LGA Eurobodalla (A) (NSW) - Vegetation cover soil protection report Aug 2019

This report provides information about vegetation covering the soil surface for a region during a single month with comparison to previous years. Vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water (hillslope) erosion. Results are shown for the whole region (polygon) and also separated by land use and tree cover. Different land uses are likely to have different cover patterns and targets. Reporting is most reliable with less than 20% tree cover.

Eurobodalla (A)

- Context
 - o Map: Land use and forest cover
 - o Chart: Land use and forest cover area
- Total vegetation cover for this month
 - o Map: vegetation cover classified into 4 classes
 - o Chart: vegetation cover area classified into 4 classes
- Areas protected from erosion for the month
 - o Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover)
 - o Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover)
- Comparison with previous years
 - o Map: anomaly compare this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years
 - o Map: deciles rank this month against the same month in previous years
- Time series
 - o Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month in the archive (orange lines)
 - o Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month of the archive (blue lines).
 - o Rainfall: millimetres rainfall each month (black lines)
- Time series stacked by year
 - o Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month in the archive (orange lines) in case of 5th percentile is less than 80i
 - o Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month of the archive (blue lines). in case of 5th percentile is less than 80
- Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:
 - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total clover
 - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total clover
 - o the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total clover

The following pages repeat the above sequence for each land use and forest cover class. For example

- All agricultural lands, that is grazing, cropping plus Horticulture (depending on what land use is present)
- Grazing lands by forest classes if present
- Cropping lands
- Irrigation lands
- Protected areas by forest classes if present

Explanatory notes:

This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool. The report is based on an analysis of 500 metre pixels. Pixels with greater than or equal to 50% vegetation cover are generally considered to be protected from or have reduced soil loss by wind erosion, and pixels with greater than or equal to 70% vegetation cover are generally considered to also be protected from or have reduced soil loss from water (hillslope) erosion. Report used baseline from 2001 to 2019 for each month to generate anomalies and deciles. And it used threshold of 1% to create land use forest cover reports. Higher cover thresholds may be required for erosion protection in some regions. This report will be less applicable in areas with sparse forest (20-50% tree cover) or dense forest (> 50% tree cover). Therefore land use classes are divided by tree cover: 1) No forest is when there is less than 20% tree cover 2) Sparse forest, is when there is less than 20 to 50 % tree cover 3) Dense forest is greater than 50% tree cover

Acknowledgment of data:

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3













Vegetation Cover Aug 2019

Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from

the mean. That

is, red pixels

mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the

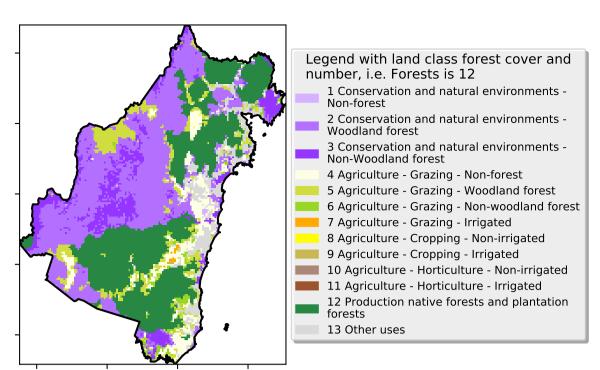
are about 20%

lower than the

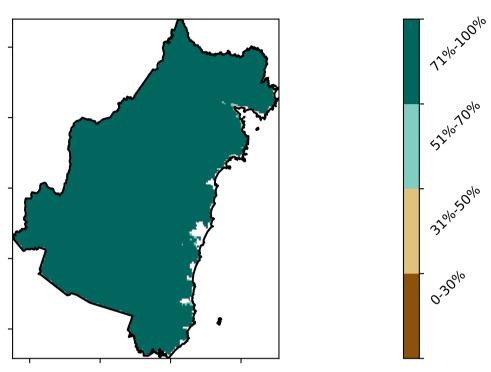
month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to

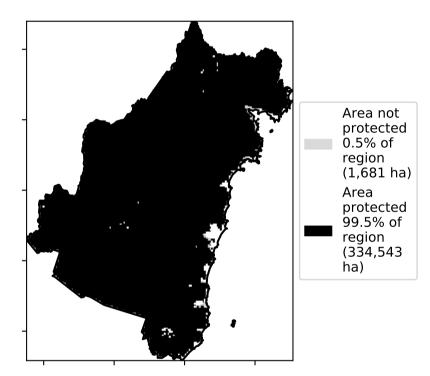
2019.

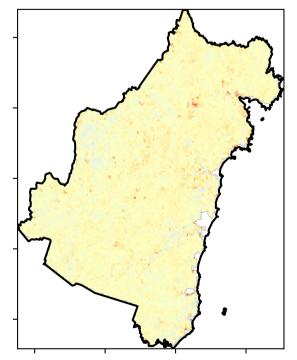


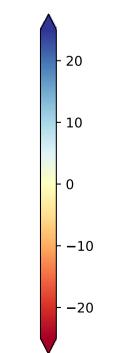
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

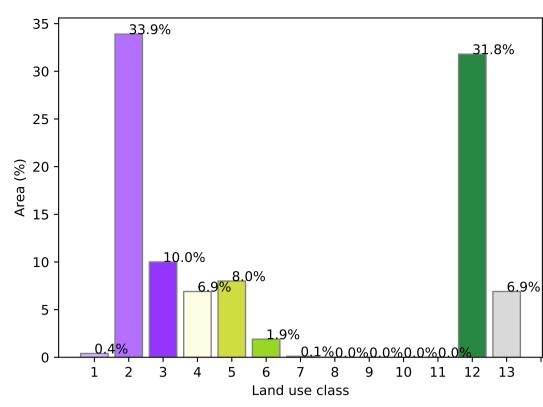




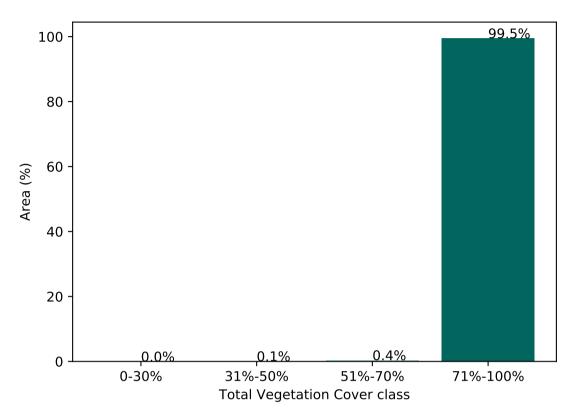


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of

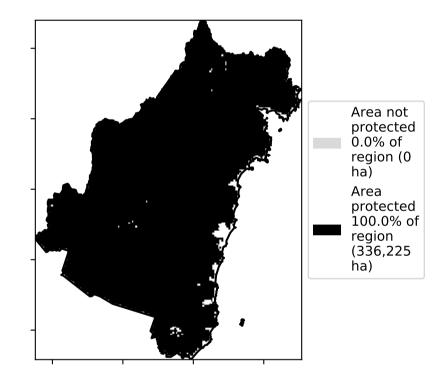
Proportion of each land class in area



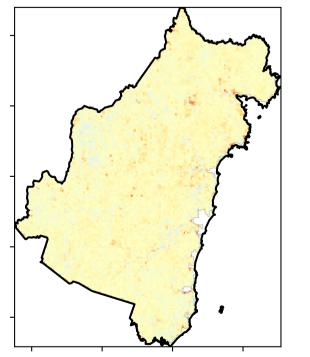
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

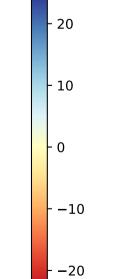


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

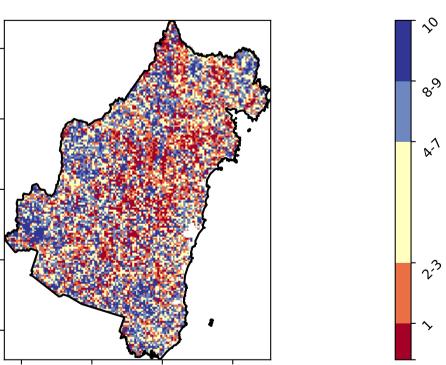


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]





the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





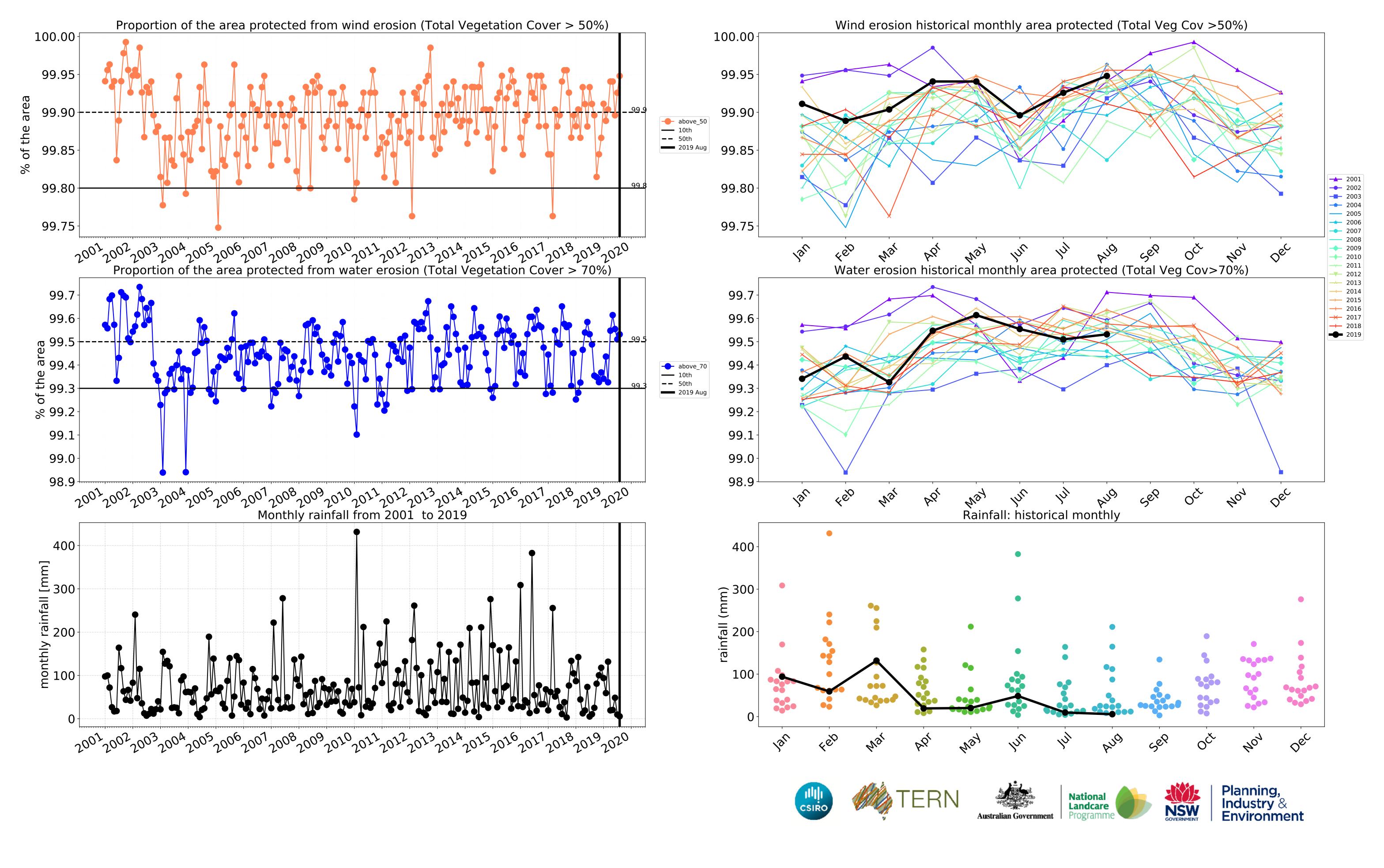


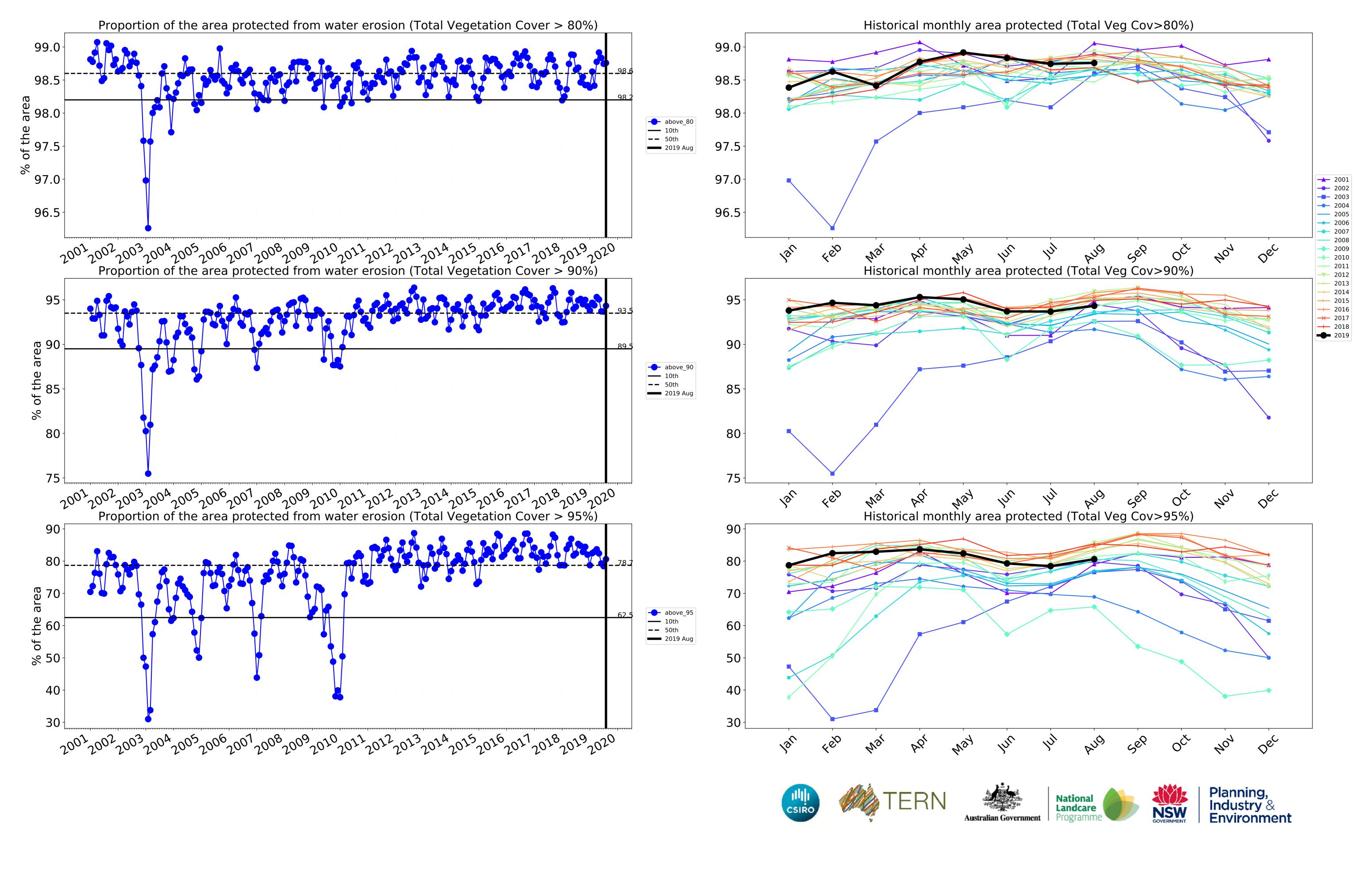












.

