# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Kowanyama\_(S) QLD

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Date: August 2025

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









# **Vegetation Cover Aug 2025**

#### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale

Derived from

Use of Australia

many percetage points each pixel is from

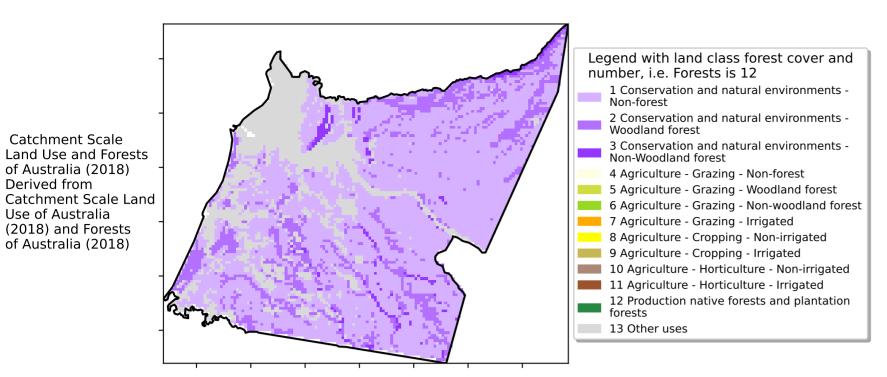
the mean. That

lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

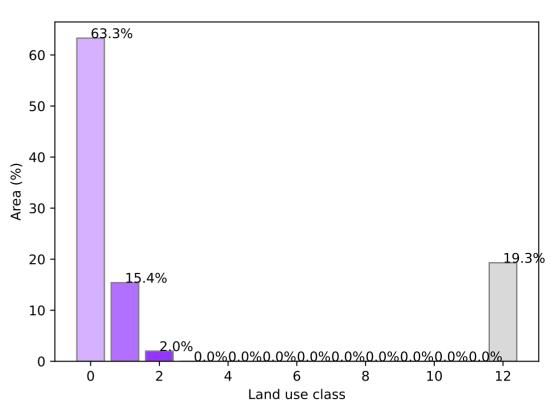
using baseline from 2001 to

2019.

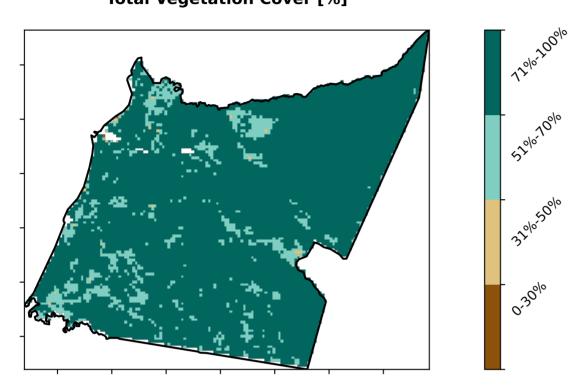
is, red pixels are about 20%



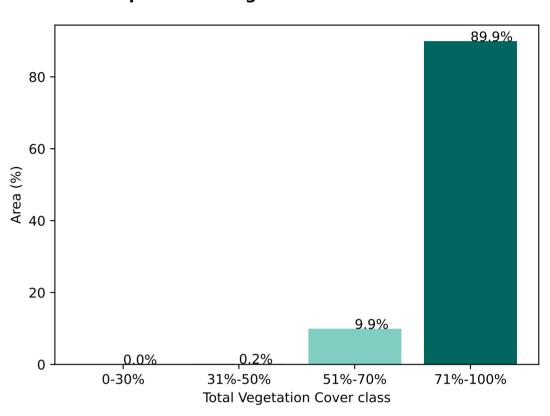
#### **Proportion of each land class in area**

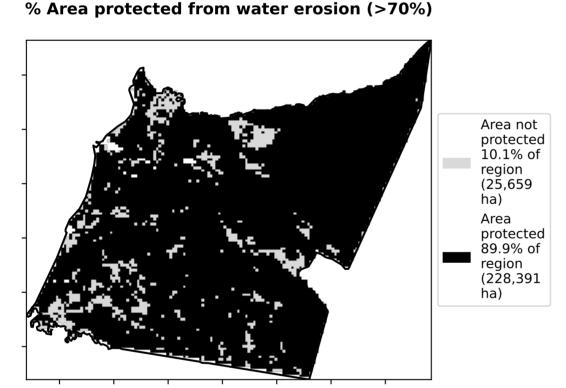


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

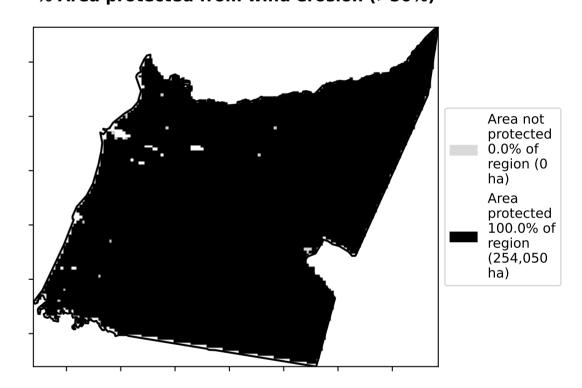


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

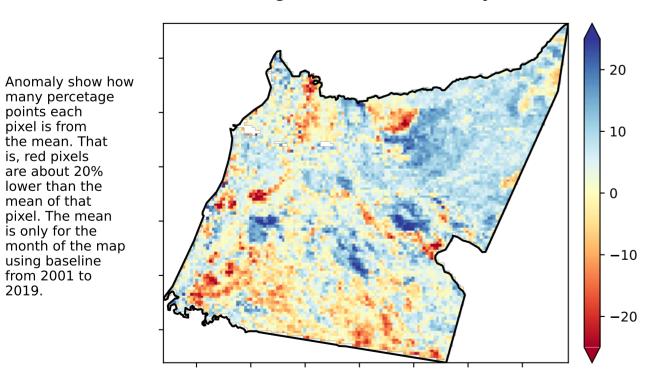




% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

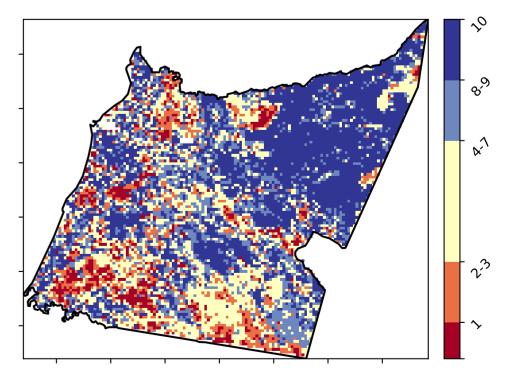


# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**

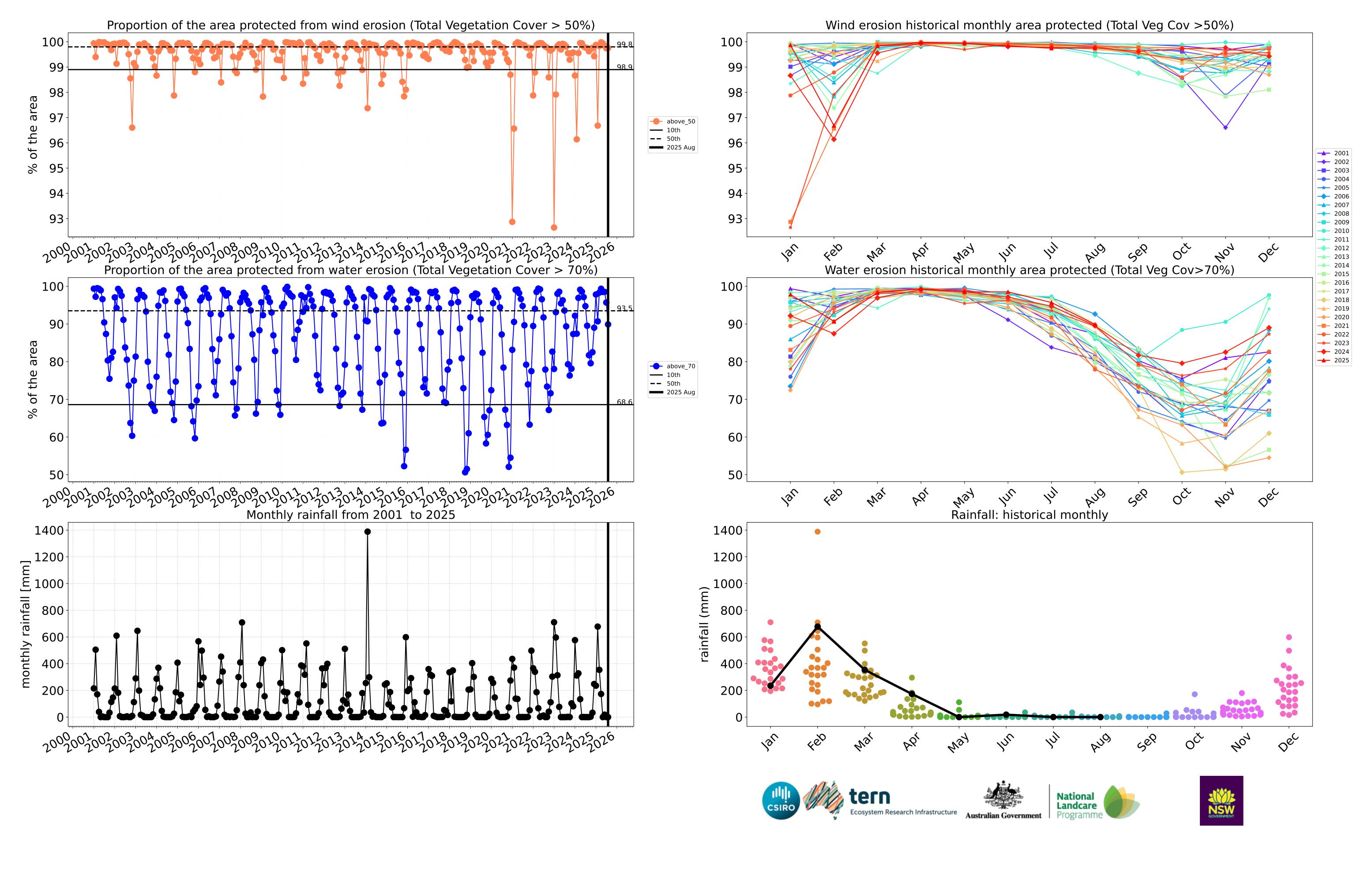








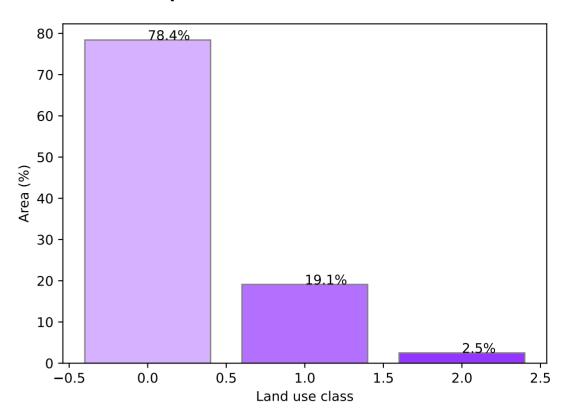




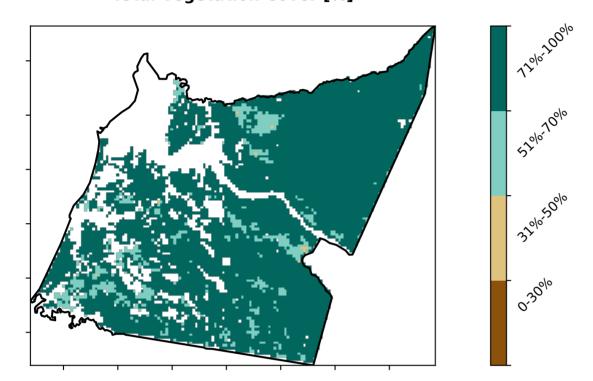
# **Conservation and natural environments**

