## Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Kowanyama\_(S) QLD

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

## **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

## Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

## **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









**Date: February 2022** 

## **Vegetation Cover Feb 2022**

#### Land use and forest cover

Derived from

Use of Australia

many percetage points each pixel is from

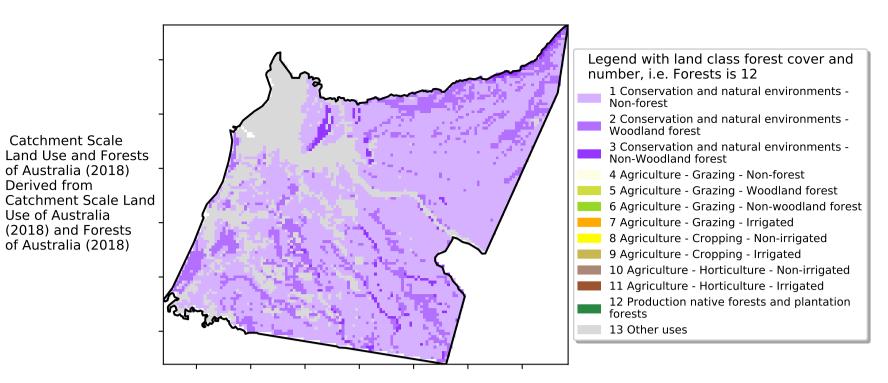
the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

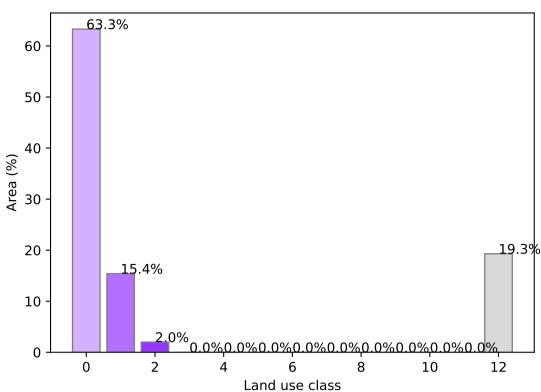
mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

using baseline from 2001 to

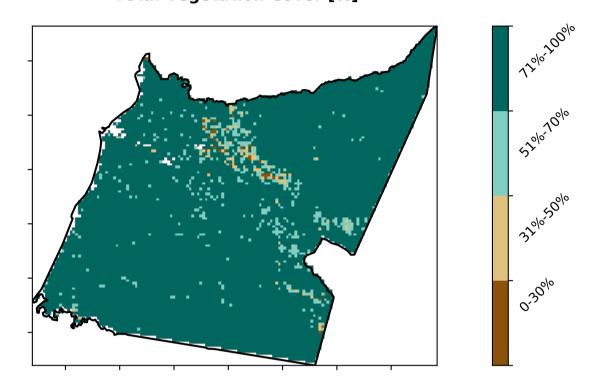
2019.



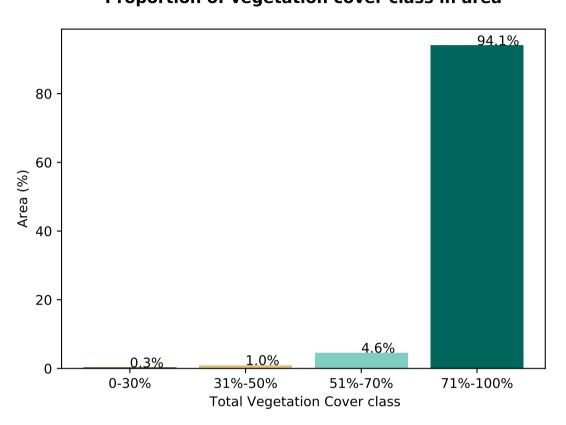
## **Proportion of each land class in area**

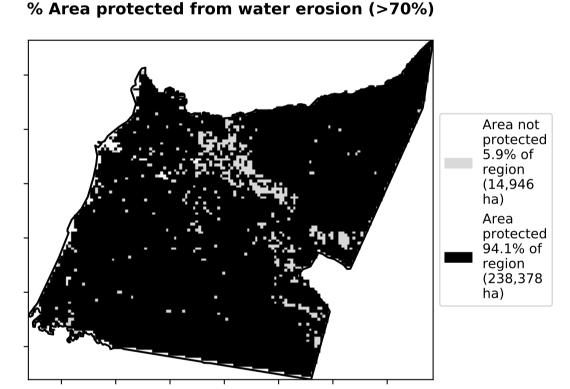


## **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

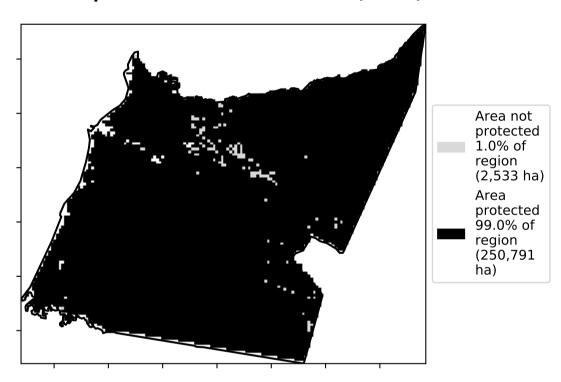


**Proportion of vegetation cover class in area** 

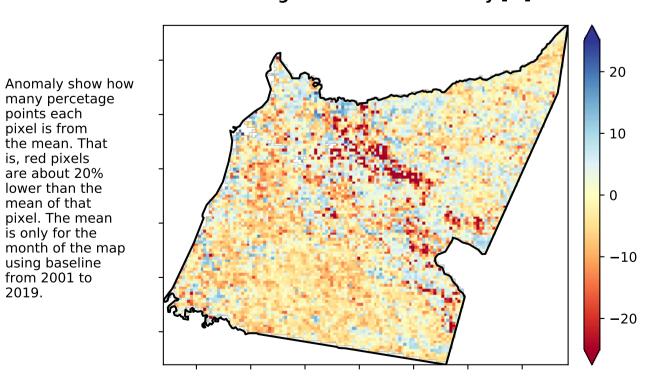




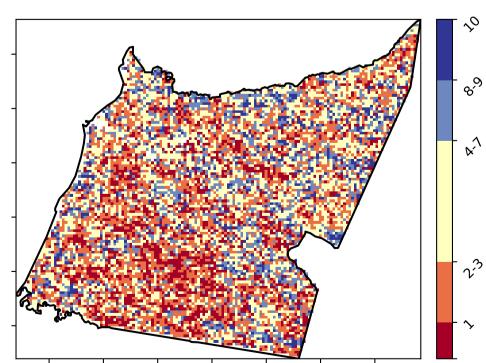
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

