LGA Palmerston (C) (NT) - Vegetation cover soil protection report Aug 2019

This report provides information about vegetation covering the soil surface for a region during a single month with comparison to previous years. Vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water (hillslope) erosion. Results are shown for the whole region (polygon) and also separated by land use and tree cover. Different land uses are likely to have different cover patterns and targets. Reporting is most reliable with less than 20% tree cover.

Palmerston (C)

- Context
 - o Map: Land use and forest cover
 - o Chart: Land use and forest cover area
- Total vegetation cover for this month
 - o Map: vegetation cover classified into 4 classes
 - o Chart: vegetation cover area classified into 4 classes
- Areas protected from erosion for the month
 - o Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover)
 - o Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover)
- Comparison with previous years
 - o Map: anomaly compare this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years
 - o Map: deciles rank this month against the same month in previous years
- Time series
 - o Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month in the archive (orange lines)
 - o Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month of the archive (blue lines).
 - o Rainfall: millimetres rainfall each month (black lines)
- Time series stacked by year
 - o Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month in the archive (orange lines) in case of 5th percentile is less than 80i
 - o Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month of the archive (blue lines). in case of 5th percentile is less than 80
- Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:
 - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total clover
 - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total clover
 - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total clover

The following pages repeat the above sequence for each land use and forest cover class. For example

- All agricultural lands, that is grazing, cropping plus Horticulture (depending on what land use is present)
- Grazing lands by forest classes if present
- Cropping lands
- Irrigation lands
- Protected areas by forest classes if present

Explanatory notes:

This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool. The report is based on an analysis of 500 metre pixels. Pixels with greater than or equal to 50% vegetation cover are generally considered to be protected from or have reduced soil loss by wind erosion, and pixels with greater than or equal to 70% vegetation cover are generally considered to also be protected from or have reduced soil loss from water (hillslope) erosion. Report used baseline from 2001 to 2019 for each month to generate anomalies and deciles. And it used threshold of 1% to create land use forest cover reports. Higher cover thresholds may be required for erosion protection in some regions. This report will be less applicable in areas with sparse forest (20-50% tree cover) or dense forest (> 50% tree cover). Therefore land use classes are divided by tree cover: 1) No forest is when there is less than 20% tree cover 2) Sparse forest, is when there is less than 20 to 50 % tree cover 3) Dense forest is greater than 50% tree cover

Acknowledgment of data:

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3













Vegetation Cover Aug 2019

Land use and forest cover

Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest Landuse map of area based on 2015 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest catchment scale landuse and 3 Conservation and natural environments -Australia's National Non-Woodland forest Forest Inventory, 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest where no forest is < 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 20% tree cover, 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest sparse is 20 to 50% 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated and dense > 50% tree 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation

Total Vegetation Cover [%]

cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

is, red pixels

are about 20%

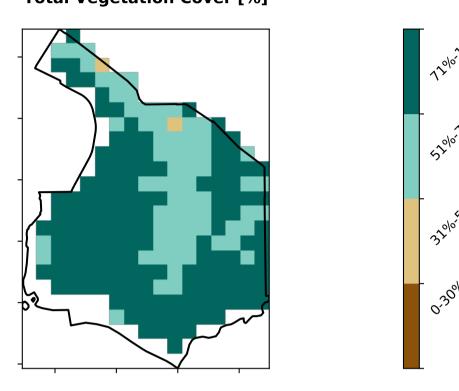
lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean is only for the

using baseline from 2001 to

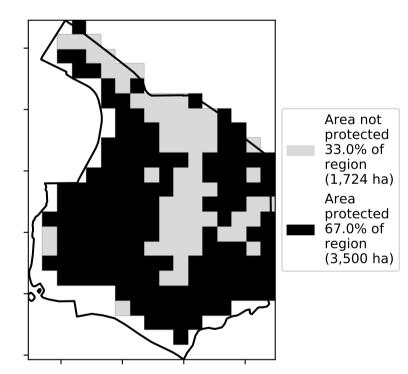
2019.

month of the map

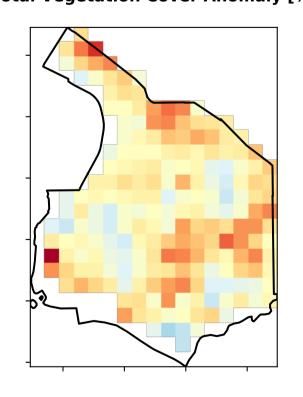


13 Other uses

% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



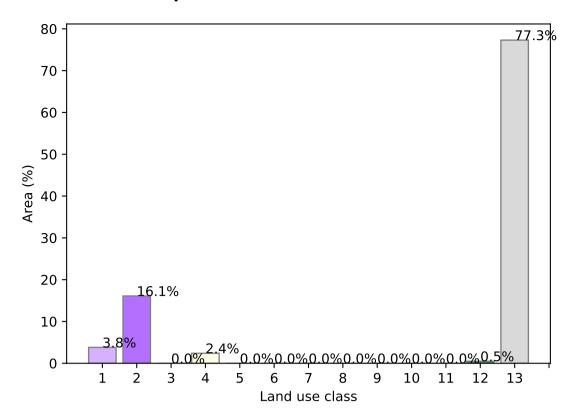
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



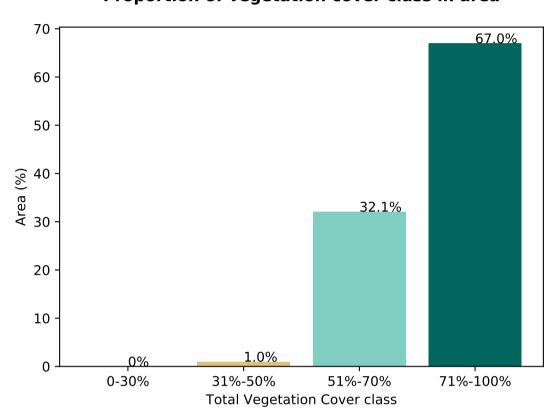
- 20 10 -10-20

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of each land class in area

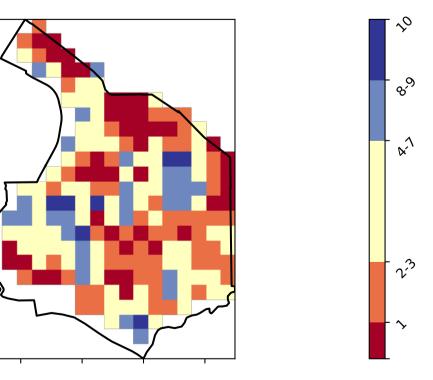


Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)







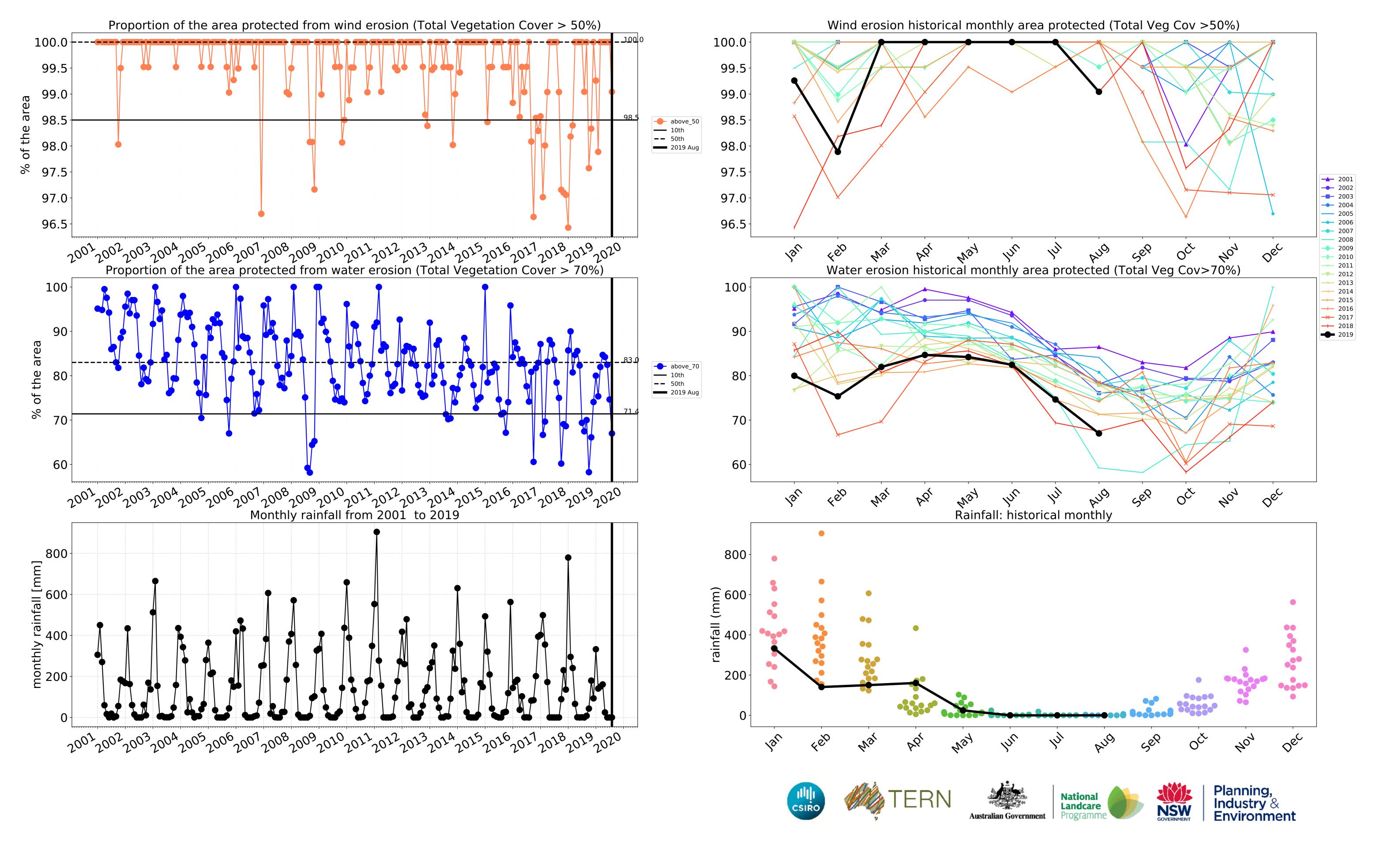












Conservation and natural environments

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50%

and dense > 50% tree

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels

mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

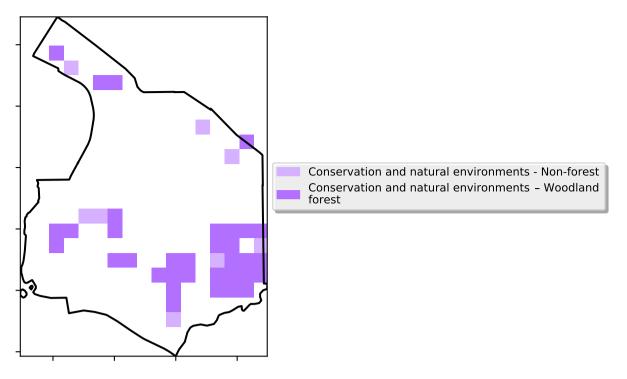
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

are about 20% lower than the

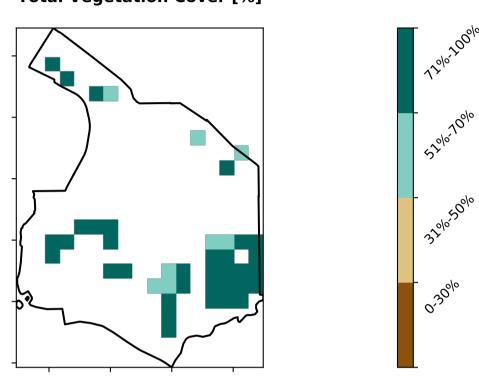
the mean. That

cover.

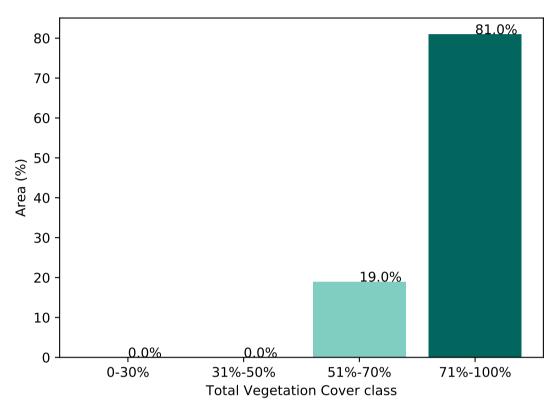
Land use and forest cover



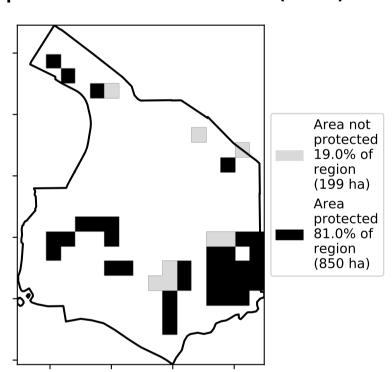
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



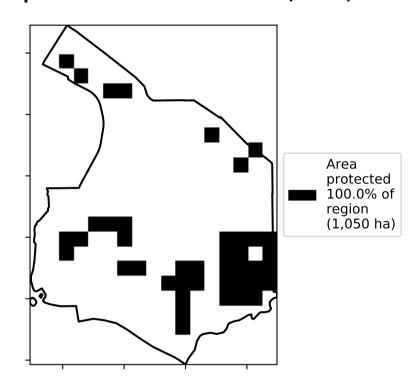
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



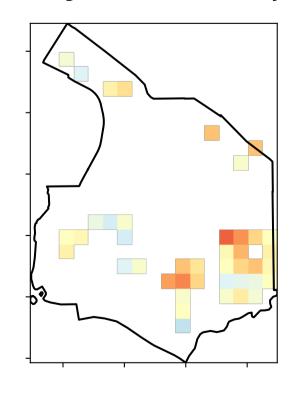
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

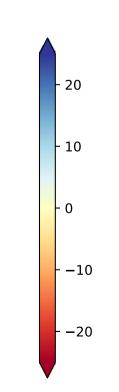


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



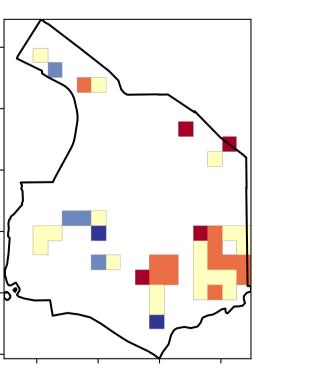
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

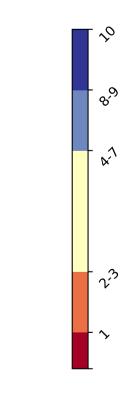




Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]









