## LGA Uralla\_(A) (NSW) - Vegetation cover soil protection report Aug 2019

This report provides information about vegetation covering the soil surface for a region during a single month with comparison to previous years. Vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water (hillslope) erosion. Results are shown for the whole region (polygon) and also separated by land use and tree cover. Different land uses are likely to have different cover patterns and targets. Reporting is most reliable with less than 20% tree cover.

Uralla (A)

- Context
  - o Map: Land use and forest cover
  - o Chart: Land use and forest cover area
- Total vegetation cover for this month
  - o Map: vegetation cover classified into 4 classes
  - o Chart: vegetation cover area classified into 4 classes
- Areas protected from erosion for the month
  - o Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover)
  - o Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover)
- Comparison with previous years
  - o Map: anomaly compare this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years
  - o Map: deciles rank this month against the same month in previous years
- Time series
  - o Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month in the archive (orange lines)
  - o Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month of the archive (blue lines).
  - o Rainfall: millimetres rainfall each month (black lines)
- Time series stacked by year
  - o Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month in the archive (orange lines) in case of 5th percentile is less than 80i
  - o Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month of the archive (blue lines). in case of 5th percentile is less than 80
- Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:
  - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total clover
  - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total clover
  - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total clover

The following pages repeat the above sequence for each land use and forest cover class. For example

- All agricultural lands, that is grazing, cropping plus Horticulture (depending on what land use is present)
- Grazing lands by forest classes if present
- Cropping lands
- Irrigation lands
- Protected areas by forest classes if present

# **Explanatory notes:**

This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool. The report is based on an analysis of 500 metre pixels. Pixels with greater than or equal to 50% vegetation cover are generally considered to be protected from or have reduced soil loss by wind erosion, and pixels with greater than or equal to 70% vegetation cover are generally considered to also be protected from or have reduced soil loss from water (hillslope) erosion. Report used baseline from 2001 to 2019 for each month to generate anomalies and deciles. And it used threshold of 1% to create land use forest cover reports. Higher cover thresholds may be required for erosion protection in some regions. This report will be less applicable in areas with sparse forest (20-50% tree cover) or dense forest (> 50% tree cover). Therefore land use classes are divided by tree cover: 1) No forest is when there is less than 20% tree cover 2) Sparse forest, is when there is less than 20 to 50 % tree cover 3) Dense forest is greater than 50% tree cover

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3













# **Vegetation Cover Aug 2019**

#### Land use and forest cover

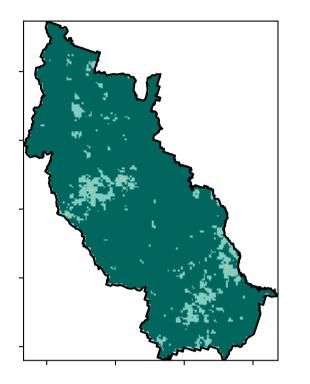
#### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses

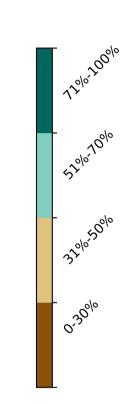
#### based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree

cover.

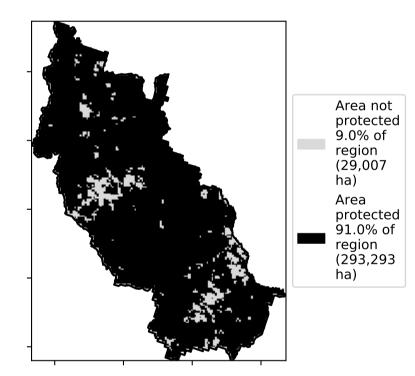
Landuse map of area

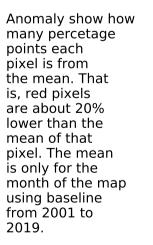
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

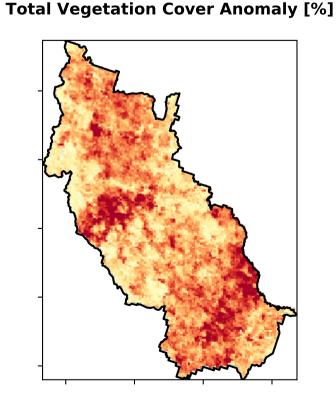


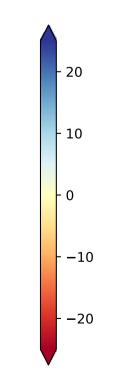


#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



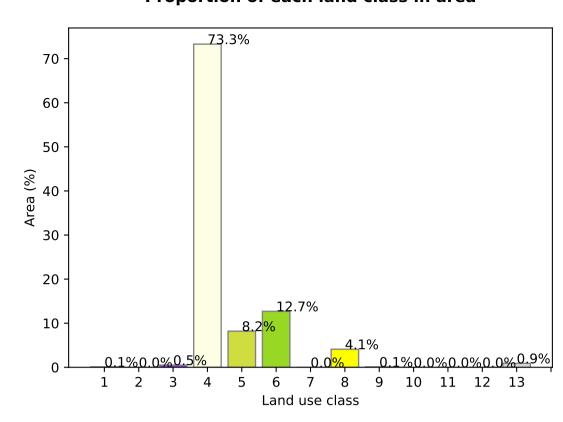




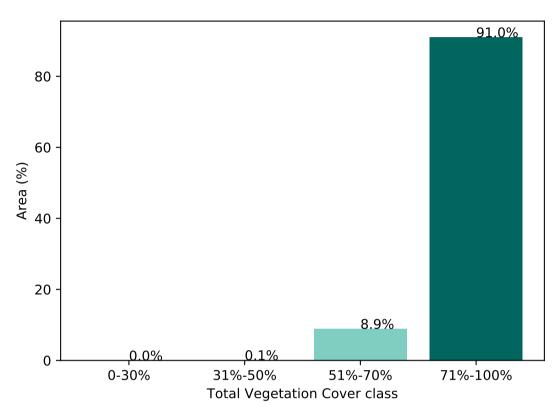


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

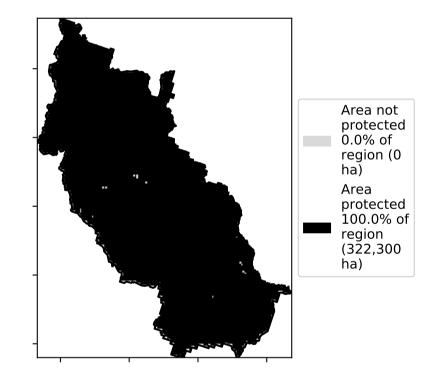
#### **Proportion of each land class in area**



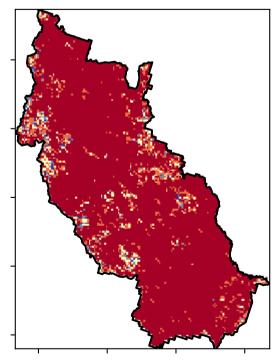
#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**