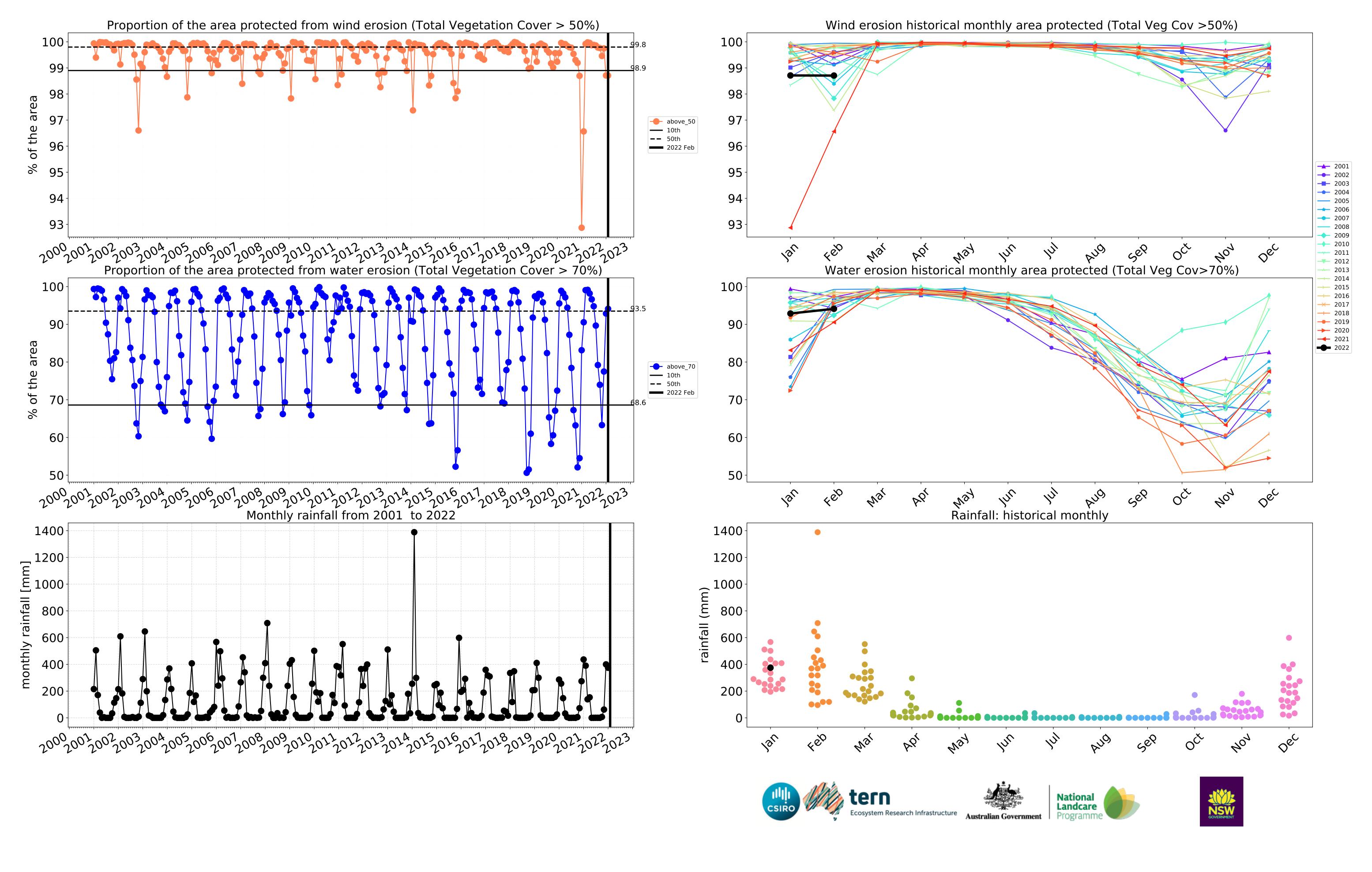








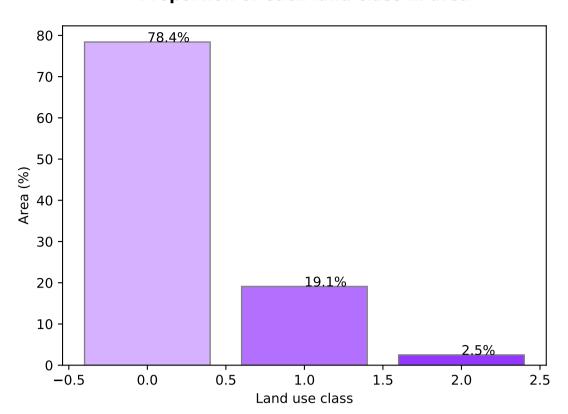




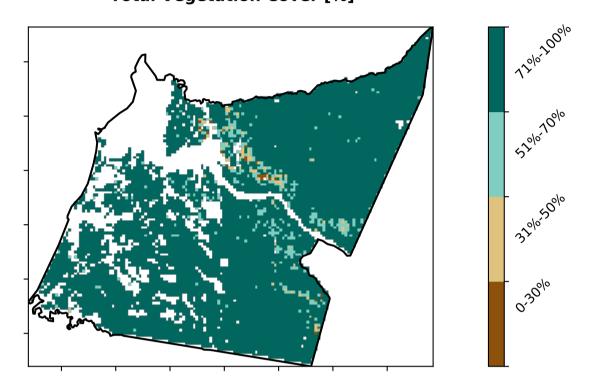
## **Conservation and natural environments**

## Land use and forest cover Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) 1 Conservation and natural environments - Nonforest Derived from 2 Conservation and natural environments – Woodland forest Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia 3 Conservation and natural environments – Non-woodland forest (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

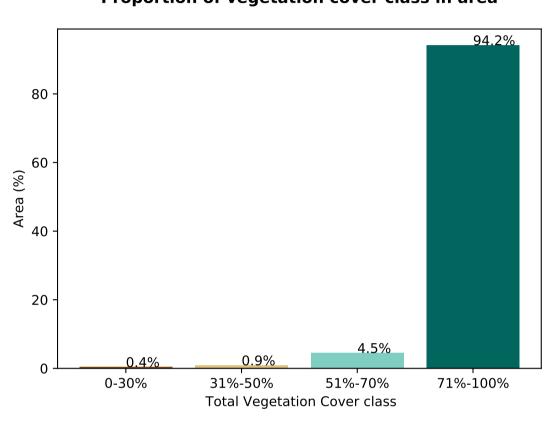
#### Proportion of each land class in area



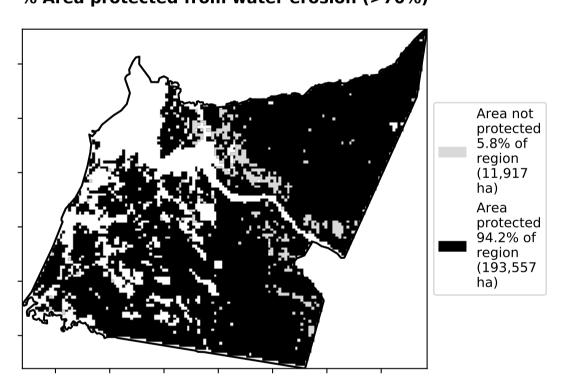
**Total Vegetation Cover [%]** 



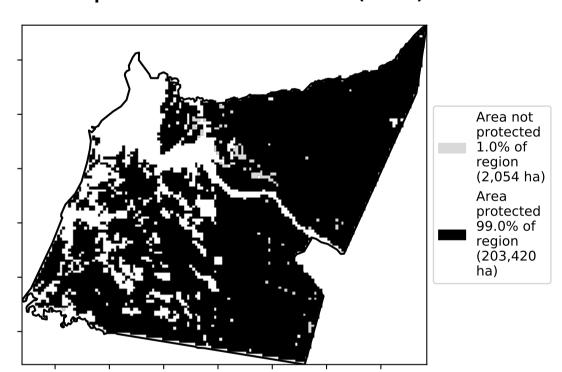
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