Conservation and natural environments

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50%

and dense > 50% tree

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

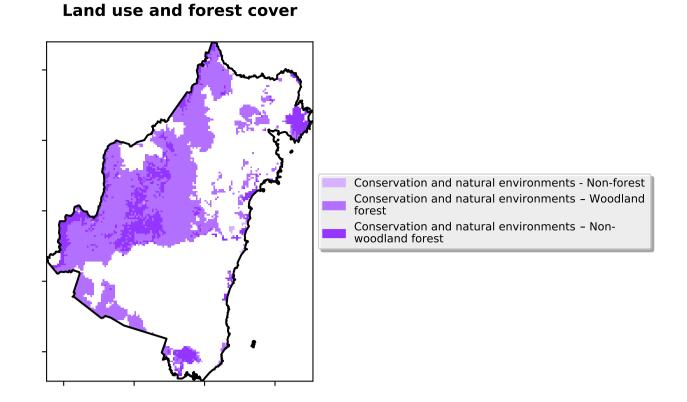
the mean. That

pixel. The mean

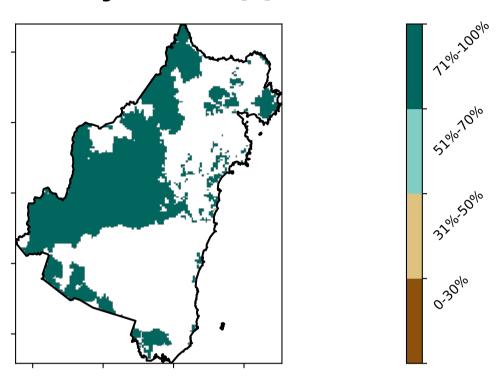
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

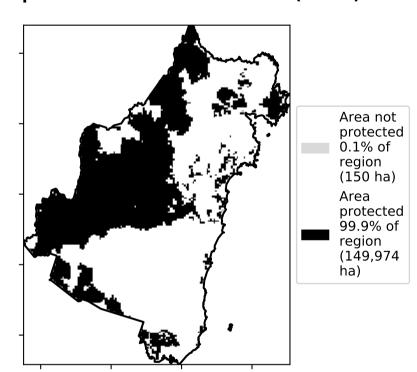
cover.



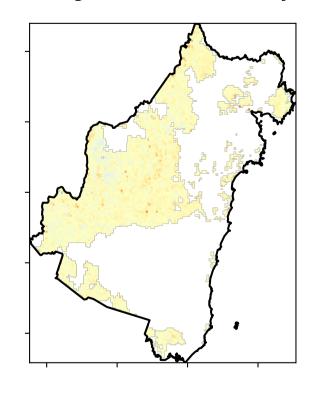
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

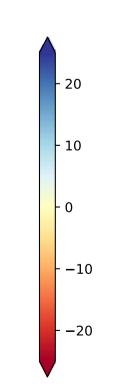


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



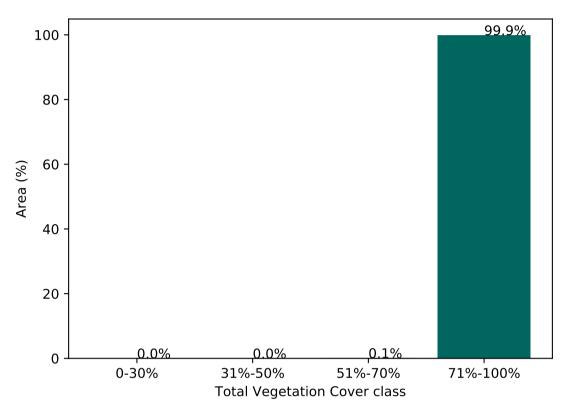
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



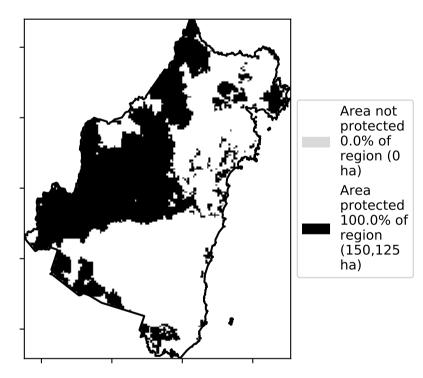


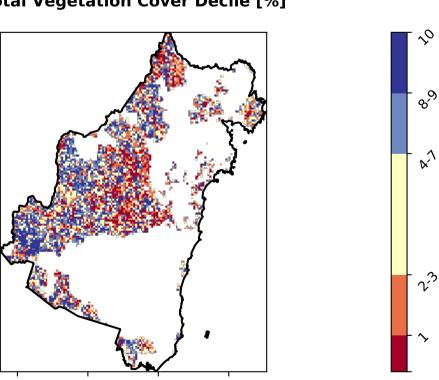
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









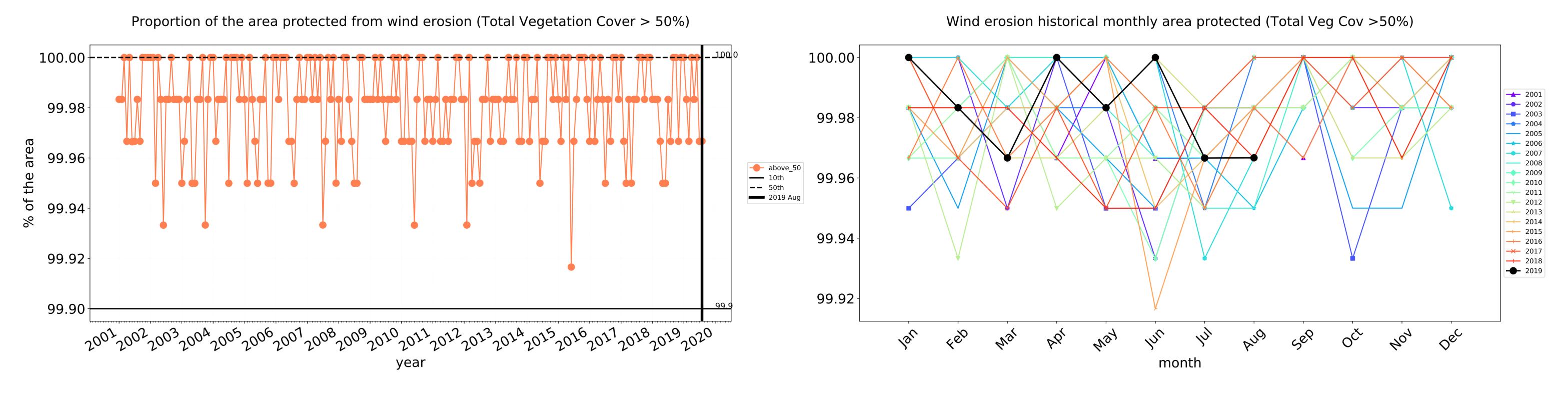


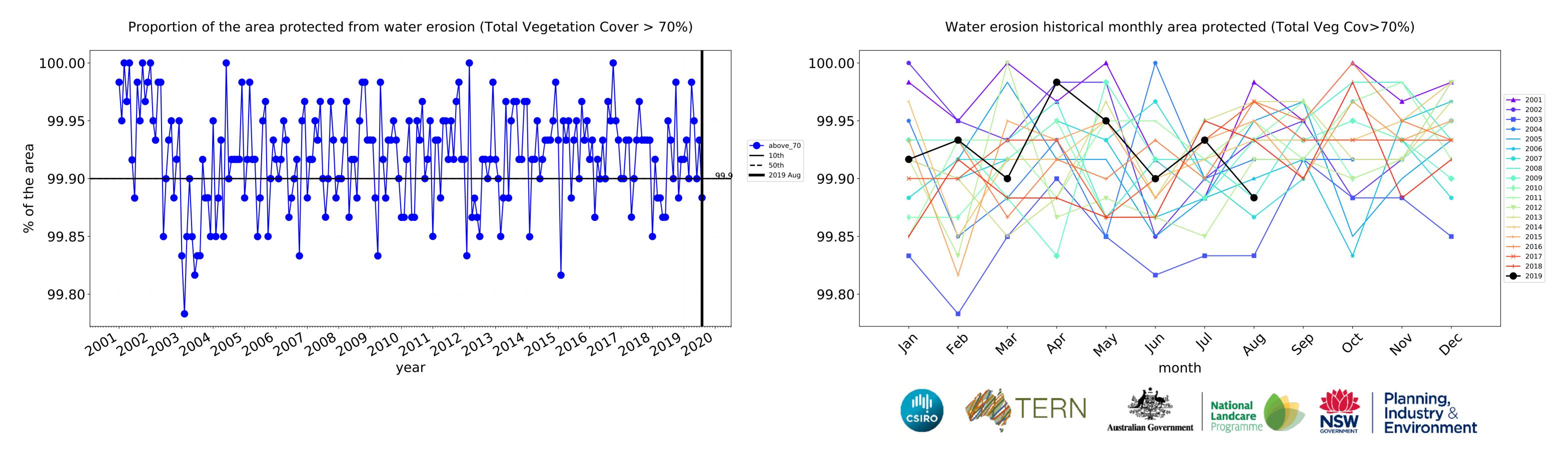


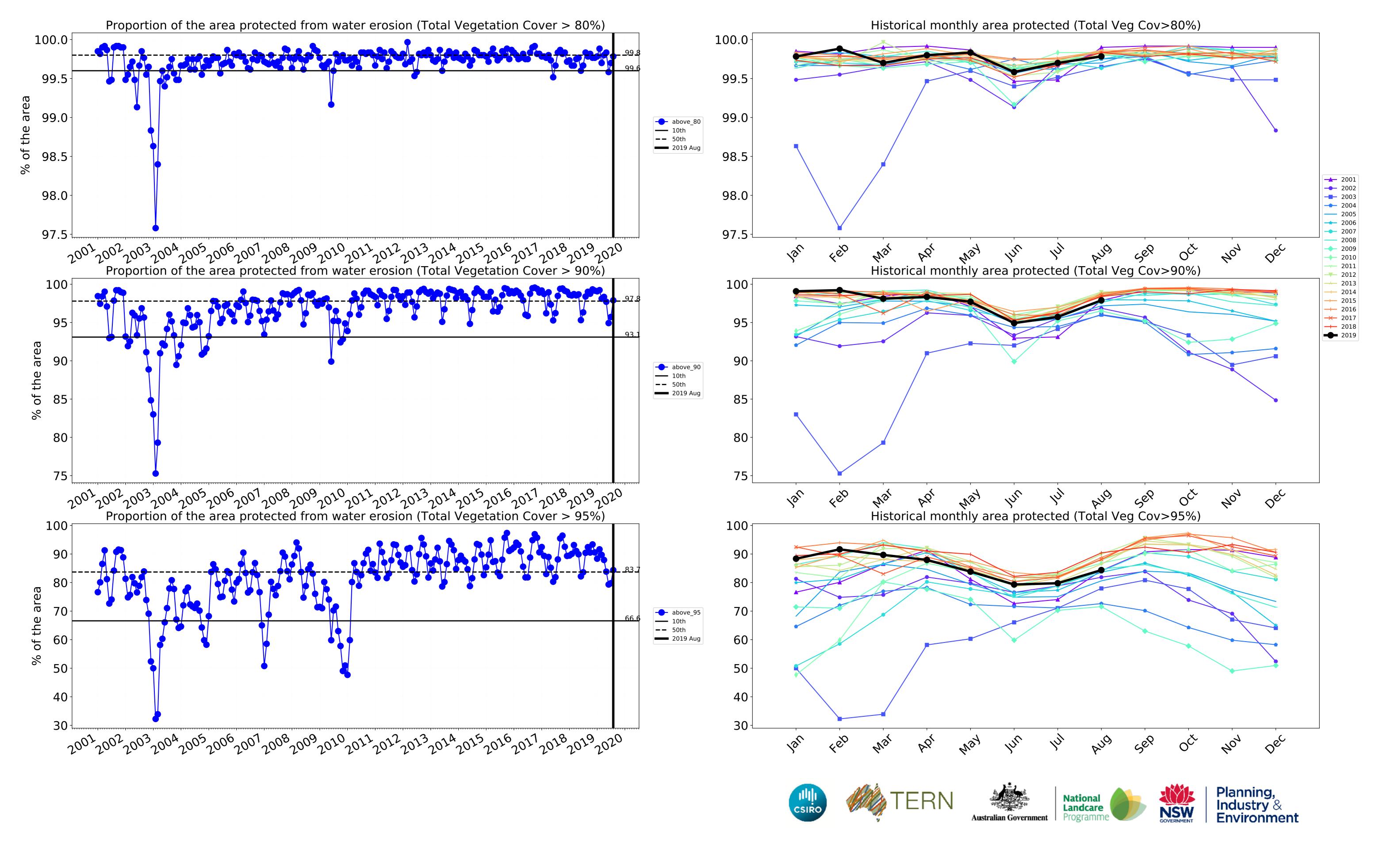




Conservation and natural environments timeseries







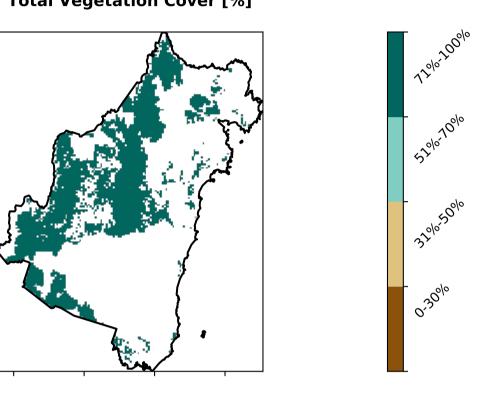
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest

Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Conservation and natural environments - Woodland

Total Vegetation Cover [%]

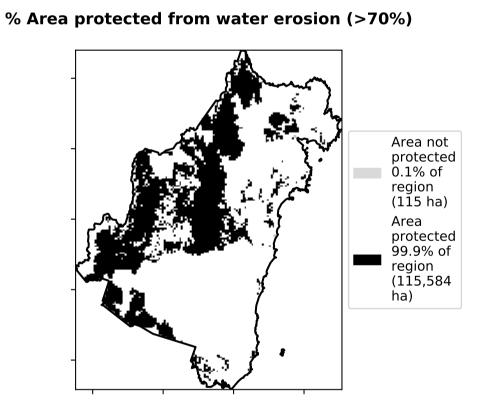


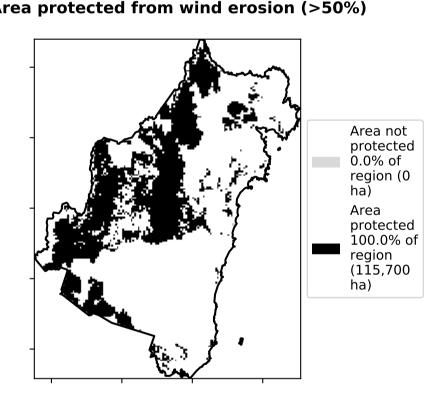
80 60 40 20 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% 0-30% 31%-50% 51%-70% 71%-100% **Total Vegetation Cover class** % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

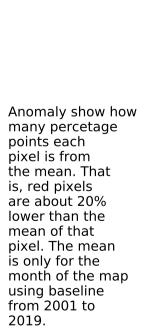
100

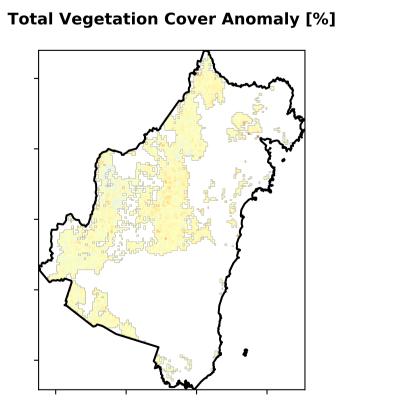
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