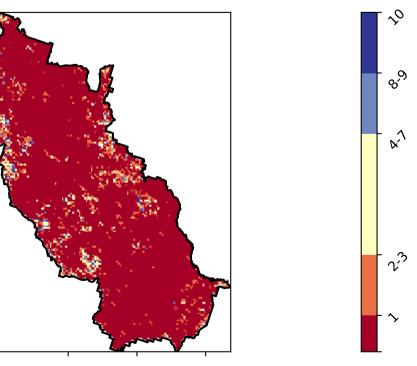


#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



#### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**







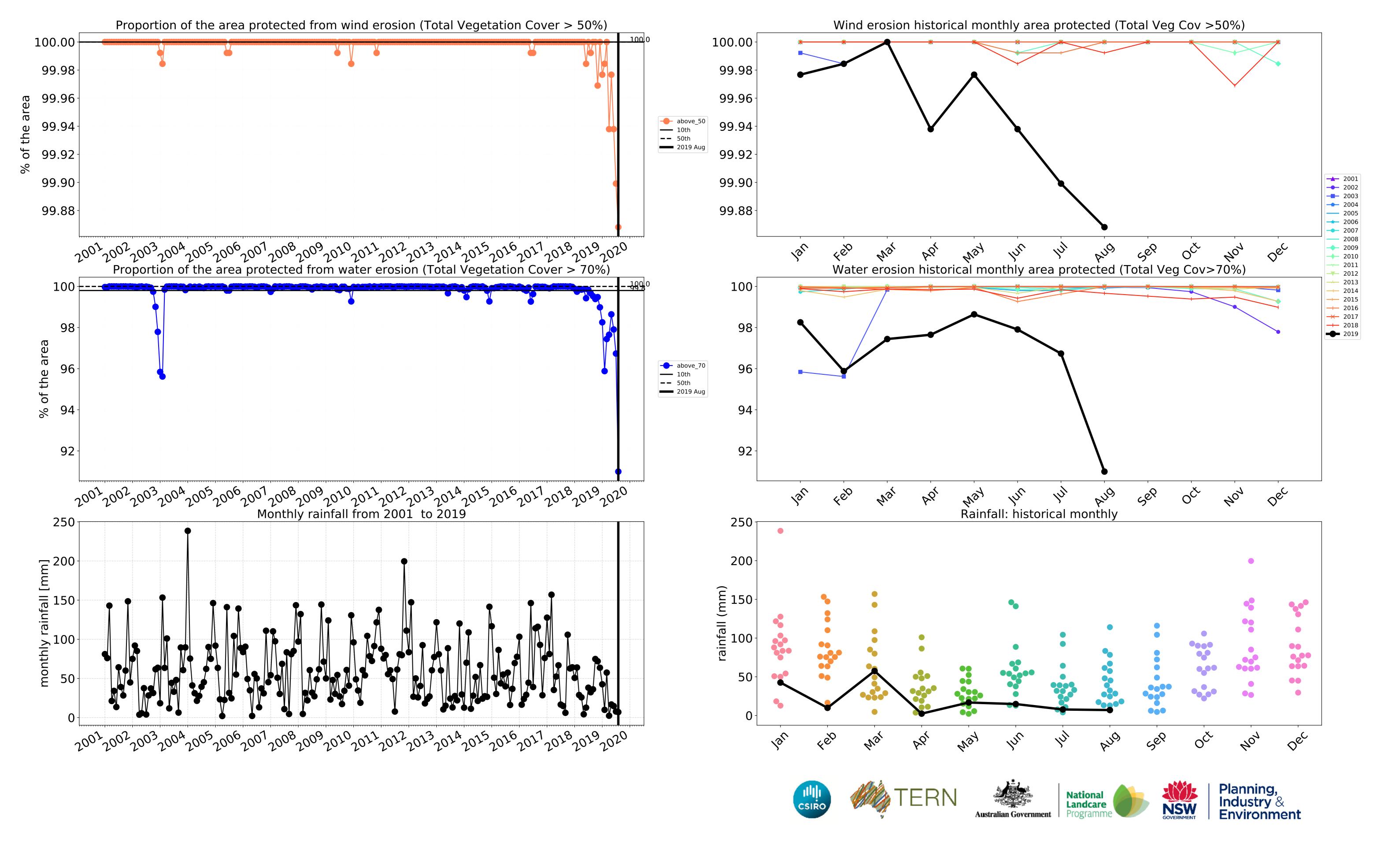


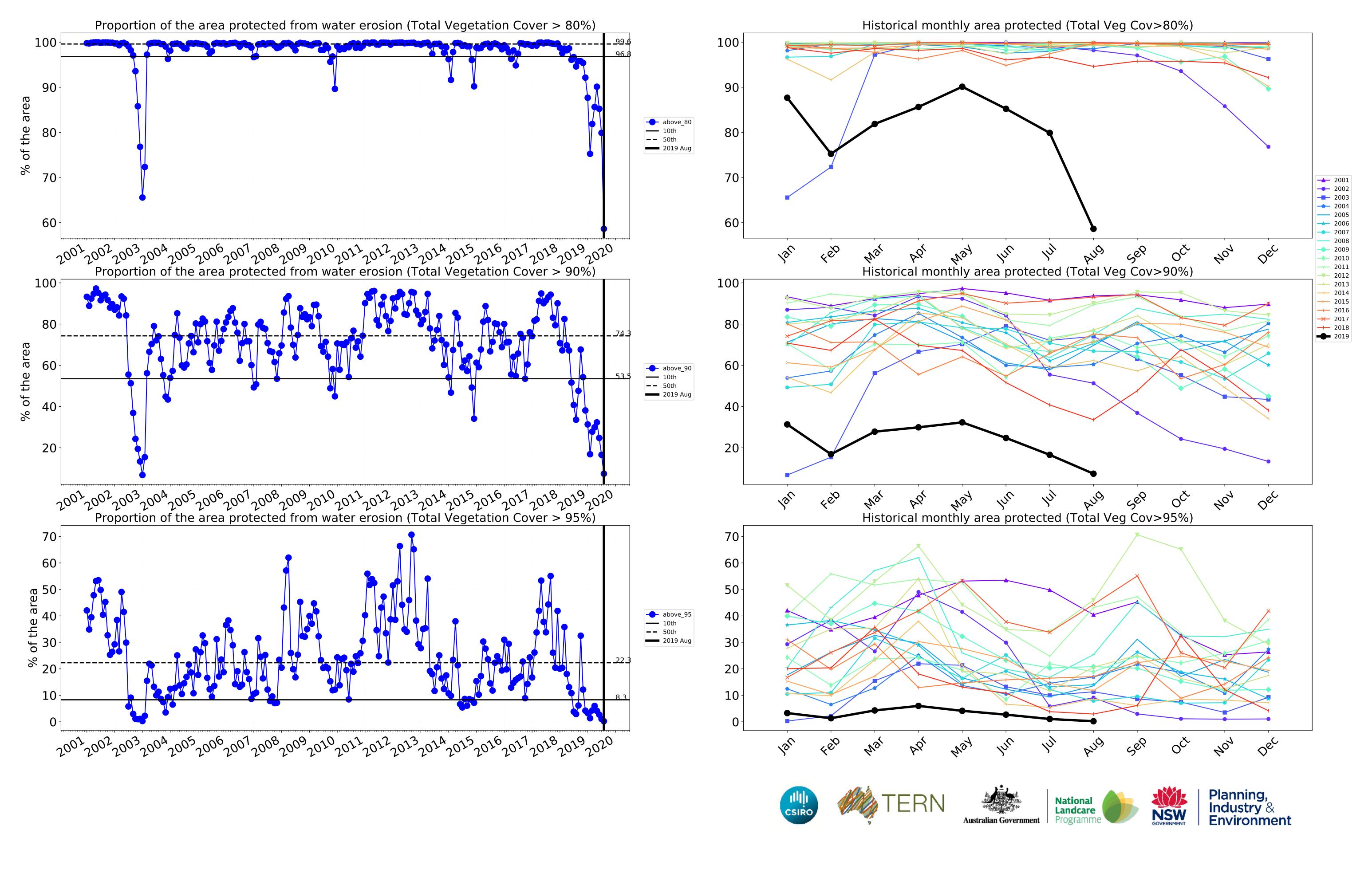








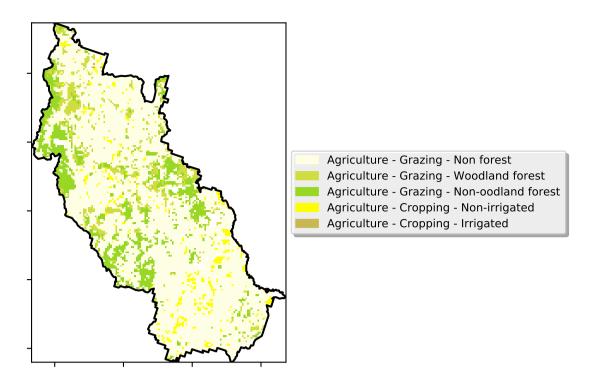




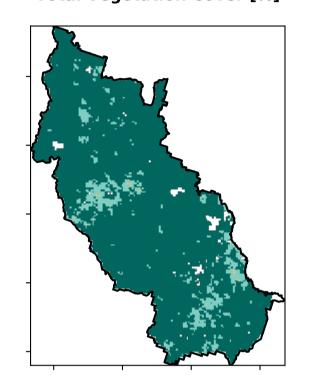
# **Agriculture**

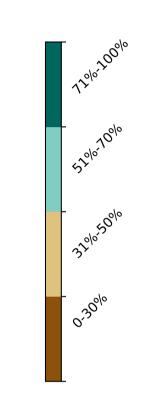
#### Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

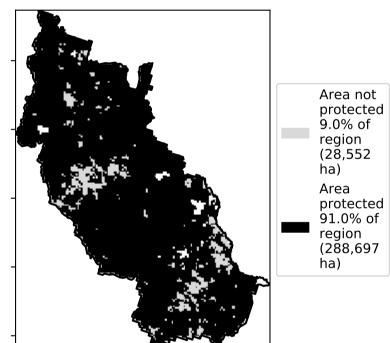


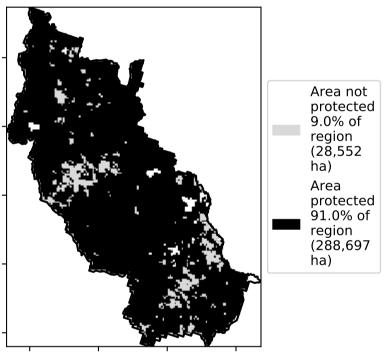
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



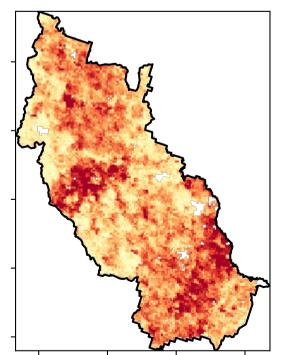


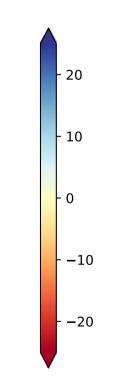
#### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)





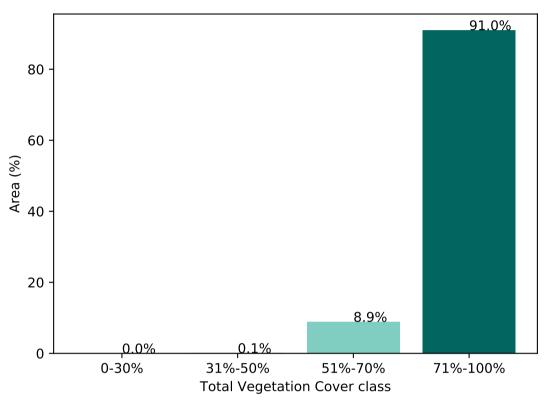
### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



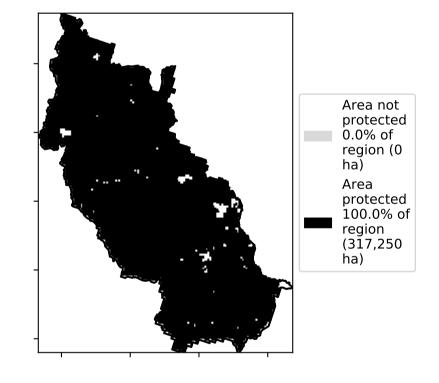


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

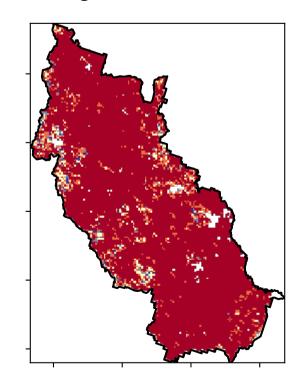
# **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**