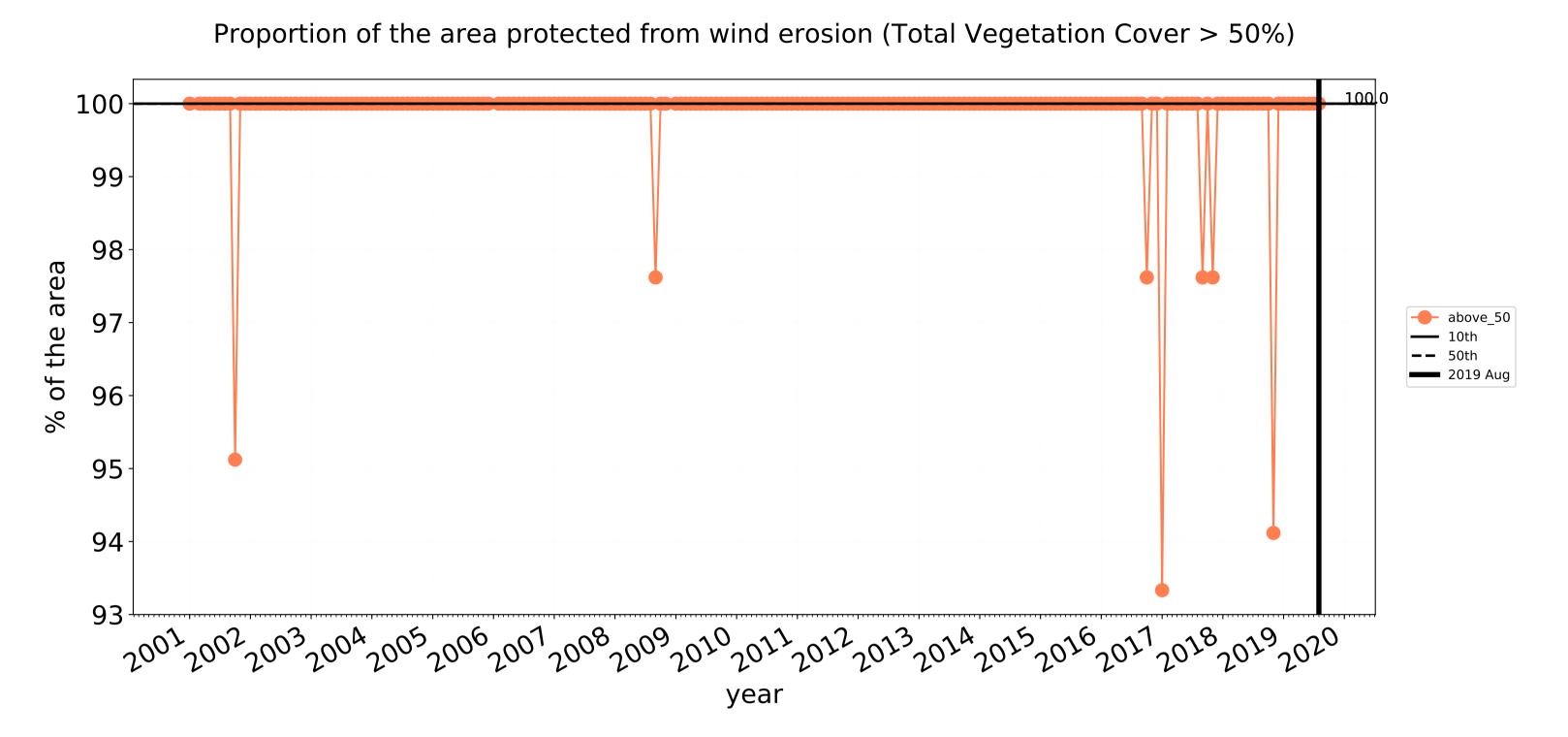


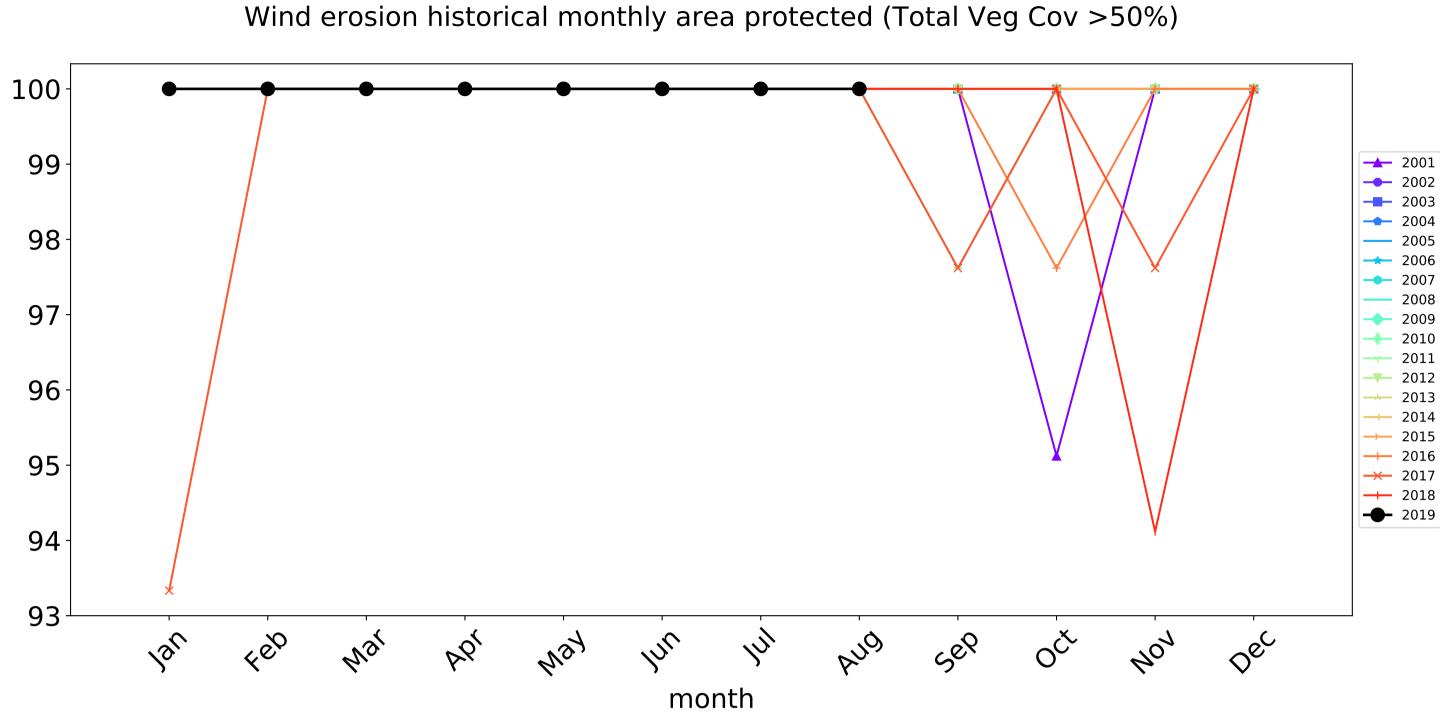


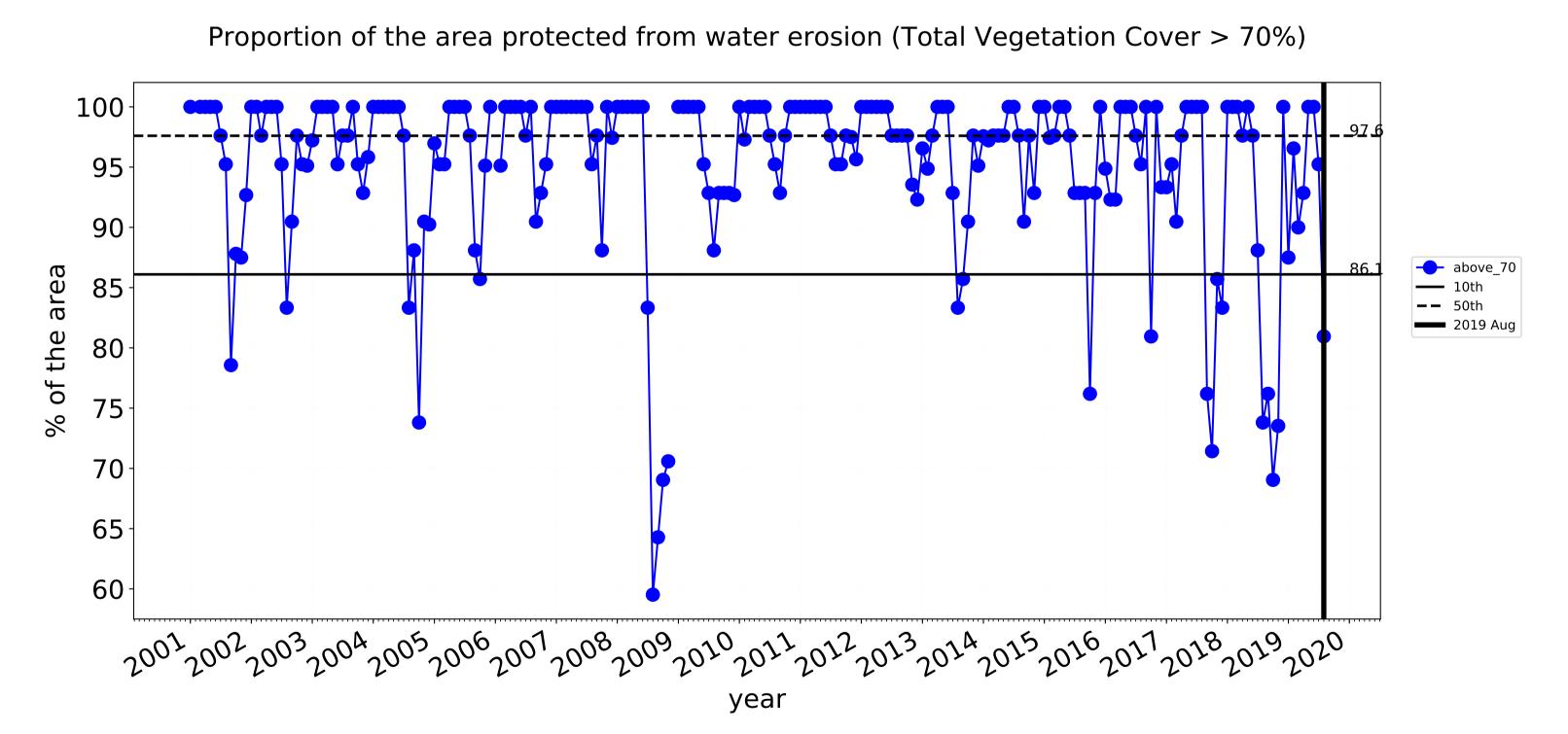


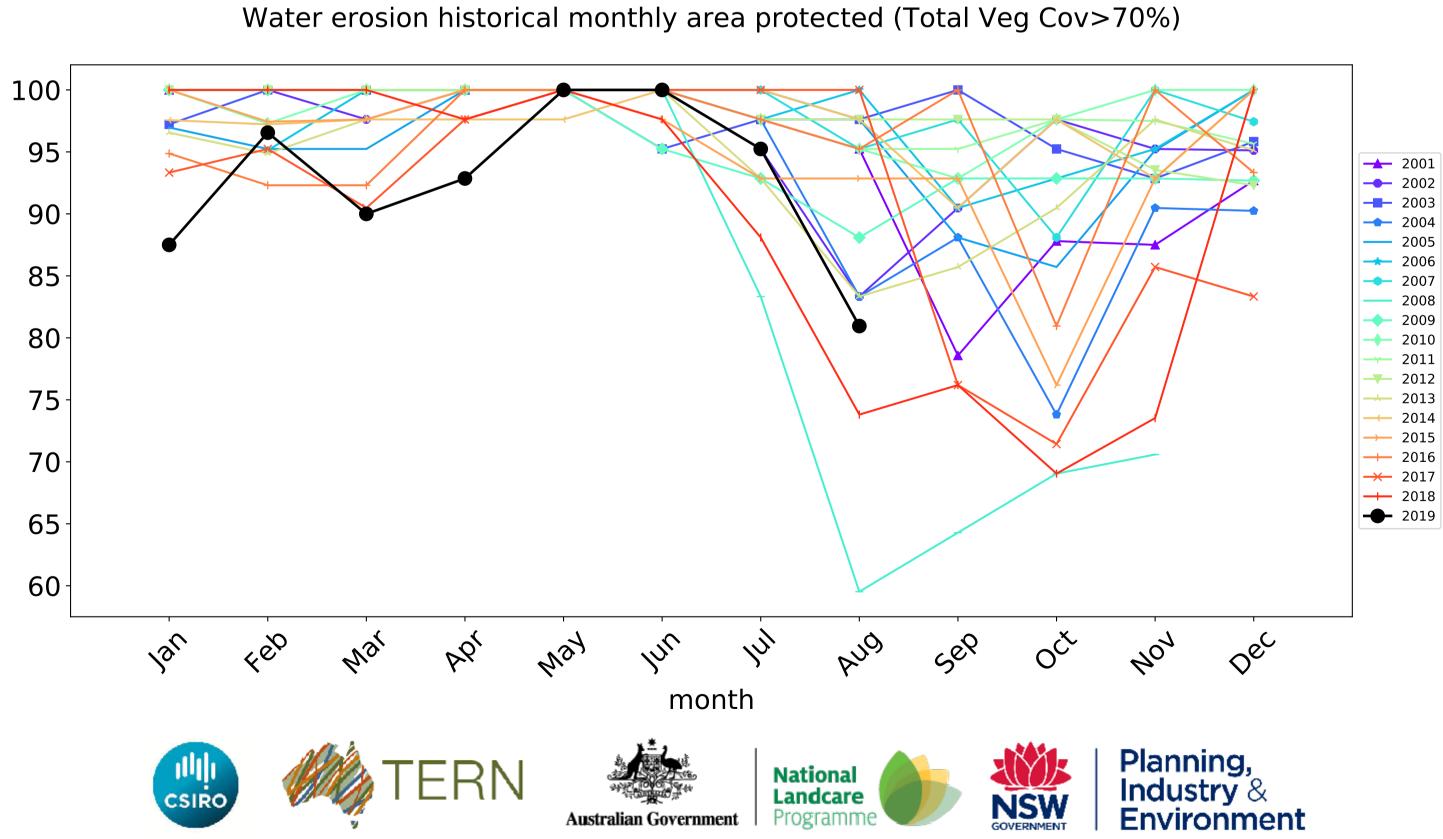


Conservation and natural environments timeseries





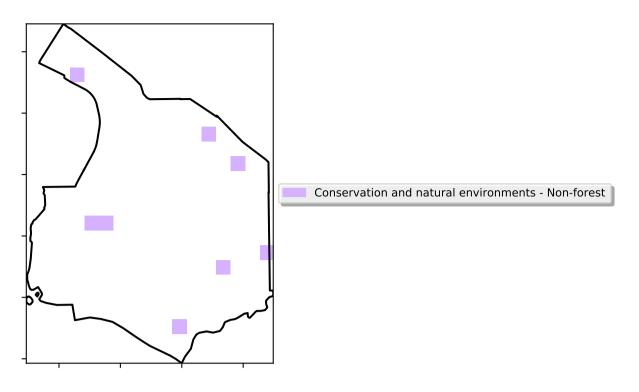




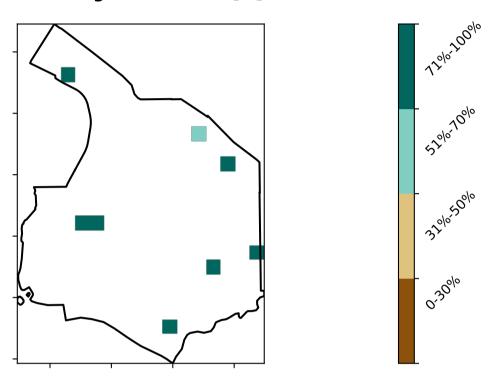
Conservation and natural environments non forest