# Land use and forest cover Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonforest Derived from 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-woodland forest (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

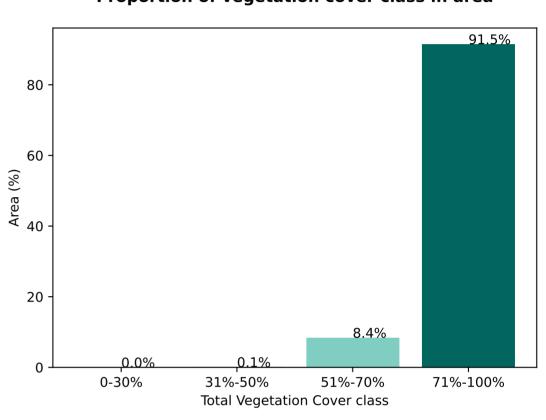
#### **Proportion of each land class in area**



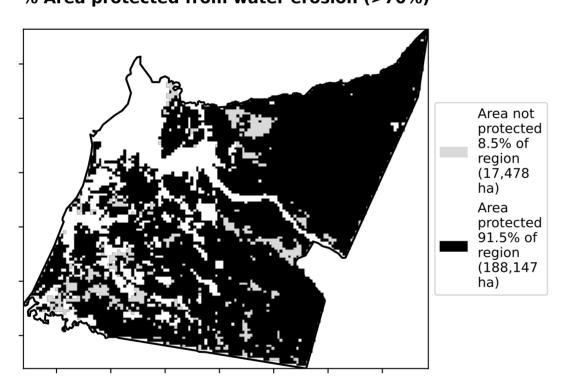
**Total Vegetation Cover [%]** 



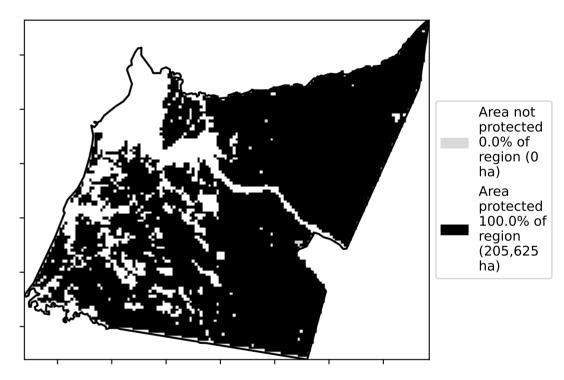
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