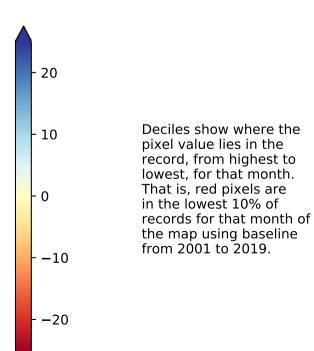
99.9%

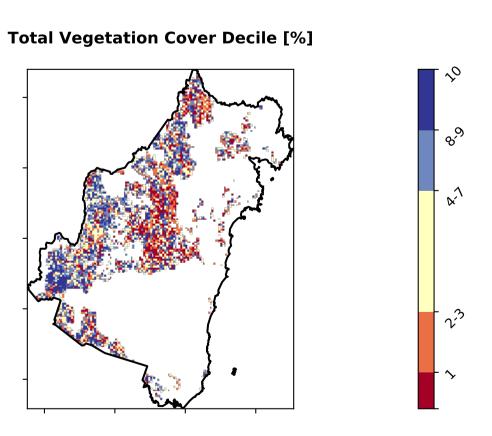














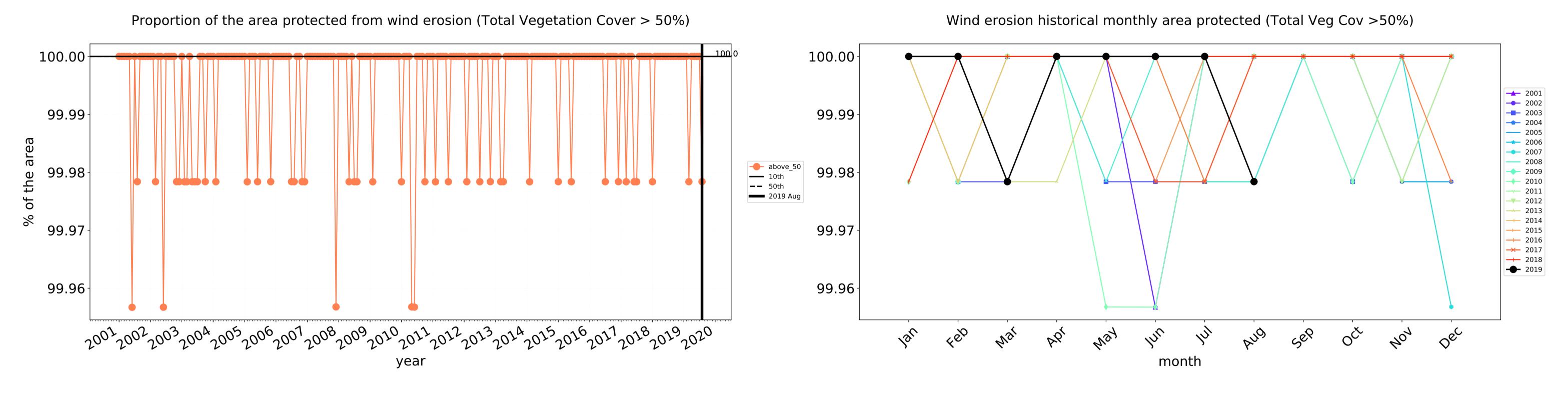


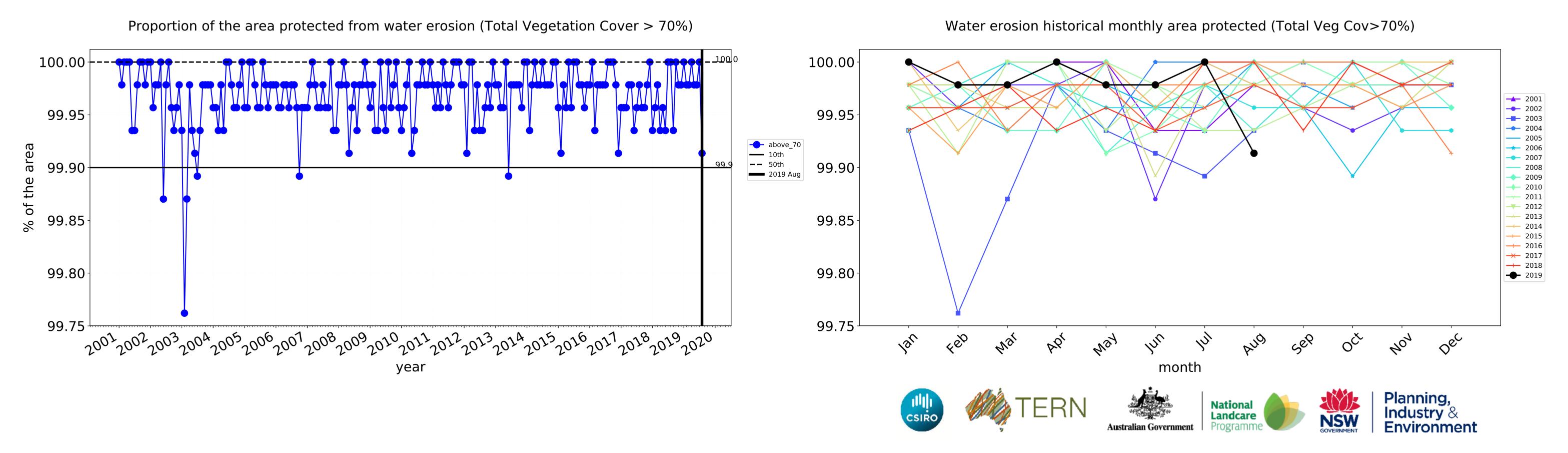


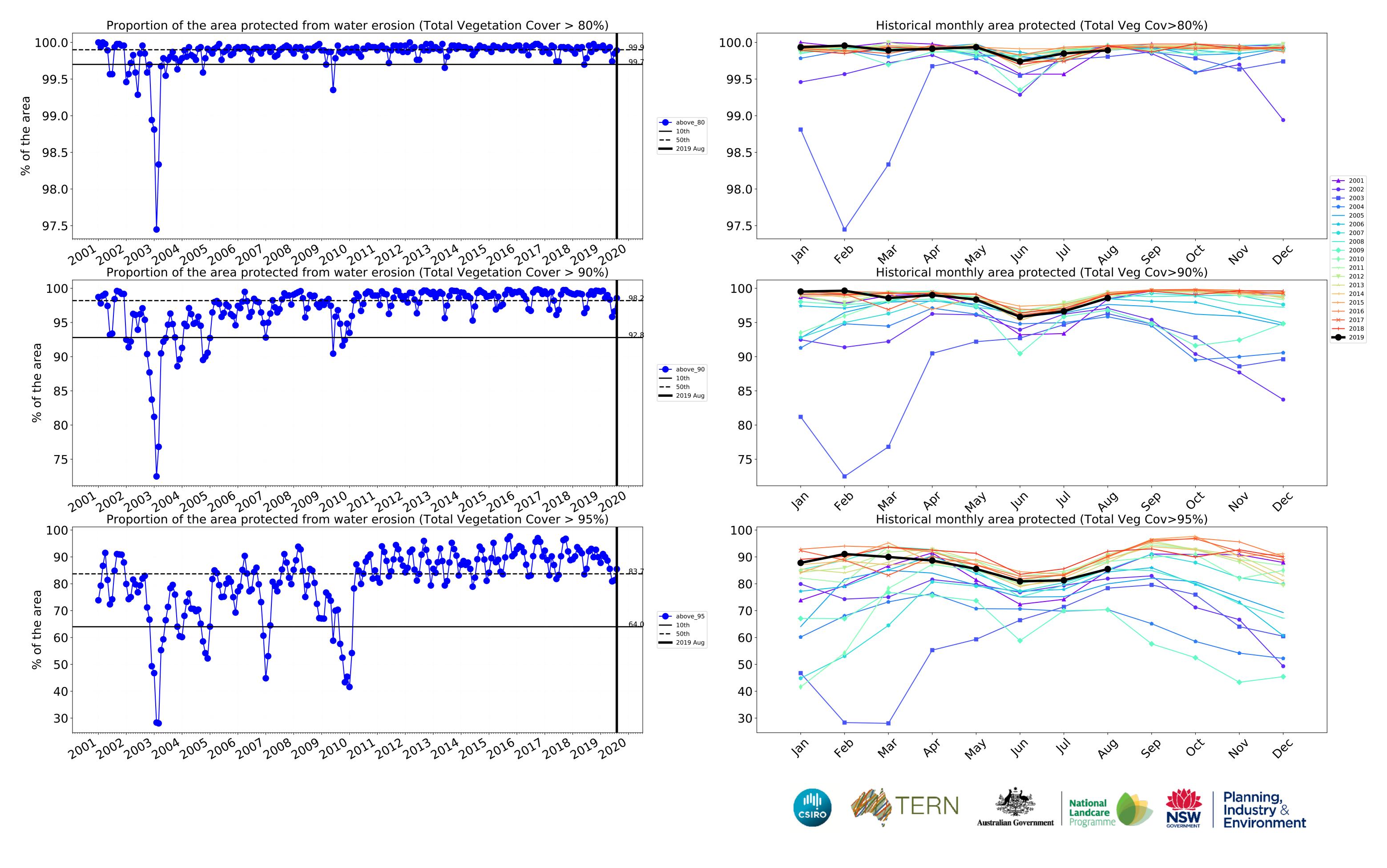












Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

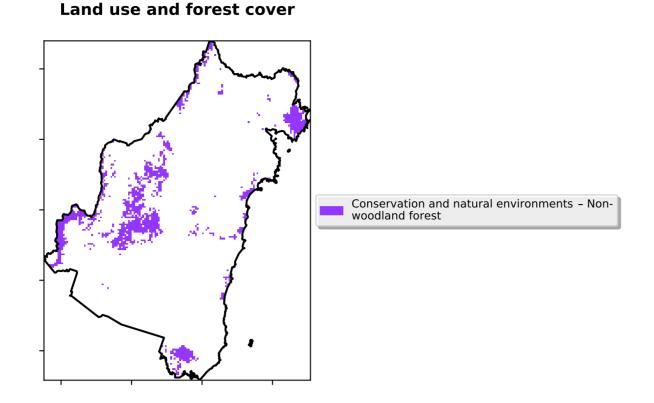
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from the mean. That

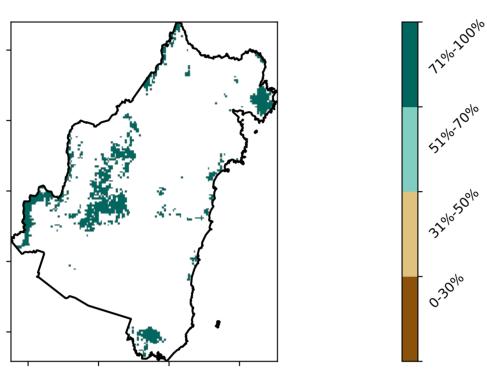
pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

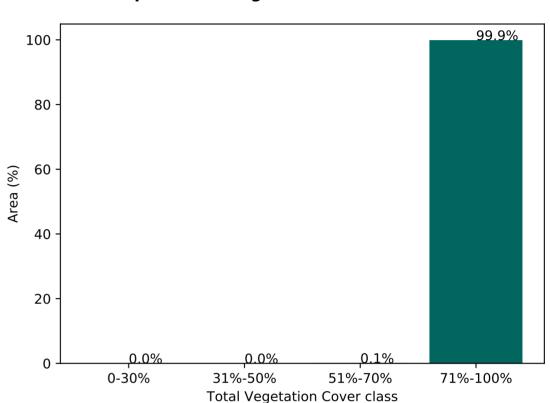
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that



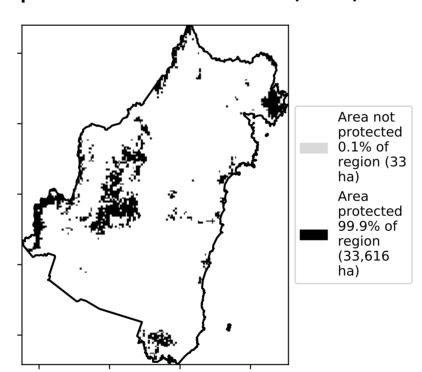
Total Vegetation Cover [%]



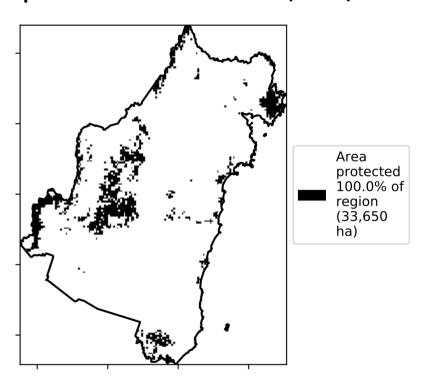
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



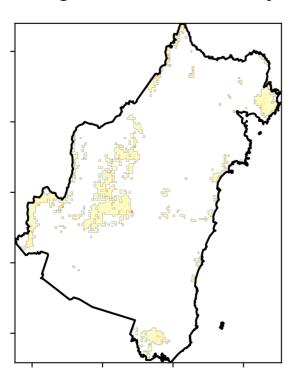
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

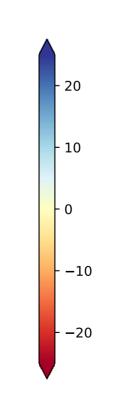


% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

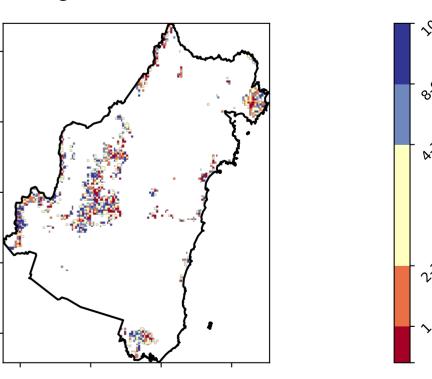


Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]





Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







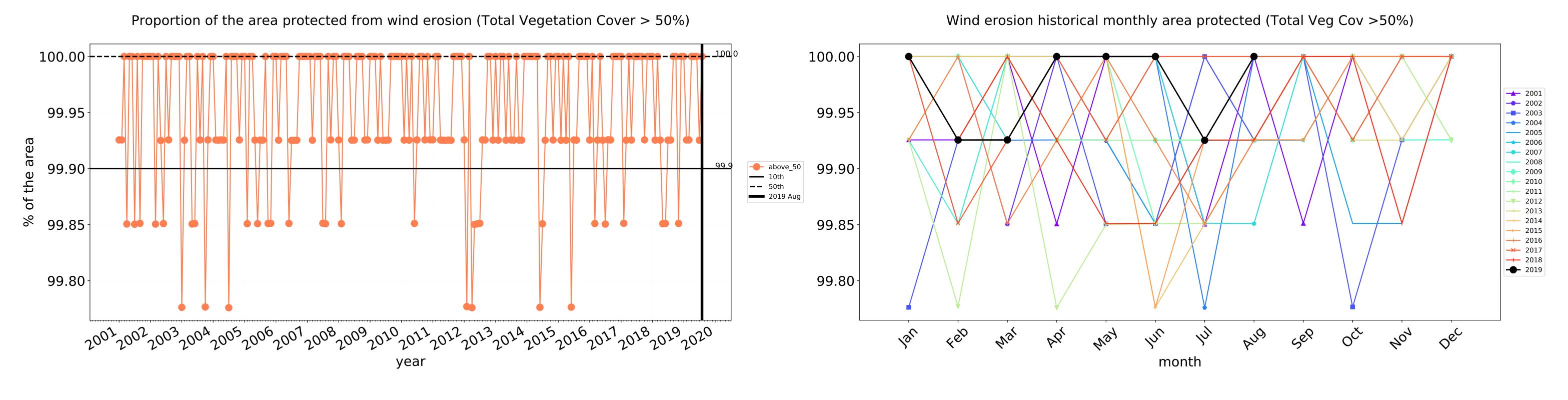


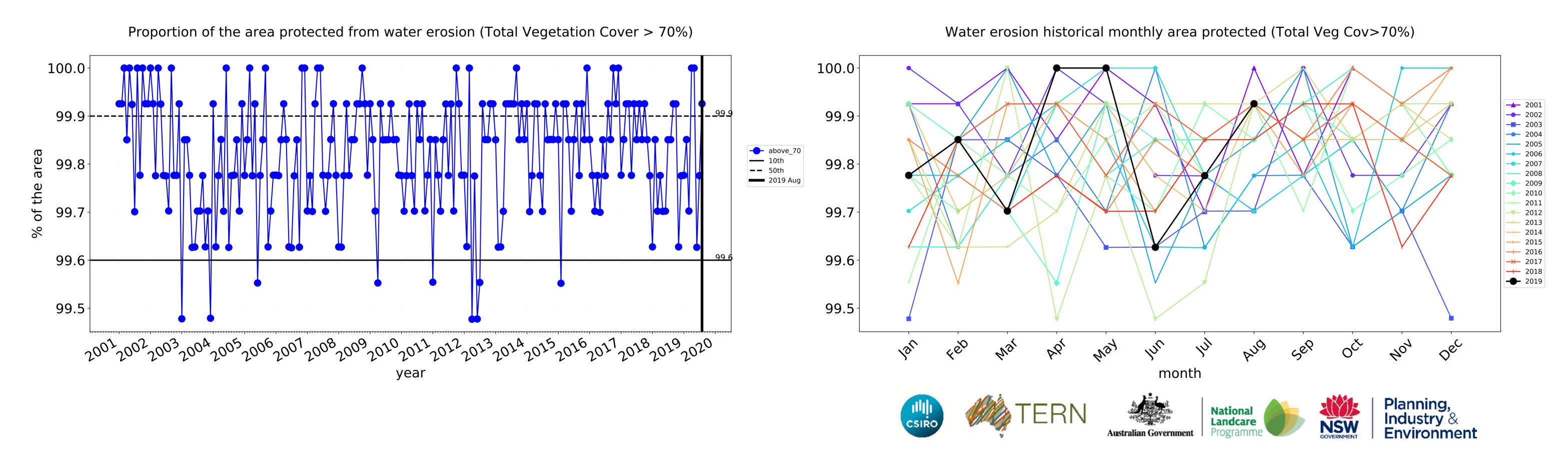


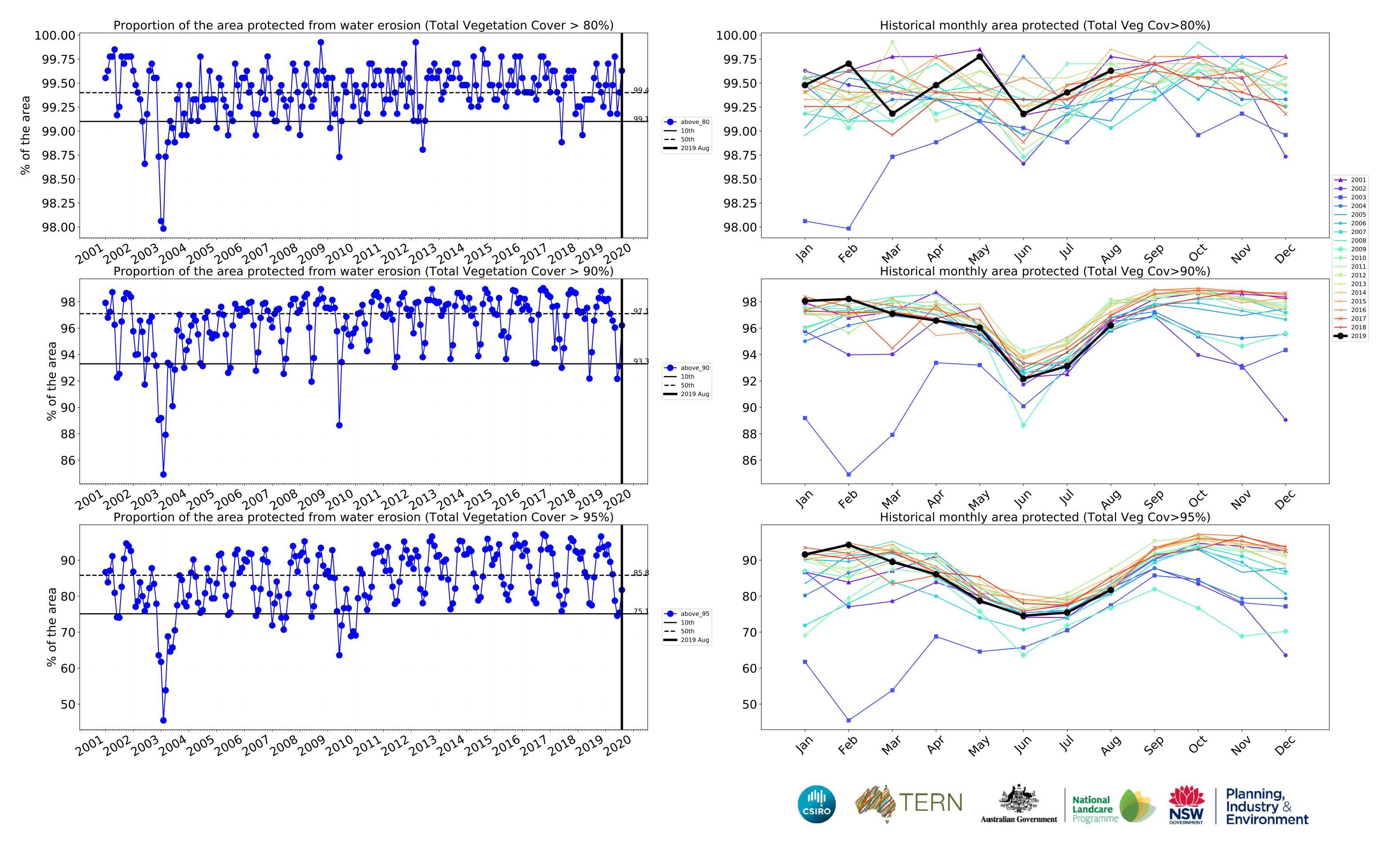




Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland) timeseries







Agriculture

Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

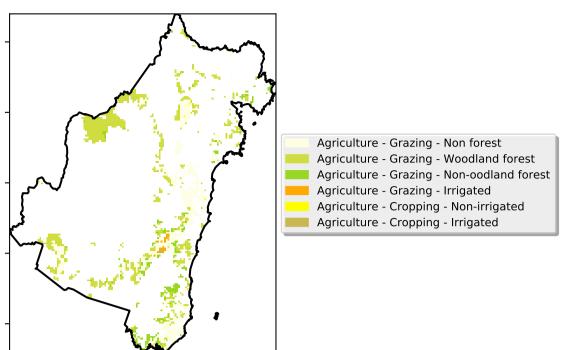
pixel is from

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean

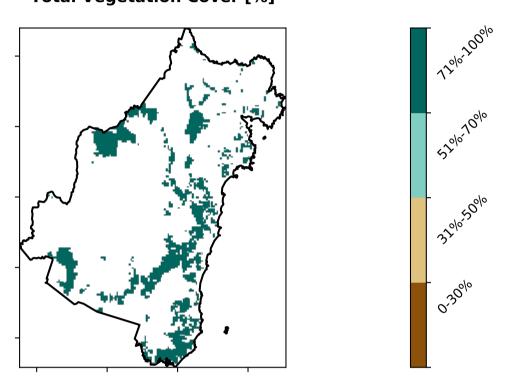
the mean. That

is only for the month of the map

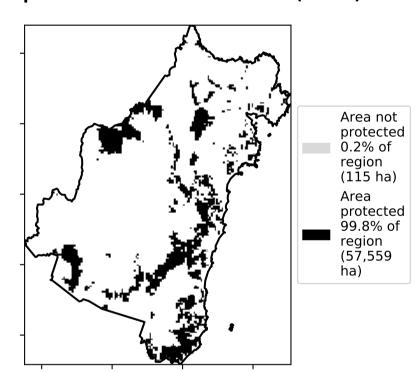
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



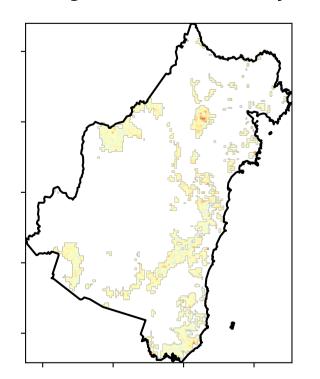
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

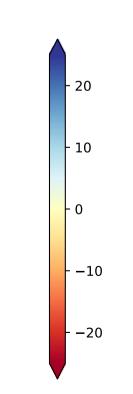


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



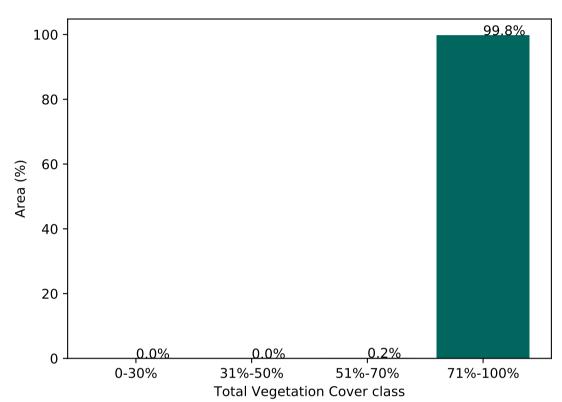
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



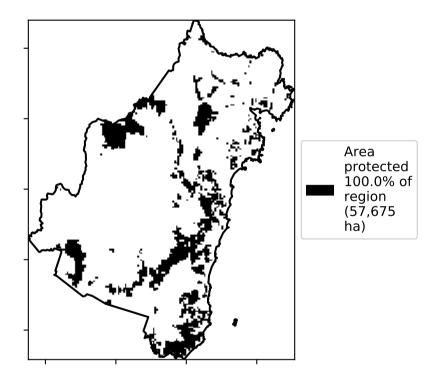


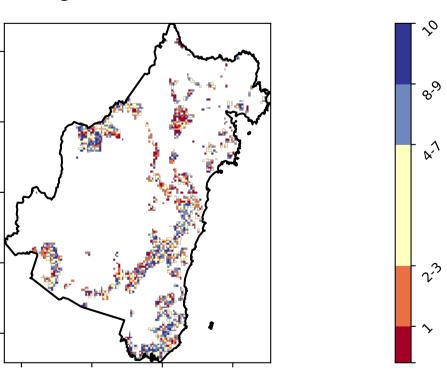
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









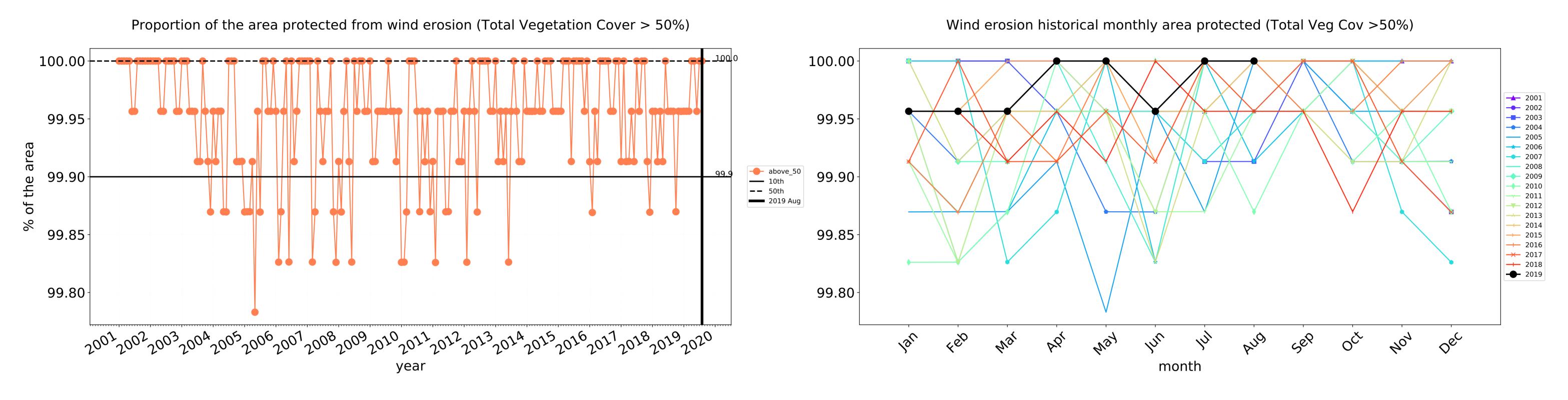


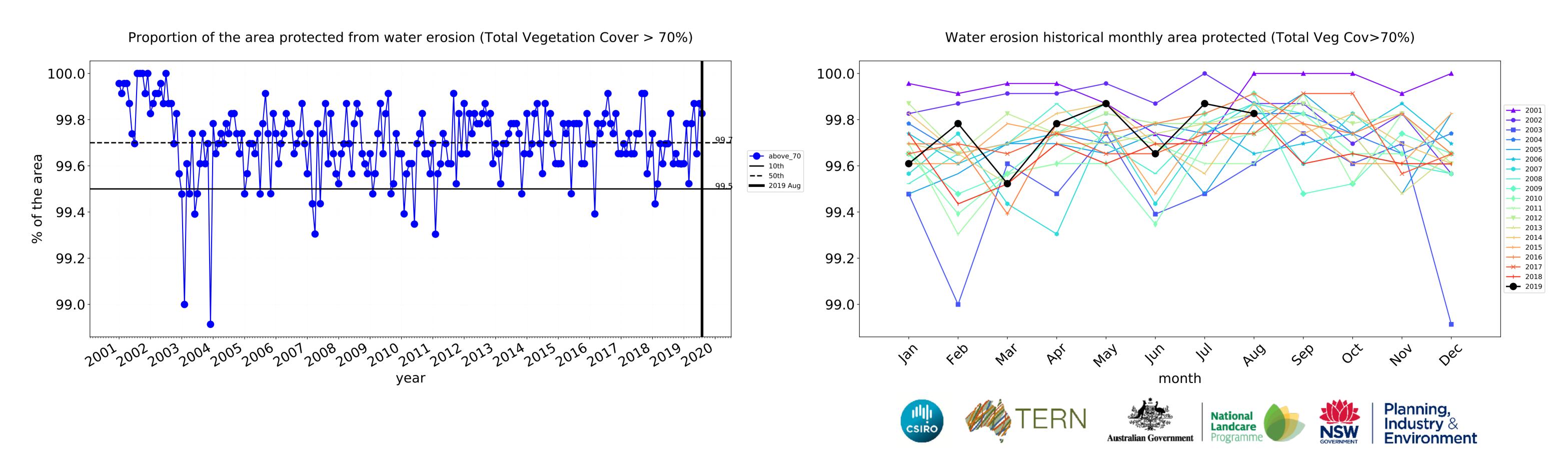


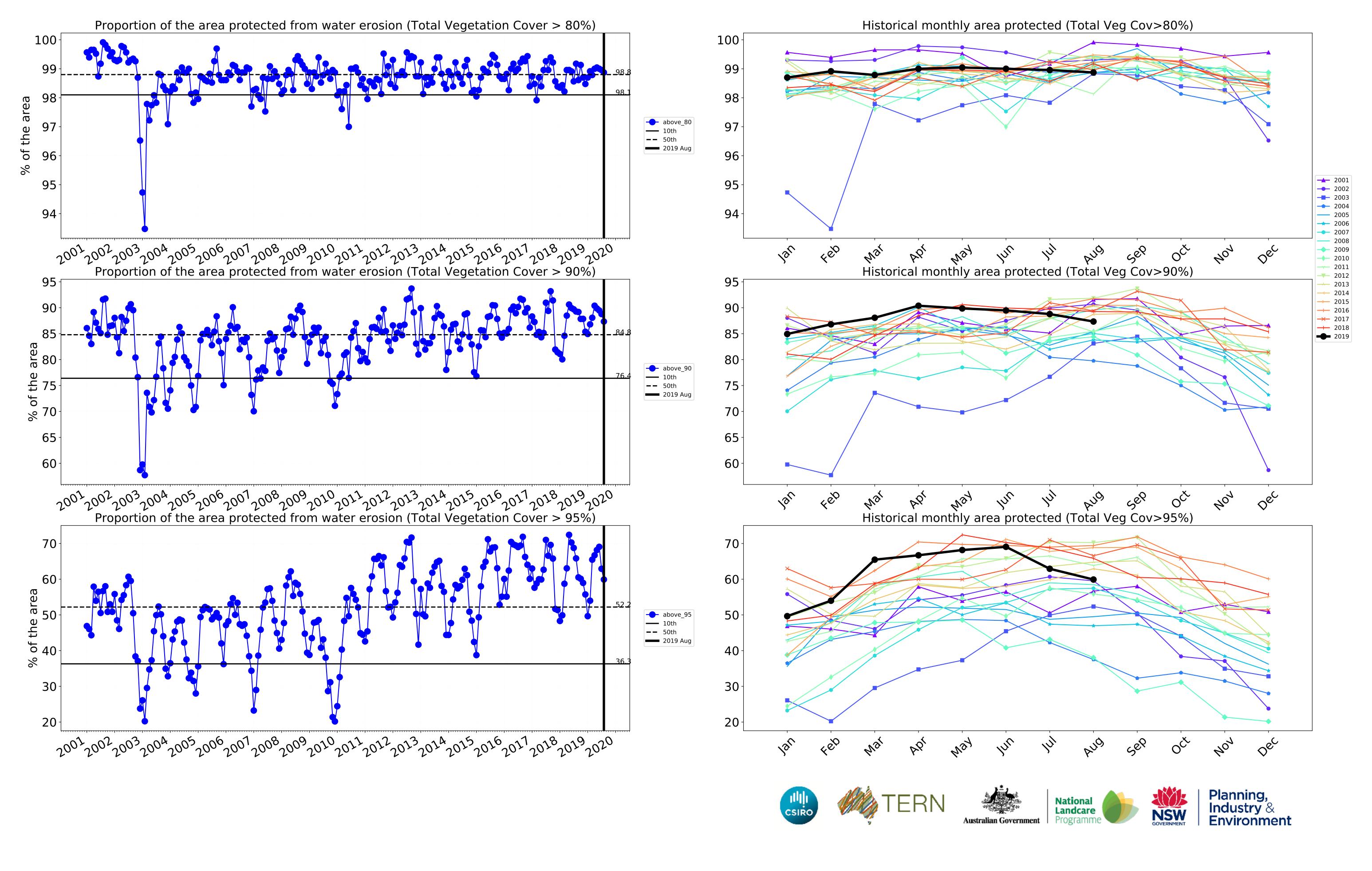




Agriculture timeseries







Grazing

Land use and forest cover

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

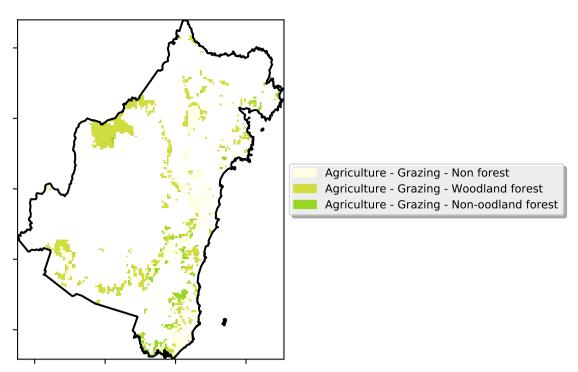
Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

