# Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Byron\_(A) NSW

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

**Date: December 2022** 

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

# **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

# Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

# **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3









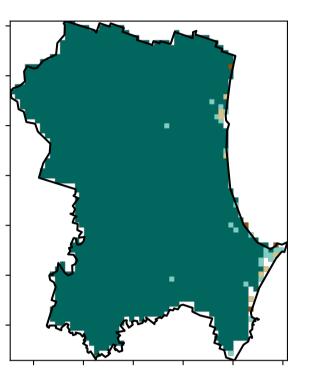
# **Vegetation Cover Dec 2022**

### Land use and forest cover

# Legend with land class forest cover and number, i.e. Forests is 12 1 Conservation and natural environments - Non-forest 2 Conservation and natural environments - Woodland forest 3 Conservation and natural environments - Non-Woodland forest 4 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-forest 5 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 6 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest 7 Agriculture - Grazing - Irrigated 8 Agriculture - Cropping - Irrigated 9 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 10 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 11 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated 12 Production native forests and plantation forests 13 Other uses

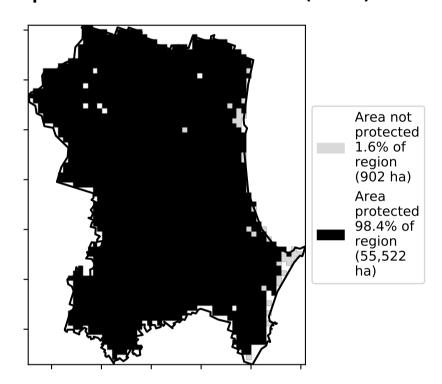
### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

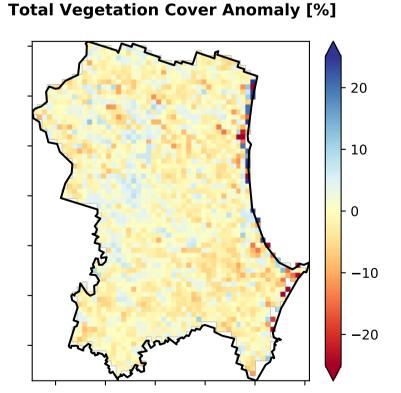


7200,2000

### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

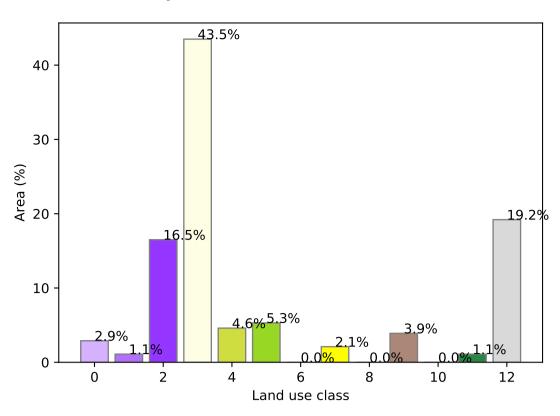


Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

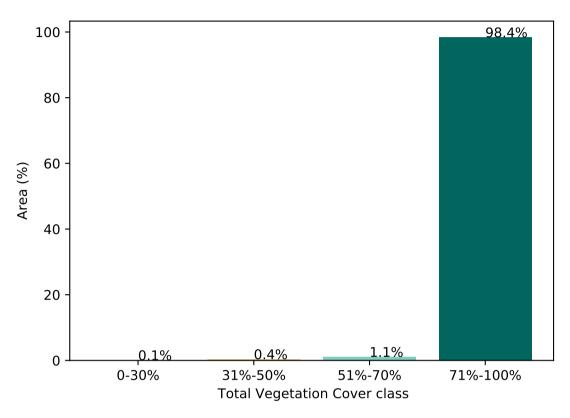


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

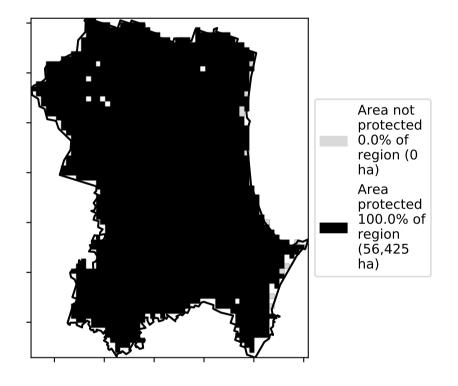
### Proportion of each land class in area

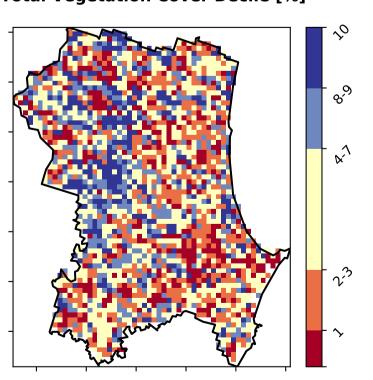


### **Proportion of vegetation cover class in area**



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



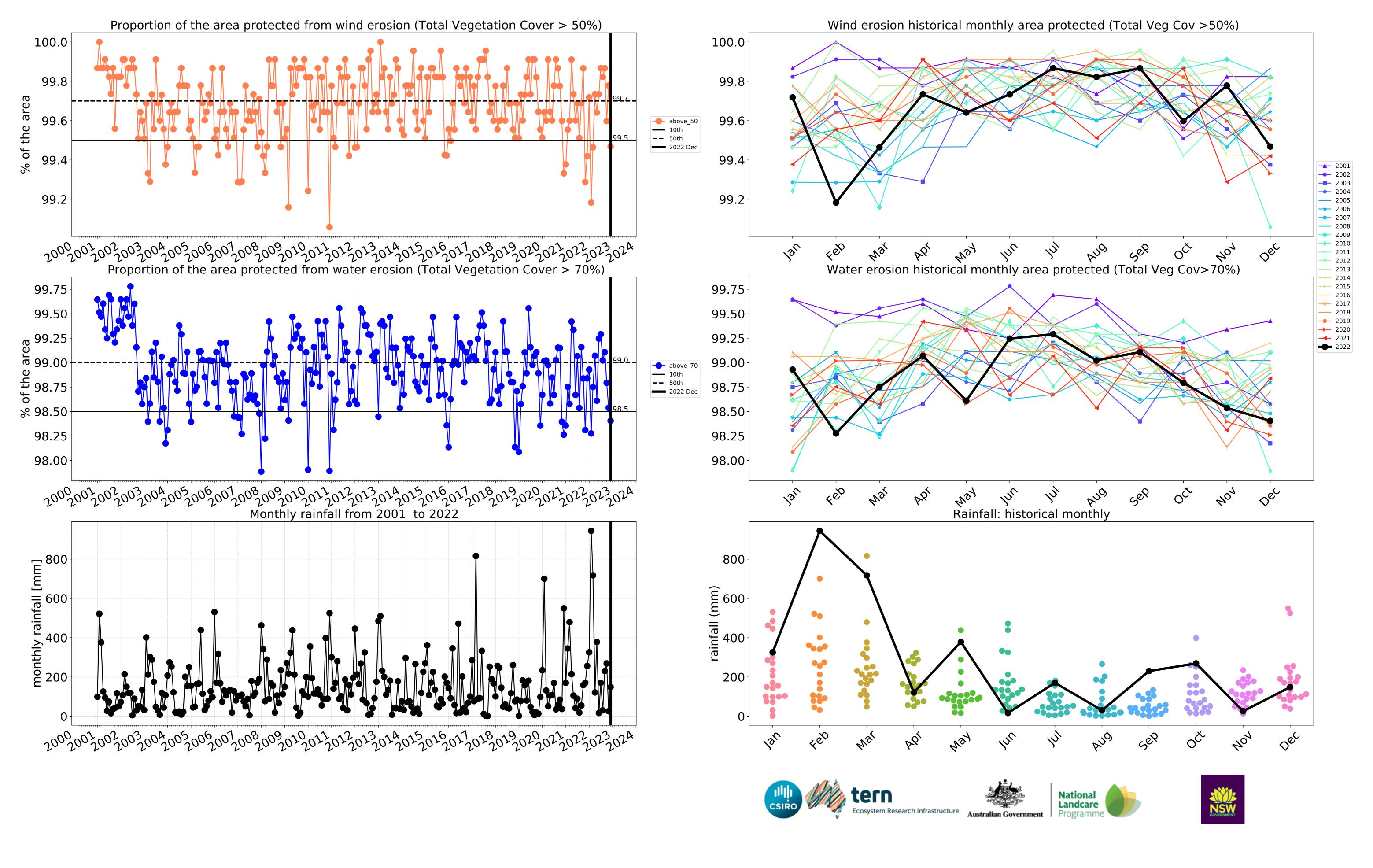


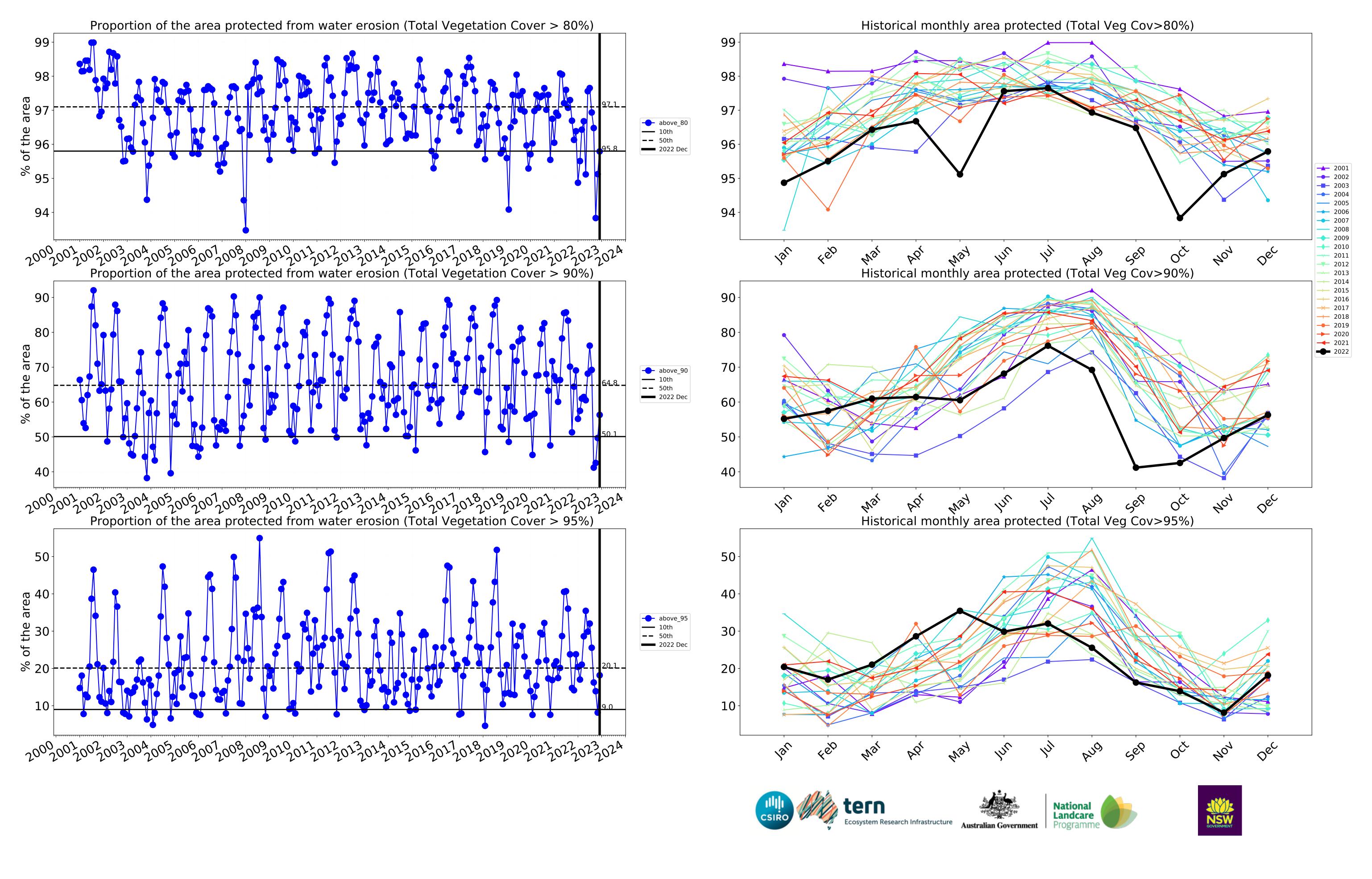












# **Conservation and natural environments**

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia

(2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

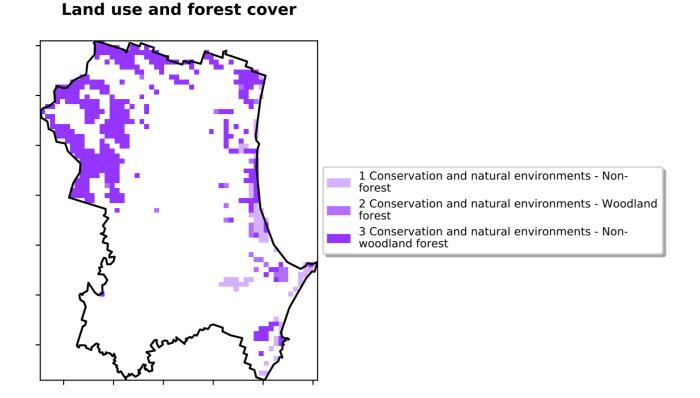
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

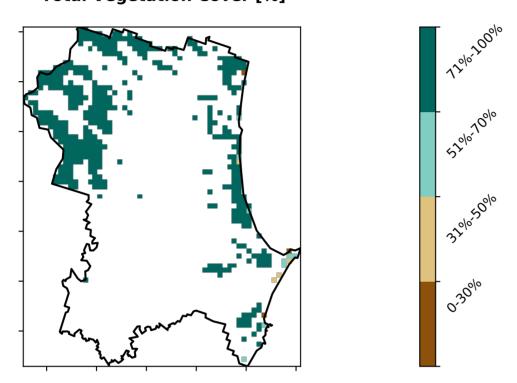
pixel. The mean

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

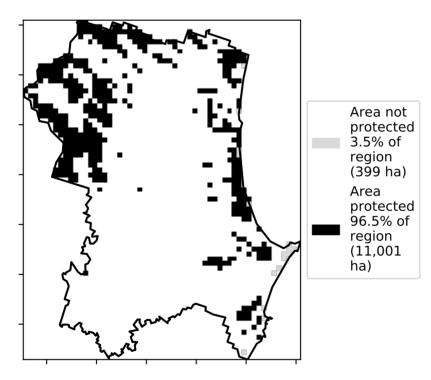
is only for the month of the map



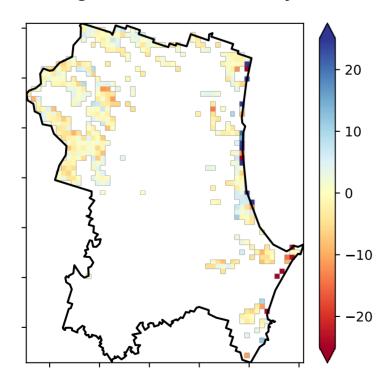
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

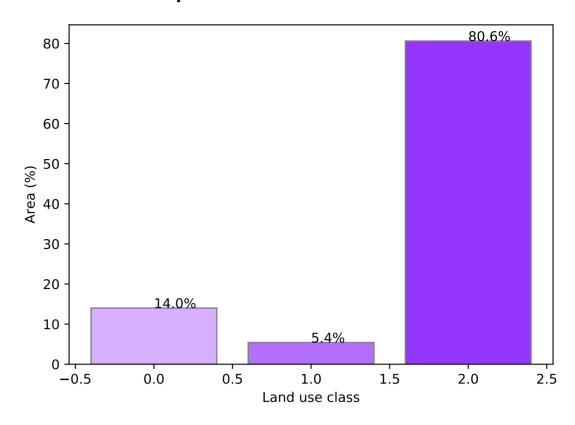


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

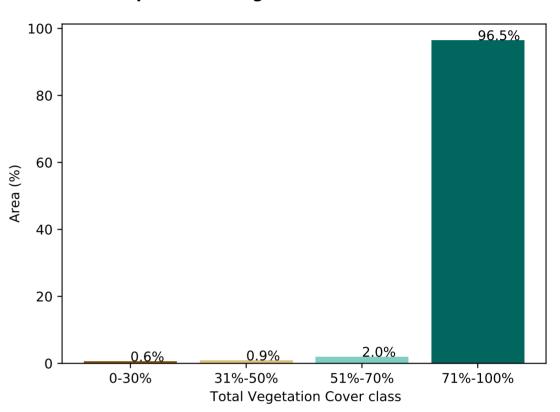


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

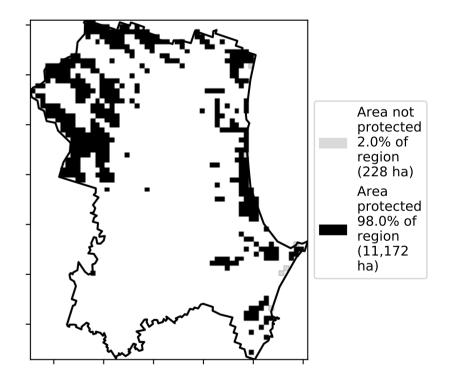
### Proportion of each land class in area

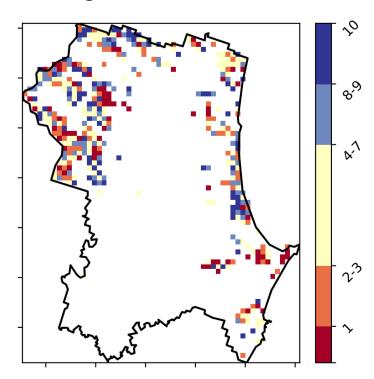


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





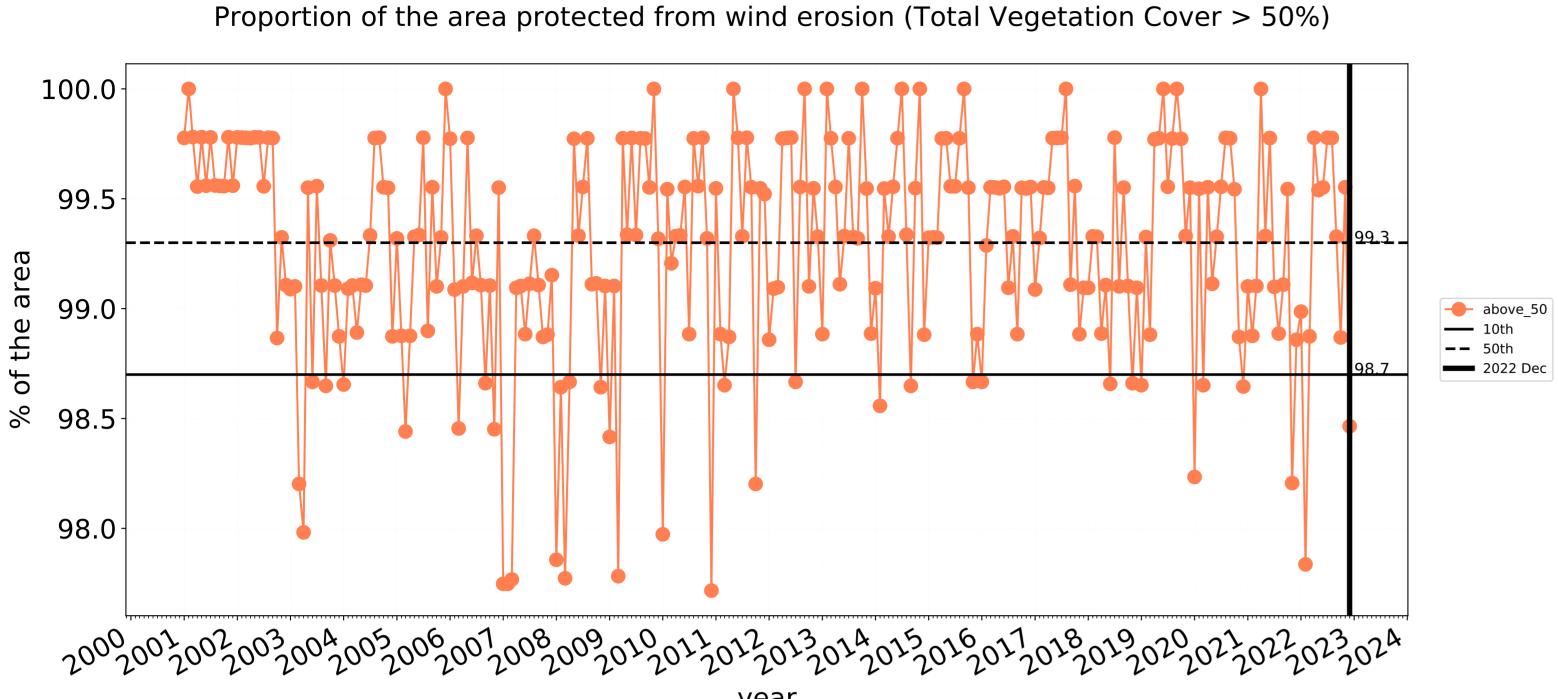


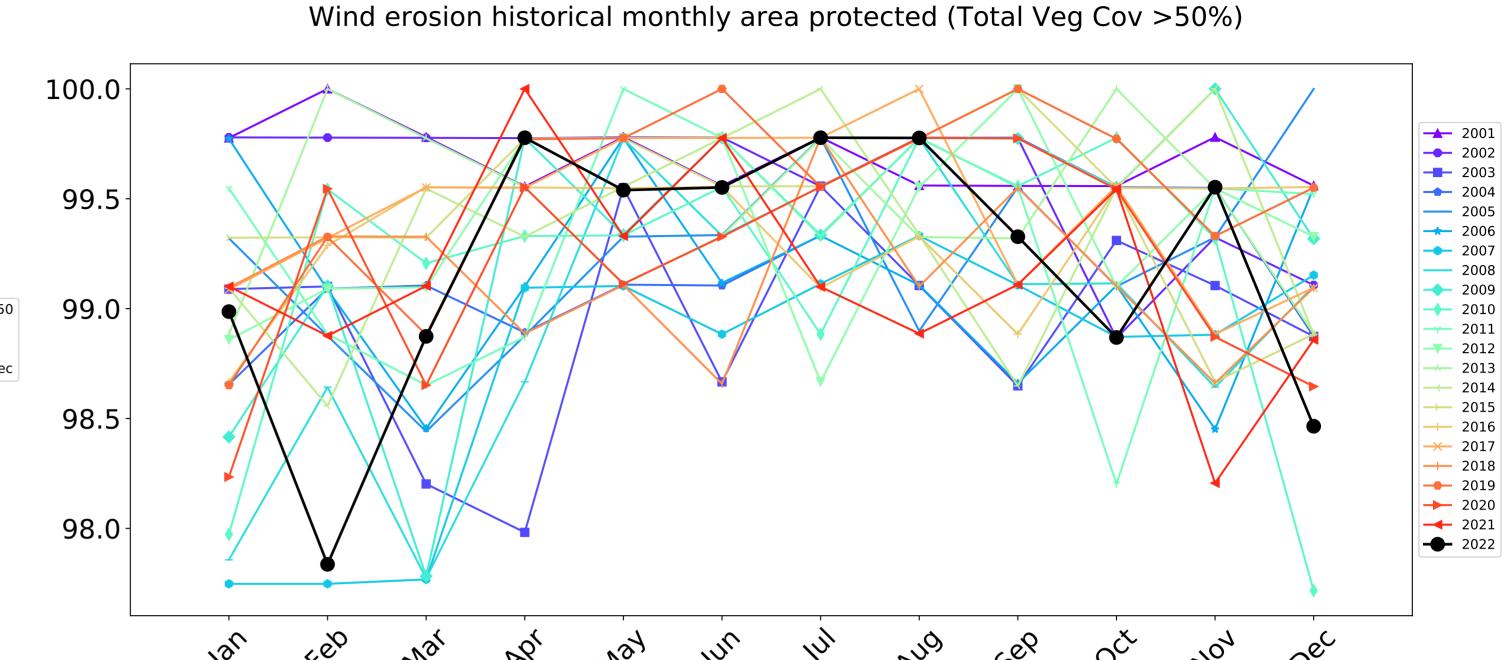




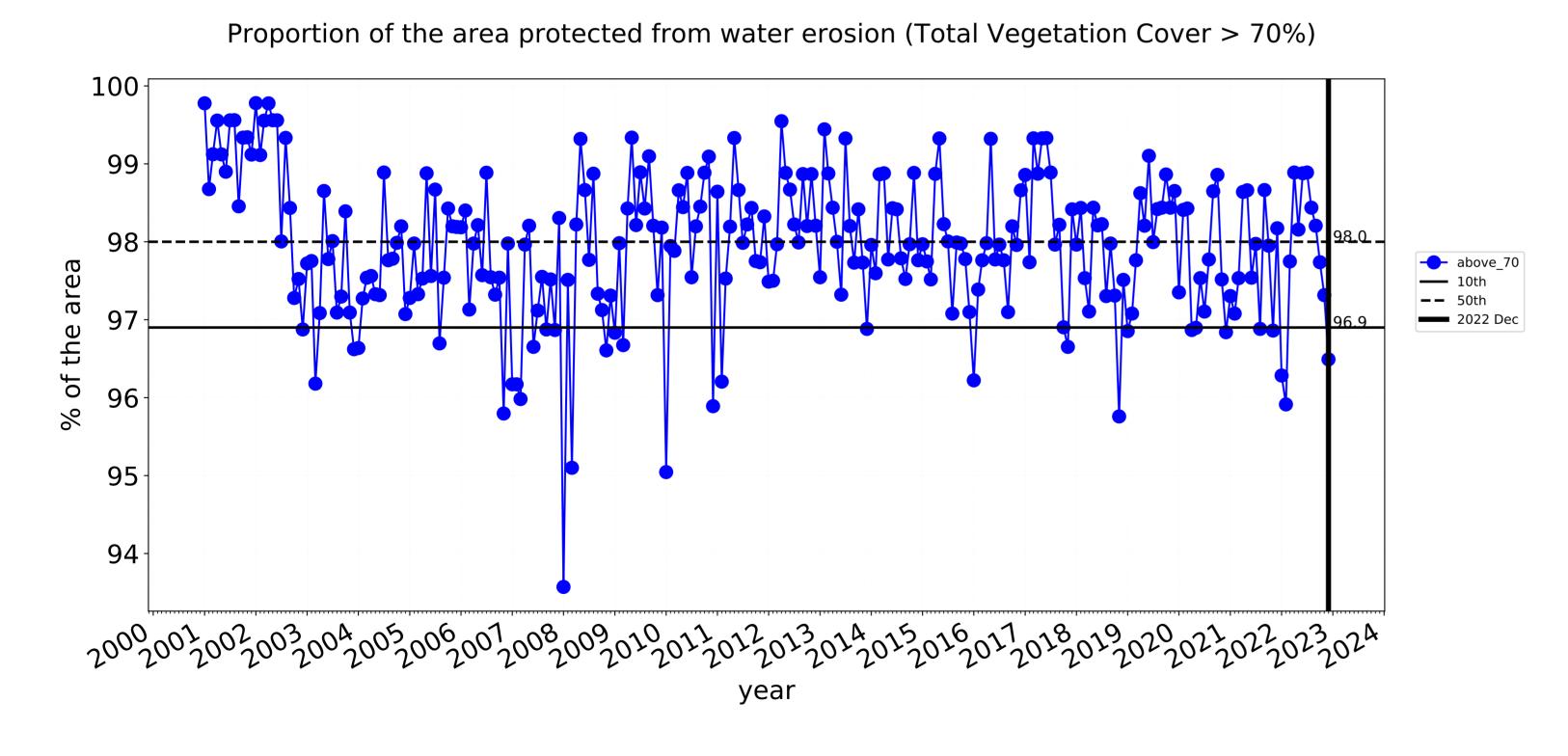


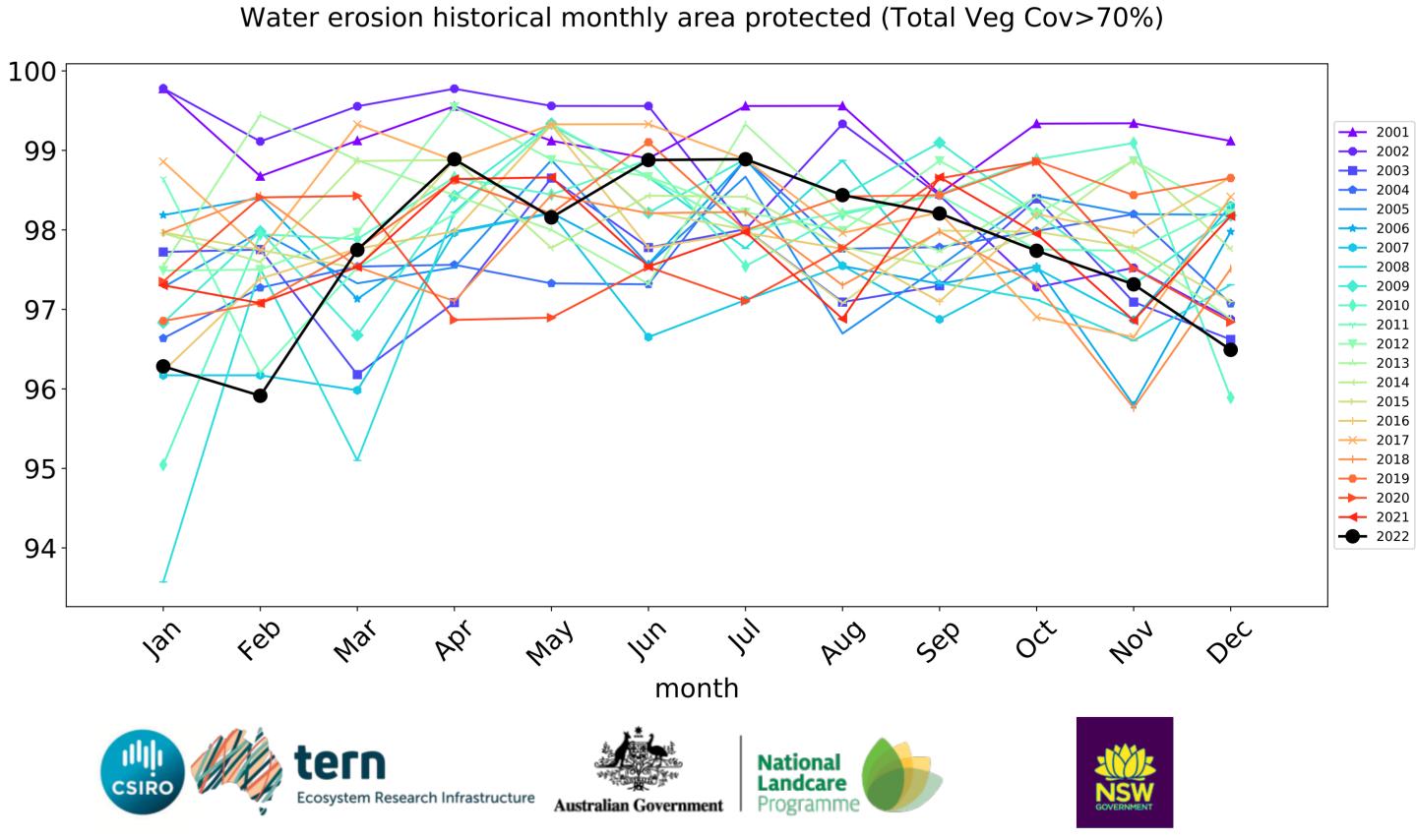
# **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**