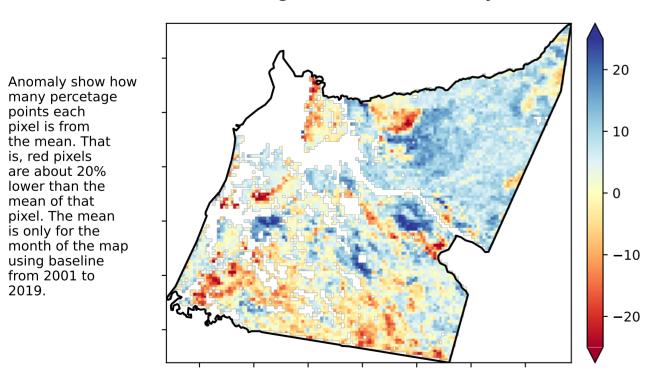
the mean. That

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

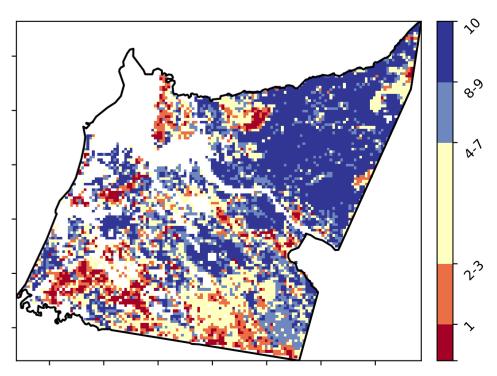
is only for the month of the map

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 



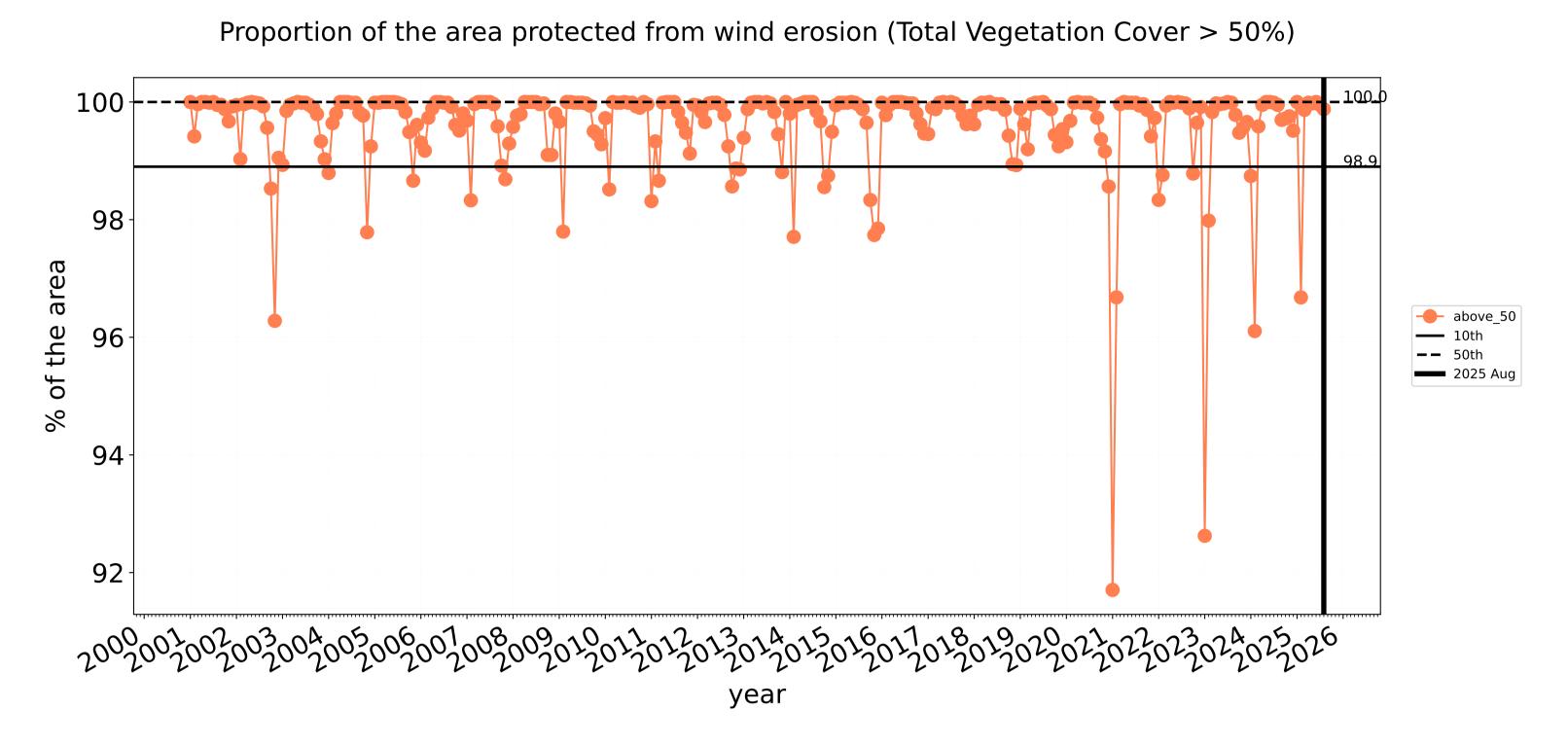


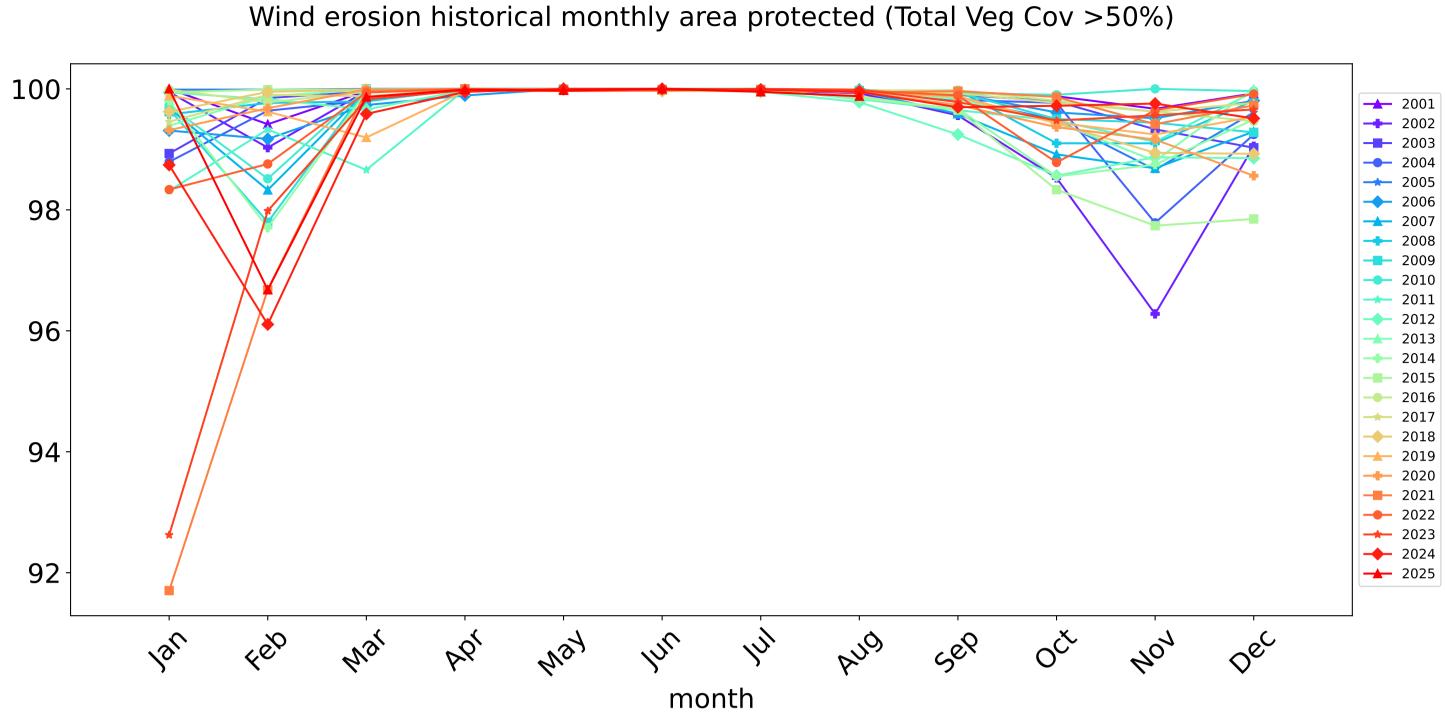


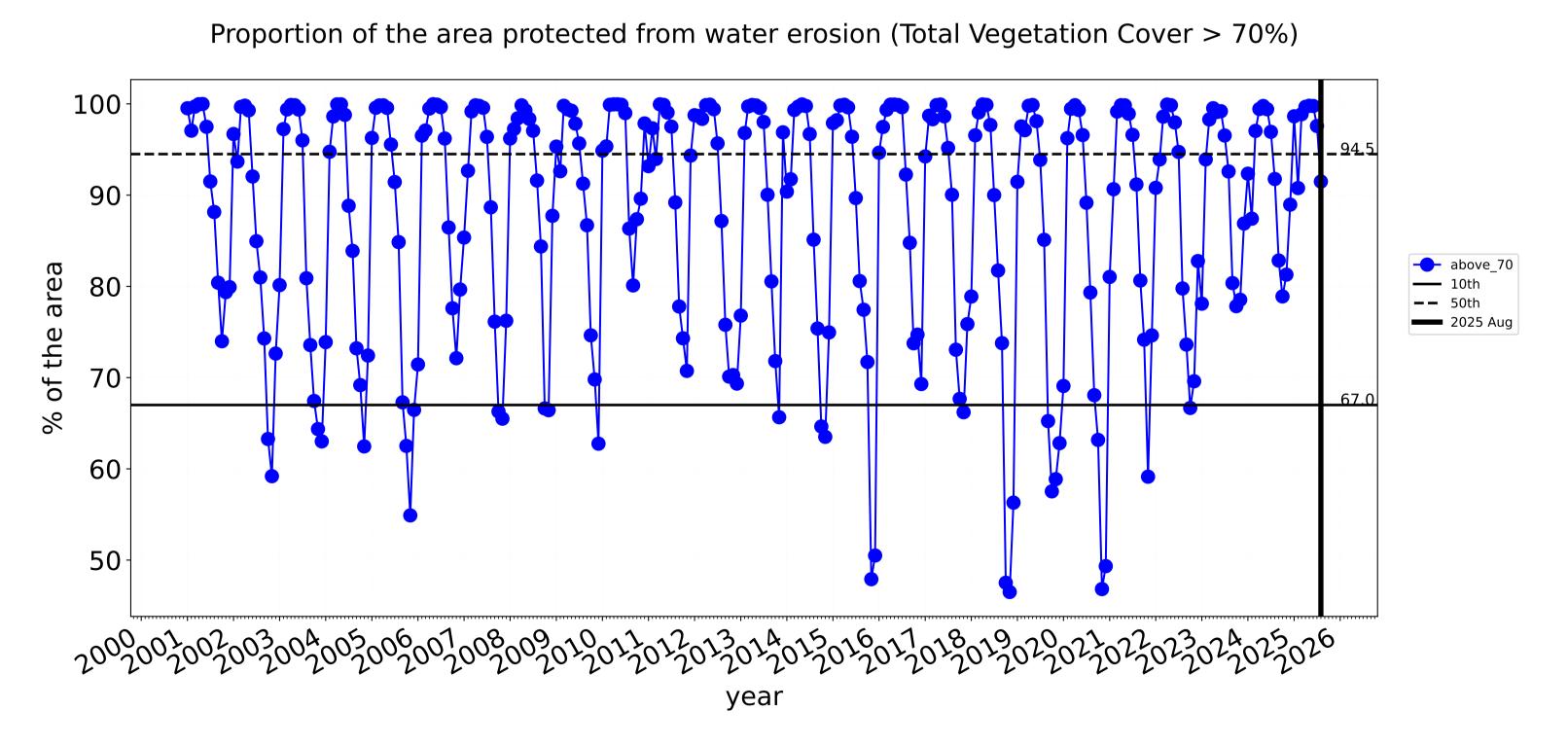


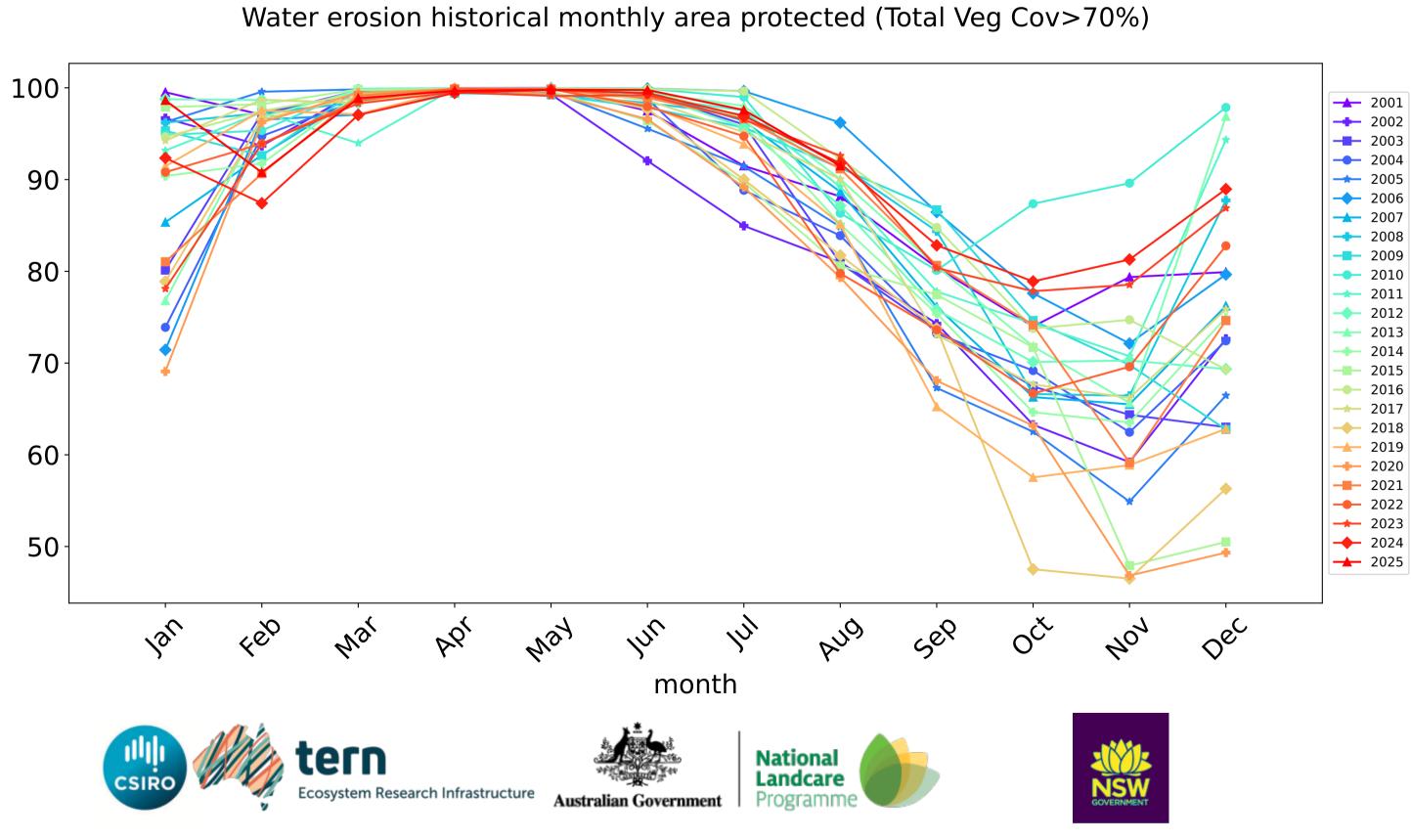


# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**



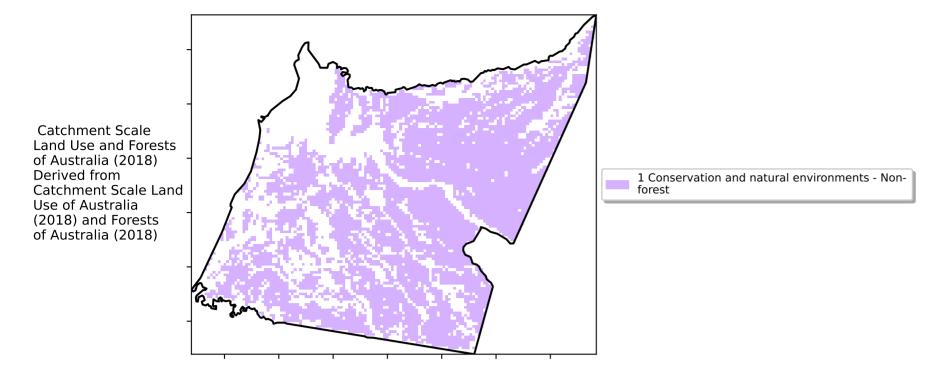




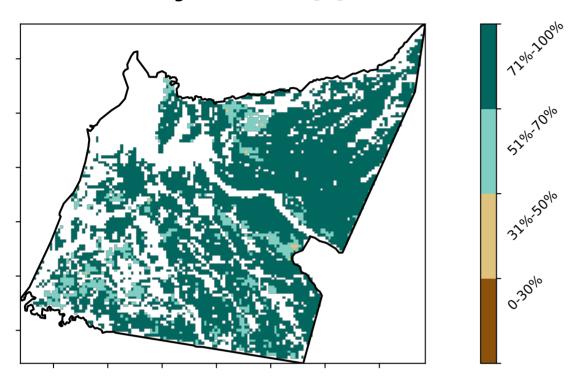


# **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

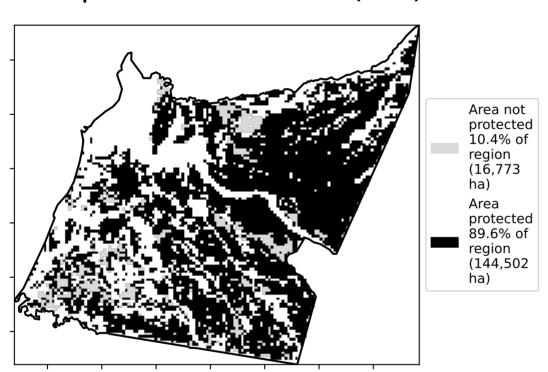
#### Land use and forest cover



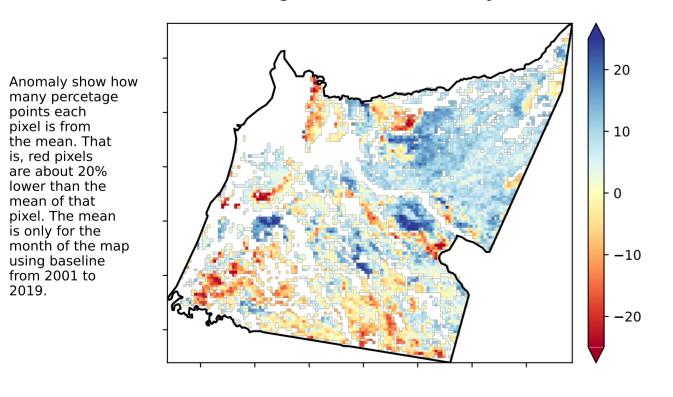
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