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

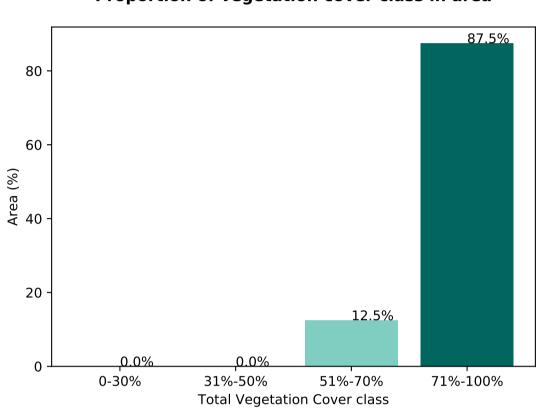
Land use and forest cover



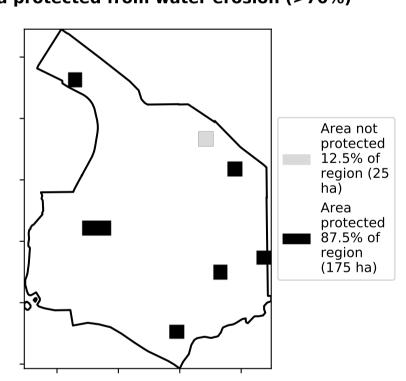
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



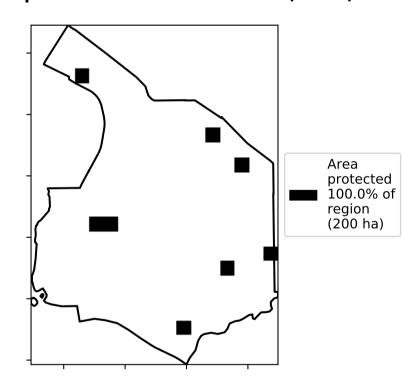
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



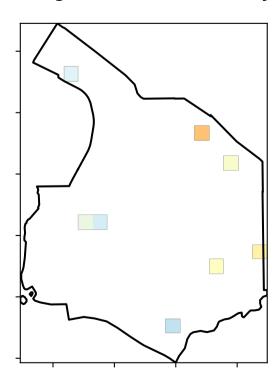
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

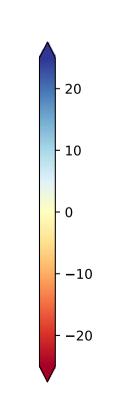


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



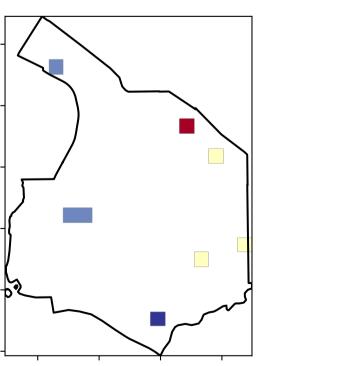
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

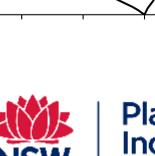




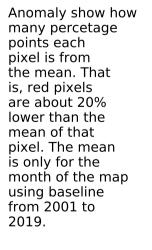
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]









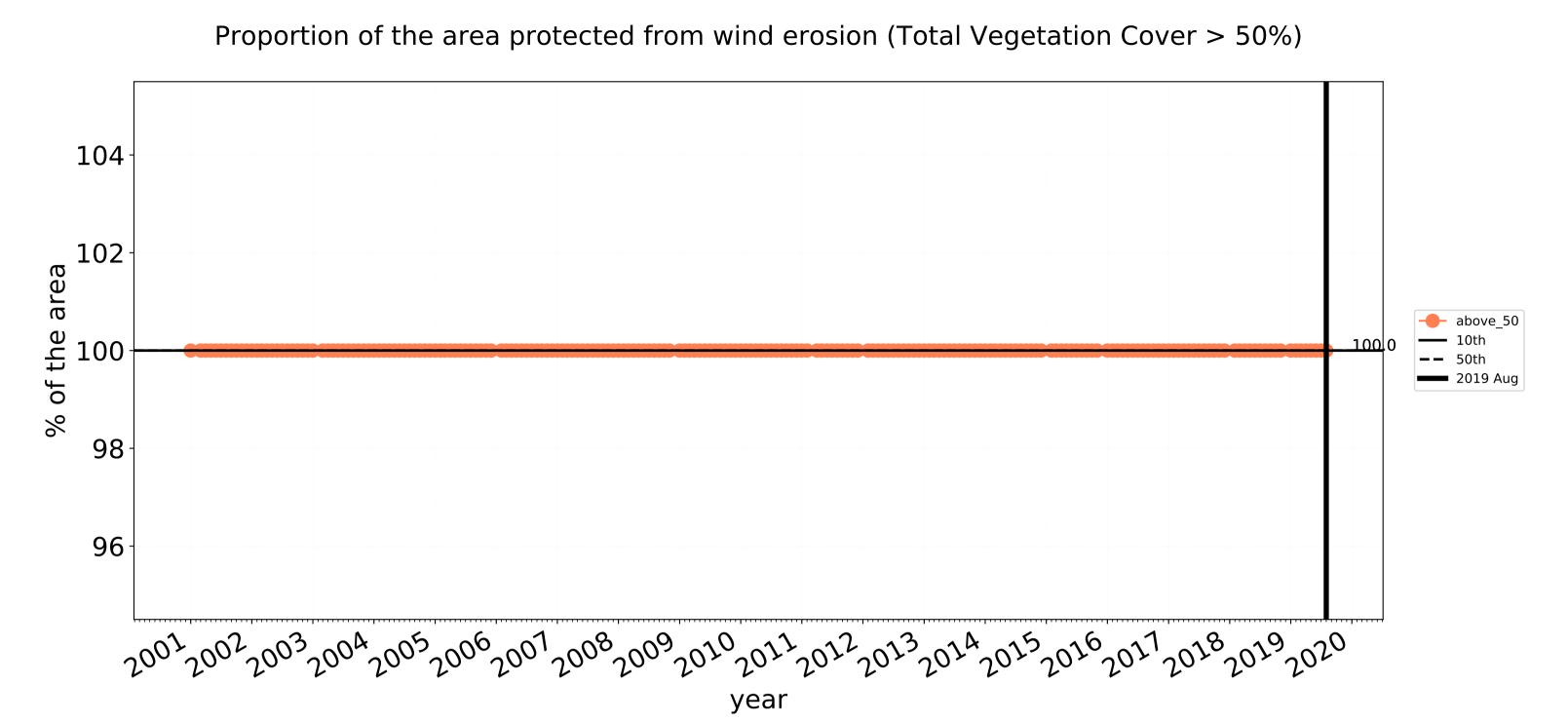




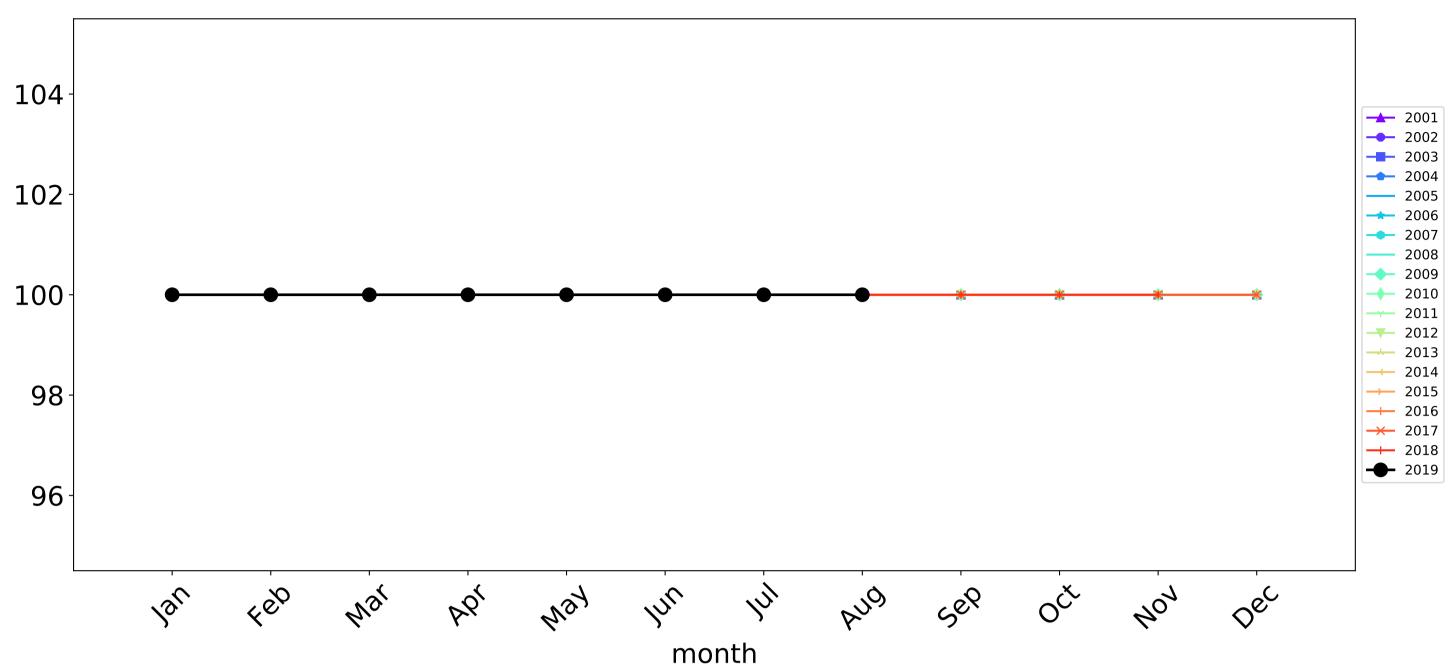


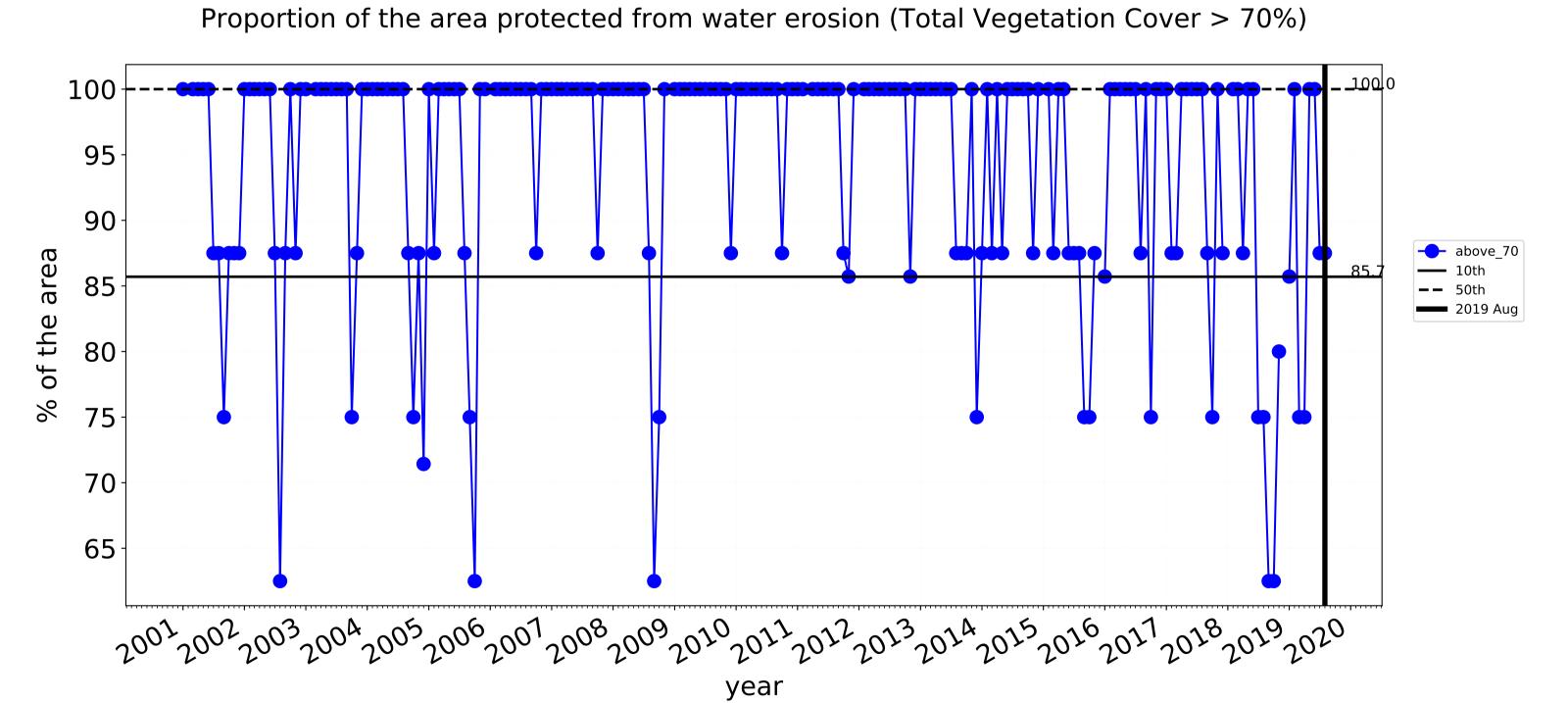


Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries

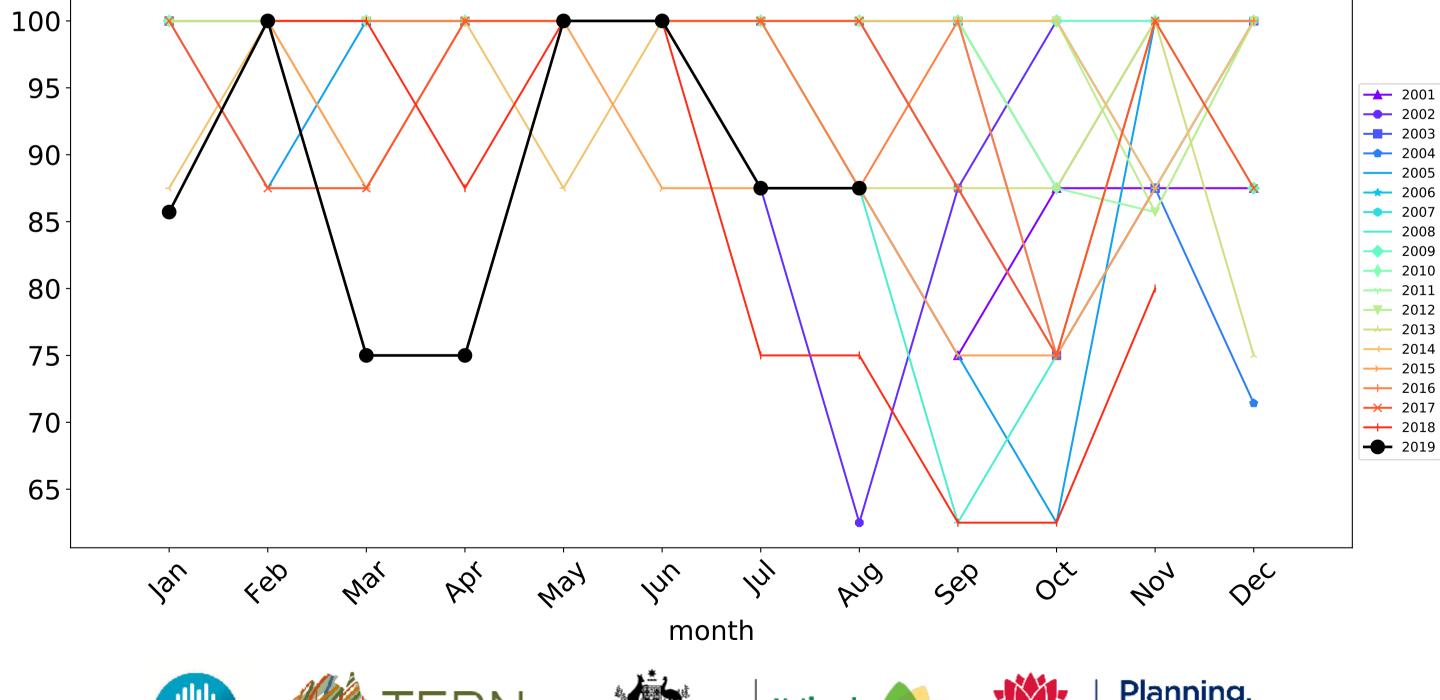


Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)





Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)











Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels

mean of that

pixel. The mean is only for the

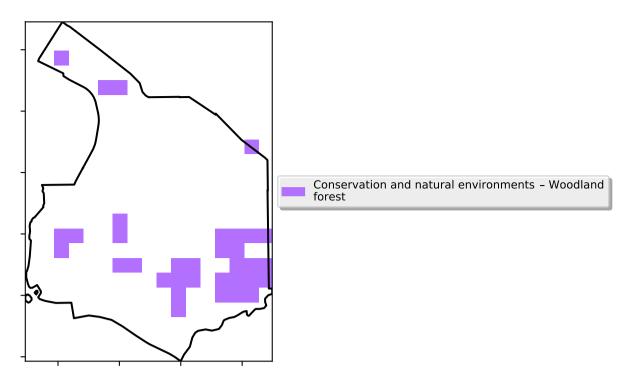
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

month of the map

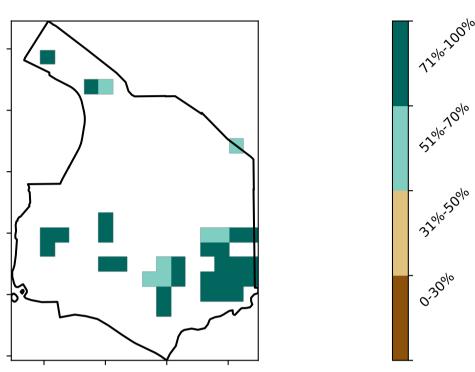
are about 20% lower than the

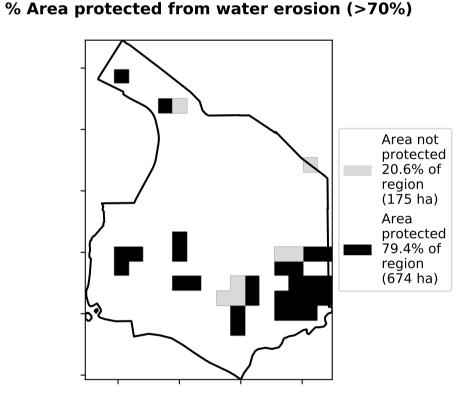
the mean. That

Land use and forest cover

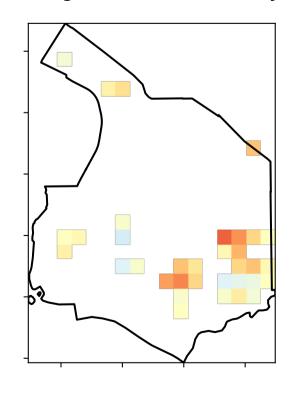


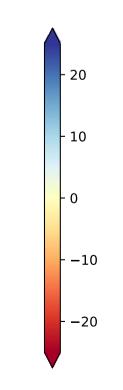
Total Vegetation Cover [%]





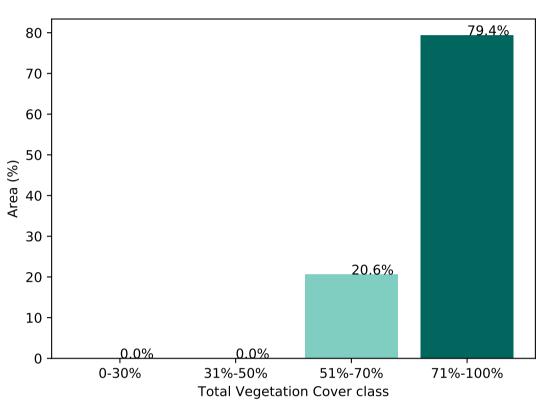
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



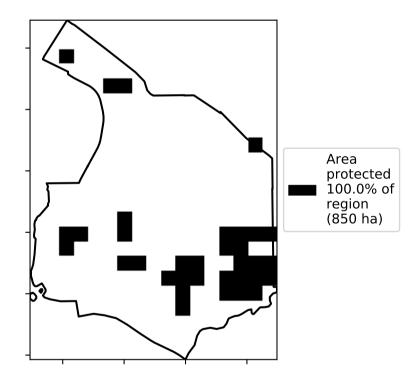


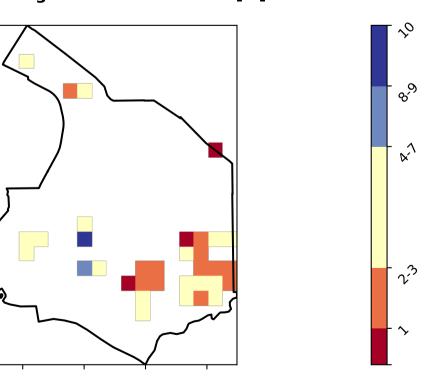
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









