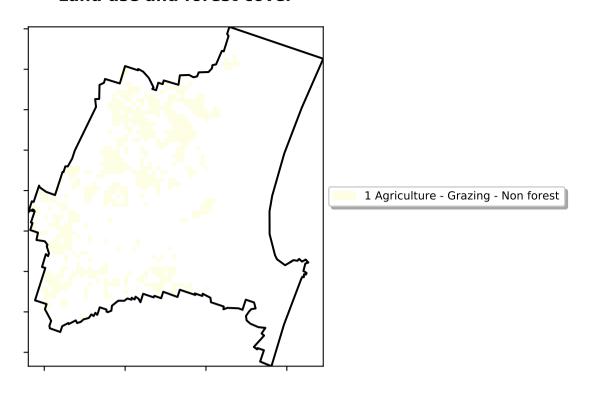
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

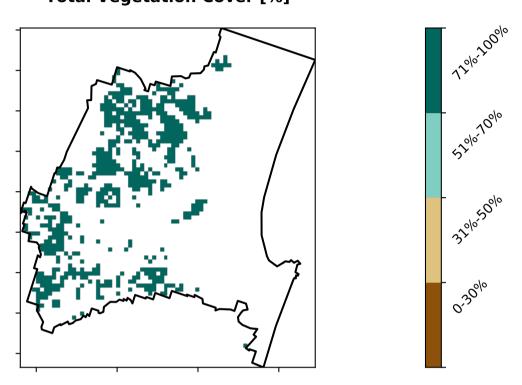
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pinel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

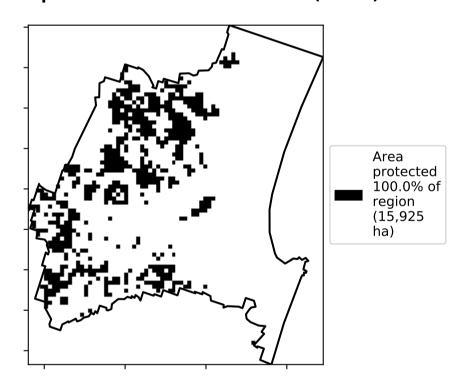
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



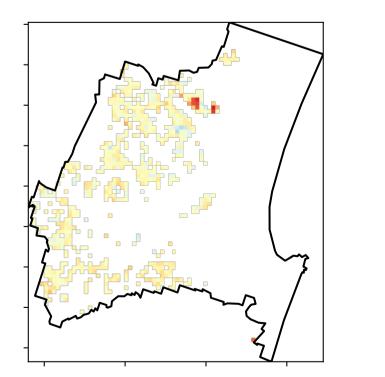
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

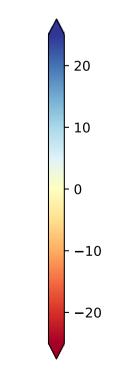


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



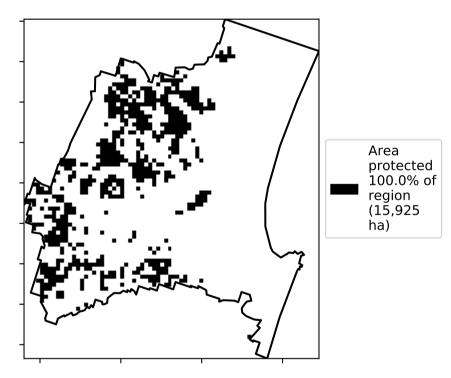


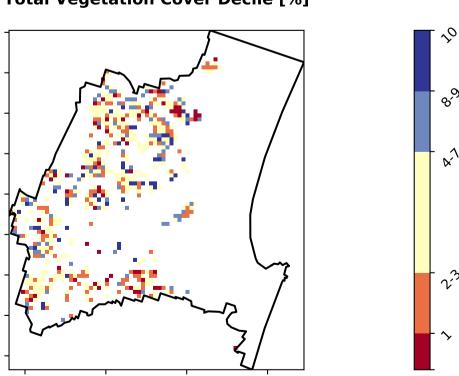
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