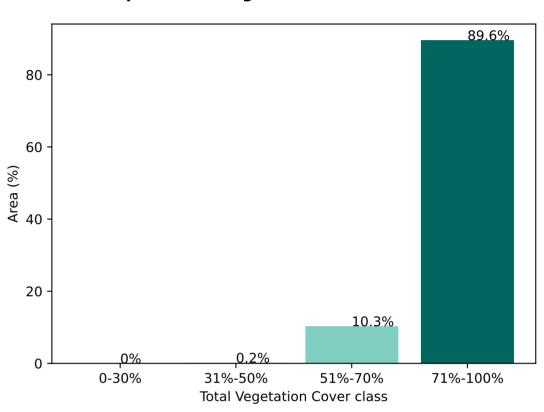


#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

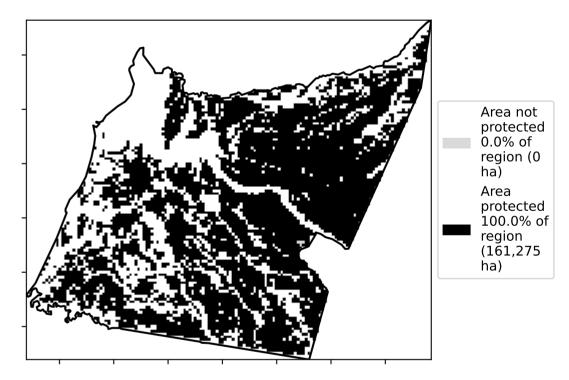


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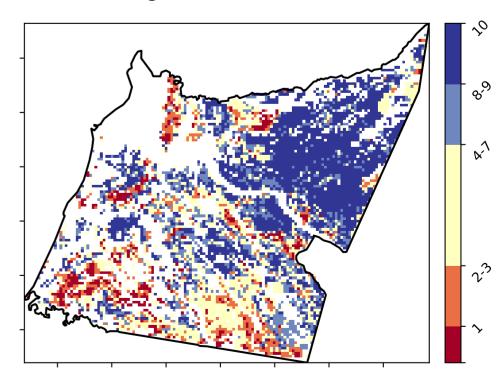
#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**