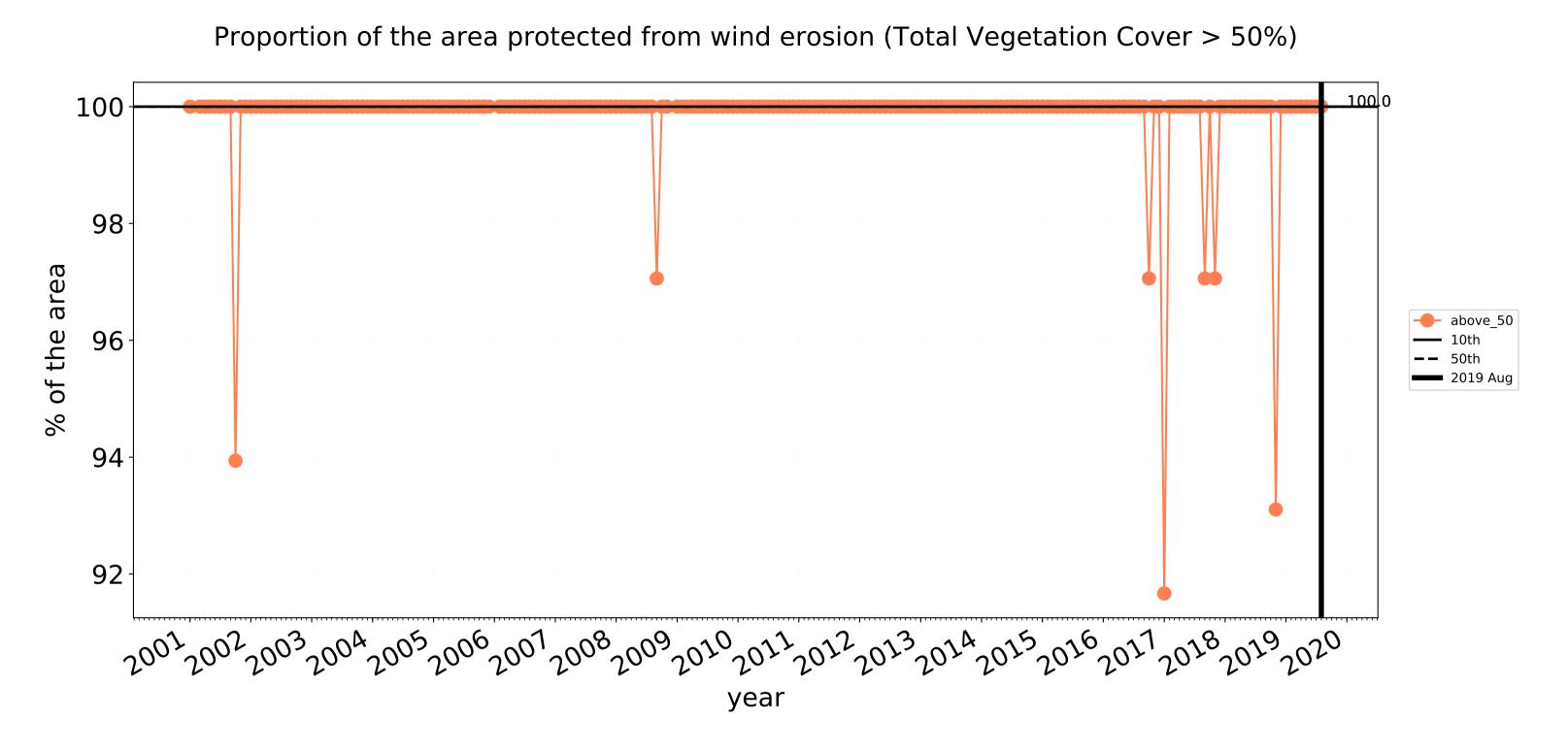


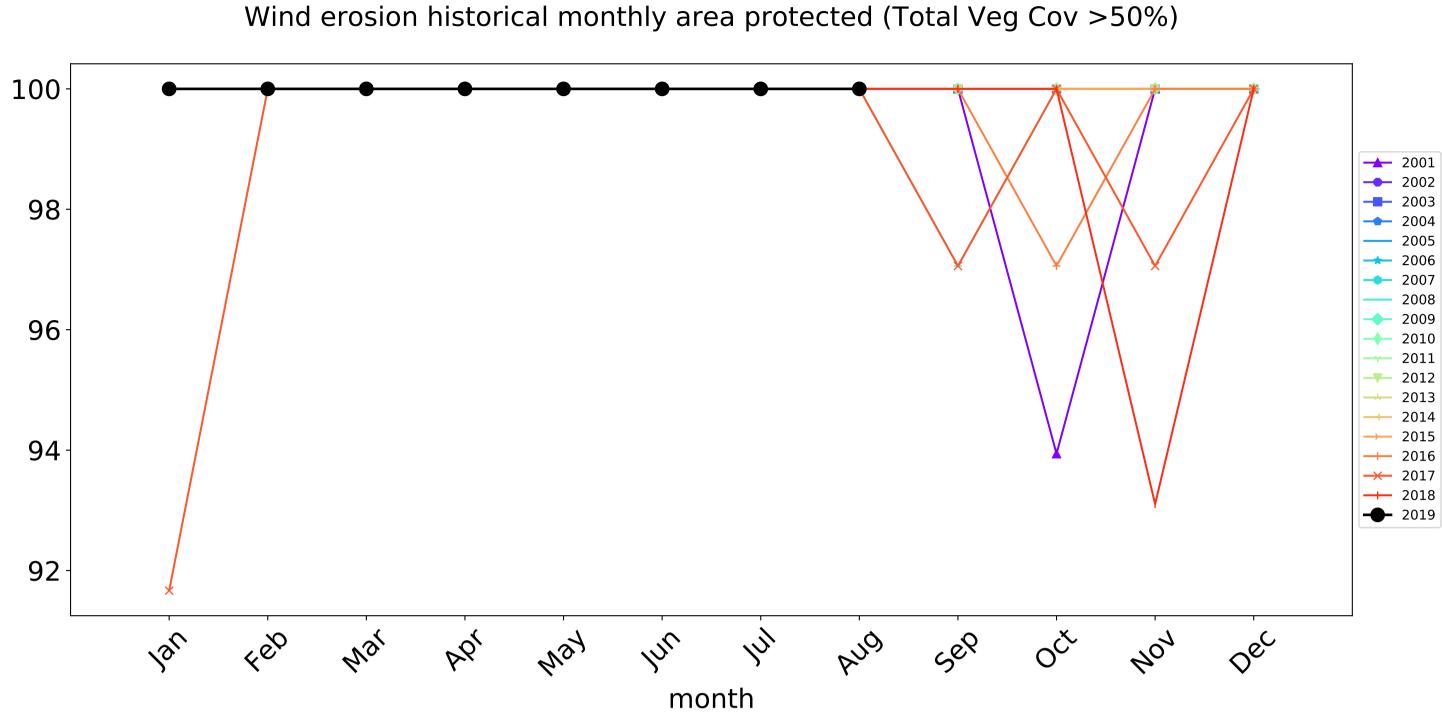


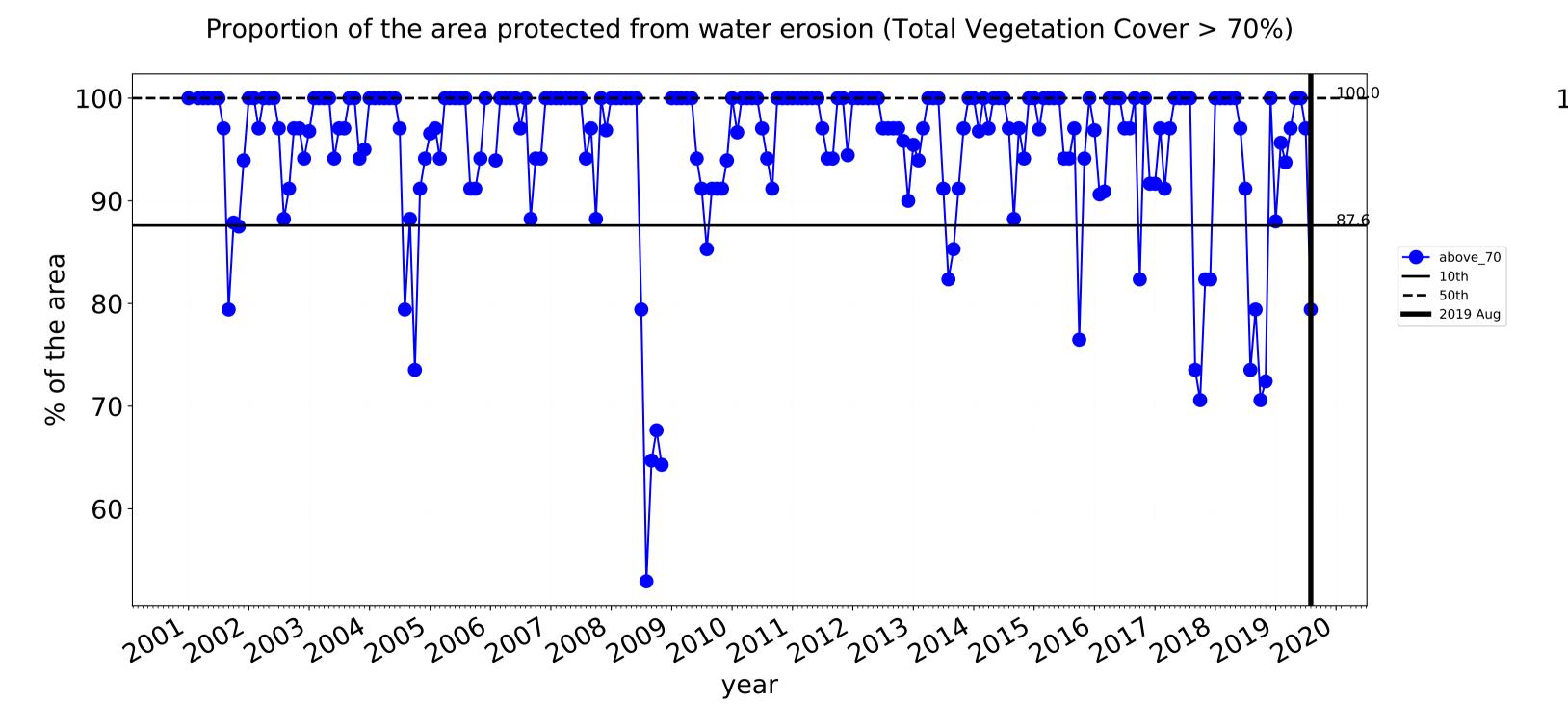


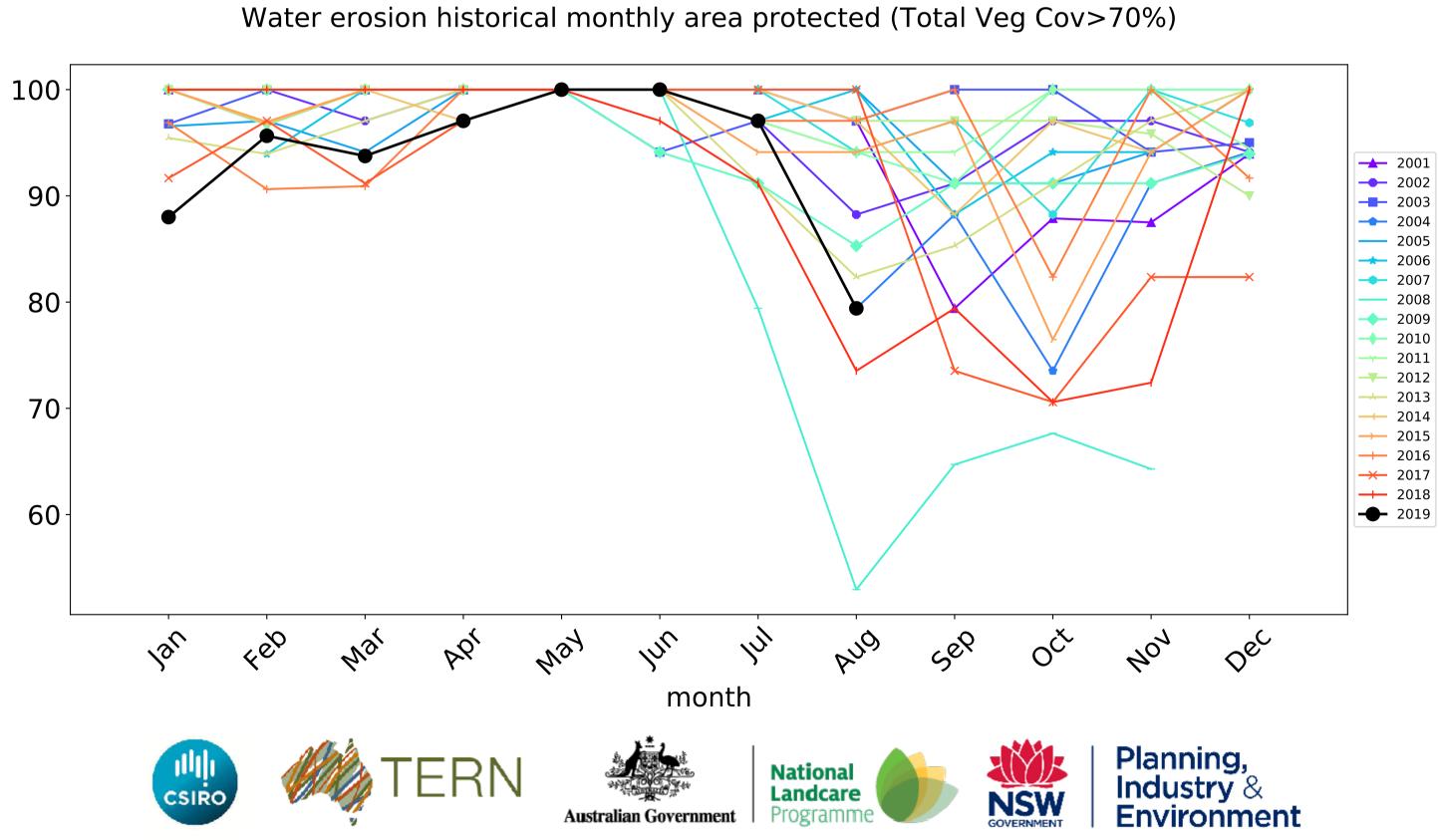


Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries









Agriculture

Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

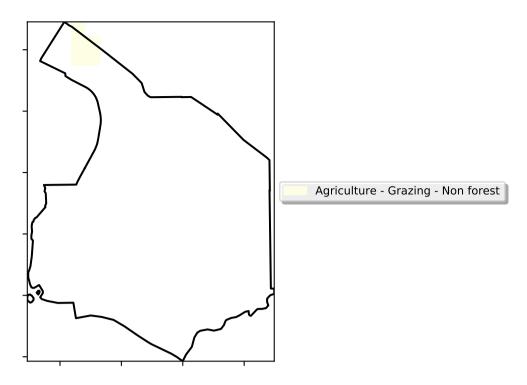
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

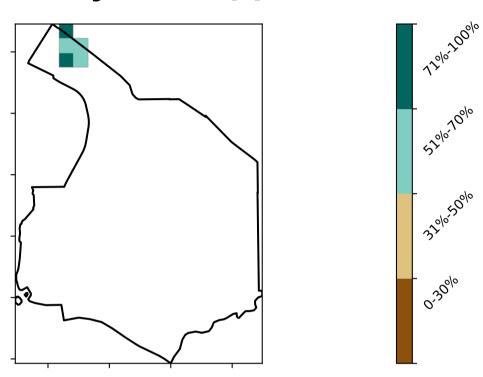
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

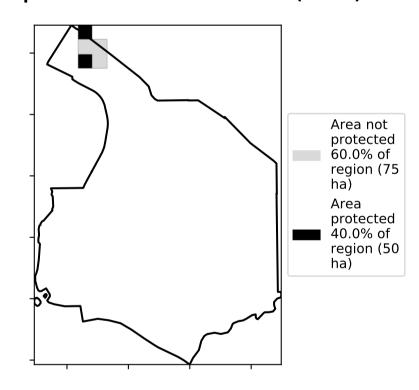
the mean. That



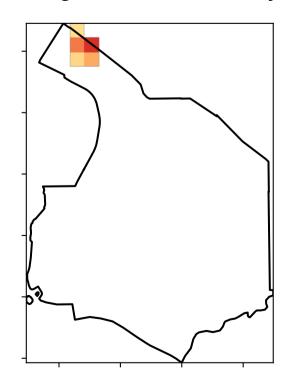
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

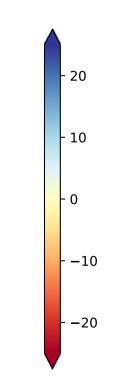


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



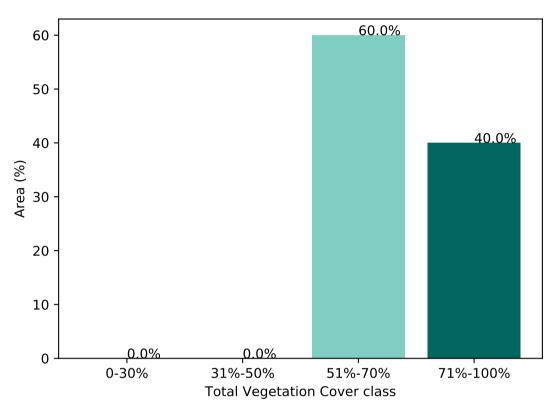
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



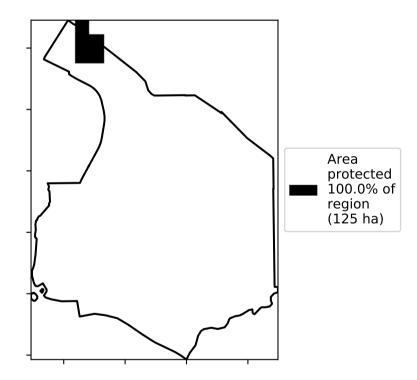


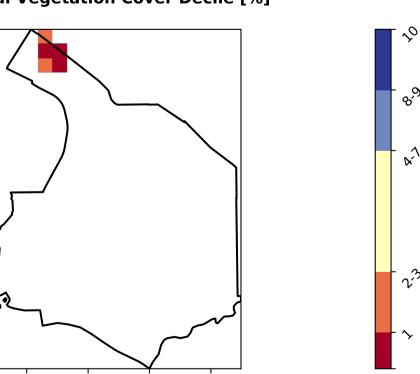
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