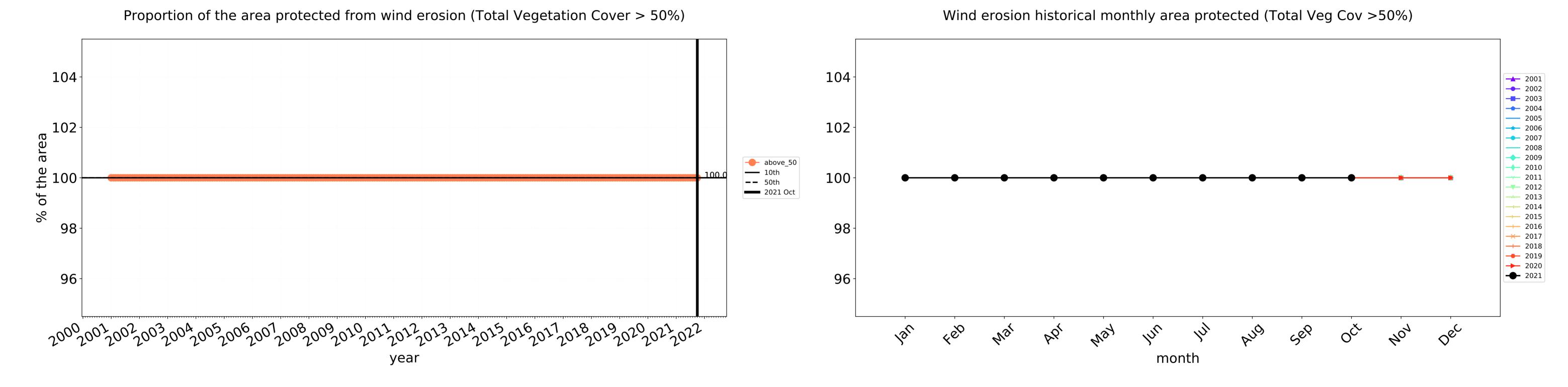


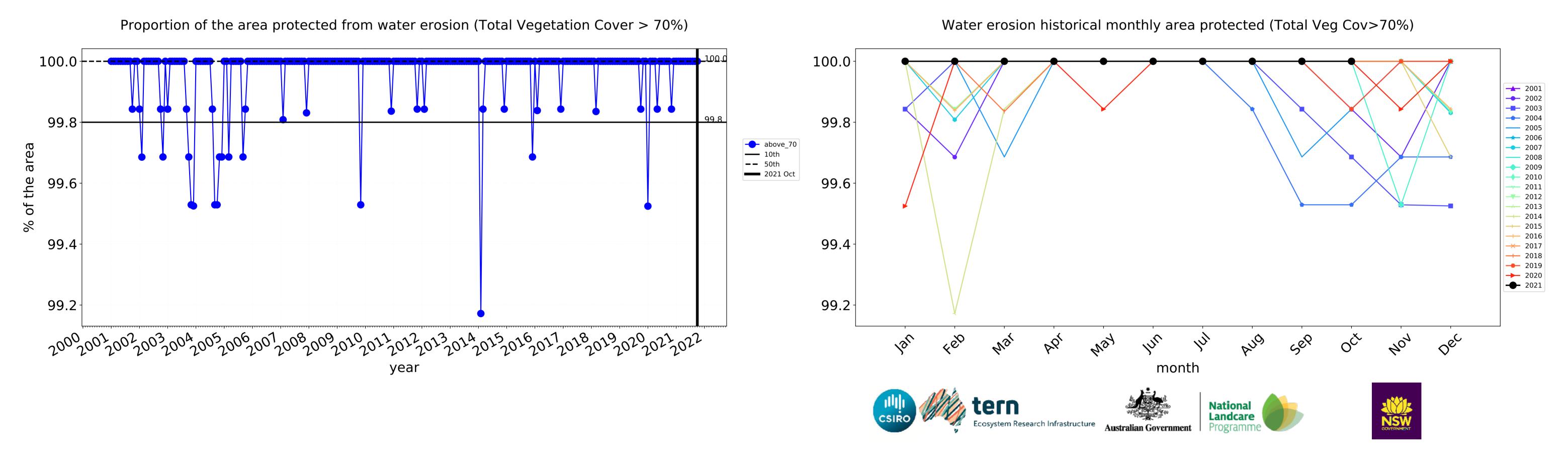


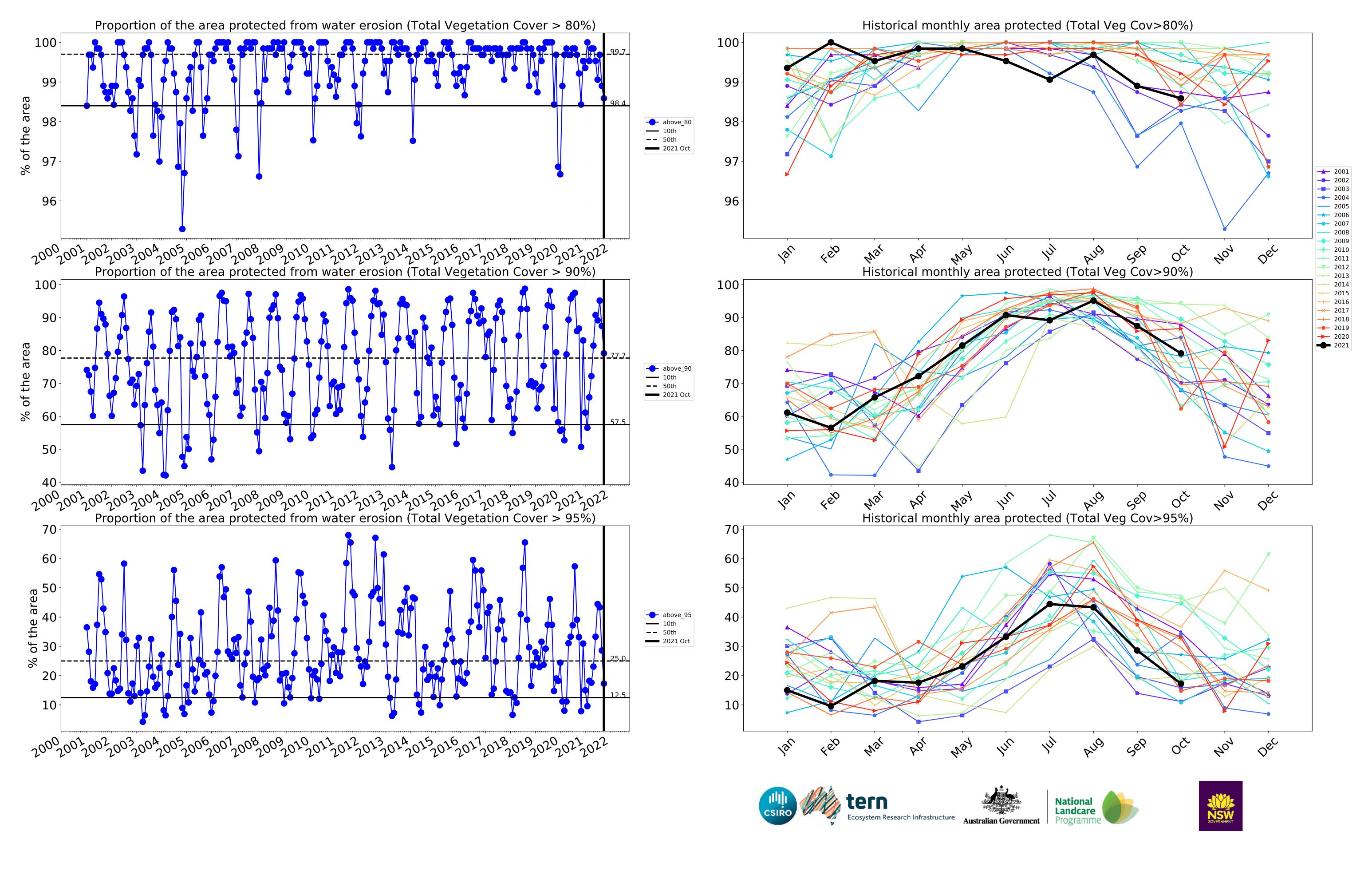




### **Grazing non forest timeseries**







### **Grazing Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

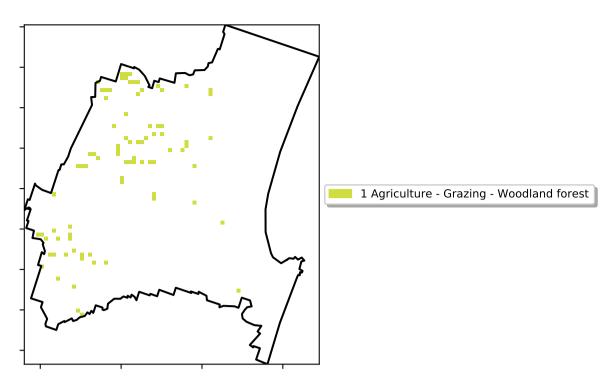
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

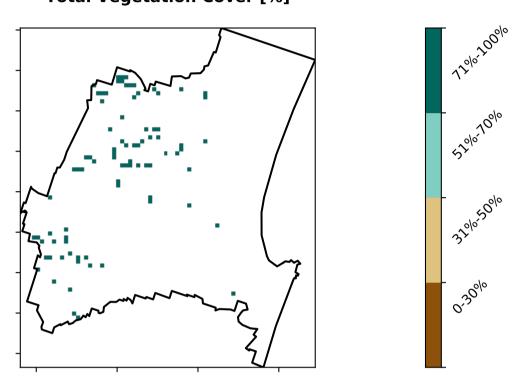
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

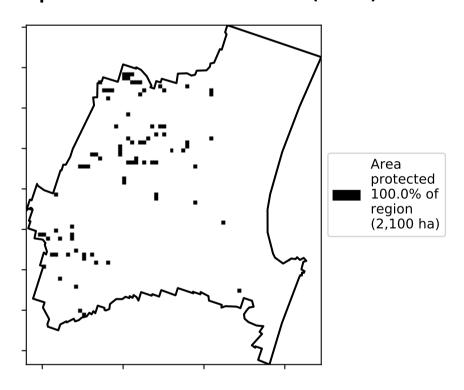
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



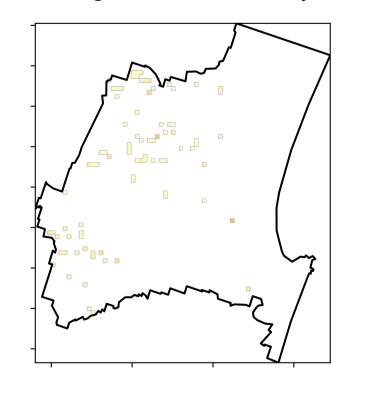
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

