# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Eurobodalla (A) NSW

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

## **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









**Date: November 2022** 

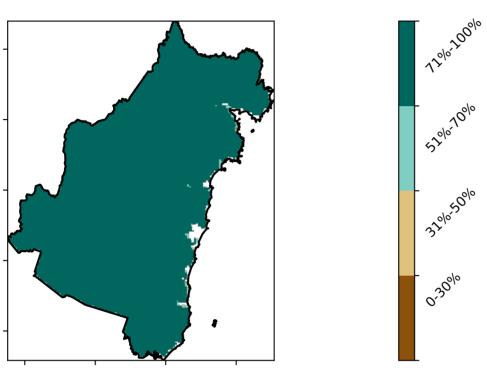
# **Vegetation Cover Nov 2022**

### Land use and forest cover

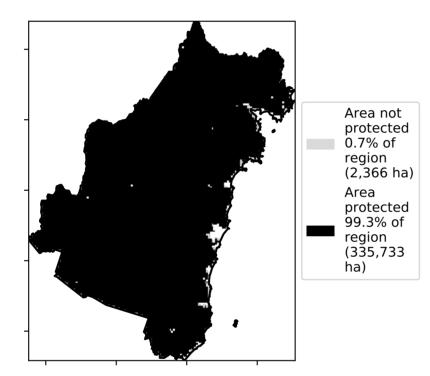
### Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments -Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 9 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

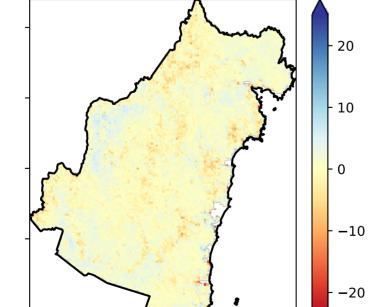
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



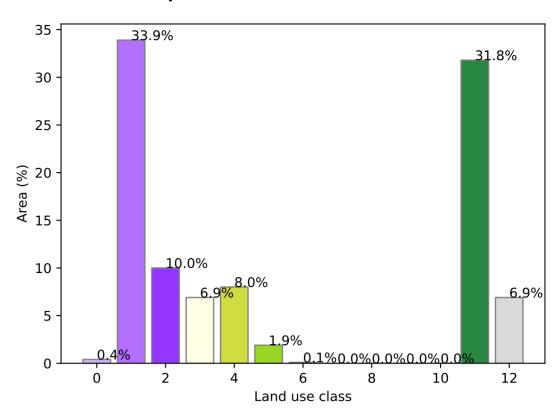
**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

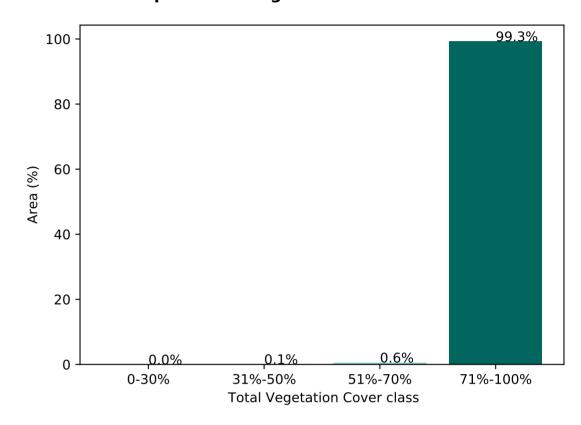




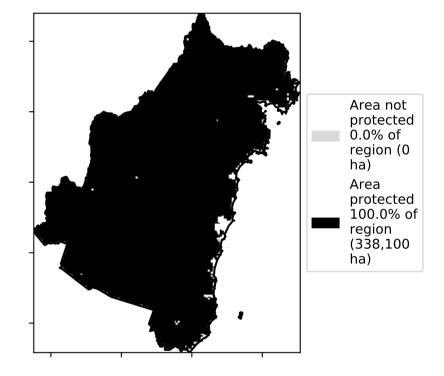
### Proportion of each land class in area



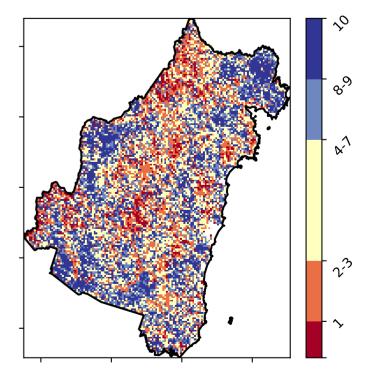
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

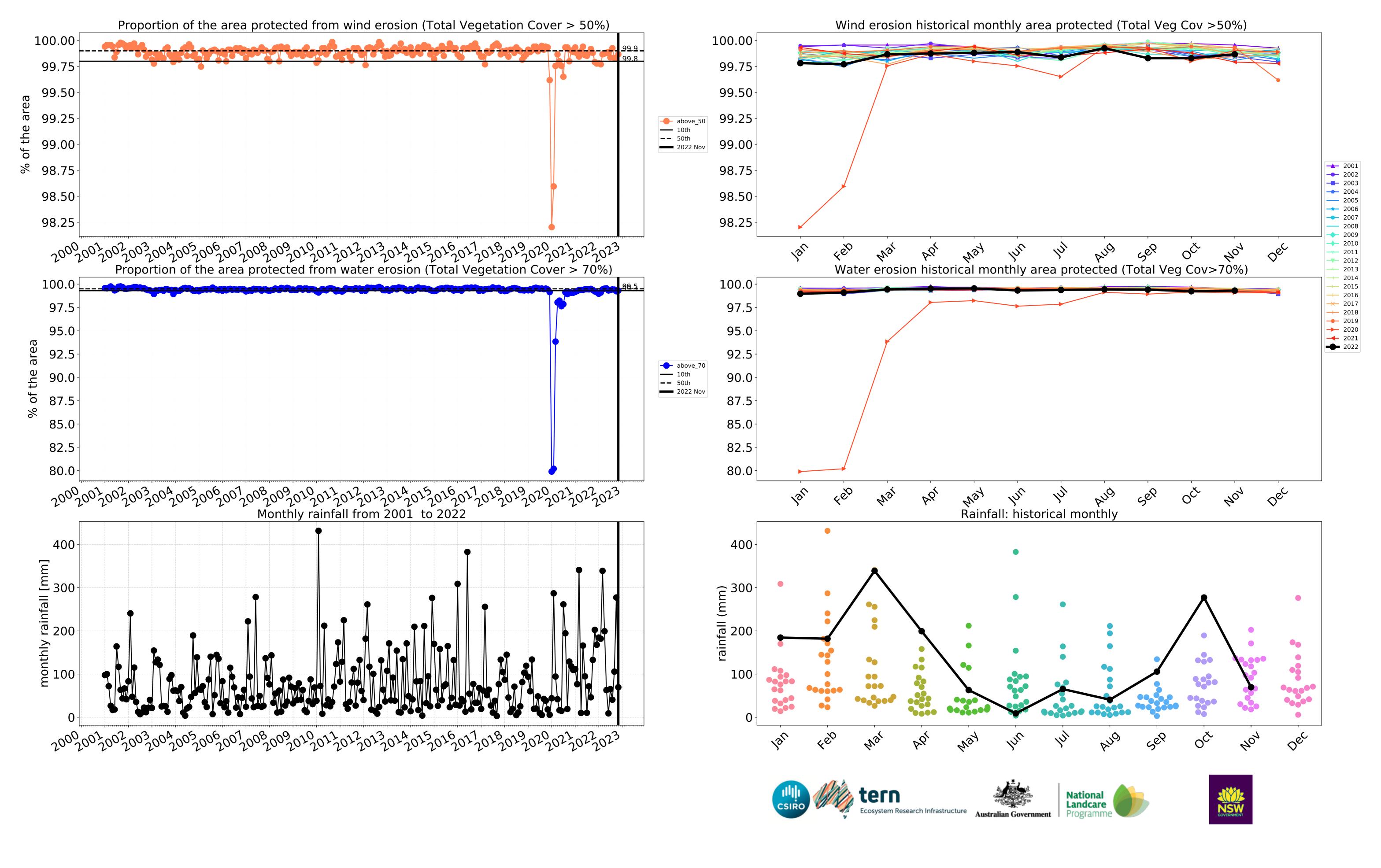


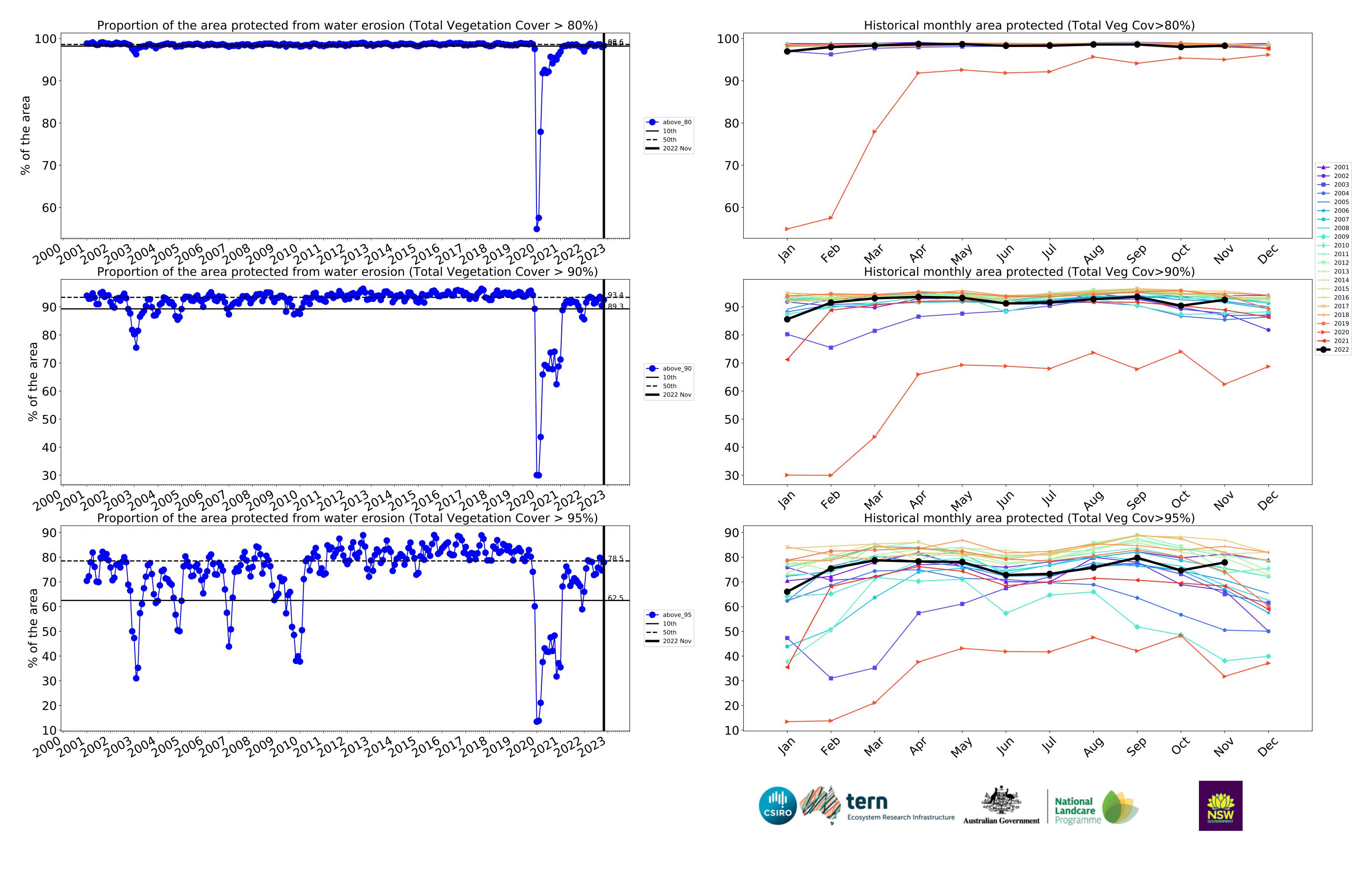
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 







\_

### **Conservation and natural environments**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

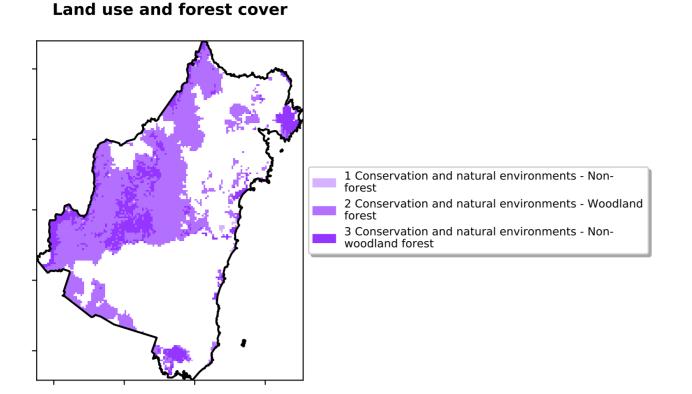
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

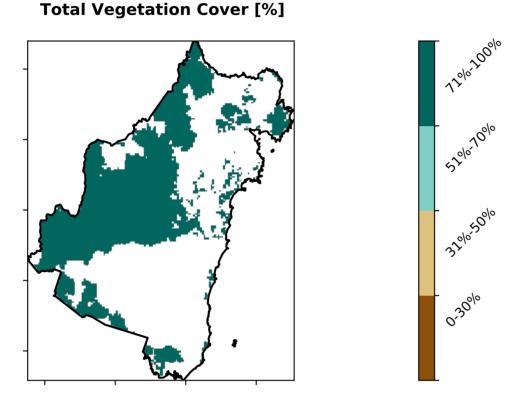
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

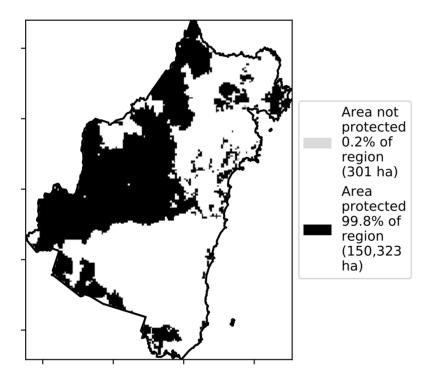
is only for the month of the map

is, red pixels

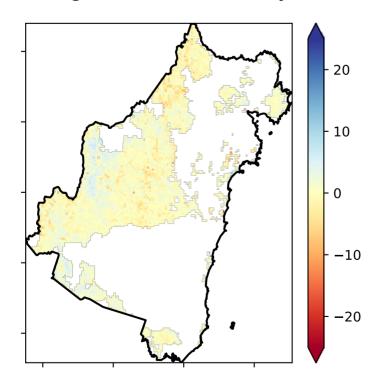




### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

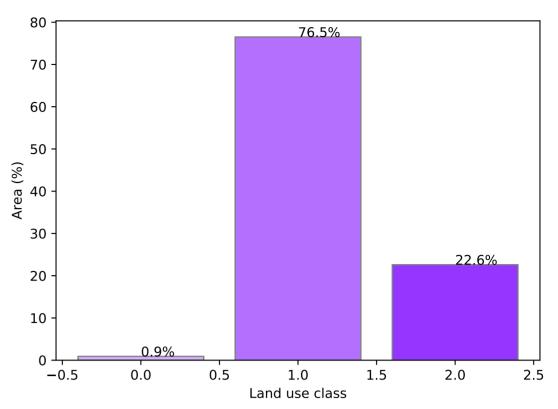


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

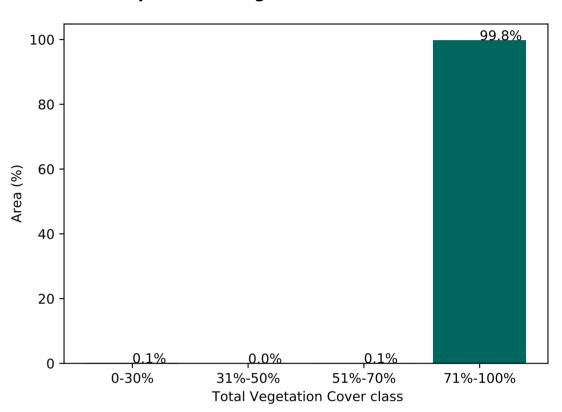


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

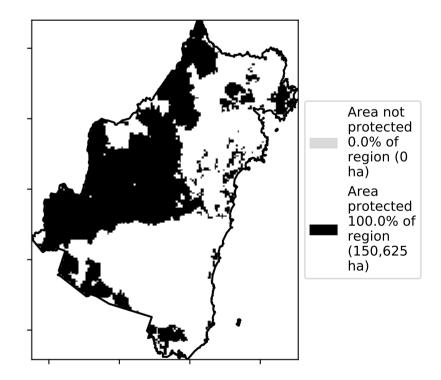
### Proportion of each land class in area

