### Total vegetation cover soil protection Region:LGA Bellingen\_(A) NSW

This report describes vegetation protecting the soil surface from erosion during a chosen month compared to previous years. This report has been generated using MODIS fractional vegetation cover information available in Rangelands and Pasture Productivity (RAPP) map tool https://map.geo-rapp.org/#australia. The report is based on 500 metre pixel data on monthly time steps.

Land use forest cover:

Date: March 2022

Results can be shown for the whole region (polygon), and separated by land use and forest cover classes which are likely to show different cover patterns and targets. Land use is divided into four broad classes: Conservation and natural environments, Agriculture, production native forests and plantation forests (no report), and other (no report). Agriculture is divided into grazing, crops and horticulture which are sub-divided into non-irrigated and irrigated. If forest is present land use is further divided into: non-forest, woodland forest and non-woodland forest. The area of each land use and forest class are shown as a map and chart. The report content is repeated for each land use and forest cover class that covers at least 1% of the area of the chosen region. Total vegetation Cover:

The total vegetation cover indicates where soil is likely to be protected from wind and or water hillslope erosion. Total vegetation cover for this month is shown on a map and chart classified into 4 classes.

- 71-100% High cover protected from wind and usually water erosion (high rainfall, steep slopes, and erodible soils may need greater than 80, 90, 95 and up to 100% cover)
  - 51-70% Moderate cover protected from wind erosion
  - 31-50% Low cover not protected
  - 0-30% Very Low cover not protected

Erosion protection: Wind erosion 50% total vegetation cover

The vegetation cover threshold required to prevent soil erosion is usually 50% to reduce wind erosion, 70% or 80% to reduce water (hillslope) erosion depending on the steepness and rainfall. Areas protected from erosion for the month:

- Map: water erosion protection (>70% cover) percentage area and hectares.
- Map: wind erosion protection (>50% cover) percentage area and hectares.

Comparison with previous years:

- Map: anomaly comparing this month to the average cover from the same month in previous years.
- Map: deciles rank of month against the same month in previous years.

Anomalies and deciles until September 2019 are calculated comparing to the same months 2001 to 2019. Extra monthly data will be used to calculate anomalies and deciles post September 2019 as they become available. Time series monthly from January 2001 to current:

### **Erosion protection**

- Wind erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 50% cover for each month (orange lines). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.
- Water erosion protection time series: percentage of the area of the region with greater than 70% cover for each month (blue line). Horizontal lines are 10th (cover target) and 50th percentiles.

### Rainfall

• Millimetres rainfall each month (black line).

Each time series is also stacked by year. The black line shows the current year of data.

Water erosion protection for higher rainfall and steeper slopes:

Water erosion protection on higher slopes. As slope increases, more cover is required to control water erosion. The thresholds reported are:

- the percentage area with pixels greater than 80% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 90% total cover.
- the percentage area with pixels greater than 95% total cover.

### **Acknowledgment of data:**

- 1. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/aclump/land-use/alum-classification
- 2. http://www.agriculture.gov.au/abares/forestsaustralia/sofr/sofr-2018
- 3. https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/agriculture/pastures-and-rangelands/establishment-mgmt/production-management2/groundcover
- 4. MODIS Fractional cover algorithm:

https://doi.org/10.4225/08/5848a3f19a7b3



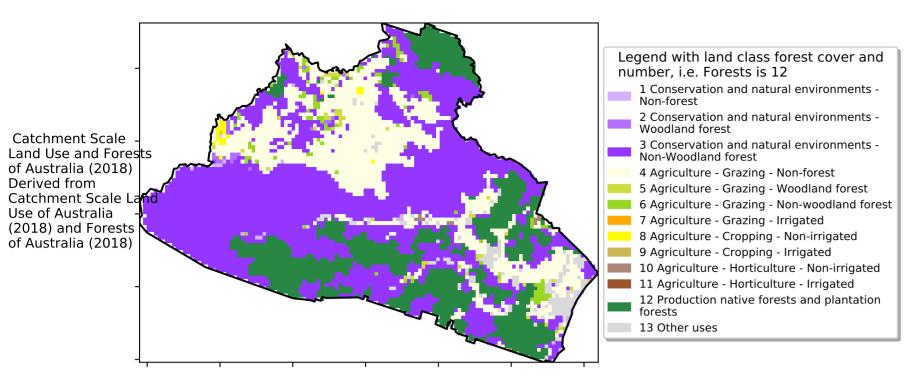




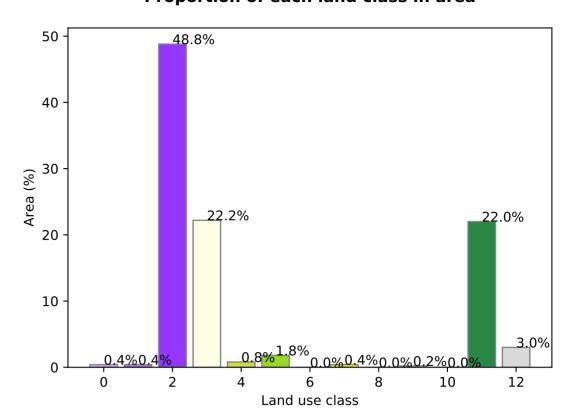


### **Vegetation Cover Mar 2022**

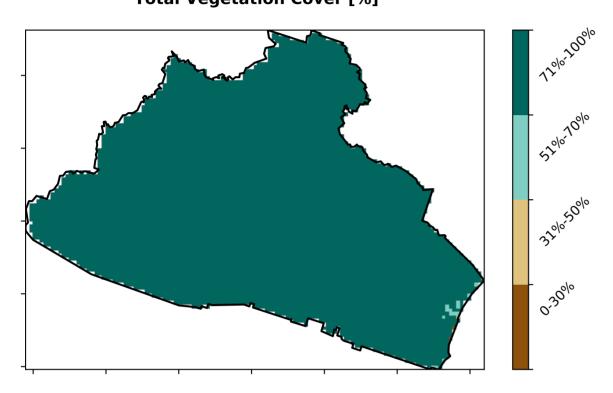
### Land use and forest cover



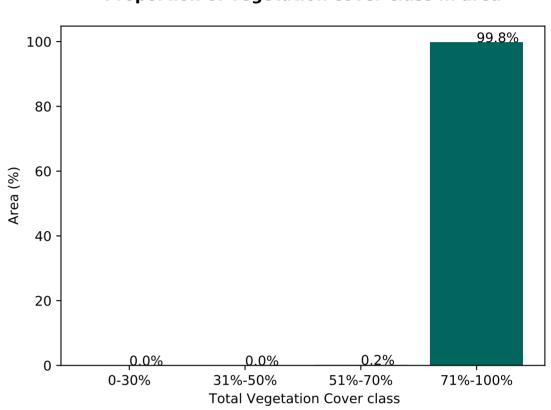
### Proportion of each land class in area



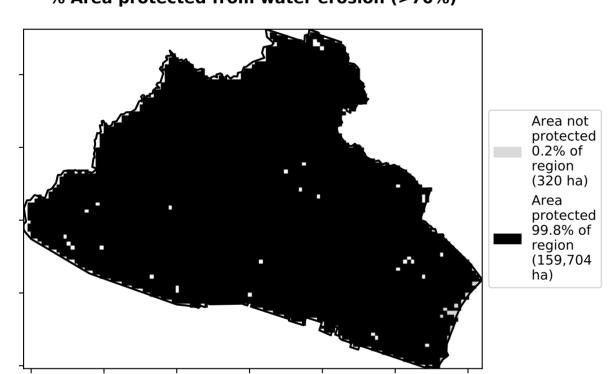
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



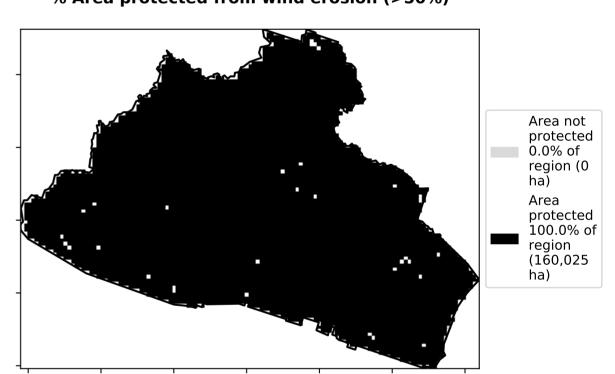
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area



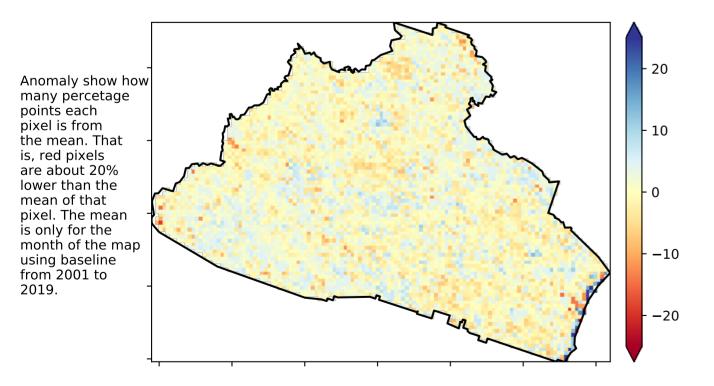
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