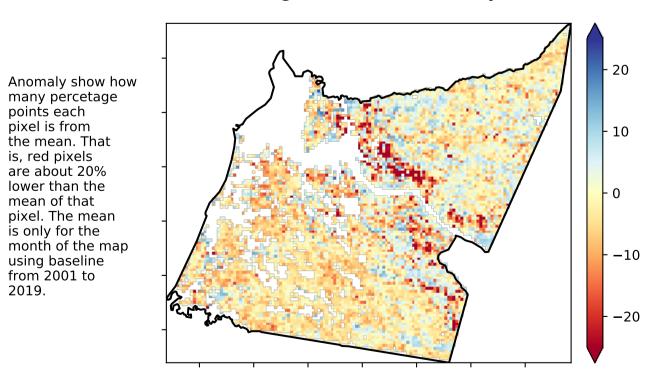
the mean. That

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

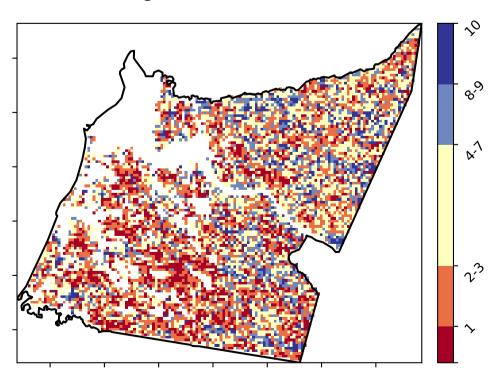
is only for the month of the map

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 



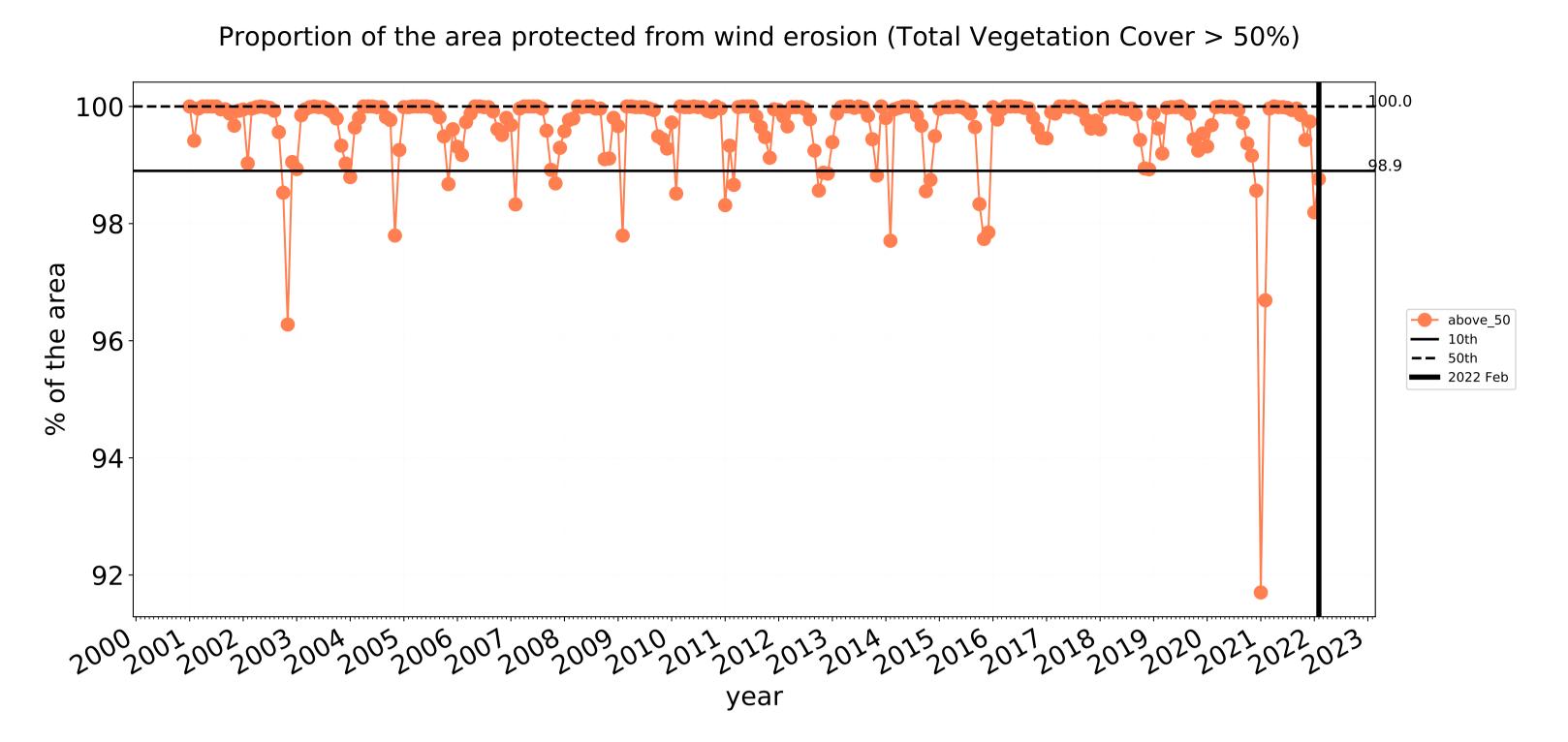


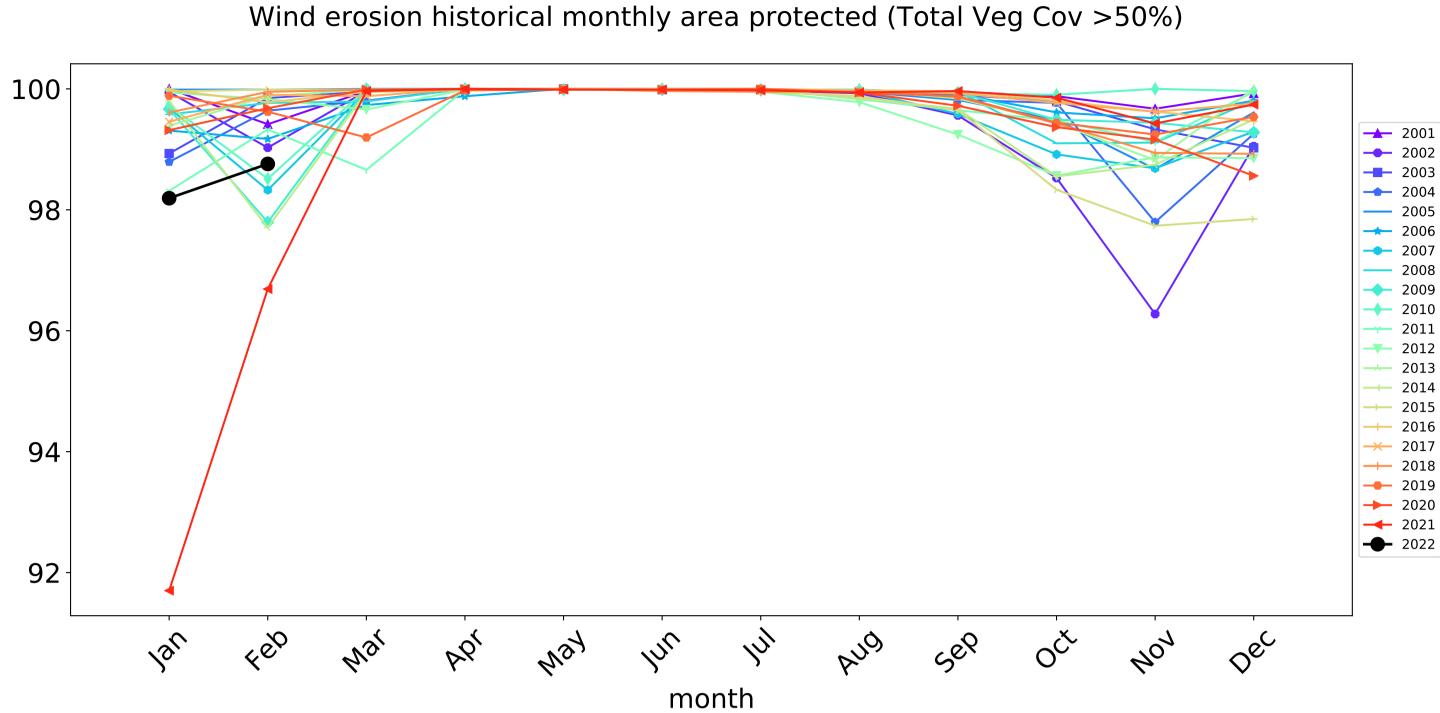


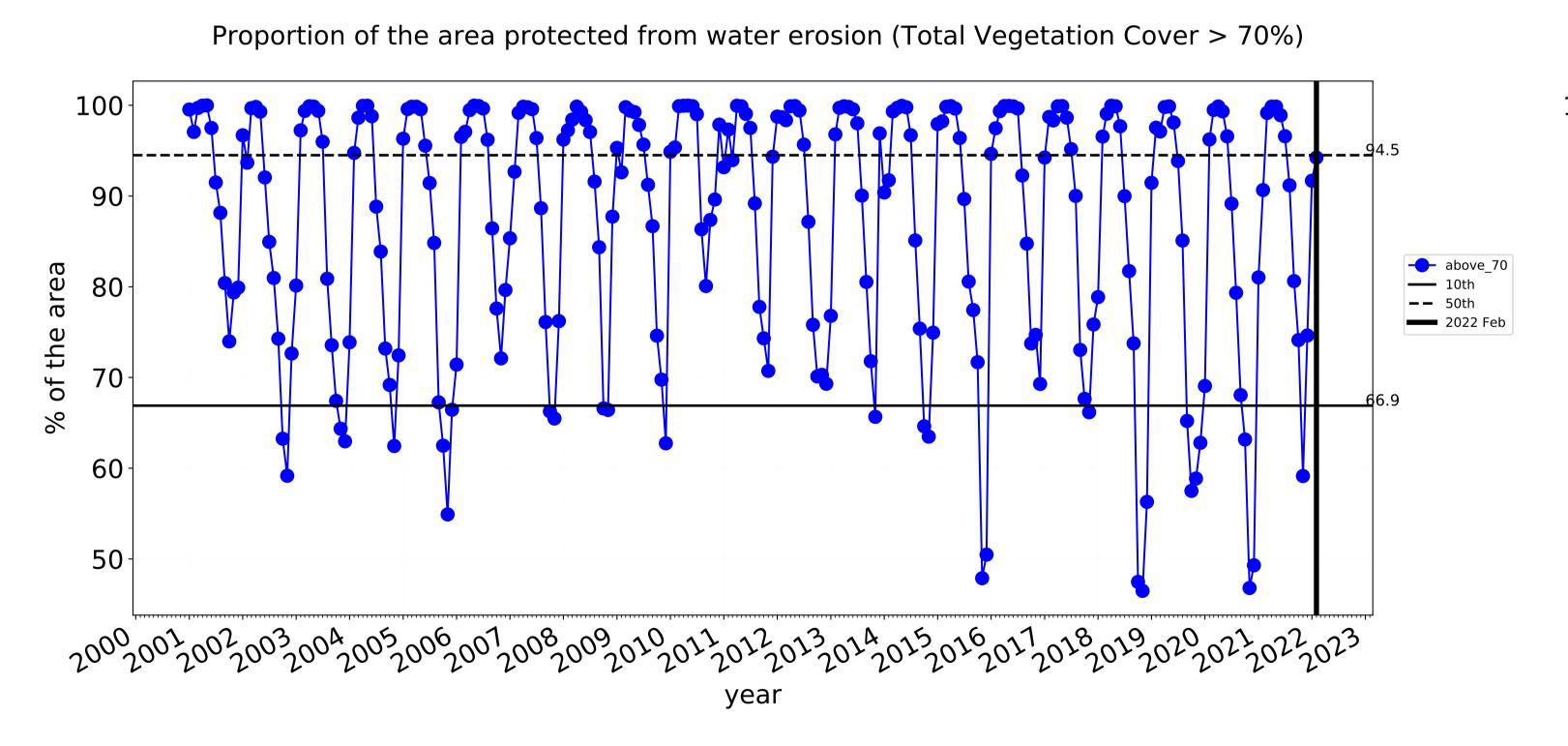


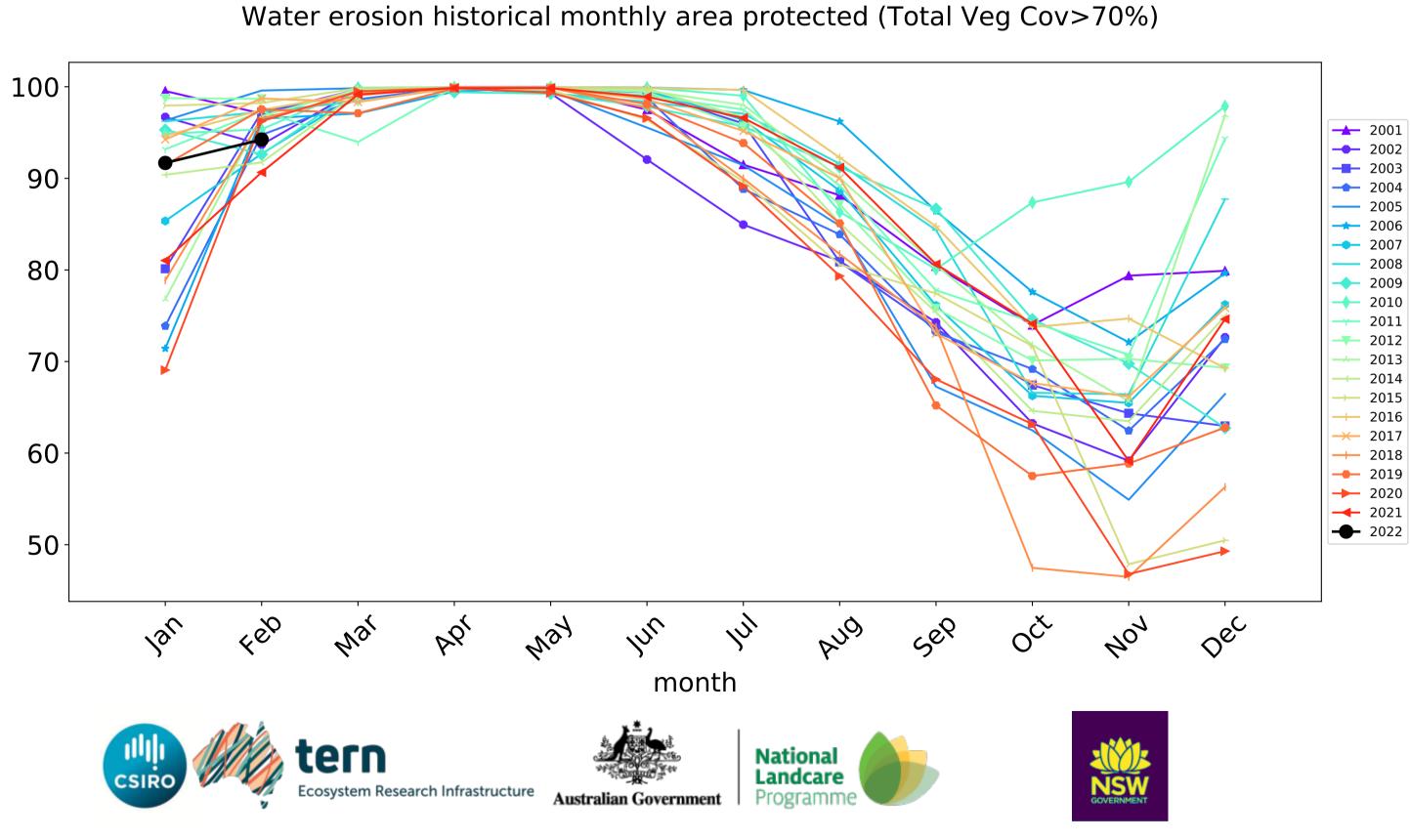


## **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**



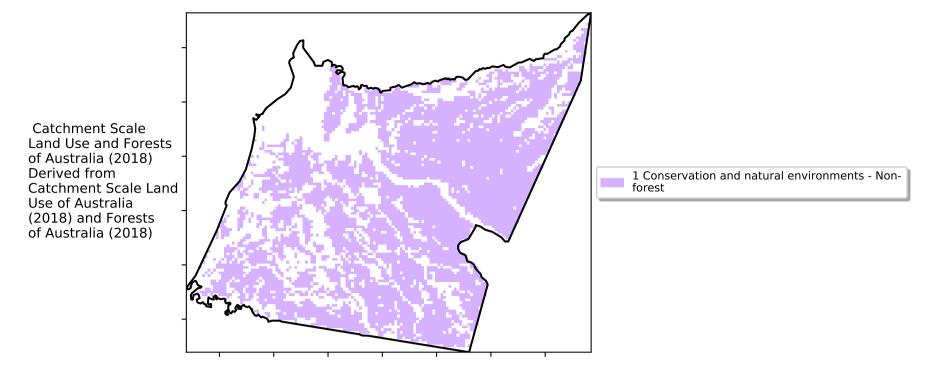




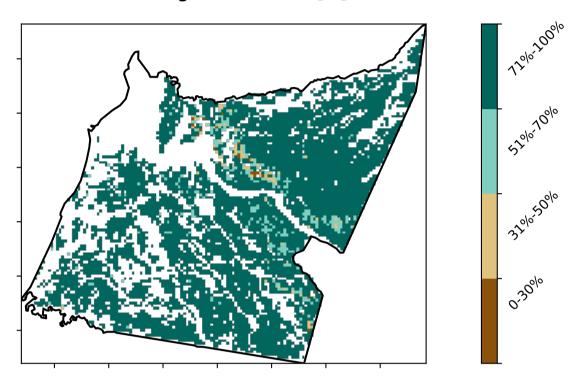