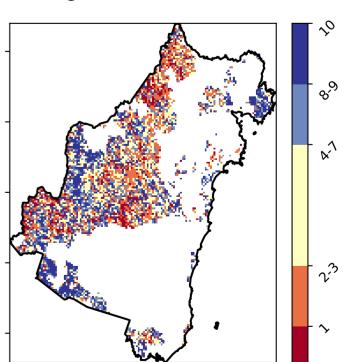


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





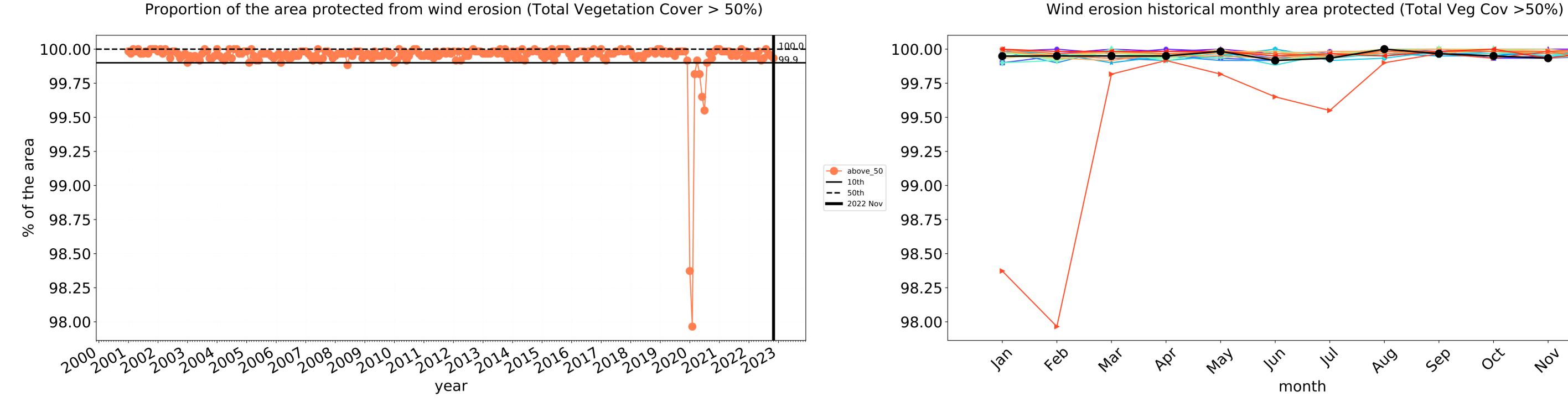


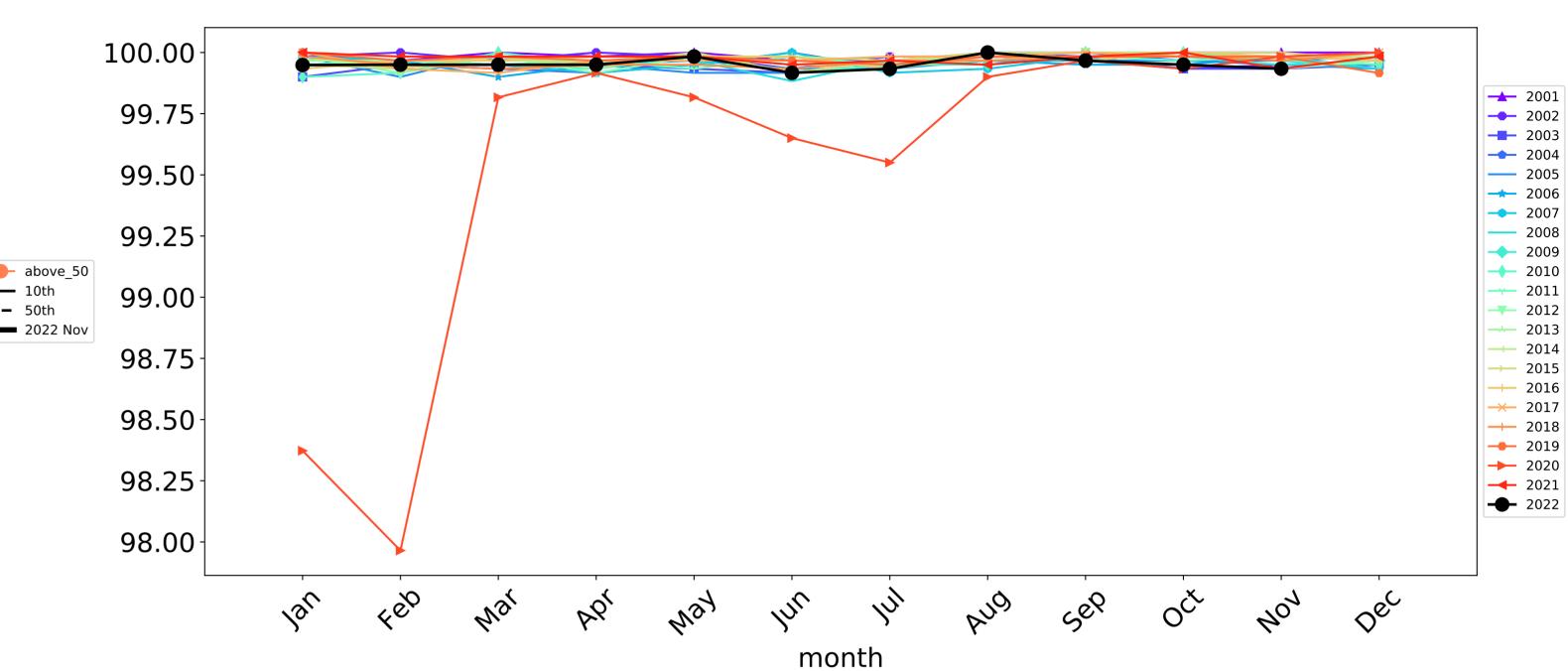






# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**





2001 2003

2004 <del>----</del> 2005 

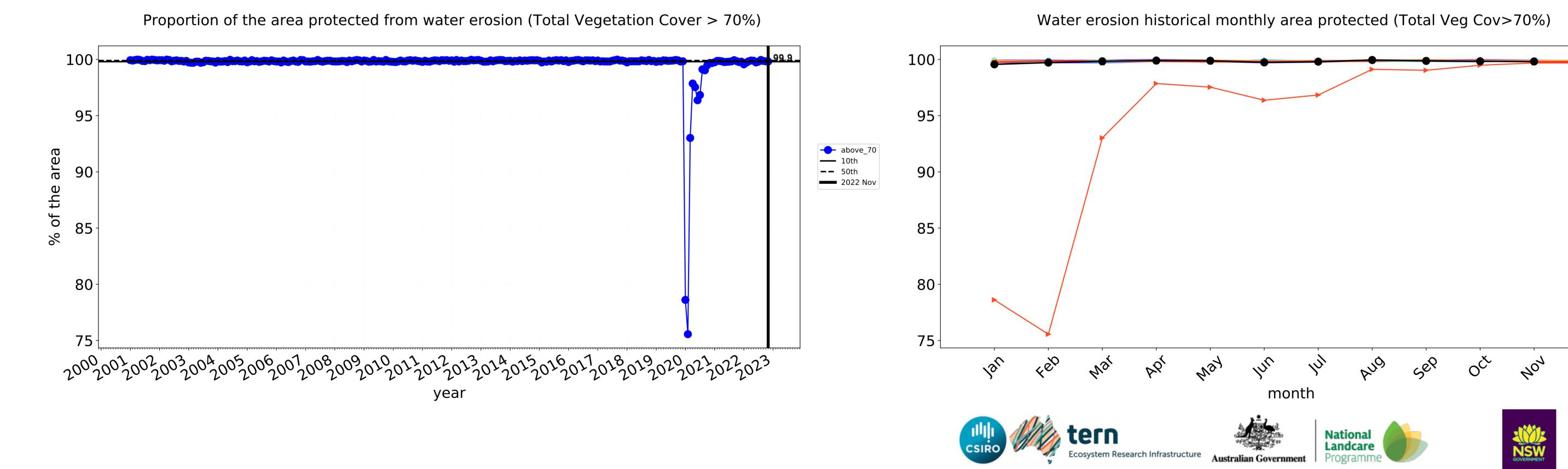
2008

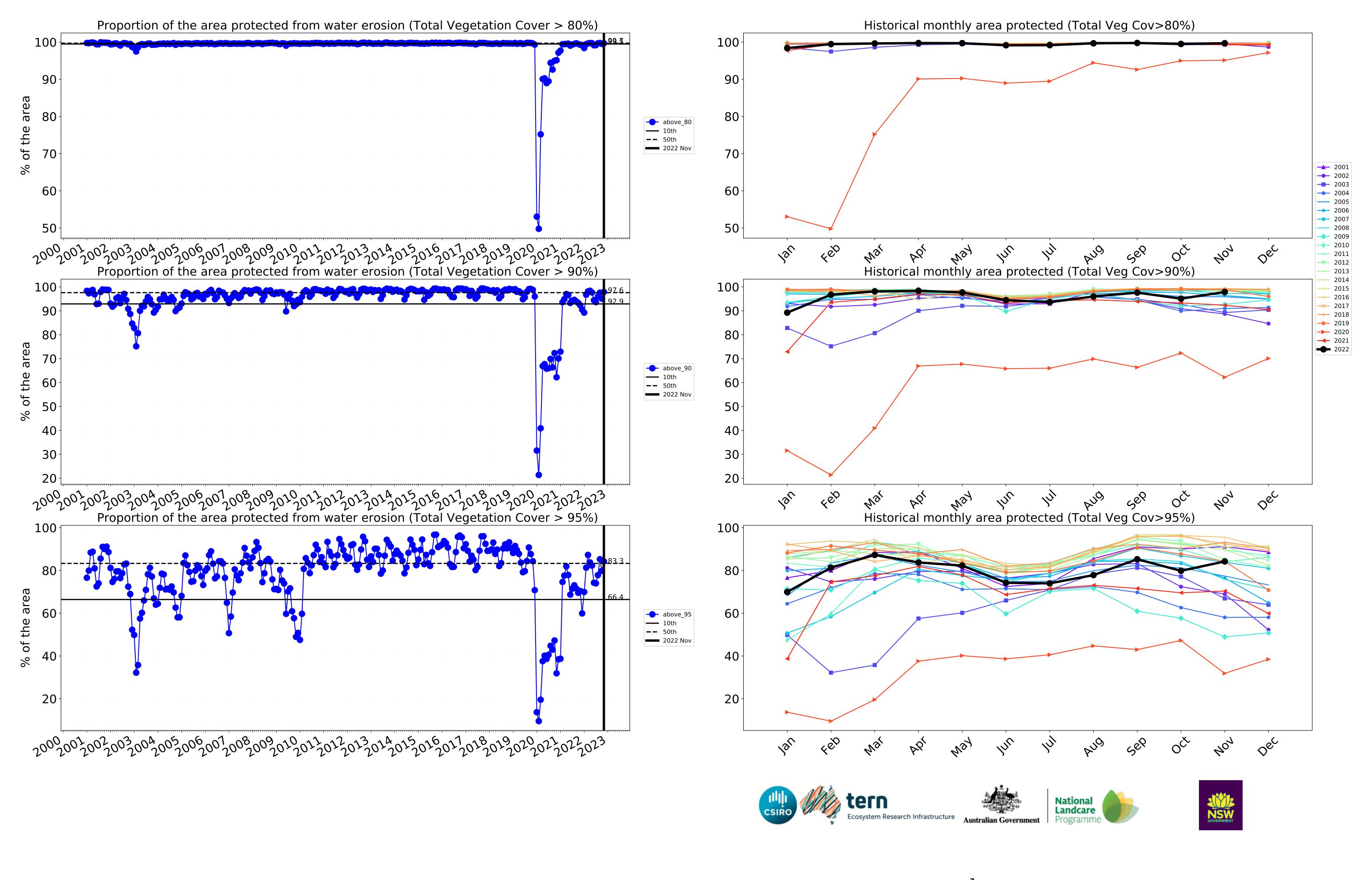
→ 2010

2011 <del>----</del> 2013 **─** 2014

**→** 2015 <del>─</del> 2017 **→** 2018 

→ 2020 **→** 2021 **---** 2022

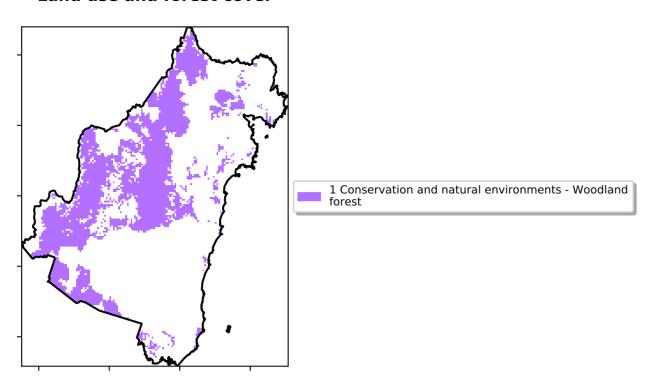




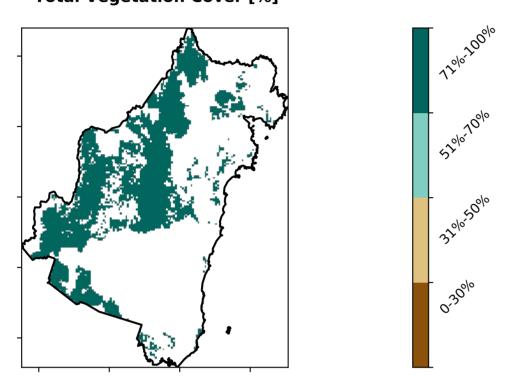
# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

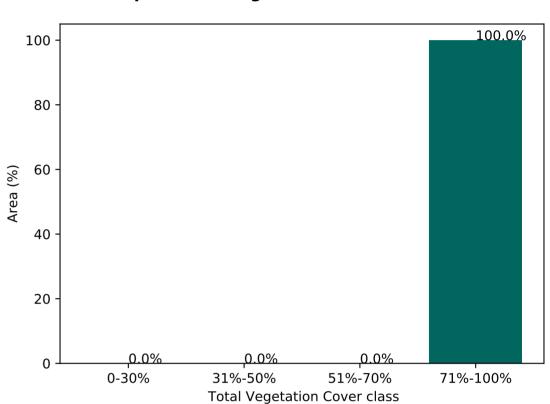
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



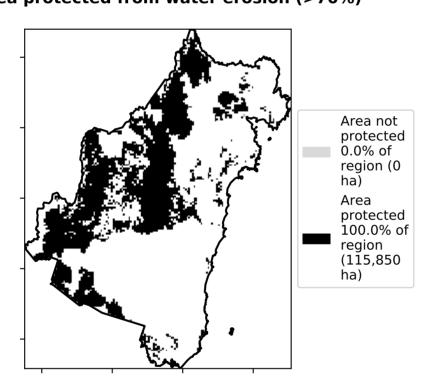
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



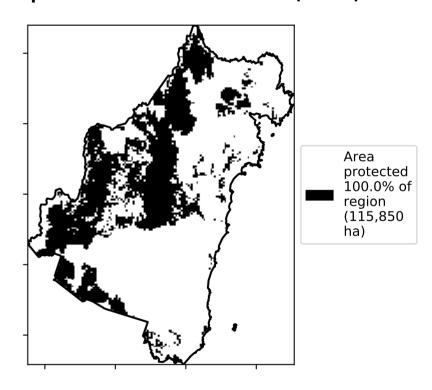
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



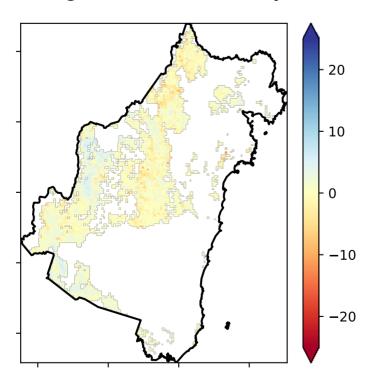
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