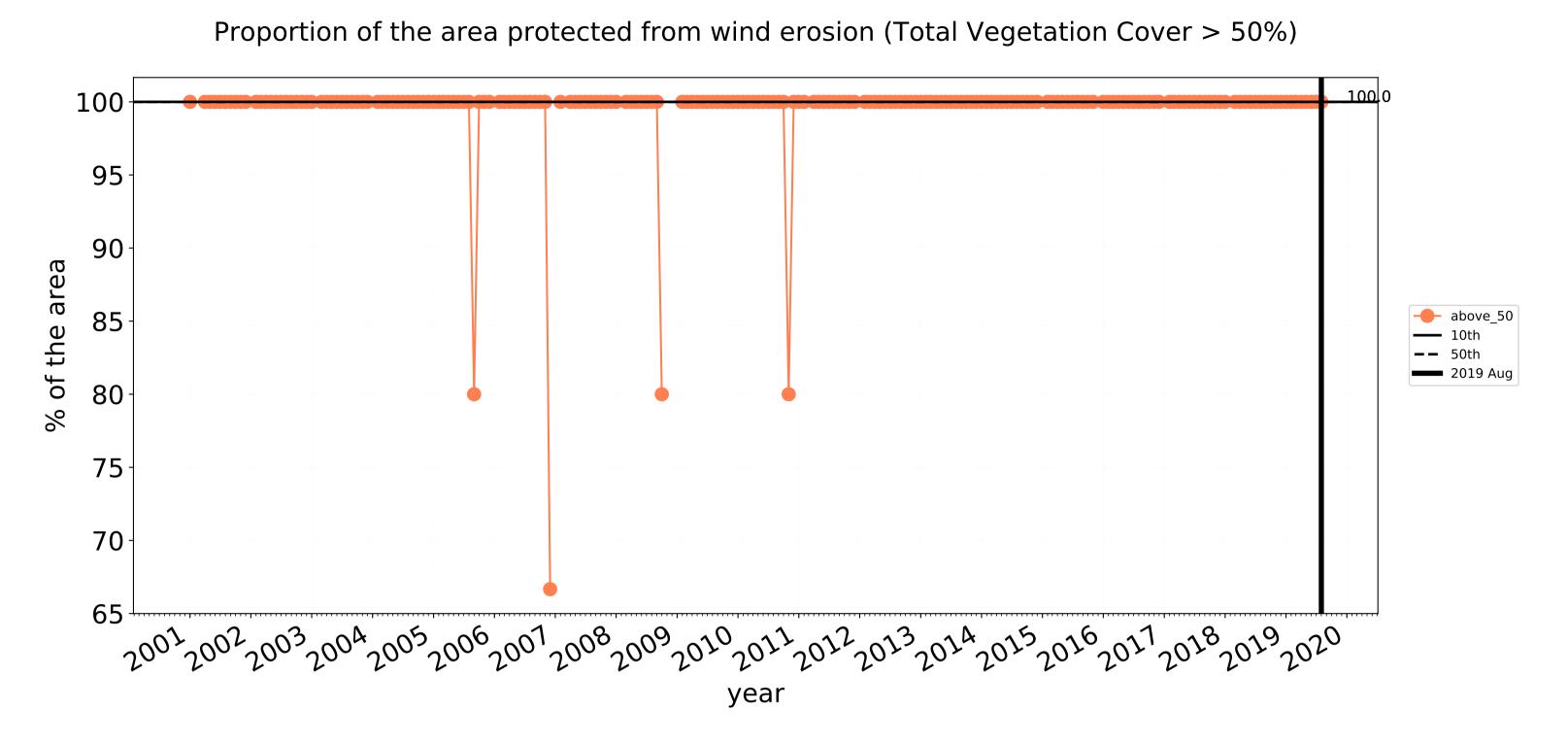


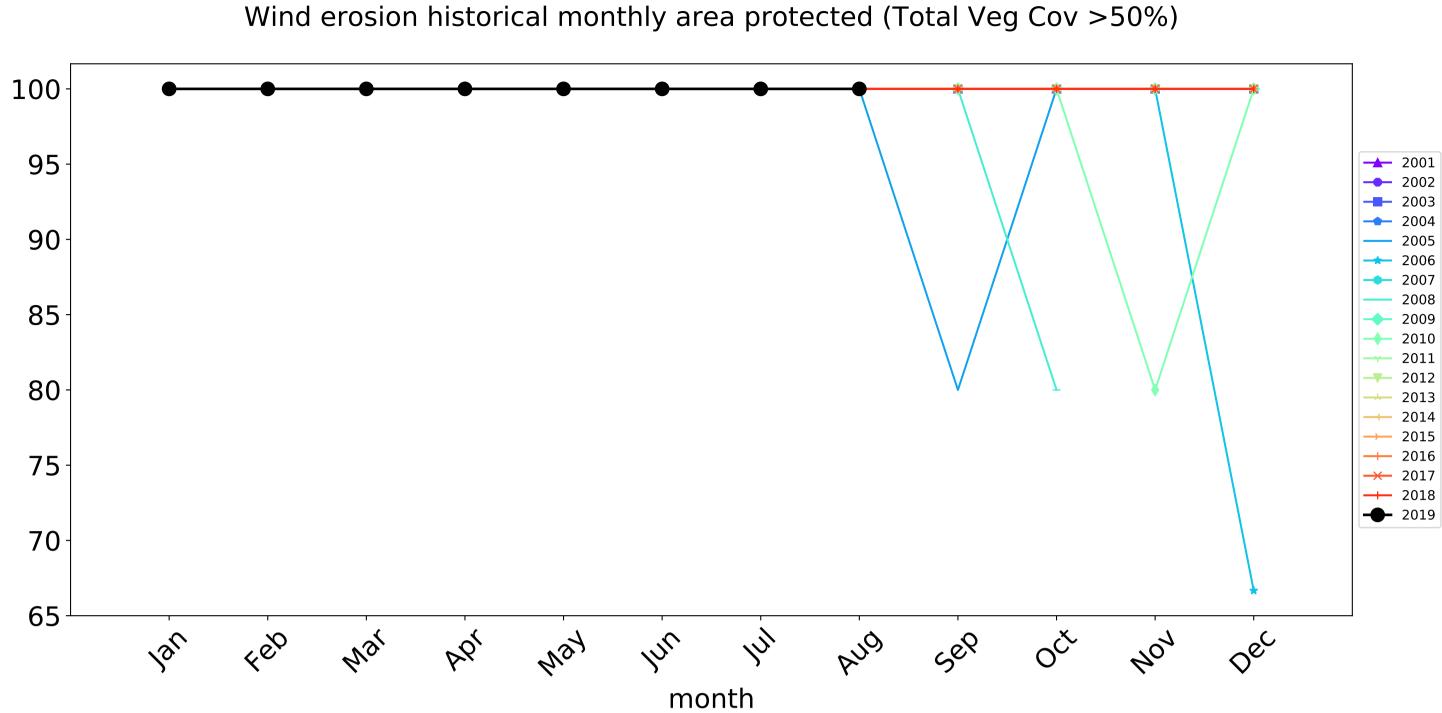


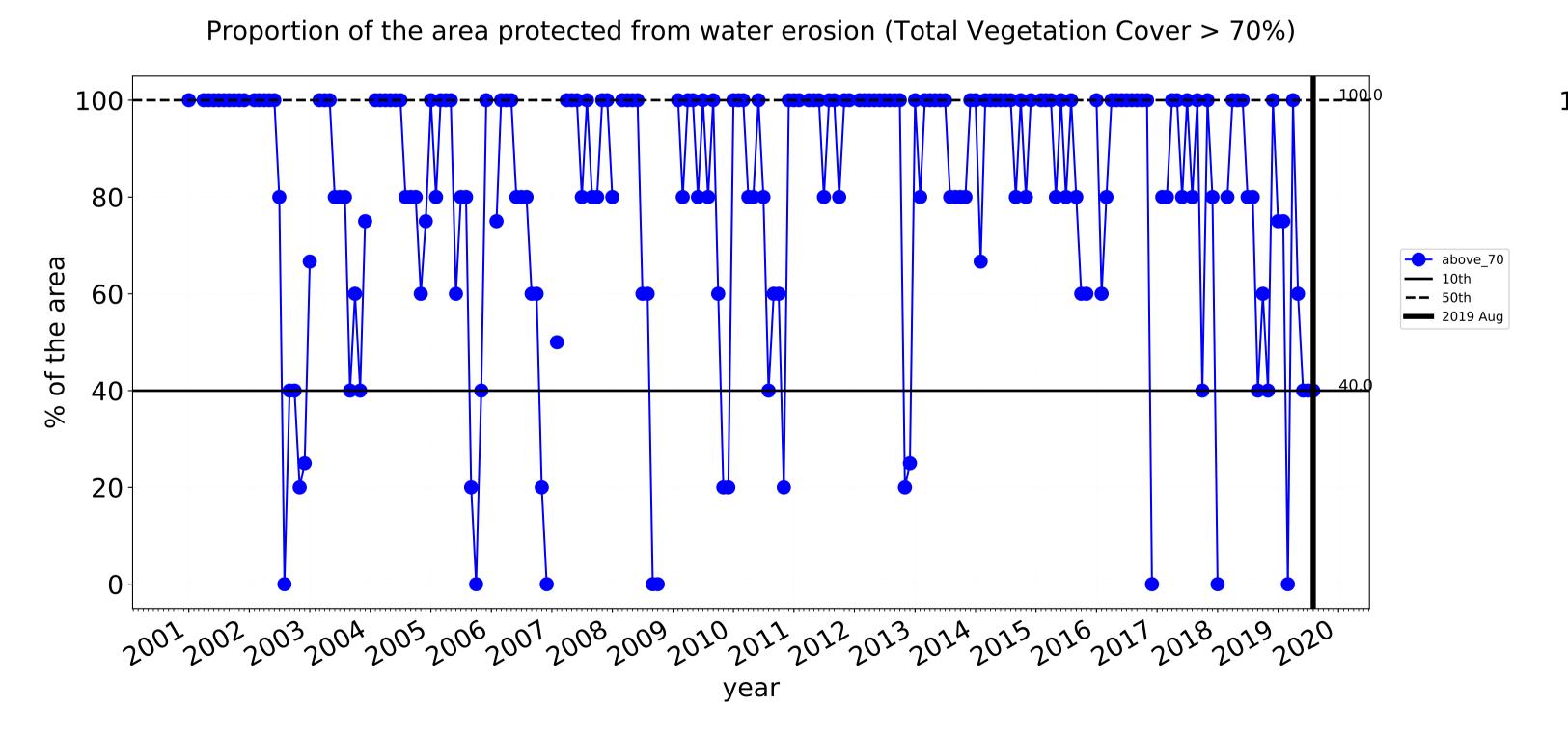


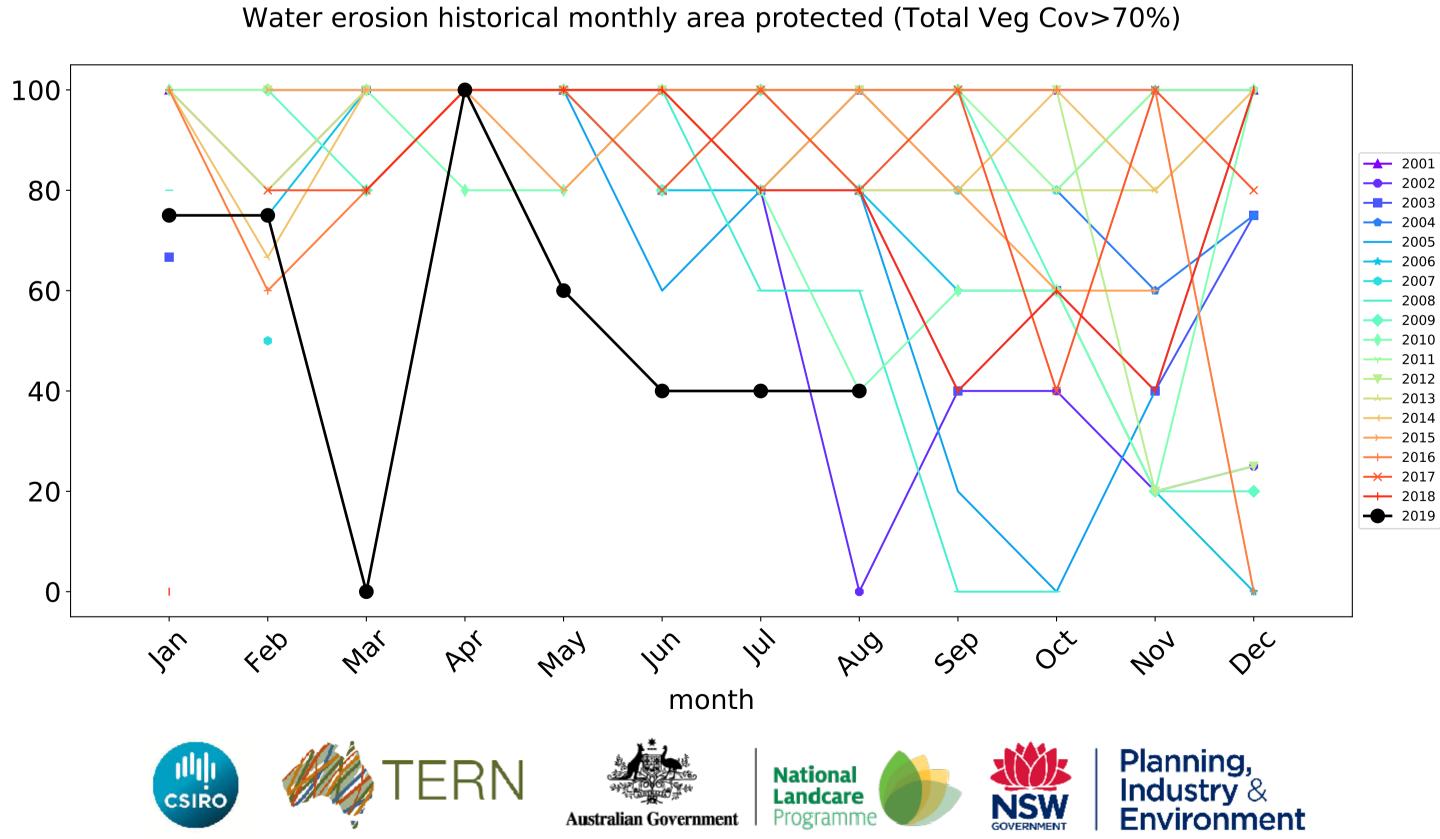


Agriculture timeseries









Grazing

Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

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is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

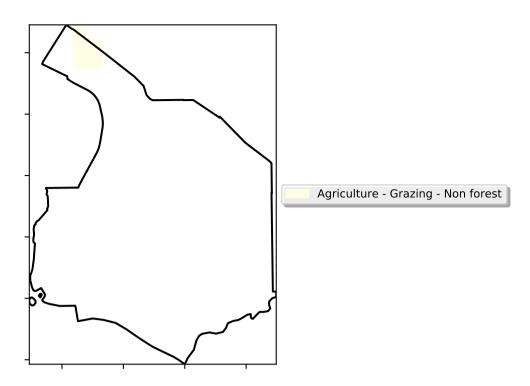
mean of that

pixel. The mean

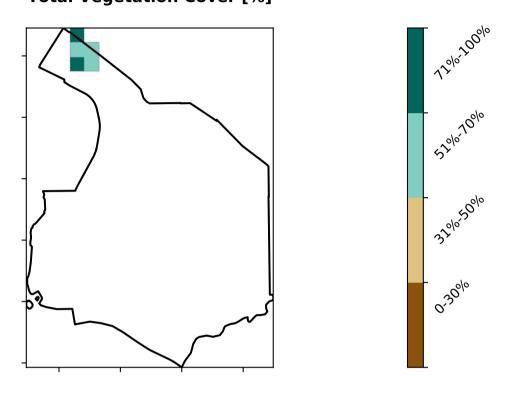
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

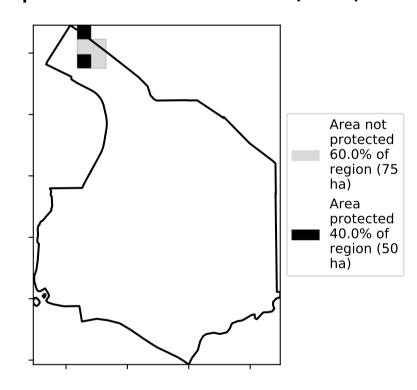
the mean. That



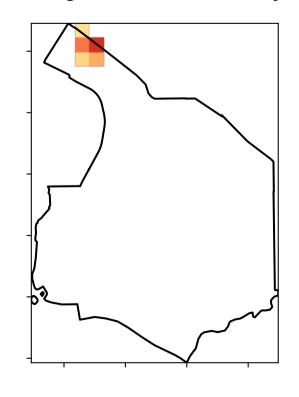
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

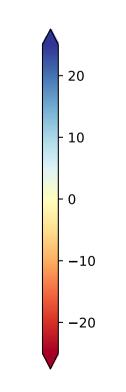


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



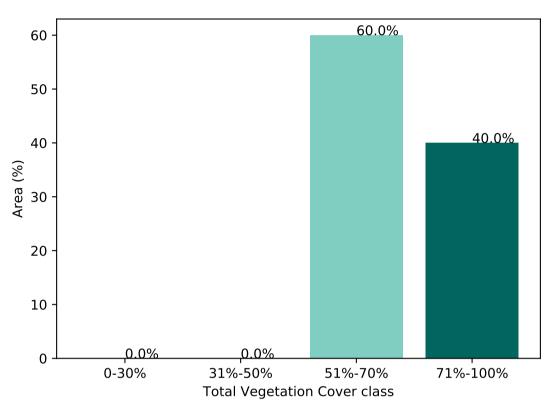
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



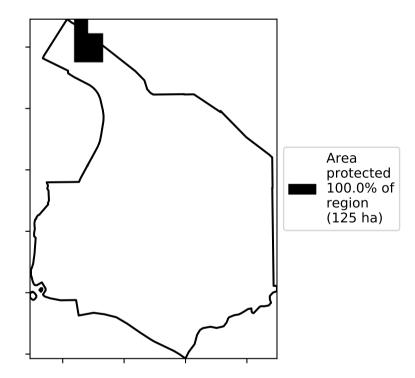


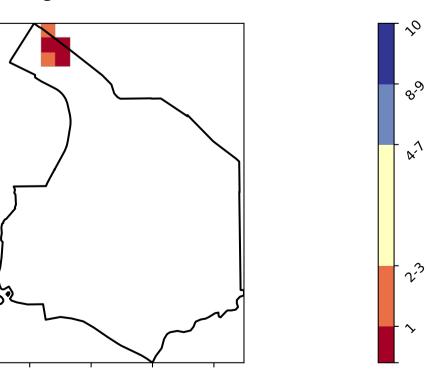
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