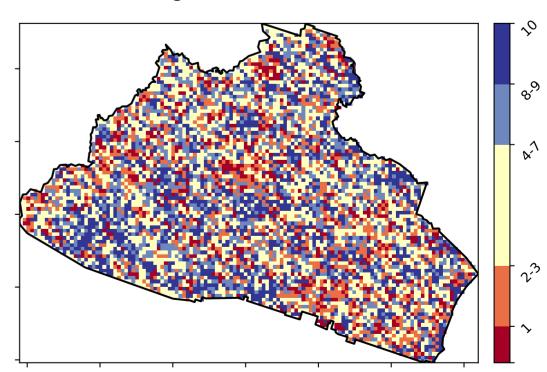


### **Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]**



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

### **Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]**

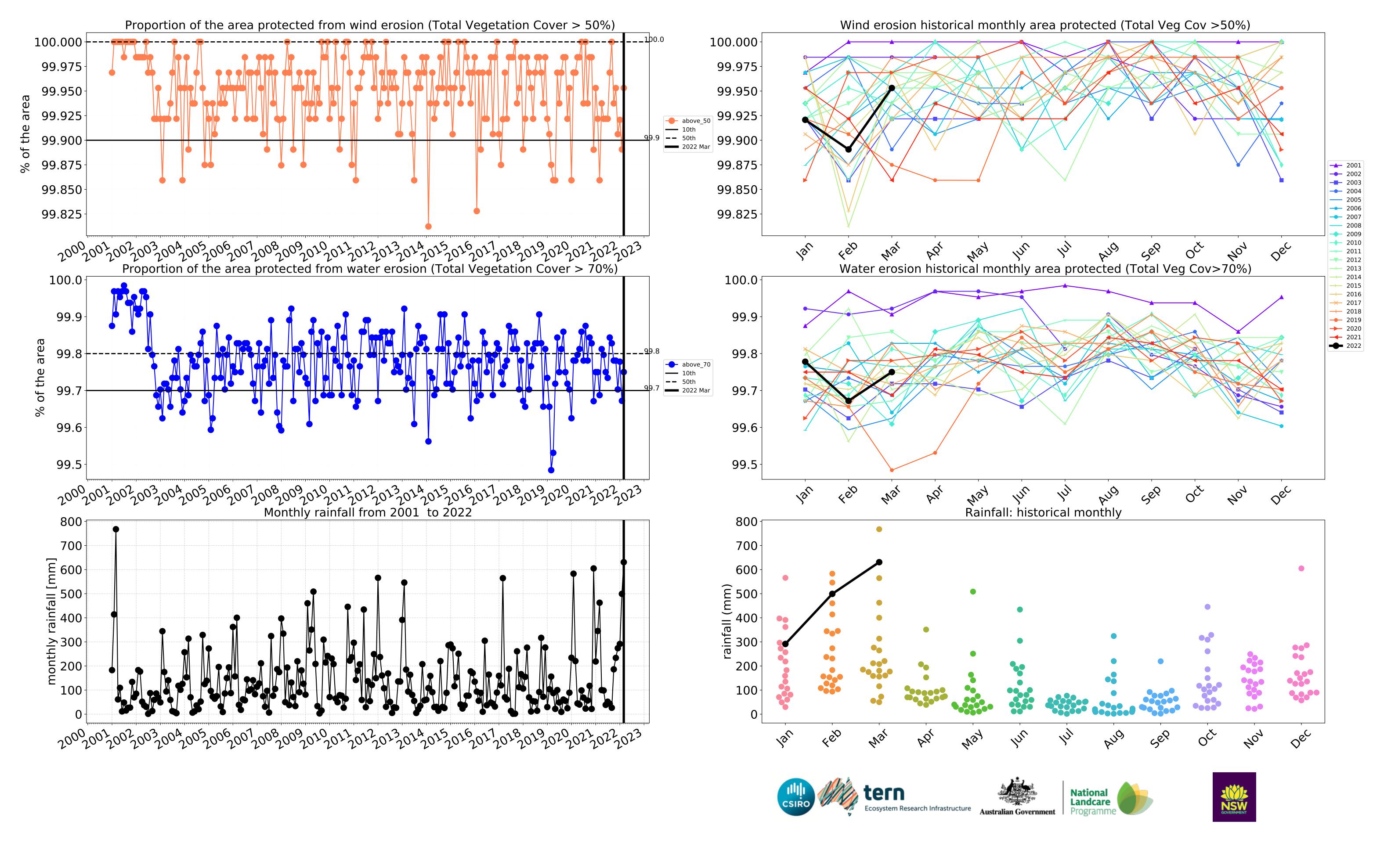


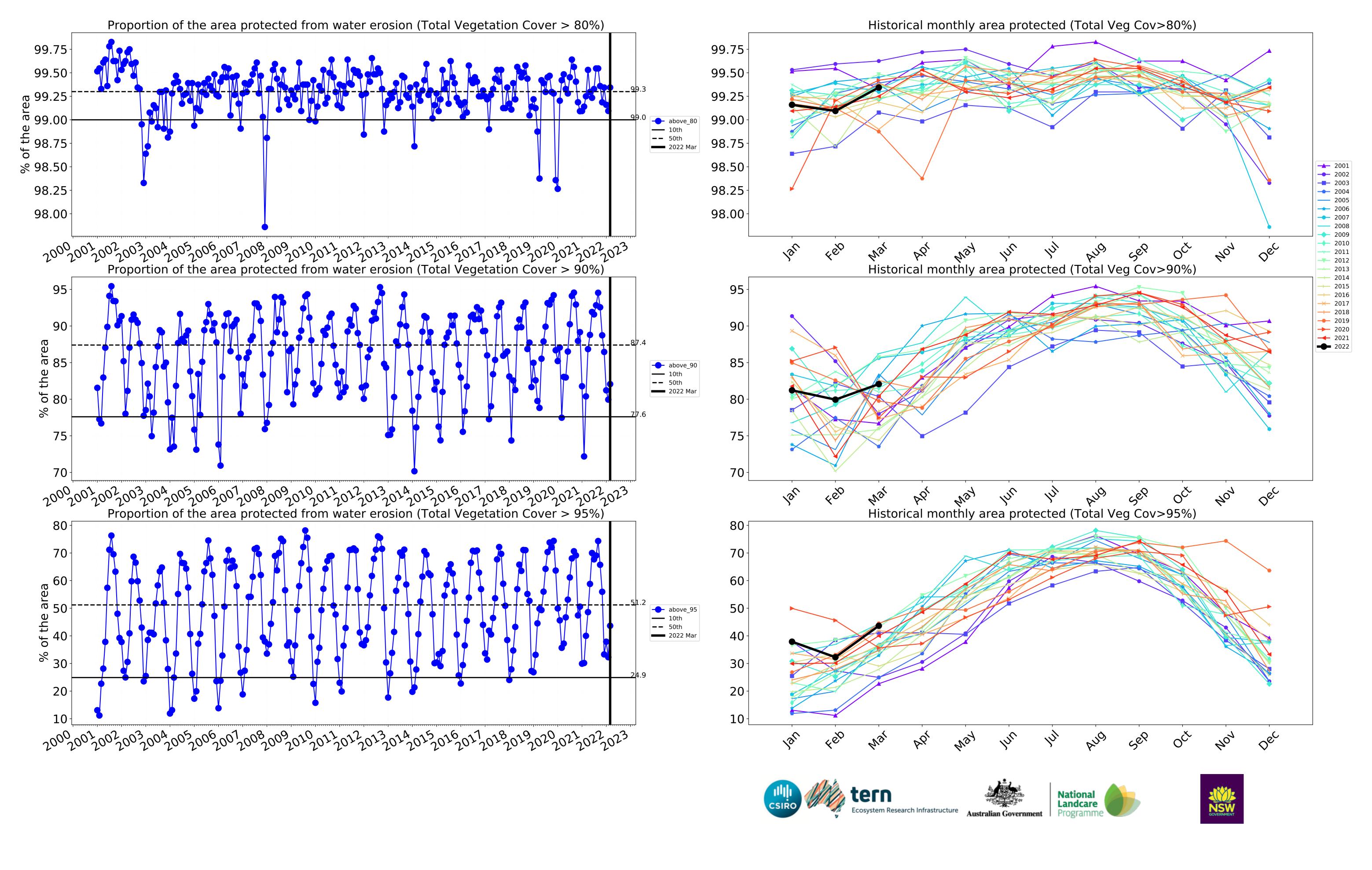




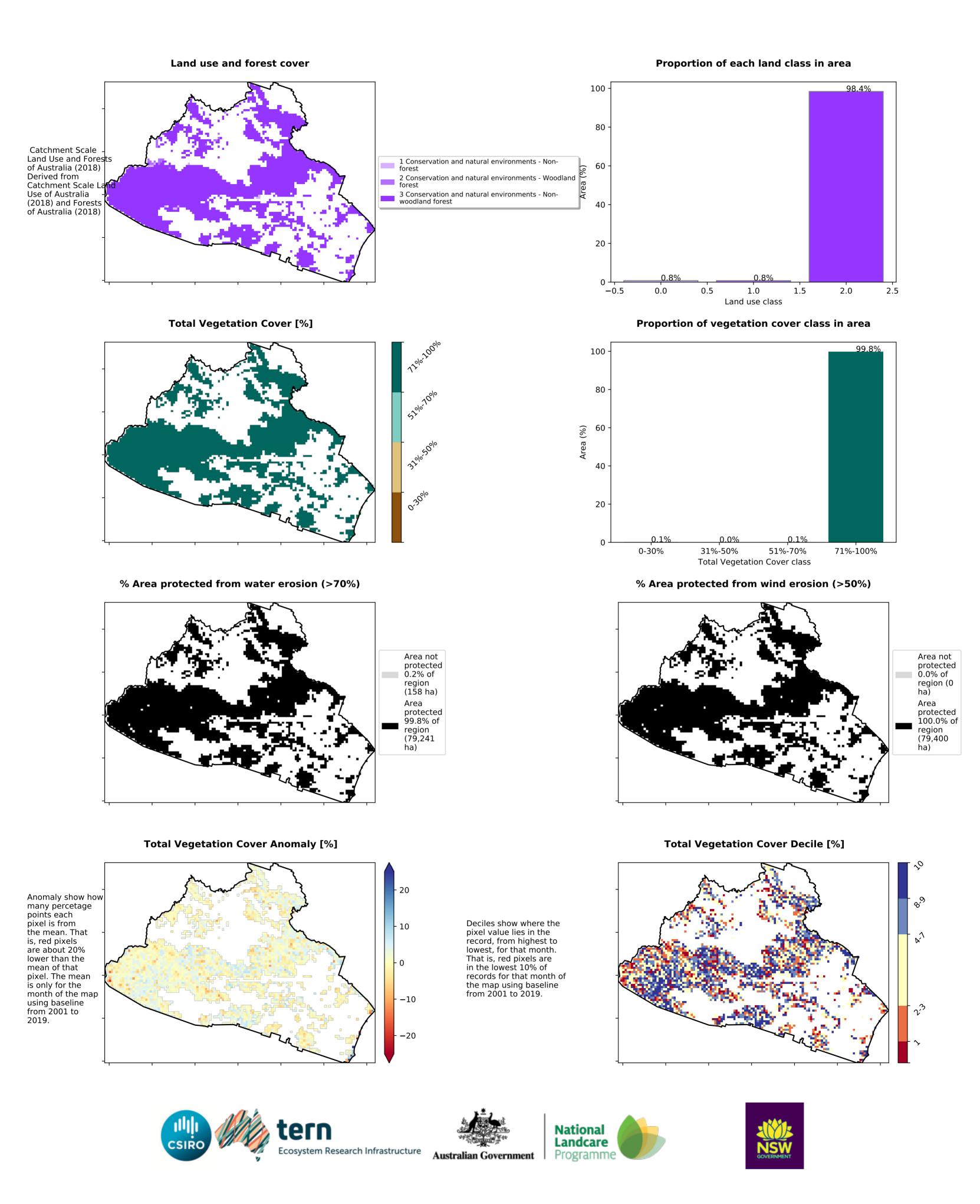




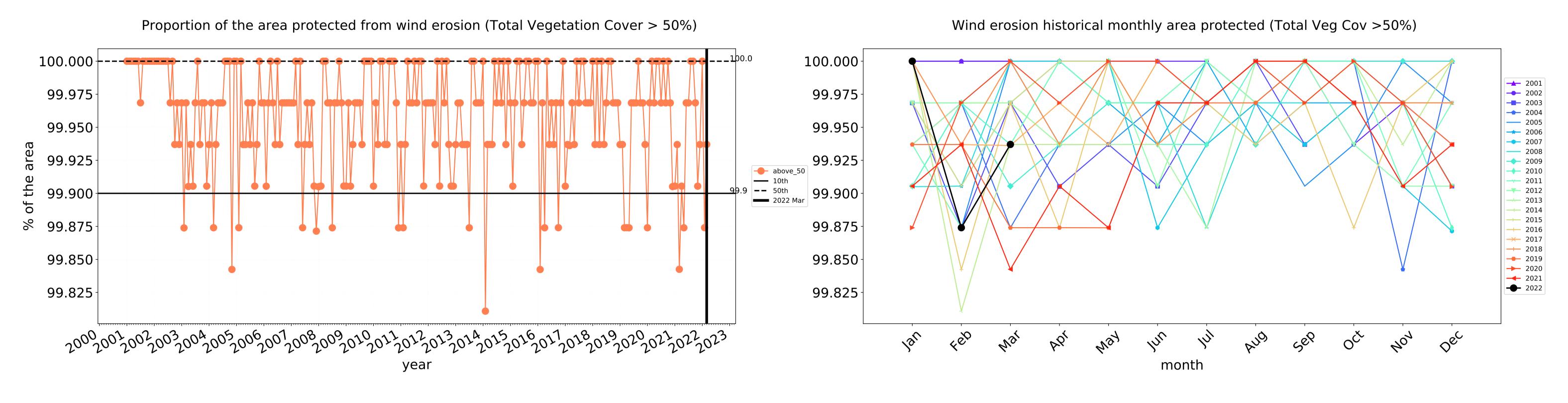


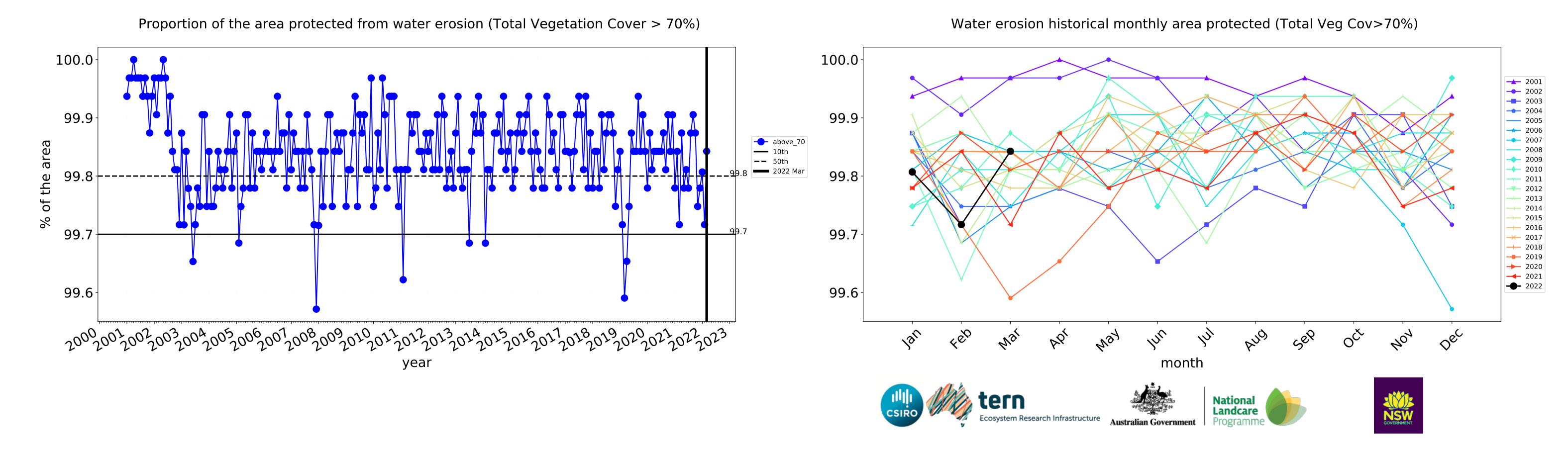


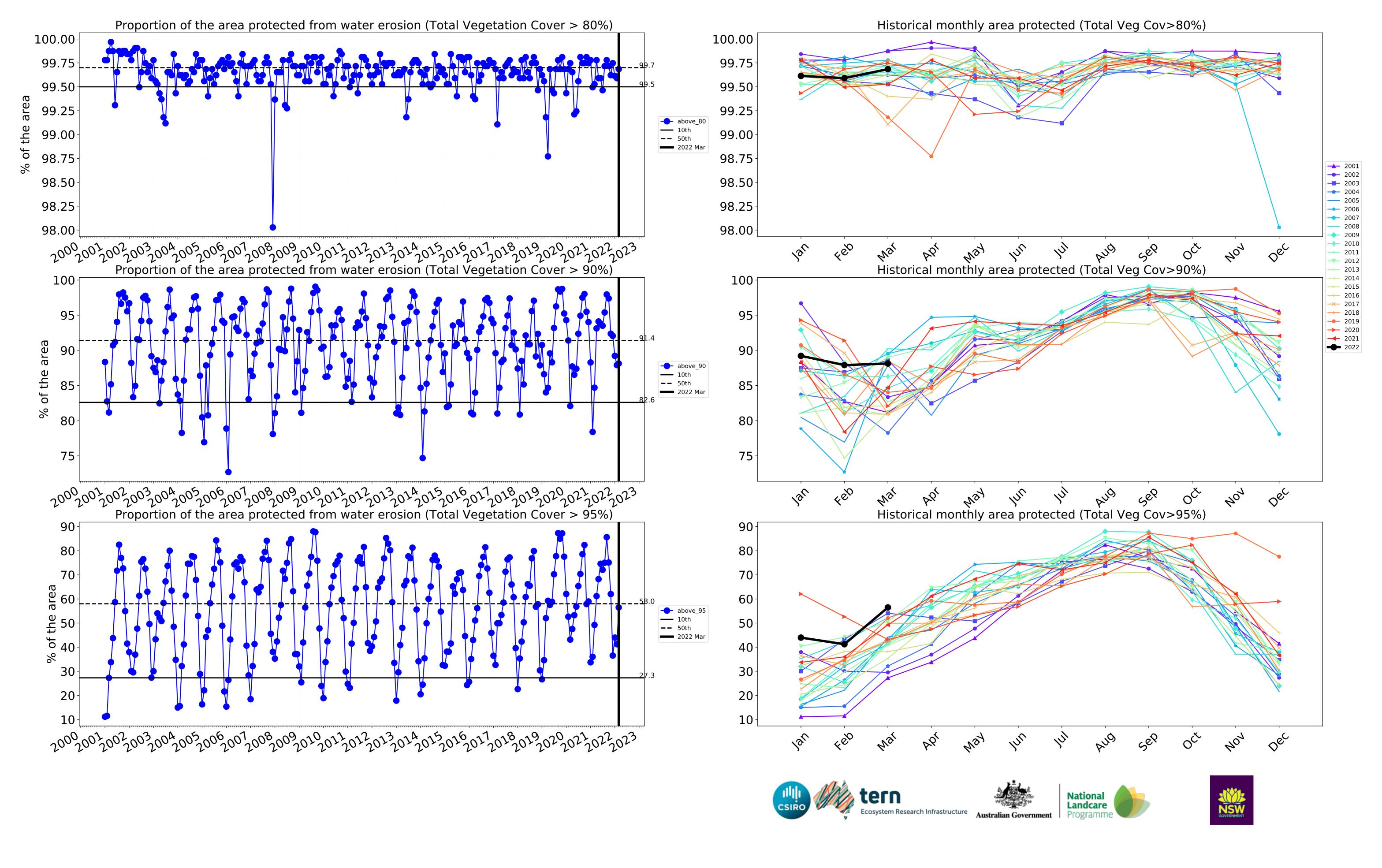