## **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

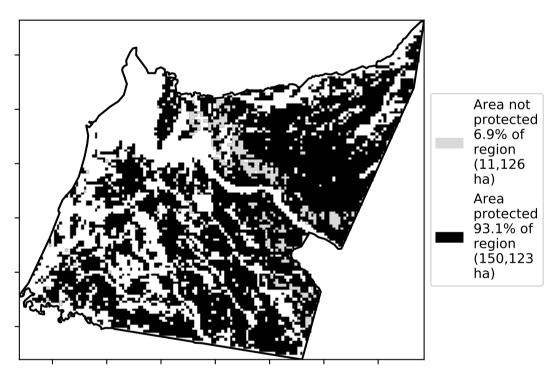
#### Land use and forest cover



#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

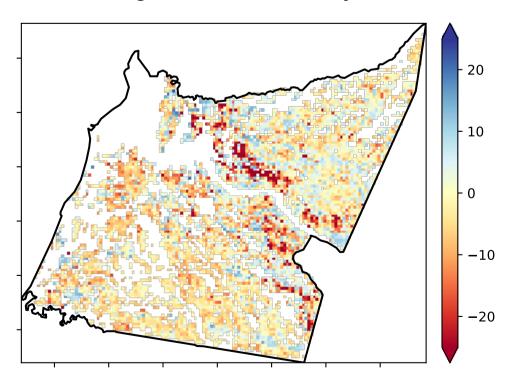


## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels

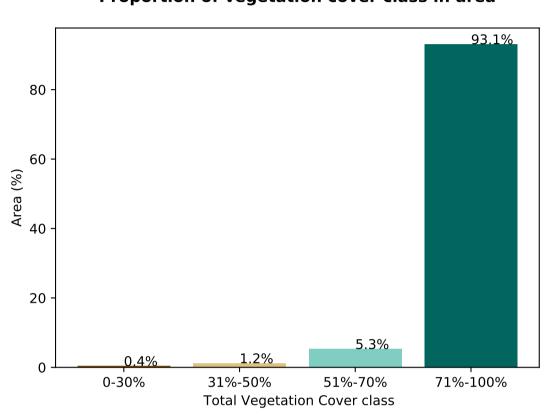
are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

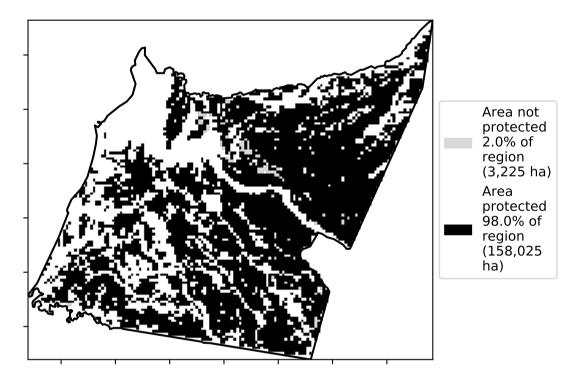


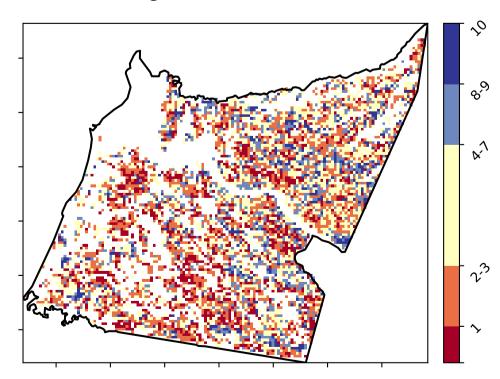
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