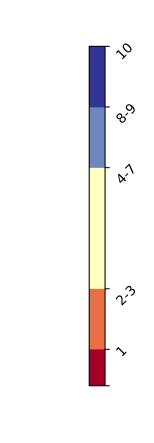


#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**







Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

the mean. That



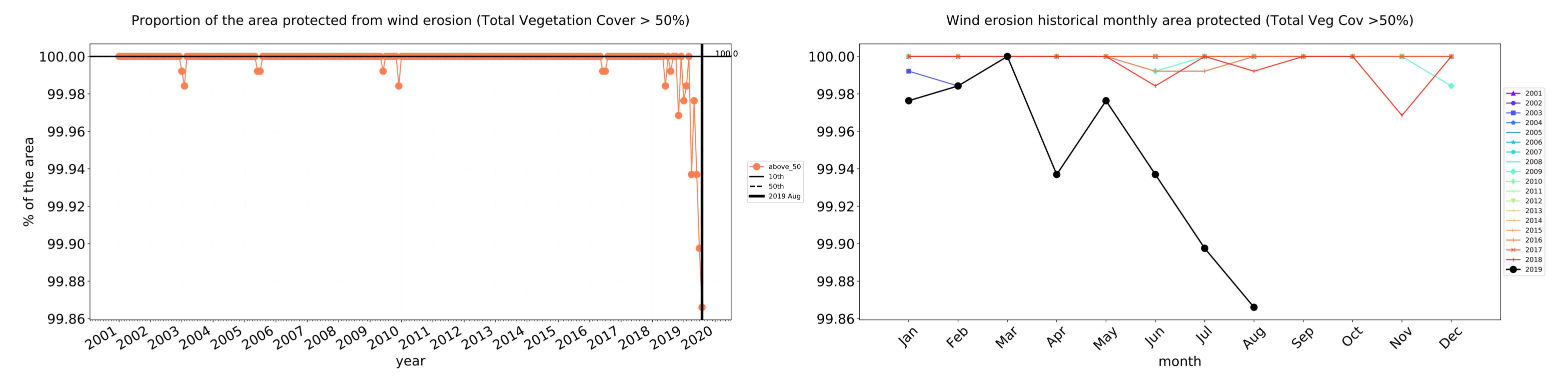


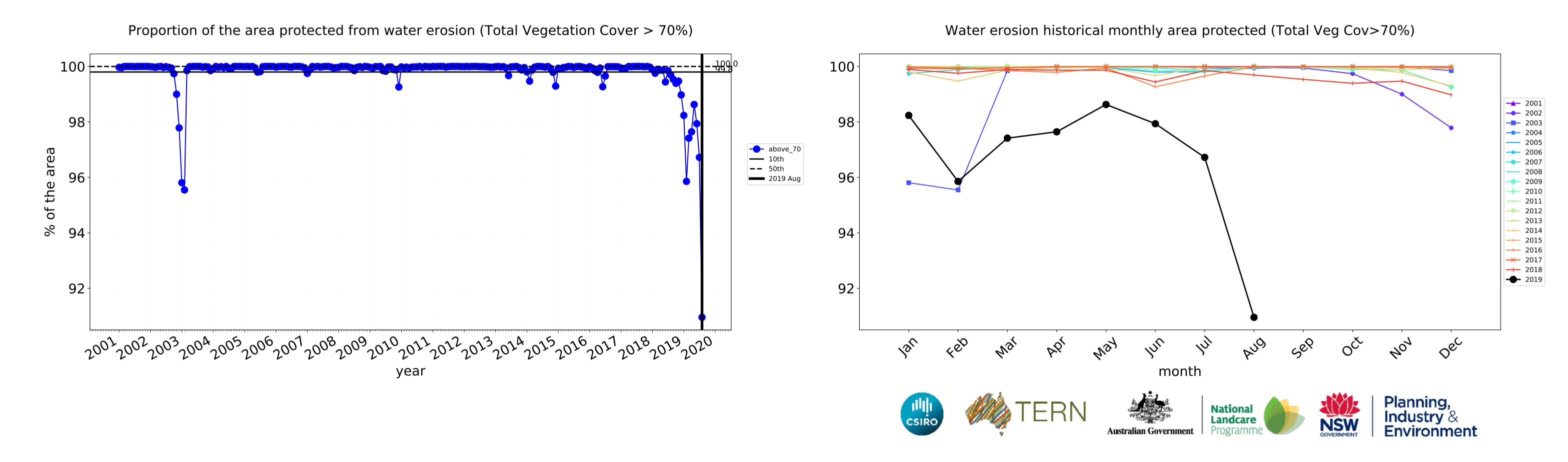


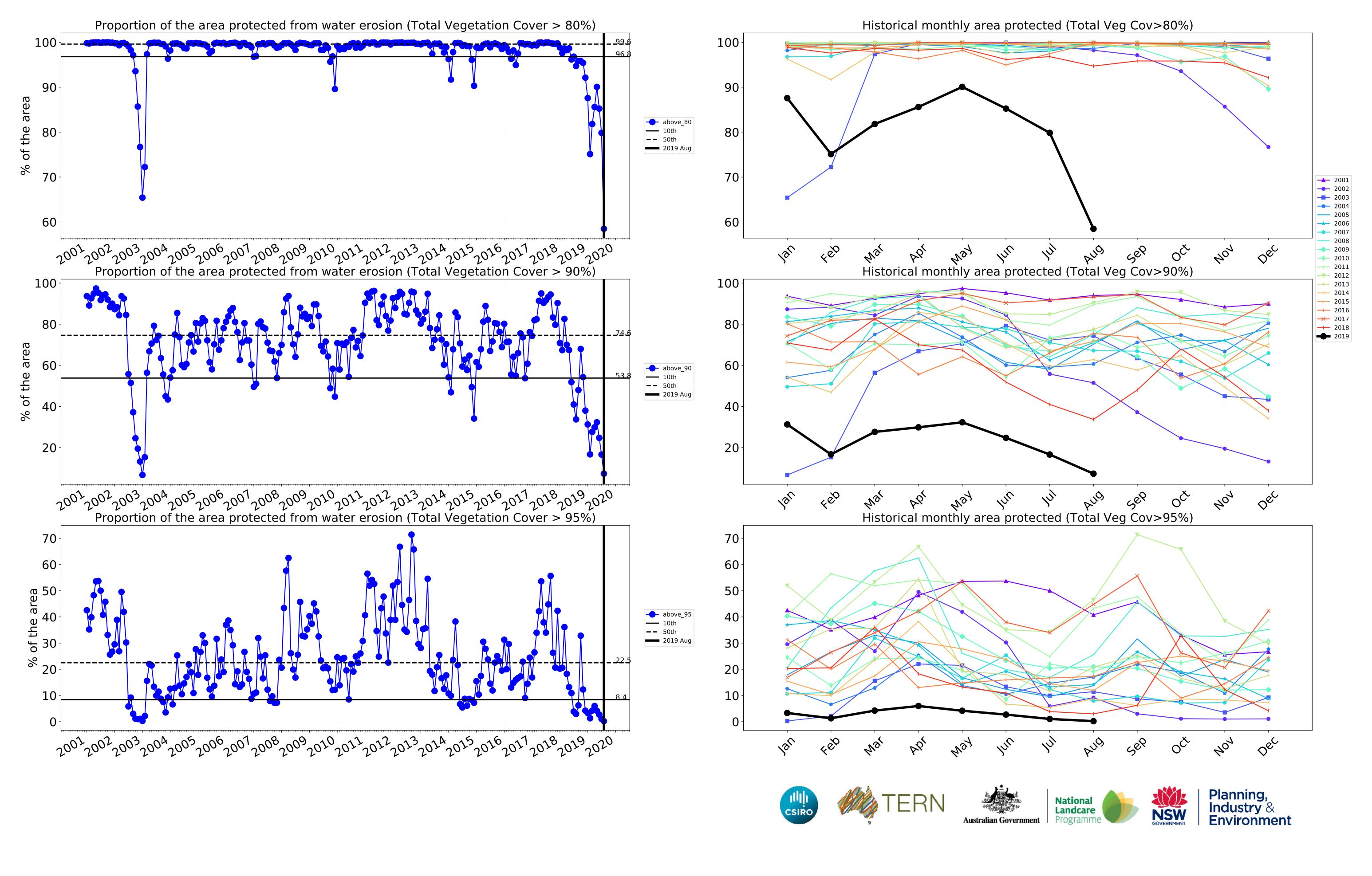




# **Agriculture timeseries**







# **Grazing**

#### Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

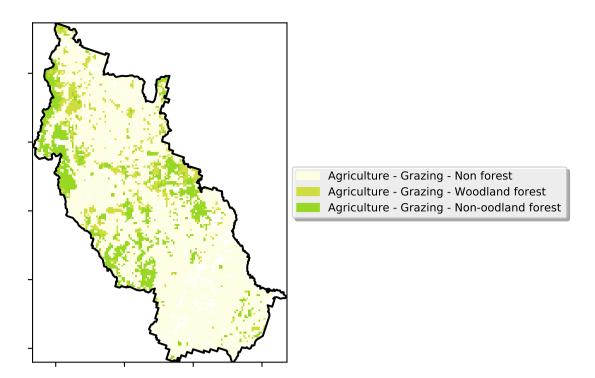
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

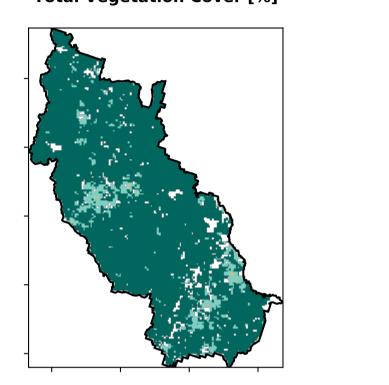
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

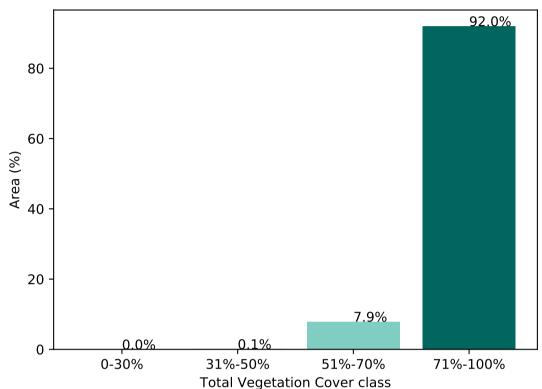
the mean. That



#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

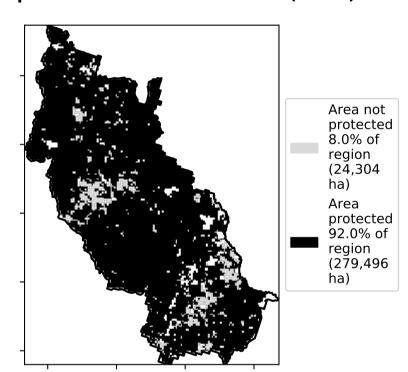


# 80

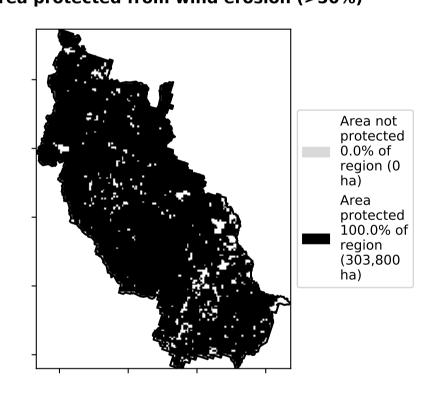


**Proportion of vegetation cover class in area** 

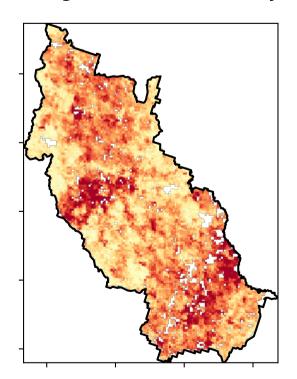
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

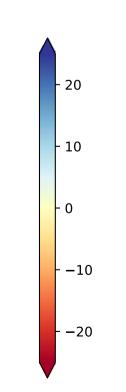


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



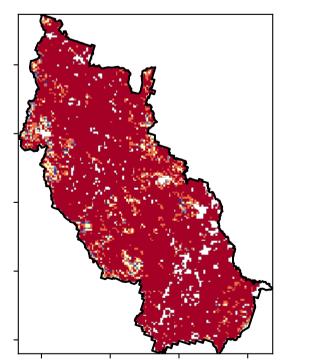
### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