### **Conservation and natural environments**



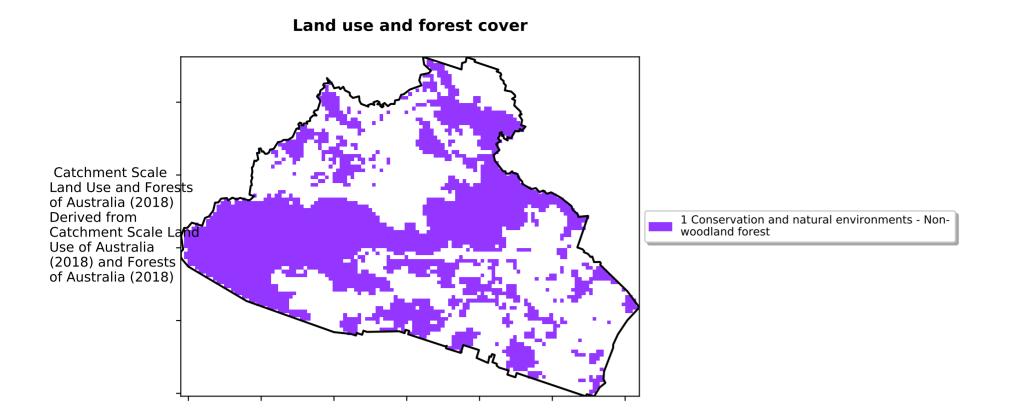
### **Conservation and natural environments timeseries**



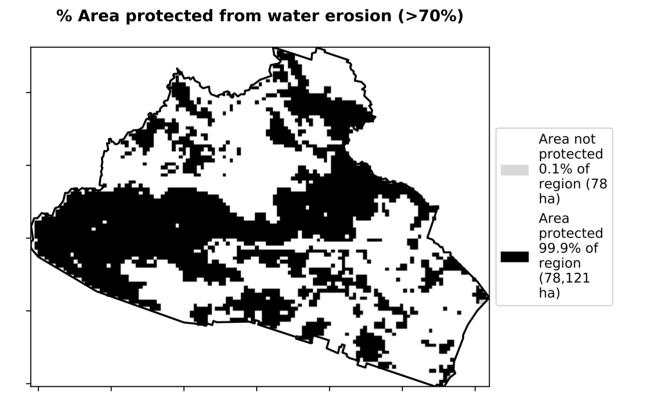


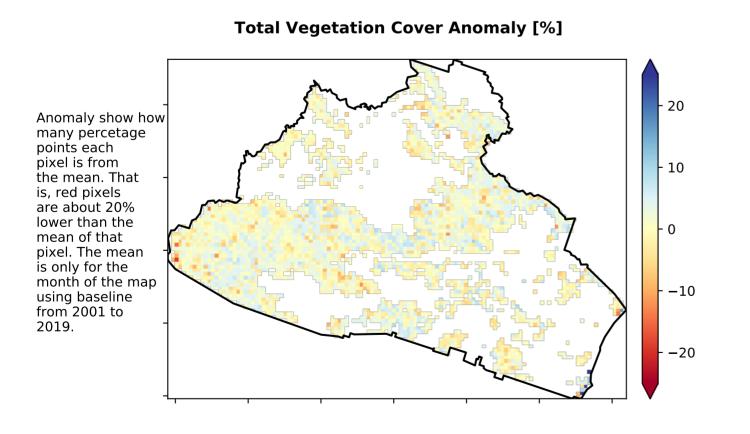


### **Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)**

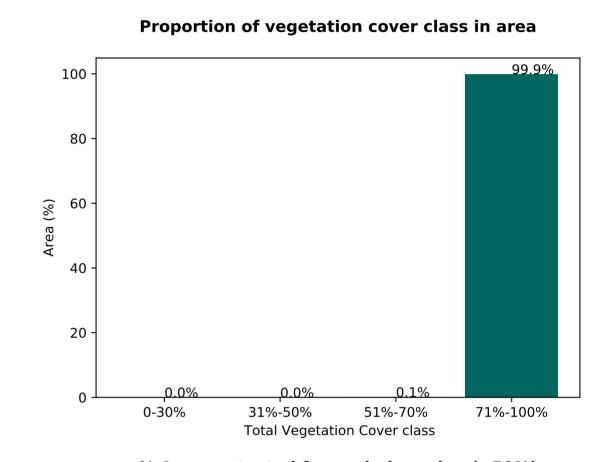


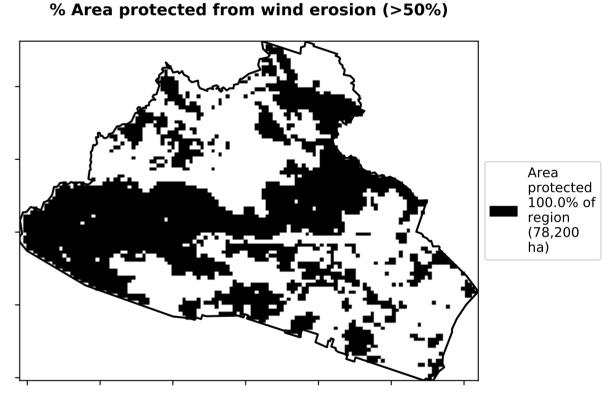
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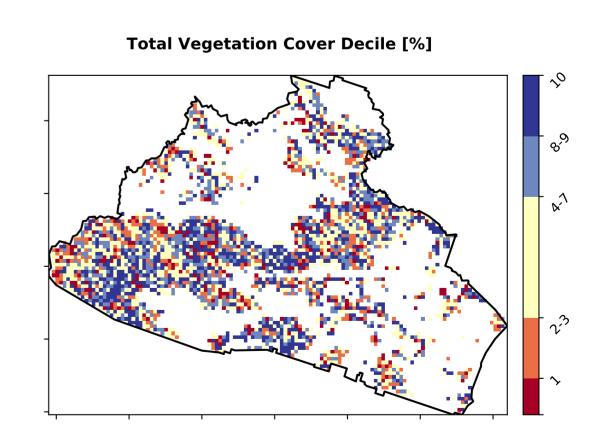




### Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







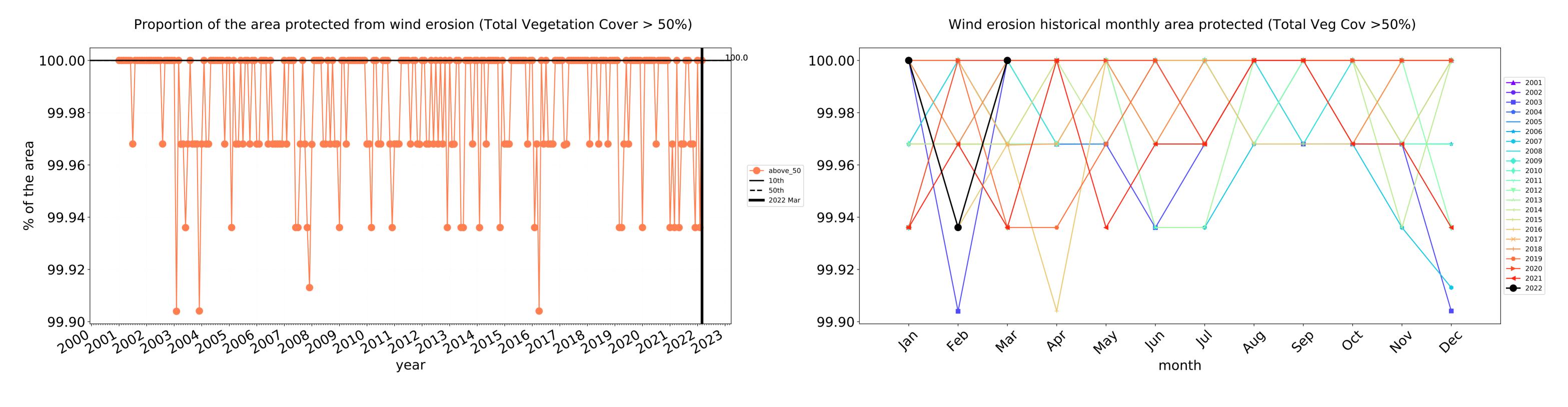


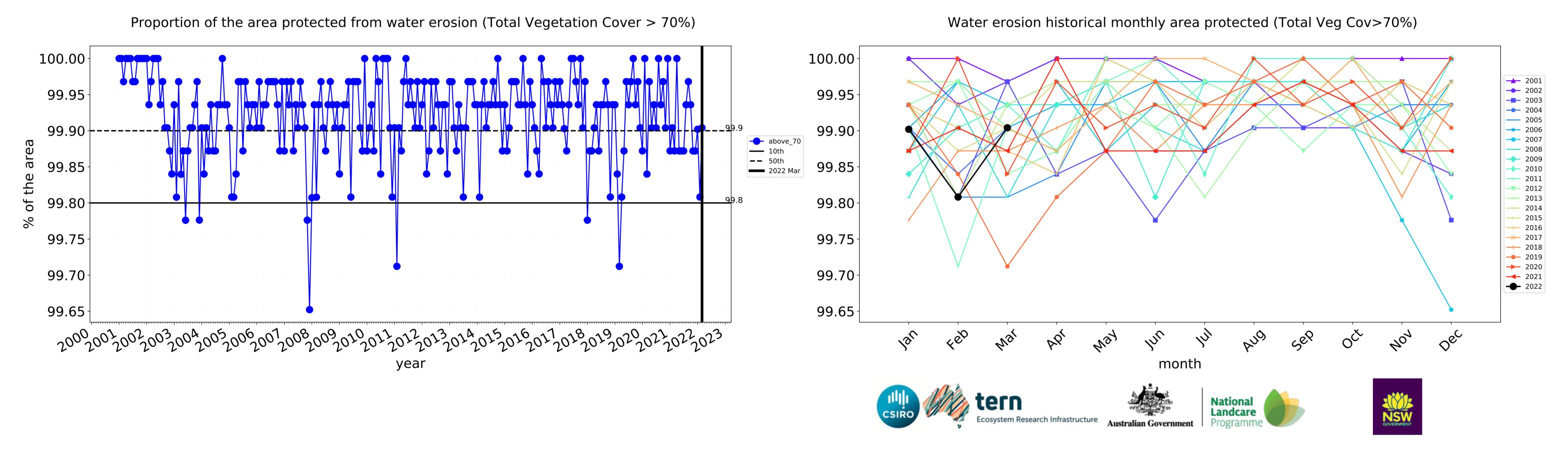


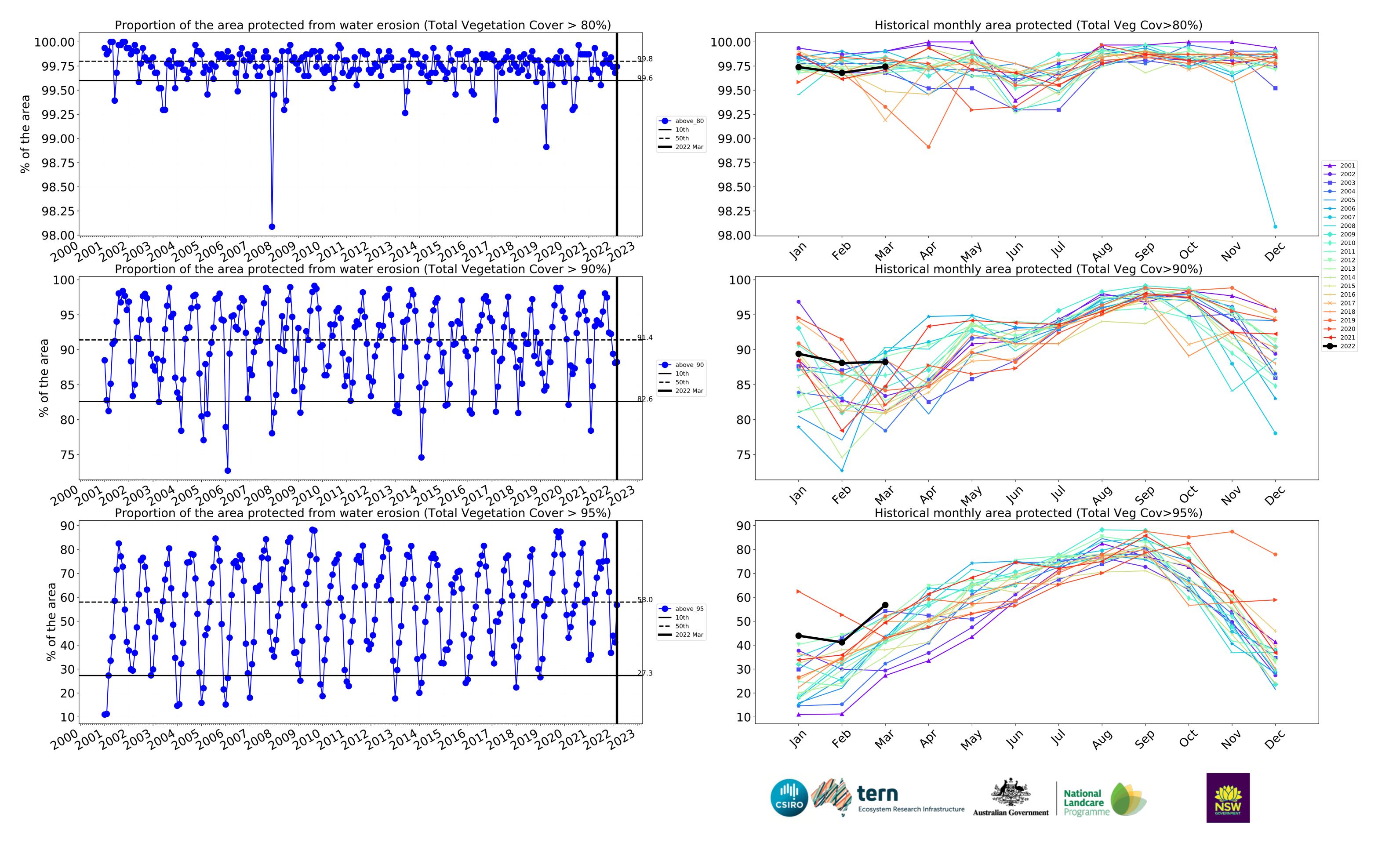




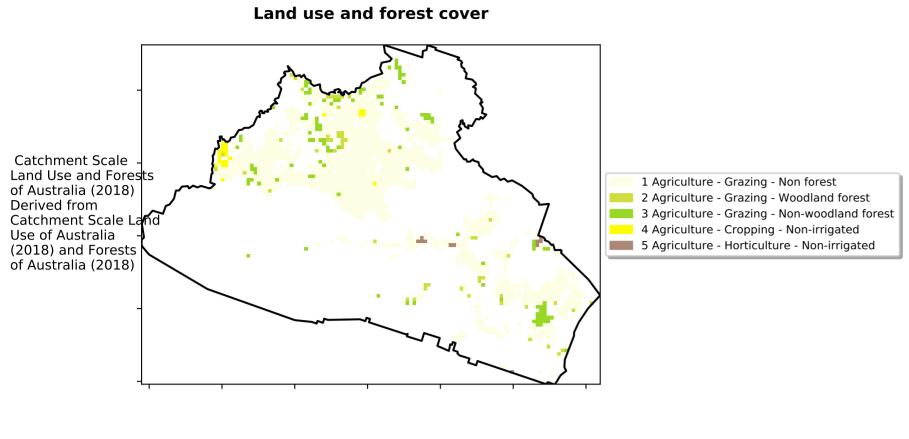
### Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland) timeseries







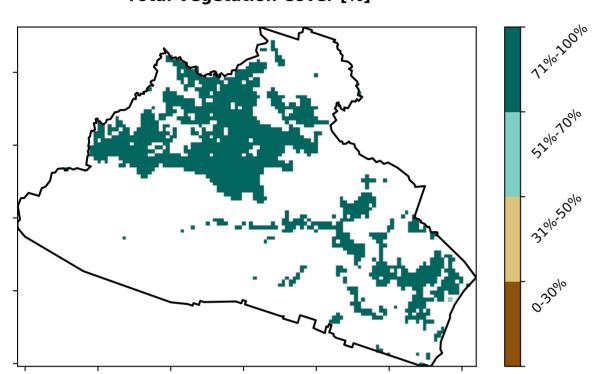
### **Agriculture**



### 80 - 87.6% 60 - % Pay 40 - 20 -

**Proportion of each land class in area** 

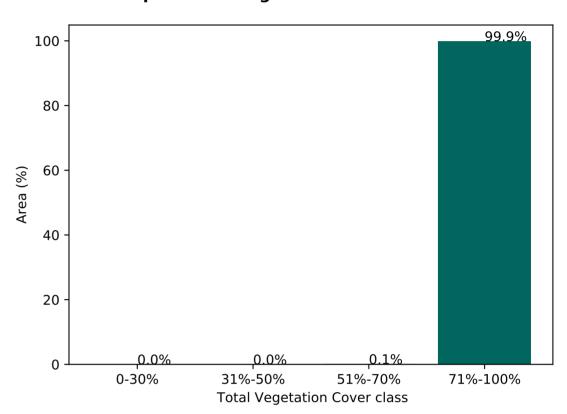
### **Total Vegetation Cover [%]**



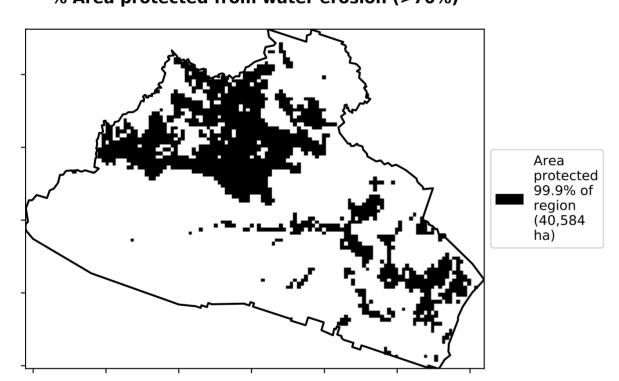
Proportion of vegetation cover class in area

Land use class

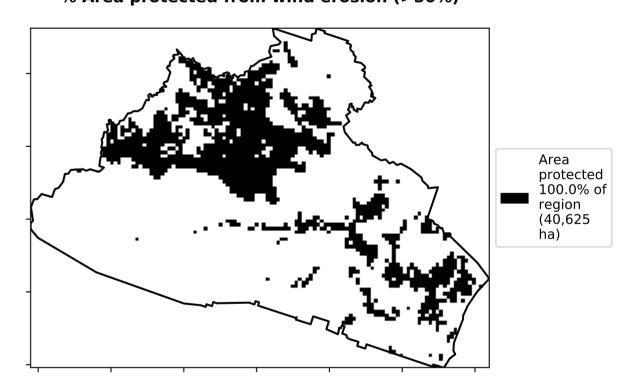
0.7%



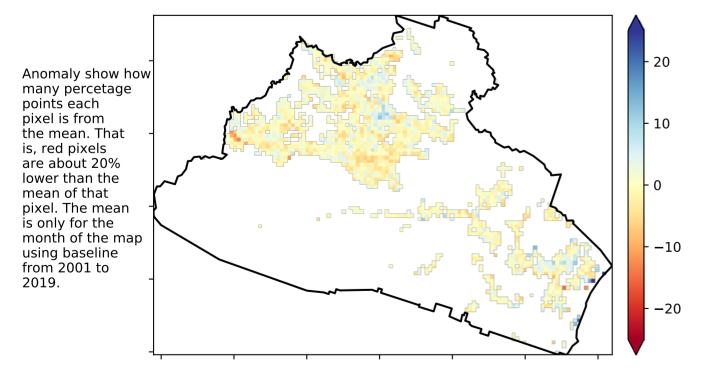
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



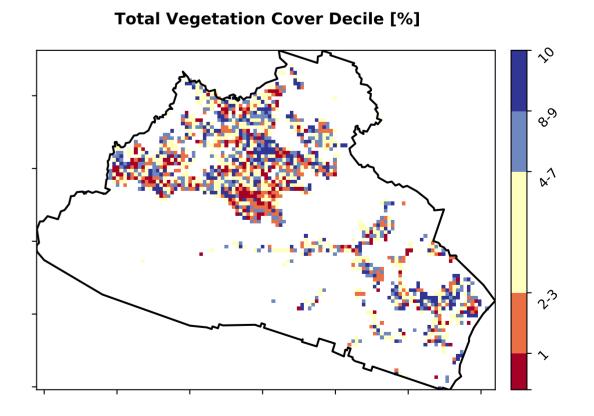
% Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)



### Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.