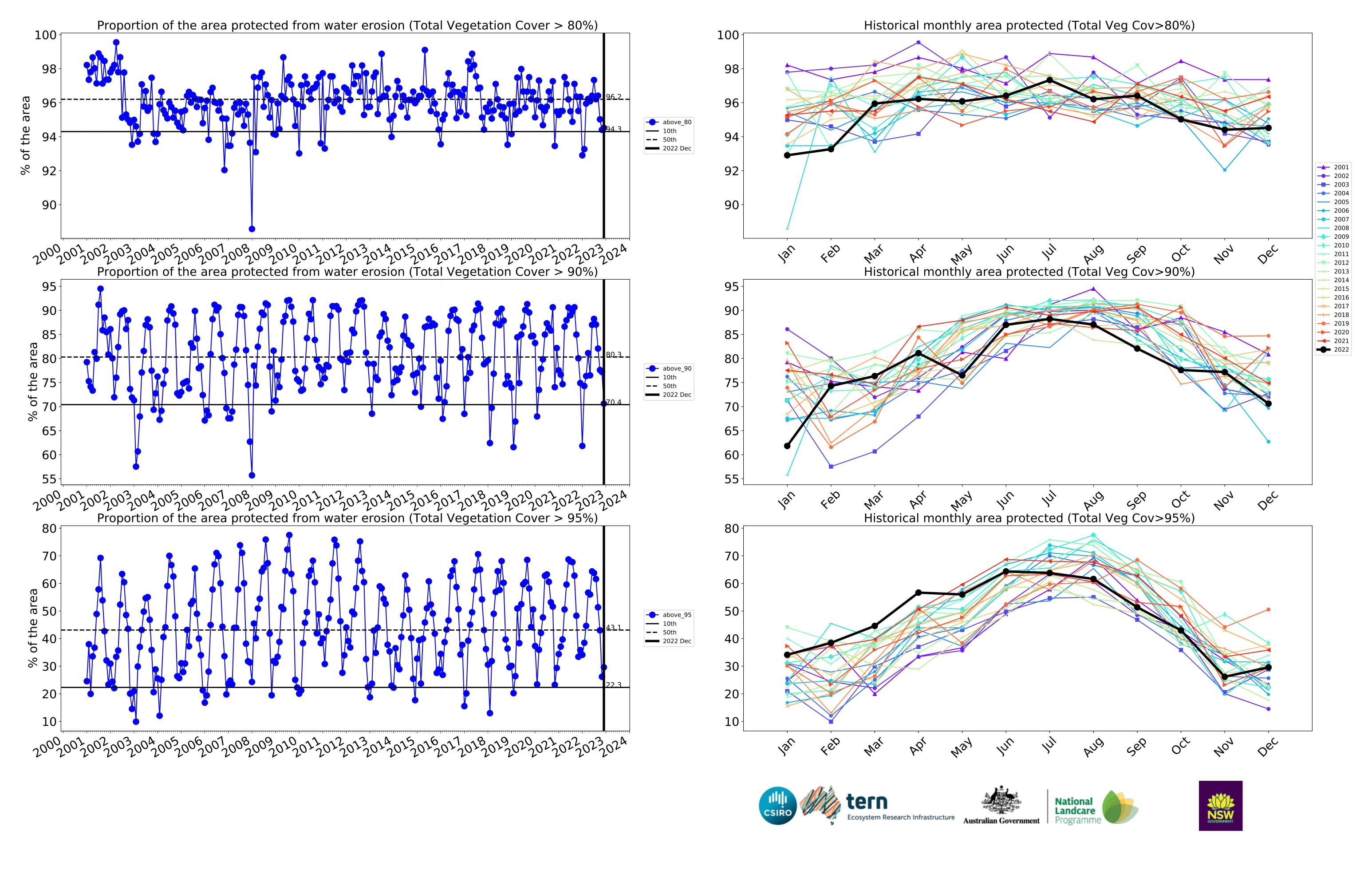




month







# **Conservation and natural environments non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

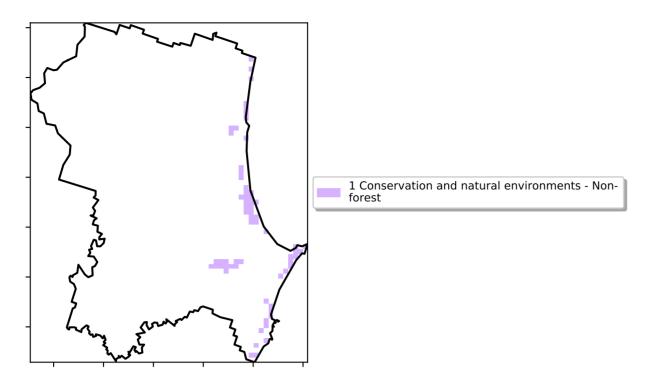
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

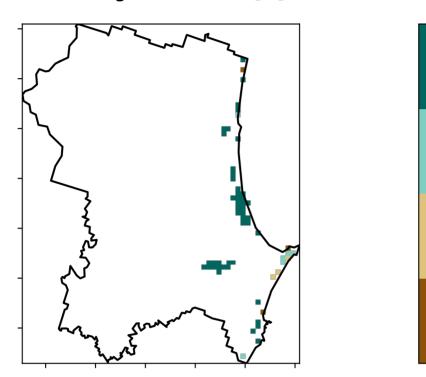
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

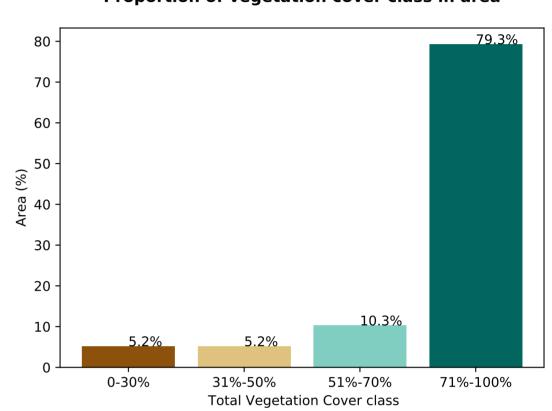
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



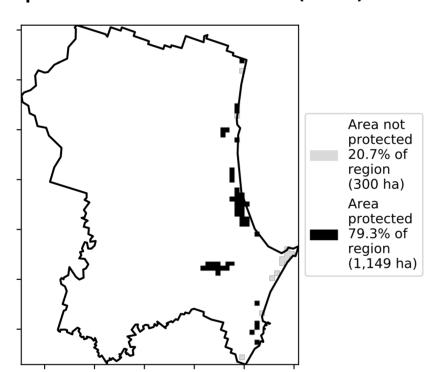
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



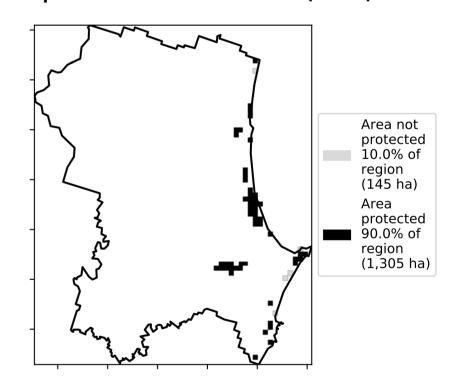
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



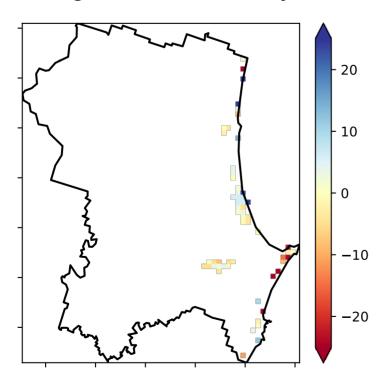
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



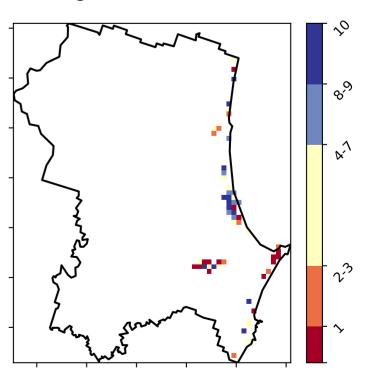
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



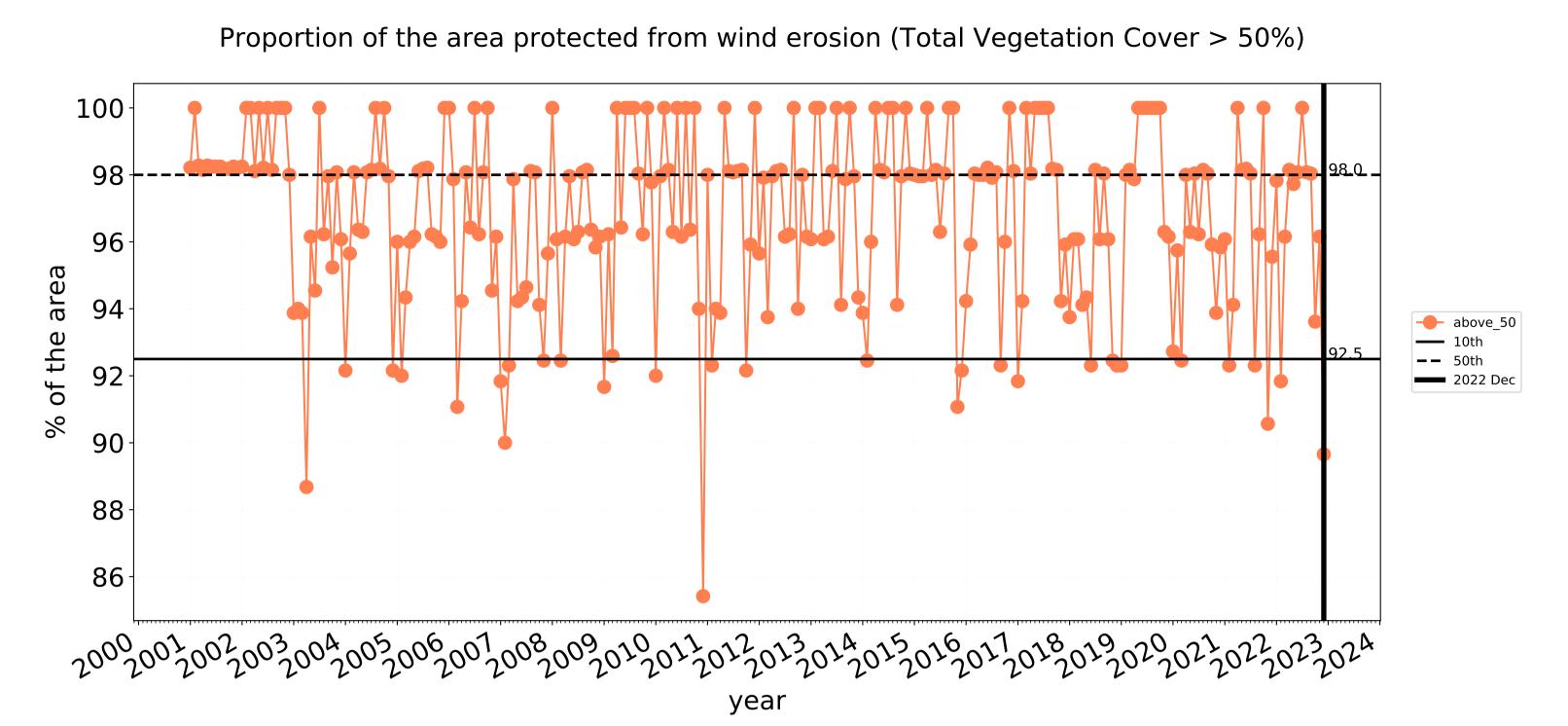


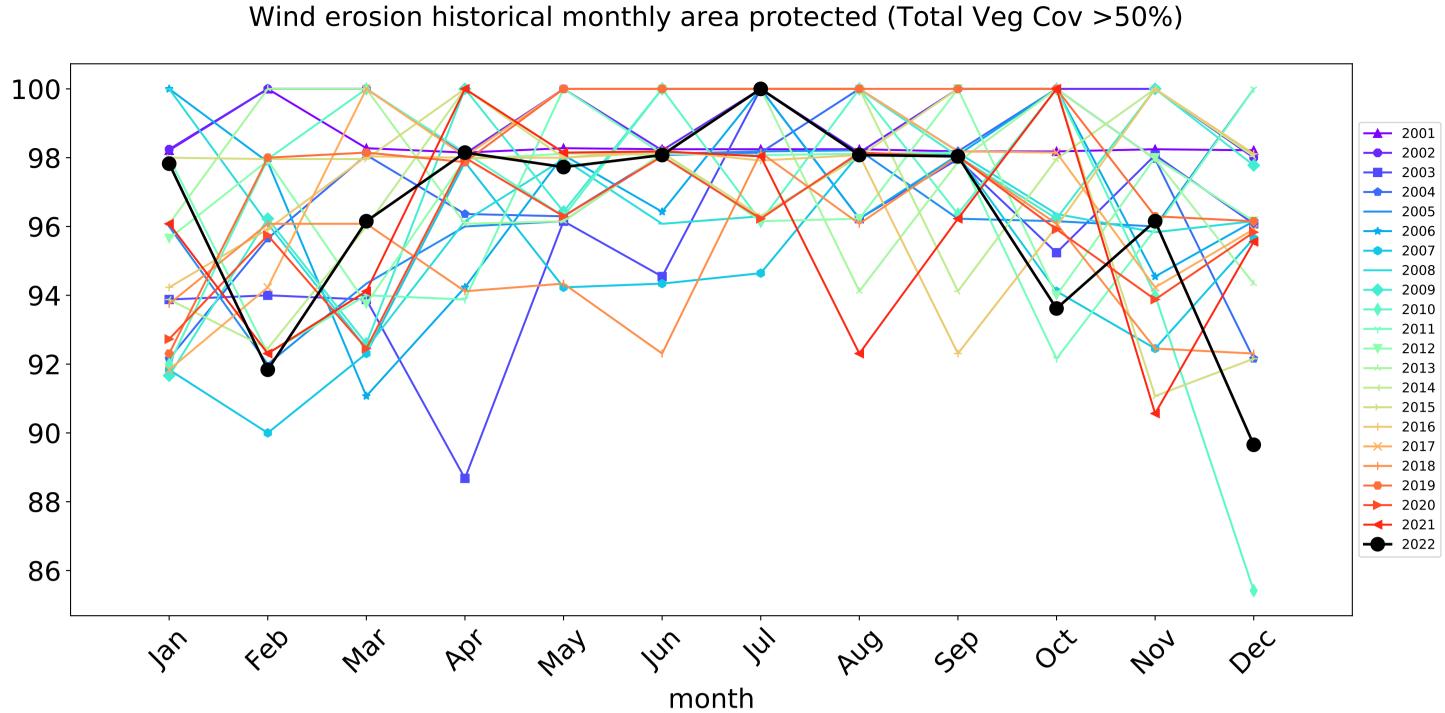


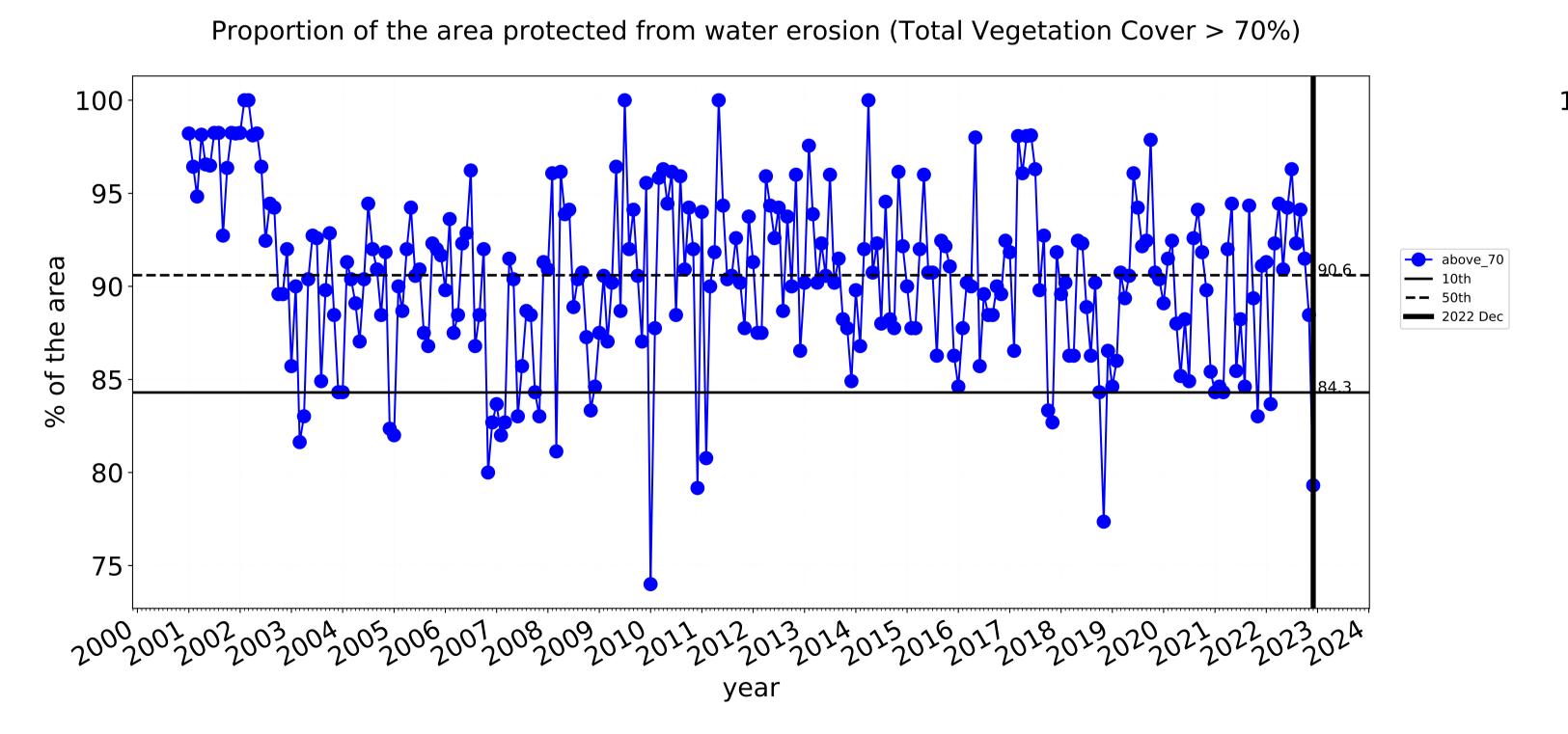


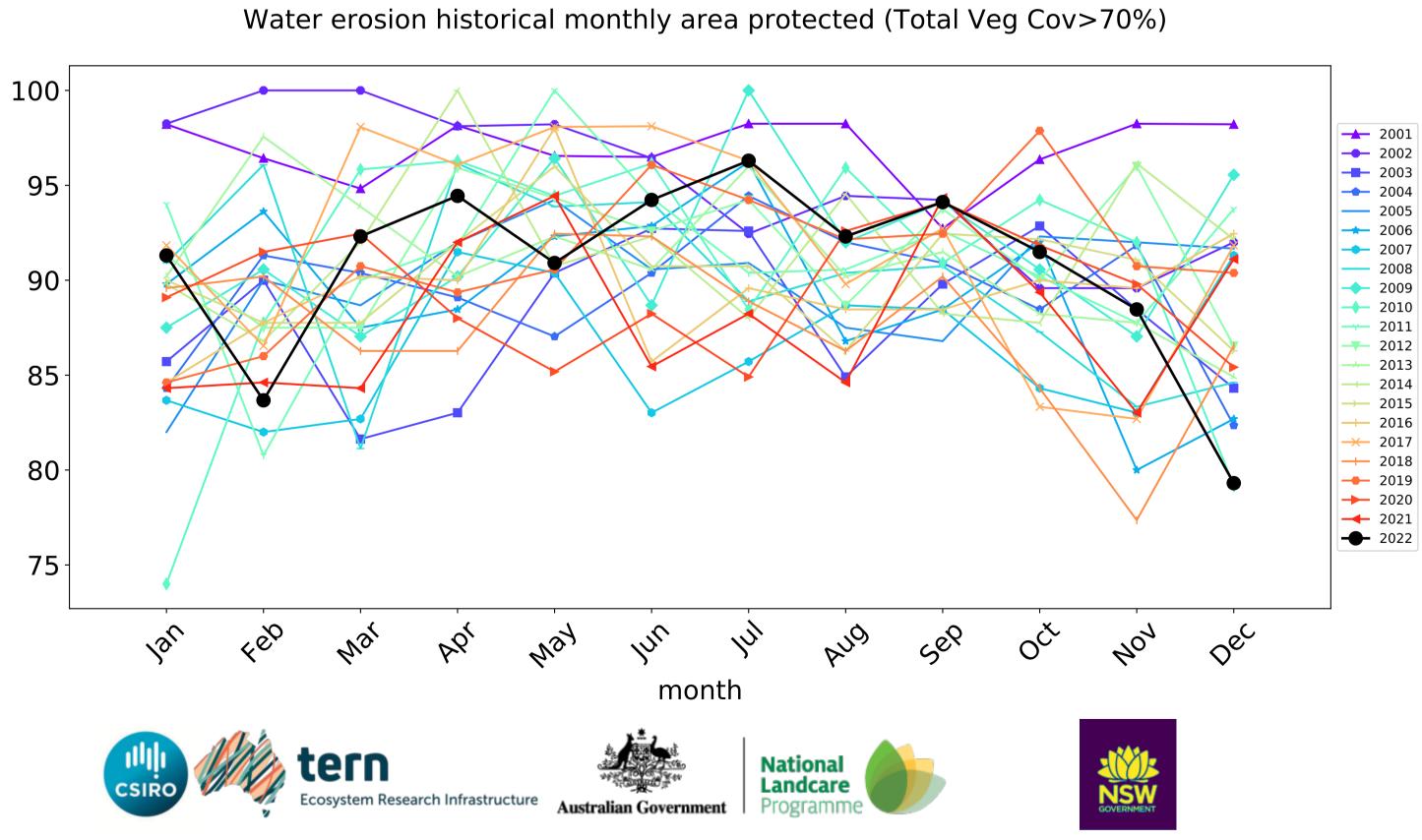


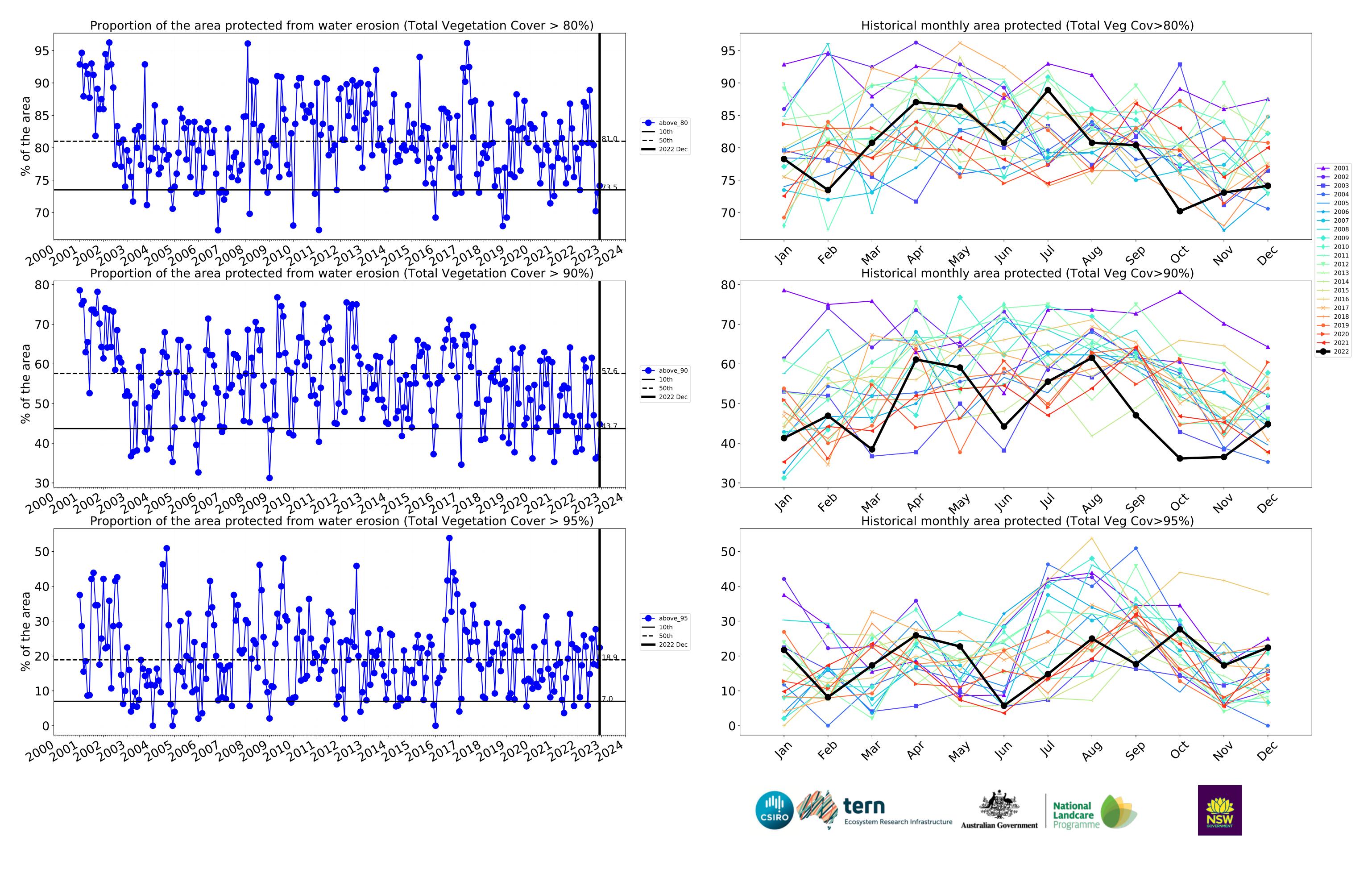
# **Conservation and natural environments non forest timeseries**











# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

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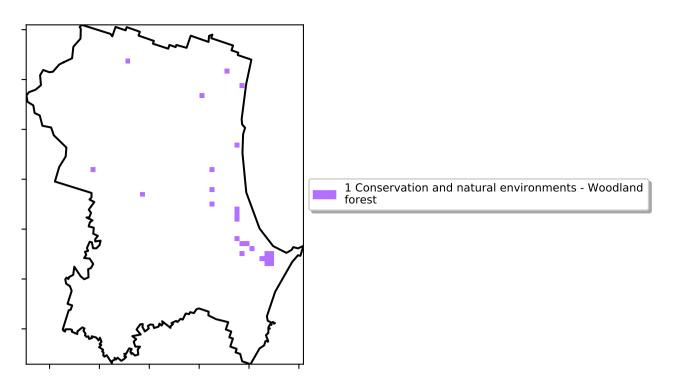
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lower than the mean of that