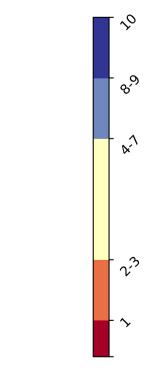




Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**









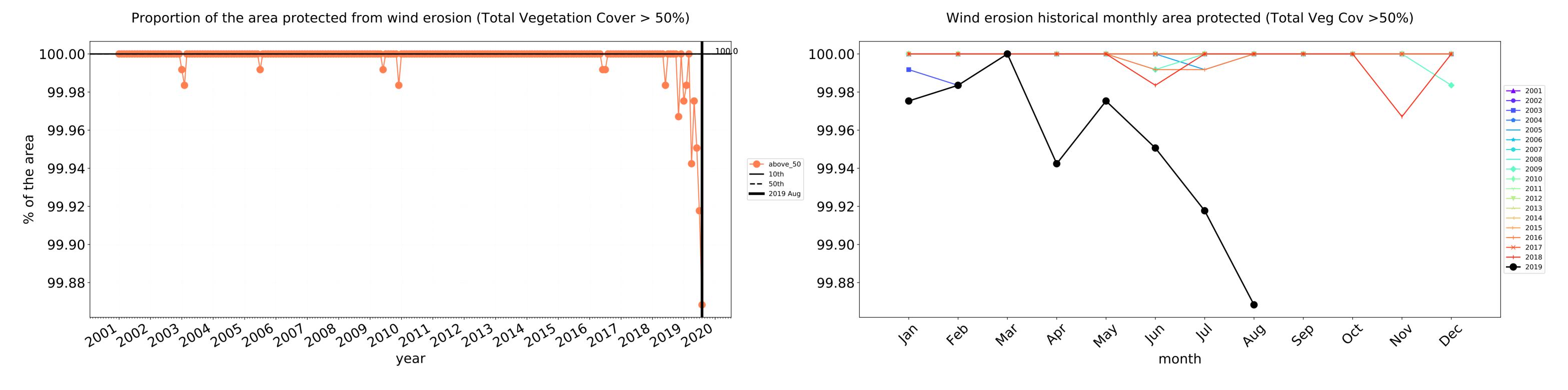


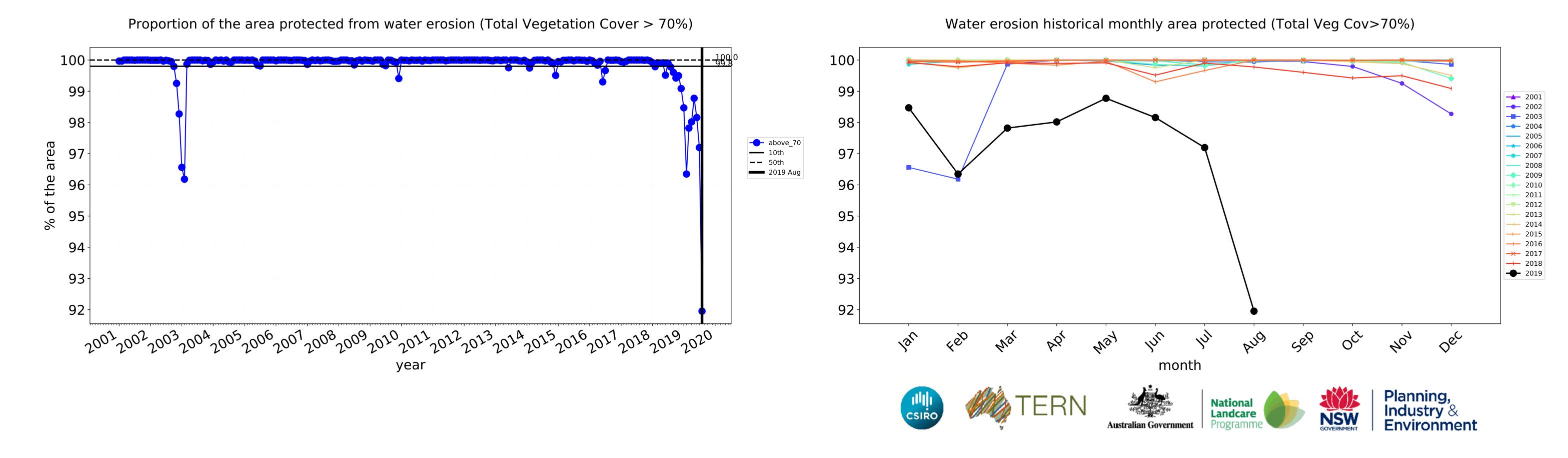


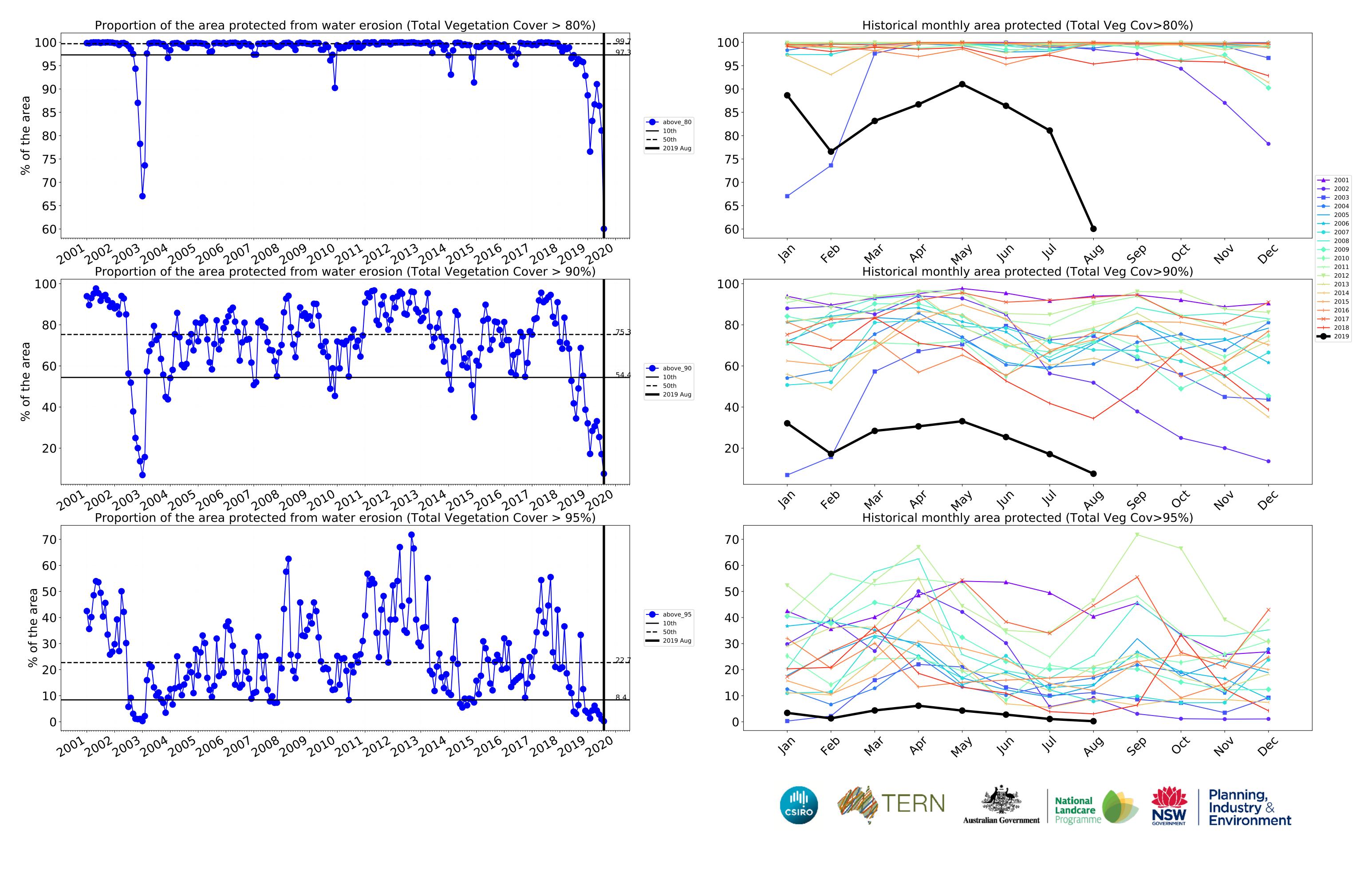




# **Grazing timeseries**



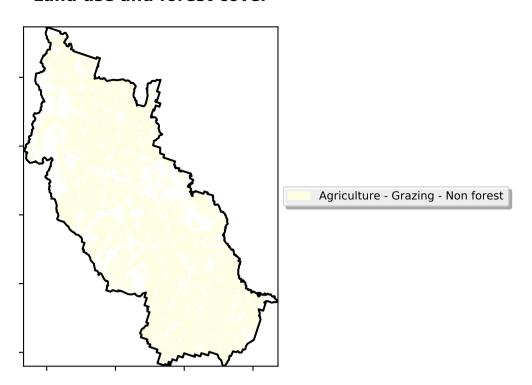




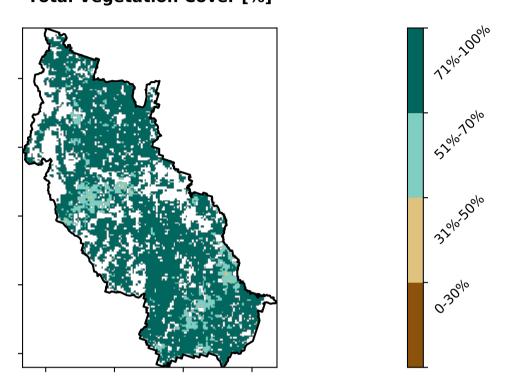
# **Grazing non forest**

#### Land use and forest cover

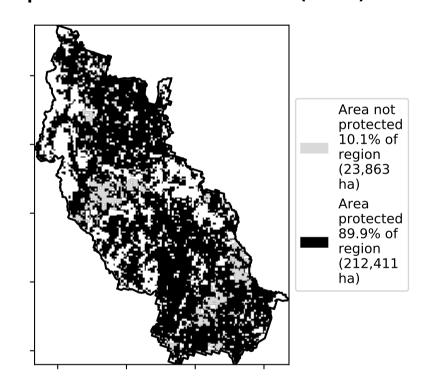
Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.



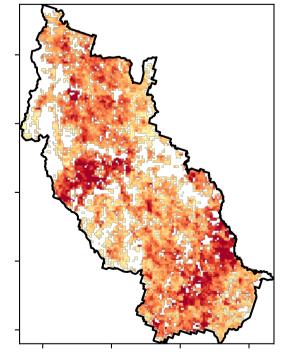
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

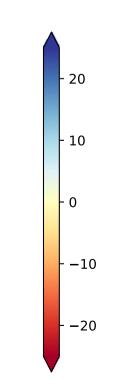


### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



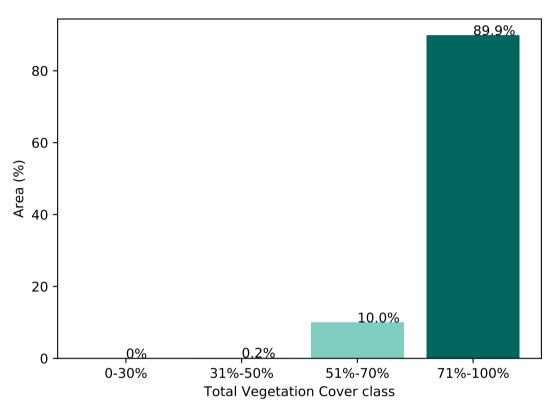
#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



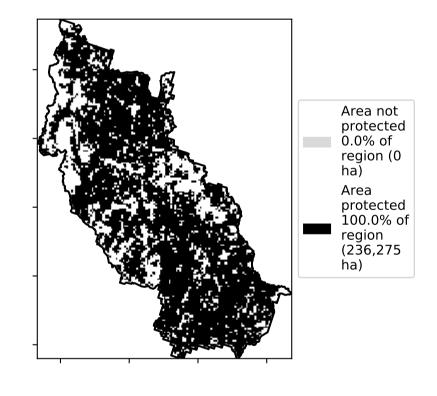


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

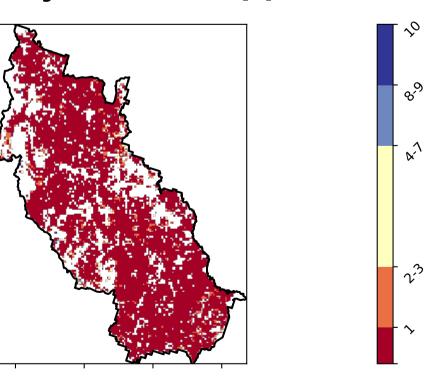
#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**