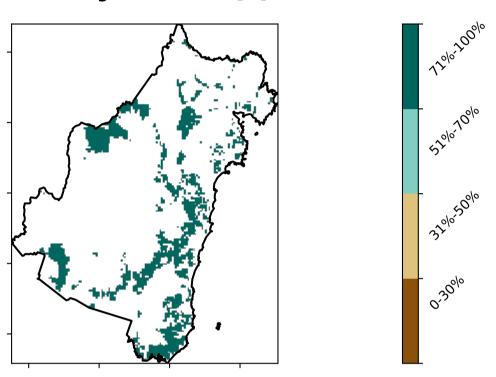
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

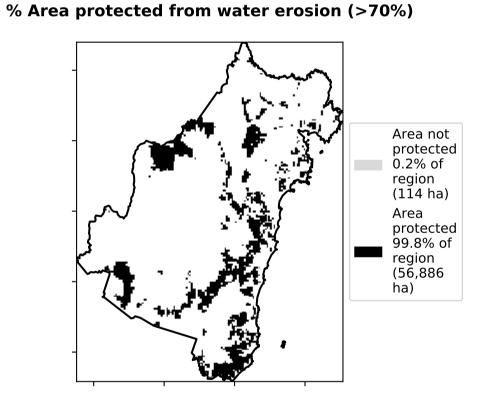
the mean. That

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

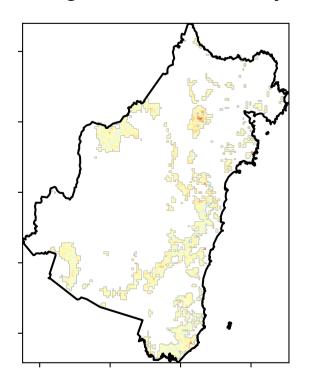


Total Vegetation Cover [%]





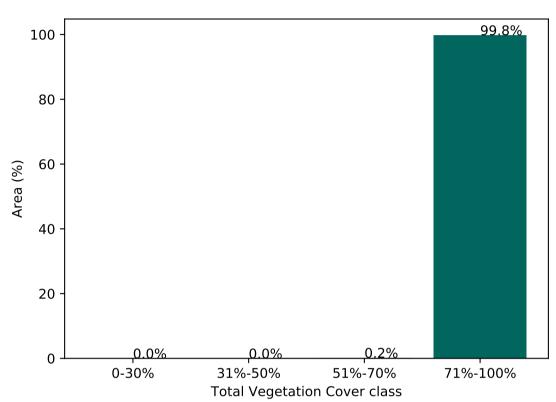
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



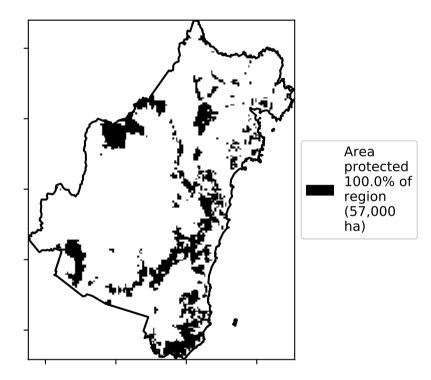
- 20 - 10 - 0 - -10 - -20

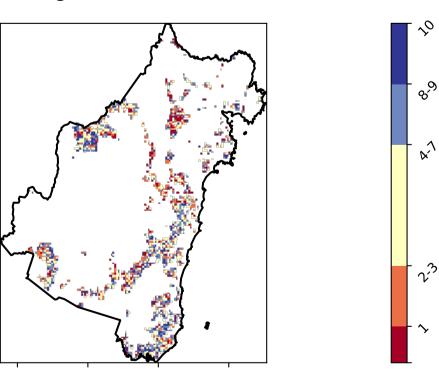
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









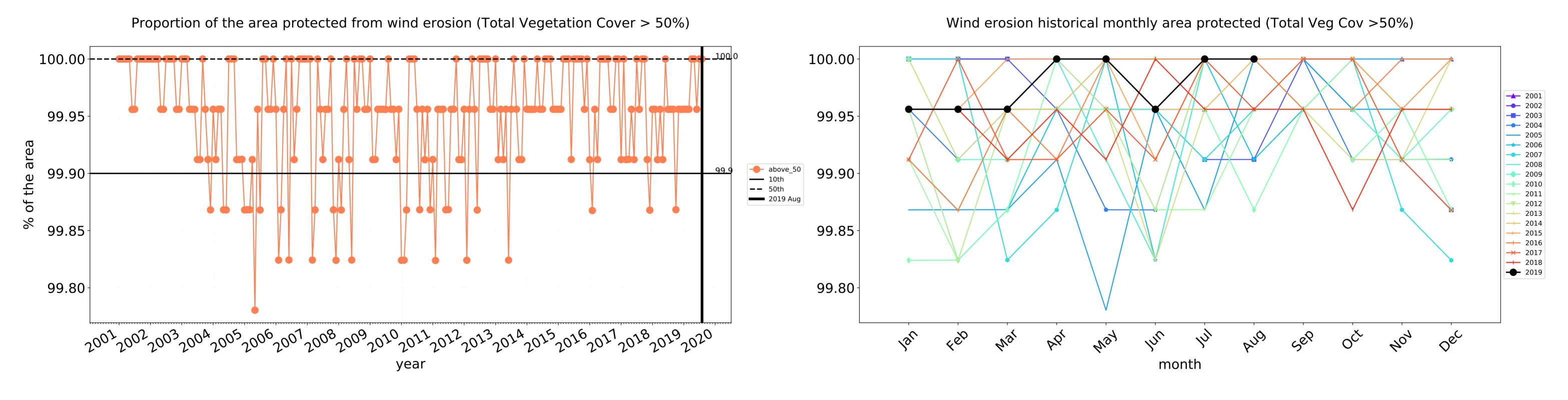


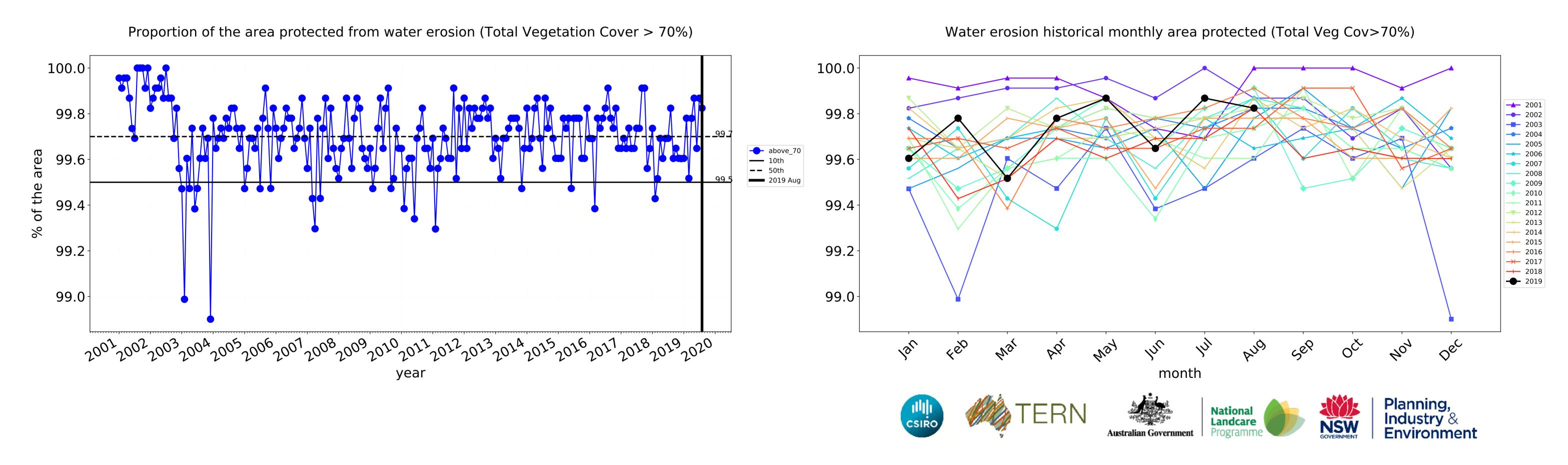


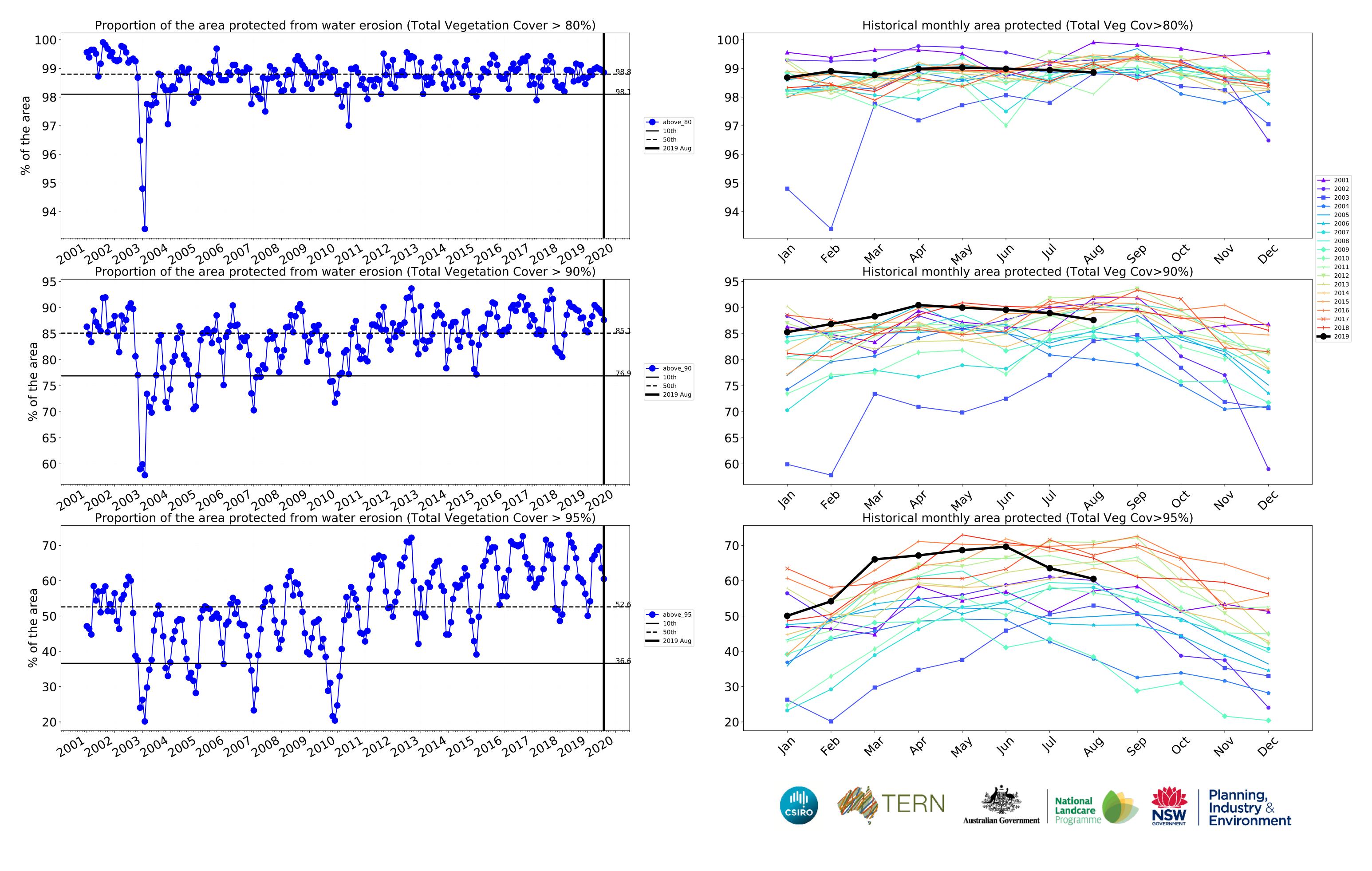




Grazing timeseries







Grazing non forest

Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover,

sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

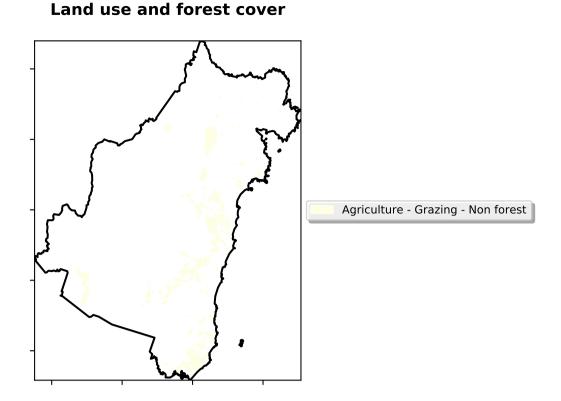
is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

the mean. That

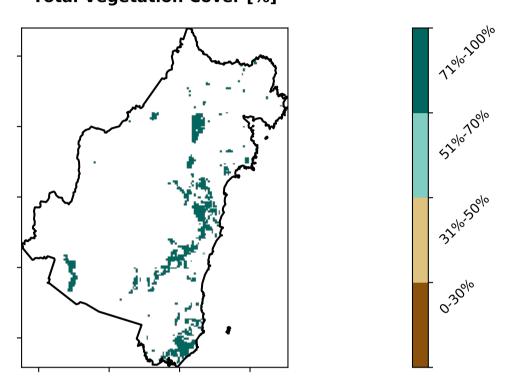
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

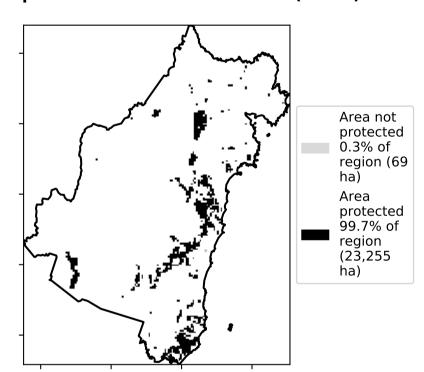
cover.