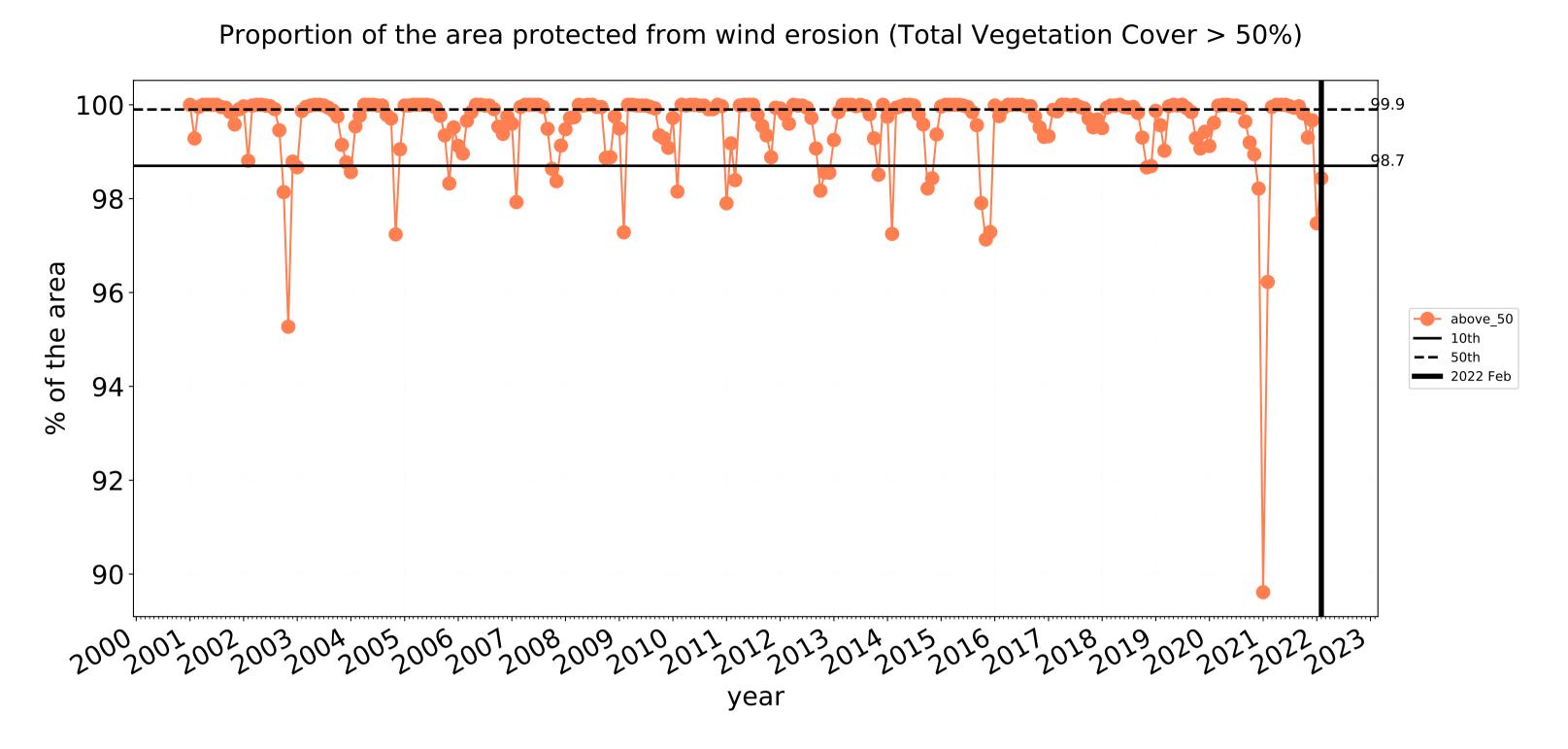


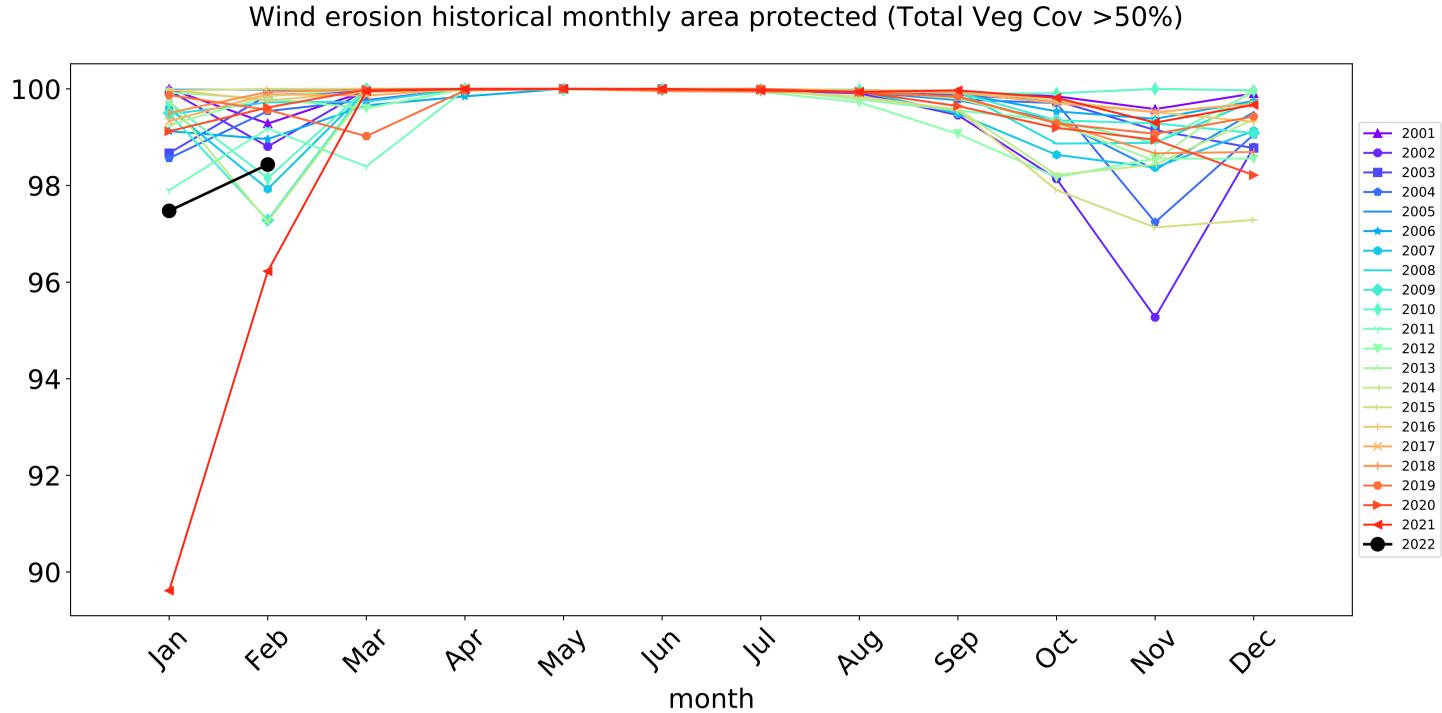


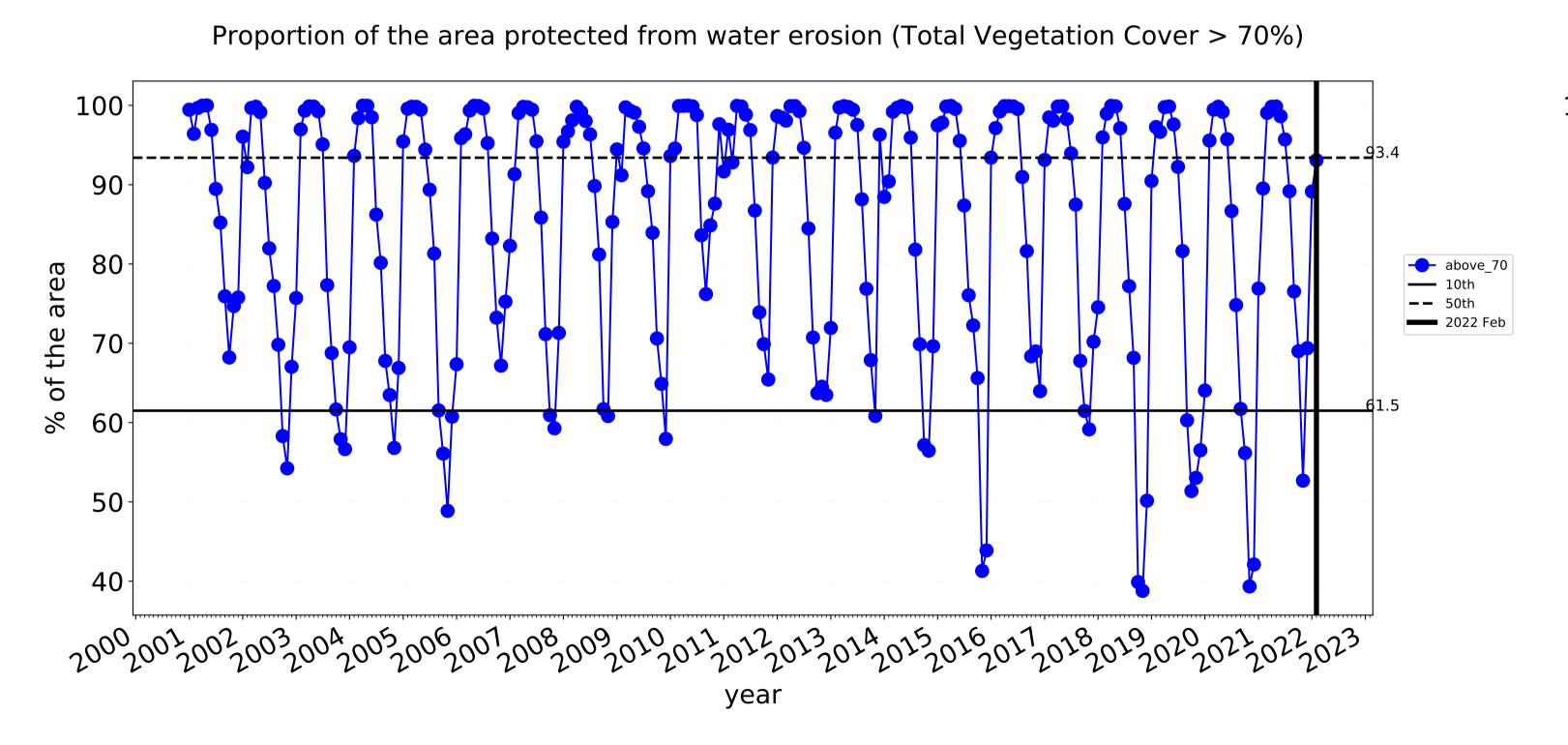


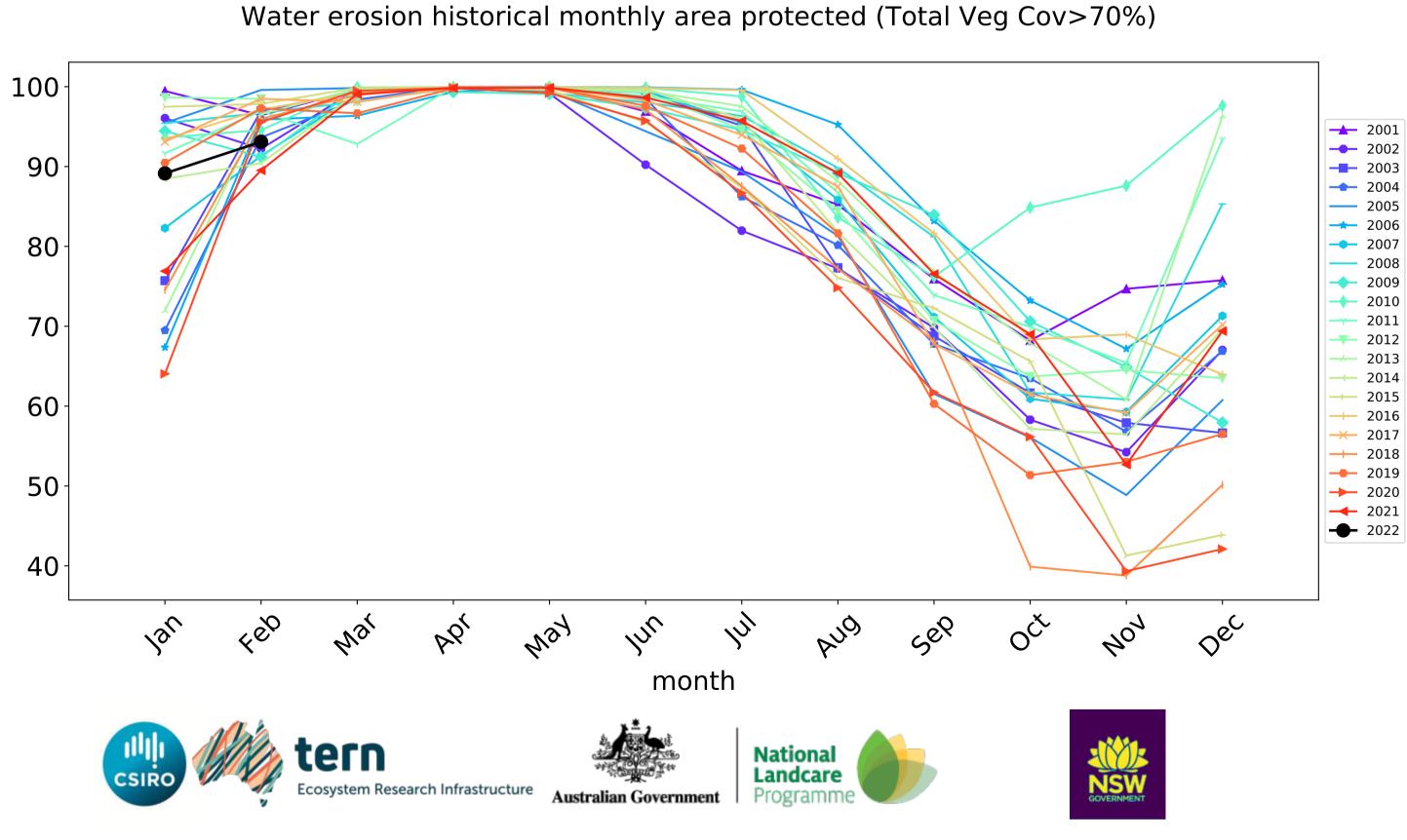


## **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**



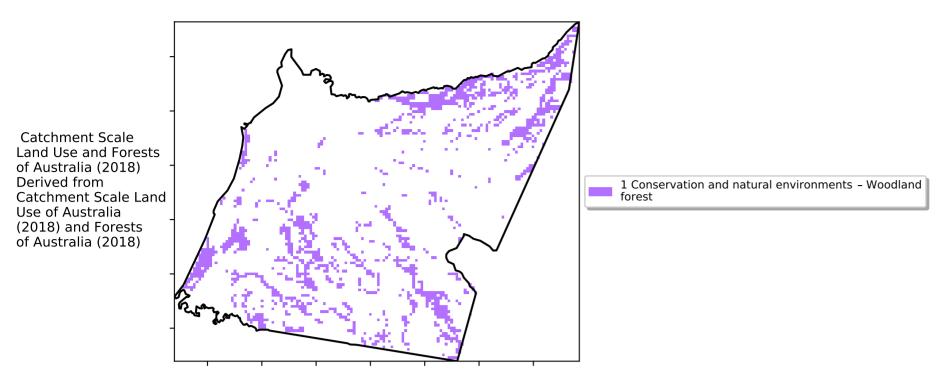




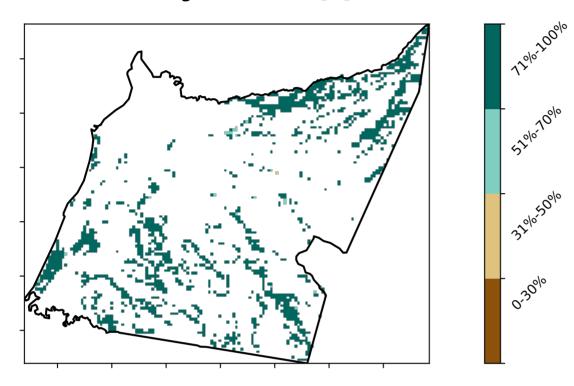


## **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

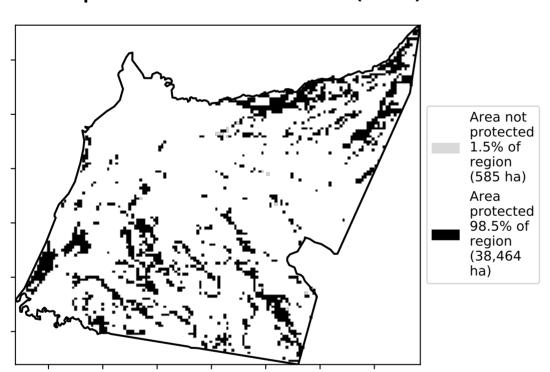
#### Land use and forest cover



#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