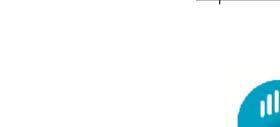


#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



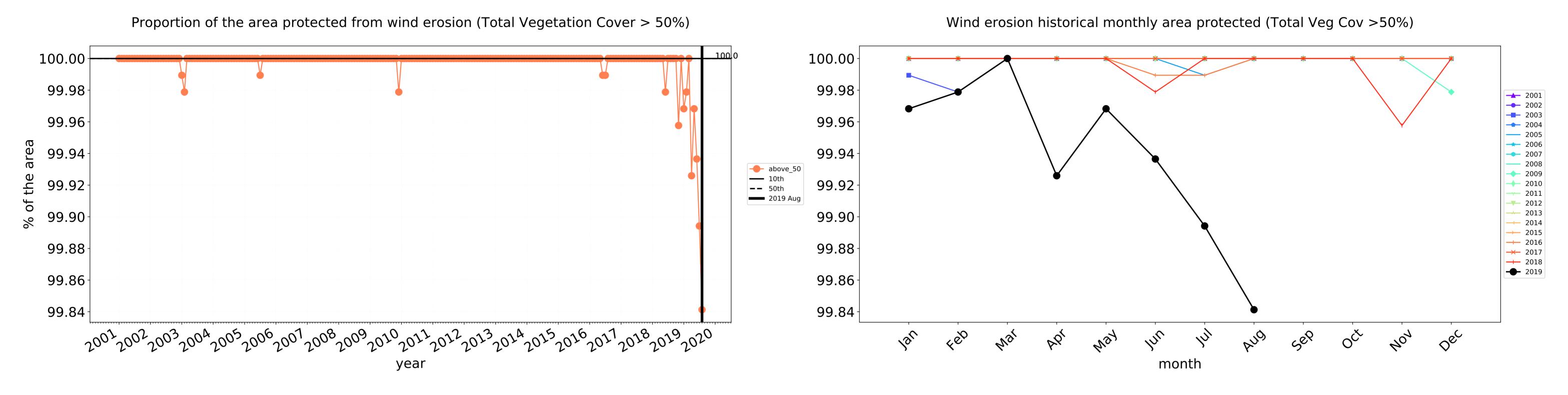


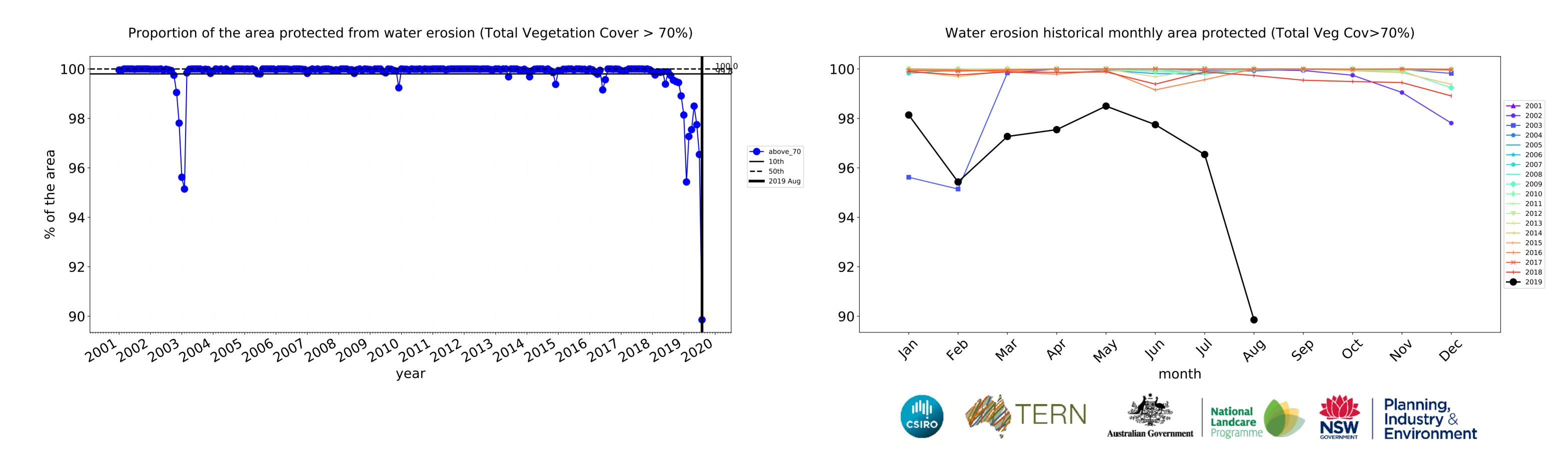


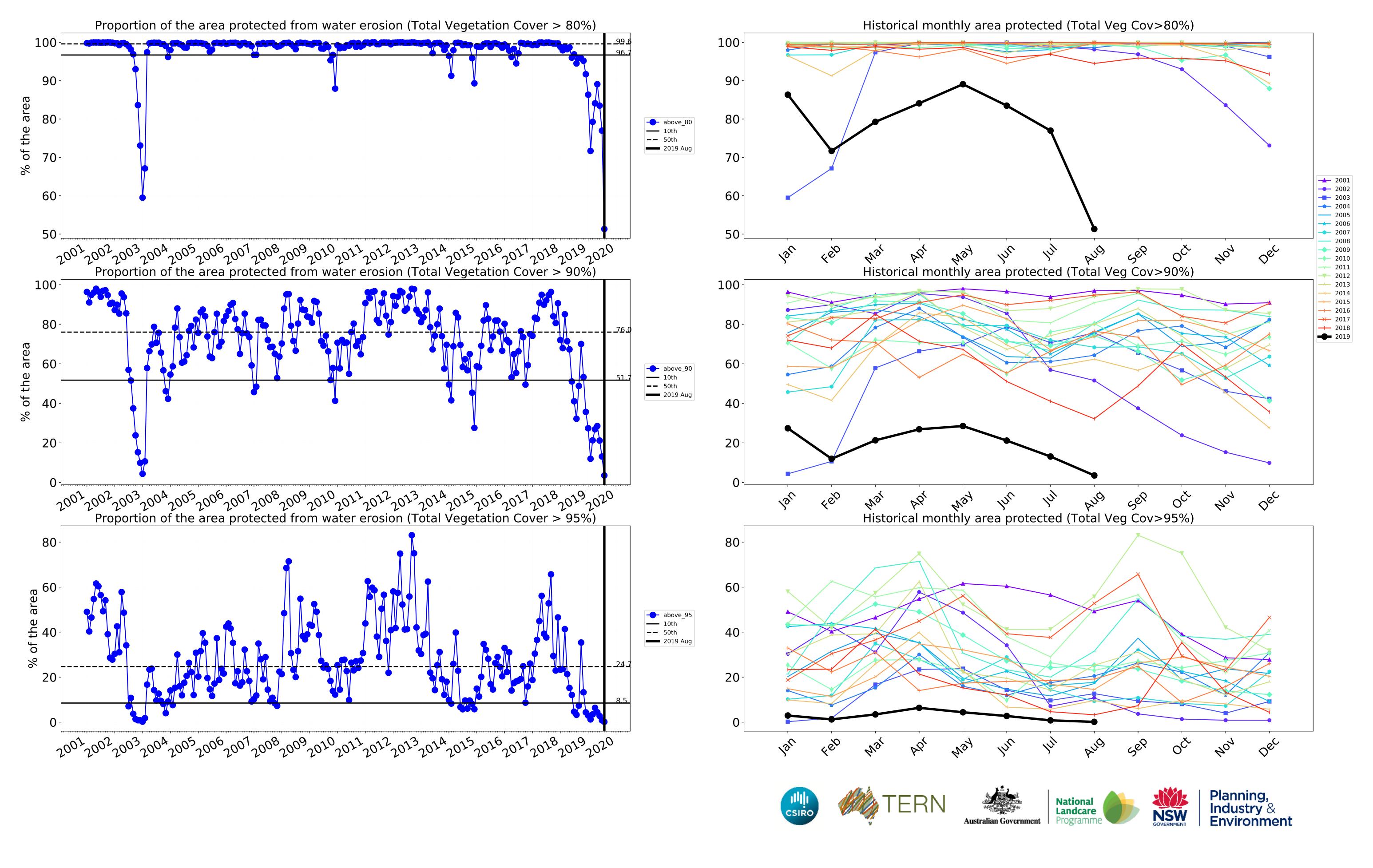




# **Grazing non forest timeseries**







# **Grazing Woodland forest**

## Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

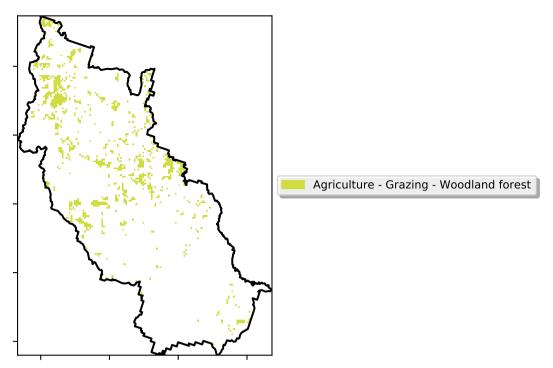
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

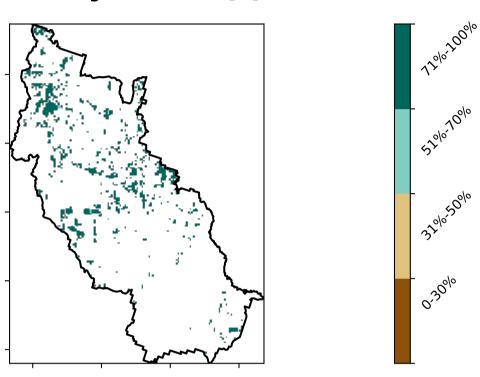
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

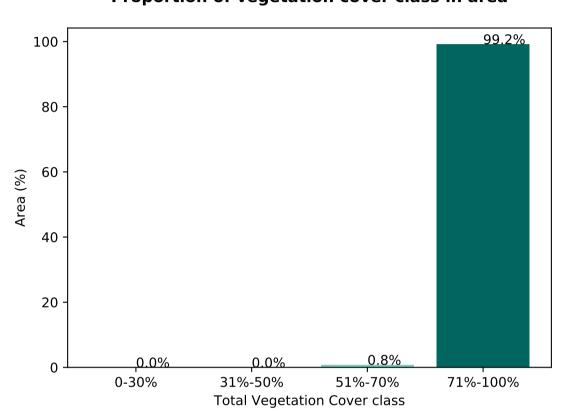
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



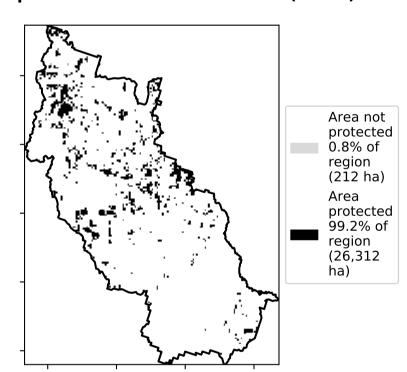
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



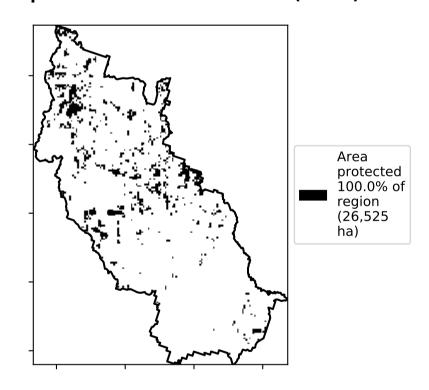
#### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



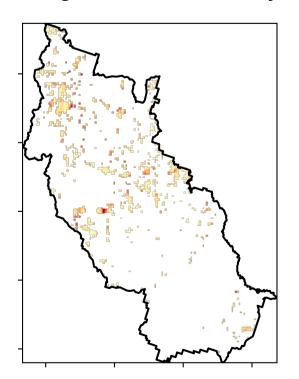
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

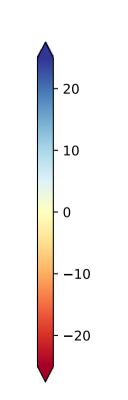


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



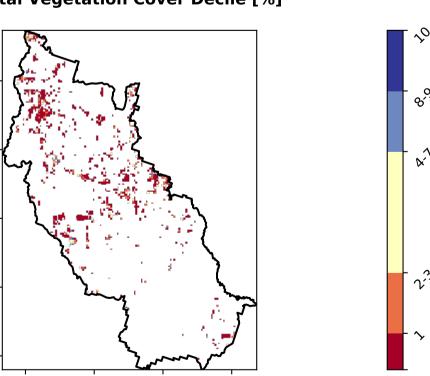
#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 