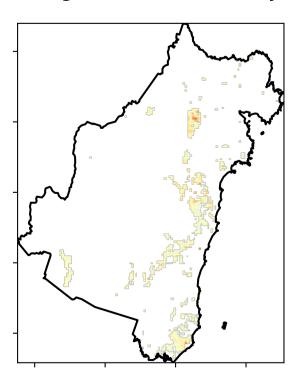
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

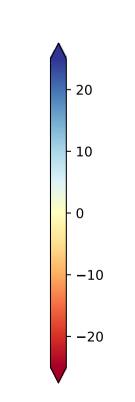


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



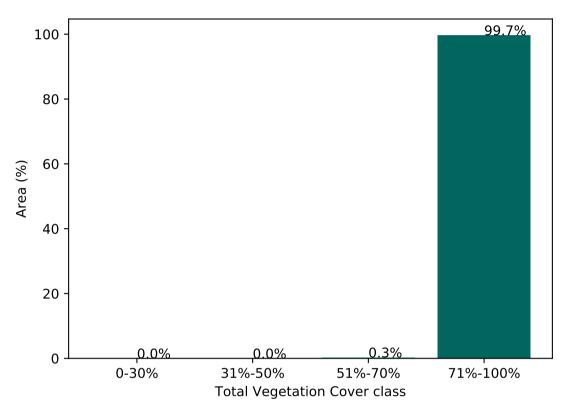
Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



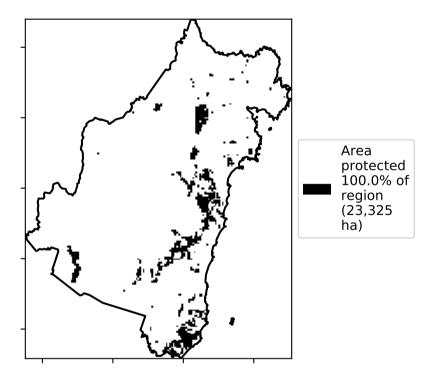


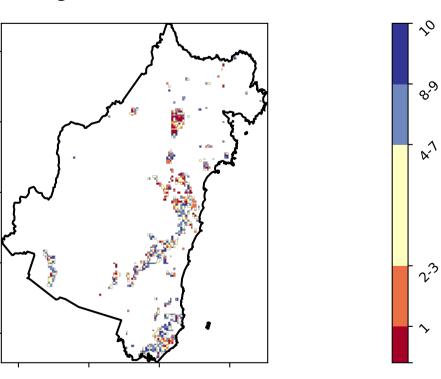
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)









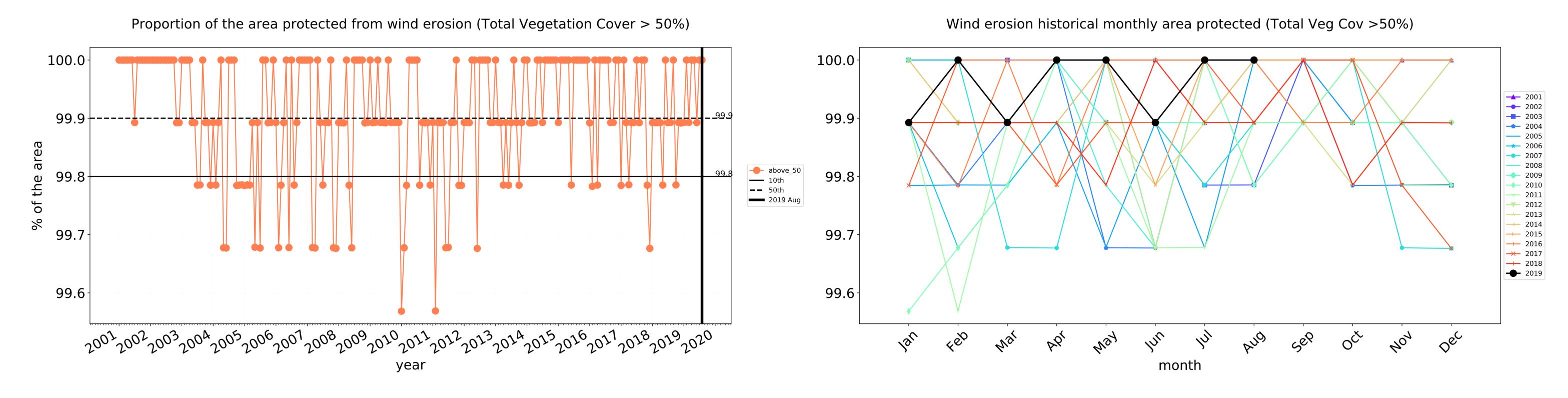


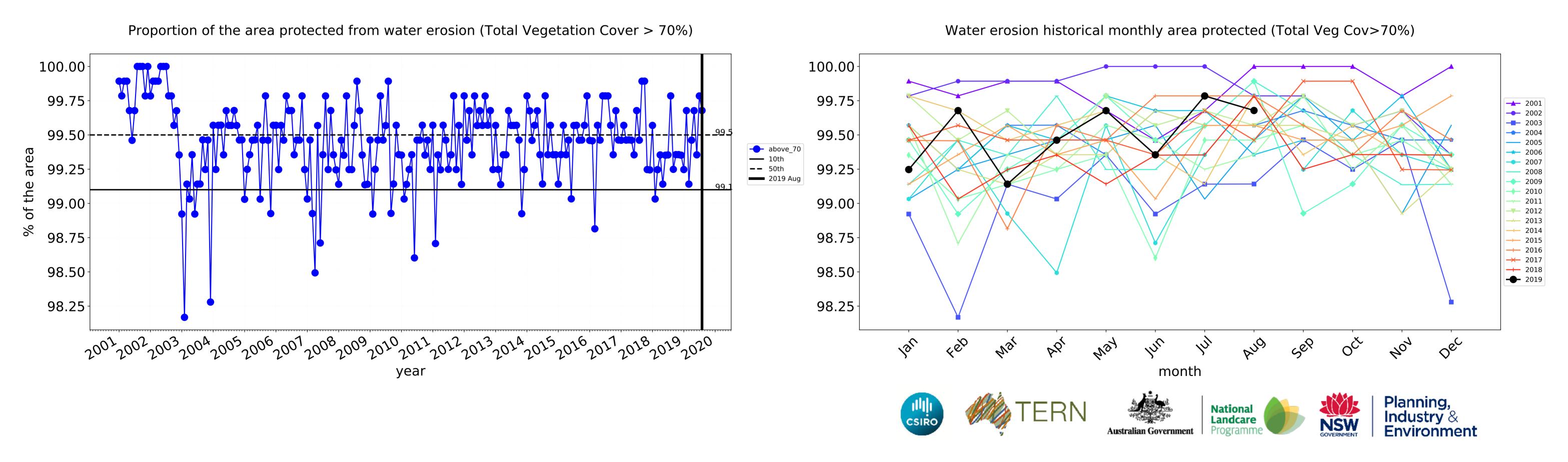


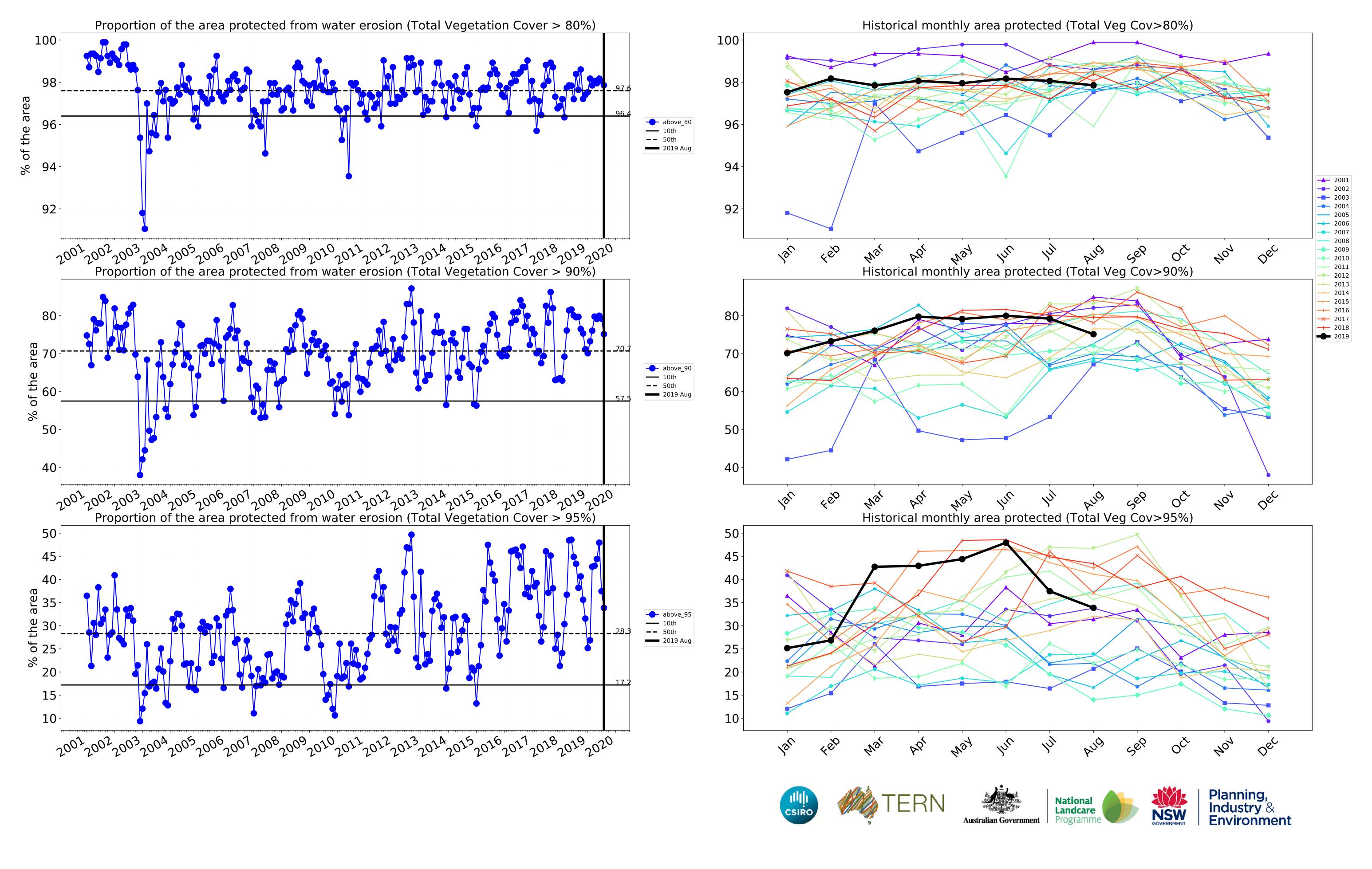




Grazing non forest timeseries



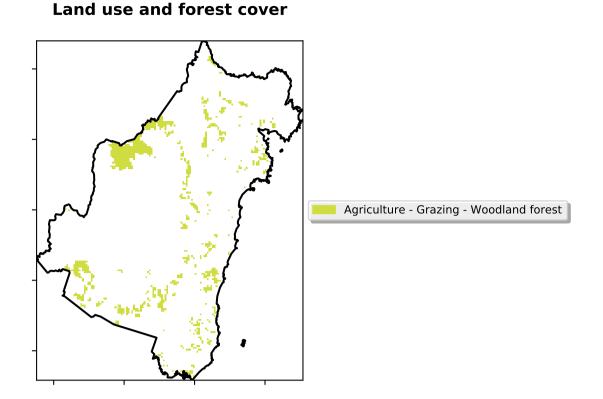




Grazing Woodland forest

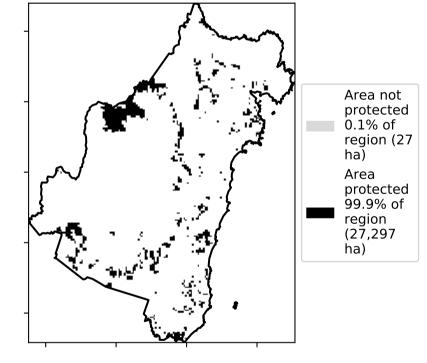
Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree

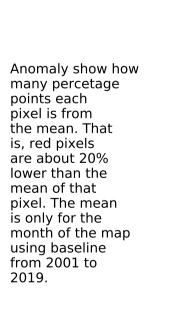
cover.

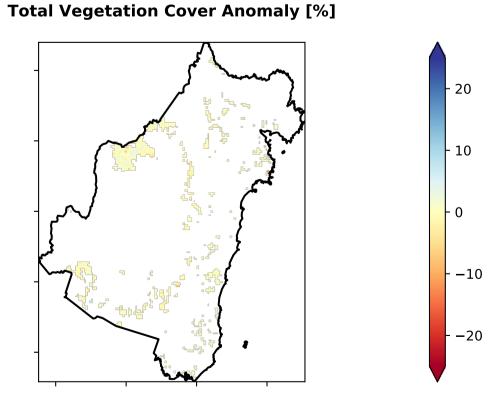


Total Vegetation Cover [%]

% Area protected from water erosion (>70%) Area not protected 0.1% of region (27 Area protected 99.9% of region (27,297 ha)

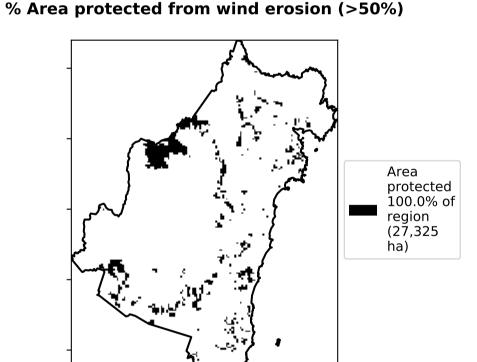


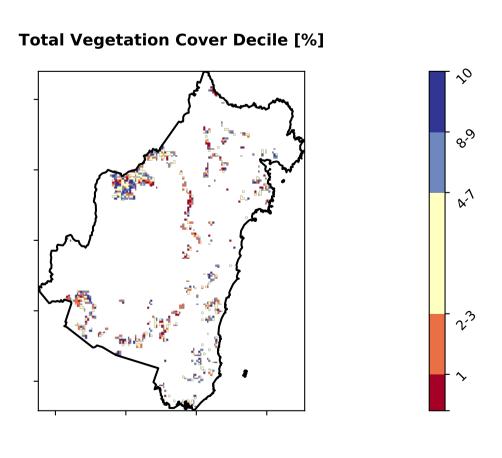




Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Proportion of vegetation cover class in area 99.9% 100 80 60 40 20 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% 51%-70% 0-30% 31%-50% 71%-100% **Total Vegetation Cover class**