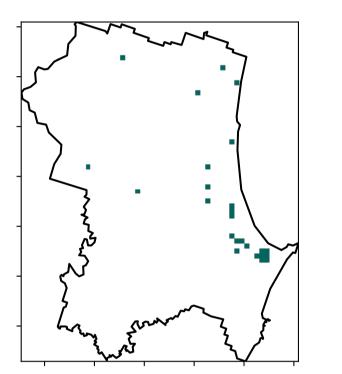
pixel. The mean

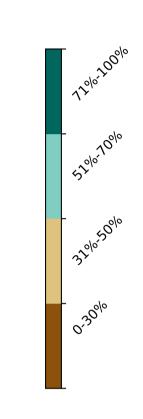
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

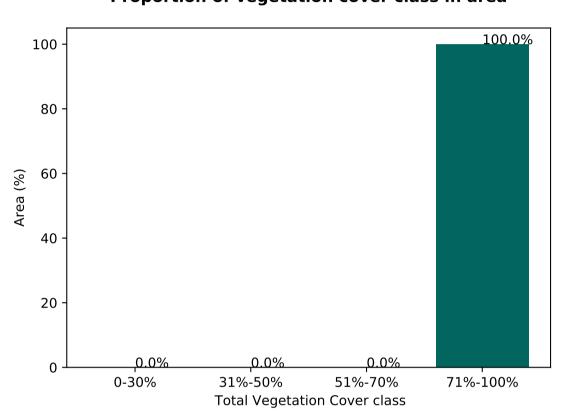


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

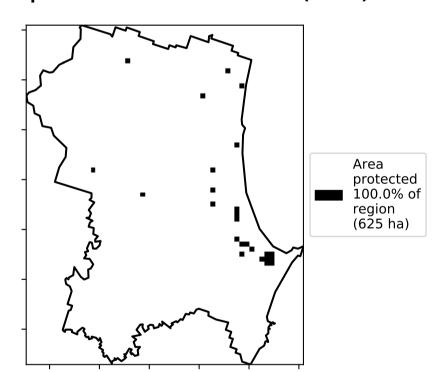




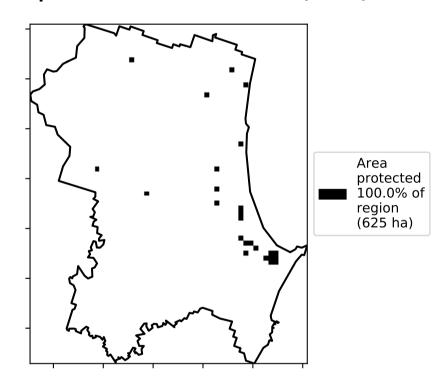
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



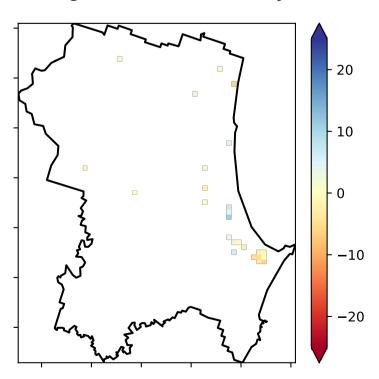
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



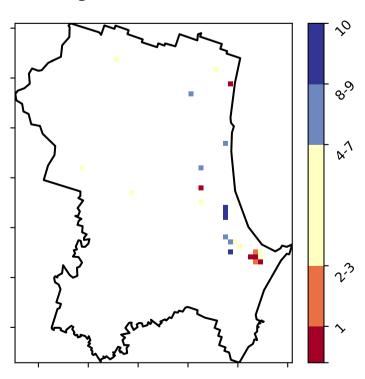
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





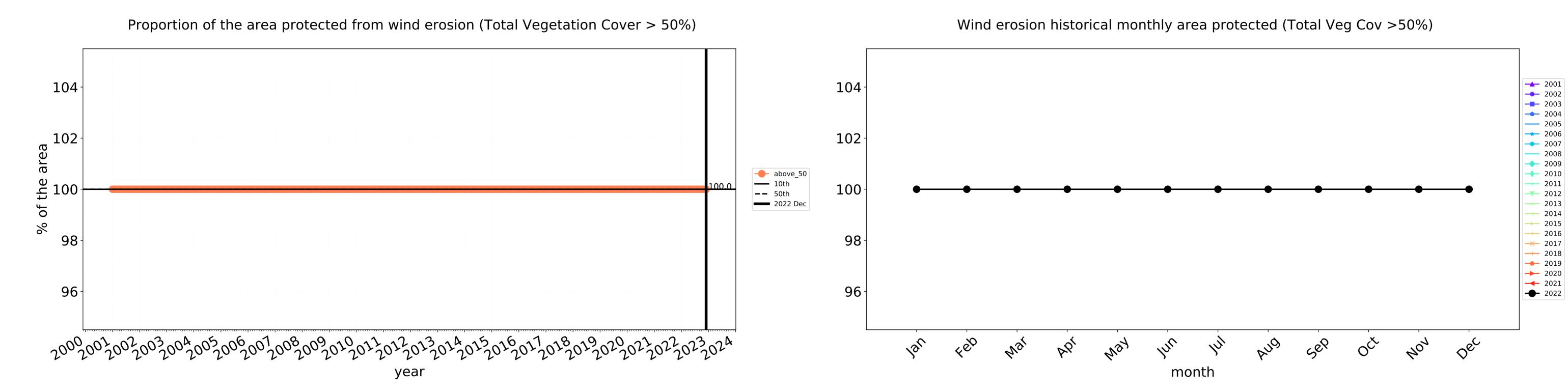


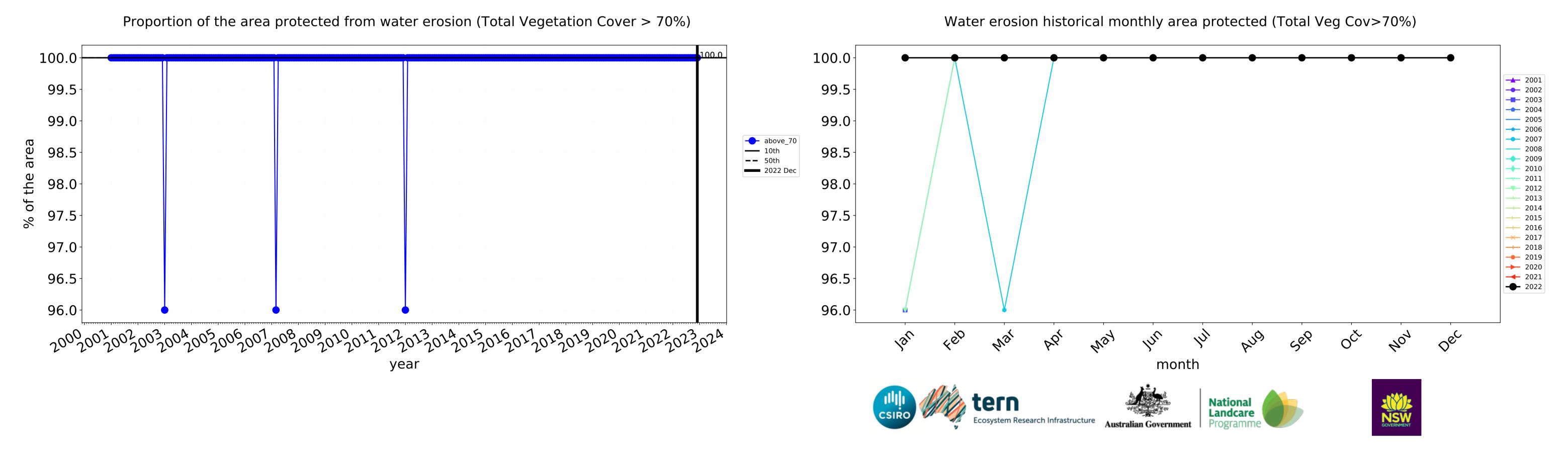


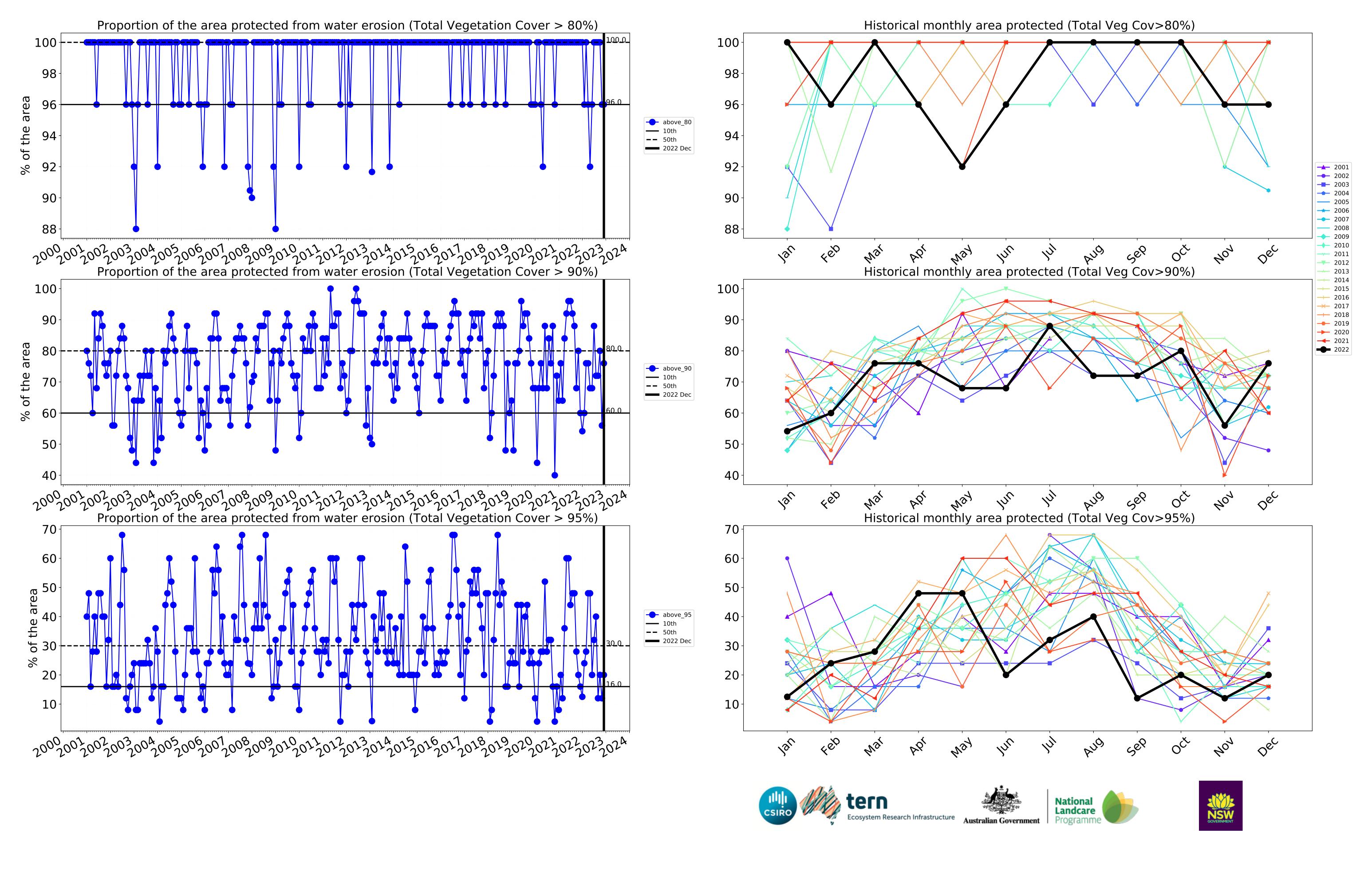




# **Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest timeseries**







# **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

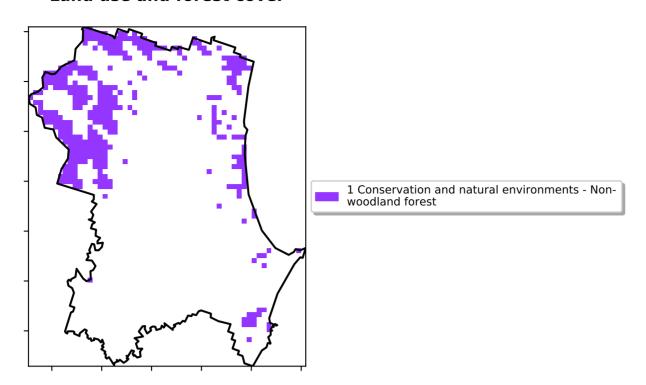
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean

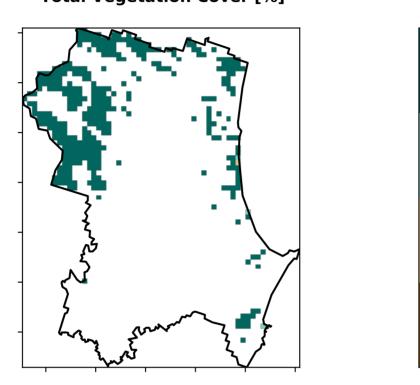
is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to

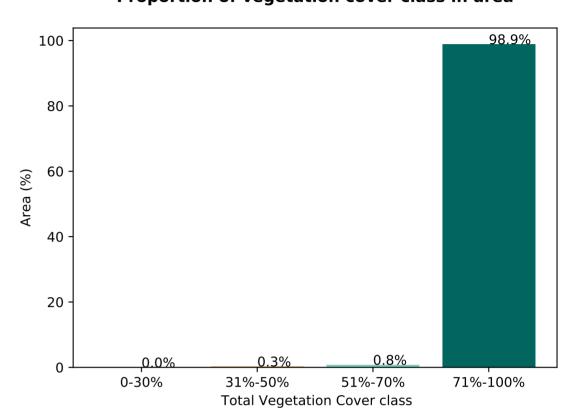
2019.



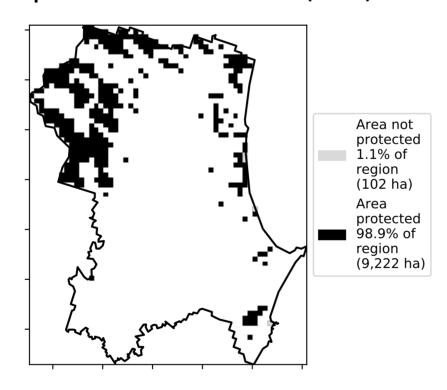
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



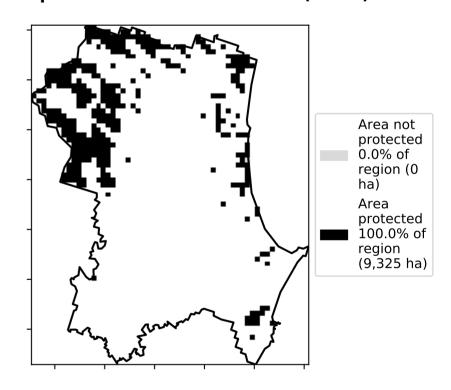
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



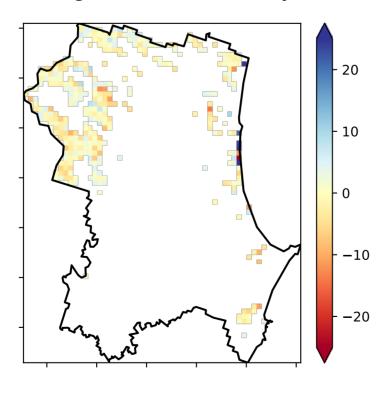
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



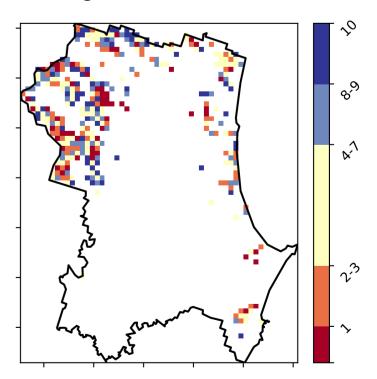
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



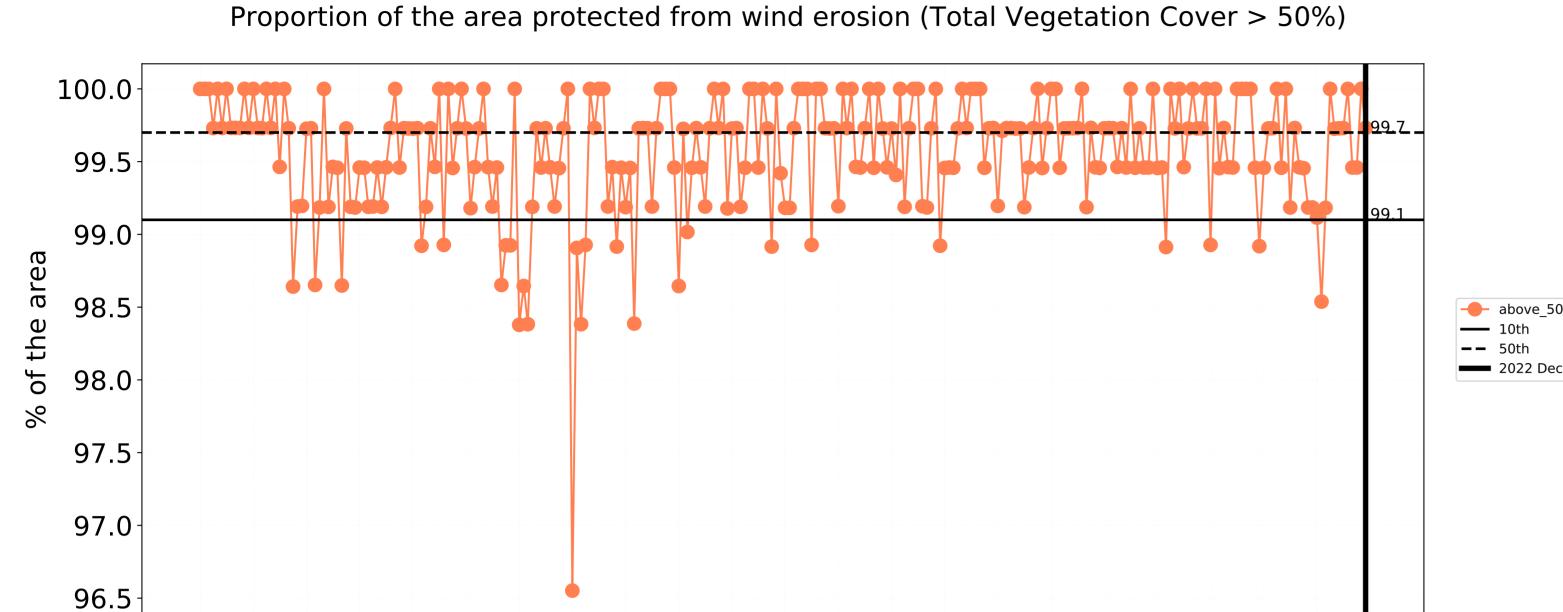






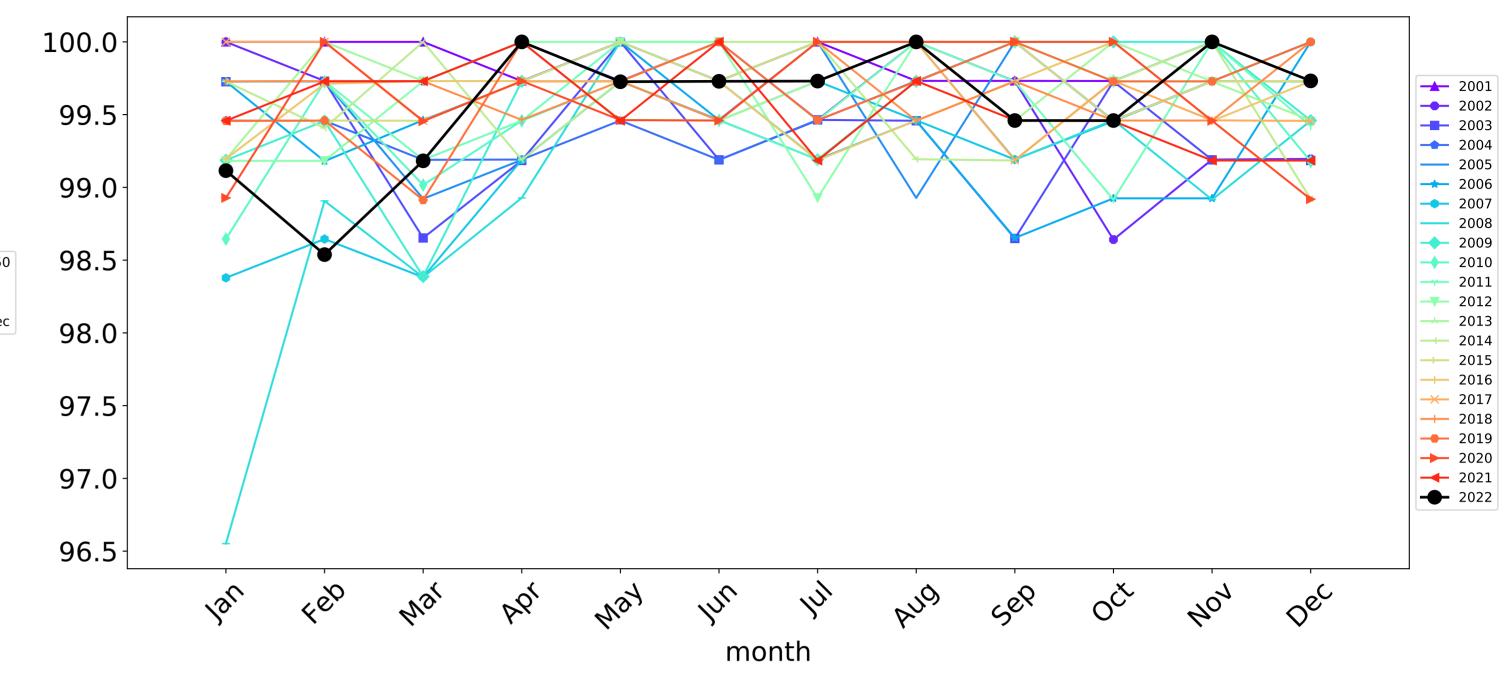


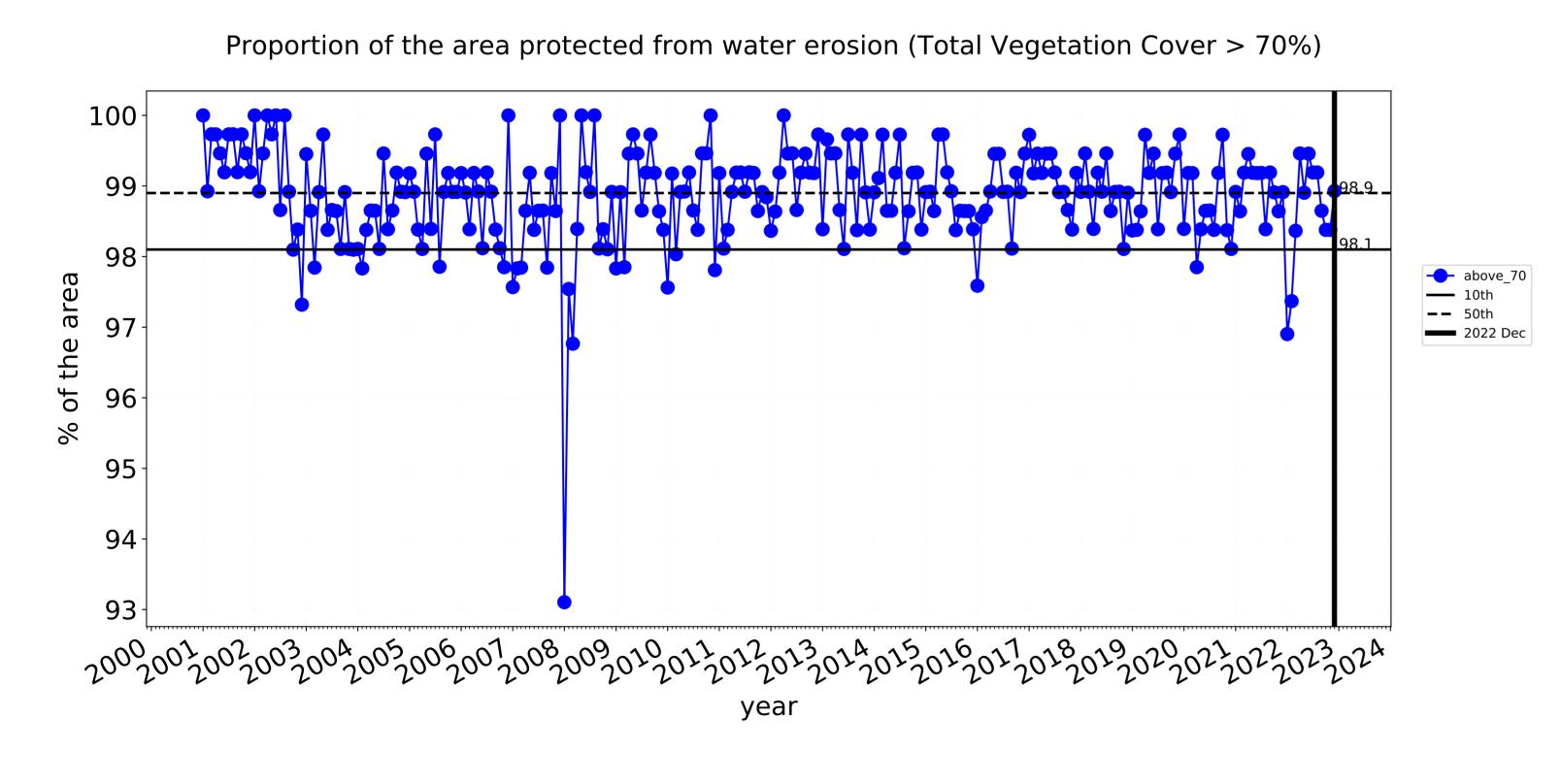


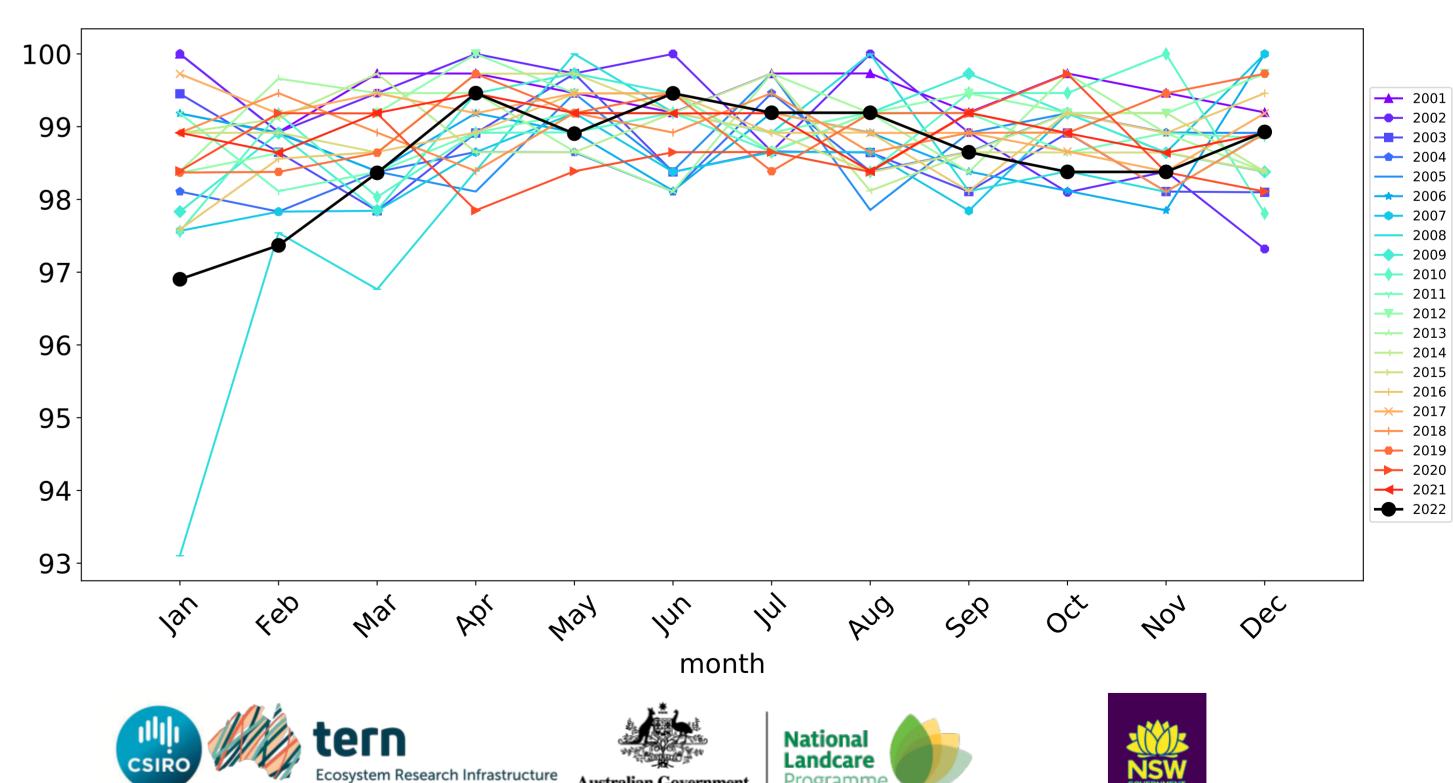


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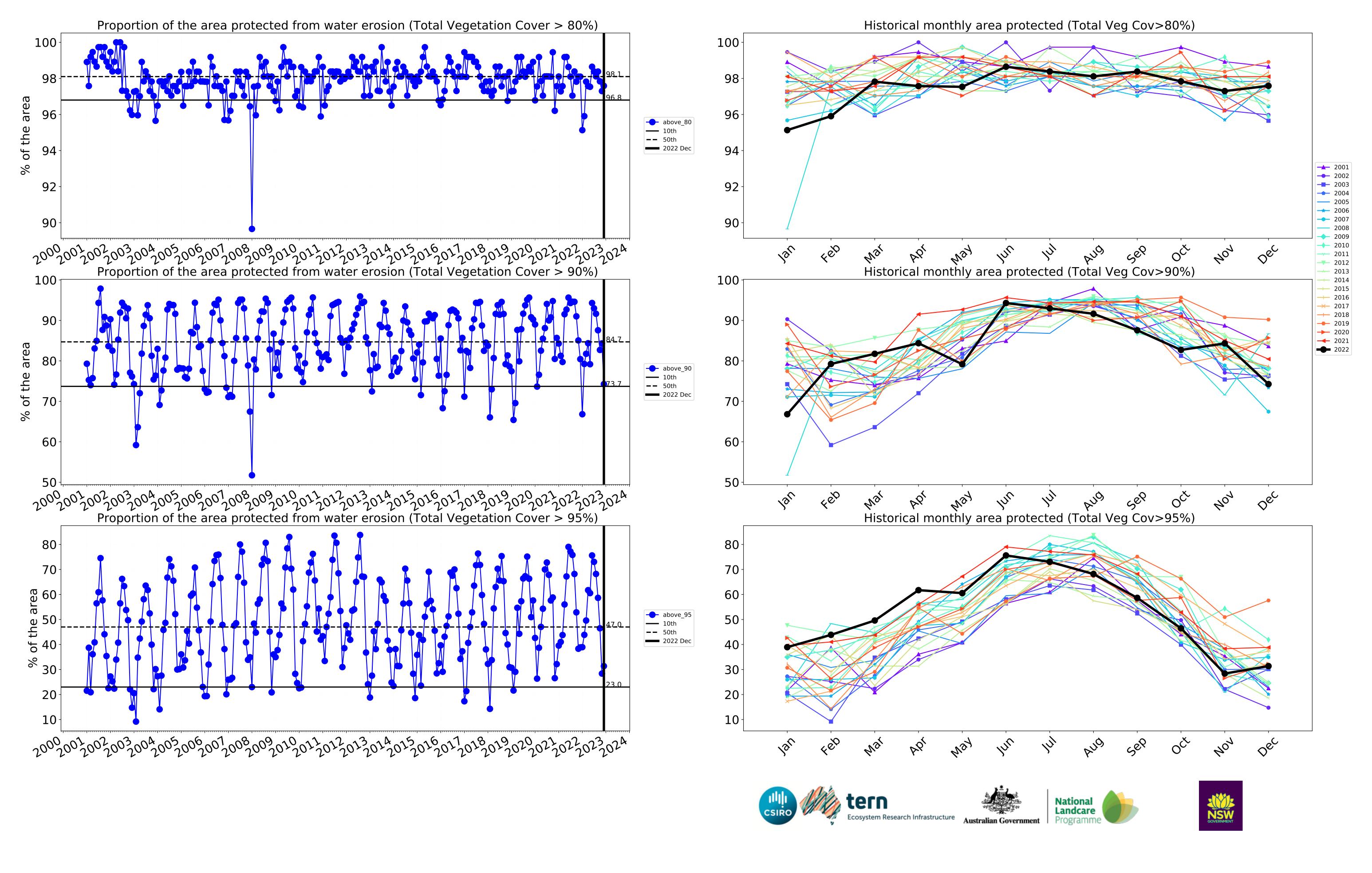
# Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)







Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)

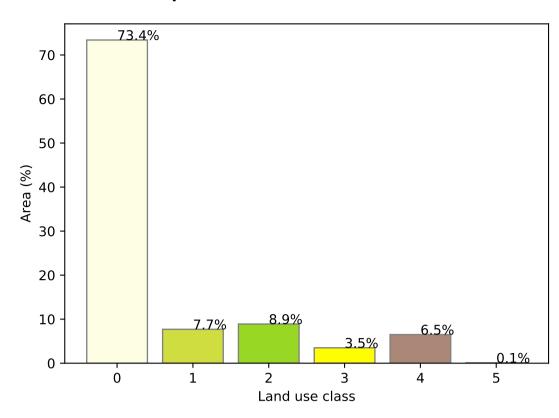


# **Agriculture**

### **Land use and forest cover**

# Catchment Scale 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest 2 Agriculture - Grazing - Woodland forest 3 Agriculture - Grazing - Non-woodland forest Catchment Scale Land 4 Agriculture - Cropping - Non-irrigated 5 Agriculture - Horticulture - Non-irrigated 6 Agriculture - Horticulture - Irrigated

### Proportion of each land class in area



### Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

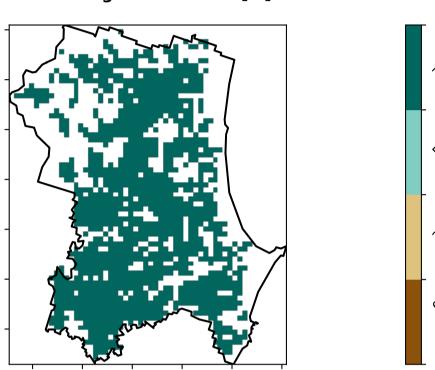
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

pixel. The mean

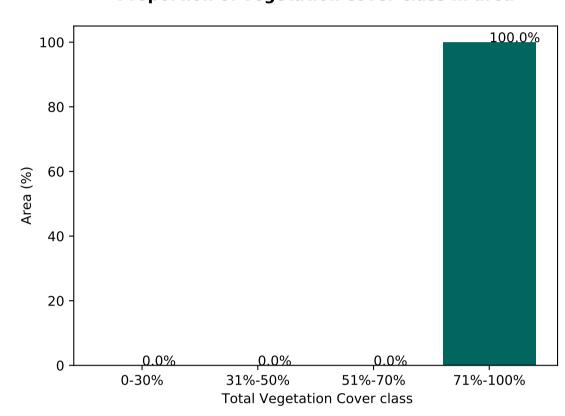
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

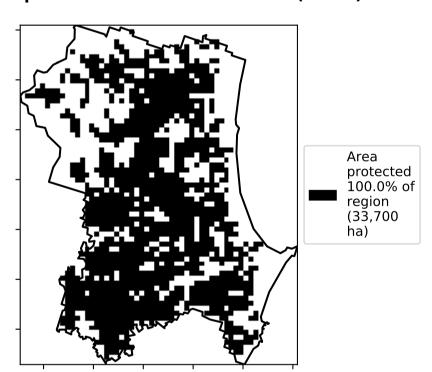




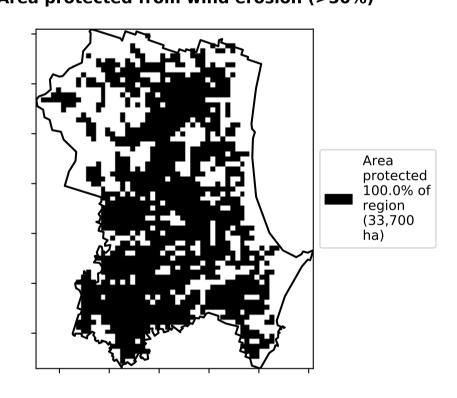
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



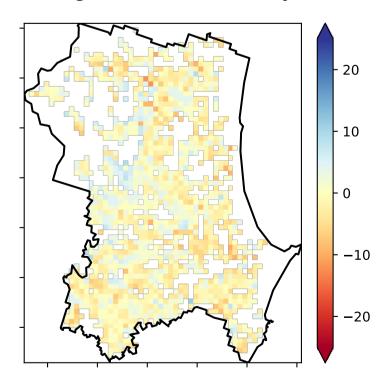
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

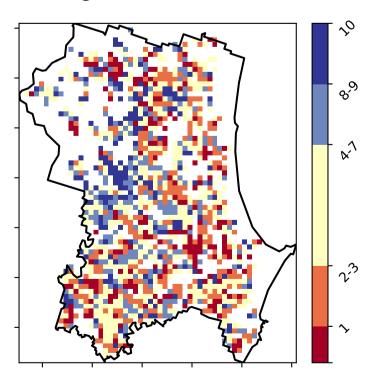


**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

**Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]** 







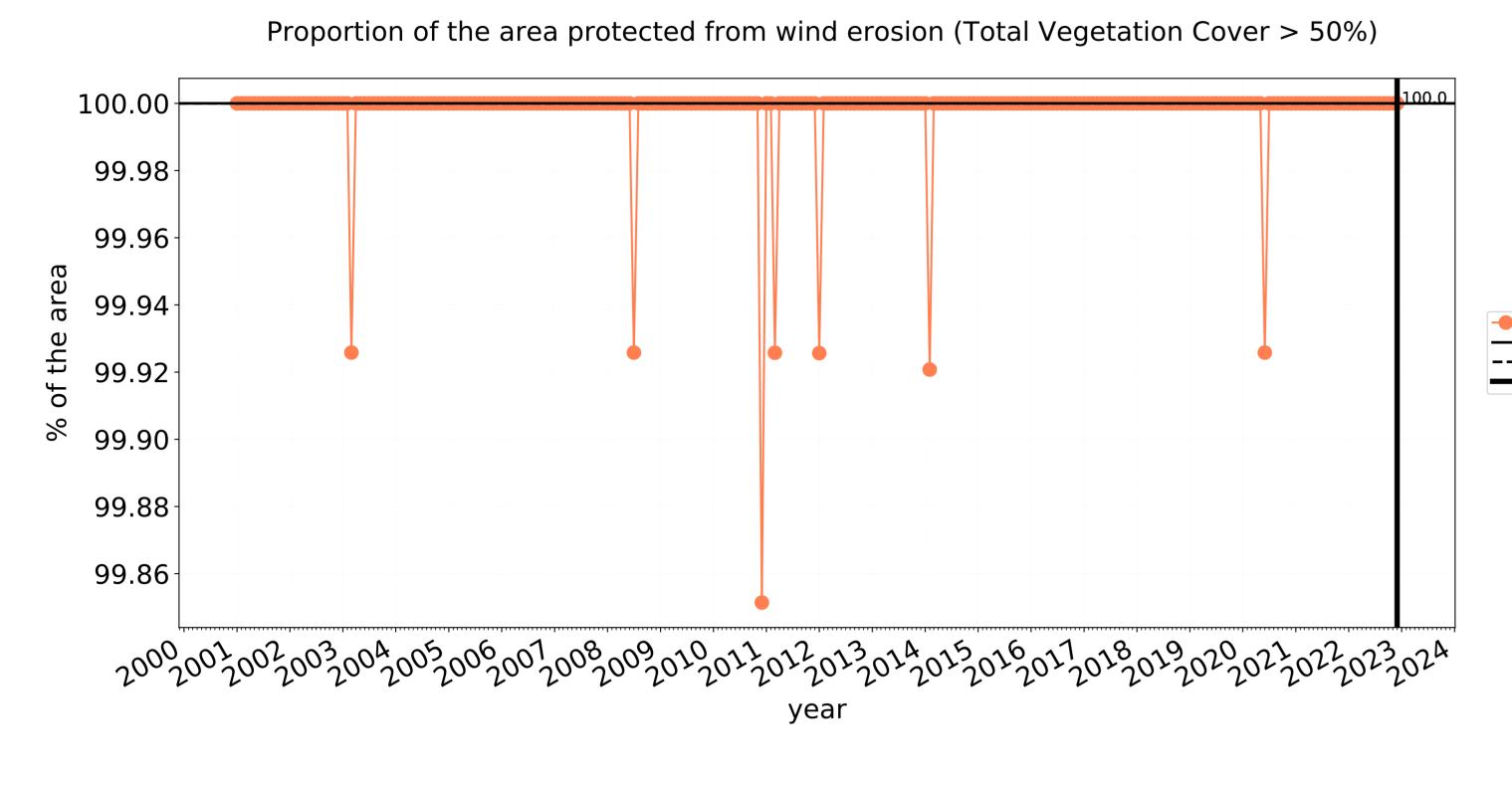


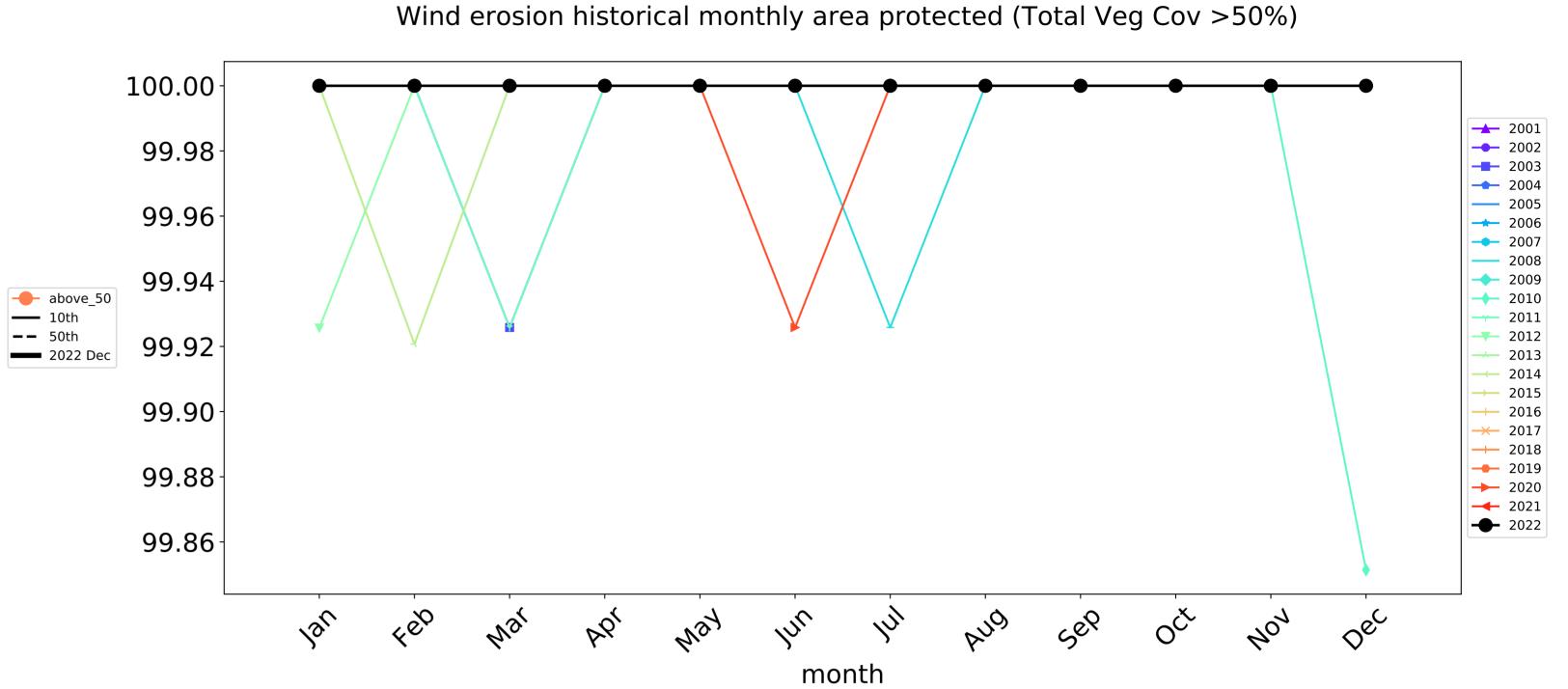


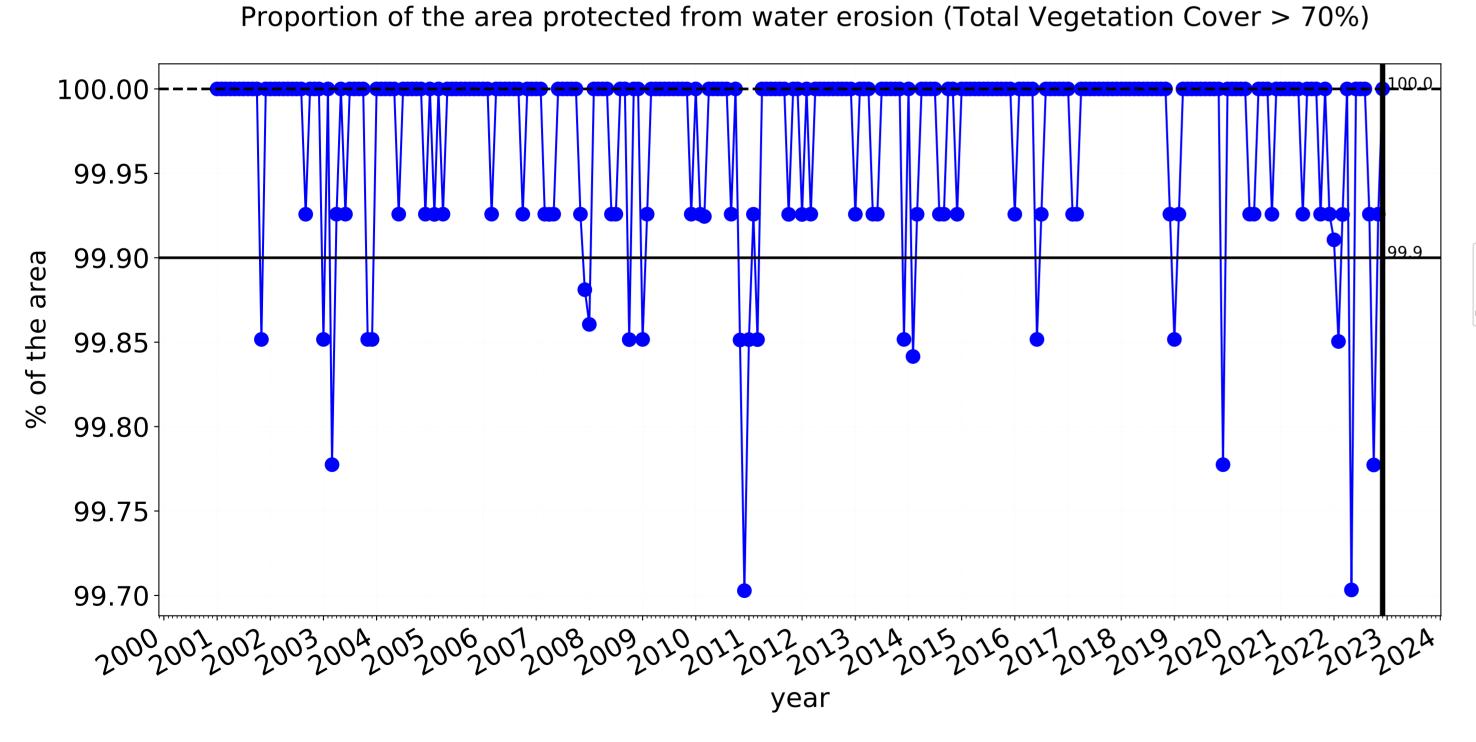


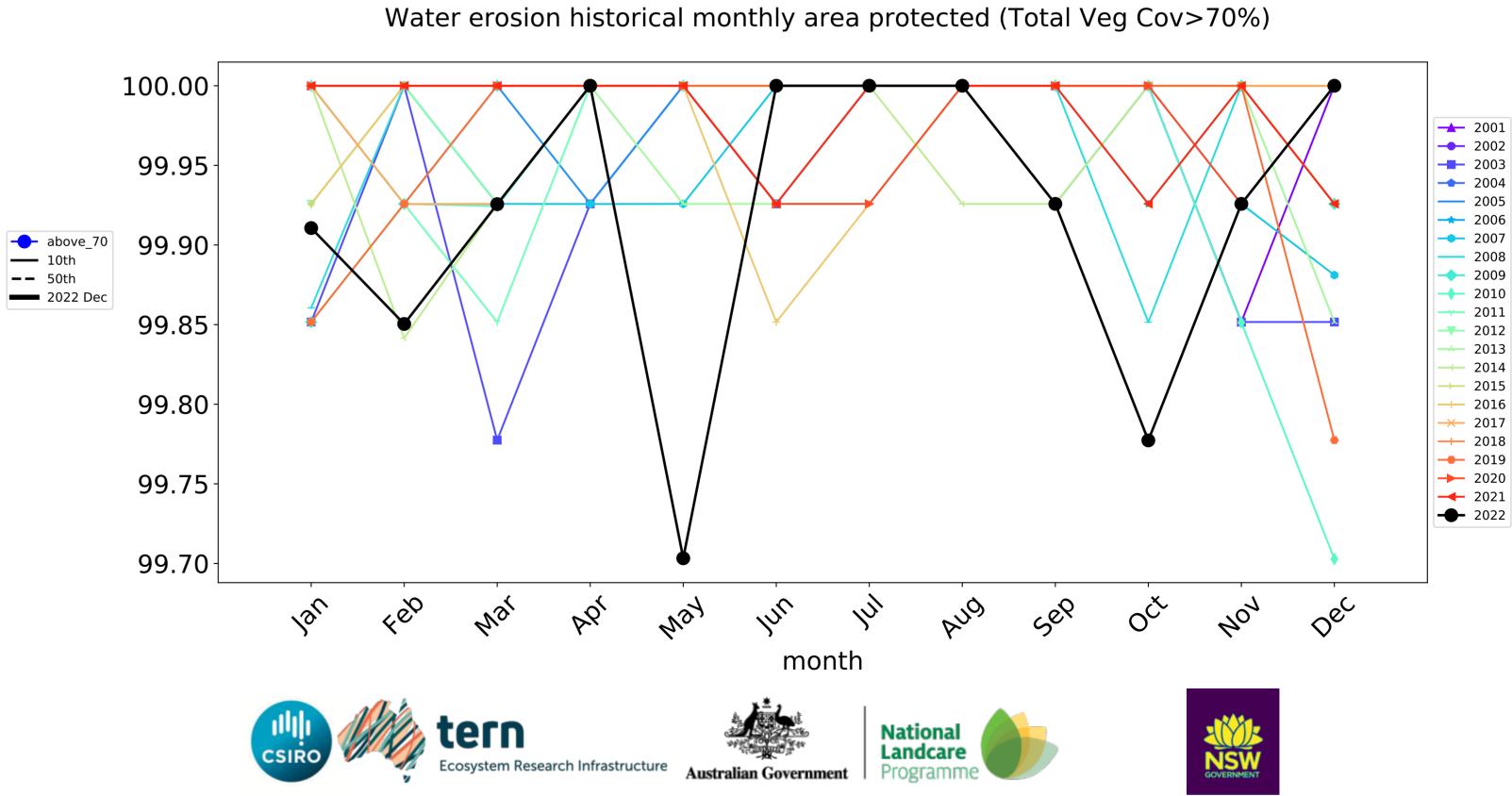


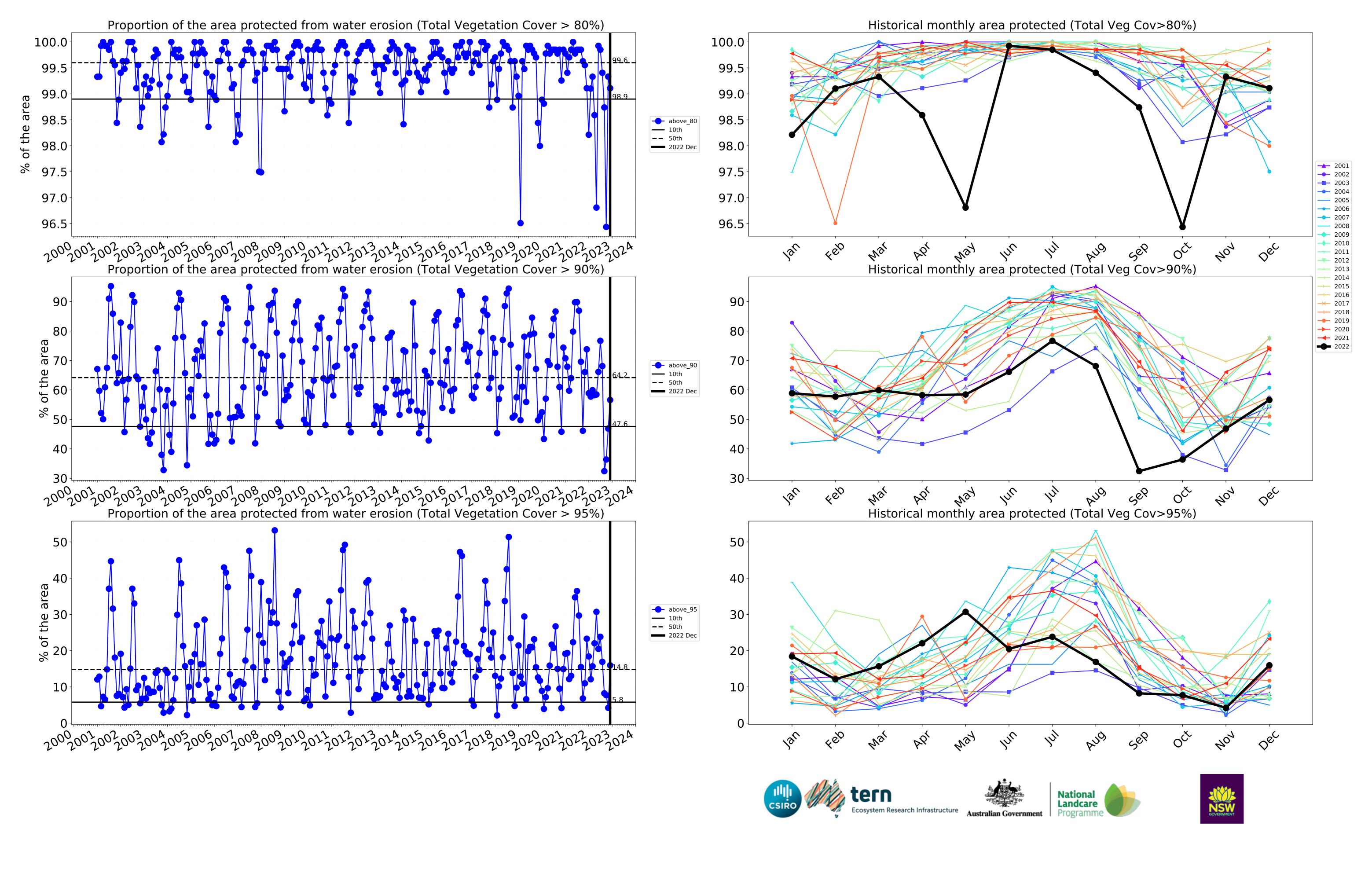
# **Agriculture timeseries**











# **Grazing**

### Land use and forest cover

### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

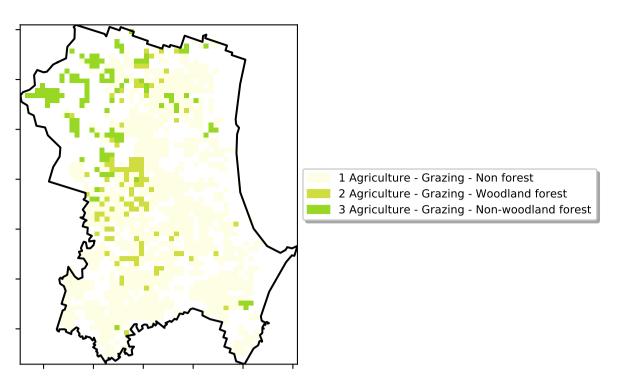
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

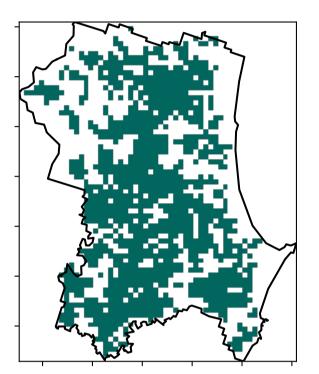
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

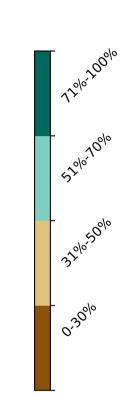
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