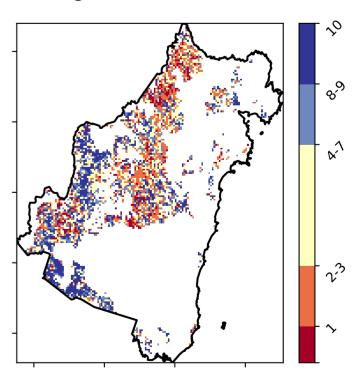


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

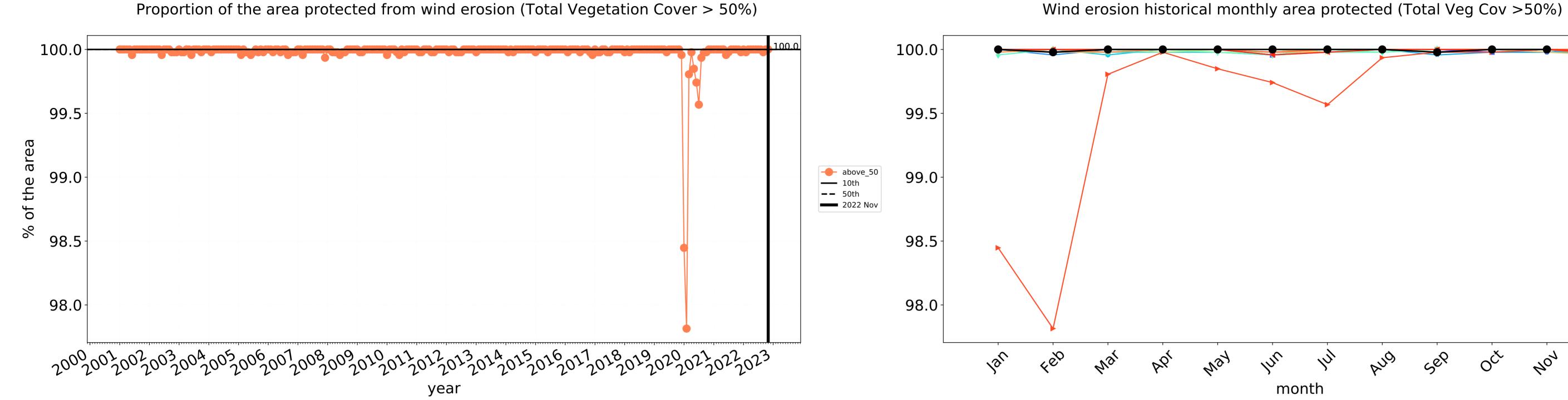


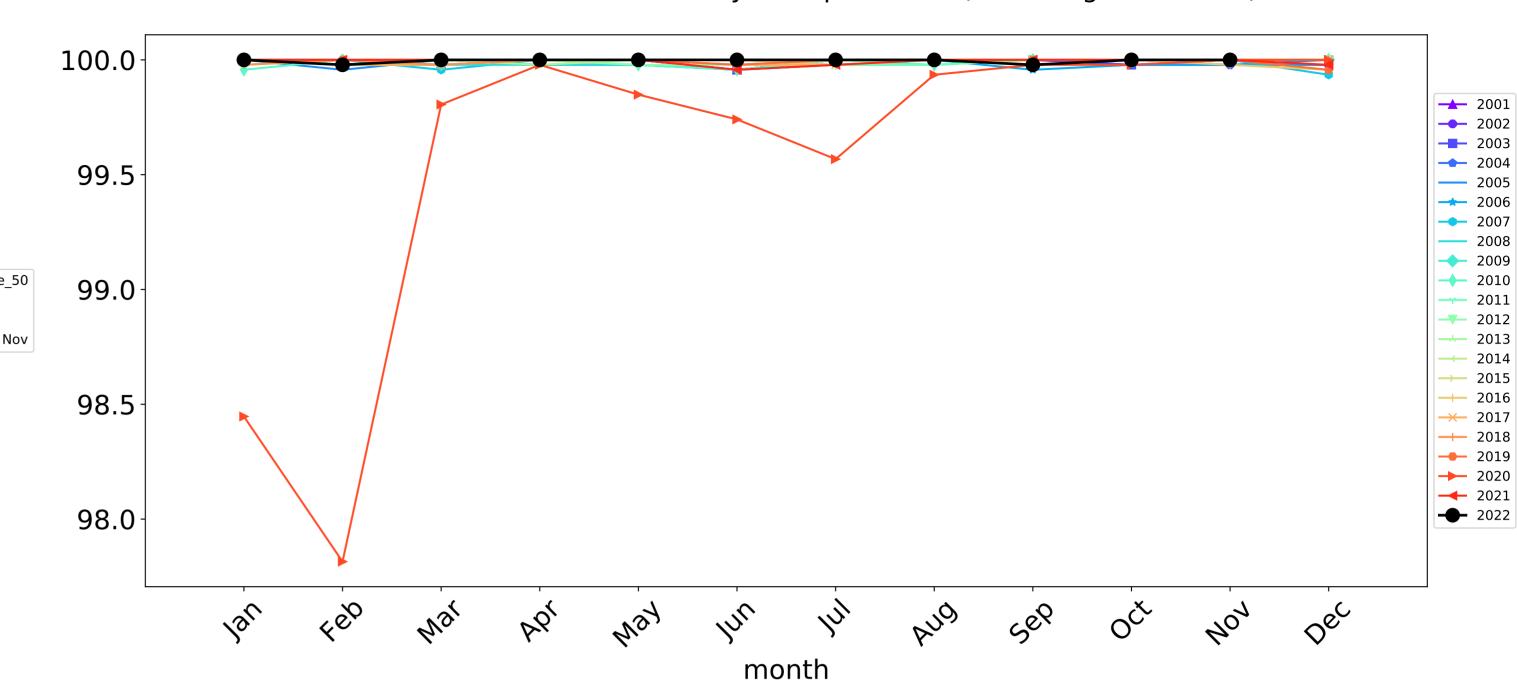


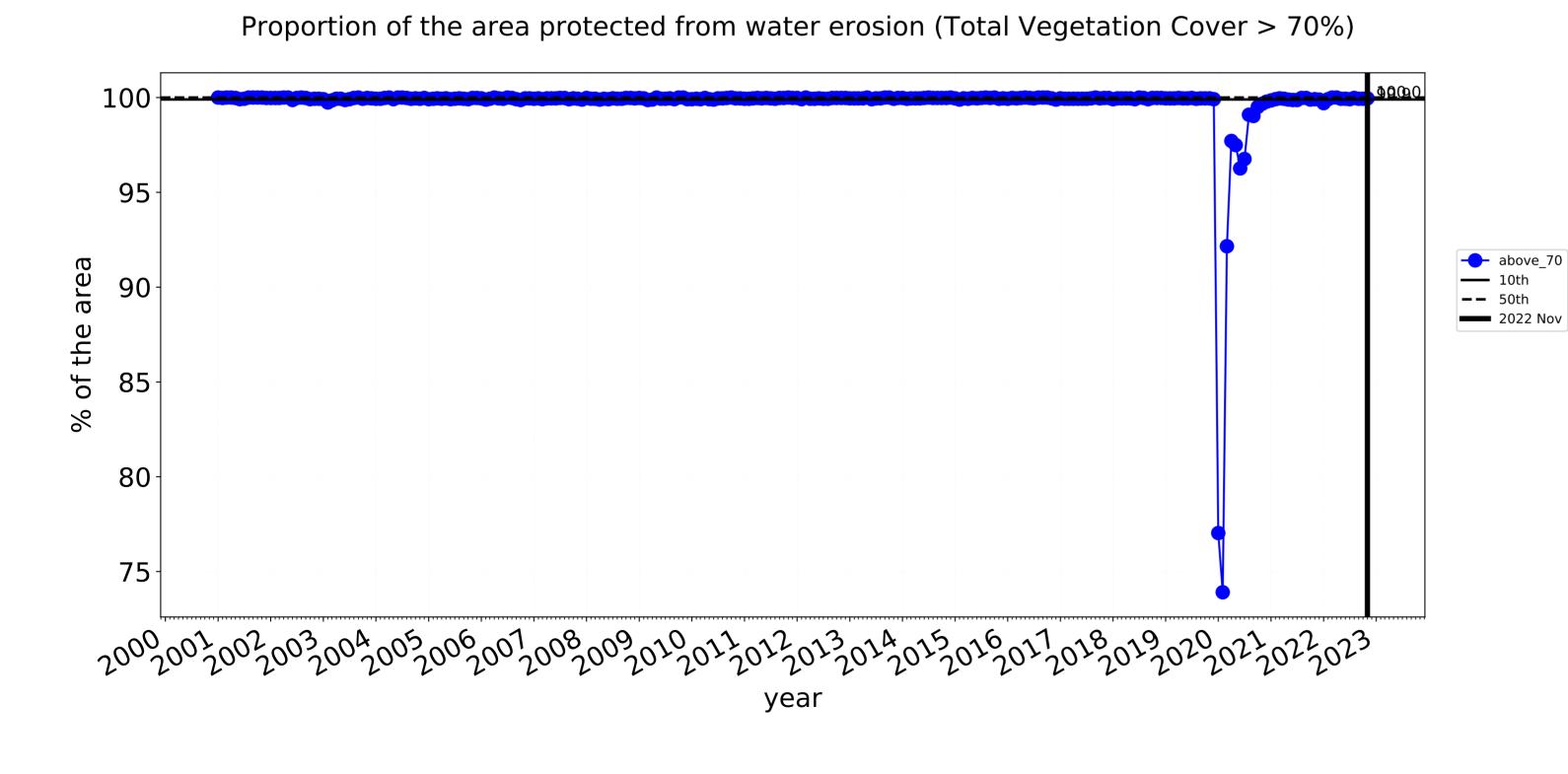


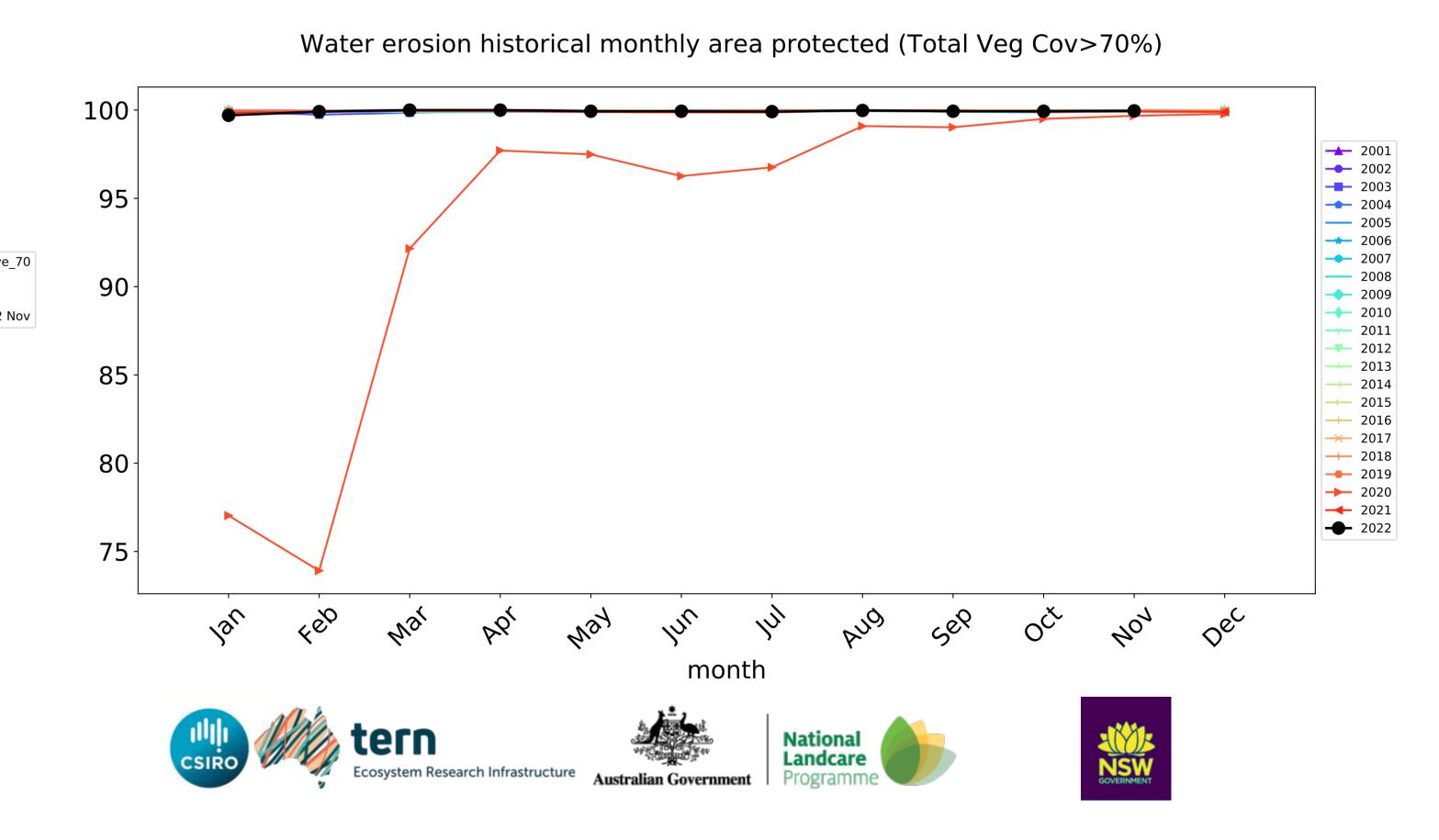


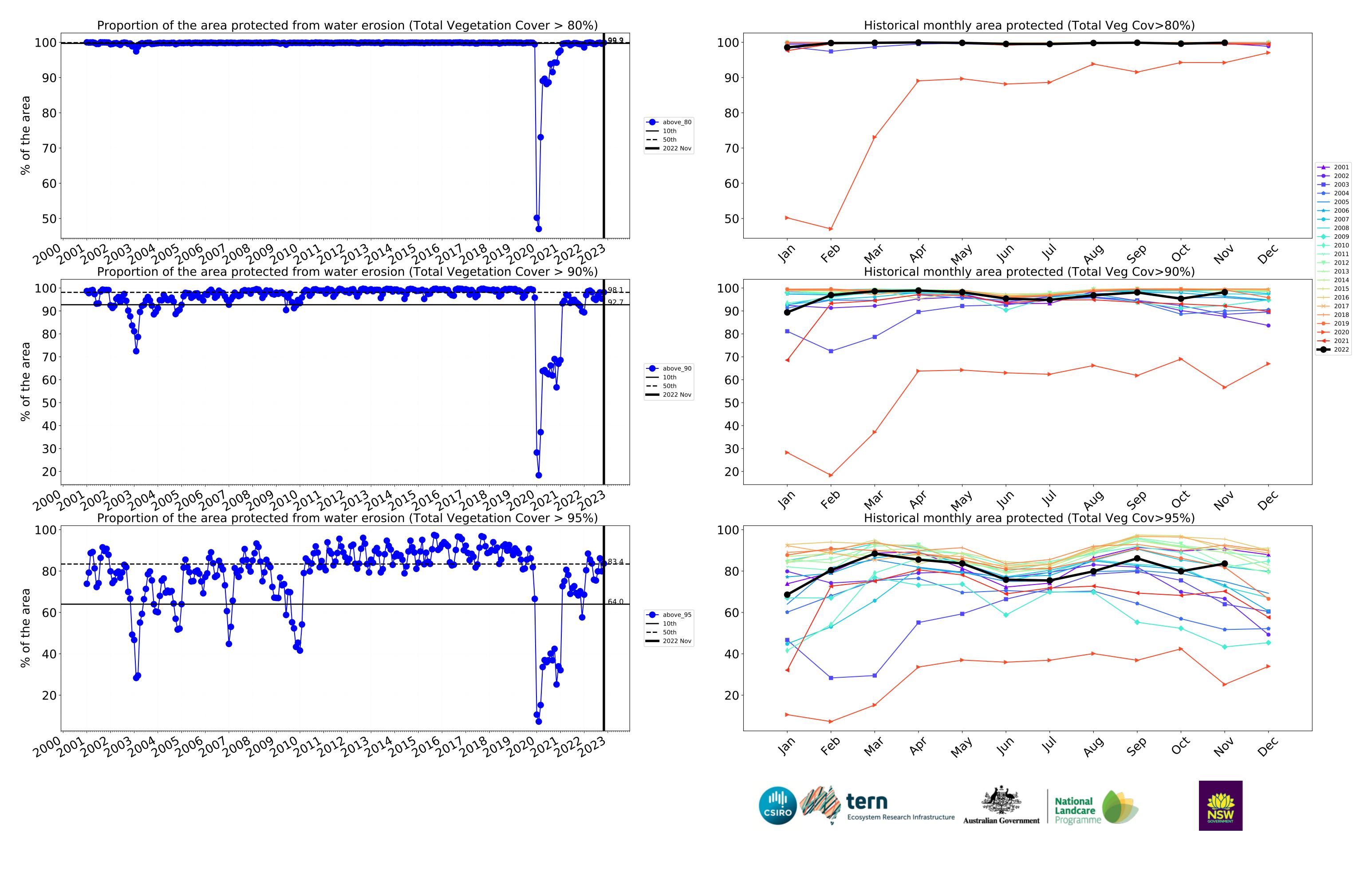
# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**











# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

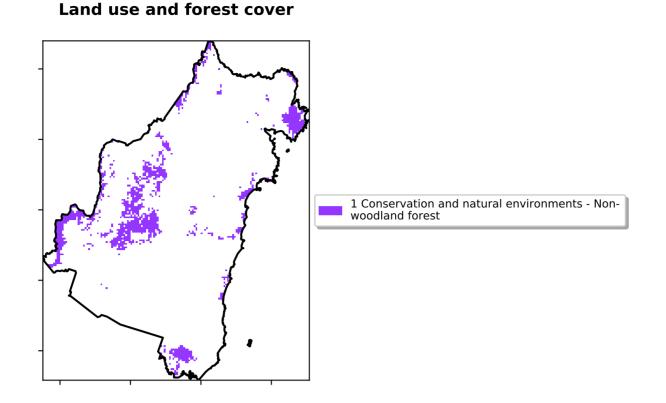
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

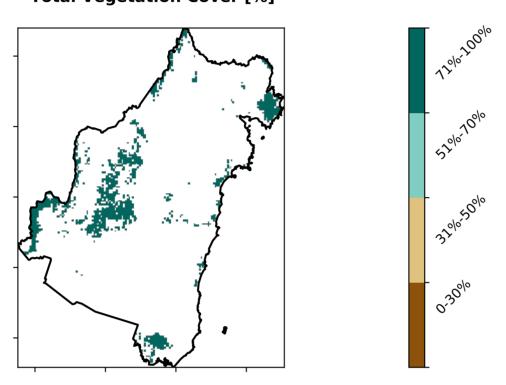
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

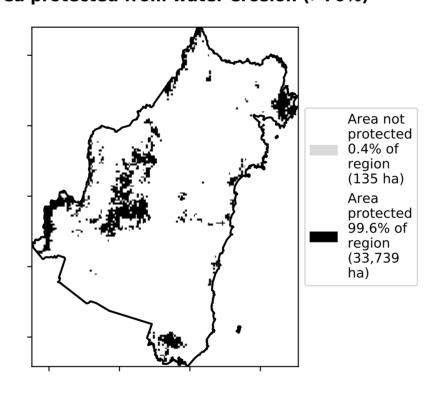
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean



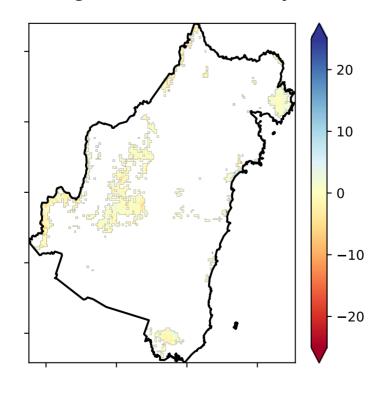
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

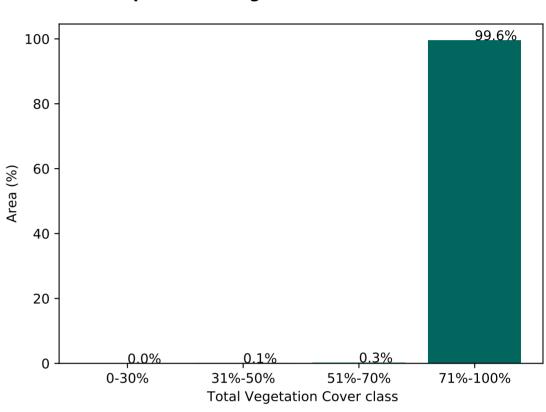


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

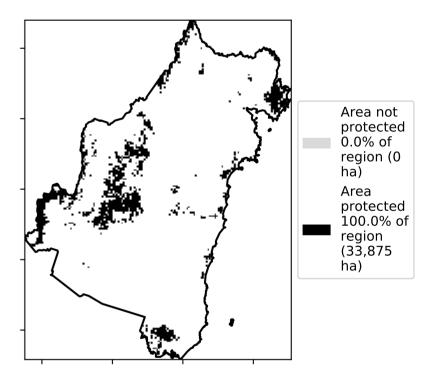


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

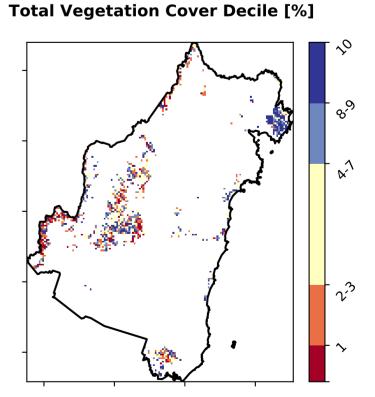
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