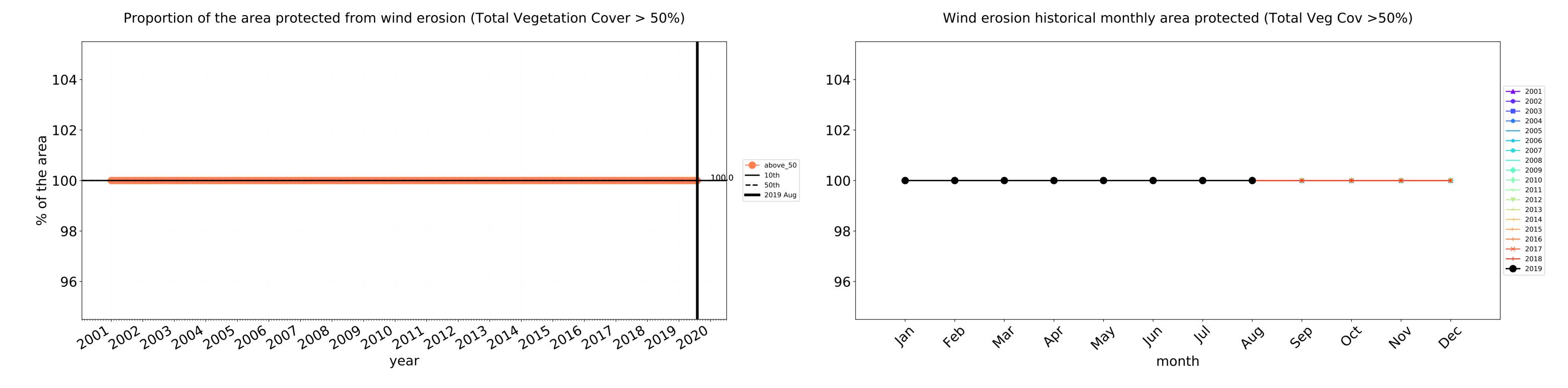


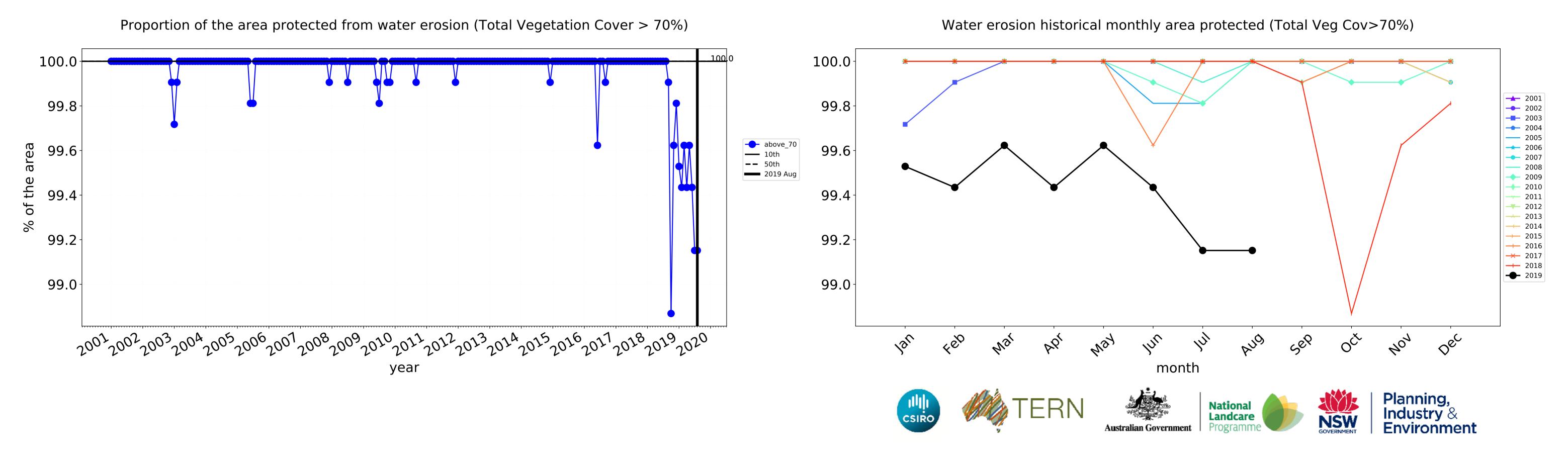


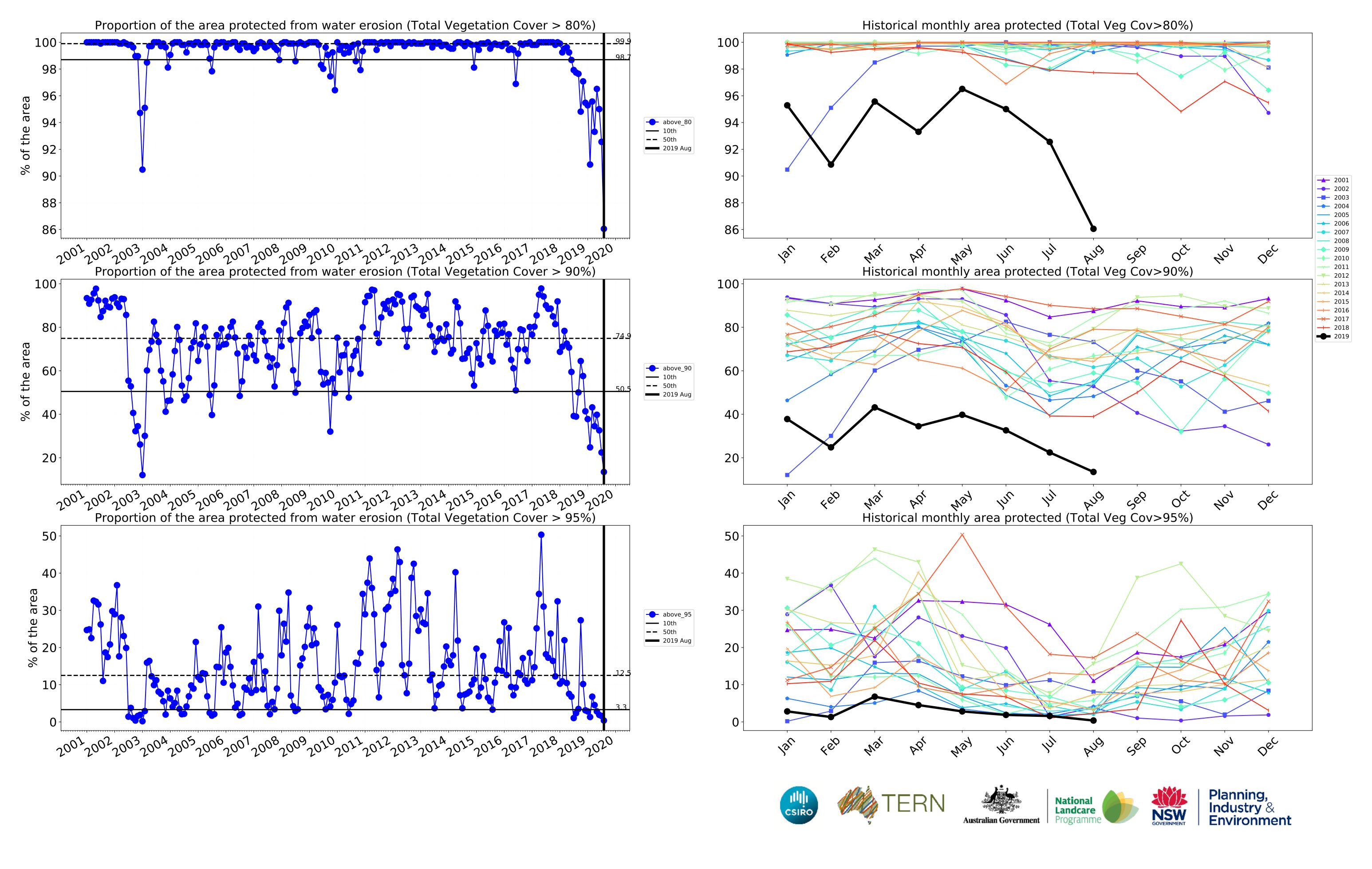




# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**







# **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

#### Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

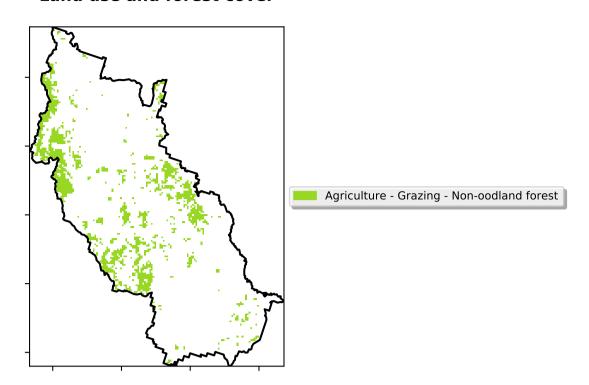
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

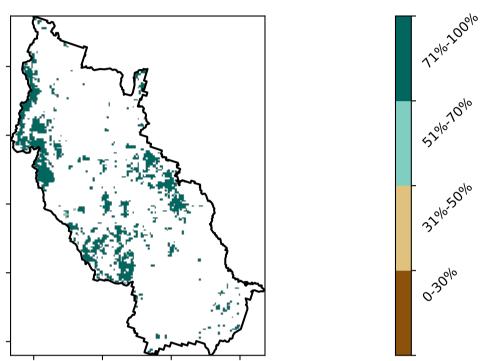
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

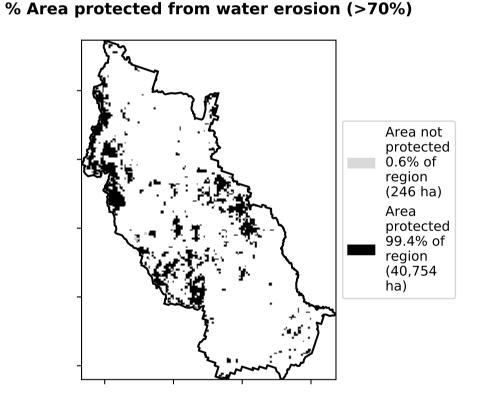
the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

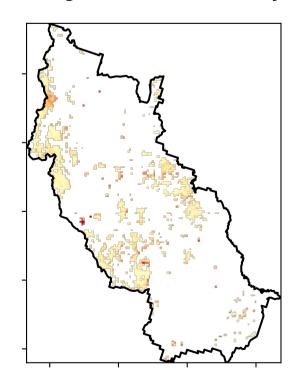


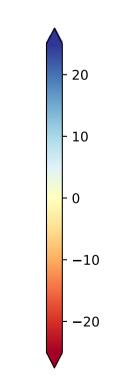
#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**





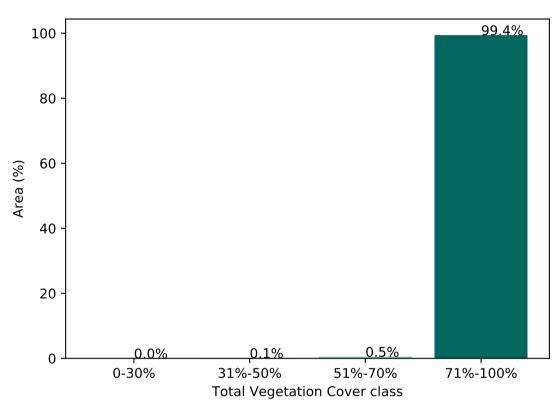
### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