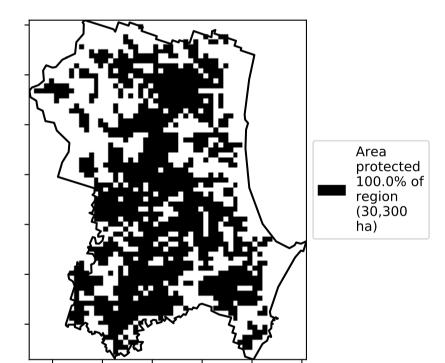


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

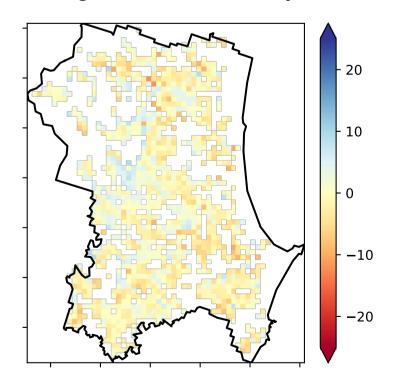




### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

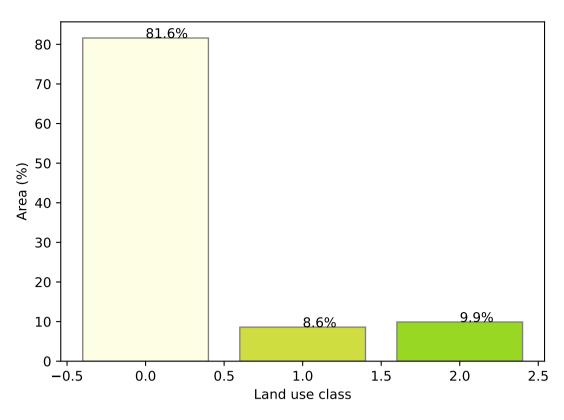


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

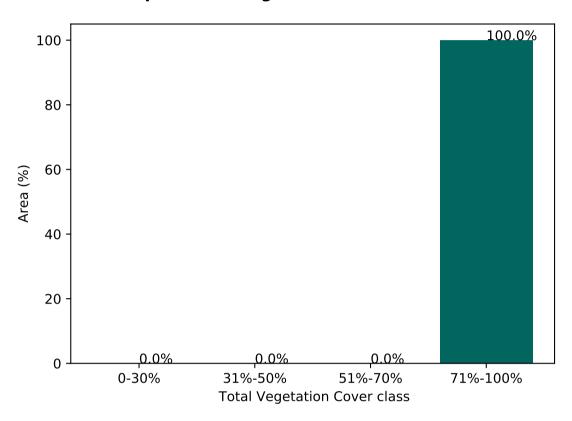


Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

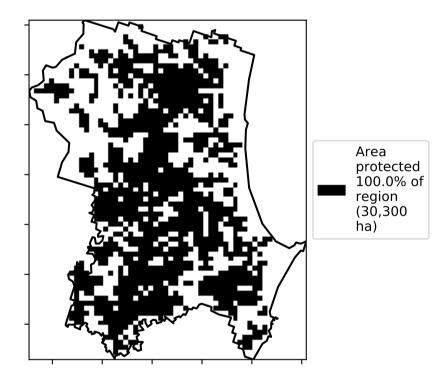
### Proportion of each land class in area

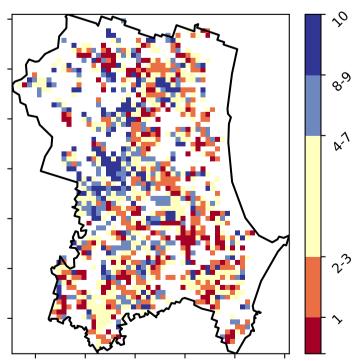


### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





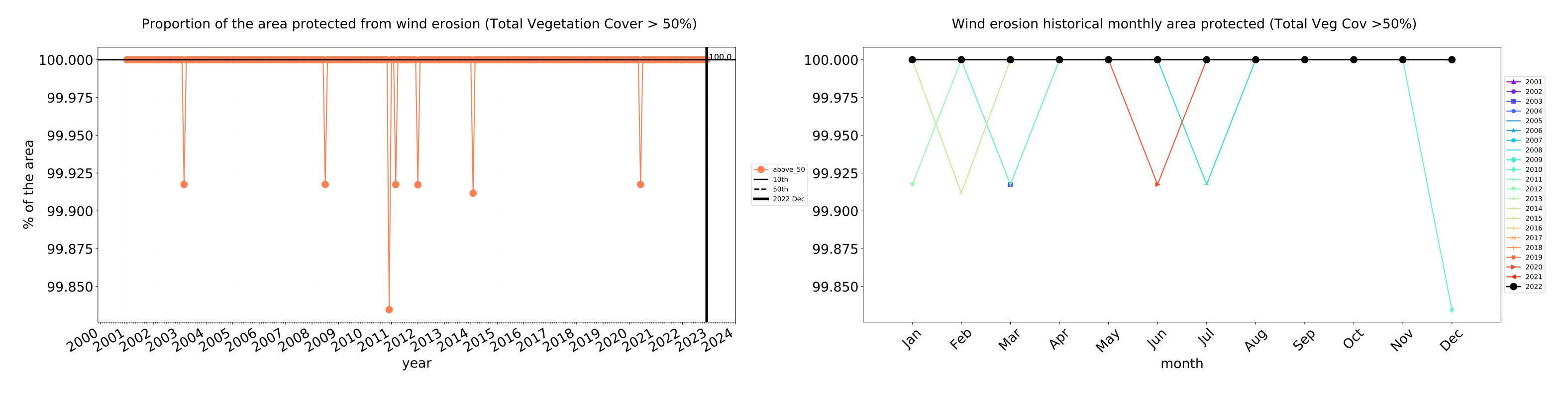


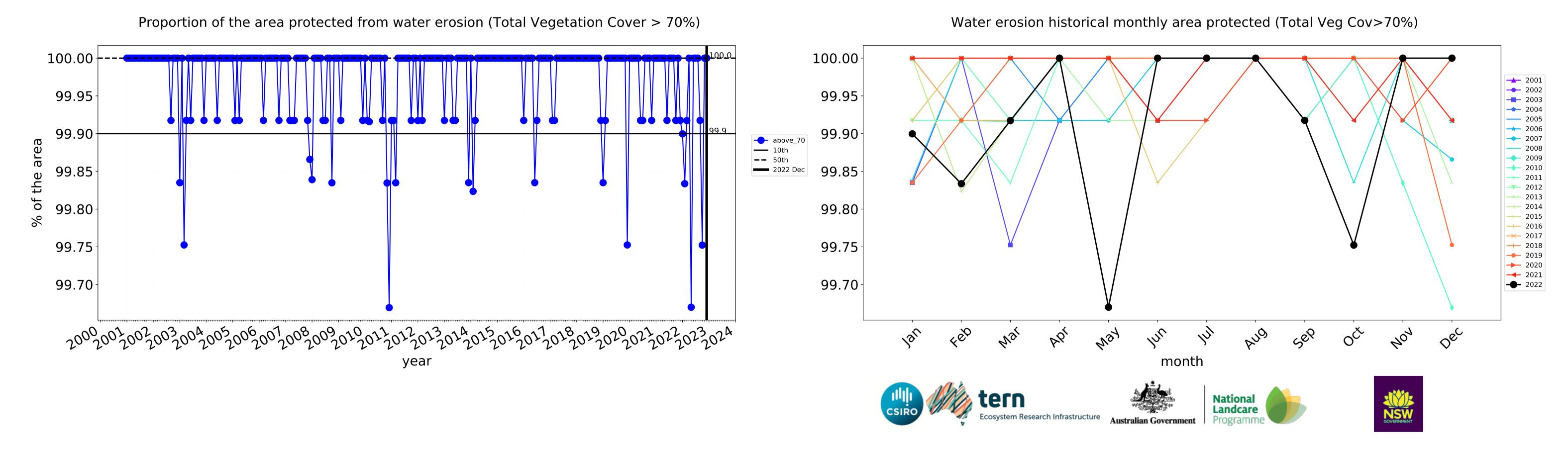


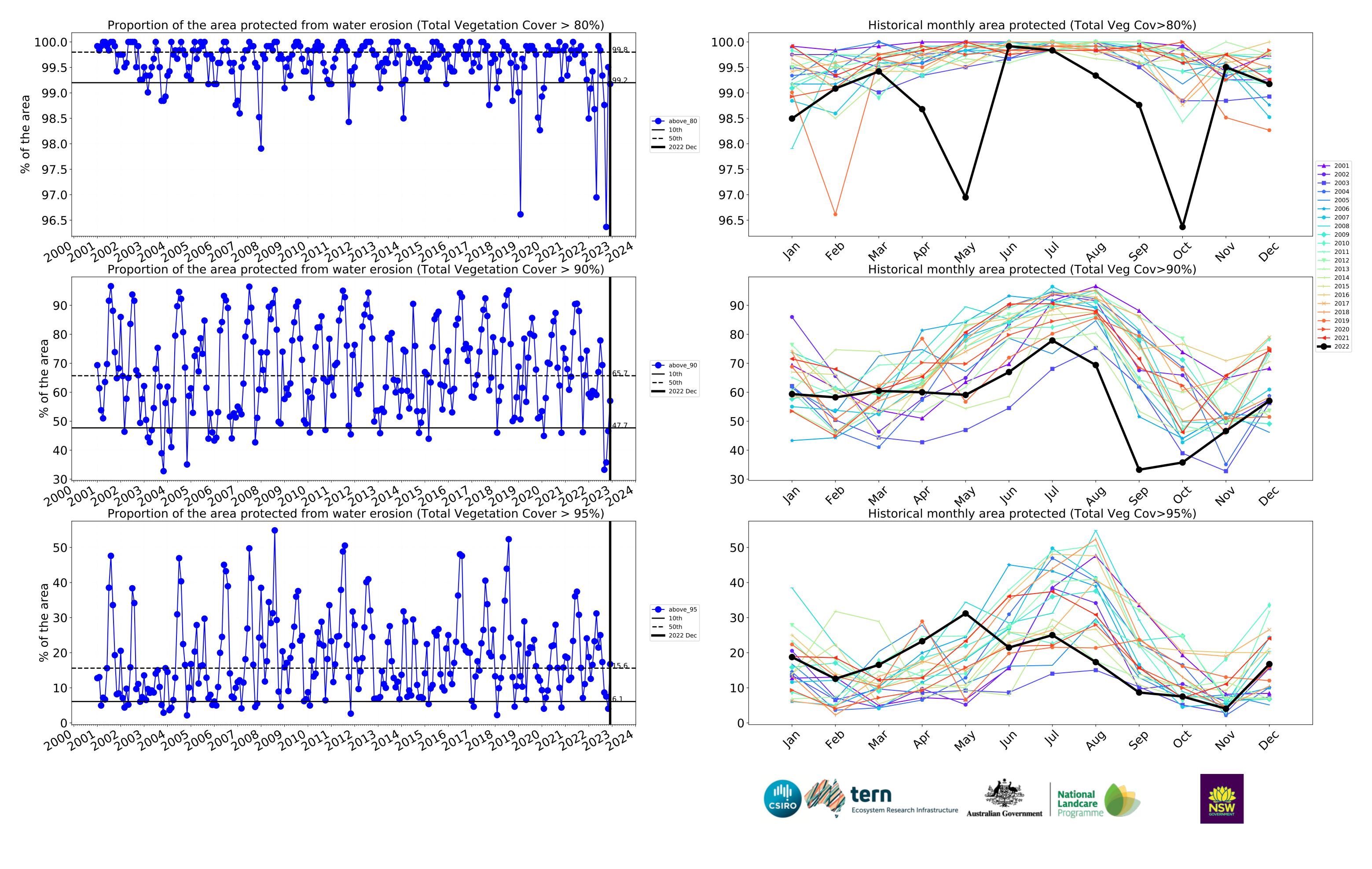




# **Grazing timeseries**



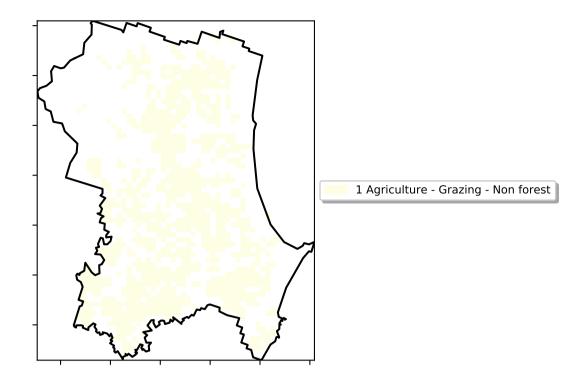




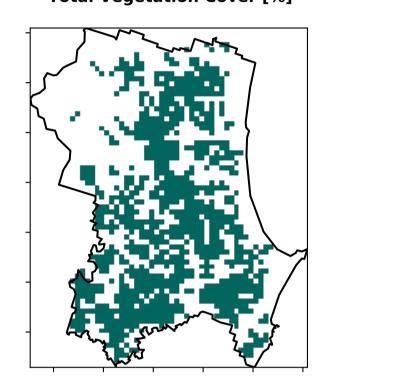
# **Grazing non forest**

### Land use and forest cover

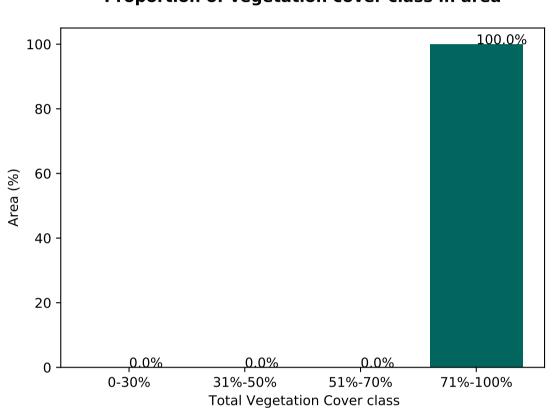
Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)



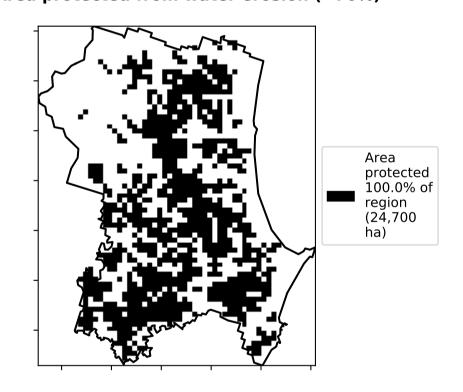
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



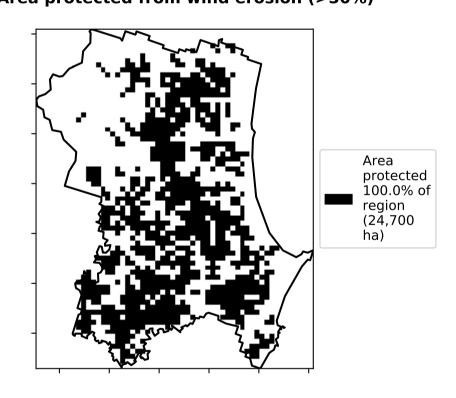
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



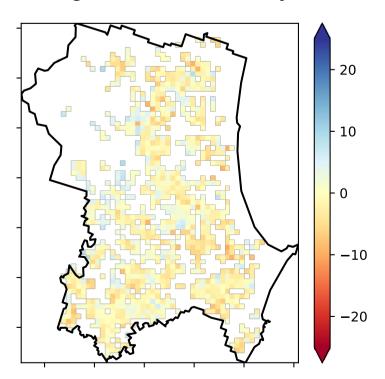
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