records for that month of





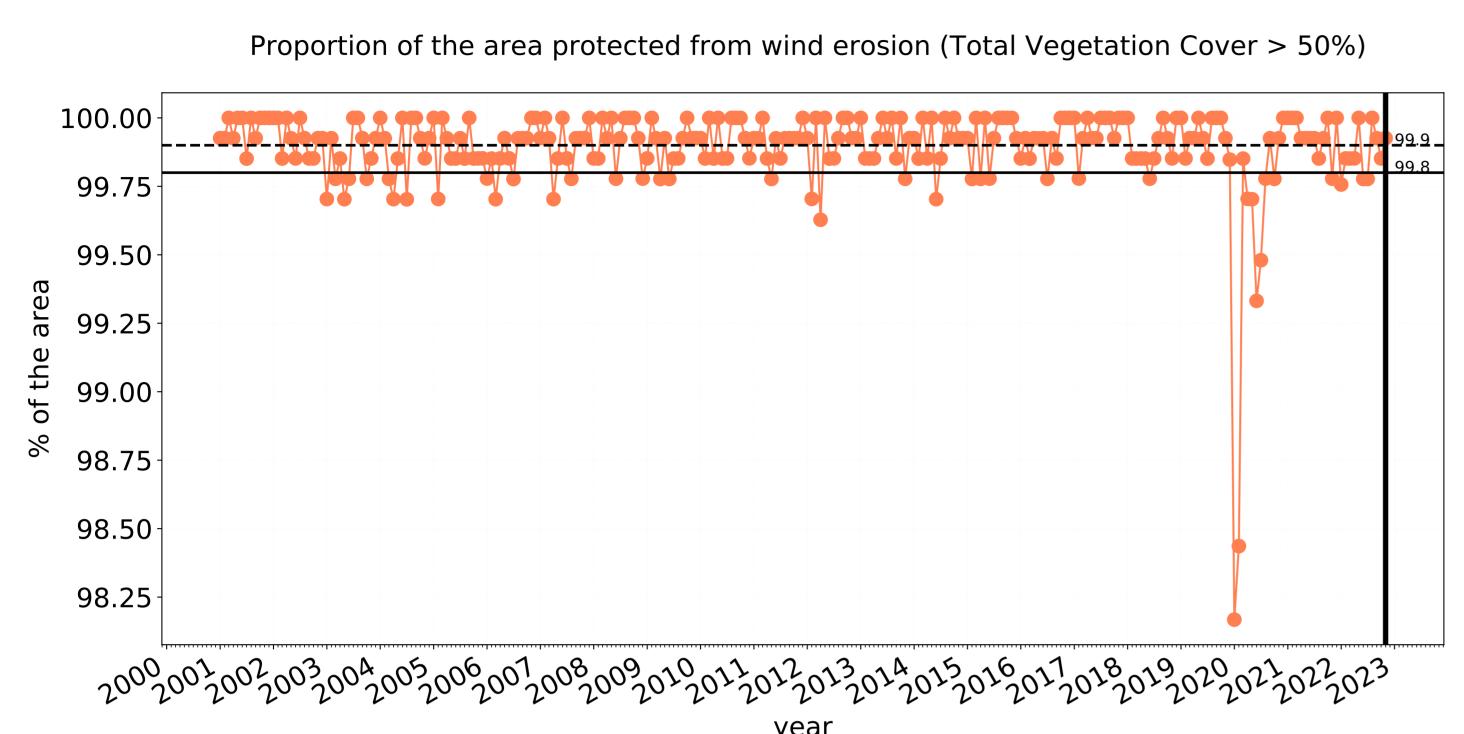




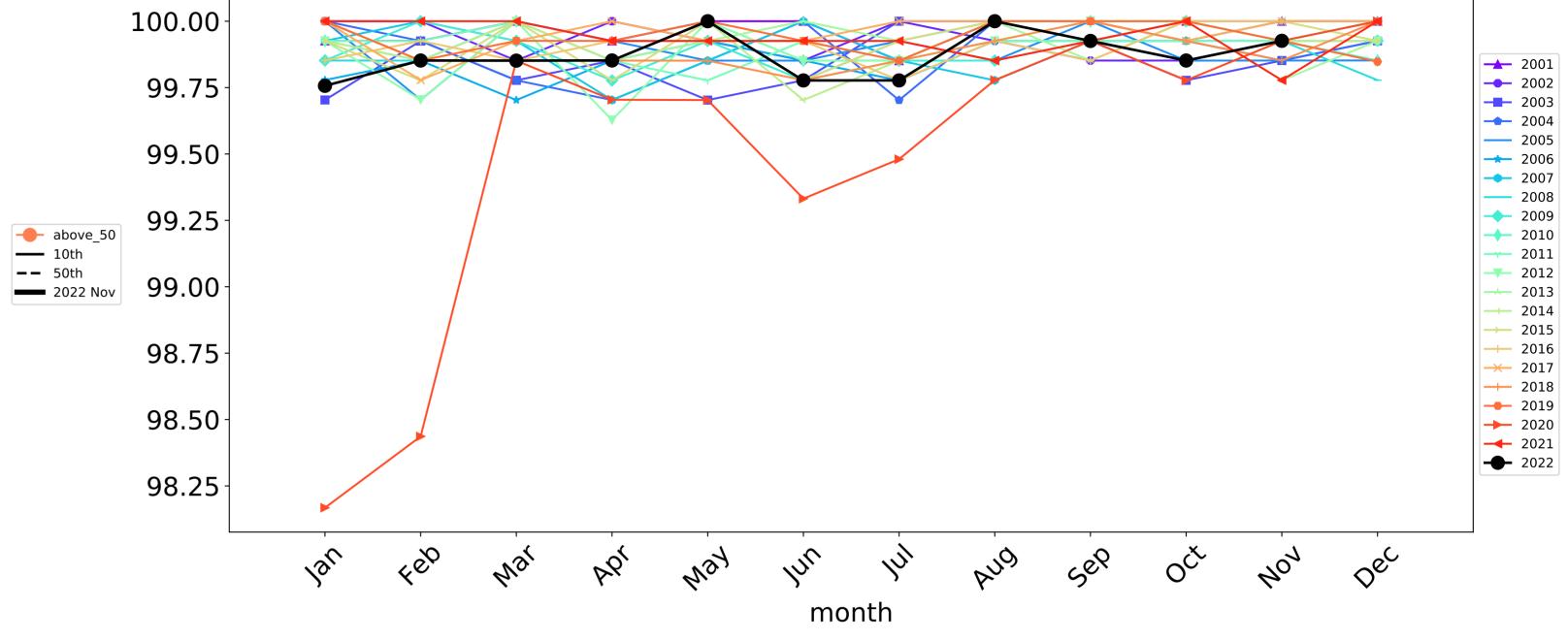


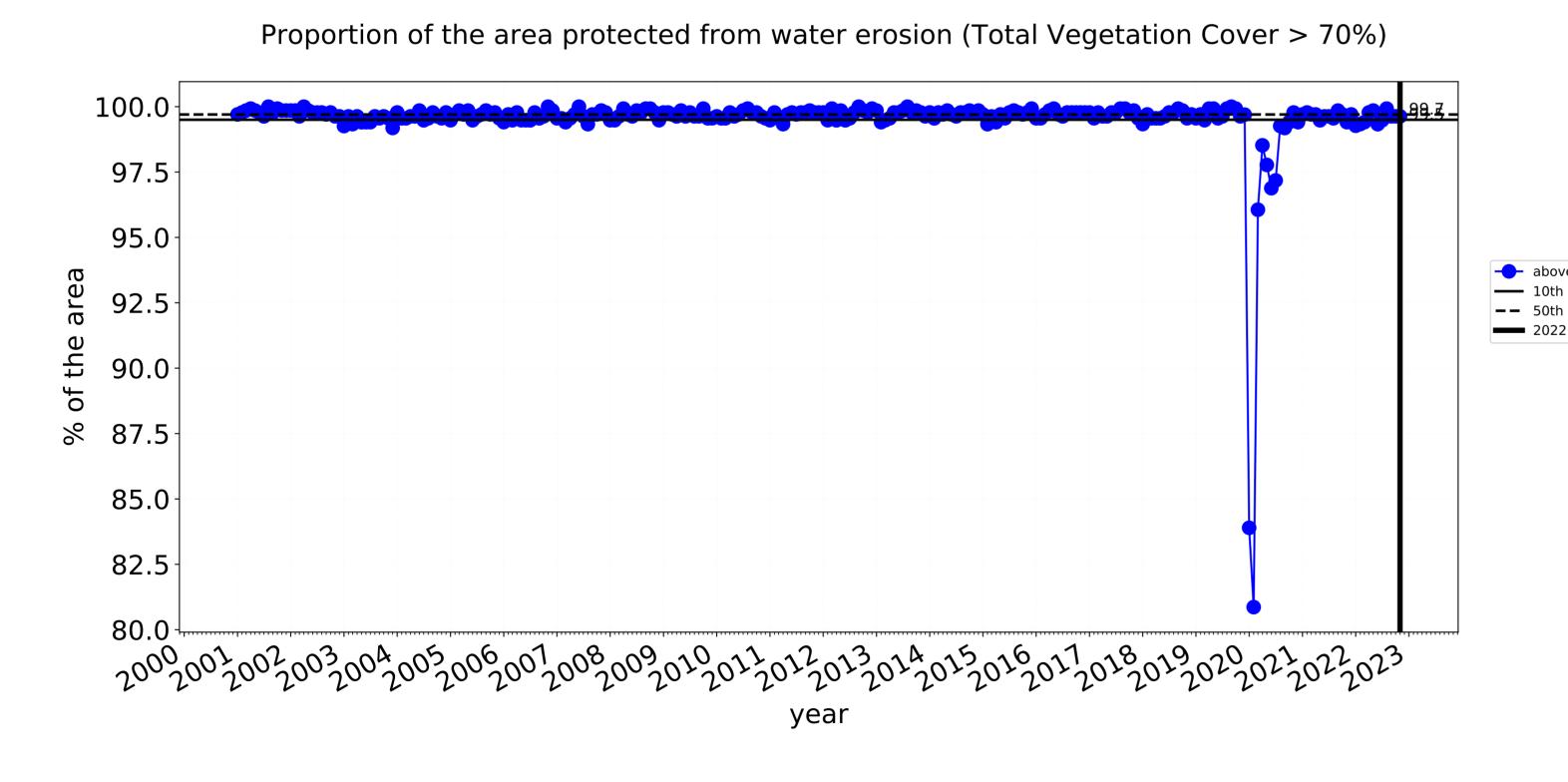


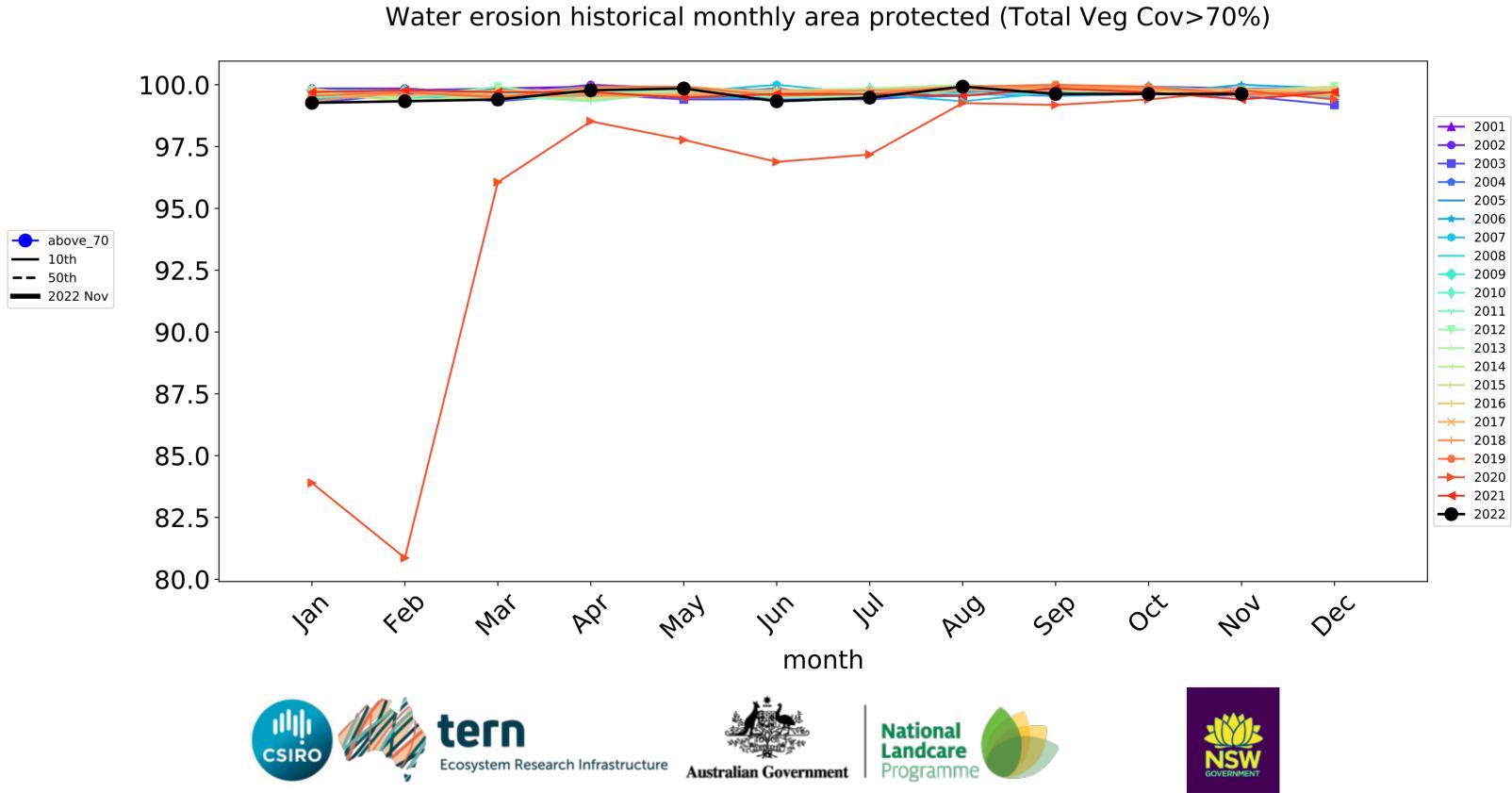


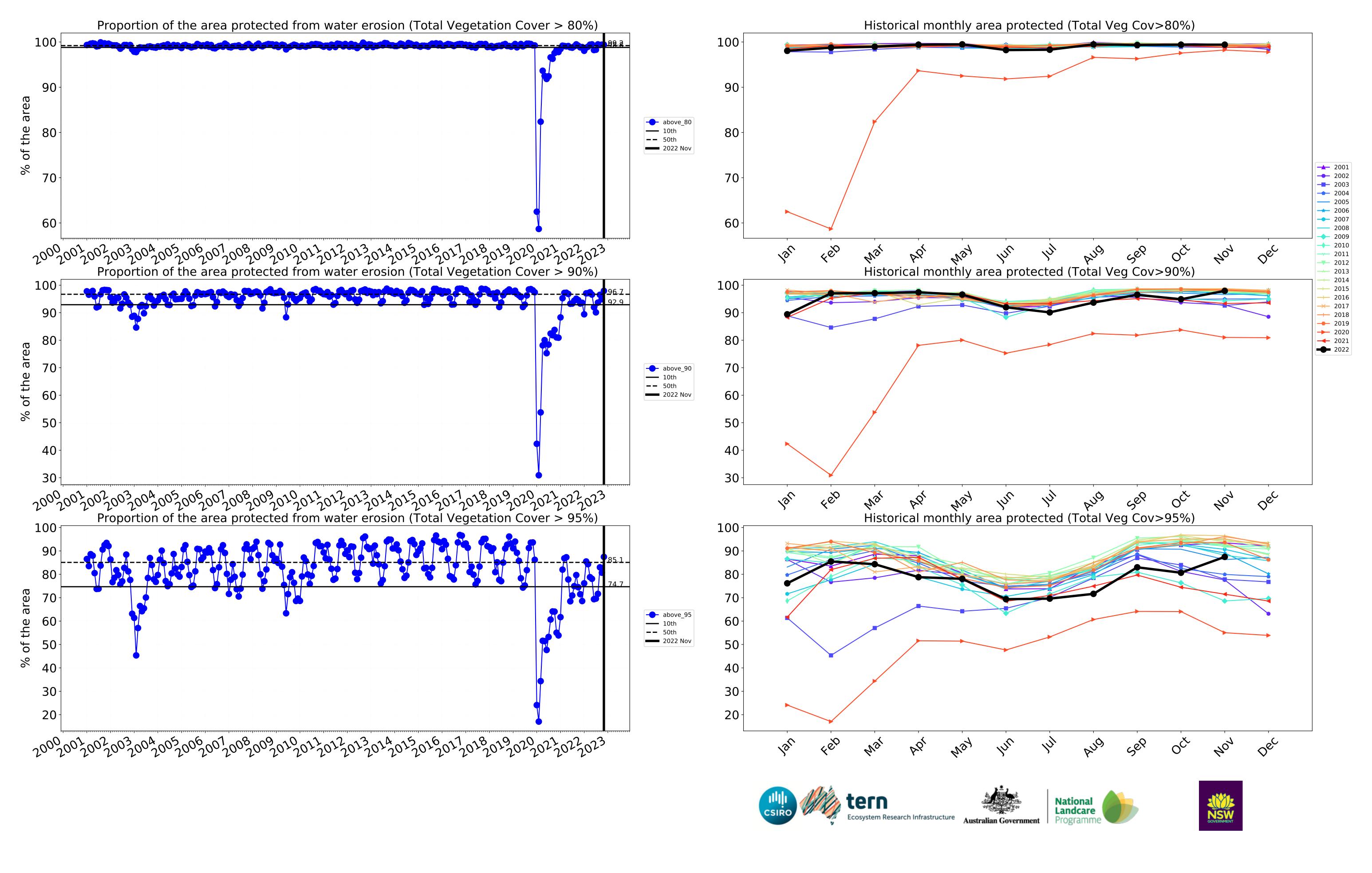


Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)









# **Agriculture**

# Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests

of Australia (2018)

(2018) and Forests

of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20%

lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

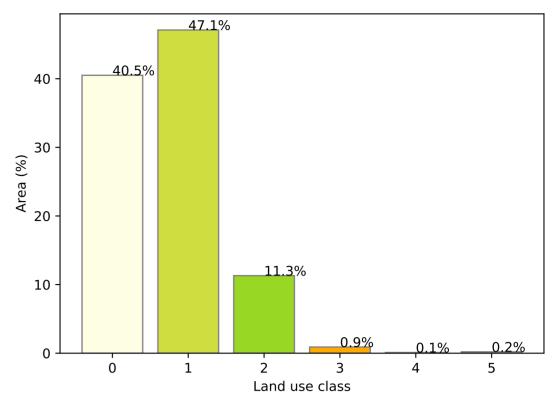
Catchment Scale Land

Derived from

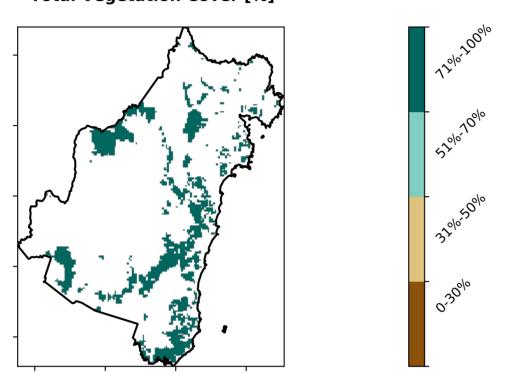
Use of Australia

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 3 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 5 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 6 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated

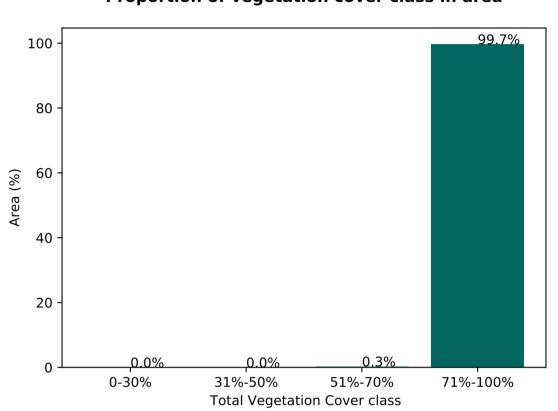
## Proportion of each land class in area



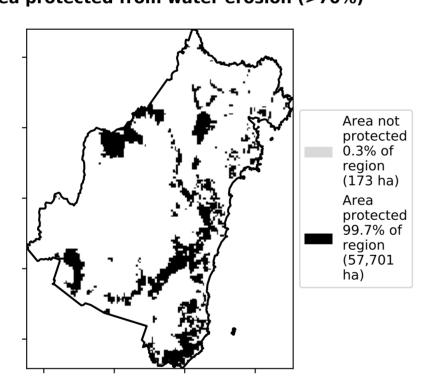
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



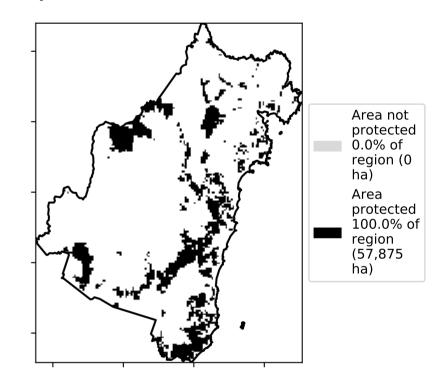
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



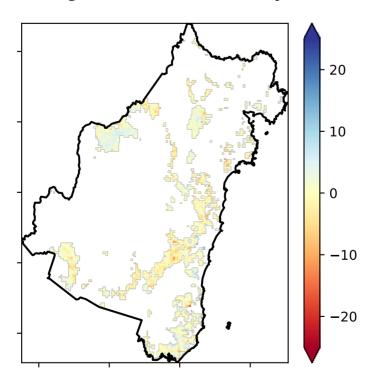
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



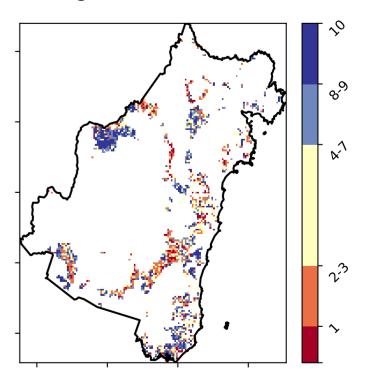
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





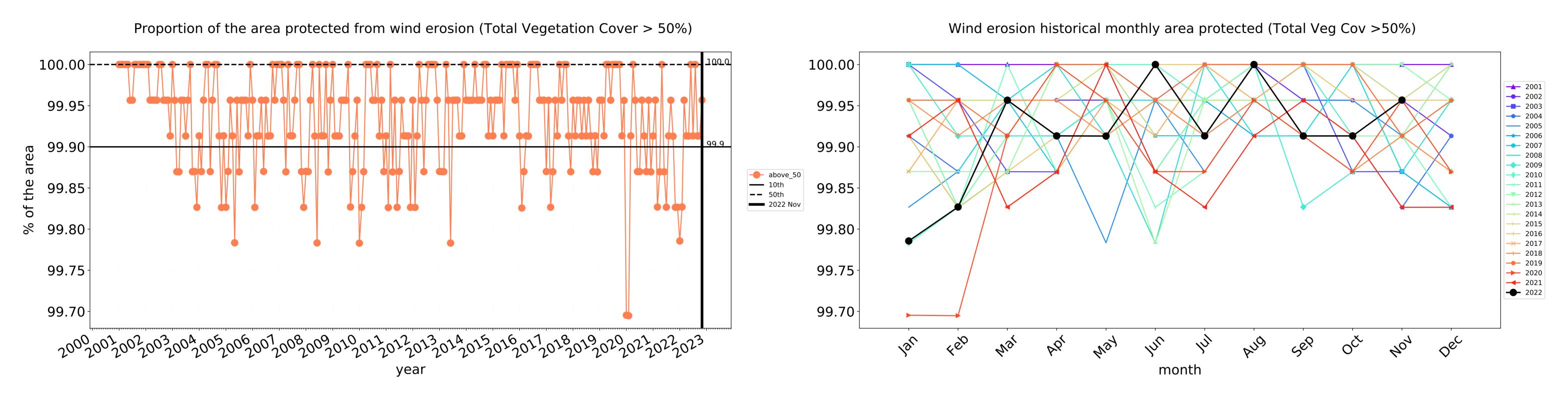


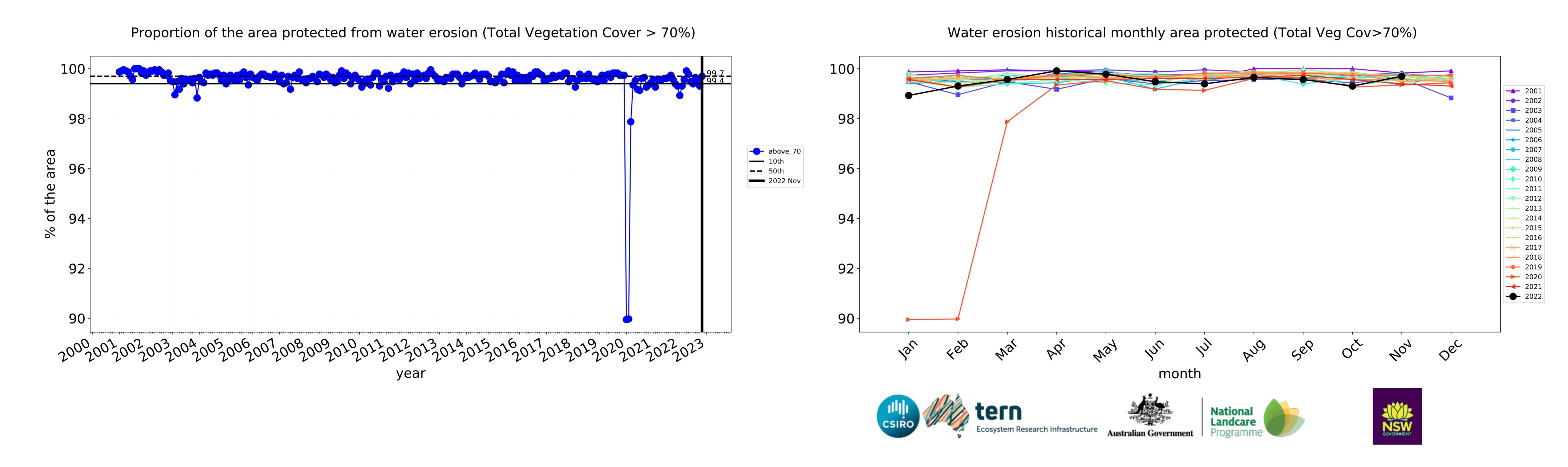


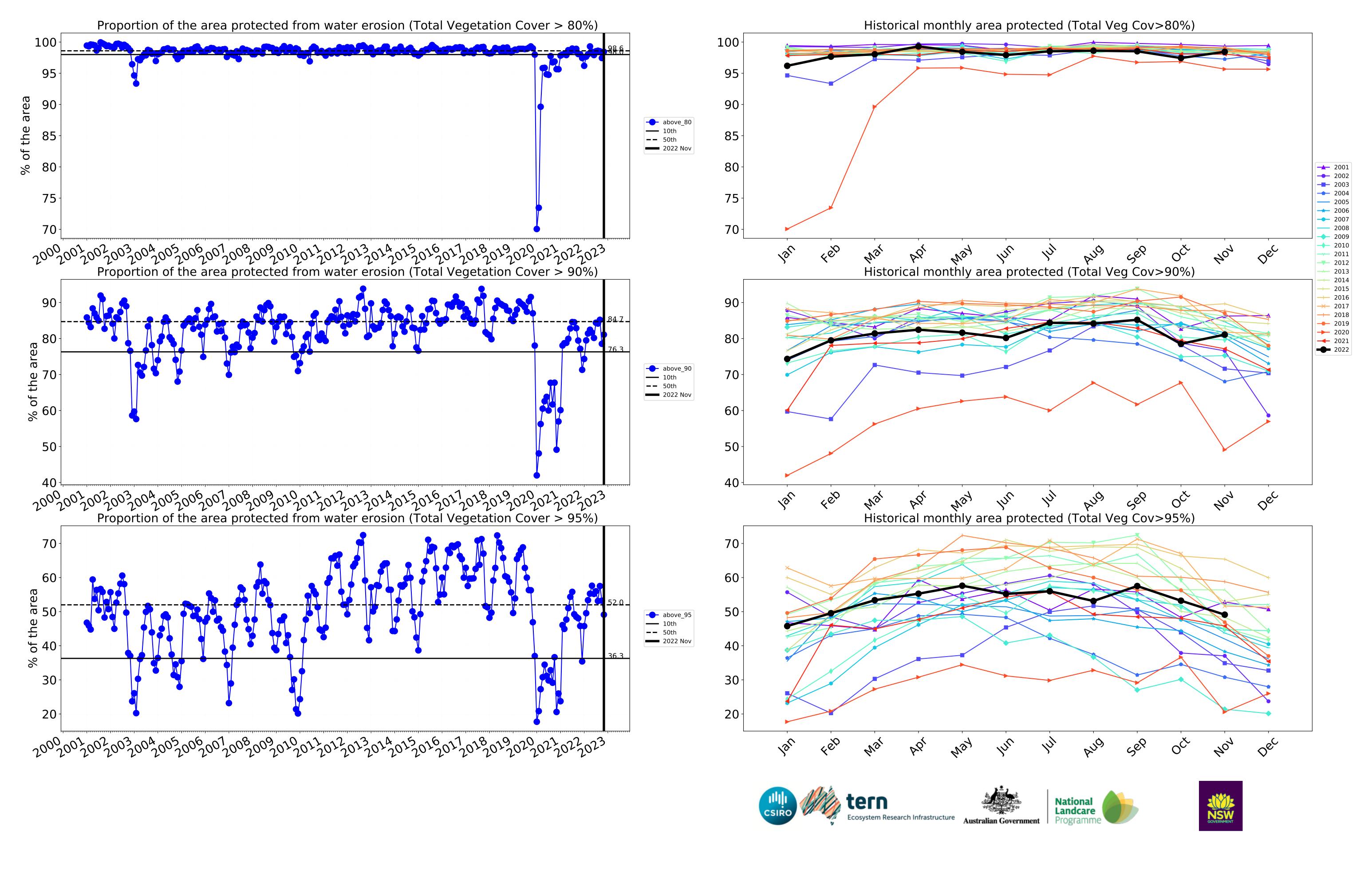




# **Agriculture timeseries**





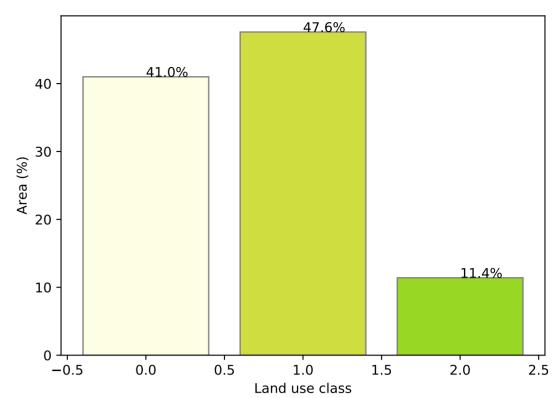


# Grazing

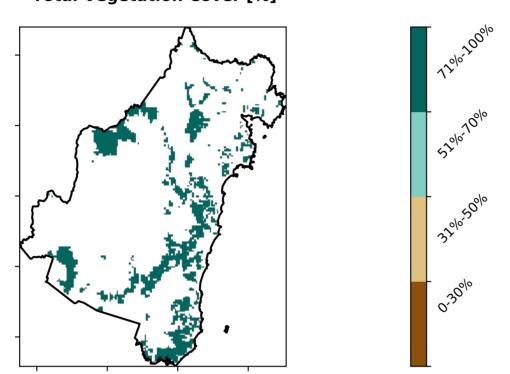
# Land use and forest cover

# 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 3 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest

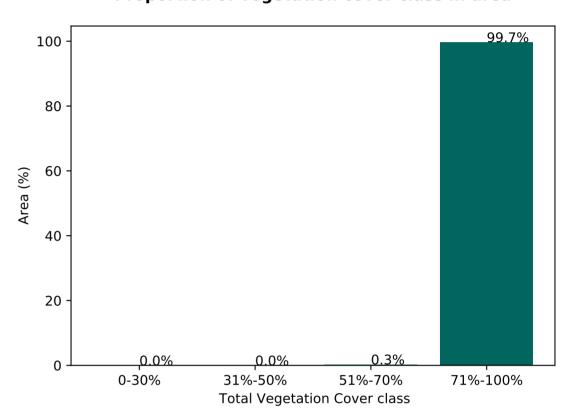
### Proportion of each land class in area



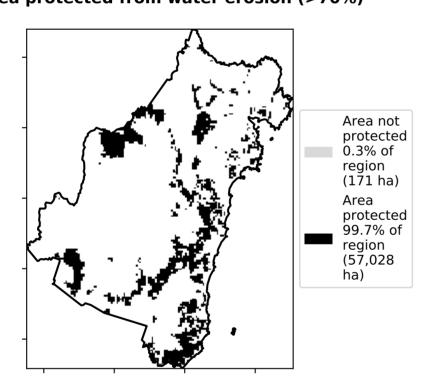
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



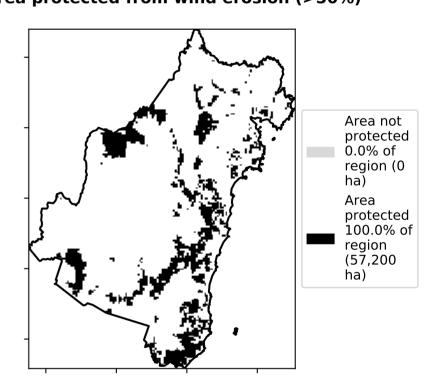
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



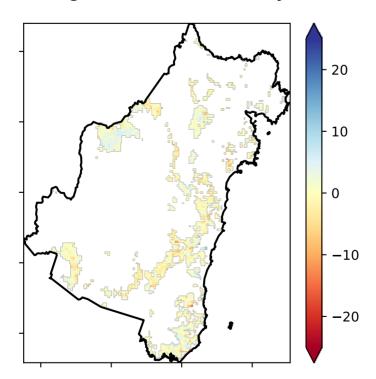
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

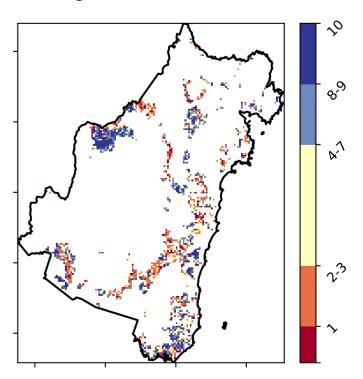


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018)