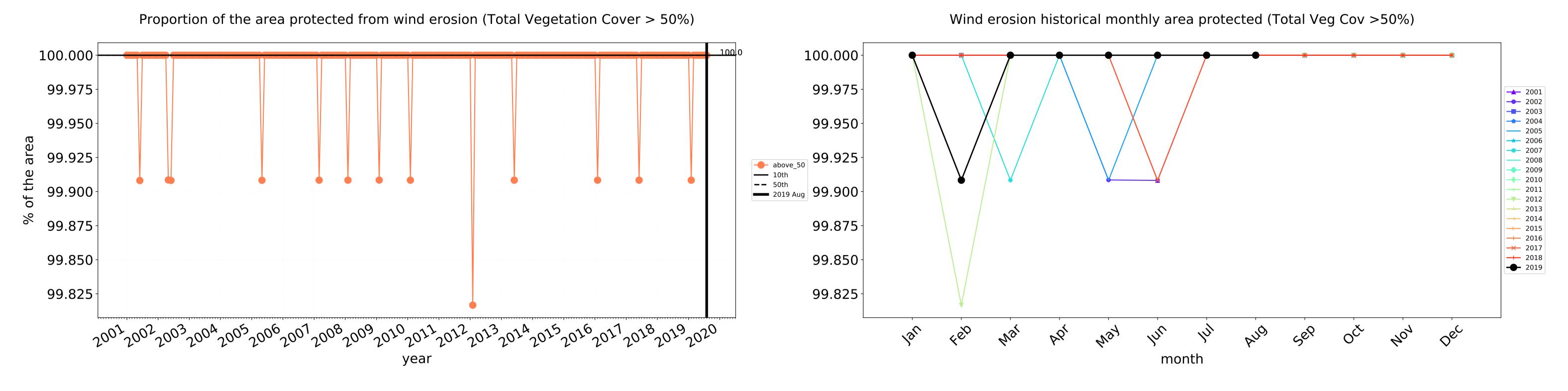


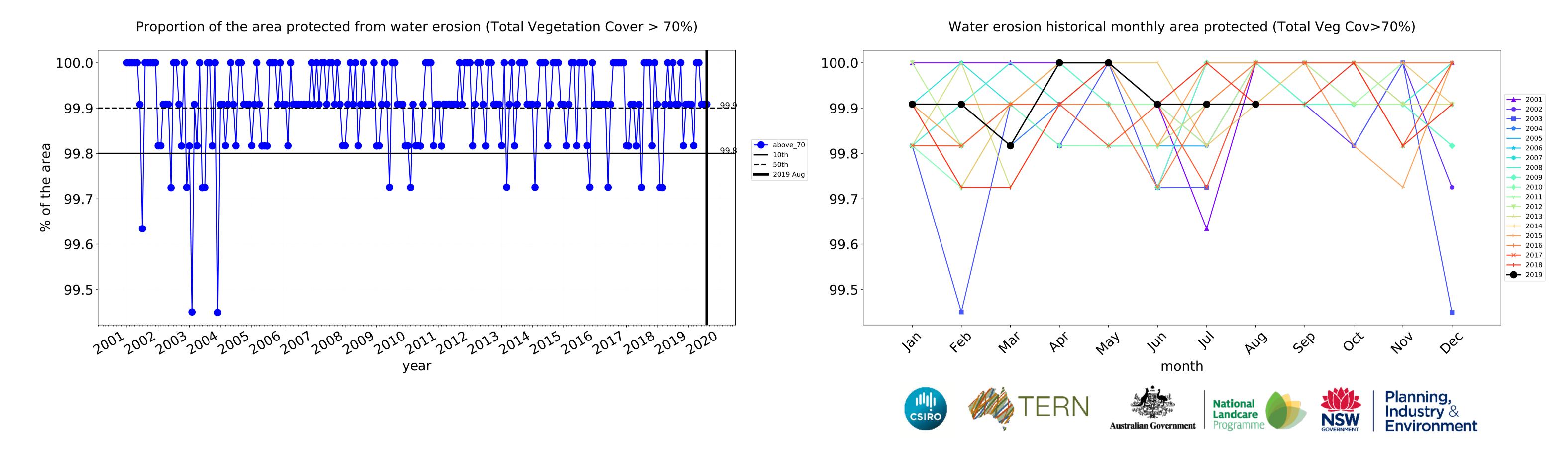


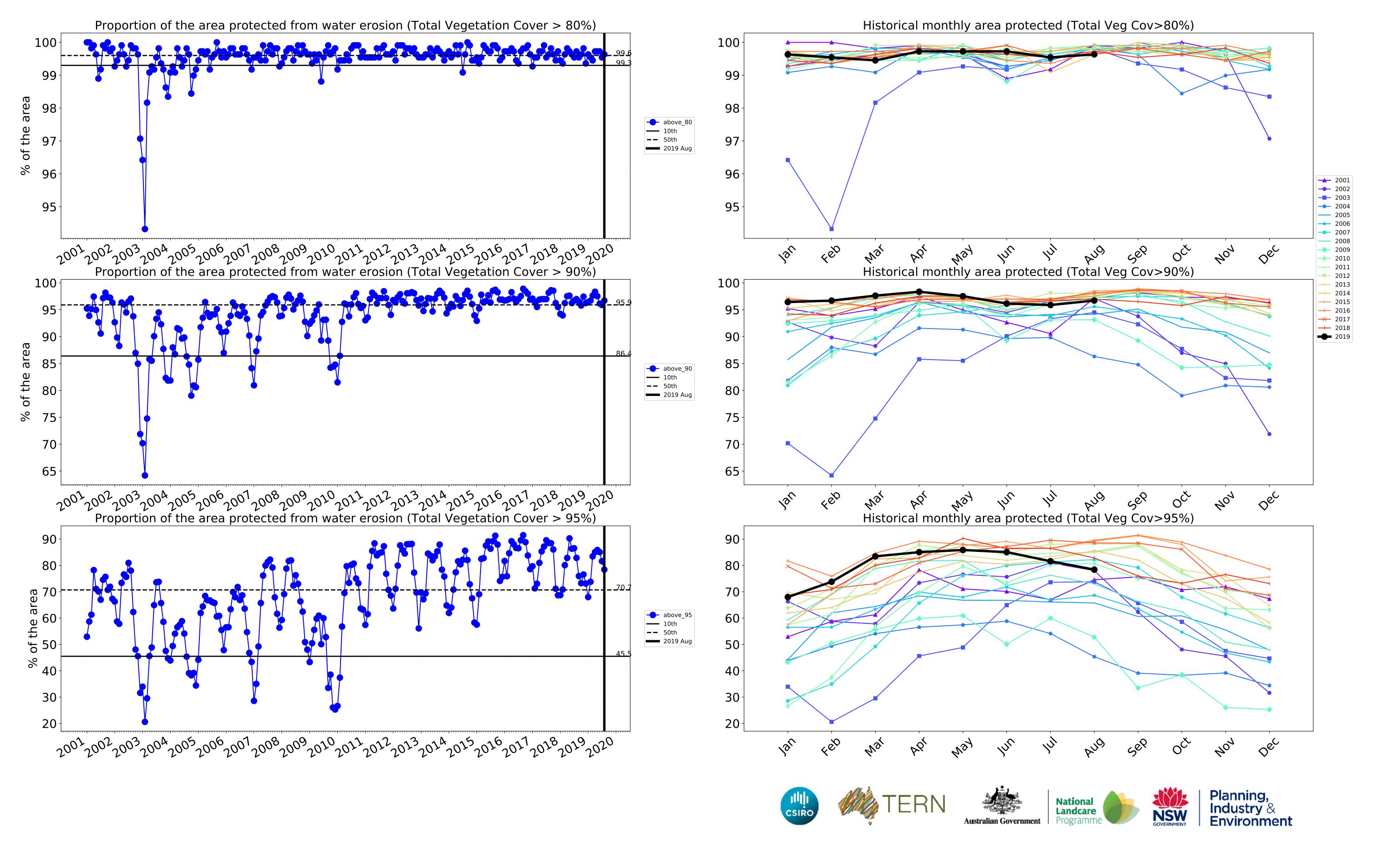




Grazing Woodland forest timeseries







Grazing - Forest (non woodland)

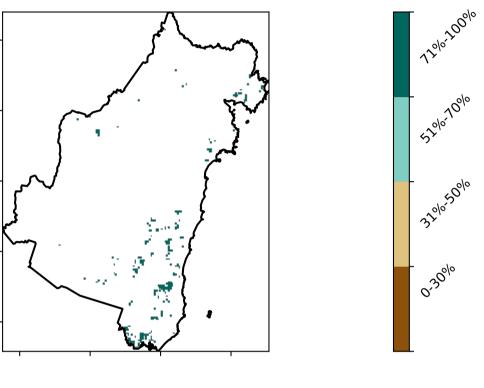
Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree

cover.

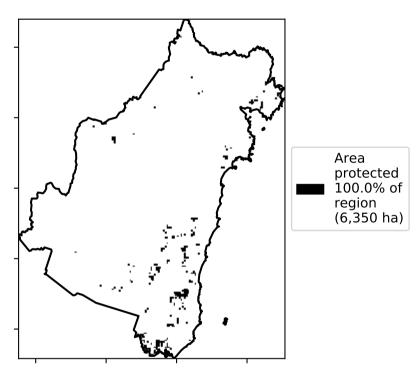
Agriculture - Grazing - Non-oodland forest

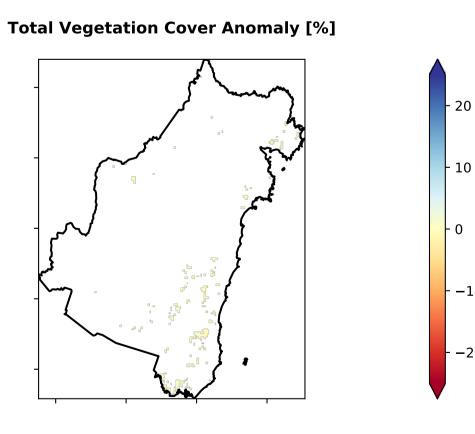
Land use and forest cover

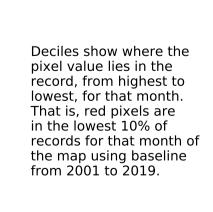
Total Vegetation Cover [%]

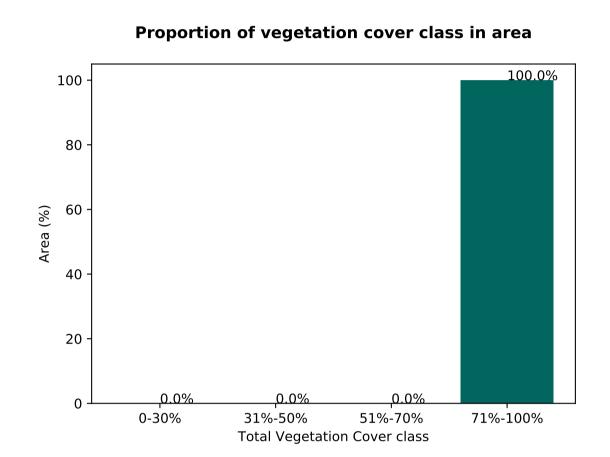


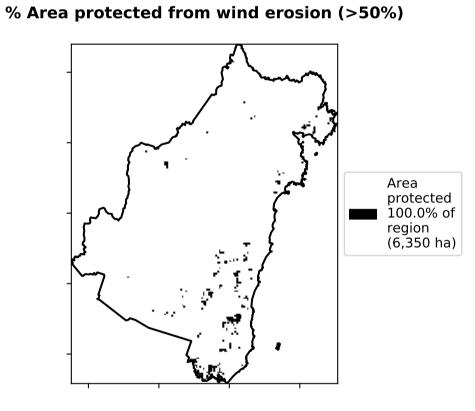
% Area protected from water erosion (>70%) Area protected 100.0% of region (6,350 ha)