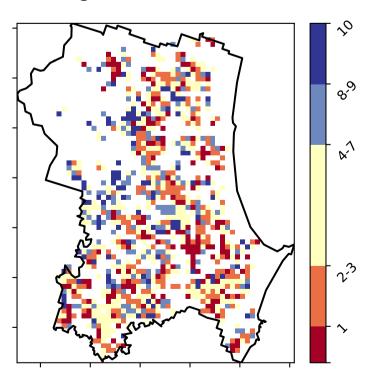


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That

is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that

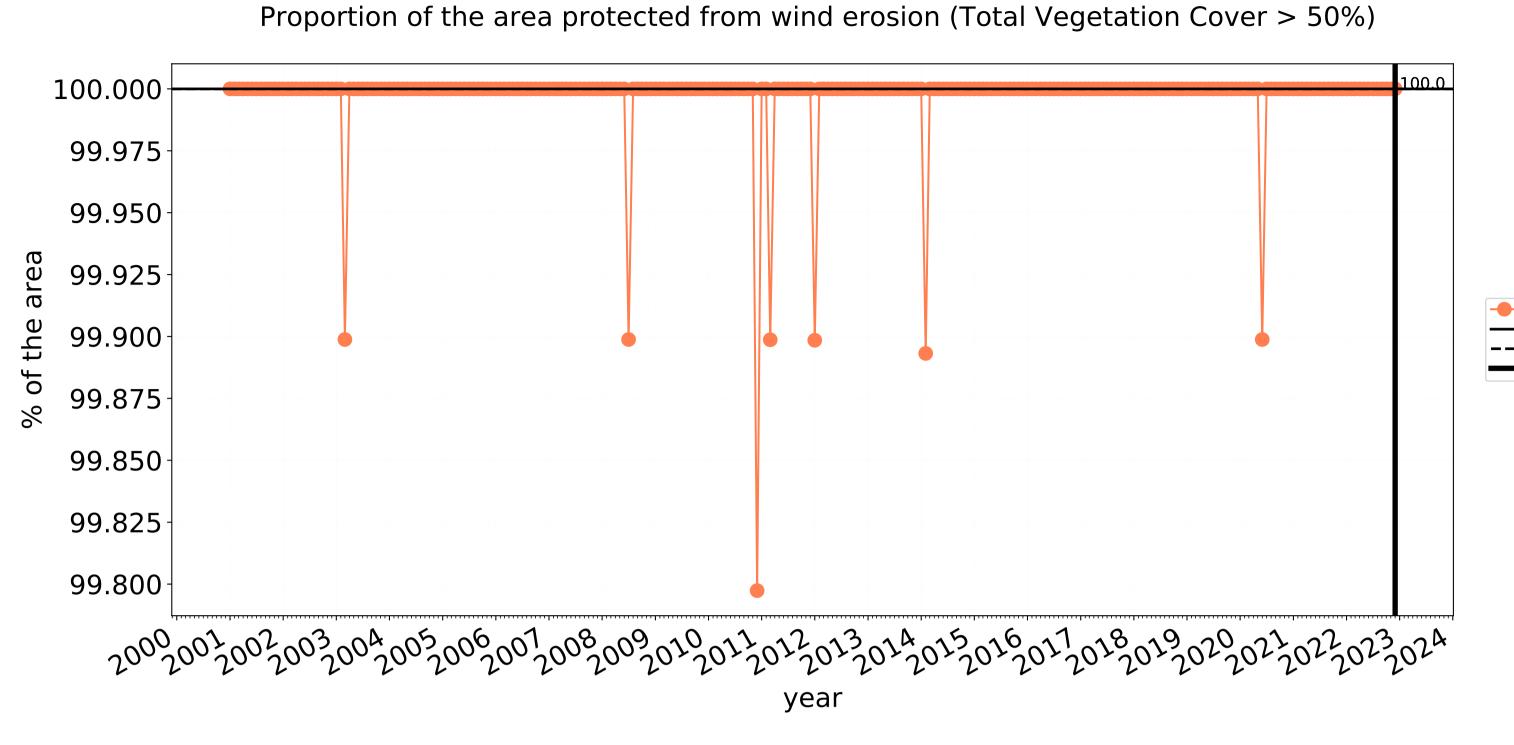


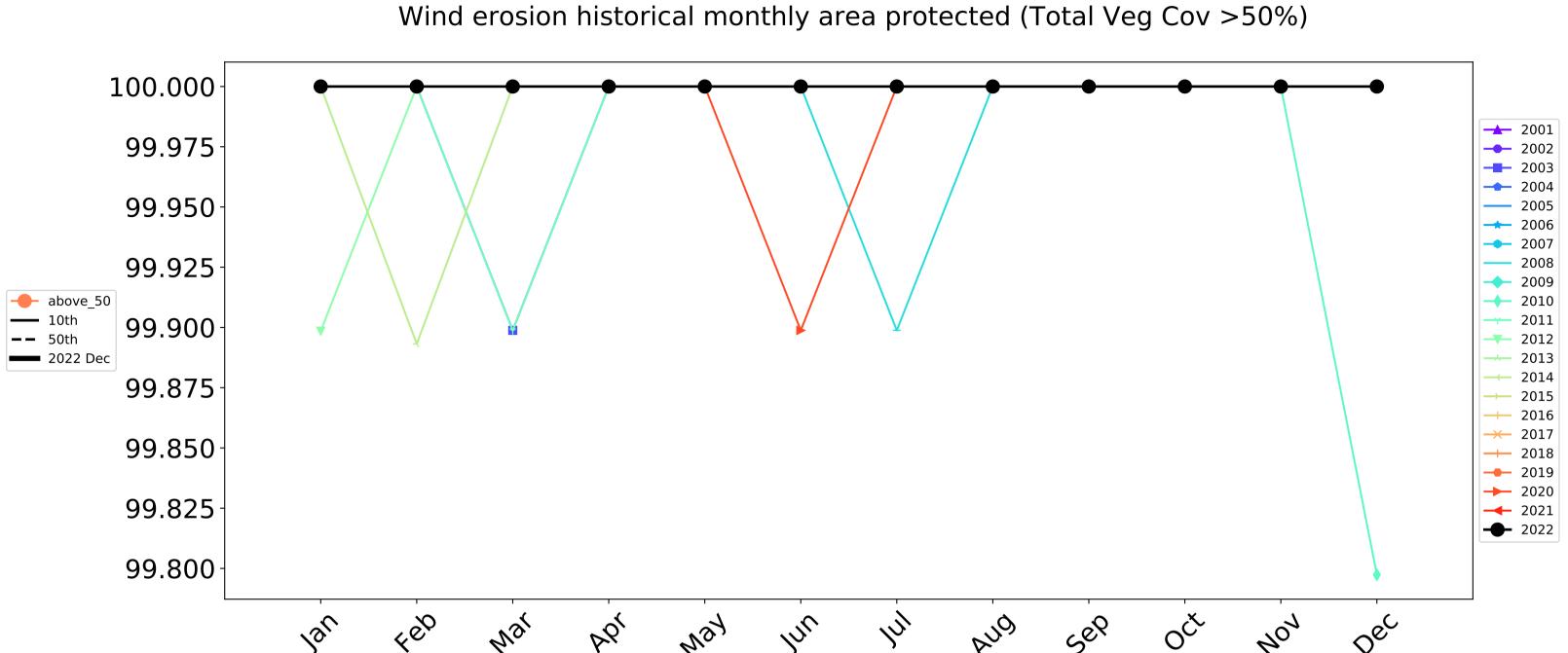




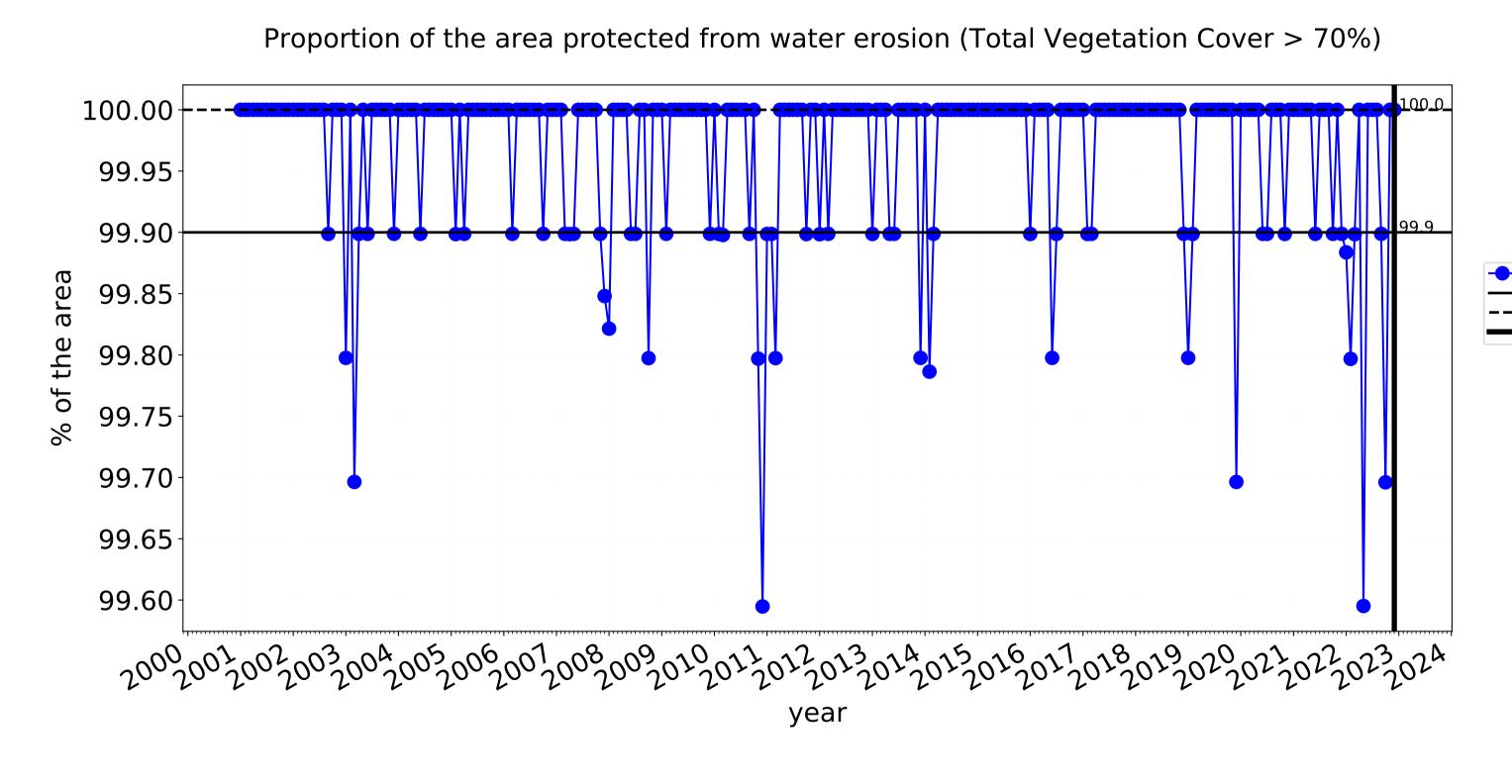


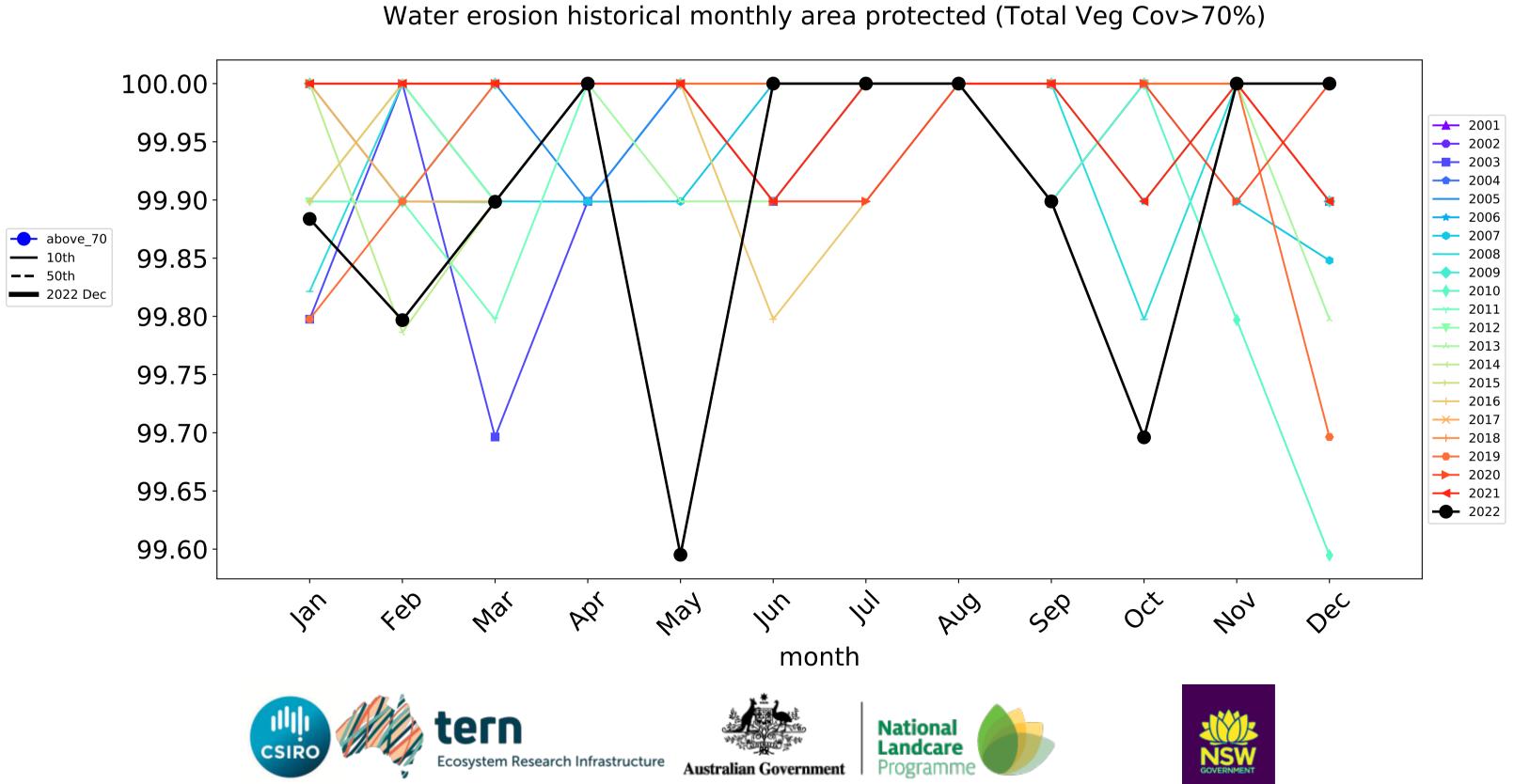
# **Grazing non forest timeseries**

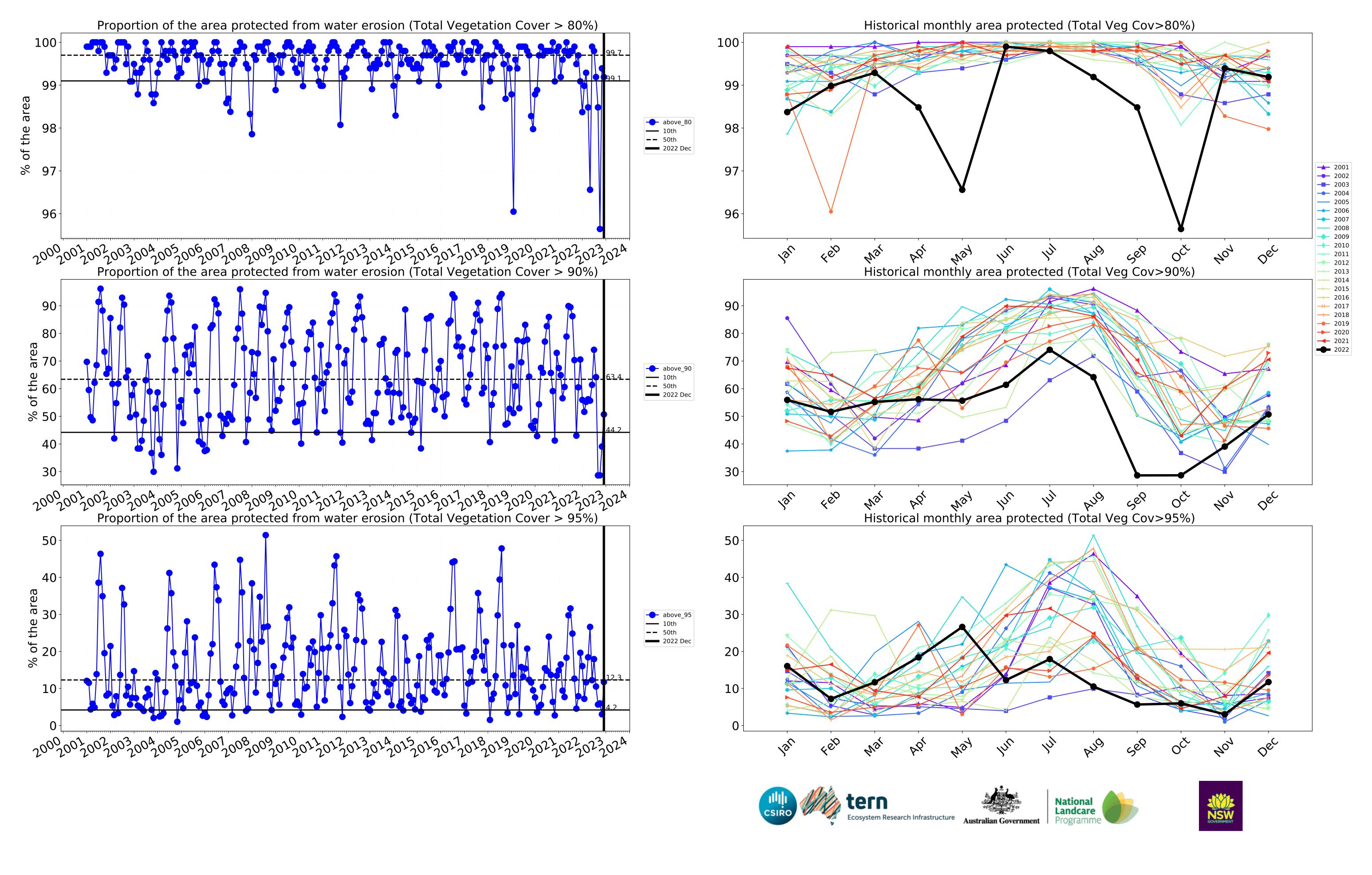




month







# **Grazing Woodland forest**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

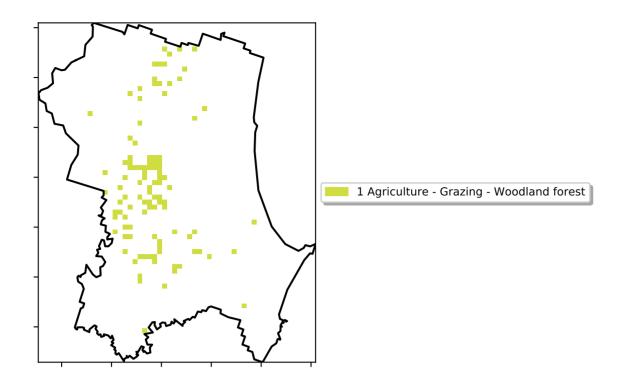
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the mean of that

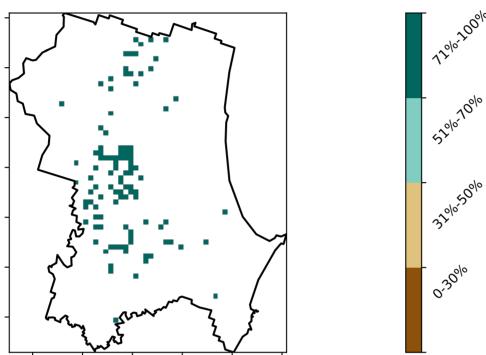
pixel. The mean

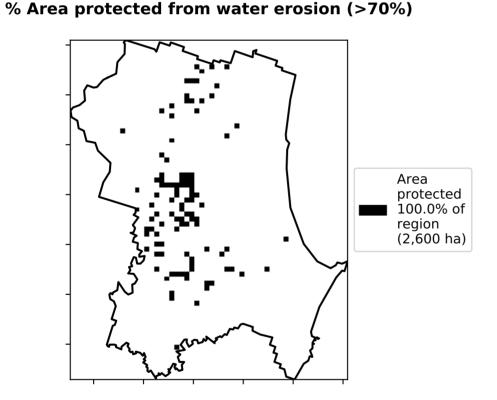
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

is only for the month of the map

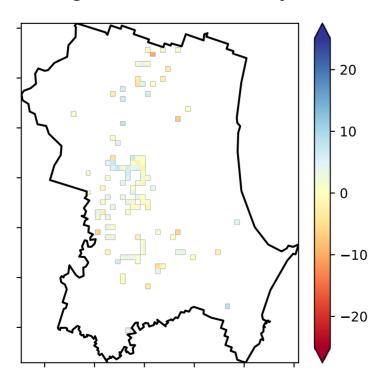


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



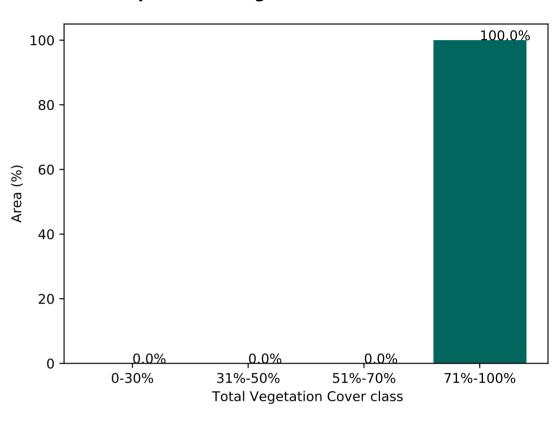


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

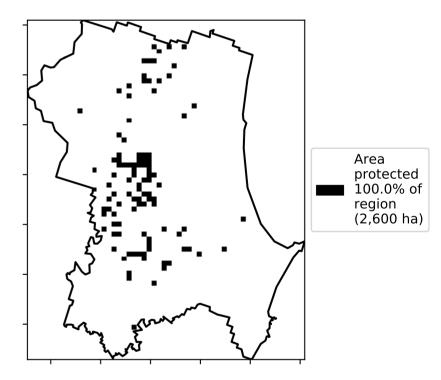


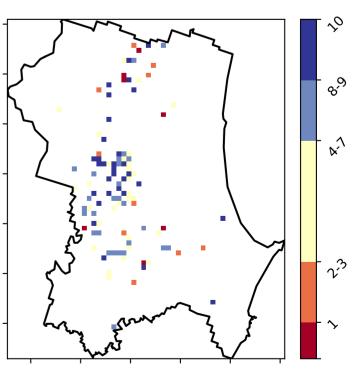
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





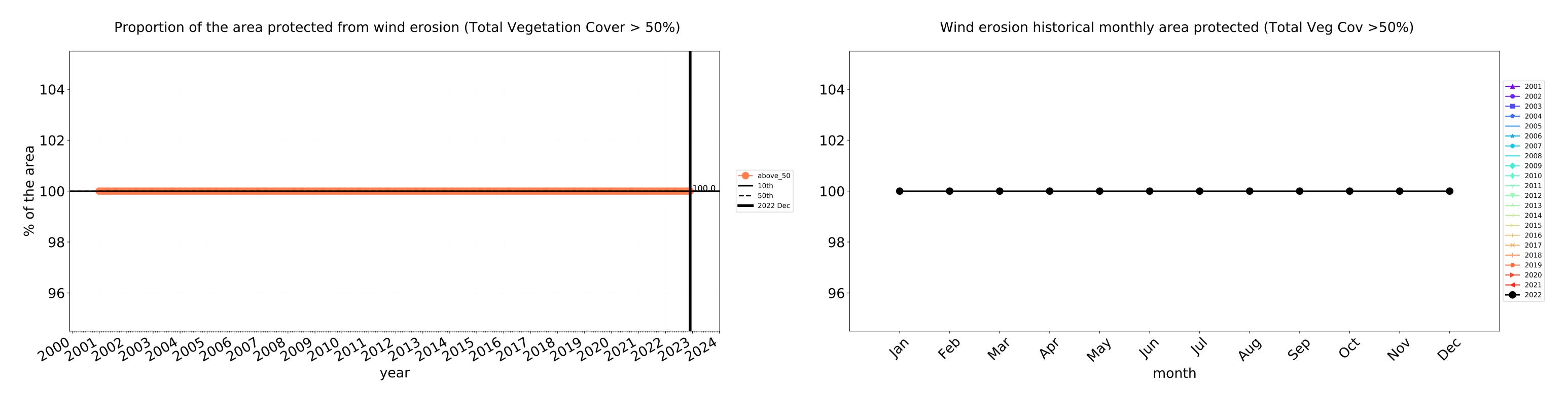


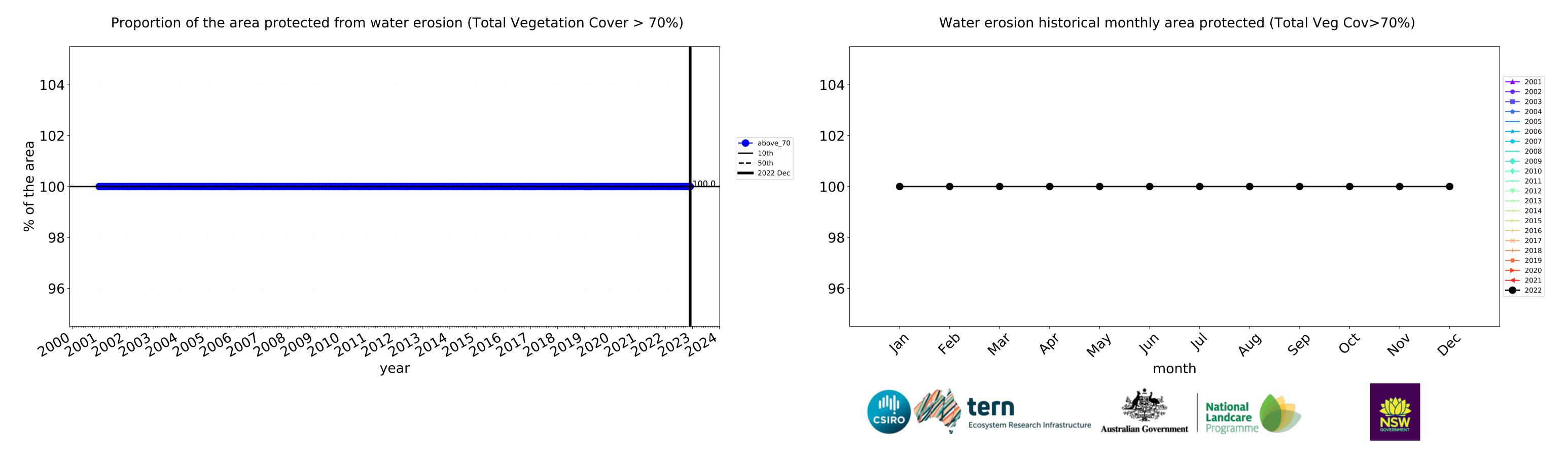


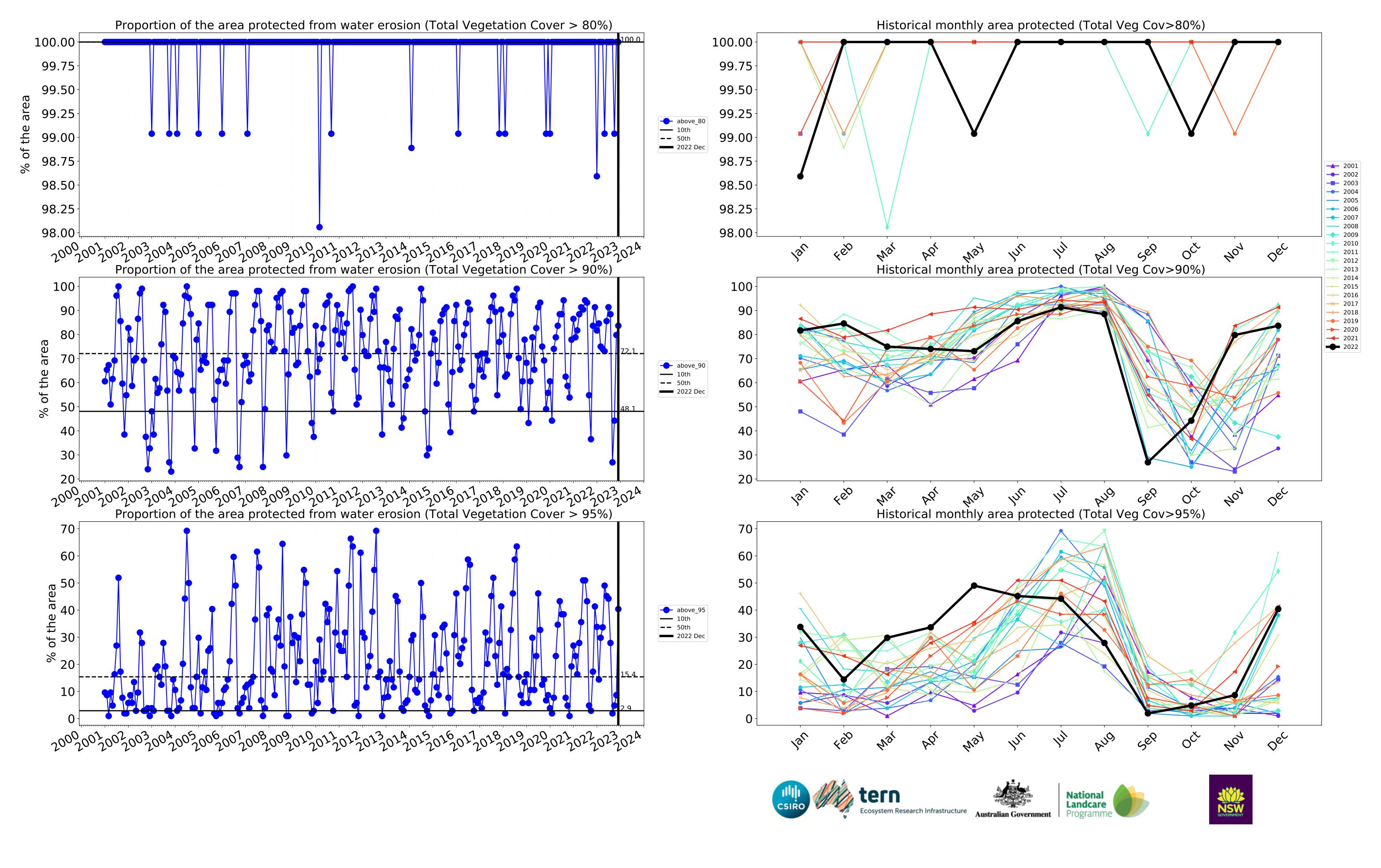




# **Grazing Woodland forest timeseries**







# **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

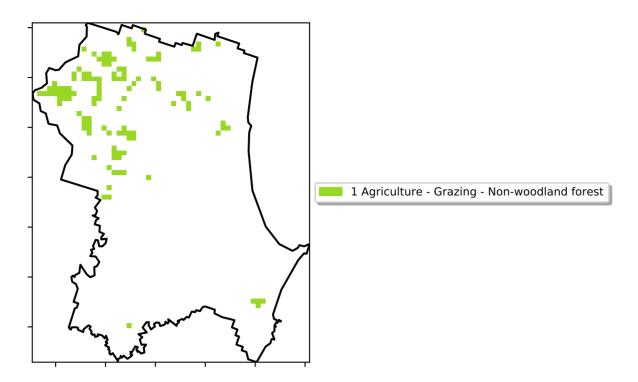
pixel is from

the mean. That is, red pixels

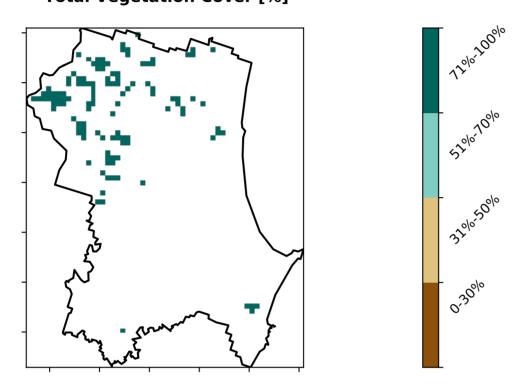
are about 20% lower than the mean of that

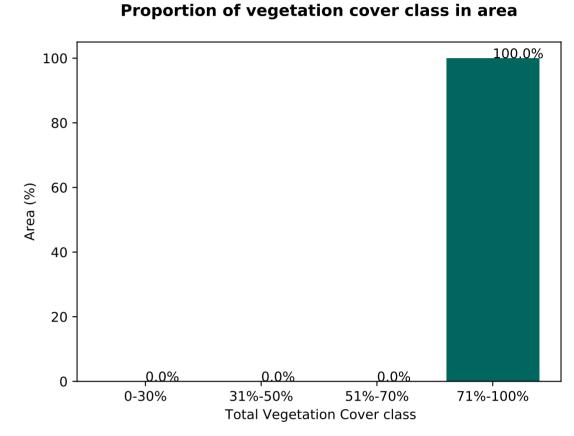
pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map

using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

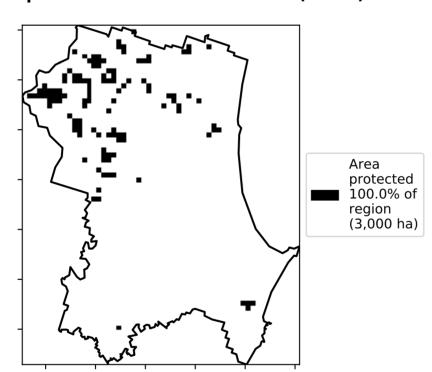


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

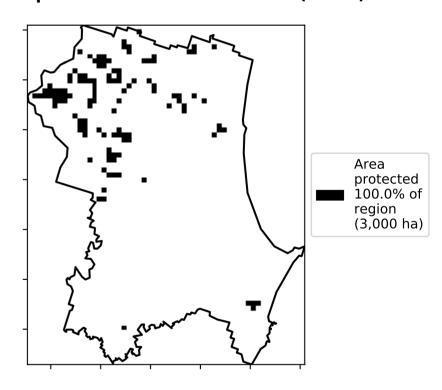




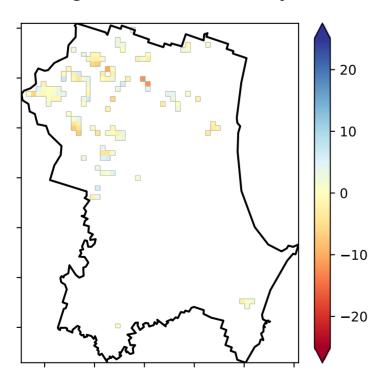
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



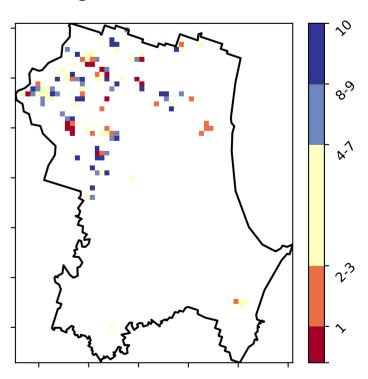
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



# **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.





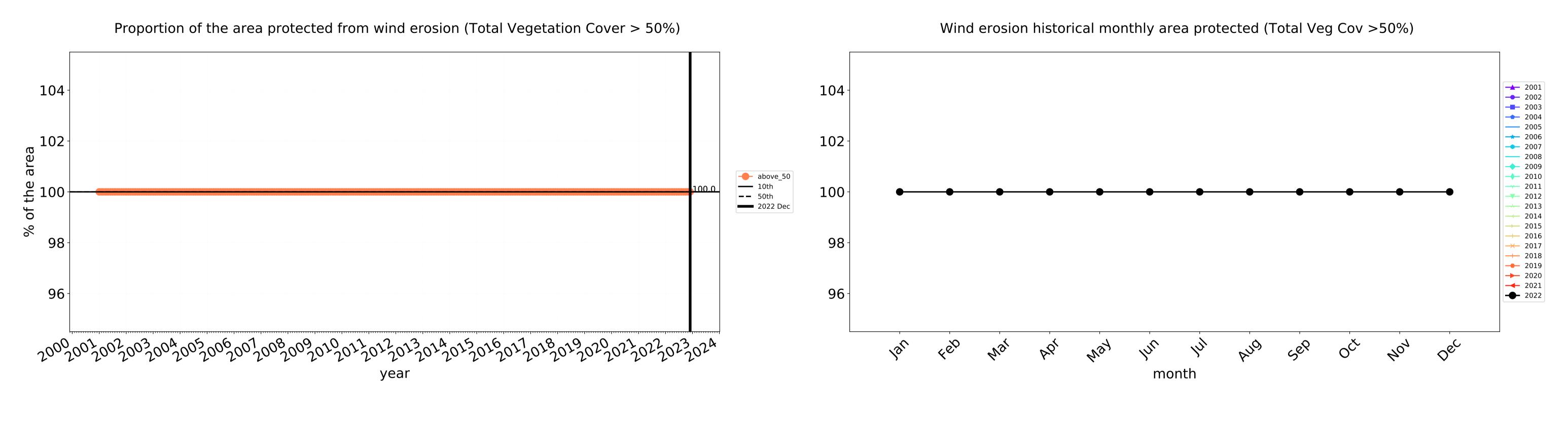


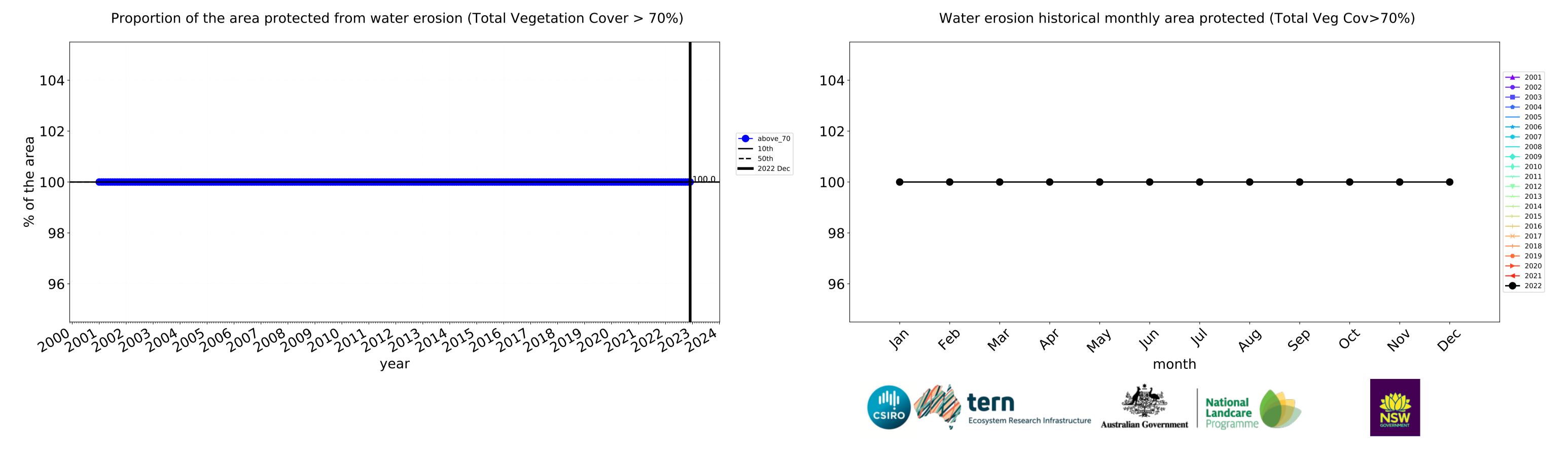


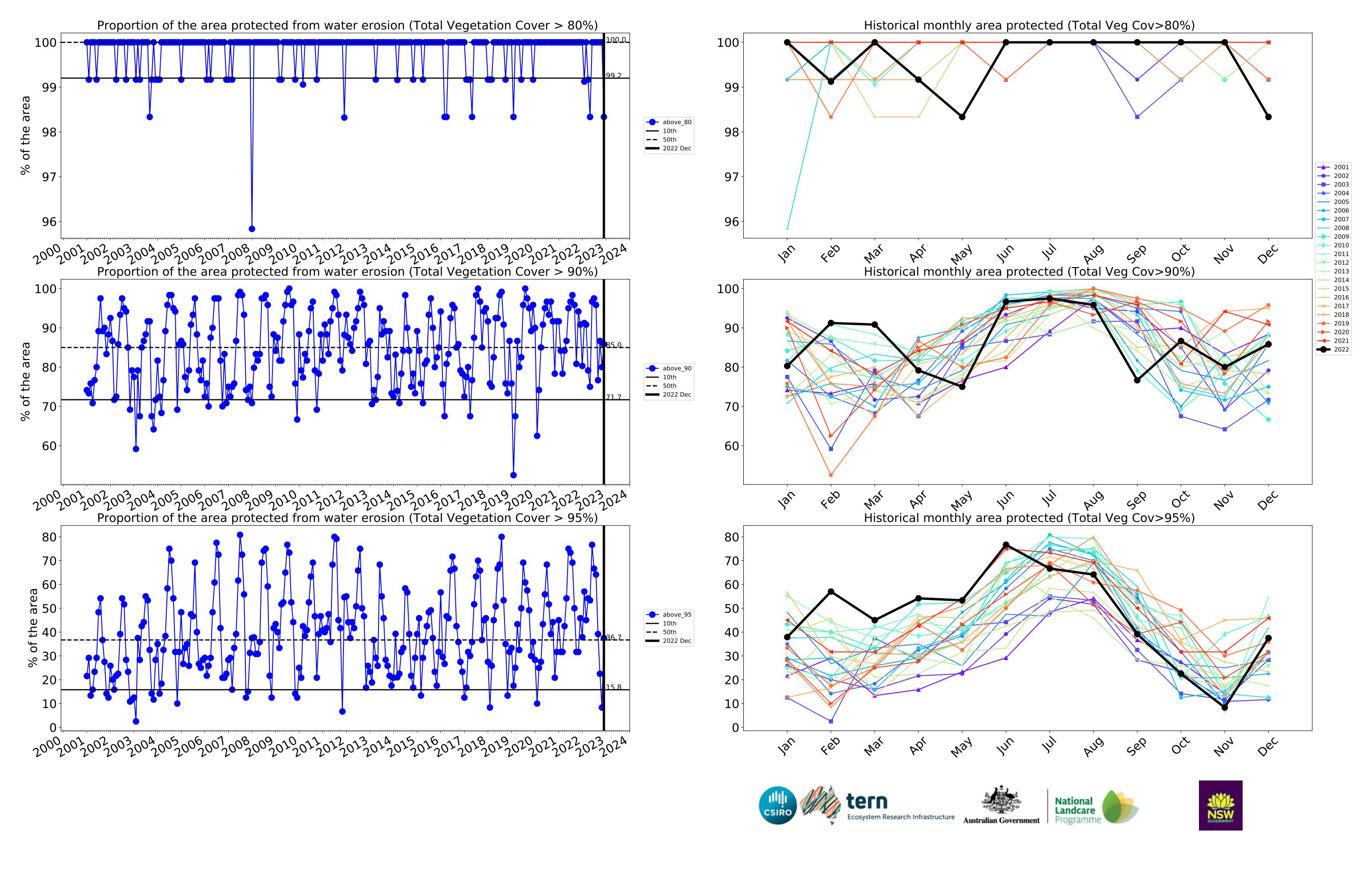












# **Cropping**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

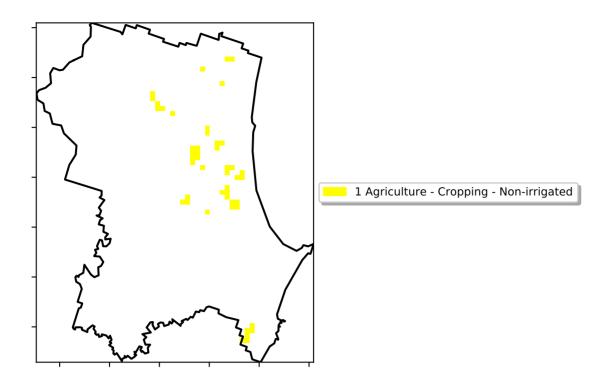
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the