Catchment Scale Land

Derived from

Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

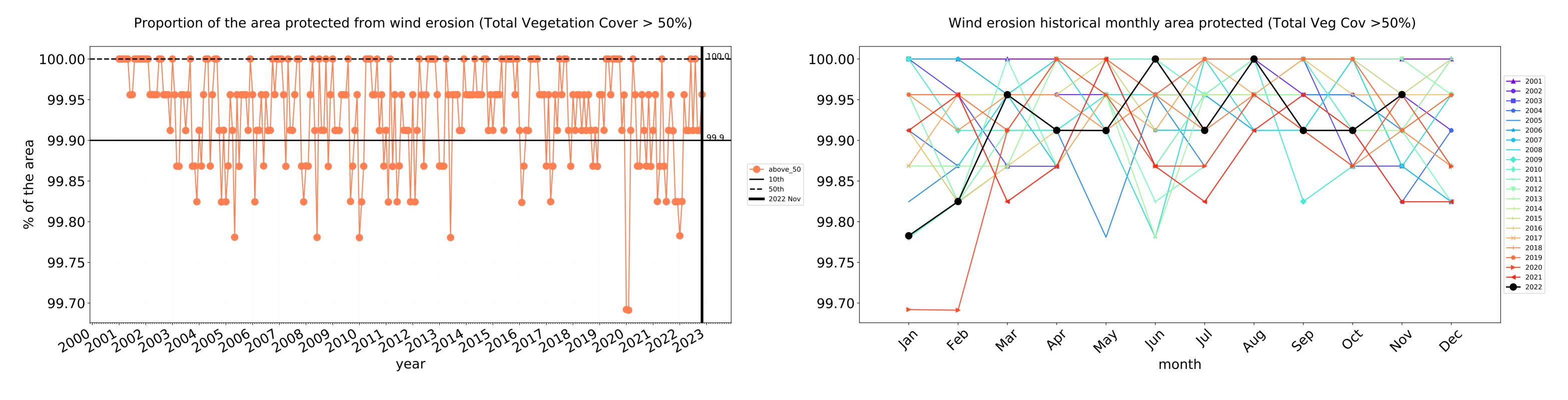


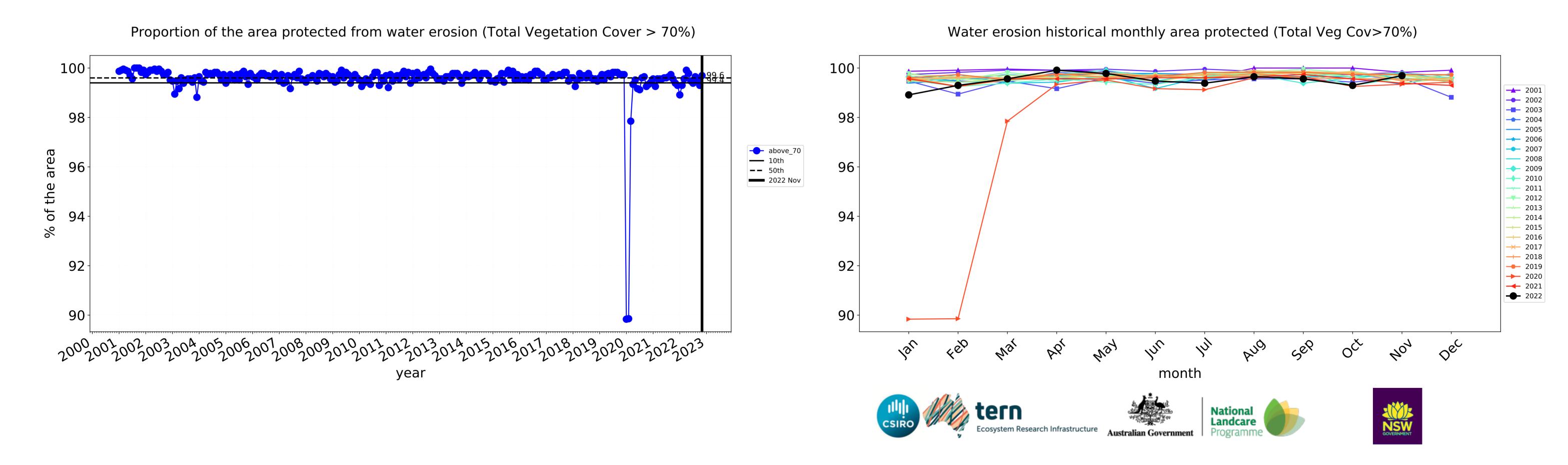


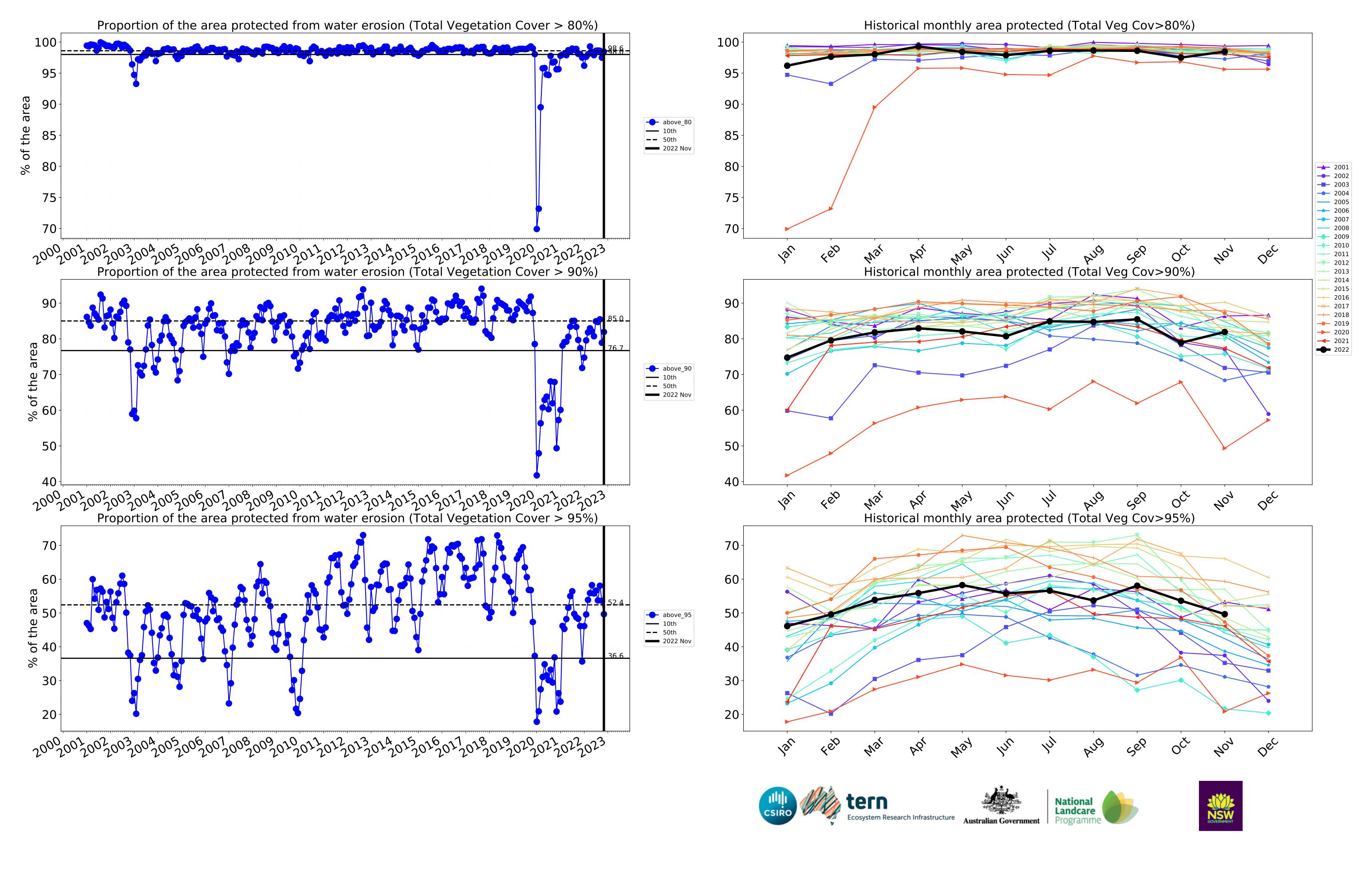




# **Grazing timeseries**







# **Grazing non forest**

### **Land use and forest cover**

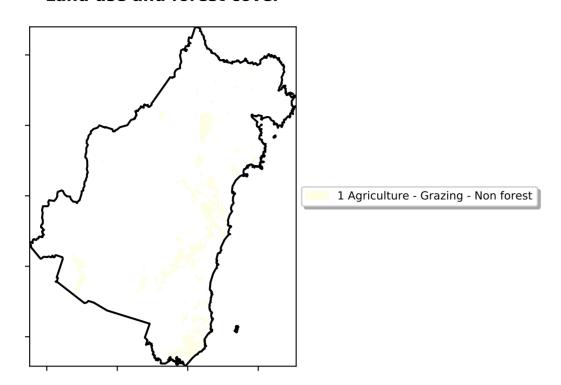
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

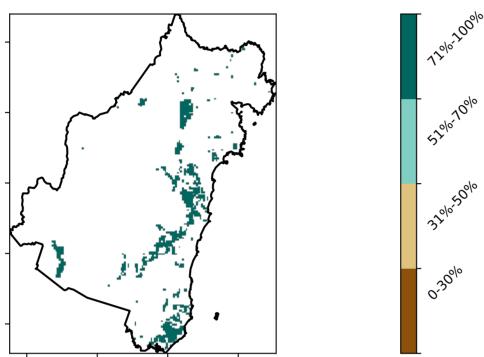
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

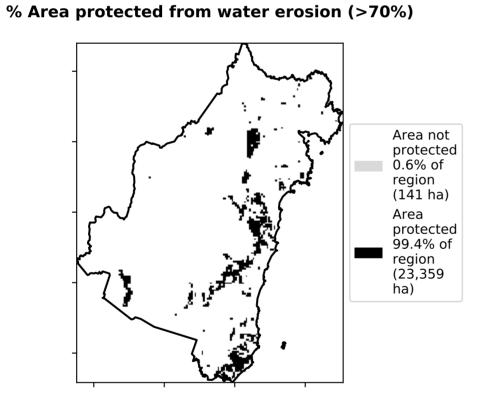
mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

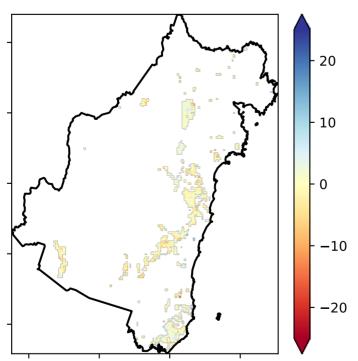


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



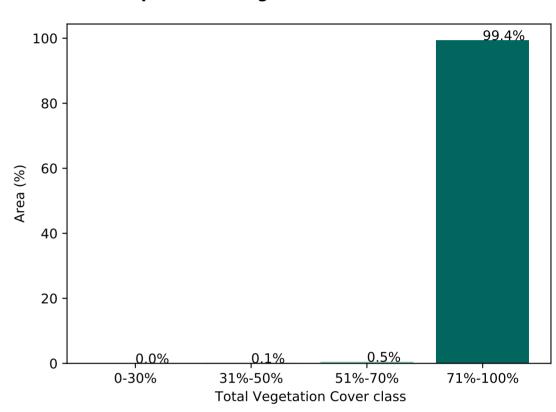


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

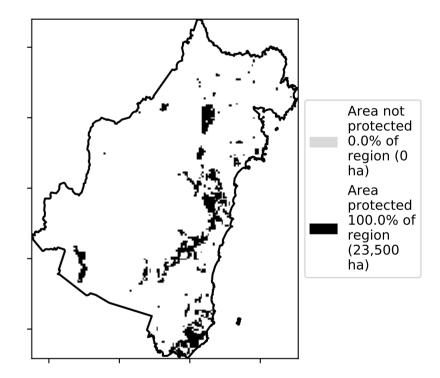


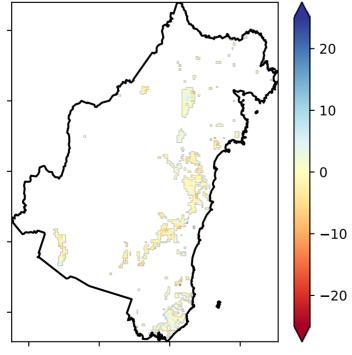
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

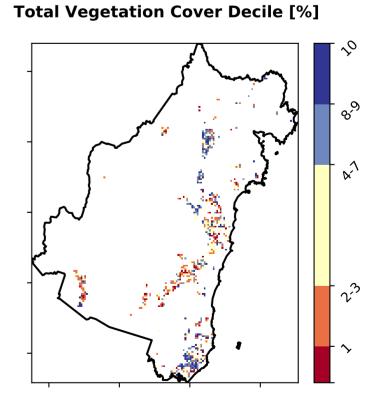


### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





in the lowest 10% of records for that month of







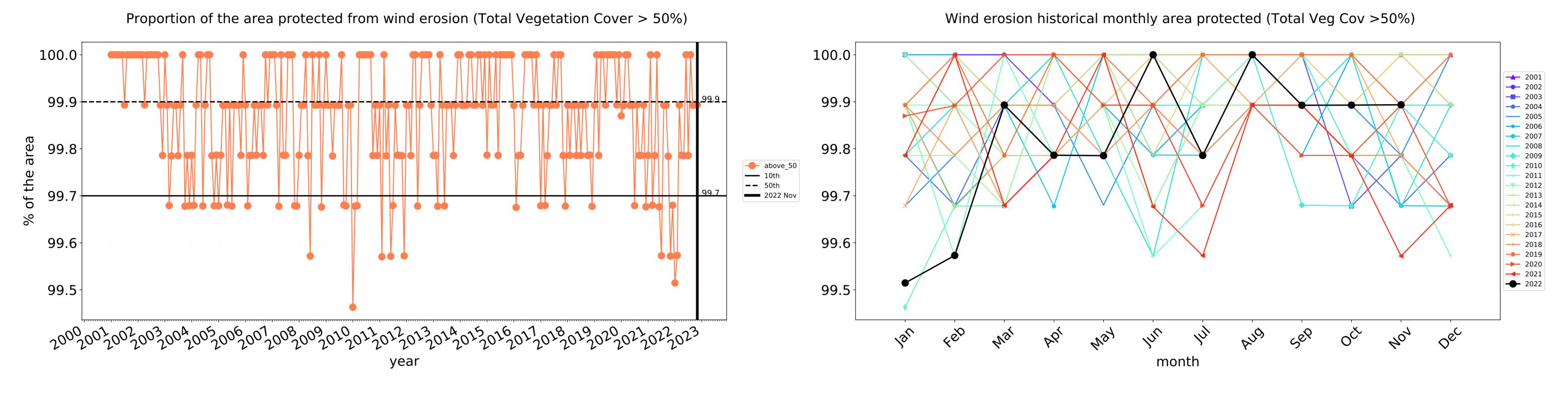


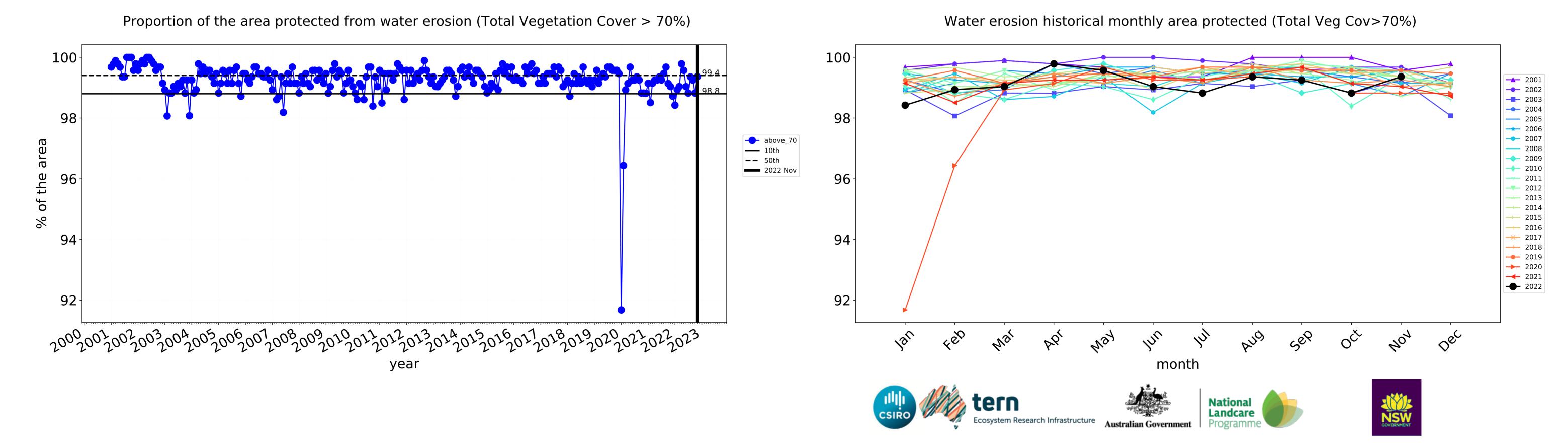


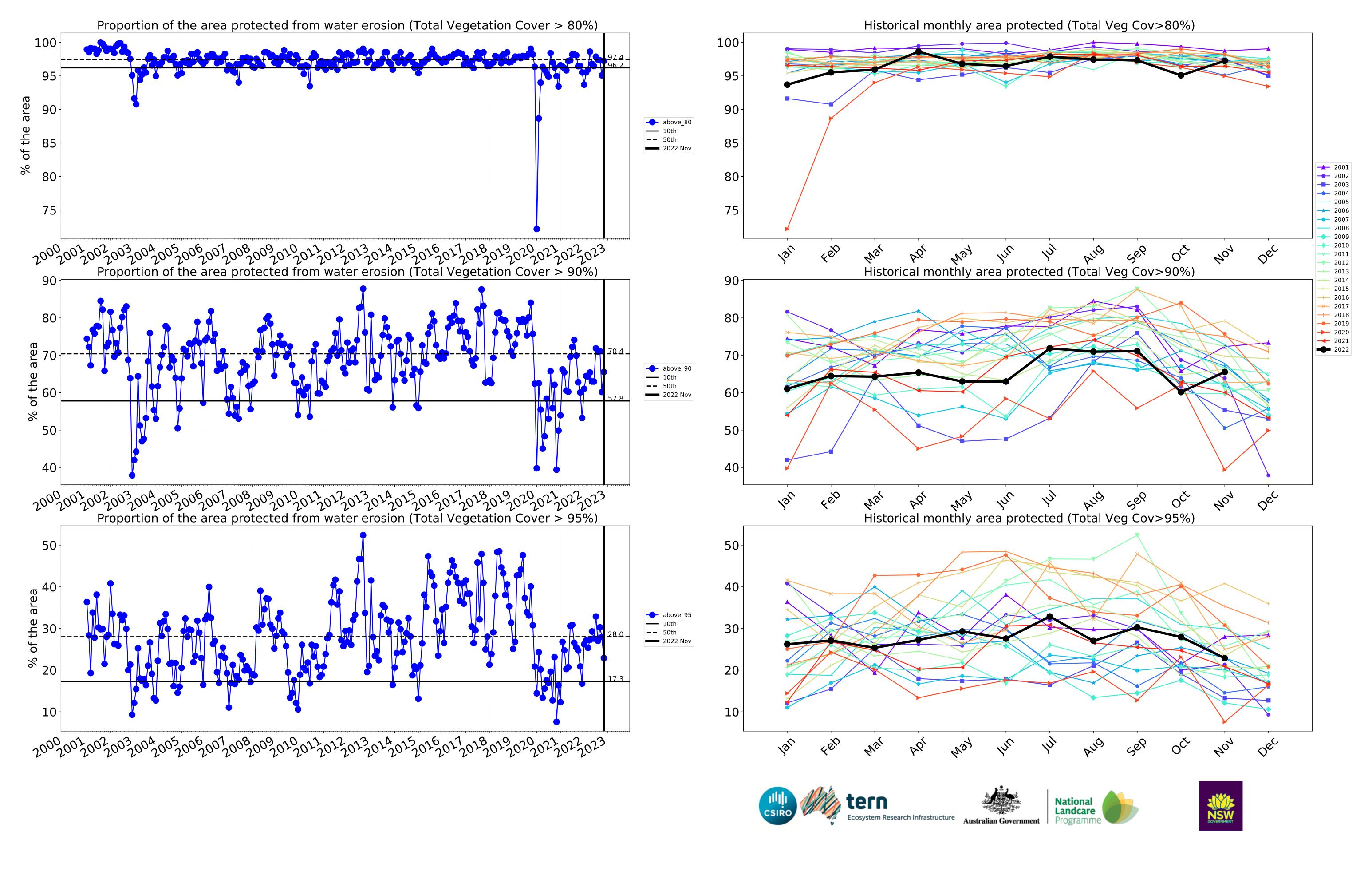




# **Grazing non forest timeseries**







# **Grazing Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

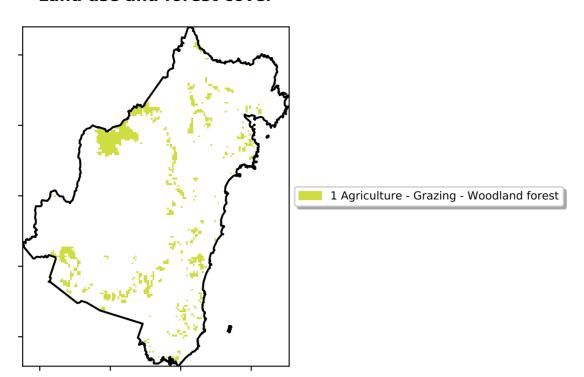
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

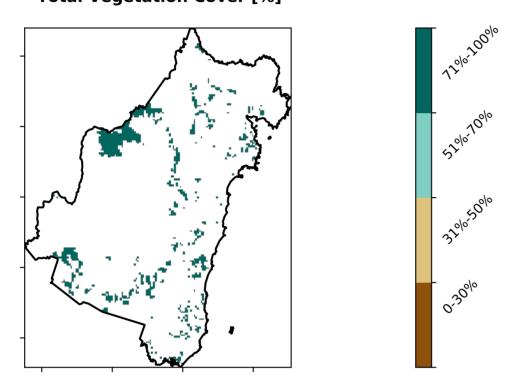
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the

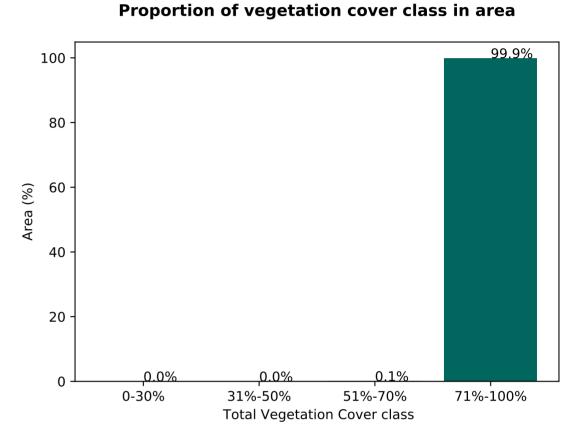
mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