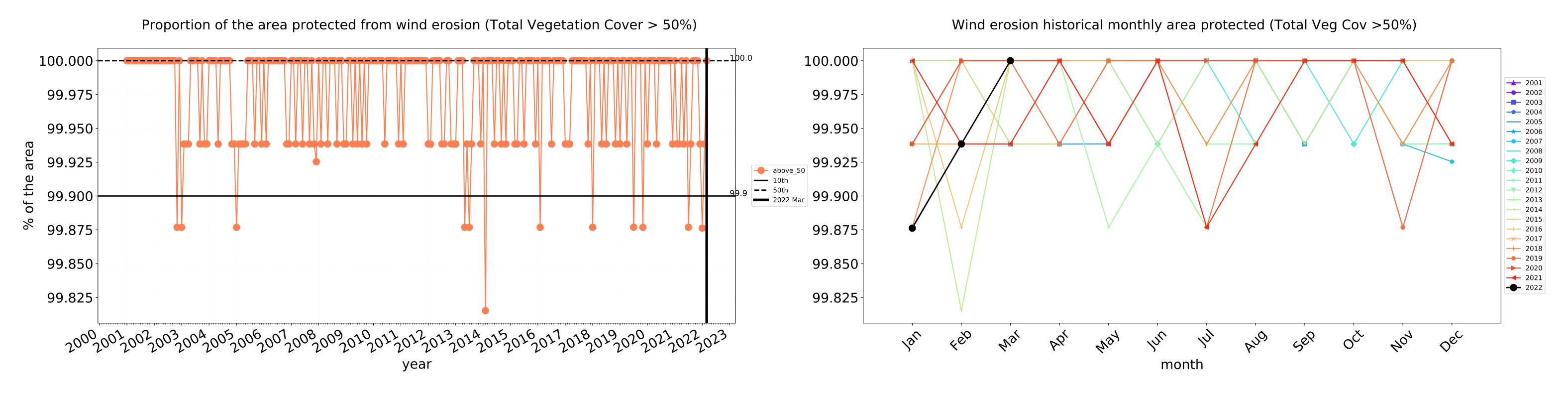


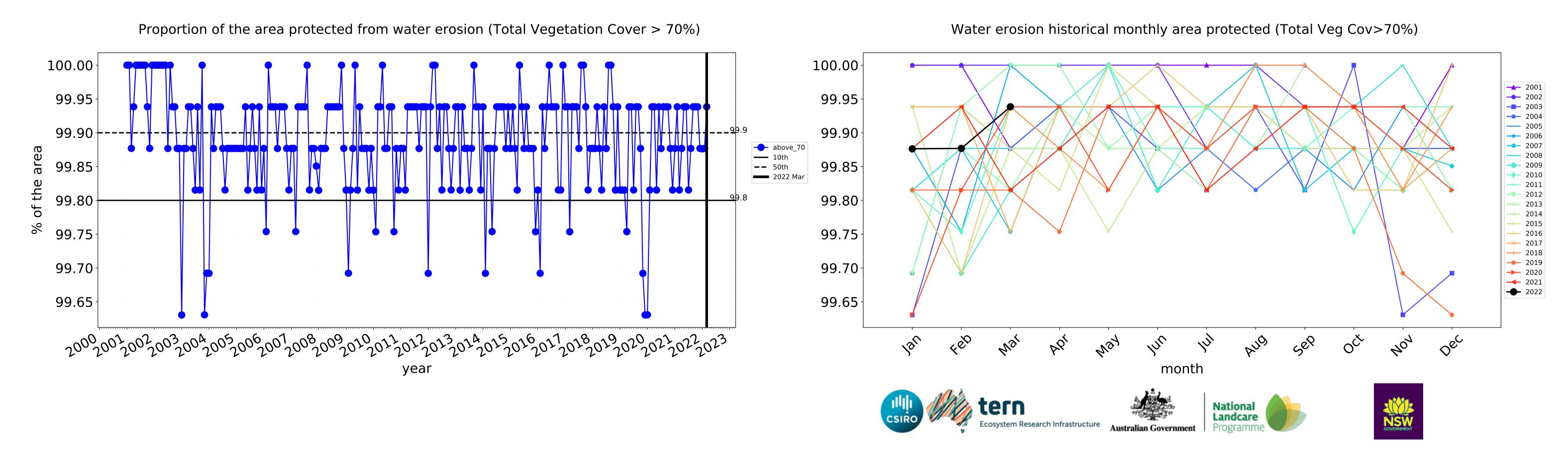


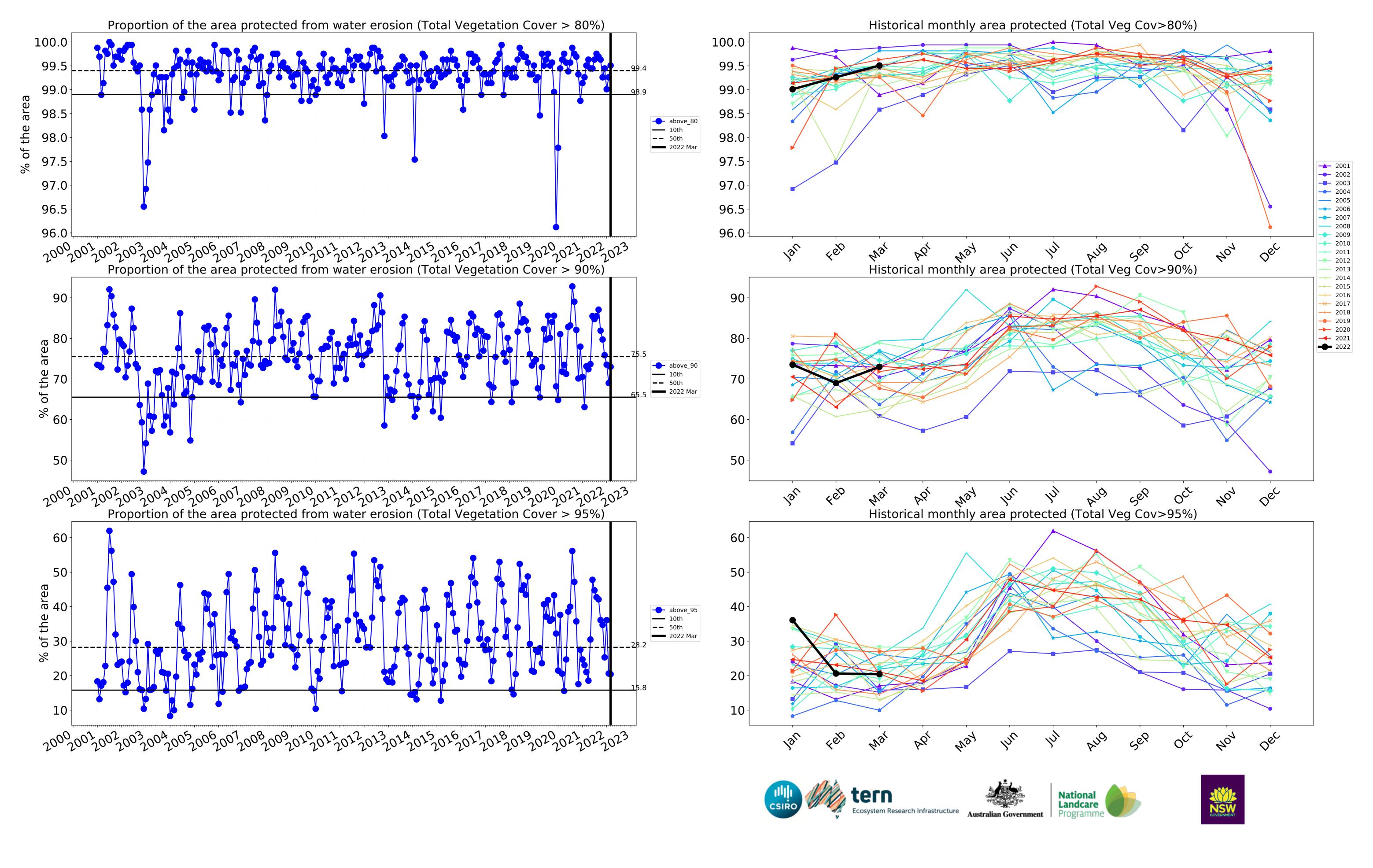




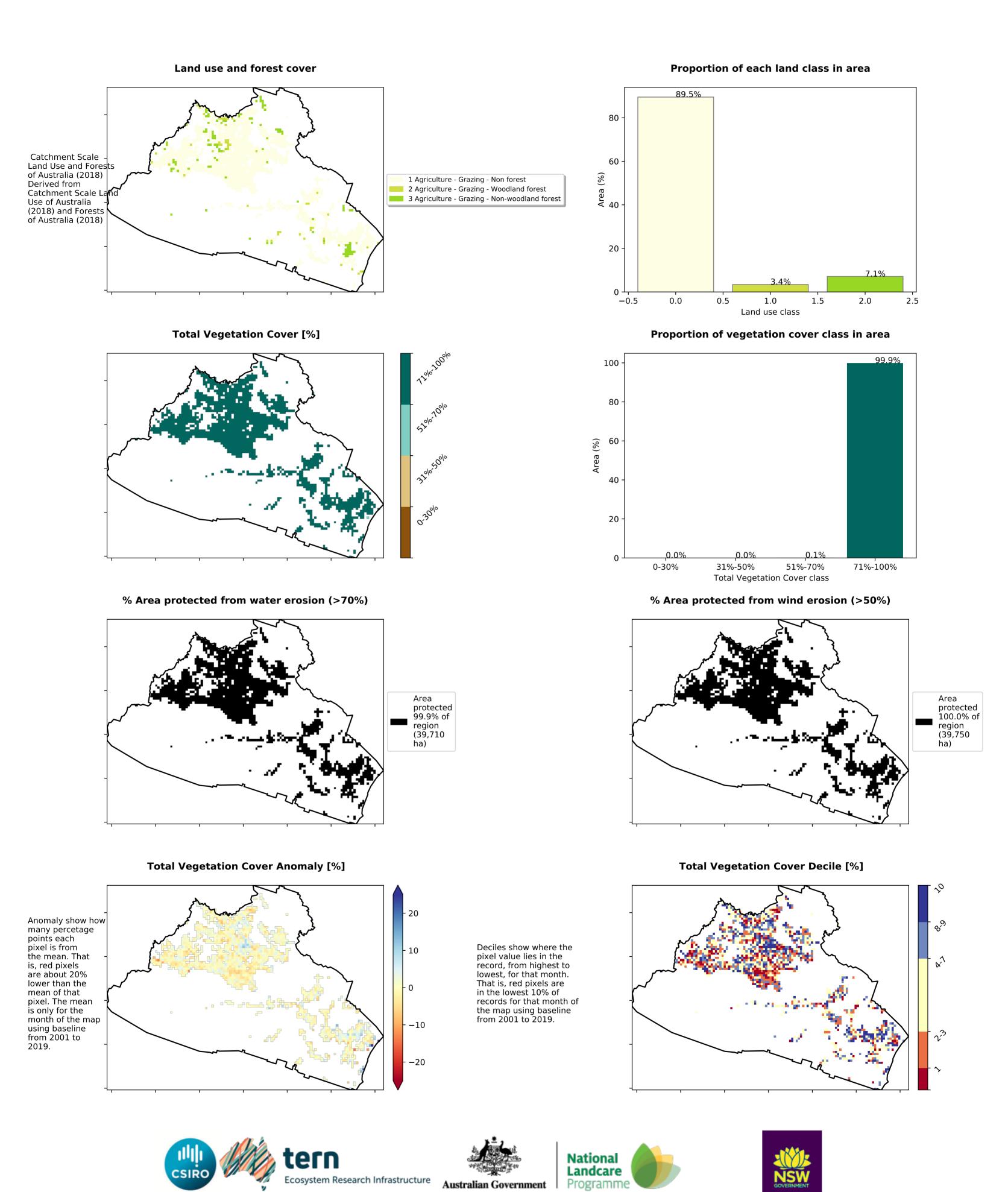
### **Agriculture timeseries**



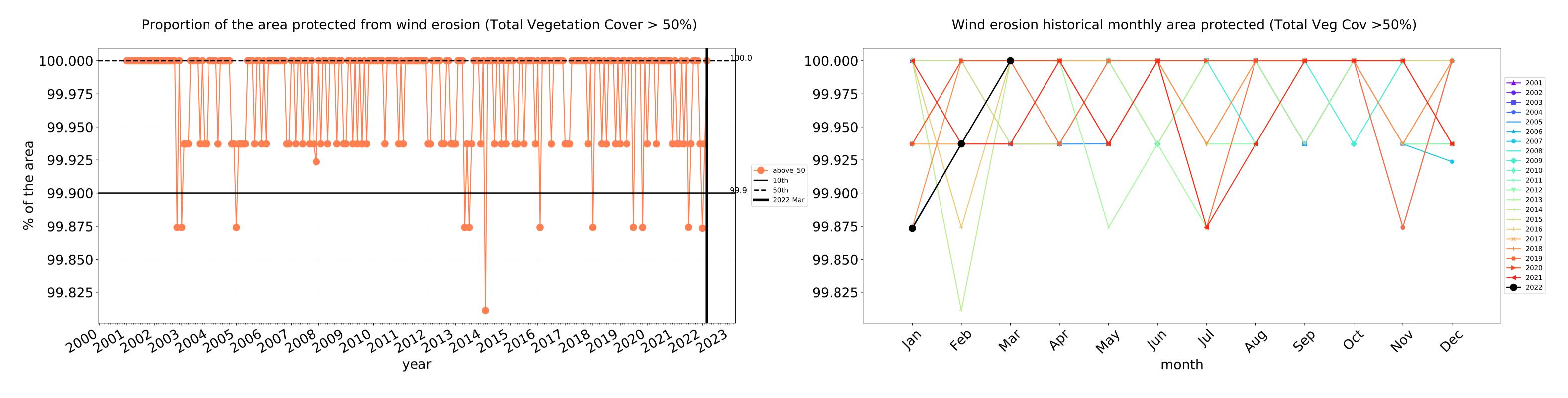


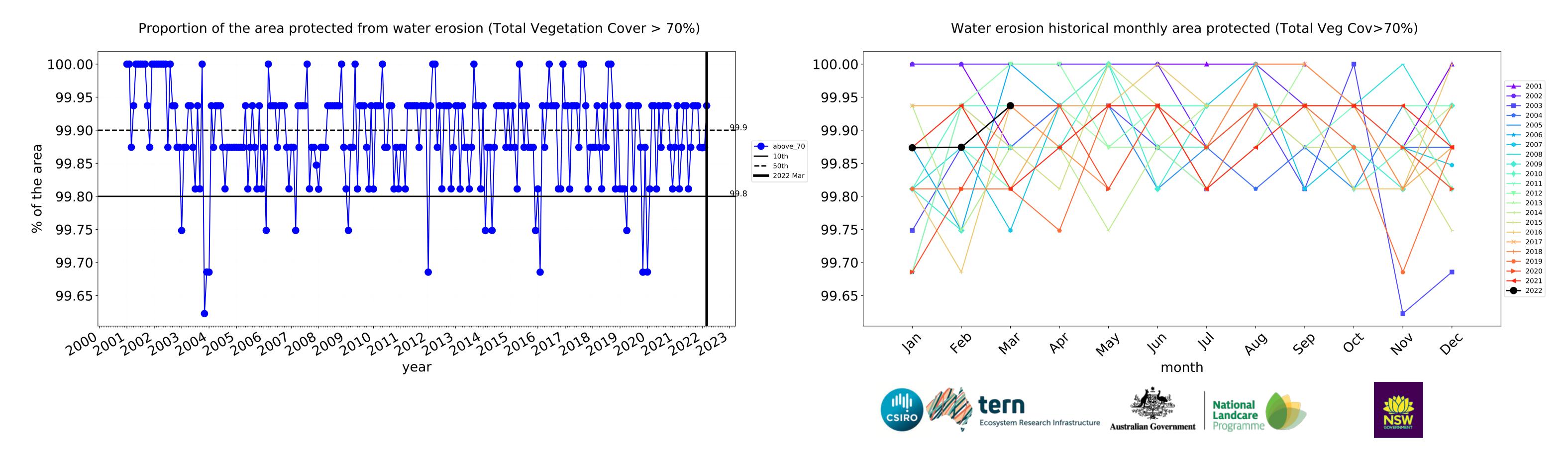


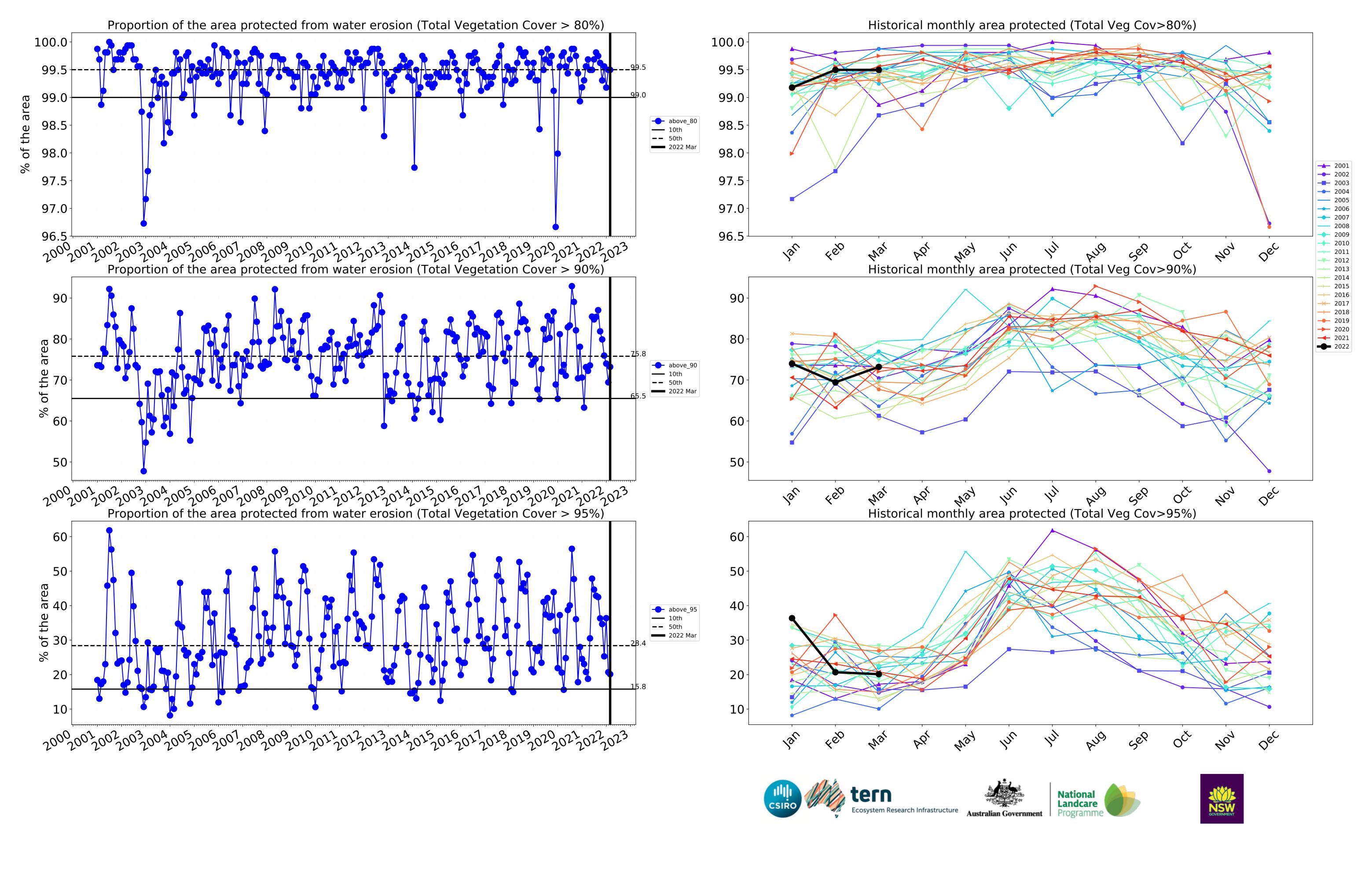
### Grazing



### **Grazing timeseries**





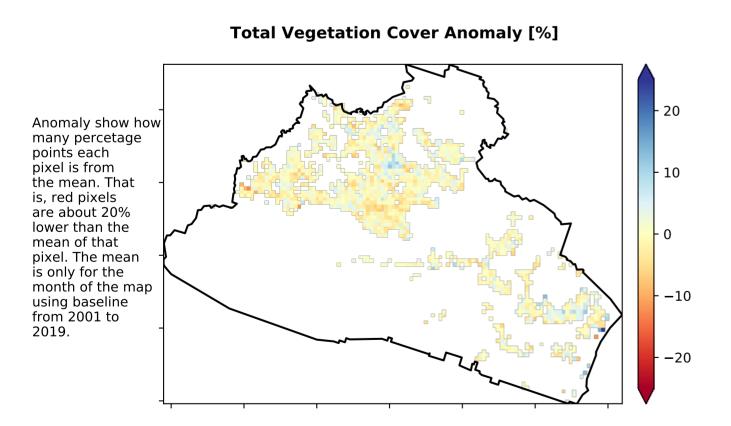


### **Grazing non forest**

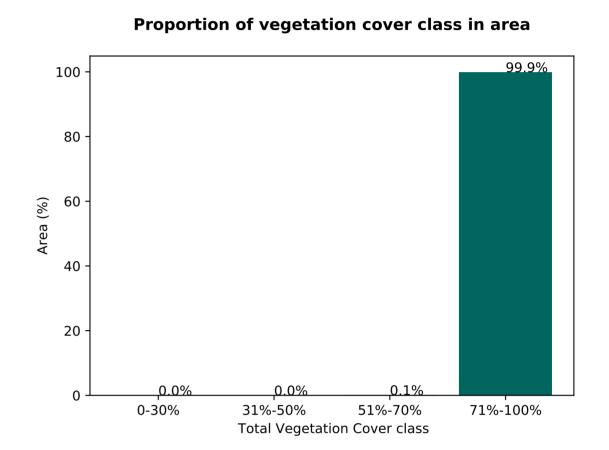
### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) 1 Agriculture - Grazing - Non forest of Australia (2018)

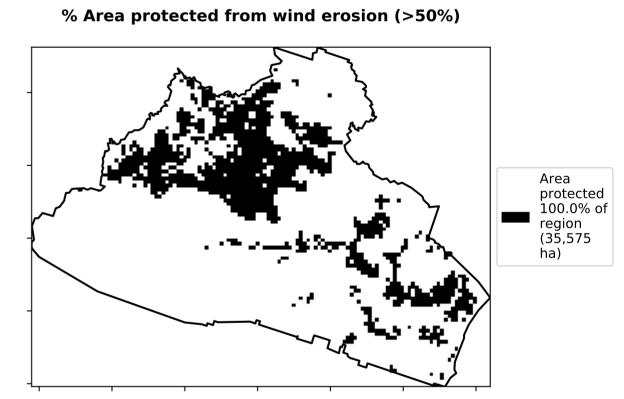
# Total Vegetation Cover [%] Total Vegetation Cover [%] Tolor notice To

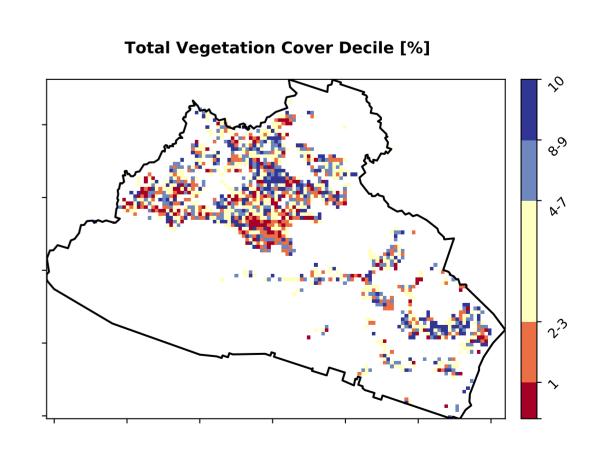
# % Area protected from water erosion (>70%) Area protected 99.9% of region (35,539 ha)



Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.