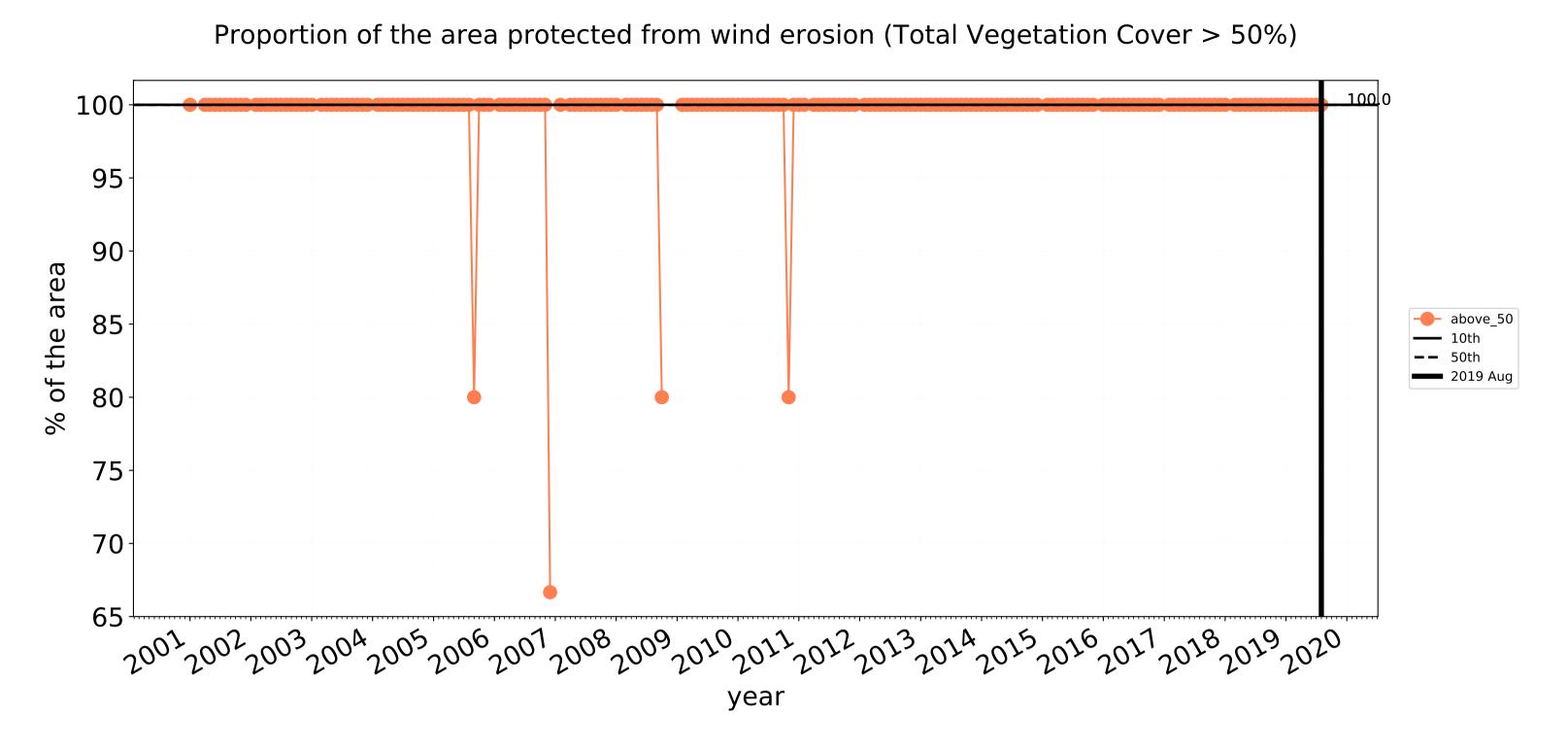


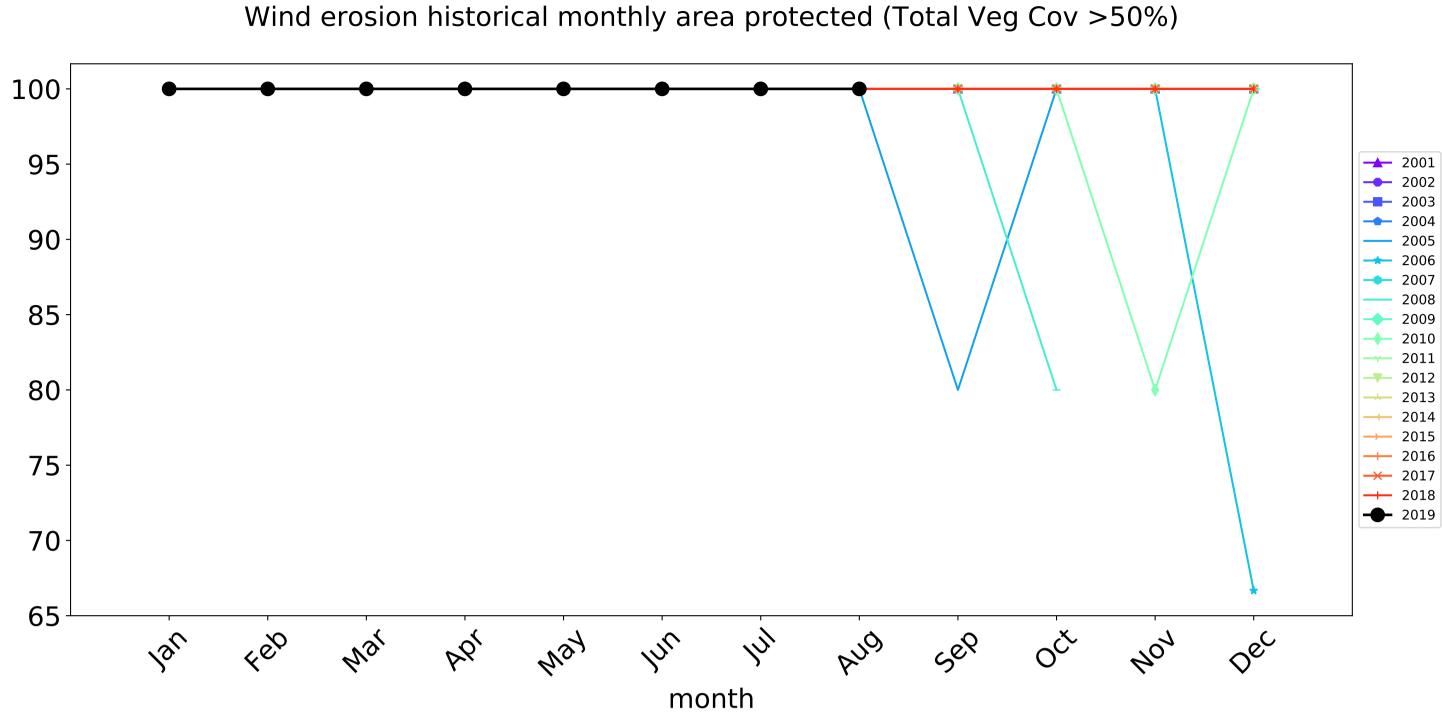


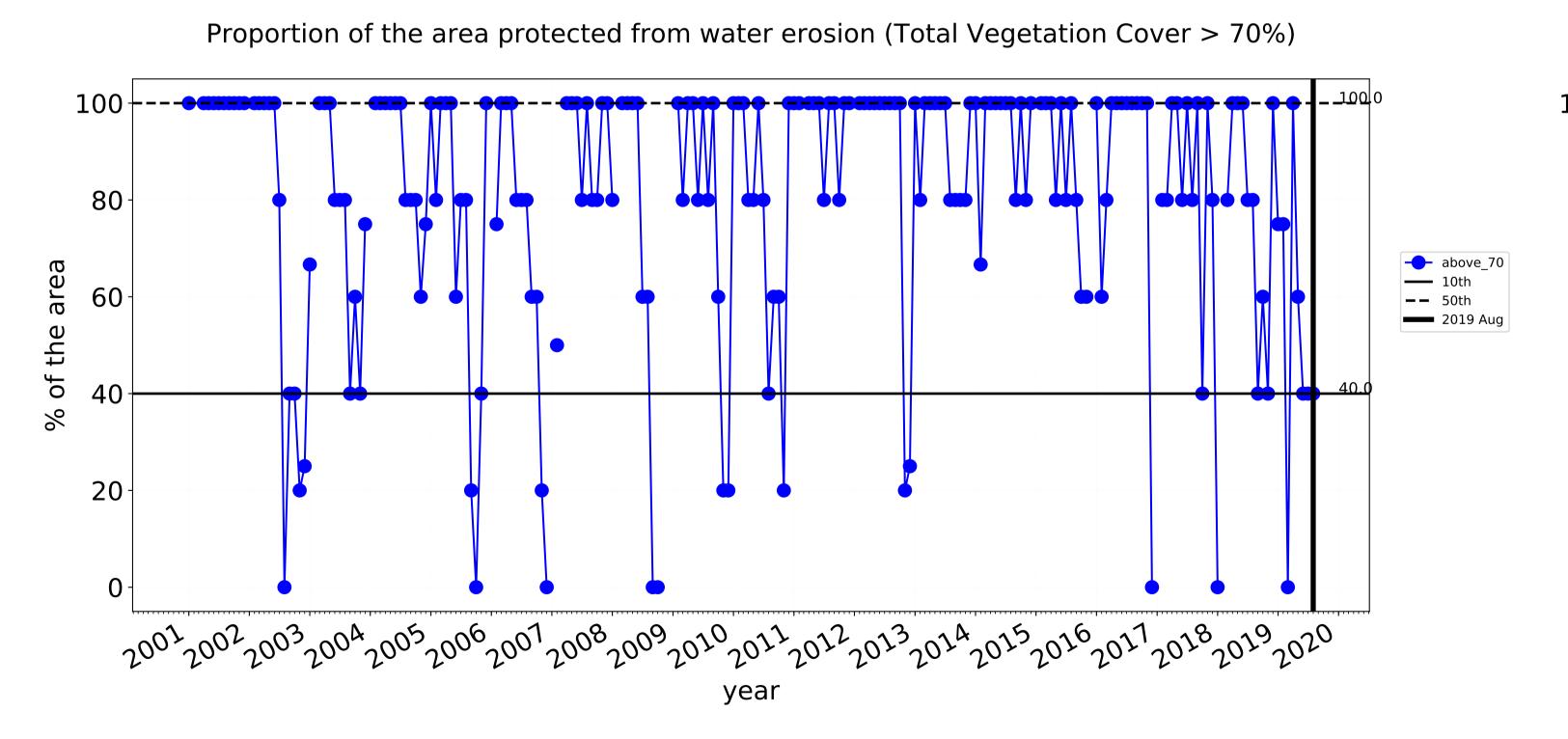


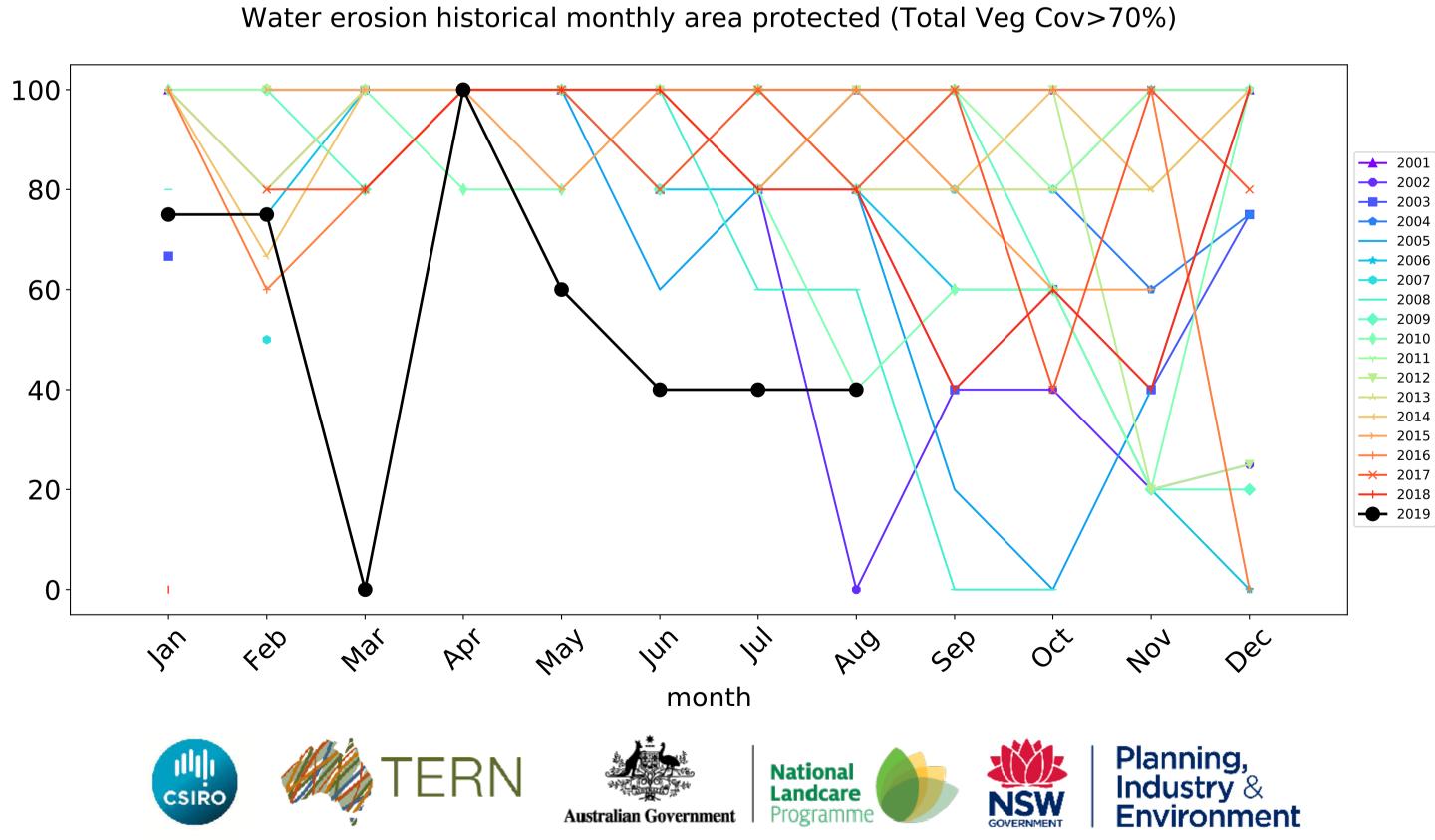


Grazing timeseries









Grazing non forest

Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

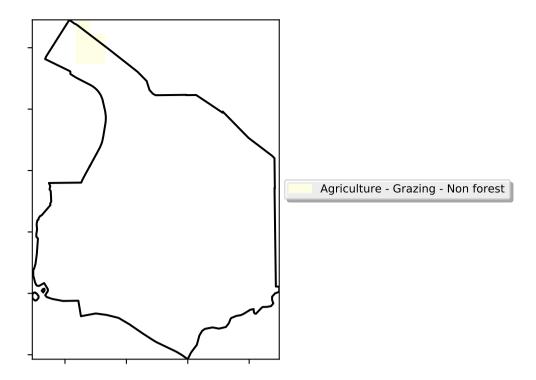
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

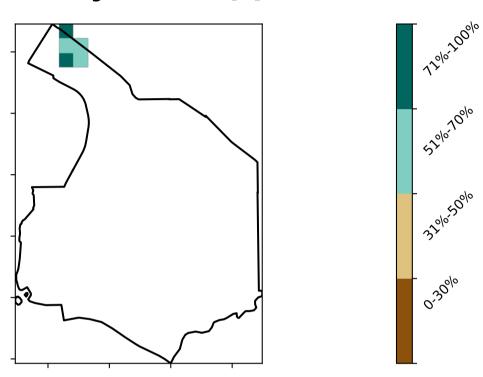
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

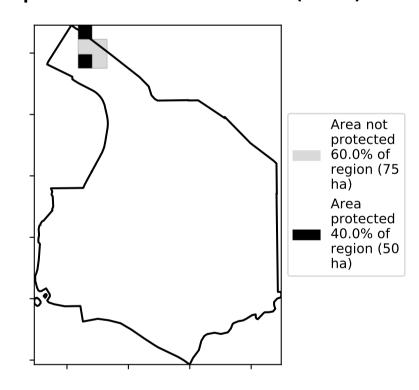
the mean. That



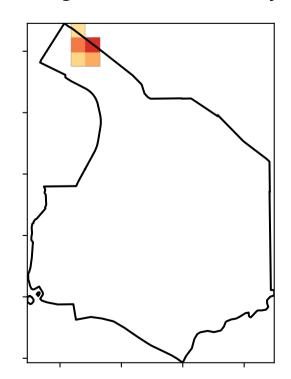
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

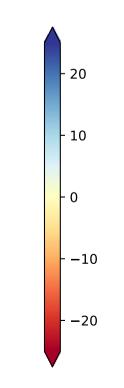


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]

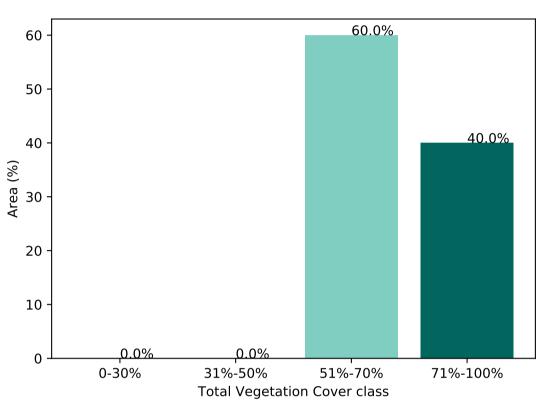




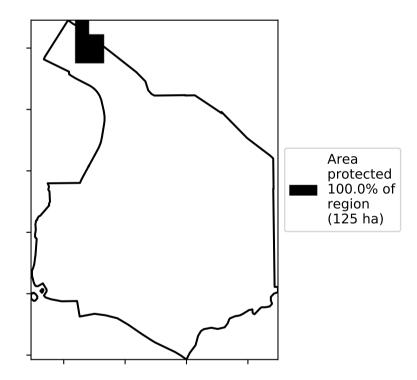
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline

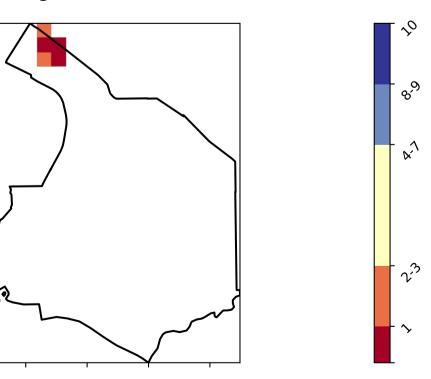
from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