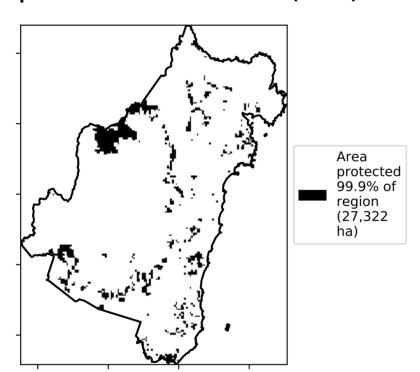


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

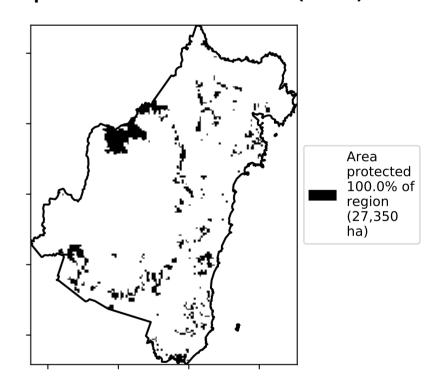




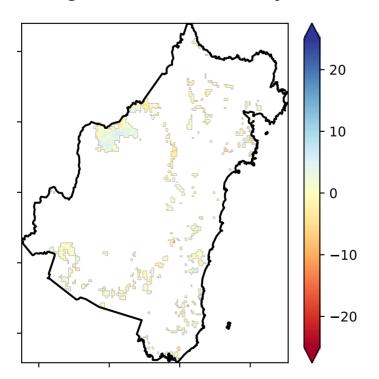
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



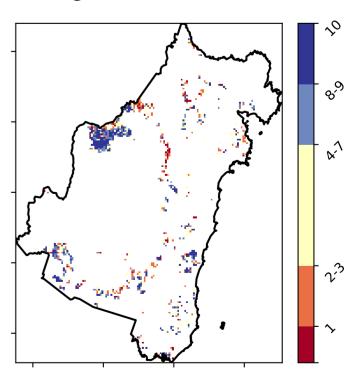
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





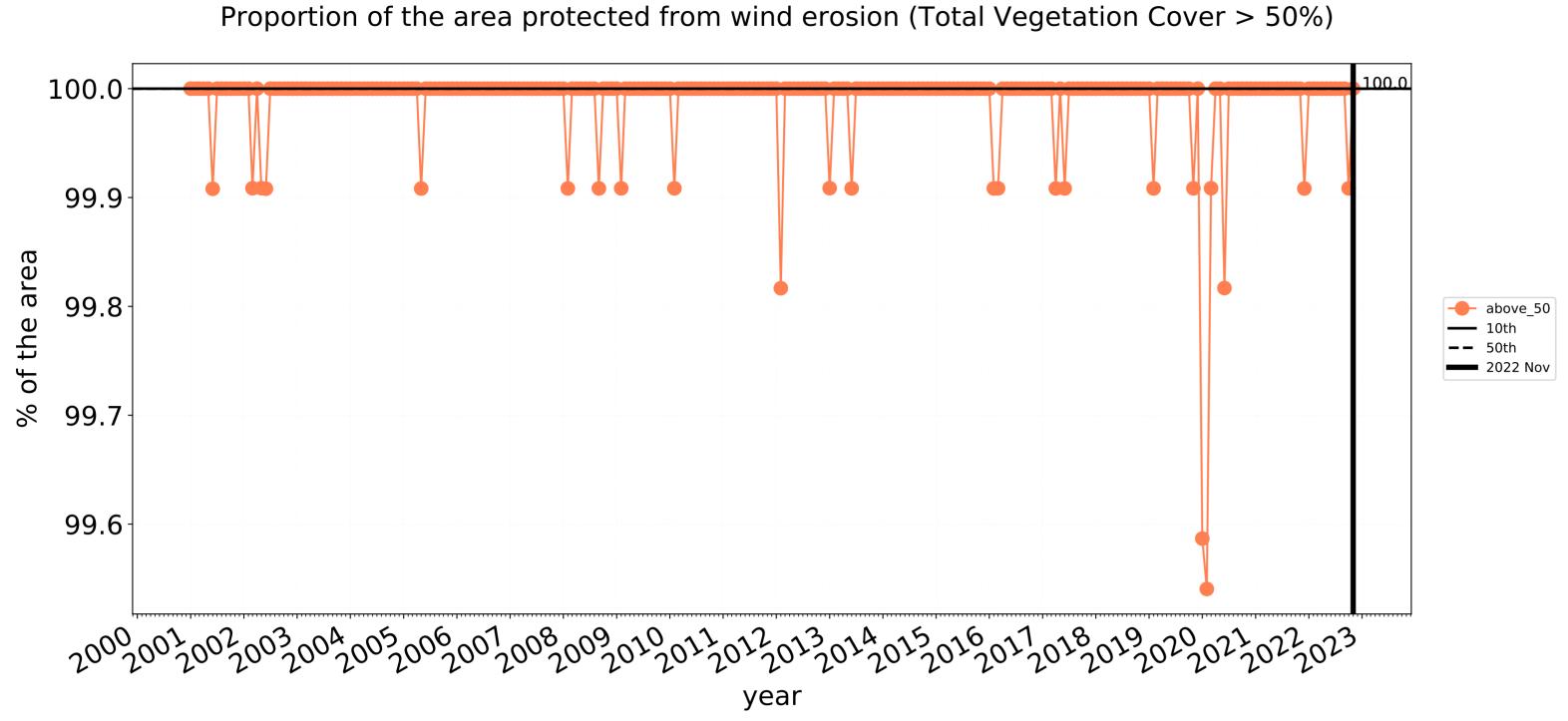


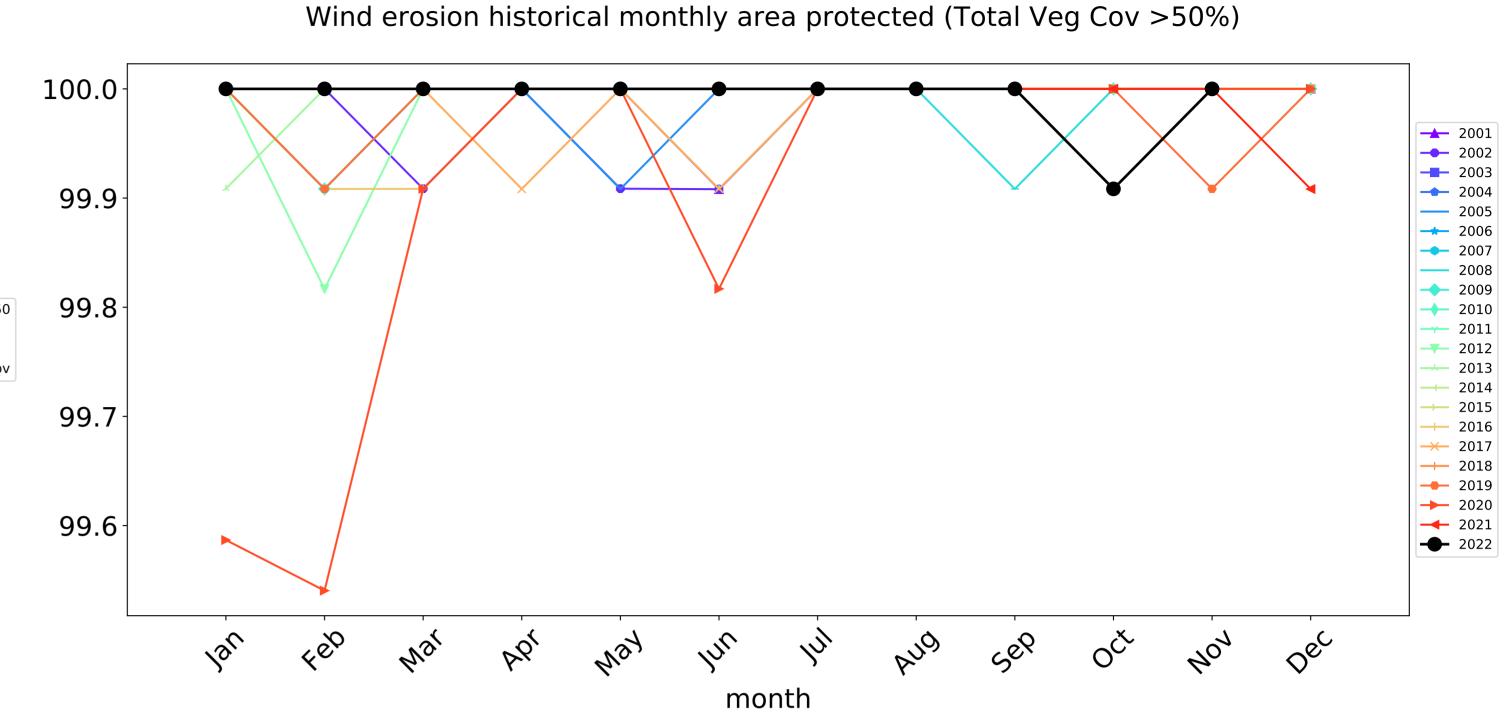


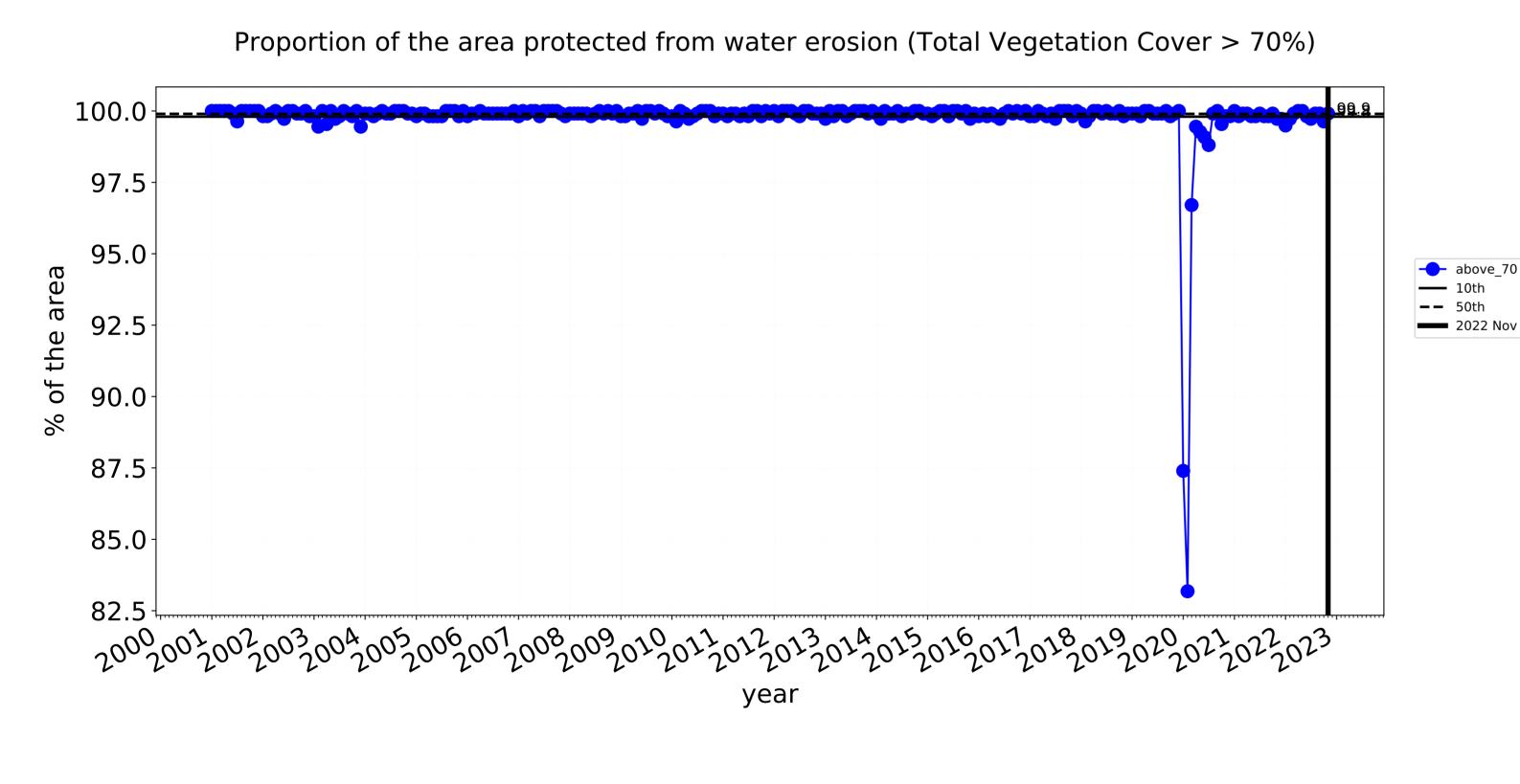


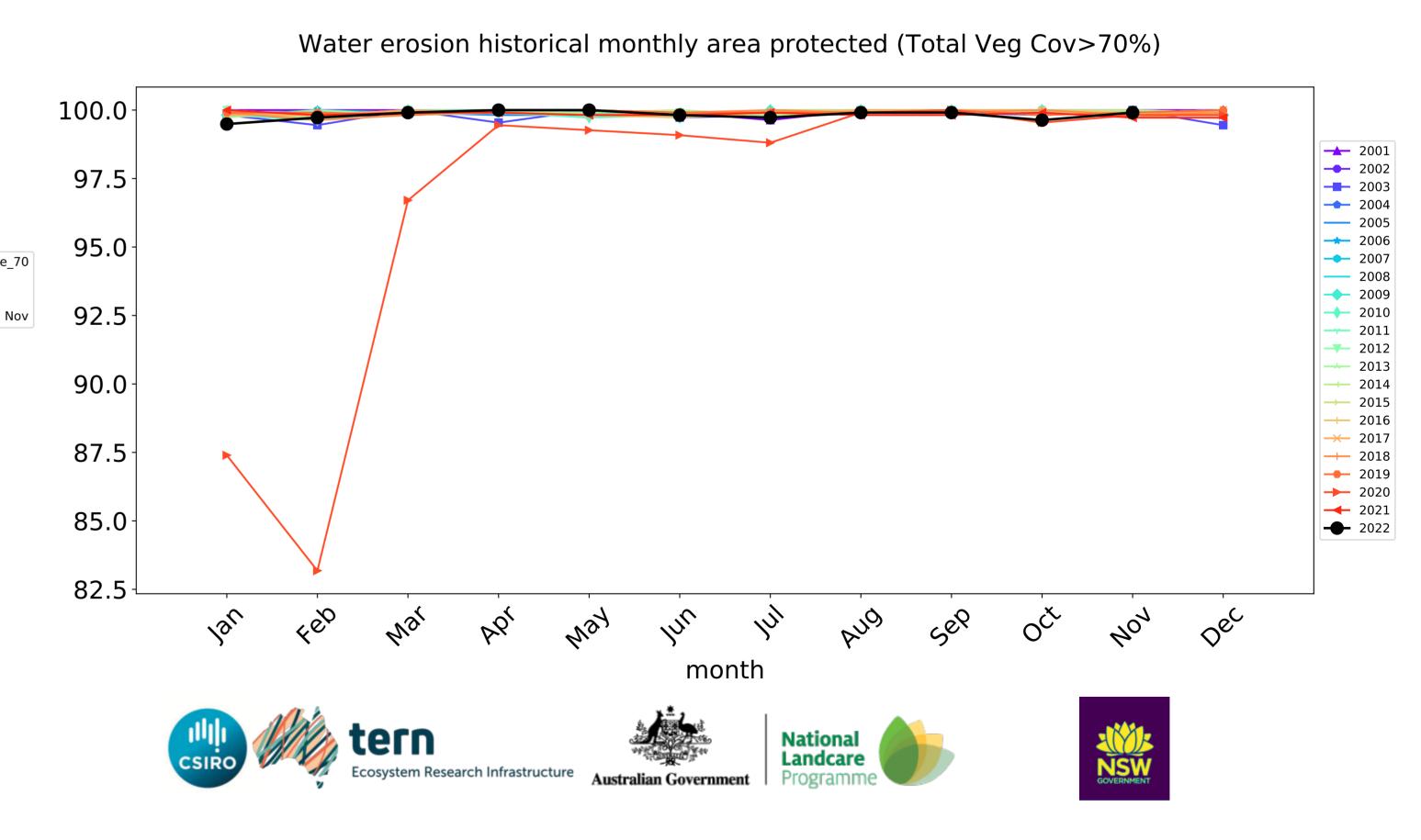


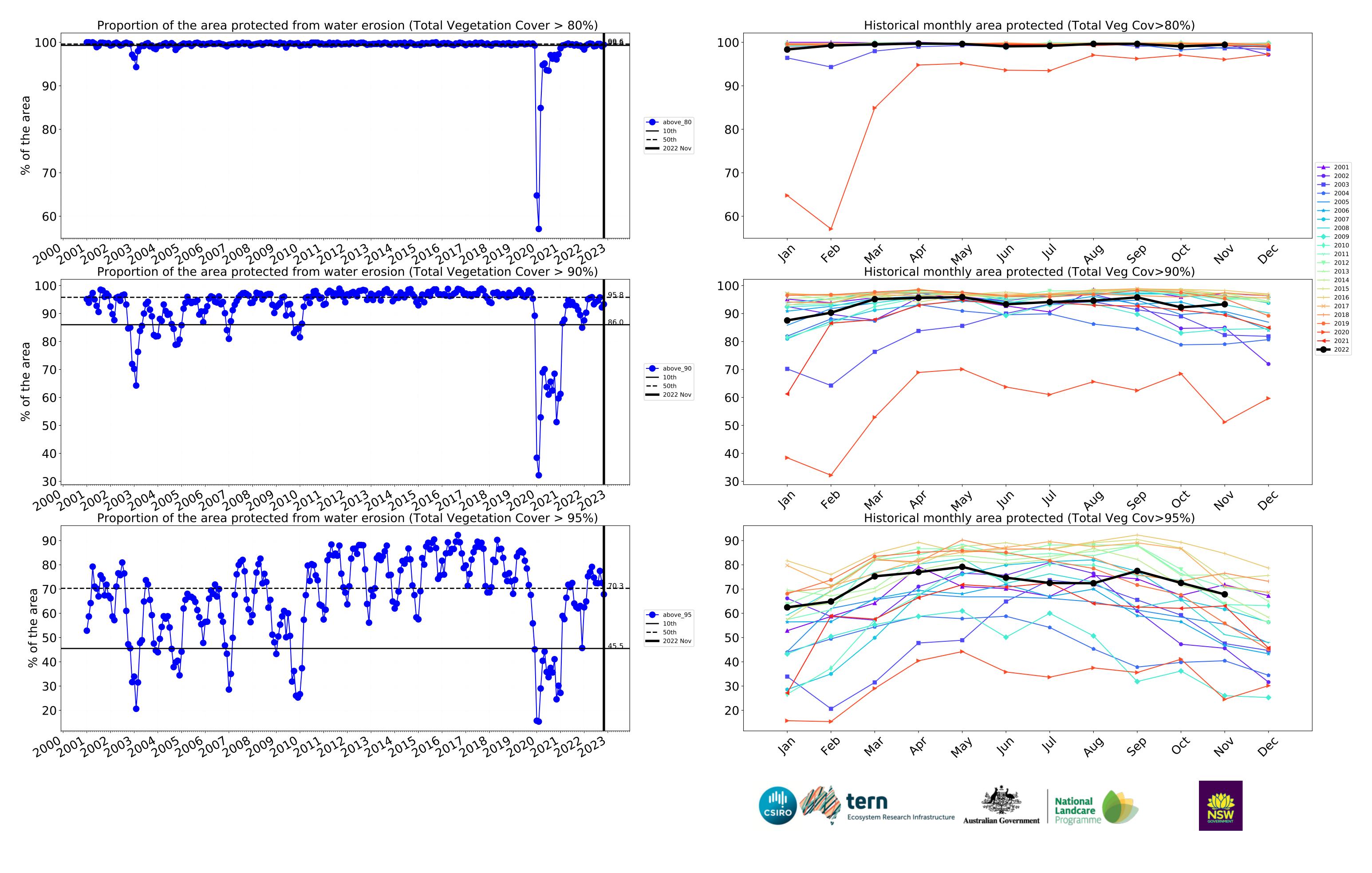
# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**











# **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

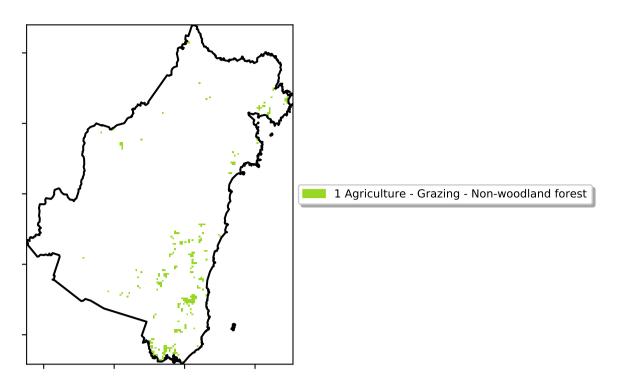
Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20%

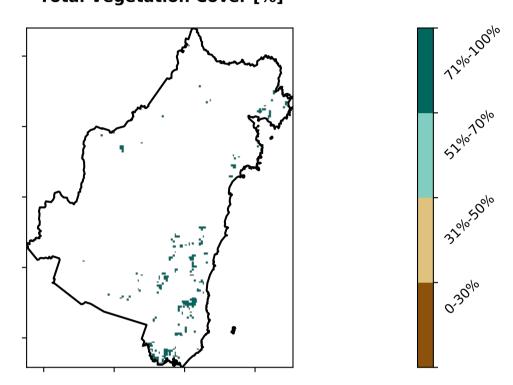
lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