are about 20% lower than the

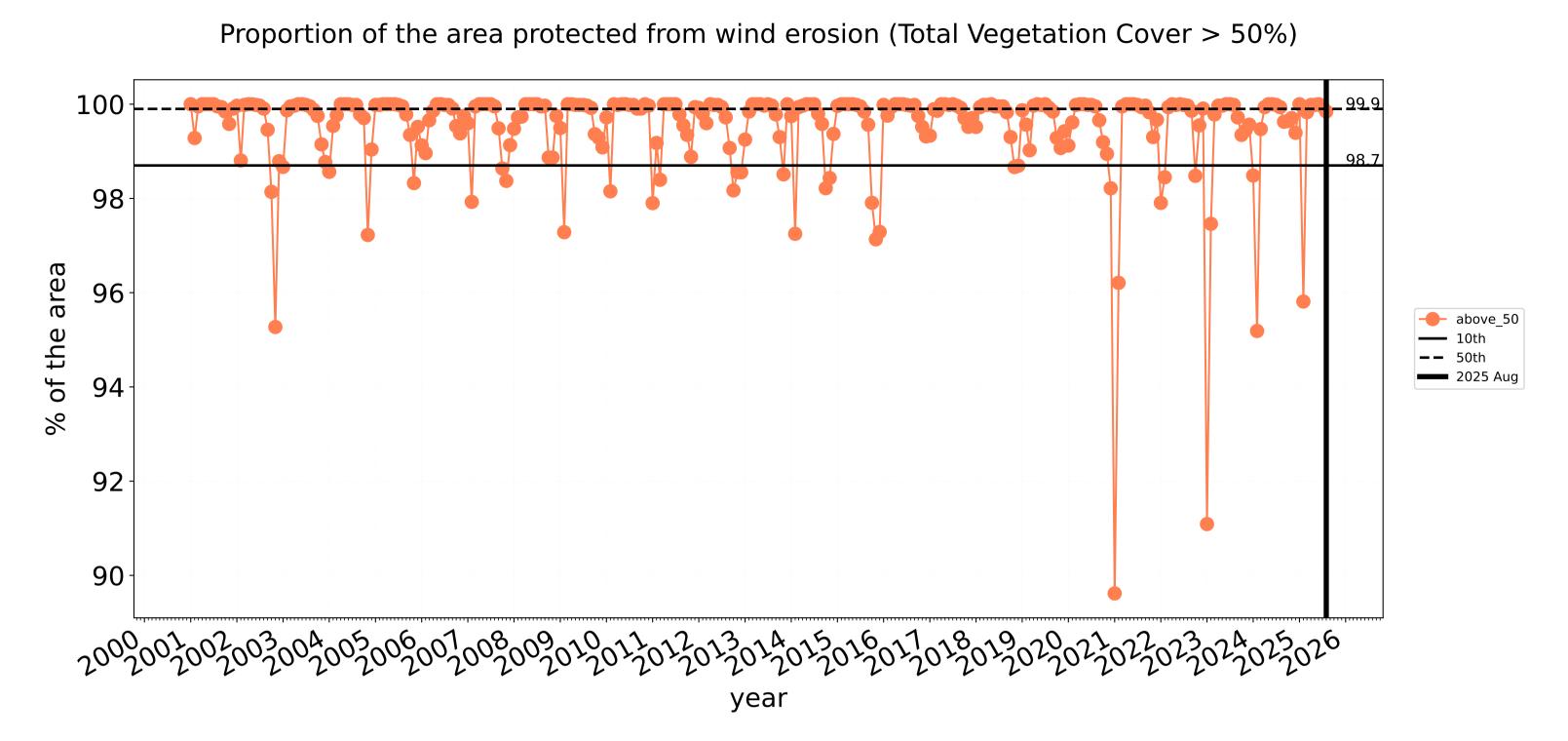


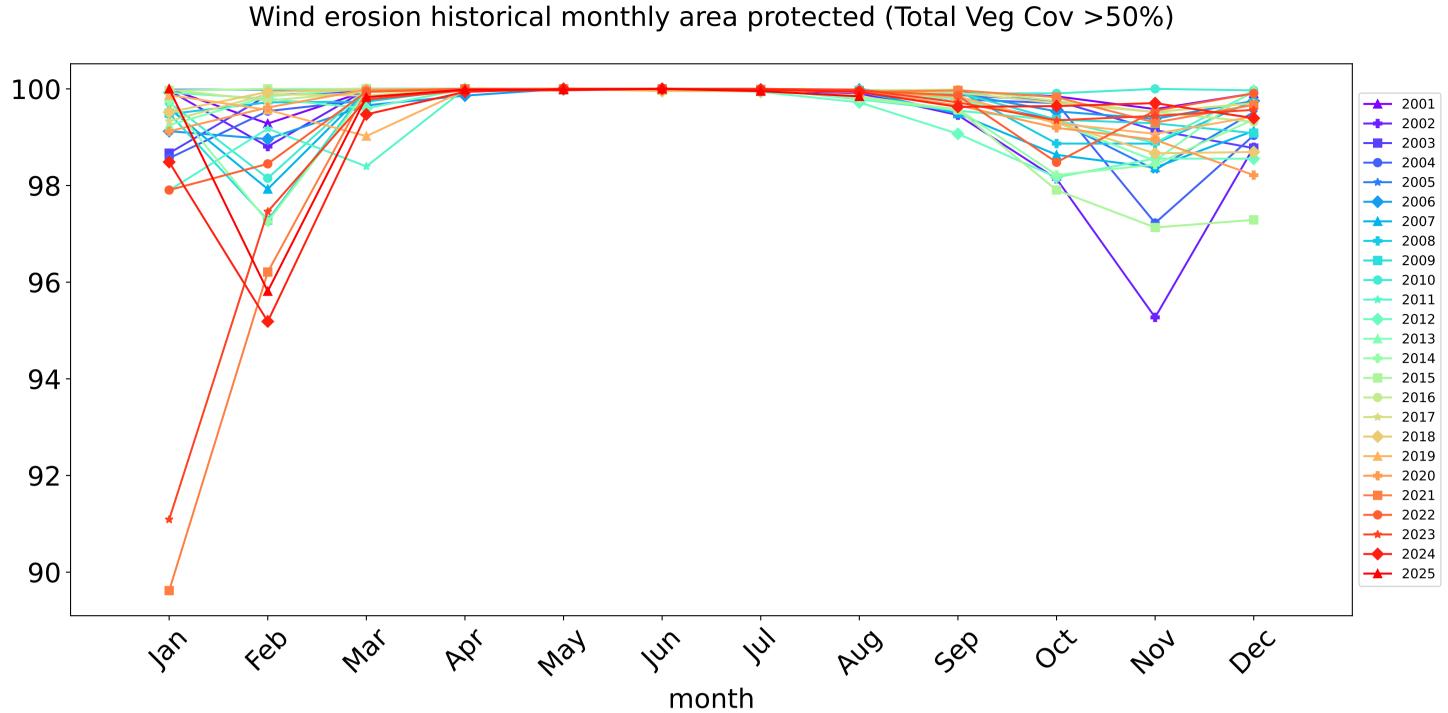


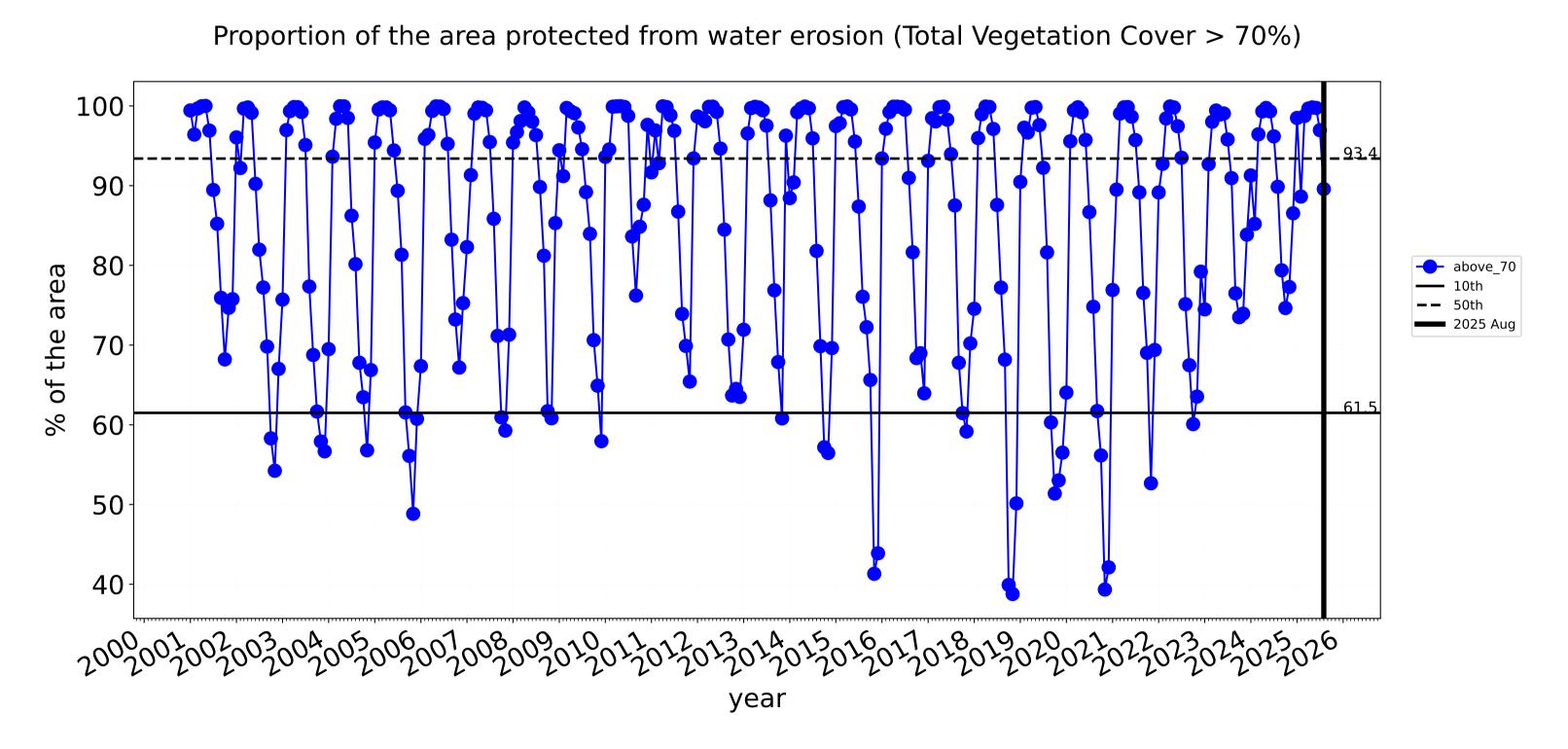


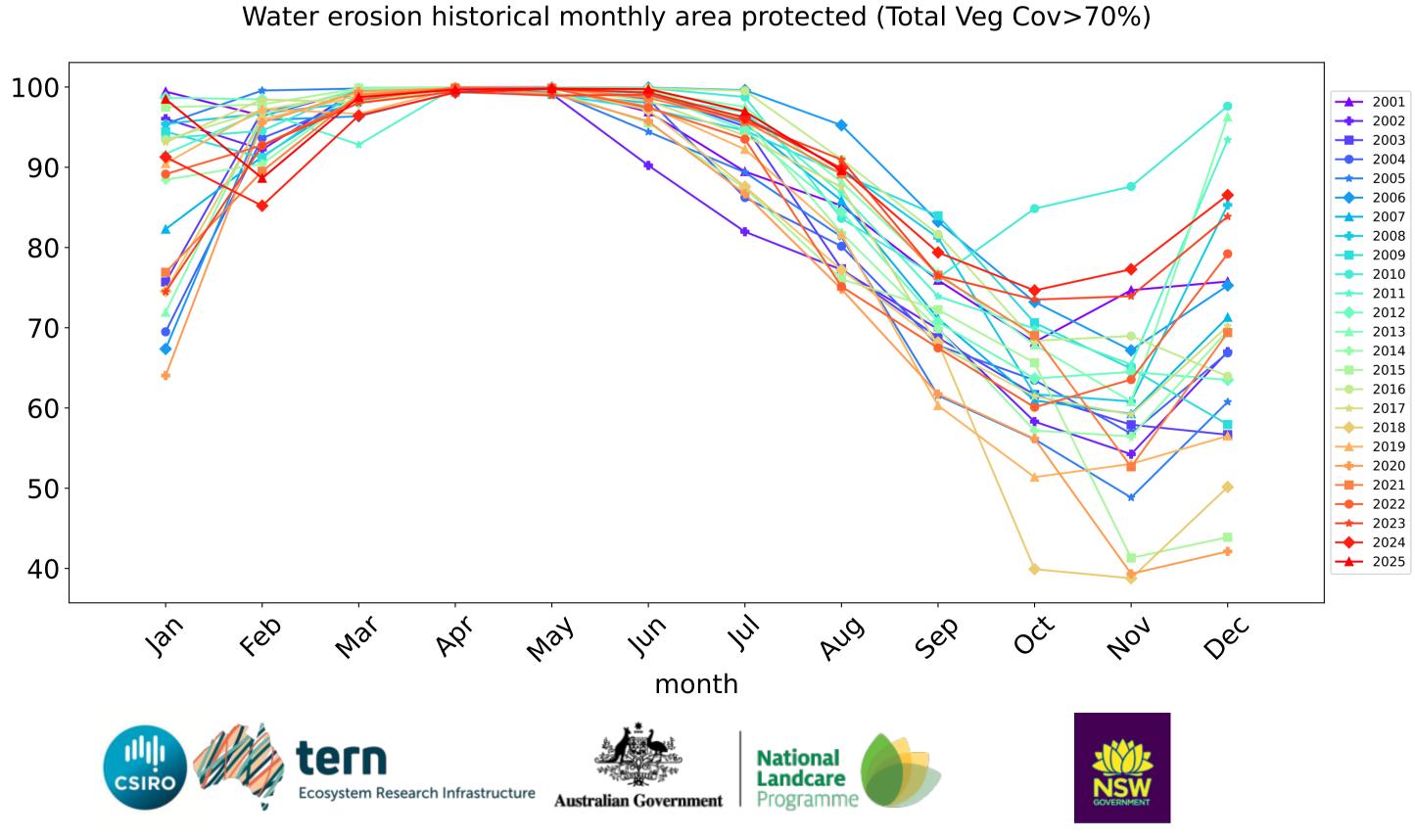


# **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**



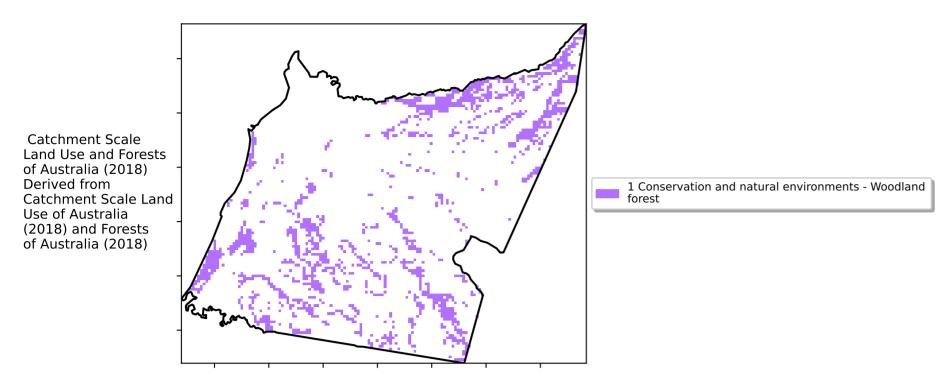




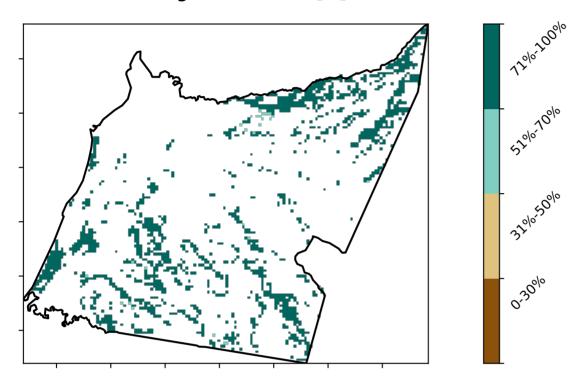


# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

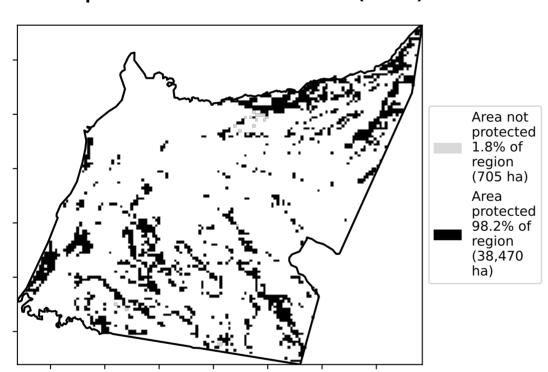
#### Land use and forest cover



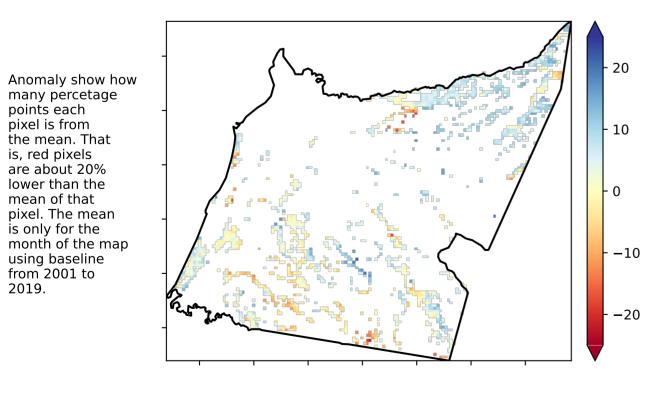
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

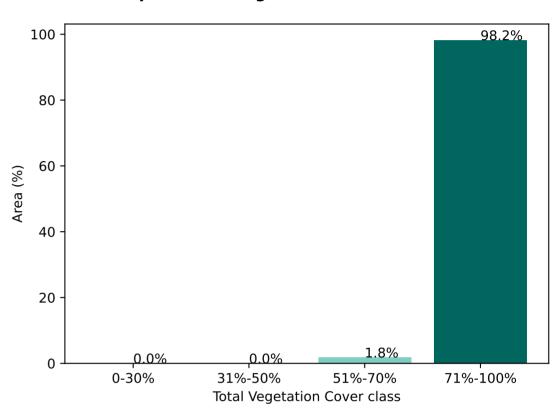


#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

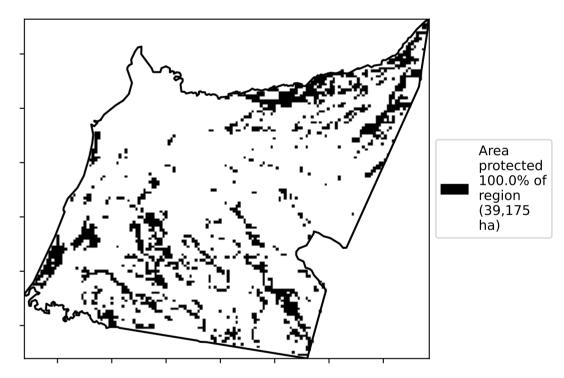


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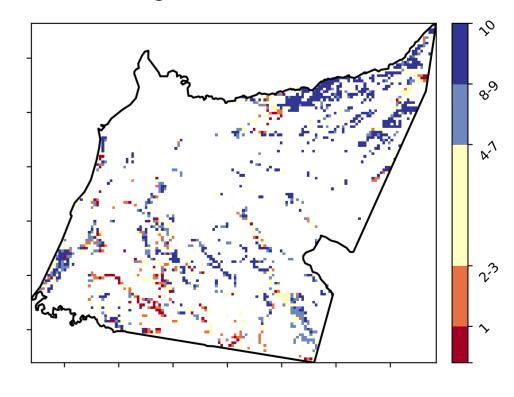
#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**