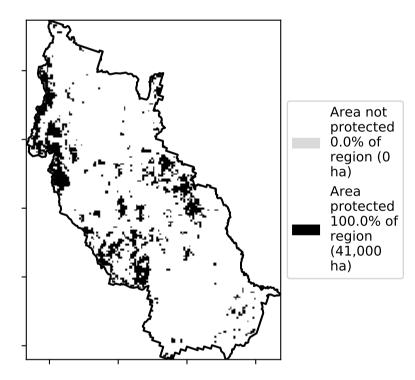


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

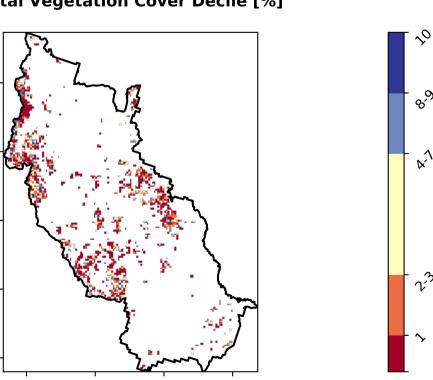
#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]





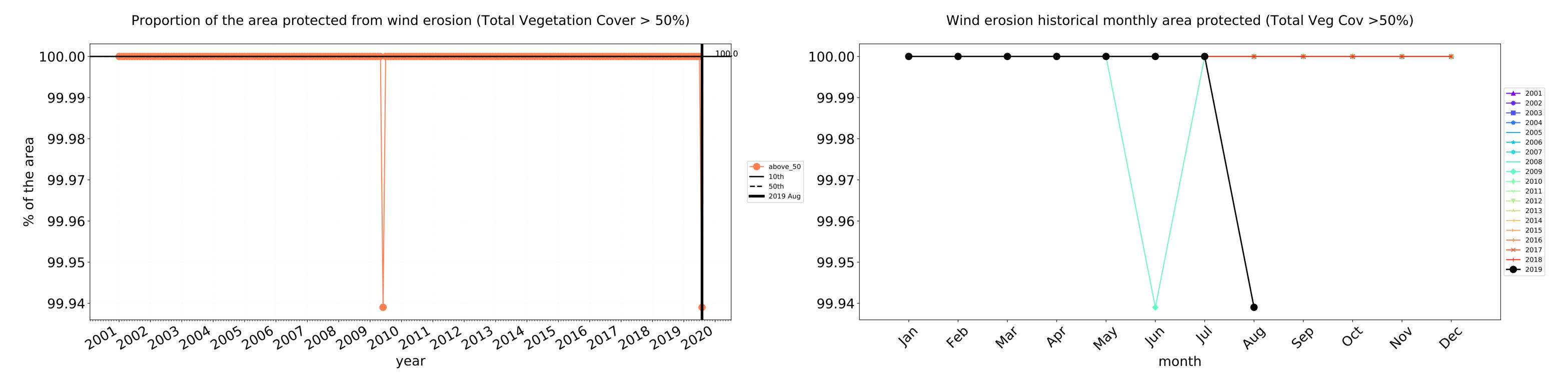


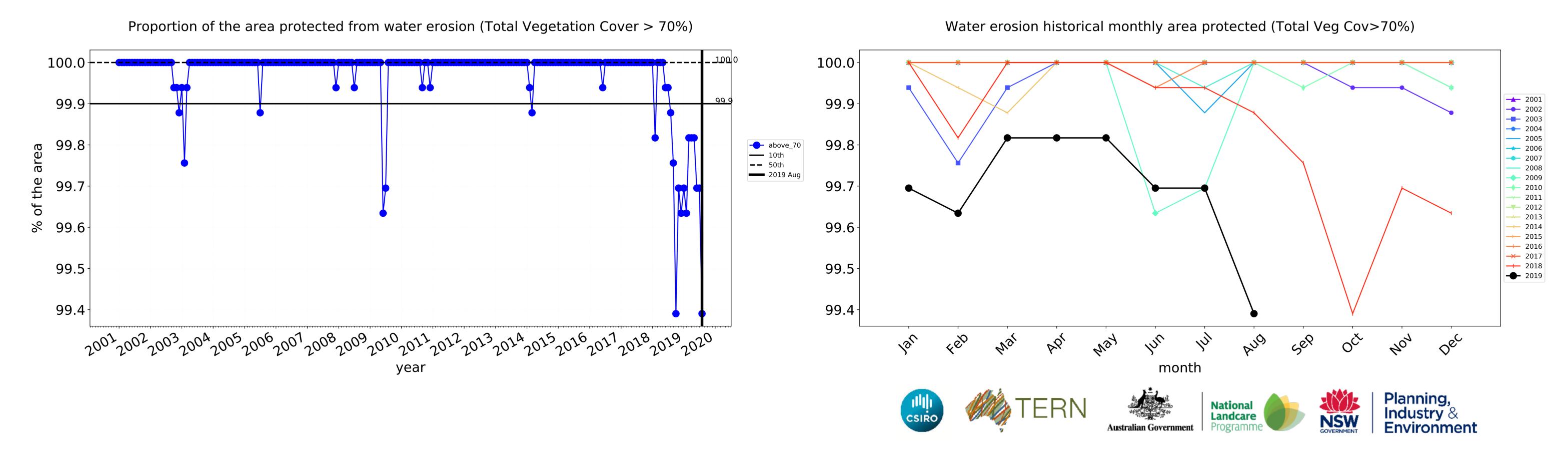


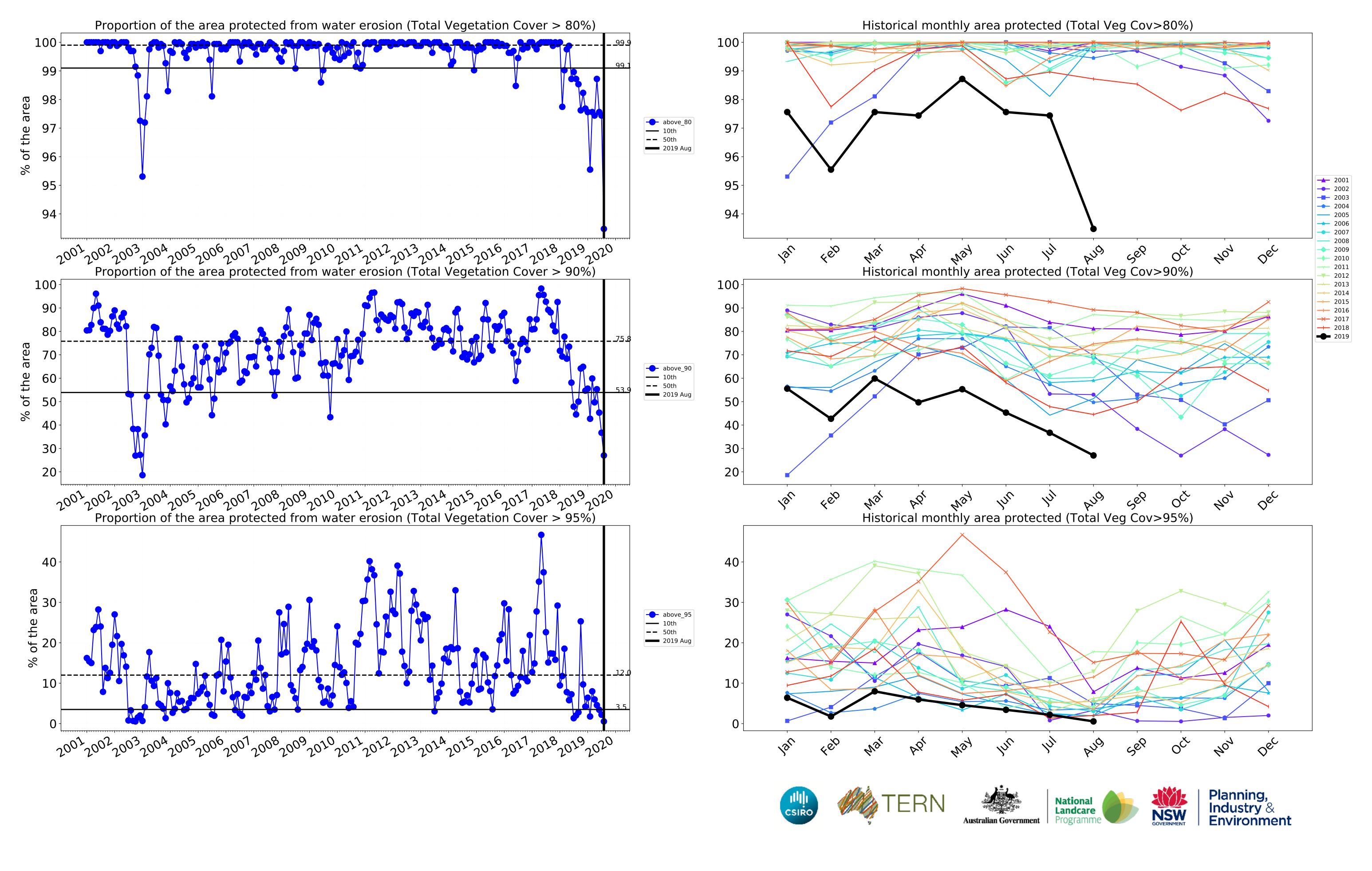












# **Cropping**

#### Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

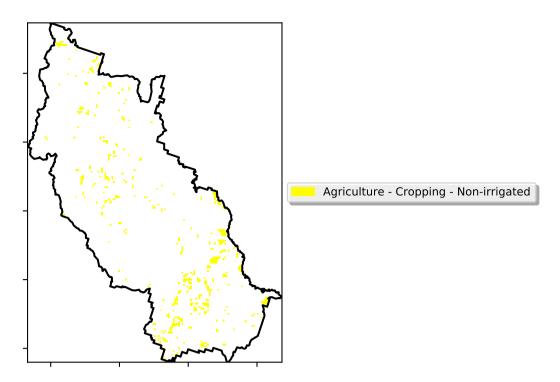
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

mean of that pixel. The mean

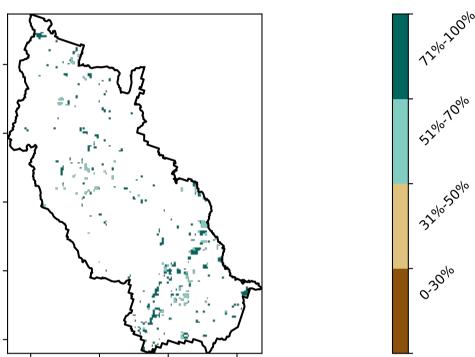
is only for the month of the map

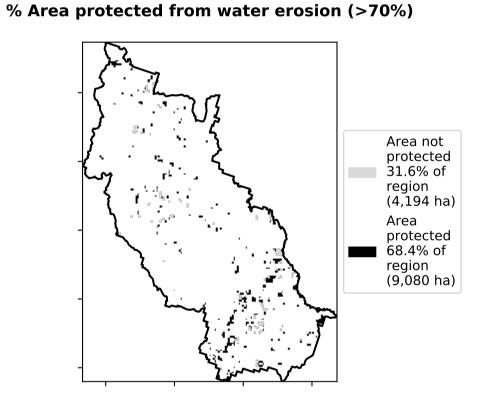
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

the mean. That

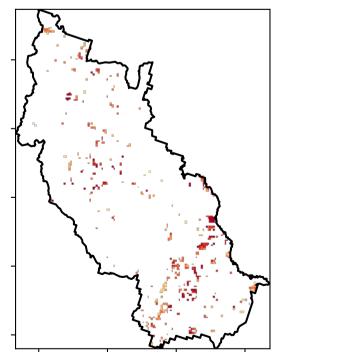


#### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



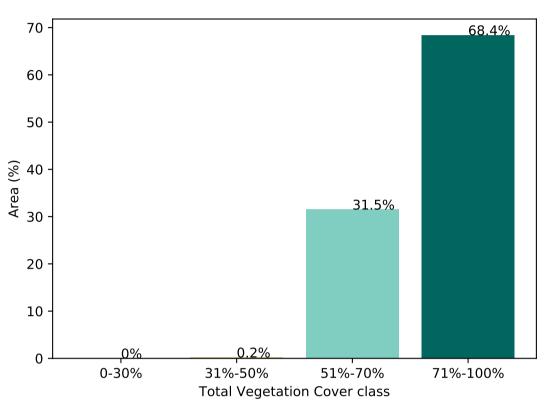


#### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

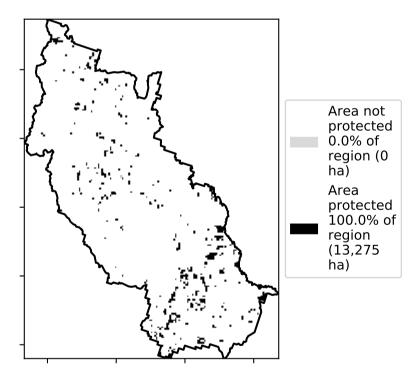


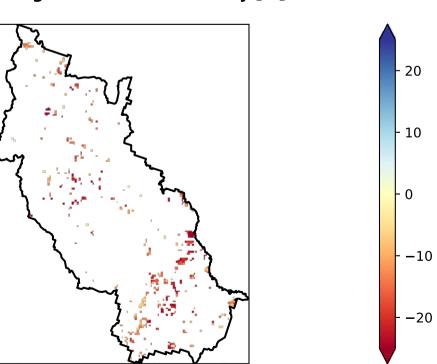
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