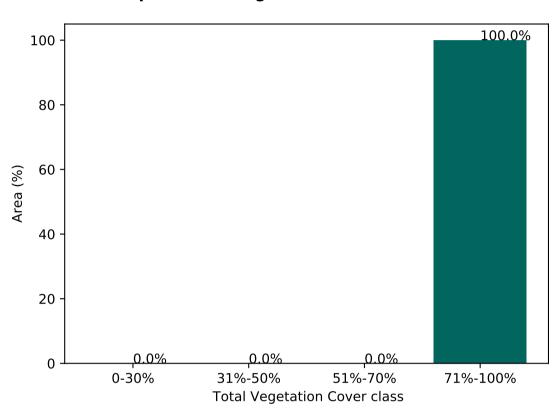
is only for the month of the map



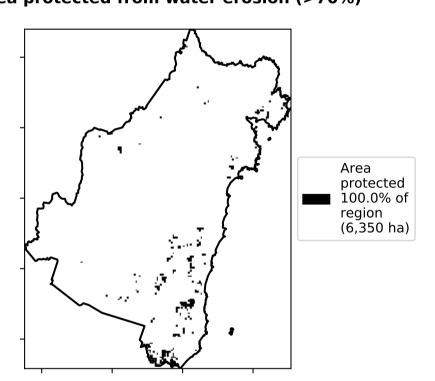
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



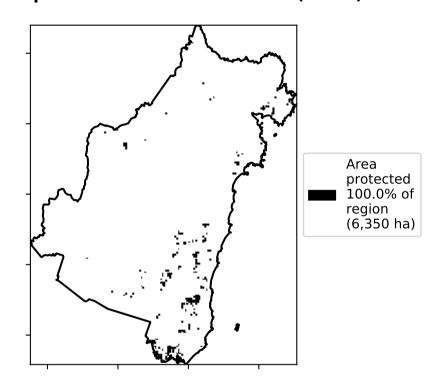
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



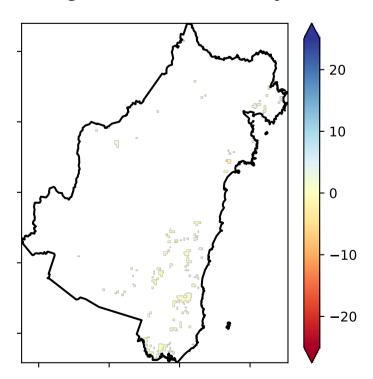
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



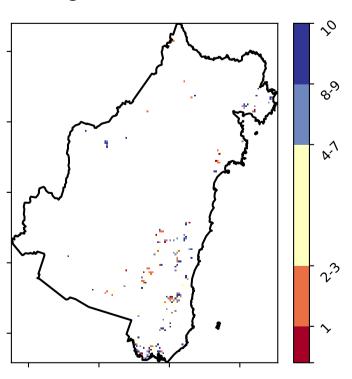
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





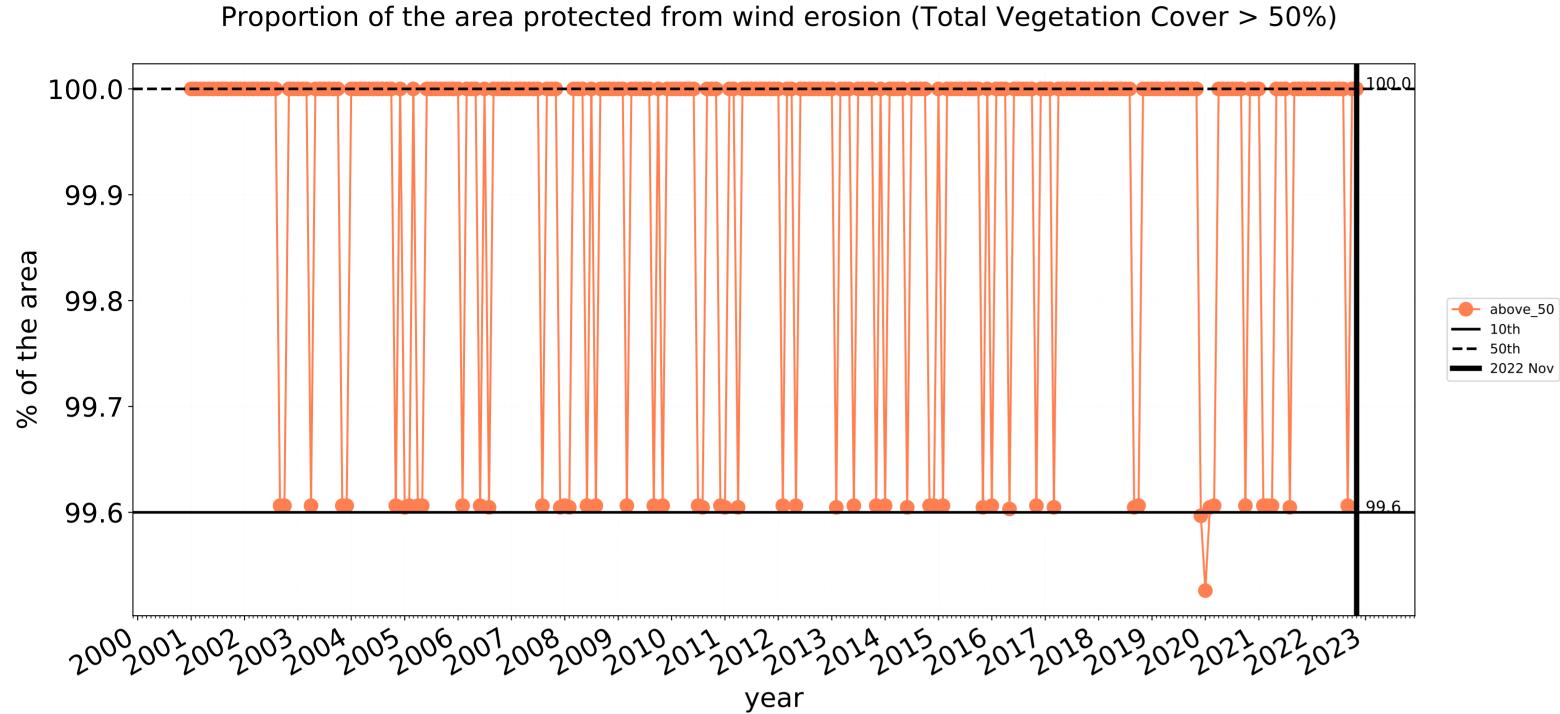


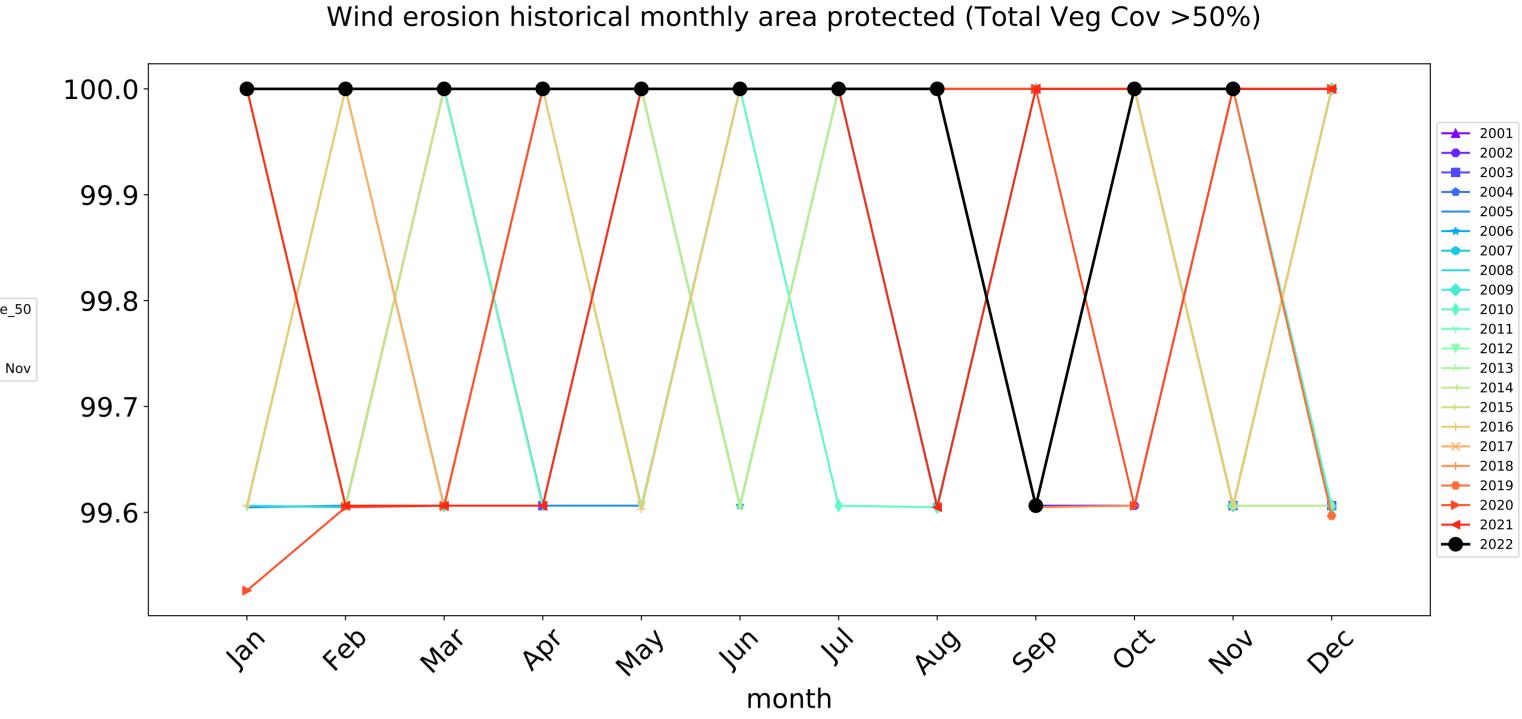


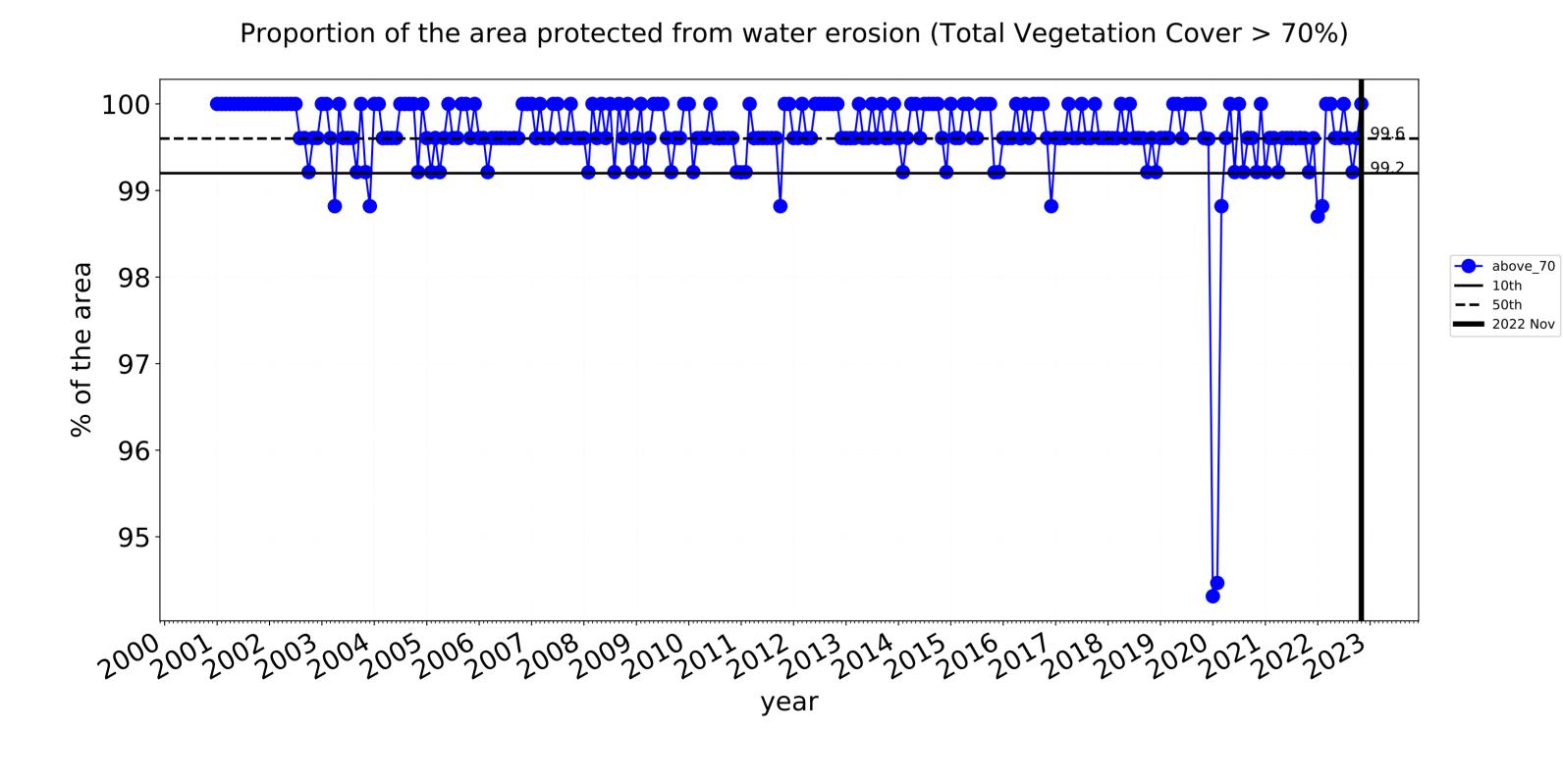


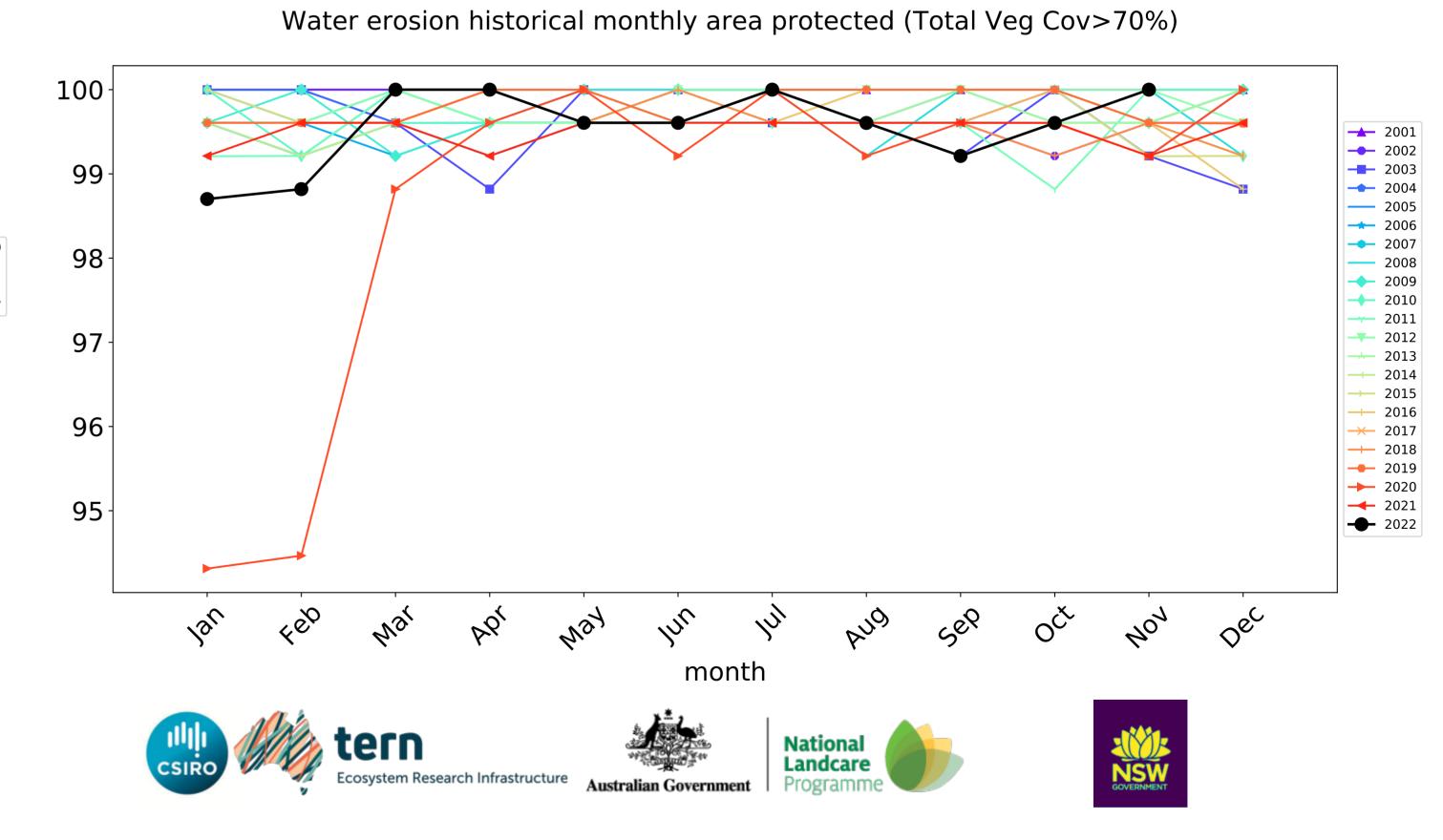


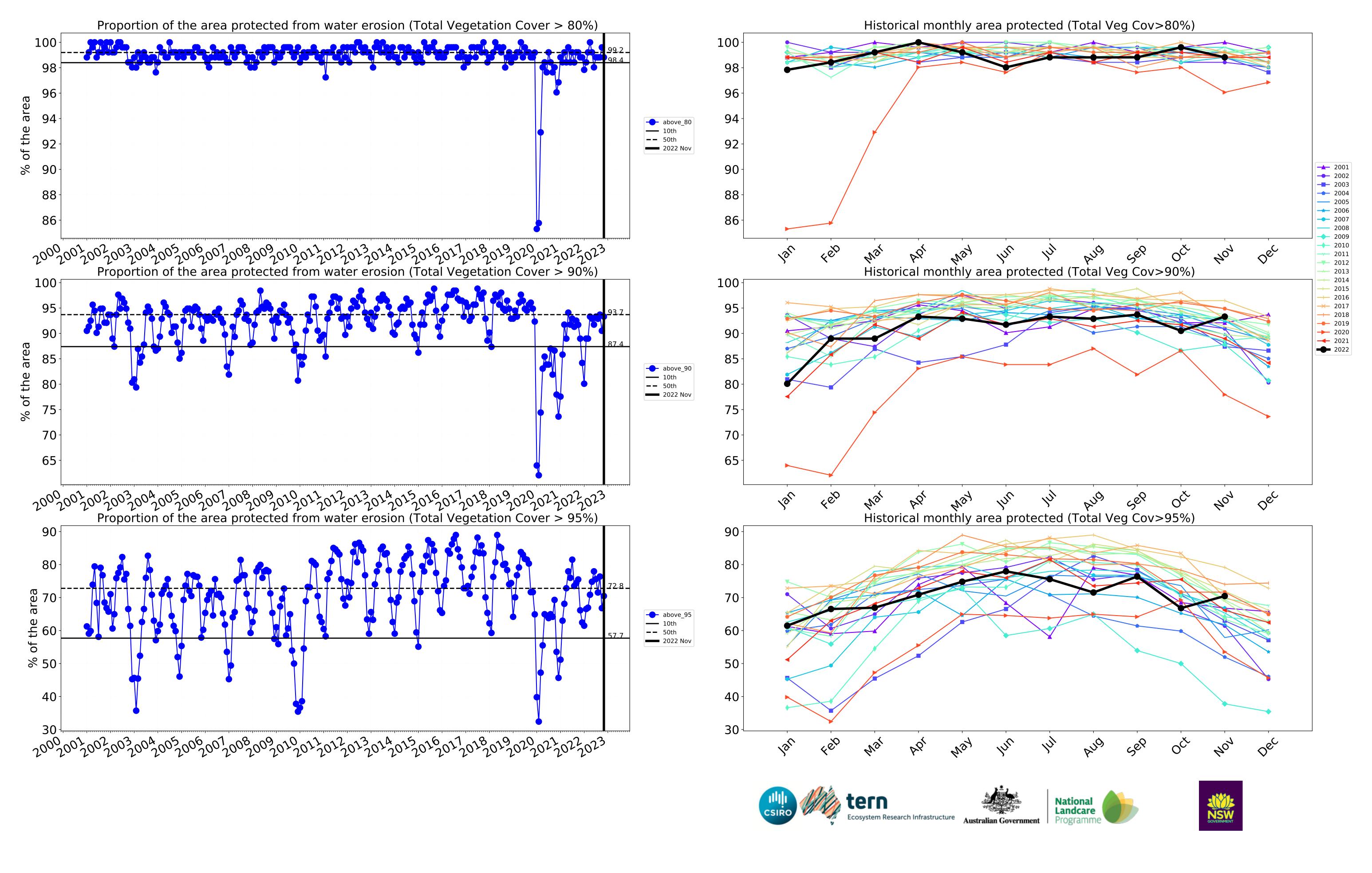












# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

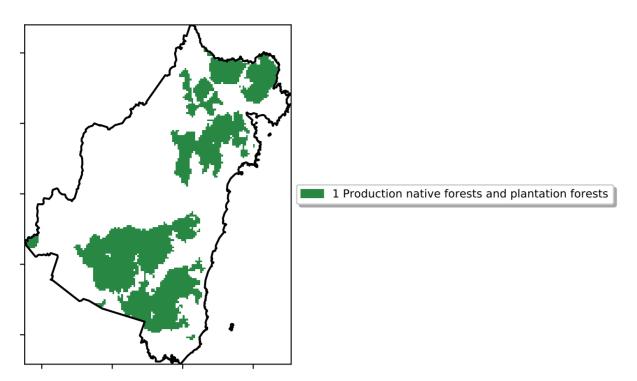
pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

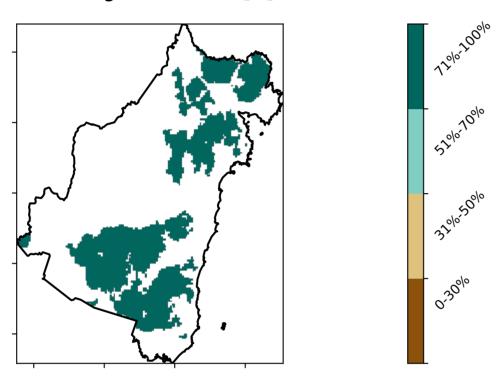
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