the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



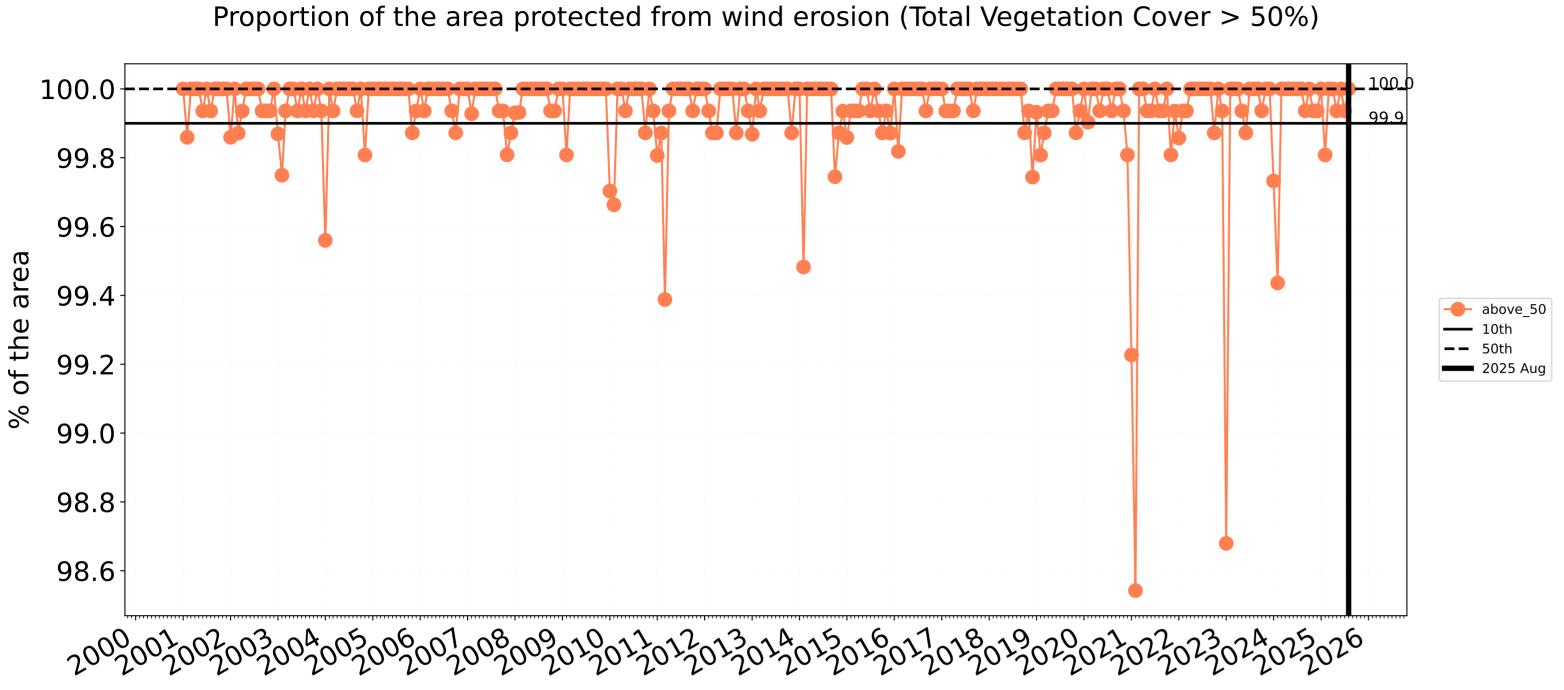


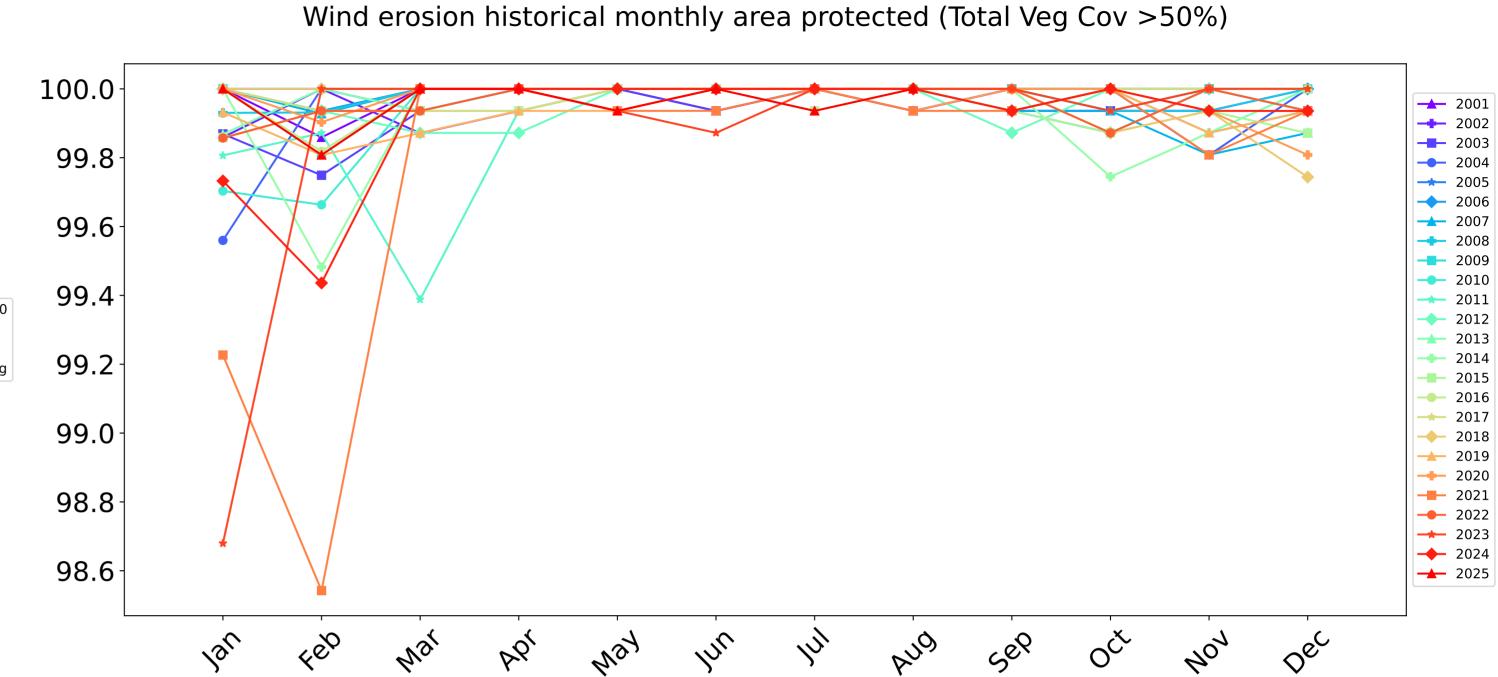




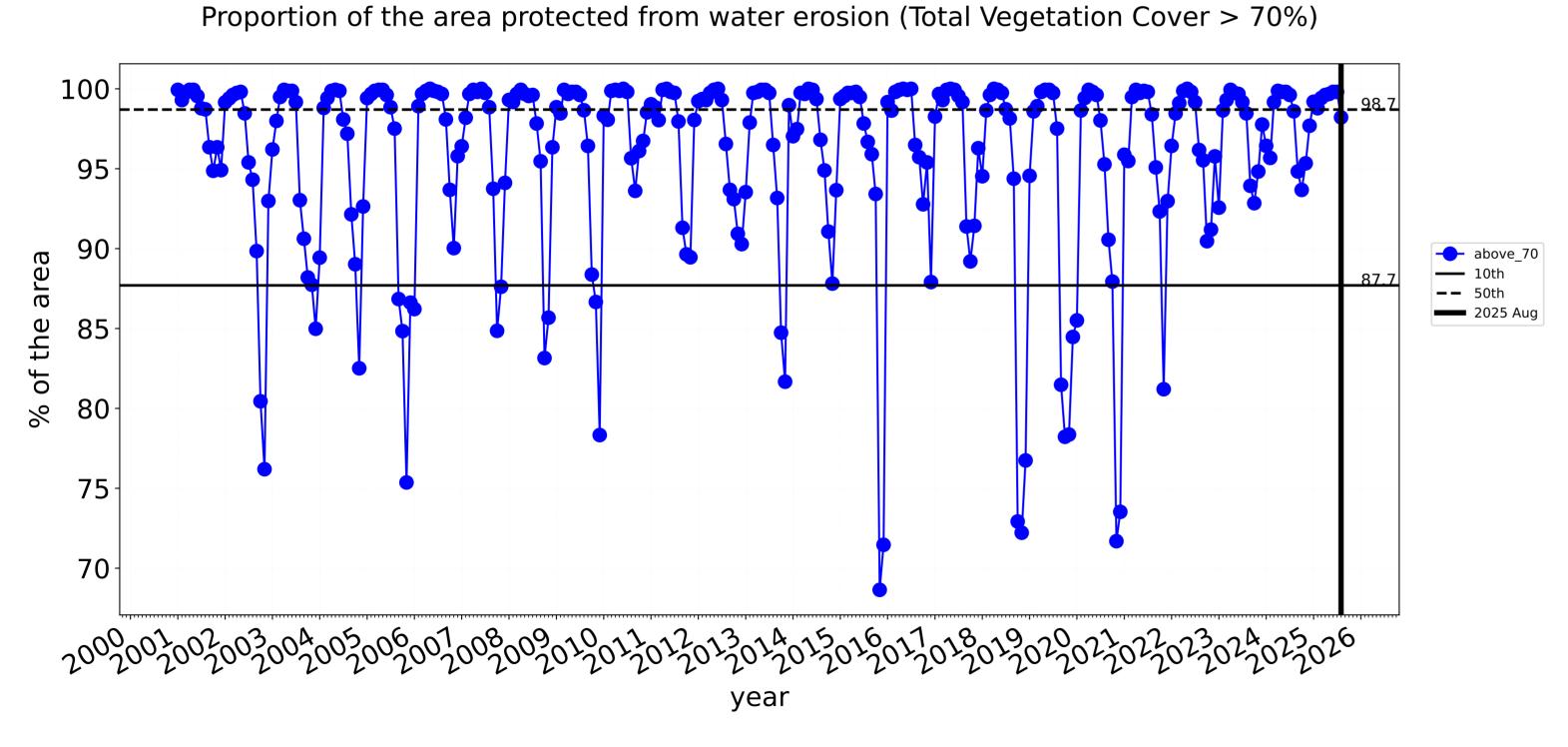


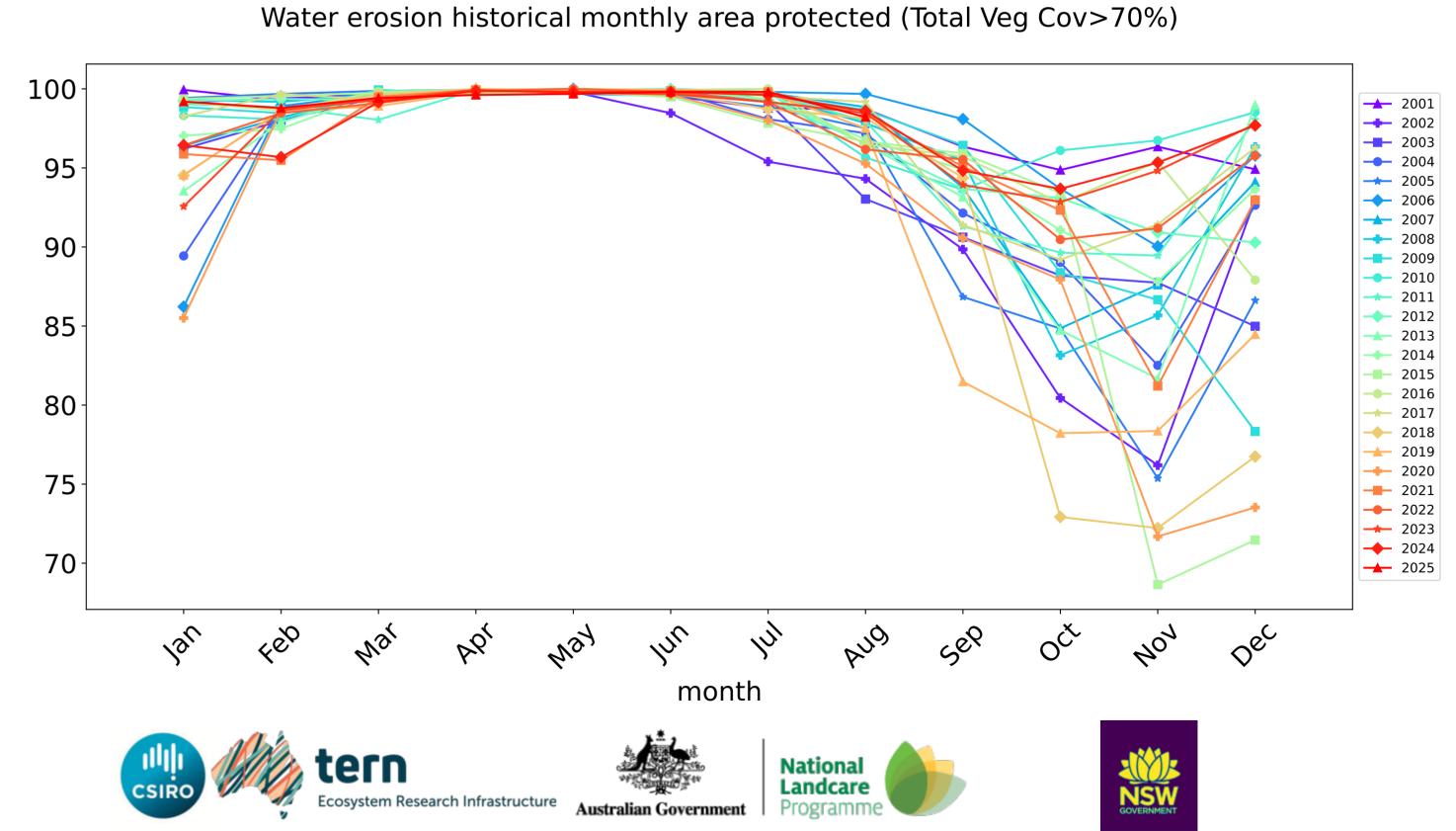
# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**