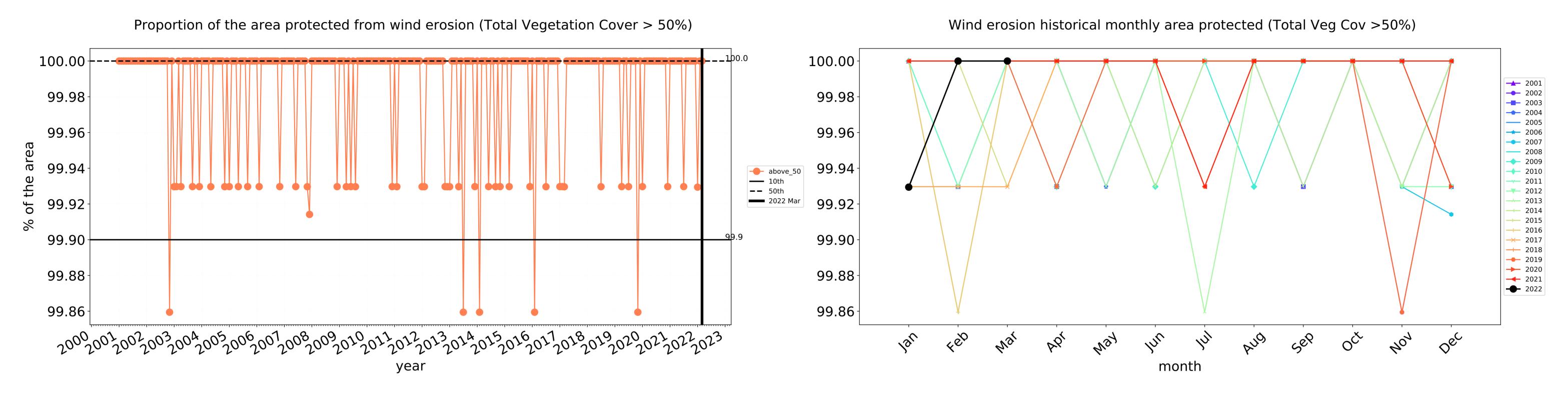


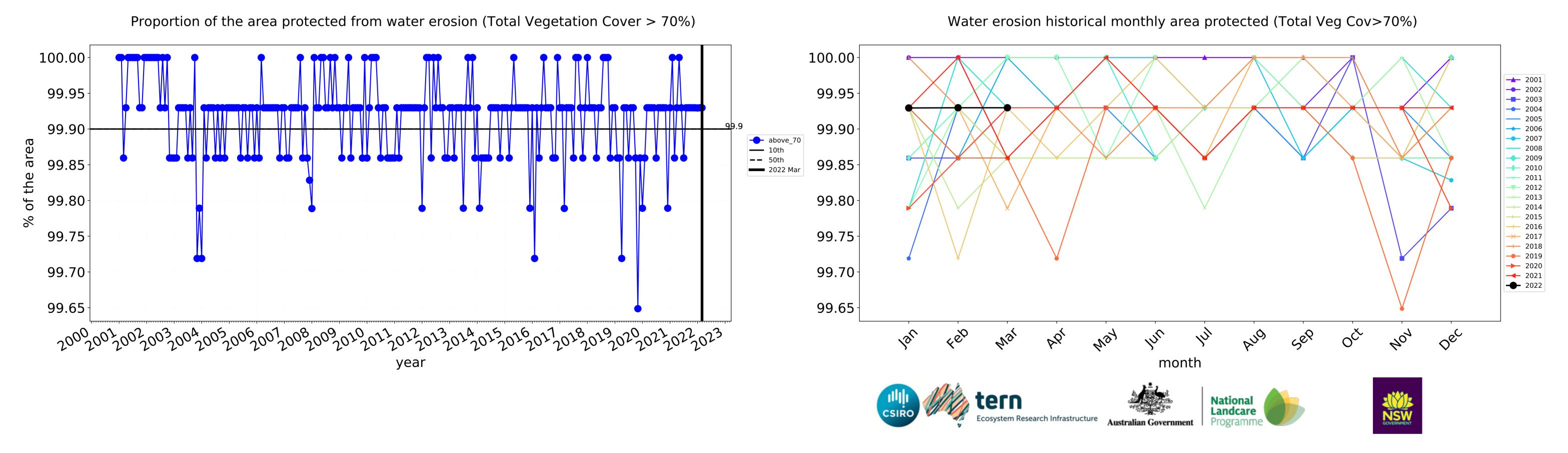


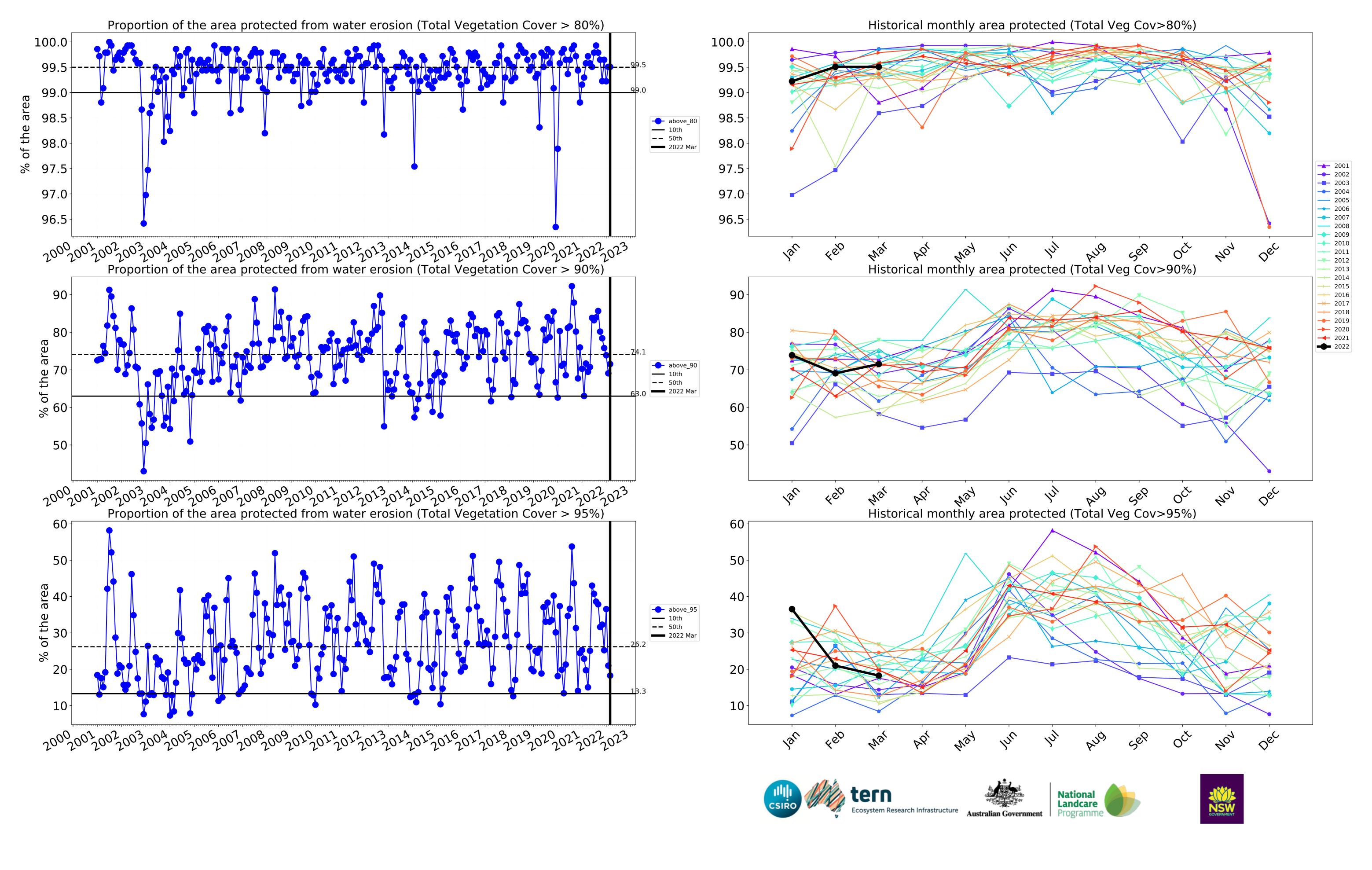




### **Grazing non forest timeseries**





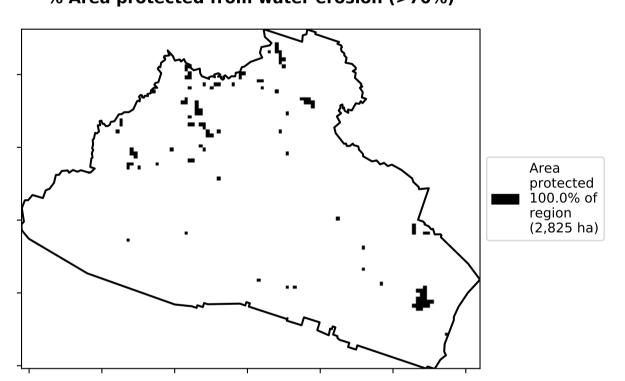


### **Grazing - Forest (non woodland)**

## Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

## Total Vegetation Cover [%] Total Vegetation Cover [%] Total Vegetation Cover [%]

### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%)



### Anomaly show how many percetage points each pixel is from the mean. That is, red pixels are about 20% lower than the mean of that pixel. The mean is only for the month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

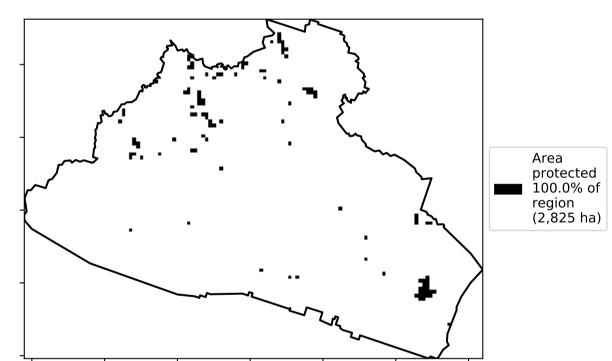
**Total Vegetation Cover Anomaly [%]** 

Deciles show where the pixel value lies in the record, from highest to lowest, for that month. That is, red pixels are in the lowest 10% of records for that month of the map using baseline from 2001 to 2019.

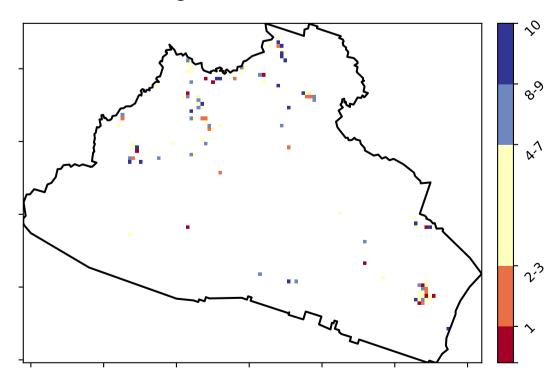
### 

### % Area protected from wind erosion (>50%)

**Total Vegetation Cover class** 



### Total Vegetation Cover Decile [%]

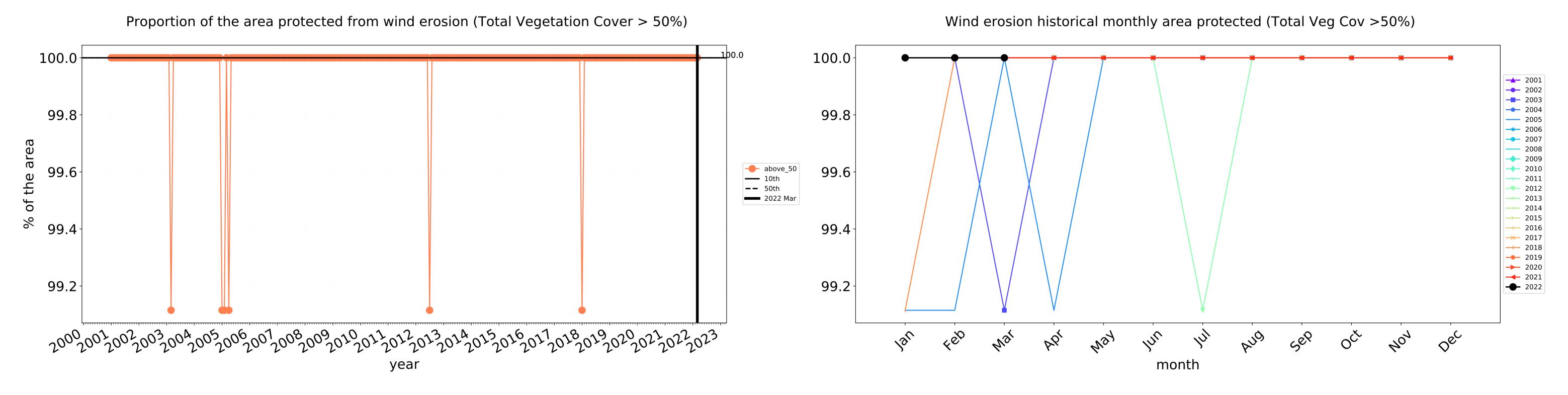


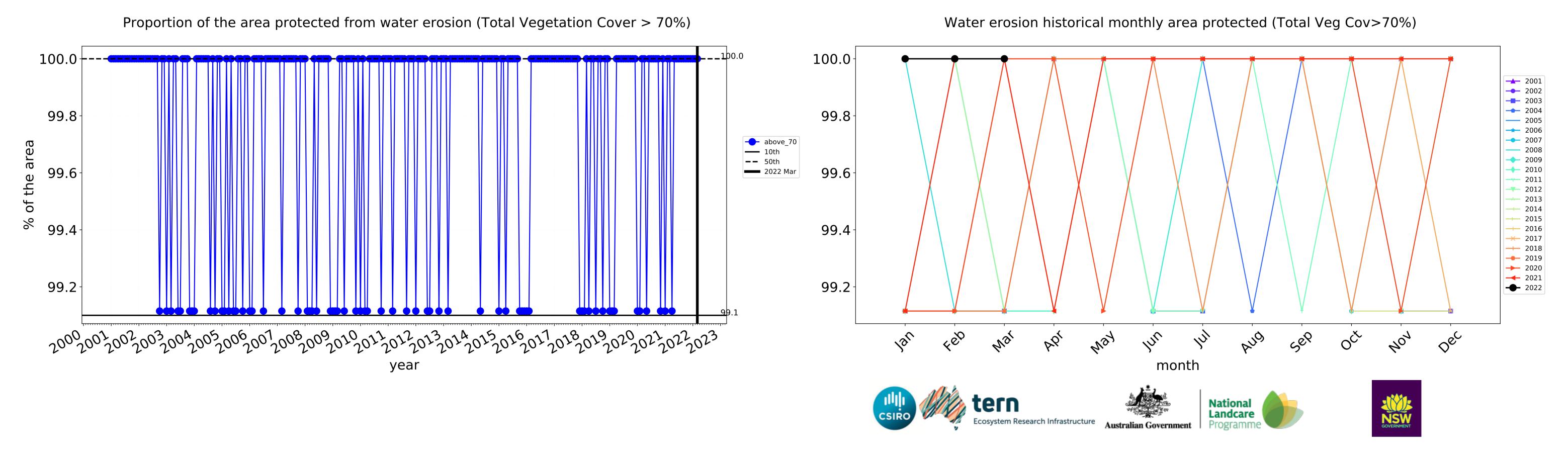


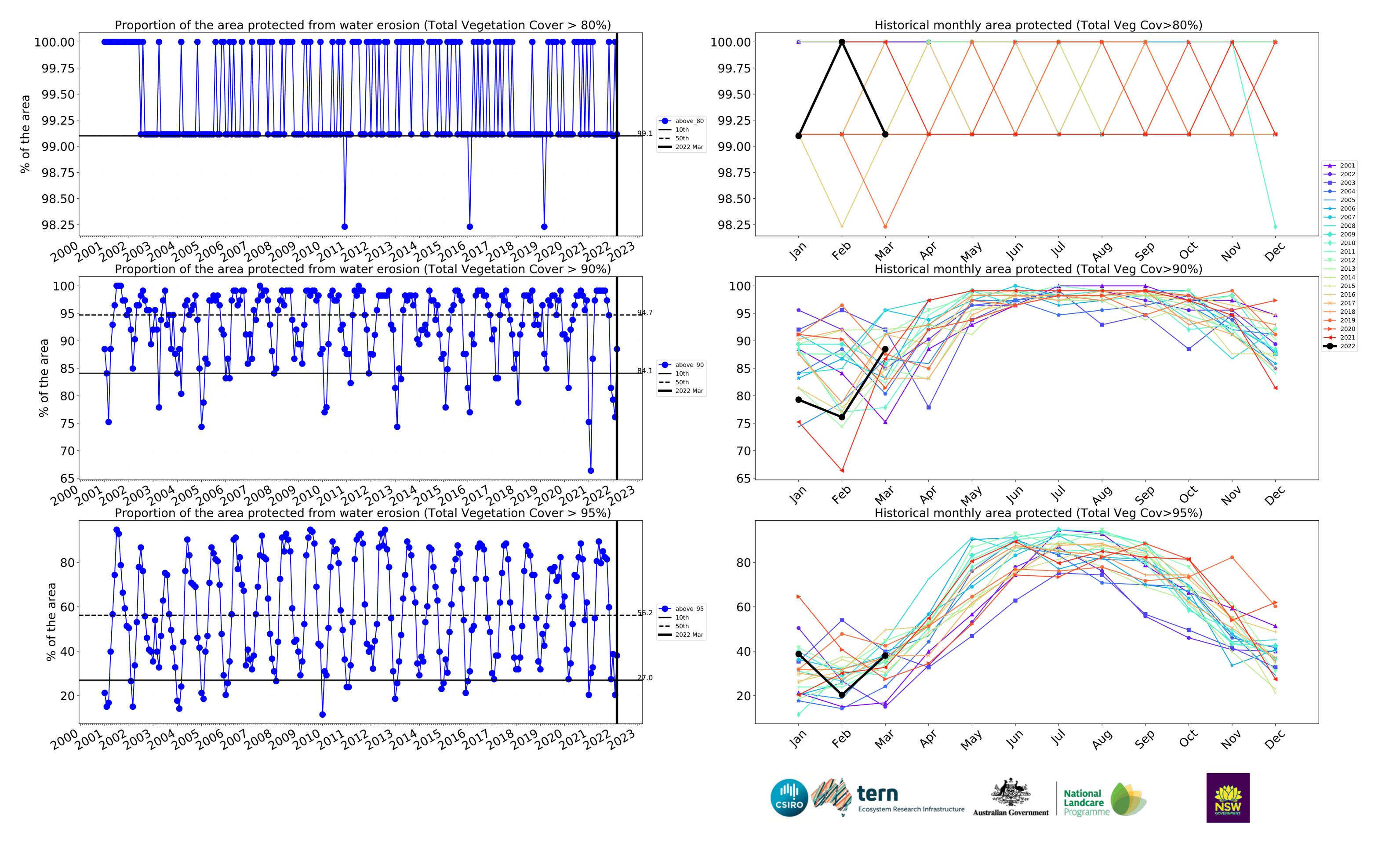










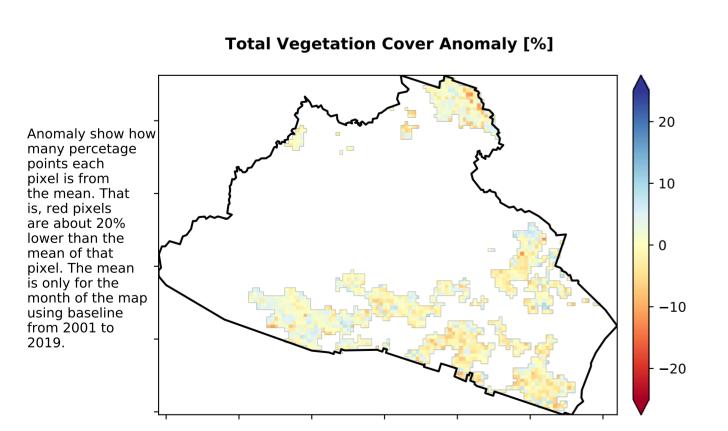


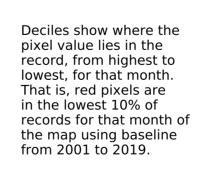
### **Production native forests and plantation forests**