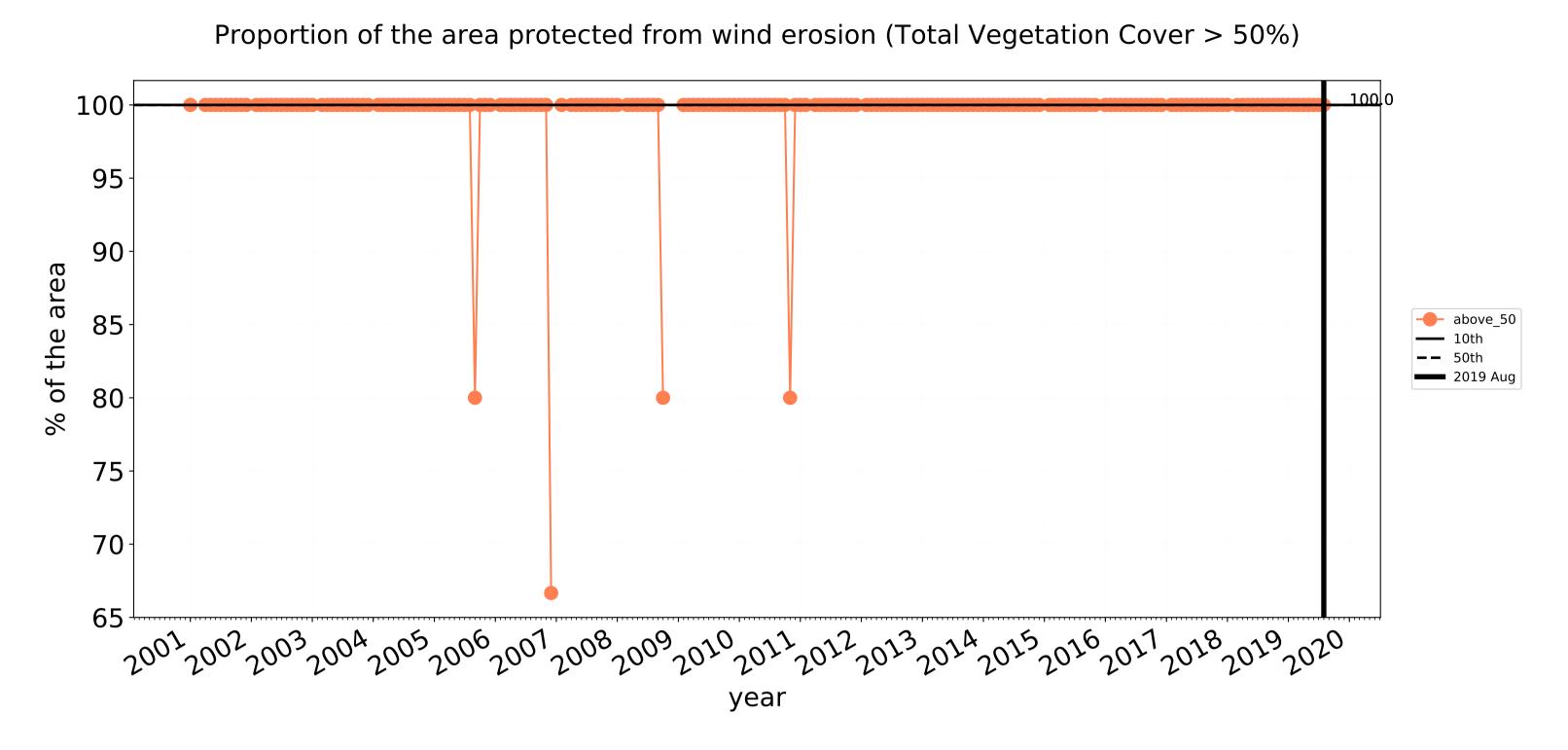


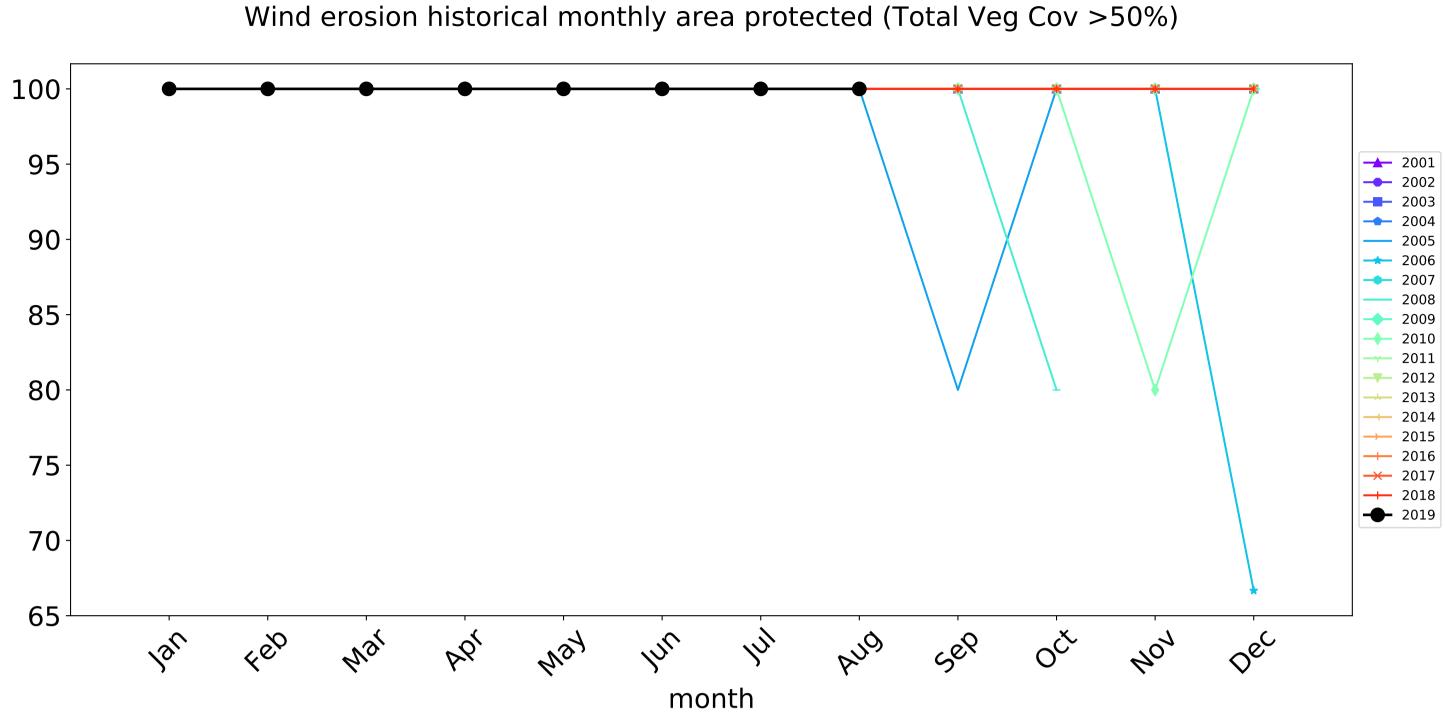


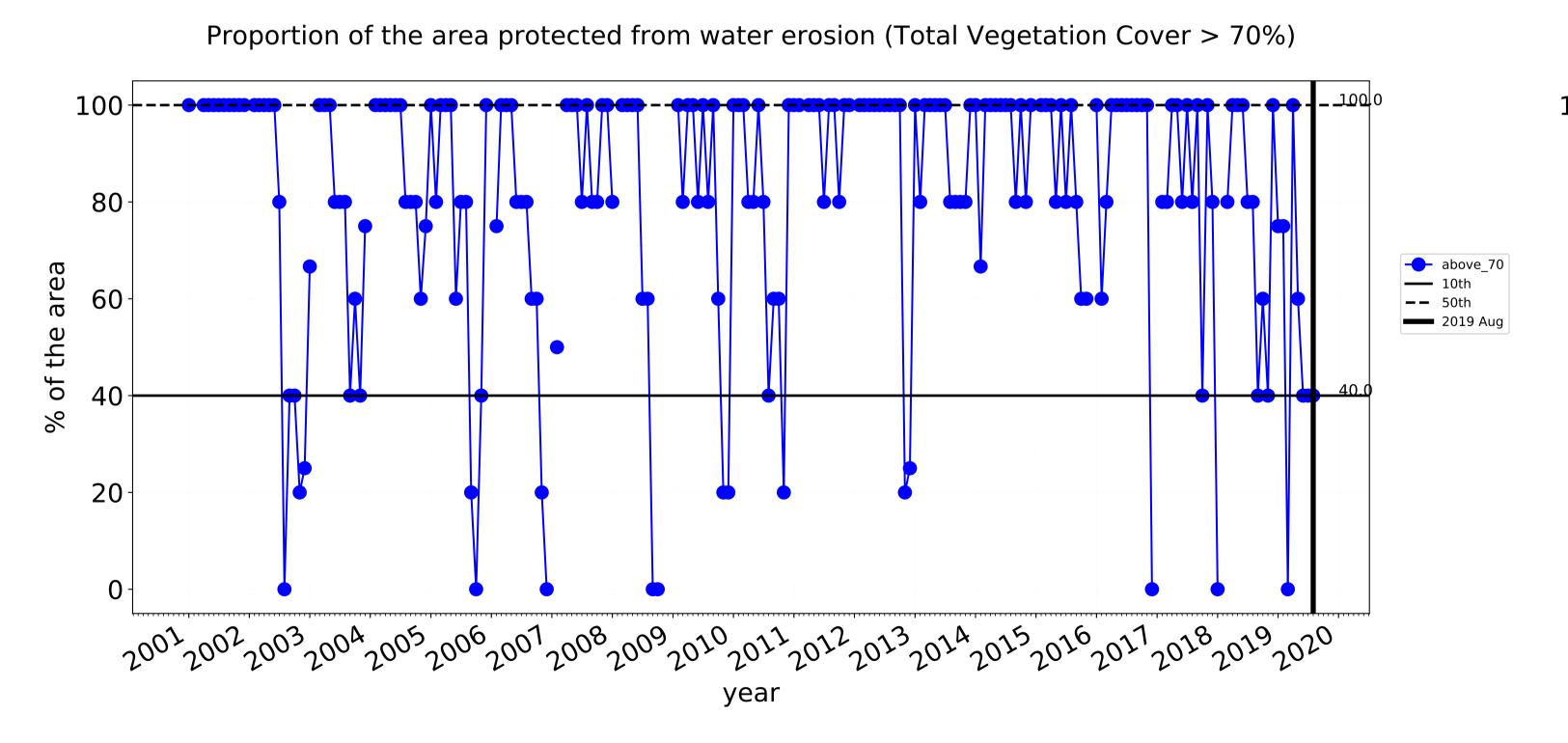


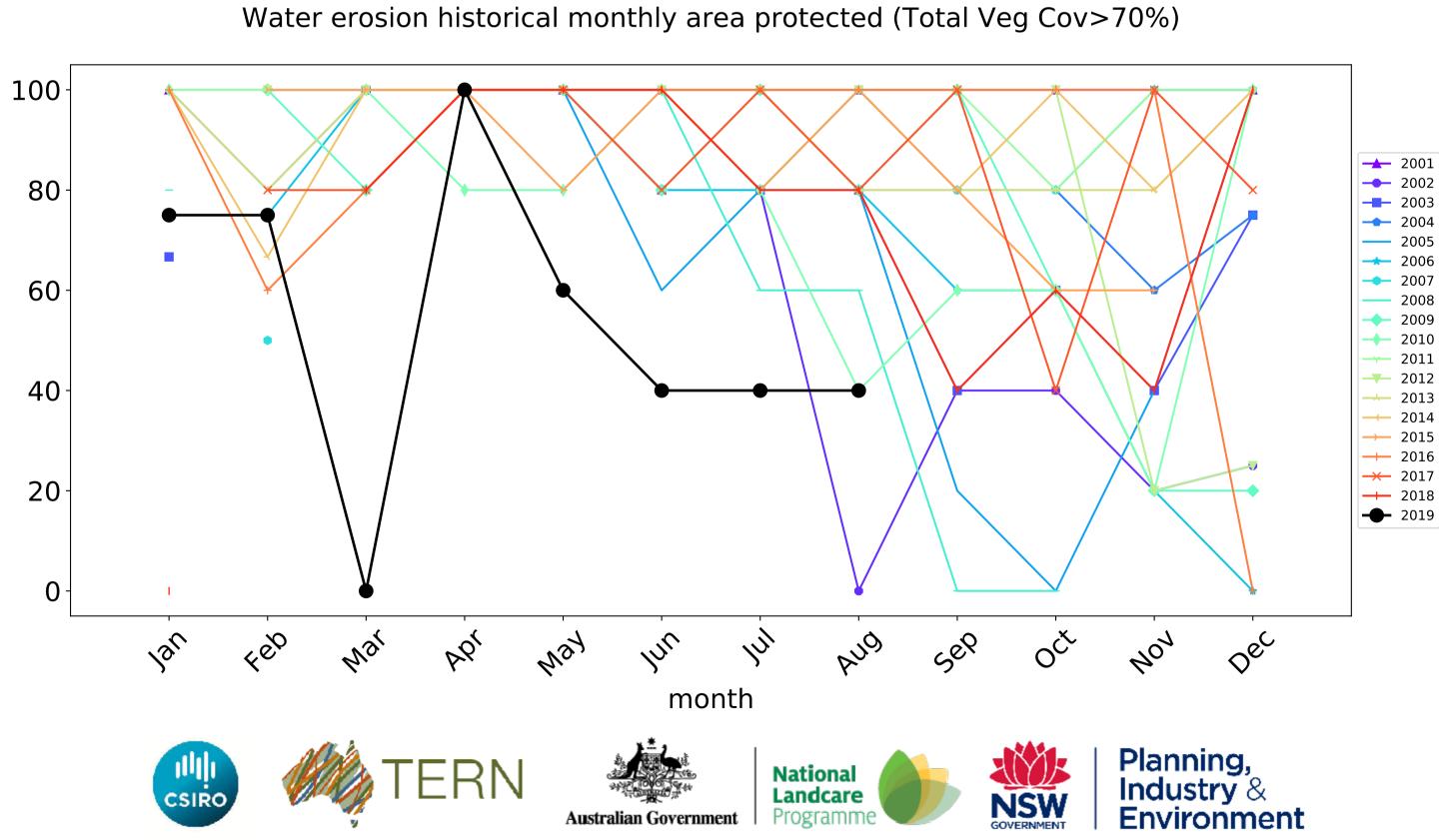


Grazing non forest timeseries









Palmerston (C) (5,225 ha and no data 40 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	5,225	100.0% 5,225	99.0% 5,175	67.0% 3,500	30.1% 1,575	3.8% 200	0.5% 25
Conservation and natural environments	1,039	100.0% 1,039	100.0% 1,039	81.0% 841	57.1% 594	16.7% 173	2.4% 24
Conservation and natural environments non forest	198	100.0% 198	100.0% 198	87.5% 173	75.0% 148	12.5% 24	12.5% 24
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	841	100.0% 841	100.0% 841	79.4% 668	52.9% 445	17.6% 148	0.0%
Agriculture	125	100.0% 125	100.0% 125	40.0% 50	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Grazing	125	100.0% 125	100.0% 125	40.0% 50	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0%
Grazing non forest	125	100.0% 125	100.0% 125	40.0% 50	0.0% 0	0.0% 0	0.0%