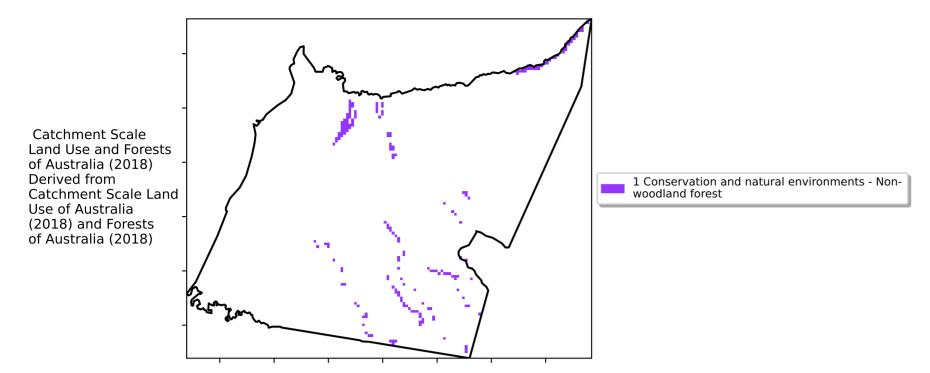
month



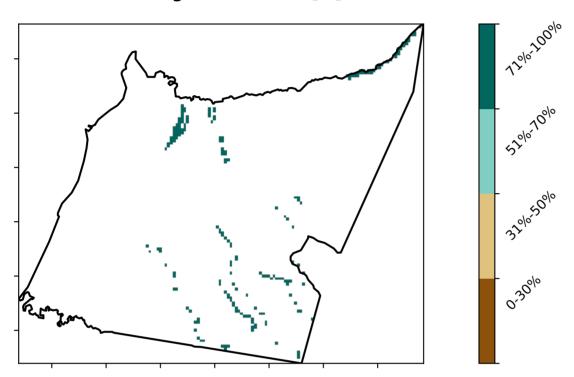


# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

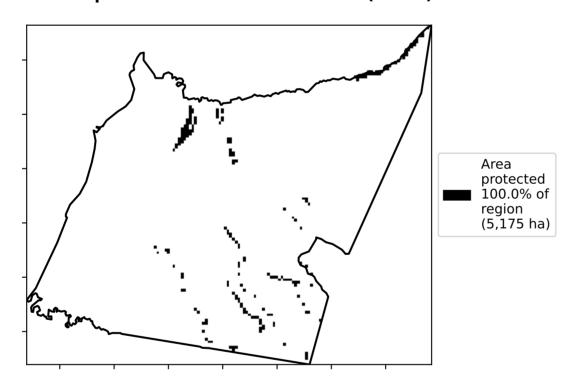
#### Land use and forest cover



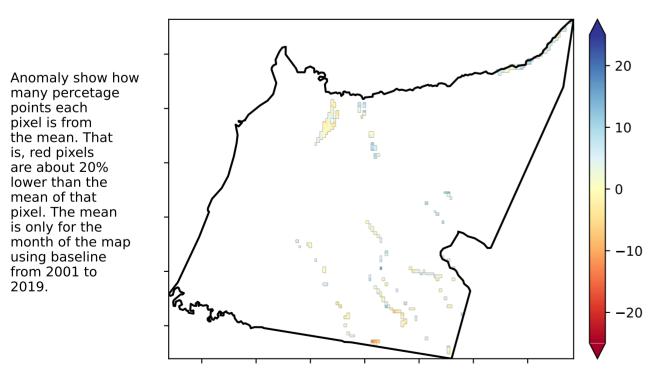
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

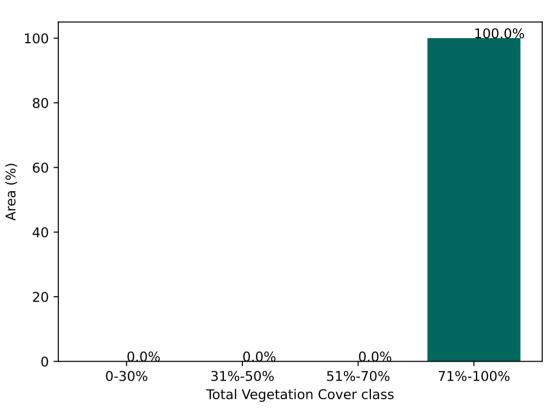


#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

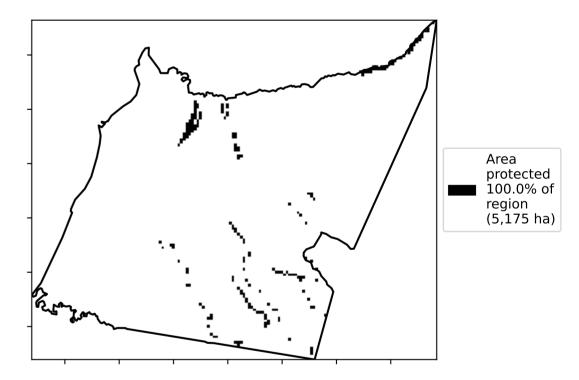


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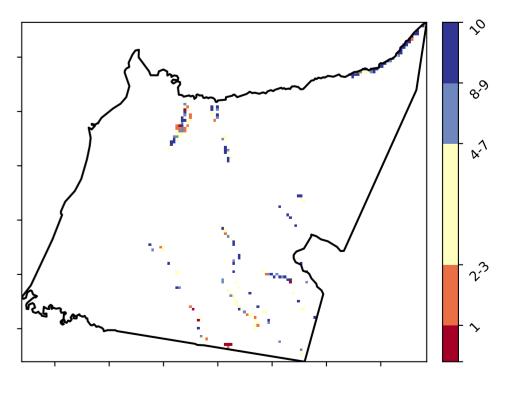
#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]