- 20

- 10

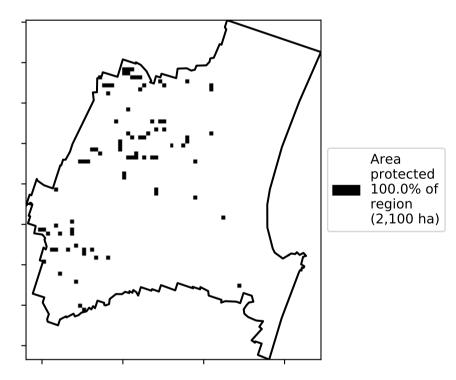
-10

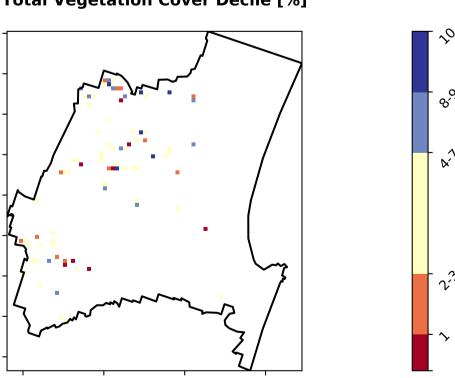
**-**20

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







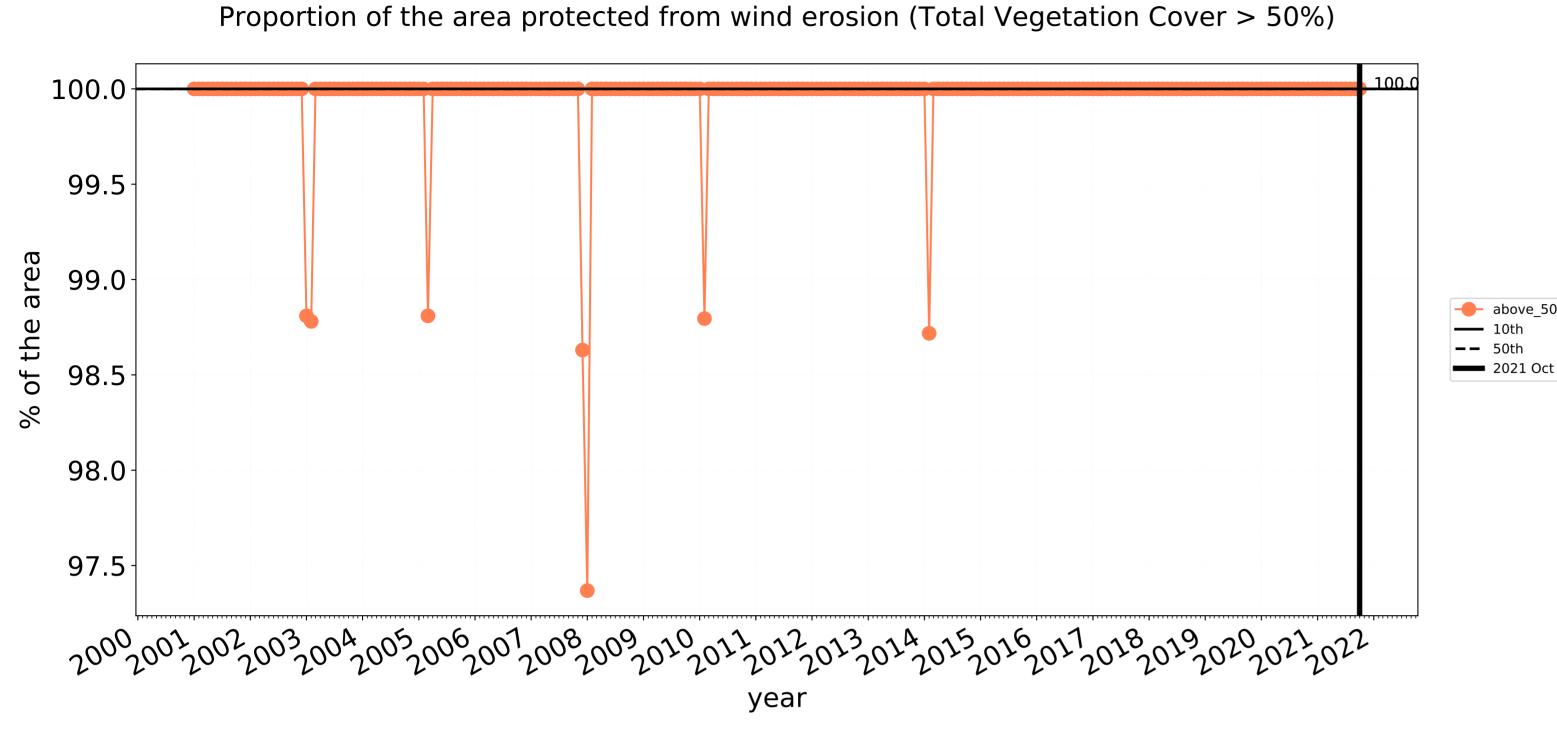


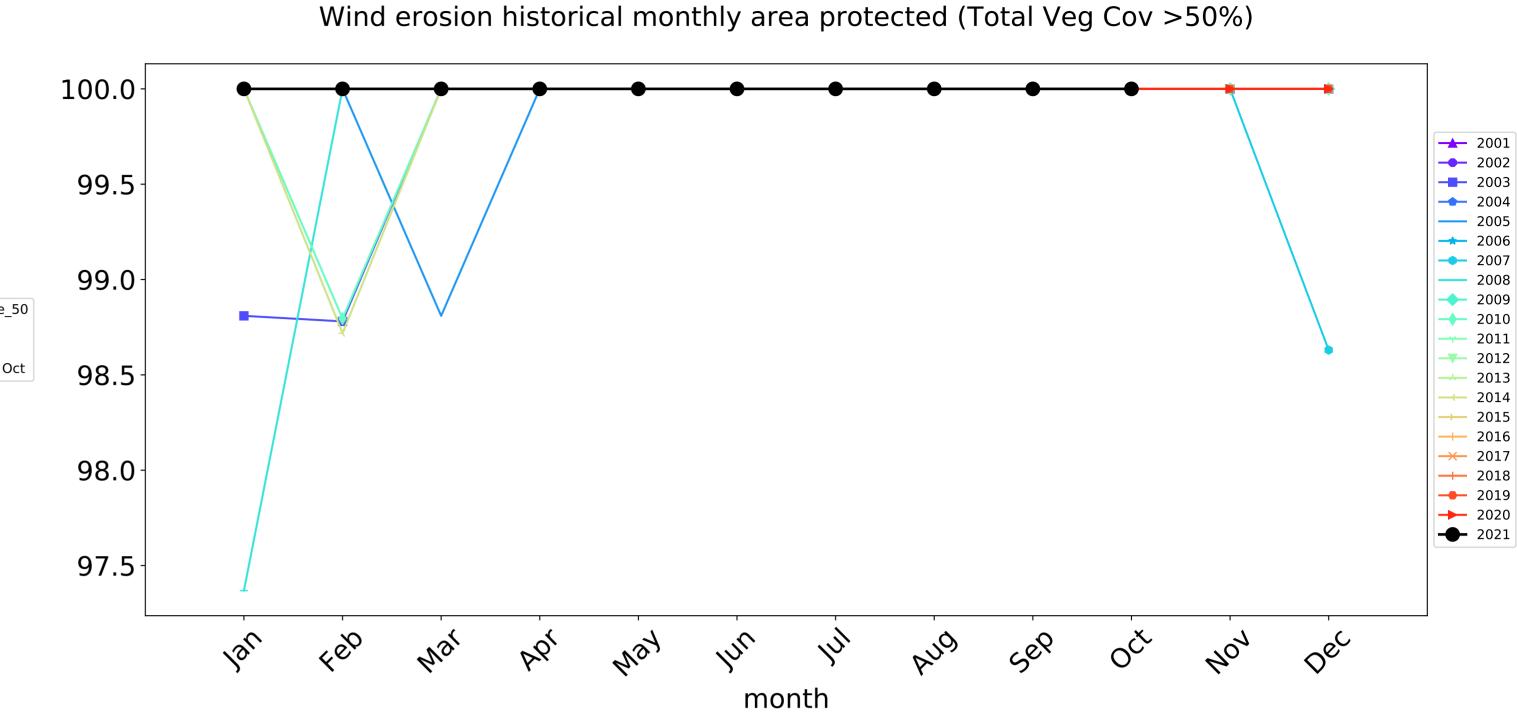


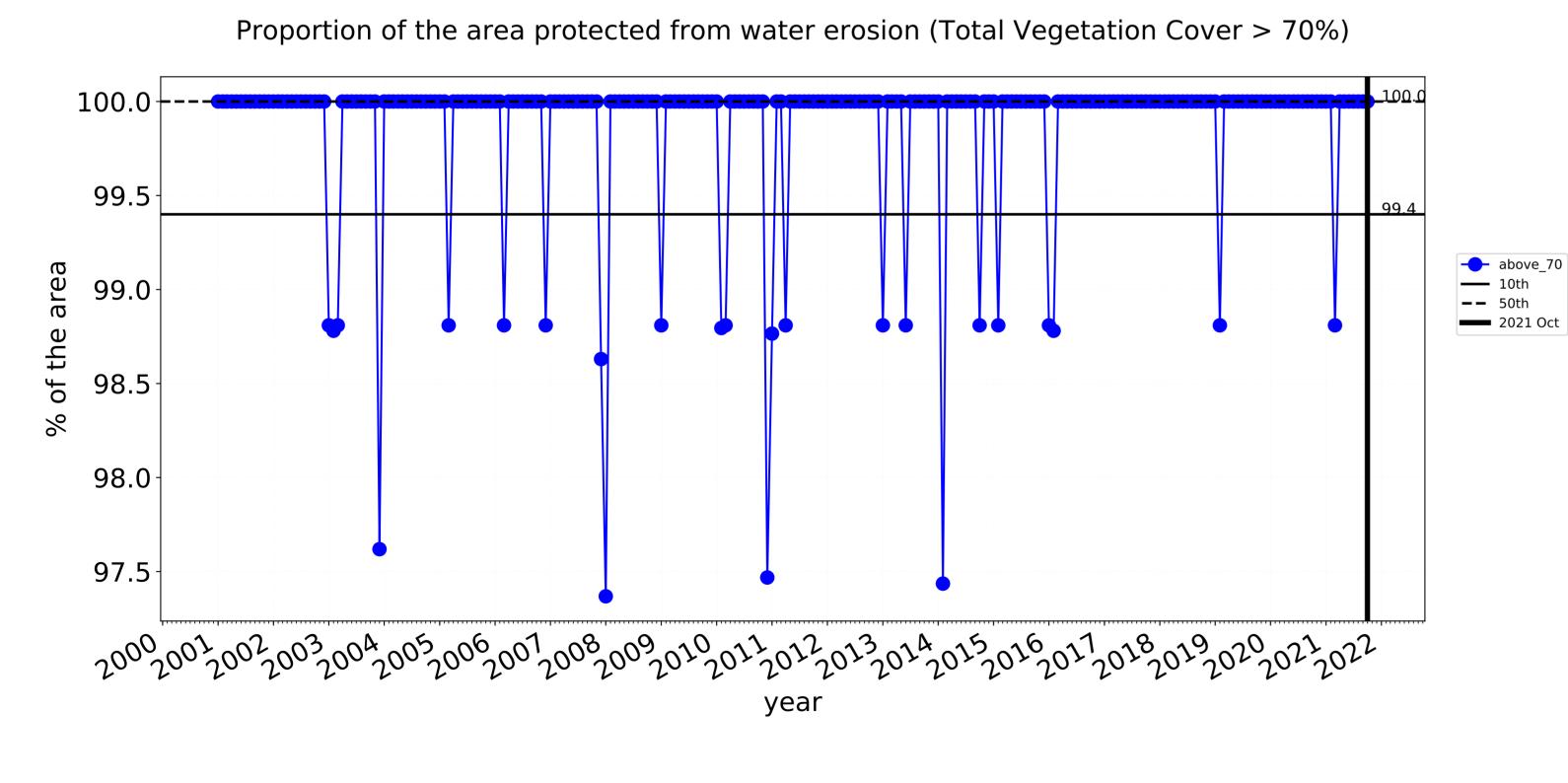


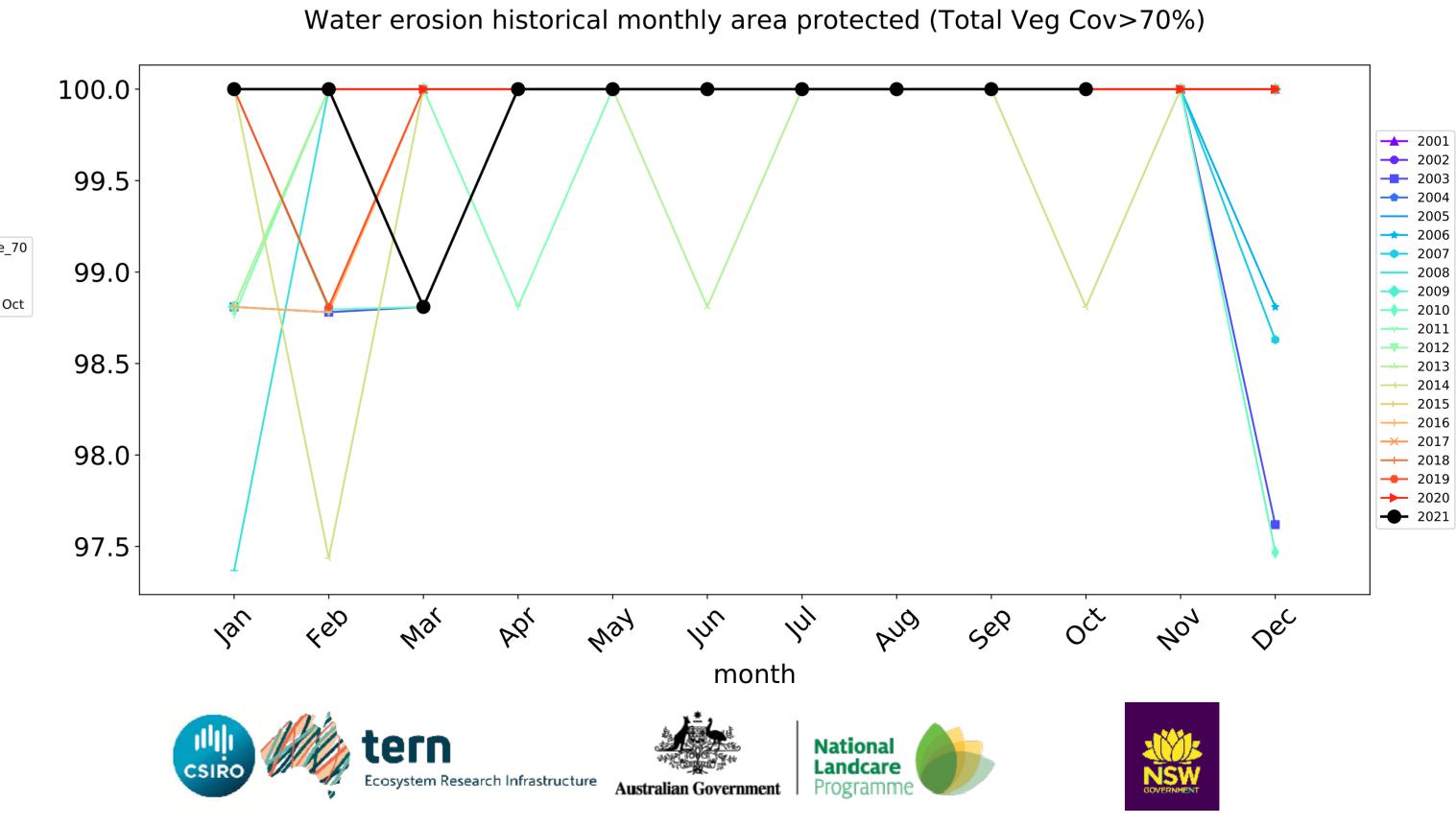


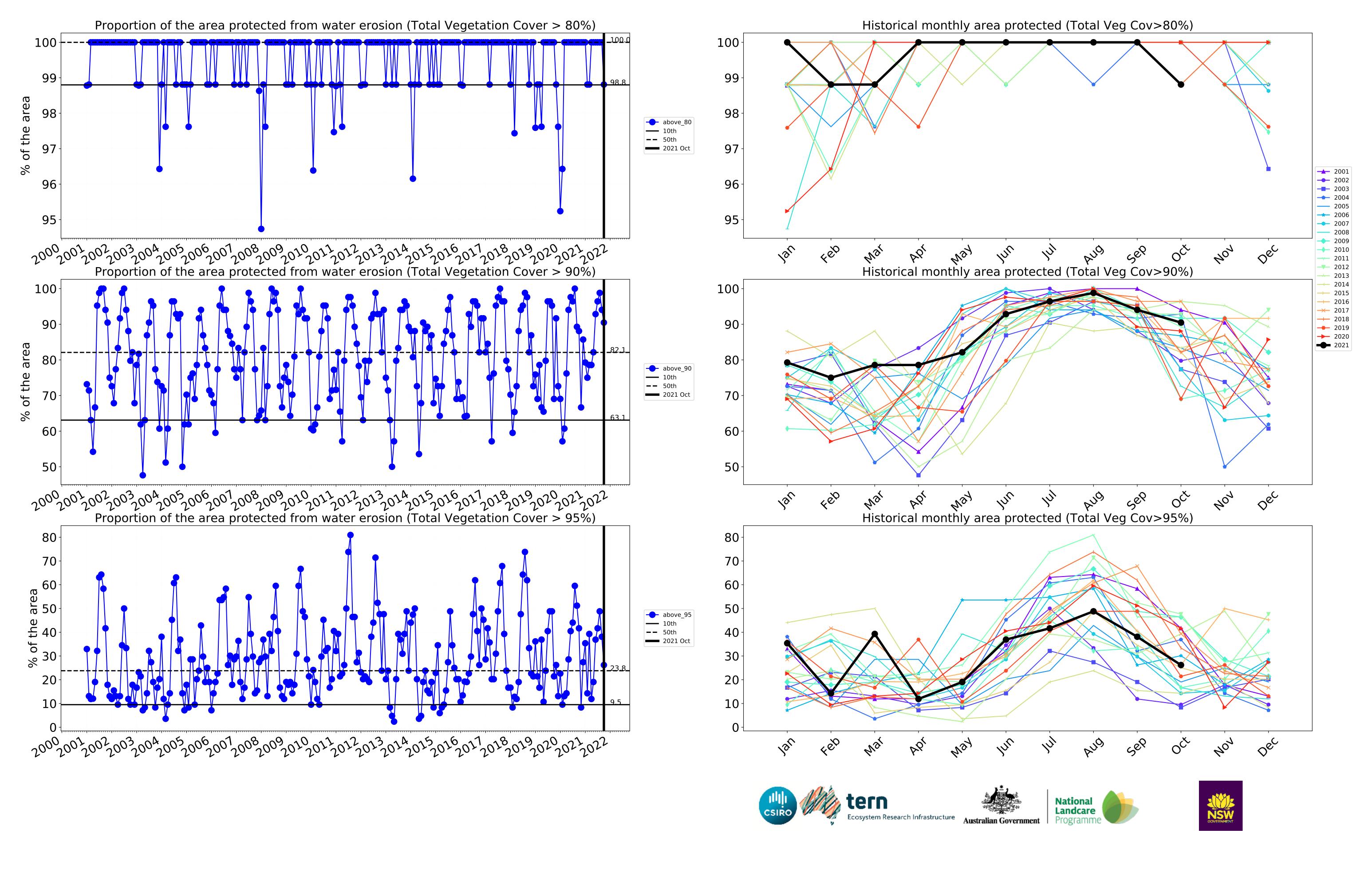
### **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**











### **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

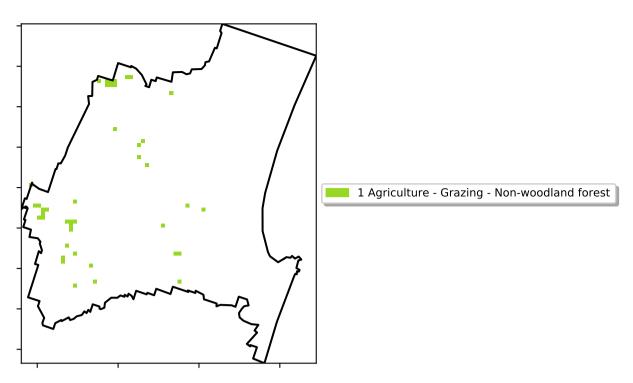
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