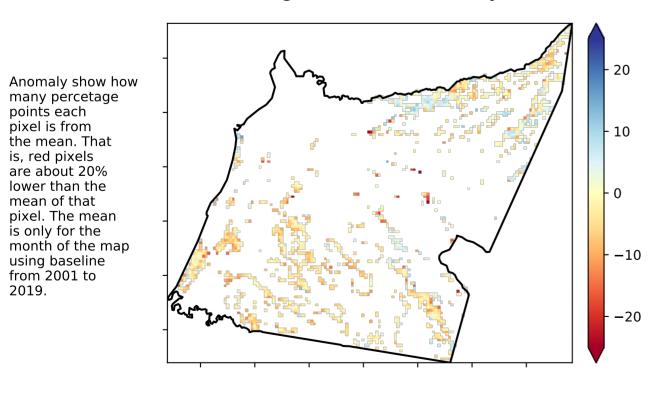


## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

are about 20% lower than the

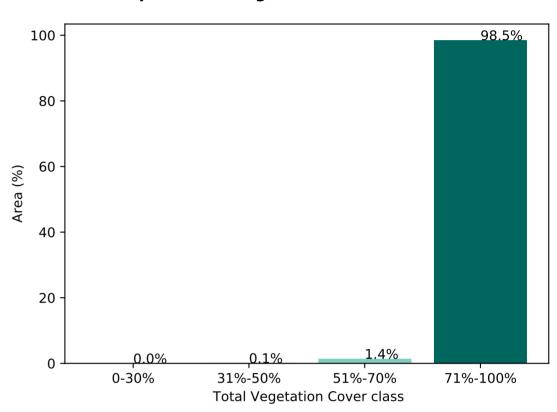
mean of that

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

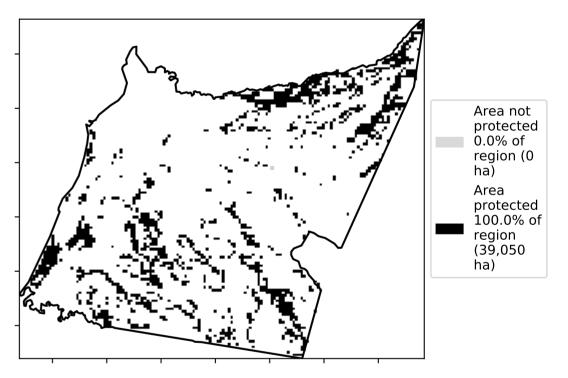


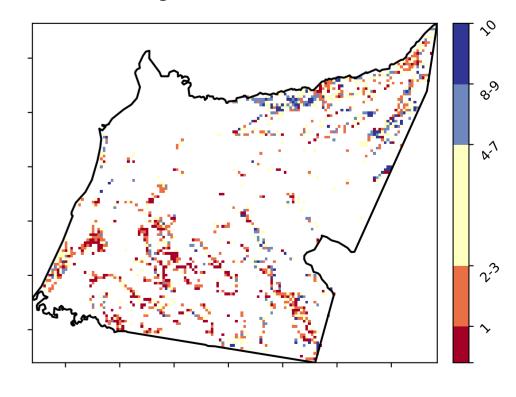
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#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



## % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





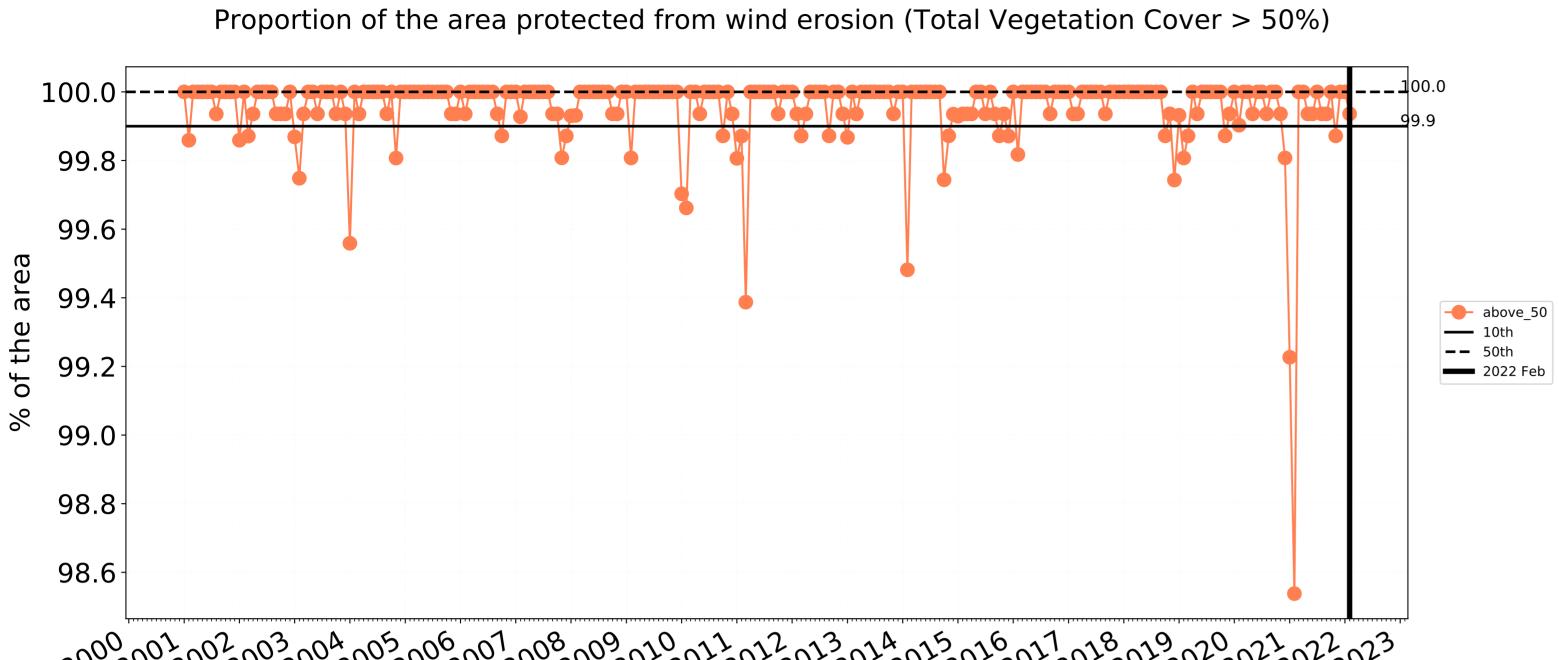




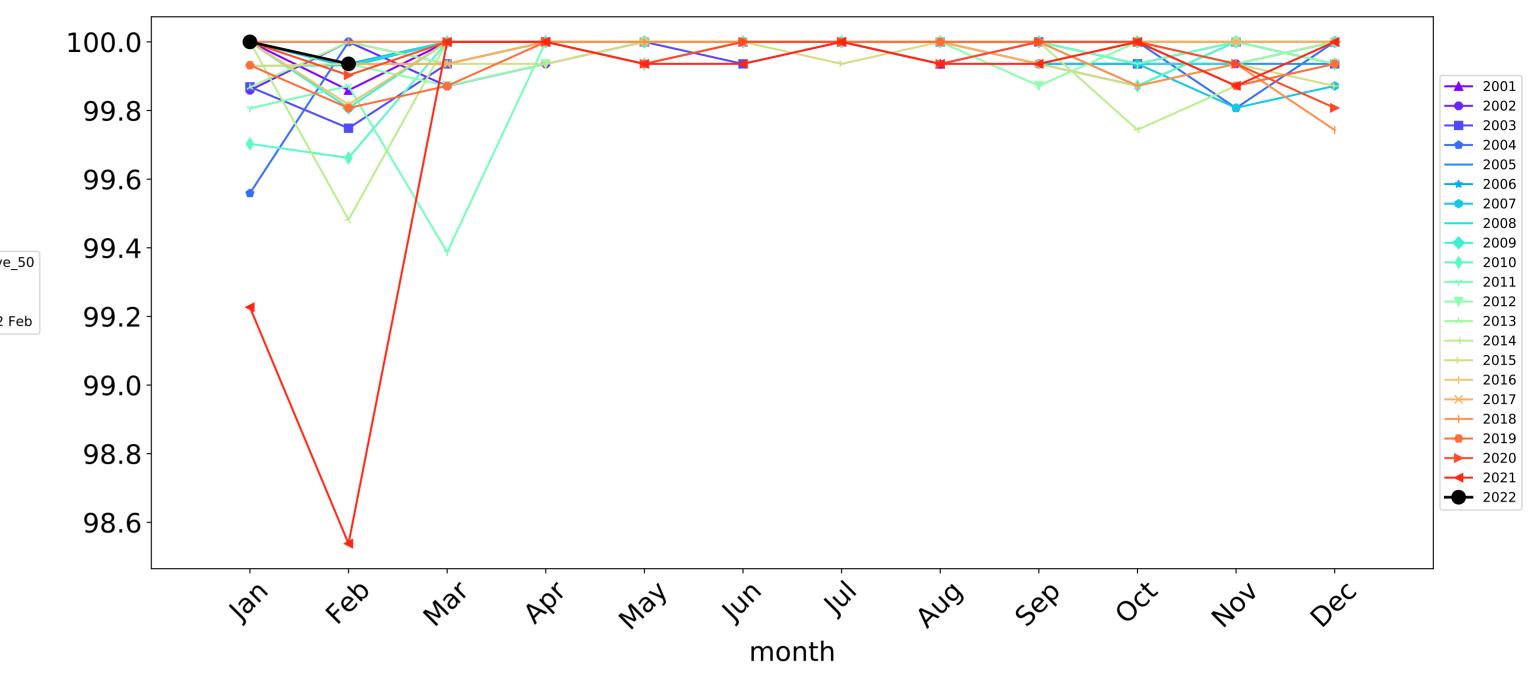


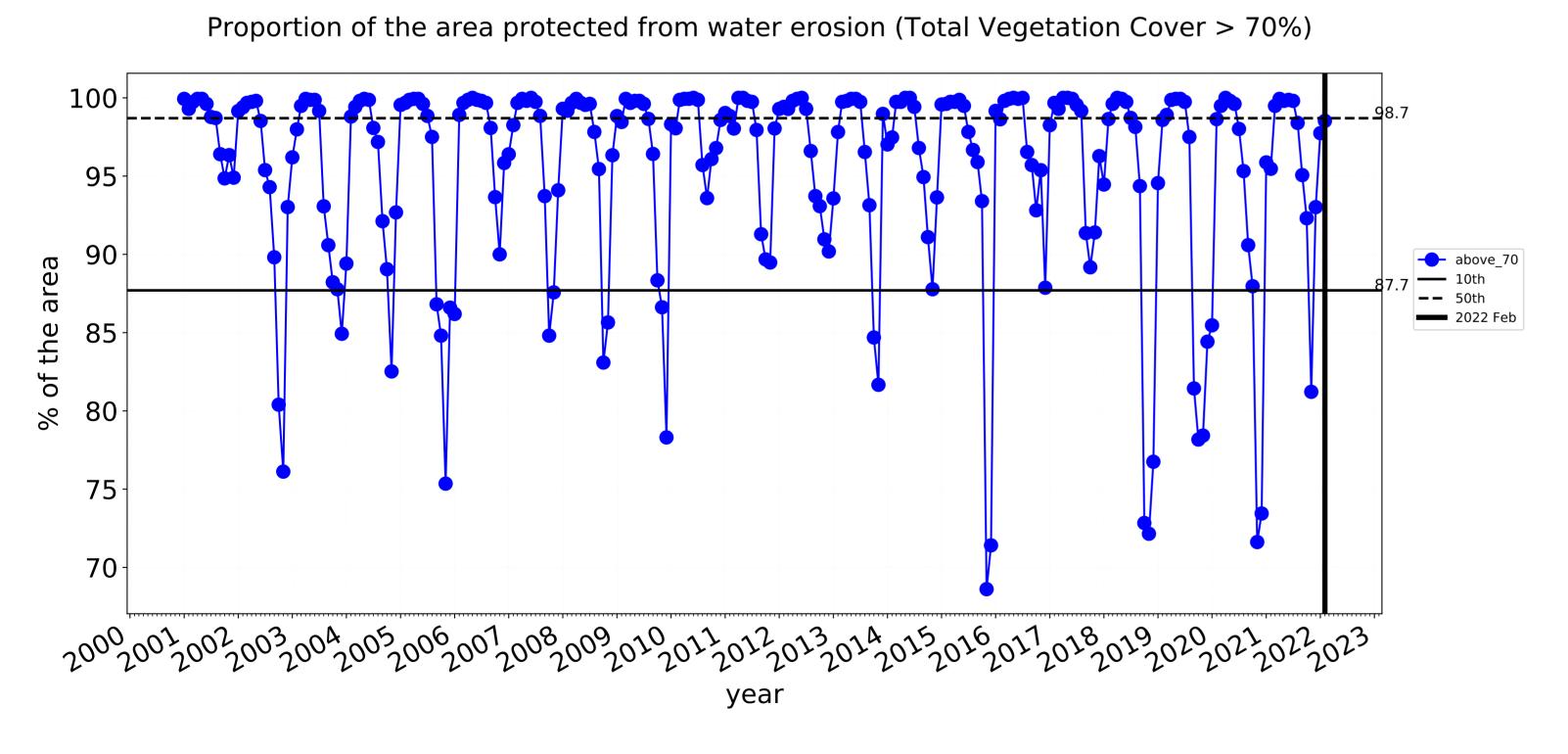


## **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**

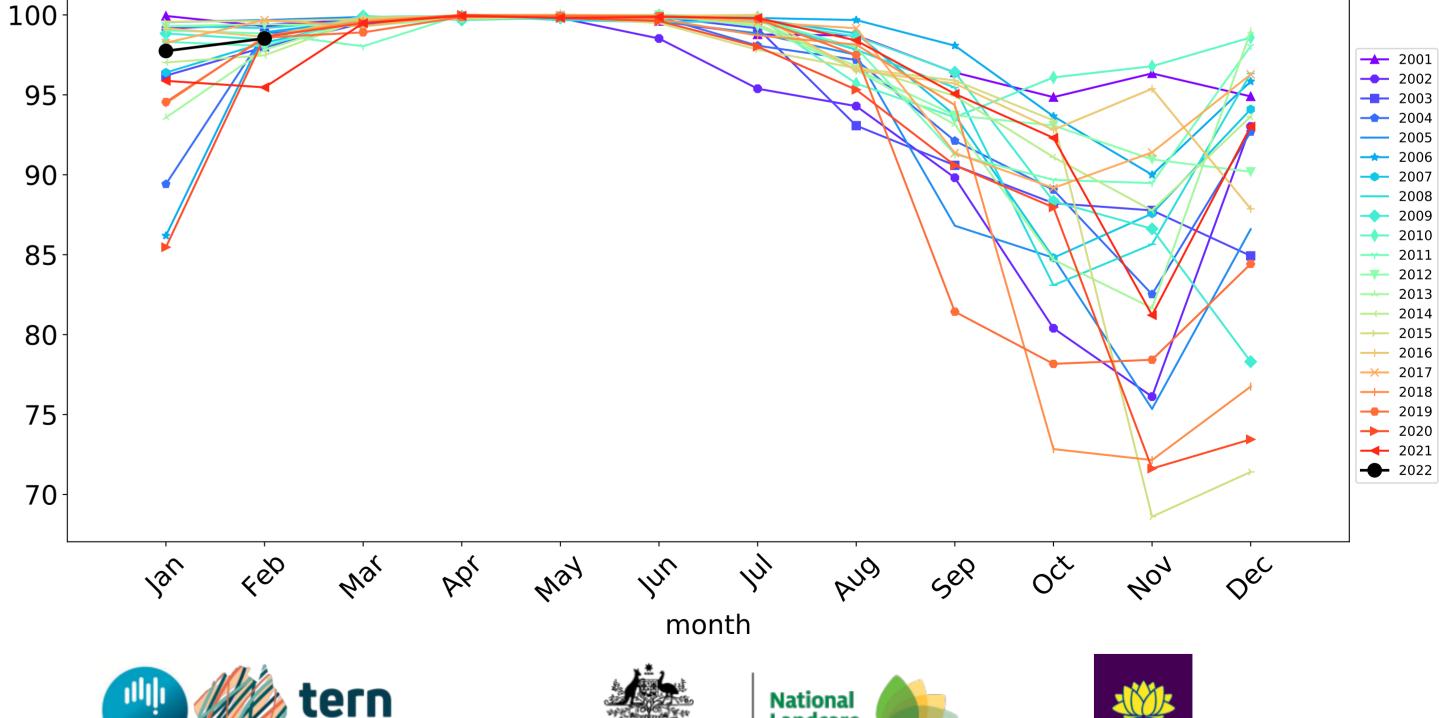


## Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)





# Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)