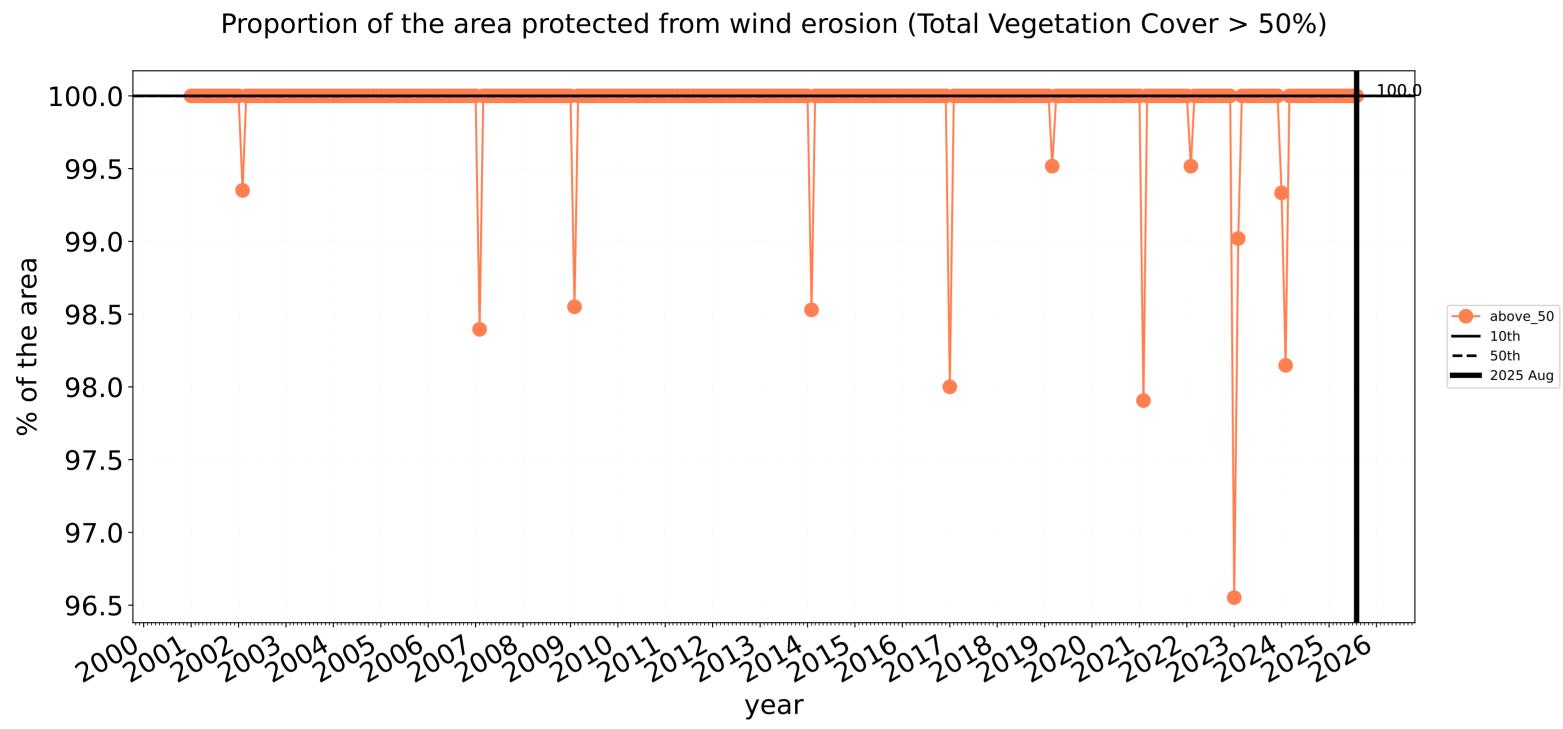


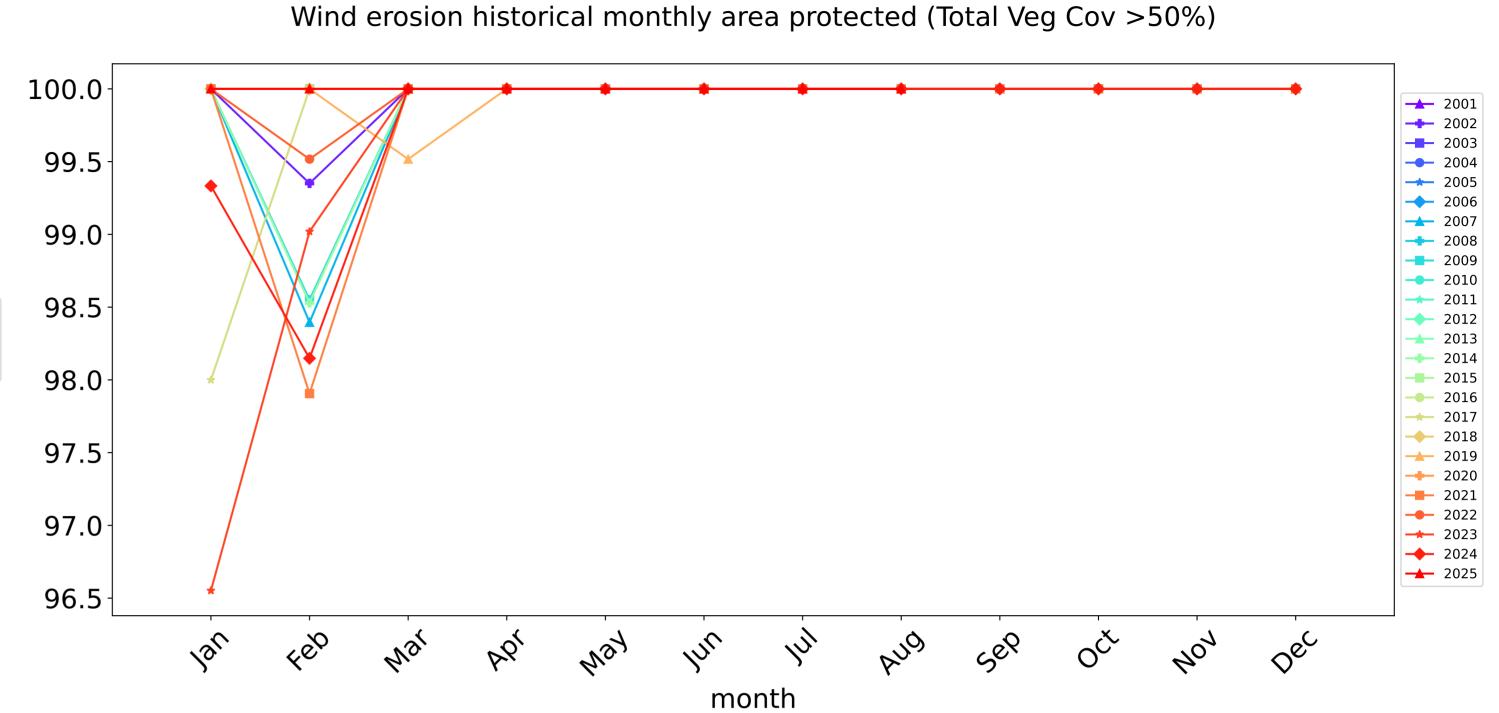


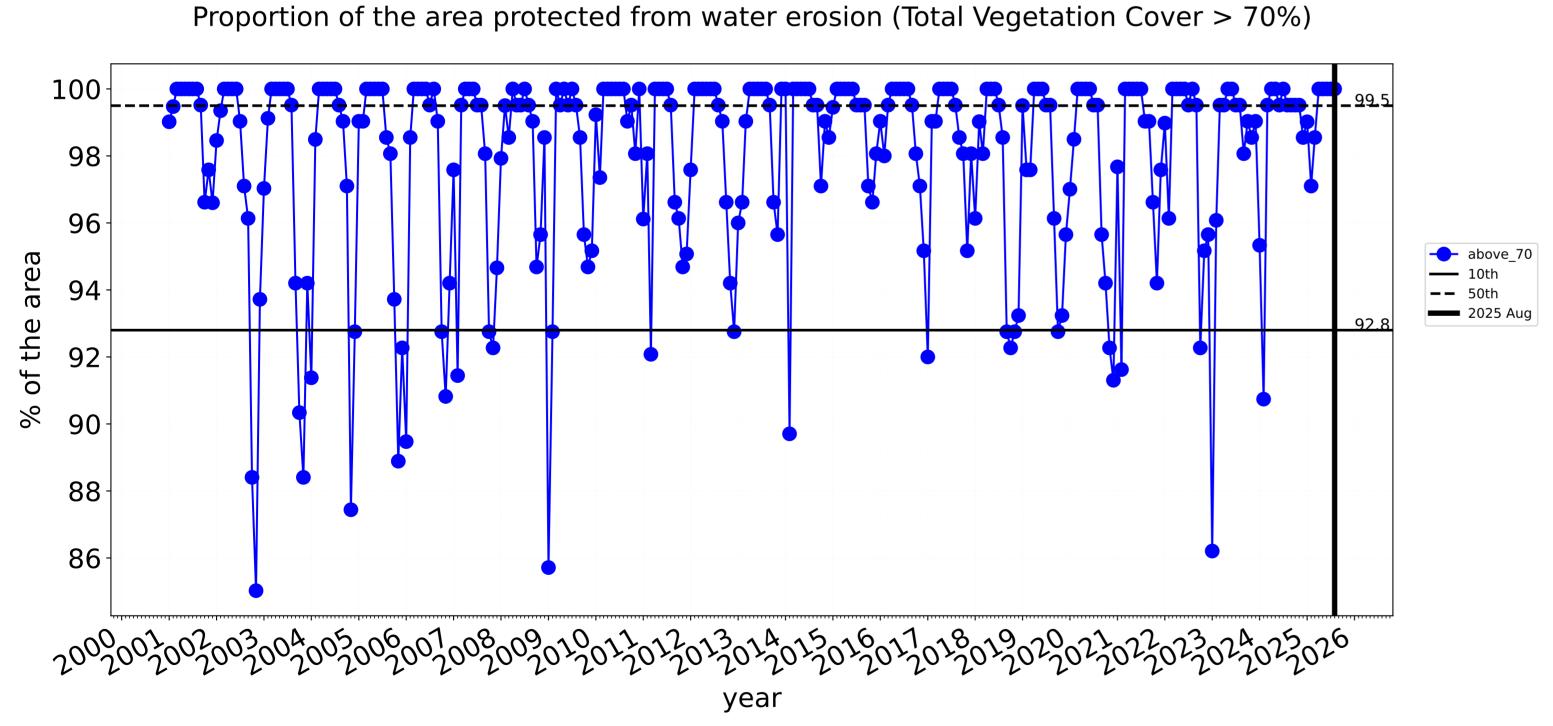


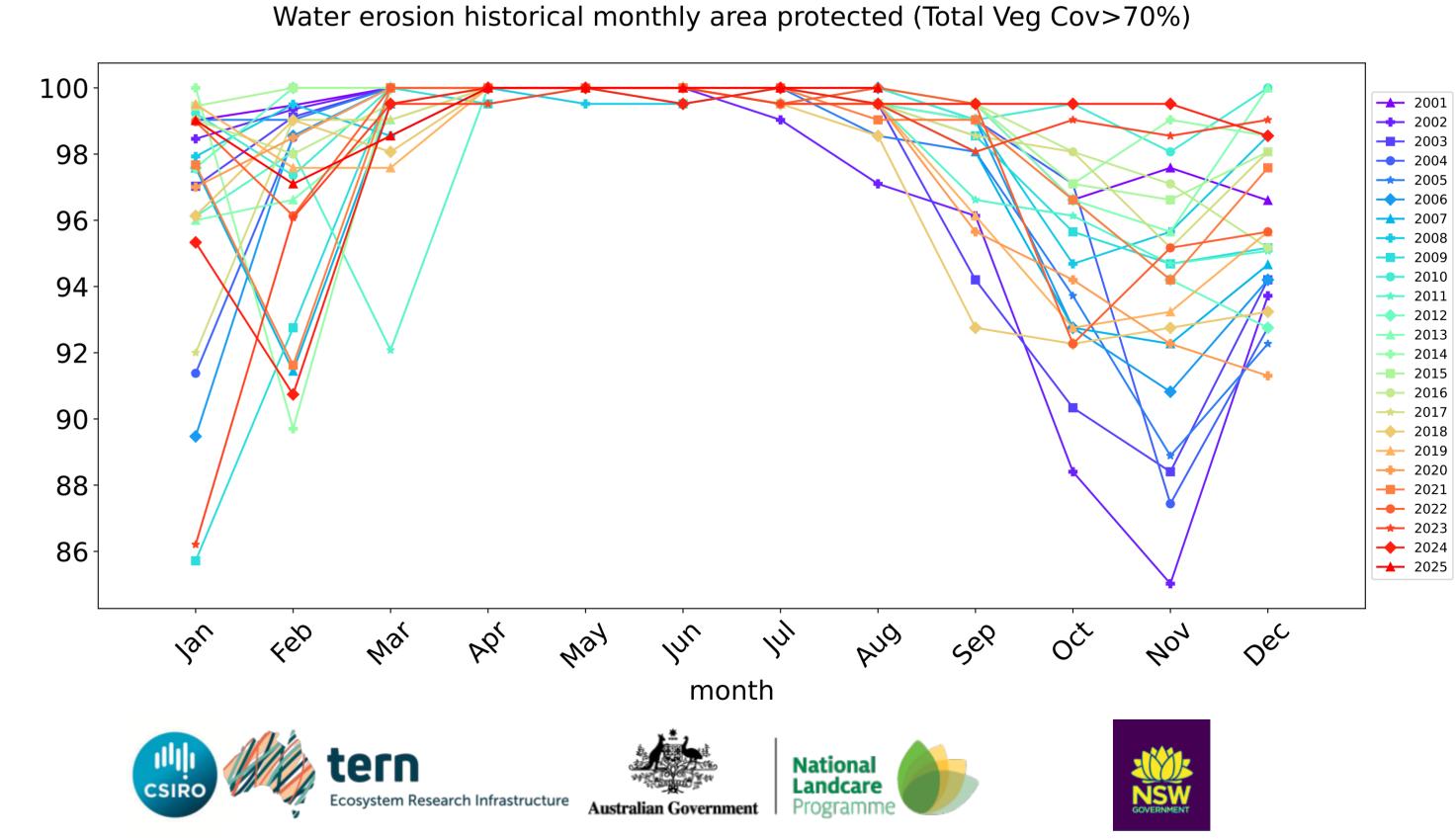












# Kowanyama\_(S) (254,050 ha and no data 1,442 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	254,050	100.0% 254,000	99.8% 253,425	89.9% 228,375	70.2% 178,275	40.8% 103,750	18.2% 46,150
Conservation and natural environments	205,625	100.0% 205,625	99.9% 205,375	91.5% 188,125	73.8% 151,675	45.5% 93,650	20.5% 42,100
Conservation and natural environments non forest	161,275	100.0% 161,275	99.8% 161,025	89.6% 144,475	70.0% 112,900	42.4% 68,350	19.1% 30,750
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	39,175	100.0% 39,175	100.0% 39,175	98.2% 38,475	86.4% 33,850	57.3% 22,450	26.4% 10,325
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	5,175	100.0% 5,175	100.0% 5,175	100.0% 5,175	95.2% 4,925	55.1% 2,850	19.8% 1,025