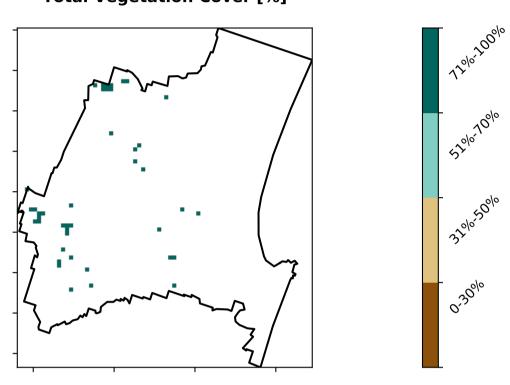
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

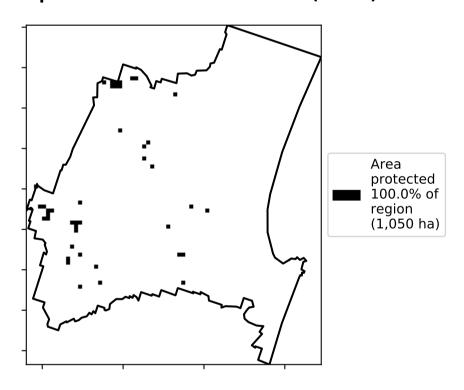
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



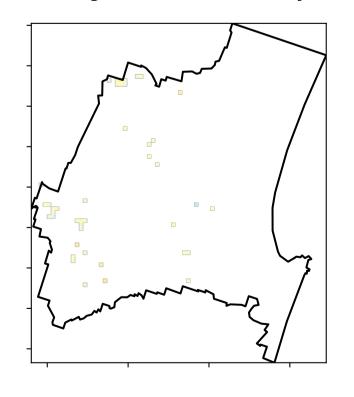
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

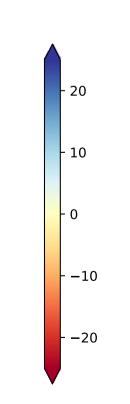


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

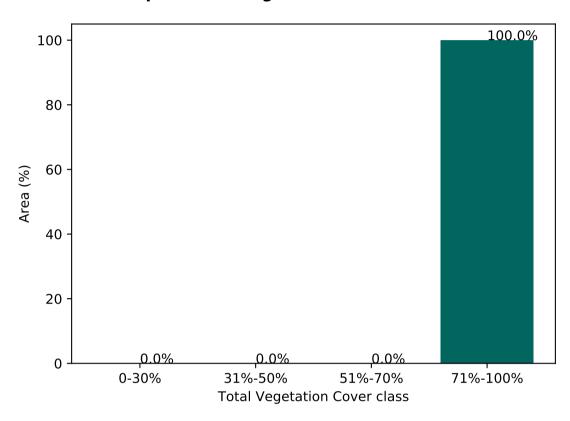




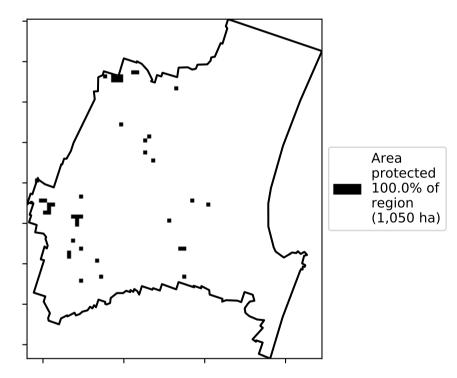
### Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline

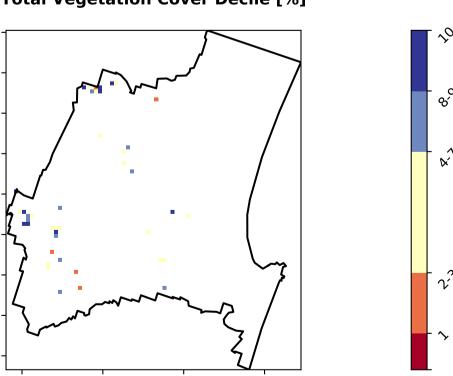
from 2001 to 2019.

### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







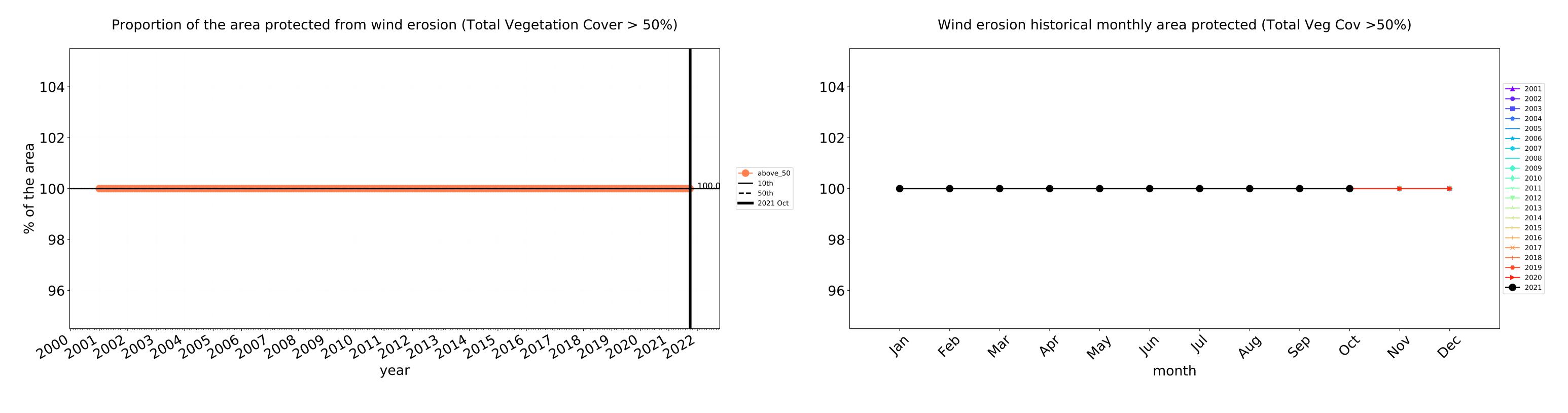


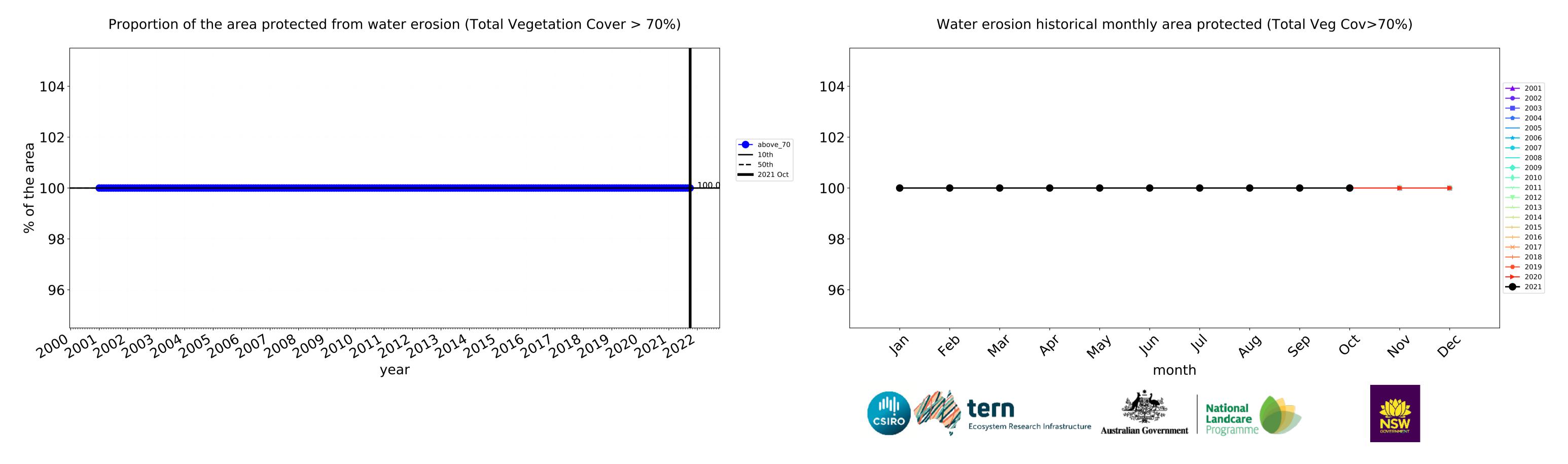


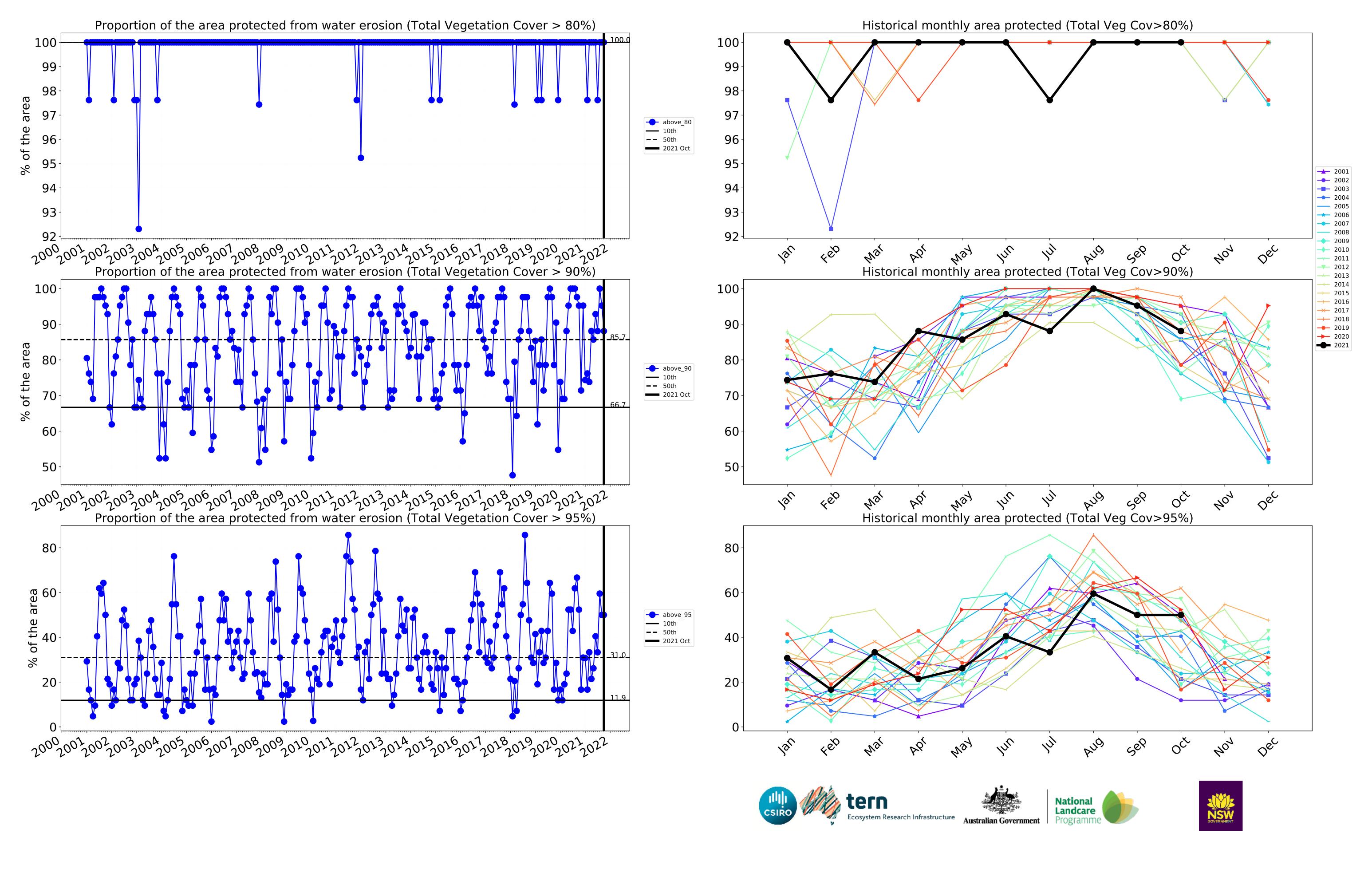












### Irrigation

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

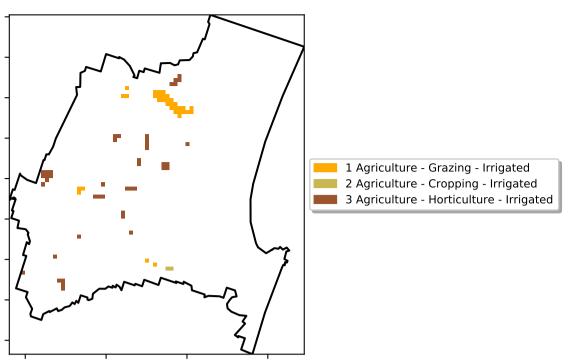
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

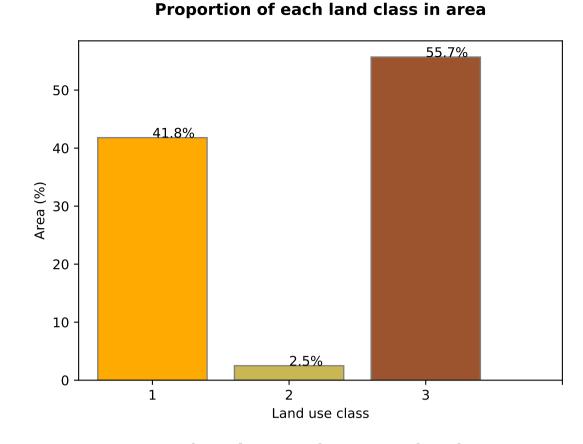
the mean. That

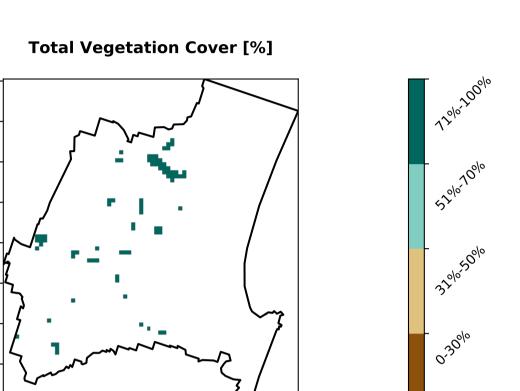
is only for the month of the map

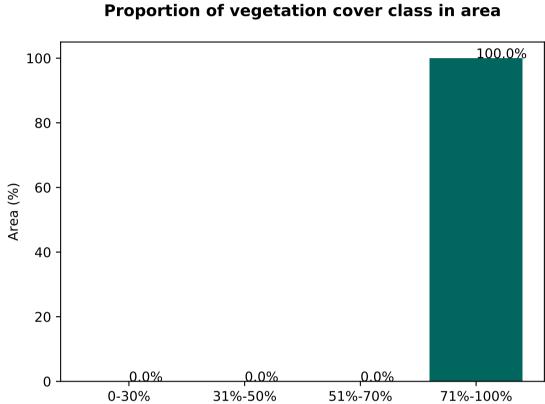
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

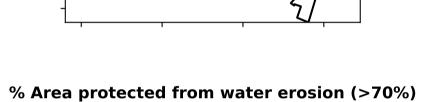


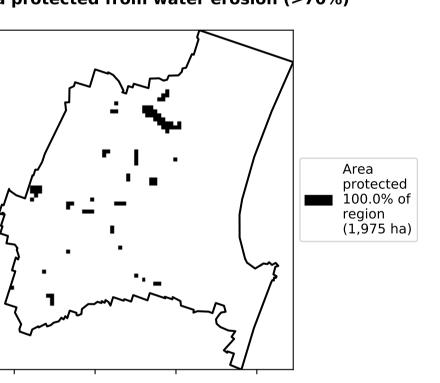
Land use and forest cover





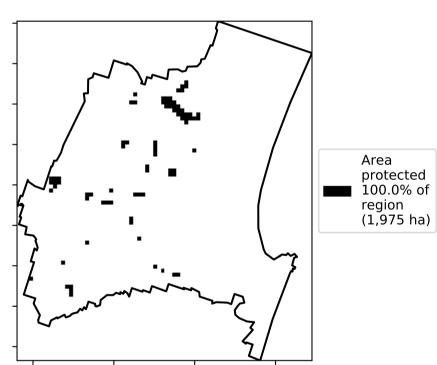




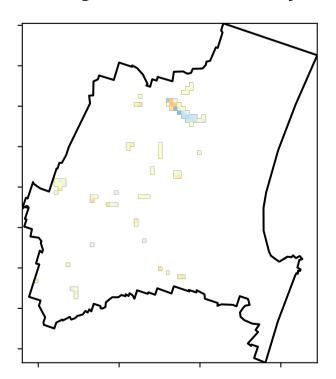


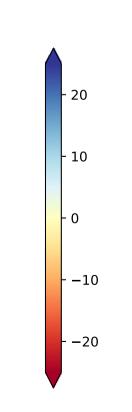
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

**Total Vegetation Cover class** 



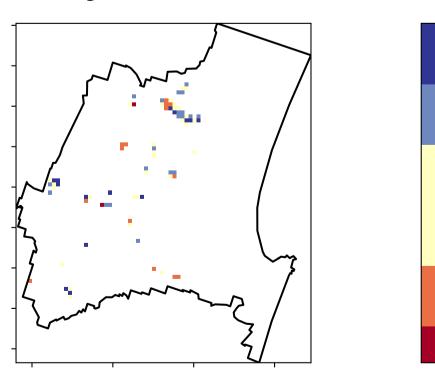
**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 