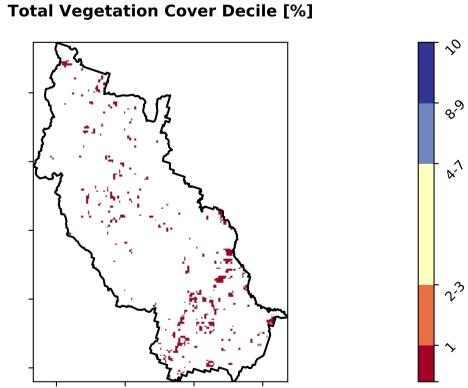
#### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



#### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)











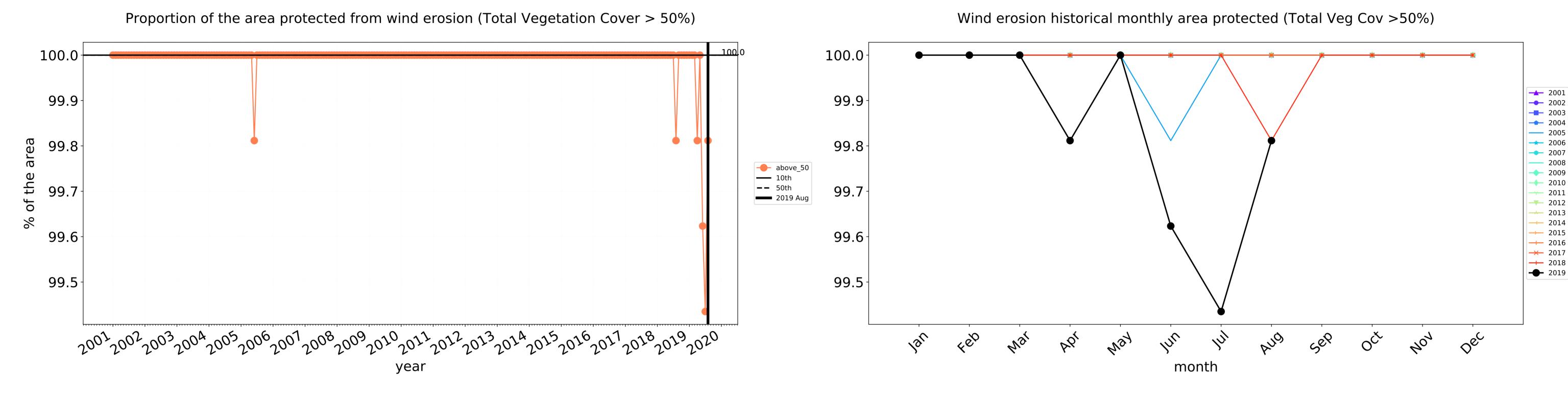


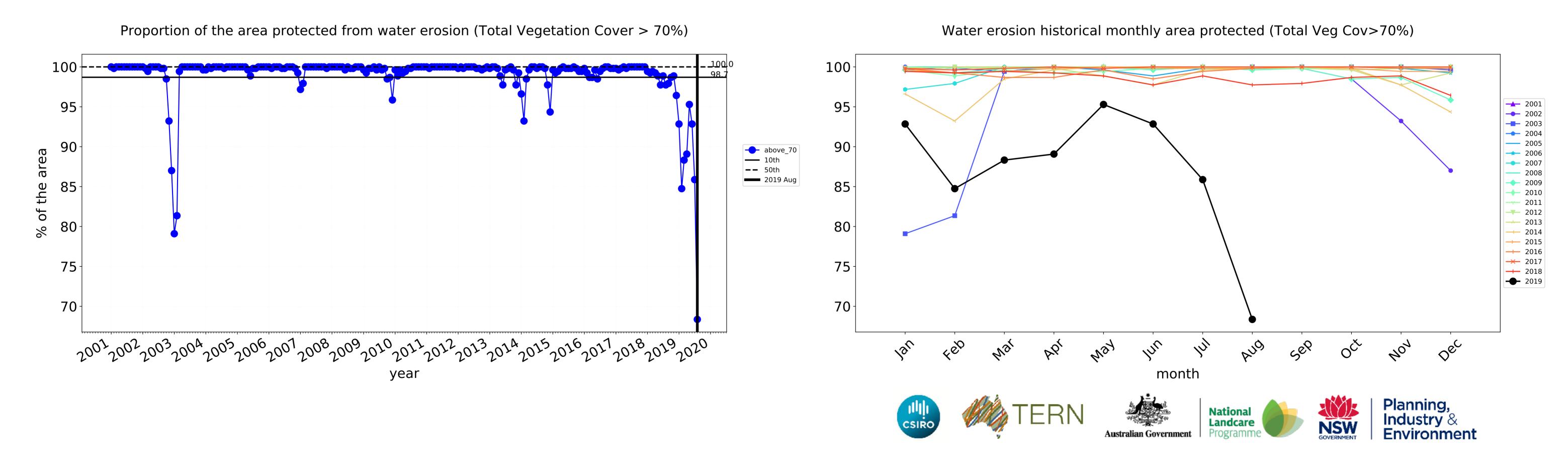


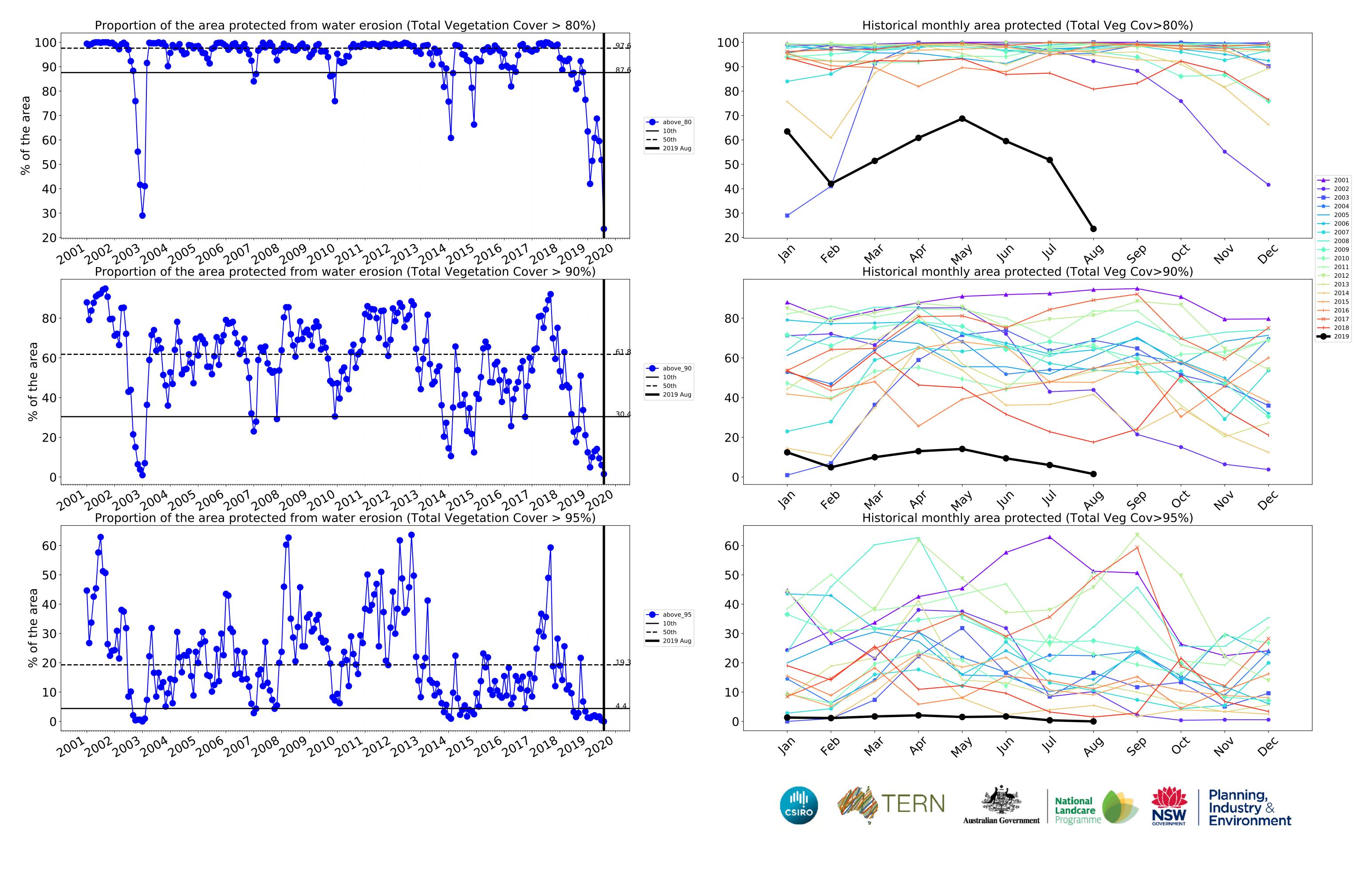




# **Cropping timeseries**







# Uralla\_(A) (322,300 ha and no data 244 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	322,300	100.0% 322,300	99.9% 321,875	91.0% 293,275	58.6% 188,925	7.4% 23,875	0.2% 650
Agriculture	317,143	100.0% 317,143	99.9% 316,718	91.0% 288,452	58.5% 185,462	7.3% 23,142	0.2% 649
Grazing	303,606	100.0% 303,606	99.9% 303,206	92.0% 279,172	60.0% 182,283	7.6% 22,935	0.2% 649
Grazing non forest	236,245	100.0% 236,245	99.8% 235,870	89.9% 212,273	51.3% 121,235	3.5% 8,298	0.1% 324
Grazing Woodland forest	26,428	100.0% 26,428	100.0% 26,428	99.2% 26,204	86.1% 22,742	13.5% 3,562	0.4% 99
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	40,932	100.0% 40,932	99.9% 40,907	99.4% 40,682	93.5% 38,261	27.0% 11,056	0.5% 224
Cropping	13,214	100.0% 13,214	99.8% 13,189	68.4% 9,033	23.5% 3,110	1.5% 199	0.0%