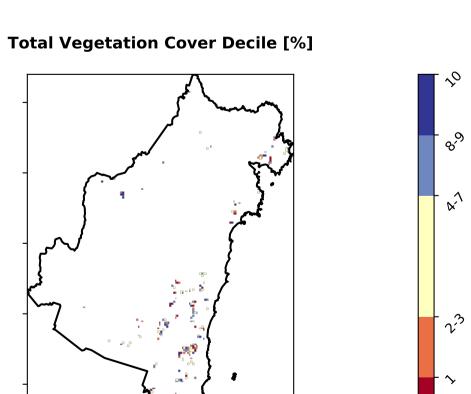












Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





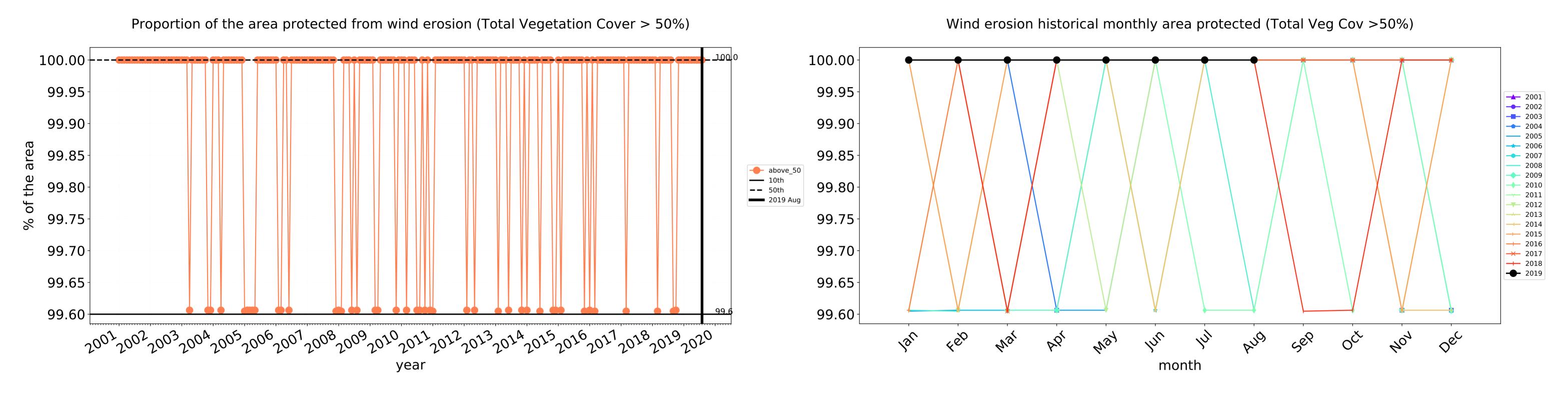


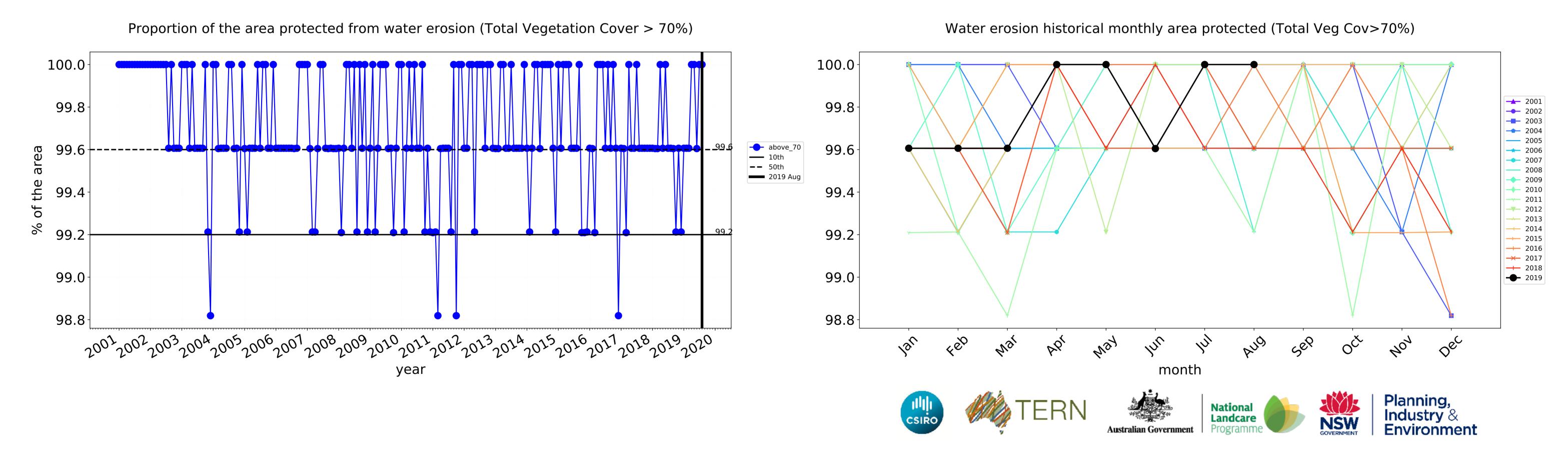


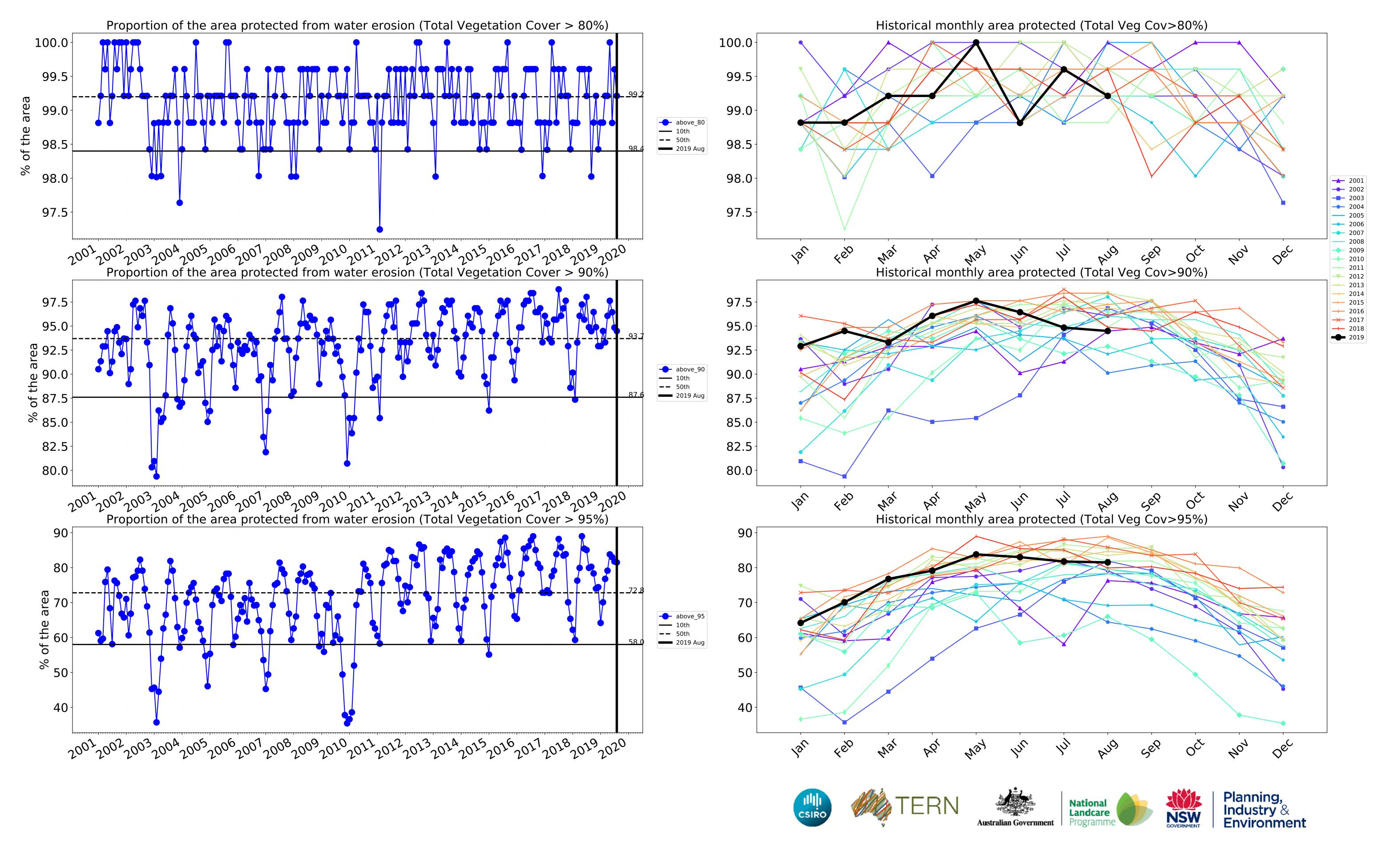


-10

-20







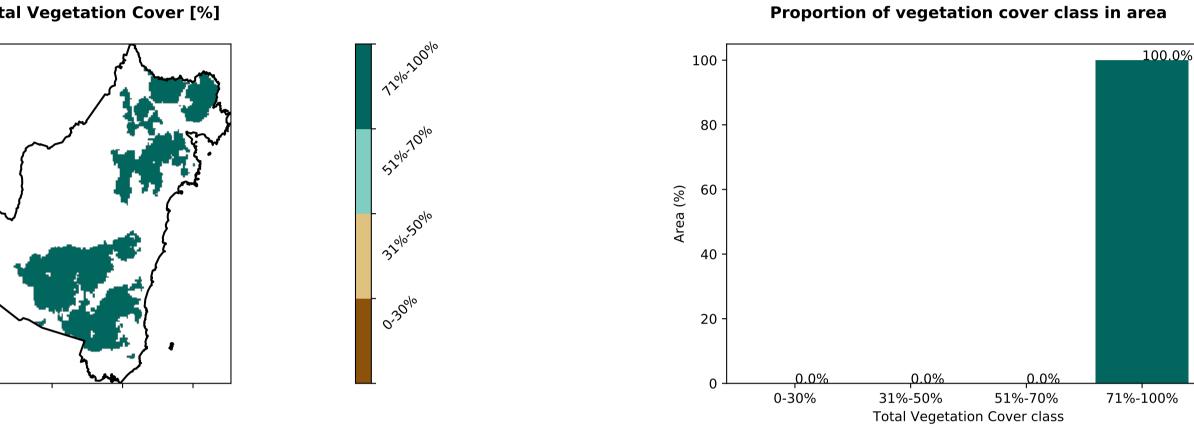
Production native forests and plantation forests

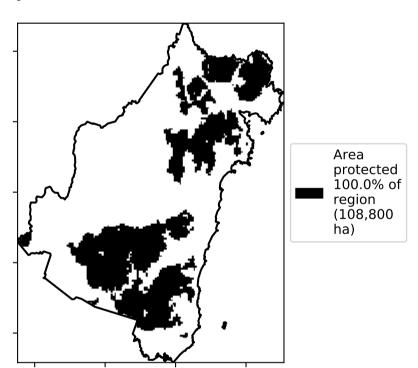
Land use and forest cover

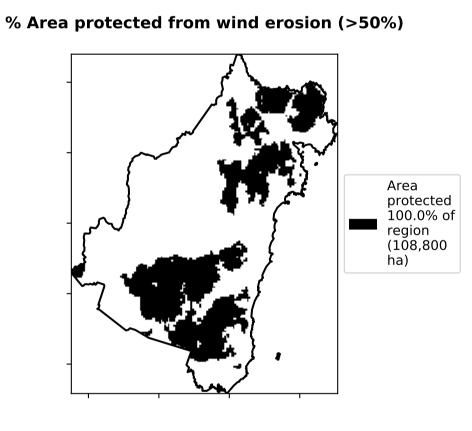
Landuse map of area based on 2015 catchment scale landuse and Australia's National Forest Inventory, where no forest is < 20% tree cover, sparse is 20 to 50% and dense > 50% tree cover.

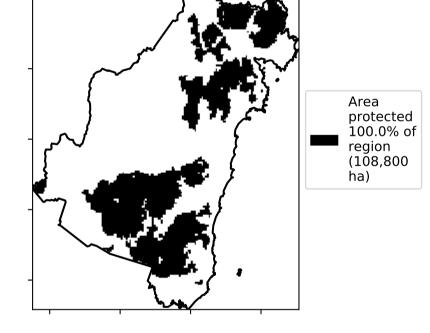
Production native forests and plantation forests

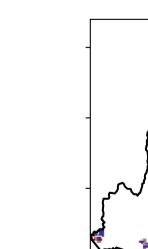
Total Vegetation Cover [%]







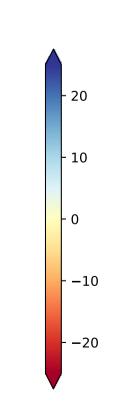




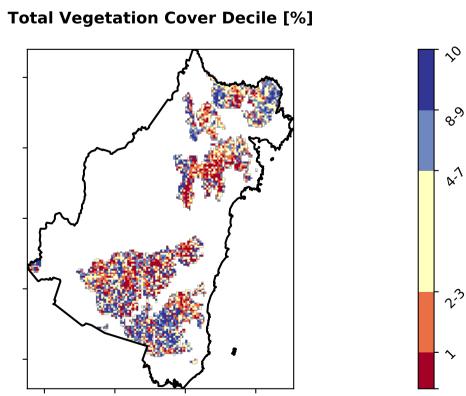


% Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







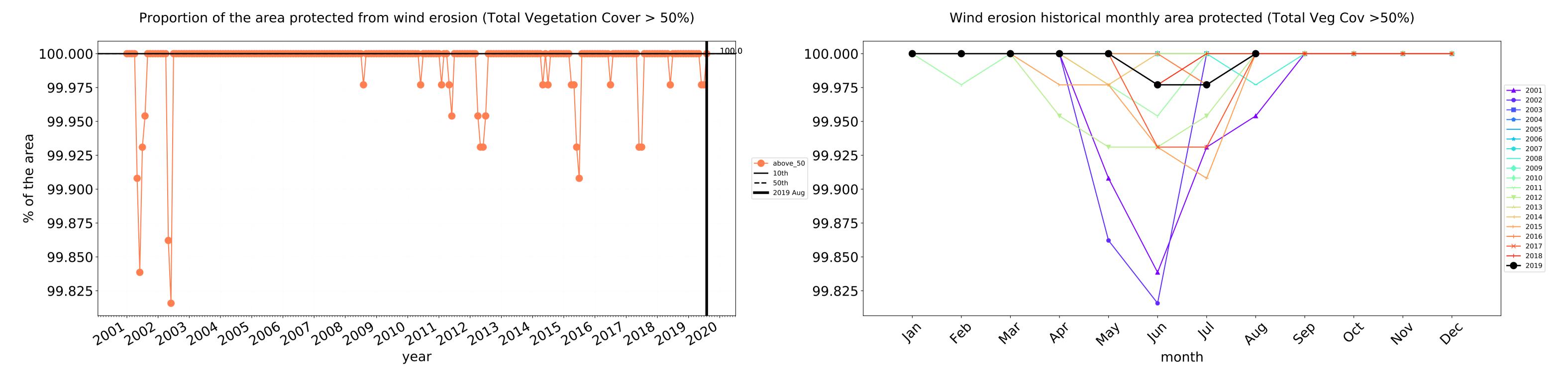


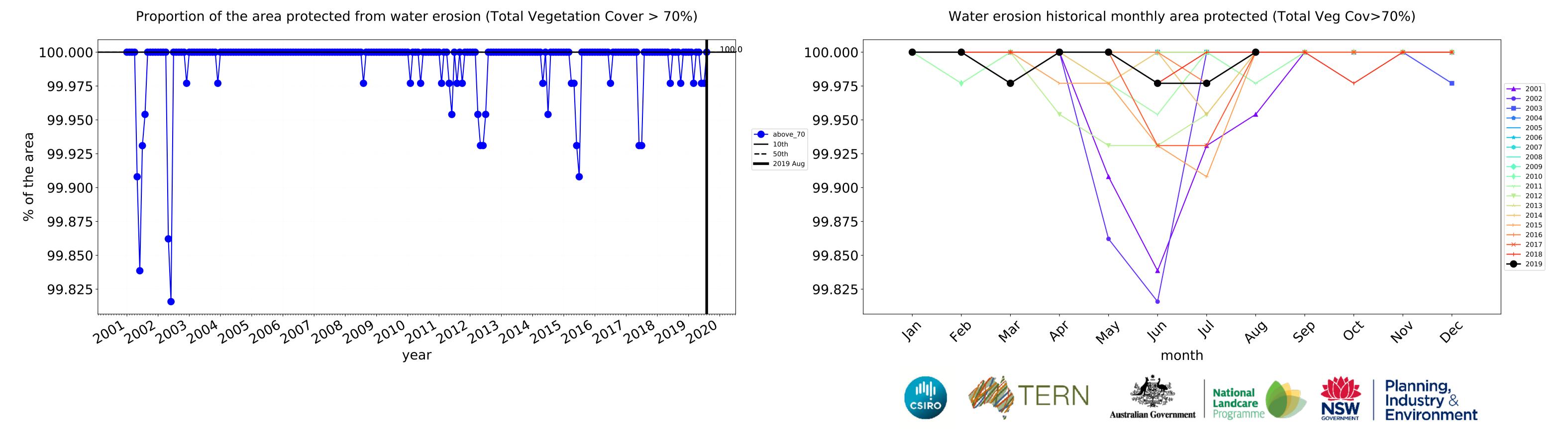


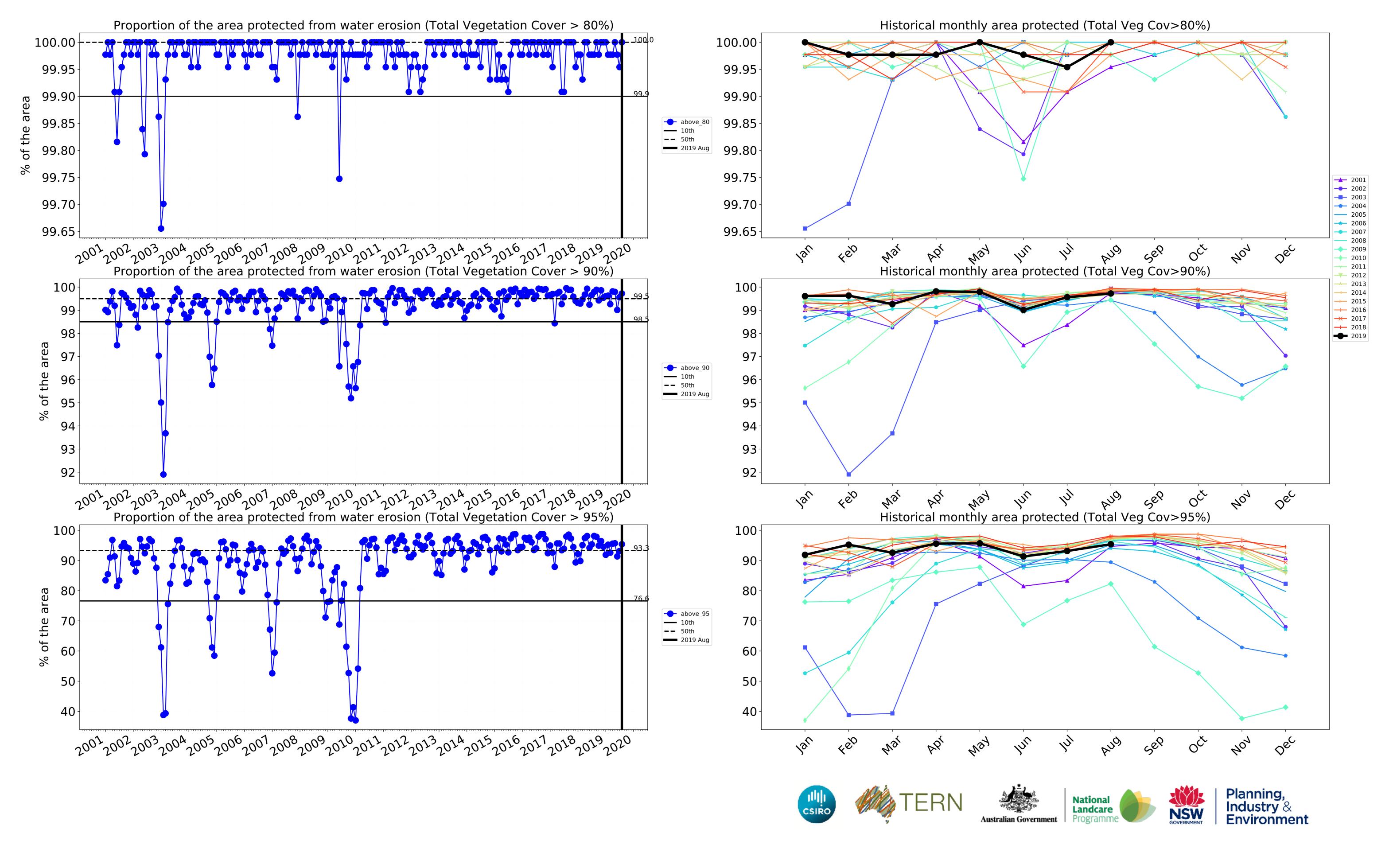




Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries







Eurobodalla_(A) (336,225 ha and no data 6,737 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	336,225	100.0% 336,225	99.9% 336,050	99.5% 334,650	98.8% 332,050	94.3% 317,150	80.6% 271,025
Conservation and natural environments	148,947	100.0% 148,947	100.0% 148,898	99.9% 148,774	99.8% 148,625	97.9% 145,822	84.4% 125,681
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	113,980	100.0% 113,980	100.0% 113,955	99.9% 113,881	99.9% 113,857	98.6% 112,354	85.5% 97,429
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	33,622	100.0% 33,622	100.0% 33,622	99.9% 33,597	99.6% 33,497	96.2% 32,348	81.7% 27,477
Agriculture	56,822	100.0% 56,822	100.0% 56,822	99.8% 56,723	98.9% 56,181	87.3% 49,629	59.9% 34,039
Grazing	56,485	100.0% 56,485	100.0% 56,485	99.8% 56,386	98.9% 55,841	87.6% 49,499	60.5% 34,188
Grazing non forest	23,199	100.0% 23,199	100.0% 23,199	99.7% 23,124	97.9% 22,702	75.1% 17,430	33.9% 7,857
Grazing Woodland forest	26,898	100.0% 26,898	100.0% 26,898	99.9% 26,873	99.6% 26,799	96.7% 26,012	78.4% 21,090
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	6,388	100.0% 6,388	100.0% 6,388	100.0% 6,388	99.2% 6,337	94.5% 6,036	81.5% 5,206
Production native forests and plantation forests	106,919	100.0% 106,919	100.0% 106,919	100.0% 106,919	100.0% 106,919	99.7% 106,624	95.4% 102,005