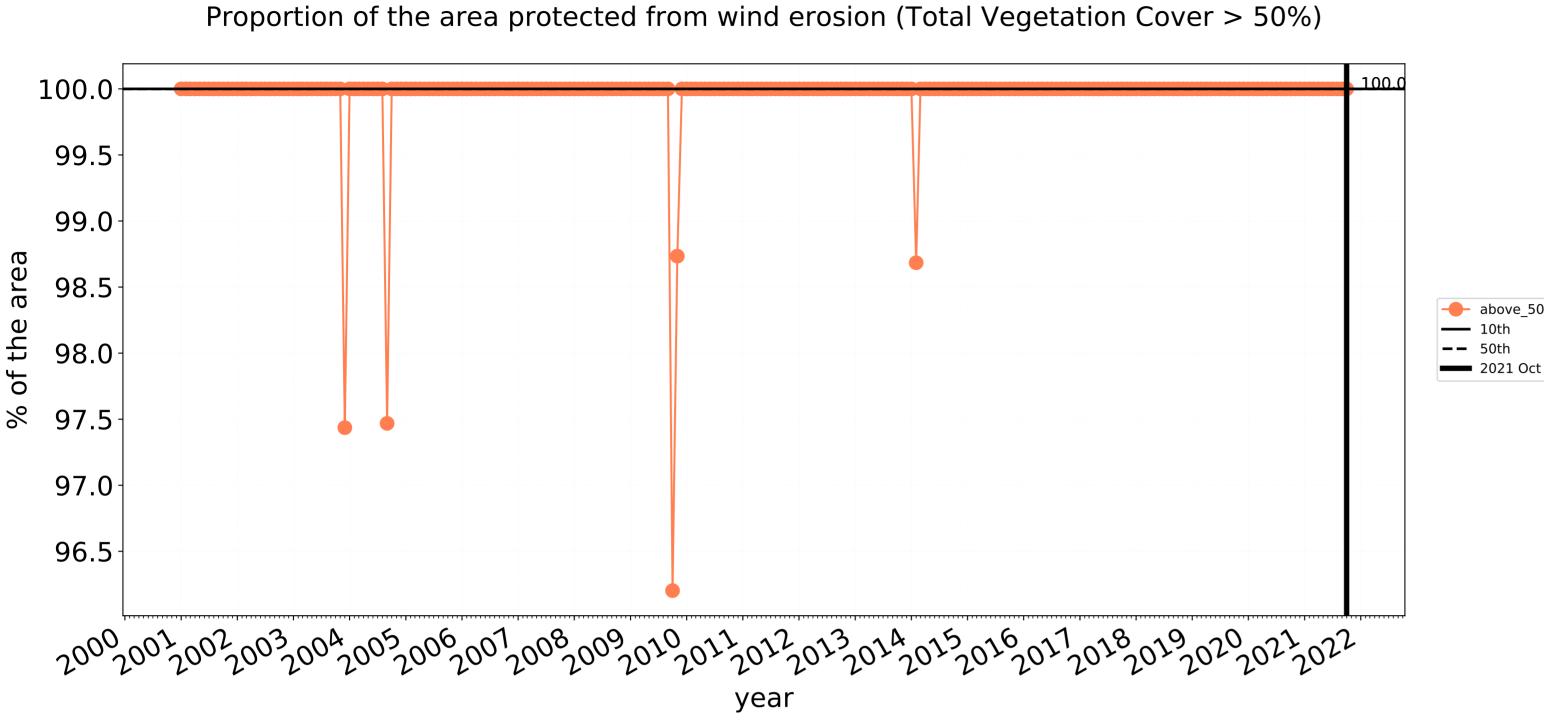


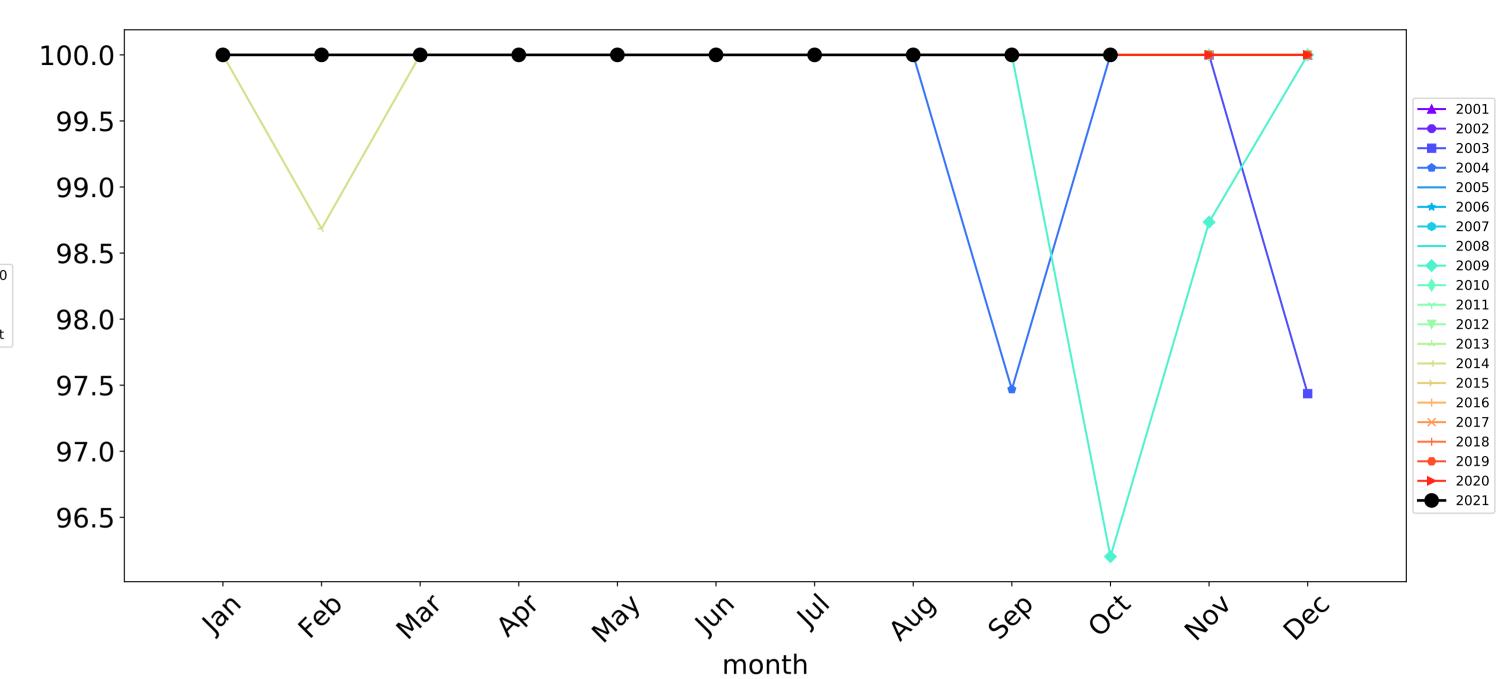




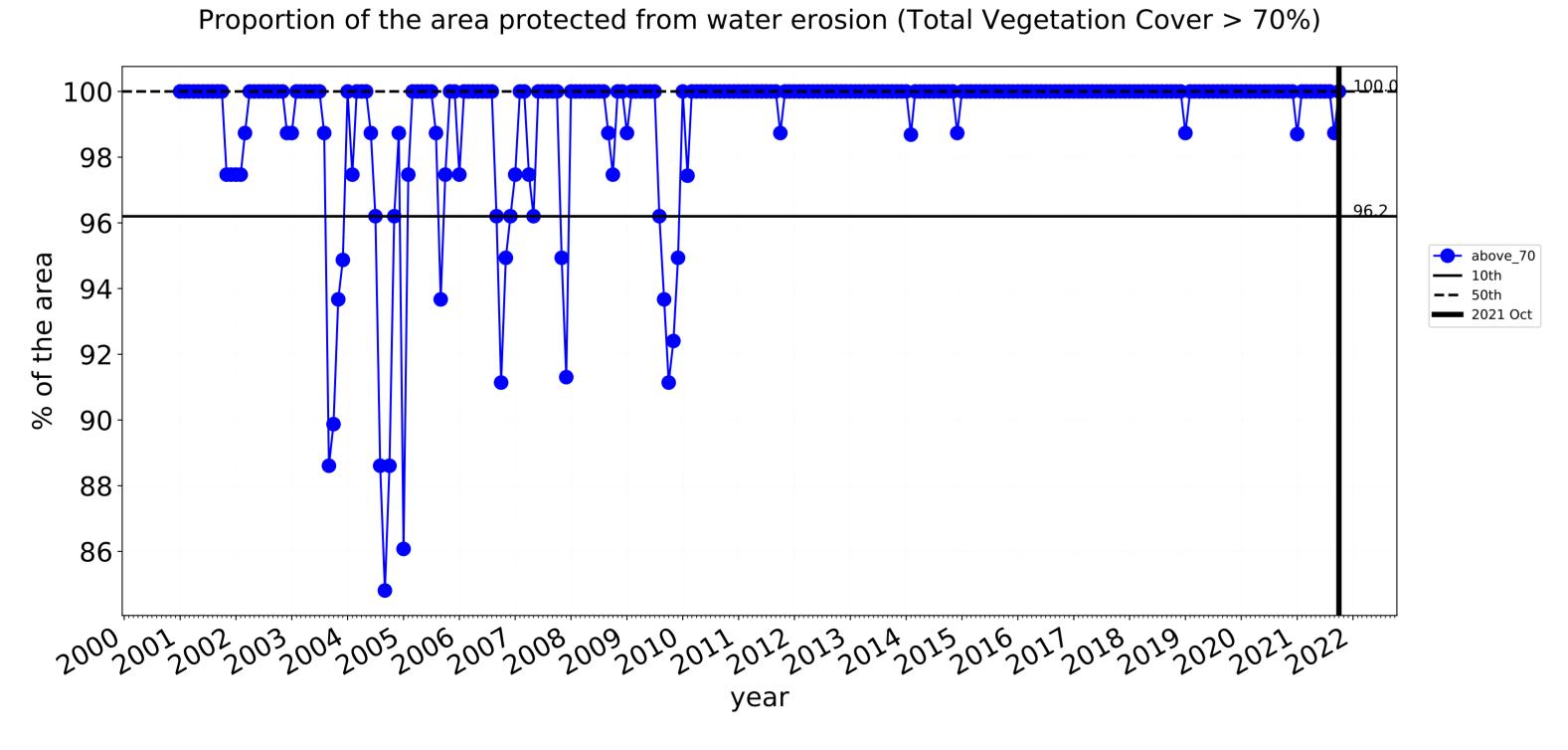


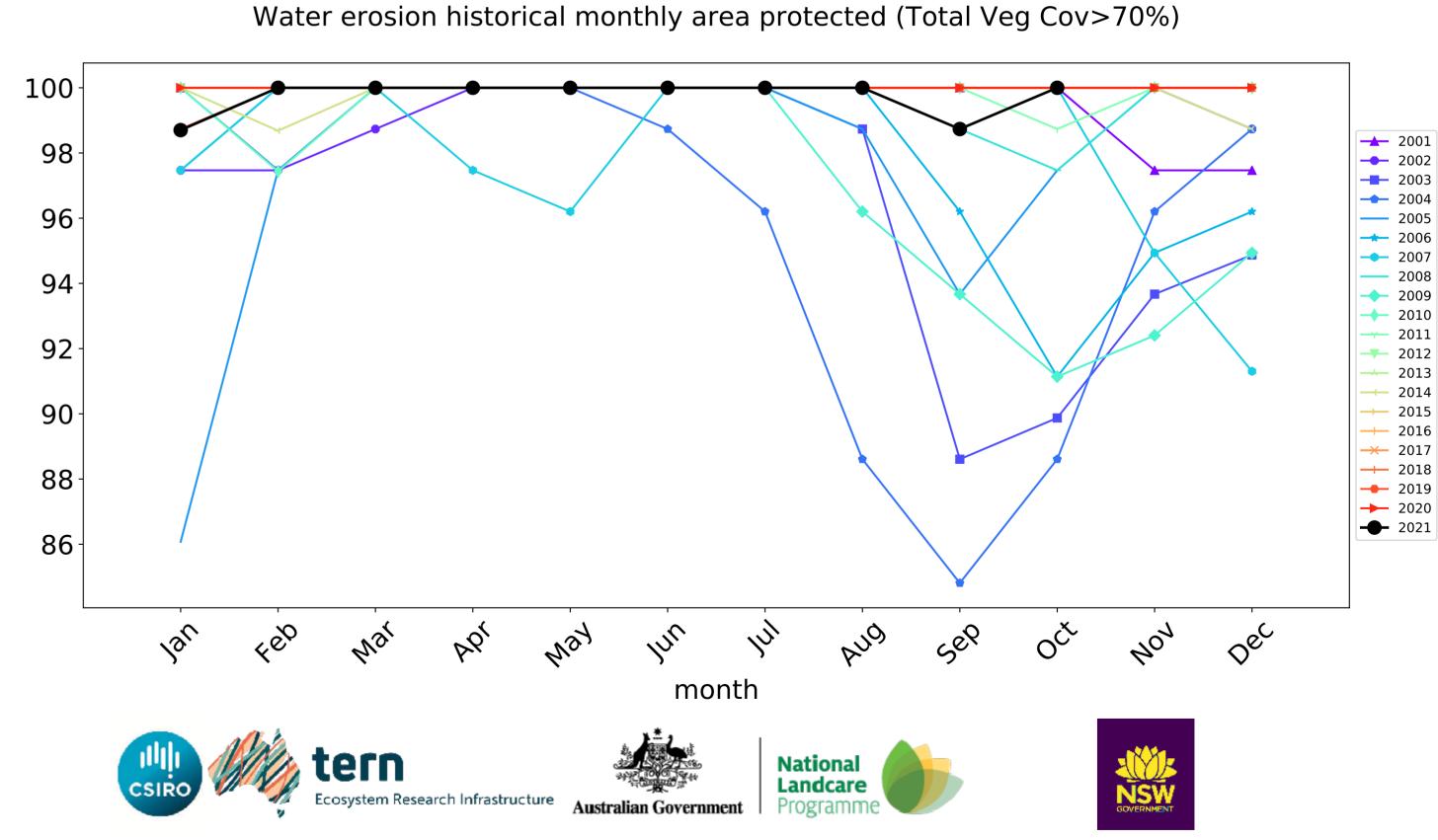
### Irrigation timeseries

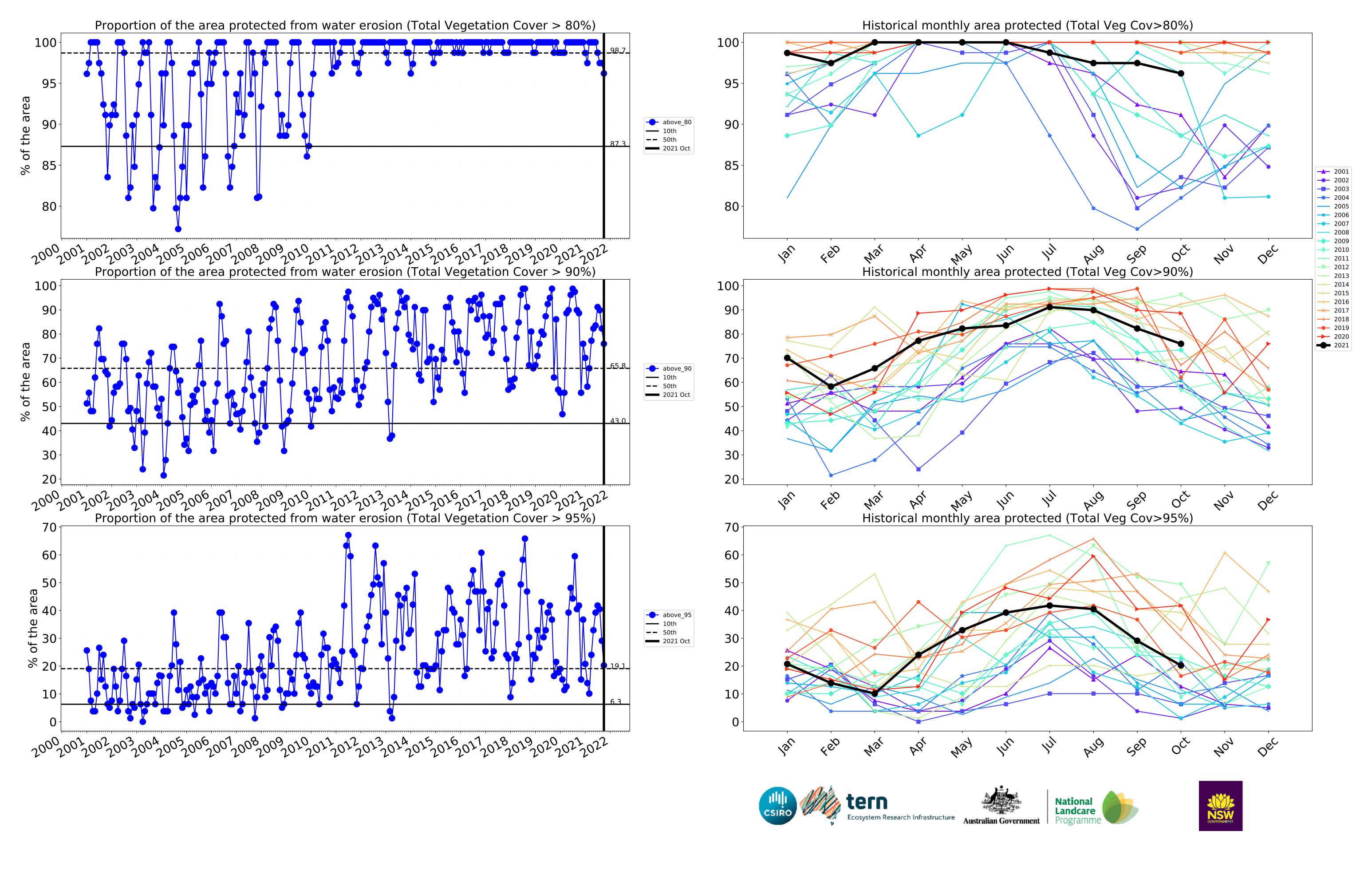




Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







### **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

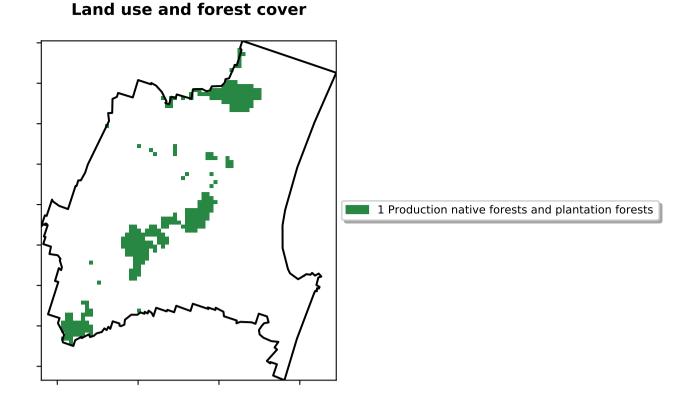
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

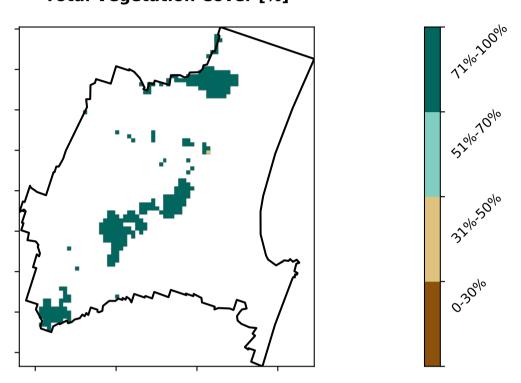