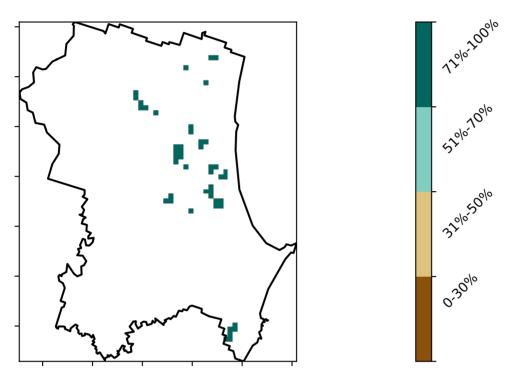
mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

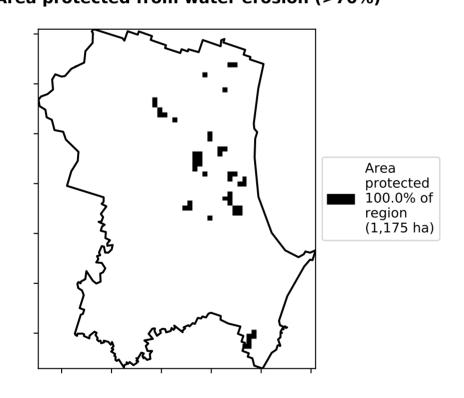
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



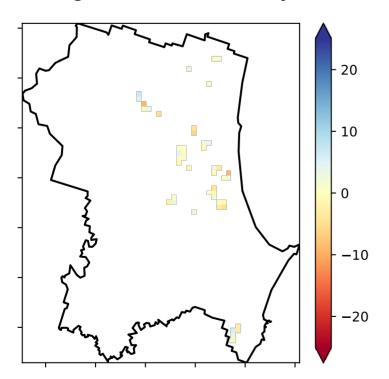
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)

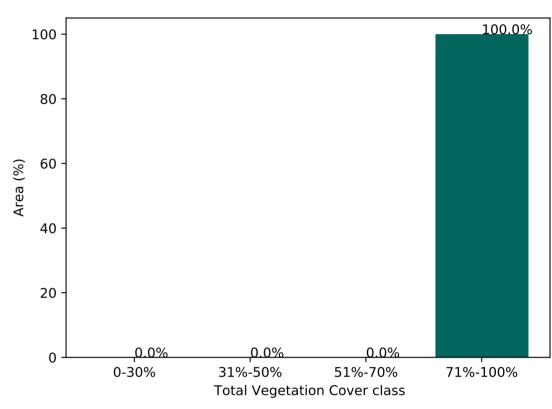


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**

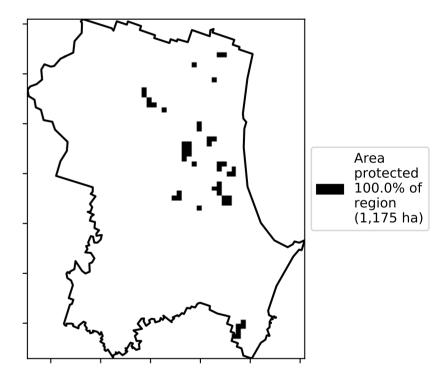


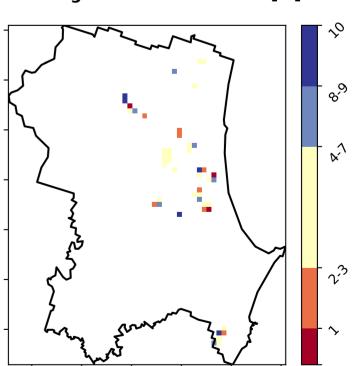
Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)





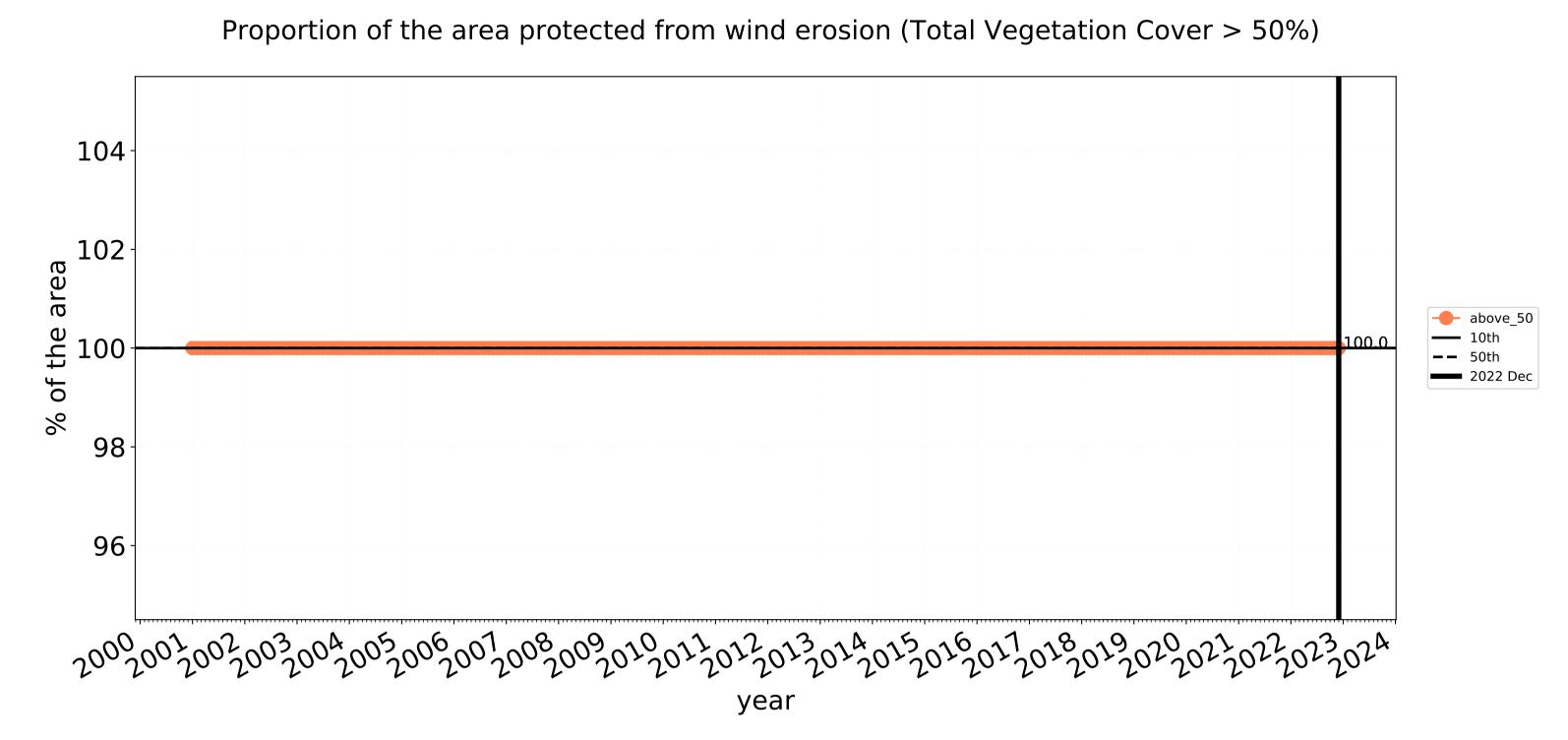




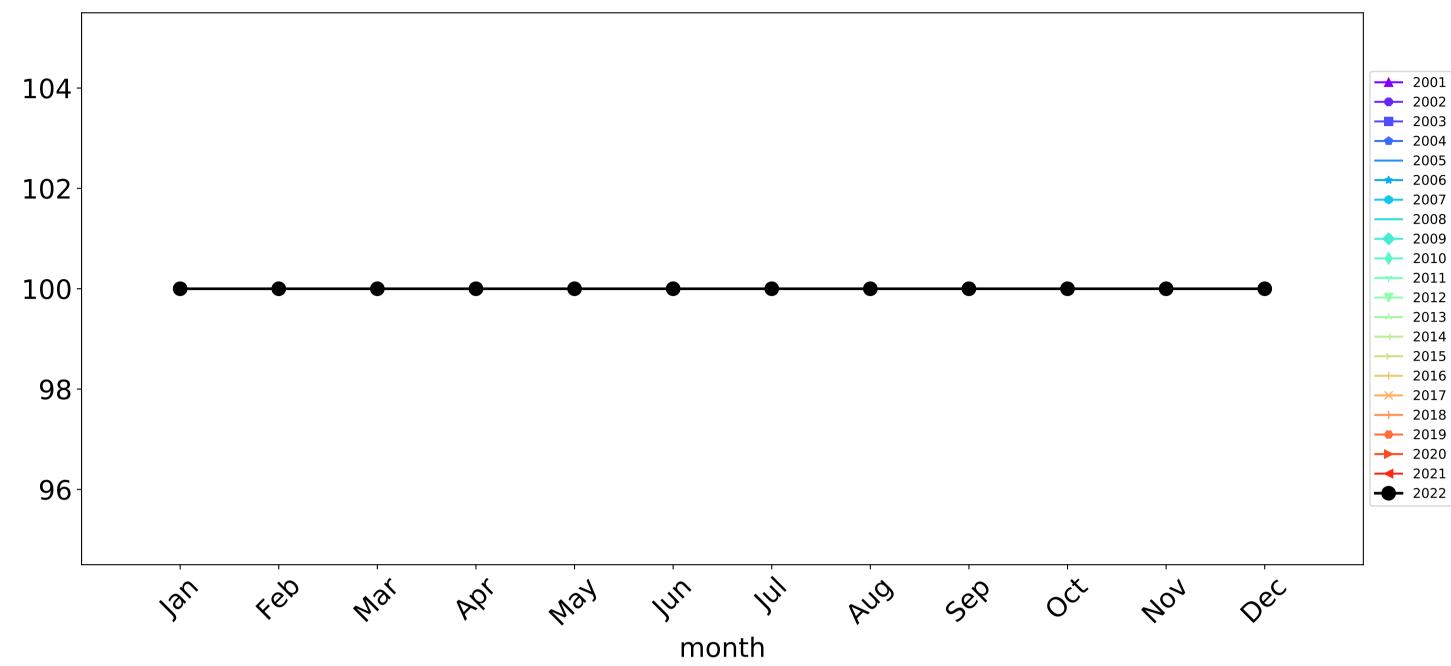


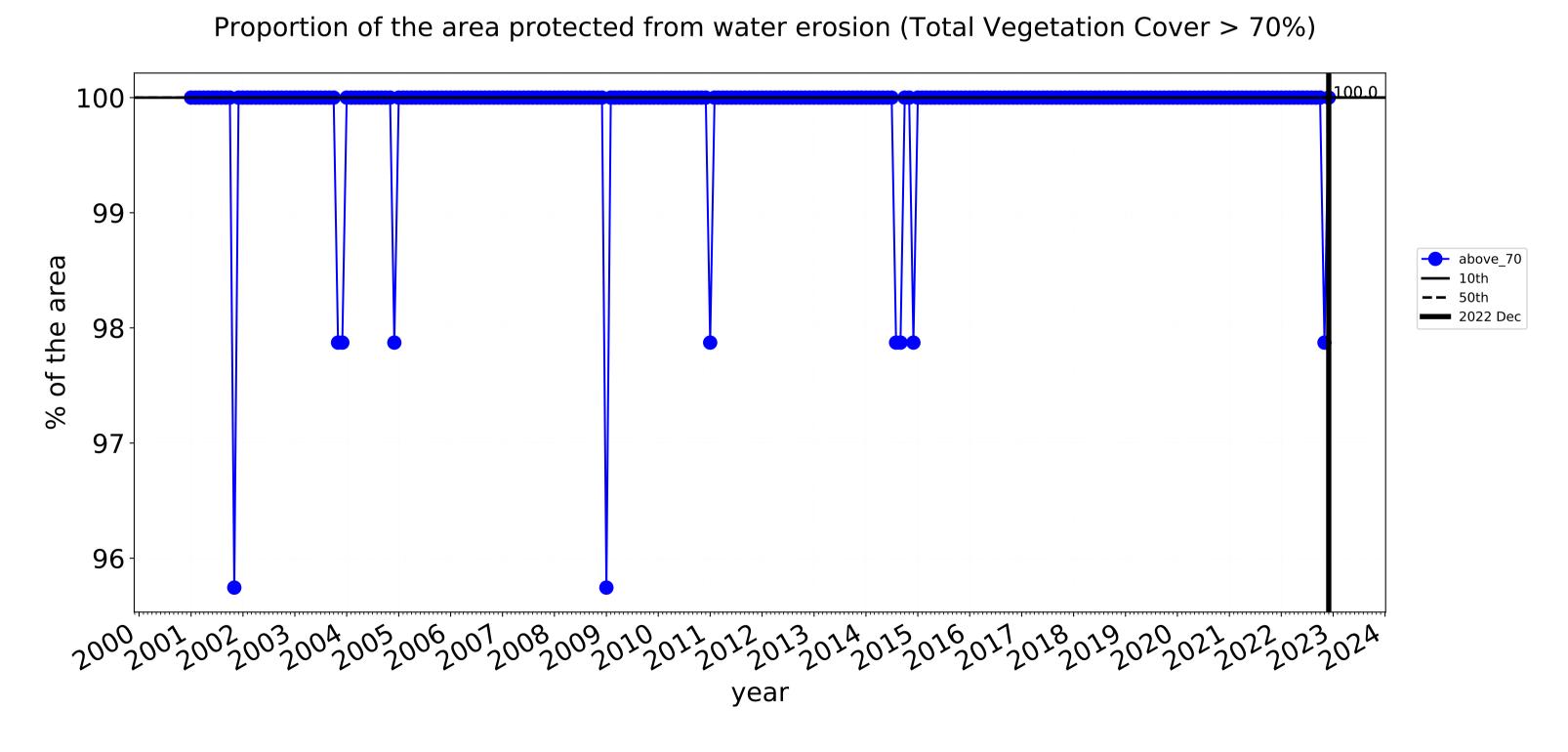


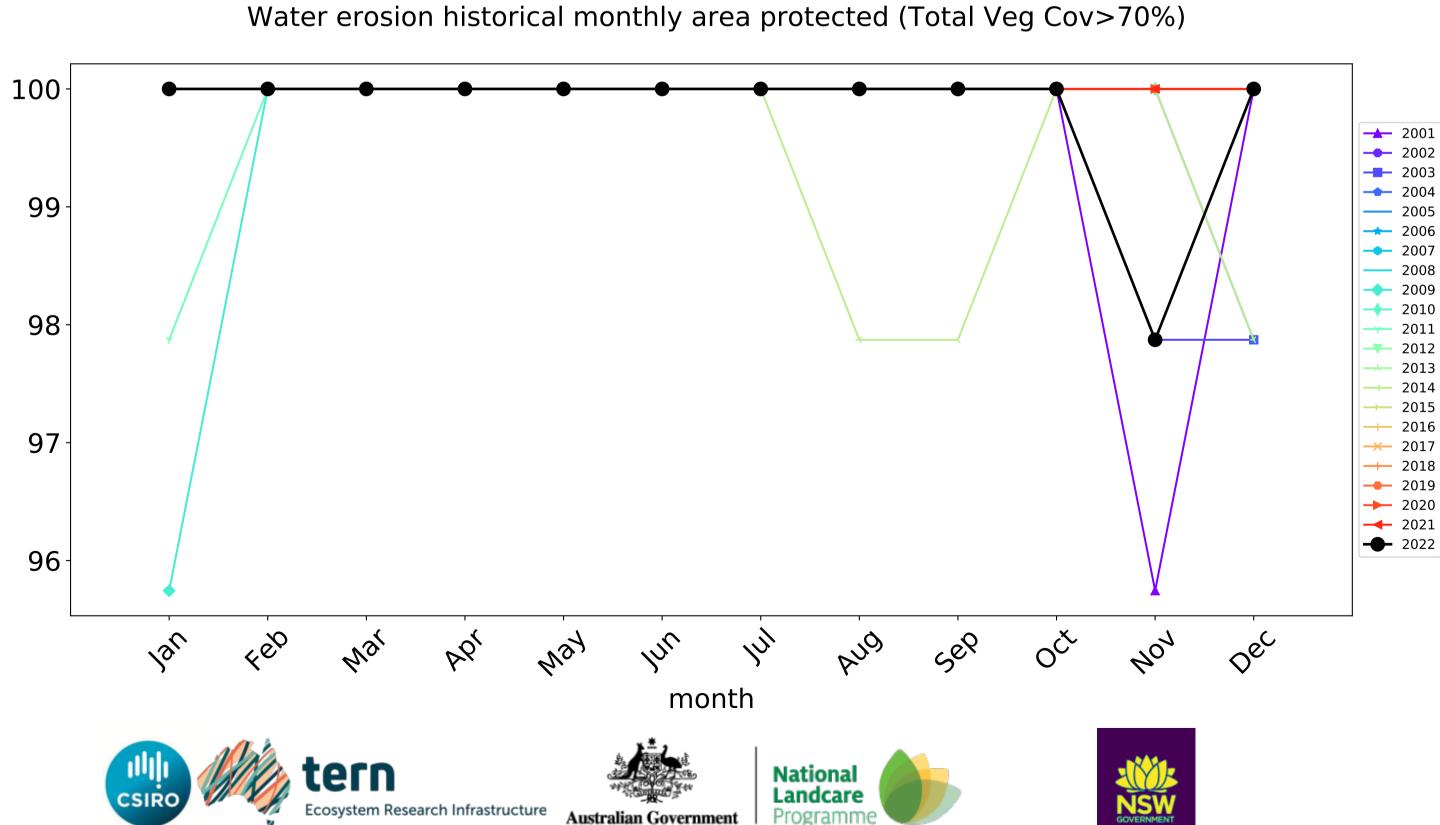
# **Cropping timeseries**

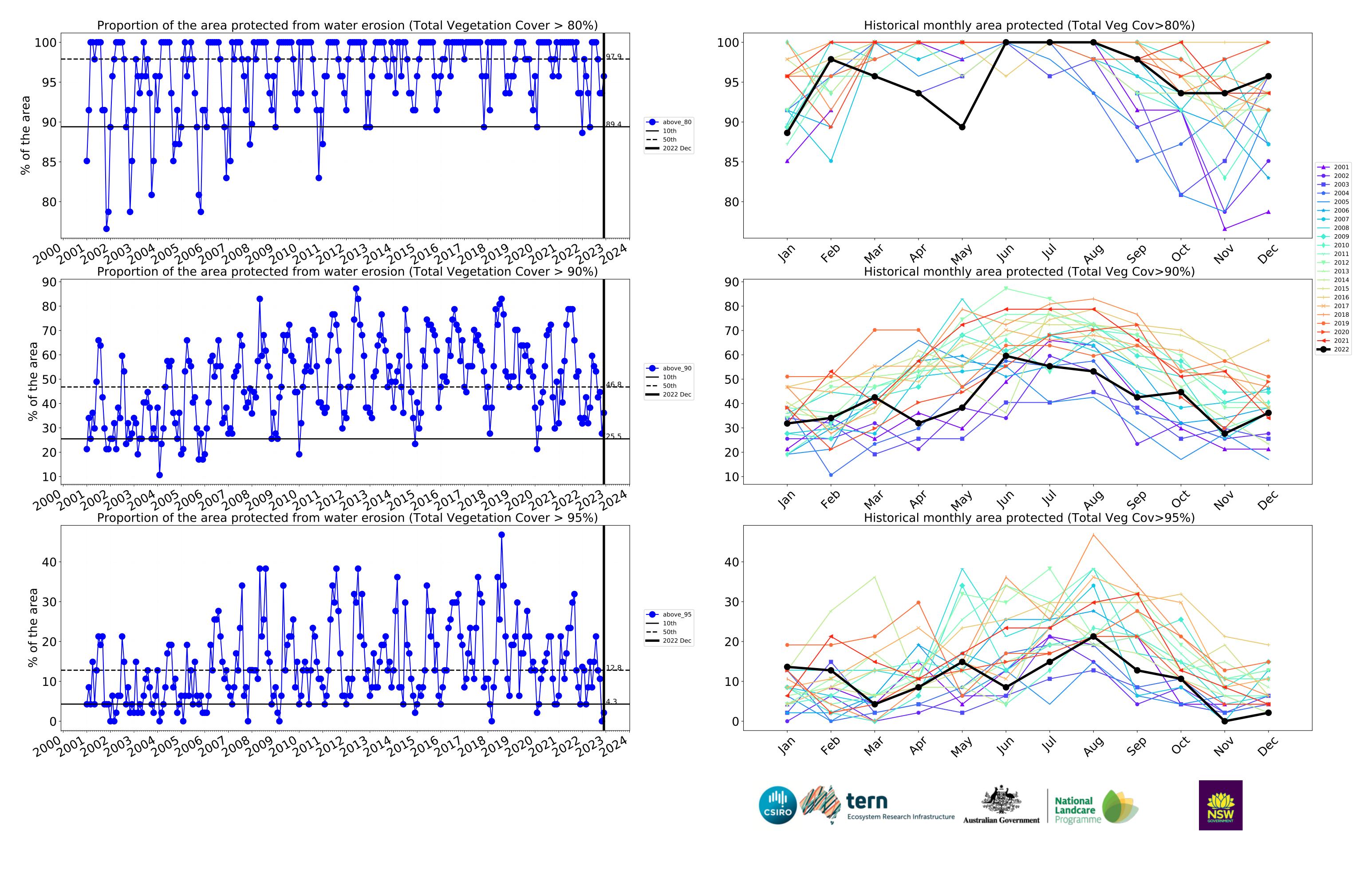












# **Horticulture**

### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

Anomaly show how many percetage points each

pixel is from

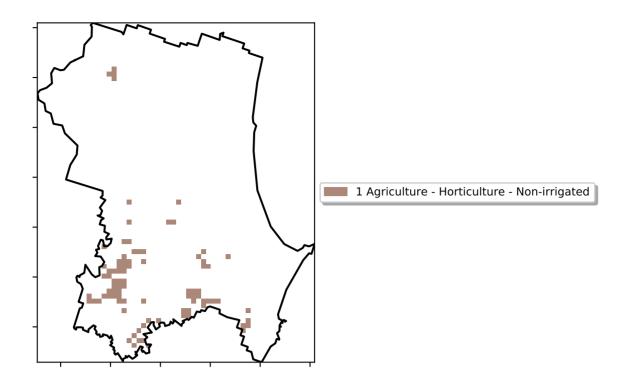
the mean. That is, red pixels

are about 20% lower than the

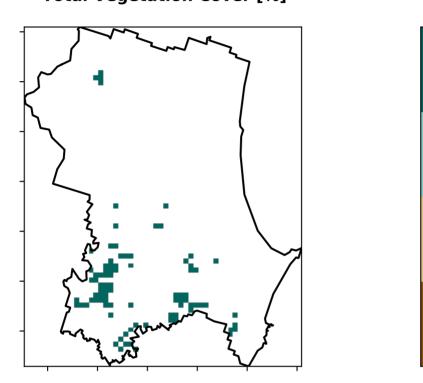
mean of that pixel. The mean

is only for the month of the map

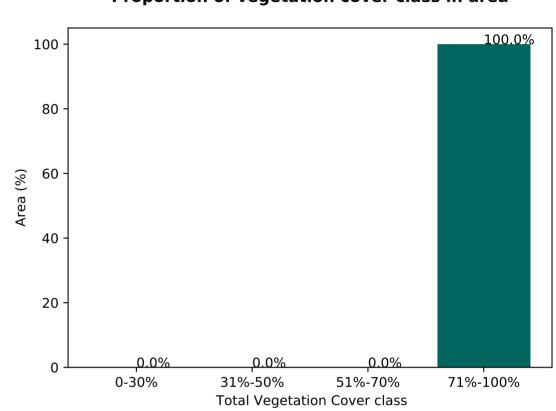
using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



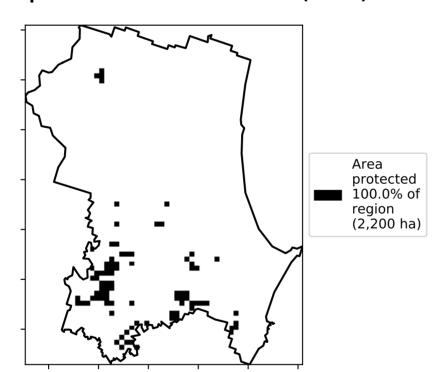
### Total Vegetation Cover [%]



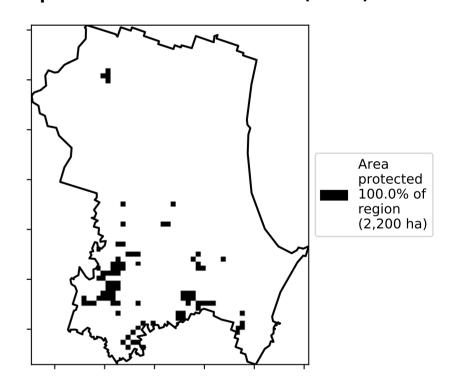
### Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



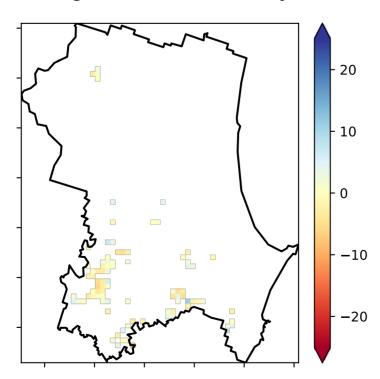
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



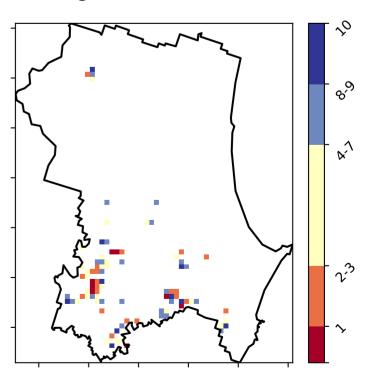
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