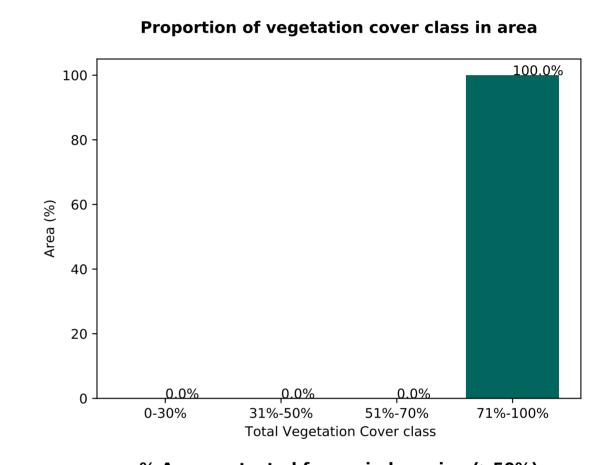
### Catchment Scale Land Use and Forests of Australia (2018) Derived from Catchment Scale Land Use of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018) and Forests of Australia (2018)

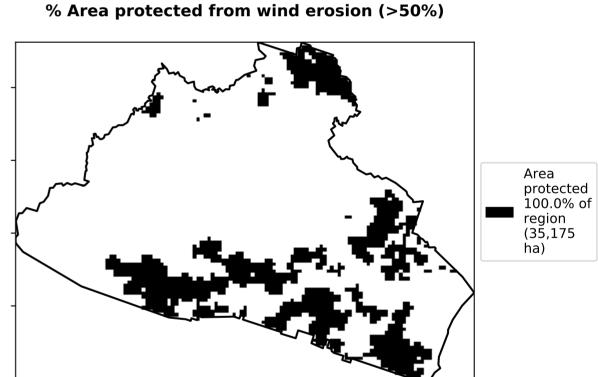
# Total Vegetation Cover [%] Total Vegetation Cover [%] Tiple Trule 1 Tiple Trul

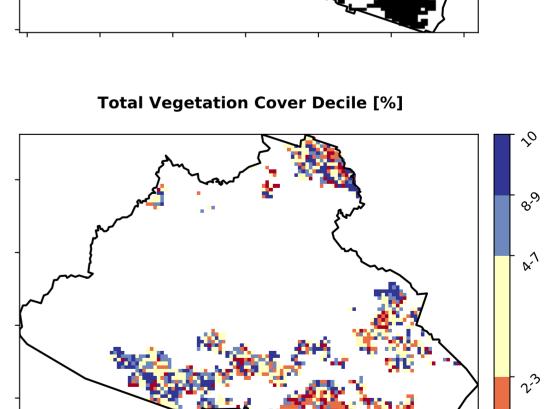
### % Area protected from water erosion (>70%) Area protected 100.0% of region (35,175 ha)











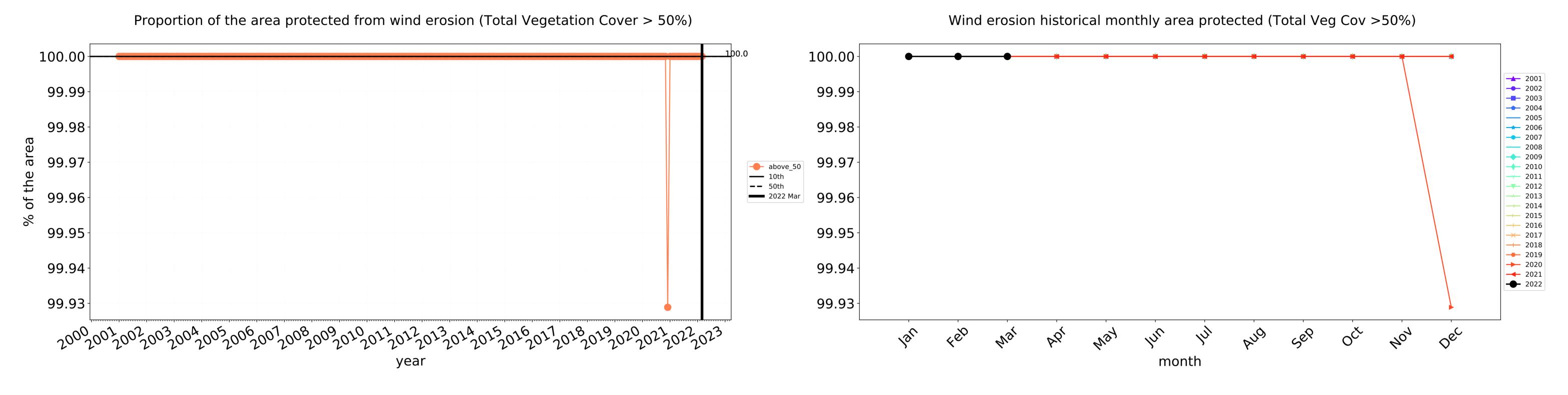


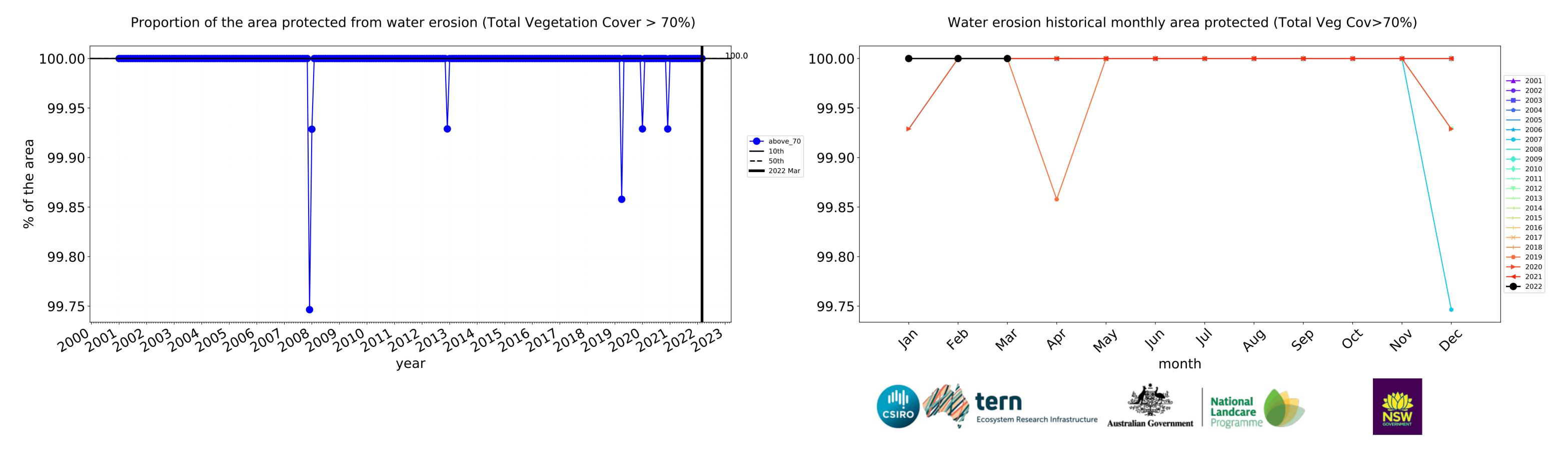


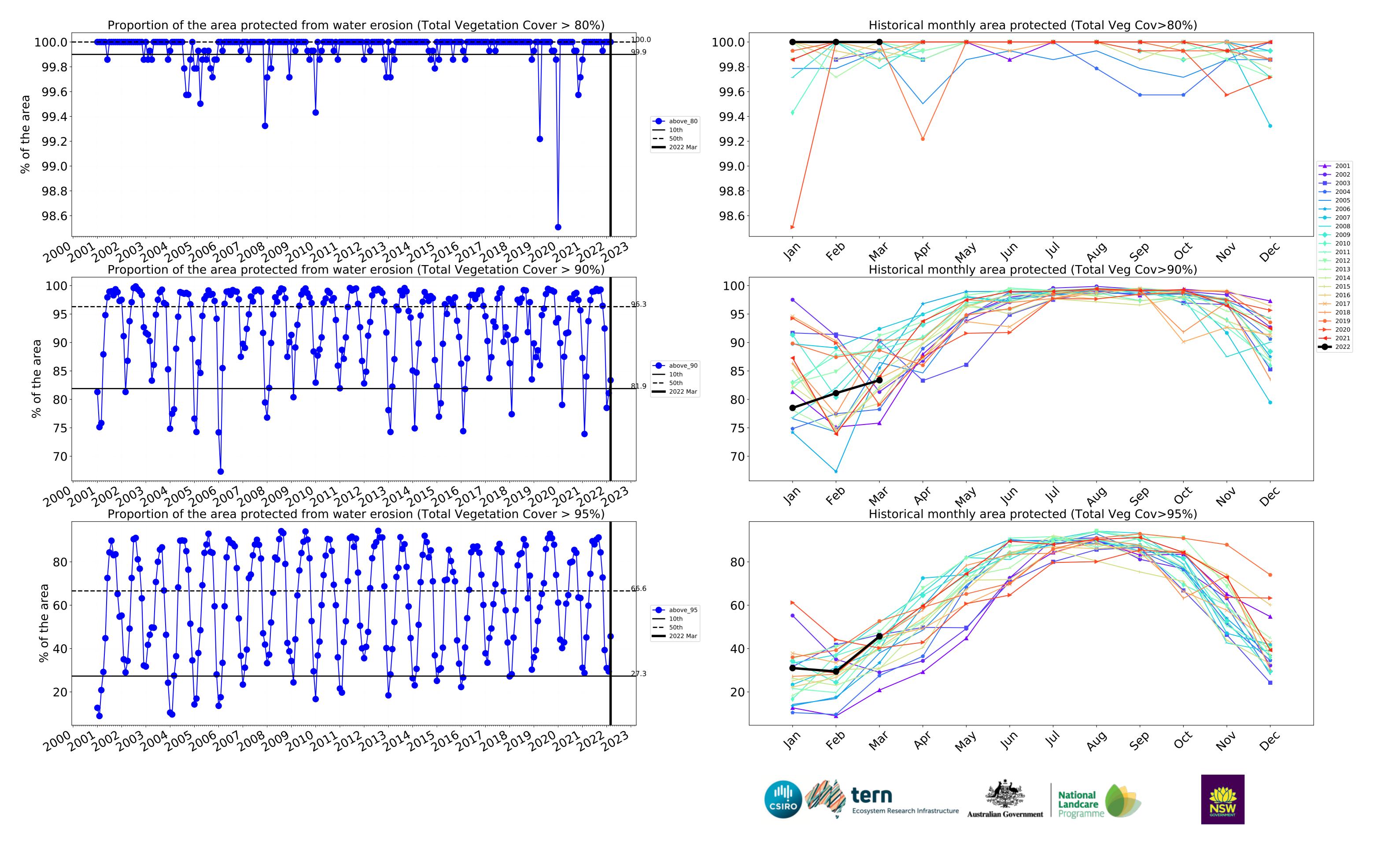




### **Production native forests and plantation forests timeseries**







### Bellingen\_(A) (160,025 ha and no data 115 ha) Percentage area and hectares protected with TVC threshold 30,50,70,80,90 and 95%

Land use and forest cover Class	area(ha)	above_30	above_50	above_70	above_80	above_90	above_95
Entire region	160,025	100.0% 159,975	100.0% 159,950	99.8% 159,625	99.3% 158,975	82.1% 131,325	43.6% 69,850
Conservation and natural environments	79,400	100.0% 79,375	99.9% 79,350	99.8% 79,275	99.7% 79,150	88.1% 69,975	56.5% 44,850
Conservation and natural environments Forest (non woodland)	78,200	100.0% 78,200	100.0% 78,200	99.9% 78,125	99.7% 78,000	88.2% 69,000	56.8% 44,400
Agriculture	40,625	100.0% 40,625	100.0% 40,625	99.9% 40,600	99.5% 40,425	73.0% 29,650	20.4% 8,300
Grazing	39,750	100.0% 39,750	100.0% 39,750	99.9% 39,725	99.5% 39,550	73.2% 29,100	20.1% 8,000
Grazing non forest	35,575	100.0% 35,575	100.0% 35,575	99.9% 35,550	99.5% 35,400	71.5% 25,450	18.3% 6,500
Grazing - Forest (non woodland)	2,825	100.0% 2,825	100.0% 2,825	100.0% 2,825	99.1% 2,800	88.5% 2,500	38.1% 1,075
Production native forests and plantation forests	35,175	100.0% 35,175	100.0% 35,175	100.0% 35,175	100.0% 35,175	83.4% 29,325	45.6% 16,050