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

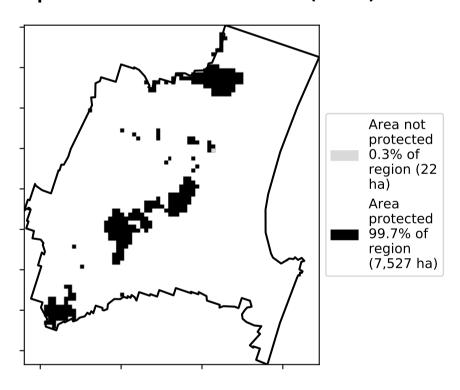
is only for the month of the map



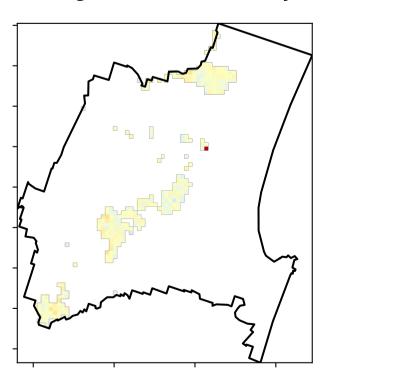
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

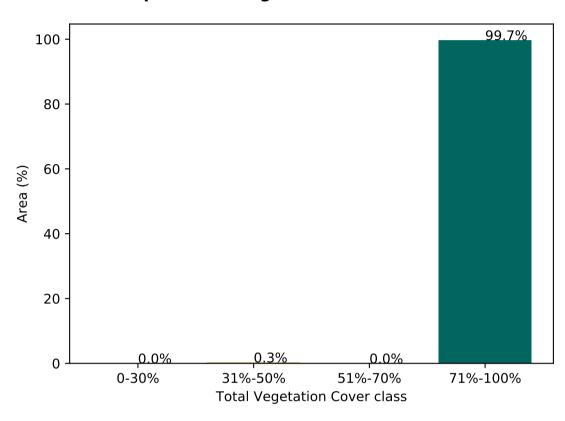


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

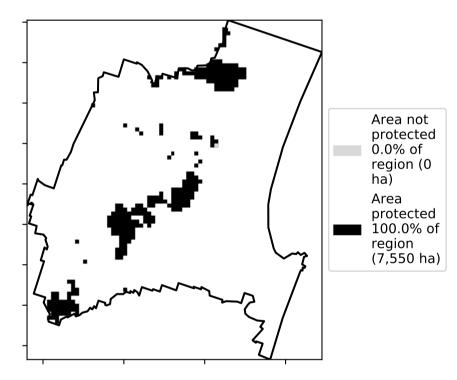


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

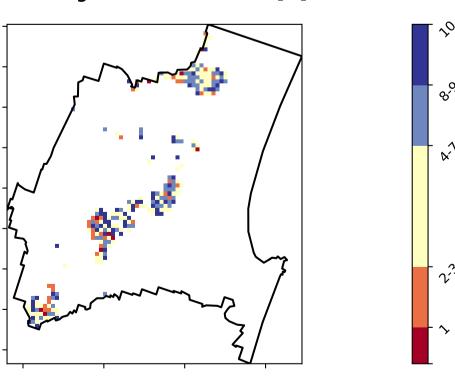
### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]