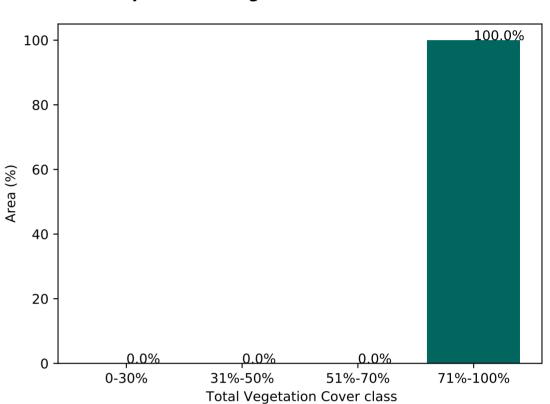
is only for the month of the map



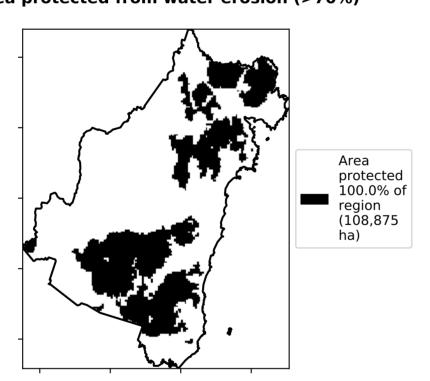
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



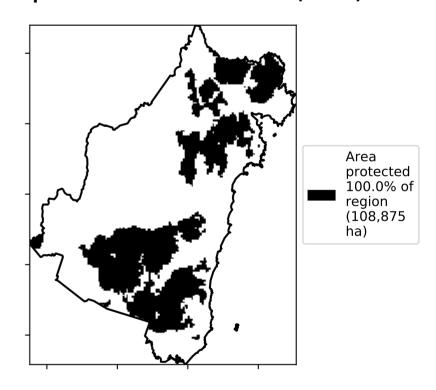
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



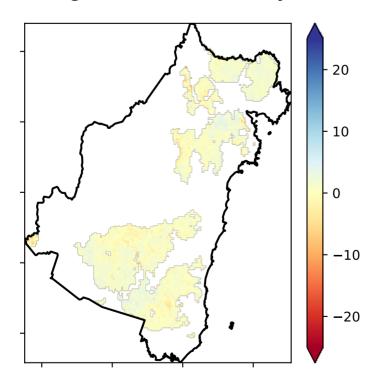
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



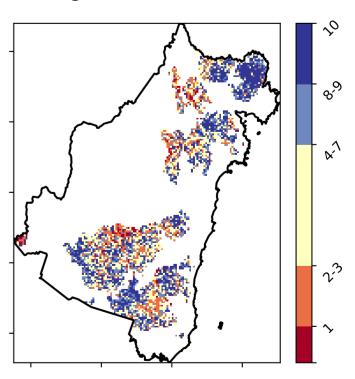
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







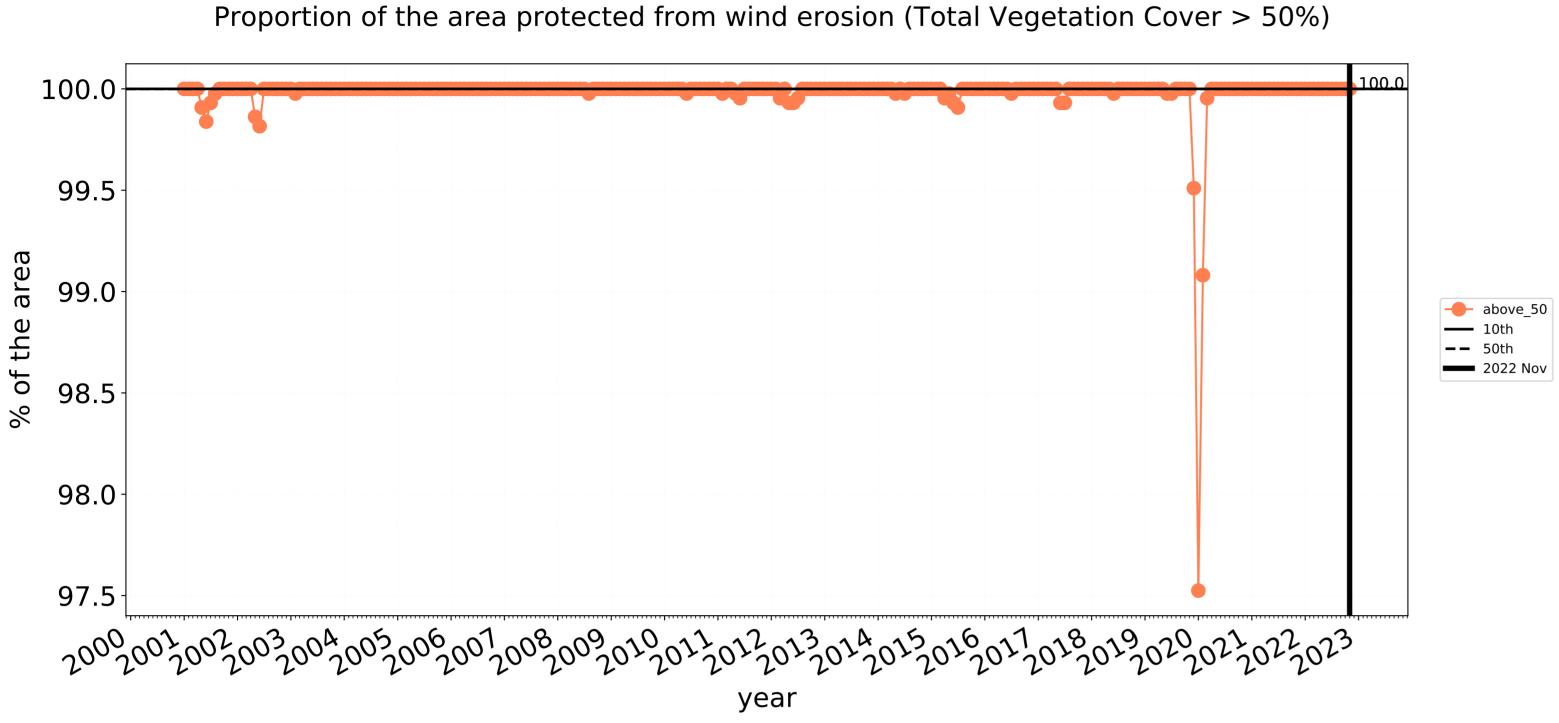


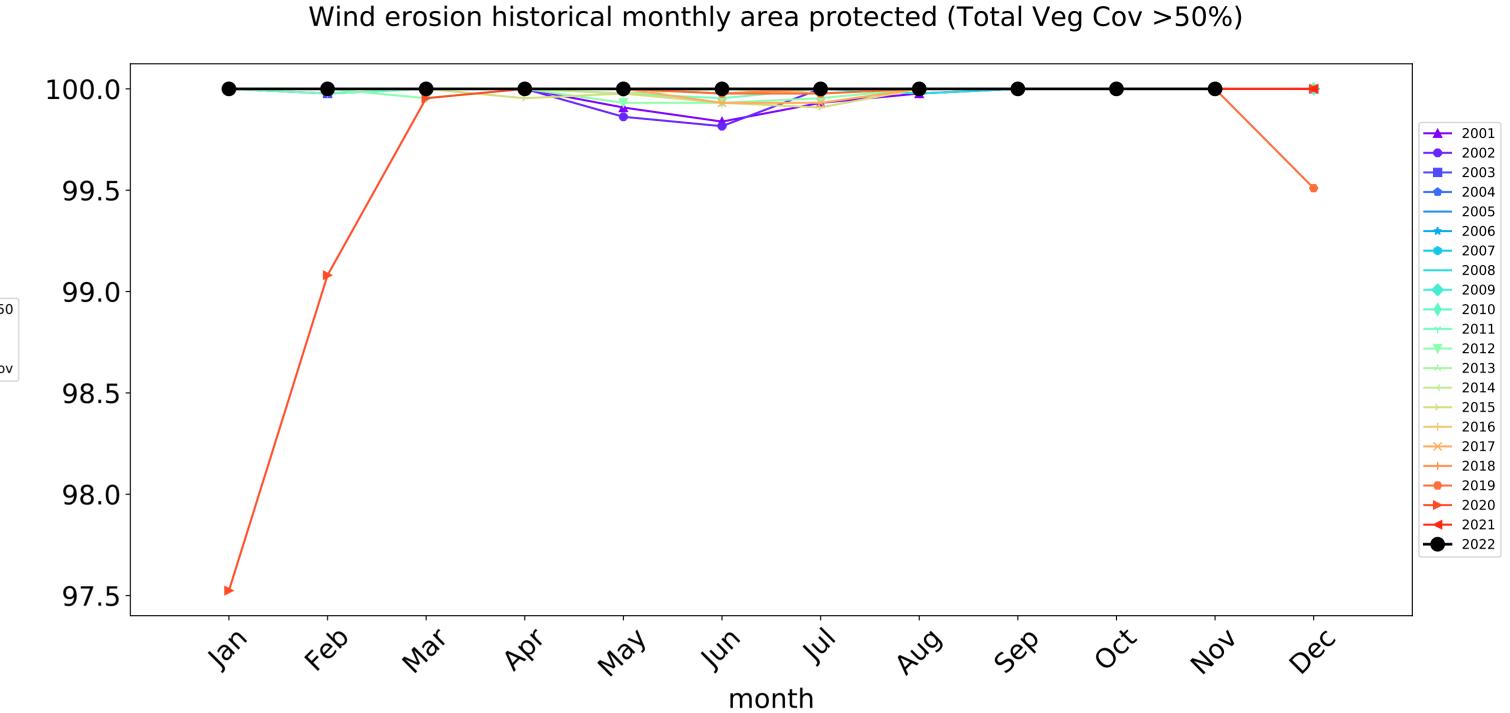


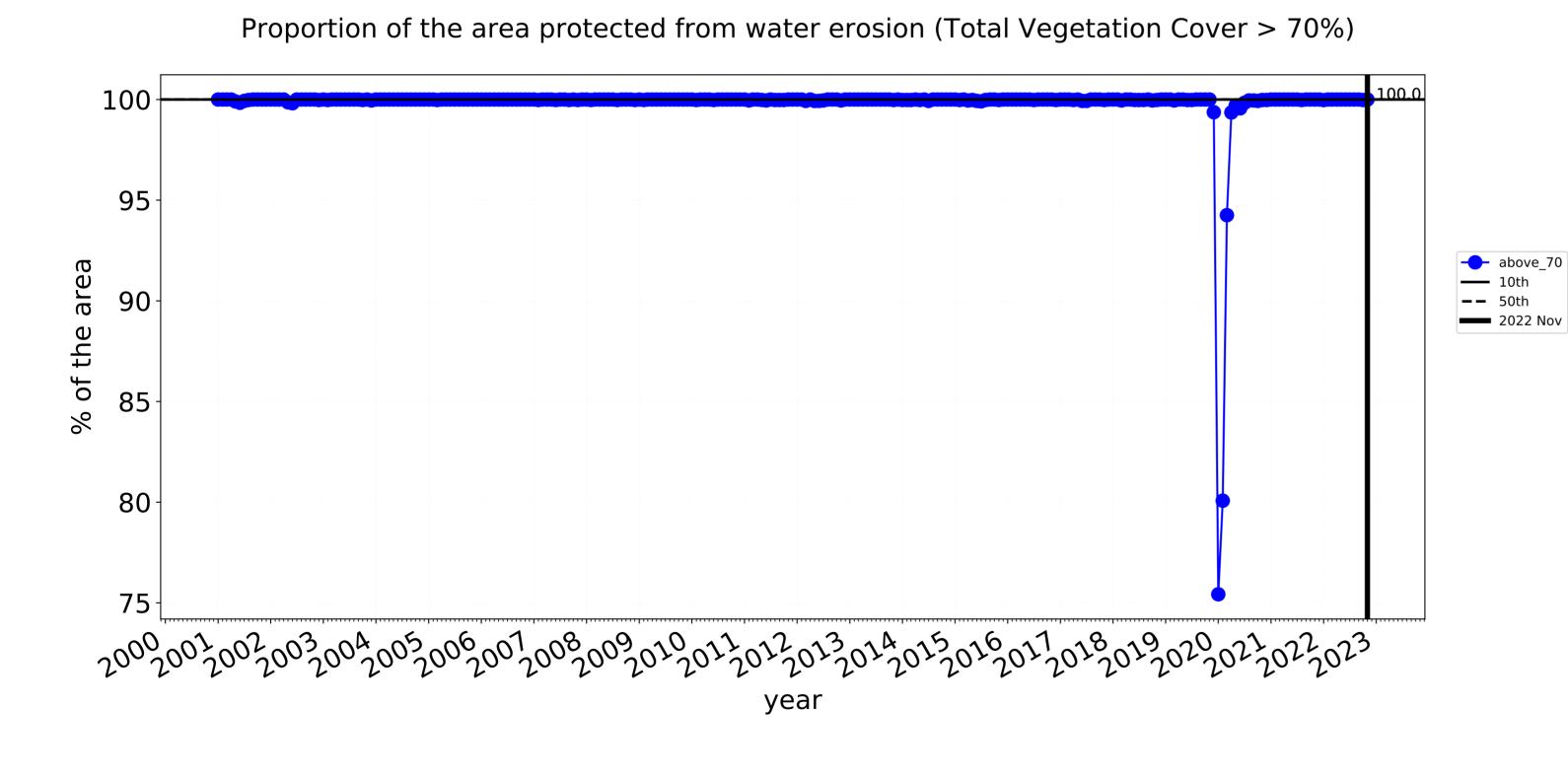


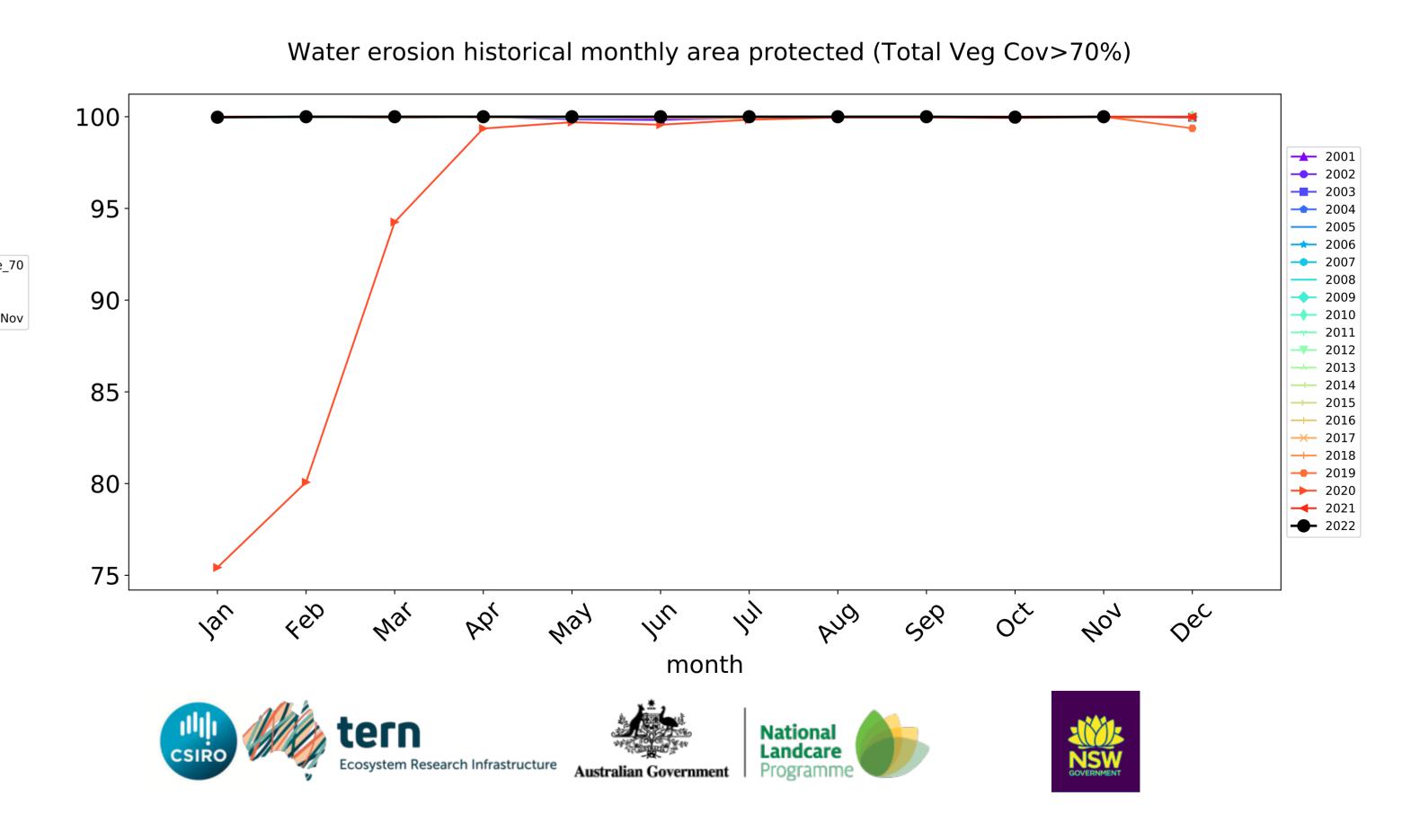


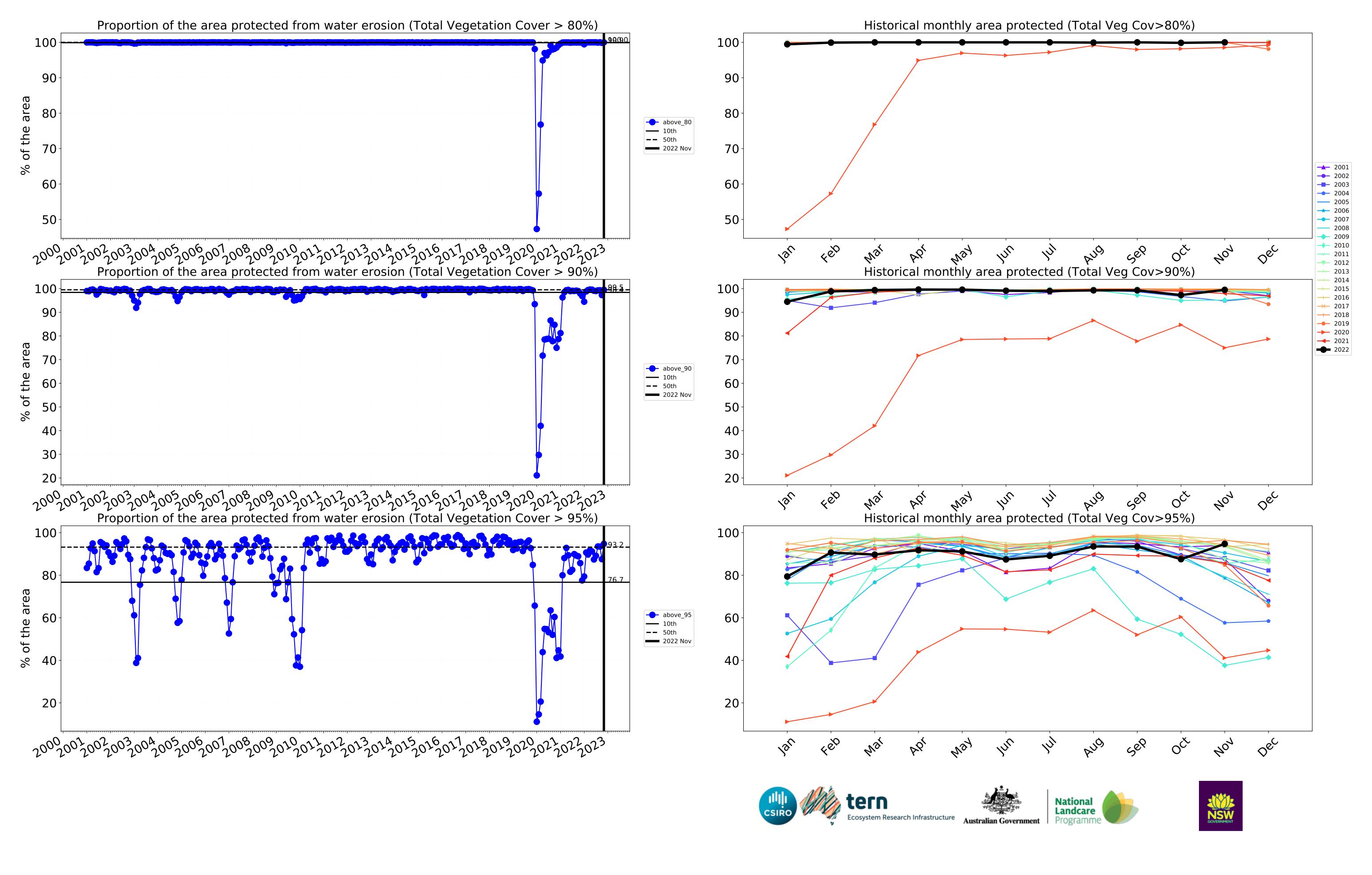
# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**











# Eurobodalla\_(A) (338,100 ha and no data 4,862 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	338,100	100.0% 338,025	99.9% 337,650	99.3% 335,750	98.3% 332,375	92.5% 312,850	77.9% 263,325
Conservation and natural environments	150,625	100.0% 150,600	99.9% 150,525	99.8% 150,350	99.7% 150,175	97.9% 147,425	84.2% 126,850
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	115,850	100.0% 115,850	100.0% 115,850	100.0% 115,800	99.9% 115,725	98.2% 113,725	83.6% 96,875
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	33,875	100.0% 33,875	99.9% 33,850	99.6% 33,750	99.4% 33,675	97.9% 33,175	87.5% 29,625
Agriculture	57,875	100.0% 57,875	100.0% 57,850	99.7% 57,700	98.4% 56,975	81.1% 46,925	49.1% 28,425
Grazing	57,200	100.0% 57,200	100.0% 57,175	99.7% 57,025	98.5% 56,325	81.9% 46,850	49.7% 28,400
Grazing non forest	23,500	100.0% 23,500	99.9% 23,475	99.4% 23,350	97.2% 22,850	65.5% 15,400	22.9% 5,375
Grazing Woodland forest	27,350	100.0% 27,350	100.0% 27,350	99.9% 27,325	99.5% 27,200	93.3% 25,525	67.8% 18,550
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	6,350	100.0% 6,350	100.0% 6,350	100.0% 6,350	98.8% 6,275	93.3% 5,925	70.5% 4,475
Production native forests and plantation forests	108,875	100.0% 108,875	100.0% 108,875	100.0% 108,875	100.0% 108,875	99.5% 108,325	94.7% 103,150