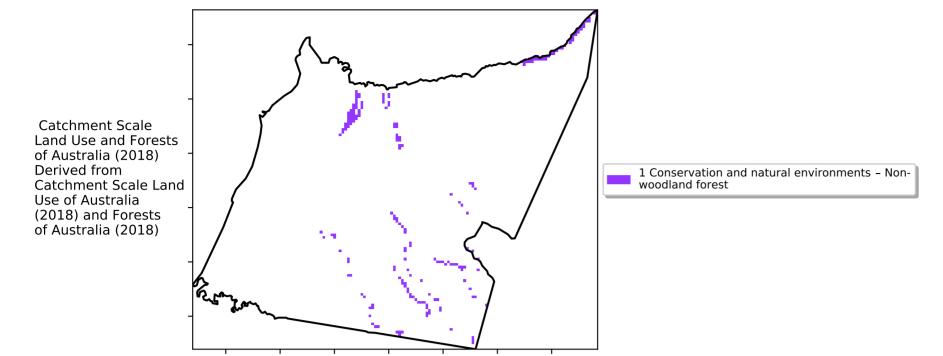




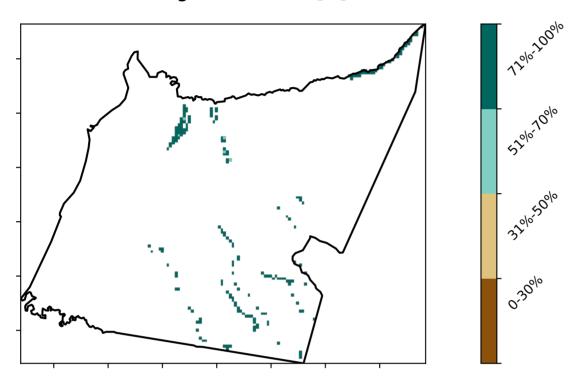
**Ecosystem Research Infrastructure** 

## **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

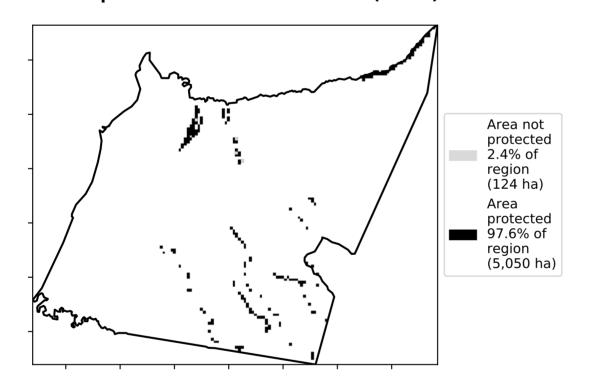
#### Land use and forest cover



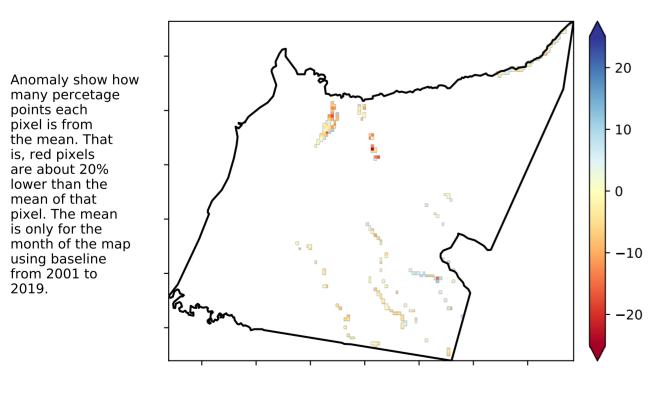
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



## % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



## **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

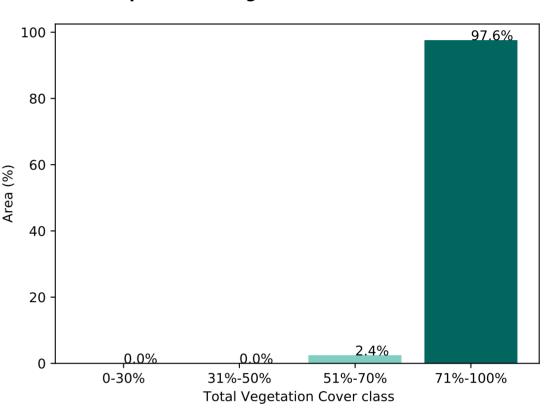


is, red pixels

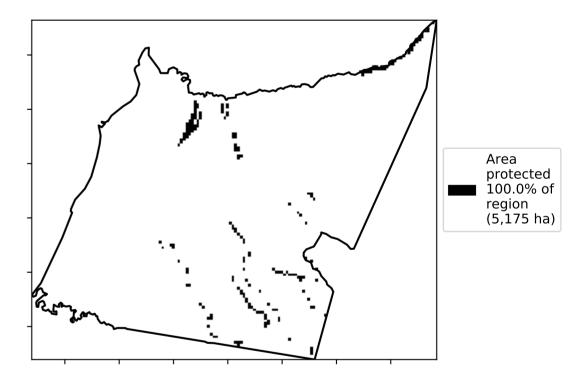
mean of that

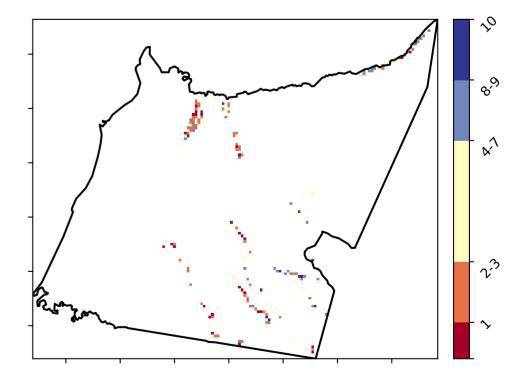
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#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



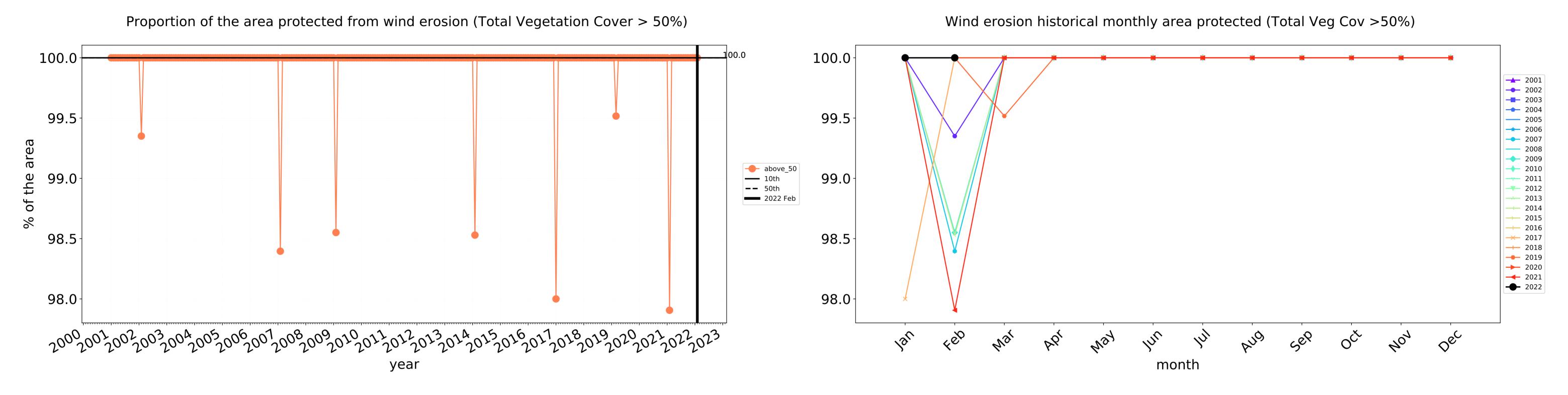


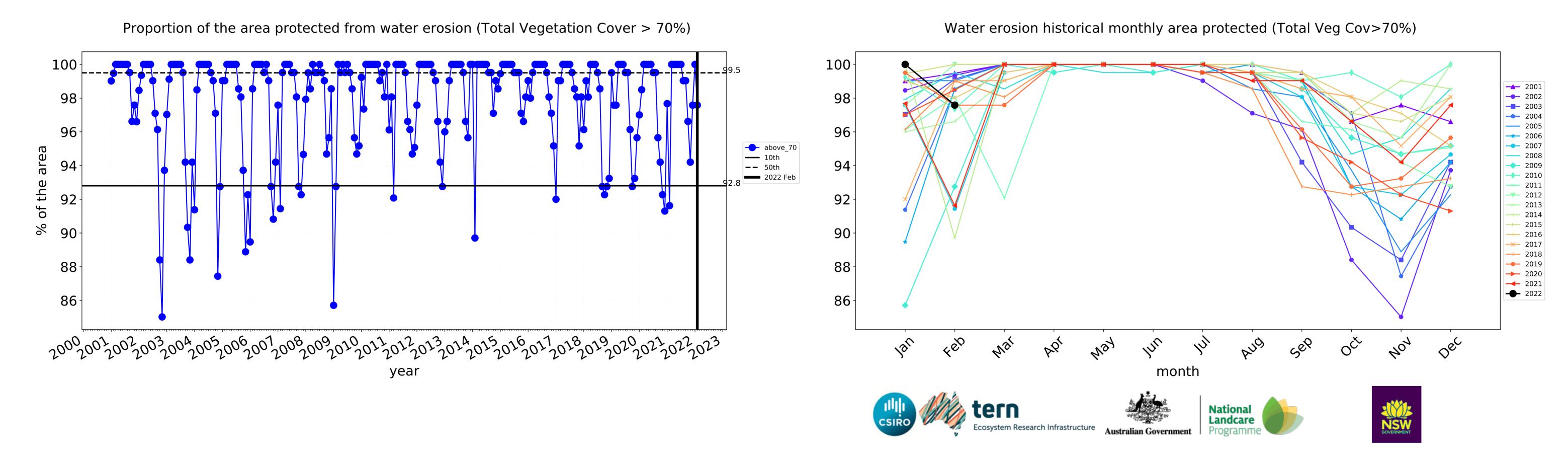












# Kowanyama\_(S) (253,325 ha and no data 2,167 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	253,325	99.7% 252,500	98.7% 250,050	94.1% 238,400	75.2% 190,500	31.0% 78,525	13.7% 34,600
Conservation and natural environments	205,475	99.7% 204,850	98.8% 202,925	94.2% 193,625	75.4% 154,925	28.7% 59,025	11.6% 23,825
Conservation and natural environments non forest	161,250	99.6% 160,625	98.4% 158,725	93.1% 150,100	72.4% 116,675	28.5% 46,025	11.7% 18,875
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	39,050	100.0% 39,050	99.9% 39,025	98.5% 38,475	87.3% 34,100	29.5% 11,525	11.5% 4,500
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	5,175	100.0% 5,175	100.0% 5,175	97.6% 5,050	80.2% 4,150	28.5% 1,475	8.7% 450