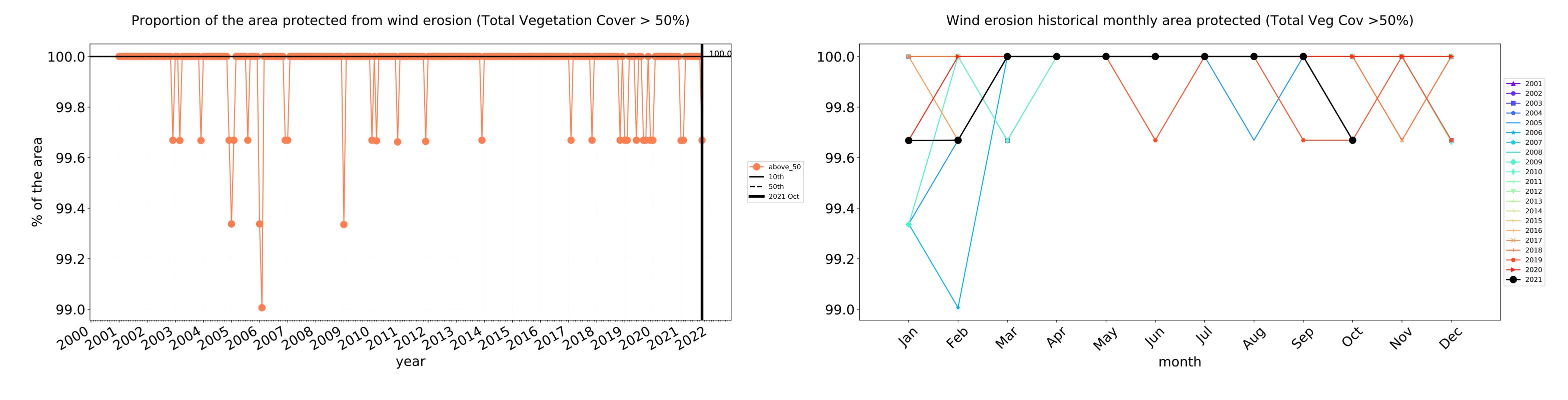
- 20

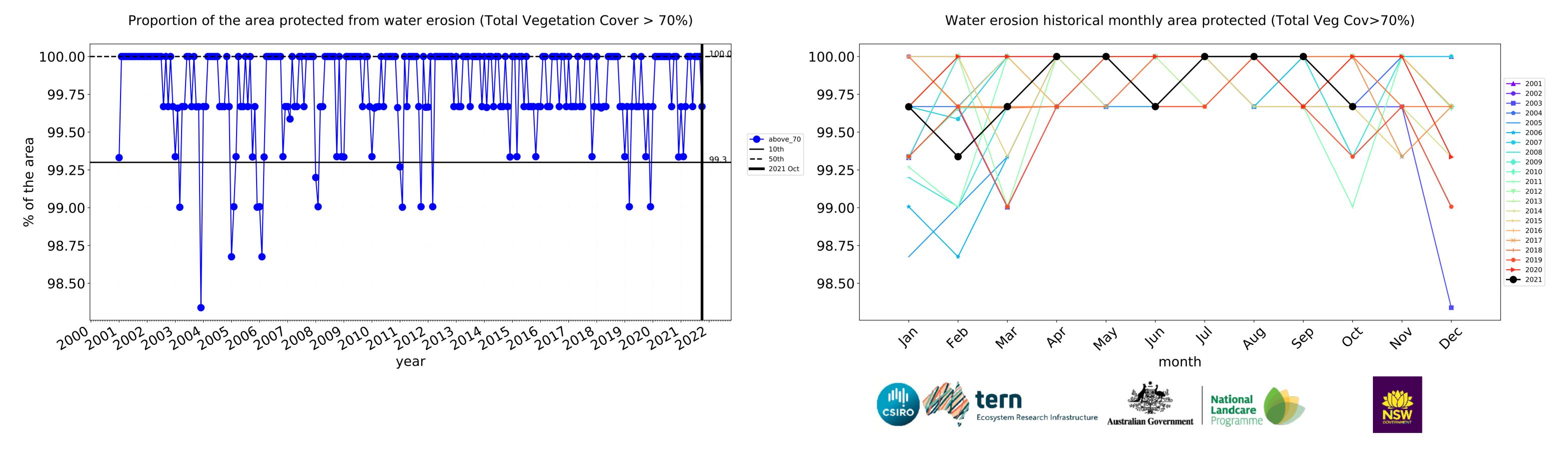
- 10

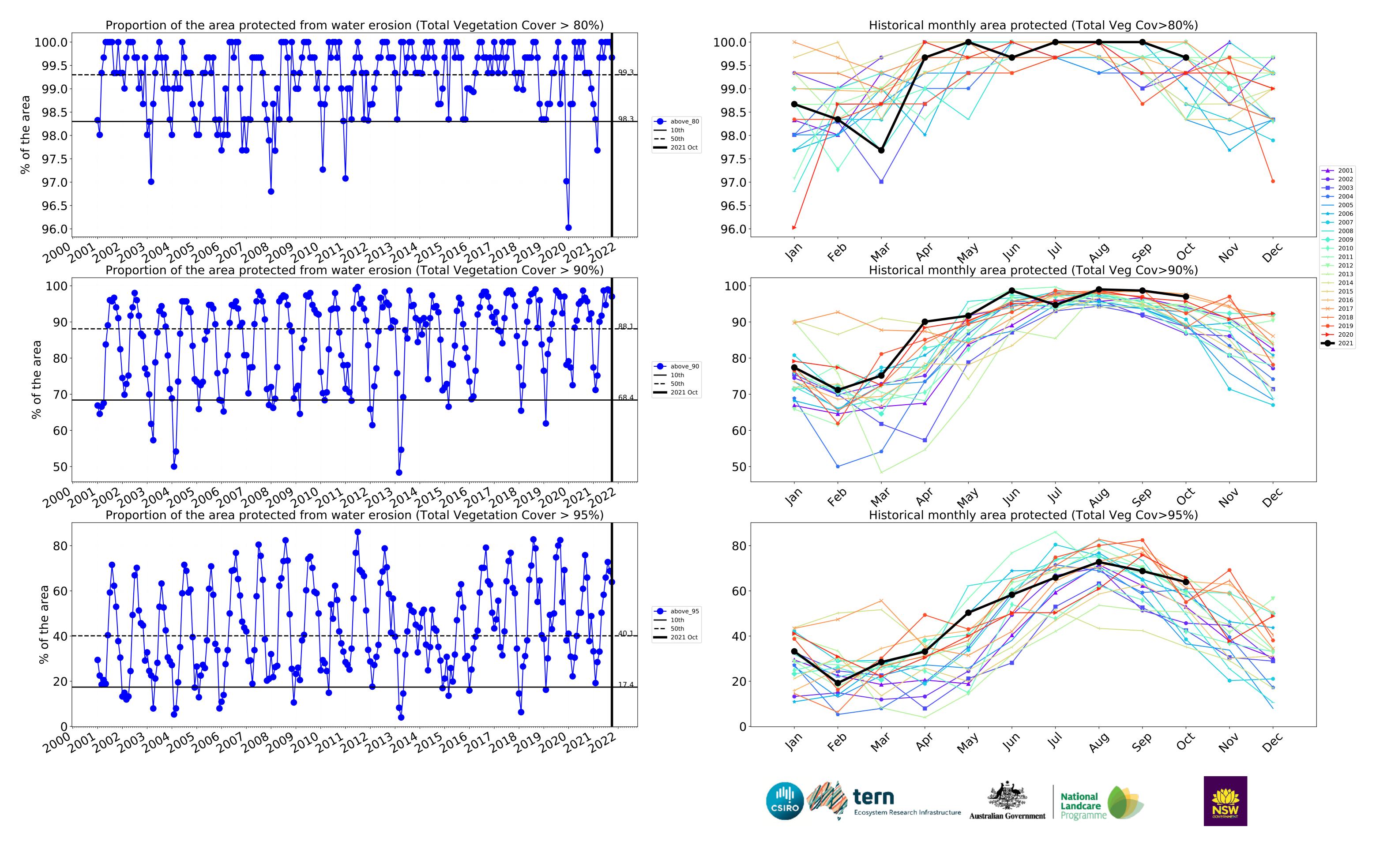
-10

**-**20

### **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







### Noosa\_(S) (80,825 ha and no data 6,177 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	80,825	99.9% 80,750	99.6% 80,525	97.9% 79,125	94.5% 76,350	77.5% 62,675	30.1% 24,300
Conservation and natural environments	28,875	100.0% 28,875	99.6% 28,750	98.1% 28,325	96.1% 27,750	84.8% 24,500	40.3% 11,625
Conservation and natural environments non forest	3,250	100.0% 3,250	98.5% 3,200	93.1% 3,025	89.2% 2,900	77.7% 2,525	21.5% 700
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	2,600	100.0% 2,600	98.1% 2,550	97.1% 2,525	97.1% 2,525	76.9% 2,000	23.1% 600
natural environments Forest (non woodland)	23,025	100.0% 23,025	99.9% 23,000	98.9% 22,775	97.0% 22,325	86.8% 19,975	44.8% 10,325
Agriculture	21,100	100.0% 21,100	100.0% 21,100	100.0% 21,100	98.5% 20,775	80.5% 16,975	20.0% 4,225
Grazing	19,075	100.0% 19,075	100.0% 19,075	100.0% 19,075	98.7% 18,825	80.9% 15,425	20.1% 3,825
Grazing non forest	15,925	100.0% 15,925	100.0% 15,925	100.0% 15,925	98.6% 15,700	79.1% 12,600	17.3% 2,750
Grazing Woodland forest	2,100	100.0% 2,100	100.0% 2,100	100.0% 2,100	98.8% 2,075	90.5% 1,900	26.2% 550
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	1,050	100.0% 1,050	100.0% 1,050	100.0% 1,050	100.0% 1,050	88.1% 925	50.0% 525
Irrigation	1,975	100.0% 1,975	100.0% 1,975	100.0% 1,975	96.2% 1,900	75.9% 1,500	20.3% 400
Production native forests and plantation forests	7,550	100.0% 7,550	99.7% 7,525	99.7% 7,525	99.7% 7,525	97.0% 7,325	63.9% 4,825