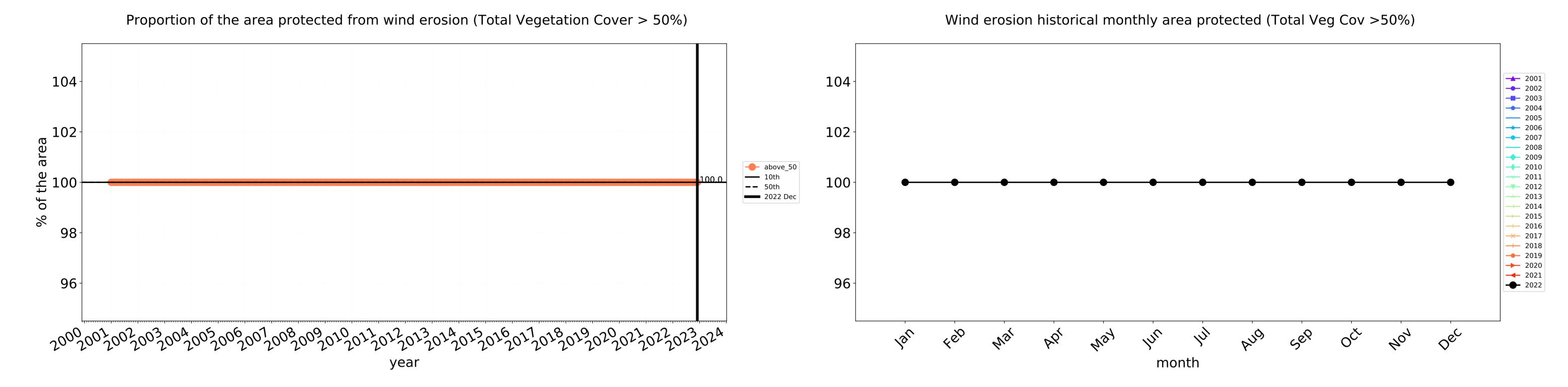


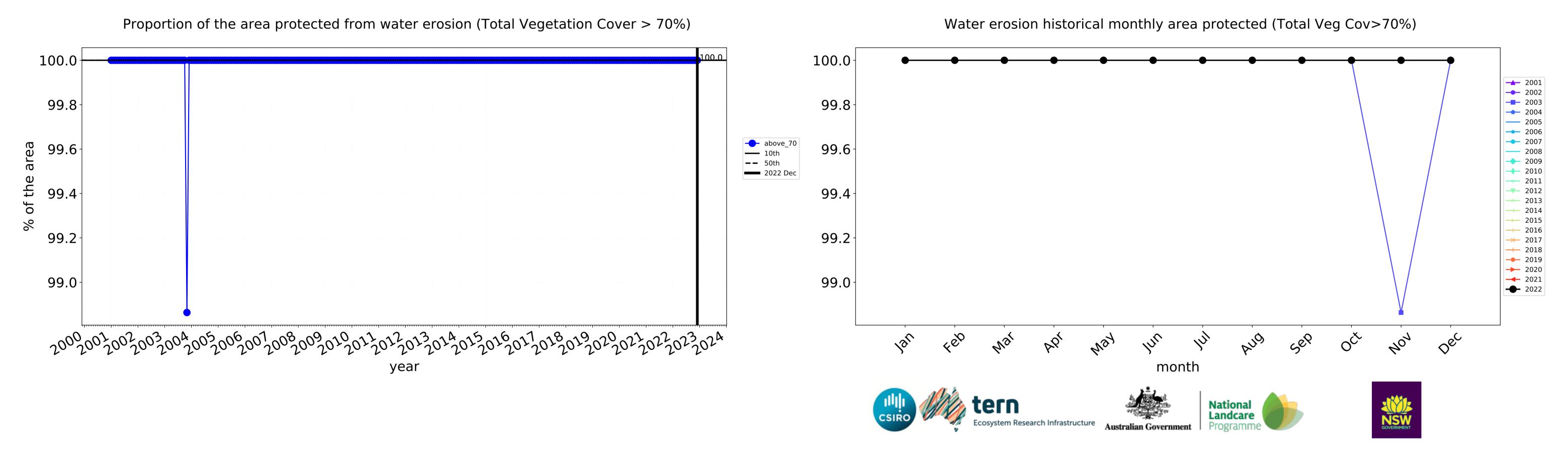


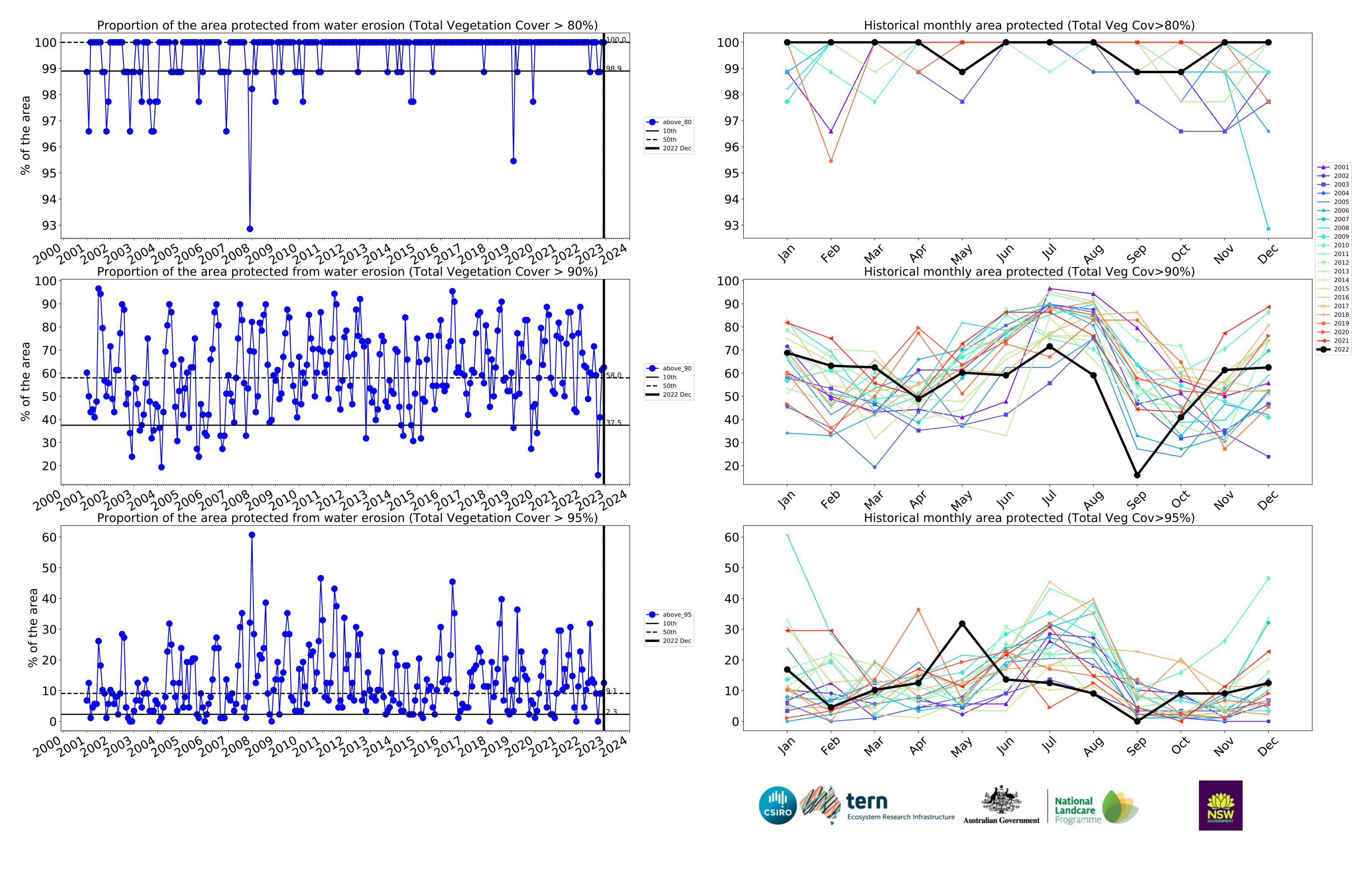




# **Horticulture timeseries**



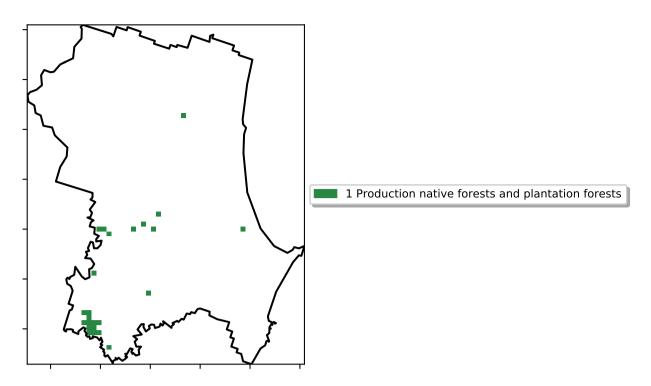




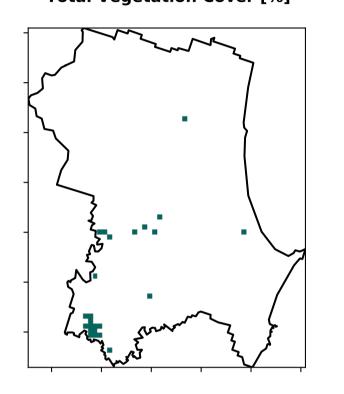
# **Production native forests and plantation forests**

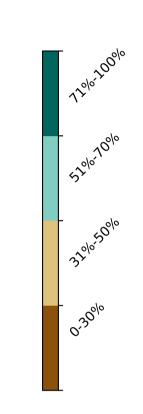
### Land use and forest cover

Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

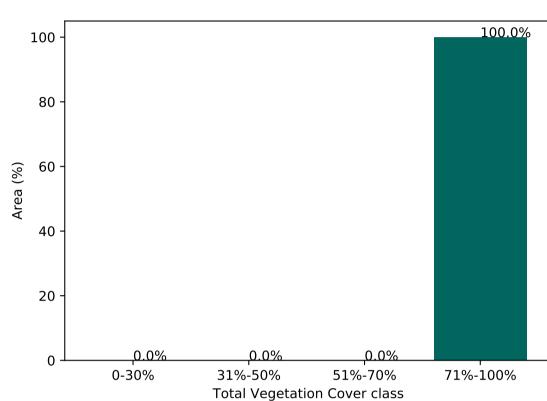


### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**

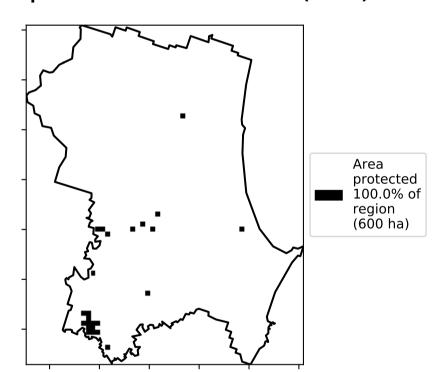




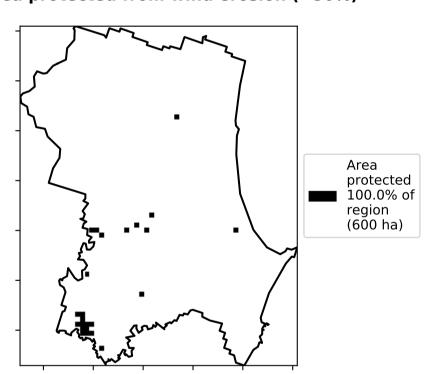
# Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



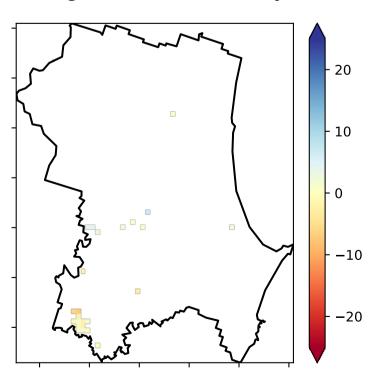
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

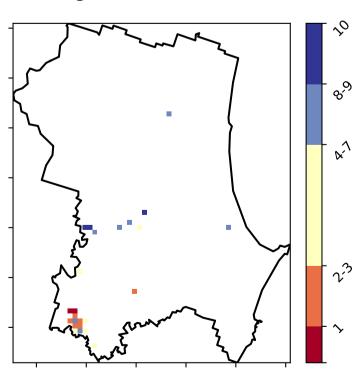


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**



Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

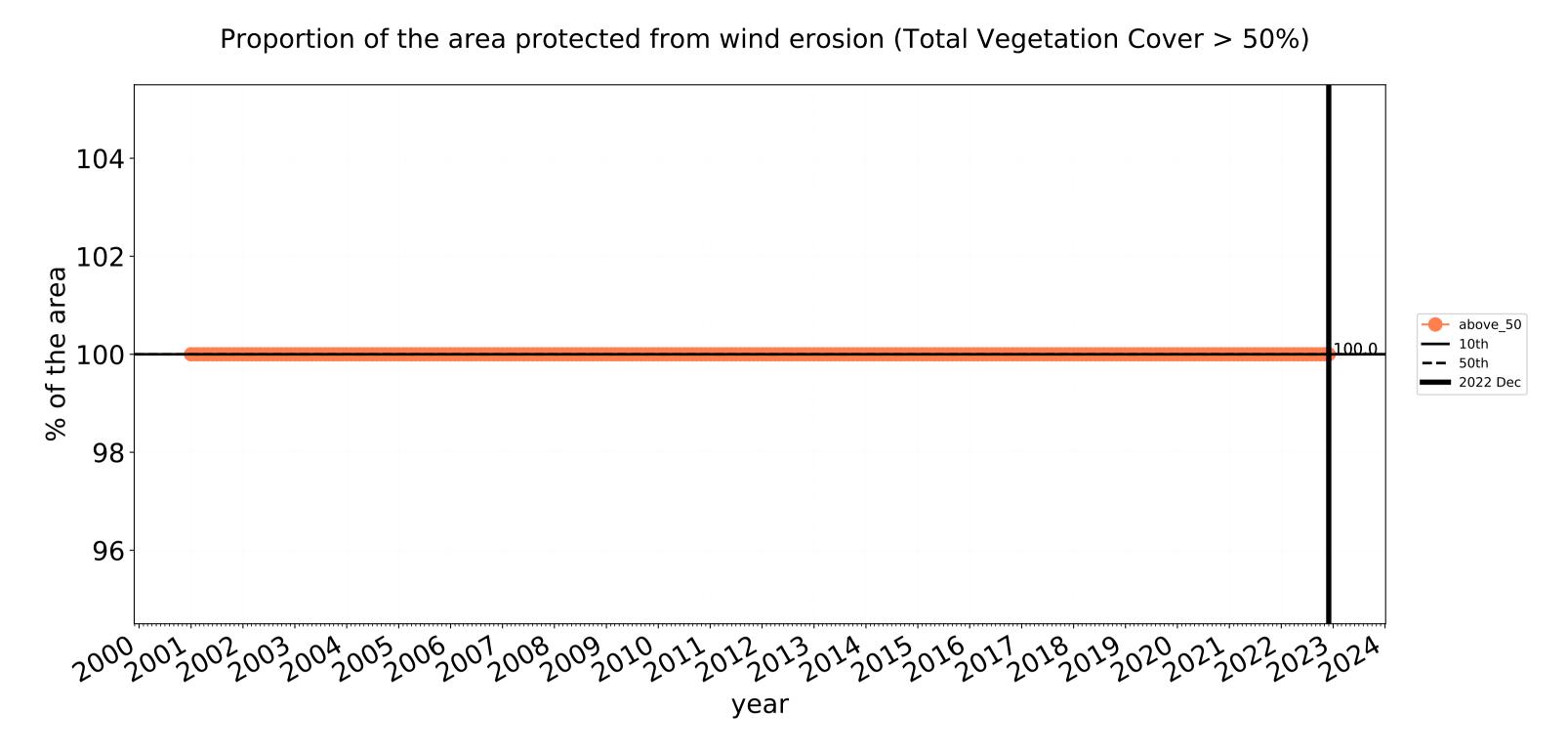




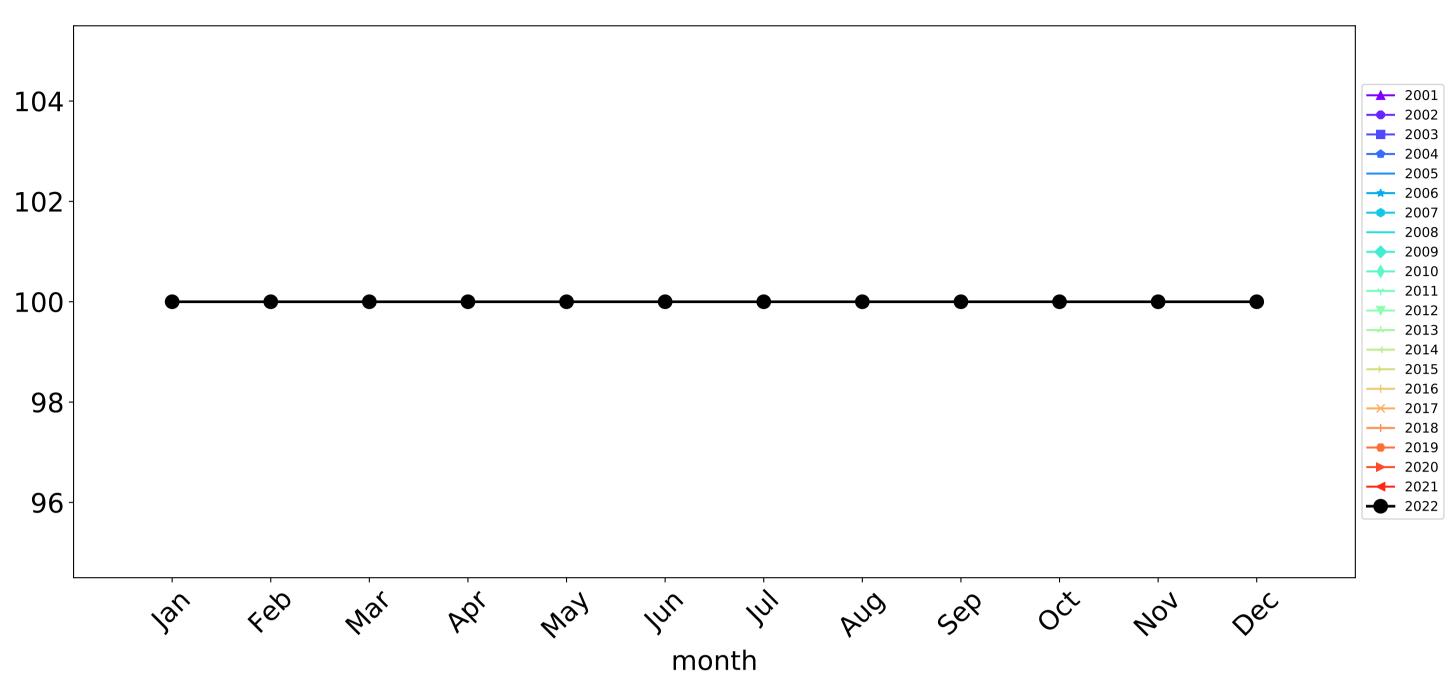




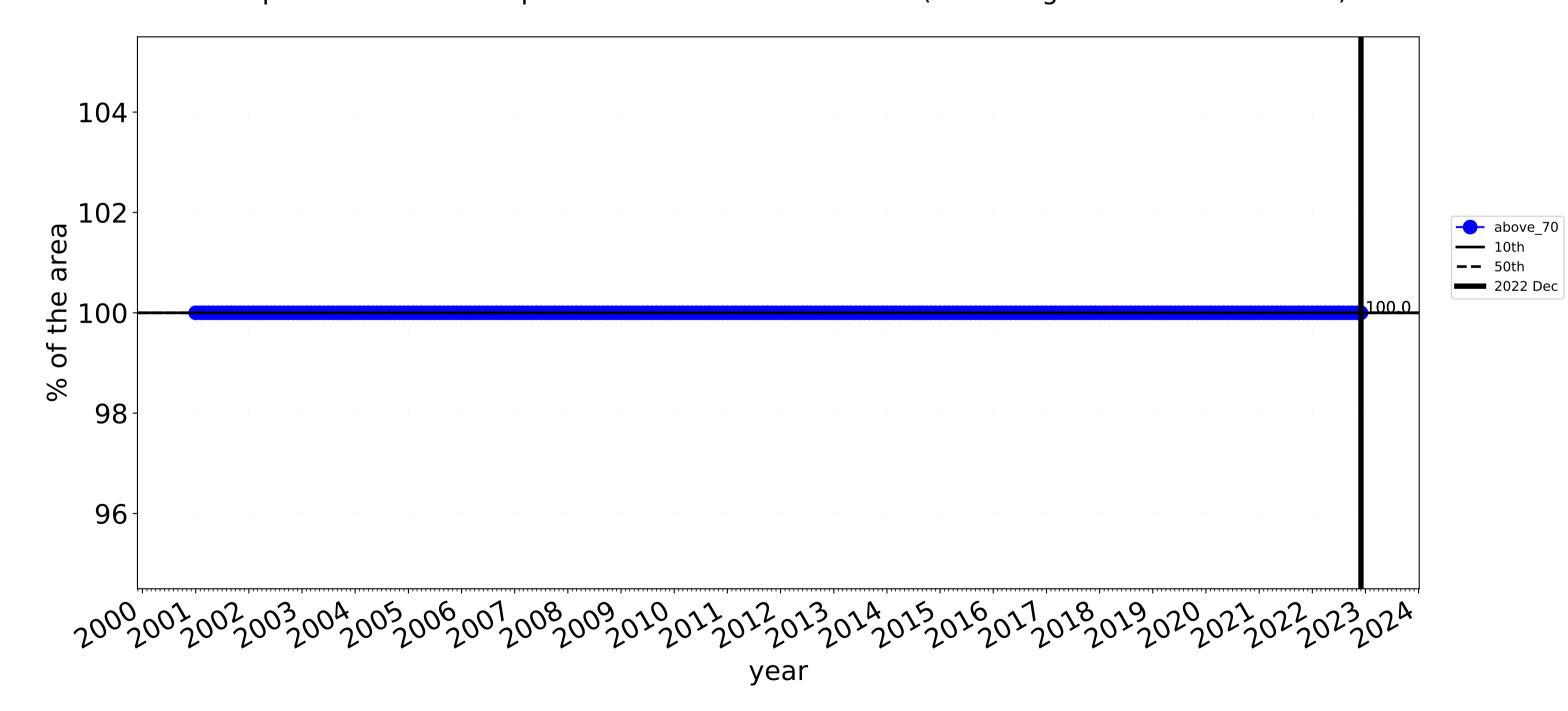
# **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**



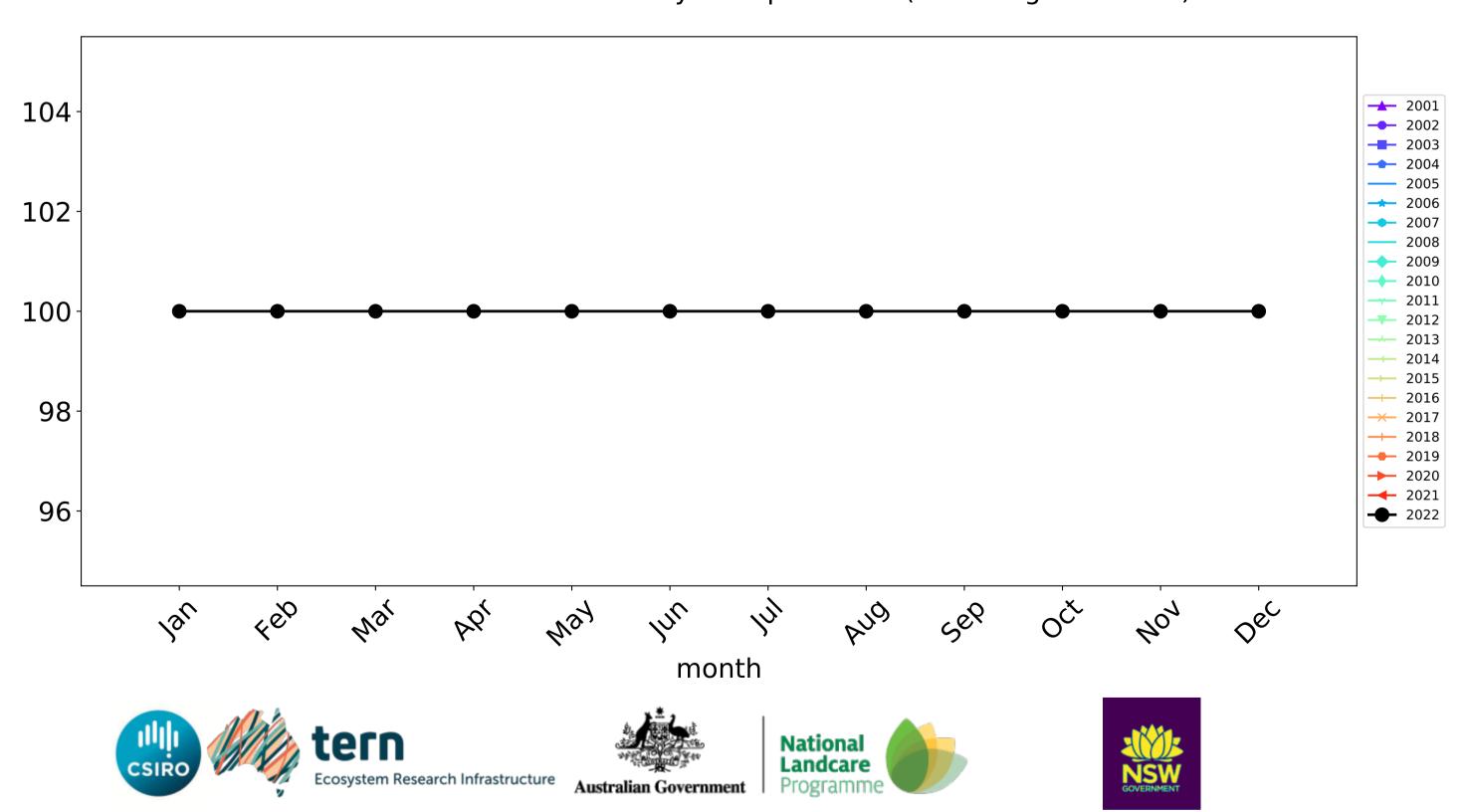
# Wind erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov >50%)

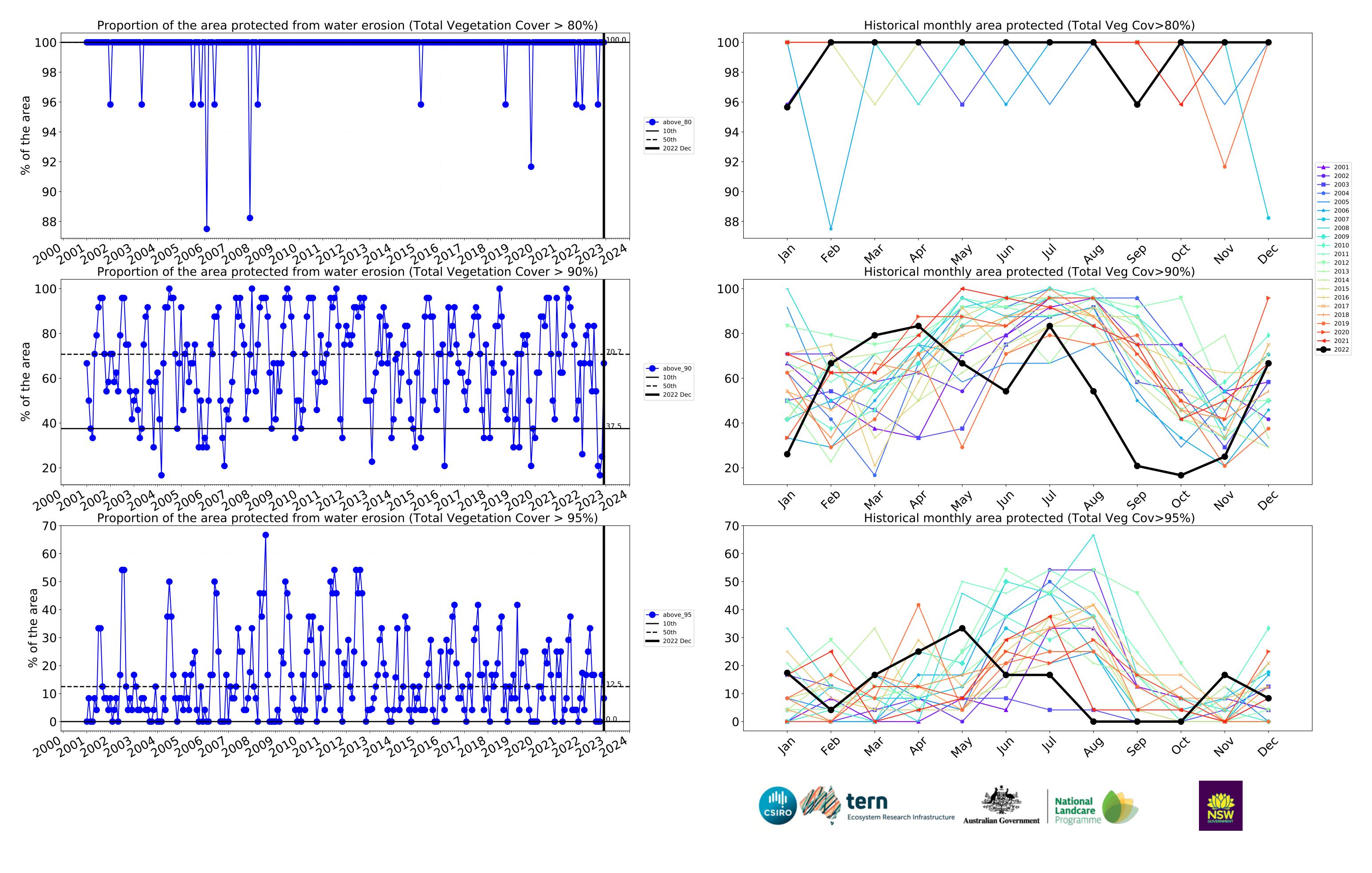


Proportion of the area protected from water erosion (Total Vegetation Cover > 70%)



Water erosion historical monthly area protected (Total Veg Cov>70%)





# Byron\_(A) (56,425 ha and no data 270 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	56,425	99.8% 56,325	99.5% 56,125	98.4% 55,525	95.8% 54,050	56.3% 31,775	18.2% 10,250
Conservation and natural environments	11,400	99.3% 11,325	98.5% 11,225	96.5% 11,000	94.5% 10,775	70.6% 8,050	29.6% 3,375
Conservation and natural environments non forest	1,450	94.8% 1,375	89.7% 1,300	79.3% 1,150	74.1% 1,075	44.8% 650	22.4% 325
Conservation and natural environments Woodland forest	625	100.0% 625	100.0% 625	100.0% 625	96.0% 600	76.0% 475	20.0% 125
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	9,325	100.0% 9,325	99.7% 9,300	98.9% 9,225	97.6% 9,100	74.3% 6,925	31.4% 2,925
Agriculture	33,700	100.0% 33,700	100.0% 33,700	100.0% 33,700	99.1% 33,400	56.6% 19,075	15.9% 5,375
Grazing	30,300	100.0% 30,300	100.0% 30,300	100.0% 30,300	99.2% 30,050	57.0% 17,275	16.7% 5,075
Grazing non forest	24,700	100.0% 24,700	100.0% 24,700	100.0% 24,700	99.2% 24,500	50.7% 12,525	11.7% 2,900
Grazing Woodland forest	2,600	100.0% 2,600	100.0% 2,600	100.0% 2,600	100.0% 2,600	83.7% 2,175	40.4% 1,050
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	3,000	100.0% 3,000	100.0% 3,000	100.0% 3,000	98.3% 2,950	85.8% 2,575	37.5% 1,125
Cropping	1,175	100.0% 1,175	100.0% 1,175	100.0% 1,175	95.7% 1,125	36.2% 425	2.1% 25
Horticulture	2,200	100.0% 2,200	100.0% 2,200	100.0% 2,200	100.0% 2,200	62.5% 1,375	12.5% 275
Production native forests and plantation forests	600	100.0% 600	100.0% 600	100.0% 600	100.0% 600	66.7% 400	8.3% 50







